

CENTAUR

Access Control Software Version 4.2



CENTAUR 4.2

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Chapter 1: Installing and Using Centaur

What Will I Find?

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Centaur is an advanced and powerful access control management software. The following chapter contains important information concerning the installation and use of this software.



Centaur Editions

Centaur software is available in four editions.

Lite Edition

With the lite edition you can:

- Create 1 site
- Connect through serial port RS-232
- Create up to 512 cards
- · Create 2 controllers
- · Create up to 16 doors

Standard Edition

With the standard edition you can:

- · Create 64 sites
- · Connect to your site via TCP/IP, direct, or dial-up
- · Create up to 2048 cards per site
- Create 16 controllers per site
- · Create up to 128 doors per site
- · Control up to 32 elevator carts
- Provide access to 64 floors per elevator cart
- Create 128 floor groups

Professional Edition

This edition includes all features of the Standard Edition, in addition you can:

- Connect to your site via TCP/IP, direct, or dial-up
- · Create up to 8196 cards per site
- Create up to 64 controllers per site
- Create up to 512 doors per site
- · Create up to 128 elevator carts per site

Enterprise Edition

This edition includes all features of the Professional Edition, in addition you can:

- Create up to 16 384 cards per site
- Create up to 256 controllers per site
- Create up to 2048 doors per site
- Create up to 512 Elevator carts per site

Demo Mode

All editions will run in Demo Mode when a hardlock key is not detected. Communication is disabled when in Demo Mode.



Installation Overview

This section details how to install the Centaur software including the **Centaur Server** and **Administration Console** (Workstation) available on the Centaur 4.2 CD.

Each edition of the Centaur software (Lite, Standard, Professional, and Enterprise) has two different applications - the Server and the Administration Console (Workstation). Please note that the terms **Administration Console** and **Workstation** both refer to the same software User Interface, and are used interchangeably.

Centaur Server

The Centaur Server manages the controllers and maintains the access control system's databases. The Centaur 4.2 CD includes the Centaur Server, the Administration Console, several software features, and the reference manuals for these software features, which are all automatically installed together. The reference manuals for Centaur hardware components are also available on the Centaur 4.2 CD.

Computer Requirements (Centaur Server)

The Centaur software is designed to operate with IBM or IBM compatible computers running a suitable Windows operating system as detailed in the "Operating System Requirements (Centaur Server)".

- Pentium 4
- 512MB RAM (1GB for superior performance)
- 1GB recommended; 4GB for larger installations
- RS-232 serial port (depending on the installation, more than one may be required)
- For dial-up sites, the Centaur Server and each dial-up site requires a US Robotics Sportster 56k baud modem (external/internal). Other modems can be used, but we recommend the above-mentioned modem. WinModems are not supported.
- Super VGA Monitor

Operating System Requirements (Centaur Server)

The Centaur Server has been tested on the following operating systems:

- Windows XP Home or Professional Edition (English and French) Service Pack 2
- Windows 2003 Server Edition (English and French)
- Windows 2000 Professional Edition (English, French, and Spanish)
- Windows 2000 Server Edition (English, French, and Dutch)

Other software requirements (available on the CD):

- DCOM
- MDAC 2.8
- Microsoft Database Engine (MSDE 2000)
- Microsoft Internet Explorer (version 6.0 or higher)
- · Acrobat Reader 6.0 or higher
- XML 3.0 Parser



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Controller Requirements

- CT-V900-A Rev. 200/210/220/230/260 require firmware R2-C3-65 or higher.
- CT-V900-A Rev. 100/110 require firmware R1-01-79 or higher.

For more information on how to update the controllers, refer to "Online Controller Firmware Upgrades" on page 63 or Online Help.

Technical Support

For technical support in Canada or the U.S., call 1-866-610-0102, Monday to Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. EST. For technical support outside Canada and the U.S., call 00-1-450-682-7945, Monday to Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. EST. Please feel free to visit our website at www.cdvi.ca.



Installing/Updating the Centaur Server

This section describes how to install or update the Centaur Server.

The Centaur Server software must be installed on the computer where all controllers are or will be connected.



For new installations of the Centaur software or when upgrading to the Centaur 4.2 software from a previous version, you need to upgrade the controller firmware version to R2-C3-65 or higher.



To install the Centaur 4.2 software on Windows 2000/2003/XP operating systems, you must be logged on as Administrator.

- 1. Insert the Centaur 4.2 CD into the computer's CD-ROM drive.
- 2. If the auto run feature is enabled, go to the step 3. Otherwise, click **Run** from the **Start** menu, type the appropriate drive indicator (x:\) followed by **setup.exe** or click **Browse** to search for the **setup.exe** file. Click **OK**.
- 3. The **Centaur 4.2 Setup** window will appear. If this is a new installation of the Centaur software, click **Next** and go to the next step. To update previously installed Centaur software, select **Update**, click **Next**, follow the on-screen instructions, and click **Finish**.
- 4. The License Agreement window will appear. To install the Centaur software, select I accept the terms of the license agreement, and click Next.
- 5. The **Type of installation** window will appear. To install the Centaur Server, select **System management and communication with control panels (Server and Workstation)**. If you wish to select a different folder destination for the Centaur or MSDE software, click the appropriate **Browse** button, choose the folder destination, and click **OK**. Click **Next**.



The Administration Console is installed with the Centaur Server by default. The Centaur software is installed by default to C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur. The MSDE software is installed by default to C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server.

- 6. The **Selecting Languages** window will appear. The Centaur Server supports three languages. **English** is automatically supported by default. Select two other languages and click **Next**.
- 7. The **Centaur Pre-Requisites** window will appear. Setup automatically detects and lists which prerequisites have and have not been installed on your computer. To install the required software components, click **Next** and follow the on-screen instructions. If all prerequisites are already installed, the setup will skip this step (go to the next step).
- 8. When Setup has completed the installation of the Centaur software, the **InstallShield Wizard Complete** window will appear. Select if you wish to restart your computer now or later. Click **Finish**.



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Before you can use the Centaur software, you must restart your computer.



An icon for the Administration Console is automatically added to your computer desktop.



The Centaur software manuals are automatically installed on your computer. To locate a software manual, click **Start** → **Programs** → **CDV Americas** → **Centaur** → **Administration Console** → **Manuals**.



The Centaur hardware manuals must be manually installed on your computer. To locate the hardware manuals on the CD, open Windows Explorer. Click on the appropriate drive indicator (x:\) from which the Centaur CD is inserted. Double-click the **Manuals** folder. Double-click the **Hardware Manuals** folder. Copy and paste the manual(s) to the computer drive and folder of your choice.

In installations where remote workstations will access the Server through a network, DCOM must be configured on the Centaur Server computer (refer to "DCOM Configuration" on page 183).



Centaur Administration Console (Workstation)

This section describes how to install a Centaur Administration Console on a networked workstation.

The Centaur Administration Console is installed on a networked workstation computer using the Centaur 4.2 CD. The Centaur Administration Console allows operators to monitor and manage the access control system remotely by accessing the Centaur Server's databases and its controllers through a network.



In order for a remote workstation to access the Server, DCOM must be configured on the Centaur Server computer (refer to "DCOM Configuration" on page 183).

Computer Requirements (Workstation)

The Centaur software is designed to operate with IBM or IBM compatible computers running a suitable Microsoft Windows operating system as detailed in the Operating System Requirements below.

- Pentium 4
- 512MB RAM (1GB for superior performance)
- 300MB free disk space
- Super VGA Monitor

Operating System Requirements (Workstation)

The Centaur Administration Console has been tested on the following operating systems:

- Windows XP Home or Professional Edition (English and French) Service Pack 2
- Windows 2003 Server Edition (English and French)
- Windows 2000 Professional Edition (English, French, and Spanish)
- Windows 2000 Server Edition (English, French, and Dutch)

Other software requirements (available on the CD):

- DCOM
- MDAC 2.8
- Microsoft Internet Explorer (version 6.0 or higher)
- · Acrobat Reader 6.0 or higher
- XML 3.0 Parser

Installing/Updating the Administration Console (Workstation)

This section describes how to install or update the Centaur Administration Console (Workstation).

- 1. Insert the Centaur 4.2 CD into the computer's CD-ROM drive.
- 2. If the auto run feature is enabled, go to the next step. Otherwise, click **Run** from the **Start** menu, type the appropriate drive indicator (x:\) followed by **setup.exe** or click **Browse** to search for the setup.exe file. Click **OK**.
- The Centaur Setup window will appear. If this is a new installation of the Centaur software, click Next and go to the step 4.
 To update previously installed Centaur software, select Update, click Next, follow the on-screen instructions, and click Finish.
- 4. The License Agreement window will appear. To install the Centaur software, select I accept the terms of the license agreement and click Next.
- 5. The Type of installation window will appear. To install the Administration Console (Workstation), select System management only, will not communicate with control panels (Workstation only). If you wish to select a different folder destination for the Centaur software, click the appropriate Browse button, choose the folder destination, and click OK. Click Next.



The Centaur software is installed by default to C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur.

- 6. The **Centaur Pre-Requisites** window will appear. Setup automatically detects and lists which prerequisites have and have not been installed on your computer. To install the required software components, click **Next** and follow the on-screen instructions. If you already have all prerequisites, Setup will skip this step (continu with next step).
- 7. When Setup has completed the installation of the Centaur software, the **InstallShield Wizard Complete** window will appear. Select if you wish to restart your computer now or later. Click **Finish**.



Before you can use the Centaur software, you must restart your computer.



An icon for the Administration Console (Workstation) is automatically added to your computer desktop.



The Centaur software manuals are automatically installed on your computer. To locate a software manual, click **Start**, **Programs**, **CDV Americas**, **Centaur Administration Console**, and **Manuals**.



The Centaur hardware manuals must be manually installed on your computer. To locate the hardware manuals on the CD, open Windows Explorer. Click on the appropriate drive indicator (x:\) from which the Centaur CD is running. Double-click the **Manuals** folder. Double-click the **Hardware Manuals** folder. Copy and paste the manual(s) to the computer drive and folder of your choice.



Setting Centaur as a Service Under Windows

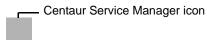
These instructions pertain to Windows 2000/2003/XP operating systems, and will enable the **Auto-start service when OS starts** feature in the Centaur Service Manager. This feature will automatically start the Centaur Server when you start the computer. You will only need to start the Centaur Administration Console.

- If the Centaur Service Manager is already stopped and has been exited, proceed to step 5. Otherwise, click Start
 →Programs →CDV Americas →Centaur →Centaur Service Manager. The Centaur Service Manager window will
 appear.
- 2. Click Stop. The Operator Logon window will appear.



The Operator Rights Validation window will not appear if Centaur is set as a service under Windows.

- Enter your Centaur Logon ID and Password and click OK. The default Logon ID is Admin and the default Password is Admin.
- 4. From the icon tray, right-click the Centaur Service Manager icon and click Exit.



- To manually set Centaur as a service under Command Prompt, go directly to step 6. Otherwise, open Windows Explorer and locate drive (C:). Double-click Program Files, double-click CDV Americas, double-click Centaur, double-click Centaur Server, and double-click Service.bat. Proceed to step 7.
- 6. To manually set Centaur as a service under Command Prompt, click **Start** →**Programs** →**Accessories** →**Command Prompt**.
 - a) The Command Prompt window will appear. Type cd\program files\cdv americas\centaur\centaur\centaur server and press Enter.
 - b) Type spxsvr.exe /service and press Enter. Close the Command Prompt window.



Ensure that there is a space between spxsvr.exe and the front slash (/).

```
C:\Program Files\CDU Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server>
```



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- 7. Click Start → Programs → CDV Americas → Centaur → Centaur Service Manager.
- The Centaur Service Manager window will appear. Select the Auto-start service when OS starts check box.
- If you want the Service Manager to verify every 5 minutes if the service is running or not, and then start it if it is not running, select the **Auto-restart service when stopped** check box. Close the window.
- 10. Restart your computer. The Centaur Service Manager will now start automatically. To run Centaur you will only need to click Start →Programs →CDV Americas →Centaur →Administration Console →Administration Console.



Plugging the Hardlock Key

A hardlock key is required to enable communication with Centaur's controller. Centaur's software will run in Demo Mode when no hardlock key is detected. The hardlock key is available in two different configurations, one for parallel port and one for USB port.

- The blue hardlock key is designed to be plugged into your computer USB port.
- The black hardlock key is designed to be plugged into your computer parallel port.

Plug the parallel or USB hardlock key identified as Server to the port of the computer used as the Centaur Server (Centaur Service Manager).

Plug the parallel or USB hardlock key identified as Workstation to the port of the computer used as a workstation.



The hardlock key is required on the computer used as the Centaur Server as well as on each workstation. You must have the hardlock key plugged in the Centaur server/workstation port before starting the Centaur Service Manager otherwise the software will run in Demo Mode.



Starting the Centaur Server and Software

This section describes how to start the Centaur software from the Centaur Server computer or a networked workstation. Note that before starting the Centaur software from a networked workstation, the Centaur Service Manager must be started.

Starting the Centaur Server



You must have the hardlock key plugged in the Centaur server port before starting the Centaur Service Manager otherwise the software will run in Demo Mode.

- From the Centaur server computer, click Start → Programs → CDV Americas → Centaur → Centaur Service Manager.
 The Centaur Service Manager window will appear.
- 2. From the Centaur Service Manager window, click the **Start/Continue** button. Once the Centaur Service Manager is running, you can close the Centaur Service Manager window. Note that when you start the Centaur Service Manager, the Centaur software will automatically start the MSDE or SQL Server.





The **Auto-start service when OS** starts and **Auto-restart service when stopped** check boxes in the Centaur Service Manager window are only available when Centaur is set as a service under Windows, refer "Setting Centaur as a Service Under Windows" on page 9.



To stop the Centaur Service Manager, click **Stop**. If the Operator Rights Validation window appears, enter your Centaur Logon ID and Password, and click **OK**. The Operator Rights Validation window will not appear if Centaur is a service under Windows (refer to "Setting Centaur as a Service Under Windows" on page 9).

Starting the Centaur Software

1. From the Centaur server computer or from a networked workstation, click Start → Programs → CDV Americas → Centaur → Administration Console → Administration Console. The Centaur Logon window will appear.



If you are starting a software module, click **Start** →**Programs** →**CDV Americas** →**Centaur** →**Administration Console** →the appropriate software.

From the Centaur Logon window, type the appropriate Logon ID and Password. The default Logon ID is Admin and the
default Password is Admin. If you are trying to log on to a Centaur Server that is on a network, type the Server computer's
network name or IP address in the Computer text box. From the Language drop-down list, select the desired language.
Click OK.



To allow access from remote workstations, DCOM must be configured on the Centaur Server computer (refer to "DCOM Configuration" on page 183).



When starting Centaur for the first time, a dialogue box appears asking if you would like to use the site configuration wizard. Refer "Adding a Site" on page 24 for more information.

Software Modules

All software modules listed below unless otherwise specified, are automatically installed with the Centaur Server or Workstation software.

- **FrontCard**: This module provides an easy to use interface to program card properties and includes an advanced search engine. For more information, refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96.
- Card Import/Export (Server only): This feature enables you to export Centaur card data to a .csv file or import a .csv file containing card data into Centaur's card database. For more information, refer to "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102.
- **Database Management** (Server only): This feature allows you to control and manage the large and complex database files of the Centaur software. You can back up and restore database files, purge events from selected sites during specific periods, limit the size of database files and delete entire database files. For more information, refer to "Database Management" on page 171.
- Database Backup Scheduler (Server only): Centaur's database backup scheduler enables you to schedule regular backups of the Centaur databases. You can back up the Main database and the Event database separately, specify the location of the backup files and select how often (daily, weekly, or monthly) the backup will occur. For more information, refer to "Database Backup Scheduler" on page 178.
- FrontGuard: This module uses events generated in Centaur to retrieve a picture and/or video feed to help you identify card holders or to view the location where an event has occurred. For more information, refer to "Centaur's FrontGuard" manual.
- Locator: Designed to function with the Global Anti-Passback, this allows you to monitor when card holders enter and exit
 designated doors in real-time, retrieve card holder information and print customizable card holder access reports. For more
 information, refer to "Centaur's Locator" online help.
- WavePlayer: This Centaur feature is designed to enable a .wav file to be played on the computer when an event that requires acknowledgement occurs. The sound can replay at programmed intervals until the alarm is acknowledged. For more information, refer to "Centaur Wave Player" on page 181.
- **Pro-Report**: This module features a user-friendly wizard for generating system reports. Generate quick (one-time), predefined and scheduled reports for up to 10 different report types. You can also search, group and sort your reports. For more information, refer to "Centaur's ProReport" online help.
- FrontView: The real-time graphic interface gives you point-and-click control over doors, relays, inputs, outputs, and controllers through a graphical floor plan. For more information, refer to "Centaur's FrontView" manual.
- **Diagnostic Tool**: The Diagnostic Tool allows you to view your system information to ensure all of the components required to run the Centaur software have been installed. Within the Diagnostic Tool's menu, you may save or copy your system information to a specific folder on your computer or send it directly to our technical support team in the event that you require assistance. This tool is also helpful in assessing which prerequisites your computer may require when upgrading to the latest version of the Centaur software.

REFERENCE MANUAL

CENTAUR 4.2 **Installing and Using Centaur**





Chapter 2: Understanding the Centaur User Interface

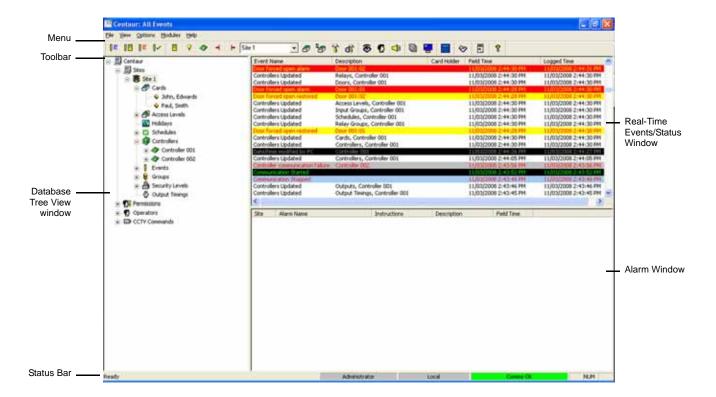
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The following chapter presents the structure of the Administration Console main window including the different windows, menus, and buttons.

User Interface Overview

The following picture demonstrates the Centaur User Interface structure.



Menu

The menu gives access to the File, View, Options, Modules, and Help menus.

- The File menu gives access to the Exit sub-menu allowing to close the Centaur Administration Console application.
- The View menu gives access to the following:
 - Toolbar: Allows to show or hide the Toolbar.
 - Status Bar: Allows to show or hide the Status Bar.
 - Refresh: Allows to refresh the Tree View and the Status windows.

The following submenus allow to select what events will be displayed in the Events/Status window. The following selections are also available from the Toolbar (see "Toolbar" on page 19).

- All events: Refer to "Display All Events" on page 164 for more information.
- Access events: Refer to "Display Access Events" on page 164 for more information.
- Abnormal events: Refer to "Display Abnormal Events" on page 164 for more information.
- Acknowledged events: Refer to "Display Acknowledged Events" on page 164 for more information.

The following submenus allow to select what devices will be displayed in the Events/Status window. The following selections are also available from the Toolbar (see "Toolbar" on page 19).

- Door status: Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Door" on page 165 for more information.
- Relay status: Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166 for more information.
- Controller status: Refer to "Displaying Controller Status" on page 167 for more information.
- Input status: Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Input" on page 168 for more information.
- Output status: Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Output" on page 169 for more information.
- The **Options** menu gives access to the following:
 - Options: Refer to "General Centaur Options" on page 160 for more information.
 - Events Colours: Refer to "Event Colour Definitions" on page 161 for more information.
 - Operator Timeout: Refer to "Operator Timeout" on page 162 for more information.
 - Log File: Refer to "Log File" on page 162 for more information.

REFERENCE MANUAL

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Understanding the Centaur User Interface

- The **Modules** menu gives access to the following:
 - FontCard: Refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96 for more information.
 - Card Import/Export: Refer to "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102 for more information.
 - Database Management: Refer to "Database Management Module" on page 172 for more information.
 - Database Backup Scheduler: Refer to "Database Backup Scheduler" on page 178 for more information.
 - FrontGuard
 - Locator
 - WavePlayer: Refer to "Centaur Wave Player" on page 181 for more information.
 - Pro-Report
 - FrontView
 - Diagnostic Tool
 - Headcount
- The **Help** menu gives access to either the Centaur help file or the about Centaur page.



Toolbar

The Toolbar is divided in different categories as described in the following picture.



Selected Site

Select which site to view and/or act upon.

Toolbar Buttons

The following table describes each Toolbar button.

| CATEGORY | BUTTON | DESCRIPTION | KEYBOARD SHORTCUT | MENU |
|----------|--------|---|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Events | | All events Refer to "Display All Events" on page 164 for more information. | 1 | View -> All |
| | Q EE | Access events Refer to "Display Access Events" on page 164 for more information. | 2 | View -> Access events |
| | Ů≣ | Abnormal events Refer to "Display Abnormal Events" on page 164 for more information. | 3 | View -> Abnormal events |
| | Î^ | Acknowledged events Refer to "Display Acknowledged Events" on page 164 for more information. | 4 | View - Acknowledged events |
| Status | FE . | Door status Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Door" on page 165 for more information. | 5 | View -> Door status |
| | 9 | Relay status Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166 for more information. | 6 | View -> Relay status |
| | | Controller status Refer to "Displaying Controller Status" on page 167 for more information. | 7 | View -> Controller status |
| | * | Input Status Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Input" on page 168 for more information. | 8 | View -> Input status |
| | Þ | Output Status Refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Output" on page 169 for more information. | 9 | View -> Output status |

| CATEGORY | BUTTON | DESCRIPTION | KEYBOARD SHORTCUT | MENU |
|----------|--------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Modules | 8 | Open FontCard Refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96 for more information. | Ctrl-F1 | Module -> FrontCard |
| | ** | Open Card Import/Export Refer to "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102 for more information. | Ctrl-F2 | Module -> Card import/Export |
| | 8 | Open Database Management Module Refer to "Database Management Module" on page 172 for more information. | Ctrl-F3 | Module -> Database Management |
| | ď | Open Database Backup Scheduler Refer to "Database Backup Scheduler" on page 178 for more information. | Ctrl-F4 | Module -> Database Backup Scheduler |
| | • | Open FrontGuard | Ctrl-F5 | Module -> Front Guard |
| | • | Open Locator | Ctrl-F6 | Module -> Locator |
| | 4 | Open WavePlayer Refer to "Centaur Wave Player" on page 181 for more information. | Ctrl-F7 | Module -> WavePlayer |
| | | Open Pro-Report | Ctrl-F8 | Module -> Pro-Report |
| | * | Open FrontView | Ctrl-F9 | Module -> FrontView |
| | **** | Open Diagnostic Tool | Ctrl-F10 | Module -> Diagnostic Tool |
| | ❖ | Open Headcount | Ctrl-F11 | Module -> Headcount |
| | | Open CMPP Allows loading or adding a card using a CMPP card enrolment station. | Ctrl-F12 | Module -> CMPP |
| About | Ŷ | About Gives information about the Centaur Administration software, and CDVI Americas contact information. | | |

Database Tree View Window

The Database Tree View window located in the left-hand portion of your screen allows to create and configure a site including all its objects. From the Database Tree View window you can create and/or modify:

- "Sites" on page 23
- "Holidays" on page 39
- "Schedules" on page 43
- "Controllers" on page 49
- · "Doors" on page 67
- · "Access Levels" on page 83
- · "Cards" on page 87
- "Elevator Control" on page 105
- "Relays" on page 109
- "Inputs" on page 115
- "Outputs" on page 125
- "Events" on page 133
- "Groups" on page 141
- "Security Levels" on page 150
- "Permissions" on page 151
- "Operators" on page 152
- "CCTV Commands" on page 155

Real-Time Events/Status Window

The Real-Time Events/Status window lists all the events or device status for the selected site (see "Selected Site" on page 19). Use the **View** (See the **View** menu on page "Menu" on page 17) menu or the **Toolbar** button (See "Toolbar" on page 19) to select what you want to view in the Real-Time Events/Status window.

When **All events**, **Access events**, **Abnormal events**, or **Acknowledged** is selected, the Real-Time Events/Status window displays the following: **Event Name**, **Description**, **Card holder**, **Field Time** (date and time), and **Logged Time**.

When **Door/Relay/Input/Output status** is selected, the Real-Time Events/Status window displays the following: **Door/Relay/Input/Output Name**, **Address**, and **Status**.

When **Controller status** is selected, the Real-Time Events/Status window displays the following: **Controller Name**, **Address**, **Status**, **Number of Cards**, and **Number of Errors**.

Alarms Window

The Alarms window lists all the alarms related to all sites. The Alarms window displays the following: **Site**, **Alarm Name**, **Instructions**, **Description**, and **Field Time** (date and time).



Status Bar

The status bar is located at the bottom of your screen displays the following:

- Status: Indicates the status of the Administration Console.
- System Operator: Displays the current system operator login name.
- Server name: Indicates the name of the server.
- Communication: Indicates the site communication status. Refer to "Communicating with a Site" on page 38 for more information.
- Keyboard: Indicates the status of your computer keyboard Caps Lock, Num Lock, and Scroll Lock keys.



Typing Names and Notes

- 1. When changing the name of a system component in the Database Tree View window (i.e. controllers, events, doors, etc.), Centaur will immediately refresh the screen.
- 2. Please note that Centaur does not support more than 50 characters for **Name** fields and 255 characters for **Notes** fields.
- 3. Use the drop-down list on the right of certain text fields to type the text in more than one language (see **Languages** below for more information).

Languages

The Centaur software is a trilingual software. Many of the text fields in the property windows (when programming sites, doors, etc.) will have a drop-down list available. Use these drop-down lists on the right of certain text fields to enter item names and notes in more than one language. When a Centaur Administration Console is installed on a workstation computer, you will be asked to select one language. The Administrator Console will display the item names and notes in the language selected from the Administrator Console's login window.





Chapter 3: Sites

What Will I Find?

| Adding a Site | 24 |
|---------------------------|----|
| Modifying a Site | 27 |
| Deleting a Site | 38 |
| Communicating with a Site | 38 |

Each site can monitor and operate a specific number of cards, controllers, inputs, relays, and multi-function outputs, depending on the Centaur software edition being used.

The first step in setting up your system is creating and defining your sites. Once your sites have been defined you can begin programming the remaining items such as controllers, cards, schedules, and doors. In the **Sites** branch, local sites will be represented by a traffic light icon, remote (dial-up) sites will be represented by a network icon depicting five computers.

Adding a Site

Perform the following to add a site:

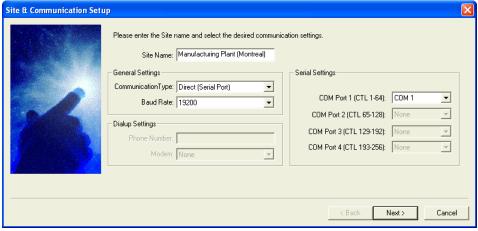
- 1. From the **Database Tree View window** (left-hand portion of your screen), right-click the **Sites** branch and click **Add Site**. You can also click the **Sites** branch and press the keyboard **Insert** key.
- 2. A dialogue box appears requesting if you would like to use the site configuration wizard. The site configuration wizard guides you through the minimum required settings to get the site communicating with its controllers. If you want to use the site configuration wizard, click **Yes** and follow the steps detailed in "Using the Site Configuration Wizard (Recommended)" on page 24. If you do not want to use the site configuration wizard, click **No** and go to step 3. If you do not want to add a site, click **Cancel**.
- 3. In the **New Site** window, type the desired site name. We recommend using a name that is representative of the site such as "Manufacturing Plant (Montreal)".
- 4. Click OK.

Using the Site Configuration Wizard (Recommended)

The site configuration wizard guides you through the minimum required settings to get the site communicating with its controllers. When starting Centaur's **Administration Console** for the first time or when adding a site, a dialogue box appears asking if you would like to use the site configuration wizard. If you click **Yes**, the **Site & Communication Setup** window appears.

In the Site Name text field, type the desired site name.

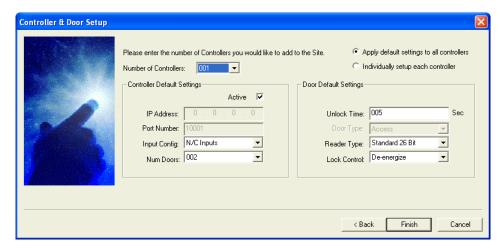
We recommend using a name that is representative of the site such as "Manufacturing Plant (Montreal)".



2. From the **Communication Type** drop-down list, select the desired connection method. For more detailed information on the available types, refer to "Selecting the Site Communication Type" on page 27. The site configuration wizard is dynamic, therefore only options corresponding to the selected communication type will be available. Other options will be unavailable.

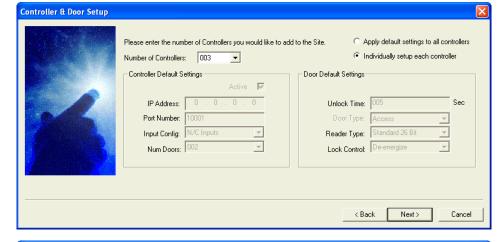


- Set the remaining available options as required and click Next. For more information on these options, which include Baud Rate, Phone Number, Modem, and Serial Settings (COM Port Assignment), refer to "Site Communication Settings" on page 27.
- From the Number of Controllers drop-down list, select the number of controllers you would like to add to this site.

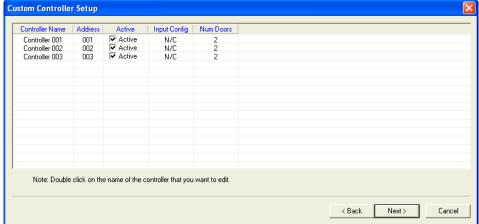


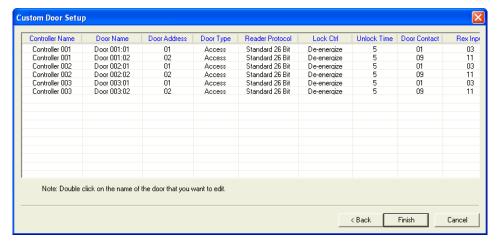
- 5. If you would like to apply the same controller and door settings to all controllers, select **Apply default settings to all controllers** and go to step 6. If you would like to apply different controller and door settings to each controller, select **Individually setup each controller** and go to step 7.
- 6. If you have selected the Apply default settings to all controllers check box:
 - a) Under Controller Default Settings, set the available options as required. For more information on these options, which include IP Address, Port Number, and Input Config, refer to "Setting the Controller Input Configuration" on page 57 and "Configuring the Controller Communication Settings" on page 57. Num Doors allow selecting the number of doors to be created for each controller.
 - b) Under **Door Default Settings**, set the available options as required. For more information on these options, refer to "Unlock Time" on page 74, "Selecting the Lock Control Type" on page 73 and "Reader Type" on page 56. Please note that the **Door Type** option is not yet supported and therefore will be set to **Access** by default. Refer to "Selecting a Door Type" on page 71 for more information.
 - c) Click Finish.

- If you have selected the Individually setup each controller check box:
 - a) Click Next.



- b) Set the available options as required for each controller and click Next. For more information on these options, refer to "Controller Configuration" on page 55. To change the name of a controller, double click on the name of the controller that you want to edit and type the new name. Num Doors fields allow selecting the number of doors to be created for each controller.
- c) Set the available options, which includes Door name, Reader Protocol, Lock Ctrl, and Unlock Time, as required for each door. For more information on these options, refer to "Door Settings" on page 71. To change the name of a door, double click on the name of the door that you want to edit and type the new name. To change the Unlock Time, double click on the value that need to be changed, and





enter the new value in seconds. To change the **Reader Protocol** and/or the **Lock Ctrl**, click on the desired controller and select the new settings from the drop lists.

Modifying a Site

To modify an existing site, from the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired site from the **Sites** branch and click **Properties**. You can also select the desired site and press the keyboard **Enter** key. The **Site Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the site.

General Site Properties

Select the **Site** tab from the **Site Properties** window. The **Site** tab will allow you to view the site address as well as record the site name and any additional notes.

Changing the Site Name

Use the **Site** text field to identify the site location. We recommend using a name that is representative of the site such as "Manufacturing Plant (Montreal)". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Site Notes

Use the **Notes** text field to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of what settings were changed and when they were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Site Communication Settings

Select the **Comms** (Communications) tab from the **Site Properties** window. Each site can be connected either locally, remotely, or through a TCP/IP connection.



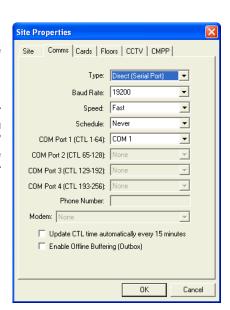
When a site is communicating (online) with the Centaur Server computer, you will not be able to modify the site communication settings. This is to prevent any accidental disconnection from the Centaur Server computer.

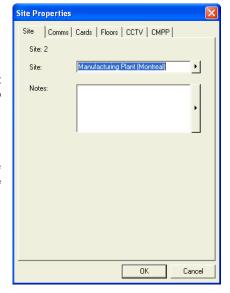
Selecting the Site Communication Type

From the **Type** drop-down list, select the method of communication between the site controllers and the Centaur Server computer. Use one of the following three methods:

Direct (Serial Port)

Select this method if this is a local site that will communicate with the Centaur Server computer through the COM port. After selecting **Direct (Serial Port)**, you are required to further set the site properties. See "Selecting the Site Baud Rate" on page 30, "Selecting the Site Speed" on page 30, "Selecting the Site Communication Schedule" on page 30 and "Assigning COM Ports to Controller Addresses" on page 30. All other settings will be unavailable.

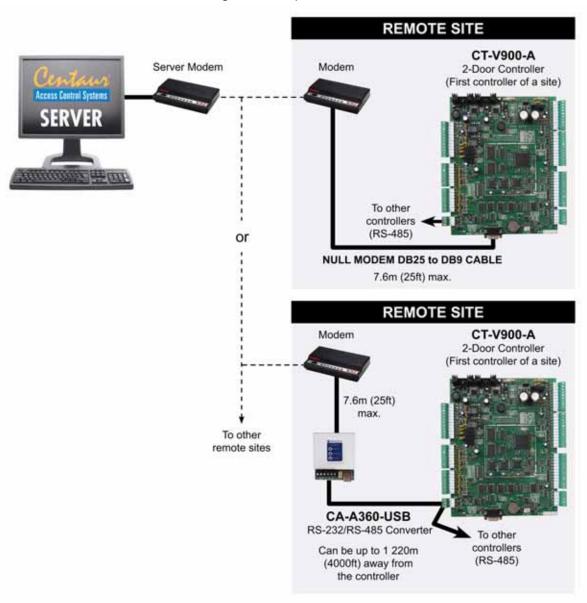




Dialup (Modem)

Select this method if this is a remote site that will communicate with the Centaur Server computer through a modem. After selecting **Dialup (Modem)**, you are required to further set the site properties. See "Selecting the Site Speed" on page 30, "Selecting the Site Communication Schedule" on page 30, "Assigning Dial-up Site Telephone Number" on page 31 and "Assigning the Dial-up Site Modem Type" on page 31. If you do not set these properties, you will not be able to exit the **Site Properties** window. All other settings will be unavailable.

Figure 1: Dial-up Site





Using the Dialup connection method limits the amount of controllers to 64.



Sites

TCP/IP (LAN/WAN)

Select this method to have a site controllers that communicate over a TCP/IP network. To do so, you must connect one or more TCP/IP converter (CA-ETHR-A) as shown in "Figure 2". The CA-ETHR-A converts the RS-232 communication protocol into the TCP/IP protocol. After selecting **TCP/IP** (**LAN/WAN**), you are required to further set the site properties. See "Selecting the Site Speed" on page 30, "Selecting the Site Communication Schedule" on page 30 and you must also set the TCP/IP communication settings of each controller as detailed in "Configuring the Controller Communication Settings" on page 57. All other settings will be unavailable.



