



Pre-made Lentiviral Particles for Thymidine kinase manual

Product Name: TK (His) Lentiviral particles

Cat#: LVP018

Amount:

200ul, 1×10^7 IFU/mL in DMEM containing 10% FBS and 60ug/ml polybrene (10x);

Storage: <-70 °C, avoid repeat freeze/thaw cycles.

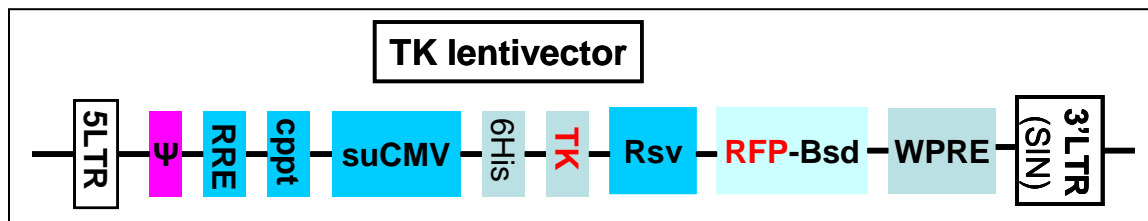
Product Description:

Lentiviral particles or lentivirus is a gene delivery tool produced from lentivectors for gene expression or knockdown. GenTarget's lentivector system is Human Immunodeficiency Virus-1 (HIV) based plasmids for gene expression and knockdown. The lentivectors are used to generate lentiviral particles (lentivirus) that can be transduced into almost all kinds of mammalian cells, including stem cells, primary cells, and non-dividing cells both *in vivo* and *in vitro*. Lentiviral Particles stably integrate into the transduced cells' genome for long term expression, making it a great gene transfer agent.

Pre-made **Thymidine kinase (TK)** lentiviral particles are generated from GenTarget's re-engineered lentivector system. **TK gene** was fully sequence verified, expressed under suCMV promoter with **N-terminal 6His-tag**. VSV-G pseudotyped lentiviral particles are generated in 293T cell, and packed in 10% of FBS in DMEM, supplied as 200ul/per vial at $\sim 1 \times 10^7$ IFU/ml containing 60ug/ml (10x) of polybrene. See **FAQ for pre-made lentiviral particles** (.pdf) for details.

Key features:

1. Lentiviral particles contain **RFP-blasticidin** resistant gene, used for generating stable cell lines by Blasticidin antibiotics or via fluorescent cell sorting.
2. Target was expressed with a N-term His-tag for purification of target protein if desired.
3. The strongest **suCMV promoter** make the pre-made virus a ideal tool for mammalian protein expression, stable cell line construction and enzymatic assays both *in vivo* or *in vitro* (see schematic vector map below).
4. The lentivirus are ready and easy to use, simply add 50ul into your cell culture.



Transduction Protocols:

1) Transduction Protocol for Adhesive cells :

Note: Pre-made lentivirus is provided ready to use, so it can be simply added into your cell culture; the amount of virus to add depends on cell type. For quick transduction, add 50 μ l of virus into each well of 24-well-plate where cell density is 50% to 75%. After 72 hours (no need to change medium), visualize positive transduction rate by fluorescence microscopy. For stable cell line generation, pass cells into medium containing antibiotic or perform fluorescence cell sorting followed by antibiotic selection.

Day 0:

Seed cells in complete medium at the appropriate density and incubate overnight.

Note: at the time of transduction, cells should be 50%-75% confluent. For example, seed HeLa cells at $0.5 \times 10^5/\text{ml} \times 0.5\text{ml}$ in a well of a 24-well plate.

Day 1:

- Remove the culture medium and add 0.5ml fresh, warm, complete medium.
- Thaw the pre-made lentiviral stock at room temperature and add the appropriate amount of virus stock to obtain the desired MOI.
- Return cells to 37°C, CO₂ incubator.

Note: Try to avoid freezing and thawing. If you do not use all of the virus at one time, you may re-freeze the virus at -80 °C for future use; virus titer will decrease by ~10% for each freeze/thaw cycle.

Day 3:

At ~72hr after transduction, check the transduction rate by fluorescence microscopy or calculate the exact transduction rate by flow cytometry (FACS or Guava).

Day 3 + (optional):

Sort transduced cells by FACS, and select for antibiotic resistance. A pilot experiment should be done to determine the antibiotic's kill curve



for your specific cell line (refer to the pertinent literature on generation of stable cell lines).

2) Transduction Protocol for Suspension Cells:

Grow cells in complete suspension culture medium; use a shaking flask in a CO₂ incubator if necessary.

Measure cell density. When density has reached $\sim 3 \times 10^6$ cells/ml, measured viability should be > 90%. Dilute cells into 1×10^6 cell/ml in complete medium.

Day 1:

- Thaw lentiviral particles at room temperature.
- Add premade lentiviral particles into the diluted cells at a ratio of: 50 to 100 μ l virus per 0.5 ml of cells (Note: depending on cell type, you may need to use more or less virus).
- Grow cells in a shaking flask in a CO₂ incubator.

