UNICO

USER'S MANUAL

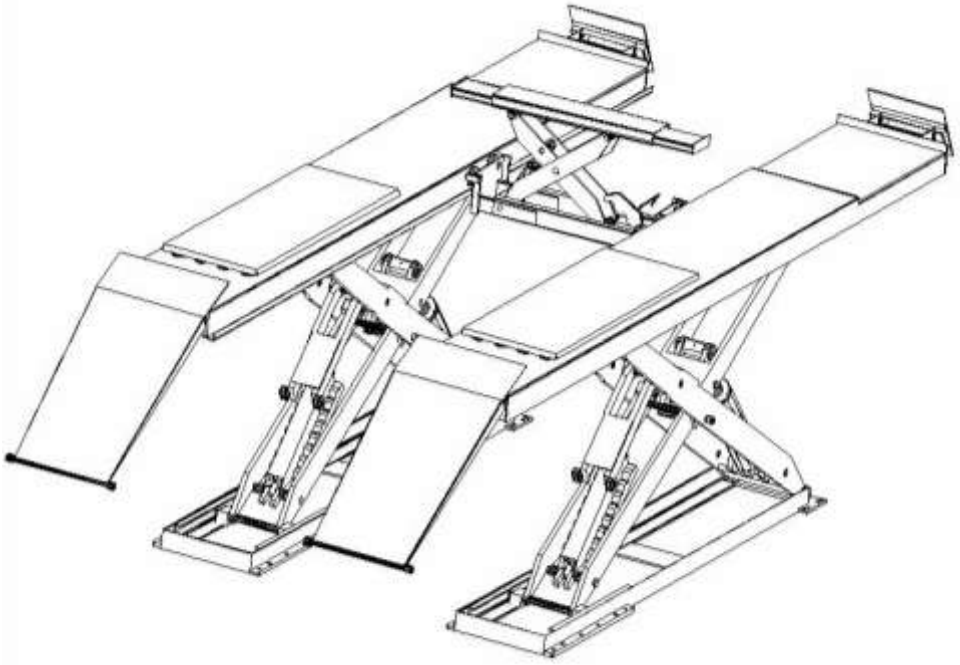
Operation Manual & Instruction

SCISSOR LIFT

(MODEL: GC-3.5M418)

Large Platform Profile Scissor Lift for Four Wheel Alignment

GC-3.5M418



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CONTENTS

PACKING, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

All packing, lifting, handling, transport and unpacking operations are to be performed exclusively by expert personnel.

PACKING AND TRANSPORT

Packing: (Picture 1)

Standard equipment: oil line and accessory (1＃BOX), main and sub beam (3＃、4＃BOX), control box (2＃BOX), font and back stop board (5＃BOX), standard equipment, total is 5 pieces.

Choosing equipment: leading board (6＃BOX), cover (7＃BOX) 1 piece, (use to installation)

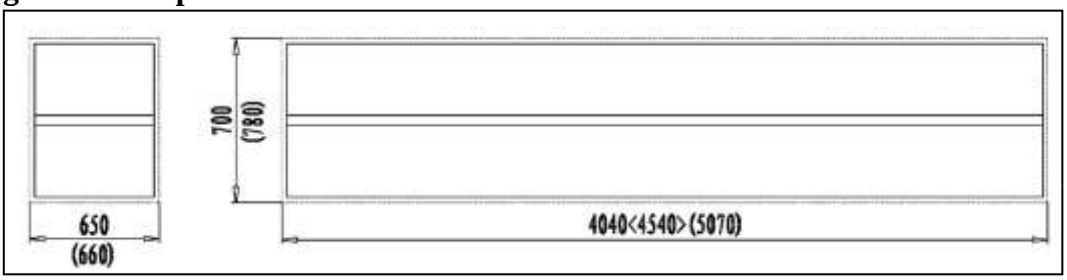
PACKING LIST

N0:	Name	Accessory name	Quantity
1	Oil line and accessory	M16 anchor bolts	16sets
		M8 anchor bolts	40sets
		φ6×φ4×3500mm air line	3pcs
		φ8×φ5×3000mm air line	1pc
		φ6 Tee Fitting	2pcs
		1.5mm^2 line7 m.	1pc
		Tie strip	10pcs
		high pressure oil line4360mm/4560mm/4960mm	2pcs
		high pressure oil line1500mm	1pc
		high pressure oil line320mm	1pc
		high pressure oil line300mm	1pc
		high pressure oil line200mm	1pc
		user's manual	1pc
		φ14 combined cushion	4pcs
		Limit switch (Contain line)	1set
		Rubber cushion 80×120×180	4pcs
		Oil pipe Tee Fitting	3pcs
		90℃over board	2pcs
		Air line swift connecting	3pcs
2	Control box		1pc
3	Main beam		1pc
4	Sub beam		1pc
5	Front stop board		2sets
6	Leading board		2pcs
7	Cover board (chose and buy)	Length:1000mm	3pcs
		Length:950mm	2pcs
		Length:800mm	2pcs

Table 1（3.5T/4.0T/5.5T）

PACKING, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Packing dimension picture:



Picture 1（3.5T<4.0T>(5.5T) Packing dimension）

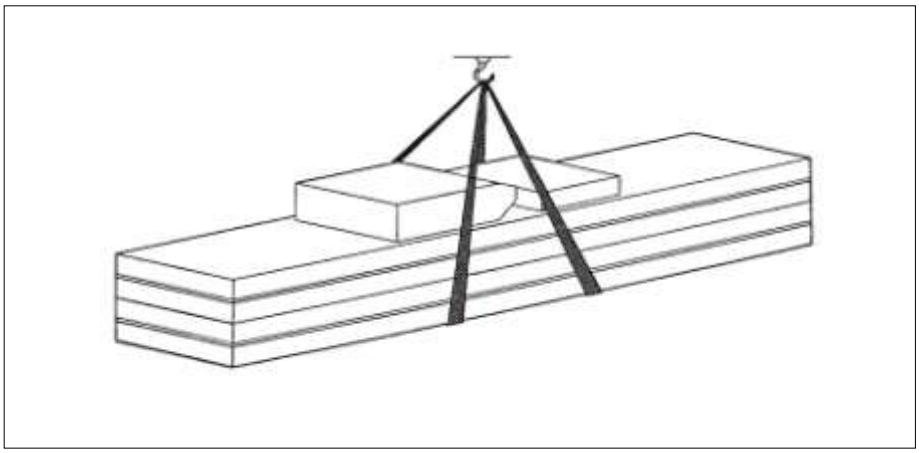
Transport:

Packing can be lifted or moved by lift trucks, cranes or bridge cranes.

In case of slinging, a second person must always take care of the load, in order to avoid dangerous oscillations.

At the arrival of the goods, check for possible damage due to transport operations. Also verify that all items specified in the delivery notes are included. In case of missing parts, possible defects or damage due to transport operations. Also verify that all items specified in the delivery notes are included. In case of missing parts, possible defects or damage due to transport, the person in charge or the carrier must be immediately informed.

Furthermore, during loading and unloading operation goods must be handling as shown in the picture.



Picture 2（Goods-lifted）

STORAGE:

-The machine equipment should be stocked in the warehouse, if stocked outside should do the disposal well of waterproof.

-Use box truck in the process of transport, use container storage when shipping.

-The control box should be placed perpendicularly during the transport; and prevent other goods from extrusion.

-The temperature for machine storage: -25℃-- 55 ℃

INTRODUCTION

This manual has been prepared for workshop personnel expert in the use of the lift (operator) and technicians responsible for routine maintenance (maintenance fitter); read the manual before carrying out any operation with the lift and/or the packing. This manual contains important information regarding:

- The personal safety of operators and maintenance workers.
- Lift safety,
- The safety of lifted vehicles

Conserving the manual

This manual is an integral part of the lift, which it should always accompany, even if the unit is sold.

The manual must be kept in the vicinity of the lift, in an easily accessible place.

The operator and maintenance staff must be able to locate and consult the manual quickly and at any time.

Attentive and repeated reading of chapter 3, which contains important information and safety warning, is particularly recommended.

The lifting, transport, unpacking, assembly, installation, starting up, initial adjustment and testing, extraordinary maintenance, repair, overhauls, transport and dismantling of the lift must be performed by specialized personnel from the licensed dealer or an service center authorized by the manufacturer.

The manufacturer declines all responsibility for injury to persons or damage to vehicles or objects when any of the above mentioned operations has been performed by unauthorized personnel or when the rack has been subject to improper use.

This manual indicates only the operative and safety aspects that may prove useful to the operator and maintenance worker, I better understanding the structure and operation of the lift and for best use of the same.

In order to understand the terminology used in this manual, the maintenance and repair activities, the ability to interpret correctly the drawings and descriptions contained in the manual and be the country in which the machine has been installed.

The same applies to the maintenance fitter, who must also possess specific and specialized knowledge (mechanical, engineering) needed to perform the operations described in the manual in complete safety.

The words “operator” and “maintenance fitter” used in this manual are construed as follows:

-OPERATOR: person authorized to use the lift

-MAINTENANCE FITTER: person authorized for routine maintenance of the lift.

