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**User's Manual**

# **Character Pattern Editor for On-Screen Display LSI**

**for Windows™**

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### Major Revision in This Edition

Page	Description
p.19	<b>Figure 2-6 Screen Configuration</b> is modified.

The mark ★ shows major revised points.

## INTRODUCTION

- Target Readers** This manual is targeted at users who will employ the NEC CMOS LSI for On-Screen Character Display (OSD-use LSI) when developing character patterns (character design) using a mask code option.
- Purpose** The aim of this manual is to explain the process from character pattern creation (design) to product ordering.
- Organization** This manual is organized into the following sections.
- **Outline**
  - **Basic Operating Procedures**
  - **Function Details**
  - **Error Messages and Device Information**
  - **Ordering Mask ROM for OSD-Use LSI**
- How to Read This Manual** The readers of this manual need to have basic knowledge of OSD-use LSI usage and the operation of Windows.
- Conventions**
- |                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Note:</b>              | Footnote for item marked with <b>Note</b> in the text |
| <b>Caution:</b>           | Information requiring particular attention            |
| <b>Remark:</b>            | Supplementary information                             |
| Numerical representation: | Binary... xxxx  |
|                           | Decimal... xxxxx                                      |
|                           | Hexadecimal...xxxxH                                   |
- Related Documents** The related documents indicated in this publication may include preliminary versions. However, preliminary versions are not marked as such.

Document Name	Document No.
μPD6461, 6462 Data Sheet	S13320E
μPD6464A, 6465 Data Sheet	S11043E
μPD6466 Data Sheet	S10991E
On-Screen Display LSI User's Manual	S13197E
Character Pattern Editor for On-Screen Display LSI <sup>Note</sup> User's Manual	S10153E
Character Pattern Editor for On-Screen Display LSI User's Manual for Windows	This Manual
ROM Code Ordering Method Information	C10302J

**Note** For MS-DOS™ (PC-9801 Series) and PC DOS™ (IBM PC/AT™ and compatibles)

**Caution** The related documents listed above are subject to change without notice. Be sure to use the latest version of each document for designing.

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## CHAPTER 1 OUTLINE

### 1.1 Features

The features of the “Character Pattern Editor for Windows” are described below.

#### (1) High compatibility with DOS environment

Because most of the command functions in DOS are deployed in the Windows menu, functions on a par with those of DOS can be realized simply by choosing the desired function from the menu. Moreover, the use of the same data-save file format (\*.OUT, \*.SAV) as DOS means that data used in the DOS format can be used in Windows with no modification.

#### (2) Easy operability and superior user interfacing

Frequently used functions can be executed with just one button via the toolbar.

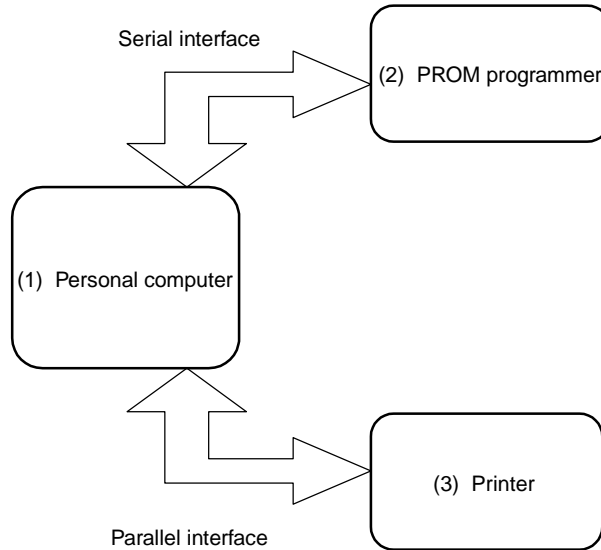
A MDI (Multiple-Document Interface) makes it possible to manipulate multiple files (data) on the same screen, which in turn simplifies cut, copy, and pasting between files.

By using a format that divides the window into four sections, the split window format, the pattern edit, image view, hex dump, and option data editing functions become accessible on the same screen, making it possible for the user to reference and edit a large volume of data.

## 1.2 System Configuration

The basic equipment in this system is shown below.

**Figure 1-1. Basic Equipment Configuration**



**(1) Personal computer**

Personal computers that operate Windows 3.1J  
(PC-9801 Series, IBM PC/AT and compatibles, etc.)

**(2) PROM programmer<sup>Note</sup>**

AF-9703, AF-9704 (Products of Ando Electric Co., Ltd.)

**(3) Printer**

Printers that support PCs and Windows 3.1J

**Note** This is not necessary for creating character patterns. Use a floppy disk when ordering mask ROM. Orders are not being received for UVEPROM.

### 1.3 Software Configuration

The configuration of the PC software necessary for this system is shown below.

- MS-DOS 5.0J or later, or PC DOS 6.1J or later
- Windows 3.1J
- Character Pattern Editor for Windows

[MEMO]



## CHAPTER 2 BASIC OPERATING PROCEDURES

### 2.1 System Connection and Interface Setting

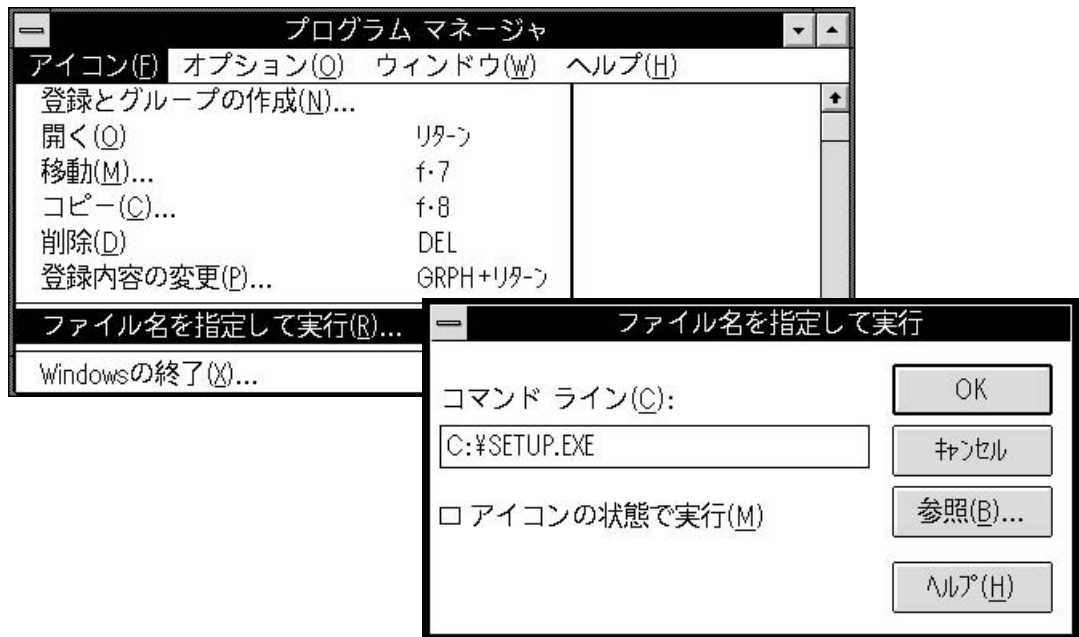
The PROM programmer is connected as described below. It is unnecessary to connect a PROM programmer unless it is being used in character pattern creation. Use a floppy disk when ordering mask ROM. Orders are not being received for UVEPROM.

- Use a cross RS-232C cable to connect PROM programmers AF-9703 and AF-9704 to the PC.
- PROM programmer interface  
Match the interface setting of the AF-9703 and AF-9704 to the connecting PC using function key F4.

### 2.2 Character Pattern Editor Installation

To install the Character Pattern Editor, open the Program Manager, click [Run], and execute the SETUP.EXE instruction in the installation disk. An example of the Character Pattern Editor installation disk operating in C drive is shown in Figure 2-1.

Figure 2-1. Run Screen



When SETUP.EXE is executed, the installer will be activated, and the window shown in Figure 2-2 will be displayed.

Figure 2-2. OSD Setup Screen



From here, the Character Pattern Editor can be setup by specifying the target installation files in accordance with the installer's messages.

When installation is complete, the message box shown in Figure 2-3 will be displayed.

Figure 2-3. Installation-Complete Screen



When installation is complete, use the File Manager or a DOS prompt to copy Mfc250.dll, which is in the installation disk, to the OSD directory created during setup.

When using a DOS prompt, input the directions in the following way.

```
A:¥>COPY C:¥MFC250.DLL A:¥OSD
```

**Remark** A:¥OSD → The directory that installed the Character Pattern Editor  
 C: → The drive in which the installation disk is operating

## 2.3 Startup and Exit

- (1) Turn on the power supply of the peripherals such as the display and printer, and of the main PC unit (and of the PROM programmer, if being used).
- (2) Open the control panel of Windows 3.1J, and click the serial port setting icon.  
(2) is unnecessary when the PROM programmer is not used.

Figure 2-4. Control Panel Icon



Because the serial port setting window will have been activated, make the settings in accordance with the table below.

For details on the operation of the control panel, refer to **Windows 3.1 Operation Manual**.

- Cautions**
1. When writing to PROM, be sure to select PROM programmer RS-232C-0 (RS-232C-1 and RS-232C-2 cannot be selected).
  2. The data set is saved. Except when modifying, serial port resetting is unnecessary.

- Interface parameters

	AF-9703, AF-9704
Baud rate	9,600 bps
Data length	7 bits
Parity	Even numbers
Stop bit	2 bits
X parameter	OFF

- (3) Make the settings for the interface and the communication mode on the PROM programmer side. Use the PROM programmer buttons in accordance with the table below.  
 (3) is unnecessary when the PROM programmer is not used.

• **Interface settings**

	Operation
AF-9703	FUNCTION 4 9 6 0 0 ▲ 0 SET
AF-9704	FUNCTION 4 ▲ Pressing this several times causes [9600] to appear ▼ ▲ Pressing this several times causes [7BIT] to appear ▼ ▲ Pressing this several times causes [ENV] to appear ▼ ▲ Pressing this several times causes [SP2] to appear

• **Communication mode settings**

	Operation	How to Check
AF-9703, AF-9704	FUNCTION 9 SET	Display section, buzzer

- (4) The Character Pattern Editor is activated after clicking the Character Pattern Editor icon (which is automatically registered following the completion of installation).

**Figure 2-5. Character Pattern Editor Icon**



- (5) To exit the Character Pattern Editor, choose Exit from the [File] menu in the Character Pattern Editor.

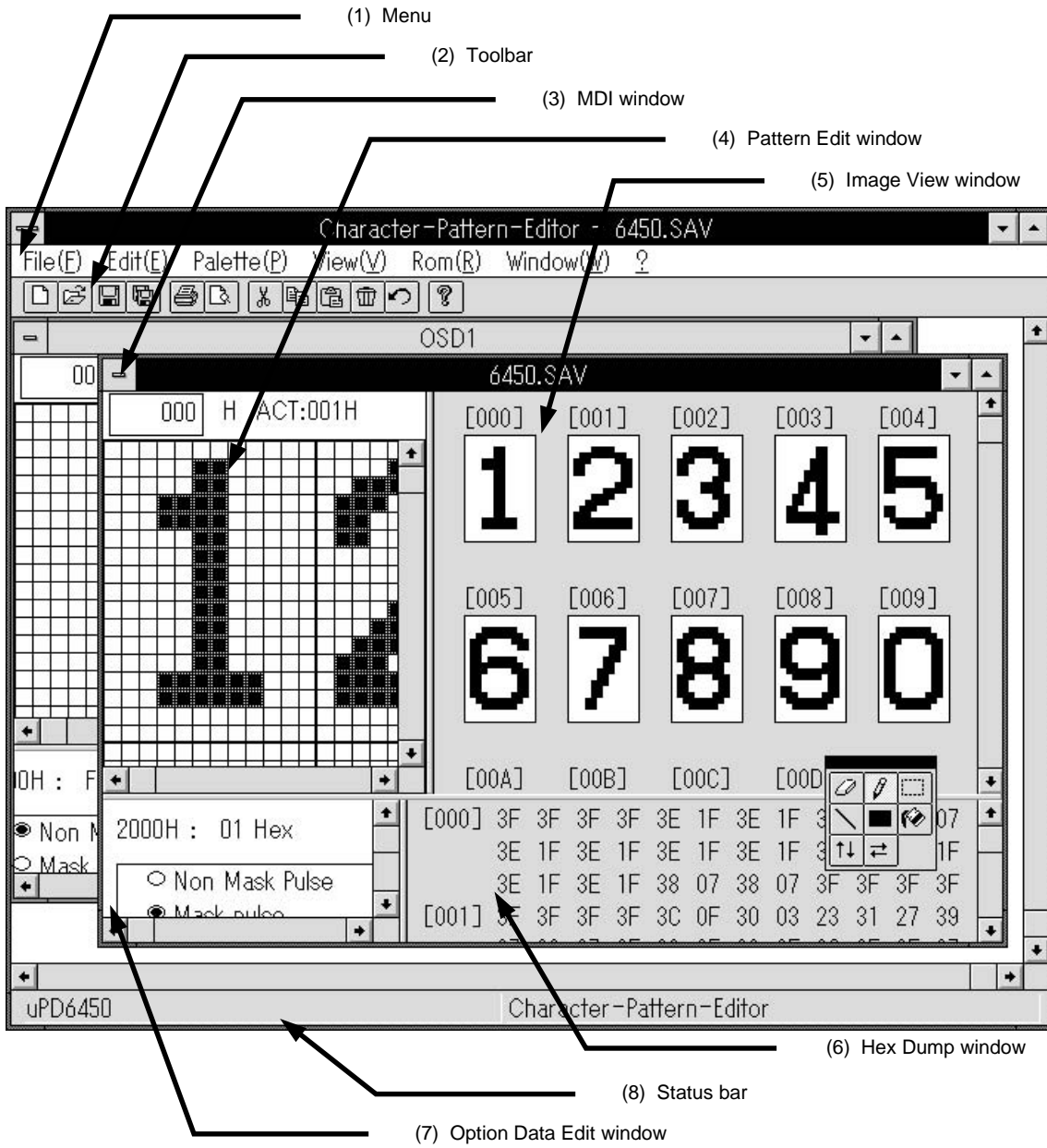
## 2.4 Screen Configuration

### 2.4.1 Screen configuration

The screen configuration of this system is shown below.

