ControlNet ISA Interface Adapter

(Catalog No. CN-1000)

Installation Guide



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Contents Included in Package

The package that you ordered should include the following items:

Item Number	Quantity	Description
1	1	CN-1000 Card
2	1	CN-1000 Installation Guide
3	1	CN-1000 Utility disk containing diagnostic program, flash
		update utilities and readme file

Handling the Card

Warning: The CN-1000 card contains electronic components which are highly sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Handling the card without the proper ESD protection can cause internal damage to the card. Please take the following precautions to protect against ESD damage:

- Always store the card in its protective bag when not in use.
- Before handling the card, be sure to wear a static strap and touch a grounded object to release any built-up static charge.
- Never touch the backplane connector or interface connector pins of the CN-1000 card.

Specifications

The operating parameters listed below describe the environment for the CN-1000 card. In addition, the CN-1000 card should not exceed the specifications defined in the documentation for your computer.

Power Requirements	$5V \pm 5\%$, 400mA Typical
Operating Temperature	0° C to 50° C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing

1. Overview

The CN-1000 is an ISA half-size card for a standard AT expansion slot which allows a host computer to communicate on a ControlNet[™] network either through redundant coaxial cables or the isolated NAP port.

The CN-1000 is shipped ready for use with existing software products to allow ControlNet developers the ability to create custom Adapter Class or Message Class products for embedded or PC based applications. Refer to Appendix B for a list of the software that is currently compatible with the CN-1000.

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2. Features

The CN-1000 provides the following features:

ControlNet Interface:

- Fully compatible with ControlNet specification version 1.03.
- Supports 100 pin MQFP CNA10 with external FLASH interface.
- Isolated Network Access Port (NAP)
- Redundant coaxial ControlNet connections.
- LED network status indicators

PC Interface:

- Compact half-size card
- Supports 8/16 bit ISA interface.
- Host interface to FLASH allows dynamic downloading of communication code.
- Requires only 4K of host memory.
- Host can support multiple CN-1000 cards
- No host I/O space required.
- Memory based PCB configuration base address DIP switch selectable.
- Interrupt jumper selectable

3. CN-1000 Diagram



4. Configuration

Before installing the CN-1000 card, the following must be configured on the card:

- Base Memory Address
- Host Interface Access type (8 or 16-bit)
- CN-1000 card's interrupt.

4.1 Base Memory Address

The CN-1000 card interfaces to the PC via a 4 Kbyte dual port memory. This dual port memory must be mapped to an unoccupied, contiguous 4 Kbyte host memory address space, and is restricted to addresses in the range C000:0000 to EF00:0000.

NOTE: The CN-1000 card's dual port memory must be mapped to an unoccupied 4 Kbyte host memory region in order to avoid conflicts with other interface cards and system memory. If a conflict exists, the system will not operate properly.

In addition, when using a 386 or greater host PC, caching and shadow memory must be disabled for the 4 Kbytes of memory used by the CN-1000 card.

The CN-1000 base address is configured using switches S1 and S2.



Warning: Be careful not to touch other components on the CN-1000 card when setting the switches or jumpers.

The following table illustrates various CN-1000 card Base Memory Address Configurations:

S2-1	S2-2	S1-1	S1-2	S1-3	S1-4	Base
						Address
Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	C000:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	C100:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	C200:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	Open	C300:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	Closed	C400:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	C500:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	Open	Closed	C600:0000
Closed	Closed	Closed	Open	Open	Open	C700:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	Closed	Closed	C800:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	Closed	Open	C900:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	Closed	CA00:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	Open	CB00:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Open	Closed	Closed	CC00:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Open	Closed	Open	CD00:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Open	Open	Closed	CE00:0000
Closed	Closed	Open	Open	Open	Open	CF00:0000
Closed	Open	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	D000:0000
Open	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	E000:0000

4.2 8/16 Bit Host Access Select

The Host PC communicates with the CN-1000 card via the PC's expansion slot data bus. This bus on the PC can support either 8 or a 16 bit devices. **The default configuration is for 16 bit host access.** Jumper P4 on the CN-1000 card should be populated for proper operation of the software applications listed in Appendix B.