NOTE: Manufacturer own the right to make little change for the manual

Chapter 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE MACHINE

Machine Application:

3.5T/4.0T/5.5T scissor lifts suitable for use in four wheel alignment, vehicle tests, maintenance and care for various types of small automobiles.

Features:

-Imported electric components.

-Graceful outlook, with concealing structure for the two levels and superior synchronization.

-Easy for type mount and dismount and chassis maintenance.

-the position of the front wheel turntable (optional part) is movable so that the side slide plate can be fit for more cars.

-the pneumatic double-teeth self-locking system and the anti explosive pipe insurance are automatic opening when lowering. The sliding block is made by oil and super-friction materials.

-stable and reliable equipment is relayed on imported hydraulic, pneumatic and electrical components.

Equipment:

-machine basement

-machine frame

-Control box

Frame:

Make up for steel connecting rod, main lifting platform, sliding board, pneumatic double tooth, hydraulic oil tank.

Control box:

Under the control box is hydraulic oil tank and hydraulic pump, valve and other control system. On the control box is electrical system.

Scissor lift is designed and built to lift all kinds of vehicles, all other use are unauthorized. In particular, the lift is not suitable for: washing and spray work, creating raised platforms or lifting personnel, use as a makeshift press for crushing purposes, use as good lift. And not lift the vehicle which weight exceeds the maximum weight.

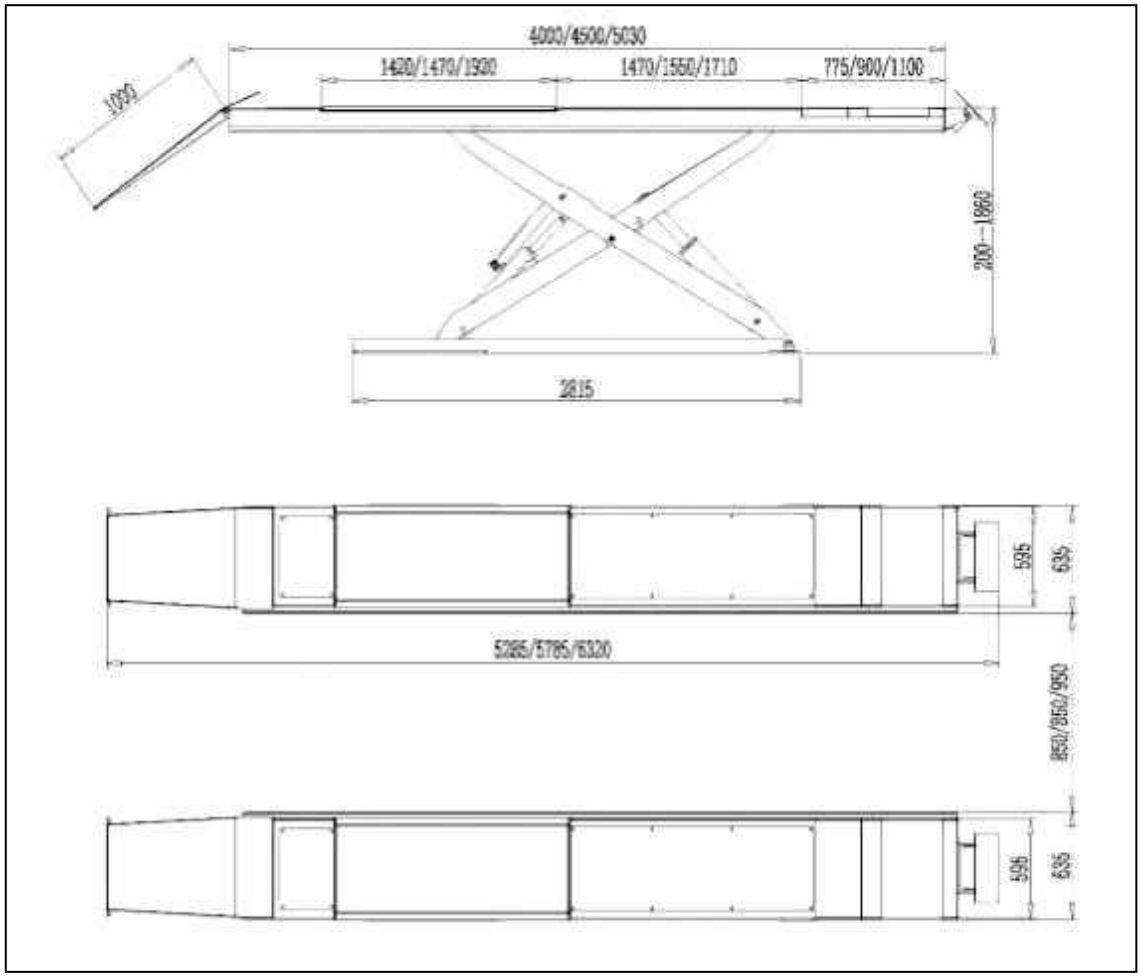
Chapter 2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Main technical parameter

MODEL	3.5T	4.0T	5.5T
Drive	Electrical hydraulic		
Max lift weight	3500kg	4000kg	5500kg
Main machine Lift height	1860mm		
Platform initial height	200mm		
Main platform length	4000mm	4500mm	5030mm
Main platform width	635mm		
main machine Lifting time	≤50S		
main machine lowering time	≤60S		
Overall width	Approximately 2120mm	Approximately 2120mm	Approximately 2220mm
Overall length	5285mm	5785mm	6320mm
Overall weight	1900 kg	2100 kg	2400 kg
Rolling jack lift weight	2000 kg	2000 kg	3000 kg
Rolling jack Lift height	375mm		
Rolling jack platform length	870-1400mm		
Rolling jack gauge wheel	780-1100mm		
Rolling jack Lifting time	Motor trolley≤8S		
	Pneumatic trolley and hand-motion trolley≤20S		
Rolling jack lowering time	≤10s		
Rolling jack' weight	100 kg	100 kg	200 kg
power	AC 400 or 230V±5% 50Hz		
Hydraulic oil	20L 20# high abrasive hydraulic oil		
temperature	5-40℃		
Humidity	30-95%		
Noise level	76db		
Installation height	≤1000M		
Storage temperature	-25-55C		

Table 2

Lift dimension picture:



Picture 3（3.5T/4.0T/5.5T）

Motor

Type……Y90L

Max power…… 2.2kw

Max voltage…AC 400 or 230V ±5%

Max electricity…… 400V:5A

……230V:10A

Max Frequency …… 50/60Hz

Poles……4

Speed……1450rpm/min

Building shape……B14

Insulation class……..F

When connecting the motor refer to the enclosed diagrams, and the motor direction is clockwise.

Pump

Type……P4.3

Model……Gear pump

Max flux……4.3cc/r

Joint type……joint overfull valve

Continuous working pressure……210bar

Intermittent working pressure.150~300bar

Inject 20 litters of wearable hydraulic oil into the oil tank.

