# M - 602 Programmable Resistance Decade

# **Operation manual**





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# 1. Use of the instrument

Resistance decade M-602 is designed for checking of parameters of resistance meters and regulators and process meters, which use external resistance sensors for non-electric quantity measuring. Set resistance value is created via appropriate combination of physical resistors. Decade is equipped with build-in function of direct simulation of most frequent temperature Pt and Ni sensors. Low thermal voltage relays and stable resistors are used as main parts of the decade. Actual set values are displayed on the front panel display. Resistance decade is supplied from external power line adapter or internal battery. M-602 is sophisticated instrument with its own re-calibration procedure. The procedure enables to correct any deviation in resistance without any mechanical adjusting.

Instrument is especially suitable for automatic testing procedures. RS232 line (optionally IEEE488 bus) is used for connecting decade to the computer.

# 2. Contents of delivery

RS232 version Resistance decade M602-V1xxx Power line adapter Cable RS-232 Demo program User's manual Test report *IEEE488 version* Resistance decade M602-V2xxx Power line adapter Demo program User's manual Test report

# 3. Technical data

Only values, functions, ranges with signed accuracy in relative or absolute expression or where limits are specified, are guaranteed.

Resistance range	:	10 $\Omega$ - 300 k $\Omega$ (basic version) 100 m $\Omega$ - 10 M $\Omega$ (version M602A) SHORT, OPEN terminals (version M602-Vx1xx only)	
Pt sensor temperature simulation	:	-200.000 °	C 850.000 °C (-328 °F 1562 °F)
Ni sensor temperature simulation	:	-60.000 °C	300.000 °C (-76 °F 572 °F)
Type of temperature sensors	:	Pt100 P	t1000, Ni100 Ni1000 (basic version)
		Pt10 Pt2	20000, Ni10 Ni20000 (version M602A)
Resolution	:	0.001 Ω	for $(10.000 - 300.000 \Omega)$ /basic version
		$0.01 \ \Omega$	for (300.01 – 1000.00 Ω)
		0.1 Ω	for $(1000.1 - 3000.0 \Omega)$
		1 Ω	for (3000 – 10000 Ω)
		0.01 kΩ	for $(10.00 - 30.00 \text{ k}\Omega)$
		0.1 kΩ	for $(30.0 - 100.0 \text{ k}\Omega)$
		1 kΩ	for $(100 - 300 \text{ k}\Omega)$

		0.00001 Ω	for (0.10000 – 2.00000 $\Omega)$ /version M602A
		0.0001 Ω	for $(2.0001 - 20.0000 \Omega)$
		$0.001 \ \Omega$	for $(20.001 - 200.000 \Omega)$
		0.01 Ω	for $(200.01 - 2000.00 \Omega)$
		0.1 Ω	for $(2000.1 - 20000.0 \Omega)$
		1 Ω	for $(20001 - 200000 \Omega)$
		0.01 kΩ	for $(200.01 - 2000.00 \text{ k}\Omega)$
		0.1 kΩ	for $(2000.1 - 10000.0 \text{ k}\Omega)$
		0.01 °C	for Pt, Ni
Pt temperature standards	:	IEC 751 (1.	3850 for IPTS68)
L L			3851 for ITS90)
		US (US/JIS	·
Ni temperature standards	:	DIN 43760	(6180)
<b>Resistance temperature coefficient</b>	:	< 25 ppm/ °	C
Maximal dissipation power	:	2 W	
Maximal current	:	0.6 A	
Maximal voltage	:	120 Vdc, 50	) Vac
Connection of output terminals	:	2, 4 wire	
<b>Connection of temperature sensors</b>	:	2, 3 or 4 with	re
<b>Reaction time *</b>	:	4 ms	
Terminals	:	instrument t	terminals diameter 4mm, gold plated
Interface	:	RS232 as st	andard (IEEE488 optionally)
Power supply	:	<b>1</b>	adapter 15VDC/2A 100 – 240 V/50Hz
			ttery 12 V type B-WP 1.9-12 optionally)
Operating period from battery	:	6 hours	
<b>Reference temperature</b>	:	+18 °C	
Working temperature	:	+5 °C +2	40 °C
Storing temperature	:	-10 °C +	-50 °C
Housing	:	ALU	
<b>Dimensions (table version)</b>	:		H 111 mm, D 316 mm (without holder)
Dimensions (19" module)	:		H 133 mm, D 316 mm
Weight	:	4.5 kg	

