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NetOp[®]

Policy Server

Version 3.0

Quick Guide

Moving expertise - not people[®]

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Welcome

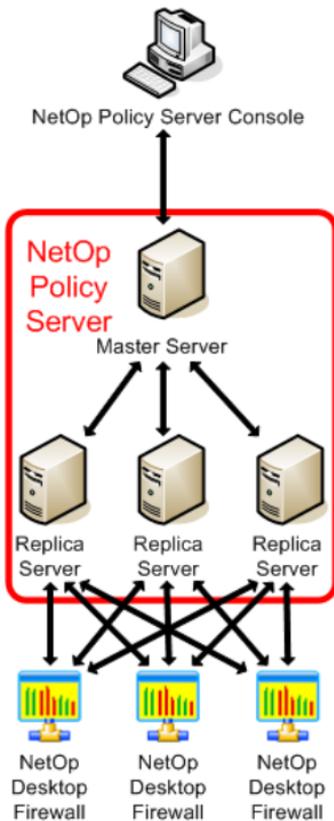
Welcome to *NetOp Policy Server* from Danware.

This Quick Guide provides a *NetOp Policy Server* overview and guides you through initial installation and startup.

NetOp Product Services

NetOp Policy Server Overview

NetOp Policy Server includes the modules *NetOp Policy Server Console*, *Master Server* and *Replica Server*.



NetOp Policy Server Overview

NetOp Policy Server Console is the main user interface from which an administrator can control a *Master Server*. *NetOp Policy Server Console* is typically installed on a system or network administrator workstation.

Master Server stores *Security Policies*, controls which *Security Policy* is assigned to each *NetOp Desktop Firewall* and stores records of interaction with *NetOp Desktop Firewalls*.

Master Server interacts with *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* only through a cluster of up to 32 *Replica Servers*.

One *Master Server* is typically installed on each local area network on a server computer that must run almost continuously with only short downtime periods.

A *Master Server* and its cluster of *Replica Servers* operate jointly to appear at the *Console* end as well as at the *NetOp Desktop Firewall* end as one *NetOp Policy Server* and can be designated as such as illustrated in the image above.

Replica Servers interact with *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* and record interaction. *Replica Servers* should be installed in different parts of a local area network for proximity to *NetOp Desktop Firewalls*. Each *Replica Server* can service up to several thousands *NetOp Desktop Firewalls*.

At least one *Replica Server* should be available at all times to service *NetOp Desktop Firewall* requests. If there are multiple *Replica Servers* in a cluster, individual *Replica Server* uptime does not need to be high to achieve that one is available at all times.

One *Replica Server* address is specified on *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* as the address of the *NetOp Policy Server*. When logging on to this *Replica Server*, *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* are informed about the addresses of all active *Replica Servers* in the cluster and can interact with any of them. To service newly logged on *NetOp Desktop Firewalls*, the *Replica Server* specified on *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* should have only short downtime periods.

Replica Servers regularly connect to their *Master Server* to report their status. They occasionally update their *Security Policies* and forward their *NetOp Desktop Firewall* interaction recordings for storage on the *Master Server*.

Each of multiple *Consoles* can control each of multiple *Master Servers* at the same time. This enables control of multiple distributed firewall systems in any location from multiple *Consoles* in any location through connections across the Internet.

Documentation

NetOp Policy Server documentation includes the *NetOp Policy Server User's Guide* that is available as a Portable Document Format (PDF) file on the *NetOp Desktop Firewall* CD and the *NetOp Policy Server Help* system that becomes available when *NetOp Policy Server* is installed on a computer.

Updates

NetOp Policy Server may be improved from time to time through the release of updated versions.

Updated versions will be available from the website www.netop.com, select *Support*. They include a *NPSReadMe.txt* file that explains what has been updated since the original release of the product.

Users should verify that the most recent update of the product is installed.

Install

Note: *This section explains the default installation of NetOp Policy Server Console, Master Server and Replica Server on one computer.*

Install

If NetOp Policy Server is new to you, we recommend that you initially carry through this installation on a Windows 2000 or XP computer with at least 32 MB of RAM and at least 40 MB of free disk space to get familiar with the product.

Insert the *NetOp Desktop Firewall* CD into a CD drive and select *Install NetOp Policy Server* to display this window:



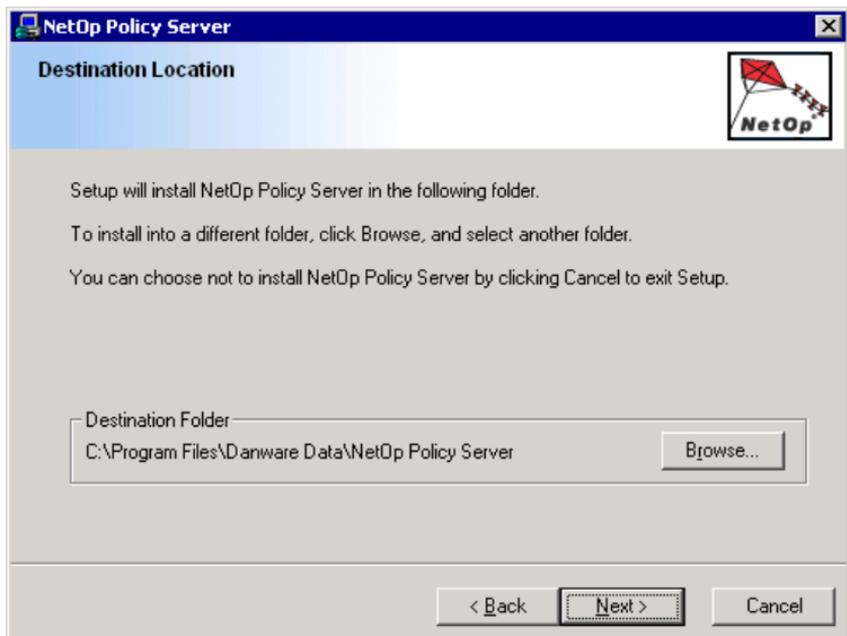
Click *Next >* to display this window:



[] I accept the license agreement: Check this box to enable the *Next >* button.