The CA-ETHR-A converter is recommended as it has been tested with our products. Visit our website at www.cdvi.ca for more information.

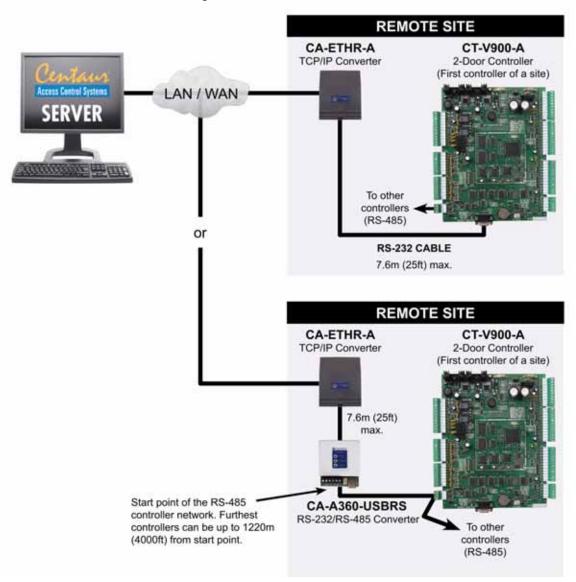


Figure 2: TCP/IP Connection

Selecting the Site Baud Rate

It is important that the baud rate be set to the same value that is defined by the dip switch settings of the controllers (the controller default setting is 19200 baud) in the site. Click the **Baud Rate** drop-down list, and then select the appropriate baud rate from the list. This setting will only be available if the selected communication type is **Direct (Serial Port)**.

Selecting the Site Speed

Click the **Speed** drop-down list, then select the appropriate speed from the list. This setting defines the speed of data transfer between the Centaur Server computer and the site controllers. During normal operation, the speed should be set to **Fast**.

Selecting the Site Communication Schedule

A site can be programmed to automatically communicate with the controllers (go online) according to a schedule. When the schedule becomes valid, the Centaur Server computer will automatically connect with the site until the schedule expires. Click the **Schedule** drop-down list and select the desired schedule from the list. For more information, refer to "Schedule Periods" on page 45.

Assigning COM Ports to Controller Addresses

Each site can support up to 256 controllers. The 256 controllers are divided into four controller loops of up to 64 controllers each. Each of these loops must be assigned to a specific COM port.

- From the **COM Port 1 (CTL 1-64)** list, select a COM port. Controllers connected to the selected COM port will be assigned addresses 1 to 64 (controller's DIP switch setting).
- From the **COM Port 2 (CTL 65-128)** list, select a COM port. Controllers connected to the selected COM port will be assigned addresses 65 to 128 (controller's DIP switch setting + 64).
- From the COM Port 3 (CTL 129-192) list, select a COM port. Controllers connected to the selected COM port will be assigned addresses 129 to 192 (controller's DIP switch setting + 128).
- From the **COM Port 4 (CTL 193-256)** list, select a COM port. Controllers connected to the selected COM port will be assigned addresses 193 to 256 (controller's DIP switch setting + 192).

By limiting the number of controllers on the COM port, the speed of communication is increased. Also, refer to "Viewing the Controller Address" on page 52 for additional information on controller DIP switches and addresses. This setting will only be available if the selected communication type is **Direct (Serial Port)**.



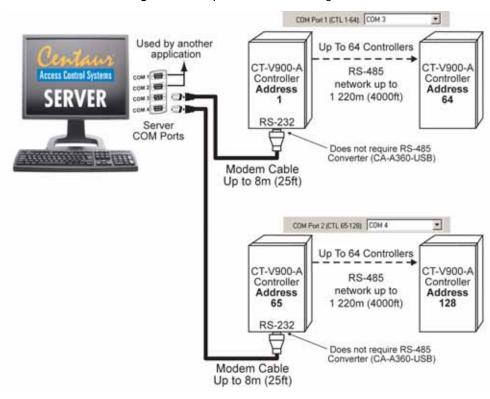


Figure 3: Example of COM Port Assignment

Assigning Dial-up Site Telephone Number

If the selected communication type is **Dialup (Modem)**, type the dial-up site telephone number in the **Phone Number** text box. When attempting to connect, the Centaur Server computer will dial the number recorded here and will try to communicate with the remote site through a modem.

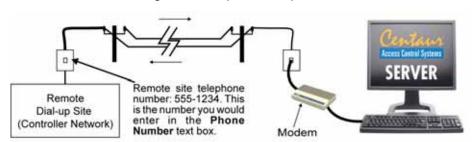


Figure 4: Example of Dial-up Site

Assigning the Dial-up Site Modem Type

If the selected communication type is **Dialup (Modem)**, from the **Modem** drop-down list, select the Centaur Server computer modem that will be used to communicate with the controller network. We recommend to use US Robotics 56k hardware modems (WIN modem are not supported).

Updating the Controller Time Automatically

Select the **Update CTL time automatically every 15 minutes** check box to download the date and time from the PC to all controllers in the site every 15 minutes. Clear the check box if you wish to disable automatic date and time update.

Enabling Offline Buffering (Outbox)

Select the **Enable Offline Buffering (Outbox)** check box if you want Centaur to automatically store any system modifications performed while disconnected from the site (controllers offline) to an outbox table. Stored modifications are downloaded to the controller(s) next time communication is established with the site (controllers online). This check box is selected by default.

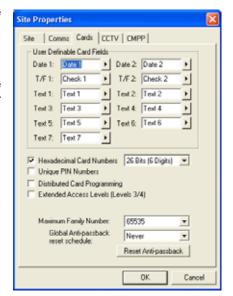
Site Card Settings

Select the **Cards** tab from the **Site Properties** window. Each site can be programmed with different card settings.

Defining the User Definable Card Fields

Customize the text field headings that appear in the **User Defined Data** tab of the FrontCard window. Refer to "Typing Additional Card Holder Details" on page 94 for more information.

- The text you type in the Text 1 to Text 7 text fields will appear next to the first seven text fields, respectively, in the User Defined Data tab of a selected card.
- The text you type in the **T/F1** and **T/F2** text fields will appear next to the two check boxes, respectively, in the **User Defined Data** tab of a selected card.
- The text you type in the Date 1 and Date 2 text fields will appear next to the
 two date fields, respectively, in the User Defined Data tab of a selected
 card.



Example: The "Figure 5" shows the results of the defined User Definable Card Fields on the FrontCard window.



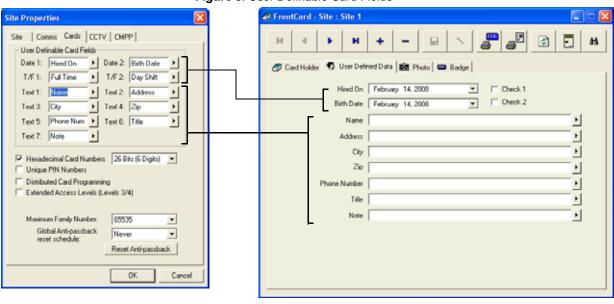


Figure 5: User Definable Card Fields

Hexadecimal Card Numbers

When the **Hexadecimal Card Numbers** check box is selected, the card numbers is entered using the hexadecimal format. When this check box is cleared, the decimal format is used. This setting will also be used when displaying the card numbers in the **Real-Time Events/Status window**. From list beside the **Hexadecimal Card Numbers**, select the type of the card [26 Bits (6 Digits) or 30 Bits (7 Digits)] that will be used by the controller.

Enabling the Use of Unique PIN Numbers

When you select the **Unique PIN Numbers** check box, Centaur will **not** allow you to create a duplicate PIN. If you wish to use duplicate PINs, clear the **Unique PIN Numbers** check box. Also refer to "P.I.N." on page 93.

Enabling Distributed Card Programming

Select the **Distributed Card Programming** check box if you want Centaur to download only the cards that are required by each controller, which is determined by each card's assigned access level. This increases the number of cards available in your controllers since less data is being stored in the database. For example, if your system has 50 controllers and a card's assigned access level contains only two doors—both from the same controller—then Centaur only downloads that card to one controller instead of all 50 controllers. If you clear the **Distributed Card Programming** check box, Centaur sends all cards to all controllers in the system.

Extended Access Levels (Levels 3/4)

By default, up to two access levels can be assigned to each card. If two access levels are assigned to a card, access is granted as long as one of the two access levels is valid when the card is presented (refer to "Access Level" on page 92). Selecting **Extended Access Levels (Levels 3/4)** check box will allow to extend to up to four card access levels. The extended access levels feature requires firmware R2-C3-68 in order to function correctly.

Selecting the Cards Maximum Family Number

Each access card has a unique number consisting of two parts. The Family Number is always the first part of the number and is usually followed by a colon (e.g. **247**:1234) and the card number. The family number can be found printed directly on the card or written on a cross-reference sheet. From the **Maximum Family Number** drop-down list, select the appropriate value as detailed below

Table 1: Selection of the cards maximum family number

| MAXIMUM FAMILY NUMBER VALUE | LENGTH OF THE FAMILY CODE |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0 | No family code |
| 255 | Family code at 1 Octet |
| 65,535 | Family code at 2 Octets |
| 16,777,215 | Family code at 3 Octets |
| 4,294,967,295 | Family code at 4 Octets |

Selecting a Site's Global Anti-Passback Reset Schedule

In the **Global Anti-passback reset schedule** list, select the schedule that will reset the global anti-passback status of all card holders to **unknown**. This applies only to doors set as **Global Entry** or **Global Exit** (see "Global Entry or Global Exit" on page 71) and does not apply to the local anti-passback status of the controller (see "Controller Anti-passback Settings" on page 60). The reset occurs at the start of every period in the selected schedule (refer to "Schedule Periods" on page 45) or when clicking on the **Reset Anti-passback** button.

Reset Anti-passback

The Reset Anti-passback button is used to manually reset the global anti-passback status of all card holders to **unknown**. This applies only to doors set as **Global Entry** or **Global Exit** (see "Global Entry or Global Exit" on page 71) and does not apply to the local anti-passback status of the controller (see "Controller Anti-passback Settings" on page 60).



Site Floor Settings

Select the **Floors** tab from the **Site Properties** window. The first step in setting up elevator control is to define the number of floors in each site and to give a name to each of these logical floors. Up to 64 floors can be controlled per site.

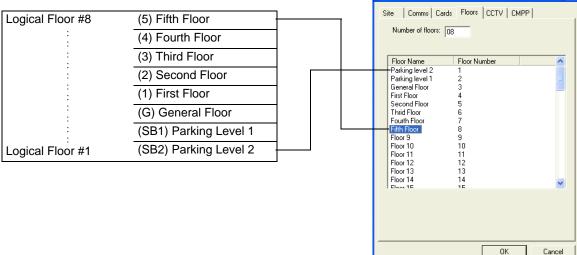
Number of Floors

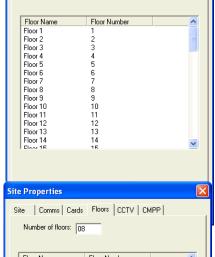
Define the number of floors that need to be controlled for the selected site by typing a value between 01 and 64 in the **Number of floors** text field.

Floor Definition

Right-click the desired floor, select **Rename**, type the desired name and press the keyboard **Enter** key. Please keep in mind that when setting up elevator control, the floors always refer to a building's logical floors and not their named floors as shown in "Figure 6".

Figure 6: Building's logical floors





Site Comms Cards Floors CCTV CMPP

Site Properties

Number of floors: [34]

Site CCTV Port Settings

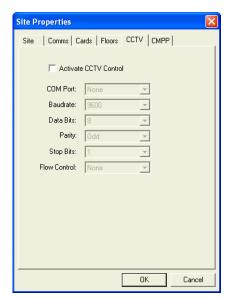
If a site requires CCTV control, you must activate CCTV control to define through which COM port the CCTV commands will be sent and what communication settings the COM port will use. Select the **CCTV** tab from the **Site Properties** window.

Activating CCTV Control for a Site

Select the **Activate CCTV Control** check box if you want Centaur to process CCTV commands. Whenever an event occurs that is assigned a CCTV command (refer to "Selecting the CCTV Command for an Event" on page 140), Centaur transmits the CCTV command to the video switcher connected to the selected COM Port. If you do not activate CCTV Control, Centaur ignores any CCTV command assigned to system events.

Selecting a Computer COM Port for CCTV

From the **COM Port** drop-down list, select the computer COM port used to communicate the CCTV commands to the video switcher. Connect the video switcher to the selected COM port. The selected COM port will use the communication settings defined by the **Baudrate**, **Data Bits**, **Parity**, **Stop Bits**, and **Flow Control** lists



Selecting a Video Switcher Baudrate

In the Baudrate list, select a baud rate that is compatible with the video switcher connected to the selected COM port.

Setting the COM Port Communication Parameters

Select the required data bits, parity, stop bits, and flow control settings to communicate with the video switcher connected to the selected COM port. Set the following parameters as required:

Data Bits

From the **Data Bits** drop-down list, select the number of data bits required to communicate with the video switcher connected to the selected COM port. This value is the number of bits used to represent one character of data. Most forms of data require eight bits.

Parity

From the **Parity** drop-down list, select a parity value that is required to communicate with the video switcher connected to the selected COM port. Parity check is an error detection technique that tests the integrity of digital data within the computer system or over a network. Each time a byte is transferred or transmitted, the parity bit is tested.

Stop Bits

From the **Stop Bits** drop-down list, select the number of stop bits required to communicate with the video switcher connected to the selected COM port. The stop bit is transmitted after each character.

Flow Control

From the **Flow Control** drop-down list, select the flow control type required to communicate with the video switcher connected to the selected COM port. Flow control determines the timing of signals and enables slower-speed devices to communicate with higher-speed devices. There are various techniques, but all are designed to ensure that the receiving station is able to accept the next block of data before the sending station sends it.



Activating and Configuring CMPP Card Enrolment Station

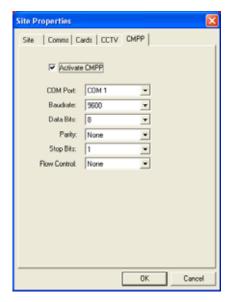
The CMPP feature allows using a card enrolment station that reads a card/badge and automatically shows the card number ("Hexadecimal Card Numbers" on page 33). If a site requires CMPP, you must activate CMPP to define the card type and through which COM port the CMPP commands will be sent and what communication settings the COM port will use. Select the **CMPP** tab from the **Site Properties** window.

Activating CMPP for a Site

Select the **Activate CMPP** check box to allow Centaur to use CMPP card enrolment station capability.

Selecting a Computer COM Port for CMPP

From the **COM Port** drop-down list, select the computer COM port used to communicate the CMPP commands to the card enrolment unit. Connect the card enrolment unit to the selected COM port. The selected COM port will use the communication settings defined by the **Baudrate**, **Data Bits**, **Parity**, **Stop Bits**, and **Flow Control** lists.



Selecting a card enrolment unit Baudrate

In the Baudrate list, select a baud rate that is compatible with the card enrolment unit connected to the selected COM port.

Setting the COM Port Communication Parameters

Select the required data bits, parity, stop bits, and flow control settings to communicate with the card enrolment unit connected to the selected COM port. Set the following parameters as required:

Data Bits

From the **Data Bits** drop-down list, select the number of data bits required to communicate with the card enrolment unit connected to the selected COM port. This value is the number of bits used to represent one character of data. Most forms of data require eight bits.

Parity

From the **Parity** drop-down list, select a parity value that is required to communicate with the card enrolment unit connected to the selected COM port. Parity check is an error detection technique that tests the integrity of digital data within the computer system or over a network. Each time a byte is transferred or transmitted, the parity bit is tested.

Stop Bits

From the **Stop Bits** drop-down list, select the number of stop bits required to communicate with the card enrolment unit connected to the selected COM port. The stop bit is transmitted after each character.

Flow Control

From the **Flow Control** drop-down list, select the flow control type required to communicate with the card enrolment unit connected to the selected COM port. Flow control determines the timing of signals and enables slower-speed devices to communicate with higher-speed devices. There are various techniques, but all are designed to ensure that the receiving station is able to accept the next block of data before the sending station sends it.

Deleting a Site

To delete an existing site, from the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired site from the **Sites** branch, and select **Delete**. You can also select the desired site and press the keyboard **Delete** key.

Communicating with a Site

In order to communicate with a site, you must first successfully connect to the site (go online). To do so successfully, the appropriate connections between the controllers and the Centaur Server computer must be completed. Also, the site's communication settings must be programmed appropriately as described in "Site Communication Settings" on page 27. The communication settings of each controller in the site must also be programmed appropriately as detailed in "Configuring the Controller Communication Settings" on page 57.

Connecting to a Site or Disconnecting from a Site

Perform the following to connect (go online) to a site or disconnect (go offline) from a site:

- 1. From the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired site from the Sites branch, and click Connect or Disconnect.
- 2. Observe the communication status as demonstrated by the colour of the site Direct, Dial-Up, or TCP/IP icon in the Database Tree View window and the colour of the message in the status bar..

| COMMUNICATION | | ICON | STATUS | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|------------|--|
| STATUS | INDICATOR | Direct | Dial-Up | TCP/IP | BAR | |
| Disconnected (Offline) | Red | * | 商 | 88 | Comms Off | |
| Communication Failure | Yellow | * | 8 | 88 | Comms Fail | |
| Connected (Online) | Green | * | (3 | 88 | Comms Ok | |



If you wish to connect to a site for continuous communication, select the **Always** schedule in the **Comms** tab of the **Site Properties** window. Refer to "Selecting the Site Communication Schedule" on page 30.





Chapter 4: Holidays

What Will I Find?

| Adding a Holiday | . 40 |
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| Modifying a Holiday | . 40 |
| Deleting a Holiday | 11 |

Use holidays to define which days in a specific schedule or period are valid or invalid. Once created, you can assign the holiday to one or more holiday groups.

Adding a Holiday

Right-click **Holidays** in the desired **Site** branch and click **New Holiday**. You can also click **Holidays** and press the keyboard **Insert** key to add a new holiday. After adding a holiday, the **Holiday Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the holiday (see "Holiday Settings" on page 40). Up to 128 holidays can be created in the system.

Modifying a Holiday

From the desired **Site** branch in the **Database Tree View window**, right-click on the holiday you wish to modify, and click **Properties**. You can also click the desired holiday and press the keyboard **Enter** key. The **Holiday Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the holiday.

General Holiday Properties

From the Holiday Properties window, select the **Holiday** tab. This allows you to view some of the system's component addresses as well as record the holiday's name and any additional notes.

Typing the Holiday Name

Use the **Name** text field in the **Holiday** tab to identify the holiday. We recommend using a name that is representative of the holiday such as **New Year's Day**. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Holiday Notes

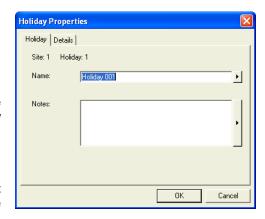
Use the **Notes** text field in the **Holiday** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of which schedules have this holiday selected. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Holiday Settings

You can define which days in a year are holidays and then the holidays can be assigned to a holiday group. If you assign the holiday to one or more holiday groups, schedules are valid or invalid depending on how the holiday group is assigned to a schedule's period (see "Schedule Periods" on page 45). If you do not assign a holiday to a holiday group, schedules are invalid (access denied) on that day.

Holiday group allows to group several holidays in one type.

Example: Christmas, New Year's Day, and Labour Day are all days where the site is closed and card holders are denied access all day. These can be grouped as **Holiday Group 1**. Half-days such as Christmas Eve, and New Year's Eve would be grouped as **Holiday Group 2**. Religious days would be grouped as **Holiday Group 3**.







Holidays

Creating a Holiday and Assigning it to a Holiday Group

Perform the following to define the day, month, and year of the desired holiday.

- 1. From the Holiday Properties window, select the Details tab.
- 2. From the **Day** drop-down list, select a day from 1 to 31.
- 3. From the **Month** drop-down list, select a month from January to December.
- 4. From the **Year** drop-down list, select the desired year. If it is a holiday that occurs on the same month and day every year (e.g. New Year's Day), select the **Every Year** option from the drop-down list.
- 5. If required, assign the holiday to the desired holiday group(s) by selecting the appropriate check box(es).
- 6. Click OK.

Deleting a Holiday

To delete an existing holiday, right-click the holiday from the appropriate **Site** branch in the **Database Tree View window**, and click **Delete**. You can also select the desired holiday and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.



CENTAUR 4.2 Holidays





Chapter 5: Schedules

What Will I Find?

| Adding a Schedule | 44 |
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| Modifying a Schedule | 44 |
| Deleting a Schedule | 17 |

A schedule can be used to schedule tasks, automate operations and to control access to doors, elevator floors, and much more. Schedules play an important role in the operation of many Centaur functions and are widely used throughout the software (see "Table 2" on page 44). A schedule is made up of up to eight time periods which determine when that schedule will be valid. Each period in a schedule specifies the days and times the schedule will be valid. For example, when programming doors, a schedule can be assigned to a specific door and the schedule will dictate when the door can be accessed without the use of a card.

Table 2: Where schedules can be used

| USED IN | AFFECTS | CROSS-REFERENCE | | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Site Programming | Communications Schedule | page 30 | | |
| | Global Anti-Passback Reset Schedule | page 34 | | |
| Access Level Programming | Card Programming | page 92 | | |
| Controller Programming | Anti-Passback Schedule | page 60 | | |
| | Anti-Passback Reset Schedule | page 60 | | |
| Door Programming | Keypad Enabling Schedule | page 73 | | |
| | Door Unlock Schedule | page 73 | | |
| | REX Input Enabling Schedule | page 76 | | |
| | Interlock Input Enabling Schedule | page 77 | | |
| Relay Programming | Timed Activation Schedule | page 111 | | |
| | Activating Schedule | page 112 | | |
| Input Programming | Input Enabling Schedule | page 121 | | |
| Event Programming | Event Display Schedule - General tab | page 135 | | |
| | Save to Disk Schedule - General tab | page 135 | | |
| | Device Activation Schedule - General tab | page 136 | | |
| | Acknowledge Schedule - Alarms tab | page 137 | | |
| | Sending E-mail Schedule - E-Mail tab | page 139 | | |
| | Sending ASCII Command Schedule - CCTV Control tab | page 140 | | |
| Elevator Control | Floor Group Enabling Schedule | page 143 | | |
| Programming | Floor Schedules | page 143 | | |

Please note that Centaur includes two default schedules (**Always** and **Never**) which cannot be modified or deleted. The **Always** schedule is valid 24 hours a day, 365 days per year including any programmed Holidays. The **Never** schedule is invalid at all times.

Adding a Schedule

In order to add a schedule, at least one site must be created. If you have not created a site, please refer to "Sites" on page 23.

To add a schedule, right-click **Schedules** in the desired Site and click **New Schedule** from the drop-down list. You can also click **Schedules** in the desired Site and press the keyboard **Insert** key. After adding a schedule, the **Schedule Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the schedule (see "General Schedule Properties" on page 45).

Modifying a Schedule

From the desired Site in the **Database Tree View window**, right-click the desired schedule from the **Schedules**, and click **Properties**. You can also click the desired schedule and press the keyboard **Enter** key. You cannot modify the default **Always** and **Never** schedules.



General Schedule Properties

From the **Schedule Properties** window, select the **Schedule** tab. This will allow you to view some of the system component addresses as well as record the schedule name and any additional notes.

Enabling the Schedule

Select the **Active** check box to enable the schedule, allowing you to assign the schedule as required. Clear the **Active** check box to disable the schedule without having to remove it from the database (this will disable any system device or card assigned to this schedule).

Typing the Schedule Name

Use the **Name** text field in the **Schedule** tab to identify the schedule. We recommend using a name that is representative of the schedule such as **Production Schedule**. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

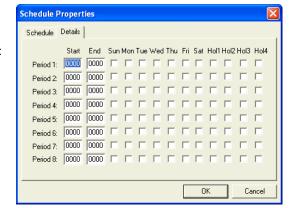
Typing the Schedule Notes

In the **Notes** text box, record any important explanations of the schedule and its use. Try to keep an up-to-date record of where the schedules are used. This will help you understand how disabling the schedule will affect the system. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Schedule Periods

Each schedule consists of up to eight periods and each period defines when the schedule will be valid. Each period can be programmed with a different start and end time. Use the check boxes to define which days of the week and which holiday groups will be used for each period. To define a schedule period:

- 1. From the Schedule Properties window, select the Details tab.
- 2. In the desired period **Start** and **End** text fields, type the period start and end time using the 24Hr clock. For more information, refer to "Setting the Period Start and End Time" on page 46.
- 3. Select the check box(es) corresponding to the day(s) of the week you wish to assign to the schedule. The schedule will only be valid during the days of the week that have been selected and only at the times specified by the start and end times.



- 4. To assign the period to a holiday group, select the check box(es) corresponding to the desired holiday groups. For more information, refer to "Assigning Holiday Groups to a Schedule Period" on page 47.
- 5. Click OK.

Example: In "Figure 7", the schedule will be valid from Monday to Friday between 7:00AM and 9:00PM and from Saturday to Sunday between 9:00AM and 1:00PM. The schedule will not be valid on any programmed holidays.

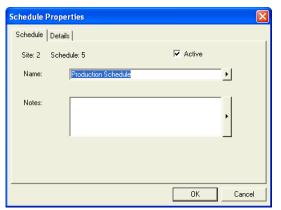
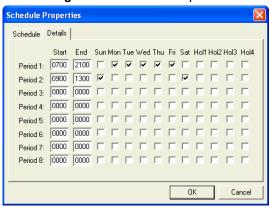


Figure 7: Schedule example



Setting the Period Start and End Time

When defining the schedule period (see "Schedule Periods" on page 45), the **Start** and **End** text fields define when the schedule is valid. The start and end times apply only to the selected days of the week. Note that you must use the 24Hr clock to program the times (i.e. 6:00PM = 1800). If you want the period to be valid 24 hours a day, type 0000 into the **Start** text field and 2400 into the **End** text field.

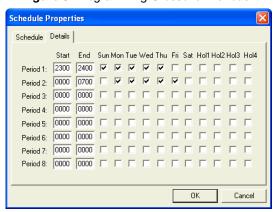


The start and end time of a single period cannot cross over into another day. You must use separate periods. For example, 23h (11 PM) Sunday night to 7h AM Friday morning must be programmed as follows:

Period 1 = Sunday 2300 to 2400

Period 2 = Friday 0000 to 0700.

Figure 8: Programming Crossover Periods





Assigning Holiday Groups to a Schedule Period

When defining the schedule's periods (see "Schedule Periods" on page 45), select the **Hol1**, **Hol2**, **Hol3**, and **Hol4** check boxes to assign any of the site holiday groups to one or more periods within the schedule. For more information on holidays, refer to "Creating a Holiday and Assigning it to a Holiday Group" on page 41. Holiday groups function as follows:

- When you clear a holiday group check box, the schedule's period is invalid during holidays assigned to that holiday group.
- When you select a holiday group check box, the schedule's period is **valid** between its start and end time on any holidays assigned to that holiday group, even if the holiday falls on a day that is not enabled in the schedule's period.
- To create a different start and end time period for holidays only (a holiday schedule), assign the holiday group to a separate (new) period. Set the start and end time, but do not select any of the "day" check boxes (Sun to Sat).

Deleting a Schedule

To delete an existing schedule, right-click the schedule from the **Schedules** and click **Delete**. You can also click the desired schedule from the **Schedules** and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation. You cannot delete the default **Always** and **Never** schedules. You cannot delete a schedule assigned/used in other parts of the system such as access levels, door schedules, etc.

CENTAUR 4.2 Schedules





Chapter 6: Controllers

What Will I Find?

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| Modifying a Controller | . 52 |
| Deleting a Controller | |
| Online Controller Firmware Upgrades | . 63 |
| Download | . 64 |
| Other Controller Management Options | . 65 |

Controllers are the heart of the Centaur access control system. The database is distributed to all controllers allowing them to make decisions in a fraction of a second, whether or not the managing computer is online. These controllers also feature online upgradable firmware and a real-time clock.

Program each controller individually by defining its door input and output configuration as well as setting its anti-passback options. For additional communication settings, refer to "Sites" on page 23. Each site can support up to 256 controllers.

Adding Controllers

Perform the following to add one controller or multiple controllers at one time:

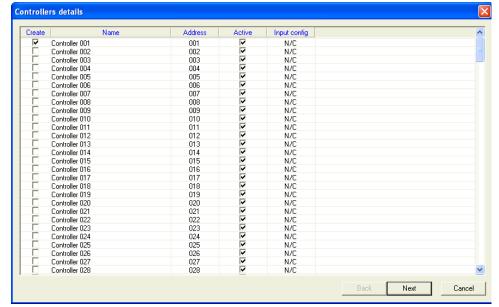
- 1. From the Database Tree View window, right-click **Controllers** from the desired Site and select **New Controllers** from the drop-down list. You can also click **Controllers** and press the keyboard **Insert** key.
- 2. A dialogue box appears providing you with the option to automatically create and link the default doors, inputs and outputs to the new controller(s). To use the Controller Configuration Wizard, click **Yes** and follow the steps detailed in "Controller Configuration Wizard" below. Otherwise, click **No** and continu with step 3.
- 3. Select the desired controller address(es) and click **OK**. For more information on controller addresses, refer to "Viewing the Controller Address" on page 52. After adding the controller(s), you will have to program each controller individually within the Controller Properties window (see "Modifying a Controller" on page 52).

Controller Configuration Wizard

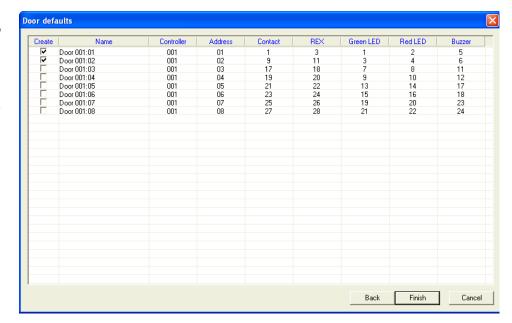


The Controller Configuration Wizard guides you through the minimum required settings to set up the default doors, inputs and outputs for the controller(s).

- Check the Create check box for each controller you want to create.
- To change the controller's name, double click on the name of the controller and type the new name.
- To automatically activate the controller once created, select its **Active** check box.
- Select the controller input configuration. See "Controller Configuration" on page 55 for more information.
- 5. Click Next.



- Under the Create label, select the check box next to each door address you would like to add for each controller.
- To change the door's name, double click on the name of the door and type the new name.
- 8. From the **Contact** dropdown list, select the contact's zone input address. If there is no contact associated with the door, select **None**.
- From the REX drop-down list, select the REX's zone input address. If there is no REX associated with the door, select None.



- 10. From the **Green LED** drop-down list, select the green LED's PGM output address. If there is no green LED associated with the door, select **None**.
- 11. From the **Red LED** drop-down list, select the red LED's PGM output address. If there is no red LED associated with the door, select **None**.
- 12. From the **Buzzer** drop-down list, select the buzzer's PGM output address. If there is no buzzer associated with the door, select **None**.
- 13. Click Finish.

Modifying a Controller

To modify an existing controller, right-click the desired controller from the **Controllers** and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also click the desired controller and press the keyboard **Enter** key. The **Controller Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the controller.

General Controller Properties

From the **Controller Properties** window, select the **Controller** tab to view the controller's address as well as record the controller's name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Controller Address

At the top of the **Controller** tab, Centaur will display the site's address as well as the controller's address. Each controller in a site is assigned to an address by setting the dip switches located on the controller (see "Table 3" on page 53). Also, refer to "Figure 9" on page 54.



The controller addresses are greatly affected by the controller's COM port assignment. Please refer to "Assigning COM Ports to Controller Addresses" on page 30 for more information.

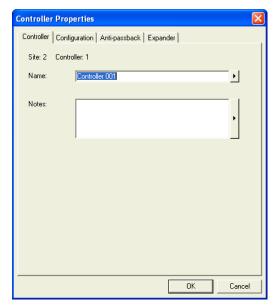


Table 3: Assigning Controller Addresses Via Dip Switches

| Cont. | Controller Dip Switches | | | | | | Cont. | Controller Dip Switches | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Add. | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | Add. | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
| 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | 33 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 2 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | 34 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 3 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | 35 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 4 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | 36 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 5 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | 37 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 6 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | 38 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 7 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | 39 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 8 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | 40 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 9 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | 41 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 10 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | 42 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 11 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | 43 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 12 | ON | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | 44 | ON | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 13 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | 45 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 14 | ON | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | 46 | ON | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 15 | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | 47 | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 16 | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | 48 | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 17 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | 49 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 18 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | 50 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 19 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | 51 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 20 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | 52 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 21 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | 53 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 22 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | 54 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 23 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | 55 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 24 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | 56 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 25 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | 57 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 26 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | 58 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 27 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | 59 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 28 | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | 60 | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 29 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF | 61 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 30 | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF | 62 | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 31 | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | 63 | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 32 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | 64 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |

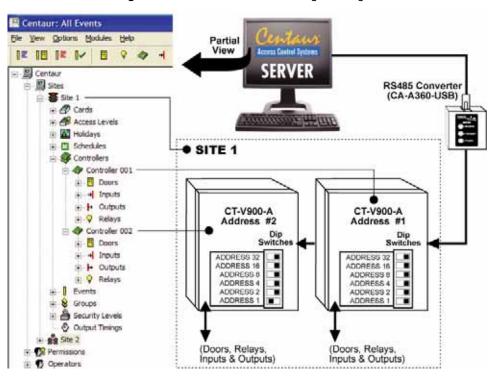


Figure 9: Overview of Controller Programming

Typing the Controller Name

Use the **Name** text field in the **Controller** tab to identify the controller's use or location. We recommend using name that is representative of the controller such as **Main Entrance**. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Controller Notes

Use the **Notes** text field in the **Controller** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of when and what settings were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Controller Configuration

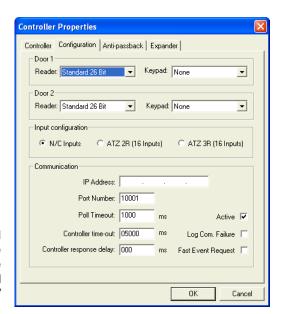
From the **Controller Properties** window, select the **Configuration** tab. The **Configuration** tab will allow you to program some of the communication settings as well as select the door and input configurations that will be used with the selected controller.



For more information on how to set up doors located on the 2-Door Expansion Modules, please refer to "Door Expansion Module Configuration" on page 61.

Selecting the Door Reader and Keypad Configuration

From the **Controller Properties** window, select the **Configuration** tab. Notice that when you click the **Configuration** tab, a **Reader** and a **Keypad** drop-down list appears for each door. Use these fields to configure the controller to function with the readers and/or keypads connected to the controller. In the **Configuration** tab, the doors will be labeled **Door 1** and **Door 2**. These are directly linked to where on the controller the readers and/or keypads are connected as shown in "Figure 10" on page 56.



CT-V900-A R1/5V 0 (Partial View) R1/0V R1/D0 0 R1/D1 0 **Controller Properties** × 0 OUT1 Reader and/or keypad Controller Configuration Anti-passback Expander for Door 1 OUT2 (2) Door 1 R1/KA 0 Keypad None Reader: Standard 26 Bit * R1/KB R1/KC 0 Door 2 R1/KD Ø Reader: Standard 26 Bit . Keypad: None * +12V 0 0 Input configuration +24V ♠ N/C Inputs C ATZ 2R (16 Inputs) C ATZ 3R (16 Inputs) 0 R2/5V 0 Communication R2/0V 0 IP Address: R2/D0 🕖 Port Number: 10001 R2/D1 (2) OUT3 Ø Poll Timeout 1000 Active V OUT4 0 Controller time-out: 05000 Log Com. Failure R2/KA Reader and/or keypad Controller response delay: 000 Fast Event Request | R2/KB for Door 2 R2/KC Ø R2/KD Ø +12V Ø OK Cancel 0 +24V

Figure 10: Controller's Door Configuration

Reader Type

From the Reader drop-down list, select the type of reader used. If no reader is being used on the selected door, select None.