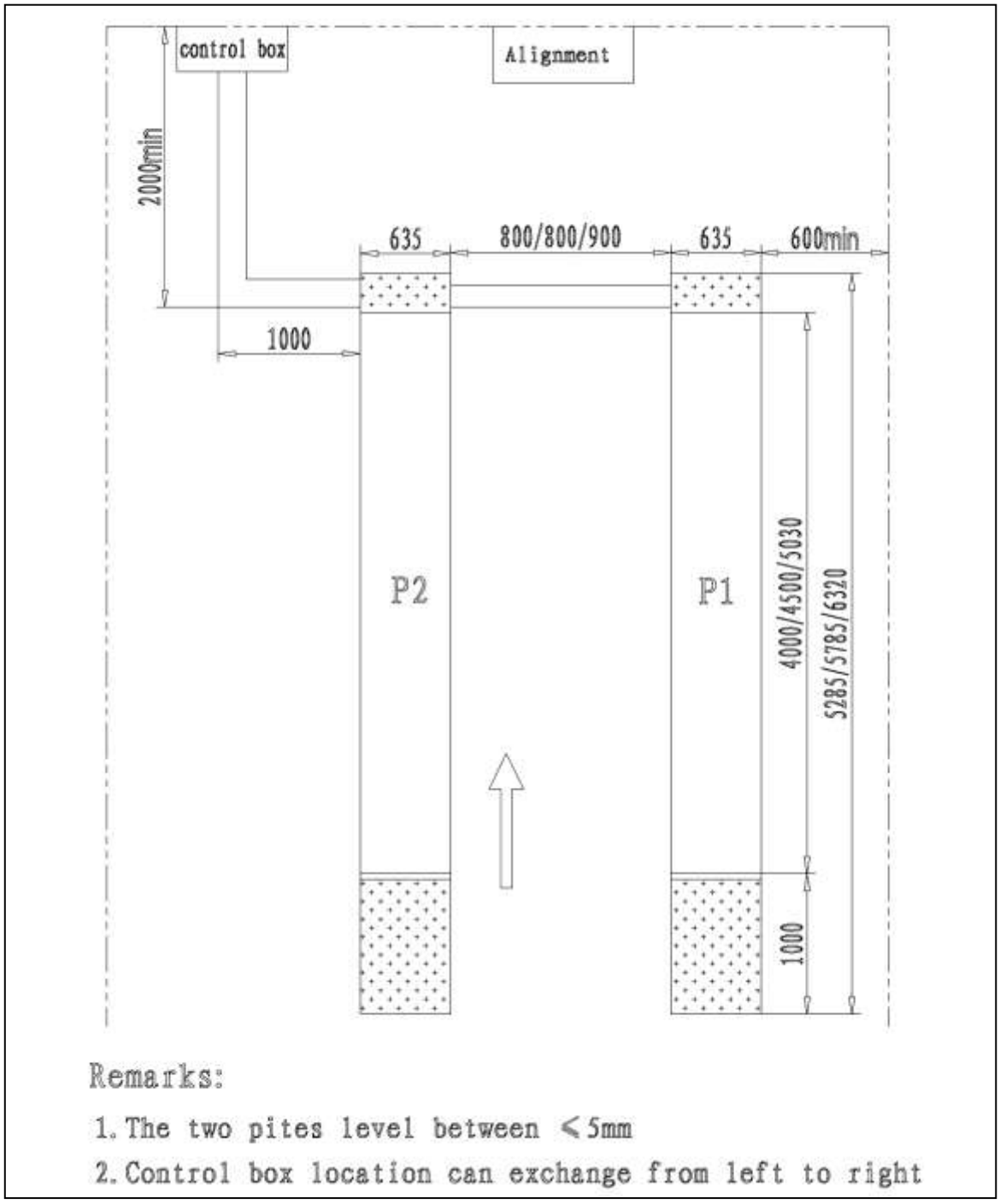
Installation scheme for lift

To install the lift it is necessary to execute suitable foundations with the following characteristics:

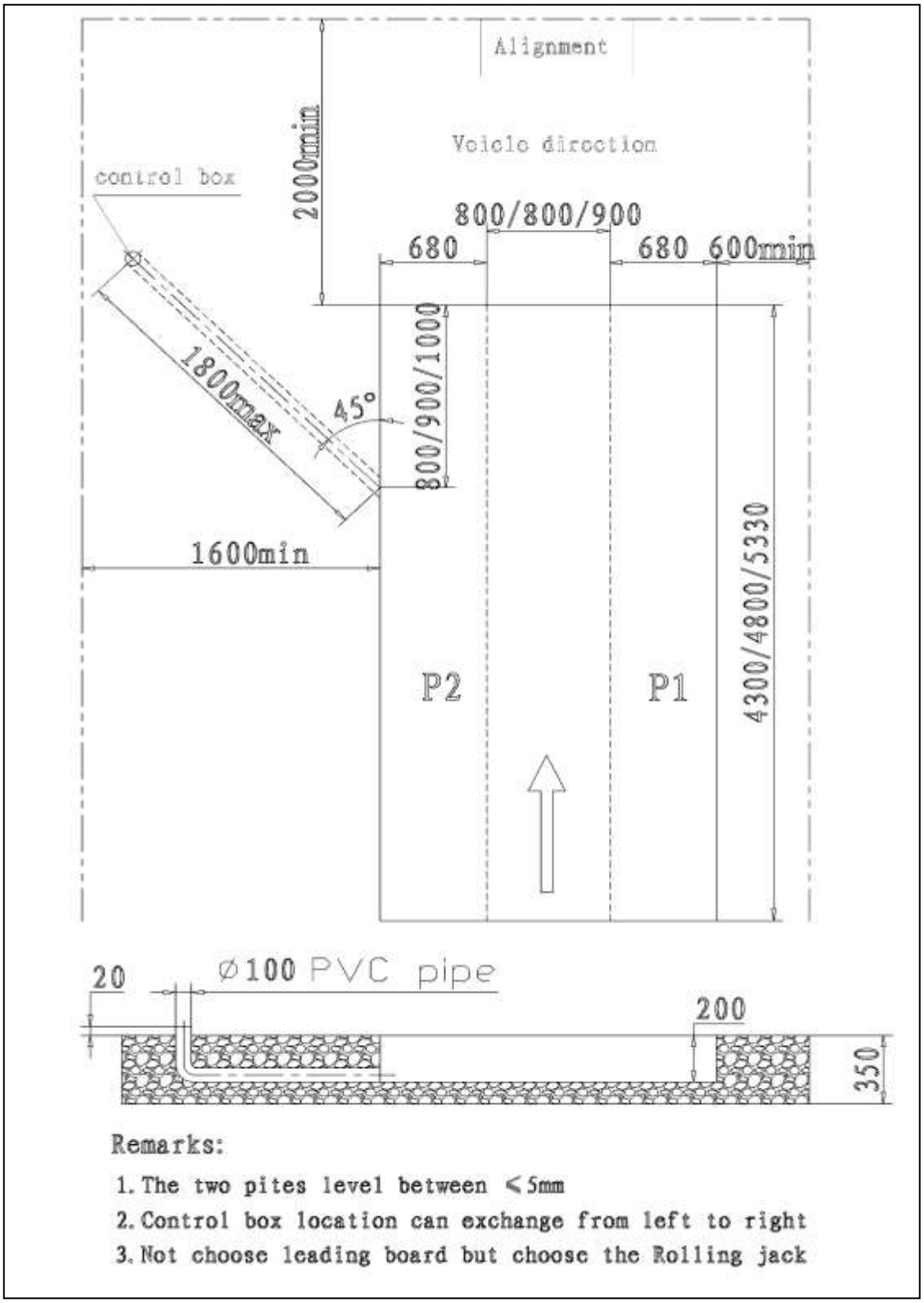
-concrete type 425

-thickness of concrete≥150mm, the leveling of whole length≤10mm

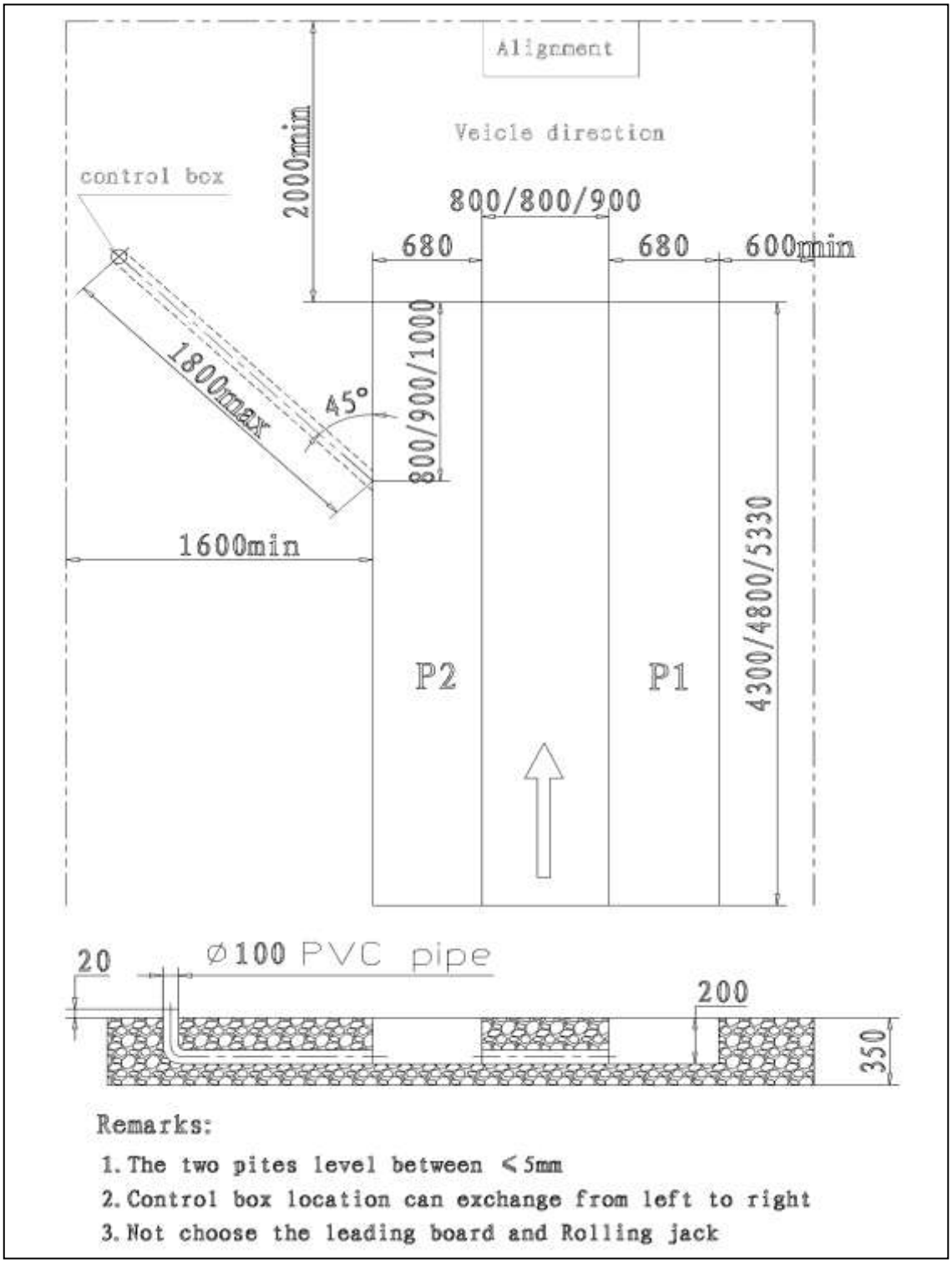
-perfect parallelism between holes



Picture 4 (3.5T/4.0T/5.5T Equipment basic)



