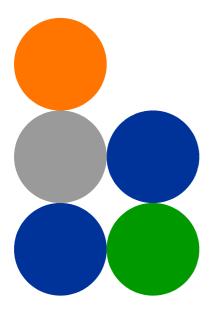


4Motion[®] BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW Device Driver for AlvariSTAR



User Manual

Device Driver Version: 3.2 January 2012 P/N 215981

Document History

Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Version Number and date Cover page, About this Manual	Updated versions numbers	November 2008
Managing a BTS Site Chapter 2	Updated to reflect Device Driver version 2.5.1.19 and managed device's NPU SW version 2_5_1_8.	November 2008
Parameters Summary Chapter 4	Updated to reflect Device Driver version 2.5.1.19 and managed device's NPU SW version 2_5_1_8.	November 2008
Manual's Name	"Device Manager" replaced by "Device Driver"	December 2008
Using the Device Manager Chapter	Chapter was removed. Its contents now form the first section in "Managing a BTS Site".	December 2008
Enabling Discovery	New Chapter	December 2008
The Equipment Manager	New Chapter	December 2008
Tasks Chapter	Completely revised (Overview section removed - updated version exists in the Infrastructure Manual. All Task sections updated and modified).	December 2008
The File Manager	New Chapter	December 2008
Offline Configuration Manager	New Chapter	December 2008
The Performance Viewer	Updated	December 2008r
Managing a BTS Site and Parameters Summary Chapters	Updated to reflect 2.5 beta versions of NPU and Device Driver	December 2008
AlvariCRAFT	Added AlvariCRAFT to the shared platform.	March 2009
The Equipment Manager	Updated to reflect all GUI changes of Management System Infrastructure Version 4.5.	August 2009
	New feature: Open Alarms.	
	Updated functionality of Multiple Configuration and Backup Configuration options.	
Site Equipment View Page	Added support for Outdoor BTS. General updates/improvements.	August 2009



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Site Page, General Tab	Removed: Shelf HW Version parameter.	August 2009
	Updated range for Site Address.	
	Updated ranges for Longitude and Latitude.	
	Updated description of Product Type.	
	Updated Site Number change process.	
	Added warning-a change in ASN Topology will take effect after next reset.	
Site Page, Dry Contacts Tab	New feature: Send Alarm condition for Input Alarms.	August 2009
	Applicable only for Indoor BTS.	
Site Page, Time Tab	Removed: Clock Source parameters	August 2009
L1/L2 Connectivity Page	Removed: External Management VLAN ID.	August 2009
	Added: AU Maintenance VLAN ID.	
	Ethernet port are configurable also if Admin Status is enabled (Up).	
	Added warning-a change in Connectivity Mode will take effect after next reset.	
	CSCD port is applicable only for Indoor BTS.	
	Updated description of VLAN Assigned	
IP Interface Page	No need to shut down the interface for modifying IP Interface parameters.	August 2009
	Added warning-reset required after changing Bearer Interface IP Address.	
ACL Page	Updated with details on automatically created ACLs.	August 2009
Management Page, Performance Tab	Collection of Counters Groups that are not fully supported by the device cannot be enabled.	August 2009
	Removed Performance Collection Interval.	
Management Page, Logging Tab	Updated description of Server IP.	August 2009
NPU Page	Added Reset To Factory With Connectivity option.	August 2009



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Power Supply Page	Updated options for PIU HW Version (58Amp/35Amp).	August 2009
	Applicable only for Indoor BTS.	
New AU Window (Creating a New AU)	Updated options for AU Type (only AU 4x4 Modem is applicable).	August 2009
	Removed Ports and Bandwidth parameters.	
AL Slot # Page, Card Properties Tab	Updated Required and Installed sections:	August 2009
	 Updated options for AU Type (only AU 4x4 Modem is applicable). 	
	Removed Ports and Bandwidth parameters.	
	Added Maintenance Connectivity parameters.	
New ODU window	ODU number is 1-28 for Indoor BTS and 1-24 for Outdoor BTS.	August 2009
ODU # Page	Removed: Heater Existence.	August 2009
	Removed: Enable Tx.	
GPS Page	Removed: GPS Adapter Required	August 2009
Power Feeder Page	Applicable only for Indoor BTS.	August 2009
Antenna Page	Changed to reflect the use of the new Antenna Product Type parameter. Added Information read-only field, updated description of Description and Number of Ports.	August 2009
	Updated ranges for Longitude and Latitude.	
	Up to a maximum of 24 antennas can be defined for an Outdoor BTS.	
AAA Page	Updated structure. Accounting/Authentication UDP Port parameters removed. AAA Name added.	August 2009
Qos Marking Page	Updated range for QoS Marking Rule Name and Service Flow Media Flow Type.	August 2009
	Marking Rule Name must be unique in the device.	
	Added description of functionality of the feature.	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Service Group Page, Service Interface Tab	Changed "Tunnel MTU Size" to "MTU Size".	August 2009
	Updated description of Default Gateway IP Address.	
	Added Subnet Mask.	
	Updated value range for Service Interface Name (1-30 characters).	
	Added general description of service interfaces.	
	Updated description of Tunnel Destination IP.	
Service Group Page, Service Groups Tab	Changed "Client Class Identifier" to "Vendor Class Identifier".	August 2009
	Added "Secondary DNS Server".	
	Added Service group deletion rule related to VLAN Service Interface.	
	Updated value range for Service Group Name (1-30 characters).	
	Added VPWS-Mapped option to Service Group Type.	
	Updated value range for Lease Time.	
	Added rule for DHCP Server IP Address Pool configuration.	
	Add rule for Renewal Time configuration.	
	Added general description of service groups.	
	Updated description of Subnet Mask and Default Gateway IP Address.	
SFA Page, PHS Rule Tab	Updated range for PHS Rule Name	August 2009
SFA Page, Classification Rule Tab	Updated range for Classification Rule Name.	August 2009
	Added configuration rules for Layer 3 and Layer 4 classifiers.	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Service Profile Page	Removed Uplink/Downlink SDU Size.	August 2009
	Updated range for Service Profile Name.	
	Unsolicited Grant Interval (uplink) is not applicable for RTVR.	
	Traffic Priority not applicable for UGS.	
	Updated range for Max. Sustained Traffic Rate, Min. Reserved Traffic Rate.	
	Added general description of service profiles and service flows.	
	Updated description of Reference Service Interface.	
ASN-GW Keep Alive Page	New Feature	August 2009
BS Node	Added a note regarding the need to reset the AU and/or update neighbors after modifying certain parameters.	August 2009
Create BS	Updated process (no need to click Apply on Radio Advanced and Connectivity pages after completing configuration of mandatory parameters.	August 2009
Сору ВЅ	New feature	August 2009
Radio Basic Page, General Tab	Added Idle Mode parameters.	August 2009
	Updated range for Center Frequency.	
Radio Basic Page, Air Fame Structure General Tab	Removed Enable Uplink Sub-Channel Rotation.	August 2009



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Radio Basic Page, Air Frame Structure Zones Tab	Removed Map Size, added new First Zone parameters (Minimum Size, Maximum Size, Maximum Map Size).	August 2009
	Added Uplink Data Zone Basic Rate.	
	Added Downlink Data Zone Basic Rate for Management.	
	Downlink Data Zone Number of Sub-Channels, Uplink Feedback Zone Number of Sub-Channels, Uplink Data Zone Number of Sub-Channels, Uplink Data Zone Start Allocation were removed.	
	Removed Dynamic Permutation parameters (moved to Radio Advanced Page, Diversity Tab.	
Radio Basic Page, Diversity Tab	Moved to Radio Advanced Page.	August 2009
Radio Basic Page, Mobility Tab	New Tab name (was Handover tab).	August 2009
	Added Neighbor column to Triggers table.	
	Updated parameters in Neighbor List table.	
	Updated button name (Choose Neighbor changed to Add Entry).	
	Add details on Neighboring Task.	
Radio Advanced Page, Feedback Tab	Updated value range for Start of Ranging Codes. Removed consistency rule.	August 2009
	Updated value range for IR CDMA Allocation Period.	
	Removed Contention-Based Reservation Timeout, Number of Codes, Initial Backoff Window Size, Final Backoff Window Size, PR CDMA Allocation Period, Enable polling upon zero bandwidth request, all Timing Corrections parameters, Maximum CQI Region Size	
Radio Advanced Page, Diversity Tab	New. Moved from Radio Basic Page, with following changes:	August 2009
	Downlink Data MIMO Mode is read-only.	
	Removed all other parameters excluding Downlink Permutation Base and Uplink Permutation Base.	

Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Radio Advanced Page, Channel Descriptors Tab	Removed	August 2009
Radio Advanced Page, Power Control	Tab name changed (was Power Control Levels).	August 2009
Tab	Added Power Control Correction Factor.	
	Removed Feedback Zone and Maximum EIRxP.	
	Updated range for PUSC Zone.	
Radio Advanced Page, Power Control Policy Tab	Removed	August 2009
Radio Advanced Page, Rate Adaptation Tab	Removed (Basic Rate parameters moved to Services Page, Definitions Tab)	August 2009
Radio Advanced Page, Mobility Tab	New Name (was Handover).	August 2009
	Removed all SBS and Handover Control parameters.	
	Changed the name of RSSI parameter in Trigger Setup parameters to Averaging Duration (with updated description), removed all other Trigger Setup parameters.	
	Changed Neighbor Advertisement to Neighbor Advertisement Broadcast. Changed the name of Periodic Interval to Interval. Removed all other Neighbor Advertisement parameters.	
Radio Advanced Page, Scanning Tab	Removed	August 2009
Radio Advanced Page, Management Tab	Removed general Downlink Dropped Packets Ratio parameter.	August 2009
	Added new parameters for Alarm Threshold for Downlink Dropped Packet Ratio per service type.	
	Added new parameters for Alarm Thresholds for noise and interference level.	
Radio Advanced Page, QoS Tab	New feature	August 2009
Connectivity Basic Page, Bearer Tab	Added VLAN ID (read-only).	August 2009
	Updated descriptions of IP Address and Default Gateway.	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Connectivity Advanced Page, QoS	New Name (was Bearer Plane)	August 2009
Marking Rules Tab	Updated range for Service Flow Data Delivery Type	
Connectivity Advanced Page, Keep Alive Tab	New feature	August 2009
Connectivity Advanced Page, ID-IP Mapping Tab	Moved from Connectivity Basic Page to Connectivity Advanced Page	August 2009
Services Page, Definition Tab	Changed the name (was previously Service Definition).	August 2009
	Changed the structure.	
	Added parameters related to Idle Mode.	
	Added Basic Rate parameters (moved from previous Radio Advanced Page, Rate Adaptation Tab).	
	Removed Max Sub-Burst Size and Target Packet Error Rate.	
Services Page, Mapping Tab	Removed SDU Size.	August 2009
	Updated limitation in Service Name.	
	Updated supported options for R1 Profile Data Delivery/Scheduling Type.	
	Updated limitations for R1 Profile Priority, Min. Reserved Traffic Rate, Max. Sustained Traffic Rate, Latency.	
	Updated range for R6 Profile parameters: Min. Reserved Traffic Rate, Max. Sustained Traffic Rate.	
	Updated range for Map to R1 Profile parameters: Min. Reserved Traffic Rate, Max. Sustained Traffic Rate.	
Duplicate Site Manager	New name (was previously Offline Configuration Manager)	August 2009



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Duplicate Site Manager, Twin-Site Creation wizard, Step 2	Modified structure.	August 2009
	Updated range for Site Address.	
	Added IP Routing section.	
	Added comments on applicability of Connectivity parameters.	
Duplicate Site Manager, Twin-Site Creation wizard, Step 3	Added Service Interfaces section.	August 2009
Duplicate Site Manager, Twin-Site	Updated names of some parameters.	August 2009
Creation wizard, Step 4	Removed Number Of Sub-Channels (UL Data Zone).	
	Added Paging Group ID.	
	Updated range for Center Frequency.	
Duplicate Site Manager, Twin-Site Creation wizard, Step 5	Removed: Altitude, Electrical Azimuth Adjustment	August 2009
	Antenna Heading is not mandatory.	
File Manager	Updated to reflect all GUI changes of Management System Infrastructure Version 4.5.	August 2009
	Added in Equipment File Manager: SW Version, Status.	
	In Duplicate Site File Manager: Added NE, updated descriptions of Site IP and Site ID.	
Tasks	Updated to reflect all GUI changes of Management System Infrastructure Version 4.5.	August 2009
	Updated to reflect the new Task Wizard.	
	Added CLI Task.	
	Added Neighboring Task.	
	Added Multiple Configuration Task	
Template Manager	New feature	August 2009
Parameters Summary	Updated to reflect all changes of release 2.5.2 including updated ranges/defaults.	August 2009
Supported equipment	Updated manual to reflect support for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW	October 2009



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Enabling Discover	Updated sections on VLAN Translation, External Management Interface and Static Route Definition.	October 2009
AAA Page	Added VLAN Classifier Bit Alignment	November 2009
Service Group Page-Service Groups Tab, Template Manager	Added new options to Agent Circuit ID and Agent Remote ID. Corrected Sub-options numbers.	November 2009
Enabling Discovery	Added support of SNMP v2c	March 2010
Using the Equipment Manager	Revised	March 2010
Managing a Single Device	Completely revised and updated to reflect the following: New structure, new products, new features, new/removed/modified parameters, improved descriptions.	March 2010
Template Manager	Completely revised and updated to reflect updated concept, new features, new/removed/modified parameters, improved descriptions.	March 2010
Task Manager-Multiple Configuration Task	Can be opened also from the Template Manager. New-Preview Only option	March 2010
Duplicate Site Manager	Updated to reflect support for all Macro BTS devices (Indoor/Outdoor) and Mini Centralized ASN-GW. Updated order of screens in the process of new site creation.	June 2010
Managing a Single Device, Service Group Page, Service Flow Parameters Editor Template Manager, The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - Service Flow Tab	Updated range for Media Flow Type (up to 15)	SW Version 3.0.10 December 2010
Managing a Single Device, AU Slot Page - Control Tab	Updated options for Shutdown Power (AU to ODU/Radio): Added Rx Only option.	SW Version 3.0.10 December 2010



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Managing a Single Device, R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Bearer Tab	Updated configuration rule for enabling the Secondary Pool (Pool2)	SW Version 3.0.10 December 2010
Template Manager, The BS Template -R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - ASNGW Pools Tab		
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure Zones Tab	New parameter: Maximum Sub Burst Mode	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Template Manager, The BS Template -General Def Tab		
The Performance Monitoring Viewer	Updated to reflect modified functionality	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Software Upgrade Task	Improved description.	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Tasks - 4Motion Mutual Neighboring	New task (infrastructure 4.8)	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Offline Configuration Tool	New feature	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Managing a Single Device, Creating/Copying/Deleting a BS	Updated value range for Center Frequency	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page - General Tab		
Template Manager, The BS Template -Radio Basic Page - RF Tab		
Duplicate Site Manager-Twin Site Creation-Step 3		
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure Zones Tab	DL Diversity Mode: Beam Forming is a licensed feature - password is required.	SW Version 3.0.10 January 2011
Tasks-Mutual Neighboring	Updated	May 2011 (patch)
Offline Configuration Tool	Updated	May 2011 (patch)
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page - Mobility Tab	Updated actions on selected neighbors in Neighbors List. Added descriptions of updated Runtime Results and task's window after running the task.	May 2011 (patch)
Mass Neighboring Task	Removed	May 2011 (patch)



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
File Manager	Updated Duplicate Site File Manager: used also for offline configuration files generated using the Offline Configuration Tool.	May 2011 (patch)
	Updated screen captures (for Infrastructure 4.8)	
Template Manager	Updated Default BS Templates section (version 3.0M templates).	May 2011 (patch)
	Updated screen capture (for Infrastructure 4.8)	
Configuring Templates	Renamed section (was previously Template Manager). Moved general Template Manager sections to Infrastructure Manual. Moved Default BS Templates to BS Templates section.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Radio Advanced Page, Power Control Tab	Updated default value of Required C/N Levels-ACK to 12	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, Radio Advanced Page, Power Control Tab		
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page, Air Frame Structure	Updated supported values for Total Uplink Duration.	September 2011
General Tab	Added details on DL:UL ratio as a function of BS Bandwidth and Total Uplink Duration	
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, Radio Basic Page, Air Frame Structure Tab	Updated supported values for Total Uplink Duration.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page, Air Frame Structure Zones Tab	Updated Table 3-10, "Calculating the Upper Limit Value (Y) for Minimum and Maximum Size," on page 140	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Management Page, QoS Marking Rules Tab	Added: The default (pre-configured) actions and classifiers cannot be deleted or modified.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page	Updated configuration rules for Source IP Address.	September 2011
	Updated configuration rules for VLAN ID.	
	Updated default of Number of MS limitation to 3000.	
	Updated default of Maximum ASN-GW Throughput to 500.	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Managing a Single Device, L1/L2 Connectivity Page	Updated default value of External Ether Type to 8100.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Service Group Page, Service Groups Tab	Updated default and improved description for Vendor Class Identifier	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The ASN-GW Template, Service Group Page, Service Groups Tab	Improved description for Vendor Class Identifier. Renewal Time, Rebind Time, Offer Reuse Time, Server Host Name, Vendor Class Identifier, Vendor Specific Information Name, Vendor Specific Information Value, Client Boot File Name are applicable also for DHCP Server mode,	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page	Authentication Tab removed: Suspended EAP Process and Maximum EAP Rounds thresholds-removed (not supported). Default Authenticator IP Address and Active MSs-moved to Bearer Tab.	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page, Authentication Tab	Removed: Suspended EAP Process, Maximum EAP Rounds.	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page, ASNGW Pools Ta	Updated default values of Pool 1/Pool 2.	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page, Bearer Tab	ASN-GW Pools: The default status for both pools is Disable (un-checked).	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Service Group Page, Service Interfaces Tab	Added support for a new type of service interface: VPLS-Trunk.	September 2011
	Two new parameters: Encapsulation Mode, Outer VLAN ID.	
	Updated description/configuration rules for Service Interface Number, Service Interface Name, VLAN ID.	
	Total number of service interfaces updated to 80 (total number of IP-IP, VLAN and QinQ service interfaces is limited to a maximum of 10).	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Configuring Templates, The ASN-GW Template, Service Group Page, Service Interfaces Tab	Added: Encapsulation Type, Outer VLAN ID. Updated functionality and description: Type, Service VLAN ID. Updated description: Service Interface Name, Tunnel Destination IP, Default Gateway IP Address, Subnet Mask.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Service Group Page, Service Groups Tab	Updated: Service Group Number, Name, Type, Service Interface Name, Service Time W/O IP Address, VID Mapping Range Start/End. Added: VLAN ID, Multicast Service Flow parameters.	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The ASN-GW Template, Service Group Page, Service Groups Tab	Added: VLAN ID, Traffic Priority, Maximum Latency (msec), Media Flow Type, Maximum Sustained Traffic Rate (bps), Delivery Type, Minimum Reserved Rate (Kbps), Maximum Jitter (msec), IP Address Pool Start, IP Address Pool End, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway IP Address. Updated functionality and description: Service Group Type, Service Interface Name, DHCP	September 2011
	Function Mode. Updated description: Service Group Name, Vid Map Start and Vid Map End, Service Time w/o IP Address.	
	Added support for Server mode: Lease Time, Primary DNS Server, Secondary DNS Server, Renual Time, Rebind Time, Offer Reuse Time, Server Host Name, Vendor Class Identifier, Vendor Specific Information Name, Vendor Specific Information Value, Client Boot File Name.	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
The Offline Configuration Tool, Excel File Parameters and Configuration	Service Interface Parameters - added support for VPLS-Trunk service interfaces:	September 2011
Rules	Updated servicelfVlanId.	
	Added: servicelfOuterVlanId	
	Service Group Parameters:	
	Added support for VPWS-Mapped service groups (serviceGrpVidMapRangeStart, serviceGrpVidMapRangeEnd).	
	Added support for VPLS Hub and Spoke service groups (serviceGrpVlanId).	
Managing a Single Device, QoS Marking Page	Updated: Rule Number, Marking Rule Name.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, SFA Page, Classification Rules Tab	Updated: Classification Rule Number, Name.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Service Profile	Updated general description (list order is by creation time)	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Service Profile Page	Updated: Flow ID, Reference Service Group, Reference Classification Rule Name.	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The ASN-GW Template, Service Profile Page, UL/DL Reference Classification Rule Tabs	Updated: Rule Name	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, L1/L2 Connectivity Page (Macro Indoor BTS)	Updated configuration rules for AU Maintenance VLAN ID.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Radio Advanced Page, Management Tab	Removed Alarm Thresholds for Downlink Dropped Packets Ratio thresholds (Best Effort, RT-VR, NRT-VR, UGS, ERT-VR).	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, Radio Advanced Page, Management Tab	Removed Alarm Thresholds for Downlink Dropped Packets Ratio thresholds (Best Effort, RT-VR, NRT-VR, UGS, ERT-VR).	September 2011
Enabling Discovery	Added details for Micro Outdoor BTS	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, AU Slot Page, Control Tab	Updated Shutdown Operation for Micro Outdoor BTS	September 2011
Configuring Templates, Equipment Template	New template's MO.	September 2011