Keypad Type

From the **Keypad** drop-down list, select the type of keypad used. If the controller's door is not using a keypad, select **None**. When both a reader and a keypad are used, only card holders with the **Use Keypad** option enabled (see "Use Keypad" on page 93) have to use both to gain access.



Setting the Controller Input Configuration

Each controller has eight inputs that can be doubled to 16 and each 2-Door Expansion Module (CA-A470-A) has four inputs. This means that the controller can monitor the state of up to 28 input devices. These inputs can be used to monitor devices such as magnetic contacts, motion detectors, and temperature sensors. Under **Input Configuration**, select one of the three following input configuration radio buttons. The selected input configuration applies to the controller's inputs and the inputs located on the controller's 2-Door Expansion Modules.

NC Inputs

This setup will not support tamper and wire fault (short circuit) recognition, but will generate an alarm condition when the state of the input is breached. All inputs on the selected controller and its 2-Door Expansion Modules must be connected using the NC Input Connection Method described in "NC Input Connection" on page 116.

ATZ 2R (16 Inputs)

This setup will not support wire fault (short circuit) recognition, but will generate an alarm condition when the state of the input is breached. This method also requires the connection of two devices to each controller's input for a total of 16 inputs. The 2-Door Expansion Modules do not support input doubling. All inputs on the selected controller and its 2-Door Expansion Modules must be connected using the ATZ 2R Input Connection Methods described in "ATZ 2R Connection" on page 117.

ATZ 3R (16 Inputs)

This setup generates an alarm condition when the state of the input is breached. An alarm condition is also generated when a wire fault (short circuit) occurs. This method requires the connection of two devices to each controller's input for a total of 16 inputs. The 2-Door Expansion Modules do not support input doubling. All inputs on the selected controller and its 2-Door Expansion Modules must be connected as described in "ATZ 3R Connection Method" on page 118.

Configuring the Controller Communication Settings

Under Communication, configure the controller's communication settings.

IP Address and Port Number

The **IP** Address and **Port Number** text fields are available only if the selected communication type is **TCP/IP** (**LAN/WAN**) as described in "Selecting the Site Communication Type" on page 27. Before entering this data, you need a "static" IP address and port number for each CA-ETHR-A, which should be provided by your Network Administrator. You will then need to program each CA-ETHR-A with an IP address and a port number. In the **IP** Address and **Port Number** text fields, type the IP address and port number programmed into the CA-ETHR-A device that is connected to the controller. If there are several controllers wired to one CA-ETHR-A device, then each controller on that loop must be programmed with the same IP address as detailed in the example below.

The first time you program a CA-ETHR-A, it will be done via a serial port using a null modem cable. To initiate a communication with the CA-ETHR-A, press the reset button and type **postech** with in 5 seconds, if you pass this delay you won't be able to log in. Once programmed, you will be able to access the configurations easily by using a web browser and simply typing in the IP address. To program the Port #, the range is from 1 - 65535, however do not use 21, 25, 8, or 110 as they are reserved. For further details please consult the CA-ETHR-A Installation Guide.

Example: In "Figure 11", the IP Address for controller #1 and #2 would be 10.10.10.2 and the IP Address for controller #3 and #4 would be 10.10.10.3. The port number for controller #1 and #2 would be 10001 and the port number for controller #3 and #4 would be 10001.

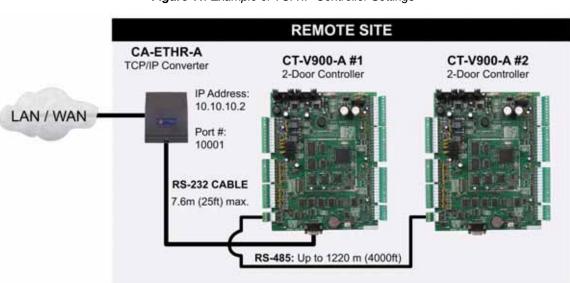
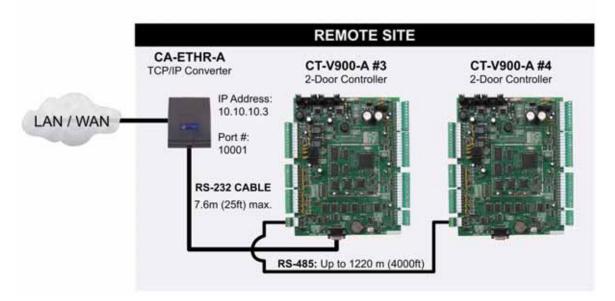


Figure 11: Example of TCP/IP Controller Settings



Poll Timeout

The **Poll Timeout** text field appears only if the selected communication type is **TCP/IP** (LAN/WAN) as described in "Selecting the Site Communication Type" on page 27. Depending on network traffic, you may need to increase this value to improve communication speed between the Centaur Server and the controllers. In the **Poll Timeout** text field, type a value between 500 and 5000 milliseconds.

Active

When the **Active** check box is selected, communication between the Centaur Server and the controller is possible. Clear the **Active** check box to cancel any communication between the controller and the Centaur Server.

Controller Timeout

Enter the length of time the controller will wait for a response from the Centaur Server before generating a Communication Failure locally at the controller.

Log Com. Failure

When the **Log Com. Failure** check box is selected, Communication Failures between the controller and the Centaur Server are logged.

Controller Response Delay

In the **Controller response delay** text field, type the amount of time (1 to 255 milliseconds) that the controller will wait before responding to a command from the Centaur Server.

Fast Event Request

When the Fast Event Request check box is selected, the event upload rate is increased in order to prevent lost of events.

Controller Anti-passback Settings

You can use local anti-passback to closely monitor the movements of the card holders and prevent any tailgating. Tailgating occurs when a card holder does not use a card at the reader and enters through the door opened by another card holder who has already used their card. To use this feature, the controller must have its doors configured as **Entry** and **Exit** doors. For more information, refer to "Doors" on page 67.

When a card is presented to an **Entry** reader, the controller labels the card as **in**. The next time the card is used, it must be presented to an **Exit** reader, in which case it will be labeled as **out**. Please note that the card holder must exit from an **Exit** door associated to the same controller. Two subsequent **Entries** or two subsequent **Exits** will cause the controller to generate the appropriate **Access Denied - Anti-passback violation** event.

Centaur also supports **Global Anti-Passback**, which functions independently of the local anti-passback settings defined in the following sections. For more information, refer to "Global Entry or Global Exit" on page 71.

Enabling Controller Anti-passback

Select the **Anti-passback** tab and select the **Anti-passback** check box to activate the anti-passback feature.

Selecting the Anti-Passback Schedule

From the **Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule during which the anti-passback status of card holders will be monitored. Note that the **Anti-passback** check box must be selected. For more information on schedules, refer to "Schedules" on page 43.

Enabling Hard-passback

Select the **Hard-passback** check box to deny access to the door when the "Access Denied - Anti-passback violation" event occurs. Clear this check box to grant access to the door when the **Access Denied - Anti-passback violation** event occurs. Please note that to enable hard-passback you must also enable the **Anti-Passback**.

Selecting the Anti-passback Reset Schedule

From the **Reset Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule that will reset the anti-passback status of all card holders to **unknown**. This reset will

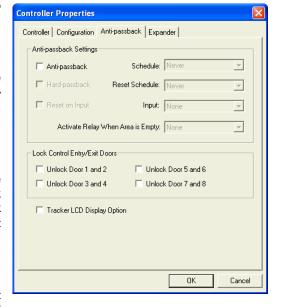
occur at the start of every period in the selected schedule. For more information on schedules, refer to "Schedules" on page 43.

Selecting the Anti-passback Reset Input

Select the **Reset on Input** check box, and select an input from the **Input** drop-down list. Clear the check box to deactivate this feature.

Selecting the Anti-passback Activation Relay

From the **Activate Relay When Area is Empty** drop-down list, select the relay that will activate whenever there are no longer any cards in the controller labelled as **in**. For example, you can use the relay to arm a security system when everyone is out of the building.





Setting Lock Control for Entry/Exit Doors

When doors are set up for **Entry** and **Exit** (see "Selecting a Door Type" on page 71), the controller can be programmed to unlock both doors upon valid access. Under the **Lock Control Entry/Exit Doors** heading, select one or more of the following check boxes: **Unlock Door 1 and 2**, **Unlock Door 3 and 4**, **Unlock Door 5 and 6**, and **Unlock Door 7 and 8**. This feature is typically used when an entry and exit reader are set up on the same door and the door is using both a magnetic lock and an electromagnetic lock.

Enabling the Tracker LCD Display Option

Each Tracker LCD is assigned to a specific door. When this feature is disabled, the Tracker LCD keypad will only display messages that occur on the assigned door. Select the **Tracker LCD Display Option**. When selected, Tracker LCD keypad can be used to display the messages for both doors on the controller or 2-Door Expansion Module. For example, a Tracker LCD keypad assigned to door 1 will display messages occurring on doors 1 and 2.

Door Expansion Module Configuration

Select the **Expander** tab to program door and keypad configurations that will be used with the selected controller's 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A). A maximum of three 2-Door Expansion Modules can be used with each controller.

Door Expander's Configuration

Notice that when you click the **Expander** tab, two **Reader** and two **Keypad** drop-down lists appear for each 2-Door Expansion Module. Use these fields to configure the readers and/or keypads connected to the 2-Door Expansion Modules. In the **Expander** tab, each **Reader** and **Keypad** drop-down list is associated with a predetermined input on a specific 2-Door Expansion Module, which is determined by its DIP switch settingsas shown in "Figure 12" on page 62.

Reader

From the **Reader** drop-down list, select the type of reader used. If no reader is being used on the selected door input, select **None**.

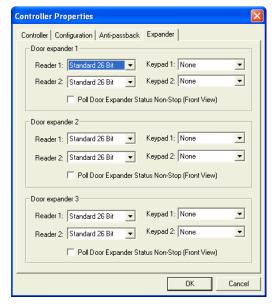
Keypad

From the **Keypad** drop-down list, select the type of keypad used. If the door is not using a keypad, select **None**. When both a reader and a

keypad are used, only card holders with the **Use Keypad** option enabled (see "Use Keypad" on page 93) have to use both to gain access.

Poll Door Expander Status Non-Stop

By enabling the **Poll Door Expander Status Non-Stop (Front View)** check box, Centaur will poll the selected 2-Door Expansion Module every time it polls the controller. Select this feature when using Centaur's **FrontView**. If it is not selected, Centaur's **FrontView** might display the 2-Door Expansion module as offline. If you are not using Centaur's **FontView**, clear this feature check box.



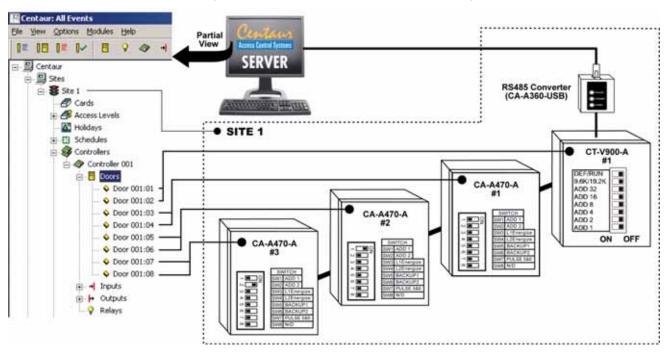


Figure 12: 2-Door Expansion Module's Door Configuration

Deleting a Controller

To delete an existing controller, right-click the desired controller from the **Controllers** and click **Delete**. You can also click the desired controller and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.

Online Controller Firmware Upgrades

With the Centaur software there's no need to change the microchips of each controller. Centaur can download the new firmware to some or all of the controllers in your installation in just a few easy steps.



When updating the controllers, the controllers cannot control access or perform any other monitoring functions. Therefore, we recommend that firmware updates are performed when traffic is at a minimum and advise users of any interruptions that may occur.

The latest version of the controller firmware can be downloaded from our website at www.cdvi.ca. Please note that the controller firmware consists of two files, one with a HXL extension and the other with a HXH extension. Also, the file name will indicate the version and release number of the firmware. Use the **View Controller Status** command (see page 65) to verify the application version currently used by the controller.



Each site must be updated separately. We recommend one controller at a time.

Updating Controller Firmware

Once the firmware files have been downloaded from our website, the controller(s) can be updated within Centaur. Perform the following to update the controller's firmware:

- 1. Ensure that you are connected (communicating) with the controllers in Centaur. The Centaur software must be running.
- 2. Within Centaur, expand the desired Site in the Database Tree View window and expand the Controllers folder.
- 3. From the expanded Controllers folder, right-click on a controller whose firmware you would like to update and click **Update Firmware**.
- 4. Under the Firmware Files heading, browse and select the required HXH file.
- 5. Click Update.

Download

The Centaur software can download the following system characteristics to one or all controllers in a site: access levels, cards, controllers, doors, holidays, inputs, input groups, outputs, output timings, relays, relay groups, and schedules. If any system characteristics are set when a controller is online, Centaur will automatically download the information to all controllers in the site.

When to Use the Download Function

- When you update the controller firmware (see "Online Controller Firmware Upgrades" on page 63), the controller memory will be erased. You must download the Centaur database to the controllers.
- If you wish to program any items without connecting to the site, you must download the system characteristics to the controllers the next time you connect.
- If you wish to download a particular characteristic to a specific controller in a site, program the desired characteristic without connecting, then connect and download to the desired controller.

Downloading to One Controllers

- 1. To download to one controller in a site, from the desired Site, right-click a controller from the Controllers.
- 2. From the drop-down list, select **Download**.
- 3. Click **All** or only the specific programming item you wish to download (i.e. doors). Please note that download time depends on the size of the database. Downloading 20 cards will take less time than 3,500 cards.



Other Controller Management Options

The following controller management options are also available when you right-click a controller within the **Controllers** of a desired site.

Updating the Controller Time

The Centaur software can update the date and time of one controller or all controllers in a site. To do so, right-click a controller from the **Controllers** of the desired site, and click **Update Time**. In the Date/Time window, type the required date and time. If you wish to update all controllers in the selected site, select the **Update all controllers on this site** check box. Click **OK**. Also, refer to "Updating the Controller Time Automatically" on page 32.

Viewing Controller Status

The **View Controller Status** command allows you to view the complete details of each controller. The Centaur software will display the selected controller's site, address, status, firmware version, number of cards and errors that may have occurred and the controller's voltage status. To view the controller status, right-click the desired controller from the **Controllers** and click **View Controller Status**.

Resetting the Controller

To perform a controller reset, right-click a controller from the desired site's **Controllers** and click **Reset Controller**. This will not affect any items you may have already programmed, such as cards, doors, inputs, etc.



If the DIP switch on the controller is set to "default", performing a controller reset will reset all programming such as cards, doors, and inputs to default.

Activating/Deactivating the Controller

To activate a controller, right-click a controller from the desired site's **Controllers** and click **Activate Controller**. To deactivate a controller, right-click a controller from the desired site's **Controllers** and click **Deactivate Controller**.





Chapter 7: Doors

What Will I Find?

| Adding Doors | (| 68 |
|---------------------|---|----|
| Modifying a Door | (| 69 |
| Deleting a Door | 8 | 80 |
| Display Door Status | | 81 |

Each controller includes 2 reader and 2 keypad inputs, which can monitor the state of up to 2 doors. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 2 reader and 2 keypad inputs each. Therefore, each controller can monitor the state of up to 8 doors.

The term **door** refers to any access point controlled by a reader and/or keypad such as a door, turnstile, gate, cabinet, etc. To control entry and exit to an access point, a reader and/or keypad can be used on both sides of the door. This also provides the ability to set up Interlock ("mantrap") or Anti-passback applications.

The use of door contacts on all controlled doors is highly recommended since it greatly enhances the level of security provided by an access control system. Many of the door's programmable options can only be used if a door contact is installed.

Adding Doors

In order to add one or more doors, at least one site and one controller must be created. If you have not created a site, please refer to "Sites" on page 23. For more information on setting up a controller, refer to "Controllers" on page 49. When adding doors, you will be required to select an address for each door (refer to "Viewing the Door Address" on page 69).

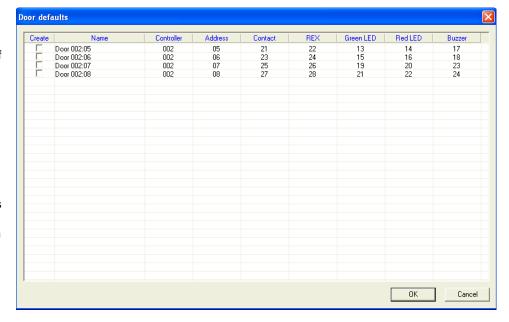
Perform the following to add a door:

- 1. From the Database Tree View window, right-click the Doors from the desired controller and click **New Doors**. You can also click the Doors and press the keyboard **Insert** key.
- 2. A dialogue box appears requesting if you would like to use the Door Configuration Wizard. The Door Configuration Wizard guides you through the minimum required settings to set up your doors. If you want to use the Door Configuration Wizard, click **Yes** and follow the steps detailed in "Using the Door Configuration Wizard" on page 68. If you do not want to use the Door Configuration Wizard, click **No** and go to step 3.
- 3. In the **Add Devices** window, select the door address(es) and click **OK**. After adding the door(s), you will have to configure them within the **Door Properties** window (see "Modifying a Door" on page 69).

Using the Door Configuration Wizard

The Door Configuration Wizard guides you through the minimum required settings to set up your doors.

- When adding a door, a dialog box appears asking if you would like to use the Door Configuration Wizard. If you click Yes, the Door Defaults window appears.
- Under the Create heading, select the check box next to the door address you would like to add.
- From the Contact dropdown list, select the contact's zone input address. If there is no contact associated with the door, select None.
- From the REX drop-down list, select the REX's zone input address. If there is no REX associated with the door, select None.



- 5. From the **Green LED** drop-down list, select the green LED's PGM output address. If there is no green LED associated with the door, select **None**.
- 6. From the **Red LED** drop-down list, select the red LED's PGM output address. If there is no red LED associated with the door, select **None**.



- 7. From the **Buzzer** drop-down list, select the buzzer's PGM output address. If there is no buzzer associated with the door, select **None**.
- 8. To add another door, repeat steps 2 to 7.
- 9. Click OK.

Modifying a Door

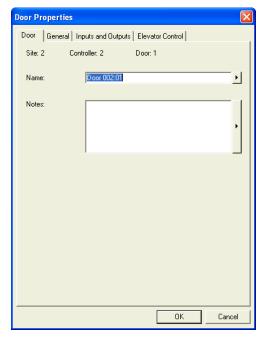
Right-click the desired door from the **Doors** found within the appropriate controller's branch and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired door and press the keyboard **Enter** key. The **Door Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the door.

General Door Properties

The **Door** tab will allow you to view some of the system component addresses as well as record the door name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Door Address

At the top of the **Door** tab, Centaur will display the door address, as well as the address of the controller and site to which it is connected. The door addresses are represented by which input the door reader and/or keypad is connected to (see"Figure 13").



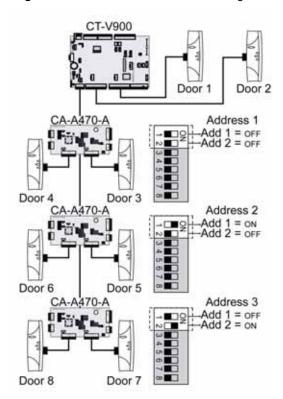


Figure 13: Controller's Door Address Assignment

Typing the Door Name

Use the **Name** text field to identify the door and its location. We recommend using a name that is representative of the door such as "Main Entrance". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Door Notes

Use the **Notes** text field in the **Door** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of what settings were changed and when they were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Door Settings

Each controller includes 2 reader and 2 keypad inputs, which can monitor the state of up to 2 doors. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 2 reader and 2 keypad inputs each. Therefore, each controller can monitor the state of up to 8 doors.

The term "door" refers to any access point controlled by a reader and/or keypad such as a door, turnstile, gate, cabinet, etc. To control entry and exit to an access point a reader and/or keypad can be used on both sides of the door. This also provides the ability to set up Interlock ("mantrap") or Anti-passback applications. Centaur enables you to define a specific configuration for each door as well as set the door's various timers.

Selecting a Door Type

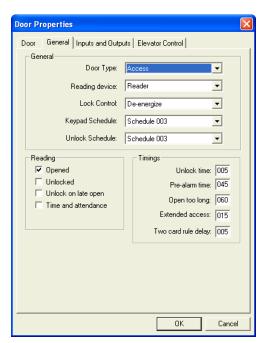
Depending on the hardware configuration being used for the selected door, you must select the appropriate door type for the selected door. From the **Door Properties** window, select the **General** tab. From the **Door Type** dropdown list, select the required door type:

Access

Select the **Access** door type if you plan to use the controlled entry (one reader access) configuration. This means the reader will be located on one side of a door with no reader on the other side.

Elevator

When using CA-A480 Elevator Controllers (refer to "Elevator Control" on page 105), a reader can be installed inside an elevator. When you select **Elevator** from the **Door Type** drop-down list, Centaur tells the controller that the selected door reader will be installed inside an elevator cart for elevator control. The door cannot be used for any other purpose. Also note that options and features located in the **Elevator Control** tab can only be set when the Door Type is set to **Elevator** (see "Floor Public Access Schedule" on page 79). Each controller door can control up to 64 floors for one elevator cart. Please note that the number of floors is defined per site and not per door (see "Site Floor Settings" on page 35). For example, if you define a site with 20 floors and set up four doors from the same site for elevator



control, each door will represent a different elevator cart for the same 20 floors.



The Elevator door type cannot be selected for doors located on a 2-Door Expansion Module (doors 3 to 8). Only the controller doors can be set with the Elevator door type.

Entry or Exit

Select the **Entry** door type for the reader located on the entry side of the door and select the **Exit** door type for the exit reader located on the other side of the door. This configuration must be used to implement the local Anti-passback feature (see "Enabling Controller Anti-passback" on page 60).

Global Entry or Global Exit

These door types allow you to use global anti-passback, which functions independently and provides more versatility than the local anti-passback feature (see "Enabling Controller Anti-passback" on page 60).

When using Entry and Exit door types (see above), card holders must enter and exit through a door on the same controller.

When using the Global Entry and Global Exit door types, a card holder can enter through a door defined as global entry, and then the card holder can exit through any door defined as global exit.

You can also reset the global anti-passback status of all card holders. For more information, refer to "Selecting a Site's Global Anti-Passback Reset Schedule" on page 34.



Global Entry and Exit will only function when the Centaur Server is online (connected). Please note that when using Global Entry and Exit, the Centaur system will also generate a "Waiting for Host" event with every "Access Granted" event generated from a door defined with Global Entry or Exit.

Example: As demonstrated in "Figure 14", if a card holder were to enter through door 1 (Global Entry), the card holder would be able to exit through either door 1 (Global Exit) or door 2 (Global Exit), but not through door 3 since it is not defined as a Global Exit (meaning that the card holder would still be considered as in).

exit here

Door 1
(Global Entry/Exit)

enter here

Door 3

(Entry/Exit)

Figure 14: Global Entry/Exit

Two Card Rule

Select the **Two Card Rule** door type when two card holder credentials are mandatory to access the door. This means that the two card holders will have to present their cards one after the other within the defined delay as defined in the "Two card rule delay" on page 75.

Selecting the Reading Devices

From the **Reading device** drop-down list, select the device that will be used to obtain access to the door, either a keypad, or a reader.

Reader

If you are connecting a reader, or a reader and a keypad, select **Reader** from the drop-down list. The controller will recognize the use of a keypad if a keypad has been set up in the controller door configuration (see "Selecting the Door Reader and Keypad Configuration" on page 55).

Keypad

If you are connecting only a keypad (no reader) to the door input, select **Keypad** from the drop-down list.



Selecting the Lock Control Type

From the **Lock Control** drop-down list, select the activation (locking) method that will be used by the door when an "Access Granted" or "Unlock" event occurs.

De-energize

To operate in **fail-secure** mode (apply power to unlock a door), select **De-energize** from the **Lock Control** drop-down list. This means the selected lock output on the controller will remain de-activated. When an **Access Granted** or **Door Unlocked** event occurs, the controller will apply power to the lock output. If an electric door strike is used, this mode will keep the door locked during a total power loss.

Energize

To operate in **fail-safe** mode (remove power to unlock a door), select **Energize** from the **Lock Control** drop-down list. This means the lock output on the controller will remain activated. When an **Access Granted** or **Door Unlocked** event occurs, the controller will remove power from the lock output. If an electric door strike or an electromagnetic lock is used, this mode will unlock the door during a total power loss.

Selecting a Keypad Schedule

From the **Keypad Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule that will determine when both a reader and a keypad must be used in order to gain access. When the selected schedule is valid, the card holder must present a valid card to the reader, and then a valid P.I.N. must be entered on the keypad before access is granted. Only cards with the **Use Keypad** option enabled must enter a valid keypad P.I.N. (see "Use Keypad" on page 93). For more information on schedules, refer to "Schedules" on page 43.

Selecting the Door Unlock Schedule

From the **Unlock Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule during which a controlled door will automatically unlock. For example, you may want a door to remain open (unlocked) from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday to Friday. To do so, create the appropriate schedule and select it from the **Unlock Schedule** drop-down list. For more information on schedules, refer to "Schedules" on page 43. Also, refer to "Unlock on Late Open" on page 73.

Setting the Reading Type Options

Under the **Reading Type** heading, select one or more of the following check boxes. These check boxes determine how and when a controller will read (log) the presentation of a card to the door's reader.

Opened

When the **Opened** check box is selected, the controller will continue to read cards presented to the door reader when the door is already opened. This option is commonly used in conjunction with the "Controller Anti-passback Settings" (see page 60) in high-traffic areas. This prevents Anti-passback errors from occurring due to users forgetting to wait until the door is closed before presenting their card.

Unlocked

When the **Unlocked** check box is selected, the controller will continue to read cards presented to the door's reader when the door is already unlocked. This option is commonly used in conjunction with the "Controller Anti-passback Settings" (see page 60) when the door may be unlocked by a schedule. This prevents Anti-passback errors from occurring due to a user presenting a card to a reader of a door that has already been unlocked by a schedule.

Unlock on Late Open

When "Selecting the Door Unlock Schedule" (see page 73), select **Unlock on Late Open** to prevent the door from unlocking automatically until the first person with valid access presents their card at the door.



Example: The feature is enabled and the front door of an establishment has been programmed to unlock (via schedule) between 8AM and 5PM. If by 8:15 no one has presented their card to the front door's reader, it will not unlock. When the first person arrives at 8:30AM and presents a valid card, the door will remain unlocked until 5PM.

Time and Attendance

When the **Time and Attendance** check box is selected, the time and attendance from the punch device become available for the ProReport module.

Setting the Door Timers

Under the **Timings** heading, you can set four different door timers as detailed below.

Unlock Time

In the **Unlock time** text field enter a value between 001 and 999 seconds (Default: 5 seconds). This value represents the amount of time the door will remain unlocked when an "Access Granted" or "Unlock" event is generated from the door. The door will only remain unlocked for the entire Unlock Time if the Door Input Relock schedule and REX Input Relock schedule are disabled or if no door input has been programmed. For more information, refer to "Door Inputs and Outputs" on page 76.

Pre-alarm Time

Before generating an **Open Too Long** event (see "Open Too Long" on page 74), the controller can be programmed to generate a pre-alarm as a warning of the upcoming alarm. In the **Pre-alarm time** text field, type a value between 001 and 999 seconds (Default: 45 seconds). This value represents the amount of time a door can remain open after an **Access Granted** or **Door Unlock** event before generating a **Door Left Open** event. The **Pre-alarm time** should always be less than the **Open too long time** (see "Figure 15"). The controller can also be programmed to activate an output when a **Door Left Open** event is generated (see "Outputs" on page 125).

Open Too Long

In the **Open too long** text field, enter a value between **1** and **999** seconds (Default: 60 seconds). This value represents the amount of time a door can remain open after an **Access Granted** or **Door Unlock** event before generating a **Door Open Too Long** event (see "Figure 15"). The controller can also be programmed to activate an output when a **Door Open Too Long** event is generated (see "Outputs" on page 125). Also, refer to "Pre-alarm Time" on page 74.



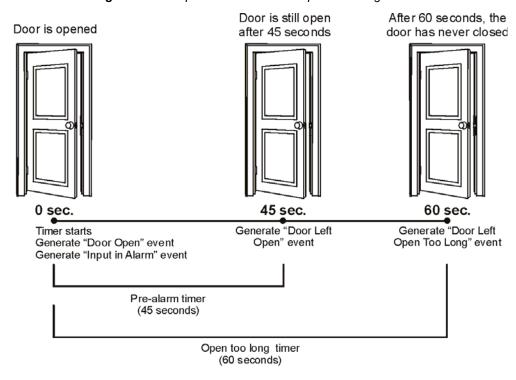


Figure 15: Example of Pre-Alarm and Open Too Long Timers

Extended Access

When a card holder is granted access, the controller will unlock the door for the period defined by the "Unlock Time" (see page 74). However, if the card has been programmed with the **Extended** option (see "Setting Card Options" on page 93), the controller will unlock the door for the duration of the **Unlock Time** in addition to the value programmed in the **Extended access** timer. In the **Extended access** text field, type a value between 1 and 999 seconds (Default: 15 seconds). This option is particularly useful for individuals that may require more time to access the door.

Example: A card that has the **Extended access** option enabled is granted access to the **Front Door**. This door's **Unlock Time** is 15 seconds and its **Extended access** timer is 30 seconds. This means the door will remain unlocked for 45 seconds instead of only 15 seconds.

Two card rule delay

When two card holders are mandatory to access a specific door, see "Two Card Rule" on page 72, the **Two card rule delay** determines the delay within which the two card holders have to present their cards in order to grant access to the door. In the **Two card rule delay** text field, type a value between **1** and **999** seconds (Default: 5 seconds).

Door Inputs and Outputs

The **Inputs and Outputs** tab will allow you to specify the configuration for the door input, REX input and its interlock (mantrap) input as well as select which output(s) can be activated for the selected door.

Assigning a Door Input

After installing a door contact, use the **Door Input** settings to enable the controller to supervise the status of a door (open/closed). A door input is used:

- To generate Door Open and Door Forced events
- To generate **Open Too Long** and **Door Left Open** events (see "Setting the Door Timers" on page 74)
- To effectively use the Anti-passback feature (see "Controller Anti-passback Settings" on page 60)
- For Interlock ("mantrap") applications (see "Assigning an Interlock Input" on page 77)

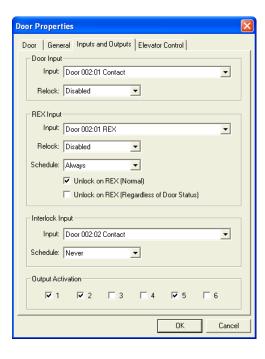
Perform the following to set up a door input:

- A door contact must be installed above the door and it must be connected to an input on the controller (see the appropriate controller's Installation Manual).
- 2. The input must be programmed as detailed in "Inputs" on page 115.
- 3. Under the **Door Input** heading, select the desired input from the **Input** drop-down list.
- 4. Select a relock option from the **Relock** drop-down list under the **Door Input** heading. After a valid access through the use of a card, the control panel can relock the door as soon as it opens (**Door opening**), when the door closes (**Door closing**), or if you select **Disabled**, it will relock when the Unlock Time has elapsed (see "Unlock Time" on page 74). Also, refer to "Selecting the Lock Control Type" on page 73.

Assigning a REX Input (Request for Exit)

A request for exit (REX) input is required if you have selected the Access (controlled entry) configuration (see "Selecting a Door Type" on page 71). If you do not use a REX input, the controller will not be able to distinguish between a valid exit and a forced exit. The controller will always generate a "Door Forced" event. Perform the following to set up a REX input:

- 1. A vertical motion detector must be installed above the door and it must be connected to an input on the controller (refer to the appropriate controller's *Installation Manual*).
- 2. The input must be programmed as detailed in "Inputs" on page 115.
- 3. Under the REX Input heading, select the desired input from the Input drop-down list.
- 4. From the **Schedule** drop-down list under the **REX Input** heading, select the schedule which will define when the REX can be used.





- 5. Select a relock option from the Relock drop-down list under the REX Input heading. After a valid Request for Exit access, the control panel can relock the door as soon as it opens (Door opening), when the door closes (Door closing), or if you select Disabled, it will relock when the Unlock Time has elapsed (see "Unlock Time" on page 74). Also, refer to "Selecting the Lock Control Type" on page 73.
- 6. Select the **Unlock on REX (Normal)** check box if you wish the controller to unlock the door when the controller receives a valid **Request for Exit** (the door must be closed and locked). To unlock the door regardless of its current status (i.e. **Door forced**, **Door open too long**, etc.), select the **Unlock on Rex (Regardless of Door Status)** check box.

Assigning an Interlock Input

This feature allows you to set up the doors for use with Interlock (**Mantrap**) applications. A "mantrap" consists of two doors, each controlled by a card reader and/or keypad. When one of the two doors is open or unlock, it is impossible to open the other door until both doors are closed. Please note that the selected doors must be from the same controller.

An interlock input is required if the door will be used in a "mantrap" configuration or to generate **Access Denied - Interlock Active** and **Interlock Enabled/Disabled by Schedule** events



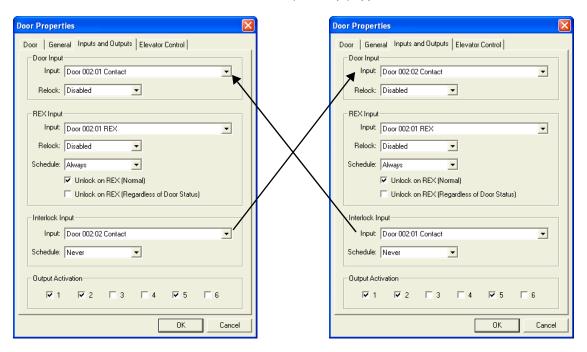
The Interlock Inputs feature cannot be used with doors located on a 2-Door Expansion Module (doors 3 to 8). Only the controller's doors can use Interlock Inputs.

Perform these steps for each of the two doors being used in the mantrap configuration.

- 1. Make sure the door inputs have been programmed (see "Assigning a Door Input" on page 76).
- 2. From the **Input** drop-down list under the **Interlock Input** heading, select the same input that is assigned to the door input of the other door in the **mantrap** configuration.
- 3. From the **Schedule** drop-down list under the **Interlock Input** heading, select the schedule which will define when the Interlock (**mantrap**) configuration can be used.



Notice how the input selected for the **Interlock Input** is the same input used for the opposite door's **Door Input**. This is how the controller determines which two doors are used for the Interlock ("Mantrap") application.



Assigning Outputs to a Door

Each controller has six multi-function outputs. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 6 outputs each. Therefore, each controller can support a maximum of 24 outputs. Up to 6 outputs can be assigned to the selected door. Typically, these outputs are used to indicate whether a card is granted access and/or the status of the door by activating and controlling the LEDs and buzzers normally found on the readers and keypads.

Depending on the selected door, the **Output Activation** check boxes will be numbered differently. Each group of doors is assigned specific output addresses as demonstrated below:

- Outputs 1 to 6 belong to Doors 1 and 2 (controller)
- Outputs 7 to 12 belong to Doors 3 and 4 (CA-A470-A: DIP 1 off, DIP 2 off)
- Outputs 13 to 18 belong to Doors 5 and 6 (CA-A470-A: DIP 1 on, DIP 2 off)
- Outputs 19 to 24 belong to Doors 7 and 8 (CA-A470-A: DIP 1 off, DIP 2 on)

The selected door and its selected outputs must be from the same controller or the same expansion module. For example, outputs 7 to 12 can only be used with doors 3 and 4; they cannot be used with doors 1 and 2, or 5 to 8. When a check mark is placed in the appropriate output check boxes under the **Output Activation** heading, the selected output(s) will operate as defined by the output's programmed features (refer to "Outputs" on page 125).