**Isolation resistance between output terminals and housing** :  $> 2 \text{ G}\Omega \text{ (at 500V DC)}$ 

\* *Reaction time means time interval between setting up value from front panel or receiving command from remote control bus and settling set-up value on output terminals.* 

Notes:

- Only data shown with tolerance or with band of limits are tested. All other values have informative character.
- During over-switching, resistance circuit may be opened for a period about 1ms (typ. 300us).

#### Accuracy

Specified accuracy is valid after 10 minutes warm up in temperature range  $23 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C. Uncertainties include long-term stability, temperature coefficient, linearity, load and line regulation and traceability of factory to National calibration standards. Accuracies assigned in % are related to the set value. Specified accuracy is one-year accuracy.

#### **Resistance accuracy (basic version)**

Range	Accuracy
10.000 Ω - 199.999 Ω	$0.05~\%$ + 15 m $\Omega$
200.000 Ω - 9.999 kΩ	0.02 %
10.000 kΩ - 50.0 kΩ	0.05 %
50.1 kΩ - 100.0 kΩ	0.1 %
101 kΩ - 300 kΩ	0.5 %

#### **Resistance accuracy (version M602A)**

Range	Accuracy
0.1 Ω - 199.999 Ω	$0.05~\%$ + 15 m $\Omega$
200.000 Ω - 2.00000 ΜΩ	0.02 %
2.0001 MΩ - 10.0000 MΩ	0.05 %

#### Pt temperature sensor simulation accuracy

Temperature range	Pt10-Pt200	Pt201-Pt20000
-200.000.01 °C	0.2 °C	0.2 °C
0.00 850.00 °C	0.2 °C	0.2 °C

#### Ni temperature sensor simulation accuracy

Temperature range	Ni10-Ni200	Ni201-Ni20000
-60.000.01 °C	0.2 °C	0.1 °C
0.00 300.00 °C	0.1 °C	0.1 °C

Temperature coefficient outside of the reference temperature range is 10 % of the stated specification per °C.

#### Short and Open simulation (version M602-Vx1xx only)

When function Short is selected, output resistance is lower than 60 m $\Omega$ . Maximal allowed current is 500 mA.

When function Open is selected, output resistance is higher than 1 G $\Omega$ . Maximal allowed voltage is 120 Vdc / 50 Vac.

Note:

Resistance values in range 0.1  $\Omega$  - 10 M $\Omega$  are calibrated absolutely. Resistance value is not defined against SHORT position. Functions Short and Open positions are intended only for functional checking of tested instrument.

# 4. Preparation for use

M-602 Resistance decade is supplied from external power line adapter. Range of power line voltage is from 100 V to 240 V 50/60 Hz. M-602 is predestinate to work in temperature range  $+5 \dots +40$  °C. Instrument is aimed for use in horizontal or slope position.

After unpacking put the instrument on flat desk. If the instrument was stored out of range of reference temperatures, let it stabilize for one hour.

#### 4.1. Switching on

Connect the power line adapter to the decade and push the POWER button. After switching on internal tests are performed for approx. 3s. On the display type name of the instrument and manufacturer are displayed during internal test. After finishing, setting to the position before last switching off is performed. Factory setting is resistance mode, value  $100\Omega$ .

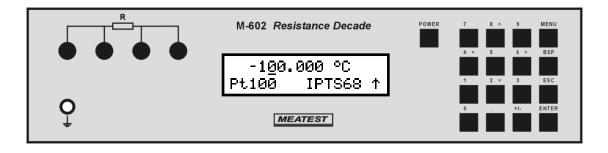
Decade enables to store to internal memory the "Startup state". See chapter "Operation" for more details.

#### 4.2. Warm-up time

Decade can operate immediately after switching on. After 10 min. warm-up period it meets specified accuracy. During warm-up period it is not recommended to perform recalibration.

