#### Acc U Rate® CMS 500DL



Finger Pulse Oximeter

User Manual

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#### 5.4 Storage and Transportation



Temperature: -10°C to +50°C



RH: 10% to 93% non-condensing



Atmospheric pressure: 500 hpa to 1060 hpa



Limited height: 15 stories



Place upward



Guard against moisture measure the portion of overall errors of the mainframe-probe system of the Oximeter attributable to the mainframe of the Oximeter, the functional tester can test the accuracy of a pulse Oximeter that duplicates the calibration curve.

Note: The product does not provide the alarm function and is not suitable for continuous long-term monitoring. When the probe of the Oximeter fails, the Oximeter displays "--" and "--".

#### 5.3 Safety Type

Anti-electric-shock type: internal power supply device

Anti-electric-shock degree: BF-type application part

Running mode: continuous operation

Liquid-intrusion protection class: IPX1

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#### Letter to Users

Thank you for choosing our Acc U Rate® CMS 500DL Finger Pulse Oximeter. By listening to our customers and applying some simple technological innovations, you will come to see that the CMS 500DL is one of the most user-friendly, reliable and comfortable pulse oximeters that you will ever come to own. Before using this product, please carefully read the manual and follow the instructions stated herein. Check whether all accessories are complete against the packing list and whether any component is damaged during shipping. If there is any damage or if you have any concerns, please contact us at cs@cmsmobilityusa.com or phone: 1-832-939-8290 with the following information:

- 1. Product model
- 2. Serial number of the product
- 3. Your contact information and address

The manual is updated periodically and the latest manual can be downloaded at

http://www.cmsmobilityusa.com/cms-500dl.html

 $S_{Ri}$ : reference value of pulse oxygen saturation during the i<sup>th</sup> measurement using the carbon-monoxide-blood-gas analyzer

5.2.2.3 Characteristics of Population under Clinical Research

The summary clinical research report for evaluating SPO2 accuracy should state whether the tested object suffers from disease or is healthy, and should state the skin color, age, and gender of the tested object.

- 5.2.3 Data updating interval: The display data updating interval is 1 second.
- 5.2.4 When the signal detected by the finger pulse Oximeter is incomplete or weak, the readings of the oxygen saturation and pulse rate on the LED screen of the Oximeter are "--" and "--".

Note: The functional tester shall not be used to evaluate the accuracy of the probe of the pulse Oximeter or the accuracy of the pulse oxygen monitor

Note: The pulse Oximeter has a specific calibration curve, and is precise for the combination of the mainframe and probe of the pulse Oximeter. If the functional tester can The claimed oxygen saturation is supported by coverage of the entire range of clinical research measurements.

#### 5.2.2.1 Data Collection

In the clinical test process, data points are recorded with comparable density in the entire claimed range.

#### 5.2.2.2 Data Analysis

For each claimed range, the oxygen saturation accuracy of the pulse Oximeter should be represented in the form of mean root square of the difference between the measured values of oxygen saturation and the reference value. The formula is as follows:

Arms= 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (SPO \quad z_i - S_{Ri})^2}{n}}$$

Arms: accuracy

n: test sample quantity

 $\mathit{SPO}_{2i}$ : measured value of pulse oxygen saturation during the first measurement using the finger pulse Oximeter

## Standard Packing List

1.	Pulse oximeter	1 PCS
2.	AAA Battery	2 PC
	Lanyard	
4.	Silicon Cover	1 PCS
5.	User Manual	1PCS

## Chapter 1 Precautions, Warnings and Symbol

#### 1.1 Precautions

- Do not attempt to repair the Pulse Oximeter by yourself.
   Only certified engineers should maintain and repair it.
- Change the contact position between the Oximeter probe and the finger periodically if you are monitoring your SpO<sub>2</sub> levels and pulse rate for more than 2 hours.
- Stop immediately if you have broken skin or the blood circulation of your finger is affected during prolong use.
- This product is not designed to be used by newborn babies.
- The pulse oximeter uses infrared light (invisible to your

eyes) to measure your  $SpO_2$  levels. Hence, please do not stare at the light-emitting components of the Oximeter, as that could cause harm and/or potentially blind your eyes.

• This device is not intended to diagnose or treat any medical condition or disease. It is intended for non-medical use in healthy people to monitor their pulse and blood oxygen levels during sports and/or aviation only. People who need SpO<sub>2</sub> and pulse rate measurements because of a medical condition should not use the CMS 500DL and should consult with their physician.