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Managing a Single Device, L1/L2 Connectivity Page for Macro BTS and	Most parameters of Backhaul, Cascade and Management Ports are configurable.	September 2011
Mini Centralized ASN-GW	Added External VLAN ID in Management Port.	
	Updated configuration rules for Bearer VLAN ID in Backhaul Port	
Managing a Single Device, R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page, Bearer Tab	New parameter: Legacy ASN-GW Mode	September 2011
Configuring Templates, The BS Template, Radio Basic Page, General Def Tab	New parameter: Legacy ASN-GW Mode	September 2011
Configuration History Section 2.2	New Feature	September 2011
Duplicate Site Manager	Removed (replaced by Offline Configuration Tool)	September 2011
Configuring Templates, Managing Tables in Update Mode (Section 5.1.2.2)	Improved description	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, AU Page, AU Control Tab	Updated description of Shutdown Operation for Micro BTS	September 2011
Software Upgrade Task	NPU Software Upgrade changed to BTS Software Upgrade	September 2011
Multiple Configuration Task	Removed (moved to Infrastructure Manual)	September 2011
The Performance Monitoring Viewer	Modified General Controls section.	September 2011
	Added details on supported counters	
Mass Configuration Wizard	Changed name (was previously Offline Configuration Tool).	September 2011
	Updated functionality (initiated from File Manager)	
File Manager	Corrected the name of Equipment File Manager to BTS File Manager.	September 2011
	In BTS File Manager, added the option for initiating the Mass Configuration Wizard.	
	Duplicate Site File Manager was changed to Offline Configuration File Manager with updated description.	



Торіс	Description	Date Issued
Restore Task	Updated to reflect removal of Duplicate Site Manager and changes associated with Offline Configuration files.	September 2011
Managing a Single Device, Radio Basic Page, Mobility Tab	Updated applicable triggers for specific neighbor(s)	November 2011
File Data Aging Task	Updated description (applicable for performance collection files)	November 2011
Configuration History Backup and Aging Task	A new task	November 2011





Legal Rights

© Copyright 2011 Alvarion Ltd. All rights reserved. The material contained herein is proprietary, privileged, and confidential. No disclosure thereof shall be made to third parties without the express written permission of Alvarion Ltd.

Alvarion Ltd. reserves the right to alter the equipment specifications and descriptions in this publication without prior notice. No part of this publication shall be deemed to be part of any contract or warranty unless specifically incorporated by reference into such contract or warrant.

Trade Names

Alvarion[®], BreezeCOM[®], WALKair[®], WALKnet[®], BreezeNET[®], BreezeACCESS[®], BreezeMAX[®], BreezeLITE[®], 4Motion[®], and/or other products and/or services referenced herein are either registered trademarks, trademarks or service marks of Alvarion Ltd.

All other names are or may be the trademarks of their respective owners.

"WiMAX Forum" is a registered trademark of the WiMAX Forum. "WiMAX," the WiMAX Forum logo, "WiMAX Forum Certified," and the WiMAX Forum Certified logo are trademarks of the WiMAX Forum.

Statement of Conditions

The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. Alvarion Ltd. shall not be liable for errors contained herein or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance, or use of this manual or equipment supplied with it.

Warranties and Disclaimers

All Alvarion Ltd. ("Alvarion") products purchased from Alvarion or through any of Alvarion's authorized resellers are subject to the following warranty and product liability terms and conditions.

Exclusive Warranty

With respect to the Software, Alvarion warrants the correct functionality according to the attached documentation, for a period of fourteen (14) month from invoice date (the "Warranty Period"). During the Warranty Period, Alvarion may release to its Customers software updates, which include additional performance improvements and/or bug fixes, upon availability (the "Warranty"). Bug fixes, temporary patches and/or workarounds may be supplied as Software updates.

Additional hardware, if required, to install or use Software updates must be purchased by the Customer. Alvarion will be obligated to support solely the two (2) most recent Software major releases.

ALVARION SHALL NOT BE LIABLE UNDER THIS WARRANTY IF ITS TESTING AND EXAMINATION DISCLOSE THAT THE ALLEGED DEFECT IN THE PRODUCT DOES NOT EXIST OR WAS CAUSED BY PURCHASER'S OR ANY THIRD PERSON'S MISUSE, NEGLIGENCE, IMPROPER INSTALLATION OR IMPROPER TESTING, UNAUTHORIZED ATTEMPTS TO REPAIR, OR ANY OTHER CAUSE BEYOND THE RANGE OF THE INTENDED USE, OR BY ACCIDENT, FIRE, LIGHTNING OR OTHER HAZARD.



Disclaimer

(a) The Software is sold on an "AS IS" basis. Alvarion, its affiliates or its licensors MAKE NO WARRANTIES, WHATSOEVER, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE SOFTWARE AND THE ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION. ALVARION SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NON-INFRINGEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE SOFTWARE. UNITS OF PRODUCT (INCLUDING ALL THE SOFTWARE) DELIVERED TO PURCHASER HEREUNDER ARE NOT FAULT-TOLERANT AND ARE NOT DESIGNED, MANUFACTURED OR INTENDED FOR USE OR RESALE IN APPLICATIONS WHERE THE FAILURE, MALFUNCTION OR INACCURACY OF PRODUCTS CARRIES A RISK OF DEATH OR BODILY INJURY OR SEVERE PHYSICAL OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES"). HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES MAY INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, USE AS PART OF ON?LINE CONTROL SYSTEMS IN HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENTS REQUIRING FAIL-SAFE PERFORMANCE, SUCH AS IN THE OPERATION OF NUCLEAR FACILITIES, AIRCRAFT NAVIGATION OR COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL, LIFE SUPPORT MACHINES, WEAPONS SYSTEMS OR OTHER APPLICATIONS REPRESENTING A SIMILAR DEGREE OF POTENTIAL HAZARD. ALVARION SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES.

(b) PURCHASER'S SOLE REMEDY FOR BREACH OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTIES ABOVE SHALL BE REPLACEMENT OR REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE AS SPECIFIED ABOVE, AT ALVARION'S OPTION. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, THE WARRANTIES AND REMEDIES SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT ARE EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, EITHER IN FACT OR BY OPERATION OF LAW, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTIES, TERMS OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, SATISFACTORY QUALITY, CORRESPONDENCE WITH DESCRIPTION, NON-INFRINGEMENT, AND ACCURACY OF INFORMATION GENERATED. ALL OF WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. ALVARION' WARRANTIES HEREIN RUN ONLY TO PURCHASER, AND ARE NOT EXTENDED TO ANY THIRD PARTIES. ALVARION NEITHER ASSUMES NOR AUTHORIZES ANY OTHER PERSON TO ASSUME FOR IT ANY OTHER LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE, INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE OR USE OF ITS PRODUCTS.

Limitation of Liability

(a) ALVARION SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO THE PURCHASER OR TO ANY THIRD PARTY, FOR ANY LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF USE, INTERRUPTION OF BUSINESS OR FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND, WHETHER ARISING UNDER BREACH OF CONTRACT, TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE AND WHETHER BASED ON THIS AGREEMENT OR OTHERWISE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

(b) TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL THE LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES HEREUNDER OF ALVARION OR ITS EMPLOYEES OR AGENTS EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT BY PURCHASER, NOR SHALL THE AGGREGATE LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES TO ALL PARTIES REGARDING ANY PRODUCT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THAT PRODUCT BY THAT PARTY (EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A BREACH OF A PARTY'S CONFIDENTIALITY OBLIGATIONS).





This User Manual is delivered subject to the following conditions and restrictions:

- This manual contains proprietary information belonging to Alvarion Ltd. Such information is supplied solely for the purpose of assisting explicitly and properly authorized users of the respective Alvarion products.
- No part of its contents may be used for any other purpose, disclosed to any person or firm or reproduced by any means, electronic and mechanical, without the express prior written permission of Alvarion Ltd.
- The text and graphics are for the purpose of illustration and reference only. The specifications on which they are based are subject to change without notice.
- The software described in this document is furnished under a license. The software may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of that license.
- Information in this document is subject to change without notice.
- Corporate and individual names and data used in examples herein are fictitious unless otherwise noted.
- Alvarion Ltd. reserves the right to alter the product specifications and descriptions in this publication without prior notice. No part of this publication shall be deemed to be part of any contract or warranty unless specifically incorporated by reference into such contract or warranty.
- The information contained herein is merely descriptive in nature, and does not constitute a binding offer for the sale of the product described herein.



About This Manual

This manual describes how to use AlvariSTAR and AlvariCRAFT Device Driver Version 3.2 for managing 4Motion BTS and Mini-Centralized ASN-GW equipment running SW Versions 3.0.20 (NPU and AU) using NMS Infrastructure Version 5.0.

This manual is intended for personnel responsible for managing the equipment system using the AlvariSTAR Element Management System and/or the AlvariCRAFT Local CRAFT Utility. It is assumed that the reader is familiar with the operation and use of AlvariSTAR, AlvariCRAFT, and with the operation and administration of 4Motion BTS system components and/or the Mini-Centralized ASN-GW. For more information refer to the AlvariSTAR and AlvariCRAFT User Manual and to the relevant equipment System Manuals.

In this manual, Network Management System refers to AlvariSTAR, and Local CRAFT Utility refers to AlvariCRAFT. Unless otherwise stated, all features are applicable to both AlvariSTAR and AlvariCRAFT. Limitations on AlvariCRAFT due to the single device restriction are noted in a Note specific to the application, as follows:

This feature is not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility.

Craft



Contents

Chapter	r 1 - En	abling Discovery1	
Chapter	r 2 - Us	ing the Equipment Manager6	
2.1	The Eq	uipment Manager7	
2.2	Config	uration History Request and Report8	
Chapter	- 3 - Ma	anaging a Single Device11	
3.1	Using t	the Device Manager12	
	3.1.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4	Introduction to the Device Manager	
3.2	Introd	uction to Device Management15	
3.3	Equipn	nent View Page17	
	3.3.1 3.3.2	Equipment View Page for Macro BTS Equipment	
3.4	Site Page22		
	3.4.1 3.4.2	Site General Tab 22 Site Dry Contact Tab 25	
3.5	Conne		
	3.5.1 3.5.2 3.5.3 3.5.4 3.5.5	L1/L2 Connectivity Page28Management Page33ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page55Keep Alive Page57ASN-GW Pools Page59	
3.6	Equipn	nent61	
		Shelf	
3.7	ASN-G	W90	
	3.7.1	AAA Page	





	3.7.2	Service Group Page	92
	3.7.3	QoS Marking Page	107
	3.7.4	Hot Lining Page	110
	3.7.5	SFA Page	113
3.8	BS		125
	3.8.1	Creating/Copying/Deleting a BS	125
	3.8.2	Radio	129
	3.8.3	R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page	153
3.9	Site S	ector	158
	3.9.1	Creating/Deleting a Site Sector	158
	3.9.2	Site Sector <#> Page	158
Chapte	r 4 - Th	e Network Maintenance Manager	163
4.1	The No	etwork Maintenance Manager	164
	4.1.1	Retrieval of MS Data	164
	4.1.2	Retrieval of All MSs Data	166
	4.1.3	Single MS De-Registration	168
	4.1.4	All MSs De-Registration	169
Chapte	r 5 - Co	onfiguring Templates	170
5.1	Config	uring Templates	171
	5.1.1	The Template Configuration Editor	171
	- 1 ->		
	5.1.2	Managing Tables and Template Modes	173
	5.1.2 5.1.3	Managing Tables and Template Modes Updating Scalars	
5.2	5.1.3		175
5.2	5.1.3 ASN-G	Updating Scalars	175 176
5.2	5.1.3 ASN-G	Updating Scalars	175 176 176
5.2	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1	Updating Scalars W Template AAA Page	175 176 176 178
5.2	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2	Updating Scalars W Template AAA Page Service Group Page	175 176 176 178 190
5.2	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3	Updating Scalars	175 176 176 178 190 191
5.2	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4	Updating Scalars	175 176 176 178 190 191
	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4 5.2.5 5.2.6	Updating Scalars W Template	
	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4 5.2.5 5.2.6	Updating Scalars	
	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4 5.2.5 5.2.6 BS Ter	Updating Scalars	
	5.1.3 ASN-G 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4 5.2.5 5.2.6 BS Ter 5.3.1	Updating Scalars	





	5.3.4	Default BS Templates	237
5.4	Manag	ement Template	238
	5.4.1	SNMP Managers Page	238
	5.4.2	Performance Page	241
	5.4.3	Logging Page (not applicable for Micro BTS)	242
5.5	Equipn	nent Template	245
	5.5.1	NPU System Management Tab - Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS	245
	5.5.2	AU Control Tab - Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS	247
	5.5.3	AU Control Tab - Micro Outdoor BTS	248
	5.5.4	Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) Tab	249
Chapte	r 6 - Th	e Mass Configuration Wizard	251
6.1	Introd	uction	252
6.2	"Golde	en" Site Configuration Backup File	253
6.3	Excel F	ile	254
	6.3.1	Excel Worksheet Structure	254
	6.3.2	Automatic Mode for Calculating BS Parameters	254
	6.3.3	BS ID Structure	
	6.3.4	Parameters and Configuration Rules	255
	6.3.5	Examples	264
6.4	Using	the Mass Configuration Wizard	267
	6.4.1	Starting the Mass Configuration Wizard	267
	6.4.2	Mass Configuration Wizard - Common Parameters	267
	6.4.3	Mass Configuration Wizard - Import Unique Parameters File	267
	6.4.4	Mass Configuration Wizard - Merge File	268
	6.4.5	Mass Configuration Wizard - Summary	268
Chapte	r 7 - Th	e Performance Monitoring Viewer	270
7.1	The Pe	rformance Monitoring Viewer	271
7.2	The Co	ounters Group Selection Section	273
7.3	The Co	ounters Selection Section	274
7.4	The Gr	aph and Graph Controls Section	276
7.5	Genera	al Controls	277
7.6	ASN-G	W Counters Groups	278





	7.6.1	AAA Counters
	7.6.2	Bearer Interface Counter
	7.6.3	Management - Provisioned QoS Counters
	7.6.4	Management - Initial NE Counters
	7.6.5	Management - Service flows Counters
	7.6.6	Load Balancing Counter
	7.6.7	R6 Interface Total Counters
	7.6.8	R3 Interface Counters
	7.6.9	R6 Interface BS Counters
7.7	BS Cou	nters Groups
	7.7.1	R1 Interface - Traffic Statistic Counters
	7.7.2	R1 Interface - Traffic Throughput Counters
	7.7.3	R1 Interface - Traffic Quality Counters
	7.7.4	R6 Interface Counters
	7.7.5	Management - NE Report Counters
Chapter	8 - Ta	sks
8.1	Perfor	mance Collection Task288
	8.1.1	General Tab
	8.1.2	Entities Tab
	8.1.3	Actions Tab291
8.2	Backup	Configuration Task292
8.3	Restor	e Configuration Task295
8.4	Softwa	are Upgrade Task
	8.4.1 8.4.2	The Software Upgrade Task Editor298BTS Software Upgrade299
	8.4.2 8.4.3	AU Software Upgrade (applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS)
0 5		
		ta Aging Task
8.6	CLI Tas	
8.7	Mutual	Neighboring Task
	8.7.1	Introduction
	8.7.2	The Mutual Neighboring Task Window
	8.7.3	The Mutual Neighboring Task Report
8.8	Config	uration History Backup and Aging Task
	-	



Chapte	Chapter 9 - The File Manager		
9.1	The Fi	ile Manager	313
	9.1.1	BTS File Manager	
	9.1.2	Offline Configuration File Manager	





Figures

Figure 2-1: The Configuration History Request	8
Figure 2-2: The Configuration History Report	9
Figure 3-1: The Device Manager Components (Indoor BTS)	12
Figure 3-2: Equipment View Page, Macro Indoor BTS	17
Figure 3-3: Site View Page, Macro Outdoor BTS (with a 4-channels AU)	19
Figure 3-4: Equipment View Page, Mini-Centralized ASN-GW	21
Figure 3-5: Site Page - General Tab (BTS)	
Figure 3-6: Site Page - Dry Content Tab	25
Figure 3-7: L1/L2 Connectivity Page (Macro Indoor BTS)	28
Figure 3-8: L1/L2 Connectivity Page (Micro Outdoor BTS)	32
Figure 3-9: Management Page, Management Interface Tab (Macro BTS)	34
Figure 3-10: Management Page, Management Interface Tab (Micro BTS)	37
Figure 3-11: Management Page, QoS Marking Rules Tab	38
Figure 3-12: Management Page, ACL Tab	43
Figure 3-13: Management Page, IP Routing Tab	47
Figure 3-14: Management Page, SNMP Managers Tab	49
Figure 3-15: Management Page, Performance Tab	51
Figure 3-16: Management Page, Logging Tab	54
Figure 3-17: ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page	56
Figure 3-18: Keep Alive Page, Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS	58
Figure 3-19: ASN-GW Pools Page	60
Figure 3-20: Power Supply Page	61
Figure 3-21: NPU Page	63
Figure 3-22: New AU Window	66
Figure 3-23: AU <type #="" and="" slot=""> Page - Card Properties Tab (Macro BTS)</type>	67
Figure 3-24: AU Slot Page - Control Tab	
Figure 3-25: New ODU Window	72