★

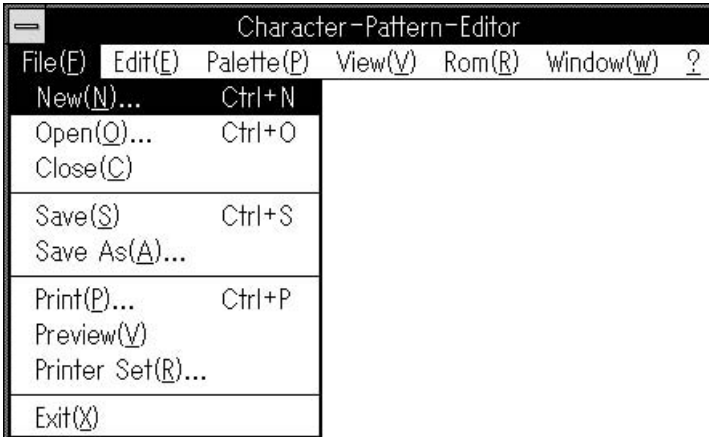
Figure 2-6. Screen Configuration



(1) Menu

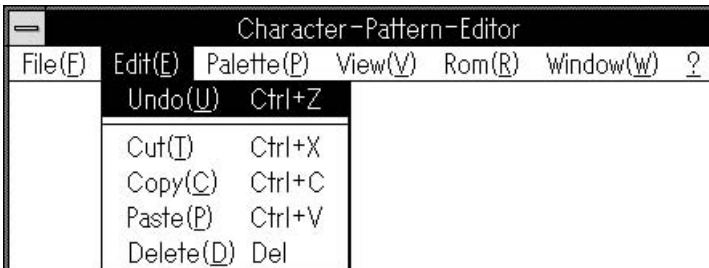
Most of the DOS command functions are included (Refer to 2.4.2 Comparison of DOS and Windows for details).

• File menu



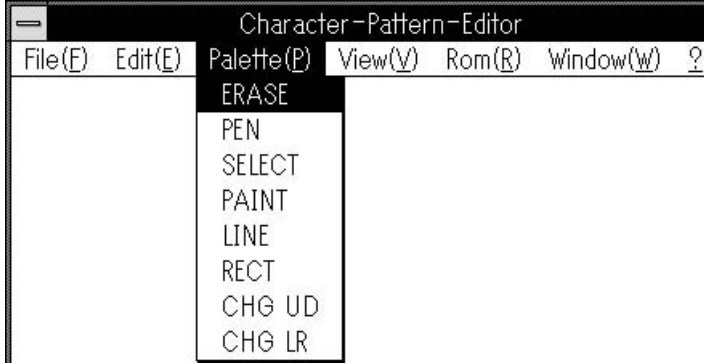
Menu Item	Outline
New(N)...	Opens a new window after the target device has been selected.
Open(O)...	Opens an existing file (*.SAV, *.OUT).
Close(C)	Closes the active window.
Save(S)	Updates and saves the file contents.
Save As(A)...	Saves the file contents in a separate file (*.SAV, *.OUT).
Print(P)...	Prints the contents of the active window (such as the Image View or Hex Dump window).
Preview(V)	Displays on the screen for confirmation the contents that are to be printed.
Printer Set(R)...	Sets the printer to be used.
Exit(X)	Exits the Character Pattern Editor.

• Edit menu



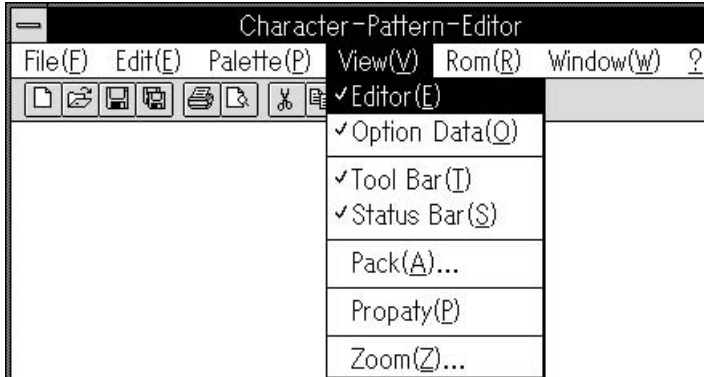
Menu Item	Outline
Undo(U)	Cancels the previous edit operation (the maximum number of undo operations possible depends on the memory).
Cut(T)	Removes the contents in a specified area and copies them to the clipboard.
Copy(C)	Copies the contents in a specified area to the clipboard.
Paste(P)	Inserts the contents of the clipboard into the document.
Delete(D)	Deletes the contents in a specified area.

• **Palette menu**



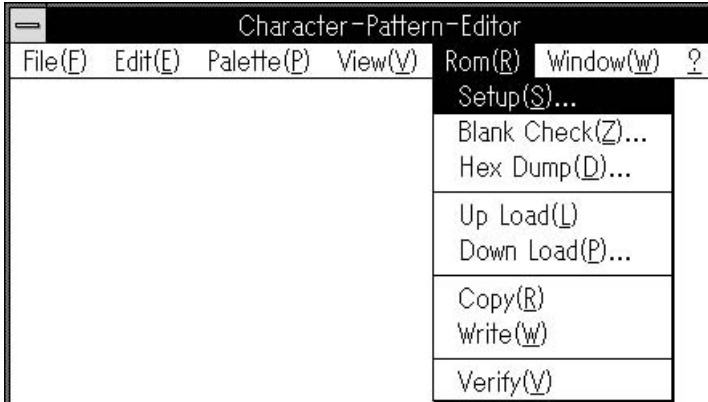
Menu Item	Outline
ERASE	Chooses the eraser tool.
PEN	Chooses the pencil tool.
SELECT	Chooses the rectangle selection tool.
PAINT	Chooses the paint bucket tool.
LINE	Chooses the line tool.
RECT	Chooses the rectangle tool.
CHG UD	Turns the character upside down (the same function as the vertical flip tool).
CHG LR	Turns the character back to front (the same function as the horizontal flip tool).

• **View menu**



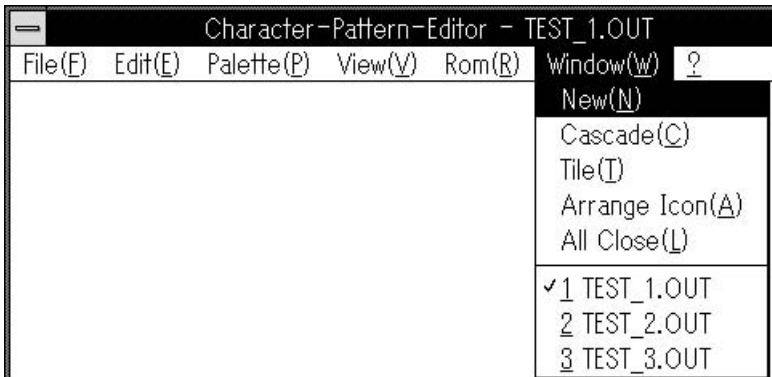
Menu Item	Outline
Editor(E)	Switches on and off the display of the Pattern Edit window.
Option Data(O)	Switches on and off the display of the Option Data Edit window.
Tool Bar(I)	Switches on and off the display of the toolbar.
Status Bar(S)	Switches on and off the display of the status bar.
Pack(A)...	Switches to the Pack format.
Propaty(P)	Displays device information, option data, etc.
Zoom(Z)...	Changes the scale of the Pattern Edit window and the Image View window.

• ROM menu



Menu Item	Outline
Setup(S)...	Sets the PROM programmer and PROM types.
Blank Check(Z)...	Checks the status of the PROM write operation.
Hex Dump(D)...	Displays the contents of the PROM in a Hex Dump format.
Up Load(L)	Transfers the data in the active window to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.
Down Load(P)...	Transfers the data in the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer to the active window.
Copy(R)	Transfers the data in the PROM to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.
Write(W)	Transfers the data in the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer to the PROM.
Verify(V)	Compares and checks the data in the PROM and buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.

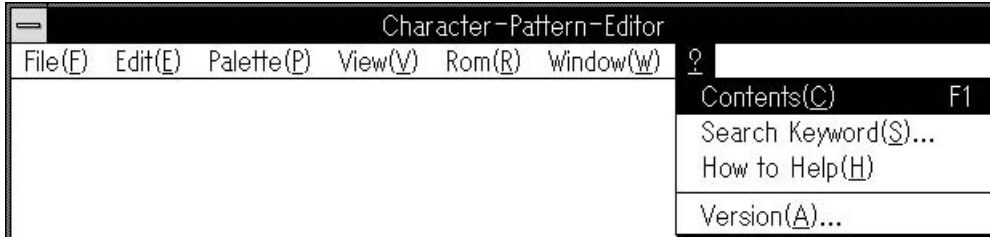
• Window menu



Menu Item	Outline
New(N)	Opens another window that has identical contents to the active window.
Cascade(C)	Displays windows in an overlapping pattern.
Tile(T)	Displays windows in a row.
Arrange Icon(A)	Arranges icons in a specific order in the window.
All Close(L)	Closes all the windows.
(Window list)	Chooses the window to be active from a list of open windows.



• ? (Help) menu



Menu Item	Outline
Contents(C)	Displays the contents of online help.
Search Keyword(S)...	Uses keywords to search for topics in online help.
How to Help(H)	Displays how to use Windows help.
Version(A)...	Displays version information and copyright details.

(2) Toolbar

Frequently used functions can be executed with just one button using the toolbar. Display of the toolbar can be switched on and off as necessary.

Figure 2-7. Toolbar



- Definitions (from the left):
- New
  - Open
  - Save
  - Save As
  - Print
  - Preview
  - Cut
  - Copy
  - Paste
  - Delete
  - Undo
  - Version

(3) MDI (Multiple-Document Interface) window

Multiple files can be opened on the same screen. It is possible to move pattern data between windows (files). The window is divided into 4 functions (split window): the pattern edit function, image view function, hex dump function, and option data edit function, which allows the user to reference and edit a large volume of data. By dragging the boundary of each split window, the size of the divided windows can be adjusted, and when necessary, the user can choose not to display a certain split window.

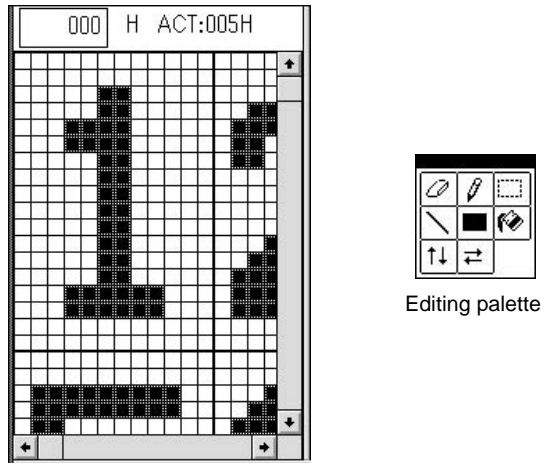
**(4) Pattern Edit window (split window)**

The character pattern is edited.

Turn ON (black) by left-clicking the mouse button and OFF (white) by right-clicking the mouse button.

The editing palette makes it easy to draw straight lines, make rectangles, and color areas.

**Figure 2-8. Pattern Edit Window (Split Window)**



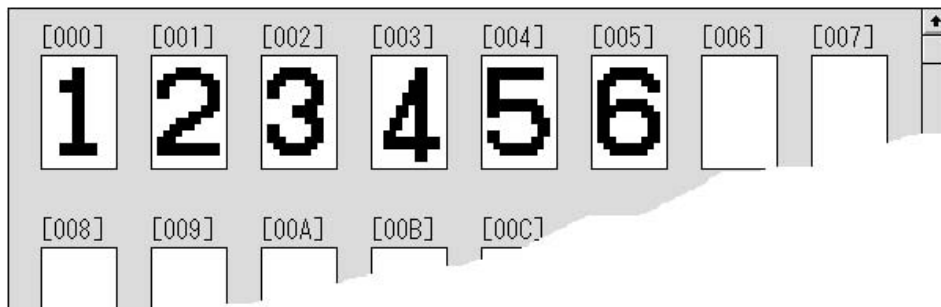
**(5) Image View window (split window)**

A compilation of character pattern images is displayed.

The scale of the displayed images can be changed (using the zoom function).

A number of character images can be selected by dragging, and by cut, copy and pasting, multiple character images can be inserted and saved anywhere. Editing cannot, however, be performed using the Pack format.

