User Manual for the CR:2615 Vehicle Noise Measurement Sound Level Meter



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Preface

Thank you for purchasing the CR:261S Series Sound Level Meter. This instrument has been designed to be simple to use, and to provide the functions and features needed from a modern Sound Level Meter.

This manual describes the procedure that should be followed to set up and operate the CR:261S Sound Level Meter, as well as comprehensive technical information, using optional accessories as well as troubleshooting.

If you are a new user of Sound Level Meters or new to the CR:261S Sound Level Meter, first read Section 1 Introduction to familiarise yourself with the features, components and accessories supplied. Then read Section 2 Getting Started for step-by-step instructions on how to use the instrument.

Specification Standard Instrument

Time Weighting Fast Frequency dB(A)

Weighting

Run Time Manual

Measurements LAF Sound Level, dB(A), Fast Time Weighting

LAFmax Maximum Sound Level, dB(A), Fast Time Weighting

Measurement Duration

The CR:261S Sound Level Meter meets the requirements for IEC 61672-1:2003 standard for Class 1 Group X in all its modes. Please refer to page 31 for full technical details of the CR:261S Sound Level Meter.

Manual Contents

This manual is composed of the following sections.

Section 1, Introduction, is an overview of the CR:261S Sound Level Meter features and capabilities.

Section 2, Getting Started, provides a quick overview of how to begin using the instrument and how to carry out the basic measurements.

Section 3, Using the CR:261S, describes the operation of the instrument.

Section 5, Maintenance & Care, describes the procedure that should be followed to ensure the instrument operates as efficiently as possible, including changing batteries.

Section 6, Troubleshooting, provides helpful information on how to perform some simple checks and suggests courses of action if the CR:261S Sound Level Meter does not seem to be working properly.

The Glossary defines general Acoustic terminology and includes a list of acronyms and abbreviations used in this manual. The appendices contain technical information and specifications for the CR:261S Sound Level Meter.

Messages and Symbols

Messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. The different message types are indicated as shown below.



Pay attention! A caution informs you that improper use of the equipment or failure to follow instructions may cause data loss or may damage the equipment.



Please read. A note is a hint or advice that helps you make best use of the equipment and accessories.

Section 1 Introduction

Main Features

Measurement Functions

The Instrument has two main modes, the first being single measurement mode, the second being multiple measurement mode.

Single Measurement Mode

In Single Measurement Mode, the instrument displays L_{AF} and L_{AFmax} . In this mode the instrument is controlled by the keypad.

Multiple Measurement Mode

In Multiple Measurement Mode, the instrument displays the currnet L_{AFmax} and the last two L_{AFmax} 's. In this mode the instrument is controlled through a push button on a lead that connects to the bottom of the instrument

Options & Accessories

The CR:261S also available with a range of options and accessories that can enhance the performance and applications of the instrument. For full details, please contact Cirrus Research plc or your local representative.

The most commonly used accessories are listed below.

CR:511F	Acoustic Calibrator with PTB Type Approval
CR:590	Barometer for use with CR:511F Acoustic Calibrator
UA:237	Windshield
CK:250	Carrying Case
CP:65	Carrying Pouch for Sound Level Meter
CT:1	Tripod
ZL:261S	External Remote Control Cable (5m)

Section 2 Getting Started

How to...

These example settings are designed to demonstrate the different configurations that are available from the CR:261S Sound Level Meter.

Make a Single Mode Measurement

Switch on Calibrate Press the Reset Key

Make Multiple Measurements

Switch on Calibrate Insert external switch cable Hold down the button to start measurement Release the button to end measurement Repeat

Quick Start

The information in this section is the same as that given in the CR:261 Quick Setup Guide. For more detailed information, please see section 3.

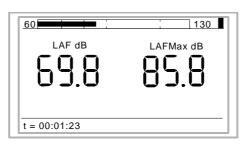
1. Switch On

Press the Power button to switch on the Sound Level Meter



The instrument will display the start up screen, and then will display the Single Mode screen





2. Calibration

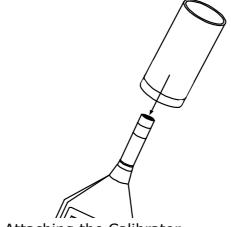
Attach the Acoustic Calibrator to the Sound Level Meter and switch to the 94dB level setting.

Press the Cal key to start the calibration procedure.



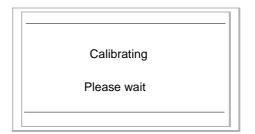
When the calibration is complete, the display will change to show the calibration level.

Remove the Acoustic Calibrator, switch off the calibrator and store.



Attaching the Calibrator

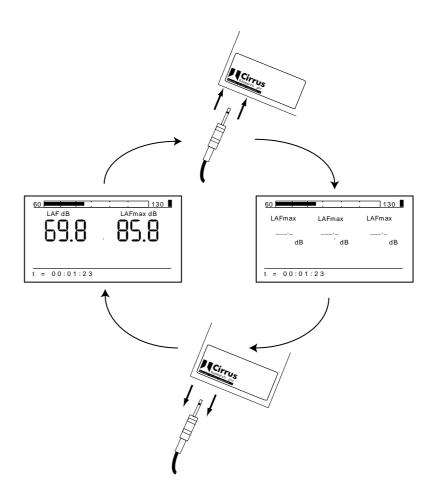
Gently push and twist the calibrator clockwise.



3. Mode Select

With the cable not plugged in the instrument runs in single measurement mode

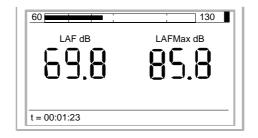
With the cable plugged in the instrument goes into multiple measurement mode

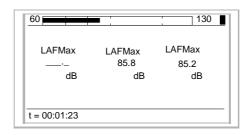


4. Start Measurement

Single Measurement Mode Pressing the Reset key on the keypad clears the L_{AFmax} hold functions and starts a new measurement.

Multiple Measurement Mode
When the cable is inserted and
the button is held in it displays
the LAFmax value, when the
button is released and the
depressed again, it moves the
last LAFmax value to the next
slot along and then starts a new
measurement.





5. Switch off

Press and hold the Power button to switch off the instrument.



Section 3 Using the CR:261S Sound Level Meter

Unpacking and checking the Sound Level Meter

Carefully remove the instrument from its shipping container and inspect it for possible damage or missing items. If the meter appears to be damaged or something is missing, contact Cirrus Research plc or your local representative immediately.

The CR:261S instrument is supplied with the following standard accessories:

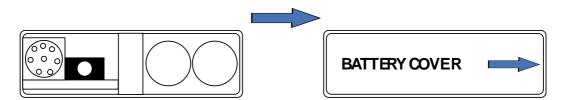
CR:261S User Manual Batteries 2 x AA

If you have ordered the instrument as a complete measurement kit, you will have also received some further items such as an Acoustic Calibrator, Carrying Case and Windshield.

Please refer to the manual supplied with the Acoustic Calibrator (where supplied) for details of fitting the battery and operation of this unit.

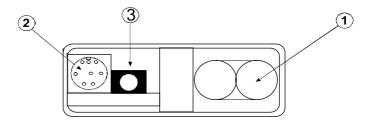
Batteries

The batteries of the CR:261S are located behind the cover on the bottom of the instrument. Slide the cover to the right hand side to remove and to access the battery holder.



Ensure the instrument is switched off. Remove the battery holder from the instrument and insert the batteries. The CR:260 instruments uses two AA type batteries, also known as LR6.