Picture 5 (3.5T/4.0T/5.5T Equipment basic)



Picture 6 (3.5T/4.0T/5.5TEquipment basic)

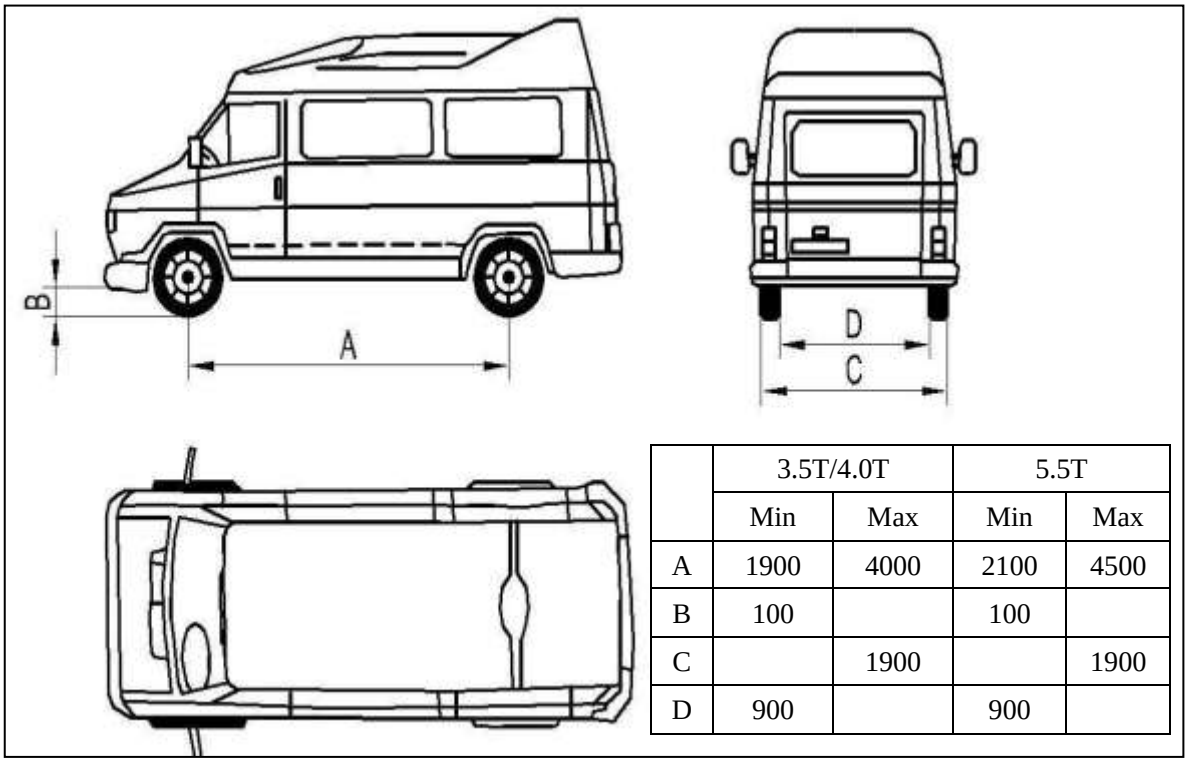
The thickness and leveling of the base concrete are essential and the leveling adjustment ability of the machine itself cannot be relied upon to excessively.

Types of vetches suitable for being lifted and overall dimensions

3.5T/4.0T/5.5T Equipment basic Lift are suitable for virtually all vehicles with total weight of no more than 3500 kg / 4000kg/5500kg and with dimensions not exceeding the below data.

Maxim Weight: 3.5T≦3500kg
4.0T≦4000kg.
5.5T≦5500kg.

The following diagrams illustrate criteria used to define the operating limits of the lift.



	3.5T/4.0T		5.5T	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1900	4000	2100	4500
B	100		100	
C		1900		1900
D	900		900	

Picture 7

The lower parts of the vehicle underbody could interfere with structural parts of the lift; take particular parts of the sports-car.
The lift will also handle customized or non-standard vehicles provided they are within the maximum specified carrying capacity.
Also the personnel safety zone must be defined in relation to vehicle with unusual dimensions.

Chapter 3 SAFETIES

Read this chapter carefully and completely since important information for the safety of the operator or others in case of improper use of the lift is included.
In the following text there are clear explanations regarding certain situations of risk or danger that may arise during the operation or maintenance of the lift, the safety device installed and the correct use of such systems, residual risks and operative procedures to use (general specific precautions to eliminate potential hazards).

Lifts are designed and built to lift vehicles and hold them in the elevated position in an enclosed workshop. All other uses of the lifts are unauthorized. In particular, the lifts are not suitable for:
-washing and spray work;
-creating raised platforms for personnel or lifting personnel;
-use as a press for crushing purposes;
-use as elevator;
-use as a lift jack for lifting vehicle bodies or changing wheels.

The manufacturer is not liable for any injury to persons or damage to vehicles and other property caused by the incorrect and unauthorized use of the lifts.

During lifting and lowering movements the operator must remain in the control station.
The presence of persons inside the danger zone indicated is strictly prohibited.
During operations persons are admitted to the area beneath the vehicle only when the vehicle is already in the elevated position, when the platforms are stationary, and when the mechanical safety devices are firmly engaged.

Do not use the lift without protection devices or with the protection devices inhibited. Failure to comply with this regulation can cause serious injury to persons, and irreparable damage to the lift and the vehicle begin lifted.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

The operator and the maintenance fitter are required to observe the prescriptions of safety regulation in force in the country of installation of the lift.
Furthermore, the operator and maintenance fitter must:
-always work in the stations specified and illustrated in this manual;
-never remove or deactivate the guards and mechanical, electrical, or other types of safety devices;
-read the safety notices placed on the machine and the safety information in this manual.
In the manual all safety notices are shown as follows:

WARNING: indicates situations and/or types of manoeuvres that are unsafe and can cause minor injury to persons and /or death.

CAUTION: indicates situations and/or types of manoeuvres that are unsafe and can cause minor injury to persons and/or damage the lift, the vehicle or other property.

RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK: a specific safety notice placed on the lift in areas where the risk of electric shock is particularly high.

Risk and protection devices

We shall now examine the risks that operators or maintenance fitters may be exposed to when the vehicle is standing on the platforms in the raised position, together with the various safety and protection devices adopted by the manufacturer to reduce all such hazards to the minimum:

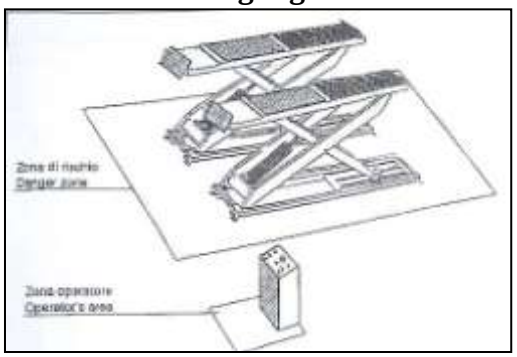
For optimal personal safety and safety of vehicles, observe the following regulations:

-do not enter the safety and safety of vehicles are being lifted.

-switch off the engine of the vehicle, engage a gear and engage the hand brake,

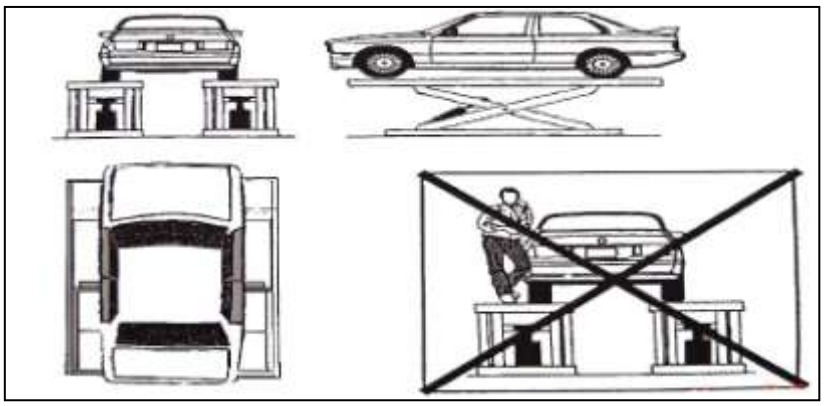
-make sure the vehicle is positioned correctly.

-be sure to lift only approved vehicles, never exceed the specified carrying capacity, maximum height, and projection (vehicle length and width);



Picture 8

-make sure that there is no person on the platforms during up and down movements and during standing.