# 5. Description

# 5.1. Front panel



On the front panel there are located all main control keys, display and output terminals.

#### Keyboard

Numerical values can be entered from the numerical part of keyboard. Keys with number 2, 4, 6, 8 have also next meaning as display cursor keys. Except numerical there are following keys in the keyboard:

Key	Meaning
MENU	enters to the SETUP/CALIBRATION MENU.
BSP	deletes last entered number.
ESC	cancels last entered value or leaves last set mode
ENTER	confirms set value or confirms selected item in MENU or switches between numerical
	function (black label) and display cursor function (blue label) of the keys 2, 4, 6, 8.
	Switching over is indicated with symbol ( $\uparrow$ ) in right low corner of the display.
POWER	switches on and off the decade. When switching off is requested, two-times the key must
	be pushed to confirm switching off.

#### **Display**

Two-row alphanumerical display is used for displaying all information. Main value, i.e. simulated temperature or output resistance is displayed in upper row. Auxiliary information is displayed in lower row. Depending on status following symbols can be displayed in right low corner:

- <sup>+</sup> keys 2, 4, 6 and 8 are switched to the cursor function (blue labels are valid)
- decade is in remote control via RS232 (IEEE488 optionally)
- internal battery is out of power
- ♥ power line adapter is connected

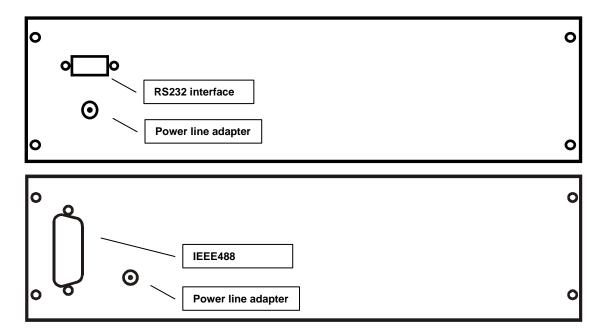
#### **Output terminals**

Output resistance is available on R output terminals. Available is 2, 3 and 4-wire connection. Left terminal with symbol "GROUND" is connected with the housing.

Note:

During operation the GROUND terminal should be connected to the ground or Lo terminal of measuring instrument. This connection prevents against interference with power supply voltage.

#### 5.2. Rear panel



On the rear panel there are located power supply connector, interface RS-232 connector (optionally IEEE488 connector) and serial number plate.

# 6. Operation

#### 6.1. Switch on and off

Decade is switched on by pushing the key POWER. To switch off the decade, push the same key two times. When supplied from internal battery, decade is automatically switch off, if for last 20 minutes no one key was pushed or if internal battery is discharged. One minute before automatic switching off, decade displays symbol **1** and beeps to warn the user.

#### 6.2. Decade connection

Output resistance is available on R output terminals. Available is 2, 3 and 4-wire connection. Left terminal with symbol "GROUND" is connected with the housing. Ground terminal should be connected to the ground (or Lo) terminal of measuring instrument.

# 6.3. Standard mode – numerical keyboard

After switching on decade comes to standard mode. Following information is shown on the display:

-100.000 °C IPTS68 Pt100

In the upper row actually simulated temperature [°C] or generated resistance [ $\Omega$ ] is displayed. In the lower row type of simulated temperature sensor (Pt100), set-up temperature scale IPTS68, ITS90 according to the IEC751 standard or US according to the US/JIS standards are displayed. After pushing MENU key, SETUP function is activated.

# 6.4. Standard mode – cursor keyboard

After pushing "ENTER" key in numerical mode the decade change the display to the cursor mode. Following information is shown on the display:

-100.000 °C IPTS68 Pt.100

Arrow symbol in right corner informs, that cursor function of keys 2, 4, 6, 8 is initialized (blue signs on front panel foil). Buttons  $\uparrow \downarrow$  enable step up or down number on active position. With buttons  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  active position of cursor can be moved left or right. With ENTER key can be switched between cursor and numerical keyboard in this mode. After pushing the key MENU, SETUP function is activated.