- (1) Batteries
- (2) External Interface Socket (Not Used)
- (3) Remote Control Socket





Ensure that the batteries are inserted correctly. *DO NOT* reverse the polarity of the batteries as this may cause damage to the instrument.

Windshield

The CR:261S can be used with a UA:237 Foam Windshield which will reduce the noise levels generated by air turbulence over the microphone capsule.

The windshield can also be used to protect the microphone capsule of the Sound Level Meter from dust and fluids which may affect the performance of the instrument.

To use the UA:237 Windshield, push the hole in the windshield over the microphone of the Sound Level Meter.

The UA:237 Windshield must be removed before the Sound Level Meter can be calibrated.

Keypad Functions









Select the measurement mode & view the current measurement mode settings

Press the CAL button to start the calibration procedure

Press the Power Button to switch on the Sound Level Meter



When the instrument is switched on, the Start-up screen will be displayed, and after a short time, the display will change to show the last measurement that was made.

If there are no measurements in memory, the instrument will indicate that there are no measurements in the memory.

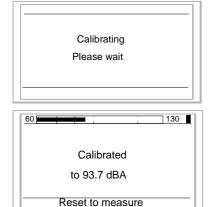
Calibrating the Sound Level Meter

Turn the acoustic calibrator level on the Acoustic Calibrator

Gently push the calibrator onto the microphone capsule, slowly twisting clockwise.



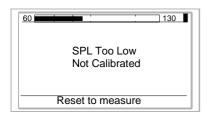
Press the CAL button to start the calibration procedure



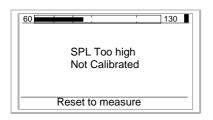
During the calibration, the instrument will display the calibration status.

If the calibration is successful, the instrument will display the calibration level. Press the Start button to begin a new measurement or to return to the main screen.

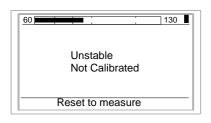
If the calibration is not successful, the instrument will display an error message. These are shown below.



The calibration level is below the set level. Check that the Calibrator is switched on and that it is connected correctly to the Sound Level Meter.



The calibration level is above the set level. Check that the Calibrator is set to the correct level.



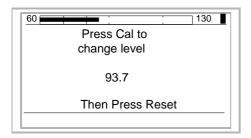
The calibration level is unstable. This maybe caused by high background noise levels. Move to a quieter location and retry the calibration.

To Remove the calibrator, gently pull the calibrator whilst twisting the calibrator clockwise. This will help to ensure that the microphone capsule does not become unscrewed from the instrument. For more information refer to Appendix 4 "Acoustic Calibrators".

Changing the Calibration Level

The calibration level of the Sound Level Meter can be adjusted from the default level of 93.7dB.

To change the calibration level, press and hold the Cal key for more than 2 seconds.



Use the Reset Key to cycle up through the levels. Press CAL to accept the new level and to return to the main operation of the Sound Level Meter.

Setting the measurement range

The CR:261S only has the one range which is 60 – 130 dB

It is vital that the noise to be recorded, is within this range otherwise the instrument will be in Overload or in Under-range.

Setting the measurement modes

Single Measurement Mode

In Single Measurement Mode, the instrument displays L_{AF} and L_{AFmax} . In this mode the instrument is controlled by the keypad.

Pressing the Reset key will reset the run duration and the L_{AFmax} hold value

Multiple Measurement Mode with the Remote Control Cable

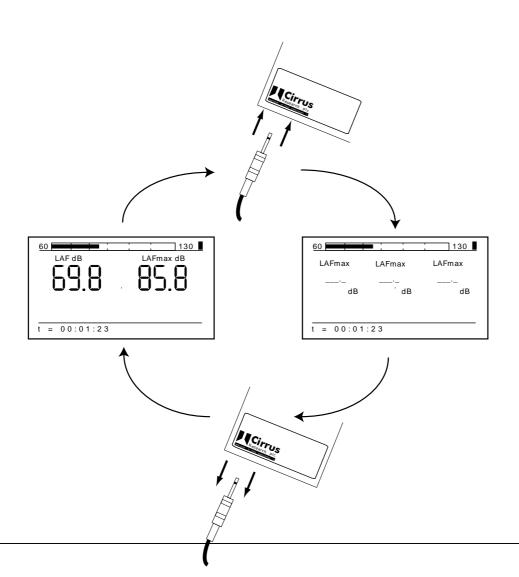
In Multiple Measurement Mode, the instrument displays the currnet L_{AFmax} and the last two L_{AFmax} 's. In this mode the instrument is controlled through a push button on a lead that connects to the bottom of the instrument.

When the ZL:261S Remote Control cable is plugged into the CR:261S Sound Level Meter, the instrument will automatically switch to the Multiple Measurement Mode.

When first entering this mode there are no levels displayed untill the first measurement is taken.

When a fourth measurement is taken the very first measurement is removed and so forth.

When in this mode the cable does not effect any measurement perameters.



Switching off the instrument

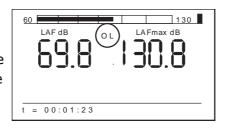


Press and hold the Power Button to switch off the Sound Level Meter.

Overload and Under-Range

If the noise level is over the instruments displayed range, the instrument will display the Overload symbol. If during a measurement the level is exceeded "OL" appears on the display, this stays present until the measurement is reset.

If the noise level is below the instruments displayed range, the instrument will display the Under-Range symbol. When the level is no longer below the display range the "UR" symbol will disappear.





Section 4 Vehicle Noise Measurements

If measurements are being made in accordance with ISO 5130 or any other Standard, Regulation or Guideline always refer to the appropriate documentation for test procedures and any other relevant information.

The information contain in this section is provided as a general guide as to the use of the CR:261S Sound Level Meter for vehicle noise measurements. Reference to ISO 5130 in this manual refers to ISO 5130-1982.

Text in *italics* below has been taken from the ISO 5130-1982 standard but is not a verbatim copy of the text in the standard. Always refer the any Standard, Regulations or Guidelines for details of test procedures the must be followed.

Overview

Test Site

To reduce the influence of the surroundings on the noise measurements, a test site meeting the following requirements shall be used:

Any open space may be considered to be a suitable test site if it consists of a flat area made of concrete, asphalt or hard material having a high acoustical reflectivity, excluding compressed or other earth surfaces.

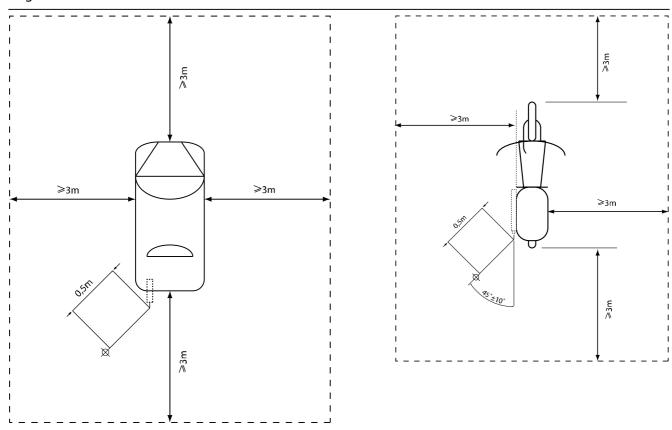
The edges of the test site shall be at least 3m from the extremities of the vehicle and there shall be no feature or object present on the test site likely to affect the reading of the Sound Level Meter; in particular the vehicle shall be at a distance of not less than 1m from a pavement edge when the exhaust noise is measured.