Warning: Be careful not to touch other components on the CN-1000 card when setting the switches or jumpers.

4.3 MACID

The CN-1000's MAC ID must be configured by the software application via the dual port memory. The default MAC ID is 0.

NOTE: When the CN-1000 card's MAC ID is set to 0, the card will be off-line. The CN-1000 won't join the network until a valid MAC ID is configured.

4.4 Interrupt Configuration

The CN-1000 provides a single interrupt to the PC. The interrupt can be configured for one of the following PC interrupts: IRQ3, IRQ4, IRQ5, IRQ7, IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ12, or IRQ15. The interrupt is configured via Jumper P5 on the CN-1000 card.

The table below summarizes the associated interrupt configurations for Jumper P5:

Pins Shorted	Function
1 and 2	IRQ-3 Selected
3 and 4	IRQ-4 Selected
5 and 6	IRQ-5 Selected
7 and 8	IRQ-7 Selected
9 and 10	IRQ-10 Selected
11 and 12	IRQ-11 Selected
13 and 14	IRQ-12 Selected
15 and 16	IRQ-15 Selected

5. Additional Ports/Jumpers

5.1 General Register(Debug) Port

The General Register Port (P8) is used for monitoring various signals for software development purposes. The signals on this port are defined as follows:

Pin	Label	Description
P8-2	GND	Ground
P8-4	CLKOUT	10 MHz output clock used for synchronous transmit media.
		This is an inverted version of the TxClock provided on the
		ASIC.
P8-6	G_NET_EN	Active high global network transmit enable.
	В	
P8-8	VCC	+5 Volt Supply
P8-10	VCC	+5 Volt Supply
P8-12	MONITOR	Reserved for future use.
P8-14	TONE	Output pin that provides a 100 nsec pulse at every tone (the
		start of each Network Update Time (NUT))
P8-16	GND	Ground

5.2 ISP Port

The ISP Port (P1) is used for programming various electronic components on the CN-1000 card and should be left unused.

5.3 INT 1 Jumpers

The INT 1 Jumpers (P6) are reserved for future use.

6. Installation

1) Power down the computer by turning off power switch.

Important: When you remove the AC power cord from the PC, you lose the chassis ground. The ESD protection is lost.

- 2) Remove computer cover to gain access to computer motherboard.
- 3) Select a vacant 16 or 32 bit expansion slot. The CN-1000 card will only function in a 16 or 32 bit ISA/EISA expansion slot.
- 4) Remove the vacant expansion slot blank (rear bracket) by loosening the screw on the back of the computer.

Important: Before handling the card, be sure to wear a static strap and touch a grounded object to release any built-up static charge.

- 5) Before you insert the card in the vacant slot, make sure you have correctly set all of the jumpers and switches on the card.
- 6) Insert the card into the edge connector and tighten the expansion slot screw.
- 7) Turn the computer on to verify that the system starts up as it did previously.
- 8) If the system boots up as it previously did, run the diagnostic tests for the CN-1000 card (refer to Appendix A for instructions on running the diagnostic software).
- 9) If the diagnostic tests pass, replace the computer cover.

7. Status Indicator Lights

The status indicator lights on the CN-1000 card give you information about the card and the network when you are connected via the BNC connectors. The table below outlines the states and explains what each state means to you and the action you should take, if any, to correct the state.

A and B LED's	Cause	Action
Off	No power	None or power up
Steady red	Faulted unit	Cycle power or reset unit
Alternating red/green	Self-test	None
Alternating red/off	Incorrect node configuration	Check network address and
		other ControlNet
		configuration parameters

A or B LED's	Cause	Action
Off	Channel disabled	Program network for
		redundant media if needed
Steady green	Normal operation	None
Flashing green/off	Temporary errors	None, node will self-correct
Flashing green/off	Node is not configured to go	Make sure the configuration
	online	node is present and working
Flashing red/off	Media fault	Check media for broken
		cables, loose connectors,
		missing terminators, etc.
Flashing red/green	Incorrect network	Cycle power or reset unit
	configuration	

Appendix A - Running the Card Diagnostics

The CN1000 Diagnostic Software provides a simple set of displays and controls to allow a CN1000 installation to be verified.