Figure 3-26: ODU Page7.	3
Figure 3-27: Radio Page70	5
Figure 3-28: GPS Page, Macro Indoor BTS79	9
Figure 3-29: Power Feeder Page	5
Figure 3-30: Antenna Page	5
Figure 3-31: AAA Page90	C
Figure 3-32: Service Group Page - Service Interfaces Tab (Add Service Interface)93	3
Figure 3-33: Service Group Page - Service Groups Tab (Add Service Group)	3
Figure 3-34: QoS Marking Page108	8
Figure 3-35: Hot Lining Page110	C
Figure 3-36: SFA Page - PHS Rules Tab114	4
Figure 3-37: SFA Page - Classification Rules Tab11	5
Figure 3-38: New Service Profile Window119	9
Figure 3-39: Service Profile Page	C
Figure 3-40: New BS Window120	5
Figure 3-41: Copy Existing BS Window12	7
Figure 3-42: Radio Basic Page - General Tab130	C
Figure 3-43: Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure General Tab	2
Figure 3-44: Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure Zones Tab	4
Figure 3-45: Radio Basic Page - Mobility Tab140	C
Figure 3-46: Neighboring Task (Operation Add Neighbor)144	4
Figure 3-47: Neighboring Task Runtime Results with Errors (Operation Add Neighbor)	5
Figure 3-48: Neighboring Task (Operation Add Neighbor)14	5
Figure 3-49: Radio Advanced Page - Feedback Tab140	5
Figure 3-50: Radio Advanced Page - Power Control Tab14	7
Figure 3-51: Radio Advanced Page - Management Tab150	C
Figure 3-52: Radio Advanced Page - QoS Tab152	2
Figure 3-53: R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Bearer Tab15	3
Figure 3-54: R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-QoS Marking Rules Tab	5
Figure 3-55: New Site Sector Window158	3
Figure 3-56: Site Sector <#> Page, Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS	9

Figure 3-57: Site Sector Page, Micro Outdoor BTS161
Figure 4-1: Network Maintenance - Retrieval of MS Data165
Figure 4-2: Network Maintenance - Retrieval of All MSs Data166
Figure 4-3: Network Maintenance - Single MS De-Registration168
Figure 4-4: Network Maintenance - All MSs De-Registration
Figure 5-1: The Template Configuration Editor, Tab with Scalar Parameters
Figure 5-2: The Template Configuration Editor, Tab with a Table
Figure 5-3: The ASN-GW Template - AAA Page - AAA Client Tab176
Figure 5-4: The ASN-GW Template - AAA Page - AAA Access Tab
Figure 5-5: The ASN-GW Template - Service Group Page - Service Interfaces Tab (Create Mode) 178
Figure 5-6: The ASN-GW Template - Service Group Page - Service Groups Tab (Create Mode)181
Figure 5-7: The ASN-GW Template - QoS Marking Page (Create Mode)
Figure 5-8: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - SFA Config Tab192
Figure 5-9: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - PHS Rules Tab (Create Mode)193
Figure 5-10: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Config Tab (Create Mode)194
Figure 5-11: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Protocol Tab (Create Mode) 196
Figure 5-12: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Source Address Tab (Create Mode)
Figure 5-13: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Destination Address Tab (Cre- ate Mode)
Figure 5-14: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Source Port Tab (Create Mode) 199
Figure 5-15: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Destination Port Tab (Create Mode)
Figure 5-16: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID Tab (Create Mode)
Figure 5-17: The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - Service Profile Config Tab (Create Mode) 203
Figure 5-18: The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - Service Flow Tab (Create Mode)204
Figure 5-19: The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - UL Reference Classification Rule Tab (Create Mode)





Figure 5-23: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - General Def Tab
Figure 5-24: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - RF Tab216
Figure 5-25: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - Base Band Tab
Figure 5-26: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure Tab
Figure 5-27: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - Triggers Tab
Figure 5-28: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Ranging Tab
Figure 5-29: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Feedback Allocations Tab225
Figure 5-30: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Power Control Tab
Figure 5-31: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Beam Forming Tab
Figure 5-32: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Management Tab
Figure 5-33: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - QoS Tab
Figure 5-34: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Bearer Tab
Figure 5-35: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - ASNGW Pools Tab
Figure 5-36: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Authentication Tab234
Figure 5-37: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Control Traffic QoS Rules Tab235
Figure 5-38: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Bearer Traffic QoS Rules Tab (Create Mode)
Figure 5-39: The Management Template - SNMP Managers Page - SNMP Managers Tab238
Figure 5-40: The Management Template - SNMP Managers Page - SNMP Trap Managers Tab240
Figure 5-41: The Management Template - Performance Page - Connectivity/ASN-GW Counters Tab 241
Figure 5-42: The Management Template - Logging Page - NPU Logging Tab242
Figure 5-43: The Management Template - Logging Page - Log severity Tab
Figure 5-44: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - NPU System Management Tab245
Figure 5-45: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - AU Control Tab (Macro BTS)247
Figure 5-46: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - AU Control Tab (Micro BTS)
Figure 5-47: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) Tab (Macro BTS)

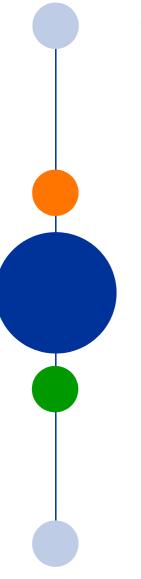


249



Figure 6-1: Specific Parameters File - Example 1	264
Figure 6-2: Specific Parameters File - Example 2	265
Figure 6-3: Specific Parameters File - Example 3	266
Figure 6-4: Mass Configuration Wizard - Number of BSs Mismatch Message	268
Figure 6-5: Mass Configuration Wizard - Invalid Unique Parameters Message	268
Figure 7-1: The Performance Monitoring Viewer	271
Figure 8-1: Performance Collection Task Editor - General Tab	289
Figure 8-2: Performance Collection Task Editor - Entities Tab	290
Figure 8-3: Performance Collection Task Editor - Actions Tab	291
Figure 8-4: Backup Task Editor	293
Figure 8-5: Restore Task Editor	296
Figure 8-6: Software Upgrade Task Editor - BTS Software Upgrade	299
Figure 8-7: Software Upgrade Task Editor - AU Software Upgrade	301
Figure 8-8: File Data Aging Task Editor	304
Figure 8-9: CLI Task Editor	305
Figure 8-10: Mutual Neighboring Task Window	
Figure 8-11: Mutual Neighboring Task Report	310
Figure 8-12: Configuration History Backup and Aging Task Editor	311
Figure 9-1: BTS File Manager	313





Chapter 1 - Enabling Discovery

For general details on discovering devices, refer to the relevant sections in the Management System Manual. The SNMP agent in the devices supports SNMP v2c.

To allow remote management of the site and to enable discovery by the management system, some basic parameters must be configured locally using CLI via the MON port of the equipment.

Refer to the equipment System Manual for information on how to access the CLI either via the MON port or via Telnet and how to use it.

The following configuration steps describe the minimum mandatory configuration actions required:

Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini-Centralized ASN-GW

1 Clear Previous Configuration:

Clear existing site configuration (must be executed for "used" NPUs): Restore to factory default and reboot using the following command:

npu# restore-factory-default

2 Connectivity Mode:

The connectivity mode determines how traffic is to be routed between the NPU and the BSs, AAA server and external Management System servers.

The default connectivity mode is In-Band (IB) via the Data port. Alternatively, the NPU can be managed Out-Of-Band (OOB) via the dedicated Management port. In Unified mode the bearer IP domain and external management IP domain (via the Data port) are unified.

To view the current and configured connectivity mode, use the command: npu# show connectivity mode

To change the connectivity mode to Out-Of-Band, use the command: npu(config)# connectivity mode outband.

3 VLANs Translation (In-Band Connectivity Mode):

The Data port operates in VLAN-aware bridging mode (tagged-trunk mode). The values configured for VLAN ID(s) used on this port are the VLAN IDs used internally. These are the VLAN ID for the bearer IP interface (the default is 11) and, in In-Band Connectivity mode, the VLAN ID of the external-management IP interface (the default is 12).

When using In-Band connectivity via the Data port, if the value of the VLAN ID used for management in the backbone differs from the value configured for the external-management interface, the external-management VLAN ID should be translated accordingly. It is recommended to configure also VLAN translation for the bearer interface.

To enable VLAN translation and configure the required VLANs translation, run the following commands (the examples are for backhaul Data VLAN ID 30 and Management VLAN ID 31, assuming the default VLAN IDs for external-management and bearer interfaces):

- a Enable the Data port configuration mode: npu(config)# interface gigabitethernet 0/10
- **b** Enable VLAN translation: npu(config-if)# vlan mapping enable



- **C** Translate data VLAN 11 to the backhaul data VLAN 30: npu(config-if)# vlan mapping 11 30
- **d** Translate management VLAN 12 to the backhaul management VLAN 31: npu(config-if)# vlan mapping 12 31
- **e** Exit the interface configuration mode: npu(config-if) exit
- **f** To view the VLAN mapping parameters, run the command: npu# show interface gigabitethernet 0/10 vlan mapping

4 External Management Interface:

To configure the necessary parameters of the External Management interface used for connectivity with the EMS system and Local CRAFT Utility, run the following commands:

- a Enable the External Management interface configuration mode: npu(config)# interface external-mgmt
- **b** Configure the IP address (x.x.x.x) and subnet mask (y.y.y.y): npu(config-if)# ip address x.x.x.x y.y.y.y
- **C** Exit the interface configuration mode: npu(config-if) exit

5 Apply Changes in Site Connectivity Configuration:

The system must be reset to apply the changes: npu# reset

6 Static Route Definition:

Static Route must be configured whenever the EMS server and the NPU are on different subnets.

Run the following command: npu(config)# "ip route x.x.x.x y.y.y.y z.z.z.z" (x.x.x.x y.y.y.y is the network segment of the EMS server, z.z.z.z is the next-hop IP address that should be in the segment of the external-management interface.

7 SNMP and Trap Managers Definition"

To define the communities to be used by the SNMP manager, run the command: npu(config)# snmp-mgr ReadCommunity public ReadWriteCommunity private

For proper operation of the manager you should configure also the Trap Manager parameters and enable sending traps to the defined Trap Manager:

- a npu(config)# trap-mgr ip-source x.x.x.x port 162 TrapCommunity public (x.x.x.x is the IP address of the EMS server).
- **b** npu(config)# trap-mgr enable ip-source x.x.x.x

Note that if the management system is behind a NAT router, the NAT Outside IP address (the IP of the router's interface connected in the direction of the managed device LAN) must be defined in the device as a Trap Manager, with traps sending enabled. In the NAT router, Port Forwarding (NAT Traversal) must be configured for UDP and TCP ports 161 and 162 from Outside IP (connected to the managed device's LAN) to Inside IP (connected to the management system's LAN).

8 Site ID Definition:



To define the site ID (BTS Number): npu(config)# site identifier x (x is the unique site identifier, a number in the range from 1 to 999999)

9 Save and Apply

To save the configuration run the command: npu# write (otherwise, after the next time reset you will lose the configuration changes).

To apply the new configuration run the command npu# reset.

Micro Outdoor BTS

1 Clear Previous Configuration:

Clear existing site configuration (must be executed for "used" units):

In the Main menu of the Monitor program, select: BTS>Unit Control>Shutdown Operation>updateParam and select the resettoFactoryDefault option.

2 Configuring the Site Number:

In the Main menu of the Monitor program, select BTS>General>update>BTS Number and configure the BTS number. The BTS Number must be unique in the managed network.

3 Configuring the Management Interface Parameters:

Select BTS>Connectivity>Management Interface>updateParam. You will be prompted to configure the following parameters (for some parameters you may just press Enter to keep the default value):

- » VLAN ID (default 12)
- » Source IP Address (a unique IP address must be defined)
- » IP Subnet Mask (default 255.255.255.0)
- » 802.1P Priority (default 0)
- » DSCP (default 0)
- » Next Hop Gateway (a valid value in the subnet of the Source IP Address must be defined)

4 Configuring the L1 & L2 Parameters (if necessary):

The default Auto Negotiation mode is Auto. If manual setting of physical interface parameters is required, select BTS>Connectivity>L1 & L2>updateParam. You will be prompted to configure the Auto Negotiation parameter. The following parameters are applicable only if Manual mode was selected.

- » Port Speed (default is 1000 Mbps. Available options are 10, 100, 1000 Mbps)
- » Duplex Mode (default is Full Duplex. Available options are Half Duplex, Full Duplex).

5 Configuring the SNMP Manager:

An SNMP Manager comprises a pair of SNMP Communities (Read Community and Write Community). A management station is permitted to manage the BTS using SNMP only if it uses a pair



of SNMP Communities configured as an Authorized Manager in the device. To define an Authorized Manager select BTS>Management>Authorized Managers>add. You will be prompted to define the following parameters for each manager:

- » Manager Number (a unique number from 1 to 5)
- » Community Read Only
- » Community Read & Write

At this stage it is recommended to also define the management station as a Trap Manager. Select BTS>Management>SNMP Traps Managers>add. You will be prompted to define the following parameters for each manager:

- » IP Address (the IP address of the EMS station).
- Port Number (the port number on which the Trap Manager will listen for messages from the agent. The port on which the management system listens for traps is 162).
- » Community (the name of the SNMP Read Community used by the Trap Manager).
- » Enable Traps Distribution (select enable to enable sending traps to the management station).

6 Applying the Configuration:

To apply the changes, reset the unit (select BTS>Unit Control>Shutdown operation>updateParam and select the reset option).

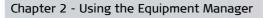
After the unit reboots, it should be manageable from remote by the EMS station. At this point you may configure additional parameters required for activating the unit using either a management system or continue using the Monitor program.



Chapter 2 - Using the Equipment Manager

In This Chapter:

- "The Equipment Manager" on page 7
- Configuration History Request and Report" on page 8



2.1 The Equipment Manager

For general details on using the Equipment Manager, refer to the relevant section in the Management System Manual that covers all details and features common to all product types.

This Chapter covers some features of the Equipment Manager for the specific product type that may not be applicable for all product types:

- When selecting the applicable device family in the View option, the display includes for each BTS the BTS Number. This is the BTS Number parameter configured in the device. Applicable only for devices with Operational State of Enabled or devices that were reached previously. For details on the BTS Number parameter refer to "Site General Tab" on page 22 (Properties section).
- **2** The available management options (right-click) includes the following options that may not be available for other product types:

Option	Description
Performance	Opens the Performance Monitoring Viewer for the selected device. Not available if two or more devices are selected or if the Operational State of the selected device is other than Enabled. For more details refer to "The Performance Monitoring Viewer" on page 270.
Multiple Configuration	Opens the template-based Multiple Configuration Task, allowing simultaneous configuration of several devices. The selected devices are automatically included in the Equipment tab of the Multiple Config task. Refer to Multiple Configuration (Template Based) Task in the Infrastructure User Manual.
Backup Configuration	Opens a Configuration Backup Task for the selected device(s). Available only if the Operational State of all selected devices is Enabled. Refer to "Backup Configuration Task" on page 292.
Configuration History	Opens the Configuration History Request window for the selected device. Not available if two or more devices are selected. For more details refer to "Configuration History Request and Report" on page 8.



2.2 Configuration History Request and Report

The Configuration History Request window enables defining the time interval and filtering parameters for a Configuration History Report detailing the relevant changes in the configuration of a selected device.



To open the Configuration History Request window:

In the Equipment Manager, select the relevant device, right click on the entry and select the Configuration History option in the pop-up window. The Configuration History Request window opens:

🛃 Configuration History Request	- 🗆	×
Configuration History Request		
Interval Start Date 16:24:58 2011-09-22 End Date 17:24:58 2011-09-22		
Filter SYSTEM logs Summarized Report	🗶 Cano	:el

Figure 2-1: The Configuration History Request

In the Interval section, select Start Date and End Date for the report.

Select the **Filter SYSTEM Logs** to include in the report only changes made by users of the same NMS system. De-select this option to include also all changes made by the system. These includes changes initiated by the device itself (as a response to various events), changes made via Telnet/SNMP. and changes made using other NMS servers. The default is selected (checked).

Select **Summarized Report** to show in the report only the changes betweem the requested Start Date and End Date. For example, if a certain parameter was modified more than once during the specified interval, only a single change entry will be provided, indicating the last relevant change (the value in Changed From will be the value at Start Date). If following any series of changes the status of a ceraing parameter at End Date is the same as in Start Date, no change will be indicated in the report. De-select the **Summarized Report** option to include in the report all changes history. The default is de-selected (unchecked).

Click on the **OK** button to generate the requested report.



Group	Instance	Parameter	Operation	Changed From	Changed To	Changed By	Changed At	Configuration Secti	
ACL Table	98	- Parameter	DEL	- Changeu Prom	- Changed To		15:53:23 2011-09-21	Go To Section	201
ACL Table	186	-	DEL		-		15:53:23 2011-09-21		
ACL Table	1	ACL Name	MOD		1	SYSTEM	15:53:23 2011-09-21	Go To Section	
ACL Table	1	ACL Applicable Interfaces	MOD	00 00 40 00	00:00:40:00		15:53:23 2011-09-21		
ACL Table	1	ACL Active State	MOD		Activate				
ACL Table	199	ACL Name	MOD		199				
ACL Table	199	ACL Applicable Interfaces	MOD		00:00:00:00	SYSTEM			
ACL Table	199	ACL Active State	MOD		Activate	SYSTEM	15:53:23 2011-09-21	Go To Section	
WmBckhlPortVlanTranslationEnbl	0	-	ADD	-	-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	Go To Section	
AAA Access	0	-	ADD	•	-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	Co To Section	
Marking Actions	1	-	ADD		-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	Do To Section	
Marking Actions	5	-	ADD	-	-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
Marking Actions	2	-	ADD	-	-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	Co To Section	
Marking Actions	3	-	ADD		-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
Marking Actions	4	-	ADD		-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	Do To Section	
Marking Actions	4	Flag	MOD		DSCP & Priority	SYSTEM	15:53:22 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
Marking Actions	3	Flag	MOD		DSCP & Priority	SYSTEM	15:53:22 2011-09-21	Co To Section	
Marking Actions	2	Flag	MOD		DSCP & Priority	SYSTEM	15:53:22 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
Marking Actions	1	Flag	MOD		DSCP & Priority	SYSTEM	15:53:22 2011-09-21	Do To Section	
Marking Actions	5	Flag	MOD		DSCP & Priority	SYSTEM	15:53:22 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
SNMP Managers	1	-	ADD	-	-	SYSTEM	15:53:23 2011-09-21	Co To Section	
BS Scheduler	66362	-	ADD		-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
BS Scheduler	66368	-	ADD	-	-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	Do To Section	
BS Scheduler	66367	-	ADD	-	-	SYSTEM	12:58:19 2011-09-21	D Go To Section	
BS Scheduler	66367	bsSchDIAbPrLvI	MOD		1	SYSTEM	13:59:59 2011-09-21	Go To Section	

Figure 2-2: The Configuration History Report

The Configuration History Report title includes identification details:

- BTS Name
- BTS Number
- Address (IP address used for management)
- Interval of the report (From-To)

For each change included in the report the following details are provided:

Parameter	Description
Group	The type of entity that was changed.
Instance	Identification of the specific entity that was changed.
Parameter	The specific parameter that was changed (applicable only for MOD operation).
Operation	Type of change: ADD, DEL (Delete), MOD (Modify).
Changed From	The value of the parameter before the change (applicable only for MOD operation). In a Summarized Report this is the value at the Start Date of the report.
Changed To	The value of the parameter after the change (applicable only for MOD operation). In a Summarized Report this is the value after the last change to the parameter during the report's interval.
Changed By	The user that made the change. In a Summarized Report this is the user that made the last change to the relevant parameter.