**Figure 2-9. Image View Window (Split Window)**

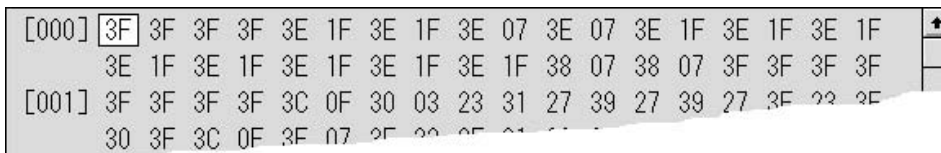


**(6) Hex Dump window (split window)**

The character pattern hex dump is displayed.

By double-clicking the desired one byte, data can be directly rewritten.

**Figure 2-10. Hex Dump Window (Split Window)**



**(7) Option Data Edit window (split window)**

The option data is displayed.

Data can be edited by clicking the radio button of the desired item.

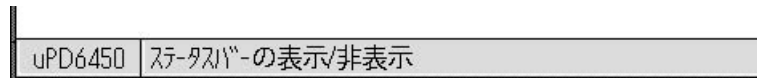
**Figure 2-11. Option Data Edit Window (Split Window)**

2000H : 01 Hex
<input type="radio"/> Non Mask Pulse <input checked="" type="radio"/> Mask pulse
<input checked="" type="radio"/> BUSY-Clock Out <input type="radio"/> Character Out

**(8) Status bar**

The status of the active window, or an explanation of the operation is displayed.

The status bar can be switched on and off as necessary.

**Figure 2-12. Status Bar**

2.4.2 Comparison of DOS and Windows

The correspondence between the DOS Character Pattern Editor commands and the Windows menu is shown in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1. Comparison of DOS and Windows

Classification	DOS Commands	Windows Operations
Editor	*C-n (Change Hex command)	Displayed in the Image View window Edited using the [Edit(E)] menu
	*D-n,m (Dump Hex commands)	Displayed in the Hex Dump window
	*K-n,m (Delete commands)	[Edit(E)] → [Delete(D)] in the Image View window
	*M-n,m,l (Move commands)	[Edit(E)] → [Cut(T)] → [Paste(P)] in the Image View window
	*I-n,m,l (Insert commands)	[Edit(E)] → [Copy(C)] → [Paste(P)] in the Image View window
	*GR-n (Graphic Editor command)	Corresponds to the Pattern Edit window
	*P-n,m (Print out character hexadecimal data)	[File(F)] → [Print(P)]
	*GP-n,m,<f> (Print out character pattern)	[File(F)] → [Print(P)]
	Write to/read a file	[File(F)] → [Save(S)] [File(F)] → [Save As(A)] [File(F)] → [Open(O)]
	*LOAD (Data Load command)	[File(F)] → [Open(O)]
	*SAVE-n,m (Character Data Save commands)	[File(F)] → [Save(S)] [File(F)] → [Save As(A)]
	*OUT (Data Save command for ROM Output)	[File(F)] → [Save(S)] [File(F)] → [Save As(A)]
	*OC (Option Setting command)	Corresponds to the Option Data Edit window
	*OD (Option Display command)	Corresponds to the Option Data Edit window
*OP (Option Print command)	[File(F)] → [Print(P)]	
PROM programmer	*RS (Select command)	[Rom(R)] → [Setup(S)]
	*RZ (Blank Check command)	[Rom(R)] → [Blank Check(Z)]
	*RD-x,y (Dump command)	[Rom(R)] → [Hex Dump(D)]
	*RL (Upload command)	[File(F)] → [Open(O)]
	*RP-p,q (Download command)	[Rom(R)] → [Down Load(P)]
	*RR-p,q (Copy command)	[Rom(R)] → [Copy(R)]
	*RW-x,y,p (Write command)	[Rom(R)] → [Write(W)]
	*RV-x,y,p (Verify command)	[Rom(R)] → [Verify(V)]
Others	*WHAT (Device Information Display command)	Corresponds to the [Help] menu
	*? (Help command)	A command is not used
	*EXIT (Exit command)	[File(F)] → [Exit(X)]

## 2.5 Editor Functions

The Character Pattern Editor can be used to select the window that is best suited to the editing purposes of the user.

### (1) To create a new character pattern

Use the Pattern Edit window. The editing palette in the Pattern Edit window makes it possible to create patterns easily.

Because this window is interlocked with the Image View window, the character image of the edited character can be checked at the same time as the character pattern is being created.

### (2) To edit character hexadecimal data

Use the Hex Dump window. Selected data can be cut, copied and pasted in 1-byte units. By combining a number of operations, hexadecimal data anywhere can be inserted, moved, or substituted. Direct rewriting of hexadecimal data is also possible.

### (3) To edit option data

Use the Option Data Edit window. Although option data differs between devices, the Option Data Edit window will display the data that corresponds to the selected device. Option data can be set simply by clicking one of the radio buttons displayed in the Option Data Edit window.

## 2.6 PROM Programmer Control Functions

The PROM programmer can be controlled using the Character Pattern Editor. The functions that can be controlled are as follows.

**(1) Setting type of PROM programmer and type of PROM**

Always set the above when the PROM programmer is used.

**(2) PROM blank check**

Checks whether PROM has been written to or not.

**(3) Dump display of PROM contents**

Displays the PROM contents (hexadecimal data) of a specified area. When this command is executed, the contents of PROM are first transferred to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.

**(4) Data upload to PROM programmer**

The character pattern data and option data in the active window are transferred from the PC to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.

**(5) Data download from PROM programmer**

The data in the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer (character pattern data and option data) is transferred to the active window and displayed.

**(6) Copying PROM contents to PROM programmer buffer**

The data in the PROM is transferred to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.

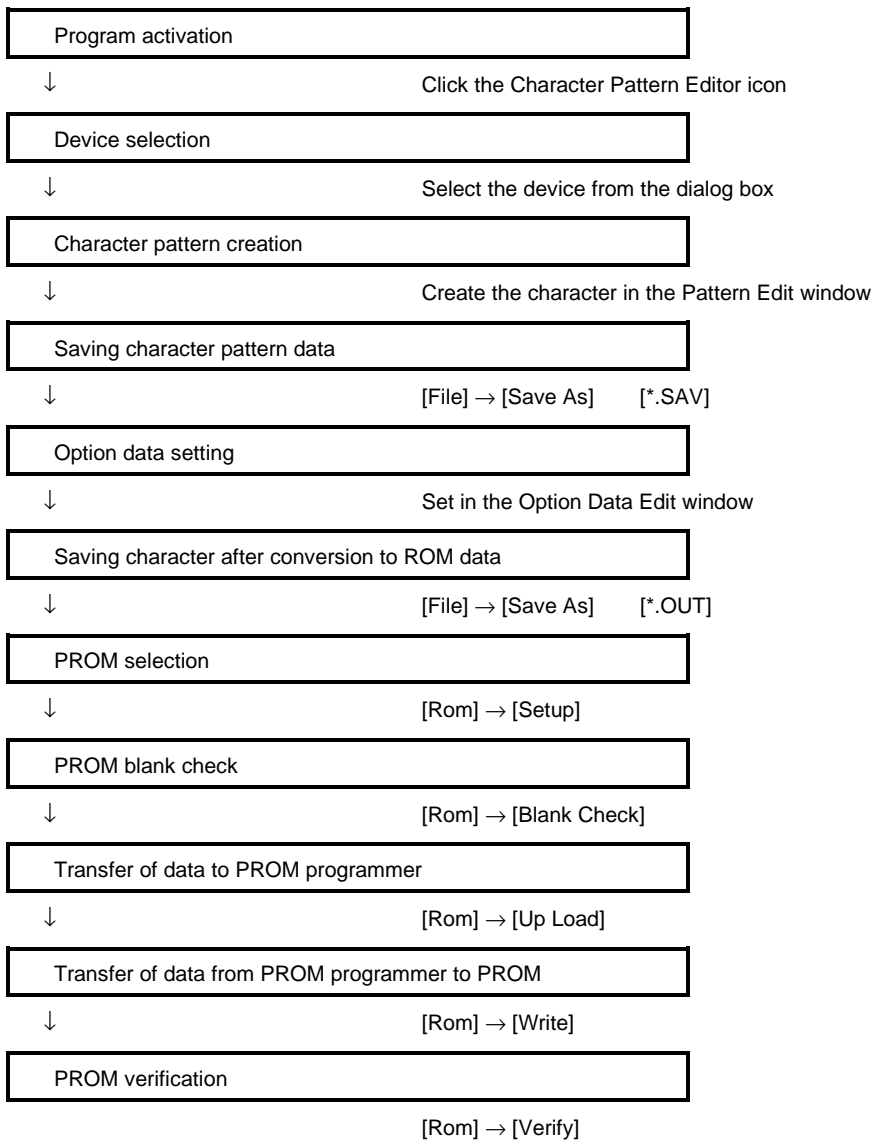
**(7) Writing data to PROM**

The data in the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer is written to the PROM.

**(8) Verifying PROM data and PROM programmer**

The contents of the PROM and the contents of the PROM programmer buffer RAM are compared (verified).

## 2.7 Character Pattern Creation and Process up to Writing to PROM



[MEMO]



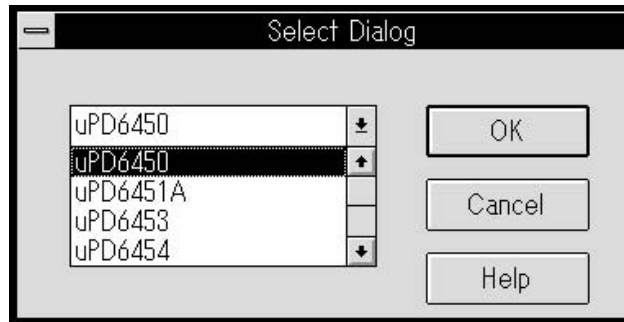
## CHAPTER 3 FUNCTION DETAILS

### 3.1 Device Selection

In order to edit the character pattern so that it corresponds to a specific device, the device to be used must be selected.

Devices are selected using a device selection dialog box (Select Dialog). When either [File(E)] → [New(N)], or [File(E)] → [Open(O)] are chosen, the device selection dialog box is automatically displayed. Select a device from the list box.

Figure 3-1. Device Selection Dialog Box



When the device has been selected, a dialog box allowing the user to select either a new MDI window or a file to be opened is displayed.

**Caution** Unless a device is selected, the process cannot continue. Note also that when the selected device does not match the file that was read, it will not be displayed correctly on the screen.

**Remark** When creating a character pattern for the  $\mu$ PD6464A, select the  $\mu$ PD6464.

### 3.2 Editor Functions

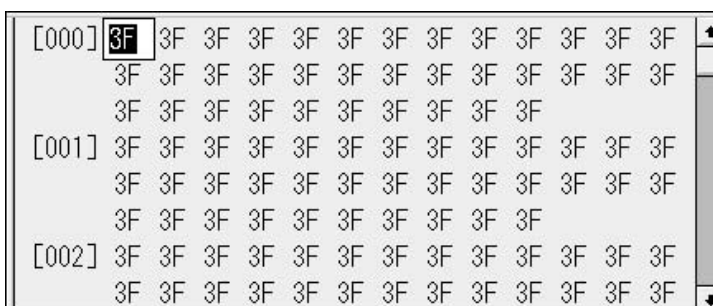
The editor functions are broadly divided into three classifications:

- (1) Hexadecimal data editing
- (2) Character pattern editing
- (3) Option data editing

#### 3.2.1 Editing using Hex Dump window

In the Hex Dump window, hexadecimal data can be modified, initialized, copied, or moved.

Figure 3-2. Hex Dump Window



##### (1) Modifying hexadecimal data

Function	Operation
Hexadecimal data selection	Move the mouse pointer to the hexadecimal data to be modified and double-click (this becomes a text box format). Move to the next byte by pressing the  key.
Hexadecimal data input	Input 12 bits of hexadecimal numbers (00H to 3FH). If other values are input, the operation becomes [NG].

##### (2) Initializing hexadecimal data

Function	Operation
Initialization of multiple data (blank (3FH) setting)	<1> Drag the section to be initialized and display it in reverse video. <2> Choose [Delete(D) DEL] from the [Edit(E)] menu.
Undo	Choose [Undo(U) Ctrl+X] from the [Edit(E)] menu.

**Example** The selected section is initialized in the following way.



(3) Copying hexadecimal data

Function	Operation
Copy	<1> Drag the section to be copied and display it in reverse video. <2> Choose [Copy(C) Ctrl+C] from the [Edit(E)] menu. (The copied data is held on the clipboard)
Paste	<1> Move the cursor to the place where the data is to be inserted. <2> Choose [Paste(P) Ctrl+V] from the [Edit(E)] menu.
Undo	Choose [Undo(U) Ctrl+X] from the [Edit(E)] menu.

**Example** 31, 32, and 33 are inserted between 3A and 3B.

The data behind the insertion is shifted back.



(4) Moving hexadecimal data

Function	Operation
Move	<1> Drag the section to be moved and display it in reverse video. <2> Choose [Cut(T) Ctrl+X] from the [Edit(E)] menu.
Paste	<1> Move the cursor to the place where the data is to be inserted. <2> Choose [Paste(P) Ctrl+V] from the [Edit(E)] menu.
Undo	Choose [Undo(U) Ctrl+X] from the [Edit(E)] menu.

