AndPskmail User's Manual

John Douyere (VK2ETA) on 2-Sep-2011

1 Acknowledgements

- I want to thank Rein Couperus (PA0R) for his relentless development of new Pskmail features and solutions. Without his drive and persistence Pskmail would not simply be, or not be what it is today, a feature rich bridge with the Internet, with very practical use for mobile and portable stations needing access to key services.
- I want to thank Rein and Per Crusefalk (SM0RWO) for their support and the jPskmail Java code under open source license. I believe this demonstrates the benefits of such approach for our hobby. By the way, Rein still accepts a beer as a donation.
- I also want to thank David (Dave) Freese (W1HKJ) and team for Fldigi which code under GPL was the basis of the modem's implementation in AndPskmail and specifically Dave who supported me when developing the PSK-Robust modes for Fldigi.
- Thank you to Franz-Josef Maas (DB3CF) who translated the PSK modem code from Fldigi into Java, providing a strong starting point for the PSK modes implementation in this development.

Finally, thank you to the Pskmail community for their ongoing feedback and support.

2 Introduction

- The main objective of this development is to provide an ultra-portable, as in backpack or bicycle for example, Pskmail client solution.
- Rigs like the Yaesu's FT-817, Icom's 703 and the soon to be released Elecraft KX3 would be the typical companions of the Android phone or tablet running AndPskmail, thereby providing a low weight, low energy requirement, access to most Pskmail services.
- The situations targeted are where the operator, most likely being in an area outside of mobile phone coverage, is primarily concerned in reporting his situation and GPS position, plus raising alert if necessary. Secondary considerations will be exchanging emails and accessing web page information like weather forecasts.
- Other uses would be in energy constrained situations like Maritime Mobile where the device could report position on a regular basis (in typical APRS fashion) without the battery drain and/or space requirement of a laptop or netbook.
- Finally, since speaker to microphone audio coupling is showing good results, for "quick" transactions when mobile or maritime mobile and wanting to send a simple status back to the server without setting up the laptop. Just run an APRS beacon or message in front of the transceiver's microphone. This could be applicable for VHF/UHF FM operations too.

3 Why Android?

- The key considerations where the re-use of the code available under open source GPL license in jPskmail, the PC version that Rein and Per developed, AND the wide availability of devices. About 60 to 70% of the Java code used in AndPskmail is directly from jPskmail, dramatically reducing the development and testing time of the project.
- Also, the frequent presence of an integrated GPS receiver and hands free connection (meaning speakers and microphone connections), the plethora of built-in services in the Android OS and it's open source development kit approach makes it a very attractive platform to develop a Pskmail client for ultra-portable situations.
- It is designed to run on on various devices (phones with limited screen space as well as tablets) from Android version 2.1 onwards, although I am yet to test it on a tablet's larger screen. It works both in portrait and landscape mode.

4 Typical hardware configuration

- Android phone or tablet. Integrated GPS would be a plus for automatic position reporting (Beacons).
- Coupling to the Transceiver: I have successfully made an interface cable without galvanic isolation between the FT-817 and an HTC Desire Android phone. Galvanic isolation is not critical since there is no ground loop as the power is inside the device. I found that simply inserting ferrite beads on the audio cable between the phone works well.
- Alternatively simple audio coupling is giving acceptable results provided the environment is not too noisy.
- For the rig I use an FT-817 and connect to the microphone socket as the VOX only works in voice mode (USB/LSB) not in digital mode (DIG).
- Antennas are of course what you use normally. I use a Fuchs antenna and tuner. This is and end-fed antenna that tunes to all bands with good efficiency, but I have used G5RVs and car mounted antennas effectively too.
- So in summary and as an example, here is my setup: Android phone (HTC desire, but I have also test on a Huawei Sonic), simple cable from the phone to the rig's microphone and speakers, FT-817, Lithium battery pack (low weight), Fuchs antenna (41M long) and tuner. Since I also use the phone for digital mapping (OruxMaps) when "out bush" there is no additional weight required.

5 What does it do?

Basically most of what the fully featured version on the PC does. In no particular order:

• In unconnected mode: send position reports (using the integrated GPS if there is one), Pings, Inquiries, Link to server and APRS messages.

I use this last feature in conjunction with an Email-To-SMS provider, allowing me to send SMSs to any mobile phone without having to go through the process of a connected session. Very handy in my experience.

• In connected mode: List email headers, send and receive emails in compressed or uncompressed format, request all the services from the server like fleetcodes, WWV propagation data, GRIB files and last but not least access to any web page text, again in compressed or uncompressed format.