Parameter	Description
Changed At	Time and date of the change. In a Summarized Report this is the time and date of the last change to the relevant parameter.
Configuration Section	A Go To section cut-through link to the relevant configuration page in the Device Manager (or to the general Site page if there is no configuration page for the Group).

Double-click on an entry to open a Record Data window providing all configuration details of the relevant Group's Instance.

You can use the **Filter** option to view only changes associated with a specific group (entity type). Type a string of characters to filter the list on the fly. Only Groups that include the entered string will be displayed.

To export the report as a CSV file, click on the **Export** button to open the Export dialog box, allowing you to define file name and location.



Chapter 3 - Managing a Single Device



This Chapter describes the Device Manager for the BTS equipment (Indoor and Outdoor) and for the Mini-Centralized ASN-GW. Appropriate note will indicate pages or parameters that are applicable not applicable for all device types.

In This Chapter:

- "Using the Device Manager" on page 12
- "Introduction to Device Management" on page 15
- "Equipment View Page for Macro BTS Equipment" on page 17
- Site Page" on page 22
- "Connectivity" on page 28
- "SNMP Managers Tab" on page 48
- "Equipment" on page 61
- "ASN-GW" on page 90
- "BS" on page 125
- Site Sector" on page 158



3.1 Using the Device Manager

- "Introduction to the Device Manager" on page 12
- "The Device Manager Components" on page 12
- "Common Control Buttons" on page 13
- "Working with Configuration Tables" on page 13

3.1.1 Introduction to the Device Manager

The Device Manager enables managing a single device and its components (if applicable).



To open the Device Manager for a selected device:

In the Equipment Manager, double-click on the selected entity, or select it and click on the **Configure** button, or right-click on it and select the **Configure** option in the pop-up window. The Device Manager for the selected entity opens, displaying the main page for the device.

3.1.2 The Device Manager Components

on 10.10.141.156 - Co	orniguning Equipment		tle Bar			- 8
0 5	Site 🔶	Page	Name			
ite						
onnectivity						
quipment	General Dry Contact	← Tai	b Selectio	1		
SN-GW			s serectio	•		
5	Input Alarm					
tor	Input Number	Name	Send Alarm	Blocking		
		ternal Equipment .		no		
		ternal Equipment .		no		
		ternal Equipment .		no		
		ternal Equipment .		no		
		ternal Equipment .		no		
		ternal Equipment .		no		
ation		ternal Equipment		no		
	B EX	ternal Equipment .	Close	no		
ne						
:	Output Alarm					
:	Output Number	1	lame	State		
	1		off			
	2		off			
	3		off			
	-					
				Selected		
				Selecteu		
				D		
				Page		
				0		
			Control	Duttons		
	🚯 💿 <		Control	Dutions ——		🔗 Refresh 🛛 🖌 App
– Status				Progress 1	Bar .	
- status				TTOELCOS .		

Figure 3-1: The Device Manager Components (Indoor BTS)

The Device Manager window comprises the following components:



Component	Description
Title Bar	Identifies the managed device's name. It also includes standard icons for minimizing, maximizing or closing the Device Manager.
Page Name	The name of the current page.
Navigation Pane	Displays all configuration/information pages and enables opening a selected page by clicking on it.
Tab Selection	Enables selection among tabs in pages with two or more tabs.
Selected Page	The selected page. Enables viewing/managing the applicable parameters
Status Bar	Indicates the status of the current operation, and displays a progress bar when applicable.

3.1.3 Common Control Buttons

The following buttons are common to most configuration/information pages.

Button	Description
1 Help	Opens the Help Navigator and Help Topic Window for the page.
Refresh from Device	Updates the information displayed in the page according to current values acquired from the device
Refresh	Updates the information displayed in the page according to current values acquired from the database
Apply	Implements the modifications to the configuration of the device. Exiting the Device Manager or switching to another page without applying discards the changes.
	This button is not available in information pages that display read-only details and do not include any configurable parameters.

3.1.4 Working with Configuration Tables

In some pages, tables are used for displaying information and for configuring and managing multiple entities of the same type.

Grayed-out cells are read-only.



To modify the configuration of an existing entity:



Double-click on the applicable cell: In a text-cell, edit the content. In some cells a drop-down menu will open, enabling selection of the required option. Click on any other cell to apply the change to the selected cell. At this stage the change is applied only to the display, and the displayed parameters of the modified entry are colored blue. The change is applied to the device only after clicking on the **Apply** button.

To add a new entity (if applicable):

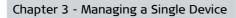
Click on the **Add** button. A new row will be added. Some parameters may be set to their default values, allowing (if applicable) modification to other values. Configure the required parameters. At this stage the change is applied only to the display, and the displayed parameters of the new entry are colored green. The change is applied to the device only after clicking on the **Apply** button.



To delete one or several entities (if applicable):

Select the entities you want to delete and click on the **Delete** button. At this stage the change is applied only to the display, and the displayed parameters of the entries to be deleted are colored red. The change is applied to the device only after clicking on the **Apply** button.

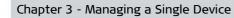




3.2 Introduction to Device Management

The tree menu in the navigation pane of the Device Manager window enables selecting the following view and configuration pages:

- "Equipment View Page" on page 17
- Site Page" on page 22
- Connectivity:
 - » "L1/L2 Connectivity Page" on page 28
 - » "Management Page" on page 33
 - » "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55
 - » "Keep Alive Page" on page 57
 - » "ASN-GW Pools Page" on page 59
- Equipment:
 - » Shelf:
 - ◊ "Power Supply Page" on page 61
 - ♦ "NPU Page" on page 62
 - ◊ "AU" on page 65 with an AU <Type and Slot #> Page for each created AU.
 - » External:
 - "ODU" on page 71 (Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS) with an ODU <#> Page for each created ODU, or "Radio" on page 75 (Micro Outdoor BTS) with Radio 1 and Radio 2 pagesODU <#> Page.
 - ♦ "GPS Page" on page 78
 - ◊ "Power Feeder Page" on page 84
 - ♦ "Antenna Page" on page 86
- ASN-GW:
 - » "AAA Page" on page 90
 - » "Service Group Page" on page 92
 - » "QoS Marking Page" on page 107
 - » "Hot Lining Page" on page 110
 - » "SFA Page" on page 113



BS node, with the following per each BS sub-node:

- » Radio
 - ♦ "Radio Basic Page" on page 130
 - ♦ "Radio Advanced Page" on page 146
- » R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page
- "Site Sector" on page 158 Node, with a Site Sector <#> Page for each created sector.





3.3 Equipment View Page

The Equipment View page is applicable for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

Equipment View Page for Macro BTS Equipment

Equipment View Page for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW

3.3.1 Equipment View Page for Macro BTS Equipment

The Equipment View page provides a graphical view of the current status of the Macro BTS's components. The display is refreshed every 15 seconds.

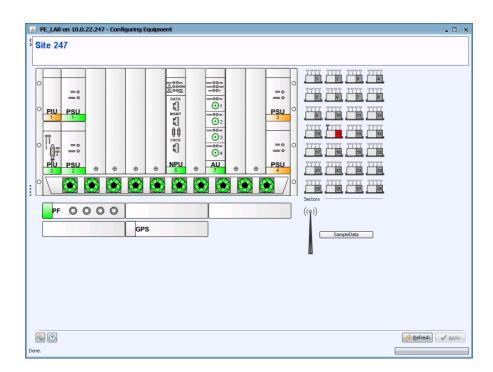


Figure 3-2: Equipment View Page, Macro Indoor BTS

The Equipment View for Macro BTS page includes the following components:

- Chassis View (Macro Indoor BTS) or Components View (Macro Outdoor BTS), according to the type of the managed device.
- Outdoor Units View
- Sectors View
- External Devices View



3.3.1.1 Chassis View (Macro Indoor BTS)

The Chassis view is a graphical display of the BTS, showing the installed components and their status. Each of the installed modules (NPU, AUs, PIUs, PSUs) and the 10 fans of the AVU module is marked in a color according to the highest severity open alarm. Green indicates that there are no alarms on the component.

The following information and actions are available:

- PIUs/PSUs: If the module is installed, the background color of its number indicates its highest severity open alarm. Green indicates that there are no alarms on the component. If the module is defined as Required (refer to "Power Supply Page" on page 61) but is not installed, the background color is yellow. Double-click on an installed or a required but not installed module to open the Power Supply configuration page (refer to "Power Supply Page" on page 61).
- Double-click on the NPU module to open the NPU page (refer to "NPU Page" on page 62).
- In an installed AU, the background color of its number indicates its highest severity open alarm. Green indicates that there are no alarms on the component. If the module is defined as Required (refer to "Card Properties" on page 63) but is not installed, the background color is orange. If a module is installed but not defined yet, the background color is purple. Double-click on an installed or a required but not installed AU to open the configuration page for the selected AU (refer to "AU <Type and Slot #> Page" on page 67).
- In an installed AU, each of the ODU connectors (channels) are marked as follows:
 - » Green: The ODU port is Up (no fault) and the ODU port is set to No Shutdown.
 - » Red: The ODU port is Down (fault) or the ODU port is set to Shutdown.
- Double-click on an "empty" AU module to open the New AU dialog box, allowing you to define the properties of the AU required for the slot. Refer to "Creating/Deleting an AU" on page 65 for more details.
- Click on an installed AU port to view relevant associations (if applicable): A blue background will be added to the selected AU Port as well as to the ODU and Site Sector associated with it.





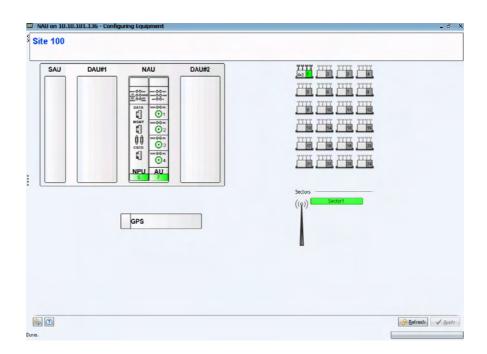


Figure 3-3: Site View Page, Macro Outdoor BTS (with a 4-channels AU)

The components view is a graphical display of the BTS, showing the installed components and their status. Each of the installed modules (NPU, AUs) is marked in a color according to the highest severity open alarm. Green indicates that there are no alarms on the component.

The following information and actions are available:

Double-click on the NPU module to open the NPU page (refer to "NPU Page" on page 62).

In an installed AU, the background color of its number indicates its highest severity open alarm. Green indicates that there are no alarms on the component. If the module is defined as Required (refer to "Card Properties" on page 63) but is not installed, the background color is orange. If an AU is installed but not defined yet, the background color is purple. Double-click on an installed or a required but not installed AU to open the configuration page for the selected AU (refer to "AU <Type and Slot #> Page" on page 67).

- In an installed AU, there are either four (4-channels AU) or two (2-channels AU) ODU connectors (channels) that are marked as follows:
 - » Green: The ODU port is Up (no fault) and the ODU port is set to No Shutdown.
 - » Red: The ODU port is Down (fault) or the ODU port is set to Shutdown.
- Double-click on an "empty" AU module to open the New AU dialog box, allowing you to define the properties of the AU required for the slot. Refer to "Creating/Deleting an AU" on page 65 for more details.





Click on an installed AU port to view relevant associations (if applicable): A blue background will be added to the selected AU Port as well as to the ODU and Site Sector associated with it.

3.3.1.3 Outdoor Units View

The Outdoor Units view shows the ODU icons all the Outdoor Units (up to 28 for Macro Indoor BTS, up to 24 for Macro Outdoor BTS) that can be defined. An undefined ODU is marked in gray. A defined ODU is marked in either green or red, indicating its operational status. Note that the operational status of an ODU can be OK (Up) only if there are no alarms. If you create an ODU and do not associate it (see "Site Sector <#> Page" on page 158), it will be marked in green, however it will not be operational.

If the ODU exists and is associated (meaning that it is reachable), its ports configuration (1x1 or 4x2) will be indicated on the left side.

Click on an associated ODU's icon to view relevant associations: A blue background will be added to the selected ODU as well as to the AU ODU connectors (AU channels) and Site Sector associated with it.

Double-click on any of the defined ODUs to open the specific ODU configuration page.

3.3.1.4 Sectors View

The Sectors view shows text boxes for the defined Site Sectors. The name of a defined Sector is displayed in the relevant area. Note that the name can also be an empty string (null). It is recommended to define a Sector Name for all defined sectors to provide clear distinction between site sectors.

Click on a Sector's text box to view relevant associations: A blue background will be added to the selected Sector as well as to the ODU(s) and AU channel(s) associated with it (if applicable).

Double-click on any of the Site Sectors to open the specific site sector configuration page.

3.3.1.5 External Devices View

The External Devices View (below the Chassis View) displays information related to external devices connected to the BTS. In the current release the applicable devices are GPS and, if defined, Power Feeder(s). Power Feeders are not applicable for a Macro Outdoor BTS.

The GPS indication includes the status of the signal received from the GPS equipment. If GPS is not configured the GPS status indication is marked gray.

Double-click on the GPS status indication to open the GPS configuration page (refer to "GPS Page" on page 78).

The status indication of a defined Power Feeder (PF) is always green. Double-click on the Power Feeder status indication to open the Power Feeder configuration page (refer to "Power Feeder Page" on page 84)

3.3.2 Equipment View Page for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW

The Equipment View page provides a graphical view of the current status of the Mini-Centralized ASN-GW. The display is refreshed every 15 seconds.

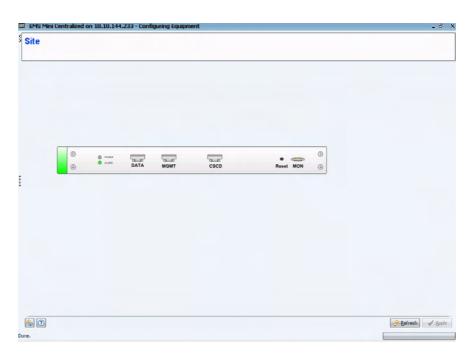


Figure 3-4: Equipment View Page, Mini-Centralized ASN-GW

The Mini-Centralized ASN-GW view shows the Mini-Centralized ASN-GW device. The color marking on the left side is according to the highest severity open alarm. Green indicates that there are no alarms on the device.

Double-click on the device's drawing to open the NPU page (refer to "NPU Page" on page 62).





The Site page enables defining general site properties, such as the site location, date and time, and ASN Topology settings, as well as the use of input and output alarms, time synchronization, and clock source settings.

The Site page comprises the following tabs:

- Site General Tab
- Site Dry Contact Tab (applicable only for Macro Indoor BTSs)

3.4.1 Site General Tab

The General tab enables viewing/editing the general site properties. For BTS equipment it also enables viewing/editing the ASN Topology.

EMS_after_offline on 1	0.10.144.35 - Configuring Equ	upment	- đ
Site			
General Dry Contact			
Properties		ASN Topology	
BTS Number	233	Current	
BTS Name	EMS_alter_offline	Distributed ASN-GW	
BTS Location	address1	Centralcad ASN-GW	
Product Type	BMAX-4M Magro	Configured	
Location in Site and Rack	hehehe	Distributed ASN-GW	
Contact Person	JeeN	Centralized ASN-GW	
Location			
Latitude 00 . 000	N 🗸 deg		
Longtude 000 . 000	E w deg		
congrade 000 . 000	Le lo deg		
Aktude 0	(m)		
6 0			😸 Befresh 🖉 🖌 Appl
e.			

Figure 3-5: Site Page - General Tab (BTS)

The General tab includes the following sections:

- Properties
- ASN Topology (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)
- Location (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)

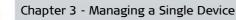
3.4.1.1 Properties

The Properties section includes the following parameters:

п

Parameter	Description
BTS Number	The ID number of the device. The BTS Number (Site ID) is used by the management system as identifier of the device and must be unique in the managed network.
	The range is from 0 to 999999. The default value 0 is not a valid BTS Number: it indicates that the BTS Number was not configured and a valid BTS Number must be configured. A BTS with Site Number 0 will not be discovered by the management system.
	Since the BTS Number is used by the management system to identify the device, it is highly recommended not to modify it. If necessary, you must follow the BTS Number Change process described below.
BTS Name	The name of the device. An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 32 characters.
BTS Location	The location of the device (e.g., 21 Main Street, 2nd Floor). An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 70 characters.
Product Type	A read-only description of the product type.
Location in Site and Rack	An optional description of the physical location of the device in the site/rack.
	A string of up to 32 characters.
Contact Person	The name of the site contact person. An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 32 characters.





NOTE!

BTS Number (Site ID) Change Process:

- 1 Change the BTS Number (Site ID) using either the management system or CLI. If you are using CLI, run the command npu(config)# site identifier <site id <0-999999>> and save the new configuration using the command npu# write.
- 2 Restart the site (NPU) to apply the change. This will clean the active alarms and the Performance Monitoring files with the old BTS Number (ID) from the database of the NPU].
- 3 Delete "old" site from the database of the management system (In the Equipment Manager select the BTS and click Delete).
- 4 The management system will automatically close all open alarms, remove the old BTS Number (ID) from all the tasks such as Performance Collection, Backup Configuration and, Keep Alive. It will also stop processing new alarms form this "old" site.
- 5 The user should perform manual discovery of the "new" device with the old IP address (which now doesn't exist in the database of the management system). After discovery the management system will initiate full synchronization as for any new device.
- 6 The management system will add this new device to all network-wide tasks such as keep-alive.
- 7 Regarding user-initiated tasks such as Performance Collection and Backup Configuration, the user should manually modify and add this device to the existing tasks.

3.4.1.2 ASN Topology

The ASN Topology section includes the Current and Configured options of the ASN Topology parameter:

- Distributed ASN-GW: In this mode, the NPU implements ASN-GW functionalities, that is, it implements R3 Reference Point (RP) towards the CSN, R4 reference point toward other ASN-GWs, and R6 reference point toward AU/BSs. The R8 reference point traffic is transparently relayed between AU/BSs (intra- or inter-shelf).
- Centralized ASN-GW: In this mode, the NPU transparently relays R6 and R8 reference-point traffic between AU/BSs (intra- or inter-shelf).

The ASN Topology parameter is not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW that operates always in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Micro Outdoor BTS that operated always in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology.

NOTE!

A change in ASN Topology will take effect after next reset.

3.4.1.3 Location

Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

The Location section in the Site page includes the following read-only parameters:



Parameter	Description
Longitude	The longitude of the site. The format is III.mmm,a: III.is longitude in degrees (between 000 to 179); mmm is in minutes (between 000 and 999); a - is E (east) or W (west).
Latitude	The latitude of the site. The format is ll.mmm,a: ll.is latitude in degrees (between 00 to 89); mmm is in minutes (between 000 and 999); a - is N (north) or S (south).
Altitude	The altitude in meters of the site. The Altitude is in meters, from -300.0 to 9000.0.

The Location parameters are configurable in the GPS page (see "Location" on page 82) for devices with GPS Type set to None. Otherwise the values are calculated by the GPS receiver.

3.4.2 Site Dry Contact Tab

The Dry Contact tab is applicable only for Macro Indoor BTSs.