Any obstacles outside the test site shall not be closer than 3m to the microphone during the test.

With the exception of the observer and the driver, no person whose presence influences the meter readings shall remain in the test site during the test.

The measurements shall not be made in adverse weather conditions. Gusts of wind shall not affect the measurements. It is recommended that tests should not be made in wind speeds at microphone height that exceed 5 m/s.

The figures below show the recommended distances of the test areas for cars and motorcycles.



Background Noise and Wind Interference

The level of background noise (including any wind) at each measurement position shall be at least 10dB less than the levels measured during the tests.

Number of Measurements

At least three measurements shall be carried out at each measuring position. The measurements shall be considered to be valid if the range of three measurements made immediately one after the other is not greater than 2dB. The arithmetic mean given by these three measurements shall constitute the results.

Microphone Position

When the noise measurements are to be made close to the exhaust of the vehicle which is the common location of most measurements of this type, the positioning of the microphone is important.

The microphone capsule of the instrument, not the body of the Sound Level Meter, must be positioned as follows:

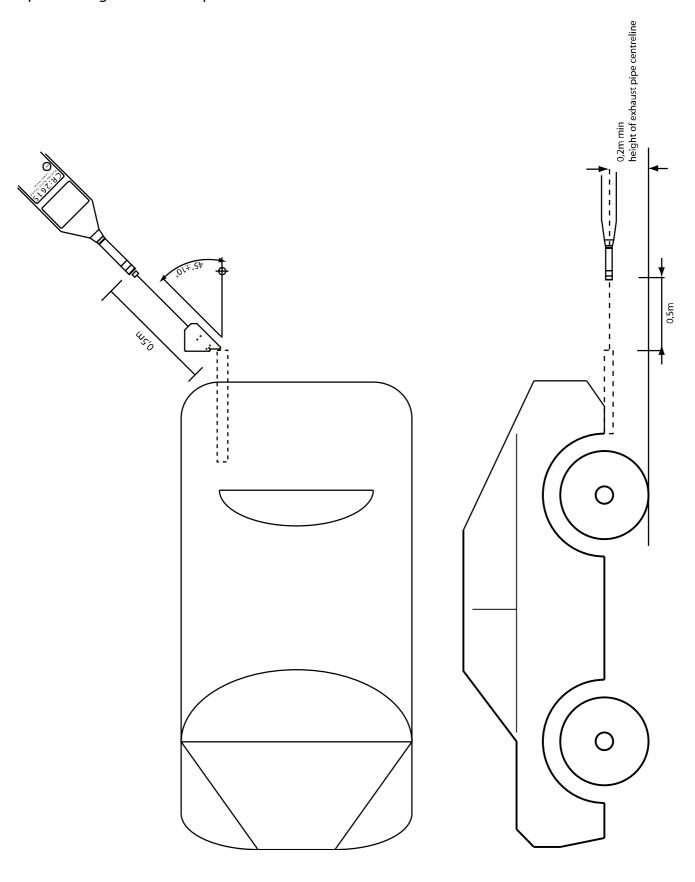
Vertical: In line with the exhaust but not less than 0,2m from the ground

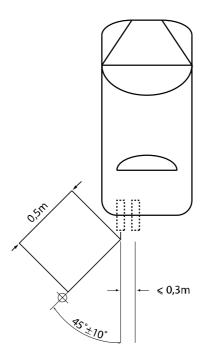
Horizontal: 0.5m from the outlet of the exhaust at an angle of $45^{\circ} \pm 10^{\circ}$

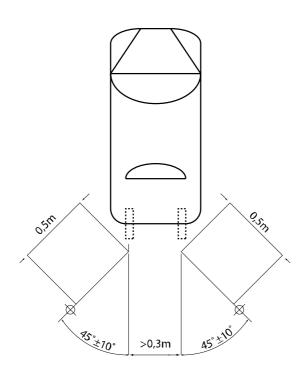
The microphone must be placed on the outside edge of the vehicle.

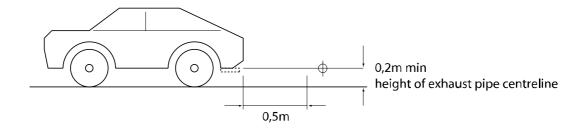
The CT:4 Tripod supplied with the CK:261S Sound Level Meter Measurement kit will position the microphone capsule at a height of 0,2m from the ground.

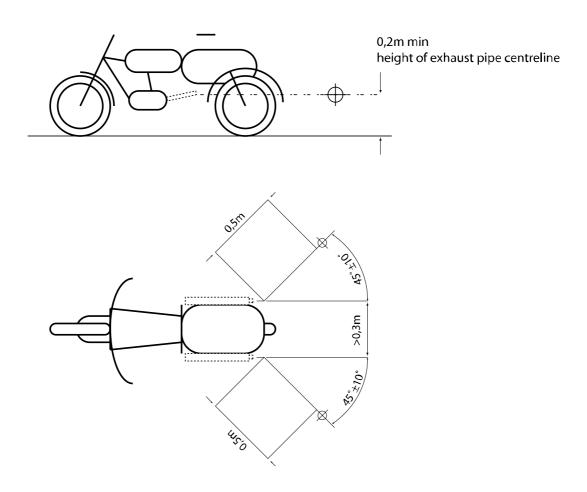
The Positioning Template supplied with the CK:261S Vehicle Noise Measurement Kit will put the microphone at 0.5m and 45° from the exhaust. The figures below show the positioning of the microphone in relation to the vehicle.

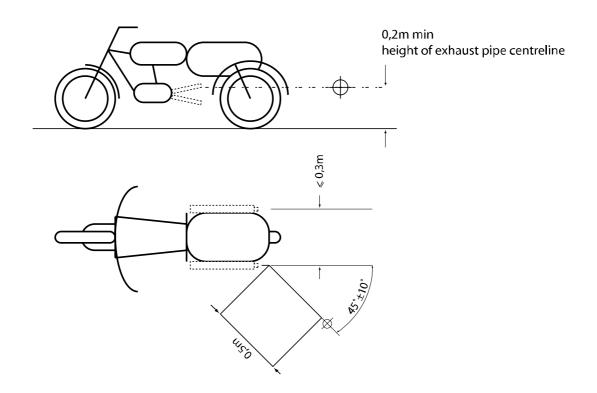


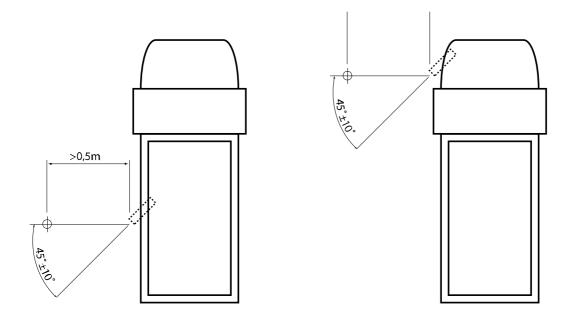


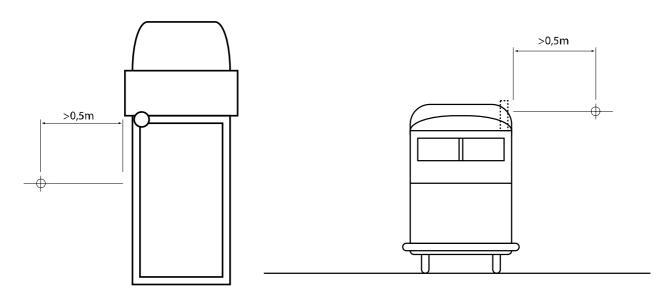












For vehicles with two or more exhausts spaced not more than 0,3m apart and connected to a single silencer, only one measurement position shall be used. The microphone position shall be related to the exhaust outlet nearest to the outside edge of the vehicle.