If using the compressed format, AndPskmail will also handle the uncompleted transactions and will resume the uploads or downloads from where they were left at during the previous sessions. The choice is available to the operator to reject or discard uncompleted transactions.

The new STOP Transaction allows to receive just the minimum amount of data necessary by manually stopping the transaction when the critical information is received on the portable device. This applies to emails and web pages in uncompressed format, as the operator can see the text being downloaded in the terminal screen

Connections are possible in any PSK mode from PSK31 to PSK500 and any mode in-between, with automatic transmission of the mode ID by RSID (Reed Solomon ID).

What is NOT available at this point (but may well be in the development pipeline, see below):

- Modes other than PSK31 to PSK500
- Automatic mode shifting. At present we stay in the same mode we connected with.
- Files Uploads and Downloads.
- Access to Local mail (non-internet email) on the server.
- Telnet access through the server.

6 Installation

Download the AndPskmail.apk file from the website at:

<Link here>

And save it to the SD card, either from within the phone or on a PC to which the phone

is connected to and has the USB driver installed for that phone to allow access to the SD card content from the PC.

- From there use either a file explorer on the device or the automatic install function (like in the Huawei Sonic) to install the .apk file.
- You may have to allow non-Android market application to be installed for this to work. This is found under Setting / Applications / Unknown Sources.
- You will be asked to allow the application to access your position and the SD card. This is necessary for AnPskmail for position reporting and all the working files are stored directly on the SD card under the "pskmail" directory.

In your applications list you should now have a Pskmail logo called AndPskmail.

7 Usage

I have tried to maintain a philosophy of operation similar to the PC version.

When you launch the AndPskmail application you are presented with the terminal screen with the typical buttons to Connect/Disconnect, list pending transactions, send mail stored in the Outbox, Abort the session or Stop the current transaction (but remain connected).

The other screens available are:

- Email Headers screen, where the list of headers is displayed and all the email actions are performed from . From this screen we also access the New Mail entry screen. The buttons are QTC, READ and DELETE buttons in association with the text entry below for the email numbers as well as the New Mail and Send Mail buttons.
- Modem screen, where all the received and transmitted characters are shown and where the modem can be turned ON and OFF to conserve batteries. The squelch is also adjusted there.
- APRS screen, where only APRS data received from the servers is shown and where Beacons, Pings, Inquiries, Link-to and APRS messages can be sent.
- Info screen, where all the requests for information including web pages are made from.

Movement between these screens is done via the menu (see below).

From the menu we also access the exit function, the user's preferences and the list of clean-up options (clear mail headers, Inbox, Outbox etc...).

One preference (option) that is new is the option to connect with list of mode or not. This should be selected for servers version 1.4.0 and up. For others, de-select that option.

8 Screens description

8.1 Terminal Screen



At the top of the screen the status line shows the session's status: Listening (meaning not in a connected session), "Connecting", "Connected" and "Disconnecting".

The received text can be scrolled up and down.

The "CONN. DISC." button send a Connect command when the status is "Listening" and a Disconnect command when the status is "Connected".

The server's call sign is set in the preferences.

"Pending transactions" for listing incomplete downloads and messages in the Outbox.

"Send Mail", is a duplicate of the same button in the email screen and is here for convenience. It send outstanding emails from the Outbox, resuming previous downloads if possible to minimise traffic.

"Abort" to cancel abruptly the current session. It is preferable to use the Disconnect button above, but can be useful in case the link is lost and the server still tries to contact the client. "Stop" is a new command that stops the current transactions (email or web page download for example) but does not disconnect the session. This is useful for preventing an unwanted transmission to be processed before we can move on to the next request.

This can be used in uncompressed mode as well for stopping the remaining unwanted portion of an email or web page to minimise TX and RX time when operating from batteries.

Also note that the AndPskmail application will continue to run even if the phone's screen is switched off so that batteries can be conserved during the data exchange.

8.2 Email Headers screen



The data entry box at the bottom of the screen is used to type in email numbers.

The list is can be scrolled up and down.

QTC is to request email headers. If no number is provided in it will request ALL email headers, starting from the first one. In the near future it will request new headers past the last on in the list.

READ will download the email in compressed or uncompressed format depending on your selection in the preferences.

New Mail will open a new dialogue for typing-in the new email.

Send Mail, as per the terminal button of the same name.

Delete, request deletion of your email as per the supplied number below.