The Dry Contact tab enables defining the use of input and output alarms.

te				
neral Dry Conta	t			
nput Alarm				
Input Number	Name	Send Alarm	Blocking	
	External Equipment	Close	no	
	External Equipment	Close	no	
	External Equipment		no	
	External Equipment		no	
	External Equipment	Close	no	
	External Equipment		no	
	External Equipment	Close	no	
	External Equipment	Close	no	
Output Alarm Output Num	ber N	ame	State	
Output Num	ber N	ame off off off	State	
Output Num	ber N	off	State	
	ber N	off	246	

Figure 3-6: Site Page - Dry Content Tab

The Dry Contact tab includes the following sections:

Inputs Alarm

Output Alarm





3.4.2.1 Inputs Alarm

Dry-contact input alarms are external devices that are connected to the BTS unit, and notify the system when there is a change in external conditions.

The Inputs Alarm table includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Input Number	The Input Alarm Number (1-8). Refer to the table below for details on the mapping of Input Alarm Numbers to pins in the ALRM-IN connector.
Name	The name of the input alarm. Double-click on an entry to open the drop-down selection menu with the following options:
	Commercial Power Failure
	Fire
	Enclosure Door Open
	High Temperature
	Flood
	Low Fuel
	Low Battery Threshold
	Generator Failure
	Intrusion Detection
	External Equipment Failure
	The default for all 8 Input Alarms is External Equipment Failure
Send Alarm	Defines the contacts condition for activating the alarm: Close or Open.
	The default for all 8 Input Alarms is Closed.
Blocking	Indicates whether or not blocking is applied for the input alarm (yes or no). If blocking is applied alarm will not be generated regardless of the status of the input. Double-click on an entry to open the drop-down selection menu with the yes and no options.
	The default for all 8 Input Alarms is no.

The mapping of the ALRM-IN connector's pins to alarms is:

Pin Number	Alarm Number
3 and 15	1
4 and 16	2
1 and 17	3



Pin Number	Alarm Number
6 and 18	4
7 and 19	5
8 and 20	6
9 and 21	7
10 and 22	8

3.4.2.2 Output Alarm

Dry-contact output alarms can be raised/cleared by the user to notify an external device connected to the unit.

The Outputs Alarm table includes the following parameters:

Description
The Output Alarm Number (1-3). Refer to the table below for details on the mapping of Output Alarm Numbers to pins in the ALRM-OUT connector
The name of the output alarm. A descriptive string of up to 256 characters.
Indicates the state of the output alarm (On or Off). Double-click on an entry to open the drop-down selection menu with the on and off options. The default for all 3 Output Alarms is off.

The mapping of the ALRM-OUT connector's pins to alarms is:

Pin Number	Corresponding Alarm Number
1(FIX) - 2(N.C) - 14(N.O)	1
11(FIX)- 12(N.C) - 13(N.O)	2
23(FIX) - 24(N.C) - 25(N.O)	3



3.5 Connectivity

The Connectivity node includes five pages:

- L1/L2 Connectivity Page
- Management Page
- ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page
- Keep Alive Page
- ASN-GW Pools Page

3.5.1 L1/L2 Connectivity Page

The L1/L2 Connectivity page enables viewing/modifying defining the various aspects of site connectivity, such as the parameters of Ethernet ports, VLAN IDs, and External Ether Type.

This section includes:

- L1/L2 Connectivity Page for Macro BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
- L1/L2 Connectivity Page for Micro Outdoor BTS

3.5.1.1 L1/L2 Connectivity Page for Macro BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW

	00.2 - Configuring Equip	oment		- 0
L1/L2 Conne	ectivity			
Backhaul Port		Management Port		
Operational State	Unlock	Operational State	lock	
Administrative State	Unlock 🗸	Administrative State	lock 🗸	
Negotiation	Auto 🗸	Negotiation	to 🖌	
Port Speed (Mbps)	100 🛩	Port Speed (Mbps)	0 🗸	
Duplex Mode	Full Duplex 🗸	Duplex Mode F	I Duplex 🐱	
Bearer VLAN ID	12	External VLAN ID		
Negotiation Port Speed (Mbps) Duplex Mode -Backhaul Vian Transla	Lock V Auto V 10 V Half Duplex V			
VLAN ID	Changed to			
۹				😚 Befresh 🖌 🖌 App
ю.				

Figure 3-7: L1/L2 Connectivity Page (Macro Indoor BTS)

The L1/L2 Connectivity tab includes the following sections:



- Backhaul Port
- Cascade Port
- Management Port
- External Ether Type
- AU Maintenance VLAN ID
- Backhaul VLAN Translation

3.5.1.1.1 Backhaul Port

The Backhaul Port section includes the following parameters of the backhaul (DATA) Ethernet port :

Parameter	Description
Operational State	Read-only. The operational status of the Ethernet port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down).
Administrative State	The administrative status of the port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down). Configurable only if Connectivity Mode (see Section 3.5.2.1.1.1) is set to Out Of Band. The default is Unlock (Up).
Negotiation	The mode for negotiating the port speed and the duplex (half or full) status with the link partner.
	The options are Auto and Manual. The default is Auto.
Port Speed	The port speed to be used for the physical interface. Configurable only if Negotiation is set to Manual.
	The available options are 10, 100 and 1000 (Mbps). The default is 100 Mbps.
Duplex Mode	The duplex status for the interface (Full-Duplex or Half Duplex). The default is Full Duplex. Configurable only if Negotiation is set to Manual and Port Speed is not set to 1000. If Port Speed is set to 1000 Duplex Mode is set to Full Duplex.
Bearer VLAN ID	The VLAN ID of the bearer interface used for enabling bearer IP domain connectivity. When the Unified connectivity mode is selected, the NMS server is also connected using the bearer interface.
	The available range is 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 11. Configurable only in a Macro BTS operating in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology (see Section 3.4.1.2). In a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW and a Macro BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology, this parameter is configurable in the ASN-GW Bearer Interface page (see "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55).
	If the value is other than the default (11), it will be indicated in the Backhaul VLAN Translation table.







3.5.1.1.2 Cascade Port

The Cascade Port section includes the following parameters of the Cascade Ethernet port :

Parameter	Description
Operational State	Read-only. The operational status of the Ethernet port: Unlock(Up) or Lock (Down).
Administrative State	The administrative status of the port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down). The default is Unlock (Up).
Negotiation	The mode for negotiating the port speed and the duplex (half or full) status with the link partner.
	The options are Auto and Manual. The default is Auto.
Port Speed	The port speed to be used for the physical interface. The available options are 10, 100 and 1000 (Mbps). Configurable only if Negotiation is set to Manual. The default is 100 Mbps.
Duplex Mode	The duplex status for the interface (Full-Duplex or Half Duplex). The default is Full Duplex. Configurable only if Negotiation is set to Manual and Port Speed is not set to 1000. If Port Speed is set to 1000 Duplex Mode is set to Full Duplex.

3.5.1.1.3 Management Port

The Management Port section includes the following of the Management Ethernet port:

Parameter	Description
Operational State	Read-only. The operational status of the Ethernet port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down).
Administrative State	The administrative status of the port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down). Not configurable if Connectivity Mode (see Section 3.5.2.1.1.1) is set to Out Of Band. The default is Unlock.
Negotiation	The mode for negotiating the port speed and the duplex (half or full) status with the link partner. The options are Auto and Manual. The default is Auto.
Port Speed	The port speed to be used for the physical interface. The available options are 10 and 100 (Mbps). Configurable only if Negotiation is set to Manual. The default is 100 Mbps.
Duplex Mode	The duplex status for the interface (Full-Duplex or Half Duplex). Configurable only if Negotiation is set to Manual. The default is Full Duplex.



Parameter	Description
External VLAN ID	Read-only. The VLAN ID of external management traffic. The range is 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 12. For configuration details refer to External Management Interface VLAN ID (see Section 3.5.2.1.1.2).

3.5.1.1.4 External Ether Type

Parameter	Description
External Ether Type	Not applicable for a BTS operating in Centralized ASN Topology. The Layer 2 Ether Type configures the outer VLAN header of uplink Q-in-Q traffic
	The available values are 8100, 88A8, 9100, 9200.
	The default is 8100.

3.5.1.1.5 AU Maintenance VLAN ID

Parameter	Description
AU Maintenance VLAN ID	Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW. The service interface of the AU is used for uploading maintenance reports to an external server. Most of the service interface parameters except the VLAN ID are configured separately for each AU (see "AU Card Properties Tab" on page 67). The AU maintenance VLAN ID is the VLAN ID used by all AU service interfaces.
	The available range is 1-9, 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 14. The AU Maintenance VLAN ID shall not conflict with other host interfaces VLAN IDs (Bearer, External Management, Local Management), any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.

3.5.1.1.6 Backhaul VLAN Translation

The Backhaul VLAN Translation table lists the read-only values of the default and current VLAN ID(s) used on the Backhaul (Data) port, if the current value differs from the default:

Parameter	Description
VLAN ID	The original (default) VLAN ID. Must be a VLAN ID that is allowed on the port:
	a. Bearer VLAN ID (the default is 11)
	b. External Management VLAN ID: Applicable only in In-Band connectivity mode (the default is 12).



Parameter	Description
Changed to	The current value of the VLAN ID assigned to the relevant interface.

3.5.1.2 L1/L2 Connectivity Page for Micro Outdoor BTS

Administrative State Ur Regotiation Au Port Speed 10	nlock w nlock w uzo w 000 w M Mi Duplex w	52
International State Un Internative State Un Regotiation Au ort Speed 10	inlock v auto v 000 v Mb	45
dministrative State Un egotiation Au ort Speed 10	inlock v auto v 000 v Mb	45
gotiation Au	inlock V wto V 000 V Mb	45
t Speed	000 🗸 Mb	45
		42
slex Mode P	full Duplex 💌	
0		🔗 Befresh

Figure 3-8: L1/L2 Connectivity Page (Micro Outdoor BTS)

The L1/L2 Connectivity page of the Micro Outdoor BTS includes the following parameters of the Data & DC Ethernet port:

Parameter	Description	
Operational State	Read-only. The operational status of the Ethernet port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down).	
Administrative State	Read-only (not configurable). The administrative status of the port: Unlock (Up) or Lock (Down).	
Negotiation	The mode for negotiating the port speed and the duplex (half or full) status with the link partner.	
	The options are Auto and Manual. The default is Auto.	
Port Speed	The port speed to be used for the physical interface.	
	Configurable only if Negotiation mode is Manual. The available options are 10, 100 and 1000 (Mbps). The default is 1000.	



Parameter	Description
Duplex Mode	The duplex status for the interface (Full-Duplex or Half Duplex). Configurable only if Negotiation mode is Manual. The default is Full-Duplex.

3.5.2 Management Page

The Management page comprises the following tabs:

- Management Interface Tab
- QoS Marking Rules Tab
- ACL Tab
- IP Routing Tab
- SNMP Managers Tab
- Performance Tab
- Logging Tab

3.5.2.1 Management Interface Tab

The Management Interface tab enables viewing/modifying the connectivity mode and parameters of management IP interface(s).

This section includes:

- Management Interface Tab for Macro BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
- Management Interface Tab for Micro Outdoor BTS



3.5.2.1.1 Management Interface Tab for Macro BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW

Managemen	t			
Management Interfac	e QoS Marking Rules ACL	IP Routing SNMP Managers F	erformance Logang	
Connectivity Mode -				
🛞 In Band				
O Out of E	land			
() Unified				
External Management	Interface	Local Management Interf		
Source IP address	10.10.144.35	Source IP address	33.33.33	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Vian ID	12			
Next Hop Gateway	10.10.144.254			
				2
				😚 Befresh 🧹 Apply
one.				

Figure 3-9: Management Page, Management Interface Tab (Macro BTS)

The Management Interface tab for Macro BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW includes the following sections:

- Connectivity Mode
- External Management Interface
- Local Management Interface
- Effects of Changes in IP Interface's Parameters

3.5.2.1.1.1 Connectivity Mode

The Connectivity Mode section enables separation of the bearer IP and NMS IP domains through definition of the connectivity mode.

The following NMS connectivity modes are available for selection:

Parameter	Description
In Band	When In Band mode is selected, the VLAN is used to differentiate between the bearer and external NMS IP domains on the DATA port. The bearer VLAN is used for the bearer IP domain and the external-management VLAN is used for the external NMS IP domain. The MGMT port and CSCD (Cascade) port are assigned to the local-management VLAN in this connectivity mode.(The CSCD port is not applicable for Macro Outdoor BTS)





Parameter	Description
Out of Band	When Out of Band mode is selected, the bearer and external NMS IP domains are separated at the Ethernet interface. The DATA port and bearer VLAN is used for the bearer IP domain, and the MGMT port and external-management VLAN is used for external NMS connectivity. The CSCD port is assigned to the local-management VLAN. (The CSCD port is not applicable for Macro Outdoor BTS).
Unified	When Unified mode is selected, the bearer IP domain and external NMS IP domain are unified on the DATA port, meaning that the same IP address and VLAN are used to connect to the NMS server, AAA server, HA, and BS. (The MGMT port and CSCD port are assigned to the local-management VLAN in this connectivity mode. (The CSCD port is not applicable for Macro Outdoor BTS)

The default Connectivity Mode is In Band.



A change in Connectivity Mode will take effect after next reset.

3.5.2.1.1.2 External Management Interface

The External Management Interface section includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Source IP Address	The IP address of the interface. The default is 192.168.1.1.
	In a Macro BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and Mini-Centralized ASN-GW, if the Connectivity Mode is set to Unified the Source IP Address is not configurable and is set to the value configured for the ASN-GW Bearer Interface Source IP Address (see "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55).
	A change in this parameter will affect the relevant rules for ACL 199 and all entries in the IP Routing table using the External Management Source IP Address as the Destination. For details refer to Section 3.5.2.1.1.4 below.
Subnet MAsk	The IP subnet mask of the interface. The default is 255.255.255.0.
	In a Macro BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and Mini-Centralized ASN-GW, if the Connectivity Mode is set to Unified the Subnet Mask is not configurable and is set to the value configured for the ASN-GW Bearer Interface Subnet Mask (see "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55).



Parameter	Description
Next Hop Gateway	The Next Hop (Default) Gateway for the External Management interface.Note: Any change of this parameter will affect all entries in the IP Routing table using the External Management Next Hop Gateway as the Next Hop address. For details refer to Section 3.5.2.1.1.4 below.
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID of external management traffic. The range is 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 12.
	In a Macro BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and Mini-Centralized ASN-GW, if the Connectivity Mode is set to Unified the VLAN ID is not configurable and is set to the value configured for the ASN-GW Bearer Interface VLAN ID (see "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55).
	When operating in In Band Connectivity Mode, if the value is other than the default (12) it will be indicated in the Backhaul VLAN Translation table (see "Backhaul VLAN Translation" on page 31).

3.5.2.1.1.3 Local Management Interface

The Local Management Interface section includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Source IP Address	The IP address of the interface. The default is 172.31.0.1.	
	A change in this parameter will affect the relevant rules for ACL 199 (see "ACL Tab" on page 40) and IP Routing (see "IP Routing Tab" on page 47).	
Subnet Mask	The IP subnet mask of the interface. The default is 255.255.255.0.	

The VLAN ID of the Local Management IP interface is set to 9 and cannot be modified.

3.5.2.1.1.4 Effects of Changes in IP Interface's Parameters

This section describes the actions that will be executed by the management station following any change the Source IP Address or the Next Hop Gateway of an IP interface:

- Source IP Address
- Next Hop Gateway

The actions described below are applicable also for the ASN-GW Bearer Interface.



- **1** Following a change in the Source IP Address of an IP interface, the following actions will be executed automatically by the management system:
 - All relevant entries in the IP Routing table (see "IP Routing Tab" on page 47) using the IP interface's Source IP Address as the route's Destination will be updated.
 - All relevant entries in ACL 199 (see "ACL Tab" on page 40) using the IP interface's Source IP Address as the rule's Source IP Address will be updated.
- **2** Following a change in the Next Hop Gateway of the External Management IP interface, all relevant entries in the IP Routing table (see "IP Routing Tab" on page 47), using the IP Next Hop Gateway as the route's Next Hop, will be updated.

3.5.2.1.2 Management Interface Tab for Micro Outdoor BTS

on 10.10.144.111	Configuring Equipment	-8,
Management		
Management Interface	SNMP Managers Performance	
External Management In	erface	
Source Ip Adress	10.10.144.111	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Next Hop Gateway	10.10.144.254	
Vian ID	12	
802.1P Priority	1	
DSCP	7	
6		🔗 Befresh 🖌 🖌 Apply
e.		

Figure 3-10: Management Page, Management Interface Tab (Micro BTS)

The Management Interface tab for Micro BTS includes the parameters of the Management Interface:

Parameter	Description
Source IP Address	The IP address of the interface. The default is 192.168.1.1.
Subnet MAsk	The IP subnet mask of the interface. The default is 255.255.255.0.
Next Hop Gateway	The Next Hop (Default) Gateway for the Management interface.
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID of management traffic. The range is 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 12.



Parameter	Description
802.1P Priority	The 802.1P (VLAN) Priority of management traffic, The range is 0-7. The default is 0.
DSCP	The DSCP of management traffic. The range is 0-63. The default is 0.

3.5.2.2 QoS Marking Rules Tab

The QoS Marking Rules tab is not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTSs.

The QoS Marking Rules tab enables defining the rules that classify the signaling and management traffic originating from the NPU into different flows and 802.1p VLAN Priority and/or DSCP values to be applied on traffic that match the criteria defined by the applicable classification rules.

lanagement					
anagement Interface QoS Marking arking Actions	g Rules ACL IP Routing SNMP Manage	ers Performance Loggin	9		
Action ID	Flag		DSCP	Priority	
	DSCP & Priority	7		7	
	DSCP & Priority	7		7	
	DSCP 8. Priority	7		7	
	DSCP & Priority	0		0	
	DSCP & Priority	0		0	
	DSCP 8. Priority	0		0	
	DSCP & Priority	0		0	
	DSCP & Priority DSCP & Priority	0 7		0 7	
					Palala
S Marking Classifiers				Add Action	Delete
S Marking Classifiers	Classifier ID 5		Ac	Add Action	Delete
S Marking Classifiers	Classifier 10 .	1	Ad		Delete
S Marking Classifiers	Classifier 10 .	2	Ad		Delete
Marking Classifiers	Classifier 10 -	2 3	Ac		Delete
i Marking Classifiers	Classifier 10 .	2 3 4	Ac		Delete
5 Marking Classifiers	Classifier 10 .	2 3 4 5	Ac		Delete
5 Marling Classifiers	Classifier ID .	2 3 4 5 6	Ac		Delete
S Marking Classifiers	Classifier 10 .	2 3 4 5 6 7	Ad		Delete
5 Marling Classifiers	Classifier ID -	2 3 4 5 6 7 0	Ac		Delete
6 Marking Classifiers	Classifier ID .	2 3 4 5 6 7	Ac		Delete

Figure 3-11: Management Page, QoS Marking Rules Tab

The QoS Marking Rules tab includes the following sections:

- Marking Actions
- QoS Marking Classifiers

3.5.2.2.1 Marking Actions

The Marking Actions table lists the class-maps that define the DSCP and/or VLAN priority bits to be applied for signaling and management traffic originating from the NPU that match relevant criteria.