#### Numerical keyboard

With numerical keys value of temperature (or resistance) can be directly entered. Recently entered value is displayed in brackets under the actually set value. To confirm new value push the key ENTER.



Pushing the key ENTER switches keys 2, 4, 6, 8 function between cursor and numerical. Press ESC key to exit setting value from numerical keyboard mode. BSP key deletes last entered number.

#### **6.5**. Setup mode

This mode enables to set or display some auxiliary parameters. To enter this mode push the key

MENU in standard mode. To leave setup mode push the key ESC. With cursor keys  $\uparrow \downarrow$  following items in setup menu can be displayed:

#### Function

With buttons  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  following functions can be set-up:

With button	as $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ following functions can be set-up:
R	- resistance function. Total range of resistance is 10 $\Omega$ to 300 k $\Omega$ (0.1 $\Omega$ to 10 M $\Omega$ ).
Pt (68)	- simulation of Pt temperature sensors according to standard IEC 751 (temperature scale
	IPTS68, coefficient 1,3850). Range of setting -200 °C to 850 °C (-328 °F to 1562 °F).
	Parameter R0 (resistance at 0°C) can be set-up in range 10 $\Omega$ to 20 000 $\Omega$ .
Pt (90)	- simulation of Pt temperature sensors according to standard IEC 751 (temperature scale
	ITS90, coefficient 1,3851). Range of setting -200 °C to 850 °C (-328 °F to 1562 °F).
	Parameter R0 (resistance at 0°C) can be set-up in range 10 $\Omega$ to 20 000 $\Omega$ .
Pt (US)	- simulation of Pt temperature sensors according to standard US/JIS (temperature scale
	ITS90, coefficient 1,3851). Range of setting -200 °C to 850 °C (-328 °F to 1562 °F).
	Parameter R0 (resistance at 0°C) can be set-up in range 10 $\Omega$ to 20 000 $\Omega$ .
Ni	- simulation of Ni temperature sensors according to standard DIN 43760 (coefficient
	6180). Range of setting -60 °C to 300 °C (-76 °F až 572 °F). Parameter R0 (resistance at
	$0^{\circ}$ C) can be set-up in range 10 $\Omega$ to 20 000 $\Omega$ .
User	- by user defined temperature function. As default, NTC thermistor sensor with
	temperaure function
	$R(T) = 330 \exp \left(-4050 * \left(\frac{1}{298}, 15\right) - \left(\frac{1}{(T+273}, 15)\right)\right)$
	is delivered. Range of simulation is -30 °C to 110 °C.
	This function can be changed in MEATEST Company only (extra ordered option).
	Please specify in your order.
Short	- simulates short on the output terminals. Function Short is extra ordered option.
Open	- simulates open on the output terminals. Function Open is extra ordered option.

Items from MENU are displayed on lower row. After selecting an item and pressing the button ENTER, symbol of this new selected temperature/resistance function is written to upper row. Selected function is valid even if the instrument is switched off and on again (except of Short and Open functions).

#### **R0** (Pt,Ni) (resistance at 0°C)

The function enables to set-up parameter R0 for temperature sensors. Set value R0 is valid for both Pt and Ni sensors. New value can be written after changing keyboard meaning to numerical by pushing ENTER. Allowed range is from 100 to 2000 (10 to 20000 for M602A version). To confirm new value press ENTER. New value is valid even if the instrument is switched off and on again.

## T. unit (temperature unit)

With buttons  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  either °C or °F can be set-up here. Possibilities are shown in lower row. After selecting one of them and pressing the button ENTER appropriate symbol is written to upper row. New value is valid even if the instrument is switched off and on again.

## Volume

With keys  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  values OFF (beep off), LOW (volume low) or HIGH (volume high) can be set. Selected parameter is displayed in lower row. To change currently selected parameter press ENTER key. The newly set parameter is written into the upper row.

### Baud rate RS-232 (optionally IEEE488 address)

In standard version, the function involves to set parameter baud rate of RS-232 interface. With keys  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  any value from the row 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 or 19200 Bd can be set. Set baud rate is displayed in lower row. To change currently valid value to the new value press the key ENTER. The newly set baud rate is written into the upper row.