Be mindful that email deletion results in all emails of higher position to be shifted down by one, so the numbering in the list above becomes obsolete with the first delete action.

8.3 The New Mail screen

AndPskma)			
To:	vkzeta@nospam.com			
Subject:	Email via Android Pskmail			
Hello Pskmailers, this is ultra portable Pskmail on Android phones and tablets.				
Enjoy!				
73, John				
POST to	DOUTBOX DISCARD			

This screen is "scrollable" in it's entirety, meaning that you can press and move the screen up and down, would the text entered cause it to become bigger than the device's screen.

Useful when trying to find the Post to Outbox button when the text expands.

8.4 **The Modem Screen**

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- <us><soh>00#QRX,</soh></us>	getting your info!				
Solar flux 101 and mid-latitude A-4F08 <soh>00\$index 5. The mid-latitude K-index at 0600 UTC on 31 August was 0FA7A<soh>00% (4 nT).</soh></soh>					
-end-					
F36F <soh>10s%""D3D7<eot> -</eot></soh>					
TX <soh>[] 0s"%%A126<eot></eot></soh>					
SQUELCH DOWN	SQUELCH UP				
MODEM OFF	MODEM ON				

To monitor the data received and sent by the software modem

Modem OFF stops reception and further processing of incoming audio. This is to conserve processing and therefore batteries.

After stopping the modem, Modem ON should be pressed again only after 2 or 3 seconds to allow the modem to reset before restarting. This will be corrected soon.

At present a mode change (from the preference screen) will require a Modem OFF then ON to be effected. This will be changed in future releases.

Squelch up and down moves by 5 points at a time between 0 and 100. The green bar is currently inactive but will represent the squelch level and current signal quality in the future.

8.5 **The APRS screen**



Upon entry to this APRS screen, the GPS will be automatically switched on, if not disabled at the device level by the operator. See phone/tablet "Settings" / "Location" options.

The text displayed in this screen is only APRS type of received traffic.

The text entry at the bottom of the screen is for APRS messages (short unconnected emails or pure APRS messages).

The server's call sign is the one from the preferences.

The Beacon button will request the position from the built-in GPS and send the "Last known position", which could be old data if the GPS has been just switched on.

Better handling of old position data will be integrated in future versions. Ideas are welcomed in that regard.

Note that battery consumption is much higher when the GPS is ON, therefore it is better to move to another screen when we do not need to send APRS data to conserve batteries. A better GPS on/off scheme is in the pipeline for that effect.

8.6 **The Info Screen**

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Get MESSAG ES	GET TIDE Sations	GET TIDE(# # #)	Get GRIB File		
Get IAC Fleetcod es	Get IAC Forecast s	Get WWV	Get APRS Stations		
Get V/ UHF Relavs	Get CAMPER Sites	Get SERVER Freqs	Get PSKMAIL News		
1. http://www.bom.gov.au/nsw/ forecasts/ivanhoe.shtml Begin: Ivanhoe Forecast End: The next routine					
2. www.bom.gov.au					
3. http://www.bom.gov.au/nsw/ forecasts/sydney.shtml Begin: Forecast updated End: The next					

The text entry in the middle of the screen is for specifying Tide station number, gps positions for GRIB file requests, V/UHF relays nearby and European camper sites.

To select a web page for download press and hold an entry in the scrollable list of web pages ("long press" in Android talk).

8.7 **The Navigating Menu**



Upon pressing the menu button on the device, the menu is displayed as per the left screen copy above. Pressing the "More" button will bring the remaining part of the menu as a list as seen on the right screen copy.

The first section is for navigating between screens.

In the second section, the exit button returns to the previous displayed application or main device screen, and stop the software modem.

The other buttons are self-explanatory and similar to the jPskmail client.

Update server will determine the server's version and adjust it accordingly (with or without session password).

8.8 **The Preference screen**



This is a scrollable list of options.

Pretty much like the list on the jPskmail PC client with a few exceptions:

- Modem volume and audio frequency since the modem is integrated in the application. Remember, for the time being, these parameters require a modem restart.

- Delay for switching modem off: not used yet (upcoming auto off feature).

- Connect with list of mode (for compatibility with servers 1.4.0 and beyond, using a custom list of modes). Since we do not have receive RSID yet, we can only use one mode at a time for the moment.

- Beacon status. This is the default beacon status text used if no text is entered in the APRS text entry field.