Floor Public Access Schedule

When using CA-A480 Elevator Controllers (refer to "Elevator Control" on page 105), a reader can be installed inside an elevator. Each controller's door (elevator cart) can be programmed with a general/public access schedule by assigning a schedule to each of the door's assigned floors. This defines, for the selected door, which floors are accessible to the general public (no access card required) and during which time period. Please note that to program these schedules, the door type must be set to **Elevator** (see "Door Settings" on page 71).



The Elevator Floor Schedule cannot be used with doors located on a 2-Door Expansion Module (doors 3 to 8). Only the controller's doors can be set for elevator control.

Setting Up a Door Public Access Schedule

Perform the following to assign one or more floors to a door and to assign a schedule to each floor:

- 1. To assign a floor to the door, select the check box associated with the desired floor. The **Schedule** drop-down list will become active.
- 2. From the **Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule you would like to assign to the selected floor. Although there is only one **Schedule** drop-down list, you can assign a different schedule to each selected floor. The selected schedule will be assigned to the highlighted floor whose check box is selected.
- 3. Return to step 2 to assign another floor and schedule, or click **OK** to save and exit.

Example: In "Figure 16", the "Parking Level 2" floor is enabled and has been assigned the "Weekly (General)" schedule. This means that access to that floor is unrestricted when the "Weekly (General)" schedule is valid. Any user, even those without access cards, can access the "Parking Level 2" floor.

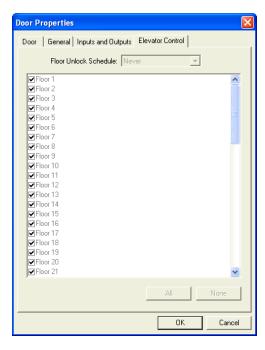


Figure 16: Example of Programming a Door's Floor Schedules

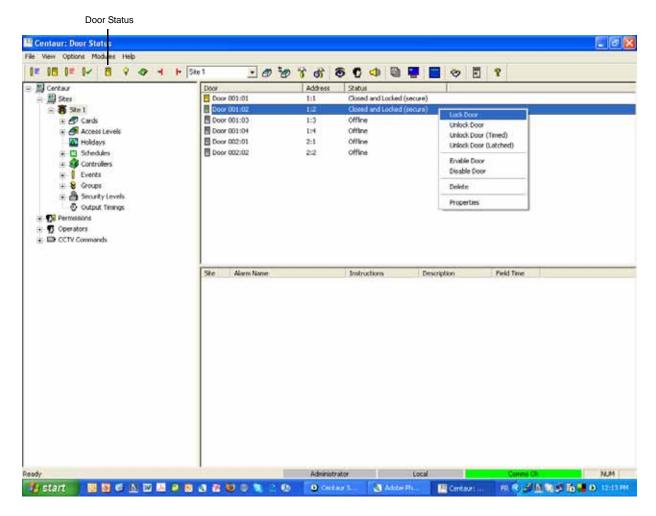
Deleting a Door

To delete an existing door, right-click the desired door from the Doors branch and click **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired door and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.

Doors

Display Door Status

When you click on the **Door Status** icon, from the menu bar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the doors in the system. If you wish to manually change the status of a door, right-click the desired door. You can also use the keyboard **Shift** or **Ctrl** key to select multiple doors if you wish to modify several doors in the same manner at once and then right-click on any of the selected doors. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the actions from the list. For more information, refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Door" on page 165.







Chapter 8: Access Levels

What Will I Find?

| Adding an Access Level | . 84 |
|---------------------------|------|
| Modifying an Access Level | . 84 |
| Poloting an Access Level | 96 |

Access levels determine which doors in the system a card holder will have access to and during which periods. This is done by enabling the desired doors in an access level, then assigning a schedule to each selected door and assigning the access level to the desired cards. Please note that the 256 access levels include two default access levels (**All** and **None**) which cannot be modified or deleted. The **All** access level provides access to any door that exists in the site, 24 hours a day including any programmed holidays. The **None** access level will deny all access at all times. For information on how the access levels are used, refer to "Cards" on page 87.



In order to program the access levels, you must first program the "Sites" on page 23, the "Doors" on page 67 and "Schedules" on page 43.

Adding an Access Level

To add an access level, right-click **Access Levels** in the desired Site branch and click **New Access Level** from the drop-down list. You can also click **Access Levels** and press the keyboard **Insert** key to add an access level. After adding an access level, the **Access Level Properties** window will appear, allowing you to configure the access level. See "Modifying an Access Level" for more information.

Modifying an Access Level

From the desired Site branch in the **Database Tree View window**, right-click the access level you wish to modify and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired access level and press the keyboard **Enter** key. You cannot modify the default **All** and **None** access levels.

General Access Level Properties

From the this window, select the **Access Level** tab. This will allow you to view some of the system component addresses as well record the access level name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Access Level Address

At the top of the **Access Level** tab, Centaur displays the selected site's address as well as the address of the access level. The first access level created is assigned **Access Level: 3** as its address. Every time an access level is added, Centaur increments the access level's address by one. Addresses 1 and 2 are reserved for the **All** and **None** access levels.

Enabling the Access Level

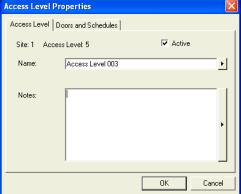
Select the **Active** check box to enable the access level, allowing you to assign the access level as required. Clear the **Active** check box to disable the access level without having to remove it from the database (this will disable any card assigned with this access level).

Typing the Access Level Name

In the **Name** text field, type a descriptive name for the access level (e.g. Management). Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Access Level Notes

Record any important explanations regarding the access level and its use. Use the **Notes** text field to keep a record of how an access level was changed and when it was changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.





Access Level Doors and Schedules

Access levels determine which doors in the system a card holder will have access to and during which periods. This is done by enabling the desired doors in an access level, then assigning a schedule to each selected door and assigning the access level to the desired cards.

For information on how to create doors, see "Doors" on page 67. For information on how to create schedules, see "Schedules" on page 43. For information on how to assign an access level to a card, see "Cards" on page 87.

Assigning Doors and Schedules to an Access Level

Perform the following to define the access level:

- 1. Select the **Doors and Schedules** tab. A list of all doors that have been created in the site will appear with a check box on the left of each one.
- 2. To assign a door to the access level, select the check box associated with the desired door. A **Schedule** drop-down list will become active.
- 3. From the **Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule you would like to assign to the selected door.
- 4. Repeat steps step 2-3 to assign another door and schedule or click **OK** to save and exit.

Example: In "Figure 17", the **Back Door** is enabled and has been assigned the **General** schedule. This means any card holder assigned with this access level will be granted access to the back door only when the **General** schedule is valid.

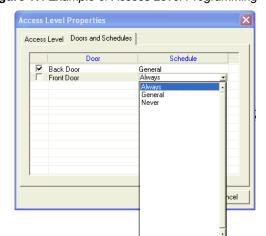
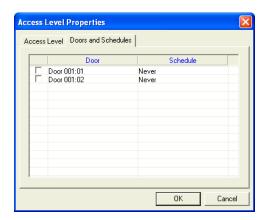


Figure 17: Example of Access Level Programming



Deleting an Access Level

In the Database Tree View window (left-hand portion of your screen), right-click the desired access level and click **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired access level and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation. You cannot delete the default **All** and **None** access levels.



Chapter 9: Cards

What Will I Find?

| Adding Cards | . 89 |
|------------------------------------|------|
| Modifying a Card | |
| Deleting a Card | |
| Centaur Card Management Feature | |
| Centaur Card Import/Export Feature | |

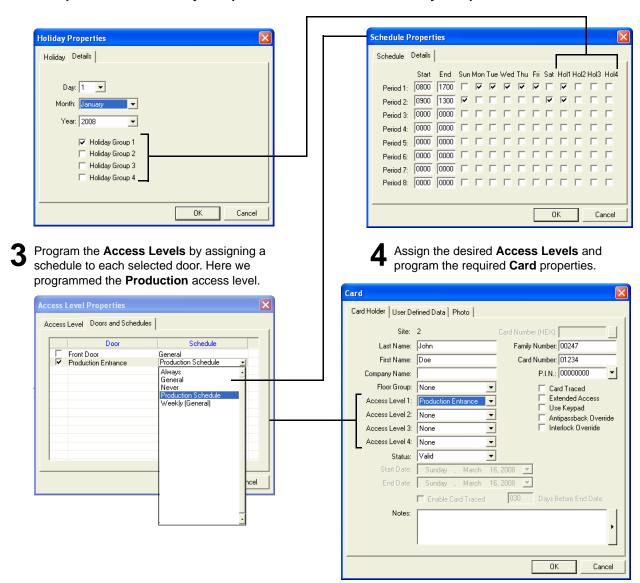
Programming a card allows you to define the card's specific privileges and any details concerning the card holder. When setting up the card holders in the system, you must define WHO has access to WHERE, and WHEN they have access. In order to program the cards, you must first program the site (see "Sites" on page 23), doors (see "Doors" on page 67), holidays (see "Holidays" on page 39), schedules (see "Schedules" on page 43), and access levels (see "Access Levels" on page 83). Please note that the number of cards your system can support is also limited by your Centaur edition (refer to "Centaur Editions" on page 2).

Example: In "Figure 18", John Doe will have access to the "Production Entrance" from 8:00AM to 5:00PM, Monday to Friday including New Year's Day, and 9:00AM to 13:00PM Sunday and Sathurday.

Figure 18: Overview of Card Programming

Program the **Holidays** and assign each holiday to one or more **Holiday Groups**.

Program the periods and assign the desired Holiday Groups for each desired Schedule.



Programming a card allows you to define the card's specific privileges and any details concerning the card holder. Cards can be added individually or in batches. Cards can also be added, modified, and deleted using the Centaur's card management software. Centaur's card management software was designed specifically for programming card properties and includes an advanced search engine that simplifies the task of creating and managing several cards. For more information refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96. You can also add cards to a site by using the "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102.

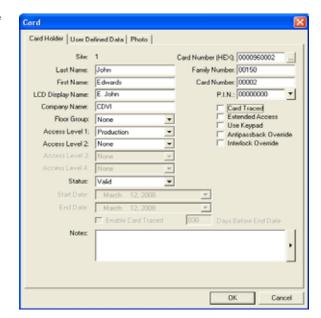


In order to program the cards, you must first program the site (see "Sites" on page 23), doors (see "Doors" on page 67), holidays (see "Holidays" on page 39), schedules (see "Schedules" on page 43), and access levels (see "Access Levels" on page 83.

Adding Cards

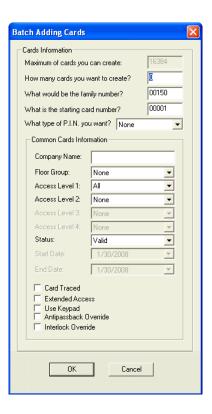
In the Database Tree View window, right-click **Cards** from the desired Site branch and click **New Card**. You can also select **Cards** and press the keyboard **Insert** key. The Card window will appear, allowing you to configure the card properties. Refer to "Modifying a Card" on page 91 for more information.

Also, refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96 and "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102.



CENTAUR 4.2 Cards

You can also add a batch of new cards all at once rather than adding each card individually. In the Database Tree View window, right-click **Cards** from the desired Site branch and select **New Cards**. Within the **Batch Adding Cards** window, specify how many cards you would like to create as well as any common card information you would like to specify for all cards and click **OK**. Centaur adds the specified amount of cards to your database and autoincrements the card numbers. If you wish to modify the cards, you will have to modify them individually within the Card window (see "Modifying a Card" on page 91).



Modifying a Card

From the desired Site branch in the Database Tree View window, right-click the card you wish to modify and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired card and press the keyboard **Enter** key. Also, refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96.

Card Holder Details

From the **Card** window, select the **Card Holder** tab. This will allow you to view the site address, to assign access levels and to program the card holder details, card number, and card options. Also, refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96.

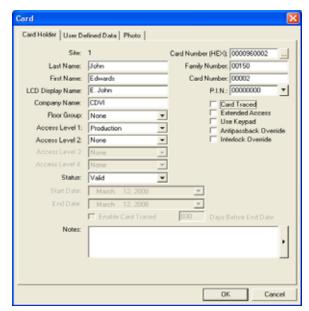
Use the **Last Name**, **First Name**, **Company Name**, and **Notes** text fields to identify the card holder's name and any additional notes that may be required. All recorded text excluding the **Notes** field will appear when displaying the **Access Events** in the Real-Time Events/Status window (see "Display Access Events" on page 164).

Card Number

Use the **Family Number** and **Card Number** text fields to identify which access card will be assigned to the user.

Family Number

The family number can be found printed directly on the card or written on a cross-reference sheet. The family number is always the first part of the number and is usually followed by a colon (e.g. **247**:1234). If you cannot locate the family number, you can present the card to any reader in the system and its family and

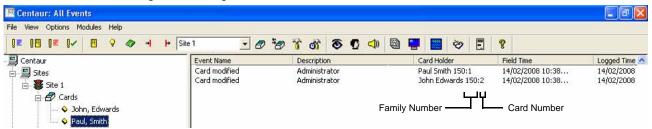


card number will appear in the Card Holder field of the Real-Time Events/Status window (see "Figure 19"). When you have located the correct number, type it into the **Family Number** text box. This text box will not be available if the maximum family number is set to 0 (see "Selecting the Cards Maximum Family Number" on page 34).

Card Number and Card Number (HEX)

The card number can be found printed directly on the card or written on a cross-reference sheet. The card number is always the second part of the number and is usually preceded by a colon (e.g. 247:1234). If you cannot locate the card number, you can present the card to any reader in the system and its family and card number will appear in the Card Holder field of the Real-Time Events/Status window (see "Figure 19"). When you have located the correct number, type it into the Card Number text box. Alternatively, enter the card number in hexadecimal in the Card Number (Hex) field when the "Hexadecimal Card Numbers" check box on page 33 is selected. Entering the Card Number in decimal format will affect the Card Number (HEX) field and vice versa.

Figure 19: Using the Real-Time Events/Status window to Find Out the Card Number



Click on the ... button to load or add a card using a CMPP card enrolment station. This button is only available when the **Activate CMPP** check box is selected (refer to "Activating CMPP for a Site" on page 37).

Assigning Access to a Card

The Floor Group, Access Level 1 to Access Level 4 drop-down lists identify which doors and floors the card holder can access.

Floor Group

To obtain access to a door defined for elevator control, the desired cards must be assigned a valid floor group. If the selected site has been set up for elevator control, a list of existing floor groups will appear in the **Floor Group** drop-down list. Select the floor group you wish to assign to the card. This will determine which floors and during which schedule a card holder will have access. For more information on floor groups, refer to "Groups" on page 141.

Access Level

Up to two access levels can be assigned to each card by default, and up to four when the "Extended Access Levels (Levels 3/4)" check box is selected (refer to page 33). When you click one of the **Access Level** drop-down lists, all active access levels in the selected site will appear. Select the access level(s) you wish to assign to the card. This will determine which doors in the site the card holder will have access to and during which time periods each door can be accessed. For information, refer to "Access Levels" on page 83. If two or more access levels are assigned to a card, access is granted as long as one of the defined access levels is valid when the card is presented.



Setting Card Options

The following check boxes can be used to enable or disable the corresponding options or features.

P.I.N.

If the **Use Keypad** check box has been selected (see Use Keypad on page 93), the card holder will have to type the P.I.N. (Personal Identification Number) recorded in the **P.I.N.** text box on the system keypad. The P.I.N. can be from four to eight digits in length and each digit can be any numerical value from zero to nine. The P.I.N. length is also a function of the keypad hardware being used. If desired, Centaur can automatically generate a unique P.I.N. for you. To do so, click the drop-down arrow to the right of the **P.I.N.** text field and select the desired P.I.N. length.

Card Traced

Track a card holder's movements by generating a **Card Traced** event in addition to the **Access Granted** or **Access Denied** event every time the card is used. To enable this feature, select the **Card Traced** check box. You can use Centaur's report generation feature to generate a report of all the **Card Traced** events. The **Card Traced** event can also be used to activate a device such as a relay. The relay can be connected to a signalling device, warning the operator that a card with the **Card Traced** feature enabled has been presented to a reader. For more information, refer to "Events" on page 133.

Extended Access

When a card holder is granted access to a door, the door will remain unlocked for the period defined by the door's "Unlock Time" (see page 74). When the **Extended Access** check box is selected, the door will remain unlocked for the duration of the door's "Extended Access" (see page 75) in addition to its **Unlock Time**. This option is particularly useful for individuals that may require more time to access the door.

Example: A card holder is granted access to the front door with an **Unlock Time** of 15 seconds and an **Extended Access** time of 30 seconds. If the option is enabled, the door will remain unlocked for 45 seconds instead of only 15 seconds.

Use Keypad

This option is used when a card holder presents their card to a reader that is accompanied by a keypad on the same side of the door. If the **Use Keypad** check box is selected, the card holder will have to enter a "P.I.N." (see page 93) on the keypad after presenting their card to the reader before being granted access.

Anti-passback Override

When the **Anti-passback Override** check box is selected, all the controllers in the site will ignore the anti-passback status of the card (see "Enabling Controller Anti-passback" on page 60).

Interlock Override

An interlock installation consists of two doors each controlled by a reader. Access will not be granted to a door in this configuration if the other door is already open or unlock. With the **Interlock Override** feature enabled, the card holder does not have to wait for both doors to be closed in order to access a door using the interlock feature. When using this option and access is granted, the controller will generate an **Access Granted - Interlock Override** event. Also refer to "Assigning an Interlock Input" on page 77.



Selecting Card Status

Each card can be tagged with one of five status levels. These status levels will determine when a card holder's access card is valid. Click the **Status** drop-down list to select one of the following status levels.

Valid

As soon as you click **OK**, the card's programmed access privileges are valid and the card holder can begin using their card until the status is changed.

Stolen, Invalid, or Lost

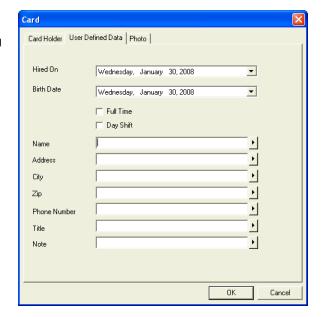
These status levels allow you to indefinitely revoke a card's privileges without having to remove it from the database. As soon as you click **OK**, the card can no longer be used until the status is changed.

Pending

You can use this status level to create a card prior to the date the card becomes valid or for personnel on contract which would require a card to be active for a specific period of time. When you select **Pending** from the **Status** drop-down list, the **Start Date**, **End Date**, **Enable Card Traced**, and **Days Before End Date** options become available. Use the **Start Date** and **End Date** drop-down lists to select the day, month, and year the card becomes valid and the day, month, and year the card expires. The card becomes active at 00:00 of the selected **Start Date** and expires at 24:00 of the selected **End Date**. When the **Enable Card Traced** check box is selected, a card traced event will be generated when the card is presented within the defined number of days (**Days Before End Date**) before the **End Date**.

Typing Additional Card Holder Details

From the **Card** window, select the **User Defined Data** tab and use these fields to record any additional information about the card holder. For information on how to customize the titles of these fields, refer to "Defining the User Definable Card Fields" on page 32.



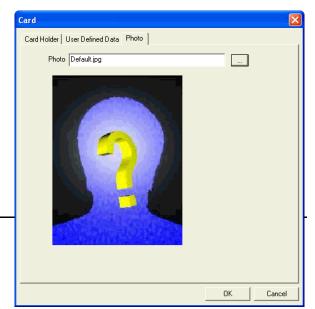


Adding a Photo to the Card

You can associate a picture of the card holder with the selected card, which is commonly used with Centaur's visual authentication feature (see "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96). When a card is presented to a reader, Centaur's visual authentication software can display the card holder's picture. Select the **Photo** tab and type the photo's path in the **Photo** text field, or click the ... button and select the photo from the list. By default Centaur will display the Default.jpg file.

Deleting a Card

In the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired card and click **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired card and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation. Also, refer to "Centaur Card Management Feature" on page 96.



Centaur Card Management Feature

Centaur Card Management feature is an application that is automatically installed with the Centaur software. It provides an easy to use interface to program the card properties (see "Card Holder Details" on page 91) without having to deal with long card lists in the Database Tree View window and includes an advanced search engine. You can run Centaur Card Management feature without having to run Centaur.

Starting Centaur Card Management Feature

Centaur Card Management feature can be started using one of two methods. To start Centaur Card Management feature from within Centaur, click the **Open FrontCard** icon from the toolbar (refer to "Toolbar" on page 19), or click the **Modules** menu and click **FrontCard**. You can also simultaneously press the **Ctrl** and **F1** keys. The **FrontCard** Site Selection window appears. In the **Site** list, select the site whose cards you want to view or modify and click **OK**.

To start Centaur Card Management feature without Centaur running:

- 1. From Windows, click Start, Programs, CDV Americas, Centaur, Administration Console, and click FrontCard.
- From the Logon window, type the appropriate Logon ID and Password. Centaur Card Management feature uses the same logon IDs and passwords as Centaur. If you are logging on from a networked workstation, type the Centaur Server computer's network name or IP address in the Computer text field. Select the desired language from the Language list.
- 3. The **FrontCard Site Selection** window appears. In the **Site** list, select the site whose cards you want to view or modify and click **OK**.



Using Centaur Card Management Feature

After starting Centaur Card Management feature, all actions are performed using the icon toolbar at the top of the **FrontCard** window. At any time you can use the **Card Holder**, **User Defined Data**, and **Photo** tabs to view and/or edit the current card. For more information on the settings available in these tabs, refer to "Card Holder Details" on page 91. See "Defining Card Badge" on page 98 for more information on the **Badge** tab.

Cards are sorted by last name or by card number depending on the option selected when starting the card management feature from Start, Programs, CDV Americas, Centaur, Administration Console, and FrontCard.

Scrolling Through the Site's Cards
Click the scroll buttons (I◀ ◀ ▶ ▶I) to
scroll backward or forward through the
cards available in the selected site.

Add a New Card

To create a new card, click the **Add new** card record button (+), program the card's settings and click the **Save Changes** button (🖫).

Delete A Card

To delete the currently selected card, click the **Delete card record** button (-).

Save Changes

To save any changes made to the currently selected card, click the **Save Changes** button (\mathbb{H}).

Undo Changes

To undo any changes made to the currently selected card, click the Cancel changes button (\).

Print the Card (on an Access Card)

To print directly on an access card, first define the card badge and click the **Print the card (on an access card)** button. Refer to "Defining Card Badge" on page 98 for more information.

Print Card Information (on Paper)

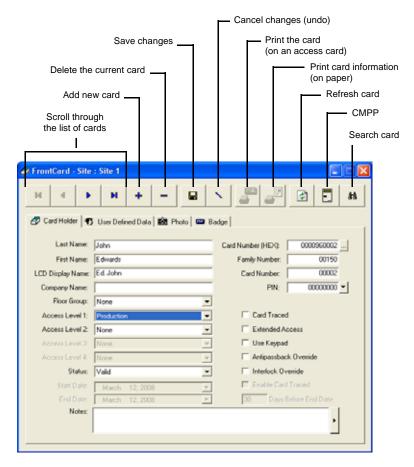
To print the card information on paper, click the **Print Card Information (on paper)** button and click **OK** from the print window.

Refresh

To update the list of cards with any cards that may have been added to the database using another method, click the **Refresh** button.

CMPP

To load or add a card using a CMPP card enrolment station, click the CMPP button.



Search

To search for a card using specific criteria:

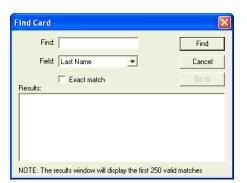
Click the **Find Card Record** icon (binoculars). The **Find Card** window appears.

From the **Field** drop-down list, select the desired criteria. The criteria that can be selected are as follows: **Family Number**, **Card Number**, **PIN Number**, **First Name**, **Last Name**, **Company**, **Card Number** (**Hex**), or any of the text fields found in the **User Defined Data** tab.

In the **Find** text field, type the text that Centaur card management software will search for. The text should be representative of the criteria selected in step 2. If you want the search to match exactly what is typed in the **Find** field, select the **Exact match** check box.

Click the Find button.

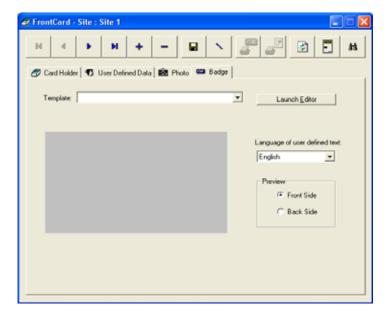
From the **Results** list, highlight the desired card and click the **Go to** button to edit the card.



Defining Card Badge

The card badge is used to define what will be printed directly on the front and back sides of an access card.

- 1. From the **FrontCard** window, select the **Badge** tab.
- Select a Template from the list or use the Launch Editor button to create a new template (see "Launching the Centaur Badge Editor" on page 99).
- Select the language to be used from the Language of user defined text drop list.
- From the Preview's Front Side and Back Side radio buttons, select the front or back side preview to be displayed.



Launching the Centaur Badge Editor

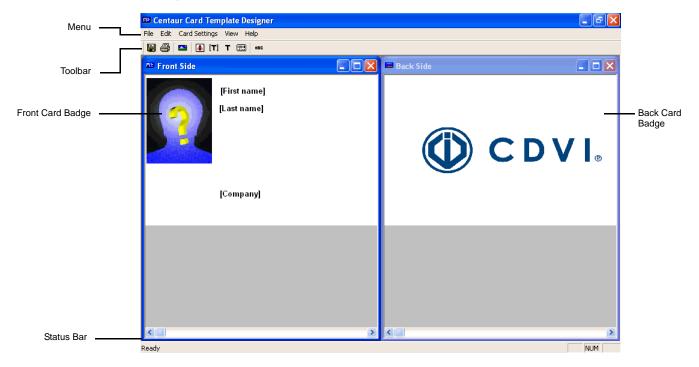
The Centaur Card Template Designer allows defining the front and back side of the badge.

- 1. To launch the editor, click on the Launch Editor button.
 - a) Select a template and click **Load** to open the selected template.
 - Select a template and click **Rename** to rename the selected template.



- c) Click **New** to create a new template, enter the name of the template, and click **OK**.
- d) Select a template and click **Delete** to delete the selected template.
- e) Click Cancel to guit the editor.

The Centaur Card Template Designer editor is displayed when you have selected to Load the selected template.



Menu

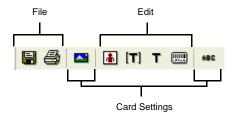
The menu gives access to the File, Edit, Card Settings, View, and Help menus.

- The File menu gives access to the Template selection, Save, Print, and Exit.
- The **Edit** menu gives access to the following to add items to the template. For each item selected, click on the screen where the field needs to be located. Click and drag the inserted field to change its location on the badge.
 - Add Photo: Allows to add the photo to the badge template.
 - Add Card Info: Allows to add predefined card fields from the "Card Holder Details" on page 91 and "Typing Additional Card Holder Details" on page 94. Select a field from the Card Data drop list, and click OK.
 - Add Static Text: Allows to add static text to the badge template.
 - Add Barcode: Allows to add a barcode.
- The Card Settings menu gives access to the following:
 - **Background Images**: Allows to add a background image to the badge template. Select the background image for the Front and/or the Back of the badge, and click **OK**.
 - **Default Font**: Allows the selection of the font that will be used for the card fields inserted after the font selection. The **Default Font** does not affect the fields that are already inserted to the badge template.
 - Flip (Portrait / Landscape): Allows to switch the editor layout from portrait to landscape or vice versa.
- · The View menu gives access to the following:
 - Toolbar: Allows to show or hide the Toolbar.
 - Status Bar: Allows to show or hide the Status Bar.
 - Show / Hide Front Side: Allows to show or hide the card badge front side.
 - Show / Hide Back Side: Allows to show or hide the card badge back side.
 - Tile Horizontally: Allows to display the front side of the card badge on top of the back side.
 - Tile Vertically: Allows to display the front side of the card badge beside the back side.
 - 1 Front Side and 2 Back Side: Allows the selection of either the front side or the back for edition.
- The **Help** menu gives access to About Centaur Badge Editor window.



Toolbar

The Toolbar is divided in different categories as described in the following picture.



| CATEGORY | BUTTON | DESCRIPTION | SHORTCUT KEY | MENU |
|------------------|------------|---|-----------------|--|
| File | | Template Allows selecting a template. | Ctrl+L | File -> Template |
| | | Save Allows saving the template. | Ctrl+S | File -> Save |
| | | Print Allows printing the template layout. | | File -> Print |
| | | Exit Allows to quit the Centaur Card Template Designer. | | File -> Exit |
| Edit | • | Add Photo | Ctrl+P | Edit -> Add Photo |
| | [T] | Add Card Info | Ctrl+I | Edit -> Add Card Info |
| | T | Add Static Text | Ctrl+T | Edit -> Add Static Text |
| | | Add Barcode | Ctrl+B | Edit - Add Barcode |
| Card Settings | | Background Image | Ctrl+G | Card Settings -> Background Image |
| | 986 | Default Font | Ctrl+D | Card Settings -> Default Font |
| | | Flip (Portrait / Landscape) | Ctrl+F | Card Settings -> Flip (Portrait / Landscape) |

Status Bar

The status bar is located at the bottom portion of your screen and allows to display the Centaur Card Template Designer status.

Centaur Card Import/Export Feature

Centaur includes a card import and export feature which enables you to export Centaur card data to a .csv file or import a .csv file containing card data into Centaur's card database. This application can be useful, for example, if you require several card holders to have access to more than one site. After creating all the cards in one site, export the cards into a .csv file from the site containing the desired cards. Then import the .csv file you created into the desired sites.

Starting the Centaur Card Import/Export Feature

Centaur's Card Import/Export feature can be started using one of four methods. To start this feature from within Centaur, click the **Open Card Import/Export** icon from the toolbar, or click **Modules** and click **Card Import/Export**. You can also simultaneously press the **Ctrl** and **F2** keys.

To start Centaur Card Import/Export feature without Centaur running:

- 1. Click Start, Programs, CDV Americas, Centaur, Administration Console, and click Card Import-Export.
- 2. From the Logon window, type the appropriate **Logon ID** and **Password**. Centaur Card Import/Export feature uses the same logon IDs and passwords as Centaur.
- 3. Click OK.

Exporting Cards

- 4. After starting Centaur Card Import/Export feature, click Next.
- 5. Select Export Cards, click Next, and click Next again.
- 6. Select the site that contains the card data that you want to export and click **Next**.
- 7. Type the name of the .csv file that you want to create or click the ... button to select a file name and location. Click **Next**. The default export file location is **My Documents**.
- 8. Select a delimiter that will separate the card data fields. If you want the name of each field to appear in the first row (i.e. last name, card number, etc.), select the **First row contains field names** check box. Click **Next**.
- 9. Items in the bottom list box represent data fields that will be exported into the .csv file. Highlight the desired data fields from either list box and click the **Add** and **Remove** buttons until the desired data fields appear in the bottom list box. Click **Next**.
- 10. Click Finish. A message appears indicating that the information has been successfully exported. Click OK.



Cards

Importing Cards



If the site you are importing the cards into already contains cards that are also in the .csv file, errors may occur.

- 1. After starting Centaur Card Import/Export feature, click **Next**.
- 2. Select Import Cards, click Next, and click Next again.
- 3. Select the site that you want to import the card data into and click Next.
- 4. Type the name of the .csv file that you want to import or click the ... button to select a file name and location. Click Next.
- 5. Select a delimiter that separates the card data fields in the selected .csv file. If the .csv file contains a colon delimiter between the family and card number, select the Use: delimiter for Family/Card number check box. If the .csv file contains field names in the first row, select the First row contains field names check box. If the .csv file contains hexadecimal family numbers, select the Hex Family number check box. Click Next.
- 6. Select the default access levels and floor group you wish to assign to all the imported cards and click **Next**. These can be changed afterwards.
- Items in the bottom list box represent data fields that will be imported into the selected site. Highlight the desired data fields from either list box and click the Add and Remove buttons until the desired data fields appear in the bottom list box. Click Next.
- 8. You can click **Preview** to review the data fields that will be imported into the selected site. Click **Finish** when you are done. A message appears indicating that the information has been successfully imported. Click **OK**.



You must close and restart the Centaur administration console for all changes to take effect.





Chapter 10: Elevator Control

What Will I Find?

Using the Centaur software, you can control the access of up to 64 floors per site. Each of the CA-A480 Elevator Controllers can control up to 16 floors and up to eight elevator controllers can be supported by each controller. You can interface the elevator cart's floor buttons with the elevator controllers' relays and program them to follow a public access schedule (no card required) or to limit access to individuals with a valid card. Only the floors that have been assigned to the elevator cart's public access schedule or to a floor group assigned to a card will be active.

Overview of Elevator Control

Elevator control allows you to define when certain floors from an elevator cart can be accessed and by whom these can be accessed.

- Each site can control up to 64 floors.
- Each CA-A480-A Elevator Controller controls up to 16 floors.
- Each controller supports up to eight CA-A480-A Elevator Controllers.
- · Each door supports four elevator controllers for up to 64 floors.
- Each door in a site represents an elevator cart and each one controls the same floors defined by the site.

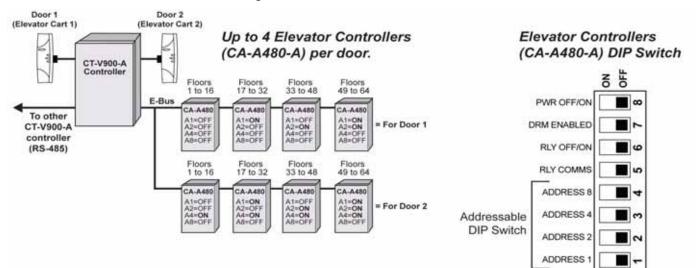


Figure 20: Basic Overview of Elevator Controllers

Quick Start Programming

To properly set up Centaur for elevator control, several different elements must be programmed as defined here:

- Access the Site Properties window by right-clicking on the desired site from the Database Tree View window and selecting
 Properties from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired site and press the keyboard Enter key. In the Site
 Properties window, select the Floors tab and define the names and numbers of the site's logical floors (see "Site Floor
 Settings" on page 35).
- 2. Program the door's reader for elevator control and install it inside the elevator cart. The door cannot be used for any other purpose other than elevator control. Access the Door Properties window by right-clicking on the desired door from the desired controller's branch within the selected site and clicking **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired door and press the keyboard **Enter** key. In the Door Properties window of the desired door, select the **General** tab and set the **Door Type** to **Elevator** (see "Door Settings" on page 71). Please note that you cannot use any doors from the 2-Door Expansion Modules for elevator control.



- Define when each floor of a door/elevator cart is accessible to the general public (no access card required). In the Door
 Properties window of the desired door, select the Elevator Control tab and assign a schedule to each floor (see "Floor
 Public Access Schedule" on page 79).
- 4. To access a floor when its schedule is invalid, you must create a floor group and assign the floor group to the desired cards. Expand the Groups branch within the Database Tree View window, right-click on Floor Groups and click New Floor Group from the drop-down list. You can also select Floor Groups and press the keyboard Insert key. In the Floor Group Properties window, select the Floors tab and assign specific floors to the floor group and then assign a schedule and an alternate schedule to the floor group (see "Floor Group's Floors and Schedules" on page 143).
- 5. Access the Card Properties window of a desired card by right-clicking on the desired card and selecting **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired card and press the keyboard **Enter** key. In the Card window, select the **Card Holder** tab and assign a floor group to the card (see "Card Holder Details" on page 91).