The Marking Actions table includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description
Action ID	Read-only. The system-generated auto-sequential ID number.
Flag	Configurable only during creation of a new marking action entry. Defines the type of QoS parameters to be applied appropriate QoS handling of the relevant flow. The option are DSCP, Priority and DSCP & Priority. The default is DSCP & Priority.
DSCP	Configurable only during creation of a new marking action entry. The DSCP value to be applied for this class-map (0-63). The default is 0.
Priority	Configurable only during creation of a new marking action entry. The VLAN priority value to be applied for this class-map (0-7, where 0 is the lowest and 7 is the highest). The default is 0.

The Marking Actions section also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add Action	Adds a new entry to the Marking Actions table.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the Marking Actions table. An Action ID that is associated to a QoS Marking Classifier cannot be deleted.

By default, Action IDs 1-8 are pre-configured. The default (pre-configured) Actions cannot be deleted or modified. For more details refer to "ACL Tab" on page 40.

3.5.2.2.2 QoS Marking Classifiers

QoS Marking Classifiers are used to associate Classifier IDs with Action IDs.

The QoS Marking Classifiers table includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Classifier ID	The auto-sequential ID number of the QoS Marking Classifier.
Action ID	The action ID number associated to the classifier. Must be one of the Action IDs defined in the Marking Actions table. An Action ID cannot be associated to more than one classifier.

The QoS Marking Classifiers section also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add Classifier	Adds a new entry to the QoS Marking Classifiers table.



Button	Description
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the QoS Marking Classifiers table. A Classifier ID referenced in an ACL Rule (see "ACL Parameters Section" on page 45) cannot be deleted.

By default, Classifier IDs 1-8 are pre-configured, associated with Action IDs 1-8, respectively. The default (pre-configured) classifiers cannot be deleted or modified. For more details on the default use of these classifiers refer to "ACL Tab" on page 40.

Refer to "Effects of Changes in IP Interface's Parameters" on page 36 for details on the effect of changes in the DSCP and/or 802.1P Priority of one of the NPU IP interfaces on the QoS marking rules.

3.5.2.3 ACL Tab

The ACL tab is not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTSs.

The ACL tab enables managing Access Control Lists (ACLs). ACLs are applied on traffic received from the DATA, MGMT or CSCD ports, and destined towards the NPU and (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW) the AUs.

By default, all traffic destined towards the AUs or ASN-GW is denied. You can configure ACLs for allowing or dropping traffic destined towards the ASN-GW and/or All AUs that meets certain criteria.

You can create the following types of ACLs:

- Standard (ACL 1-99): Allows you to filter traffic based on the source and destination IP addresses.
- Extended (ACL 100-198): Allows you to filter traffic based on the source and destination IP addresses, source and destination ports, and protocol.
- Extended ACL 199 is used only for QoS Marking rules for classifying traffic originating from the NPU and applying DSCP and/or Priority values for proper QoS handling of traffic that meets certain criteria. This ACL cannot be deleted.

By default, ACL 199 includes 8 pre-configured rules, referencing pre-configured classifiers that point to pre-configured actions:

IP Interface (Source IP Address)	Type of Traffic	Protocol	Source Port	Classifier ID	Action ID	DSCP	Priority
Bearer	RADIUS	UDP	1812	1	1	7	7
Bearer	Mobile IP - Agent	UDP	434	2	2	7	7
Bearer	WiMAX ASN Control Plane Protocol	UDP	2231	3	3	7	7



IP Interface (Source IP Address)	Type of Traffic	Protocol	Source Port	Classifier ID	Action ID	DSCP	Priority
Internal Management (not applicable for Mini-Centralize d ASN-GW)	OBSAI message exchange between NPU and AU	UDP	10009	4	4	0	0
Internal Management (not applicable for Mini-Centralize d ASN-GW)	Trivial File Transfer	UDP	69	5	5	0	0
External Management	Telnet	ТСР	23	6	6	0	0
External Management	SSH Remote Login Protocol	ТСР	22	7	7	0	0
External Management	SNMP	UDP	161	8	8	0	0

An ACL can be attached to the ASN-GW. In BTS equipment it can also be attached to the AUs or both ASN-GW and AUs (Excluding ACL 199 that cannot be attached to any interface).

You can create the following types of rules for an ACL (excluding ACL 199):

- Allow: Indicates that traffic matching the filter criteria is allowed to reach the ASN-GW and/or AUs.
- Drop: Indicates that traffic matching the filter criteria is dropped, and not allowed to reach the ASN-GW and/or AUs.

You can configure multiple rules for each ACL; the priority for these rules is applied with respect to the sequence in which these rules are configured.

By default, in BTS equipment traffic towards the AUs is not restricted. This is implemented through the pre-configured ACL 1 which is available by default. ACL 1 is attached to All AU, with Rule Action = Allow, Source IP Address = Any and Destination IP Address = Any.

Several additional default ACLs are created automatically to allow some restricted traffic towards the NPU. These ACL rules are applied automatically at the time of NPU startup or upon a change of IP address of various interfaces. These ACLs cannot be deleted or modified. The automatically created ACLs are Standard ACLs 96, 97, 98 and Extended ACL 186.





Although they are always supported, the automatically created ACLs (96, 97, 98 and 186) are not displayed by the management system.

All the following automatically created standard default ACLs are attached to the NPU virtual interface and include a single Permit rule:

ACL Number	Rule Action	Source IP Address	Destination IP Address
ACL 96 (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)	Allow	Any	Internal Management IP address
ACL 97	Allow	Any	External Management IP address
ACL 98	Allow	Any	Local Management IP address

Table	3-1:	Default	Standard	ACLs
-------	------	---------	----------	------

The default Extended ACL 186 attached to the NPU virtual interface includes the following Allow rules allowing certain traffic towards the Bearer interface:

Rule Action	Source IP Address	Source Port	Destination IP Address	Destination Port	Protocol
Allow	Any	Any	Bearer IP address	Any	ICMP (1)
Allow	Any	Any	Bearer IP address	2231 (used for WiMAX ASN Control Plane Protocol)	UDP (17)
Allow	Any	Any	Bearer IP address	1812-1813 (used for RADIUS Authenticatio n and Accounting)	UDP (17)
Allow	Any	Any	Bearer IP address	69 (used for TFTP)	UDP (17)
Allow	Any	Any	Bearer IP address	1022-1023 (used for software download)	UDP (17)

Table 3-2: Rules of Default Extended ACL 186



Additional Extended ACLs are created automatically for every Service Group that is associated with a VLAN Service Interface and an enabled VLAN Service. Up to 10 ACLs, numbered ACL 187 to ACL 196, can be created, These automatically created/deleted ACLs allow Ping and DHCP traffic on the DHCP Own IP Address interface of the applicable VLAN service:

Rule Action	Source IP Address	Source Port	Destination IP Address	Destination Port	Protocol
Allow	Any	Any	DHCP Own IP Address defined for the applicable Service Group	Any	ICMP (1)
Allow	Any	Any	DHCP Own IP Address defined for the applicable Service Group	67-68 (used for DHCP traffic)	UDP (17)

NOTE!

The default pre-configured and automatically created ACLs cannot be deleted and should not be modified.

anagement						
anagement Interface	QoS Marking Rules	ACL IP Routing SNMP Manager	s Performance Logana			
ACL Number	ACL Nam		ACL Applicable Interfaces			
1 199	199	Activate Deactivate	All ALI None			
			Add ACL Delete			
ACL Parameters		-				
Rule Number	Rule Action	Rule Parameters				
2	Control of		Source IP Address	0.0.0.0		
			Source IP Mask	255.255.255		
			Minimum Source Port	0	0	
			Maximum Source Port	65,535	0	
			Destination IP Address	0.0.0.0	-	
			Destination IP Mask	255.255.255		
			Minimum Destination Port	0	0	
			Maximum Destination Port	65,535	0	
			Protocol	255	0	
			Rule Action	Allow	~	
			Classifier ID		~	
	udd Deleta					

Figure 3-12: Management Page, ACL Tab

The ACL tab includes the following sections:





- ACL Table
- ACL Parameters Section

3.5.2.3.1 ACL Table

The ACL table includes the following parameters for each ACL:

Parameter	Description
ACL Number	The ACL number.
	ACL 1-99 are Standard ACLs.
	ACL 100-198 are Extended ACLs.
	ACL 199 is the default extended ACL that is pre-configured in the system, and is not attached to any interface. ACL 199 is reserved for QoS marking rules. You cannot configure Allow/Deny rules for ACL 199.
ACL Name	The name of the ACL. The default name is the ACL Number.
ACL Active State	The state of the ACL (Activate or Deactivate). The default is Deactivate.
	A new ACL can be created only with Active State Deactivated. Rule's parameters can be modified only if the state of the ACL is Deactivated.
	If ACL Applicable Interface is None, its state cannot be set to Activate (excluding ACL 199).
ACL Applicable Interface	The interface(s) to which the ACL applies: None, ASN-GW, All AU, ASN-GW & All AU. In Mini-Centralized ASN-GW only the None and ASN-GW options are applicable. In a Macro BTS operating in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology only the None and All AU options are applicable. The default is ASN-GW.

The ACL table section also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add ACL	Adds a new ACL entry to the table.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table. An ACL with Active State UP cannot be deleted.

NOTE!

The priority of checking for a match in active ACLs is applied with respect to the sequence in which these ACLs were attached to the relevant interface. The first found match is applied. To change the priorities of ACLs you need to de-attach them from the relevant interface(s) and then re-attach them in the required order.







3.5.2.3.2 ACL Parameters Section

The ACL Parameters section includes the ACL Parameters table and the ACL Parameters Editor. After you have created an ACL, you can configure Allow/Deny rules to be applied for traffic that meets certain criteria.

The ACL Parameters table displays the following read-only parameters for each existing ACL rule:

Parameter	Description
Rule Number	The ACL rule number. An auto-sequential number generated during creation of a new rule.
Rule Action	The rule action (Allow or Deny). Allow indicates that traffic matching the filter criteria is allowed to reach the ASN-GW and/or AUs. Deny indicates that traffic matching the filter criteria is dropped, and not allowed to reach the ASN-GW or AUs.

Select an entry to open the Rule Parameters Editor for the selected rule. A rule can be edited only when the Active State of the ACL is Deactivated.

The ACL Parameters table also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the table and opens the Rule Parameters Editor, enabling configuration of parameters for the new rule. Rules can be added only if the Active State of the ACL is Up.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table. Rules can be deleted only if the Active State of the ACL is Down.

The ACL Parameters Editor displays the following parameters for the rule selected in the ACL Parameters table:

Parameter	Description
Source IP Address	The source IP address to allow/deny traffic from. The address 0.0.0.0 means any address. The default is 0.0.0.0.
	In ACL 199 rules must be the IP address of the Bearer or External Management or Internal Management interface.
Source IP Mask	Not configurable for ACL 199. The mask for the source IP address, allowing to define a range of source addresses (subnet) from which to allow/deny traffic. The default is 255.255.255.255.



Parameter	Description	
Minimum Source Port	Applicable only for an extended ACL.The minimum source port number of the application traffic from which to allow/deny traffic.The range is 1-65535. The default is 0.	
Maximum Source Port	Applicable only for an extended ACL. Not applicable for ACL 199. The maximum source port number of the application traffic from which to allow/deny traffic.The range is 1-65535. The default is 65535.	
Destination IP Address	Not applicable for ACL 199. The destination IP address to which to allow/deny traffic.The address 0.0.0.0 means any address. The default is 0.0.0.0.	
Destination IP Mask	Not applicable for ACL 199. The mask for the destination IP address, allowing to define a range of source addresses (subnet) to which to allow/deny traffic. The default is 255.255.255.255.	
Minimum Destination Port	Applicable only for an extended ACL.Not applicable for ACL 199. The minimum destination port to which to allow/deny traffic.The range is 1-65535. The default is 0.	
Maximum Destination Port	Applicable only for an extended ACL.Not applicable for ACL 199. The maximum destination port to which to allow/deny traffic.The range is 1-65535. The default is 65535.	
Protocol	Applicable only for an extended ACL. The transport protocol for which traffic is allowed/denied. The range is 1-255. 255 means any. The default is 255.	
	In ACL 199 the valid values are 6 (TCP) and 17 (UDP).	
Rule Action	The rule action (Allow or Drop). The default is Allow. Not applicable for ACL 199 where it is read-only, displaying QoS Mark.	
Classifier ID	Applicable only for ACL 199. The marking classifier ID to be used for associating an action ID that defines the DSCP and/or Priority marking actions to be applied to traffic that meets the rule's parameters. A classifier ID cannot be associated with more than one rule. Refer to "QoS Marking Rules Tab" on page 38 for details on configuring marking classifiers and marking actions.	

For each Standard ACL, a specific combination of all applicable parameters (Source IP Address, Source IP Mask, Destination IP Address, Destination IP Mask) cannot be defined in more than one rule.

For each Extended ACL, a specific combination of all applicable parameters (Source IP Address, Source IP Mask, Destination IP Address, Destination IP Mask, Minimum Source Port, maximum Source Port, Minimum Destination Port, Maximum Destination Port, Protocol) cannot be defined in more than one rule.



Connectivity



3.5.2.4 IP Routing Tab

The IP Routing tab is not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTSs.

The IP Routing tab enables viewing/modifying entries in the IP Routing table. It also enables adding/deleting static IP routes.

	1.144.35 - Configuring Equipmen	t	- 8
lanagement			
Nanagement Interface QoS Mark	ing Rules ACL IP Routing SNMP Ma	nagers Performance Logging	
IP Routing			
Destination	Mask	Next Hop	
10.0.0.254	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	
10.10.128.0	255.255.255.0	10.10.129.254	
10.10.129.82	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	
0.10.144.35	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	
172.30.202.240	255.255.255.255	10.10.129.254	
3.33.33.33	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	
0.0.0	0.0.0.0	10.10.144.254	
			AND Delas
			🔗 Befresh 🛛 🖌 Apply

Figure 3-13: Management Page, IP Routing Tab

The IP Routing table includes the following parameters for each static route entry:

Parameter	Description
Destination	The destination host or network IP address for the route.
Mask	The net mask for the route.
Next Hop	The next hop IP address for the route. Must be in the same subnet with one of the NPU IP interfaces.

The IP Routing page also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the IP Routing table, allowing you to configure a new IP Route parameters.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the IP Routing table.



There are automatically created entries with the IP addresses of the directly connected Bearer, External Management, Local Management and Internal Management interfaces (the IP address of the Internal Management interface is set to 10.0.0.254. This interface is not applicable for the Mini-Centralized ASN-GW). The availability of certain interfaces depend on the connectivity mode. For these entries, the Mask is 255.255.255.0 and the Next Hop address is 0.0.0.0 ("any"). These entries cannot be modified or deleted by the user. They will be updated automatically following any change in the relevant IP Source Address of the IP interface.

Routes will be created automatically for each new SNMP Trap Manager (see "SNMP Managers Tab" on page 48), External Log TFTP Server (see "Logging Tab" on page 53), or SW Upgrade TFTP Server (see "Software Upgrade Task" on page 298). These entries will be updated/deleted upon modification/deletion of the relevant Server. The configuration of these entries is:

- Destination = Server's IP address
- Mask = 255.255.255.255
- Next Hop = External Management Next Hop IP address (see "External Management Interface" on page 35)

These entries will be changed automatically following any change in the External Management Next Hop IP address.

NOTE!

Automatically created routes for new SNMP Trap Managers, External Log TFTP Server, or SW Upgrade TFTP Server are not displayed in the IP Routing table.

In addition, the default "Any Destination" entry with Destination 0.0.0.0 and Mask 0.0.0.0 may be created. The Next Hop IP address of this route must be in the same subnet with one of the NPU IP interfaces according to specific network topology and needs.

3.5.2.5 SNMP Managers Tab

The SNMP Managers tab enables managing the lists of Authorized SNMP Managers and SNMP Trap Managers.



lanagement				
Management Interface QoS	Marking Rules ACL IP Routin	g SNMP Managers Performance	Logging	
SNMP Managers				
Manager Numb	er Br	sad Community	Write Community	
1	public	privat		
SNMP Trap Managers			Add Monager Delete	
BTS IP Address	Port Number	Community	Enable Site Traps	
10.10.144.3	162	public	Enable	
10.10.187.116	162	public	Enable	
			Add Manager Delete	
			Add Manager Crists	
			Add Manager Colete	🛷 Befrech 🛛 🖋

Figure 3-14: Management Page, SNMP Managers Tab

The SNMP Managers tab includes the following sections:

- SNMP Managers
- SNMP Trap Managers

3.5.2.5.1 SNMP Managers

An SNMP Manager comprises a pair of SNMP Communities (Read Community and Write Community). A management station is permitted to manage the BTS using SNMP only if it uses one of the configured SNMP Communities (or a pair of SNMP Communities). A maximum of five SNMP Managers can be configured. If the maximum number is reached, the Add Manager button becomes inactive.

The SNMP Managers table includes the following fields for each authorized SNMP Manager:

Parameter	Description
Manager Number	The index number of the SNMP Manager.
Read Community	The SNMP Read Community string allowing execution of SNMP Get operations. A string of 1 to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default is public.
Write Community	The SNMP Write Community string allowing execution of SNMP Set and Get operations. A string of up to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default is private.

The SNMP Managers section also includes the following buttons:



Button	Description	
Add Manager	Adds a new entry to the SNMP Managers table.	
Delete	Deletes one or several selected entries from the SNMP Managers table.	

INFORMATION



The Read and Write Communities are mandatory and both must be defined (other than null). Duplication of Communities pairs is not allowed (each pair must be unique).

NOTE! 0

If you delete all SNMP Managers you will loose the ability to manage the site using SNMP.

3.5.2.5.2 SNMP Trap Managers

A maximum of five SNMP Trap Managers can be configured. If the maximum number is reached, the Add Manager button becomes inactive.



For proper management of the site such as getting notifications on configuration change events the network management server must be defined as a Trap Manager

The SNMP Trap Managers table includes the following fields for each authorized SNMP Trap Manager:

Parameter	Description	
IP Address	The IP address of the Trap Manager. Must be unique in the network (the same IP address cannot be assigned to more than one Trap Manager). The default is 192.168.0.1.	
Port Number	The port number on which the Trap Manager will listen for messages from the Agent. The range is from 1 to 65535. The port on which the management system listens for traps is 162.	
Community	The name of the SNMP Read Community used by the Trap Manager. Traps are sent toward those Managers for which this parameter is configured. A string of up to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default is public.	
Enable Site Traps	Indicates whether the sending of traps to the management station is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable.	

The SNMP Trap Managers section also includes the following buttons:





Button	Description	
Add Manager	Adds a new entry to the SNMP Trap Managers table.	
Delete	Deletes one or several selected entries from the SNMP Trap Managers table.	

INFORMATION For each SNMP Trap Manager a route is automatically created in the IP Routing Table (see "IP Routing Tab" on page 47). Following any change in the table (Add/Delete/Modify) the IP Routing Table is updated according to the change. Note that this automatically created route is not displayed in the IP Routing Table.

Performance Tab 3.5.2.6

The Performance tab allows enabling/disabling collection and storage of performance data.

For details on collection and storage of counters, supported counters groups and the counters in each group, refer to the Performance Management document.