If the decade is optionally equipped with IEEE488, instead of "Baud rate" you can set IEEE488 address of instruments.

In decade with IEEE488 interface, IEEE488 address can be set-up here. The address range is 0 to 30. The last set baud rate is valid even if the instrument is switched off.

### Lighting

Enables or disables lighting of the display. With keys  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  values OFF (lighting is switched off), 30 s (lighting is switched on for 30 s after last key pressing), 5m (lighting is switched on for 5 minutes after last key pressing) or ON (lighting is switched on) can be set. Selected parameter is displayed in lower row. To change currently selected parameter press the key ENTER. The newly set parameter is written into the upper row.

If the instrument is supplied from the external power adapter, lighting is switched on permanently.

*Note: Display lighting influences significantly operating period from the internal battery. If not used when instrument is supplied from internal battery, the working period can be lengthen about 50%.* 

#### Calibration mode password setting

Calibration password is a five-digit number, which must be entered to access the calibration mode. If the password is set to "00000", this information is displayed in the Setup menu, otherwise only symbols "\*\*\*\*\*" are shown.

Password can be changed. New password can be entered directly from keyboard after changing keyboard meaning to numerical by pushing ENTER. If previous password was "00000", simply type new 5-digit code and press ENTER. New password is saved and cannot be read in MENU. If previous password was non-zero, new password can be entered in two steps. In the first step original password must be entered and confirmed by pressing ENTER. If it is correct symbols "00000" are displayed. Now new password can be entered and saved according to above described procedure.

New password is valid even if the instrument is switched off and on again.

*Note: it is advisable to write down actual password if changed. If you forget the calibration code, you have to send the decade to the manufacturer.* 

## Serial number

Displays the serial number of the decade. The parameter cannot be changed.

#### Write startup

Enables to define state that is set after switching the decade on. The instrument writes to the memory the actual state (function and value) after pushing ENTER key.

#### **Cancel startup**

Clears defined "Startup state". Instrument returns to standard mode when after switching the power on decade sets value 100  $\Omega$  (100 °C).

#### 6.6. Calibration mode

In this mode resistance elements of the decade can be recalibrated. Access to the calibration mode is enabled after double pushing the key MENU from the standard mode or after single pushing the same key from the SETUP mode.

Correct password must be entered before calibration. Without correct password the access to the calibration mode is refused. Default factory set calibration code is "00000". Return to standard mode is possible after pushing the key ESC.

Recalibration procedure consists of measuring of 36 basic resistance values and entering their actually measured data. Among calibration values can be moved with keys  $\uparrow \downarrow$ .

In following table nominal values of calibration points and requested recalibration accuracy are described:

Standard (terminals)	Nominal value	Requested Accuracy
R00	190 mΩ	4 mΩ
R01	370 mΩ	4 mΩ
R02	720 mΩ	4 mΩ
R03	1,38 $arOmega$	4 mΩ
R04	2,66 Ω	4 mΩ
R05	5,15 Ω	4 mΩ
R06	9,99 <i>Ω</i>	$5m\Omega$
R07	19,4 Ω	$6 \text{ m}\Omega$
R08	38,3 Ω	8 mΩ
R09	75,5 Ω	10 m $\Omega$
R10	149 Ω	$20 \text{ m}\Omega$
R11	294 Ω	15 mΩ
R12	580 Ω	$25 \text{ m}\Omega$
R13	1140 Ω	$50~\text{m}\Omega$
R14	2240 Ω	100 mΩ
R15	4410 Ω	200 mΩ
R16	8700 Ω	400 mΩ
R17	17,2 kΩ	1 Ω
R18	33,8 kΩ	5 Ω
R19	66,5 kΩ	10 Ω