The following factors may affect the accuracy of the measurement:

- ◆ The Oximeter is used in an environment involving high-frequency devices, such as high-frequency electric knives and CT apparatuses.
- ◆Ambient light intensity is too bright. Hence, please avoid

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Measurement precision	Oxygen saturation	± 2% (70% to 100%) No requirement (≤ 69%)
	Pulse rate	± 2 bpm

#### 7. Capability to resist ambient light interference

Compared to taking oxygen saturation measurements under natural indoor lighting and/or other illumination sources, the deviation is smaller than ± 1% when compared to being taken in a darkroom.

#### 5.2 Technical Description

### 5.2.1 Oxygen Saturation Accuracy The accuracy is ±2% (in the absence of movement) between 70% to 100%.

Note: The oxygen saturation accuracy is a root mean square of the difference. The measured values of the instrument are distributed according to statistical probability. Only about two thirds of the measured values of the Pulse Oximeter fall within ±Arms of the measured values of a carbon-monoxide-blood-gas analyzer.

#### 5.2.2 Determination of Oxygen Saturation Accuracy

Relative Humidity	15% to 80%, non-condensing
Atmospheric Pressure	700 hPa to 1060 hPa
Rated Voltage	DC 3.0 V

## Technical parameters

Parameter		Value
Display range	Oxygen saturation	35% to 100%
	Pulse rate	25 bpm to 250 bpm
Resolution	Oxygen saturation	1%
Resolution	Pulse rate	1 bpm

direct exposure to strong light (such as beams from operating lamps or sunlight) during measurement.

- ◆The probe of the Oximeter is placed on the same arm that a blood pressure cuff arterial duct or intravenous injection is placed.
- ◆The user suffers from hypotension, severe vascular atrophy, severe anemia, or low oxygen.
- ◆ The user is in sudden cardiac arrest or shock state.
- ◆ The user is wearing nail polish or artificial nails.

## 1.2 Warnings

Warning: Do not use the Oximeter in an environment with any flammable gases, flammable anesthetic, or other flammable substances.

Warning: Keep unit and lanyard away from children as the included lanyard may present an entanglement or choking hazard to small children. Adult supervision required; never leave children unattended with unit or lanyard

Warning: Do not throw the batteries into fire, as that could cause an explosion.

Warning: Do not attempt to charge the included batteries, as that could cause leakage, fire disaster, or even explosion. Dispose the used batteries in accordance to the local laws and regulations of your region.

Warning: Do not use the Oximeter in an MRI or CT environment.

(Height)

Weight: 49.5 g (including the weight of two AAA batteries)

- 2. Peak wavelength range of the light emitted from the probe: red light 660 nm ± 3; infrared light 905 nm ± 5.
- Maximum optical output power of the probe: 1.2 mW for infrared light (905 nm).
- 4. Working power supply and current

Internal Power Supply	Two 1.5 V dry batteries
Working Current	35 mA

5. Normal working condition

Working Temperature	5°C to 40°C (41°F to 104°F)
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- If your fingernails are too long, this may obstruct the sensor from the LED lights. Please make sure that your fingernails are kept short.
- 4) Excessive ambient infra-red light, especially for people who use the pulse oximeter in an overly bright lit room can interfere with the sensor.
- 5) Poor circulation can affect oximeter readings. Warm your hands and fingers before taking your measurements. Remember your pulse oximeter is measuring your SpO2 and PR based on your blood flow. If the blood flow in your finger drops below a certain level, the pulse oximeter will not be able to function.
- 6) Some people with medical conditions such as anemia, hypotension and hypothermia can experience an inaccurate reading during use. If that may be the case for you, we suggest that you consult a physician.

## Chapter 5 Technical Description and Safety Type

## 5.1 Technical Specifications

1. Dimensions: 58.0 mm (Width) × 32.0 mm (Depth) × 33.2 mm 25

Caution: Do not operate the Oximeter if it is wet. Avoid moving the oximeter from a cold to a hot and humid environment.

Caution: Install the batteries properly before powering on the Oximeter for normal use. Please remove the batteries if you are not planning to use the Oximeter for a long time.

Caution: Close the battery cover when the instrument is in use.

#### 1.3 Symbol

Symbol	Meaning
木	BF-type application part
$\triangle$	Caution: Please see this manual.
%SpO <sub>2</sub>	Oxygen saturation
♡ /Min	Pulse rate
	Manufacture information including the name and address of the manufacturer

Problems	Possible Cause	Solution
The screen turns off suddenly.	If the Oximeter does not detect any signal within 16 seconds, it will automatically power off.     The batteries are empty	This is normal.     Just turn on     the pulse     oximeter     again.      Replace the     batteries.