EMS_after_offline on 10.10.144.35 - Configuring Equipment	- 8
lanagement	
Management Interface QoS Marking Rules ACL IP Routing SNMP Managers Performance Logging	
erformance Collection Interval 15 🗸 Min.	
Performance Groups Activation	
Connectivity	
🗹 Npu Connectivity	
ASN GW	
R3 Interface Traffic	
K6 Interface Total Traffic	
R6 Interface Traffic Per B5	
MS resources reports	
Provisioned Qo5	
BS Counters	
MS Counters	
	🔗 Befresh 🛛 🖌 App

Figure 3-15: Management Page, Performance Tab

The Performance tab includes the following components:



Parameter	Description
Performance Group Activation	A list of counters groups as detailed below with a check box next to each group's name. Select a check box to enable collection and storage of performance data for the counters group. The default is enable collection (checked) for all groups.
	Enabling/disabling of a group shall take effect at the managed object starting at the beginning of the next aggregation period (15 minutes).
	The data of parameters of "disabled collection" groups will not be included in the file generated at the end of the aggregation period during which collection was disabled.

The Performance page includes the following sections:

- Connectivity
- ASN-GW
- BS Counter
- MS Counters

3.5.2.6.1 Connectivity

Main Counters Group	Counters Included	Applicable for
NPU Connectivity	NPU Backhaul Port	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
	NPU Cascade Port	Macro Indoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
	NPU Internal Management Interface	Macro Indoor BTS
	NPU External Management Interface	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
	NPU Bearer Interface	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW

3.5.2.6.2 ASN-GW

(not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTS)

Main Counters Group	Counters Included	Applicable for
R3 Interface Traffic	R3 Interface	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW



Main Counters Group	Counters Included	Applicable for
R6 Interface Total Traffic	R6 Interface Total	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
R6 Interface Traffic Per BS	R6 Interface BS	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
MS Resources Reports	Management-Initial NE	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW
	Load Balancing	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS
Provisioned QoS	Management-Provisioned QoS	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Mini Centralized ASN-GW

3.5.2.6.3 BS Counter

Main Counters Group	Counters Included	Applicable for
BS Counters	Traffic	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS
	Utilization	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS
	TxR1 Total Traffic	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS
	RxR1 Total Traffic	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS
	BS General	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS
	Integrity	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS

3.5.2.6.4 MS Counters

Main Counters Group	Counters Included	Applicable for
MS Counters	MS Basic	Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS

3.5.2.7 Logging Tab

The Logging tab is not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTS.

The Logging tab enables defining various logging parameters, including the minimum severity level for which an event generates a log entry.



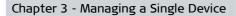


Figure 3-16: Management Page, Logging Tab

The Logging tab includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Remote Log Server	
Enable logging to server	Indicates whether or not logging to the server is enabled. If enabled, the server IP address is indicated in the Server IP text box. The default is Disable (unchecked).
Server IP	The server IP address of the server on which logs are to be maintained. If logging to server is enabled, the Server IP cannot be changed. The default is 192.168.0.1.
Log to File	
Enable logging to file	Indicates whether or not logging to file is enabled. The default is Enable (checked).

INFORMATION



A route for the Log File Server is automatically created in the IP Routing Table (see "IP Routing Tab" on page 47). Following any change in the Log File Server (Enable/Disable/Modify Server IP) the IP Routing Table is updated according to the change. Note that this automatically created route is not displayed in the IP Routing Table.

In addition, in the Logging Severity section, you can disable logging to file or set the minimum severity level that generates a log entry for each of the following types of events:

Parameter	Description
SW Version	Software upgrade procedures.
Fault	Fault management procedures.
Performance	Performance management procedures.
Shelf	Shelf management procedures.
Startup	System startup procedures.
Connectivity	Connectivity procedures.
ASN-GW	ASN-GW procedures (applicable only in Distributed ASN-GW mode).
Internal AU Manager	Internal processes used for managing the AUs (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW).

The available minimum severity options are:

- Disable (no logging)
- Emergency
- Alert
- Critical
- Error
- Warning
- Notice
- Informational

The default for all event types is Error.

3.5.3 ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page

The ASN-GW Bearer Interface page is applicable for Macro BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

The ASN-GW Bearer Interface page enables managing the parameters of the Bearer IP Interface that enables connectivity between ASN-GW and BSs, AAA server and Home Agent.



	g Equipment	-
SN-GW Bearer Interface		
earer Interface		
Source IP Address	10.10.129.82	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway		
VLAN ID	11	
Number of MS limitation	501	
Maximum ASN-GW Throughput	202 O Mbps	
Number of Active MS	0	
Average UL/DL bit rate via Backhoul Ethernet port		

Figure 3-17: ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page

The ASN-GW Bearer Interface page includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Source IP Address	The IP address of the interface. The default is 172.16.0.1.
	A change in this parameter will affect all entries in the IP Routing table using the Bearer Interface Source IP Address as the Destination. For details refer to "Effects of Changes in IP Interface's Parameters" on page 36.
Subnet Mask	The IP subnet mask of the interface. The default is 255.255.255.0.
Default Gateway	The Default Gateway for the Bearer interface.
	Note: Any change of this parameter will affect all entries in the IP Routing table using the Bearer Interface Default Gateway as the Next Hop address. For details refer to "Effects of Changes in IP Interface's Parameters" on page 36.



_

_

Parameter	Description
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID of bearer traffic. The range is 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 11.
	If the value is other than the default (11) it will be indicated in the Backhaul VLAN Translation table (see "Backhaul VLAN Translation" on page 31).
	The Bearer interface VLAN ID shall not conflict with other host interfaces VLAN IDs (External Management, Local Management, AU Maintenance), any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
Number of MS limitation	The maximum number of active MSs that can be served by the device. If this number is reached and a new MS attempts network entry, it will be rejected and a suitable "no resource" alarm will be generated.
	The range is from 1 to 3000. The default is 3000.
Maximum ASN-GW Throughput	The maximum throughput in Mbps that can be provided by the device. If this number is reached and a new MS attempts network entry, it will be rejected and a suitable "no resource" alarm will be generated.
	The range is from 1 to 500 Mbps. The default is 500 Mbps.
Number of Active MS	Read-only. The current number of active MSs served by the device.
Average UL+DL bit rate via	Read-only. The current average throughput provided by the device.
Backhaul Ethernet port.	Note: Not supported in current release

NOTE!

The ASN-GW Bearer interface IP address is used also in other interfaces such as the ASN and CSN interfaces. If you change the Bearer interface Source IP address, you must reboot the NPU to apply changed IP address on these interfaces.

The ASN-GW Bearer interface IP address cannot be modified if used as the Tunnel Source IP in any Service Interface.

The ASN-GW Bearer Interface subnet should not overlap with External Management or Local Management subnets.

3.5.4 Keep Alive Page

The Keep Alive page enables viewing/modifying the parameters of the keep-alive mechanism between the ASN-GW and relevant BSs and between each BS and the relevant ASN-GWs.



eep Alive					
Entities Keep Alive					
Enable Keep Alive					
alling Period	60	(\$)			
umber of retransmissions	4	=			
etransmission Time Out	5015	(ms)			
eep Alive Status				-	
	Polling Period	Number of Retransmission	Retransmission Time Out		
ASN-GW	60	4	5015		
BS 88.22.11 BS 55.55.55	60 60	4	5015 5015		
83 55.55.55	60	,	5015		
0					∲ gefreuh] 🖌

Figure 3-18: Keep Alive Page, Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS

In a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology the keep-alive mechanism is applicable for the internal ASN-GW and for each of the defined BSs.

In a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS operating in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology the keep-alive mechanism is applicable for each of the defined BSs.

In a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW the keep-alive mechanism is applicable for the ASN-GW entity.

In a Micro Outdoor BTS the keep-alive mechanism is applicable for the defined BS.

The Keep Alive page allows simultaneously configuring the following parameters with the same values for all relevant entities:

Parameter	Description
Enable Keep Alive	Use the check-box to enable/disable the keep-alive mechanism for all relevant entities of the managed device. The default is Disable (unchecked).
	The following parameters are applicable only if Keep Alive is enabled (checked).



Parameter	Description			
Polling Period	The period in seconds between polling sessions.			
	The range is from 10 to 1000 seconds. The default is 60 seconds.			
	Polling Period x 1000 (value in milliseconds) cannot be lower than Retransmission Timeout x (Number of Retransmissions+1)			
Number of Retransmissions	Maximum number of retries if Retransmission Timeout has expired without getting a response.			
	The range is from 0 to 10. The default is 5.			
Retransmission Timeout	Time in milliseconds to wait for a response before initiating another polling attempt or reaching a decision that the polled entity has failed (if the maximum number of retries set by Number of Retransmissions has been reached).			
	The range is from 5000 to 10000 milliseconds (0.1 to 10 second). The default is 5000.			

In addition, the Keep Alive Status table (not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTS) displays the current values of the Polling Period, Number of Retransmissions and Retransmission Timeout for each of the relevant entities.

3.5.5 ASN-GW Pools Page

The ASN-GW Pools page is not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

The ASN-GW pools are part of the optional Load Balancing feature. The Load Balancing feature provides a WiMAX operator with the capability to build resilient ASN infrastructure using ASN-GW redundancy. Every BS is provisioned with a list of redundant ASN-GWs (pool). The BS applies round-robin mechanism in order to pick an Authenticator for each MS that performs initial network entry. This should eventually distribute the load between Anchor ASN-GWs. Geographical site backup can be achieved by using different priority of ASN-GW pools.

At the unit (NPU) level, up to two pools (with different priorities), each with up to 10 ASN-GWs, can be defined. Each BS defined in the unit will "inherit" these pools. It should be noted the ASN-GW defined in the BS as the Default Authenticator (see "R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-Bearer Tab" on page 153) will be automatically included in the list of ASN-GWs in the Primary Pool (although it will not be shown as one of the ASN-GWs in the pool).



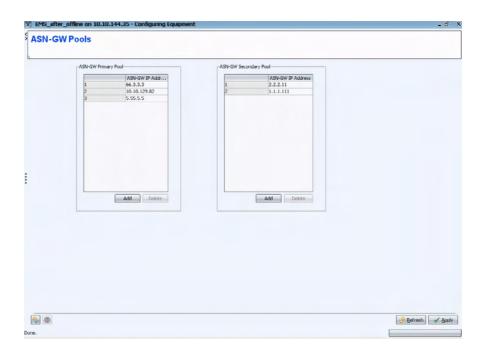


Figure 3-19: ASN-GW Pools Page

The ASN-GW Pools page includes two tables for the ASN-GW Primary and Secondary Pools. Each Pool can contain up to 10 ASN-GW IP Addresses. Use the Add/Delete buttons below each table to add/delete entries to/from the table. IP addresses must be unique in the tables: An IP address that exists in one of the tables cannot be added to either the same or the other table.

Note that you cannot populate the Secondary Pool if the Primary Pool is empty.





3.6 Equipment

The Equipment node includes two sub-nodes:

- Shelf
- External

3.6.1 Shelf

The Shelf sub-node enables access to the following pages:

- Power Supply Page (applicable only for Macro Indoor BTS)
- NPU Page (not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTS)
- AU Node (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW), with AU <Type and Slot #> Page for each of the existing (created) AU entities.

3.6.1.1 Power Supply Page

The Power Supply page is applicable only for Macro Indoor BTS.

The Power Supply page enables viewing/defining the properties of required PIU and PSU cards and viewing the properties of installed cards.

	es-					
Slot Number	Required	Installed	Operational	Required HW Ver	Installed HW Ver	
1	Yes	Not installed	Inactive	58Amp		
2	Yes	Installed	Active	S8Amp	SBAmp	
PSU Card Properti	55					
PSU Card Properti Slot Number	Required	Installed	Operational			
Slot Number 1	Required	Not installed	Down			
Slot Number 1 2	Required Yes Yes	Not installed Installed	Down Operational			
Slot Number 1 2	Required Yes Yes Yes	Not installed Installed Installed	Down Operational Operational			
Slot Number 1	Required Yes Yes	Not installed Installed	Down Operational			

Figure 3-20: Power Supply Page

The Power Supply page includes the following sections:

PIU Card Properties





PSU Card Properties

3.6.1.1.1 PIU Card Properties

The PIU Card Properties table includes the following parameters for each PIU card slot:

Parameter	Description	
Slot Number	Read-only. The number of the slot allocated to the PIU card (1-2).	
Required	Indicates whether the PIU card is required in the specific slot. Double-click on the entry to open a selection drop-down menu displaying the available options (Yes/No). The default is Yes.	
Installed	Read-only. The status of the PIU card installation (Installed or Not installed).	
Operational	Read-only. The operational status of the PIU card (Active or Inactive).	
Required HW Version	The required current supply capability of the card. Double-click on the entry to open a selection drop-down menu displaying the available options (58Amp, 35Amp). The default is 58Amp.	
Installed HW Version	Read-only. The current supply capability of the installed card (empty for a PIU that is not installed).	

3.6.1.1.2 PSU Card Properties

The PSU Card Properties table includes the following parameters for each PSU card slot:

Parameter	Description
Slot Number	Read-only. The number of slot allocated to the PSU card (1-4).
Required	Indicates whether the PSU card is required in the specified slot. Double-click on the entry to open a selection drop-down menu displaying the available options (Yes/No). The default is Yes.
Installed	Read-only. The status of the PSU card installation (Installed or Not installed).
Operational	Read-only. The operational status of the PSU card (Operational or Down).

3.6.1.2 NPU Page

The NPU page is not applicable for Micro Outdoor BTS.

The NPU page displays the properties of the NPU card and enables control of the card and configuration of the time for automatic scheduling of the configuration backup.



Leon K on 10.10.144.201	Configuring Equipment	- ē
NPU		
Card Properties		
Slot Number	5	
Installed	Yes	
Serial Number	7619738	
HW Version Number	6	
HW Revision Number	3	
Operational SW Version Number	npu_2_5_211_5	
Shadow SW Version Number	npu_2_5_211_4	
Current Running SW Source	Operational	
Control Shutdown Operation Automatic Configuration Beckup Daily Backup Time	No Action	
e		ි ලික්ෂණ 🖉 හිත්සේ 🗸 න්ත

Figure 3-21: NPU Page

The NPU page includes the following:

- Card Properties
- Control
- Automatic Configuration Backup

3.6.1.2.1 Card Properties

The Card Properties section includes the following read-only parameters of the NPU card.

Parameter	Description
Slot Number	The number of the slot allocated to the NPU card. In current release the NPU can be installed only in slot 5.
Installed	The status of the NPU card installation. Must be Yes.
Serial Number	The serial number of the NPU card.
HW Version Number	The hardware version of the NPU card.
HW Revision Number	The hardware revision number.
Operational SW Version Number	The version of the default software image used for rebooting the NPU after system reset.
Shadow SW Version Number	The version of the downloaded software image that can be used to boot up the NPU.



Parameter	Description
Current Running SW Source	The software that is currently running on the system (Operational or Shadow).

Refer to "Software Upgrade Task" on page 298 for details on loading a new SW version and managing the SW versions.

3.6.1.2.2 Control

The Control section includes the Shutdown Operation action parameter that enables defining the action to be taken for a Shutdown or Reset Operation:

Option	Description
Shutdown	The shutdown operation will shut down the entire site.
	IMPORTANT: The system cannot be re-activated from remote. To re-activate the system, turn off the power to the unit and then turn it on again.
Reset	The site will be restarted. All changes in parameters that require reset will take effect after restart.
Reset To Factory Default	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration.
	IMPORTANT: All configurations will be deleted. This also means loosing the ability to manage the unit from remote: Local configuration of specific mandatory parameters using CLI is required to enable remote management of the site using the management system. Refer to the "Enabling Discovery" on page 1 for details.
Reset To Factory Default With Connectivity	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration, except to parameters that are required to maintain management connectivity to the unit.
	The parameters that are maintained without any change include:
	Physical interfaces (MGMT, CSCD, DATA) configurations
	 IP interfaces (local management, external management, bearer) configurations
	IP route configurations
	SNMP Managers configurations
	Trap Managers configurations
	AU software mapping (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)
	Site ID
No Action	The default option-no reset or shutdown operation.





3.6.1.2.2.1 Automatic Configuration Backup

The daily scheduled time for the automatic configuration backup is indicated in the Daily Backup Time text boxes in the Automatic Configuration Backup section.

The format is hh:mm where hh = 00 to 23, mm = 00 to 59. The default is 00:00.

3.6.1.3 AU

Not applicable for a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

From the navigation tree of a managed Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS you can create new AU entities or delete an existing AU entity (refer to Creating/Deleting an AU).

The AU node includes an AU <Type and Slot #> Page for each created AU. In a Micro Outdoor BTS there is always a single object (Micro ODU Slot 1), representing the entire BTS.

3.6.1.3.1 Creating/Deleting an AU

AU object creation/deletion is applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. In a Micro Outdoor BTS the AU object is created automatically and cannot be deleted.



To create a new AU:

 Right-click the AU sub-node in the navigation tree and select Create to open the New AU window. You can also double-click on an empty module in the Equipment View Page (see "Chassis View (Macro Indoor BTS)" on page 18 or "Components View (Macro Outdoor BTS)" on page 19) to open the New AU window for the selected slot.

See table below for mapping of Outdoor Macro BTS AUs to slot numbers:

AU	Slot #
AU of NAU	7
SAU	1
Master AU of DAU 1 (left side of DAU 1)	3
Slave AU of DAU 1 (right side of DAU 1)	2
Master AU of DAU 2 (left side of DAU 2)	9
Slave AU of DAU 2 (right side of DAU 2)	8

Table 3-4: Mapping of Outdoor Macro BTS AUs to Slot



New AU		×
AU		
Mandatory Parameters		
Type AU 4x4 Modem 🗸	AU Number AU slot 9 🗸	
		Apply Cancel
Done.		

Figure 3-22: New AU Window

2 Configure the mandatory properties of the required AU in the New AU window:

Parameter	Description
Туре	The required AU type:
	In a Macro Indoor BTS only AU 4x4 Modem is applicable.
	In a Macro Outdoor BTS the applicable options are AU 4x4 Modem for a 4-channels AU and AU 2x2 Modem for a 2-channels AU. The default is AU 4x4 Modem.
AU Number	Select the required slot number. The available options include all currently "empty" slots (AU entity does not exist). The default is the first available empty slot.
	The AU Number is read-only if the New AU window was opened by double-clicking on an empty module in the Equipment View page.

3 Click Apply to complete the new AU creation. The new AU will be added to the list of AU Slot # available in the AU sub-node.



To delete an AU:

To delete an AU, right-click the required AU Slot # entry in the navigation tree and select Delete. You will be request to confirm the operation.





NOTE!

An associated AU (specified in a Site Sector Association) cannot be deleted. For more details refer to "Site Sector <#> Page" on page 158.

3.6.1.3.2 AU <Type and Slot #> Page

The AU node includes an AU <Type and Slot #> page for each created AU. In a Micro Outdoor BTS there is always a single object (Micro ODU Slot 1), representing the entire BTS.

For details on creation/deletion of AU entities refer to "Creating/Deleting an AU" on page 65.

The AU <Type and Slot #> page includes the following tabs:

- AU Card Properties Tab
- AU Control Tab

3.6.1.3.2.1 AU Card Properties Tab

The Card Properties tab displays configuration and status information for the AU module.