R20	131 kΩ	20 Ω
R21	258 kΩ	50 Ω
R22	509 kΩ	100 Ω
R23	1000 kΩ	200 Ω
R24	2000 kΩ	500 Ω
R25	3900 kΩ	1000 Ω
R26	7500 kΩ	5 kΩ
R27	15 MΩ	20 kΩ
R28	30 MΩ	100 kΩ
R29	60 MΩ	500 kΩ
R30	118 MΩ	<b>2</b> ΜΩ
R31	3400 Ω	200 mΩ
R32	7500 Ω	400 mΩ
R33	15,4 kΩ	800 mΩ
R34	37,0 kΩ	1600 mΩ
R35	73,6 kΩ	<b>3</b> Ω
R36	147 kΩ	6 <i>Ω</i>
R37	296 kΩ	12 <i>Ω</i>
R38	616 kΩ	<b>30</b> Ω
R39	1230 kΩ	60 <i>Ω</i>
R40	2470 kΩ	<b>200</b> Ω
R41	5000 kΩ	<b>400</b> Ω

Notes:

- Blue values written in italic are for M602A version only.
- *Resistances R07 to R14 should be calibrated before resistances R31 to R41. There is a small dependency between these values.*

Process of calibration consists of measuring partial resistances and writting their actual values into the decade:

- Set the first calibration point (resistance element). Use keys  $\uparrow \downarrow$  to set the element.
- Measure resistance of the selected element. Use ohm-meter with appropriate accuracy in 4-wire connection and with appropriate accuracy.
- Change function of the keyboard to the numerical one by pushing the key ENTER.
- Write measured resistance value (there is original value in the first row and newly entered value in the second row). Newly entered value must be written down in units Ohm.



- Confirm new calibration data by pushing the key ENTER.
- Repeat above described procedure for all resistance elements.

# 7. Performance verification test

Parameter verification procedure is described in the chapter. Verification procedure is based on measuring resistance on the decade output terminals with standard multimeter in recommended points.

#### **Required equippment**

• Ohm-meter nominal accuracy 0.005% in range 200 m $\Omega$  to 10 M $\Omega$  (type HP34401A or KE2000)

#### Decade setting

Switch decade to the resistance function. Connect standard multimeter to the decade output terminals. Use four-wire connection technique.

#### Range of the test

• output resistance on terminals R checking

#### Procedure

Use following procedure to perform parameter verification test.

- 1. Switch both instruments on and let them for 1 hour stabilise in the laboratory with ambient temperature 23±2 °C. Connect resistance decade terminals R4W to the standard ohm-meter (multimeter).
- 2. Case of decade should be grounded or connected to the Lo terminal of multimeter.
- 3. Check resistance value in points according to Table I.

#### Maximal deviations M602

Nominal value [ $\Omega$ ]	Max. deviation [mΩ]
19	0.025
36	0.033
70	0.050
140	0.085
250	0.050
500	0.100
1000	0.200
2000	0.400
4000	0.800
8000	1.6
16000	8
30000	15
60000	60
120000	600
250000	1250

#### Maximal deviations M602A

Nominal value [ $\Omega$ ]	Max. deviation $[m\Omega]$
0.18	0.015
0.3	0.015
0.7	0.015
1.3	0.016
2.5	0.016
5.0	0.018
9.5	0.020
19	0.025
36	0.033
70	0.050
140	0.085
250	0.050
500	0.100
1000	0.200
2000	0.400
4000	0.800
8000	1.6
16000	3.2
40000	8
80000	16
150000	30
300000	60
700000	140
1500000	300
3000000	1500
600000	3000

# 8. Remote control

Standard version is equipped with RS232 bus. IEEE488 version is described in chapter 8.4. Commands for both versions are the same.

#### 8.1. Commands

Communication between decade and computer consists of flow of periodically alternating commands type command-response or query-response. Command is always a letter followed by parameter and ended by control sign  $\langle cr \rangle$  or  $\langle lf \rangle$ . Response is always ended with control signs  $\langle cr \rangle \langle lf \rangle$ .

#### Syntax description

- <DNPD> = Decimal Numeric Program Data, this format is used to express decimal number with or without the exponent.
- $\langle CPD \rangle =$  Character Program Data. Usually, it represents a group of alternative character parameters. E.g.  $\{0 | 1 | 2 | 3\}$ .
- ? = A flag indicating a request for the value of the parameter specified by the command. No other parameter than the question mark can be used.
- (?) = A flag indicating a request for the parameter specified by the command. This command permits a value to be set as well as requested.
- <cr> = carriage return. ASCII code 13. This code executes the program line.
- line feed. ASCII code 10. This code executes the program line.