Day 2:

At 24 hours after transduction, add an equal amount of fresh medium containing relevant antibiotics. **Note:** amount of antibiotic depends on cell type. Continue growing cells in CO₂ incubator.

Day 3:

At 72 hours after transduction, check fluorescence with a fluorescence microscope or calculate the transduction efficiency using a cell sorter such as FACS or Guava. Sort for fluorescence positive cells and maintain antibiotic selection to generate a stable cell line.

Note: Filter wavelength settings:

GFP filter: ~Ex450-490; ~Em525; **RFP** filter: ~Ex545; ~Em620;

Safety Precaution:

Gentarget lentiviral particles adapt must advanced lentiviral safety features (using the third generation vectors with self-inactivation SIN-3UTR), and the premade lentivirus is replication incompetent. However, please use extra caution when using lentiviral particles. Use the lentiviral particles in Bio-safety II cabinet. Wear glove all the time when handling Lentiviral particles! Please refer CDC and NIH's guidelines for more details regarding to safety issues.

Warranty:

This product is for research use only. It is warranted to meet its quality as described when used in accordance with its instructions. GenTarget disclaims any implied warranty of this product for particular application. In no event shall



GenTarget be liable for any incidental or consequential damages in connection with the products. GenTarget's sole remedy for breach of this warranty should be, at GenTarget's option, to replace the products.

Related Products: GenTarget's pre-made lentivirus product category.

Product Category	Product Description (please click category name to see product's pages)
Human, mouse or rat ORFs	Premade lentivirus expressin a human, mouse or rat gene with RFP-Blastididin fusion dual markers.
Fluorescent markers	Preamde lentivirus express human codon optimized fluorescent protein, GFP / RFP/ CFP/ BFP / YFP .
Luciferase expression	Premade lentivirus for all kinds of luciferase protein expression: firefly and Renilla with different antibiotic selection markers.
CRE recombinase	Premade lentivirus for expressing nuclear permeant CRE recombinase with different flurescent and antibiotic markers.
LoxP ColorSwitch	Premade lentivirus expressing "LoxP-GFP-Stop-LoxP-RFP" cassette, used to monitor the CRE recombination event in vivo.
CRISPR /hu CAS9	Preamde lentivirus express humanzied wild-type Cas9 endonuclease for genomic editing with CRISPR
TetR inducible expression repressor	Premade lentivirus expressin TetR (tetracycline regulator) protein, the repressor protein for the inducible expression system.
iPS factors	Premde lentivirus for human and mouse iPS (Myc, NANOG, OCT4, SOX2, FLF4) factors with different fluorescent and antibitoic markers
T-antigen Expression	Express SV40 large T antigen with different selection markers
Cell Organelle imaging	Premade lentivirus for cell organelle imaging. The fluorescent marker GFP/RFP/CFP was sub-cellular localized in different cell organelle for living cell imaging.
LacZ expression	Express different full length β- galactosidase (lacZ) with different selection markers
Anti-miNA lentivirus	Pre-made lentivirus expression a specific anti-miRNA cassette.
Fluorescent-ORF fusion	Pre-made lentivirus expression a " GFP/RFP/CFP-ORF " fusion target.
Pre-made shRNA	Premade shRNA lentivirus for knockdown a specific genes (P53, LacZ, Luciferase and more).



lentivirus	
microRNA and anti-microRNA lentivirus	Premade lentivirus expression human or mouse precursor miRNA . And anti-miRNA lentivector and virus for human and mouse miRNA.
Negative control lentiviruses	Premade negative control lentivirus with different markers : serves as the negative control of lentiviruses treatment, for validation of the specificity of any lentivirus target expression effects.
Other Enzyme expression	Ready-to-use lentivirus, expressing specific enzymes with different selection markers.

References:

1. [NIH stem cell training program \(Link\)](#).
2. Takahashi, K. and Yamanaka, S. (2006). Induction of pluripotent stem cells from mouse embryonic and adult fibroblast cultures by defined factors. Cell 126, 663-676.
3. Yu, J., Vodyanik, M.A., Smuga-Otto, K., Antosiewicz-Bourget, J., Frane, J.L., Tian, S., Nie, J., Jonsdottir, G.A., Ruotti, V., Stewart, R., Slukvin, I.I., and Thomson, J.A. (2007). Induced pluripotent stem cell lines derived from human somatic cells. Science 318, 1917-1920.
4. Park, I.H., et al., Reprogramming of human somatic cells to pluripotency with defined factors. Nature, 2008. 451(7175): p. 141-6.
5. Shao, L., et al., Generation of iPS cells using defined factors linked via the self-cleaving 2A sequences in a single open reading frame. Cell Res., 2009. 19(3): p. 296-306.
6. NIH Guidelines for [Biosafety Considerations for Research with Lentiviral Vectors](#). (Link).
7. [CDC guidelines for Lab Biosafety levels \(Link\)](#).