For vehicles with a vertical exhaust (for example commercial vehicles) the microphone shall be placed at a height of the exhaust outlet, orientated upwards and with the vertical axis of the exhaust. It shall be placed 0,5m from the side of the vehicle nearest to the outlet orifice.

For vehicles provided with exhaust outlets spaced more than 0,3m apart, one measurement shall be made for each outlet as if it were the only one and the highest level noted.

Section 5 Maintenance & Care

The CR:261S is a precision measurement instrument and should be treated with care. Do not allow the instrument to be exposed to substances which may cause damage to the components of the unit. If the instrument is to be used in an environment where particles such as dust may come into contact with the instrument, always use a Windshield (UA:237) to protect the microphone capsule.

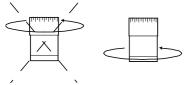
The instrument is not waterproof and should not be used in situations where moisture will form or condense on the microphone capsule or the instrument body.

If the instrument becomes dusty, wipe it down with a cloth that is lightly dampened with water or a mild detergent. Do not use aromatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvents, or methanol-based fluids when wiping down the meter.



Do not clean the microphone capsule. Do not remove the microphone grill as this can cause severe damage to the membrane. Physical damage to the microphone capsule is not covered by the instrument warranty.

To remove the microphone from the pre-amp make sure you grasp it by the bottom section of the microphone not by the microphone grill. To unscrew the microphone turn it anti-clockwise.



If you experience any problems with the operation of the instrument, refer to page 25 for basic troubleshooting. If this does not solve the problem, contact Cirrus Research plc or your local representative for further assistance.

Section 6 Troubleshooting

This section contains information which may solve simple operational problems you may encounter. If you are unable to solve the problem or experience any problems with the assembly or operation of the instrument contact Cirrus Research plc or your local representative for further assistance

Basics

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Remedy
The instrument does not	The batteries are not fitted	Fit new batteries and switch
switch on		on
	The batteries are flat or	Fit new batteries and switch
	very low	on
	The batteries are not	Remove the batteries and
	correctly fitted	check the polarity of the
		batteries
	The instrument has become	Contact your local
	corrupted	distributor or Cirrus
		Research plc

Calibration

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Remedy
The calibration fails: Too Low	The Acoustic Calibrator is not switched on	Switch on the Acoustic Calibrator and retry
	The Acoustic Calibrator is not fitted correctly	Check that the Acoustic Calibrator is fitted according to the instructions supplied.
	The microphone capsule is loose or not fitted	Check that the microphone capsule is tight and fitted correctly
	Calibration level set to a different level	Set the calibration level to the value provided by the Acoustic Calibrator.
	The Microphone may be damaged	Contact Cirrus Research plc or your local representative for assistance
The calibration fails: Too High	The Acoustic Calibrator is set to a higher level than the expected level	Set the Acoustic Calibrator to the correct level
The calibration fails: Unstable	The background noise level is within 15dB of the calibration level	Move to a location where the background noise level is more than 15dB below the calibration level
	The Microphone may be damaged	Contact Cirrus Research plc or your local representative for assistance

Measurements & Settings

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Remedy
Overload symbol is shown	The noise level is too high	
	for the current range	
Under Range symbol is	The noise level is too low	
shown	for the current range	

Section 7 Glossary

Acoustic Calibrator

A standard weighting of the audible frequencies designed 'A' Weighting

to reflect the response of the human ear to noise.

An instrument that provides a reference noise source that

is used to calibrate and check the performance of a Sound

Level Meter.

Noise Measurements using parameters which include all the **Broadband**

audible noise, such as dB(A) and dB(C)

A label used to show that the Sound Level Meter conforms CE Marking

to the specification of a European Directive

dB(A) Decibels A weighted

Decibel (dB) The units of sound level and noise exposure measurement

A standard time weighting applied by the Sound Level Fast Time Weighting

Meter

The International standard for Sound Level Meter and

IEC 61672-1:2003 Integrating Averaging Sound Level Meters that replaces

both IEC 60651 and IEC 60804

Sound level with 'A' Frequency weighting and Fast Time L_{AF}

weighting

The maximum Sound level with 'A' Frequency weighting LAFmax

and Fast Time weighting

Sound level with 'C' Frequency weighting and Fast Time L_{CF}

weighting

The maximum Sound level with 'C' Frequency weighting L_{CFmax}

and Fast Time weighting

The input to the Sound Level Meter is too high for the Overload

current measurement range. Change the range

Sound Pressure Level with a Frequency weighting, such as Sound Level

dB(A)

Sound Level Meter An instrument for measuring various noise parameters

Sound Pressure Level, the basic measure of noise loudness, SPL

expressed in decibels

Class 1 Laboratory & Field Grade for Sound Level Meters

Classs 2 General Field Grade for Sound Level Meter

The input to the Sound Level Meter is too low for the **Under Range**

current measurement range. Change the range

Appendix 1 Rating Plate Information

The CR:261S meets the requirements of IEC61672-1:2002. These specifications require that this manual provides detailed information to verify that the specifications are met. While much of the data required is in the body of this manual, the points required to be detailed are listed below in the order in which they occur in the IEC specification.

The CR:261S Sound Level Meter meets the requirements for IEC 61672-1:2003 standard for Class 1 Group X in all its modes.

The MK:226 Type 1 Electret microphone is the only microphone used with the CR:261S.

The reference direction of incidence is parallel to the sides of the case towards the microphone capsule.

The range of measurement for SPL measurement with a standard assembly is:-

: 60 to 130 dBA : 60 to 130 dBC

The self-noise is both with A and when C-evaluation under 54 dB (C-Weighting is provided for testing purposes). This applies with the ZL:261S Remote Control Cable attached.

For signals with a crest factor of up to 10 the top span of the unit can be reduced by up to 17dB. This means that a signal with a crest factor of ten will produce an overload at 17dB below the expected top of the range selected. The reading of this signal will be within the tolerances of IEC60651 up to the point where the overload occurs.

With 'A' Frequency Weighting, the linearity range exceeds 70dB.

The reference sound pressure is 1 Pa (94dB).

The frequency weighting characteristic for measurements is A weighting.

'F' response is fitted with a 'Maximum Hold' on the max RMS value of each. This parameter can be read in all modes

An acceleration of 0.1g over the frequency range 63 - 4kHz results in a reading of less than 50dB on any axis or weighting.

1 oersted produces a reading of less than 50dB on any weighting.

The units operate from - 10 degree C to + 50 degree C with a maximum reading change of +0.5dB but is typically less than 0.3dB.

We recommend that the operator should be at least 1m from the microphone during measurement.

The specification is met at temperatures from -10 to +50 degrees C. The maximum deviation amounts to +0.5 dB (typical < 0.3 dB).

The unit will meet its specification at any humidity from 0 to 95 % RH.

Maximum storage temperature of +60 degree (+50 degree extended period) and 50% RH should be observed. Care should be taken when taking an instrument rapidly from sub zero temperatures to room temperature or above as condensation can take place inside the instrument and temporarily affect accuracy. No long-term damage should take place however.

The UA:237 Windshield has a small effect upon the measurement. Between 1kHz and 10kHz this is less than 0.5dB. Please refer to page 46 for details..