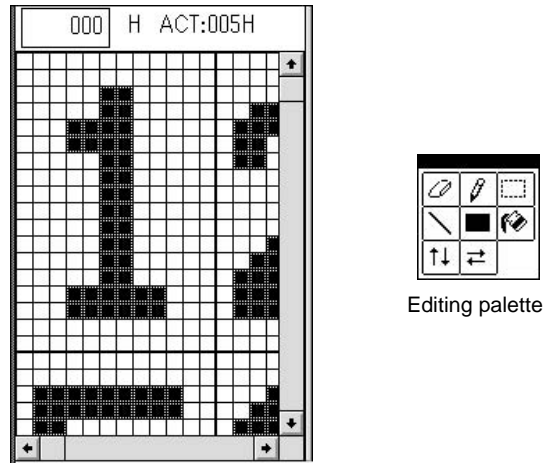
**Example** 31, 32, and 33 are moved to between 3A and 3B.



### 3.2.2 Editing using Pattern Edit window

Character patterns can be created in the Pattern Edit window. It is also possible to use the Image View window to check the image of the character pattern being created in the Pattern Edit window.

**Figure 3-3. Image View Window**



Character patterns are created in the Pattern Edit window using the tools on the editing palette. [Cut(I)], [Copy(C)], and [Paste(P)] on the [Edit(E)] menu can also be used.

#### (1) Pencil tool

The pencil tool is used to draw freehand lines. Lines of 1-dot width can be drawn.

To draw freehand lines:

- <1> Choose the pencil tool from the editing palette.
- <2> Drag the mouse pointer in the Image View window.
- <3> Dot units can be erased with a right-click.

#### (2) Line tool

The line tool is used to draw straight lines. Lines of 1-dot width can be drawn.

To draw straight lines:

- <1> Choose the line tool from the editing palette.
- <2> Choose where to start the line and drag the mouse pointer.
- <3> Choose where to end the line and release the mouse button.

**(3) Rectangle tool** 

The rectangle tool can be used to draw black or white rectangles and squares.

To draw rectangles and squares:

- <1> Choose the rectangle tool from the toolbox.
- <2> Drag the mouse pointer as if drawing a diagonal line.
- <3> A white rectangle can be drawn by dragging the mouse while holding down the right button.

Squares can be drawn by dragging the mouse pointer at a 45° angle.

Other kinds of rectangles can be drawn by dragging the mouse pointer in other directions.


**(4) Rectangle selection tool** 

The rectangle selection tool can be used to move any section. A section that is the target of editing can be encased in a rectangle and moved.

To select and move the area:

- <1> Choose the rectangle selection tool from the editing palette.
- <2> By dragging the mouse pointer diagonally, encase the section to be moved in a rectangle.
- <3> Place the mouse pointer in the selected area, drag to the desired destination, and release the mouse button.

**Remark** It is impossible to undo this operation.

**(5) Paint bucket tool** 

The paint bucket tool can be used to color characters either black or white.

To color a character black or white:

- <1> Choose the paint bucket tool from the editing palette.
- <2> Place the mouse pointer on the character to be colored black (in the Pattern Edit window) and left-click.
- <3> Place the mouse pointer on the character to be colored white (in the Pattern Edit window) and right-click.

**(6) Eraser tool** 

The eraser tool can be used to change dots in a black area to white.

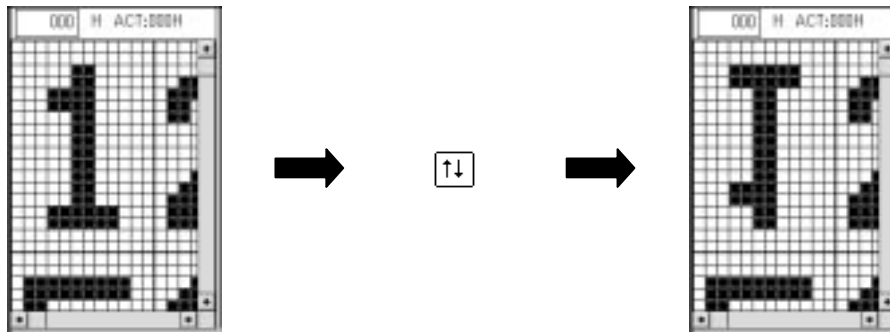
- <1> Choose the eraser tool from the editing palette.
- <2> Place the mouse pointer on the dot to be changed to white and left-click.

(7) Vertical flip tool 

This tool can be used to flip a character upside down.

Only an active character in the Pattern Edit window can be flipped. Areas that have been specified by the “rectangle selection tool” cannot be altered.

Figure 3-4. Vertical Flip Tool

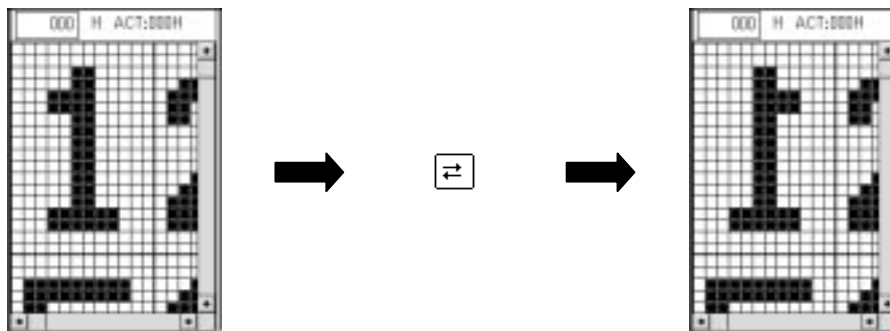


(8) Horizontal flip (mirror) tool 

This tool can be used to flip a character back to front.

Only an active character in the Pattern Edit window can be flipped. Areas that have been specified by the “rectangle selection tool” cannot be altered.

Figure 3-5. Horizontal Flip Tool

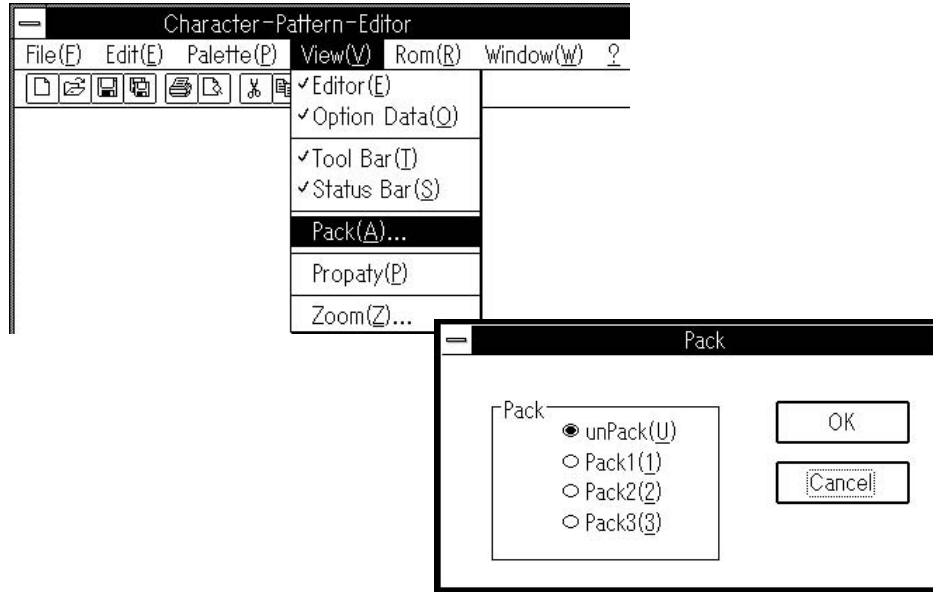


### 3.2.3 Editing using Pack format

A format in which a number of characters are linked together can be used in character pattern editing.

For this format, choose Pack from the View menu. The desired Pack format can be selected by clicking a radio button in the Pack format selection dialog box (Pack) that will be displayed.

**Figure 3-6. Pack Format Selection Dialog Box**



**Table 3-1. Pack Format**

Pack Format	Form of Character Link
unPack	Cancels the link.
Pack1	Links together 4 characters in both the upper and lower echelons.
Pack2	Links together 4 characters on both the left and right sides.
Pack3	Links together 8 characters.

Examples of editing using the Pack format are shown below.

Figure 3-7. Example of Editing Using unPack Format

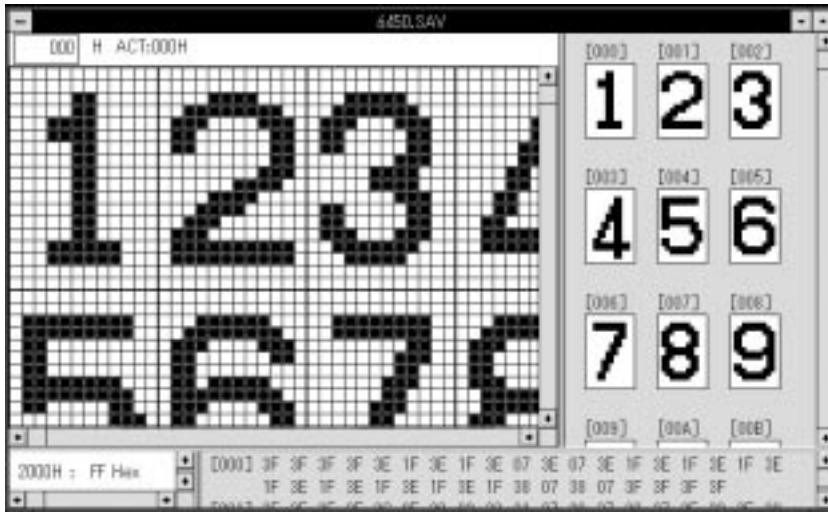


Figure 3-8. Example of Editing Using Pack1 Format

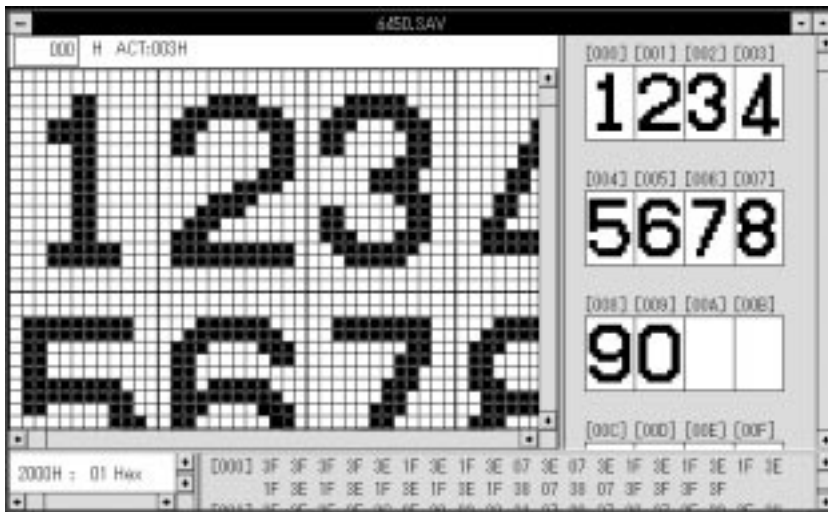




Figure 3-9. Example of Editing Using Pack2 Format

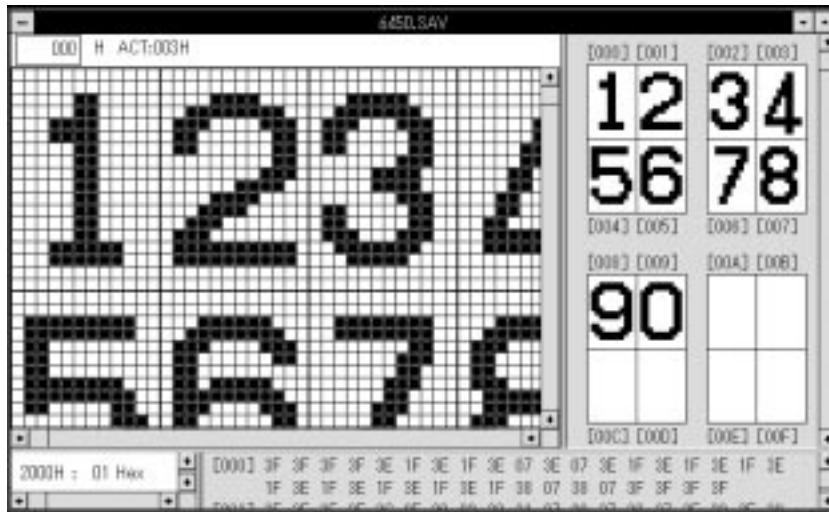
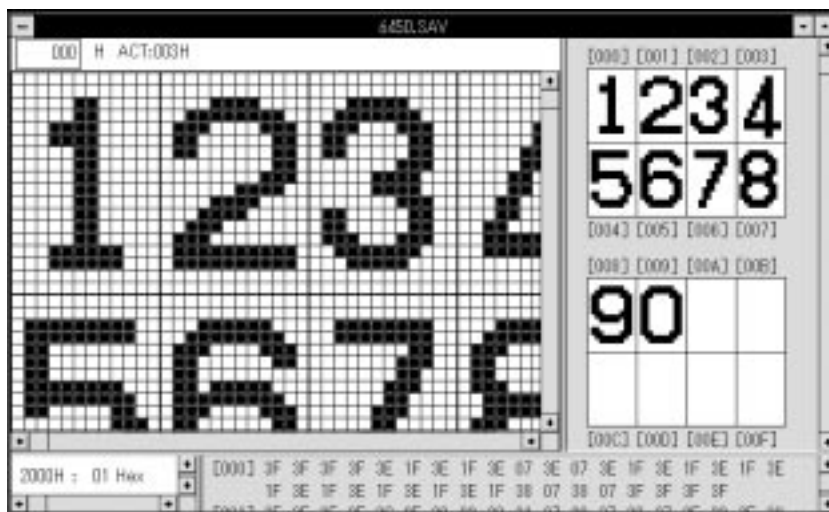