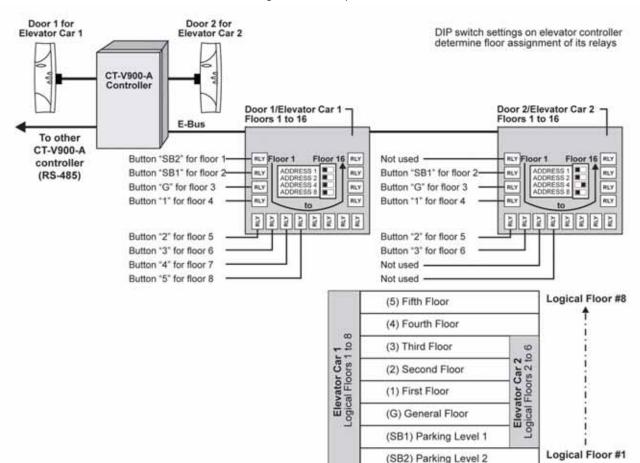


Figure 21: Example of Elevator Control

CENTAUR 4.2 Elevator Control





Chapter 11: Relays

What Will I Find?

| Adding Relays | 110 |
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| Modifying a Relay | 110 |
| Deleting a Relay | 113 |
| Display Relay Status and Manual Controls | 113 |

The CA-A460-P Relay Expansion Module adds seven additional relays to the CT-V900-A controller. Up to two relay expansion modules can be added to each controller for a total of 16 relays per controller.

Typically, the relays are used to activate alarm sounders or other devices such as lighting control units and air conditioners. The relays can be programmed to follow a schedule or to activate upon the validity of a schedule and disable after a programmed timer has elapsed.

In order to add or create one or more relays, at least one site and one controller must be created. If you have not created a site, please refer to "Sites" on page 23. For more information on setting up a controller, refer to "Controllers" on page 49. When adding relays using the methods described in the following sections, you will be required to select an address for each relay. These addresses represent a specific relay on the selected controller or on a Relay Expansion Module connected to the controller (see "Figure 22" on page 111).

Adding Relays

If you wish to add one relay or multiple relays at one time, right-click **Relays** from the desired controller in the Database Tree View window and select **New Relays**. You can also select **Relays** and press the keyboard **Insert** key. Select the desired relay address(es) and click **OK**. After adding the relay(s), you will have to configure them within the Relay Properties window (see "Modifying a Relay").



Modifying a Relay

From the desired controller's branch in the Database Tree View window, right-click the relay you wish to modify and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired relay and press the keyboard **Enter** key.

General Relay Properties

From **Relay Properties** window, select the **Relay** tab. The **Relay** tab will allow you to view the component addresses as well as record the relay's name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Relay Address

At the top of the **Relay** tab, Centaur will display the relay's address, as well as the address of the controller and site to which it is connected. For details on relay addresses, refer to "Figure 22" on page 111. For details on controller addresses, refer to "Viewing the Controller Address" on page 52.

Figure 22: Relay Address Assignment for Each Controller Relays 1 and 2 are found on the controller. UCD CT-V900-A Relays 3-16 are found UG Controller on the relay expansion modules. Relay Add. 1 A maximum of two relay expansion modules can Relay be connected to the controller. Add. 2 **RELAY EXPANSION MODULE #2 RELAY EXPANSION MODULE #1** Module Addressable umper Relay Relay Relay Relay Relay Relay Add. 4 Add. 6 Add. 8 Add. 15 Add. 11 Add. 13

Relay

Add. 10

Relay

Add. 12

Relay

Add. 14

Relay

Typing the Relay Name

Relay

Add.

Relay

Add. 5

Relay

Add. 7

Relay

Add. 9

Use the **Name** text field to identify the relay's use or location. We recommend using a name that is representative of the device that it is controlling such as "Alarm Sounder Relay". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Relay Notes

Use the **Notes** text field to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of when and what settings were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Relay Activation Properties

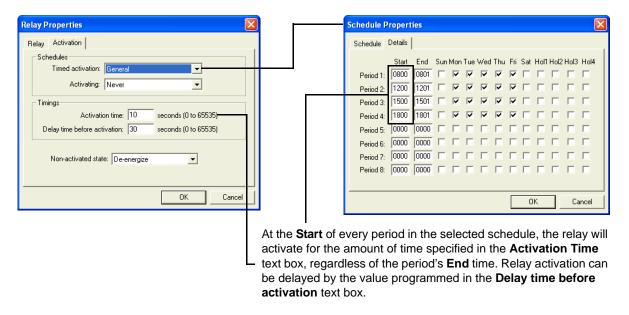
From the Relay Properties window, select the **Activation** tab. The **Activation** tab will allow you to program the relay's activation schedules and activation timers as well as select the relay's normal state (i.e. de-energized or energized).

Selecting a Time Relay Activation Schedule

From the **Timed activation** drop-down list under the **Schedules** heading, select the schedule that will activate the relay for the period of time defined by the activation time (see "Setting the Relay Activation Timer" on page 112). At the start time of every period in the selected schedule, the relay will activate for the amount of time specified in the **Activation time** text box, regardless of the schedule's end times. Refer to "Setting the Relay Delay Time Before Activation" on page 112.

Figure 23: Sample Time Activated Schedule

Example: If you wish a relay to activate a bell from Monday to Friday at 8:00AM, 12:00PM, 3:00PM, and 6:00PM for 10 seconds each time, you would program the relay and schedule as follows.



Selecting a Relay Activation Schedule

From the **Activating** drop-down list box under the **Schedules** heading, select the schedule that will activate the relay for the period(s) defined by the selected schedule. This feature will ignore the values programmed under the **Timings** heading and will follow the selected schedule only.

Setting the Relay Activation Timer

In the **Activation Time** text field under the **Timings** heading, type a value between 000 and 999 seconds (Default: 5 seconds). This value represents the amount of time the relay will remain activated when enabled by a timed activation schedule (see "Selecting a Time Relay Activation Schedule" on page 111) or when activated manually (see "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166).

Setting the Relay Delay Time Before Activation

In the **Delay time before activation** text field under the **Timings** heading, type a value between **0** and **999** seconds (Default: 0 second). This value represents the amount of time the controller will wait before activating the relay upon a valid time activation schedule or when activated manually (see "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166).

Example: A **Delay time before activation** of 30 seconds has been programmed in the example shown in "Figure 23" on page 112. If period 1 of the schedule becomes valid, the relay would activate 30 seconds after 8:00AM.

Relays

Setting the Relay's Non-Activated State

From the **Non-activated state** drop-down list, select the appropriate normal state.

De-energized

The relay output is energized when activated. This means the selected relay output on the controller will remain de-energized until activated by a schedule or manually (see "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166). When activated, the controller will change the state from off to on.

Energized

The relay output is de-energized when activated. This means the selected relay output on the controller will remain energized until activated by a schedule or manually (see "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166). When activated, the controller will change the state from on to off.

Deleting a Relay

To delete an existing relay, right-click the relay from the appropriate controller's branch in the Database Tree View window, and click **Delete** from the list. You can also select the desired relay and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.

Display Relay Status and Manual Controls

When you click on the **Relay Status** icon from the tool bar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the relays in the system. If you wish to manually change the status of a relay, right-click the desired relay. You can also use the **Shift** or **Ctrl** keys to select multiple relays if you wish to modify several relays in the same manner at once and then right-click on any of the selected relays. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the actions from the list. For more information, refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay" on page 166.





Chapter 12: Inputs

What Will I Find?

| Connecting Inputs | . 116 |
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| Adding Inputs | . 119 |
| Modifying an Input | . 119 |
| Deleting an Input | 124 |

Each controller includes eight inputs which can be connected using ATZ Zone Doubling to monitor up to 16 input devices. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 4 inputs each. Therefore, each controller can monitor the state of up to 28 inputs.

Typically, the inputs are used to monitor and control the status of door contacts and request for exit devices installed on the controlled door. The inputs can be programmed to follow a schedule, or to activate relays and/or bypass other inputs when triggered. For additional information on how inputs can be used, refer to "Door Inputs and Outputs" on page 76.

Connecting Inputs

Each controller and its assigned 2-Door Expansion Modules can monitor the state of up to 28 inputs such as magnetic contacts, motion detectors, temperature sensors or other devices. Inputs can be installed to a maximum distance of 1000m (3300ft.) from the controller when using AWG #22 wire. The controller and its assigned 2-Door Expansion Modules can only use one of the following input connection methods.

NC Input Connection

When this option is selected (see Setting the Controller Input Configuration on page 57), the controller will generate an alarm condition when the state of an input is toggled (opened). This set up will not support tamper or wire fault (short circuit) recognition. Connect one device to each input. For address assignment of the 2-Door Expansion Module's inputs, refer to "Viewing the Input Address" on page 119.

Figure 24: N.C. Input Connection Methods

NC CONNECTIONS FOR NC CONNECTIONS FOR CT-V900-A CONTROLLER CA-A470-A Controller 2-Door Exp. Inputs Address 1 Inputs Z1-2 - COM - COM - Z3-4 Address 3 - COM Address 5 Z5-6 COM - Z7-8 Address 7 Address 9 Z9-10 COM - Z11-12 Address 11 Address 13 Z13-14 COM Z15-16 Address 15

ATZ 2R Connection

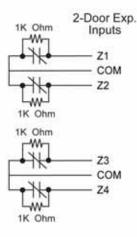
When this option is selected (see Setting the Controller Input Configuration on page 57), the controller will generate an alarm condition when the state of an input is toggled (opened). An alarm condition will also be generated when a cut in the line occurs, but will not recognize a wire fault (short circuit). Connect two devices to each controller's input, but only one device to each 2-Door Expansion Module's input. For address assignment of the 2-Door Expansion Module's inputs, refer to "Viewing the Input Address" on page 119.

Figure 25: ATZ 2R Input Connection Method

ATZ 2R CONNECTIONS FOR CT-V900-A CONTROLLER

Address 2 2.2K Ohm Address 1 1K Ohm Controller Inputs Z1-2 COM Z3-4 --4W-Address 3 Address 4 1K Ohm 2.2K Ohm Address 5 Address 6 1K Ohm 2.2K Ohm -W-Z5-6 COM Z7-8 -1/1 -W-Address 7 Address 8 1K Ohm 2.2K Ohm Address 9 Address 10 1K Ohm 2.2K Ohm -W Z9-10 COM -Z11-12 L-Ww Address 11 1K Ohm Address 12 2.2K Ohm Address 13 1K Ohm Address 14 2.2K Ohm -8 Z13-14 COM Z15-16 L-W W Address 16 2.2K Ohm Address 15

ATZ 2R CONNECTIONS FOR CA-A470-A



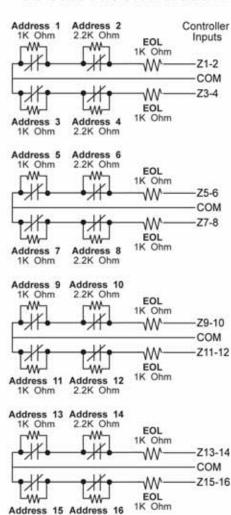
1K Ohm

ATZ 3R Connection Method

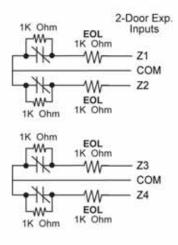
When this option is selected (see Setting the Controller Input Configuration on page 57), the controller will generate an alarm condition when the state of an input is toggled (opened). An alarm condition will also be generated when a wire fault (short circuit) or a cut in the line occurs. Connect two devices to each controller's input, but only one device to each 2-Door Expansion Module's input. For address assignment of the 2-Door Expansion Module's inputs, refer to "Viewing the Input Address" on page 119.

Figure 26: ATZ 3R Input Connection Method

ATZ 3R CONNECTIONS FOR CT-V900-A CONTROLLER



ATZ 3R CONNECTIONS FOR CA-A470-A

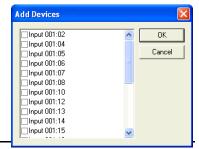


1K Ohm

Adding Inputs

In order to add one or more inputs, at least one site and one controller must be created. If you have not created a site, please refer to "Sites" on page 23. For more information on setting up a controller, refer to "Controllers" on page 49. When adding inputs using the methods described in the following sections, you will be required to select an address for each input. These addresses represent a specific input on the selected controller as described in "Connecting Inputs" on page 116.

To add one input or multiple inputs at one time, right-click **Inputs** from the desired controller in the Database Tree View window and select **New Inputs** from the drop-down list. You can also select **Inputs** and press the keyboard **Insert** key. Select the desired input address(es) and click **OK**. After adding the input(s), you will have to configure them within the **Input Properties** window (see "Modifying an Input" on page 119).



Modifying an Input

From the desired controller's branch in the Database Tree View window, right-click the input you wish to modify, and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired input and press the keyboard **Enter** key.

General Input Properties

From the **Input Properties** window, select the **Input** tab. The **Input** tab will allow you to view the component addresses as well as record the input name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Input Address

At the top of the **Input** tab, Centaur will display the input address, as well as the address of the input controller and site. Please note that the DIP switch settings on each CA-A470-A (2-Door Expansion Module) determines the address assignment of its input terminals as demonstrated in "Figure 27" on page 120.

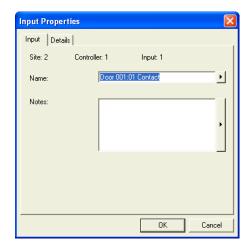
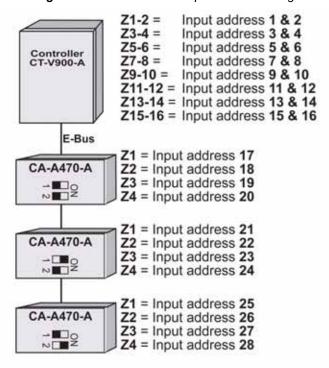


Figure 27: Overview of the inputs address assignation



The settings of the DIP switches of each CA-A470-A determinent the assignation of the terminal reader or keypad.

Typing the Input Name

Use the **Name** text field in the **Input** tab to identify the input's use. We recommend using a name that is representative of the device that it is controlling such as "REX Input (Front Door)". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Input Notes

Use the **Notes** text field in the **Input** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of when and what settings were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Input Properties

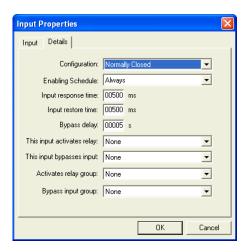
From the **Input Properties** window, select the **Details** tab. The **Details** tab will allow you to configure the input's timers, normal state, schedule and whether a triggered input will bypass an input or activate a relay.

Selecting the Input Normal State (N.C./N.O.)

From the **Configuration** drop-down list, select the input's normal state (e.g. Normally Closed or Normally Open). Typically a Normally Closed configuration is used for devices that open upon activation such as door contacts and request for exit detectors. Normally Open configurations are used for devices that close upon activation such as smoke detectors and water level sensors.

Selecting the Input Enabling Schedule

From the **Enabling Schedule** drop-down list, select the schedule that will determine when the controller will take into account the input's status (i.e. alarm, restore, etc.). The controller will ignore the state of the input when the selected schedule is invalid. For more information on schedules, refer to "Schedules" on page 43.



Setting the Input Response Time

The **Input Response Time** (zone speed) defines how quickly the controller will respond to the triggering of an input. If the input remains triggered for the period defined by the **Input Response Time**, the controller will log the **Input in alarm** event and react according to its programming. This prevents any momentary glitches from causing unnecessary alarms. After adding an input (see "Modifying an Input" on page 119), the Input Properties window can be opened to configure the input. In the **Input response time** text field, type a value from **0** to **65535** ms (65.5 seconds). Please note that once an input is in alarm (input is triggered for the duration of Input Response Time), another alarm won't be generated until the system registers the input as normal or restored (see "Setting the Input Restore Time" on page 121).

Example: The Input Response Time is set for 600 ms and an input is triggered, but is restored in less than 600 ms. The controller will not respond (i.e. no event generation, no alarm, etc.).

Setting the Input Restore Time

The **Input Restore Time** defines how quickly the controller will respond to the restoring of an input in alarm. If the input remains restored (in its normal state) for the period defined by the **Input Restore Time**, the controller will log the **Input restore/normal** event and react according to its programming. This only occurs if the input has already generated an alarm (see "Setting the Input Response Time" on page 121). In the **Input restore time** text field, type a value from **0** to **65535** ms (65.5 seconds).

Bypassing Inputs with an Input

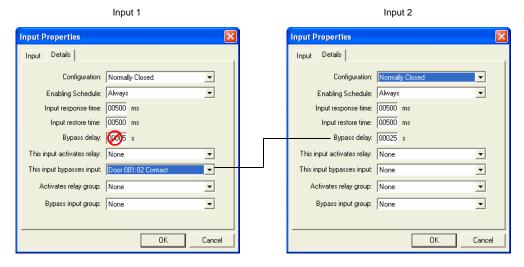
When an input is triggered, the controller can be programmed to bypass another input or a selected group of inputs. Also refer to the example demonstrated in "Figure 28" on page 122.

- 1. From the This input bypasses input drop-down list, select which input will be bypassed upon triggering of the input.
- 2. From the **Bypass input group** drop-down list, select the input group that will be bypassed upon triggering of the programmed input. For more information on input groups, refer to "Groups" on page 141.

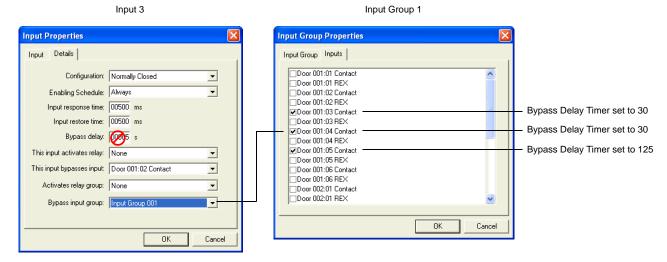
3. When an input is programmed to bypass other inputs, the Bypass Delay determines how long the input(s) selected in step 1 and step 2 will remain bypassed. The controller will use the Bypass Delay of the input being bypassed, not the input Bypass Delay timer of the triggered input. In the Bypass delay field, type a value from 0 to 65535 seconds. If you type a value of 0 second, the controller no longer follows the timer and becomes latched. This means that the input(s) will be bypassed until the selected input is triggered again.

Figure 28: Example of Bypassing Inputs

In this example when input 1 is triggered, it will bypass input 2 for the period defined by input 2's Bypass Delay (25 seconds).



In this example when input 3 is triggered, it will bypass **Door 001:03 Contact**, **Door 001:04 Contact**, and **Door 001:05 Contact** for the period defined by their respective Bypass Delay timers (30 seconds for **Door 001:03 Contact**, **Door 001:04 Contact**, and 125 seconds for **Door 001:05 Contact**).



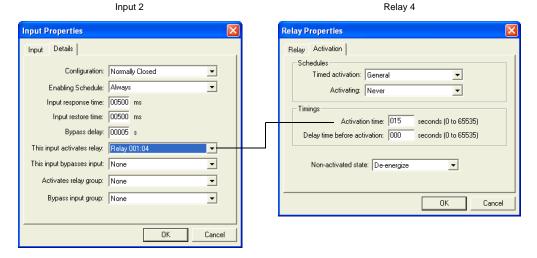
Activating Relays with an Input

When an input is triggered, the controller can be programmed to activate one relay or a group of relays. The relay(s) will remain activated for the amount of time defined by the relays' Activation Time (see "Setting the Relay Activation Timer" on page 112). Also refer to the example demonstrated in "Figure 29" on page 123.

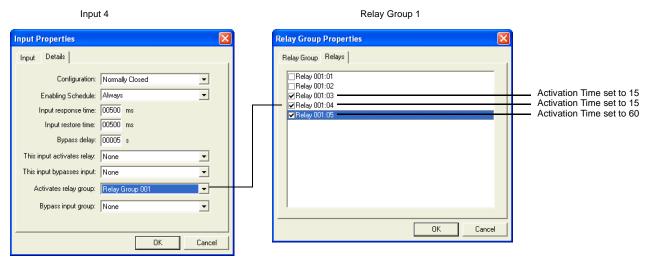
- 1. From the This input activates relay drop-down list, select the relay that will be activated upon triggering of the input.
- 2. From the Activates relay group drop-down list, select the relay group that will be activated by the input.

Figure 29: Example of Activating Relays with an Input

In this example when input 2 is triggered, relay 4 will activate for the period defined by relay 4's Activation Time.



In this example when input 4 is triggered, it will activate relay 3, 4, and 5 for the period defined by their respective Activation Time (15 seconds for relays 3 and 4, and 60 seconds for relay 5).



Deleting an Input

To delete an existing input, right-click the input from the appropriate controller's branch in the Database Tree View window (left-hand portion of your screen), and click **Delete** from the list. You can also select the desired input and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.



Chapter 13: Outputs

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| Deleting an Output | 130 |
| Display Output Status and Manual Controls | 131 |

Each controller includes six multi-function outputs. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 6 outputs each. Therefore, each controller can monitor the state of up to 24 outputs. Typically, the controller's outputs are used to control the built-in LEDs and buzzers of the card readers and keypads in the system. For example, a red/green indicator on the reader will inform the card holder that access has been granted (changes from red to green), or the reader buzzer will inform the card user that the door has been left open or the door has been forced open. You can individually program each output to follow a specific event as well as determine whether the output will be timed, pulsed, or latched.

Overview of Output Programming

Each controller includes six on-board multi-purpose outputs and each door can be assigned to activate one or more of these outputs. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 6 outputs each.

Ⅲ Centaur: All Events File View Options Modules Help Door | General Inputs and Outputs | Elevator Control Door Input Input: Door 001:01 Contact ▾ Cards 🛨 🎒 Access Levels Relock: Disabled Molidays 🛨 🚻 Schedules REX Input - 🏈 Controllers Input: Door 001:01 REX • Assign which output(s) can be Controller 001 Doors 🖰 Relock: Door closing activated by each door. Open 001:01 Door 001:02 Schedule: Always ▾ Unlock on REX (Normal) - → Outputs ☐ Unlock on REX (Regardless of Door Status) Open 001:01 Buzze Open 001:01 Green LED Interlock Input ♦ Door 001:01 Red LED Define what event(s) will cause Open 001:02 Buzzer Input: None • Open 001:02 Green LED each output to activate. Schedule: Always ♦ Door 001:02 Red LED Relays Events Output Activation: **Output Properties** 🖈 🚷 Groups **▼** 2 □ 3 A Security Levels Output Events Output Timings Permissions Activation time: 005 seconds (0 to 999) OK Cancel 🗓 🥵 Operators 🖶 🖼 CCTV Commands Anti-passback status: Off Wrong code on keypad: On • ▼ Access granted: Off Door open: Off -☐ latched • Access denied: On Г Door forced open: Off • latched REX granted: Off • **Output Timing Properties** -Reader disabled: Off REX denied: Off ▼ Door open pre-alarm: Off ▾ Access time-out: Off _ Door open too long: Flashing ▼. On Off • Waiting for keypad: Off Door unlocked: On • 000 000 Keypad time-out: 000 Anti-passback status: 000 Keypad time-out: Off -Access granted: 000 000 Wrong code on keypad: 000 000 Door open: 000 Access denied: 000 000 ΠK Request to Exit granted: 000 000 Door forced open: 000 000 Request to Exit denied: 000 Door time-out pre-alarm: 000 000 000 Access time-out: 000 Door open too long: 075 075 Waiting for keypad: 000 000 Door unlocked: 000 000 All times are in milliseconds. If an output event is programmed with Flashing, these Notes: settings will determine the output flashing rate

Figure 30: Overview of Output Programming

OΚ

Cancel

Adding Outputs

In order to add one or more outputs, at least one site and one controller must be created. If you have not created a site, please refer to "Sites" on page 23. For more information on setting up a controller, refer to "Controllers" on page 49. When adding outputs using the methods described in the following sections, you will be required to select an address for each output. These addresses represent a specific output on the selected controller as described in Figure 31.

If you wish to add one output or multiple outputs at one time, right-click **Outputs** from the desired controller in the Database Tree View window. From the drop-down list, select **New Outputs**. You can also click the desired output and press the keyboard **Insert** key. Select the desired output address(es) and click **OK**. After adding the output(s), you will have to configure them within the Output Properties window (see "Modifying an Output").

Modifying an Output

From the desired controller branch in the Database Tree View window, right-click the output you wish to modify click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also click the desired output and press the keyboard **Enter** key.

Output Properties

Output | Events |

OUT4 = Add. 16

OUT5 = Add. 17

OUT6 = Add. 18

Controller: 1

Door 001:01 Buzze

Site: 2

General Output Properties

From the **Output Properties** window, select the **Output** tab. The **Output** tab will allow you to view the component addresses as well as record the output's name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Output Address

At the top of the **Output** tab, Centaur will display the output's address, as well as the address of the output's controller and site. Please note that the DIP switch settings on each 2-Door Expansion Module determine the address assignment of its output terminals.

CT-V900-A

OUT1 = Add. 1

OUT2 = Add. 2

OUT3 = Add. 3

OUT4 = Add. 4

OUT5 = Add. 5

OUT6 = Add. 6

Figure 31: Output Addresses

E-Bus

CA-A470-A

OUT1 = Add. 7

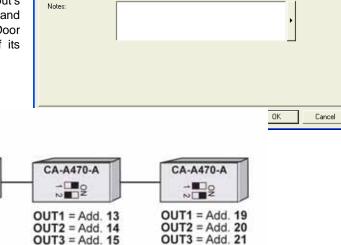
OUT2 = Add. 8

OUT3 = Add. 9

OUT4 = Add. 10

OUT5 = Add. 11

OUT6 = Add. 12



OUT4 = Add. 22

OUT5 = Add. 23

OUT6 = Add. 24

Output: 5

Typing the Output Name

Use the **Name** text field to identify the output and its use. We recommend using a name that is representative of the device that it is controlling such as "Door 1 Buzzer". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Output Notes

Use the **Notes** text field in the **Output** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of when and what settings were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Output Settings

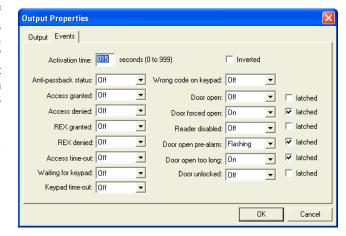
Each controller includes six multi-function outputs. Each controller also supports up to three 2-Door Expansion Modules (CA-A470-A), which provide an additional 6 outputs each. Therefore, each controller can monitor the state of up to 24 outputs. Typically, the controller's outputs are used to control the built-in LEDs and buzzers of the card readers and keypads in the system. You can individually program each output to follow a specific event as well as determine whether the output will be timed, pulsed or latched. Also, refer to "Overview of Output Programming" on page 126. Determine how the six outputs will be used. Typically they are set up as follows:

- Output 1 Access Granted for Door 1 (green LED)
- Output 2 Access Denied for Door 1 (red LED)
- Output 3 Access Granted for Door 2 (green LED)
- Output 4 Access Denied for Door 2 (red LED)
- Output 5 Beeper for Door 1 (buzzer)
- Output 6 Beeper for Door 2 (buzzer)

Setting the Output Activation Events

You can program the output to activate upon the occurrence of one or more selected events. After setting the activation events for all required outputs, you must determine which outputs can be activated by each door (see "Assigning Outputs to a Door" on page 78). For example, if the "Access Granted" event is set to **On** for output 2, but output 2 has not been assigned to a door, the output will never activate. To set the output's activation events, perform the following:

- 1. From the Output Properties window, select the **Events** tab.
- In the Events tab you will find 15 events, which are described in the following sections. Each event has a drop-down list allowing you to select Off, On, or Flashing. Select the desired setting for each event.



- If you select **Off**, the selected event will never activate the output.
- If you select **On**, the output will activate for the amount of time defined by the **Activation Time** (see step 4) when the corresponding event occurs.
- If you select **Flashing**, the output will activate for the amount of time defined by the **Activation Time** (see step 4) and will flash according to the rate defined by the programmed Output Timings (see "Setting a Flashing Output's On/Off Timers" on page 130) when the corresponding event occurs.



- 3. Six of these events also have a **latched** check box. If the **latched** check box is selected, the output will ignore the **Activation Time** and instead will follow the event that activated it. This means the output will deactivate when the event is restored.
- 4. In the **Activation time** text field, type a value from 0 to 999 seconds. If an event is set to **On** or **Flashing** (see step 2) and the event occurs, the output will activate for the amount of time defined here unless the **latched** check box is selected.
- 5. Selecting the **Inverted** check box will reverse the output's normal condition to ON. Therefore, when activated, the output will turn OFF and when the output is deactivated, the output will turn ON.
- 6. Click OK.

Anti-passback status

If the Anti-passback feature is enabled (see "Controller Anti-passback Settings" on page 60) and a controller registers two subsequent Entries or two subsequent Exits, the appropriate "Access Denied - Anti-passback violation" event will be generated and the output will be activated.

Access granted

The output can activate when access has been granted to the door following the presentation of a valid card or keypad code.

Access denied

The output can be activated when access has been denied to the door following the presentation of an invalid card or keypad code.

REX granted

The output can activate when a request for exit device (vertical detector) assigned to a door's REX input (see "Assigning a REX Input (Request for Exit)" on page 76) has been triggered.

REX denied

The output can be activated when a "REX denied" event occurs other than the "REX Denied - Schedule Invalid" event (i.e. interlock enabled).

Access time-out

The output can be activated when access has been granted, but the door was never opened during the unlock period (see "Unlock Time" on page 74 and "Extended Access" on page 75).

Waiting for keypad

When both a reader and a keypad are required for access (see "Use Keypad" on page 93), the output can be activated as soon as the reader has granted access.

Keypad time-out

When both a reader and a keypad are required for access (see "Use Keypad" on page 93), the output can be activated when the reader grants access, but no P.I.N. is entered on the keypad within 30 seconds.

Wrong code on keypad

The output can be activated when an incorrect code is entered on a keypad after a valid access card is presented (see "Use Keypad" on page 93).

Door open

The output can be activated whenever an access control door is opened (see "Assigning a Door Input" on page 76). Also, when using this event, the output can be latched.

Door forced open

The output can be activated whenever an access control door is forced opened (see "Assigning a Door Input" on page 76). Also, when using this event, the output can be latched.

Reader disabled

The output can be activated whenever a programmed door has been manually disabled (see "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Door" on page 165). Also, when using this event, the output can be latched.

Door open pre-alarm

The output can be activated whenever a "Door Left Open" event occurs. This occurs when the door has been open for the duration of the Pre-alarm timer (see "Pre-alarm Time" on page 74). Also, when using this event, the output can be latched.

Door open too long

The output can be activated whenever a "Door Open Too Long" event occurs. This occurs when the door has been open for the duration of the Open Too Long Timer (see "Open Too Long" on page 74). Also, when using this event, the output can be latched.

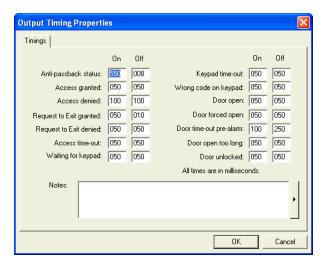
Door unlocked

The output can be activated whenever an access control door is unlocked. Also, when using this event, the output can be latched.

Setting a Flashing Output's On/Off Timers

If any of the output's selected events have been set to **Flashing** (see "Setting the Output Activation Events" on page 128), you must define the rate of the output's flashing for each event. The Output Timings are programmed for each event and not per output, therefore affecting all outputs. To do so:

- Right-click Output Timings from the Database Tree View window and click Properties from the drop-down list to display the Output Timing Properties window. You can also select Output Timings from the Database Tree View window and press the keyboard Enter key.
- In the Timings tab, you will find the same events that are found in the Events tab of the Output Properties window (see "Setting the Output Activation Events" on page 128).
- In the On and Off text fields, type a value from 0 to 999 milliseconds. This will set the rate of flashing for the output.
- 4. Click OK.



Deleting an Output

To delete an existing output, right-click the output from the appropriate controller branch in the Database Tree View window and click **Delete**. You can also click the desired output and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.



Display Output Status and Manual Controls

When you click on the **Output Status** icon from the toolbar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the outputs in the system. If you wish to manually change the status of an output, right-click the desired output. You can also use the **Shift** or **Ctrl** keys to select multiple outputs if you wish to modify several outputs in the same manner at once and then right-click on any of the selected outputs. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the actions from the list. For more information, refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Output" on page 169.





Chapter 14: Events

What Will I Find?

| Event Definition Overview | 134 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Event Schedules and Device Activation | 135 |
| Alarm Acknowledgement | 137 |
| E-Mail Activation | 139 |
| Event-Activated CCTV Control | 140 |

Every event that occurs in the system can be programmed to perform a series of actions. Schedules can be assigned to each event defining when the event will be displayed on the screen and when it will be saved in the database. Select which device (i.e. relay) can be activated, when it can be activated and the length of activation. A schedule defines when an event will require operator acknowledgement while providing the operator with detailed instructions.

Event Definition Overview

Every event that occurs in the system can be programmed to perform a series of actions. The event definitions are programmed separately for each site in the system. A default event definition for all devices can be created as well as separate event definitions for each event-related device.

Access denied - Card expired

Settings for: Default

□Production Entrance

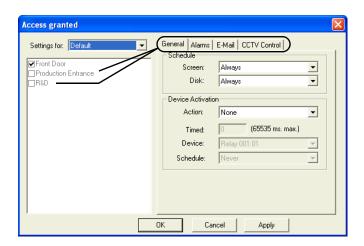
□ □R&D

- To select the desired event, double-click Events from the desired Site branch in the Database Tree View window. Right-click the desired event and select Properties. You can also select the desired event and press the keyboard Enter key. The event's properties window will appear.
- A list of devices related to the selected event will appear in the event's Properties window. From the Settings for list, select either Default (see "Programming a Default Event Definition" on page 134) or Devices (see "Programming a Device-Specific Event Definition" on page 134). If necessary, select one or more devices from the list.
- 3. Program the event's definitions using the **General** tab (see "Event Schedules and Device Activation" on page 135), the **Alarms** tab (see "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137) and the **CCTV Control** tab (see "Event-Activated CCTV Control" on page 140).
- 4. Click **Apply** and click **OK**. The selected event will appear in bold under **Events** in the Database Tree View window to indicate that changes were made.

Programming a Default Event Definition

A default event definition enables you to program the same settings for more than one device (usually to apply to all devices in the list). When you select **Default** from the **Settings for** dropdown list (see step 2 in "Event Definition Overview"), the definitions that you program in the **General**, **Alarms**, **E-Mail**, and **CCTV Control** tabs will apply to all devices whose check boxes are cleared.

Programming a Device-Specific Event



General | Alarms | E-Mail | CCTV Control |

Always

Always

None

(65535 ms. max.)

Schedule

Screen:

Device Activation

Action:

Timed:

Device:

Schedule:

Disk:



Definition

A device-specific event definition enables you to program different settings for each device in the list. When you select **Devices** from the **Settings for** drop-down list (see step 2 in "Event Definition Overview" on page 134), the definitions that you program in the **General**, **Alarms**, **E-Mail**, and **CCTV Control** tabs will apply to the highlighted device whose check box is selected.

Reset Event's Definition to Default

To reset an event's definition to default, right-click the desired event from the **Events** branch in the Database Tree View window and select **Reset Settings**. You can also select the desired event and press the keyboard **Delete** key.

Setting the event's definition to default will:

- Always show the event in the Real-Time Events/Status window (see "Screen" on page 135)
- Always log the event in the Event database (see "Disk" on page 135)
- Disable alarm acknowledgement (see "Enabling Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137)
- Disable CCTV control (see "Enabling CCTV Control for an Event" on page 140)

Event Schedules and Device Activation

Once an event has been selected as described in "Event Definition Overview" on page 134, click the **General** tab in the event's Properties window to program its general properties.

Selecting the Event Schedules

Under the **Schedule** heading you can define when the selected event will be displayed in Centaur's Real-Time Events/Status window as well as when the event will be logged in the Centaur database.

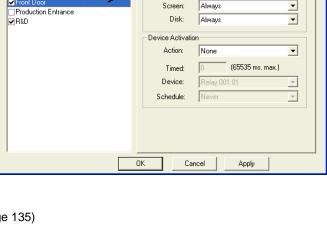
Screen

From the **Screen** drop-down list, select the schedule that will define when the event will be displayed in the Real-Time Events/Status window. If the event occurs when the schedule is valid, the event will appear in the Real-Time Events/Status window.

