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F²MC-8FX FAMILY 8-BIT MICROCONTROLLER MB95200 SERIES

WAKE-UP ON KEY STROKE

APPLICATION NOTE





Revision History

Version	Date	Updated by	Modifications
1.0	4/13/2009	Lori. Li	First draft
1.1	4/15/2009	Lori. Li	Add detailed description on standby modes

This manual contains 9 pages.

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1 Introduction

This document describes how to wake-up from standby mode on key stroke and gives one sample code.



2 Standby Modes

This chapter introduces standby modes and the STBC register.

Usually a device has limited power supply. To minimize power consumption, the device will transit to low power consumption modes (standby modes) when it is not in operation state.

The device in standby modes can be waken-up on key stroke to operating mode.

There are four standby modes: sleep mode, stop mode, timebase timer mode and watch mode. The device transits to a standby mode according to the setting of the standby control register (STBC).

The device can be released from a standby mode by an interrupt or a reset. Before transiting to normal operation, the device may wait for the oscillation stabilization wait time to elapse if necessary.

Figure 2-1 shows the Standby Control Register (STBC). This register is used to control transition from the RUN state to a standby mode, set the pin state in a standby mode, and control the generation of a software reset.

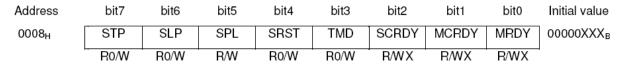


Figure 2-1: Standby Control Register (STBC)

For detailed information on standby modes, please refer to AN mcu-an-500002-e-11 "Basic FW Setup" on Fujitsu website.



3 Wake-up on Key Stroke

This chapter introduces how to wake up a device from standby modes on key stroke.

To wake up the device from a standby mode on key stroke, first initialize the I/O register and enable the external interrupt, then the device enters a standby mode such as stop mode, sleep mode, timebase timer mode or watch mode. The device in a standby mode can wake up and return to operating mode by pressing an external key.

3.1 Hardware Setting

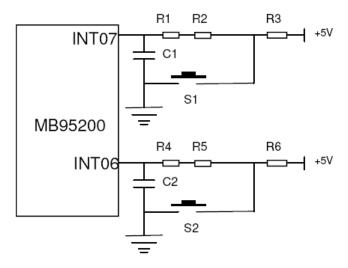


Figure 3-1: Hardware Setting

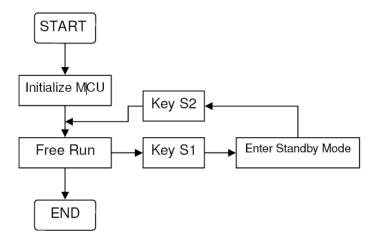
3.2 Software Design

When an interrupt request whose interrupt level is higher than "11B" is issued in a standby mode, the device is released from the standby mode.

To wake up the device on key stroke, use the external interrupt 6 and 7. Press key S1, enter the external interrupt 7 and set the STBC register, and the device enters a standby mode.

Press key S2 and enter the external interrupt 6, the device will release from the standby mode and transit to normal operation.

The flow chart is illustrated as below:





4 Sample Code

This chapter illustrates how to wake up a device from a standby mode on key stroke with an example.

The following code can make a device transit to stop mode and be released from stop mode.

```
/* THIS SAMPLE CODE IS PROVIDED AS IS AND IS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.
/ \\ * \\ \text{FUJITSU SEMICONDUCTOR ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY} \\
/* FOR ANY ERRORS OR ELIGIBILITY FOR ANY PURPOSES.
/* (C) Fujitsu Semiconductor (Shanghai) Co., LTD.
#include"mb95200.h"
#define LED2 PDR0_P05
#define LED3 PDR6_P64
#define LED4 PDR6_P63
#define Light 0 /*LED light*/
#define Unlight 1 /*LED unlight*/
/**************vDelay routine**************/
unsigned char vDelay(unsigned int uiCount)
      int i;
      while(uiCount--)
            for(i=0;i<100;i++)</pre>
            asm("\tNOP");
}
NAME: __interrupt void external_int06(void)
FUNCTION: LED3, LED4 Lihgt _Unlight
 _interrupt void external_int06(void)
      EIC30_EIR0=0;
                         /*CLEAR INTERRUPT REQUEST*/
      /*LED3 LIGHT TO UNLIGHT, LED4 LIGHT TO UNLIGHT*/
      LED3=Light;
      LED3=Unlight;
      LED4=Light;
      vDelay(10);
     LED4=Unlight;
/******
NAME: __interrupt void external_int07(void)
FUNCTION: ENTERY STANDBY MODE (STOP MODE)
                                       __interrupt void external_int07(void)
      EIC30_EIR1=0; /*CLEAR INTERRUPT REQUEST*/
      /*LED2,3,4 KEEP LIGHT*/
      LED2=Light;
      LED3=Light;
      LED4=Light;
      STBC_STP=1; /*ENTERY STOP MODE */
}
```



```
void MCU_initialization(void)
{
       _DI();
      \overline{SYSC=0x03};
                    /* Enable output */
/* Enable output */
/* Enable output */
      DDR6_P63=1;
     DDR6_P64=1;
DDR0_P05=1;
     LED2=Unlight;
      LED3=Unlight;
     LED4=Unlight;
      /* external interrupt */
      EIC30=0x55; /* INT06 INT07 enable falling edge */
InitIrqLevels(); /* INIT INTERRUPT LEVELS SET */
__EI(); /* ENABLE ALL INTERRUPT */
}
void main(void)
      while(1)
      {
            vDelay(5);
            LED2 = \sim LED2;
            LED3=~LED3;
            LED4=~LED4;
            vDelay(5);
      }
}
```



5 Additional Information

For more information about how to use MB9595200H/210H EV-board, BGM Adaptor and SOFTUNE, please refer to SKT MB2146-410A-01-E User Manual, or visit websites: English version address:

http://www.fujitsu.com/cn/fsp/services/mcu/mb95/application_notes.html Chinese version address:

http://www.fujitsu.com/cn/fss/services/mcu/mb95/application_notes.html