#### 8.2. Command list

# Value setting / reading A (?) <DNPD>

The command sets resistance value (resistance function) or temperature value (temperature sensor simulating function).

#### <DNPD>

It represents resistance value in Ohm or simulated temperature in °C. When temperature parameter is used, both negative and positive values are acceptable. For resistance parameter positive value only is acceptable. Limit values are shown in chapter "Technical data".

In case of control, the decade confirms correct setting with string "Ok <cr><lf>".

In case of query, M-602 returns set resistance/temperature value in the same format as it is on the display (number of decimal places). For example value -120 °C is returned as -120.000<cr><lf>. Positive numbers are sent without polarity sign.

#### Example :

Command "A123.564 <cr>" sets temperature 123.564 °C if decade is in temperature simulation function and 123.564  $\Omega$  if decade is in resistance function.

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If query "A?<cr>" is sent, decade returns response in format "123.564<cr><lf>".

#### Decade function setting F <CPD> { 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | S | 0 }

Following function can be set:

- 0 resistance mode
- 1 Pt (68) temperature sensor simulation
- 2 Pt (90) temperature sensor simulation
- 3 Pt (US) temperature sensor simulation
- 4 Ni temperature sensor simulation
- 5 User temperature sensor simulation
- S Short simulation (extra ordered option)
- O Open simulation (extra ordered option)

M-602 confirms execution with string "Ok <cr><lf>".

#### Example :

"F1<cr>" sets Pt100 sensor simulation.

# *I/D* (*device identification*) \*IDN?

Response contains name of manufacturer, model type number, serial number, firmware version

#### Example :

If query ,,\*IDN?<cr>" is sent, decade returns response: ,,MEATEST,M602A,462351,2.4 <cr><lf>".

#### Switching off P0

The command will switch the decade off. The command is executed if decade is supplied from internal battery only. Correct execution is confirmed with string "Ok <cr><lf>"."

#### Example :

"P0<cr>" switches decade off (if not used external power adapter).

#### R0 setting / reading R (?) <DNPD>

Command sets resistance value R0 at temperature 0 °C. Set value R0 is valid for all types of simulated temperature sensors.

#### <DNPD>

It represents resistance value R0 in  $\Omega$ . Limits are shown in chapter Technical data. M-602 confirms execution with string "Ok <cr><lf>". In case of query M-602 returns set value in  $\Omega$ .

#### Example :

,,R100 <cr>" sets value R0 to 100  $\Omega$  (Pt100, Ni100).

After query "R?<cr>" decade returns string "100<cr><lf>".

# *Temperature unit setting* U <CPD> { 0 | 1 }

Command sets used temperature unit.

- 0 sets degree Celsia °C
- 1 sets degree Fahrenheita °F

M-602 confirms execution with string "Ok <cr><lf>". **Example :** 

"U0<cr>" sets °C as temperature unit.

# Status reading V?

M-602 returns device status in form "FxUx <cr><lf>". On positions of signs "x" there are values corresponding to the actual status of decade.

#### Example :

After query "V?<cr>" decade returns for example string "F2U0<cr><lf>", which means Pt (90), °C actual setting.

When unknown command is received M-602 returns string "? <cr><lf>". Correctly executed command is confirmed with string "Ok <math><cr><lf>. When correct query is received M-602 returns response in above described format. All commands must contain sign <cr> or <lf> at the end. Both small and large letters can be used.

#### 8.3. Remote control RS232

Transmission baud rate can be selected from 300 to 19200 Bd. Number of data bits is 8, number of stop bits is 1, parity is not used. For data flow control neither hardware handshake (RTS/CTS) nor program handshake (XON/XOFF) is used. RS 232 line is from other electronic circuits galvanically isolated

RS-232 connection

<u>1 5</u>	Pin	Label	I/O	Description
\00000/	2	TXD	output	Transmitter
6 9	3	RXD	input	Receiver
	5	GND	-	Ground

#### 9 pin connector D-SUB MALE

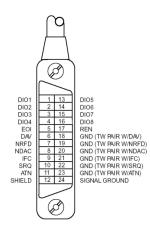
Cable between decade and computer description (configuration 1:1)

Computer	D-Sub 1	D-Sub 2	M-622
Receiver	2	2	Transmitter
Transmitter	3	3	Receiver
Ground	5	5	Ground

#### 8.4. *Remote control IEEE488 (optionaly)*

The list of commands is valid for version of decade with IEEE488 interface.