Figure 3-10. Example of Editing Using Pack3 Format



### 3.3 Image View Functions

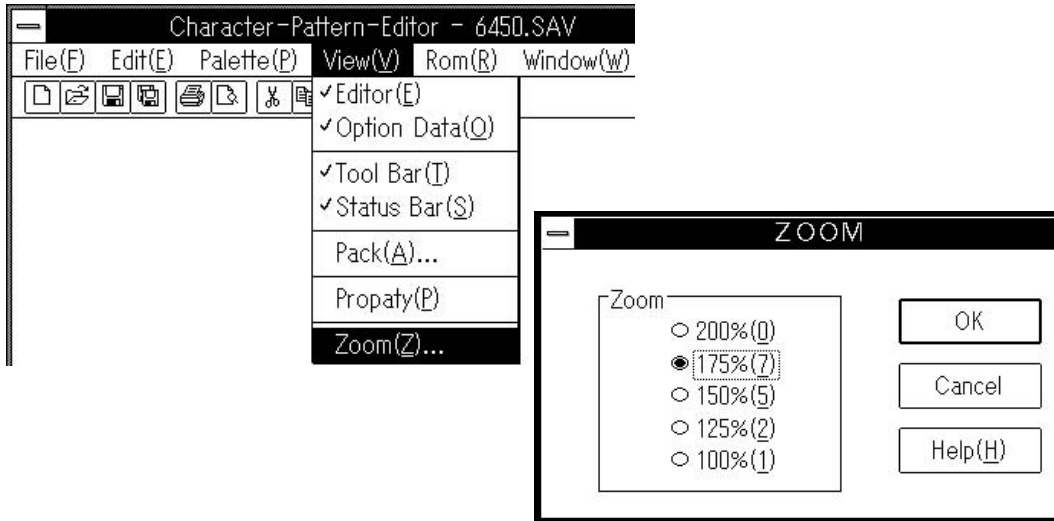
Character patterns can be checked by using a character pattern view display.

#### (1) Zoom-up display

The character pattern display scale can be modified to enlarge and check the character pattern.

To modify the display scale, choose Zoom from the View menu. The proportion of zoom required can be selected by clicking the desired radio button in the zoom selection dialog box (ZOOM) that will be displayed.

Figure 3-11. Zoom Selection Dialog Box



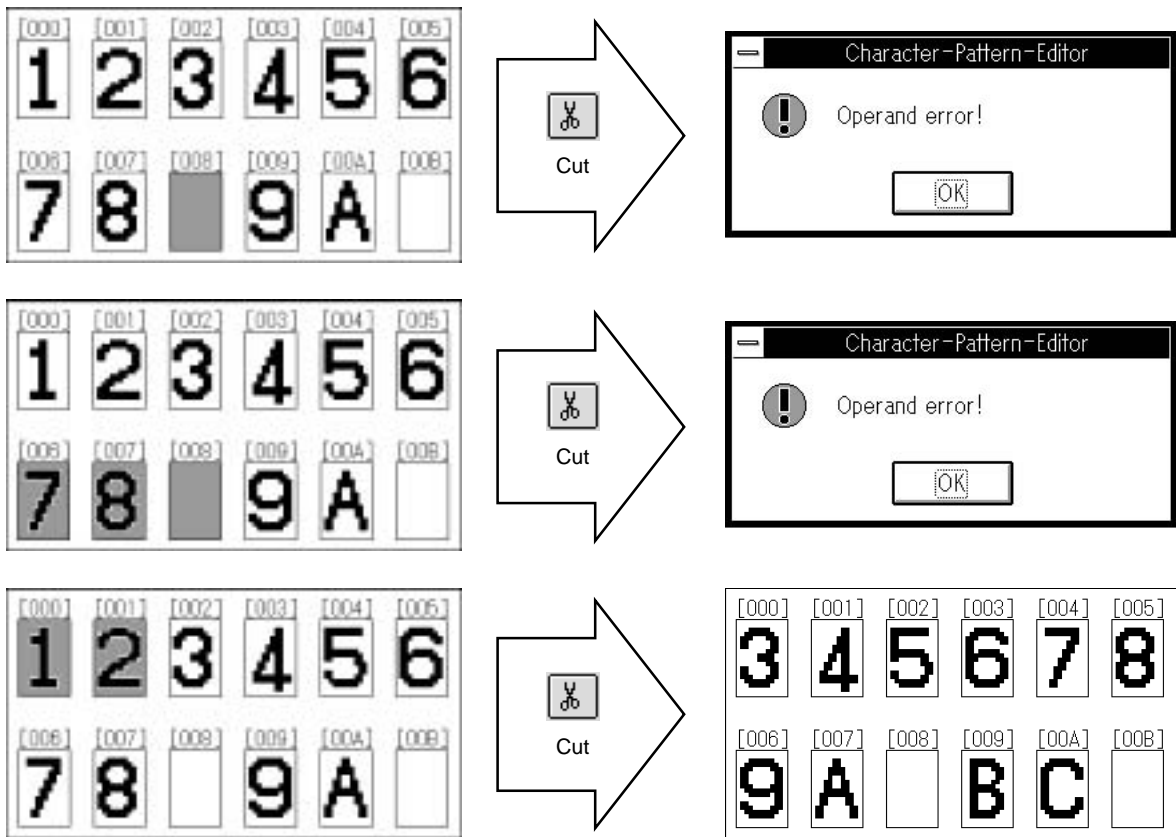
**(2) Copy, cut, paste, and delete**

Multiple characters can be selected by dragging the section displaying the image. By using the Edit menu or buttons on the toolbar, the selected multiple characters can be copied, cut, pasted, or deleted. Although characters are shifted when cut or pasted, they will be shifted to either side of an input-prohibited area. Characters selected from an input-prohibited area (Display Off data, 2-byte continuous command exit code) cannot be cut or pasted. Editing in the Image View window while characters are displayed in the Pack format is also impossible.

**<1> Example of a cut operation**

008H: Display Off data

00BH: 2-byte continuous command exit code



<2> Example of a paste operation

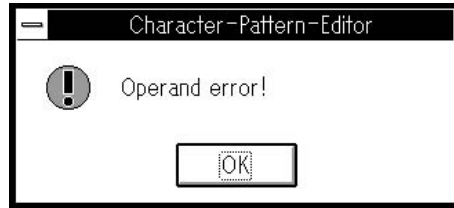
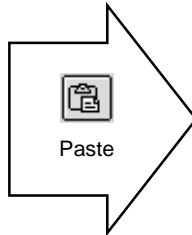
008H: Display Off data

00BH: 2-byte continuous command exit code

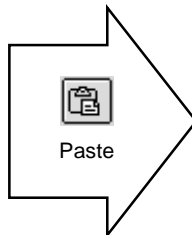
Contents of the clipboard: X Y Z



[000]	[001]	[002]	[003]	[004]	[005]
1	2	3	4	5	6
[006]	[007]	[008]	[009]	[00A]	[00B]
7	8		9	A	

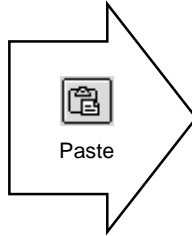


[000]	[001]	[002]	[003]	[004]	[005]
1	2	3	4	5	6
[006]	[007]	[008]	[009]	[00A]	[00B]
7	8		9	A	



[000]	[001]	[002]	[003]	[004]	[005]
1	2	X	Y	Z	3
[006]	[007]	[008]	[009]	[00A]	[00B]
4	5		6	7	

[000]	[001]	[002]	[003]	[004]	[005]
1	2	3	4	5	6
[006]	[007]	[008]	[009]	[00A]	[00B]
7	8		9	A	



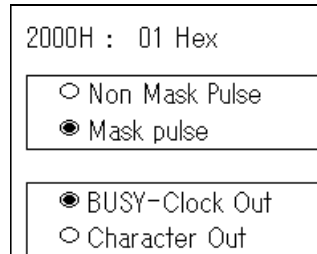
[000]	[001]	[002]	[003]	[004]	[005]
1	2	3	4	5	6
[006]	[007]	[008]	[009]	[00A]	[00B]
X	Y		Z	7	

### 3.4 Option Data Function

This function sets the option data of the selected device. Refer to **4.4 Device Information** for details of option data.

Option data can be set by clicking the desired radio button in the Option Data Edit window with a mouse.

**Figure 3-12. Option Data Edit Window**




The image shows a screenshot of the Option Data Edit window. At the top, it displays '2000H : 01 Hex'. Below this, there are two groups of radio buttons. The first group contains 'Non Mask Pulse' (unselected) and 'Mask pulse' (selected). The second group contains 'BUSY-Clock Out' (selected) and 'Character Out' (unselected).

- When devices that have options have been selected, be sure to save the set option data in a file in the \*.OUT format. This data will not be saved if the \*.SAV format is used.
- When devices without options are selected, nothing is displayed in the Option Data Edit window.

### 3.5 File Save/Open


**(1) To update and save a file:**



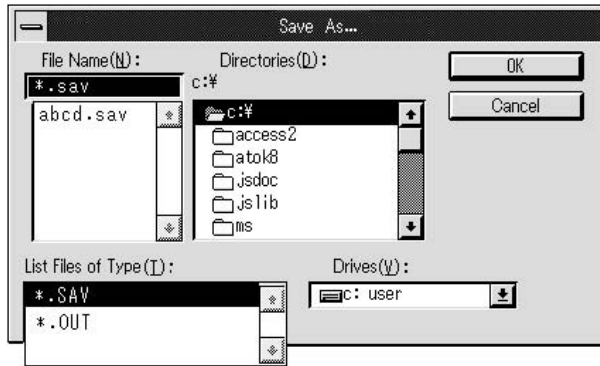
Either click  on the toolbar, or choose [File(E)] → [Save(S)].

**(2) To save in a separate file:**




Either click  on the toolbar, or choose [File(E)] → [Save As(A)]. By doing either of the above, the dialog box in Figure 3-13 will be displayed. Select the type of file and save. When files are saved in the \*.SAV format, a dialog box (Save with Set) that sets the character code to be saved will be displayed. In normal operations, save the file in the default format (which is set according to the selected device).

**Figure 3-13. Save in Separate File Screen**

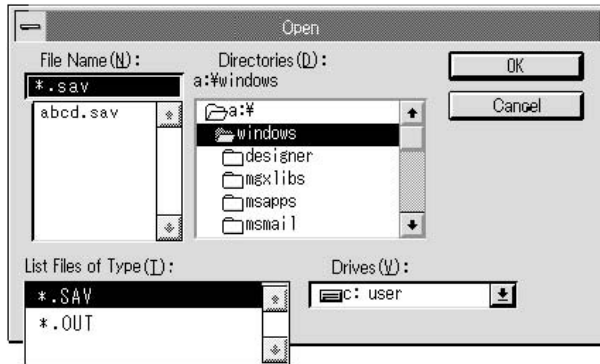


**(3) To open a file:**



Either click  on the toolbar, or choose [File(E)] → [Open(O)]. By doing either of the above, the dialog box in Figure 3-14 will be displayed. Select the file to be opened and click OK. The file to be opened can either be a "\*.SAV" or "\*.OUT" extension file. Attempting to open any other extension file will result in an error message.

**Figure 3-14. Open File Screen**

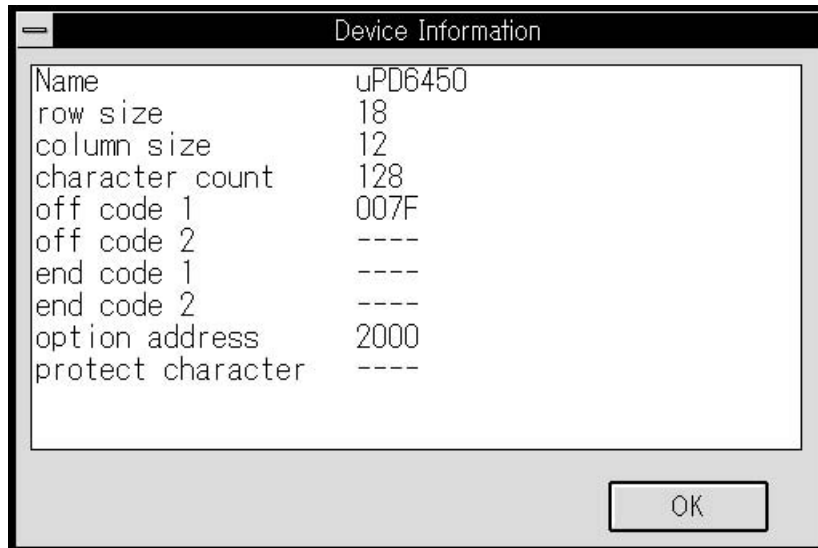


### 3.6 Device Information Reference

This displays information related to the selected device.


Choose [View(V)] → [Propaty(P)].