## 4.3 Tips to getting a good reading.

- 1) Make sure that your finger is put deep into the probe such that the fingertip is directly in between the LED sensor and the LED light source.
- 2) Make sure your finger is stationary in the probe while you are measuring your SpO2 levels

Problems	Possible Cause	Solution
The displayed value of the oxygen saturation or pulse rate fluctuates.	I. The finger is not placed properly between the sensor and the LED.  In the user is moving his finger or body.	Place the finger at the correct position.     Ensure that the user's body is stationary.
The Oximeter cannot be powered on.	<ol> <li>The batteries are empty, or are not installed at all.</li> <li>The batteries are incorrectly installed.</li> <li>The Oximeter is damaged.</li> </ol>	Replace the batteries.     Correctly install the batteries according to the polarity indication.     Contact the distributor.

Symbol	Meaning	
1	Temperature limitation	
	When end users abandon this product, they must send the product to the collection place for recycling.	
Warning	Information that you must learn about possible harm of this product to users	
Caution	Some important information that you must learn	
Attention	Information that is necessary for you to protect this product against damage	

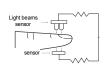
#### Chapter 2 About This Product

#### 2.1 Overview

 $SpO_2$  stands for peripheral capillary oxygen saturation. Oxygen saturation is defined as the ratio of oxyhemoglobin (HbO2) to the total concentration of hemoglobin (i.e. Oxyhemoglobin + reduced hemoglobin) present in the blood. It is an important physiological parameter involved in respiration and circulation. The Pulse Oximeter feature herein is small, portable, non-invasive and easy to use. The user only needs to insert a finger into the chamber to measure his/her  $SpO_2$  and pulse rate.

#### 2.2 Working Principles and Usage

Oxygenated blood absorbs light at 660nm (red light), whereas deoxygenated blood absorbs light preferentially at 905nm (infra-red). A pulse oximeter works by passing a beam of red and infrared light through a



pulsating capillary bed and then measure the amount of red and infrared light emerging from the tissues via a sensor. To improve

#### 4.2 Troubleshooting

Problems	Possible Cause	Solution
The Oximeter fails to display the blood oxygen saturation levels and/or pulse rate.	The finger is not placed properly between the sensor and the LED.     The user's blood perfusion is too low to be detected.	Place the finger at the correct position.     Make sure nothing is restricting your blood flow

#### Chapter 4 Maintenance and Troubleshooting

#### 4.1 Maintenance

- Replace the batteries if they are low on power. Clean the Oximeter and the fingertip before use to ensure accurate reading.
- Remove the batteries from the battery slot and properly store them if you do not plan to use the Oximeter for a long period of time.
- Store the Oximeter between 14 -122°F (-10 to +50°C) and at humidity levels no greater than 93%.
- Periodically check the Oximeter for damage.
- Avoid using the Oximeter in an environment with inflammable gases or using it in an environment where the temperature or humidity is excessively high or low.
- Check the accuracy of the oxygen saturation and pulse rate readings by using an appropriate calibration apparatus.

accuracy, the CMS 500DL uses a proprietary algorithm to collect data from pulsatile arterial blood and ignores local noise from the tissues. The relative absorption of light by oxyhemoglobin (HbO) and deoxyhemoglobin is then processed according to the Beer-Lambert's law and a qualitative measurement of the users' oxyhemoglobin status i.e. Oxygen saturation level (SpO $_2$ ) derived.

Due to the sensitivity of the pulse oximeter, you should keep your finger stationary during measurement. It is recommended that you use this instrument for measurement before or after sports. Do not use for continuous monitoring.

#### 2.3 Product Features

- Lightweight, portable and easy to use
  - Huge LED screen for easy reading
- Low Battery indicator
  - The device will automatically shut down if no signal is detected after 16 seconds.
- The device is equipped with two 1.5 V AAA batteries, which will allow the pulse oximeter to operate for approximately 30 hours.

#### 2.4 Limitations

The pulse oximeter works by measuring the amount of oxygenated haemoglobin in your blood over a period of time. Spot check pulse oximeter on the market takes a reading every second and takes an average of 4-6 readings before displaying the result. Hence, you will have to wait at least 4-6 seconds before a result will be displayed on the monitor. If the pulse oximeter fails to detect blood flow for the first few seconds, then the results will be delayed accordingly.