The use of a pistonphone (PF:101C) is recommended to ensure long term compliance but for general short term compliance the CR:511F is used. They should be returned to the factory annually to be checked against a secondary or transfer standard. Any corrections specified in the calibrator or pistonphone manual should be applied for temperature or barometric pressure variation.

The observer should be behind the case for optimum results. The operator should ever be at the side or in front of the unit.

When using cables which are not supplied by Cirrus Research plc, the performance of the instrument cannot be guranteed.

The reference frequency used for calibration is 1kHz.

The reference range is 60dB to 130dB.

The warm up period is less than 10 secs although it is recommended that the unit should be switched on for at least one minute before calibration to provide optimum accuracy. Never attempt calibration of an instrument that has not stabilised in temperature with its surroundings if you are seeking accurate results.

The settling time before valid Leq readings of constant signals are within 0.5dB of their final reading is 10secs and within 0.1dB within 1minute.

The battery life is greater than 12 hours with continuous use for average readings at 20dB below top of scale and at reference conditions. This value will vary dependant on the quality of the Alkaline batteries used and will diminish if levels near top of scale are constantly monitored or if the batteries are at a low temperature.

Dummy microphone impedance is 18 pF in series with 50ohm.

Primary indicator range is 55dB to 95dB on the centre reference range.

An overload will always occur before non-linear distortion takes place and before the linearity range is exceeded.

The microphone and associated electronics will be undamaged by sound levels in excess of $160 \, \text{dB}$

The greatest peak to peak voltage applied electrically without damaging the SLM should not exceed 15V.

The Sound Level Meter corresponds the requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002 regarding RF Immunity and EMC Emmissons.

Calibration can be performed under the extremes of conditions within which the SLM meets the requirements of 61672.

There is no AC output available on the CR:261S. The microphone preamplifier is not removable.

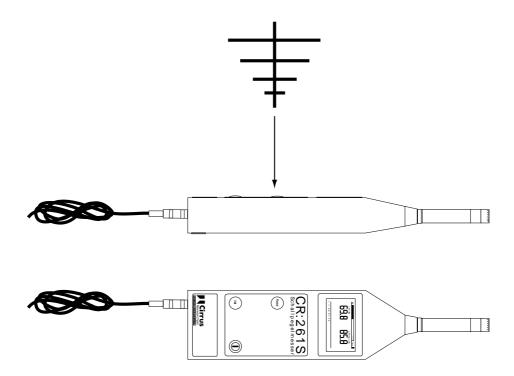
A special RS232 cable and communication protocol can be provided, on request, for use by approved Test Houses requiring to access the continuous LAF level and LAFmax in either A-weighting or C-weighting for Pattern Approval purposes.

The operating mode that produces the highest RF emissions is when the unit is running with the ZL:261S cable attached (coiled in a figure of eight configuration)

The calibration procedure and the correction data apply within 65 kPa to 108 kPa for static pressure, 0°C to +50°C temperature, 25% to 90% r.H without dew points from - 10°C to 39°C.

The version of the firmware is displayed when the Sound Level Meter is switched on.

NOTE! Do not open the Sound Level Meter. Damage can be caused by electrostatic discharge when opening the equipment.



Appendix 2 Specifications

Instrument Versions

CR:261S Type 1

Applicable Standards

Sound Level Meter

IEC 61672-1:2002 Class 1 Group X

Microphone

Type 1 Class+ Type 1 pre-polarized Free-field ½" Condenser

Nominal Sensitivity of 50mV/Pa at 1000Hz

Capacitance 18pF

Microphone Preamplifier

Type 1 MV:200C Integral Preamplifier

Extension cables

None

Time Weightings

'F' (Fast) to IEC 61672-1:2002 Class 1 Group X

The response time for Fast being 0,125s

Frequency Weightings

'A' (A Weighting), 'C' (C Weighting)

Amplitude Weighting

Q=3 (True Energy Integration)

Measurement Range

60dB(A) to 130dB(A) Class 1 60dB(C) to 130dB(C) Class 1

Noise Floor (Typical)

54dB(A) Class 1

54dB(C) Class 1

The noise floor of the instrument is 6dB below the bottom of the measurement range of the instrument.

Available Measurements

Single Measurement Mode:

L_{AF} Sound Level (Not Stored), dB(A), Fast Time Weighting

 L_{AFmax} Maximum Sound Level, dB(A), Fast Time Weighting L_{CF} Sound Level (Not Stored), dB(C), Fast Time Weighting L_{CFmax} Maximum Sound Level, dB(C), Fast Time Weighting Measurement Duration

Multiple Measurement Mode:

 L_{AFmax} Maximum Sound Level, dB(A), Fast Time Weighting Measurement Duration

Measurement Storage

No measurement data is stored.

Display

Graphical LCD with Quasi-Analogue Display Selected measurement parameter with level Warnings for Overload, Under Range Battery Level Time & Frequency Weighting Elapsed measurement time Measurement Range Refresh rate of twice per second

Weight

450 gms

Dimensions

340mm x 75mm x 25mm

Batteries

2 x 1.5v Alkaline LR6/AA

Battery Life

Typically >12 hours

Battery voltage is continuously monitored and warning is given on display of impending low battery condition. When batteries approach end of life the unit will store any data required and switch off automatically.

Environmental

Temperature

Operating -10° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C Storage -20° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C

Humidity

Up to 95% RH Non Condensing

Influence of Mechanical Vibration

For mechanical vibrations with an acceleration of 1m/s² perpendicular to the level of the microphone membrane for the frequencies 31.5 Hz, 63 Hz, 125 Hz, 250 Hz, 500 Hz, 630 Hz, 800 Hz and 1000 Hz, the lower limit of the linear working area for frequency weighting A is increased to 75dB.

For mechanical vibrations with an acceleration of 1m/s^2 parallel to the level of the membrane, the lower limit of the working area for a frequency weighting A is increased to 64dB.

External Connections

External switch connected via 8-pin mini DIN

Output Cables

ZL:261S

Electromagnetic Performance

EN 55022:1998 EN 61000-4-2:1995 EN 61000-4-3:2002 EN 61000-4-8:1994

Appendix 3 Further Information

The unit's function is not affected by electrostatic discharges at +/- 4kV contact discharges and +/- 8kV air temperature increase.

The highest sensitivity to voltage change occurs if the antenna / aerial is pointing towards the LCD screen via polaristion of the antenna / aerial in the longitudinal axis of the sound level meter with the external cable connected and coiled in a figure eight configuration.

The meter's self-noise is neither affected by external factors nor by the meter's configuration. This is the case for both acoustic and electrical self-noise.

The mini DIN socket is designed only for use by the manufacturer for test purposes.

Dummy microphone impedance of the microphone is 18pF in series with an input impedance of 50 ohm. Such impedance can be supplied by the manufacturer as KP:66.

The external cable for remote control use is a 5m long encased co-axial cable with a one-touch start trigger switch.

Overload Levels

The start point for all tests of the linear operating range is 94dB, except the A-weighted linearity at frequencies lower than 50Hz, for which the level is 74dB.

Limits of the linear working areas

[dB]	L _{AF}	L _{CF}
31.5 Hz	from 60	from 60
	to 92	to 128
1 kHz	from 60	from 60
	to 130	to 130
12.5 kHz	from 60	from 60
	to 126	to 124

A-Weighting

Overload levels (lowest level at which the overload signal appears):

31.5 93dB 1k 131dB

4k 131dB 8k 131dB

12k5 127dB

C-Weighting

Overload levels (lowest level at which the overload signal appears):

31.5 129dB

1k 131dB

131dB 4k

8k 128dB

12k5 125dB

Note: C-Weighting is used for test purposes only.