Picture 9

GENERAL RISKS FOR LIFTING OR DESCENT:

The following safety equipments is used to protect over loading or the possibility of engine failure.

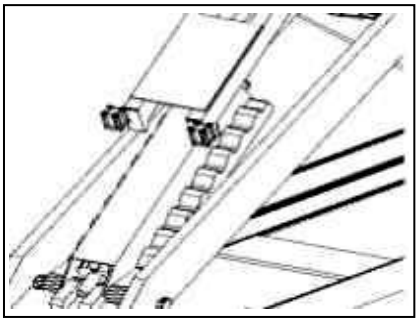
In the condition of over loading, the over-falling valve will open and directly return oil to the oil tank. (See Picture 10)

Each bottom of oil cylinder is equipped with antiknock and locked valve. When the oil pipe is burst in the circuit of hydraulic pressure, the relevant antiknock and locked valve will work and limit the speediness of platform. (See Picture 11)

Picture 10(over-falling valve)

Safety tooth and gear module are parts which guarantee the safety of personnel beneath the machine in failure condition of other protections. So make sure the integrity of gear module and that the safety tooth has occluded completely. (Picture 12)

Picture 11



Picture 12

There is nothing abnormal should be left on the safety modules to prevent safety gear from occlude normally.

RISKS FOR PERSONNEL

This heading illustrates potential risks for the operator, maintenance fitter, or any other person present in the area around the lift, result from incorrect use of the lift.

RISK OF CRUSHING

Possible if the operator controlling the lift is not I the specified position at the control panel. When the platforms (and vehicle) are lowering the operator must never be partly or completely underneath the movable structure. Always remain in the control zone.

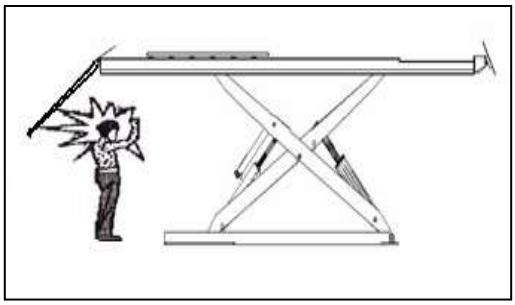
RISK OF CRUSHING (PERSONNEL)

When the platforms and the vehicle are lowering personnel are prohibited from entering the area beneath the movable parts of the lift. The lift operator must not start the manoeuvre unit it has been clearly established that there are no person in potentially dangerous positions.

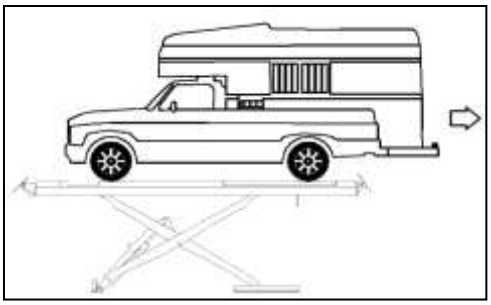
RISK OF IMPACT

Caused by the parts of the lift or the vehicle that is positioned at head height.

When, due to operational reasons, the lift is stopped at relatively low elevations personnel must be careful to avoid impact with parts of the machine not marked with special colors.



Picture 13



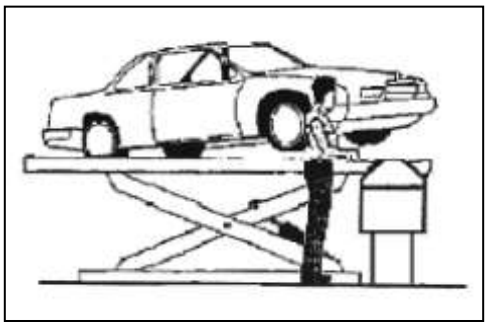
Picture 14

RISK OF VEHICLE MOVING

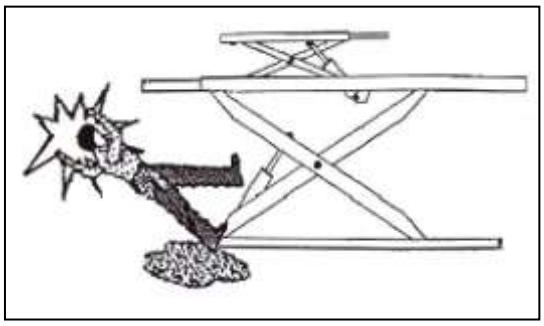
Caused by operations involving the application of force sufficient to displace the vehicle.
In the case of large or particular heavy vehicles, sudden movement could create an unacceptable overload or uneven loads haring. Therefore, before lifting the vehicle and during all operations on the vehicle-make sure that it is properly stopped by the hand brake.

RISK OF VEHICLE FALLING FROM LIFT

This hazard may arise in the case of incorrect positioning of the vehicle on the platforms, incorrect stopping of the vehicle, or in the case of vehicles of dimensions that are not compatible with the capacity of the lift.



Picture 15



Picture 16（slipping）

Never attempt to perform tests by driving the vehicle while it is on the platforms
Never leave objects in the lowering area of the movable parts of the lift.

RISK OF SLIPPINE

Caused by lubricant contamination of the floor around the lift.
The area beneath and immediately surrounding the lift and also the platforms must be kept clean.
Remove any oil spills immediately.
When the lift is fully down, do not walk over the platforms or the cross-pieces in places that are lubricated with a film of grease for functional requirements.
Reduce the risk of slipping by wearing safety shoes.

RISK OF ELECTRIC SHODK

Risk of electric shock in areas of the lift housing electrical wiring.
Do not use jets of water, steam solvents or paint next to the lift, and take special care to keep such substances clear of the electrical control panel.

RISKS RELATED TO IMAPPROPRIATE LIGHTING

The operator and the maintenance fitter must be able to assure that all the areas of the lift are properly and uniformly illuminate compliance with the laws in force in the place of installation.

RISK OF COMPONENT FAILURE DURING OPERATION

The manufacturer has used appropriate materials and construction techniques in relation to the specified use of the machine in order to manufacture a reliable and safe lift. Note

however, that the lift must be used in conformity with manufacturer's prescriptions, and the frequency of inspections and maintenance works recommended.

RISK RELATED TO IMPROPER USE

Persons are not permitted to stand or sit on the platforms during the lift manoeuvre or when the vehicle is already lifted.

The handling of safety devices is strictly forbidden.
Never exceed the maximum carrying capacity of the lift, make sure the vehicles to be lifted have no load.

It is therefore essential to adhere scrupulously to all regulations regarding use, maintenance and safety contained in this manual.

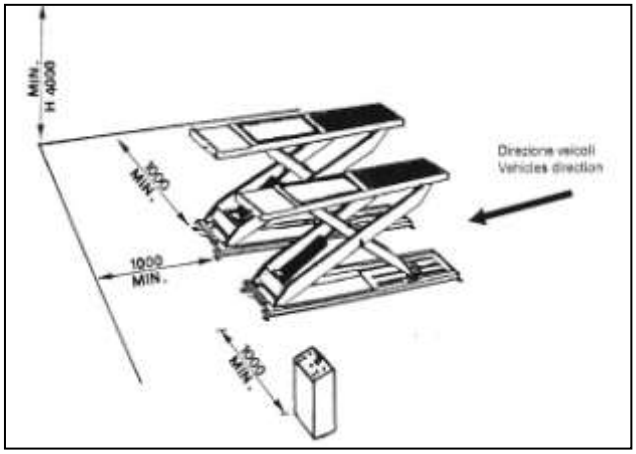
Chapter 4 INSTALLAION

Skilled and authorized personnel only should be allowed to perform these operations, follow all instructions shown below carefully, in order to prevent possible damage to the car lift or risk of injury to people. Be sure that the operating area is cleared of people.

Skilled technicians only appointed by the same manufacturer or by authorized dealers, are allowed to install the car lift. Serious damage to people and equipment can be caused if this rule is not followed.

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

The car lift must be installed according to the specified safety distances from walls must be 1000 mm at least, taking into consideration the necessary space to work easily. Further space for the control site and for possible runways in case of emergency is also necessary; the room must be previously arranged for the power supply and pneumatic feed of the car lift. The room must be 4000 mm in height; at least, the car lift can be placed on any floor, as long as it is perfectly level and sufficiently resistant.



Picture 17

-All parts of the machine must be uniformly lit with sufficient light to make sure that the adjustment and maintenance operations specified in the manual can be performed safely, and without areas of shadow, reflected light, glare and avoiding all situations that could give rise to eye fatigue.

-The lighting must be installed in accordance with the laws in force in the place of installation.

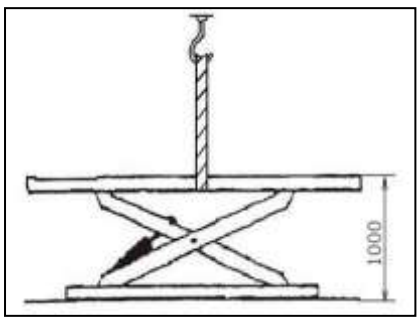
-the thickness and leveling of the base concrete are essential

-thickness of concrete≥150mm, the leveling of whole length≤10mm

CROSSBEAM INSTALLATION

-put two transom on the bracket.