**Figure 3-15. Selected Device-Related Information Screen**



### 3.7 Print Function



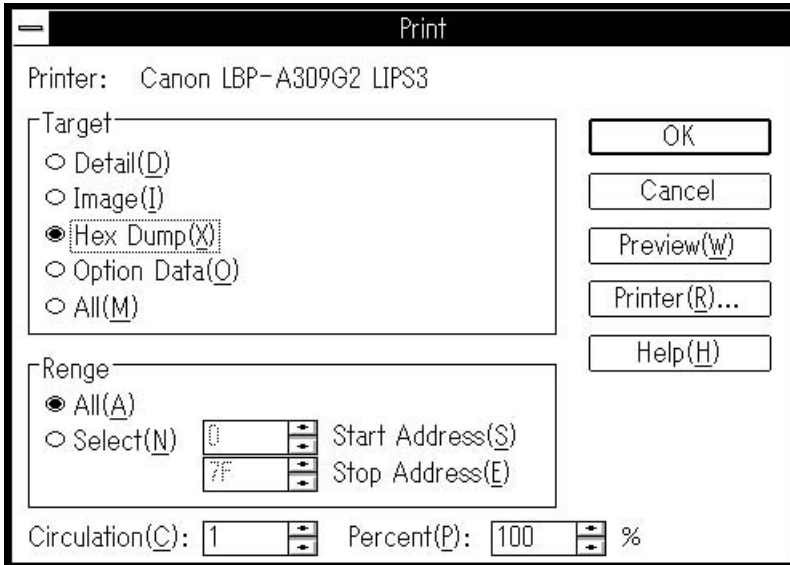
To print the data that was created, either click  on the toolbar, or choose [File(E)] → [Print(P)]. By doing either of the above, the Print dialog box (Print) will be displayed.

Select the print range by clicking the radio button of the data to be printed. The selected data will be printed by clicking the OK button.

To check the print image, choose [Preview(W)] in the Print dialog box.

To set the printer, choose [Printer(R)...] in the Print dialog box.

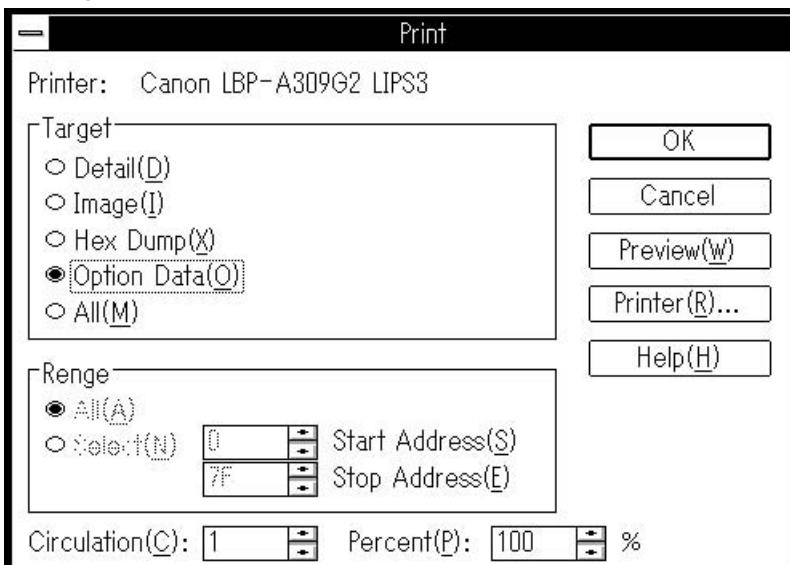
#### (1) Printing image view and hex dump



The screenshot shows the 'Print' dialog box with the following settings:

- Printer: Canon LBP-A309G2 LIPS3
- Target:
  - Detail(D)
  - Image(I)
  - Hex Dump(X)
  - Option Data(O)
  - All(M)
- Range:
  - All(A)
  - Select(N)
    - Start Address(S): 0
    - Stop Address(E): 7F
- Circulation(C): 1
- Percent(P): 100 %
- Buttons: OK, Cancel, Preview(W), Printer(R)..., Help(H)

#### (2) Printing option data




The screenshot shows the 'Print' dialog box with the following settings:

- Printer: Canon LBP-A309G2 LIPS3
- Target:
  - Detail(D)
  - Image(I)
  - Hex Dump(X)
  - Option Data(O)
  - All(M)
- Range:
  - All(A)
  - Select(N)
    - Start Address(S): 0
    - Stop Address(E): 7F
- Circulation(C): 1
- Percent(P): 100 %
- Buttons: OK, Cancel, Preview(W), Printer(R)..., Help(H)

When option data has been selected as the printing target, the selections in the range area appear dimmed and therefore cannot be selected.



(3) Preview

By choosing [Preview(W)] in the Print dialog box, or [File(E)] → [Preview(V)], or by clicking  on the toolbar, the full-page print image can be checked on the screen.

**Example** A4 paper, portrait (vertical), scale: 100%



**Example** A4 paper, landscape (horizontal), scale: 100%



**(4) Printer setting**

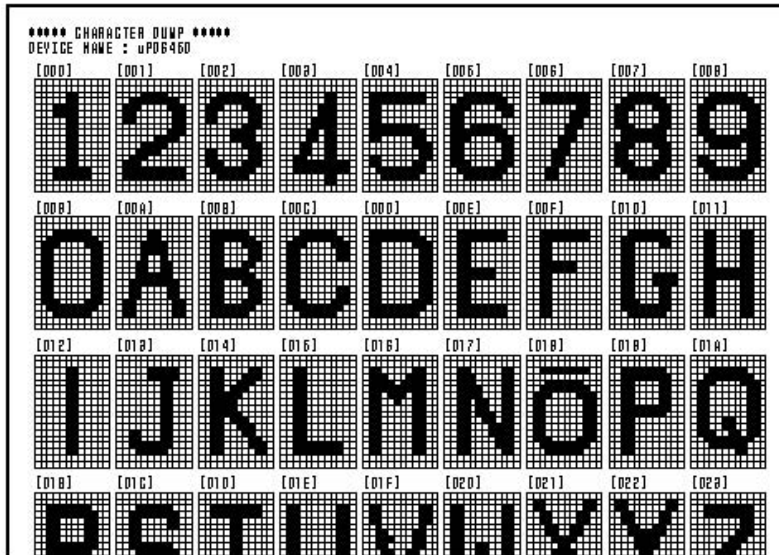
By choosing either [Printer(R)] in the Print dialog box, or [File(E)] → [Printer Set(R)], the printer and type of paper to be used can be selected.

**Figure 3-16. Printer Setting Screen**

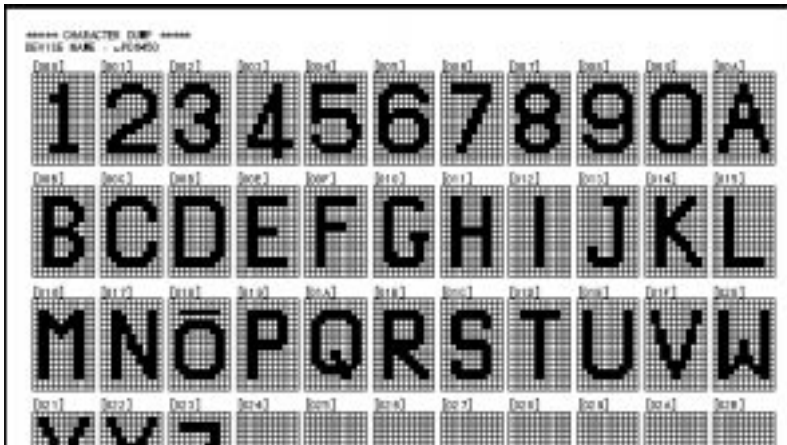
3.7.1 Print format

(1) Detailed view (character pattern)

**Example** A4 paper, portrait, scale: 100%



**Example** A4 paper, portrait, scale: 80%



(2) Image view (character pattern)

Example A4 paper, portrait, scale: 100%

文字コード表

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
XXXX0000	CG RAM	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	A	B	C	D	E
XXXX0001	CG RAM	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
XXXX0010	CG RAM	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	/	\	~			...	..	“	”
XXXX0011	CG RAM	(	)	[	]	{	}	<	>	《	》	Γ	」	『		
XXXX0100	CG RAM	』	【	】	+	-	±	×	÷	=	≠	<	>	≦	≧	∞
XXXX0101	CG RAM	∴	♂	♀	°	'	"	°C	¥	\$	φ	£	%	#	&	*
XXXX0110	CG RAM	@	§	☆	★	○	●	◎	◇	◆	□	■	△	▲	▽	▼
XXXX0111	CG RAM	※	〒	→	←	↑	↓	=	≡	≅	≒	≓	∩	∪		
XXXX1111	CG RAM	∨	∧	⇒	⇔	∇	∇	∇	∇	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞		

(3) Hex dump (character hexadecimal data)

```

***** HEX DUMP *****
DEVICE NAME : uPD6450
[000] 3F 3F 3F 3F 3E 1F 3E 1F 3E 07 3E 07 3E 1F 3E 1F 3E 1F
      3E 1F 3E 1F 3E 1F 3E 1F 3E 1F 38 07 38 07 3F 3F 3F 3F
[001] 3F 3F 3F 3F 3C 0F 30 03 23 31 27 39 27 39 27 3F 23 3F
      30 3F 3C 0F 3E 07 3F 23 3F 31 20 01 20 01 3F 3F 3F 3F
[002] 3F 3F 3F 3F 3C 07 38 03 31 31 33 39 33 39 31 3F 38 1F
      : 38 1F 31 3F 33 39 33 39 31 31 38 03 3C 07 3F 3F 3F 3F
      :
      :
[004] 3F 3F 3F 3F 30 01 30 01 3F 39 3F 39 3F 39 38 01 30 01
      33 39 23 3F 27 3F 27 39 33 39 30 03 38 07 3F 3F 3F 3F
[005] 3F 3F 3F 3F 38 07 30 03 23 31 27 39 3F 39 38 09 30 01
      23 31 27 39 27 39 27 39 23 31 30 03 38 07 3F 3F 3F 3F
    
```

**(4) Option data**

```
***** OPTION DATA DUMP *****  
DEVICE NAME : uPD6450  
  
ADDRESS : 2000H = 02H
```

```
***** OPTION DATA DUMP *****  
DEVICE NAME : uPD6451  
  
ADDRESS : 2000H = 01H
```

```
***** OPTION DATA DUMP *****  
DEVICE NAME : uPD6453  
  
ADDRESS : 3C00H = 51H
```

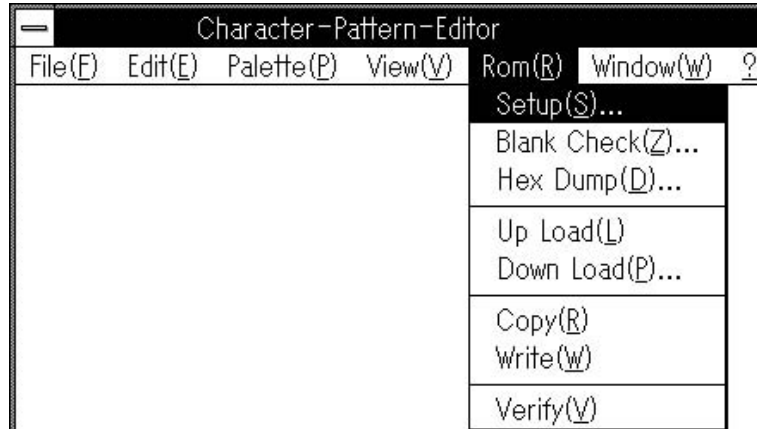
```
***** OPTION DATA DUMP *****  
DEVICE NAME : uPD6456  
  
ADDRESS : 2000H = 03H
```

```
***** OPTION DATA DUMP *****  
DEVICE NAME : uPD6461  
  
ADDRESS : 4000H = 3DH
```

### 3.8 PROM Programmer Control Functions

The PROM programmer can be controlled using the Character Pattern Editor. Choose the appropriate function from [Rom(R)] on the menu bar.

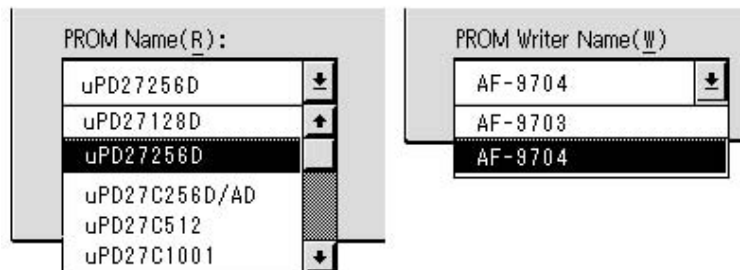
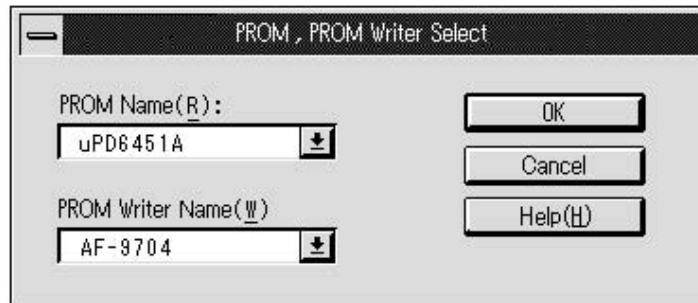
Figure 3-17. ROM Menu



#### (1) Setting PROM and PROM programmer types

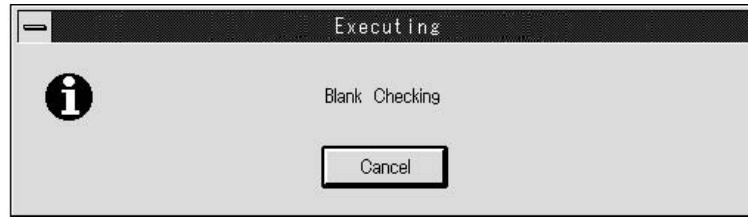
When [Rom(R)] → [Setup(S)] is chosen, the dialog box in Figure 3-18 will be displayed. Set the PROM and PROM programmer types. Until this setting is made, all options except Setup on the ROM menu will appear dimmed and therefore cannot be selected.