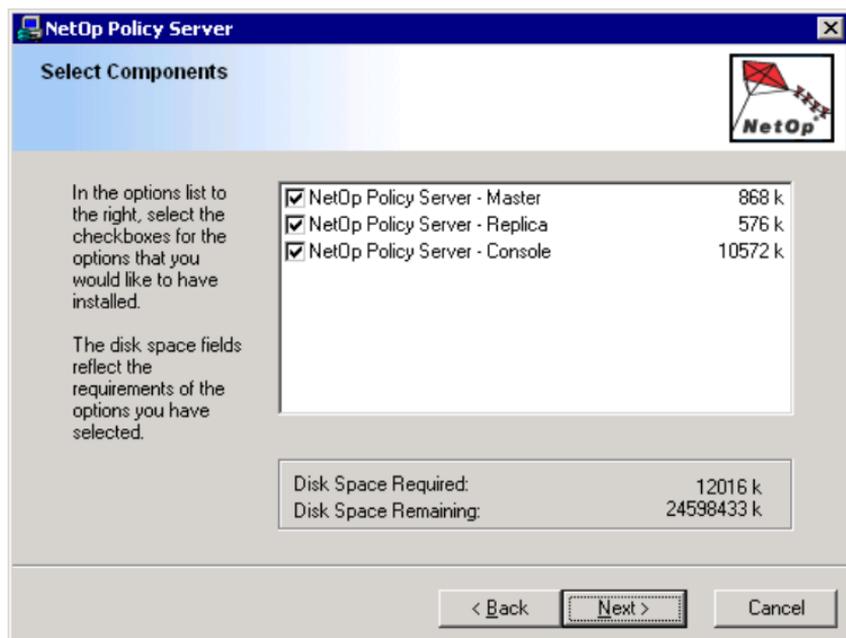
Click *Next >* to display this window:

Install



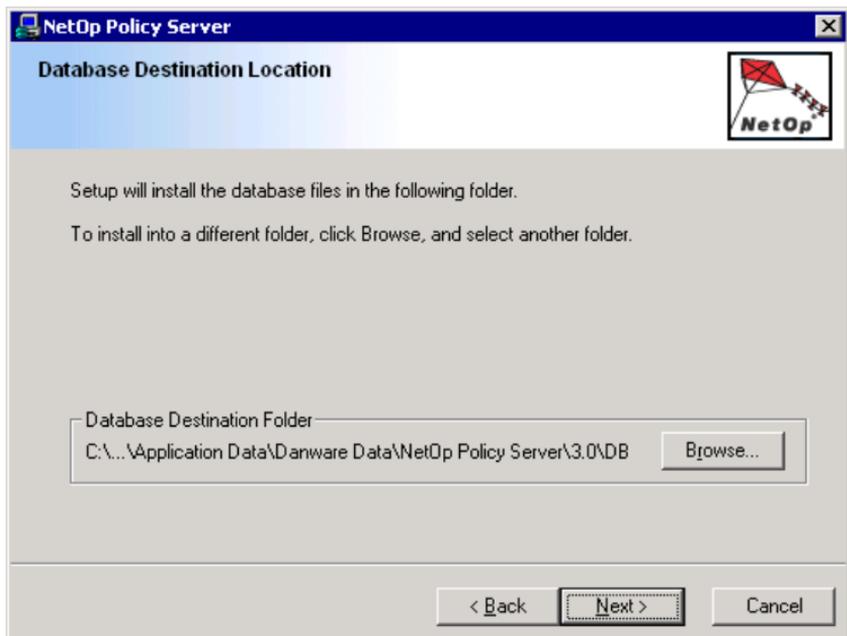
Destination Folder: This section displays the path of the directory in which *NetOp Policy Server* will be installed.

Click *Next >* to accept this selection and display this window:



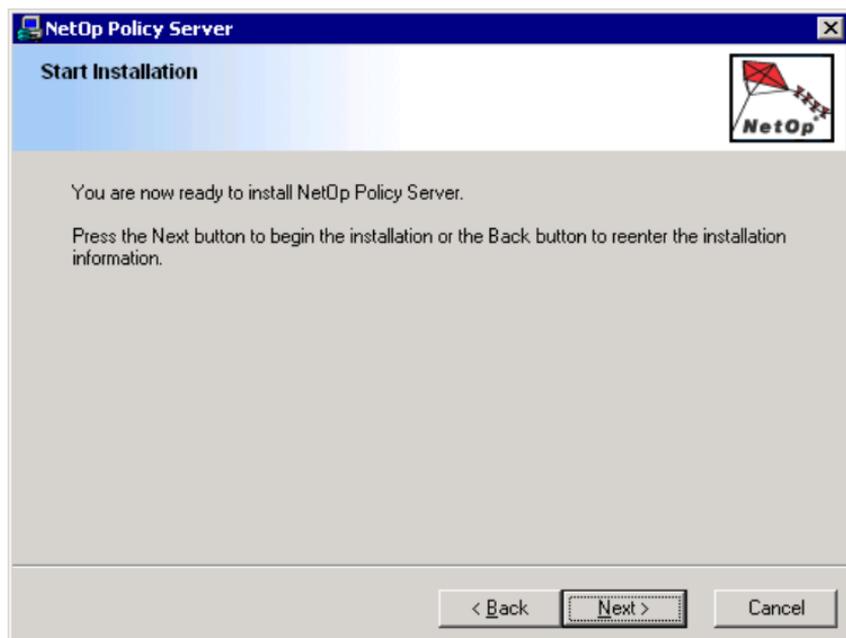
By default, all three boxes are checked to install *NetOp Policy Server Console*, *Master Server* and *Replica Server* on the computer.