The pulse oximeter does not work for people with naturally small fingers or low peripheral blood flow. This is because the pulse oximeter would not have enough blood to take a measurement. Please note that prolong use of a pulse oximeter, hypotension, vasoconstriction, hypothermia and certain medications can lead to low or restricted blood flow. Nail polish can also impede the pulse oximeter from taking a reading. To see how much blood flow is being detected by the pulse oximeter, you will need a more advanced pulse oximeter that has a plethysmograph display (See CMS 50D). Finally, it is generally accepted that the saturation percentage is unreliable on the steep part (around 60 mm Hg) of the oxyhemoglobin dissociation curve.

Attention: Do not allow liquid to flow into the instrument during cleaning.

Attention: Do not immerse any part of the instrument into any liquid.

#### 3.2 Disinfection

Before measurement with the instrument, wipe the silicon finger pad using a piece of dry soft cloth dipped with 75% medical alcohol. Clean the finger to be measured using the medical alcohol for disinfection purposes before and after use.

 $\Lambda$ Do

Do not clean the instrument by using high-temperature

and/or high-pressure disinfecting gas.

#### Chapter 3 Cleaning and Disinfection

#### 3.1 Cleaning

To clean the instrument, power off and remove the batteries first. Then clean the outer surface of the instrument (including the LED screen) using a piece of dry soft cloth dipped with 75% medical alcohol. **Do not immerse the unit in alcohol!** 

Note: Do not use any strong dissolving agent such as acetone.

Caution: Do not rub the body of the instrument using materials such as steel wire balls or polished metal objects.

Caution: Ensure that there is no washing liquid on the surface of the instrument

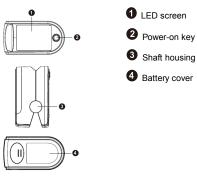
#### 2.5 Innovative features of the CMS 500DL

The CMS 500DL attempts to ameliorate some of the above problems by

- 1) Increasing the sensitivity of the sensor so that it can measure the user's  $SpO_2$  and Pulse Rate (PR) even at low blood perfusion.
- 2) Using a self-adjusting smart spring system to fit the finger snugly but not so tight as to impede blood flow.
- 3) Using soft, hypoallergenic medical grade silicon in the finger chamber so that the pulse oximeter will not cause discomfort to your finger.
- 4) Using solid ABS plastic to block ambient light from reaching the sensor so that the precision and reliability of the readings are not affected.

#### Product Structure and Operation Steps

#### 2.6 Schematic Structural Diagram



## medical alcohol. The silicon is non-toxic, soft and hypoallergenic.

2.8.4 Reading Measured Data of Oxygen Saturation and Pulse Rate from the LFD Screen

Do not move your finger during measurement. Keep your body as still as possible. After the readings become stable, read the measured values of the oxygen saturation and pulse rate on the LED screen.

2.8.5 Switching Off the Power Supply of the Pulse Oximeter

The Oximeter will automatically shut down 16 seconds after you remove your finger or if it does not detect a signal.

2.8.6 About the Display

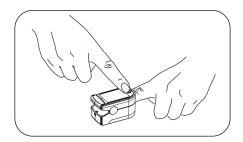
The instrument uses an LED screen with unidirectional display.

Note: Replace the batteries when the batteries are low and the symbol ( ) flickers on the LED screen.



If you do not insert your finger completely into the

chamber, measurement will be inaccurate.



Note: Before each test, clean the measured finger and the silicon part of the Oximeter that contacts the finger with

#### 2.7 Schematic Diagram of Display

The following figure shows the information display on the LED screen of the Oximeter in normal detection state:



#### 2.8 Operation Steps

#### 2.8.1 Installing the Batteries

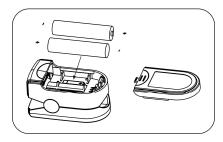
Install the two AAA dry batteries into the battery slot according to polarity indication and mount the battery cover.

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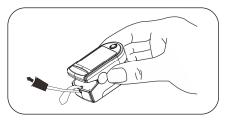
Ensure that the batteries are installed with correct

polarities so as to avoid damaging the instrument.



2.8.2 Installing the Lanyard

Remove the silicon cover. Thread the thin end of the lanyard through the lanyard hole, thread the coarse end of the lanyard through the thin end of the lanyard, and tighten the lanyard. Put the silicon cover back on.



2.8.3 Switching On the Power Supply of the Pulse Oximeter

Stick one finger completely into the silicon padded finger chamber of the Oximeter. The fingernail should be facing upward. Release the clip and press the power key to power on the Pulse Oximeter.

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