Frequency weightings and Tolerances for 'A' and 'C Weighting			
Nominal Frequency	Frequency Weighting		Tolerance
	Α	С	(Class 1)
Hz	dB	dB	dB
10	-70.4	-14.3	+3;-∞
12.5	-63.4	-11.2	+3.0;- ∞
16	-56.7	-8.5	+2.5;-4.5
20	-50.5	-6.2	+/-2.5
25	-44.7	-4.4	+2.5;-2.0
31.5	-39.4	-3	+/-2.0
40	-34.6	-2	+/-1.5
50	-30.2	-1.3	+/-1.5
63	-26.2	-0.8	+/-1.5
80	-22.5	-0.5	+/-1.5
100	-19.1	-0.3	+/-1.5
125	-16.1	-0.2	+/-1.5
160	-13.4	-0.1	+/-1.5
200	-10.9	0	+/-1.5
250	-8.6	0	+/-1.4
315	-6.6	0	+/-1.4
400	-4.8	0	+/-1.4
500	-3.2	0	+/-1.4
630	-1.9	0	+/-1.4
800	-0.8	0	+/-1.4
1000	0	0	+/-1.0
1250	0.6	0	+/-1.4
1600	1	-0.1	+/-1.6
2000	1.2	-0.2	+/-1.6
2500	1.3	-0.3	+/-1.6
3150	1.2	-0.5	+/-1.6
4000	1	-0.8	+/-1.6
5000	0.5	-1.3	+/-2.1
6300	-0.1	-2	+2.1;-2.6
8000	-1.1	-3	;+2.1;-3.1
10000	-2.5	-4.4	+2.6;-3.6
12500	-4.3	-6.2	+3.0;-6.0
16000	-6.6	-8.5	+3.5;-17.0
20000	-9.3	-11.2	+4;- ∞

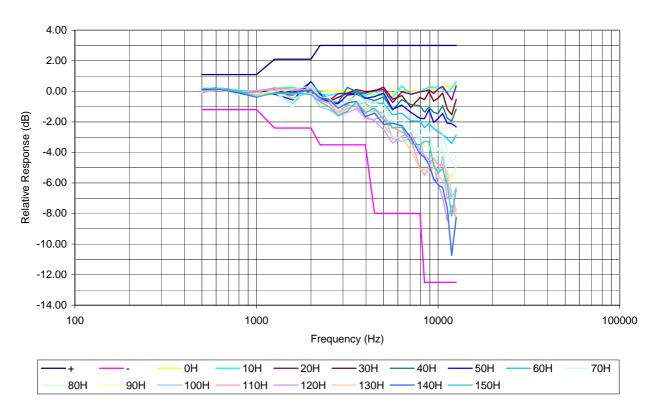
CR:261S Directional Sensitivity

Note: The reference position is parallel to the long side of the sound level meter. All indicated angles are based on the longitudinal axis of a perfectly horizontal positioned sound level meter.

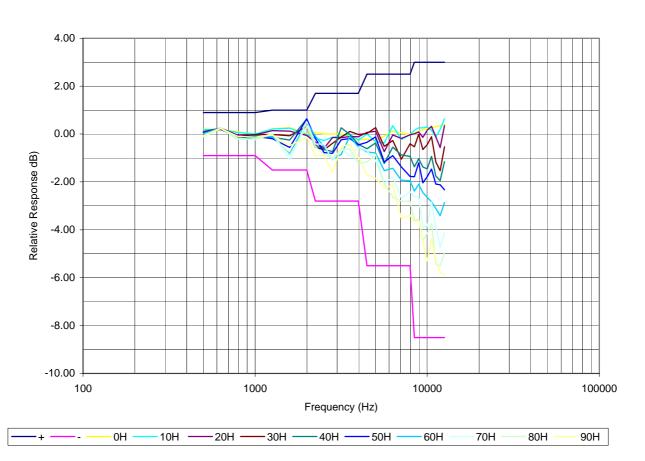
The following diagrams display information relating to tolerance and measurement values. The blue line (+) shows the positive tolerance, whereas the red line (-) indicates the negative tolerance.

Horizontal

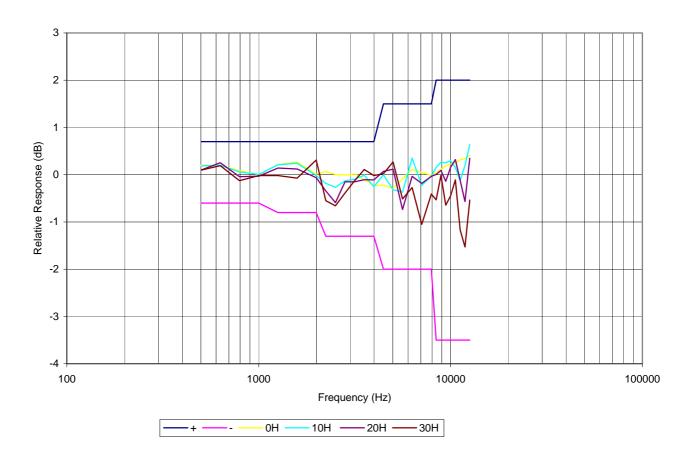
CR:261S Directional Response 0-150deg Horizontal



CR:261S Direction Response 0-90deg Horizontal

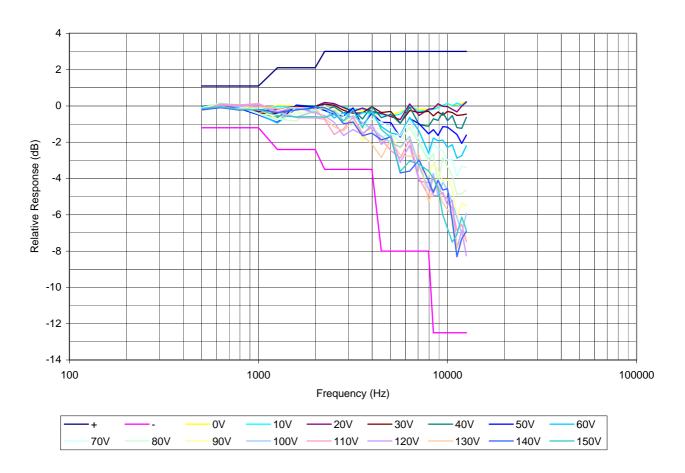


CR:261S Directional Response 0-30deg Horizontal

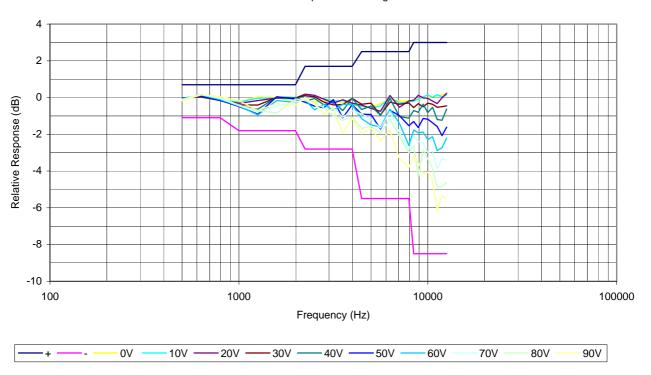


Vertical

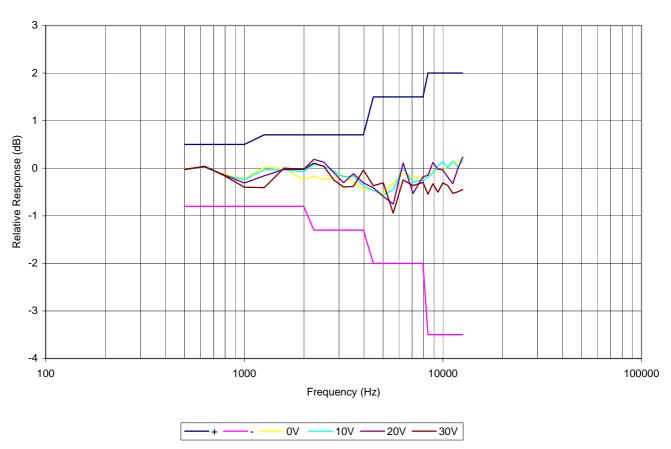
CR:261S Directional Response 0-150deg Vertical