Figure 3-18. Setting of PROM and PROM Programmer Types

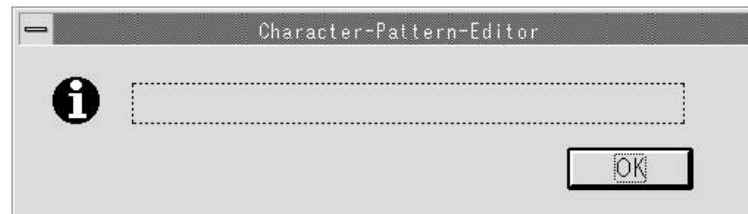


**(2) Blank check**

When [Rom(R)] → [Blank Check(Z)] is chosen, a blank check of the PROM will begin.

**Figure 3-19. Blank Check Execution Screen****<1> Blank check result**

When the check is complete, the check result from the PROM programmer will be displayed inside the dotted lines in the message box of Figure 3-20.

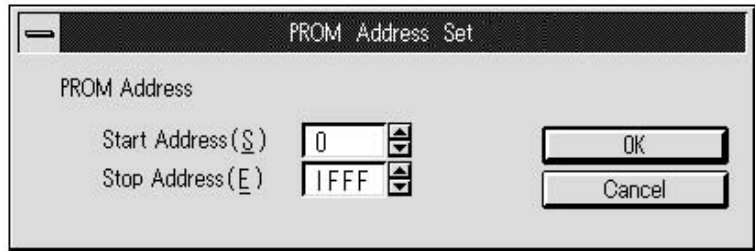
**Figure 3-20. Blank Check Result Screen**

**(3) PROM dump display**

When [Rom(R)] → [Hex Dump(D)] is chosen, the dialog box that specifies the PROM addresses will be displayed (Figure 3-21). After clicking OK, the contents of the PROM in the specified range are displayed in hexadecimal form.

The PROM contents in the PROM dump display are transferred once to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer, thereby overwriting the buffer RAM contents.

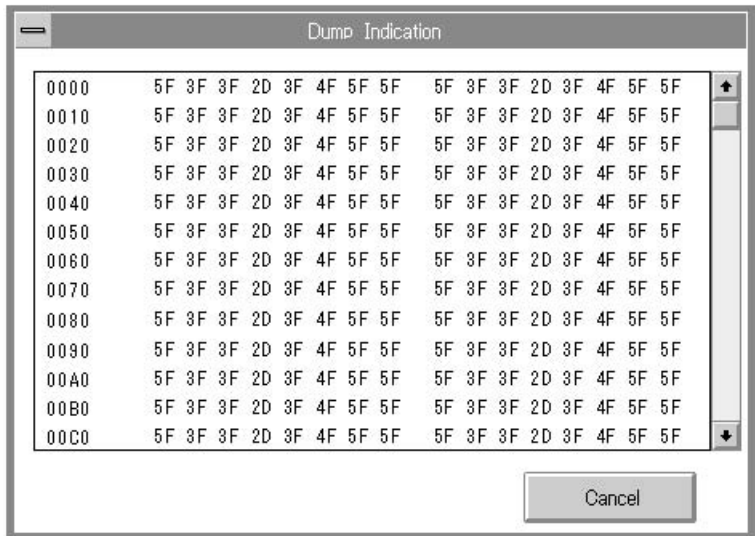
**Figure 3-21. PROM Address Input Screen**



**Figure 3-22. Dump Data Collecting in Progress**



**Figure 3-23. Dump Data Display**

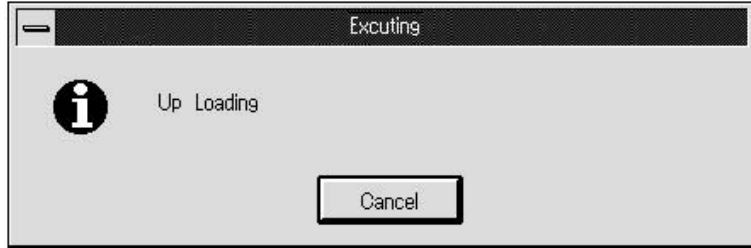




**(4) Upload**

When [Rom(R)] → [Up Load(L)] is chosen, the hexadecimal data in the active window is transferred to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer.

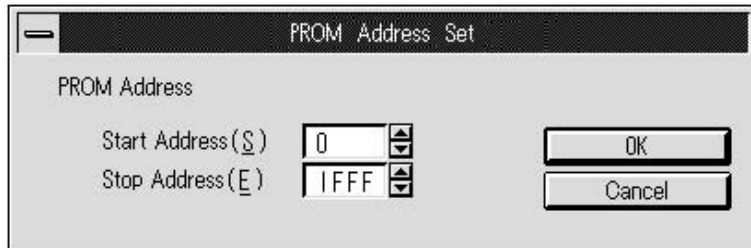
**Figure 3-24. Upload Execution Screen**



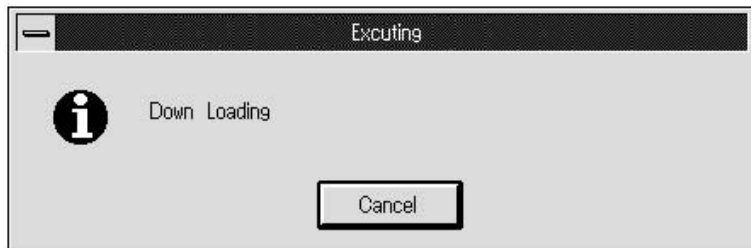
**(5) Download**

When [Rom(R)] → [Down Load(P)] is chosen, the dialog box that specifies the PROM addresses will be displayed (Figure 3-25). After clicking OK, the contents of the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer in the specified range are loaded into the active window.

**Figure 3-25. PROM Address Input Screen**



**Figure 3-26. Downloading in Progress**



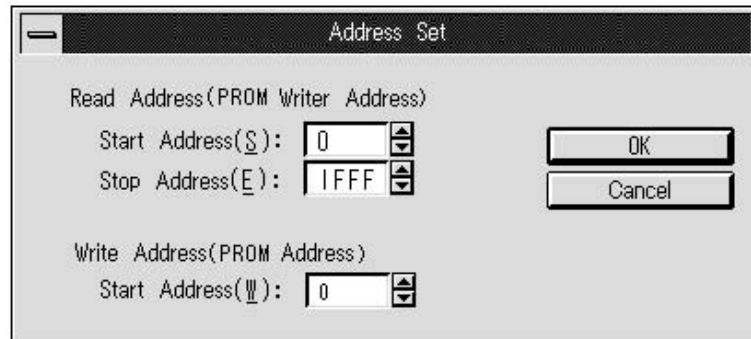
**(6) Copy**

When [Rom(R)] → [Copy(R)] is chosen, the dialog box that specifies the PROM programmer addresses will be displayed (Figure 3-27). After clicking OK, the PROM data from address 0 to the specified end address will be copied to the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer in the specified range.

**Figure 3-27. PROM Programmer Address Input Screen****Figure 3-28. Copying in Progress**

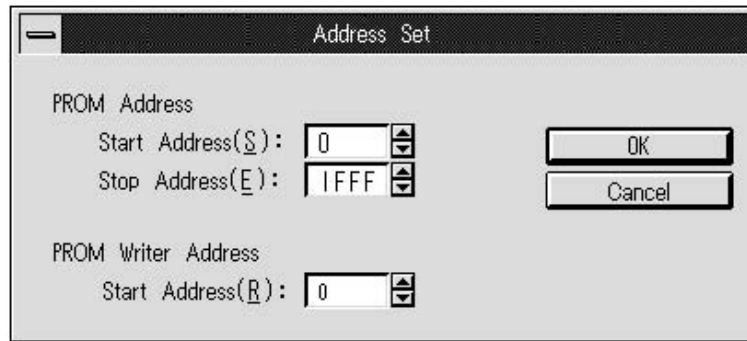
**(7) Write**

When [Rom(R)] → [Write(W)] is chosen, the dialog box that specifies the write addresses will be displayed. Specify the address range of the PROM programmer, which is inputting the data to be written, and the write start address of the PROM. After clicking OK, the data in the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer will be written to the PROM.

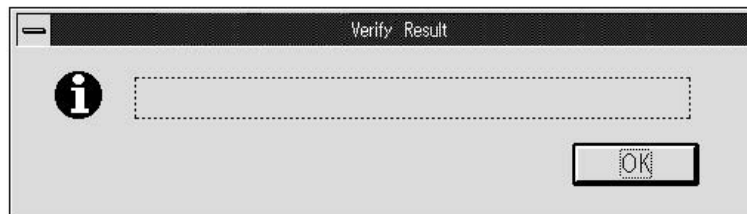
**Figure 3-29. Address Input Screen****Figure 3-30. Writing in Progress**

**(8) Verify**

When [Rom(R)] → [Verify(V)] is chosen, the dialog box that specifies the addresses of the data to be compared will be displayed. Specify the PROM address range and the PROM programmer start address that will correspond to this range. After clicking OK, the PROM data and the data in the buffer RAM of the PROM programmer will be compared.

**Figure 3-31. Address Input Screen****<1> Verify result**

The verify result from the PROM programmer will be displayed inside the dotted lines in the message box.

**Figure 3-32. Verify Result Screen**

## CHAPTER 4 ERROR MESSAGES AND DEVICE INFORMATION

### 4.1 Error Messages

Error messages are displayed in a message box.

**Figure 4-1. Message Box for Error Messages**



**Table 4-1. List of Errors Occurring in Execution**

Message	Meaning
Address range error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The data that was to be read from a file or the PROM programmer exceeded the address range of the device currently specified.</li></ul>
Bad character!	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• An incorrect code was read when the hexadecimal record was read from the PROM programmer.</li></ul>
Check sum error!	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The check sum of the hexadecimal record was incorrect.</li></ul>
Device type incorrect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The character data that was to be read and the pattern matrix of the device currently specified were different.</li></ul>
File open error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The specified file could not be opened.</li></ul>
File read error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• An error was generated when the file was read.</li></ul>
File write error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The free disk space in the file being written to was insufficient to hold all the data.</li><li>• An error was generated when the file was written to.</li></ul>
Hex file read error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• An error was generated when the hexadecimal record was read from a file.</li></ul>
Insufficient memory!	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• There was insufficient memory to execute the program.</li></ul>
Invalid command	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The command was invalid for the selected device.</li></ul>
Operand error!	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The address range was incorrect.</li><li>• An address that modifies Display Off data was specified.</li><li>• An address that modifies the input-prohibited area was specified.</li></ul>
Printer error!	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The printer was not ready.</li></ul>
Record type error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The type of hexadecimal code was other than 00H or 01H.</li></ul>

## 4.2 Correspondence between Character Patterns and Hexadecimal Data

Figure 4-2 shows how character patterns correspond to hexadecimal data. The data displayed in the Hex Dump window, of which Figure 4-3 is an example, is arranged in 36 bytes (18 columns × 2 bytes) by lining up the hexadecimal data in Figure 4-2 in order from right to left, starting from the top.

Figure 4-2. Character Pattern and Hexadecimal Data

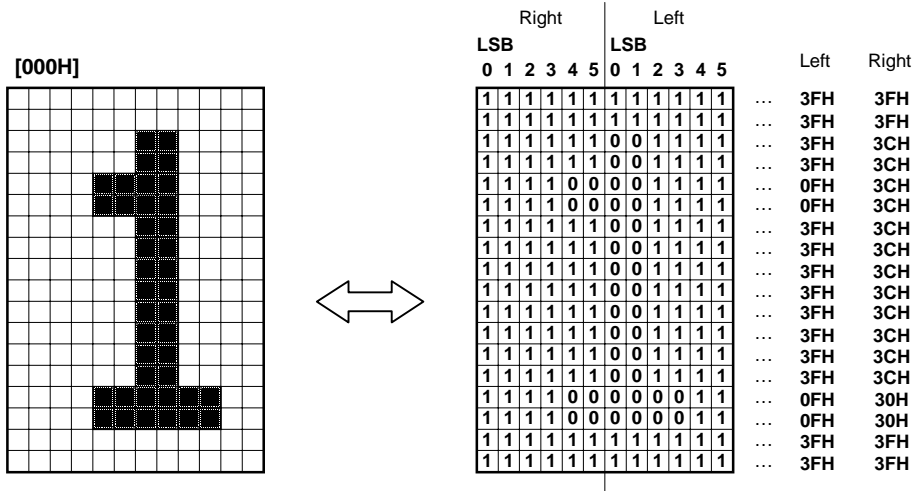


Figure 4-3. Example of Hex Dump Window Display

[000]	3F	3F	3F	3C	3F	3C	3F	3C	0F	3C	0F	3C	3F	3C	3F	3C	3F
	3C	3F	3C	3F	3C	3F	3C	3F	3C	3F	30	0F	30	0F	3F	3F	3F
[001]	3F	3F	3F	3C	0F	38	07	33	33	33	33	33	33	3F	39	3F	
	3C	3F	3E	1F	3F	0F	3F	27	3F	23	30	03	30	03	3F	3F	3F
[002]	3F	3F	3F	3C	0F	38	07	31	23	33	33	33	3F	33	3F	38	0F
	38	0F	33	3E	33	3F	33	33	31	23	38	07	30	0F	3F	3E	3E