9 Know bugs and quirks in version Alpha 0.8:

- 9.1 Remember this is ALPHA software and is released with known bugs for "first impressions and comments" mainly.
- 9.2 The mode change is not immediate. It requires a modem restart with a Modem OFF / Modem ON sequence. Please read the next point about doing that.
- 9.3 Pressing the Modem ON button immediately after pressing the Modem OFF button causes a crash as there is overlap between removal of the process and it's recreation. Workaround: wait 2 to 3 seconds before pressing the Modem ON button. This will be fixed soon.
- 9.4 The list of headers is not refreshed automatically after a QTC command is processed. Re-calling the Email Header's screen will refresh it. This will be fixed.
- 9.5 Pressing the Abort button when the application is trying to send a status packet will cause distorted audio or crash the application. To send an abort safely, either cut the audio from the transceiver, or press the button twice, the first time at the beginning of a server's transmission, so that the client does not send a status packet. This will be fixed soon.
- 9.6 The displayed screen keeps growing indefinitely until it reaches its maximum size resulting in a locked display (no further lines are displayed above around 1000-2000 lines). Workaround: stop and restart the application. I use the ADAO task manager (free from the Android market) to stop and clean-up the application and then restart it. This will be fixed soon.
- 9.7 High CPU activities can interfere with the smooth running of the modem (remember it has to analyse and do complex maths on 8000 sound samples per second). I have observed once that WIFI activity affected the smooth running of AndPskmail so keep an eye for this one. This is normally not an issue in mobile situations are I expect to use the phone when no WIFI or mobile coverage exist. I may develop a CPU load type of indicator to help with this.

Again the ADAO task manager (or equivalent) is your friend to ensure that the device is not memory or CPU hogged by task s outside of the Pskmail task.

9.8 When creating a new mail, navigating away from the screen before performing a "Post to Outbox" will result in loss of data entered. Will be fixed soon.

10 What is in the development pipeline?

10.1 Inbox reader. At present emails are visible in the terminal screen AND are stored in the Inbox file in the pskmail directory of the SD card, but can't be recalled from within AndPskmail. In the mean time, the Inbox file can be accessed with a file explorer and editor (both free in the Android market).

- 10.2 Outbox reader. For the same reason as above.
- 10.3 Access the device's address book when composing emails.
- 10.4 Access the device's phone list when composing APRS messages (for selecting phone numbers for sending SMSes). Details of email-to-SMS provider to be stored in preferences for completing the email address after the phone number.
- 10.5 "Swipe" gesture management for "flicking" between screens. This will be easier and more natural than using the menu for changing screens.
- 10.6 "Double tap" in terminal or APRS to bring the Modem monitor information to see what is happening at the modem level (useful in case of bad reception).
- 10.7 Tune button for the Modem to allow easy adjustment of TX volume.
- 10.8 Either "Syncscope" or display of frequency offset in the modem screen. Maybe a limited waterfall (CPU resources issue).
- 10.9 Show the squelch level and signal quality in graphical format in the modem screen.
- 10.10 User confirmations for critical buttons like DISCONNECT, ABORT, STOP, DISCARD Email to avoid errors.
- 10.11 Long Press on email header item results in downloading it from the server (similar behaviour as web-page request in Info screen).
- 10.12 QTC without data supplied will automatically request new emails not all email again as at present (similar to jPskmail behaviour).
- 10.13 Display of current RX and TX status and digital mode in use.
- 10.14 Auto beacon and auto-link at given intervals.
- 10.15 Automatic switching of RX modem on and off to conserve batteries: when connecting, will go on and off when disconnected. Will go on for a selected period (e.g. 2 minutes) when sending an APRS message to allow for the server's reply. Useful with the auto-beacon, auto-link feature.
- 10.16 Summoning the server to a new frequency. Rig control will be manual of course.
- 10.17 Extended lead-in (option) when Txing for audio coupling to allow enough time for the operator to key-in the transceiver's PTT.
- 10.18 New modes, in order of priority: PSK-Robust series, reception of RSID (this will open up automatic mode changing), THOR (8,11 and 22). These are time consuming development tasks as the CPU and language constraints mean that the code has to be redeveloped and optimised for these devices.

- 10.19 Handling of no GPS available (or disabled by operator) with option to prompt for position or use the pre-recorded position.
- 10.20 Copy/Paste sections of the terminal's data for storage in a text file on the SD card (useful when downloading web pages and the information need to be kept for later).
- 10.21 Sending of attachments with emails.
- 10.22 Review the overall application flow to for ease of use and consistency with the other Android applications like using the back button versus "flicking between screens". This will be based on user's feedback.
- 10.23 That's all for now :)