Access granted General | Alarms | E-Mail | CCTV Control | Settings for: Default Schedule Front Door Screen: Always • □Production Entrance Disk: Always ▾ Device Activation None ¥ Action: (65535 ms. max.) Timed: Device: Schedule: ΩK Cancel Apply

Disk

From the **Disk** drop-down list, select the schedule that will define when the event will be logged in Centaur's databases. If the event occurs when the schedule is valid, the event will be saved.



General Alarms E-Mail | CCTV Control

Access granted

Settings for: Devices

Selecting a Device and Setting its Properties

Under the **Device Activation** heading you can define a specific device such as a relay or output to activate or deactivate when the selected event occurs. Also, refer to the example on page 136.



Device activation will only function when the Centaur Server is running (connected). Device activation will NOT function if the Centaur Server is offline or if the selected devices are from a remote (dial-up) site. This warning applies to the Centaur Server only. Whenever the Server comes online again, events that occurred in the last 15 minutes will activate a device. Events older than 15 minutes will be ignored upon connection.

Action

From the **Action** drop-down list located below the **Device Activation** heading, select the type of device or group of devices that will be activated when the event occurs. You can activate/deactivate outputs or relays, lock/unlock doors, and enable/disable door groups. Also refer to "Groups" on page 141.

Timed

If the device selected in the **Action** drop-down list is labelled **Timed**, you can type a value from 0 to 65535 seconds in the **Timed** text field. The device will activate or deactivate for the period programmed in the **Timed** text field. If the selected device is not **Timed**, the **Timed** text field will be unavailable.

Device

After selecting an **Action**, use the **Device** drop-down list to select which device or group of devices will be affected by the selected action.

Schedule

The selected device(s) will only activate or deactivate when the schedule selected from the **Schedule** drop-down list is active. Also refer to "Schedules" on page 43.

Example: In "Figure 32", any time (1) door 001:01 (2) is forced open (3), relay 001:03 (4B) will activate (4A) for 30 seconds (5).

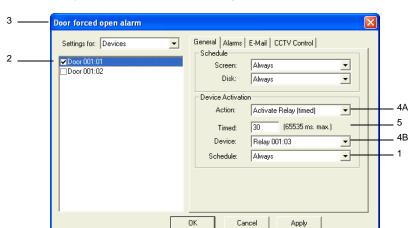


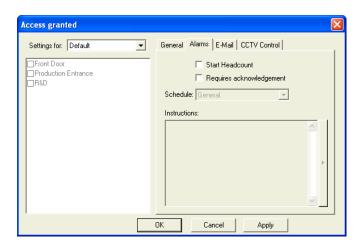
Figure 32: Example of Activating a Device with an Event

Events

Alarm Acknowledgement

Alarm acknowledgement allows you to program an event to give operators a warning and/or instructions concerning the event that just occurred. These instructions will appear in the Alarm window. The operator can then acknowledge the event and provide details concerning the event. To program an event's alarm acknowledgement properties:

- Select the desired event as described in "Event Definition Overview" on page 134.
- 2. Select the Alarms tab.
- Enable the alarm acknowledgement by selecting the Requires acknowledgement check box. For more information, refer to "Enabling Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137.



- 4. In the **Schedule** drop-down list, select the desired schedule. For more information, refer to "Selecting the Alarm Acknowledgement Schedule" on page 137.
- 5. Type the desired warnings and details that the operator will see on the screen into the **Instructions** text field. For more information, refer to "Typing the Instructions for the Selected Alarm" on page 137.

Enabling Alarm Acknowledgement

Select the **Requires acknowledgement** check box to enable the Alarm Acknowledgement feature. If the check box is cleared the feature will be disabled and the **Schedule** drop-down list and the **Instructions** text field will be unavailable. If this feature is enabled, you can also use "Centaur Wave Player" (see page 181) to program Centaur to play a sound every time the selected event occurs.

Selecting the Alarm Acknowledgement Schedule

Select a schedule from the **Schedule** drop-down list. The event will only appear in the Alarm window when the selected schedule is valid. Also refer to "Schedules" on page 43. For this feature to function, you must enable alarm acknowledgement (see "Enabling Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137).

Typing the Instructions for the Selected Alarm

In the **Instructions** text field type the instructions or warnings that you wish to provide to the operator. These instructions will appear in the Alarm window when the event occurs and the schedule is valid. For this feature to function, you must enable alarm acknowledgement (see "Enabling Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137).

Acknowledging Alarms

The following details how an operator can acknowledge an alarm.

- 1. If the event meets the programmed criteria (see "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137), the event and its programmed instructions appear in the **Alarms** window. To play a sound file every time the event occurs, refer to "Centaur Wave Player" on page 181.
- 2. The operator can acknowledge one event and type any comments, or the operator can acknowledge all events without providing any comments. To acknowledge one event, right-click the event in the Alarm window and select **Acknowledge** from the list. Go to step 3. To acknowledge all events, right-click any event in the Alarm window and select **Acknowledge** all from the list. Go to step 4.
- 3. The Acknowledge Alarm window appears. Type any comments in the Comments text field and click Acknowledge.
- 4. The "Operator Acknowledge" event appears in the Real-Time Events/Status window. View all acknowledged events by clicking the **Acknowledged Events** icon from the tool bar. To view any recorded comments, click the **Acknowledged Events** icon, right-click the desired event in the Real-Time Events/Status window, and click **View Comments**.



Events

E-Mail Activation

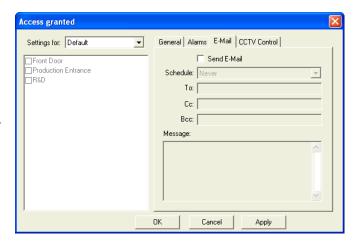
After selecting an event as described in "Event Definition Overview" on page 134, click the **E-Mail** tab in the event's properties window to program the E-Mail settings for that event.

Enabling Sending E-Mail for an Event

Select the **Send E-Mail** check box to send E-Mail whenever the selected event occurs. When selected, all fields become available.

Selecting the E-Mail Schedule for an Event

Select the schedule from the **Schedule** drop-down list, which determines when Centaur can send the programmed E-Mail. If the selected schedule is not valid when the event occurs, Centaur does not send the associated E-Mail. The **Schedule** list is only available if the **Send E-Mail** check box is selected. For more information on schedules, see "Schedules" on page 43.



Typing the Operator E-Mail Addresse(s)

In the **To**, **Cc**, and **Bcc** text fields, type the E-Mail address(es) of the user(s) that you wish to send the E-Mail to. Only one E-mail address per field is supported.

Typing the Message for the Selected Event

In the **Message** text field type the content of the E-Mail message that you wish to send to the operator. This message will be sent to all the operator(s) defined in the **To**, **Cc**, and **Bcc** field E-Mail addresses when the event occurs and the schedule is valid.



For this feature to work, Microsoft Outlook 2003 must be installed and configured on the Centaur server. Only one E-Mail per field is allowed, not possible to use; to separate E-Mail addresses.

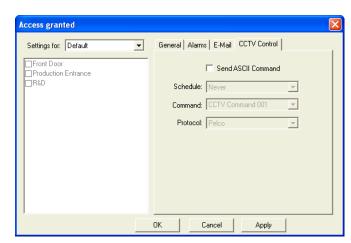
Event-Activated CCTV Control

After selecting an event as described in "Event Definition Overview" on page 134, click the **CCTV Control** tab in the event's properties window to program the CCTV settings for that event. To activate CCTV control for a site, refer to "Site CCTV Port Settings" on page 36. To program CCTV commands, refer to "CCTV Commands" on page 155.

Enabling CCTV Control for an Event

Select the **Send ASCII Command** check box to send a CCTV command to the connected video switcher whenever the selected event occurs. When selected, all lists become available.

Selecting the CCTV Control Schedule for an Event



Select the schedule from the **Schedule** drop-down list, which determines when Centaur can send the programmed CCTV command. If the selected schedule is not valid when the event occurs, Centaur does not send the associated CCTV command. The **Schedule** list is only available if the **Send ASCII Command** check box is selected. For more information on schedules, see "Schedules" on page 43.

Selecting the CCTV Command for an Event

From the **Command** list select the CCTV command that you want to send to the connected video switcher whenever the selected event occurs. The **Command** list is only available if the **Send ASCII Command** check box is selected. For more information on how to program CCTV commands, refer to "CCTV Commands" on page 155.

Selecting the Video Switcher Protocol for an Event

From the **Protocol** list select the protocol used by the video switcher connected to the computer's COM port (refer to "Site CCTV Port Settings" on page 36). The **Protocol** list is only available if the **Send ASCII Command** check box is selected.



Chapter 15: Groups

What Will I Find?

| What Are Groups? | 14 | 2 |
|---|----|---|
| Adding a Group | | |
| Modifying a Group | 14 | 3 |
| Manual Control of Door and Relay Groups | 14 | 5 |
| | | _ |

In the Centaur Access Control System you are often required to select one specific device (i.e. door or relay). Centaur provides you with the added option of creating a group. A group consists of more than one device. Therefore, instead of just selecting one device, you can select a group, which would represent, for example, relays 3, 4, and 5. There are four types of groups: Floor Groups, Door Groups, Input Groups, and Relay Groups.

What Are Groups?

When a card is presented to a reader programmed for elevator control, Centaur ignores the card's assigned access levels and instead verifies the card's assigned floor group. If the floor group's assigned schedule (see "Selecting a Floor Group Schedule" on page 143) is valid, Centaur will allow access to the floor group's assigned floors (see "Assigning Floors to a Floor Group" on page 143).

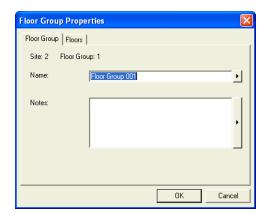
The door, input and relay groups enable you to create groups of devices, such as relays, that can be activated or deactivated together when a specified event occurs.

| GROUP TYPE | USED IN | CROSS-REFERENCE | |
|--------------|-------------------|---|--|
| Floor Groups | Card Properties | "Assigning Access to a Card" on page 92 | |
| Door Groups | Event Definitions | "Action" on page 136 | |
| Input Groups | Input Properties | "Bypassing Inputs with an Input" on page 121 | |
| | Event Definitions | "Action" on page 136 | |
| Relay Groups | Input Properties | "Activating Relays with an Input" on page 123 | |
| | Event Definitions | "Action" on page 136 | |

Table 4: Where are the Groups Used

Adding a Group

In order to program a floor, door, input, or relay group, you must first program the site (see "Sites" on page 23) and the schedules (see "Schedules" on page 43). In the Database Tree View window, expand the **Groups** folder from the desired Site branch, right-click the desired type of group (Door Groups, Floor Groups, Input Groups, or Relay Groups), and select **New Group** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired group and press the keyboard **Insert** key. The appropriate Properties window will appear (see "Modifying a Group" on page 143).



Modifying a Group

From the desired Site branch in the Database Tree View window, expand the **Groups** folder, expand the desired group folder (Door Groups, Floor Groups, Input Groups, or Relay Groups), right-click the desired group you wish to modify, and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired group and press the keyboard **Enter** key. The appropriate Properties window will appear, allowing you to configure the group.

General Group Properties

From this window, select the appropriate Door, Floor, Input, or Relay Group tab. This will allow you to view the site's address as well as record the group's name and any additional notes.

Addresses

At the top of the **Group** tab, Centaur will display the group's address, as well as the address of the site to which it belongs. The first group created is assigned "Group: 3" as its address (except for Elevators which will be "Group: 1"). Every time a group is added, Centaur increments the group's address by one. Addresses 1 and 2 are reserved for the **All** and **None** groups.

Name

Use the **Name** text field in the **Group** tab to identify your groups. We recommend using a name that is representative of the group such as "Management Floor Group". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Notes

Use the **Notes** text field in the **Group** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of what settings were changed and when they were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Floor Group's Floors and Schedules

From the **Floor Group Properties** window, select the **Floors** tab. This will allow you to define which floors in a site that a card holder has access to and when access can be granted to these floors. The floor groups are then assigned to cards in the system (see "Floor Group" on page 92). For more information on elevator control, refer to "Elevator Control" on page 105.

Assigning Floors to a Floor Group

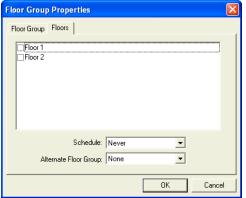
All the floors that have been assigned to a site will be listed (see "Site Floor Settings" on page 35). Assign the desired floors to the floor group by selecting their associated check box.

Selecting a Floor Group Schedule

Access to the floor group's assigned floors (see "Assigning Floors to a Floor Group" on page 143) will be granted when the selected schedule is valid. Select the desired schedule from the **Schedule** dropdown list. Also refer to "Schedules" on page 43.

Setting an Alternate Floor Group

If the selected schedule (see "Selecting a Floor Group Schedule" on page 143) is not valid, Centaur will verify the schedule selected as the alternate floor group. If the alternate floor group's schedule is valid, the card holder will have access to the floors assigned to the alternate floor group. Select the desired floor group from the **Alternate Floor Group** drop-down list.



Assigning Devices to a Door, Input, or Relay Group

From the **Door/Input/Relay Group Properties** window, select the **Doors**, **Inputs**, or **Relays** tab. All the devices that have been programmed in the current site will be listed. Assign the desired devices to the group by selecting their associated check box.

Example: In the example below, the selected relay group has been assigned relays 3, 4, and 5 from controller 1.

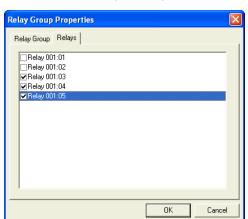


Figure 33: Example of Programming a Group of Devices

Deleting a Group

From the desired Site branch in the Database Tree View window, expand the **Groups** folder, expand the desired group folder (Door Groups, Floor Groups, Input Groups, or Relay Groups), right-click the desired group you wish to delete, and click **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired group and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.

Manual Control of Door and Relay Groups

The following describe how you can remotely control a group of doors or relays.

Lock or Unlock a Door Group

To lock or unlock all doors in a door group, expand the **Door Groups** folder within the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired door group and select the desired **Lock Door Group** or **Unlock Door Group** command from the drop-down list. For more information on the available commands, refer to "Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Door" on page 165.

Enable or Disable a Door Group

To enable or disable a door group, expand the **Door Groups** folder within the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired door group, and select the desired **Enable Door Group** or **Disable Door Group** command from the drop-down list. When enabled, the door group functions normally. When disabled, the door group will be deactivated and will not be recognized by the system.

Activate or Deactivate a Relay Group

To activate or deactivate all relays in a relay group, expand the **Relay Groups** folder within the Database Tree View window, right-click the desired relay group and select the desired **Activate Relay Group** or **Deactivate Relay Group** command from the drop-down list. When activated, each relay in the selected relay group will activate for the period specified by the relay's activation timer (see "Setting the Relay Activation Timer" on page 112).





Chapter 16: Operators

What Will I Find?

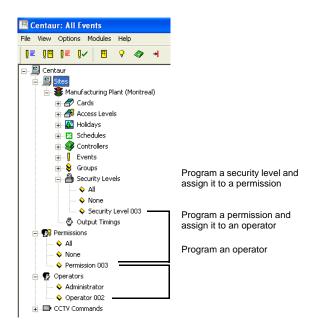
| Overview of Operators | 148 |
|---|-----|
| Adding a Security Level, Permission, or Operator | 148 |
| Modifying a Security Level, Permission, or Operator | 149 |
| Deleting a Security Level Permission or Operator | 154 |

Operators are personnel authorized to program and/or monitor the Centaur Access Control System through the Centaur software. Each operator authorized to access the Centaur system can be defined with different permissions and security levels. Security levels determine whether an operator can view, modify, and/or delete system characteristics. The system characteristics consist of all the elements found in the Database Tree View window such as controllers, doors, and events. After creating a security level, the security level is assigned to a permission, and the permission is assigned to an operator.

Overview of Operators

Operators are personnel authorized to interact with the Centaur Access Control System through the Centaur software. Each operator can be defined with different permissions and security levels. To create an operator you must set up the following items in the order specified below:

- Security levels determine whether an operator can view, modify, and/or delete system characteristics and whether the operator can perform manual controls, such as locking and unlocking doors remotely. The system characteristics consist of all the elements found in the Database Tree View window, such as controllers, doors, and events. For more information, refer to "Security Levels" on page 150. Security levels are then assigned to a permission.
- Permissions determine which sites the operator is authorized to access and the operator's security level for each site. For more information, refer to "Permissions" on page 151. Permissions are then assigned to an operator.
- Operators determine who can access the Centaur software to program and monitor the access control system. Define the login ID and password, assign a permission and select which software modules will be accessible. For more information, refer to "Operators" on page 152.



Centaur includes two default security levels and two default permissions (**All** and **None**), which cannot be modified or deleted. The **All** security level and permission enable you to program, view and delete any system characteristic. The **None** security level and permission will deny any access to all system characteristics. Unlike security levels, the permissions are not programmed per site; instead, they apply to the entire access control system.

Centaur includes one default operator (**Administrator**), which cannot be modified (except for its logon ID and password) or deleted. The **Administrator** has full access to all system characteristics in all sites.

Adding a Security Level, Permission, or Operator

To add a security level or a permission, right-click **Permissions** in the Database Tree View window or right-click **Security Levels** from the desired Site branch in the Database Tree View window. Select **New Permission** or **New Security Level** from the dropdown list. You can also select **Permissions** or **Security Levels** and press the keyboard **Insert** key.

To add an operator, right-click **Operators** in the Database Tree View window and select **New Operator** from the drop-down list. You can also select **Operators** and press the keyboard **Insert** key.

After adding a security level, permission, or operator, the appropriate Properties window will appear (see "Modifying a Security Level, Permission, or Operator" on page 149), allowing you to configure the selected item.

Modifying a Security Level, Permission, or Operator

To modify a security level or permission, right-click the security level or permission you wish to modify and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the security level or permission you wish to modify and press the keyboard **Enter** key. You cannot modify the default **All** and **None** security levels and permissions.

To modify an operator, right-click the operator you wish to modify from the Database Tree View window and click **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired operator and press the keyboard **Enter** key. You cannot modify the default **Administrator**.

General Properties for Security Levels, Permissions, and Operators

From this window, select the **Security Level**, **Permission**, or **Operator** tab. This will allow you to view some of the system's component addresses as well record the name and any additional notes.

Viewing the Security Level, Permission, or Operator's Address

At the top of the **Security Level** tab, Centaur will display the selected site's address, as well as the address of the selected security level. The first security level created is assigned "Security Level: 3" as its address. Every time a security level is added, Centaur increments the item's address by one. Addresses 1 and 2 are reserved for the **All** and **None** security levels.

At the top of the **Permission** and **Operator** tab, Centaur displays the address of the selected permission or operator. The first permission created is assigned "Permission: 3" as its address and the first operator created is assigned "Operator: 3" as its address. Every time a permission or operator is added, Centaur increments the item's address by one. Permission addresses 1 and 2 are reserved for the **All** and **None** permissions and operator address 1 is reserved for the **Administrator** operator.

Typing the Security Level, Permission, or Operator's Name

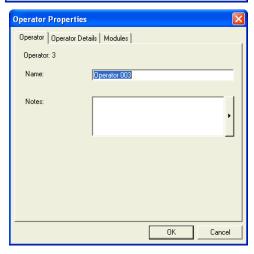
In the **Name** text field, type a descriptive name for the security level (e.g. Level 1), permission (e.g. System Master), or operator (e.g. John Doe). Also refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

Typing the Security Level, Permission, or Operator's Notes

In the **Notes** text field type any important explanations of the selected item and its use. Also refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.







Security Levels

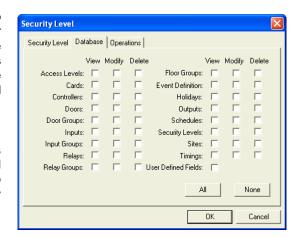
Security levels determine whether an operator can view, modify, and/or delete system characteristics and whether the operator can perform manual controls, such as locking and unlocking doors remotely. The system characteristics consist of all the elements found in the Database Tree View window, such as controllers, doors, and events. Security levels are then assigned to permissions (see "Permissions" on page 151).

Setting the Security Level's Programming Rights

From the **Security Level** properties window, select the **Database** tab to define which system characteristics can be viewed, programmed, and/or deleted for the selected site. The system characteristics consist of all the elements found in the Database Tree View window, such as access levels, cards, and controllers. Each system characteristic has three check boxes labeled **View**, **Modify**, and **Delete**, which are detailed below.

View

If you select the **View** check box, the operator assigned with this security level will be able to view the details of the associated characteristic. For example, if the **View** check box located next to **Access Levels** is selected, the operator assigned with this security level will be able to view all the programmed access levels in the site.



Modify

If you select the **Modify** check box, the operator assigned with this security level will be able to view, add, and edit any elements of the associated characteristic. For example, if the **Edit** check box located next to **Controllers** is selected, the operator assigned with this security level will be able to view, add, and edit the site's controllers.

Delete

If you select the **Delete** check box, the operator assigned with this security level will be able to view and delete elements of the associated characteristic. For example, if the **Delete** check box located next to **Cards** is selected, the operator assigned with this security level will be able to view and delete any of the site's cards.

ΑI

Click the All button to select all the View, Modify, and Delete check boxes of every system characteristic.

None

Click the None button to clear all the View, Modify, and Delete check boxes of every system characteristic.

Setting the Security Level's Manual Operation

From the **Security Level** properties window, select the **Operations** tab to define which manual actions (see "Manual Controls" on page 163) that the operator can perform. You can also define whether an operator can acknowledge alarms and whether they can acknowledge all alarms (see "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137). To allow operators to perform actions detailed above, select the check box associated with the desired operation.

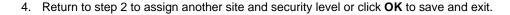
Permissions

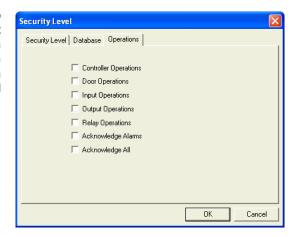
Permissions determine which sites the operator is authorized to access and the operator's security level for each site. Permissions are then assigned to operators (see "Operators" on page 152).

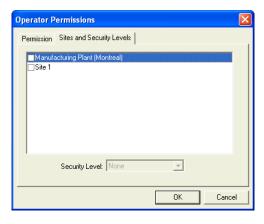
Assigning Security Levels to a Permission

Each site in the permission can be assigned with a different security level.

- From the Operator Permissions properties window, select he Sites and Security Levels tab. A list of all sites that have been created will appear with a check box on the left of each one.
- To assign a site to the permission, select the check box associated with the desired site. The Security Level drop-down list will become active.
- 3. From the **Security Level** drop-down list, select the security level you would like to assign to the selected site. When a site is selected, only security levels created for that site will appear in the drop-down list. Although there is only one **Security Level** drop-down list, you can assign a different security level to each selected site. The selected security level will be assigned to the highlighted site whose check box is selected.







Operators

Operators enable you to determine which personnel are authorized to program, control, and/or monitor the Centaur Access Control System through the Centaur software. Define the login ID and password, assign a permission, and select which software modules will be accessible for each operator.

Setting the Operator's Access Rights

Perform the following to define the operator's system privileges:

- 1. From the Operator Properties window, select the **Operator Details** tab.
- In the Logon ID text field, type the operator's user name that will be used when logging on to the Centaur server (see "Starting the Centaur Server and Software" on page 11).
- 3. In the **Password** text field, type the password that the operator will use when logging on to the Centaur server (see "Starting the Centaur Server and Software" on page 11).
- 4. In the **Confirm Password** text field, retype the **Password** text field to confirm the use of that password.
- 5. Select the permission you wish to assign to the operator from the **Permissions** drop-down list. This determines which system characteristics can be viewed, modified, and/or deleted, and which manual controls can be performed. Also refer to "Permissions" (see page 151).
- 6. Click OK.

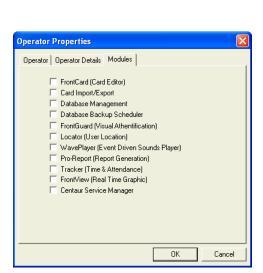
Assigning Which Software Applications Operators Can Use

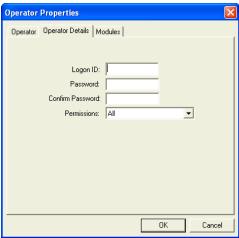
All of the software applications listed below are automatically installed with the Centaur software. Perform the following to enable an operator to use one or more of the software modules automatically installed with Centaur:

- 7. From the **Operator Properties** window, select the **Modules** tab.
- 8. Select the check box(es) associated with the desired software module(s) to enable the operator to use the selected software module(s).
- 9. Click OK.

FrontCard

Centaur's card management feature provides an easy to use interface to program the card properties without having to deal with long card lists in the Database Tree View window and includes an advanced search engine. For more information, refer to "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102.





Card Import/Export

Centaur's card import/export feature (server only) enables you to export Centaur card data to a .csv file or import a .csv file containing card data into Centaur's card database. For more information, refer to "Centaur Card Import/Export Feature" on page 102.

Database Management

Centaur's database file management feature (server only) allows you to control and manage the often large and complex database files of the Centaur software. You can back up and restore database files, purge events from selected sites during specific periods, limit the size of database files and delete entire database files. For more information, refer to "Database Management" on page 171.

Database Backup Scheduler

Centaur's database backup scheduler (server only) enables you to schedule regular backups of the Centaur databases. You can back up the Main database and the Event database separately, specify the location of the backup files and select how often (daily, weekly, or monthly) the backup will occur. For more information, refer to "Database Backup Scheduler" on page 178.

Front Guard (Visual Authentication)

Centaur's visual authentication feature uses events generated in Centaur to retrieve a picture and/or video feed to help you identify card holders or to view the location where an event has occurred. For more information, refer to Centaur's Visual Authentication Software *Operator's Manual*.

Locator (User Location)

Designed to function with the system's Global Anti-Passback feature, Centaur's Anti-Passback Monitoring feature allows you to monitor when card holders enter and exit designated doors in real-time, retrieve card holder information and print customizable card holder access reports. For more information, refer to Centaur's Anti-Passback Monitoring Software Online Help.

WavePlayer (Event Driven Sounds Player)

This utility was designed to enable a .wav file to be played on the computer when an event that requires acknowledgement occurs. The sound can replay at programmed intervals until the alarm is acknowledged. For more information, refer to "Centaur Wave Player" on page 181.

Pro-Report (Report Generation)

Centaur's Report Generation feature provides a user-friendly wizard for generating system and Time and Attendance reports. Generate quick (one-time), pre-defined and scheduled reports for up to 8 different report types. You can also search, group, and sort your reports. For more information, refer to Centaur's *Report Generation Software Operator's Manual*.

FrontView (Real Time Graphic)

Centaur's real-time graphic interface gives you point-and-click control over doors, relays, inputs, outputs, and controllers through a graphical floor plan. For more information, refer to Centaur's Real-Time Graphic Interface Online Help.

Centaur Service Manager

The Centaur Service Manager allows operators to start and access the Centaur Access Control System. A valid operator login ID and password are required to start Centaur. For more information on how to use the Centaur Service Manager, refer to "Starting the Centaur Server and Software" on page 11.

Diagnostic Tool

Centaur's new Diagnostic Tool allows you to view your system information to ensure all of the components required to run the Centaur software have been installed. Within the Diagnostic Tool's menu, you may save or copy your system information to a specific folder on your computer or send it directly to our technical support team in the event that you require assistance. This tool is also helpful in assessing which prerequisites your computer may require when upgrading to the latest version of the Centaur software.

Deleting a Security Level, Permission, or Operator

To delete a security level or permission, right-click the security level or permission you wish to delete and click **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired security level or permission and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box appears requesting confirmation. You cannot delete the default **All** and **None** security levels and permissions.

To delete an operator, right-click the desired operator from the Database Tree View window and click **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired operator and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box appears requesting confirmation. You cannot delete the default **Administrator**.



Chapter 17: CCTV Commands

What Will I Find?

| Adding a CCTV Command | 156 |
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| Modifying a CCTV Command | 156 |
| Deleting a CCTV Command | 157 |

When you activate CCTV control, Centaur can send a detailed CCTV command to a video switcher whenever an event assigned with that command occurs. The CCTV command will tell the video switcher to switch to a specific camera and monitor. You can even set the cameras to tilt, pan, and/or zoom.

Prior to assigning CCTV Commands to an event (refer to "Event-Activated CCTV Control" on page 140), you must program the CCTV commands, which will define how the video switcher will react when selected system events occur.

Adding a CCTV Command

Right-click the **CCTV Commands** branch in the Database Tree View window and select **New CCTV Command** from the drop-down list. You can also select **CCTV Commands** and press the keyboard **Insert** key. The CCTV Command Properties window will appear (see "Modifying a CCTV Command"), allowing you to configure the CCTV Command.

Modifying a CCTV Command

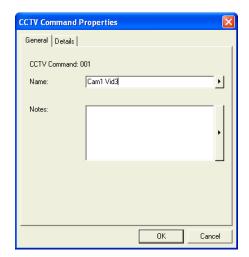
Right-click the desired CCTV Command from the **CCTV Commands** branch in the Database Tree View window and select **Properties** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired CCTV Command from the **CCTV Commands** branch in the Database Tree View window and press the keyboard **Enter** key. The CCTV Command Properties window will appear, allowing you to configure the CCTV Command.

General CCTV Command Properties

From the **CCTV Command Properties** window, select the **General** tab to record the CCTV Command's name and any additional notes.

Typing a CCTV Command's Name

Use the **Name** text field in the **General** tab to identify the CCTV Command. We recommend using a name that is representative of the CCTV Command such as "Cam1 Vid3". Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.



Typing a CCTV Command's Notes

Use the **Notes** text field in the **General** tab to record any additional notes that may be required. We recommend that you keep a log of what settings were changed and when they were changed. Also, refer to "Typing Names and Notes" on page 22.

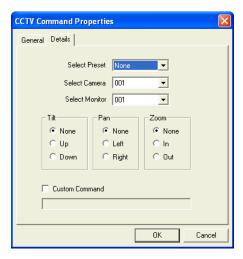
CCTV Command Settings

A CCTV Command and its programmed settings are assigned to one or more system event (refer to "Selecting the CCTV Command for an Event" on page 140) and when that event occurs within its assigned schedule (refer to "Selecting the CCTV Control Schedule for an Event" on page 140), Centaur sends the assigned command to the video switcher connected to the COM port selected in the site properties (refer to "Selecting a Computer COM Port for CCTV" on page 36).

Defining a CCTV Command

Perform the following to program a CCTV Command's settings:

- 1. From the CCTV Command Properties window, select the Details tab.
- If you want to use the preset CCTV commands offered by Centaur, follow step 3 to step 6. If you want to send a CCTV command that is not offered by Centaur, select the **Custom Command** check box, type the desired command in the text field below the check box and go to step 6. When you select the **Custom Command** check box, all other options are disabled.
- 3. From the Select Preset drop-down list, select one of the video switcher's preset definitions to be activated when the selected event occurs. When you select a preset definition, the radio buttons under the Tilt, Pan, and Zoom headings are unavailable. If you do not want to use a preset definition, select None and use the radio buttons under the Tilt, Pan, and Zoom headings to select the tilt, pan, and zoom commands you wish to send to the video switcher's camera selected in the next step.



- 4. From the Select Camera drop-down list, select which camera will be activated when the selected event occurs.
- 5. From the Select Monitor drop-down list, select which monitor will be activated when the selected event occurs.
- 6. Click OK.

Deleting a CCTV Command

Right-click the desired CCTV Command from the **CCTV Commands** branch in the Database Tree View window and select **Delete** from the drop-down list. You can also select the desired CCTV Command from the **CCTV Commands** branch in the Database Tree View window and press the keyboard **Delete** key. A dialogue box appears requesting confirmation.





Chapter 18: Options

What Will I Find?

| General Centaur Options | . 160 |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Event Colour Definitions | . 161 |
| Operator Timeout | . 162 |
| Log File | 162 |

The Centaur software can be programmed to provide visual and/or auditory feedback when specific events or alarms occur in the system. You can also determine at what frequency (in seconds) that Centaur will update the Real-Time Events/Status window. The colours of each event that appear in the Real-Time Events/Status window can be customized to your needs. You can also set the Centaur administration consoles to automatically log off if no action has occurred after a specified amount of time.

General Centaur Options

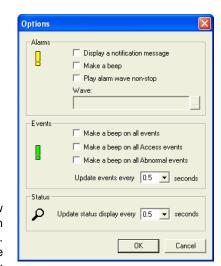
From Centaur's main menu bar, select the **Options** menu and select the **Options** command from the drop-down list. The **Options** window will appear, allowing you to set Centaur's visual and/or auditory feedback options as well as determine how often Centaur will update the Real-Time Events/Status window. The options are detailed below.

Setting Alarm Acknowledgement Options

The following options are available under the **Alarms** heading. These options only apply if alarm acknowledgement is enabled (see "Enabling Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137).

Display a Notification Message

When the **Display a notification message** check box is selected, a pop-up window will appear to notify you that an alarm requiring acknowledgement has occurred when your Centaur access control software is minimized or running in the background. Therefore, if you are working in another program such as Microsoft Word, or if the Centaur access control software is minimized, a pop-up window will appear asking you



if you would like to view the alarm now. If you click **Yes**, it will maximize (return) to the Centaur access control software. If you choose to ignore the alarm, click **No**.

Make a Beep

When the Make a beep check box is selected, your computer will beep every time an alarm requiring acknowledgement occurs.

Setting General System Event Options

The following options are available under the **Events** heading.

Make a Beep on all Events

When the **Make a beep on all events** check box under the **Events** heading is selected, your computer will beep every time an event appears in the Real-Time Events/Status window.

Make a Beep on All Access Events

When the **Make a beep on all Access events** check box is selected, your computer will beep every time an Access event appears in the Real-Time Events/Status window. Access events consist of any event generated that is linked to the status of the doors in the system such as "Access Granted", "Card Traced", and "Door Forced Open".

Make a Beep on All Abnormal Events

When the **Make a beep on all Abnormal events** check box is selected, your computer will beep every time an abnormal event appears in the Real-Time Events/Status window. Abnormal events consist of any event generated that is uncommon to normal site operation such as "Door Left Open", "Relay Activated by Operator", and any troubles.

Update events every

This option determines at what intervals the Centaur access control software will refresh the Real-Time Events/Status window. From the **Update events every** drop-down list, select the desired interval of time.



Options

Setting the Event Status Refresh Rate

This option determines at what intervals the Centaur access control software will refresh the Real-Time Events/Status window when displaying the status of devices in the system such as doors and controllers. For information on displaying the status of devices in the system, refer to "Manual Controls" on page 163. From the **Update status display every** drop-down list under the **Status** heading, select the desired interval of time.

Event Colour Definitions

Centaur provides the ability to customize the text and background colour of each event logged in the system. You can set events to use its default colours or a custom colour definition. When an event occurs, it will appear in the Real-Time Events/Status window with its defined colours (default or custom).

Using Default System Event Colours

Perform the following to use an event's default system colours

- 1. From Centaur's main menu, select the **Options** menu and **Event Colours**.
- 2. From the Event Colours window, highlight the desired event.
- 3. Select the Use System Colours check box.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until the desired events are set.
- 5. Click OK.

Customizing Event Colours

Perform the following to set an event to use a custom set of colours.

- 1. From Centaur's main menu, select the Options menu and select Event Colours.
- 2. From the Event Colours window, highlight the desired event.
- 3. Clear the Use System Colours check box.
- 4. Select the desired colours from the Text Colour and Background Colour drop-down lists.
- 5. Repeat steps 2 to 4 until the desired events are set.
- 6. Click OK.