The software is a DOS application. It must be run in DOS; it cannot be run from within Windows.

Running the Diagnostics

1. Using Command Line Arguments.

The command line arguments for the Diagnostic Software are used to specify the hardware parameters to be used by the software to access the CN-1000 test card.

The command line syntax is as follows. CN1000 [?] [-dDP_Addr] [-iIrq] [-mMacId] [-0]

All arguments are optional and will default to the values described below if they are not used. Each argument is described below.

? Display an explanation of the command line syntax.

-d*DP_Addr* Set the dual port base address segment to *DP_Addr*. This value is assumed to be in hexadecimal. The default value is D000.

-*iIrq* Set the interrupt request number to *Irq*. The default value is 12.

-mMacId

Set the MAC ID of the CN-1000 to *MacId*. The default value is 0. If the MAC ID is set to 0, the CN-1000 will be initialized, but will not attempt to join the network.

-0

Enable support of *old* CNA10 test cards (Allen-Bradley cards made before the CN-1000). The default value is to support the CN-1000 card.

The following example command line sets up the Diagnostic Software to interface to a CN-1000 with a dual port address of E000:0000, an IRQ of 5, and set the MAC ID to 15.

CN1000 -dE000 -i5 -m15

2. Using the Optional Configuration File

The command line arguments can also be stored in a configuration file, *CN1000.CFG*. This file must be present in the same directory where the *CN1000.EXE* executable is stored and run.

If the software detects the existence of the *CN1000.CFG* file, the parameters are read from the file first, then any command line arguments, if any, are processed. Hence, the command line arguments can be used to override any configuration file settings.

The configuration file is a text file which can be edited using any text editor.

The components of the configuration file are as follows:

Keyword	Arguments	Description
/*		Open comment. Everything in the file after this will be ignored
		until a Close Comment sequence is found.
*/		Close comment
DpSeg:	[Base	Base segment address of the CN1000 test card's dual port
	Address]	memory, for example 0xD000
Irq:	[IRQ	Interrupt number for the CN1000 test card. (3,4,5,7,10,11,12,
	Number]	or 15)
MacId:	[MAC ID]	MAC ID value to be used by the CN1000 test card when it
		joins the network
Card:	small, new	Small indicates that an old CNA10 test card is being used. New
		indicates that the Pyramid Solutions CN-1000 is being used.

User Interface

The user interface displays the current status of the test card, and is updated in real time.

The following parameters are displayed.

- MAC ID
- Network mode
- Elapsed time, in ASIC timer ticks, since the diagnostic software was started
- LED status
- Channel A and B network status
- Dual port base memory address
- IRQ number
- Test card firmware revision
- Identity information, including vendor ID, device type, device code, device name, and device serial number.

There are only 2 interactive commands available to the user of the Diagnostic Software.

- <Esc> will exit the software and return to DOS
- <F1> will display an explanation of the parameters displayed by the software.

Installation Verification

When the Diagnostic Software is started, it will verify that the CN-1000 test card is set up correctly to match the software parameters.

If the status display appears and is updated after an initialization period (usually 5 seconds or less), the card is set up correctly for the memory and interrupt parameters that were used to start the software.

The following sections describe the Diagnostic Software behavior in various typical installation scenarios.

1. Zero MAC ID

The status display should show the following values if the software was started with a MAC ID of 0.

- The ASIC time should be running
- MAC ID = 'XXX'
- Net Mode = 'Power Up'
- LED's: both channels flashing green
- Channel A = 'Temp error'

• Channel B = 'Temp error'

2. Non-Zero MAC ID, No Active Network

The status display should show the following values if the software was started with a valid MAC ID, but no active network (either no other nodes, or no connection).