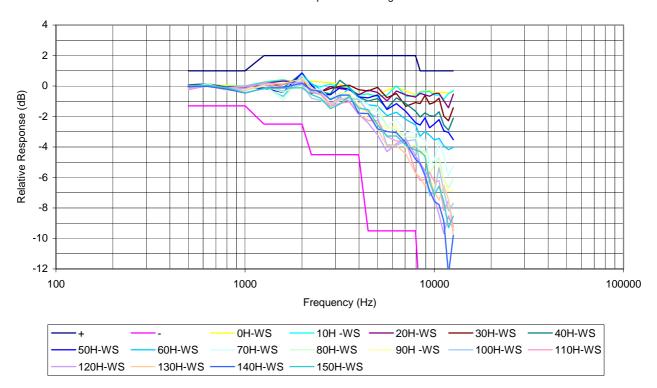
CR:261S Directional Response 0-150deg Vertical



CR:261S Directional Response 0-150deg Vertical

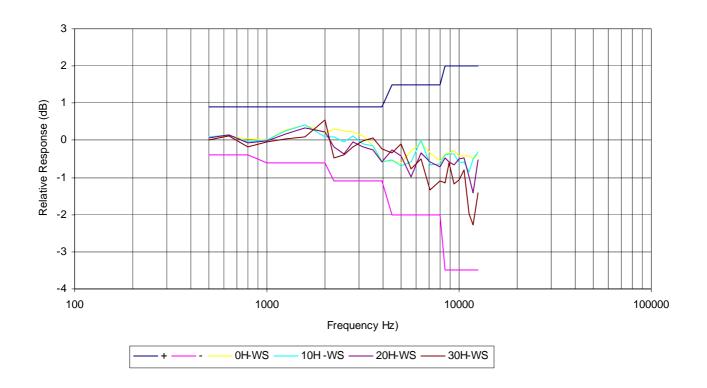


CR:261S Directional Response 0-150deg Vertical

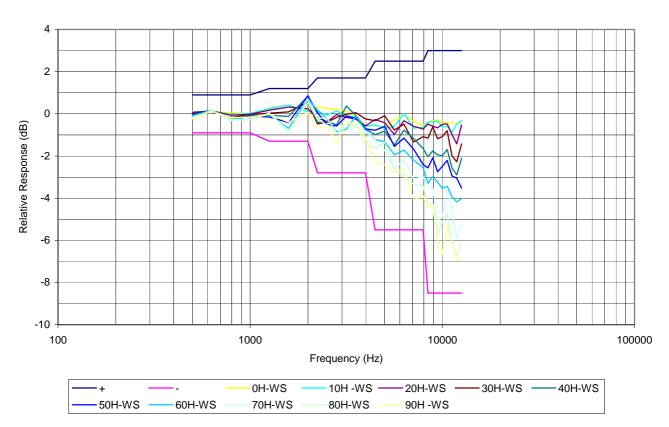


Directional Sensitivity with UA:237 Windshield

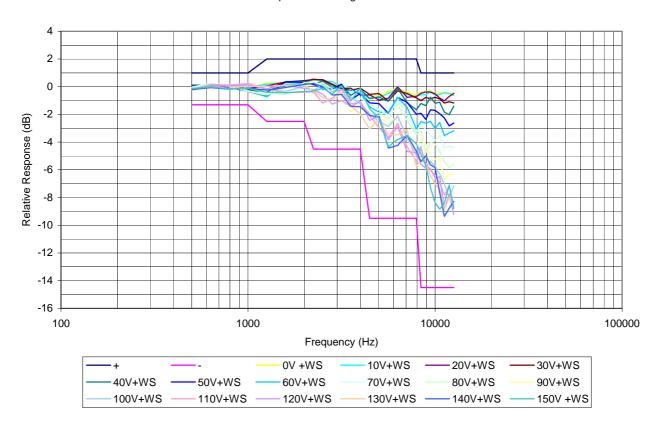
CR:261S Directional Response 0-30deg Horizontal with Windshield



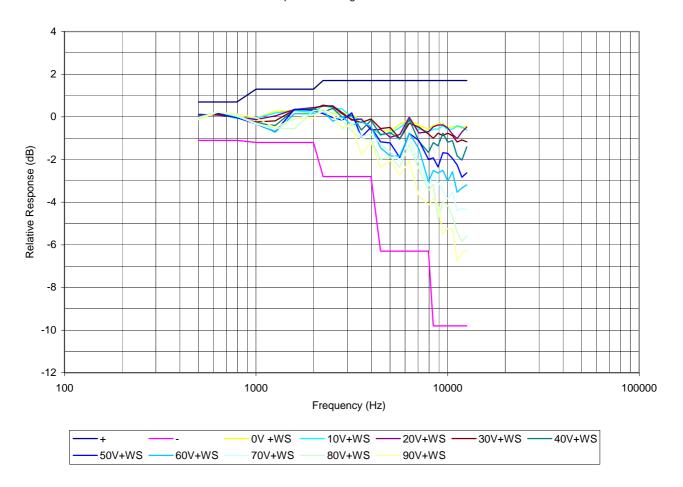
CR:261S Directional Response 0-90deg Horizontal with Windshield



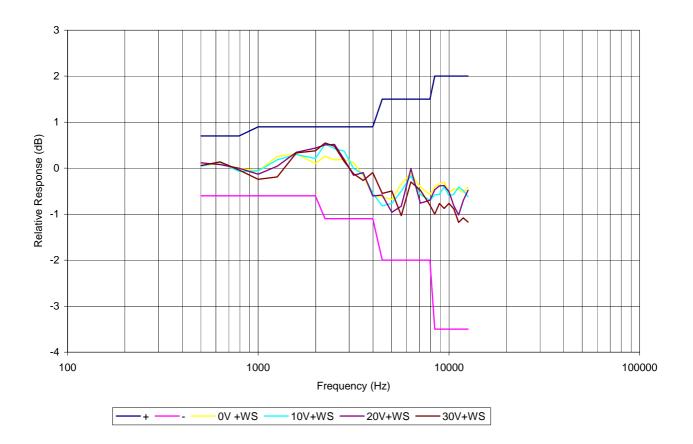
CR:261S Directional Response 0-150deg Vertical with Windshield