-fix the direction of moving vehicle according to the position of the location. Put two beam on the transom, the main beam should located on the left side of the moving vehicle direction, the sub-beam located on the right side, the rolling wheel notch on the beam should inside.



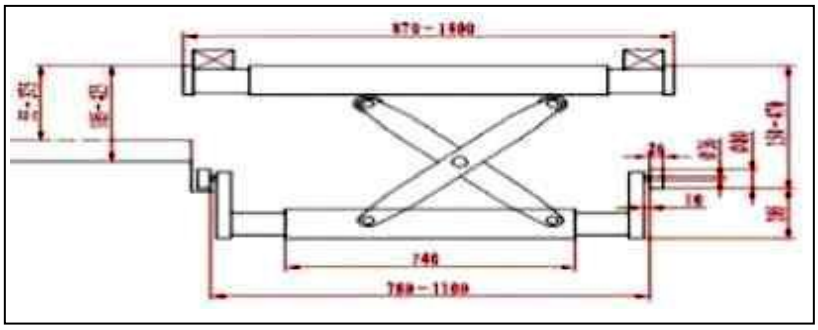
Picture 18

-check two platform and the diagonal of two transom are straight, then put four posts on the side of the transom, and fix the nuts on the roof of the post with steel line, put the safety teeth trough the limit

axis, also fix the nuts on the roof of the post.

ROLLING JACK INSTALLATION

-adjust the distance of the rolling jack; put the rolling jack between the slide track.
-adjust the sub beam to make sure the sliding of the rolling jack.



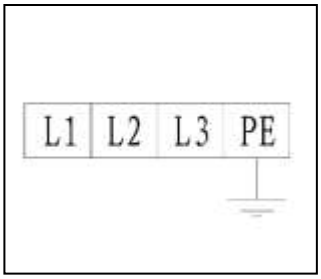
Picture 19（rolling jack dimension）

LINE CONNECTION

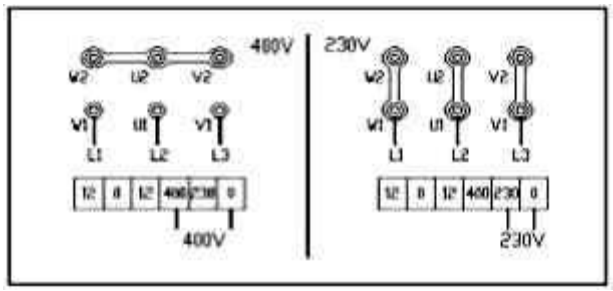
Connect the electrical and oil line according to the electric wiring diagram and oil line connection

To avoid the unexpected lift closure due to mechanical safety device release insert wooden pieces in the inner part of the base frame.
Pay attention not to work under the lift until the hydraulic system has not been completely filled with hydraulic oil.
To insert the lift into the recess, sling the lift as described and pay attention not to damage the hoses and electrical cables.
Before placing the pneumatic and hydraulic hoses to the control unit, stick adhesive tape on the pipe fittings in order to protect the hoses from dust and impurities which could damage the hydraulic system.
Perform electric, hydraulic and pneumatic connections, follow carefully the relevant numbering. Regarding the proper connections necessary to make the car lift perfectly working.

Skilled personnel only are allowed to perform the operations shown below.
-open the control box front cover
-connection of power supply: the connection wires (BVR-4*2.5mm^2) for power supply are connected to terminals 1#, 2#, 3#, The ground wire is connected under the bolt marked ground.
-the electric panel are arranged by the manufacturer for operating at 400V three-phase, therefore if you wish the lift to operated at 230V three-phase, change the connection on the transformer and motor.



Picture 20



Pictute 21

The limit switch connection (equipped with electrical carriage)
-Main limit switch: Connect the 100,102# from the control box with metal hoses to the limit switch
-If choose the dynamoelectric Rolling jack, Rolling jack's limit switch connect the 102,104# from the control box with metal hoses to the limit switch

Picture 22（Main limit）

COMPRESSED AIR PIPE CONNEVTION:

Follow <<gas loop diagram >> to connect gas loop

Only skilled and authorized person is allowed to perform the operations.
-Connect Φ8×6 compressed air supply pipe to the air supply jaws of pneumatic electromagnetic valve inside the control box. (Picture23)
-Follow <<gas loop diagram >> to lead the compressed air pipe out from pneumatic electromagnetic valve and then connect it to the uplifted-pawl air valve.
-Pay attention to the protection of windpipe tie-in to prevent impurities from entering compressed air circuit.
-Connect compressed air pipe to the extra-installed grease separator which is in front of control box to prolong the life of pneumatic components and the reliability of action.

In the process of windpipe installation, the windpipe can not be folded or tied to avoid that the gas loop is not smooth or it is jammed.
Before leading the compressed air supply pipe to the air supply jaws of pneumatic electromagnetic valve inside the control box, should extra install grease separator to separate compressed air, avoiding the failure of pneumatic cell action.

Picture 23

Chapter 5 ADJUSTMENTS

Add oil and check the order of phase.

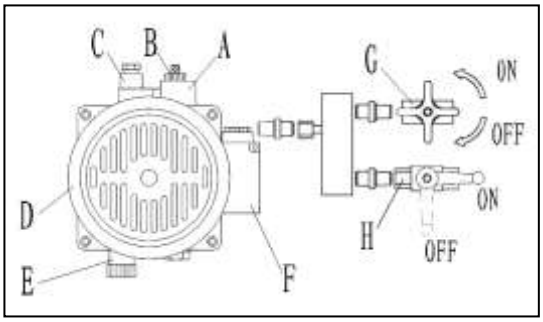
-open the hydraulic oil tank, add 18L of hydraulic oil into the oil tank, the hydraulic oil is provided by the user.

Make sure the clean of hydraulic oil, prevent any impurity into the oil line, lead the digest of the oil line and no working of the solenoid valve.

-press the "power" button to turn on power, clicking the "up" button, check whether the motor turns clockwise (looking downward), if not press "power" button, change the phase of the motor.

When turn on power, the is high voltage in the control box, only authorized person can operate.

Picture 24



Picture 25

Main machine oil make-up adjustment

1 -Turn the selector switch on the control panel to the "main" position.(choose the dynamoelectric Rolling jack)

2 -close the oil make up stop valve "H" and open the oil make up stop valve "G"

3 -press "lift" button SB1, and thus the left platform (looking from machine head direction) is lifted to about 1000mm.

4 -press the "lower" button SB2 to lower the left platform to the lowest position.

5 -then lift it up to approximately 1400mm.

6 -open the oil make up stop valve "H" and close the oil make up stop valve "G"

7 -press "up" button SB1, and the right platform (looking from machine head direction) is lifted to about 1000 mm.

8 -press " lower" button. SB2 to lower the platform to the lowest position.

9 -repeat the lifting and lowering process for 6-7times to vent air automatically.

10 -then lift the right platform to 1400mm. (two platforms of the main machine are lifted to the same height).

End close the oil make up stop valve "H" and open the oil make up stop valve "G".

Check oil leakage of the oil line and air tightness of the air loop.

Limit switch of dynamoelectric Rolling jack

-Turn the selector switch on the control panel to the "sub" position. press "SB1", and thus

the sub machine platform is lifted to about 370mm, adjust the limit switch “SQ2”.

-lower the submachine platform, lift the Rolling jack to 370mm, to check the efficiency of the Rolling jack.

Limit switch of main machine adjustment

-Turn the selector switch on the control panel to the “main” position(choose the dynamoelectric Rolling jack). press “SB1” and then lift the platform to 1700mm, adjust limit position of SQ1.

-lower the main machine platform, lift main machine platform to the limit position several times to check the efficiency of the limit position of the main machine.

If the ceiling is lower than 4000mm, it should do the limit adjustment after lift the vehicle to insure the distance greatness than 200mm between the vehicle and the ceiling.

GROUND BOLTS INSTALLATION:

The ground bolts installation must start after the expiry date on the maintenance of concert, otherwise, it will affect the quality of solidity.

-adjust the parallel of the platform and the distance of two platform as requires.

mat the metals plastic sheet to platform bottom, in order to prevent the gravamen of ground not effect the level adjustment

-affix the lift to the concrete base with 16 anchor bolts using a percussion drill into 120mm.

-use light hammer to install the ground holts into the hole (need not install the central expanded nail of ground bolts, install it after level adjustment.)

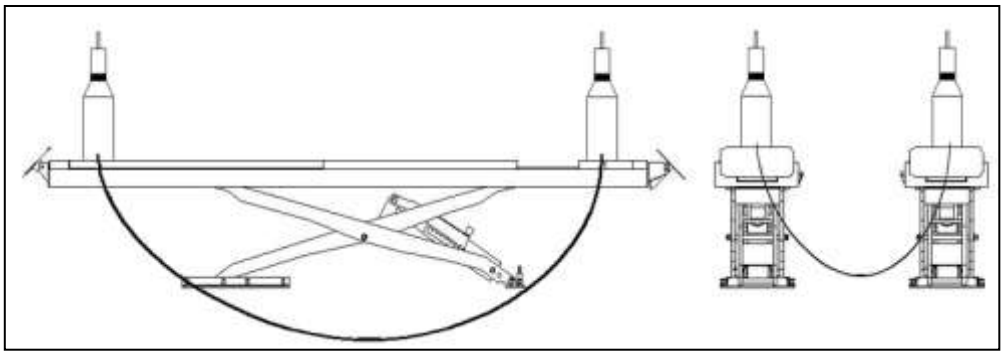
Picture 26

Level adjustment

-By using a level bar and the horizontal pipe and adjusting the adjustment screws at tow sides of the base plate.