Click *Next >* to accept this selection and display this window:



Database Destination Folder: This section displays the path of the directory in which *Master Server* configuration databases will be stored.

Click *Next >* to accept this selection and display this window:



Click *Next >* to start installation.

When installation has completed, this window will be displayed:



[] *View Readme file*: Check this box (default: unchecked) to display the contents of the *NPSReadMe.txt* file when clicking *Finish >*.

[] *Automatically start Guard*: Check this box (default: checked) to automatically start *NetOp Policy Server Guard* monitoring server failures when Windows starts on the computer.

[] *Start Guard now*: Check this box (default: checked) to start *NetOp Policy Server Guard* when clicking *Finish >*.

Click *Finish >* to accept this selection end the installation.

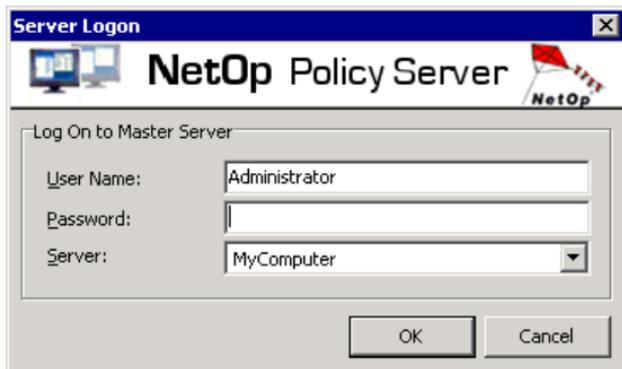
Open NetOp Policy Server Console

Note: This section explains opening NetOp Policy Server Console on a computer named MyComputer after an installation according to the “Install” section above.

Right-click the *NetOp Policy Server Guard* button in the notification area in the lower right corner of the screen to display this menu:



Select *Open NetOp Policy Server Console* to display the *NetOp Policy Server Console* window with an empty work panel and this window in front of it:



Specify in this window your administrator credentials to log on to the *Master Server*:

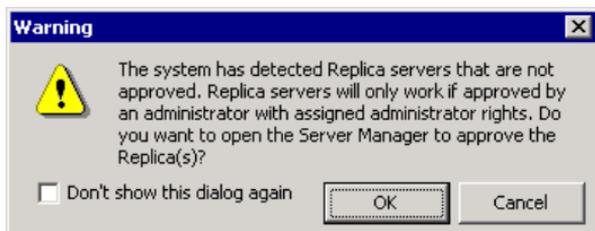
User Name: []: This field displays *Administrator*. For an initial trial session, leave it at that.

Password: []: Specify in this field the initial administrator password masterkey.

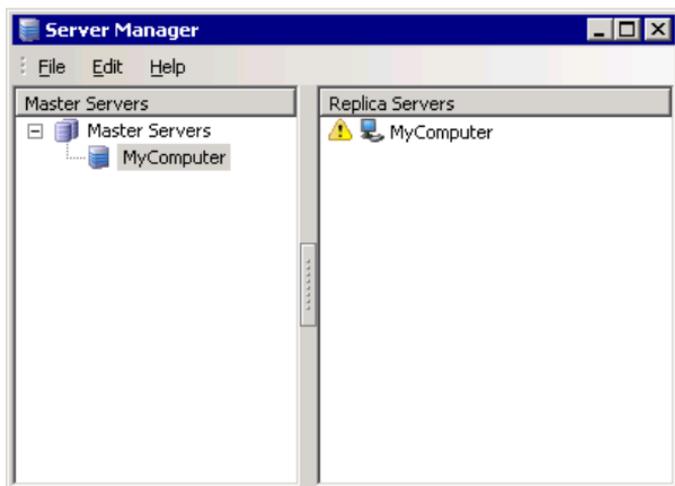
Open NetOp Policy Server Console

Server: []: The field of this drop-down box displays the name of your computer.

Click *OK* to log on to the *Master Server* closing the window and displaying this window:



Click *OK* to display this window:



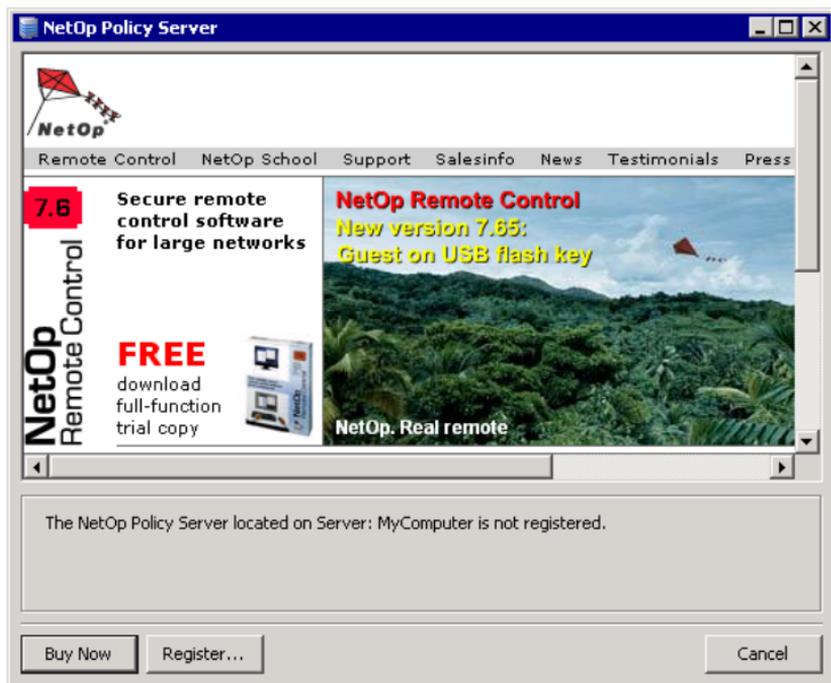
In the *Replica Servers* pane, select the unapproved *Replica Server* record and select the *Edit* menu or right-click popup menu *Approve* command to approve the *Replica Server* and change its yellow triangle icon into a green checkmark icon.