The instrument performs the following functions based on IEEE488 bus commands:



#### SH1, AH1, T5, L3, RL1, DC1

The instrument also recognizes the following general commands: DCL Device Clear - resets the instrument to its basic state SDC Selected Device Clear - resets the instrument to its basic state GTL Go To Local - switches the remote control off LLO Local Lock Out - switches the local control off, the instrument cannot be controlled from the front panel

Commands are identical to the commands for RS-232 interface. Detailed description is shown in chapter 8.2.

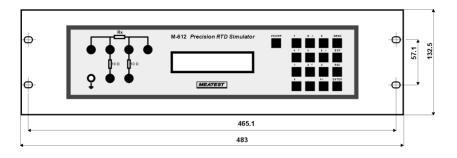
#### 8.5. Demo program

A simple operating program DecadeAssistant is supplied with the decade in order to provide easy operation of the instrument from the computer, and to check the RS-232 line (IEEE488 bus) of the instrument. The installation CD ROM contains a program (for MS WINDOWS only), you can communicate with the instrument through standard serial line (IEEE488) with. For example, you can set value or function on the decade. For IEEE488 connection this DecadeAssistant requires properly configured National Instruments IEEE488 card.

Download on www.meatest.com.

# 9. Module 19" (version M602-Vxx1x)

Decade can be ordered as 19" module for easy assembling into a 19" rack. Module height is 3HE.



# **10.Table version with holder (version M602-Vxx2x)**



Decade can be also ordered in table version with the holder.

# **11. Electric function**

Resistance elements are switched to the output terminals through reed relays in binary code system. The relays used are types with low thermoelectric voltage. The resistors are metal type with low temperature coefficient. Metal housing is connected to the ground terminal only. The board with resistors and relays creates independent mechanical block.

CPU unit with one-chip micro-controller generates all necessary internal control signals. Calibration data and set-up parameters are saved in EEPROM memory.

# **12. Mechanical construction**

Decade housing is standardised aluminium type one. Keyboard with display and output terminals are located on the front panel. External power supply connector and RS-232 connector are located on the rear panel. Internal battery is fixed to the rear panel inside the housing.

#### 12.1. Battery maintenance (version M602-Vxxx1)

Period for fully battery charging is approx. 40 hours. If the instrument has been stored for more than 3 months without connected external power line adapter, battery should be charged.

### 12.2. Battery replacement (version M602-Vxxx1)

Internal battery is sealed lead-acid maintenance-free long-life rechargeable battery with voltage 12V and capacity 2.6Ah.

To replace battery use following procedure:

- Disconnect external power supply adapter and RS-232 (IEEE488) cable.
- Switch decade off.
- Dismount 4 screws located in the corners of the rear panel.
- Remove slightly top cover.
- Disconnect connectors from the battery and dismount metal belt to release battery.
- Replace battery pack.
- Connect fresh battery and mount it into the case in opposite procedure.

# **13. Ordering information – options**

battery

M602-Vxxxx	- basic version ( $10\Omega$ - $300k\Omega$ )
M602A-Vxxxx	- extended version $(0.1\Omega - 10M\Omega)$
Bus M602-V1xxx M602-V2xxx	- RS232 - IEEE488
Additional function	ons
M602-Vx0xx	- none
M602-Vx1xx	- Short/Open function
Housing M602-Vxx0x M602-Vxx1x M602-Vxx2x	<ul> <li>table version</li> <li>module 19", 3HE</li> <li>table version with holder</li> </ul>
Power supplying M602-Vxxx0 M602-Vxxx1	- power line adaptor - battery + power line adaptor
Example of orde M602A-V2110	er: - resistance decade 0.1Ω - 10MΩ, IEEE488, Short/Open, 19" rack, without

#### **Manufacturer**

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