CR:261S Direcitional Response 0-90deg Vertical with Windshield

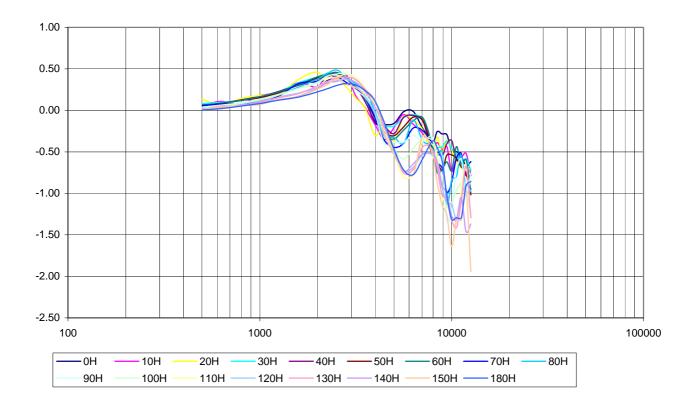


CR:261S Directional Response 0-30dwg Vertical with Windshield

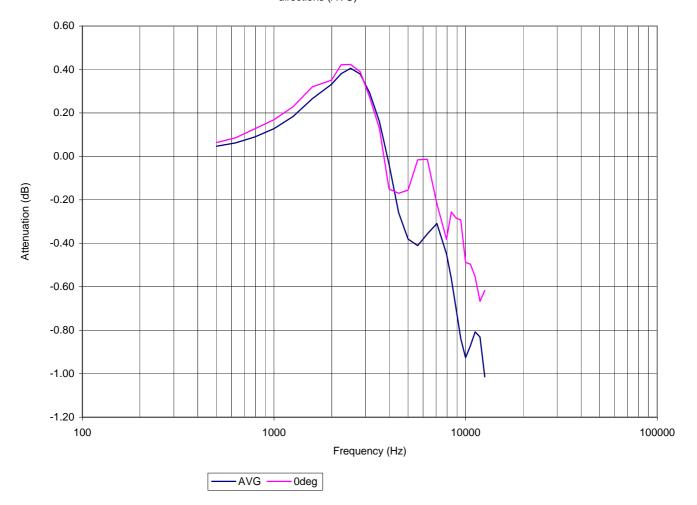


Influence of the UA:237 Windshield

Influence of the windscreen on the frequency response with different angles



UA237 windscreen influence on frequency response with 0 degrees (0deg) and average attenuation over all directions (AVG)



Data Table

Frequency (Hz)	UA:237 Windshield Correction (dB)	Free Field Microphone Response (dB) typical	Pressure/Freefield Correction (dB)	Case Reflection Data for CR:261S (dB)
10	-0.03	0.25	0.22	0
13	-0.03	0.27	0.22	0
16	-0.03	0.29	0.22	0
20	-0.03	0.3	0.22	0
25	-0.03	0.3	0.22	0
32	-0.03	0.3	0.22	0
40	-0.03	0.3	0.22	0
50	-0.03	0.3	0.22	0
63	-0.03	0.28	0.21	0
79	-0.03	0.23	0.21	0
100	-0.03	0.2	0.21	0
126	-0.03	0.18	0.2	0
158	-0.03	0.14	0.2	0
200	-0.03	0.1	0.19	0
251	-0.04	0.09	0.18	0
316	-0.04	0.07	0.17	0
398	-0.05	0.06	0.15	0
501	-0.06	0.04	0.13	0.2
631	-0.09	0.03	0.1	0.2
794	-0.13	0.02	0.06	0.1
1000	-0.17	-0.01	0	0
1059	-0.18	-0.04	-0.01	0
1122	-0.21	-0.11	-0.03	0.1
1189	-0.22	-0.12	-0.05	0.2
1259	-0.23	-0.13	-0.08	0.2
1334	-0.25	-0.16	-0.1	0.2
1413	-0.28	0	-0.13	0.2
1496	-0.30	-0.02	-0.16	0.2
1585	-0.32	-0.05	-0.19	0.2
1679	-0.32	-0.02	-0.19	0.2
1778	-0.32	0	-0.26	0.2
1884	-0.35	0.02	-0.26	0.2
		0.02		0.1
1995	-0.35		-0.34	
2113	-0.38	0.05	-0.39	0.1
2239	-0.42	0.05	-0.45	0.1
2371	-0.45	0.05	-0.5	0.1
2512	-0.42	0.04	-0.56	0
2661	-0.43	0.03	-0.63	0.1
2818	-0.39	0.02	-0.71	0.2
2985	-0.34	0.05	-0.79	0.1
3162	-0.27	0.07	-0.87	0
3350	-0.16	0.08	-0.97	0
3548	-0.13	0.08	-1.07	-0.1
3758	0.02	0.07	-1.18	-0.1
3981	0.15	0.06	-1.3	-0.2
4217	0.05	0.02	-1.43	-0.1
4467	0.17	-0.01	-1.57	-0.1
4732	0.13	0.02	-1.72	-0.2
5012	0.15	0.05	-1.88	-0.2
5309	0.06	0.06	-2.05	-0.1
5623	0.02	0.07	-2.24	0
5957	0.09	0.07	-2.44	0.1
6310	0.01	0.08	-2.65	0.1
6683	0.13	0.06	-2.87	0.2
7079	0.22	0.03	-3.11	0.2
7499	0.29	-0.01	-3.37	0.1

7943	0.38	-0.05	-3.63	0
8414	0.26	-0.16	-3.92	0.1
8913	0.28	-0.26	-4.21	0.1
9441	0.29	-0.39	-4.53	0.1
10000	0.49	-0.52	-4.86	0.1
10593	0.50	-0.61	-5.21	0.2
11220	0.55	-0.7	-5.57	0.2
11885	0.67	-1	-5.97	0.2
12589	0.62	-1.3	-6.39	0.3
13335	0.69	-1.61	-6.85	0.4
14125	0.83	-1.92	-7.36	0.3
14962	0.79	-2.24	-7.93	0.4
15849	0.91	-2.55	-8.6	0.4
16788	1.13	-2.82	-9.39	0.4
17783	1.13	-3.08	-10.35	0.4
18836	1.06	-3.5	-11.55	0.4
19953	1.39	-3.91	-13.08	0.4

Appendix 4 CE Certificate of Comformance

Cirrus Research plc Hunmanby UK CE Certificate of Conformity



Manufacturer: Cirrus Research plc Acoustic House, Bridlington Road Hunmanby, North Yorkshire, YO14 0PH United Kingdom Telephone +44 1723 891655

Equipment Description

The following equipment, manufactured after 1. January 2006:

CR:261S Sound Level Meter

Along with their standard accessories

According to EMC Directives 89/336/EEC und 93/98/EEC

meet the following standards

EN 50081-1 (1992)

Generic emission standard for residential, commercial and light industry

EN 50082-1

R Immunity implies sound level indications will not be affected by more than "0.5dB at a background level of 74dB(A) or less.

Signed dated 1st March 2006.

 \mathcal{Z}

S. O\(\pi\)ourke Director.

Guarantee

Cirrus Research plc offers a 24 month guarantee on all of their units. This covers all parts and labour excepting only damage caused by the user. Because of the unique fragility of microphones, only internal short or open circuits are accepted as faults and not accident damage. The guarantee requires the user to return the unit to their nearest authorised Cirrus Research plc Agent. This guarantee is in addition to any statutory rights in your country.

Cirrus Research Offices

The addresses given below are the Cirrus Research plc offices. Cirrus Research plc also have approved distributors and agents is many countries worldwide. For details of your local representative, please contact Cirrus Research plc at the address below. Contact details for Cirrus Research authorised distributors and agents are also available from the Internet Web site at the address shown below.

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