Close the *Server Manager* window to continue.

Open NetOp Policy Server Console

If a trial version of *NetOp Policy Server* with a valid trial license was installed, the *NetOp Policy Server Console* window will now display the *Security Policy: Standard* and *Replica Server Status* windows in its work panel.

If a licensed version was installed, this window will be displayed in front of the *NetOp Policy Server Console* window:



This window notifies you that the logged on to *Master Server* is unregistered.

Note: A trial version *Master Server* is registered with a temporary *NetOp Policy Server* license that is valid only within the trial period.

When the trial period is about to expire or has expired, a window similar to the one shown above will be displayed.

Open NetOp Policy Server Console

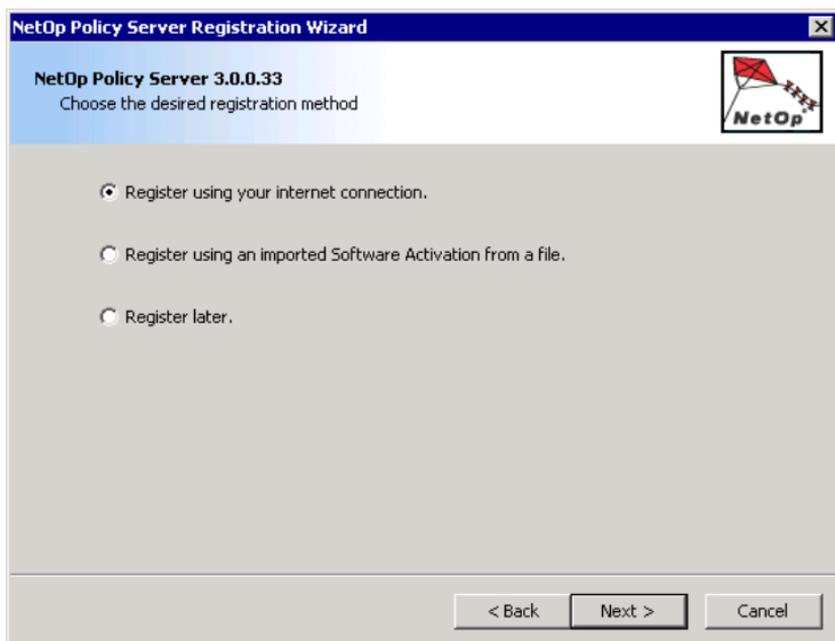
To upgrade a trial version Master Server to a licensed version Master Server, acquire a licensed version of NetOp Policy Server and register Master Server with its license.

Buy Now: Click this button to display a list of NetOp distributors from whom you can acquire a licensed version of *NetOp Policy Server*.

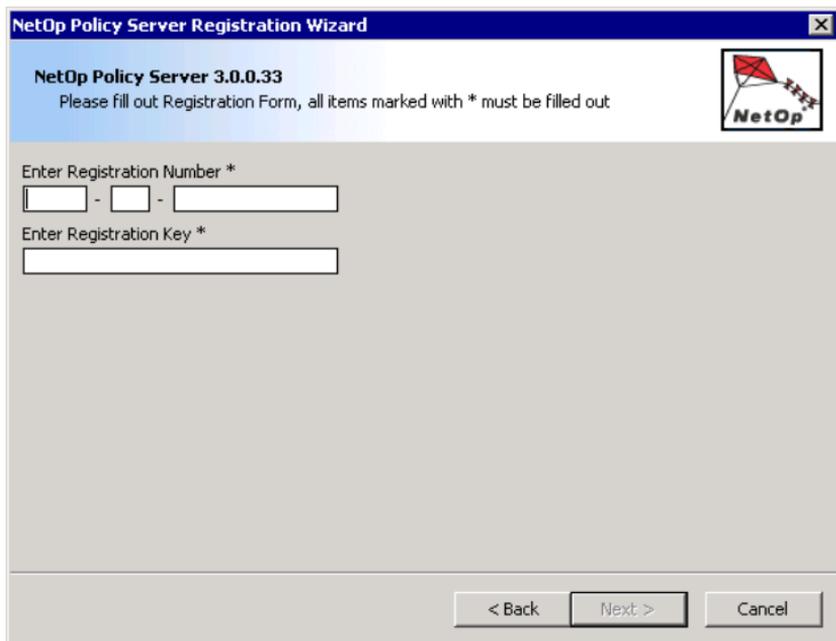
Register...: Click this button to display this window:



Click *Next >* to display this window:



Keep the *Register using your Internet connection* selection and click *Next >* to display this window:

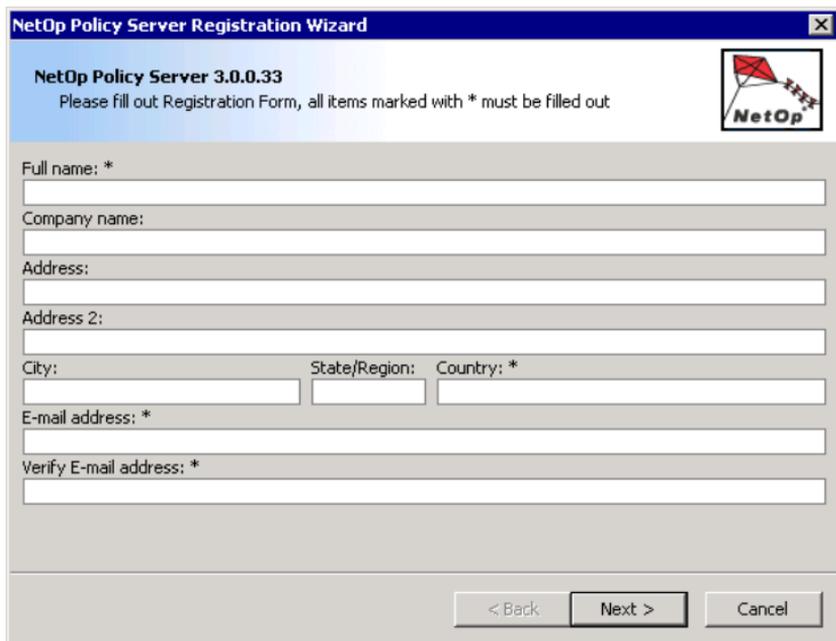


The image shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "NetOp Policy Server Registration Wizard". The title bar is blue with a close button (X) on the right. Below the title bar, the text "NetOp Policy Server 3.0.0.33" is displayed in a bold font. Underneath, a smaller line of text reads "Please fill out Registration Form, all items marked with * must be filled out". In the top right corner of the dialog, there is a logo for NetOp, which consists of a red flag on a pole with the word "NetOp" written below it. The main area of the dialog is light gray and contains two input fields. The first is labeled "Enter Registration Number *" and consists of three separate text boxes separated by hyphens. The second is labeled "Enter Registration Key *" and is a single, wider text box. At the bottom of the dialog, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >", and "Cancel".

Enter Registration Number [][][]: Specify in these fields your registration number.

Enter Registration Key []: Specify in this field your registration key.

Click *Next >* to display this second page of the registration form:



NetOp Policy Server Registration Wizard

NetOp Policy Server 3.0.0.33
Please fill out Registration Form, all items marked with * must be filled out



Full name: *

Company name:

Address:

Address 2:

City: State/Region: Country: *

E-mail address: *

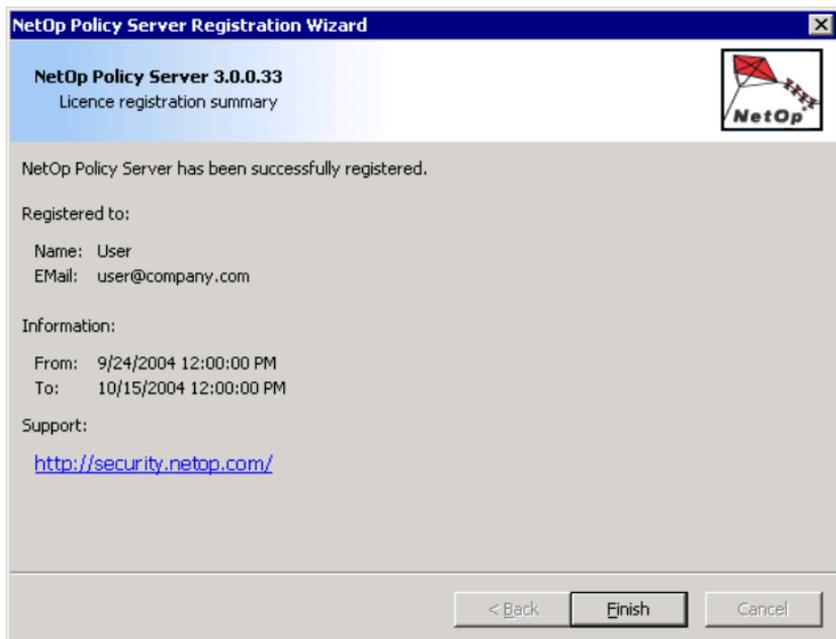
Verify E-mail address: *

< Back Next > Cancel

Fill in at least the fields that must be filled in.

Click *Next >* to forward your registration data across the Internet.

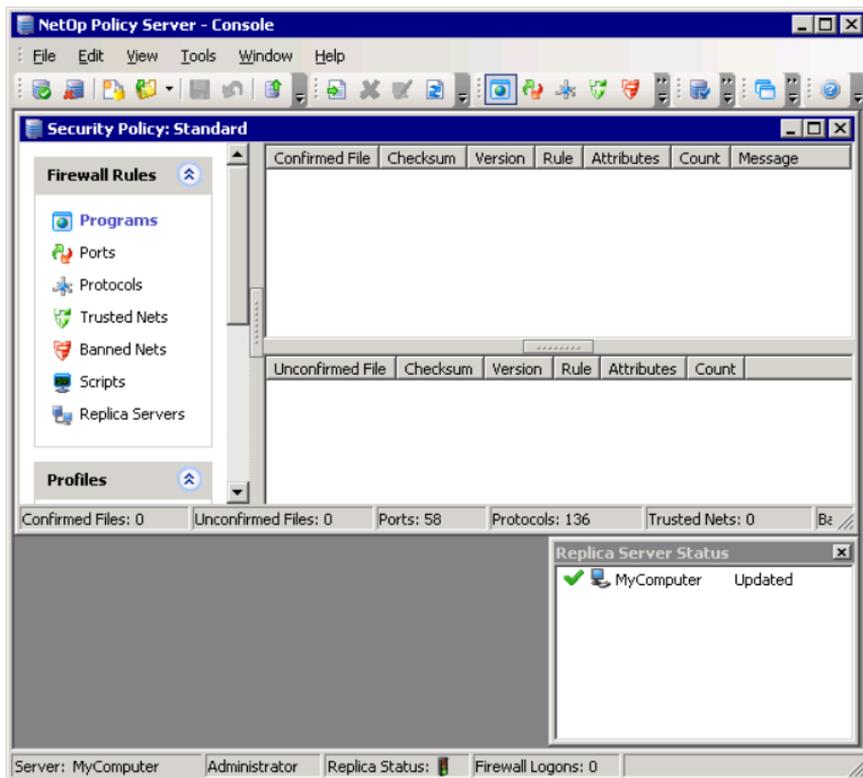
When registered, this registration confirmation window will be displayed:



Click *Finish* to close this window and end registration to display the *Security Policy: Standard* and *Replica Server Status* windows in the *NetOp Policy Server Console* window work panel.

NetOp Policy Server Console

NetOp Policy Server Console is the main user interface of *NetOp Policy Server*:



Its window contains in its work panel one or multiple *Security Policy* windows in which the *Security Policies* of the logged on to *Master Server* are managed and a *Replica Server Status* window.

NetOp Policy Server Console is explained in the User's Manual section 3.3, "NetOp Policy Server Console", and in the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

Manage Security Policies

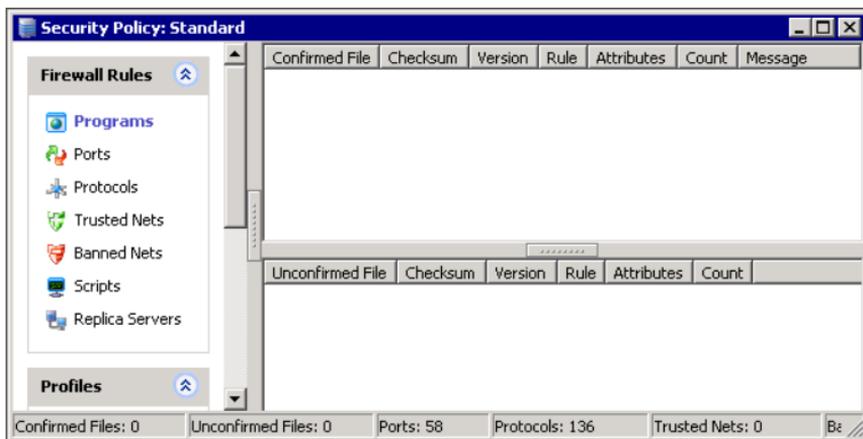
Security Policy is the key element in *NetOp Policy Server*.

A *Security Policy* specifies *Firewall Rules* applied to *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* for *Programs*, *Ports*, *Protocols*, *Trusted Nets* and *Banned Nets*. *Scripts* specify *NetOp Desktop Firewall* configuration options that can be applied by a *Security Policy*. *Replica Servers* specifies which *Replica Servers* are enabled to *NetOp Desktop Firewalls*.

A *Security Policy* can specify firewall rule variants in *Profiles*.

Add, remove, rename, open and close a *Security Policy* from the *Console* window *File* menu.

A newly added *Security Policy* created from the *{Default}* template, such as the initial *Security Policy* named *Standard* of a newly installed *Master Server*, has default properties with no *Programs* display pane records:



The *Security Policy* window *Programs* display pane is explained in the User's Manual section 3.3.4.1.3, "Programs", and in the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

Confirmed File pane records specify *Program* firewall rules that have been assigned by administrators to be applied on *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* logged on to the *NetOp Policy Server*.

Confirmed File pane records can be copied from an available *Security Policy*, but if no other *Security Policy* is available, *Confirmed File* pane records must be added from scratch.

To do this, run *NetOp Policy Server* with a pilot group of *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* to automatically add records of programs for which *NetOp Desktop Firewalls* request rules in the *Unconfirmed File* pane. Confirm *Unconfirmed File* pane records to move them to the *Confirmed File* pane and assign the appropriate firewall rules to them.

Doing this, over time records of the programs run by the pilot group will become listed in the *Confirmed File* pane and the number of new *Unconfirmed File* pane records will diminish.

Administrators should aim for high precision *Program* firewall rules by assigning firewall rules to as many as possible of the programs run by *NetOp Desktop Firewall* computers.

While doing this, review and adjust *Port*, *Protocol*, *Trusted Net* and *Banned Net* firewall rules. Review and adjust *Scripts* and *Replica Servers*. Add and specify *Profiles* as required.

Execute these tasks to make the resulting *Security Policy* comply with organization policies.

When satisfied with the *Security Policy* precision, expand the pilot group gradually to finally include all relevant computers on the local area network.

Note: Building a Security Policy from scratch may take from days to weeks depending on the complexity of NetOp Desktop Firewall computer operations and precision demands.

Add other required *Security Policies* using the first built *Security Policy* as a template.