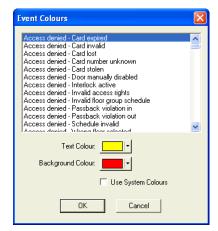
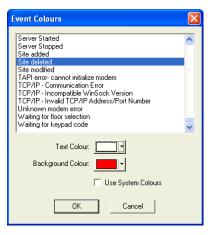
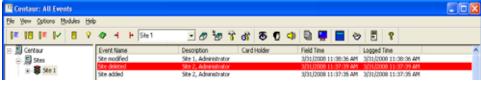


Figure 34: Customizing Event Colours





Operator Timeout

The Centaur administration consoles can be programmed to log off automatically when no action has occurred within the software (i.e. programming, viewing system status, etc.) for a specified amount of time.

- 1. From Centaur's main menu, select the Options menu and select Operator Timeout.
- 2. The **Operator Timeout** window will appear. In the **Timeout** text field, type a value in minutes from **0** to **65536**. To disable this feature, type **00000**.
- 3. Click OK.



Log File

Centaur can automatically save a .xml log file of events to your hard drive. This is convenient in the event that you require assistance from our technical support team and a log of recent events is required.

- 1. From Centaur's main menu, select the **Options** menu and select **Log File**.
- 2. The **Log file options** window will appear. Select the **Enable Log** check box. This feature is disabled when the check box is cleared.
- 3. In the **Log file limit** text field, type a value in amount of entries from 10 to 1000.
- 4. Click OK.







Chapter 19: Manual Controls

What Will I Find?

| Event Display | 164 |
|-----------------|-----|
| Manual Controls | 165 |

Centaur includes an intuitive toolbar that you can use to display the status of specific output and input devices as well as control the activation and deactivation of those devices. In each site, you can view and control the status of the controllers, doors, inputs, outputs, and relays.

Event Display

The following sections describe how an operator can view some or all of the events in the system. For details on how they are displayed, refer to "Events" on page 133. Make sure you select the appropriate site from the desired site branch in the Database Tree View window. Appropriate operator permissions and security levels must be enabled (see "Operators" on page 147).

Display All Events



When you click on the **All events** icon, the last 1000 events that occurred in the selected site will appear along with its details in the Real-Time Events/Status window.

Display Access Events



When you click on the **Access events** icon, any of the last 1000 events generated that is linked to the status of the doors in the selected site (i.e. "Access Granted", "Card Traced", etc.) will appear along with its details (i.e. company name and information about the user) in the Real-Time Events/Status window.

Display Abnormal Events



When you click on the **Abnormal events** icon, any of the last 1000 events generated that is uncommon to normal site operation (i.e. "Door Left Open", "Relay Activated by Operator", troubles, etc.) will appear along with its details in the Real-Time Events/Status window.

Display Acknowledged Events



Any of the last 1000 events in the site can be programmed to require operator acknowledgement (see "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137). When you click on the **Acknowledged events** icon, any event that requires acknowledgement and has been acknowledged by an operator will appear along with its details in the Real-Time Events/ Status window.

Manual Controls

The following sections describe how an operator can view the status of the devices in the system and how they can remotely control these devices (i.e. enable or disable a relay, etc.). Make sure you select the appropriate site from the desired site branch in the Database Tree View window. Appropriate operator permissions and security levels must be enabled (see "Operators" on page 147).

Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Door



When you click on the **Door status** icon, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the doors in the system. If you wish to manually change the status of a door, right-click the desired door. You can also select multiple doors to manually change in the same way by clicking on the doors while holding down the **Shift** or **Ctrl** keys and right-clicking on one of the selected doors. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the following actions from the list. Also, refer to "Figure 35" on page 166.

Lock Door

Locks the selected door if it was unlocked on schedule, manually or by a user.

Unlock Door

Unlocks the selected door for the period specified by the door's Unlock Time (see "Setting the Door Timers" on page 74).

Unlock Door (Timed)

Unlocks the selected door for a programmed period of time. When you select this action, the Activation Time window will appear. In the text box, type a value from 1 second to 9999 seconds, and click **OK**.

Unlock Door (Latched)

Unlocks the selected door until an operator re-locks the door using the Lock Door manual command (see "Lock Door" on page 165) or until locked by the door's schedule (see "Selecting the Door Unlock Schedule" on page 73).

Enable Door

When an operator manually bypasses a door (see "Disable Door" below), this command will reinstate the active state of the selected door.

Disable Door

Allows the operator to manually bypass the selected door. The active state of the door is reinstated when the operator uses the Enable Door command (see above) or when enabled by the door's enabling schedule (see "Selecting the Door Unlock Schedule" on page 73).

Click the Door Status icon. Centaur: Door Status File View Options Modules Help · @ * T of & D 🗆 🖫 🔡 E Centaux Address Status 8 Ste 1 Poor 001:02 1:2 Closed and Locked (secure) e de Carda E Door 001:03 1(3) Offine Unlock Door (Timed) Access Levels E Door 001:04 1:6 Offline Unlock Door (Latched) E Door 002:01 Offine W Holders 2:1 ■ Door 002:02 Office Enable Door ii I Schedules Controllers Disable Door Events Delete **Groups** Properties · 👌 Security Levels Visual display and text O Output Timings description of current (live) Right-click the desired door(s), TR Permissions # 6 Operators door status. then select the desired action.

Figure 35: Door Status and Manual Controls

Displaying and Controlling the Status of a Relay



When you click on the **Relay status** icon from the menu bar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the relays in the system. If you wish to manually change the status of a relay, right-click the desired relay. You can also select multiple relays to manually change in the same way by clicking on the relays while holding down the **Shift** or **Ctrl** keys and right-clicking on one of the selected relays. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the following actions from the list.Also, refer to "Figure 36" on page 167.

Activate Relay

Activates (toggles) the selected relay for the period specified by the relay's Activation Time (see "Setting the Relay Activation Timer" on page 112). If a relay's **Delay on Activation Time** is programmed (see "Setting the Relay Delay Time Before Activation" on page 112), the relay will only activate after this delay has elapsed.

Activate Relay (Timed)

Activates (toggles) the selected relay for a programmed period of time. When you select this action, the Activation Time window will appear. In the **Time (seconds)** text box, type a value from 1 to 9999 seconds and click **OK**.

Activate Relay (Latched)

Activates (toggles) the selected relay until an operator deactivates the relay using the Deactivate Relay manual command (see "Deactivate Relay" on page 166) or until deactivated by the relay's schedule (see "Selecting a Time Relay Activation Schedule" on page 111).

Deactivate Relay

Deactivates the selected relay.



Click the **Relay Status** icon. 🞹 Centaur: Relay Status File View Options Modules Help | E | E | V | E | V → H | Site 1 · 🗗 🗗 😘 😘 🤡 🗗 🐠 🕲 📮 📕 🤣 🤣 🔞 Address Status Relay Stes Relay 001:01 □ 🦉 Site 1 Relay 001:0 Inactiv ⊕ 🗗 Cards Relay 001:03 1:3 Active Activate Relay (timed) Access Levels PRelay 001:04 1:4 Inactive Activate Relay (latched) Holidays Deactivate Relay ⊕ - E3 Schedules Delete **⊕** Sontrollers Events Relay properties Visual display and text description Right-click the of current (live) relay status. Output Timings desired relay(s), then Permissions select the desired action ⊕ - ¶ Operators ⊕ CCTV Commands

Figure 36: Display Relay Status

Displaying Controller Status



When you click on the **Controller status** icon from the menu bar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the controllers in the selected site.

Click the Controller Status icon. R Centaur: Controller Status File View Options Modules Help · Ø 🗑 🕯 🐧 🗗 🗗 💵 💆 🗒 💡 - 🖺 Centaur Address Status Number of Cards Number of Errors Stes 😑 🦉 Ste 1 Reset Controller + 🗗 Cards Update Time Access Levels ₩ Holdays Deactivate Controller Schedules Download View Controller Status Events ⊕ 😝 Groups ⊕ 👸 Security Levels Delete Visual display and Properties Output Timings text description Permissions Right-click the desired cont - C Operators of current (live) then select the desired action ⊕ CCTV Commands controller status.

Figure 37: Display Controller Status

Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Input



When you click on the **Input Status** icon from the menu bar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the inputs in the system. If you wish to manually enable/disable an input, right-click the desired input. You can also select multiple inputs to manually enable/disable in the same way by clicking on the inputs while holding down the keyboard **Shift** or **Ctrl** keys, and right-clicking on one of the selected inputs. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the two following actions from the list. Also, refer to "Inputs" on page 115.

Enable Input

When an operator manually bypasses (disables) an input, this command will reinstate the active state of the selected input.

Disable Input

Allows the operator to manually bypass the selected input. The active state of the input is reinstated when the operator uses the Enable Input command or when enabled by the input's enabling schedule (see "Selecting the Input Enabling Schedule" on page 121).

Click the Input Status icon. 🖳 Centaur: Input Status View Options Modules |+ | Sie 1 Certair Input Address Satur 三国 Stes Door 001:01 Contact 1:1 B Rei 4 Door 001:01 REX 1:3 Alarm # # Cards - Door 001:02 Contact Sealed Access Levels Door 001:02 REX M Holidays + Door 001:03 Contact 1:17 Disable Input ⊕ 🖾 Schedules - Door 001:03 REX 1:18 Sealed Controllers +| Door 001:04 Contact Sealed Delete # 0 Events ⊕ 8 Groups Security Levels Right-click the Output Timings Visual display and text description desired input. Permissions then select the of current (live) input status. C Operators CCTV Commands desired action.

Figure 38: Display Input Status

Displaying and Controlling the Status of an Output



When you click on the **Output Status** icon from the menu bar, Centaur will display the current (live) status of the outputs in the system. If you wish to manually change the status of an output, right-click the desired output. You can also select multiple outputs to manually change in the same way by clicking on the outputs while holding down the keyboard **Shift** or **Ctrl** keys, and right-clicking on one of the selected outputs. A drop-down list will appear. Select one of the following actions from the list. Also, refer to "Outputs" on page 125.

Activate Output

Activates the selected output for the period specified by the output's Activation Time (see "Setting the Output Activation Events" on page 128).

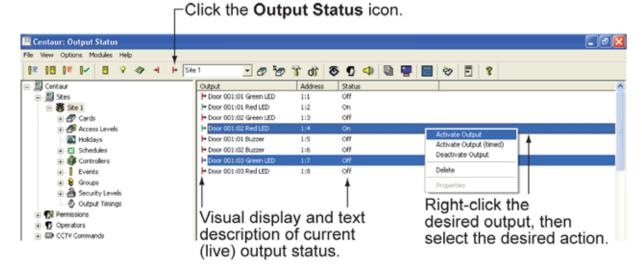
Activate Output (Timed)

Activates the selected output for a programmed period of time. When you select this action, the Activation Time window will appear. In the text box, type a value from 1 to 9999 seconds, and click **OK**.

Deactivate Output

Deactivates the selected output.

Figure 39: Display Output Status







Chapter 20: Database Management

What Will I Find?

| What are the Centaur Databases? | |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| Database Management Module | |
| Databasa Backup Schodular | 170 |

Centaur's database file management feature is automatically installed with Centaur Server. This database utility was designed to control and manage the often large and complex database files of the Centaur software. You can back up and restore database files, purge events from selected sites during specific periods, limit the size of database files and delete entire database files.

What are the Centaur Databases?

Before starting, you need to understand how the Centaur databases are used and what information is saved in them. These databases are attached to the SQL Server application used by Centaur. Whenever something is programmed or an event occurs in the system, the information is downloaded to the SQL Server and saved in the Main and/or Event databases. These files are saved on your hard drive in the following default path C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server\Data. Only databases currently used by SQL and Centaur will be saved in the above-mentioned directory path. The backup files can be saved wherever you wish.

Main Database

The Main database (CentaurMain) contains all the system characteristics of the Centaur software (i.e. sites, controllers, schedules, cards, etc.). The more sites, cards and controllers you have programmed, the bigger this file will be.

Event Database

The Event database (CentaurEvents) contains all events that have occurred in the system (i.e. "Access Granted", "Door Forced", alarms, etc.). For more information on how you can manage the size of the Event database, please refer to "Limiting the Event Database's Size" on page 174. Also, refer to "Disk" on page 135.

Database Management Module

The Centaur Database Management Module is automatically installed with Centaur and can only be run on the Server. This database utility was designed to control and manage the often large and complex database files of the Centaur software. You can back up and restore database files, purge events from selected sites during specific periods, limit the size of database files and delete entire database files.

Starting the Database Management Module

The Database Management Module can be started using one of two methods. To start the module from within Centaur, click the **Open Database Management Module** icon from the main menu bar. If you open the Database Management Module from within Centaur, the Restore, Attach, Detach, and Remove database options will not be available. To access all database options, run the Database Management Module as described below.

- 1. Make sure the SQL Server is running and that the Centaur Administration Console isn't running and the Centaur Service Manager is stopped and exit (refer to "Starting the Centaur Server and Software" on page 11).
- 2. Click Start, point to Programs, CDV Americas, Centaur, and click Centaur Database Manager.
- 3. From the SPXDBase Logon window, type the appropriate **Logon ID** and **Password**. Centaur's database file management utility uses the same Logon ID and Password as Centaur.

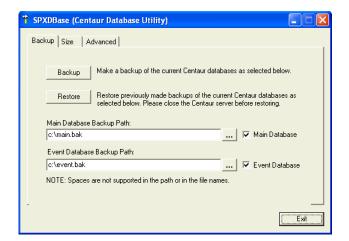


Backing Up Databases

Performing a backup will save all information in the selected database(s) into a file with a .bak extension. These files can later be restored to the SQL Server application used by Centaur (see "Restoring Databases" on page 174). Also refer to "What are the Centaur Databases?" on page 172.

We highly recommend that you back up your databases regularly and that these backup files are saved on a form of removable media (i.e. tape backup, zip disk, etc.) as well as on your computer's hard drive. This safety precaution is an important part of keeping your data safe. If for any reason a database becomes corrupt, you will be able to restore a backed up file. Creating a backup is also useful for keeping a log of events, especially if the size of the Event database is limited (see "Limiting the Event Database's Size" on page 174), or to save as a default programming database for future applications.

- After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the Backup tab.
- Select the databases you wish to back up by clicking the Main Database and/or the Event Database check boxes.
 For more information refer to "What are the Centaur Databases?" on page 172.
- 4. In the text field corresponding to the selected database(s), type the full path (location where you would like to save the backup) and desired file name. You can also click the "..." button to browse for the desired file.
- 5. Click the **Backup** button.





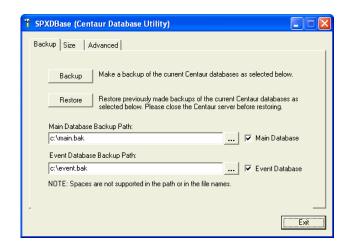
Spaces are note supported in the path or in the file names.

Restoring Databases

Restoring databases will bring back all information saved in a backed up database file (.bak) so it can be used with the Centaur software. Performing a restoration will attach the back up files to the SQL Server application and save them in C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur\Centaur Server\Data. This will overwrite any databases currently attached.

If you are having problems with a database, or if you have experienced a loss of data, or if your database is corrupted due to a computer hardware failure, you can restore any database that you have backed up. Please note that you will have to add any programming changes that were done since the last backup was created. If events are also restored, all events that have occurred since the last backup will be lost.

- After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the **Backup** tab.
- Select the databases you wish to restore by clicking the Main Database and/or the Event Database check boxes.
 For more information refer to "What are the Centaur Databases?" on page 172.
- 4. In the text field corresponding to the selected database(s), type the full path and the name of the file from which you want to restore the database. You can also click the "..." button to browse for the desired file.
- 5. Click the Restore button.



Limiting the Event Database's Size

With this feature, you can define the maximum size of the Event database. This feature will not affect the Main database, only the Event database (see "What are the Centaur Databases?" on page 172). When the Event database has reached its maximum size, each subsequent event will be followed by a "Failed to Process Event" event, which will appear in the Real-Time Events/Status window. At this point, events will not be saved because the database has exceeded its maximum size. You should perform a backup of the Event database (see "Backing Up Databases" on page 173), and then truncate (see "Truncating Events" on page 175) the database to reduce its size. Perform the following to define the size of the Event database:

- 1. After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the **Size** tab and click the **Size** button.
- 3. In the **Restrict growth of Event database to** text field, type the maximum size of the Event database in MB, or select the **Unlimited Growth** check box. If using MSDE, growth is limited to 2GB.



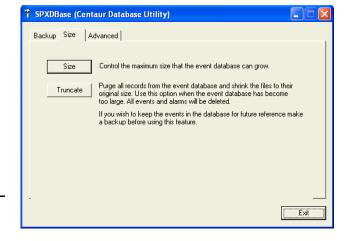
Do not select the **Unlimited Growth** check box unless the full version of SQL server is installed. Do not enter more than 1800MB when using MSDE.

4. Click OK.



Truncating Events

When the Event database has reached its maximum size (see "Limiting the Event Database's Size" on page 174), each subsequent event will be followed by a "Failed to Process Event" event which will appear in the Real-Time Events/Status window. At this point, events will not be saved because the database has exceeded its maximum size. When the Event database becomes too large, you can use the Truncate feature to delete all records (including events and alarms) from the Event database. This will reduce the database file to its original size. The Truncate feature will not affect the Main database, only the Event database. Perform the following to truncate events from the Event database:





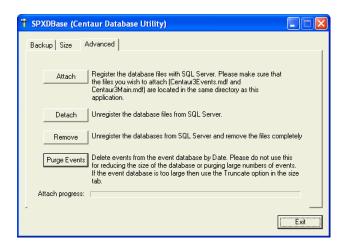
We recommend you make a backup of the database before truncating it. For more information, see "Backing Up Databases" on page 173.

- 1. After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the Size tab.
- 3. Click the Truncate button.
- 4. Click **Yes** to confirm the truncate action, or click **No** to cancel the truncate operation.

Attaching Databases

This feature is for advanced users only and should not be used frequently. Attaching a database will tell the SQL Server application used by Centaur to begin using the databases located in C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server\Data. Make sure that the Centaur3Main.mdb, Centaur3Events.mdb and the spxDBase.exe files are located in the above-mentioned path. Please note that before attaching the database, the database files currently used by Centaur need to be detached or removed (see "Detaching Databases" on page 176 or "Removing Databases" on page 176). Verify that Centaur and the Centaur Service Manager applications are closed and that the SQL Server is running. Perform the following to attach the database:

- After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the Advanced tab.
- 3. Click the Attach button.



Detaching Databases

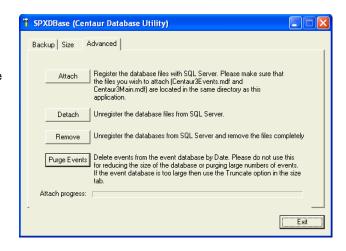
This feature is for advanced users only and should not be used frequently. Before attaching a database (see "Attaching Databases" on page 175), you must tell the SQL Server application used by Centaur to stop using the current databases by detaching them. Detaching the database will allow you to keep a manual backup of the current databases. If you perform a detachment, the databases will be detached from SQL, but will still exist. You must move them from the current path C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server\Data to another path. Perform the following to detach the database:

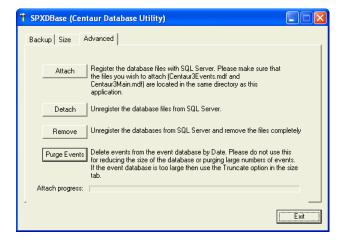
- After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the Advanced tab.
- 3. Click the **Detach** button.

Removing Databases

If you remove the databases, it will detach the database and delete it completely. You will not be able to restore or re-attach databases that have been removed. Perform the following to remove the database:

- After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- 2. From this window, select the **Advanced** tab.
- 3. Click the Remove button.





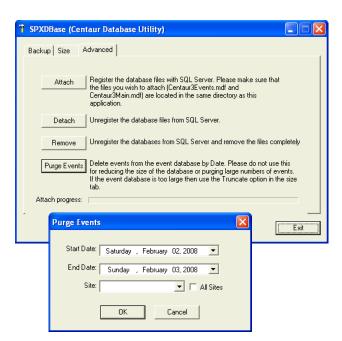
Purging Databases

Using this feature, you can delete events that occurred between a specified period of time and within a selected site or within all sites. The purge feature will not affect the Main database, only the Event database. Perform the following to purge events from the Event database:



Do not use the purge feature to reduce the size of the database or to delete large numbers of events. Instead, use the Truncate feature (see "Truncating Events" on page 175). Also, any alarms that require acknowledgement (see "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137) that have not been acknowledged will not be deleted.

- After starting the Database Management Module as described in "Starting the Database Management Module" on page 172, the SpxDBase (Centaur Database Utility) window will appear.
- From this window, select the Advanced tab and click the Purge Events button.
- 3. From the Purge Events window, use the Start Date and End Date drop-down lists to select the period.
- 4. Select the site from the **Site** drop down list or click the **All Sites** check box.
- 5. Click **OK**. Centaur will delete events that occurred in the selected site(s) during the selected period.



Database Backup Scheduler

Centaur's database backup scheduler enables you to schedule regular backups of the Centaur databases. You can back up the Main database and the Event database separately, specify the location of the backup files and select how often (daily, weekly, or monthly) the backup will occur.

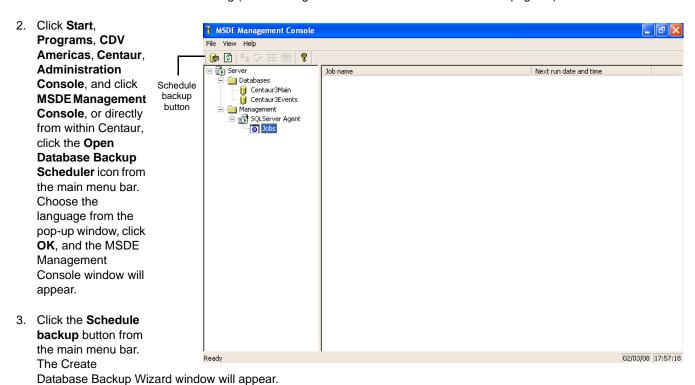


When the database backup scheduler saves the backup file, it will overwrite the previous file. If you want to create backup files that do not overwrite each other, refer to the document from the c:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Administration Console\MSDE Management\MSDE_How to create a schedule task.doc or contact technical support (see "Technical Support" on page 4).

Creating a Scheduled Database Backup

Multiple scheduled jobs can be created to save database backups in different locations, with different names and using different schedules. Perform the following to run Centaur's database backup scheduler and create scheduled job:

1. Make sure the SQL Server is running (see "Starting the Centaur Server and Software" on page 11).



- 4. Click Next.
- 5. From the **Database** drop-down list, select the database you would like to backup. For more information, refer to "What are the Centaur Databases?" on page 172. Click **Next**.



- In the Name text box, type the job name of the scheduled backup. In the Description text box, type the description of the backup. Click Next.
- 7. In the **Select backup file** text field, type the full path (location where you would like to save the backup) and the desired file name. You can also click the "..." button to browse for the desired path and/or file. Click **Next**.
- 8. Select **Create a scheduled job to be performed periodically**. A text field will appear indicating the current schedule. Click the **Change** button to change the schedule and click **OK**. After changing the schedule, and click **Next**.
- 9. Click Finish.

Editing a Scheduled Database Backup

You cannot edit a scheduled job. If you need to change the scheduled job's settings, you must delete the existing job (see "Deleting a Scheduled Database Backup" on page 179) and then re-create a new one (see "Creating a Scheduled Database Backup" on page 178).

Deleting a Scheduled Database Backup

Perform the following to delete a scheduled job:

- 1. Make sure the SQL Server is running (see "Starting the Centaur Server and Software" on page 11).
- Click Start, Programs, CDV Americas, Centaur, and click MSDE Management Console, or directly from within Centaur, click the Open Database Backup Scheduler icon from the main menu bar. The MSDE Management Console window will appear.
- 3. From the Database Tree View window (left-hand portion of your screen), double-click the **Jobs** branch.
- 4. From the Details window (right-hand portion of your screen), right-click the desired job and click **Delete job**. A dialogue box will appear requesting confirmation.

REFERENCE MANUAL

CENTAUR 4.2

Database Management





Chapter 21: Centaur Wave Player

What Will I Find?

| Starting Centaur Wave Player | 182 |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Assigning a WAV File | 182 |

This utility was designed to enable a .wav file to be played on the computer when an event that requires acknowledgement occurs. The sound can replay at programmed intervals until the alarm is acknowledged.

Centaur Wave Player

This utility was designed to enable a .wav file to be played on the computer when an event that requires acknowledgement occurs (see "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137). The sound can replay at programmed intervals until the alarm is acknowledged.

Starting Centaur Wave Player

- Make sure that Centaur is running. Click Start, Programs, CDV Americas, Centaur, Administration Console, and click WavePlayer.
- From the Wave Player Login window, type the appropriate Login ID and Password. Centaur Wave player uses the same Login ID and Password as Centaur. If you are trying to log in to a Centaur Server that is on a network, type the computer's network name or IP address in the Computer text field.
- 3. Click OK.

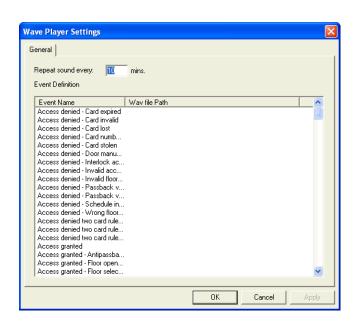
Assigning a WAV File

When an event that requires acknowledgement occurs and it has been assigned a .wav file as detailed below, the associated sound will play. The event that occurs will also appear in Centaur Wave player Real-Time Events/Status window until the alarm is acknowledged (refer to "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137 for more information). If the alarm event is not acknowledged, the sound will replay every 1 to 60 minutes depending on the set value.



The .wav file will only play if the selected event has been set as an alarm in Centaur. The event's alarm acknowledgement feature must be enabled (refer to "Alarm Acknowledgement" on page 137 for more information).

- Start Centaur Wave player as detailed in "Starting Centaur Wave Player".
- From the main menu bar, select File and click Settings. The Wave Player Settings window appears.
- In the Repeat Sound Every text field, type a value between 1 and 60 minutes. This value applies to all events with an associated .wav file.
- In the Event Definition list, double-click the event you wish to assign a .wav file to. The **Select Wav** file path window appears.
- Click the "..." button and select the .wav file and location. Click OK.
- 6. Repeat these steps to assign further .wav files to events. Click **Apply**.





Appendix A: DCOM Configuration

What Will I Find?

| DCOM Configuration for Windows XP | . 184 |
|--|-------|
| DCOM Configuration for Windows 2003 Server | . 206 |
| DCOM Configuration for Windows 2000 Pro and Server | 235 |

Centaur uses Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM) to communicate between its software components. DCOM is a protocol that enables software components to communicate directly across multiple network transports, including Internet protocols such as HTTP, in a reliable, secure, and efficient manner.

It is necessary to configure the DCOM only when operators need to access the Centaur Server computer from remote computers. DCOM configuration is performed on the Centaur Server computer only and sets Windows to allow access from remote workstations creating Windows user accounts.

Before configuring the DCOM, the Centaur Server must be installed (refer to "Installation Overview" on page 3) and the users that will access the Centaur Server must be programmed in the server. The DCOM Configuration Utility is automatically installed with Windows 2000/2003/XP operating systems. We recommend this settings to be done by a network administrator.

DCOM Configuration for Windows XP

To be able to configure the DCOM on Windows XP operating system, you have to be logged in as Administrator.

Verifying DCOM

Before going on with the DCOM configuration, you can perform the following steps to verify the integrity of your DCOM:

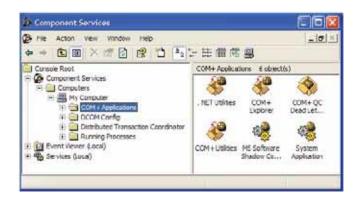
1. From the taskbar, click **Start** -> **Run**. The **Run** window will appear. Enter **dcomcnfg.exe** in the text box and click **OK**.



2. The Component Services window will appear. Within the Console Root folder (left side of your screen), expand the Component Services branch, the Computers branch, and the My Computer branch. Ensure that the Running Processes folder appears in the My Computer branch. If it does not appear, you must repair DCOM. If your DCOM configuration is found corrupted then follow the steps in "Reparing DCOM" on page 186; if not, skip the next section and go directly to "Setting the Firewall" on page 189.



3. Click the **COM+ Applications** branch. The components of this branch will appear on the right side of your screen. If you get an error message and/or cannot access this branch of components, you must repair DCOM. If your DCOM configuration is found corrupted then follow the steps in "Repairing DCOM" on page 186; if not, skip the next section and go directly to "Setting the Firewall" on page 189.



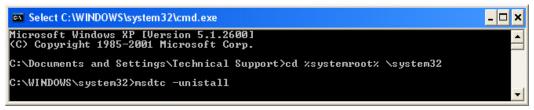
Reparing DCOM

Perform the following steps to repair your DCOM configuration:

1. From the taskbar, click **Start** -> **Run**. The **Run** window will appear. Enter **cmd** in the text box and click **OK**.



2. The C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd.exe window will appear. Type cd %systemroot% \system32 and press the keyboard Enter key. Type msdtc -uninstall and press the keyboard Enter key.



- 3. Reboot your computer.
- 4. From the taskbar, click **Start** -> **Run**. The **Run** window will appear. Enter **cmd** in the text box and click **OK**.



5. The C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd.exe window will appear. Type cd %systemroot% \system32 and press the keyboard

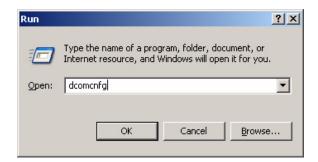
Enter key. Type msdtc -install and press the keyboard Enter key.



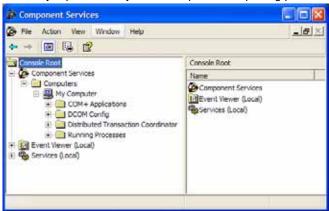
Verifying if the DCOM has been repaired

Perform the following steps to verify that DCOM has been repaired:

1. From the taskbar, click Start -> Run. The Run window will appear. Enter dcomcnfg.exe in the text box and click OK.



The **Component Services** window will appear. In the **Console Root** folder (left side of your screen), expand the **Component Services** branch, the **Computers** branch, and the **My Computer** branch. If there is a red arrow next to any of the components of this folder, DCOM has not been successfully repaired and you must repeat the repairing process.



Setting the Firewall

Firewall settings need to be altered on the Centaur Server computer and on any workstation connecting to the Centaur Server computer through DCOM.

On the server you need to:

- Open the port 135 (DCOM port)
- Allow access (In bound and Out bound)) for the program SPXSVR.exe found on C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\ Centaur\Centaur Server.
- Allow access (In bound and Out bound) for the program sqlsevr.exe found on C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL ServerMSSQL\Binn\.

On the workstation you need to:

• Open the port 135 (DCOM port)



Please make sure that all your network devices allow DCOM (port 135).

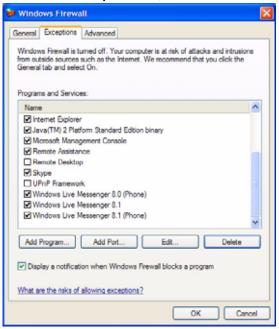
Please refer to your firewall documentation if you need help. If you are using the Windows firewall follow these steps to alter your settings:

1. From the taskbar, click **Start -> Control Panel**.

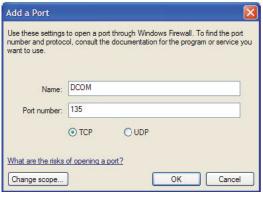


2. The Control Panel window will appear. Double-click on the Windows Firewall icon.

The Windows Firewall window will appear. From the Exceptions tab, click Add Port.



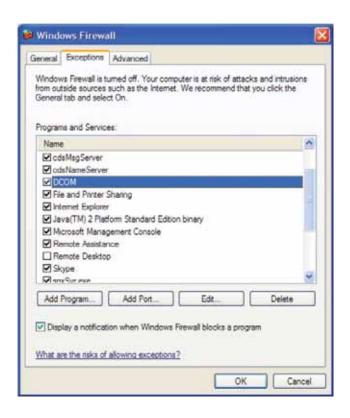
The **Add a Port** window will appear. In the **Name** field, enter **DCOM**. In the **Port number** field, enter **135**. Select **TCP** as your communication type and click **OK**.



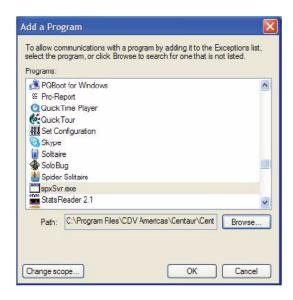
The Windows Firewall window will re-appear. From the Exceptions tab, make sure that the DCOM check box below the Programs and Services heading is selected.

If you are configuring the firewall settings on a workstation connected to the Centaur Server computer, click **OK** and your done with this computer.

If you are configuring your firewall settings on the Centaur Server computer, go to the next step.



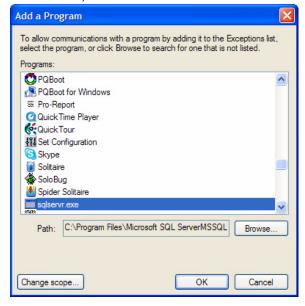
4. From the **Exceptions** tab, click **Add Program**.



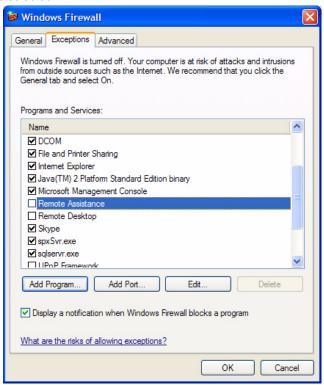
5. The **Add a Program** window will appear. Click **Browse...** and select the **spxsvr.exe** file (located by default in C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server) and click **OK**.

- 6. The **Windows Firewall** window will re-appear. From the **Exceptions** tab, make sure that the **spxsvr.exe** check box below the **Programs and Services** heading is selected.
- 7. From the Exceptions tab, click Add Program.

The **Add a Program** window will appear. Click **Browse...** and select the **sqlsevr.exe** file (located by default in C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL ServerMSSQL\Binn\) and click **OK**.



The **Windows Firewall** window will re-appear. From the **Exceptions** tab, make sure that the **sqlsevr.exe** check box below the **Programs and Services** heading is selected.



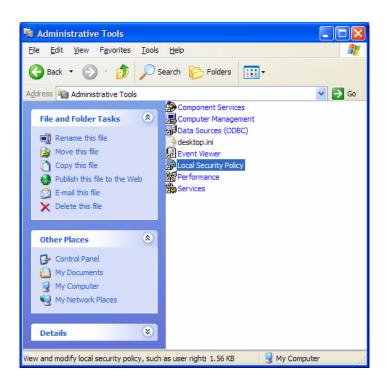
8. Click OK.

ENABLING NETWORK ACCESS ON WINDOWS XP

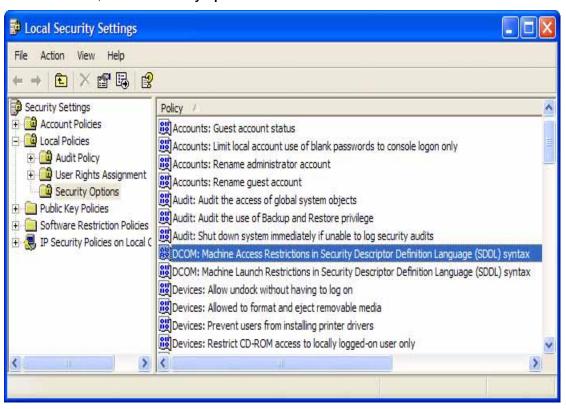
In order to be able to setup the DCOM on computers running on Windows XP, the network access must be enabled.



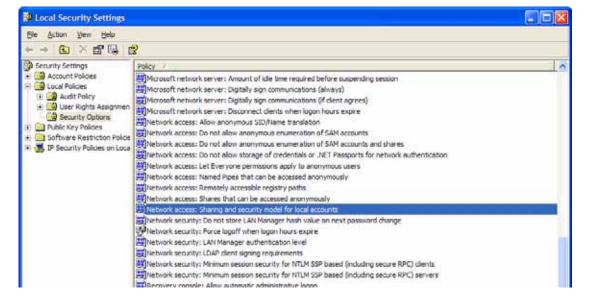
- 1. Double-click Administrative Tools.
- 2. Double-click Local Security Policy.