-adjust the level of two front turntables and the slide plates on two sides of the base plate, adjust the level of two front turntables and the slide plates on two sides at back, thus keep the levelness of error of the two platform≤5mm, and keep the height difference between the two platform ≤10mm.

-the gap between the base plate and ground after adjustment must be filled with iron plate or concrete and then tighten the anchor bolts.



Picture27（Level adjustment）

If the foundation gravamen causes the platform gravamen, adjust the adjuster bolt.

No load of main machine test

-Turn o the power QS. Turn the selector switch on the control panel to the “main” position(choose the dynamoelectric Rolling jack)

-press “up” button SB1, main platform lifted.

-press “down” button SB2, and press insurance hand, the platform is lower.

-press “lower”, four insurance locking.

-check the lift of main machine is placidity, and the locking is secure, check whether the oil line is leakage.

No load of Rolling jack test

-Turn o the power QS. Turn the selector switch on the control panel to the “sub” position (only choose the dynamoelectric Rolling jack)

-press “up” button SB1 (only choose the dynamoelectric Rolling jack)

-press “down” button SB2, and press insurance hand, the platform is lower.

-press “lower”, four insurance locking.

-check the lift of main machine is placidity, and the locking is secure, check whether the oil line is leakage.

Load of machine test

-Drive the vehicle whose weight doesn’t exceed maximum lift weight to the platform, and then the driver leave it.

-Put the lift rubber cushion on the nucha seat.

-press “up” button SB1, lift the platform and pay attention to the synchronization and placidity of the lifting.

-check whether safety pawl is correctly located.

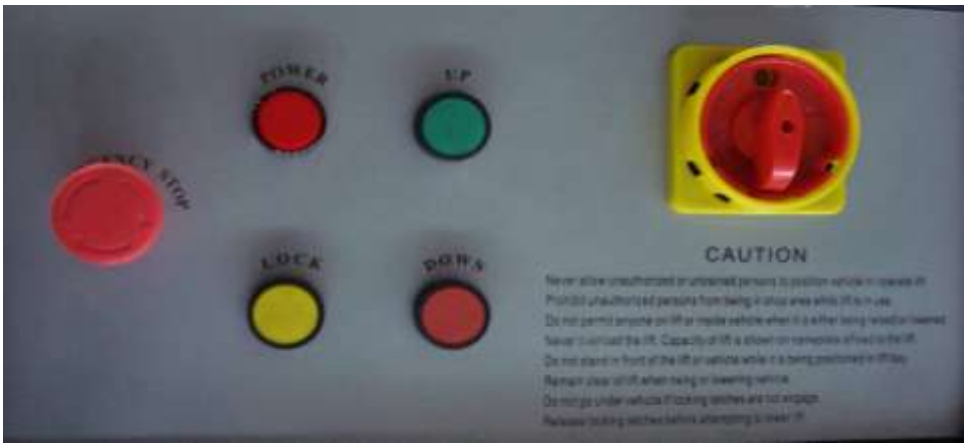
-check whether the oil line and the gas line are leakage.

Chapter 6 OPERATIONS

When testing the lift, no person or other things are allowed to stand or be put near the two sides and beneath the machine. If any abnormal is found, press button "SB0" to stop it timely. After clearing obstacles, do the test again.

-clear obstacles around before operation.
-during lifting or lowering, no person is allowed to stand neat the two sides and beneath the machine, and no person is allowed on the two platform.
-avoid lifting super heavy vehicles.
-when lifting vehicle, the hand brake lever of the vehicle should be pulled, and the slide resistant triangle woods should be used.
-pay attention to the synchronization of the lifting and lowering. If any abnormal is found, stop the machine timely, check and remove the trouble.
-when locking the main machine, the two platforms should be kept at the same height.
-when the equipment is not used for a long time or over night, the machine should be lowered to the lowest position on ground, and remove vehicle, and cut off power supply.

Instructions on electric operation: (see the operation panel)



Picture 28

Lifting

Press " lift" button SB1, the machine will be lifted immediately, while motor M starts operation and the safety pawl is lifted, because the solenoid air valve DQ is energized and open the air loop (note: the secondary carriage has no delay of pawl operation.)
Releasing " lift" button SB1, the machine will stop immediately, while motor M stops operation and the safety pawl falls to the safety teeth bar because the solenoid air valve DQ is energized and air loop is open.

Descent

Press "DOWN" button SB2, motor starts and the machine will be lift immediately.1~2 second later ,the motor stop,and the safety pawl will be lifted by joint gas loop and lowering- -electromagnetic valve opens because of electricity. The platform is lowing, release button SB2, stop lowering, the safety pawl falls on the safety gear.

Emergency stop

When the machine have abnormal or car maintenance, push "emergency stop" button "SB0"

and locking, cut off all the operation circuit, other operation can not be work.

Oil make-up "adjust" operation (normal service period)

After completion of machine installation and adjustment in the application process, the right platform is lower than the left one (looking from machine head) because of normal looses or leakage of the hydraulic oil.

When conducting oil make-up operation, the platforms must not be load.

-lift the machine platforms to the height of 500mm above the ground.

-then close (turn right " the work stop valve" SA2 and open the oil make-up stop valve G in control box.

-clicking the "lift button" on control panel, the right platform is lifted alone.

-after the two platforms both have the same height, close the oil make-up stop valve "G", turn SA2 to "work" position.

Chapter 7 MAINTENANCE

Maintenance and care

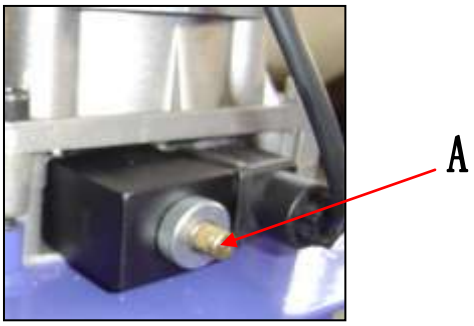
-the upper and lower sliding blocks must be kept clean and lubricate.

-all bearings and hinges on this machine must be lubricated once a month by using an oiler.

-the side sliding plates must be disassembled and greased once a year.

-the hydraulic oil must be replaced one time each year, the oil tank and filter should be cleaned when replacing hydraulic oil. The oil level should always be kept at upper limit position.

Picture 29



Picture 30

The machine should be lower to the lowest position when replace hydraulic oil, then let the old oil out, and should be filter the hydraulic oil.

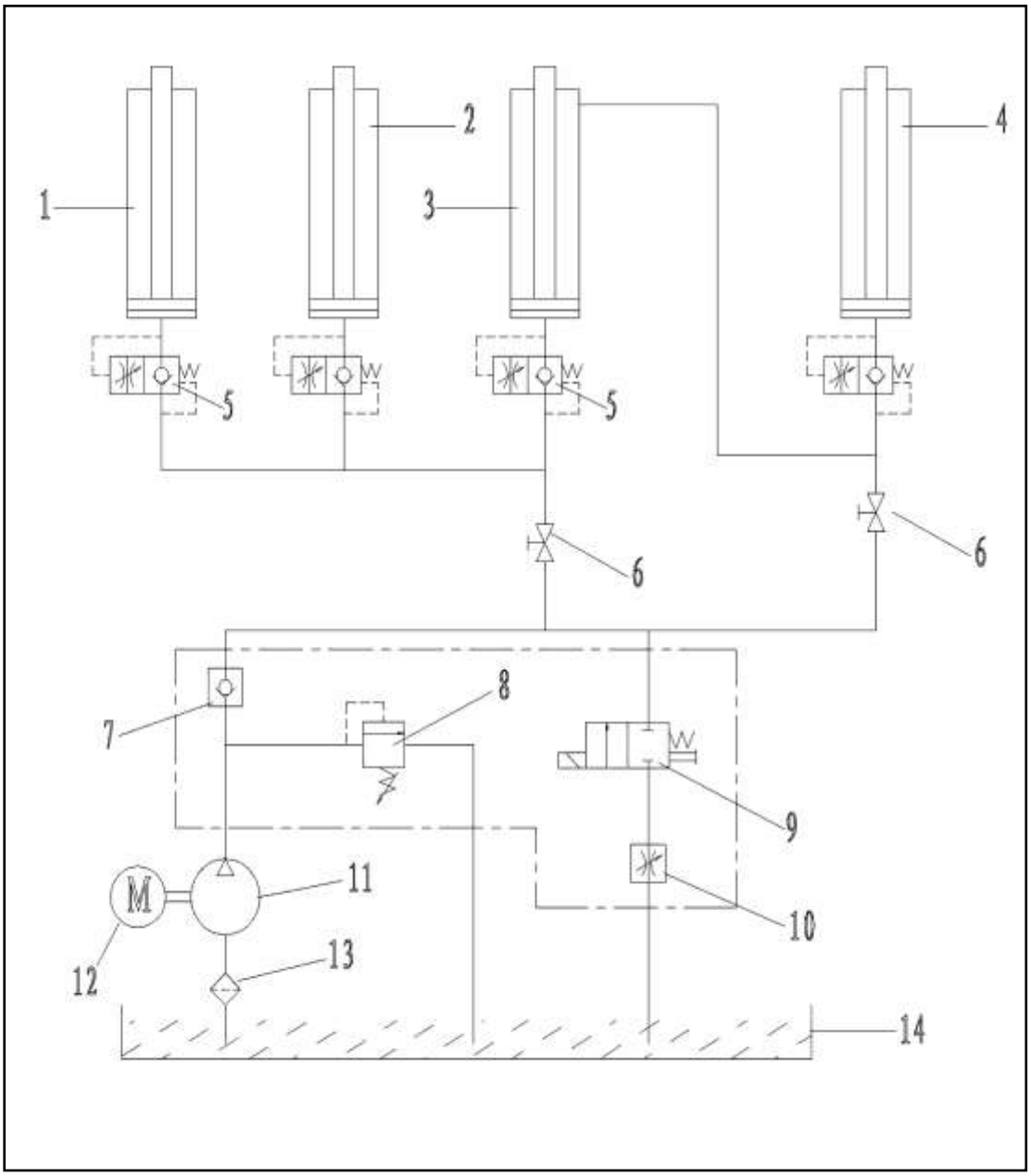
-the compressed air used in pneumatic safety devices must be filtered through water to ensure long time reliable operation of the cylinder and air valve DQ for driving the safety pawl .