Tools

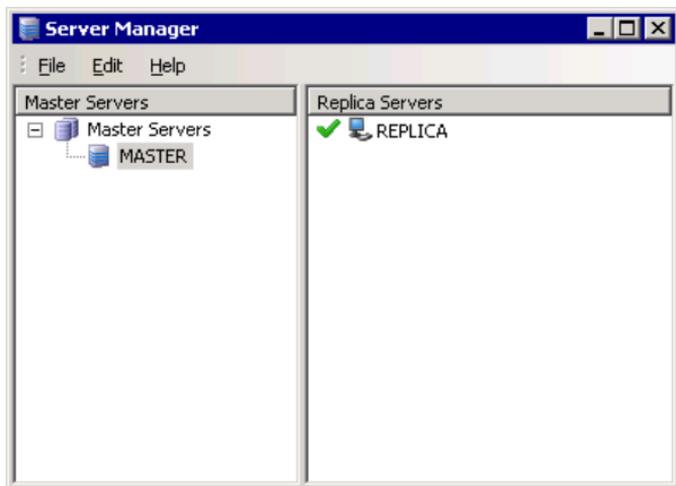
Security Policies must be maintained regularly while in use to fine-tune their precision, particularly by reviewing which new records have been added to the *Unconfirmed File* pane and taking the appropriate action with them.

Tools

The *NetOp Policy Server Console* window *Tools* menu and toolbar provide access to a range of tools as described in the following sections.

Manage Servers

Select the *Console* window *Tools* menu *Server Manager...* command or click the *Tools* toolbar *Server Manager* button to display this window:



Server Manager is explained in the User's Manual section 3.4.1, "Server Manager", and in the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

It adds installed *Master Servers* to enable controlling them from the *Console* and removes them.

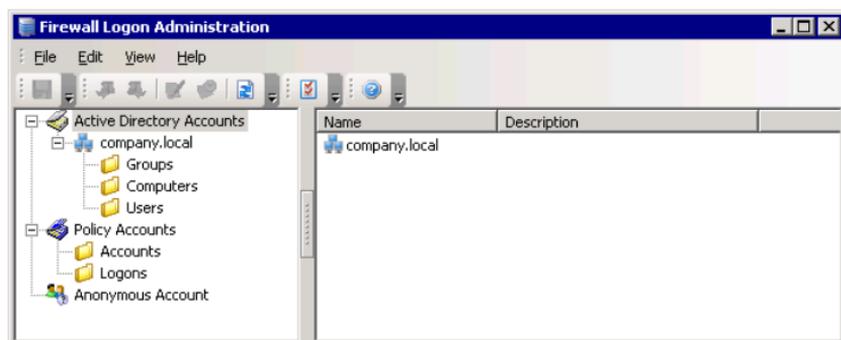
It adds installed *Replica Servers* to a *Master Server* cluster, approves them, moves them from one *Master Server* cluster to another and removes them.

If the user logged on to Windows on the *Console* computer has installation rights on the network, a *Replica Server* can be installed and uninstalled from *Server Manager*.

Note: *The Replica Server Status window that by default is displayed in the Console window work panel displays the status of the Replica Servers in the cluster of the logged on to Master Server.*

Manage Firewall Logons

Select the *Console* window *Tools* menu *Firewall Logon Administration...* command or click the *Tools* toolbar *Firewall Logon Administration* button to display this window:



Firewall Logon Administration is explained in the User's Manual section 3.4.2, "Firewall Logon Administration", and in the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

It can assign a *Security Policy* individually to an *Active Directory Group*, individually to a *Policy Account* specified in the window and generally to *Anonymous Account*.

It specifies which *Security Policy* shall be assigned to a *NetOp Desktop Firewall* based on the identification of the firewall at logon.

Tools

NetOp Policy Server will first try to identify a logging on *NetOp Desktop Firewall* computer as an *Active Directory Group* member and assign to it the *Security Policy* assigned to the *Active Directory Group*.

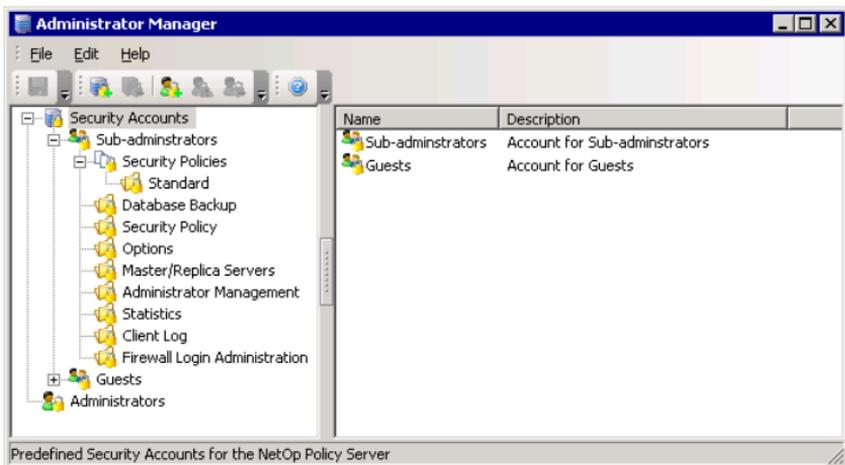
If unsuccessful, it will then request *Policy Account* credentials from the *NetOp Desktop Firewall* to assign to it the *Security Policy* assigned to the *Policy Account* with matching credentials.

If unsuccessful, it will then log on the *NetOp Desktop Firewall* as *Anonymous Account* if a *Security Policy* is assigned to *Anonymous Account*.

If no *Security Policy* is assigned to *Anonymous Account*, it will reject the *NetOp Desktop Firewall* logon.

Manage Administrators

Select the *Console* window *Tools* menu *Administrator Manager...* command to display this window:



Administrator Manager is explained in the User's Manual section 3.4.3, "Administrator Manager", and in the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

Every *Master Server* has one chief administrator (initially named *Administrator*) and can have multiple assistant administrators. The chief administrator *Security Account* named *Administrator* enables any management task on a *Master Server* including administrator management.

Note: In a large local area network, NetOp Policy Server management tasks should be distributed among multiple administrators with different Security Accounts. Only the chief administrator should be enabled to manage administrators.