3. Expand the Local Policies branch, and click Security Options.



4. Double-click Network Access: Sharing and security model for local account.



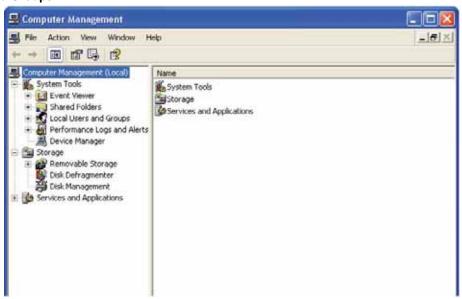
The Network Access: Sharing and security model for local account window will appear. From the drop-down list, click on Classic - local users authenticate as themselves and click OK.



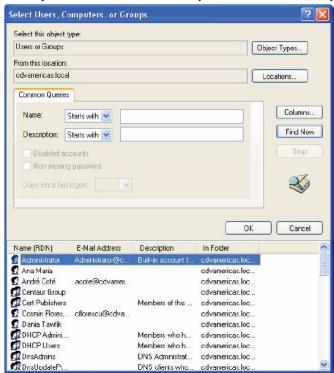
Configuring the DCOM on Windows XP

1. In Control Panel open the Administrative Tools -> Computer Management.

Open Local Users and Groups.



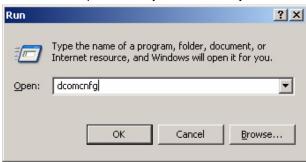
- 2. If the computers belong to a workgroup, you have to create the users locally before starting; if the computers belong to a domain, go to step 4.
 - a) Create the users locally on the server. For this, right-click on Users and choose New User. In this new window, type the information about that user and click OK. Pay special attention to the user name and password that you are using to open the Windows session.
 - b) Repeat the previous step for all the users you want to add, then go to the next step.



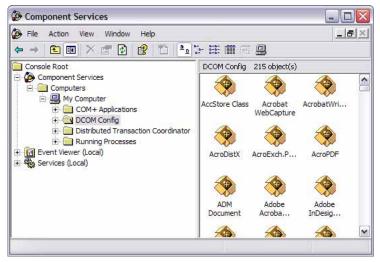
To create the group to be used for DCOM you have to click on the **Groups** and select **New Group**.

- 3. In the field **Name** type **Centaur Group**. Click on the **Add...** button to add the users that you want to have access to the Centaur Server.
- 4. The window **Select Users**, **Computers or Groups** pops-up. Click on the **Advanced** ... button and check if the **Object Types** ... and **Locations** ... are properly set and click on the **Find Now** button. Select from the list the users you want to access the Server. For a multiple selection, keep pressed the keyboard **Ctrl** key while selecting the names from the list. Click **OK**.
- 5. The selected users will appear in the **Select Users, Computers or Groups**, and the **Enter the object names to select (examples)** field. Click **OK**.
- 6. Click Close.
- 7. From the taskbar, click **Start** -> **Run**.

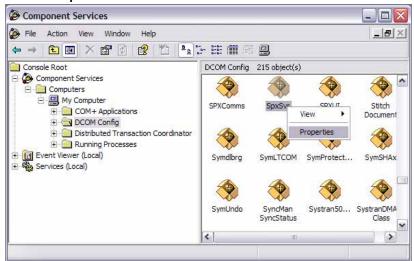
In the Run window type dcomcnfg.exe. Click OK or press the keyboard Enter key.



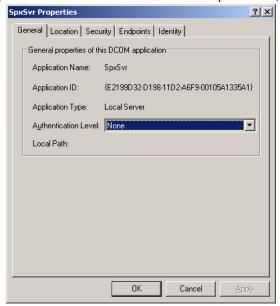
The Component Services window will appear. Expand the Component Services, Computers, and MyComputer branches, and click DCOM Config.



Right-click the SpxSvr file and click Properties.

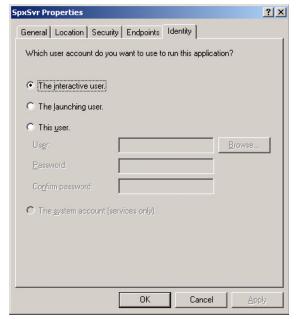


The SpxSvr Properties window will appear. From the Authentication Level drop-down list, click None.

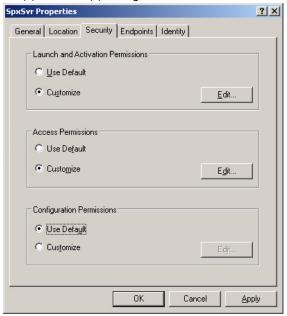


8. Click the **Location** tab and select the **Run application on this computer** check box. NB: The **Run application on this computer** check box is selected by default.

Click the **Identity** tab and select the **The interactive user** check box.

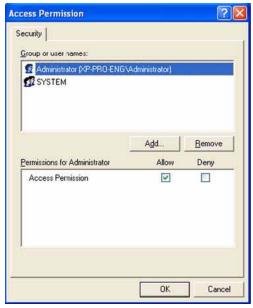


Click the Security tab to configure the user(s) that have(s) the right to access the Centaur Server computer.



- a) Under Launch Permissions, click Customize.
- b) Under Access Permissions, click Customize.
- c) Under Configuration Permissions, click Use Default.
- 9. Under Launch Permissions, click the Edit button.

The Launch Permission window will appear. Click the Add button to add users..



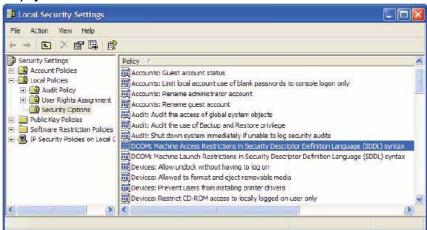
10. The **Select Users or Groups** window will appear. Verify that the **Object Type** and the **Location** is correct and click **Find Now**. Select the desired user from the list. Hold down the keyboard **Ctrl** key to select multiple users. Click **OK**.

The Centaur Group appears now in the Select Users or Groups window. Click OK.



- 11. Click **OK**.
- 12. From the taskbar, click Start -> Control Panel -> Administrative Tools -> Local Security Policy.

The Local Security Settings window will appear. Double-click DCOM: Machine Access Restrictions in Security Descriptor Definition Language (SDDL) syntax.



The DCOM: Machine Access Restrictions window will appear. Click Edit Security.



13. The **Access Permission** window will appear. Beneath the **Group or user names** heading, select the desired users who will be granted access to the Centaur Server computer through DCOM and click **Add**.



- 14. Beneath the **Centaur Group** heading, ensure all **Allow** check boxes are selected.
- 15. Click **OK**.

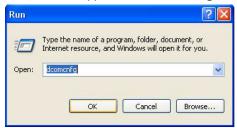
DCOM Configuration for Windows 2003 Server

To be able to configure the DCOM on Windows 2003 operating system, you have to be logged in as Administrator.

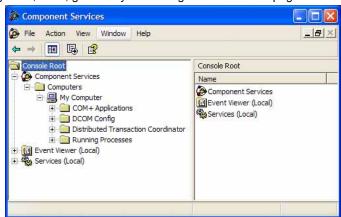
Verifying DCOM

Before going on with the DCOM configuration, you can perform the following steps to verify the integrity of your DCOM:

From the taskbar, click Start -> Run. The Run window will appear. Enter dcomcnfg.exe in the text box and click OK.

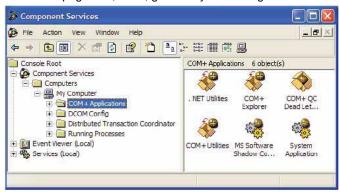


The Component Services window will appear. Within the Console Root folder (left side of your screen), expand the Component Services branch, the Computers branch, and the My Computer branch. Ensure that the Running Processes folder appears in the My Computer branch. If it does not appear, you must repair DCOM. If your DCOM configuration is found corrupted then follow the steps in "Reparing DCOM" on page 208; if not, go directly to "Setting the Firewall" on page 211.





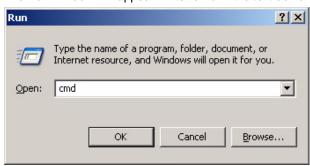
Click the **COM+ Applications** branch. The components of this branch will appear on the right of your screen. If you get an error message and/or cannot access this branch of components, you must repair DCOM. If your DCOM configuration is found corrupted then follow the steps in "Reparing DCOM" on page 208; if not, go directly to "Setting the Firewall" on page 211.



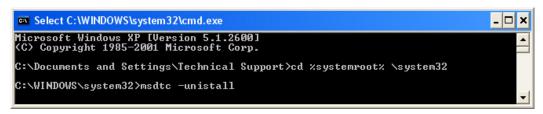
Reparing DCOM

Perform the following steps to repair your DCOM configuration:

From the taskbar, click Start -> Run. The Run window will appear. Enter cmd in the text box and click OK.

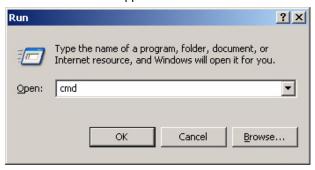


1. The C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd.exe window will appear. Type cd %systemroot% \system32 and press the keyboard Enter key. Type msdtc -uninstall and press the keyboard Enter key.



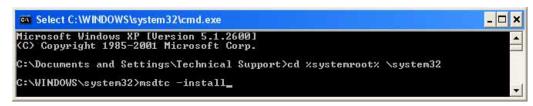
2. Reboot your computer.

From the taskbar, click Start -> Run. The Run window will appear. Enter cmd in the text box and click OK.



3. The C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd.exe window will appear. Type cd %systemroot% \system32 and press the keyboard

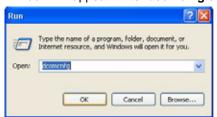
Enter key. Type msdtc -install and press the keyboard Enter key.



Verifying if the DCOM has been repaired

Perform the following steps to verify that DCOM has been repaired:

From the taskbar, click Start -> Run. The Run window will appear. Enter dcomcnfg.exe in the text box and click OK.



The Component Services window will appear. In the Console Root folder (left side of your screen), expand the Component Services branch, the Computers branch, and the My Computer branch. If there is a red arrow next to any of the components of this folder, DCOM has not been successfully repaired and you must repeat the repairing process.



Setting the Firewall

Firewall settings need to be altered on the Centaur Server computer and on any workstation connecting to the Centaur Server computer through DCOM.

In your firewall you have to:

Open the port 135 (DCOM port)

Allow access (in entry and exit) for the program SPXSVR.exe found on: C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server on **BOTH** workstation and server.

On the **server only** you need to allow access (in entry and exit) for the program **sqlsevr.exe** found on C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL ServerMSSQL\Binn\.

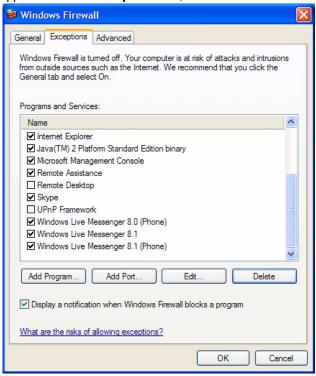
Please refer to your firewall documentation if you need help. If you are using the Windows firewall follow these steps to alter your settings:

From the taskbar, click Start -> Control Panel.

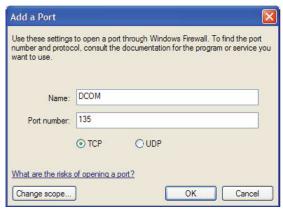


1. The **Control Panel** window will appear. Double-click on the **Windows Firewall** icon.

The Windows Firewall window will appear. From the Exceptions tab, click Add Port.



The Add a Port window will appear. In the Name field, enter DCOM. In the Port number field, enter 135. Select TCP as your communication type and click OK.

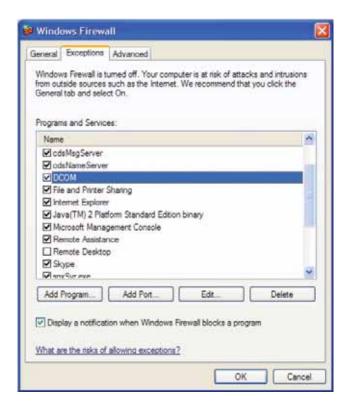


2. The **Windows Firewall** window will re-appear. From the **Exceptions** tab, make sure that the **DCOM** check box below the **Programs and Services** heading is selected.

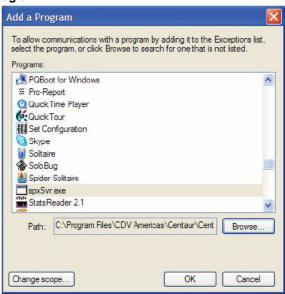
If you are configuring/repairing the firewall settings on a **workstation** connected to the Centaur Server computer, click **OK** and your done with this computer.

If you are repairing your firewall settings on the **Centaur Server** computer, go to the next step.





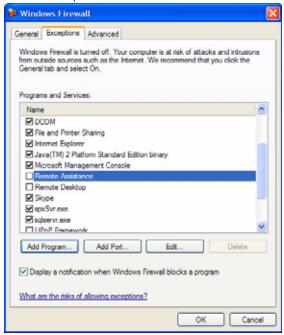
From the Exceptions tab, click Add Program.



3. The **Add a Program** window will appear. Click **Browse...** and select the spxsvr.exe file (located by default in C:\Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur\Server) and click **OK**.

- 4. The **Windows Firewall** window will re-appear. From the **Exceptions** tab, make sure that the **spxsvr.exe** check box below the **Programs and Services** heading is selected.
- 5. From the Exceptions tab, click Add Program.

The **Add a Program** window will appear. Click **Browse...** and select the **sqlsevr.exe** file (located by default in C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL ServerMSSQL\Binn\) and click **OK**.

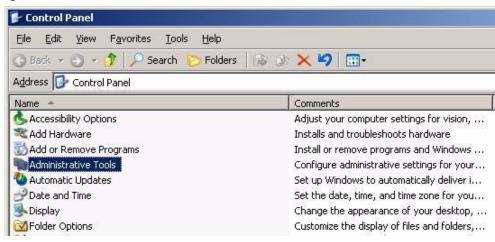


- 6. The **Windows Firewall** window will re-appear. From the **Exceptions** tab, make sure that the **sqlsevr.exe** check box below the **Programs and Services** heading is selected.
- 7. Click OK.



DCOM Configuration

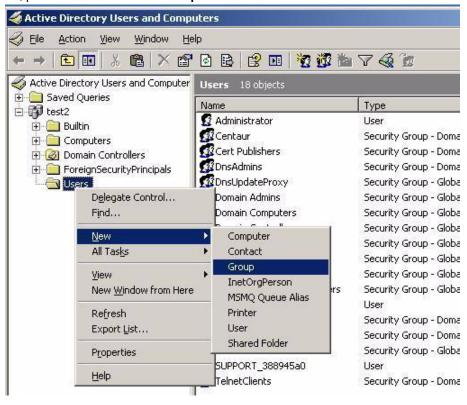
Go to Start -> Settings -> Control Panel and double-click on Administrative Tools.



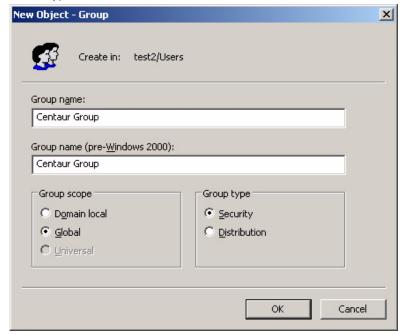
From here, double-click on Active Directory Users and Computers.



Here, right-click on Users, point to New and choose Group.



In the **New Object – Group** window type a name in the **Name** field and click **OK**.



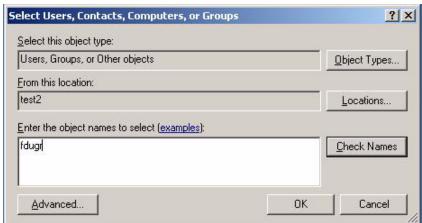
In the **Active Directory – Users and Computers** window double-click on **Users**. In the right panel, right-click on the new created group and choose **Properties**.



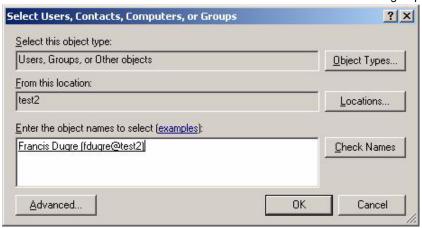
In the **Members** tab, click on the **Add** button.



In the Select Users, Contacts, Computers or Groups window type the domain's user name in the Enter the Object Names to Select.

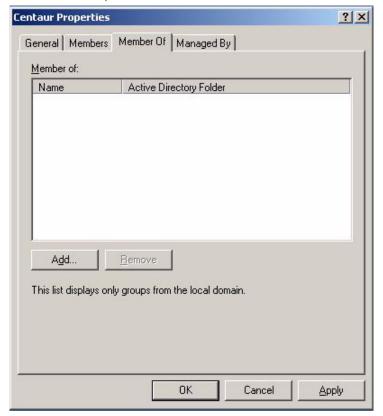


Click on the Check Names button to validate the user's name and click OK to add the user into the group.

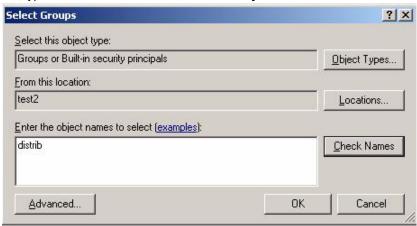


1. Redo the step for all the authorized users.

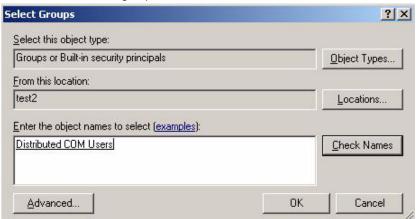
In the new group's properties, the Member of tab, click on the Add button.



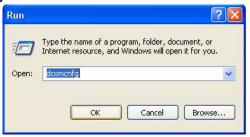
In the Select Groups window, type the model's users in the Enter the Object Names to Select.



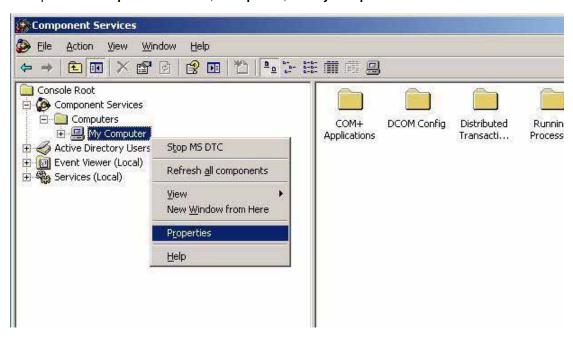
Click on the Check Names button to validate the group's name and click OK.



Click on Start in Windows, type dcomcnfg and click OK.

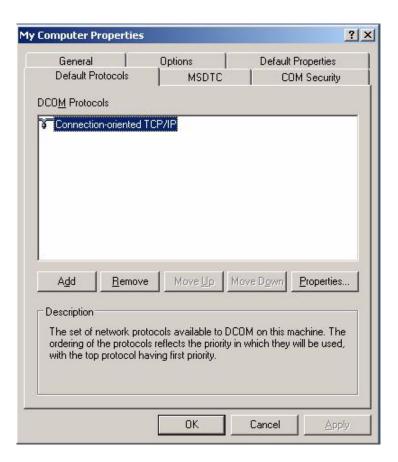


2. From Console Root expand the Component Services, Computers, and My Computer.



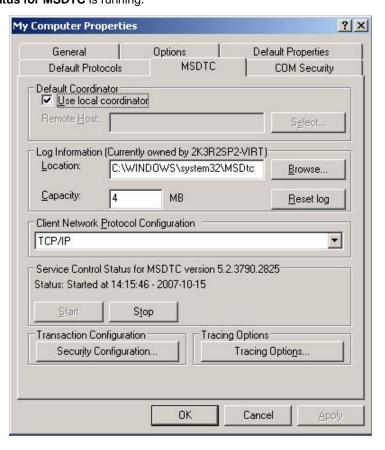
3. In the Default Protocols tab, check if the Connection-oriented TCP/IP exists in the DCOM Protocols window; if not, add

it clicking the Add button.

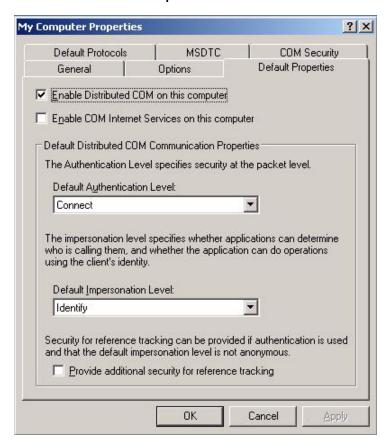


DCOM Configuration

4. In the MSDTC tab, check if the Service Control Status for MSDTC is running.



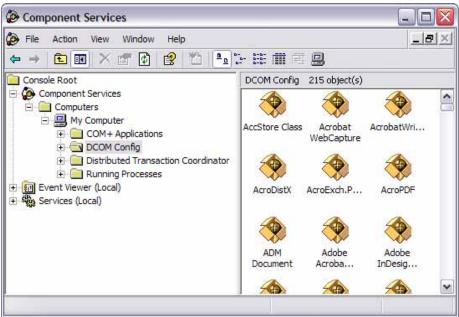
5. In the Default Properties tab, check if the Enable Distributed COM on this computer check box is selected.



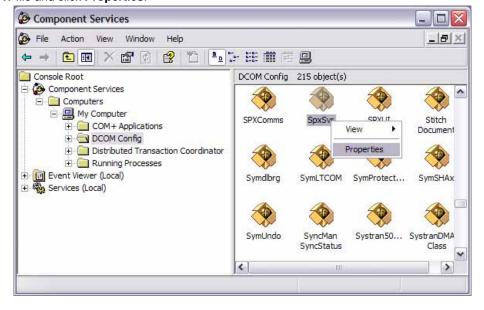
Click on **Start** in Windows, type **dcomcnfg**, and click **OK**.



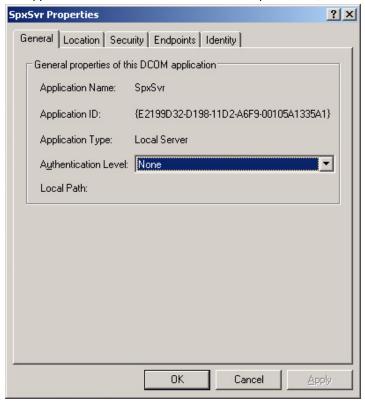
The Component Services window will appear. Expand the Component Services, Computers, and My Computer branches, and click DCOM Config.



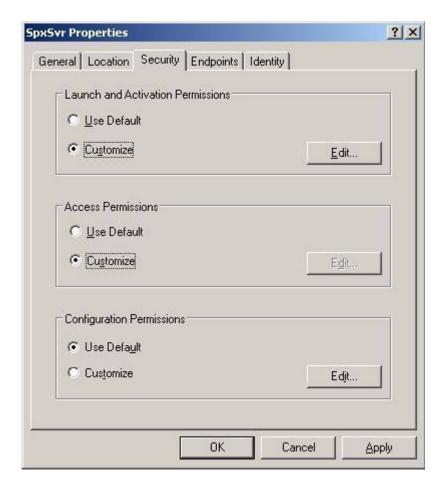
Right-click the SpxSvr file and click Properties.



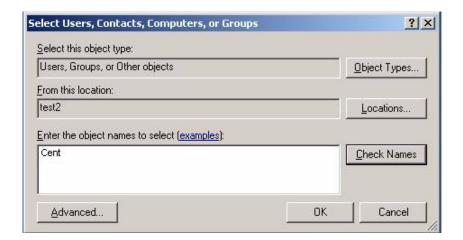
The SpxSvr Properties window will appear. From the Authentication Level drop-down list, in the General tab click None.



- 6. Click the Security tab to configure the user(s) that have(s) the right to access the Centaur Server computer.
 - Under Launch Permissions, click Customize.
 - Under Access Permissions, click Customize.
 - Under Configuration Permissions, click Use Default.



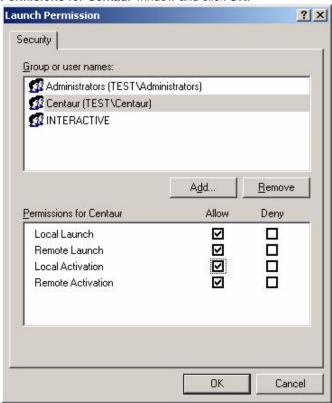
7. In the Select Users, Contacts, Computers or Groups window type the group's name you have created in the Enter the Object Names to Select.



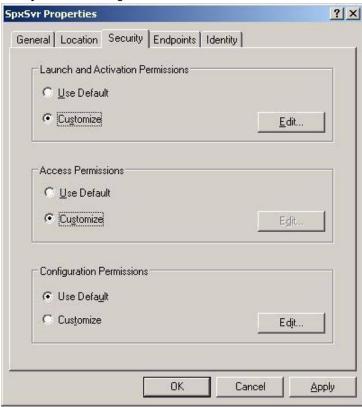
Click on the **Check Names** button to validate the name of the group and click **OK**.



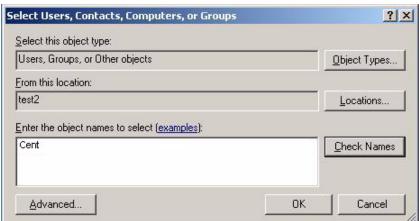
Select the four check boxes in the Permisions for Centaur window and click OK.



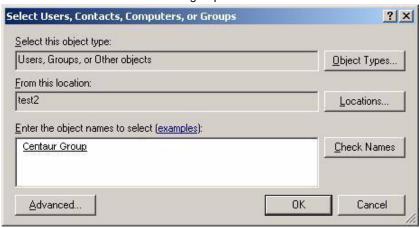
In the Security tab click on the Modify button to change the Access Permisions section.



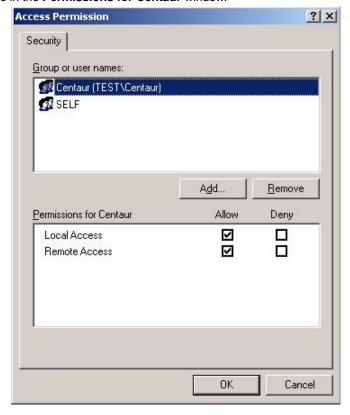
In the **Select Users**, **Contacts**, **Computers or Groups** window type the group's name you have created in the **Enter the Object Names to Select**.



Click on the Check Names button to validate the name of the group and click OK.



Select the two Allow check boxes in the Permissions for Centaur window.



Click the **Identity** tab and select **The interactive user** check box.



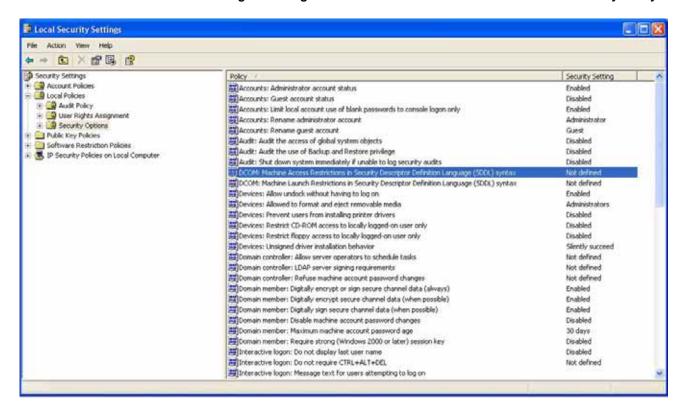
If the option is grayed out, close the **SpxSvr Properties** window and go to \Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server folder and run the **Reg Centaur.bat** file. This command will deactivate the **auto-start service when the OS starts** for the Centaur Service Manager.

Re-open the **SpxSvr Properties** window (see step #19) and from the **Identity** tab, select **The interactive user** option, and click **OK**.

To reactivate the **auto-start service when the OS starts** for the Centaur Service Manager, run the **service.bat** application from the \Program Files\CDV Americas\Centaur\Centaur Server folder.

Enabling the Network Access

1. From the task bar click on Start -> Settings -> Configuration Panel -> Administrative Tools -> Local Security Policy.

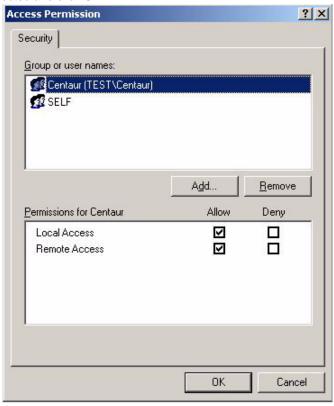


The Local Security Settings window will pop-up. Expand the Local Policies filed to Security Options an click on this
folder. Double click on the DCOM: Machine Access Restrictions in Security Descriptor Definition Language (SDDL)
syntax.

In the new window click on the Edit Security ... button.



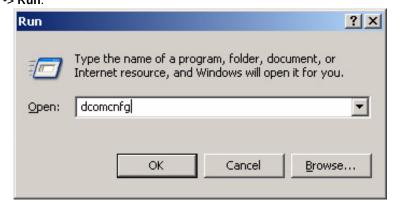
Click on the Add ... button and select the Centaur group that has been created before. Under Permissions for Centaur, check if the two Allow check boxes are selected and click OK.



3. Redo the step 2 to step for DCOM: Machine Launch Permissions in Security Descriptor Definition Language (SDDL) syntax.

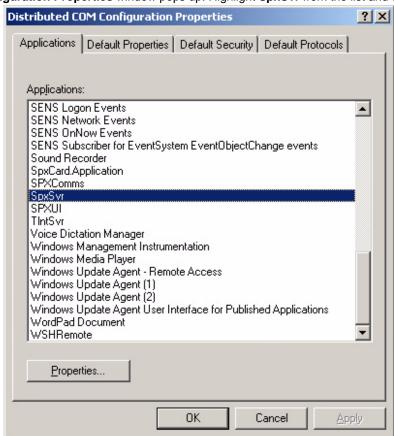
DCOM Configuration for Windows 2000 Pro and Server

To be able to configure the DCOM on Windows 2000 operating system, you have to be logged in as **Administrator**. From the taskbar, click **Start** -> **Run**.

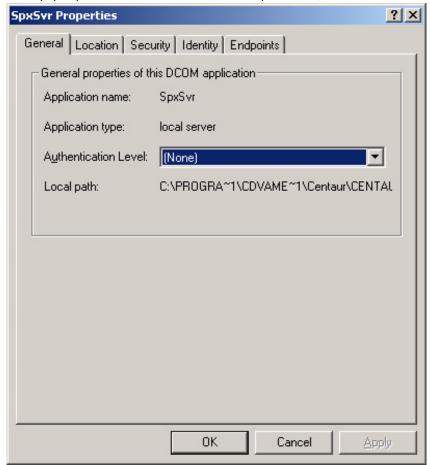


1. In the RUN window type dcomcnfg.exe. Click OK or press the keyboard Enter key.

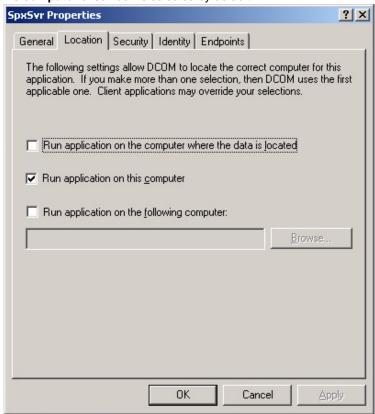
The Distributed COM Configuration Properties window pops up. Highlight SpxSvr from the list and click on Properties.



The SpxSvr Properties window pops up. In the Authentication Level drop-down list, choose None.



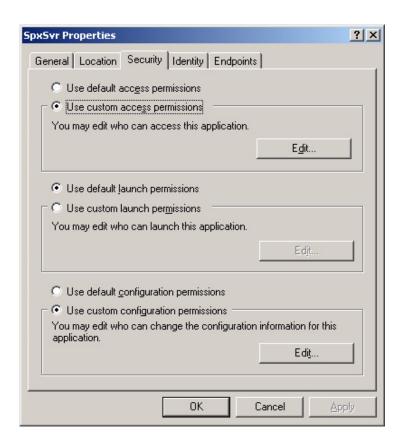
Click on the **Location** tab and select the **Run application on this computer** check box. NB: The **Run application on this computer** check box is selected by default.



Click on the **Identity** tab and select **The interactive user** check box.

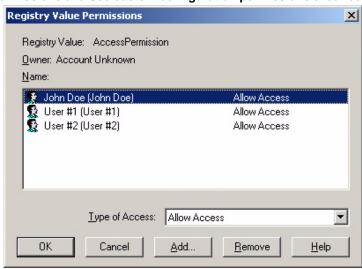


- Click the **Security** tab to configure the user(s) that have(s) the right to access the Centaur Server computer. Select the following check boxes:**Use custom access permissions**
- · Use default launch permissions
- · Use custom configuration permissions



Under Use custom access permissions, click the Edit button.

NB: The Use default launch permissions and Use custom configuration permissions check boxes are selected by default.



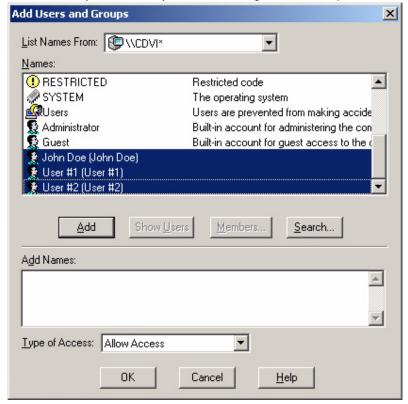
2. The Registry Value Permissions window pops up. To add users, click on the Add button.



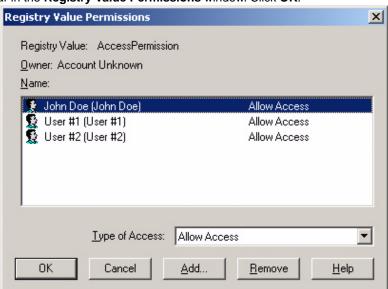
The Use default launch permissions and Use custom configuration permissions check boxes are selected by default.

The Registry Value Permissions window may be empty, depending on the previous DCOM configurations.

The **Add Users and Groups** window pops up. From the **List Names From** drop down list, select the computer or domain. To view the list of users, either click **Show Users** or if the user is part of a user group, select the group and click **Members**. Select the desired user from the list. Hold down the keyboard **Ctrl** key while left clicking to select multiple users. Click **Add** and **OK**.



The selected users will appear in the Registry Value Permissions window. Click OK.



3. Click Apply and OK.



Appendix B: Warranty

CDVI Americas Ltd. ("Seller") warrants its products to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use for the period of one year. Except as specifically stated herein, all express or implied warranties whatsoever, statutory or otherwise, including without limitation, any implied warranty of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are expressly excluded. Because Seller does not install or connect the products and because the products may be used in conjunction with products not manufactured by Seller, Seller cannot guarantee the performance of the security system and shall not be responsible for circumstances resulting from the product's inability to operate. Seller obligation and liability under this warranty is expressly limited to repairing or replacing, at Seller's option, any product not meeting the specifications. Returns must include proof of purchase and be within the warranty period. In no event shall the Seller be liable to the buyer or any other person for any loss or damages whether direct or indirect or consequential or incidental, including without limitation, any damages for lost profits, stolen goods or claims by any other party, caused by defective goods or otherwise arising from the improper, incorrect or otherwise faulty installation or use of the merchandise sold.

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Centaur is a trademark or registered trademark of CDVI Americas Ltd. or its affiliates in Canada, the United States and/or other countries.

CENTAUR 4.2 Warranty





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