### 4.3 Data Format

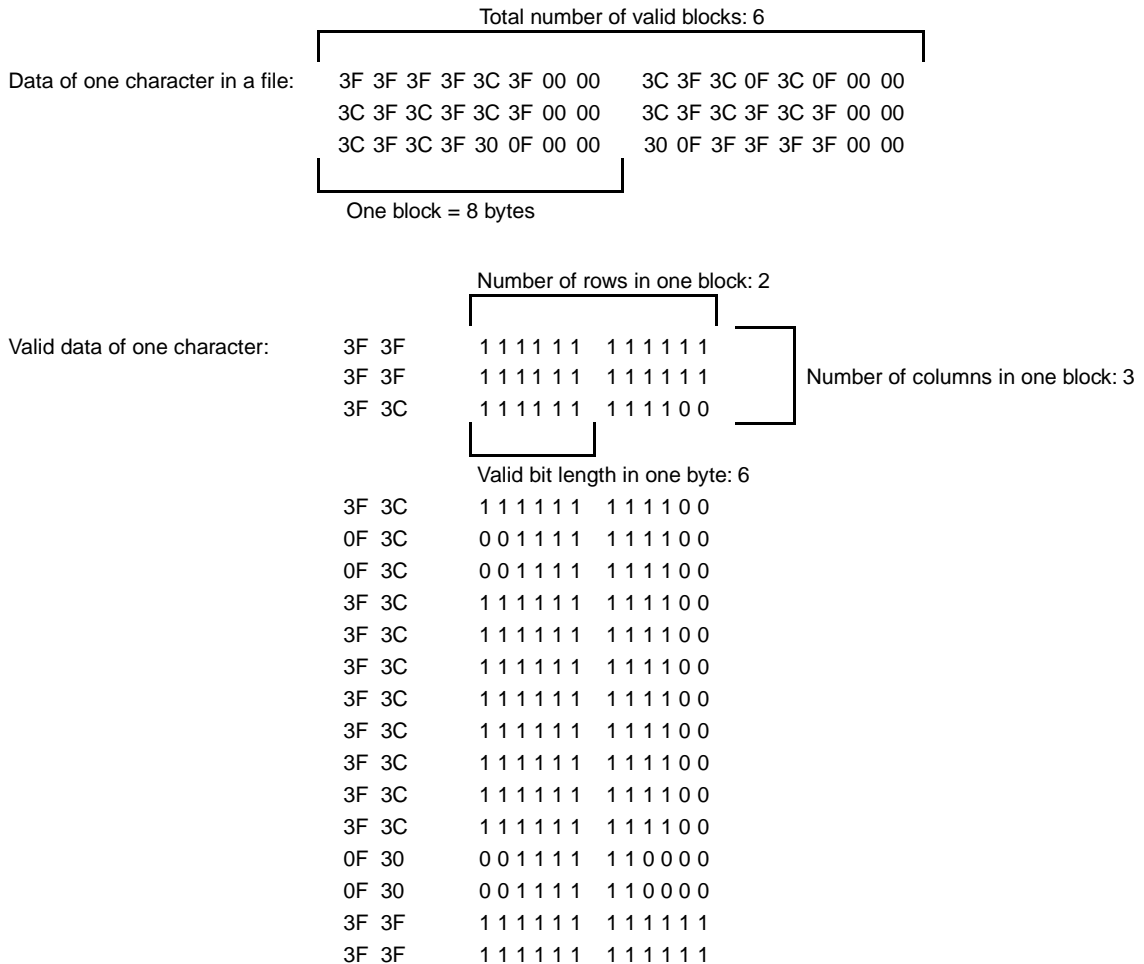
The configuration of character pattern hexadecimal data is based on the data format below. Hexadecimal data is saved in the \*.OUT file in accordance with this data format. An example of the configuration of hexadecimal data is shown in Figure 4-4.

Data format [D1, D2, D3, D4]

- [Data format definition] D1: the number of rows in one block (8 bytes are treated as one block)
- D2: the total number of valid blocks
- D3: the valid bit length in one byte
- D4: the number of columns in one block

**Example** The format of dot-type 12 × 18 data will be [2, 6, 6, 3].

**Figure 4-4. Example of Hexadecimal Data Configuration**



## 4.4 Device Information

### 4.4.1 Device information list

The device information for OSD-use LSI is shown in Table 4-2.

**Table 4-2. Device Information List**

Dot Matrix	Device	Character ROM Capacity	No. of Editable Characters	Display Off data	2-Byte Continuous Command Exit Code
12 × 18	μPD6450	128 (00H to 7FH)	128	7FH	–
	μPD6451A	128 (00H to 7FH)	128	7FH	–
	μPD6453	240 (00H to EFH)	240	EFH	–
	μPD6454	256 (00H to FFH)	256	FEH	FFH
	μPD6456	128 (00H to 7FH)	128	7FH	–
	μPD6458	128 (00H to 7FH)	128	7EH	7FH
	μPD6461	256 (00H to FFH)	256	FEH	FFH
	μPD6462	128 (00H to 7FH)	128	7EH	7FH
	μPD6464A	128 (00H to 7FH)	128	7EH	7FH
	μPD6465	256 (00H to FFH)	256	FEH	FFH
μPD6466	512 (00H to 1FFH)	512	FEH, 1FEH	FFH, 1FFH	

Character patterns cannot be inserted in Display Off data, a 2-byte continuous command exit code, or an input-prohibited area.



4.4.2 Option data

(1) Option data addresses

The option data addresses of devices are shown in Table 4-3.

**Table 4-3. Option Data Addresses**

Device	Address Area	Option Data Address
$\mu$ PD6450	0000H to 1FFFFH	2000H
$\mu$ PD6451A	0000H to 1FFFFH	2000H
$\mu$ PD6453	0000H to 3BFFFH	3C00H
$\mu$ PD6454	0000H to 3FFFFH	–
$\mu$ PD6456	0000H to 1FFFFH	2000H
$\mu$ PD6458	0000H to 1FFFFH	–
$\mu$ PD6461	0000H to 3FFFFH	4000H
$\mu$ PD6462	0000H to 1FFFFH	2000H
$\mu$ PD6464A	0000H to 1FFFFH	–
$\mu$ PD6465	0000H to 3FFFFH	–
$\mu$ PD6466	0000H to 7FFFFH	–

The PROM and PROM programmers supported by the Character Pattern Editor are shown in Table 4-4.

**Table 4-4. PROM and PROM Programmers**

PROM	PROM Programmer
$\mu$ PD27C256D/AD <sup>Note 1</sup>	AF-9703 <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>
$\mu$ PD27C512 <sup>Note 1</sup>	AF-9704 <sup>Note 2</sup>
$\mu$ PD27C1001 <sup>Note 1</sup>	

**Notes 1.** A maintenance or discontinued product.

**2.** A product of Ando Electric Co., Ltd. For further details please contact Ando Electric Co., Ltd. (Tokyo +81-3-3733-1151).

**Cautions 1.** When writing to the PROM programmer, be sure to transfer the “\*.OUT” file that was created by this editor in order from address 0000H.

**2.** Use a floppy disk to order mask ROM. Orders are not being received for UVEPROM.

(2) Contents of option data

μPD6450

Address	Data								
	(MSB)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	(LSB)
2000H	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*

Character Signal Output Selection	
0	Mask pulse output absent
1	Mask pulse output present

Pin Output Selection	
0	BUSY, Clock output
1	Character signal output

μPD6451A

Address	Data								
	(MSB)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	(LSB)
2000H	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*

Character Signal Output Selection	
0	Mask pulse output absent
1	Mask pulse output present

Pin Selection <sup>Note</sup>	
0	V BLK × 1
1	R BLK, G BLK, B BLK

**Note** In the μPD6451ACX, there are no blanking output options that support RGB (R BLK, G BLK, B BLK). Be sure to set the pin to V BLK × 1.

μPD6453

Address	Data								
	(MSB)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	(LSB)
3C00H	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*

Character Signal Output Selection	
0	Mask pulse output absent
1	Mask pulse output present

μPD6456

Address	(MSB)		Data					(LSB)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
2000H	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	

Output Option Selection	
00	OUTPUTA
01	OUTPUTB
1x	OUTPUTC

Display Start Position	
0	Line 1/dot 4
1	Line 9/dot 12

**Remark** x: undefined

μPD6461, 6462

Address	(MSB)		Data					(LSB)	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
4000H/2000H	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	

Dot Clock Selection	
00	Setting prohibited
01	EXT CLOCK (external clock input)
10	LC (LC oscillation)
11	Setting prohibited

Output Format Selection	
00	OUTPUT 10/20 (option B)
01	Setting prohibited
10	OUTPUT 10/21 (option A)
11	OUTPUT 11/21 (option C)

Output Pin Selection	
0	RGB + 3BLK
1	RGB + Vc1 + Vc2

Display Position Selection	
0	Position at line 9
1	Position at line 3

Command Input Selection	
0	LSB-first
1	MSB-first

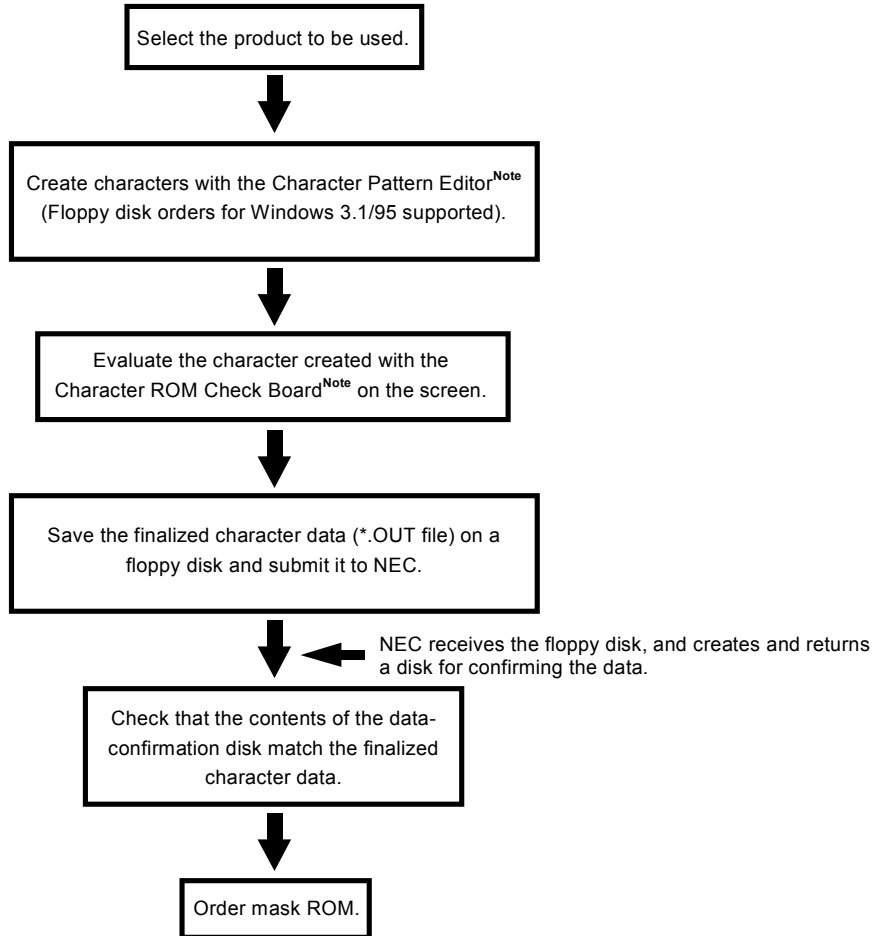
**Caution** When RGB + 3BLK is specified as the output pin selection, be sure to select option A as the output format selection.

[MEMO]

## CHAPTER 5 ORDERING MASK ROM FOR OSD-USE LSI

Order mask ROM for OSD-use LSI in line with the flow shown in Figure 5-1. For further details concerning ordering mask ROM code, refer to the information document **ROM Code Ordering Method**.

**Figure 5-1. Flow for Ordering Mask ROM for OSD-Use LSI (Receiving Floppy Disk Orders Only)**



**Note** This board can be rented. Contact an NEC distributor, or an NEC sales representative for details.

Use a floppy disk to order mask ROM code. Be sure also to use the \*.OUT file as the data save file. The physical format of the floppy disks used when ordering mask ROM code from NEC is as shown in Table 5-1 (September 1997 or later).

Table 5-1. Floppy Disk Format for Ordering Mask ROM Code

## (a) Floppy disk to be used

Size	No. of Memory Sides	No. of Tracks	No. of Sectors	Physical Record Length	Memory Capacity
3.5 inches	Double sided	77 tracks per side	8 sectors per track	1024 bytes per sector	1261568 bytes

## (b) Floppy disk format

OS	Floppy Disk Format
MS-DOS	Select a capacity of 1 MB as the floppy disk format (FORMAT d:/M)
PC DOS	Select a capacity of 1.2 MB as the floppy disk format (FORMAT 12) <sup>Note</sup>
Windows 3.1	Select a capacity (C) of 1 MB as the floppy disk format (F)
Windows NT™	Select a capacity (C) of 1.25 MB as the floppy disk format (F)
Windows 95	Select a capacity (C) of 1.2 MB as the floppy disk format (F)

**Note** The floppy disk drive must support 1.2 MB. Make sure to record \$FDD12.SYS in CONFIG.SYS beforehand. Refer to the PC DOS manual for details.

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