Administrator Manager manages *Security Accounts* and *Administrators* and assigns a *Security Account* to assistant administrators. A *Security Account* specifies *Policies* that can be enabled or disabled.

Other Tools

The *Console* window *Tools* menu and *Tools* toolbar also provides access to these built-in tools:

Change Password enables an administrator to change the *Server Logon* password, see the User's Manual section 3.4.4, "Change Password", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* topic.

Client Log logs *NetOp Desktop Firewall* program firewall rule *File Requests* and *Logons*. It can display log entry records applying limiting criteria. *Client Log* can be searched from a *Security Policy* window *Programs* pane record to display *File History*. It can be searched from a *Firewall Logon Administration* window *Active Directory Computer* or *User* record, a *Policy Accounts Account* or *Logon* record or an *Anonymous Account* logon record to display *Logon History*, see the User's Manual section 3.4.5, "Client Log", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

Statistics can display graphs of the number per hour, day or month of *Confirmed File* firewall rule requests, *Unconfirmed File* firewall rule requests, *Logons* and *Synchronizations* for each or all *Security Policies* on a *NetOp Policy Server* to monitor the historical load,

Tools

see the User's Manual section 3.4.6, "Statistics", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

Options specifies options for the *Console*, the logged on to *Master Server* and the update of *NetOp Desktop Firewall* installations, see the User's Manual section 3.4.7, "Options", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

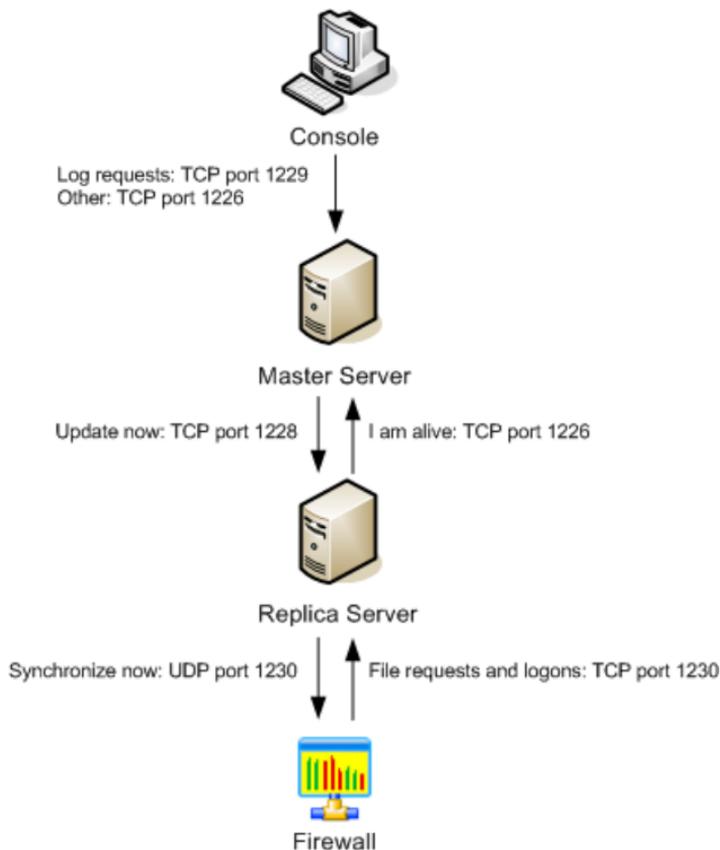
Configure Tools enables adding other tools to the *Console* window *Tools* menu and toolbar to start them from there, see the User's Manual section 3.4.8, "Configure Tools", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* topic.

NetOp Policy Server Database Backup is a separate *NetOp Policy Server* tool for backup, restoration and backup scheduling of *NetOp Policy Server* configuration databases. It is installed with *NetOp Policy Server Console* and can by default be started from the *Tools* menu or *Tools* toolbar, see the User's Manual section 3.5, "NetOp Policy Server Database Backup", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

NetOp Policy Server Guard is a separate *NetOp Policy Server* tool for monitoring server failures. It is installed with *NetOp Policy Server Console* and is by default displayed as a button in the *Console* computer notification area in the lower right corner of the screen, see the User's Manual section 3.6, "NetOp Policy Server Guard", or the matching *NetOp Policy Server Help* section.

NetOp Policy Server Communication

NetOp Policy Server communication can be illustrated like this:



Arrows indicate the path of initial communication. Typically, return communication uses the same protocol and port as the initial communication.

An administrator at the *Console* can request logged data and execute tasks on the *Master Server*. While retrieving logged data, TCP port 1229 used for this purpose can be blocked for other traffic for a considerable amount of time. Therefore, other communication between the *Console* and the *Master Server* uses TCP port 1226.

NetOp Policy Server Communication

When manually or automatically requested from the *Console*, the *Master Server* requests by TCP port 1228 that the *Replica Servers* in its cluster update, i.e. download an updated set of *Security Policies* from the *Master Server*.

Replica Servers connect to their *Master Server* once every minute by TCP port 1226 to report their status. They forward their firewall interaction recordings residing in memory for storage on the *Master Server* when a predefined number of recordings have accumulated and when the *Console* requests logged data.

If required by their settings, when *Replica Servers* have been updated they request by UDP port 1230 that *Firewalls* synchronize, i.e. download an updated set of firewall rules and settings from the *Replica Server*.

Firewalls request program firewall rules according to their settings and refresh their logon regularly, typically once every five minutes, by connecting to a *Replica Server* by TCP port 1230. If the firewall rules on a *Firewalls* are outdated as indicated by a checksum included with its logon, the *Replica Server* will request that the *Firewall* synchronizes.

To ensure smooth *NetOp Policy Server* operation, network elements in the communication path must be configured to allow this communication.