- The ASIC time should be running
- MAC ID = the selected MAC \overrightarrow{ID}
- Net Mode = 'Chk 4 Cable'
- LED's: both channels flashing red
- Channel A = 'Lonely'
- Channel B = 'Lonely'
- 3. Non-Zero MAC ID, Active Network On 1 Channel

The status display should show the following values if the software was started with a valid MAC ID and the network has other active nodes, but only 1 network channel is connected

- The ASIC time should be running
- MAC ID = the selected MAC ID
- Net Mode = 'On Line'
- LED's: solid green on the connected channel, flashing red on the unconnected channel
- Channel A = 'Network OK' if connected, 'Lonely' if unconnected
- Channel B = 'Network OK' if connected, 'Lonely' if unconnected

4. Non-Zero MAC ID, Active Network On Both Channels

The status display should show the following values if the software was started with a valid MAC ID, the network has other active nodes, and both channels are connected

- The ASIC time should be running
- MAC ID = the selected MAC ID
- Net Mode = 'On Line'
- LED's: both channels solid green
- Channel A = 'Network OK'
- Channel B = 'Network OK'

5. Non-Zero MAC ID, Active Network, Duplicate MAC ID

The status display should show the following values if the software was started with a valid MAC ID, but the MAC ID is the same as another node on the network.

- The ASIC time should be running
- MAC ID = the selected MAC ID
- Net Mode = 'Dup Node'
- LED's: railroad red alternating flashing red
- Channel A = 'Rogue'
- Channel B = 'Rogue'

6. Incorrect Memory Base Address

If the value specified for the dual port memory base address is incorrect, or the CN-1000 is not working correctly, the Diagnostic Software will exit with the following error.

MEMORY ERROR: Unable to initialize card at Address XXXX:0000

Where *XXXX* is the address parameter specified to the software.

7. Incorrect IRQ Number

If the value specified for the interrupt request number is incorrect, or the CN-1000 is not working correctly, the Diagnostic Software will exit with the following error.

IRQ ERROR: Unable to capture interrupt at IRQ XX

Where *XX* is the IRQ parameter specified to the software.

Appendix B – Error Codes

Fault Code	Description	Explanation/Resolution
0x704	CD_COMM_PROC_SELFTEST_F	The diagnostic utility will exit with fault code $0x704$ if it is executed with a multiple or
	AIL	incorrect Base Memory Address (dp. addr)
		To fix this problem, run the utility with the Base
		Memory Address (dp addr) that the CN-1000
		is configured for. Look at the table on page 5
		of the user manual for the correct Base
		Memory Address Configurations.
0x710	CD_INCOMPATIBLE_ASIC_FIR	The diagnostic utility will exit with fault code
	MWARE	0x710 if the firmware version running on the
		CN-1000 is not version 1.3.17 or later. To fix
		this problem, upgrade to the latest firmware
		and diagnostic utility release. The latest release
		can be found on the Pyramid Solutions Web
		Site.
0x711	CD_MAC_PROC_SELFTEST_FAI	The diagnostic utility will exit with fault code
	L	0x/04 if it is executed with a malformed or
		Incorrect Base Memory Address (dp_addr).
		Nomery Address (dr. addr) that the CN 1000
		is configured for See the table on page 5 of
		the user manual for the correct Base Memory
		Address Configurations
0x725	CD UNSUPPORTED INT NUMB	The diagnostic utility will exit with fault code
	ER	0x725 if it is executed with an invalid IRO. To
		fix this problem, run the utility with the IRO that
		the CN-1000 is configured for. See page 7 of
		the user manual for a list of valid IRQs.

The following is a list of possible error codes encountered:

Appendix C - Compatible Software

The CN-1000 card is currently compatible with the following software:

- ControlNet Conformance Test Software
- Allen-Bradley's Adapter Class Example Code, CNA30S
- Allen-Bradley's Scanner Class Example Code, CNA40S

Appendix D – Firmware Updates

The firmware on the CN-1000 needs to be updated to the latest release (version 1.3.17) prior to running the diagnostic application or other software applications. Update instructions are included in the README file located on the Diagnostic Software disk.

All firmware or software upgrades for the CN-1000 can be found at:

http://www.pyrasol.com/DataCom/support.htm

Appendix E - Warranty Information

Pyramid Solutions warrants all new products to be free of defects in material and workmanship when applied in the manner for which they were intended and according to Pyramid Solutions' published information on proper installation. The Warranty period is one year from the date of shipment.

Pyramid Solutions will repair or replace, at its option, all products returned to it freight prepaid, which prove upon examination to be within the Warranty definitions and time period.

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If it should be necessary to return or exchange items, please contact Pyramid Solutions for a Return Authorization Code.

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