Chapter 8 TROUBLESHOOTING

	Cause and Phenomena	Resolutions
The motor does not run in lifting operation.	① Connection of power supply wires or zero wire is not correct.	Check and correct wire connection.
	② The AC contactor in the circuit of the motor does not pick up.	If the motor operates when forcing the contactor down with an isolation rod, check the control circuit. If the voltage at two ends of the contactor coil is normal, replace the contactor.
	③ The limit switch is not closed.	Short-circuit terminal 10# and 0#, which are connected with the limit switch, and if the trouble disappears, check the limit switch, wires and adjust or replace the limit switch.
In lifting operation, the motor runs, but there is no lifting movement.	① The motor turns reverse.	Change the phases of the power supply wires.
	② Lifting with light load is normal but no lifting with heavy load.	The set safe pressure of the over-flow valve may be increased by turning the set knob right ward slightly. The spool of the lowering solenoid valve is stuck by dirt. Clean the spool.
	③ The amount of hydraulic oil is not enough.	Add hydraulic oil.
	④ The "operation stop valve" is not open.	Turn right and open the "Operation stop valve and supply hydraulic oil to main oil cylinder.
When press "Lower" button, the machine is not lowered.	① The safety pawl are not released form the safety teeth.	First lift a little and then lowering.
	② The safety pawl is not lifted.	The air pressure is not enough or the safety pawl is stuck.
	③ The solenoid air valve does not work.	If the solenoid air valve is energized, but does not open the air loop, check or replace the solenoid air valve.
	④ The lowering solenoid valve is energized but does not work.	Check the plug and coil of the lowering solenoid valve and check the right turn tightness of its end copper nut and so on.
	⑤ The hydraulic oil has too high viscosity or frozen, deteriorated (in Winter).	Replace with 20# hydraulic oil in accordance with the instruction book.
The machine lowers extremely slowly under normal loads.	The "antiknock valve" for preventing oil pipe burst is blocked.	Remove or close air supply pipe and thus lock the safety pawl of the machine without lifting of the safety pawl. Remove the "antiknock valve" from the oil supply hole at the bottom of the oil cylinder, and clean the "antiknock valve".
The right and left platforms are not synchronous and not in the same height.	① The air in the oil cylinder is not vent completely.	Refer to "Ⅶ. Oil Make-up 'Adjust' Operation".
	② Oil leakage on oil pipe or at its connections.	Tighten oil pipe connections or replace oil seals and then make-up oil and adjust levelness.
	③ The "oil make-up stop valve" can not be closed tightly and almost make-up oil and adjust every day.	Replace oil make-up stop valve, and then make-up oil and adjust.
Noisy lifting and lowering.	① Lubrication is not enough.	Lubricate all hinges and motion parts (including piston rod) with machine oil.
	② The base or the machine is twisted.	Adjust again the levelness of the machine, and fill or pad the base.

ACCESSORY

Hydraulic pressure elements diagram



1. assist cylinder
2. assist cylinder
3. main cylinder
4. sub cylinder
5. flameproof valve
6. stop valve
7. check valve
8. overflowing valve
9. descent valve
10. flow control valve
11. gear pump
12. pump motor
13. filter
14. oil tank

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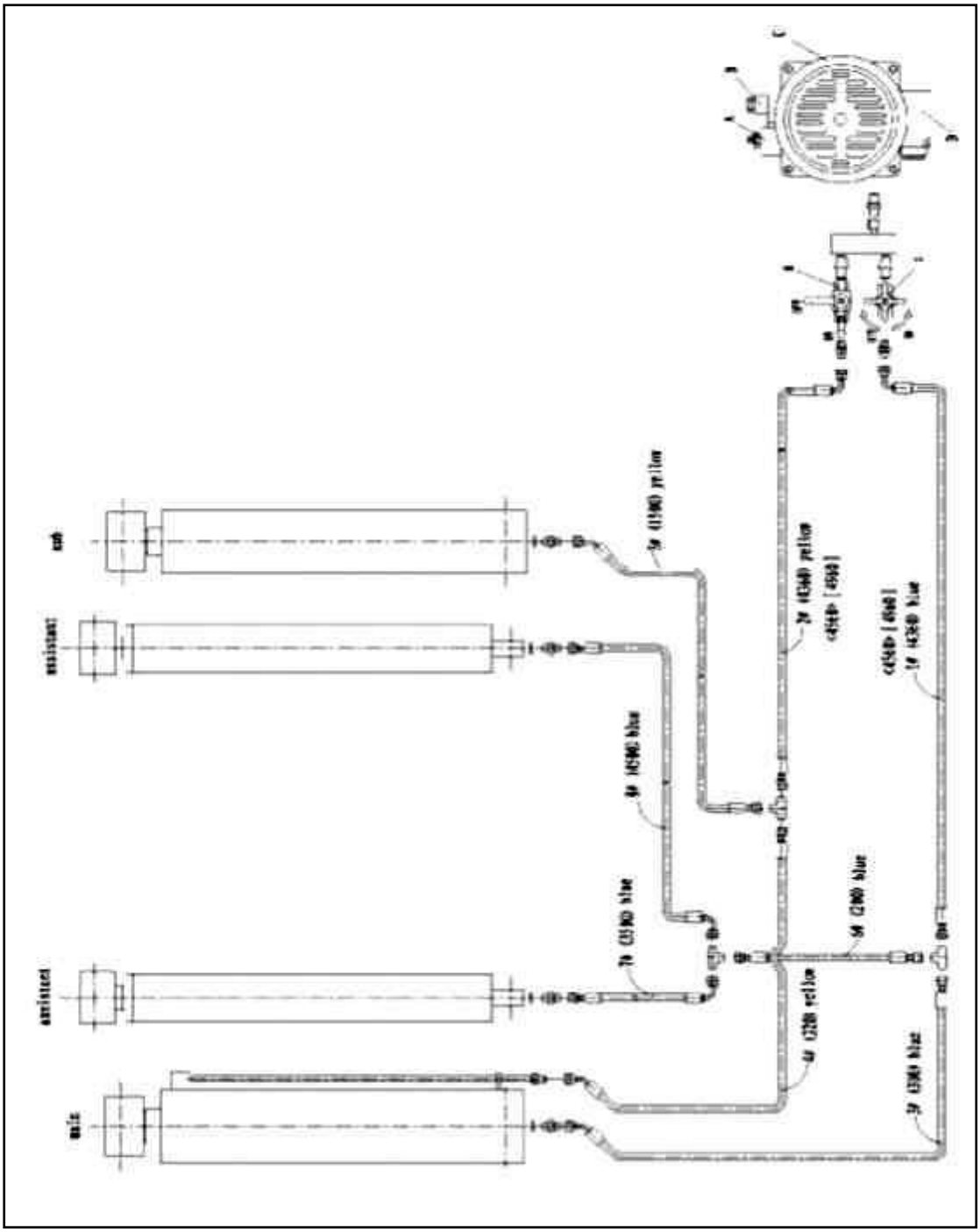
Hose connection diagram



1. **1#~8# high pressure pipe**
2. **A: descent valve; B: valve plug; C: motor; D: joint wire box; G: adjusting valve; H: the oil make-up stop valve**

Note:(3.5T) <4.0T> [5.5T]

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Explosion diagram