Card Properties Control				
Required		Installed		
Туре	AU 4x4 Modem 🗸	Туре	AU 4x4 modem	
Serial Number	90011090			
HW Version Number	1169			
HW Revision Number	2			
Boot SW Version Number	3.0.37			
IF Version Number	5			
Operational SW Version Number	AU_3 AU card IF card ver	rsion number		
Shadow SW Version Number	AU_3_0_5_15			
Current Running SW Source	B. Operational			
aintenance Connectivity				
IP Address	192.160.0.1			
Mask	255.255.255.0			
Next Hop	0.0.0.0			
VLAN ID	14			

Figure 3-23: AU <Type and Slot #> Page - Card Properties Tab (Macro BTS)

The AU Card Properties tab includes the following sections:

- Required and Installed
- General Properties
- Maintenance Connectivity





3.6.1.3.2.1.1 Required and Installed

The Required section enables viewing/editing the required properties of the AU module that should be installed in the slot:

Parameter	Description
Туре	The required AU type:
	In a Macro Indoor BTS only AU 4x4 Modem is applicable.
	In a Macro Outdoor BTS the applicable options are AU 4x4 Modem for a 4-channels AU and AU 2x2 Modem for a 2-channels AU.
	In a Micro Outdoor BTS only Micro ODU is applicable.

The Installed section displays read-only information about the actual Type of the Installed module (or AU not detected).

3.6.1.3.2.1.2 General Properties

The following read-only AU properties are displayed:

Parameter	Description
Serial Number	The serial number of the AU.
HW Version Number	The hardware version of the AU.
HW Revision Number	The hardware revision number.
Boot SW Version Number	The boot software version.
FPGA Version Number	Applicable only for Micro Outdoor BTS. The FPGA version number.
IF Version Number	Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. The IF version number.
IF Revision Number	Applicable only by Micro Indiano Conduct VII. The JF and iteration
Operational SW Version Number	The version of the default software image used for rebooting the AU after system reset.
Shadow SW Version Number	The version of the downloaded software image that can be used to boot up the AU.
Current Running SW source	The software that is currently running on the card (operational or shadow).

Refer to "Software Upgrade Task" on page 298 for details on loading a new SW version and managing the SW versions.

3.6.1.3.2.1.3 Maintenance Connectivity

The Maintenance Connectivity section enables viewing/configuring the parameters of the service interface used by the AU for uploading maintenance information to an external server.



The Maintenance Connectivity section includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the service interface. Must be unique in the network. The default is 192.168.0.1.
Mask	The subnet mask of the service interface. The default is 255.255.255.0
Next Hop	The IP address of the service interface's default gateway.
	In Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS the default is 0.0.0.0 (none)
	In Micro Outdoor BTS Next Hop is read-only and is set to the IP address of bearer interface's Default Gateway (see "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55).
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID of the service interface.
	In Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS is read-only. The same VLAN ID is used by all service interfaces, and is configured in the L1/L2 Connectivity page (seer "AU Maintenance VLAN ID" on page 31).
	In Micro Outdoor BTS the range is 1-9, 11-100, 110-4094 and 4096 for No VLAN. The default is 14.

3.6.1.3.2.2 AU Control Tab

The Control tab lists the parameters that enable controlling operation of the AU.

Card Properties Control		
Last Reset Reason	B User initiated	
Shutdown Operation	Normal Operation	
-Shutdown Power (AU to 0	000)	
Port1	No Shutdown	
Port2	No Shutdown	
Port3	No Shutdown	
Port4	No Shutdown	

Figure 3-24: AU Slot Page - Control Tab



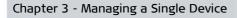


Parameter	Description
Last Reset Reason	Read-only. The reason for the last reset of the AU. Possible reasons include Unknown, Health Monitoring Failed, User Initiated. Configuration Failure, Internal Errors.
Shutdown Operation	The type of operation to be performed:
	In a Macro BTS the options are Normal Operation, Shutdown [disable power to card] or Reset. The default is Normal Operation.
	In a Micro BTS the options are listed below.

Shutdown Operation options in a Micro BTS are:

Option	Description
Shutdown	The shutdown operation will shut down the entire site.
	IMPORTANT: The system cannot be re-activated from remote. To re-activate the system, turn off the power to the unit and then turn it on again.
Reset	The site will be restarted. All changes in parameters that require reset will take effect after restart.
Reset To Factory Default	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration.
	IMPORTANT: All configurations will be deleted. This also means loosing the ability to manage the unit from remote: Local configuration of specific mandatory parameters using CLI is required to enable remote management of the site using the management system. Refer to the "Enabling Discovery" on page 1 for details.
Reset To Factory Default With Connectivity	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration, except to parameters that are required to maintain management connectivity to the unit.
	The parameters that are maintained without any change include:
	 Management Port parameters Management interfaces parameters
	 SNMP Managers configurations
	Trap Managers configurations
	Site ID
No Action	The default option-no reset or shutdown operation.





The **Shutdown Power (AU to ODU)** section enables control of the power from each port. It also enables controlling the operation of each port by disabling transmission (receive only mode). The available options for each of the available ports (1-4 in Macro Indoor BTS and a 4-Channels AU in Macro Outdoor BTS, 1-2 in Micro Outdoor BTS and a 2-Channels AU in Macro Outdoor BTS) are Shutdown, Rx Only or No Shutdown (normal operation). The default is No Shutdown.

3.6.2 External

The Equipment node includes the following pages:

- ODU Node (applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS), with ODU <#> Page for each of the existing (created) ODU entities.
- Radio Node (applicable only for a Micro Outdoor BTS), with Radio page for the two radios of the BTS.
- GPS Page
- Power Feeder Page (Applicable only for Macro Indoor BTS)
- Antenna Page (Applicable for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Indoor BTS)

3.6.2.1 ODU

Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS.

From the navigation tree for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS you can create new ODU entities or delete an existing ODU entity (see Creating/Deleting an ODU below).

The ODU node includes an ODU <**#>** Page for each created ODU.

3.6.2.1.1 Creating/Deleting an ODU

ODU object creation/deletion is applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. In a Micro Outdoor BTS two Radio objects are created automatically and cannot be deleted.



To create a new ODU:

1 Right-click the ODU sub-node in the navigation tree and select Create to open the New ODU window.



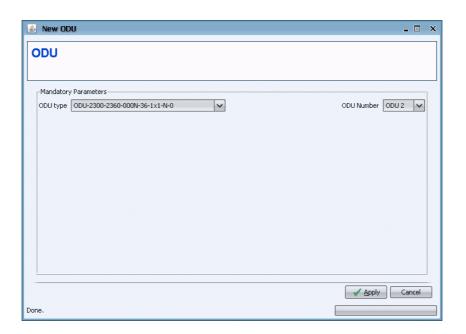


Figure 3-25: New ODU Window

- 2 In the New ODU window, select from the drop-down menus the required ODU Type and the ODU Number to be assigned to it (only unassigned numbers are available for selection). For Indoor BTS ODU numbers range is 1 to 28. For an Outdoor BTS ODU number range is from 1 to 24.
- 3 Click Apply to complete the new ODU creation. The new ODU will be added to the list of ODU # available in the ODU sub-node. To fully complete the creation of the ODU you should update the Ports Configuration (if necessary) and click Apply in the ODU page (see "ODU <#> Page" on page 72).



To delete an ODU:

To delete an ODU, right-click the required ODU # entry in the navigation tree and select Delete. You will be request to confirm the operation.



An associated ODU (specified in a Site Sector Association) cannot be deleted. For more details refer to "Site Sector <#> Page" on page 158.

3.6.2.1.2 ODU <#> Page

The ODU node includes an ODU <#> page for each created ODU.

The ODU <#> page displays the properties of the respective ODU.



Required							
				Installed			
ODU Type	ODU-3545-3600	-000N-34-1×1-N-0	~	ODU Type	ODU-3545-3	600-000N-34-1×1-N-0	
Frequency Band	3545-3600	MHz		Frequency Band	3545-3600	MH2	
Maximum Tx Power	34	dBm		Maximum Tx Power	34	dBm	
		GDIII			51	dom	
Port Configuration	1×1			Port Configuration	1×1		
Serial Number	Filter Existence		704405	36			
External Cavity	Filter Existence	2	701401	18	1		
External Cavity orts Configuration- Ports		2					
External Cavity orts Configuration- Ports Tx Power (dbm) HW Version	1 04 35	2		4			
External Cavity orts Configuration— Ports TX Power (dbm) HW Yersion HW Revision	1 24 35 0	2		4			
External Cavity orts Configuration— Ports Tx Power (dDm) HW Revision HW Revision HPA Card	1 34 35 0 Installed	2		4			
External Cavity orts Configuration— Ports Tx Power (d0m) HW Version HPA Card HPA Hard Version	1 34 35 0 Instaled 1020	2		4			
External Cavity orts Configuration – Ports T:: Power (dBm) HW Yersion HW Revision HPA Card HPA HW Version HCOS W Version	1 34 35 0 Installed 1020 110	2		4			
External Cavity orts Configuration— Ports Tx: Power (dbtn) HW Revision HW Revision HWA Card HPA HW Version HC08 SW Version CRLD SW Version	1 04 35 0 1notaled 1020 110 3	2		4			
External Cavity	1 34 35 0 Installed 1020 110	2		4			

Figure 3-26: ODU Page

The ODU page includes the following sections:

- General
- Ports

3.6.2.1.2.1 General

The General section is divided into sub-sections.

The Required section enables viewing/editing the required Type of the ODU. It also provide read-only properties of the ODU based on the required type:

Parameter	Description
ODU Type	The required ODU type. The required ODU Type of an associated ODU cannot be modified. The Type of an ODU that is not associated to any sector can be updated using the drop-down menu that includes a list of currently available ODU Types.
Frequency Band	Read-only. The frequency band supported by the required ODU Type, in MHz.
Maximum Tx Power	Read-only. The maximum Tx power available for the required ODU Type, in dBm.
Port Configuration	Read-only. The Port Configuration of the required ODU Type (1x1, 2x2, or 4x2).



The Installed section displays read-only information about the actual Type and the properties of the actual ODU Type. These details are available only for an existing and connected ODU that is associated to a sector:

Parameter	Description
ODU Type	The installed ODU type (or ODU not Associated to sector).
Frequency Band	The frequency band supported by the installed ODU Type, in MHz.
Maximum Tx Power	The maximum Tx power available for the installed ODU Type, in dBm.
Port Configuration	The Port Configuration of the installed ODU Type (1x1, 2x2, or 4x2).

In addition, the following ODU general properties are displayed below the Required and Installed sections:

Parameter	Description
Serial Number	Read-only. The serial number of the ODU enclosure.
External Cavity Filter Existence	Check to indicate the existence of an external cavity filter. The default is no (unchecked).

3.6.2.1.2.2 Ports

The Ports section includes parameters for each of the ports supported by the ODU.

The Ports table includes the following parameters for each ODU port:

Parameter	Description
Tx Power (dBm)	The required Tx power at the specified ODU Port, in dBm.
	Applicable only for Tx/Rx ports: Port 1 in a 1x1 ODU, Ports 1 and 2 in a 2x2 ODU, Ports 1 and 3 in a 4x2 ODU.
	The actually available range depends on ODU Type: The upper limit, which is the default, is set by the Maximum Tx Power supported by the ODU. The control range is 10dBm.
HW version	Read-only. The hardware version of the ODU card connected to this port. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
HW revision	Read-only. The hardware revision of the ODU card connected to this port. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
HPA Card	Read-only. Indicates whether the port is connected to an HPA card (installed/not installed).



Parameter	Description
HPA HW Version	Read-only. The hardware version of the HPA connected to this port. Applicable only if an HPA card exists in an installed and associated ODU.
HC08 SW Version	Read-only. The software version of the HCO8 controlling card connected to this port. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
CPLD SW Version	Read-only. The software version of the CPLD controlling card connected to this port. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
Serial Number	Read-only. The serial number of the ODU card connected to this port. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
ODU Status	Read-only. A decimal number representing the value of a 32-bits mask indicating possible failures. For details refer to Table 3-5 below. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
Tx Operational Status	Read-only. The current operational status of the Tx port. In Rx ports (ports 2 and 4 in a 4x2 ODU) always set to Disable.

Table 3-5: ODU Status Mask Bit Mapping for Macro Indoor/Outdoor ODU

Bit Set to 1	Failure
None	No Failure
1	AU Communication with ODU was lost
2	An error was detected while downloading a table to the ODU
3	The ODU temperature is high
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	Power amplifier failure
7	The ODU has detected an internal hardware problem
8-32	Not used

3.6.2.2 Radio

The Radio Node is applicable only for Micro Outdoor BTS. It includes two Radio pages: Radio 1 and Radio 2.

The Radio page includes the properties of the respective Radio.



Required					
			Installed		
Radio Type	ODU-3400-3600-00	ION-36-2x2-N-O-u	Radio Type	ODU not Detected	
	0.000 0.000	MHz		MH2	
Frequency Band	3400-3600	MM2	Frequency Band	MH2	
Maximum Tx Power	36	dBm	Maximum Tx Power	dBm	
Port Configuration	2x2		Port Configuration		
Serial Number	Existence	uninos	мп		
External Cavity Filter torts Configuration	Existence		um 1		
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dDm)		36.0000			
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Version		96.0000 urknown	1		
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Yersion HW Revision		36.0000 urknown urknown	1		
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Version HW Revision HPA Card		26.0000 unknown unknown Not Installed	1		
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Version HW Revision HPA Card HPA HW Version		26.0000 unknown Not Installed unknown	1		
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Revision HPA Card HPA HW Version HPA Son		36.0000 unfacoren unfacoren Not Installed unfacoren unfacoren	1		
External Cavity Filter orts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Yersion HW Revision HPA Card HPA HW Version HC08 SW Version CPLD SW Version		26.0000 unfrown Not Installed unfrown unfrown unfrown	1		
External Cavity Filter torts Configuration Tx Power (dbm) HW Yersion HW Revision HPA Card HPA HW Version HPA Sion HACOS SW Version		36.0000 unfacoren unfacoren Not Installed unfacoren unfacoren	1		

Figure 3-27: Radio Page

The Radio page includes the following sections:

- General
- Ports

3.6.2.2.1 General

The General section is divided into sub-sections.

The Required section enables viewing the read-only Type of the BTS. It also provide read-only properties of the Radio based on the BTS type:

Parameter	Description
Radio Type	The BTS type.
Frequency Band	The frequency band supported by the BTS Type, in MHz.
Maximum Tx Power	The maximum Tx power available for the BTS Type, in dBm.
Port Configuration	The Port Configuration of the BTS Type (2x2).

The Installed section displays read-only information about the Type and the properties of the Radio that are available only for a Radio that is associated to a sector:

Parameter	Description
Radio Type	The BTS type (or Radio not Associated to sector).



Parameter	Description
Frequency Band	The frequency band supported by the installed BTS Type, in MHz.
Maximum Tx Power	The maximum Tx power available for the installed BTS Type, in dBm.
Port Configuration	The Port Configuration of the installed BTS Type (2x2).

In addition, the following Radio general properties are displayed below the Required and Installed sections:

Parameter	Description
Serial Number	Read-only. The serial number of the BTS.
External Cavity Filter Existence	Check to indicate the existence of an external cavity filter. The default is no (unchecked).

3.6.2.2.2 Ports

The Ports section includes parameters for the Radio module:

Parameter	Description
Tx Power (dBm)	The required Tx power at the Radio Port, in dBm.
	The actually available range depends on BTS Type: The upper limit, which is the default, is set by the Maximum Tx Power supported by the BTS. The control range is 10dBm.
HW version	Read-only. The hardware version of the Radio card. Applicable only for an installed and associated Radio.
HW revision	Read-only. The hardware revision of the Radio card. Applicable only for an installed and associated ODU.
HPA Card	Read-only. Indicates whether the port is connected to an HPA card (installed/not installed).
HPA HW Version	Read-only. The hardware version of the HPA. Applicable only if an HPA card exists in an installed and associated Radio.
HC08 SW Version	Read-only. The software version of the HCO8 controlling card. Applicable only for an installed and associated Radio.
CPLD SW Version	Read-only. The software version of the CPLD controlling card. Applicable only for an installed and associated Radio.
Serial Number	Read-only. The serial number of the Radio card. Applicable only for an installed and associated Radio.



Parameter	Description
ODU Status	Read-only. A decimal number representing the value of a 32-bits mask indicating possible failures. For details refer to Table 3-6 below. Applicable only for an installed and associated Radio.
Tx Operational Status	Read-only. The current operational status of the Tx port.

Bit Set to 1	Failure
None	No Failure
1	No signal or no TX / RX from AU
2	Failed to read calibration file
3	The ODU temperature is high
4	HW not compatible with the selected Radio type
5	Not used
6	Power out of range
7	Current out of range
8	Synthesizer Lock Failure
9	RX gain out of range, Rx signal is too high
10-32	Not used

Table 3-6: ODU Status Mask Bit Mapping for Micro Outdoor ODU

3.6.2.3 GPS Page

In a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS the GPS page enables defining the GPS receiver configuration. In a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW it enables defining the SNTP parameters. It also enables defining other time synchronization settings.



GPS		
Chain		
GPS Type	Trimble Lassen 🗸 Daylight Saving Disable 🗸	
Stop TX After Hold Over Timeout	Enable V Start Date	
Hold Over Passed Timeout	720 Stop Date	
Time Zone Offset From UTC	Advance Hour Factor 2	
UTC Time and Date	11 : 41 : 35 ; 17 / 06 / 2010	
Read GPS Time	daily 🗸	
Read GPS Time At	04 : 05 : 00 ; 21 / 04	
Local Time and Date	14 : 34 : 16 ; 17 / 06 / 2010	
35 Clock		
External 1 PPS Clock	Enable	
Location		
Longitude	000 . 000 E V deg	
Latitude	Almanac Usable Time 720 h	
	Hotstart	
Altitude	0 m Ephemeris Usable Time 4 h	
Synchronization	L	
Maximum Number of Satellites for Sync Loss	1 Number of Satellites 0	
Minimum Number of Satellites for Sync Return	2	
GPS Status		
0		🔗 Refresh 🛛 🖌 Ap

Figure 3-28: GPS Page, Macro Indoor BTS

The GPS page includes the following sections:

- Chain
- **BS Clock** (Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS)
- Location (Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)
- Warm Start (Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS)
- Hot Start (Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS)
- Synchronization (Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)
- GPS Status Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Indoor BTS using a Trimble Lassen GPS receiver)
- Software Versions (Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)
- SNTP Primary/Secondary Server (Applicable only for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW)



3.6.2.3.1 Chain

Parameter	Description
GPS Type	The type of time synchronization source to be used. The currently available options are:
	None: No external time synchronization source
	Trimble Acutime. Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. Timing GPS-OGR model of outdoor GPS receiver.
	Trimble Lassen: Applicable for Micro Outdoor BTS (GPS Antenna Kit) and (when available) Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS (GPS model).
	SNTP: Applicable only for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.
	The default is None.
Stop Tx After Hold Over Timeout	Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS when a GPS receiver is used. Indicates whether the BTS should stop data transmission if the GPS lost synchronization with its satellites and the holdover passed timeout has occurred (Enable/Disable). When enabled, the BTS will stop transmitting after being in holdover state for more than Holdover Passed Timeout. The default is Enable.
Hold Over Passed Timeout	Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS when a GPS receiver is used. Defines the period, in minutes, for which the device provides holdover when the GPS loses synchronization with its satellites.
	The range is from 0 to 2880 minutes. The default is 480 minutes.
Time Zone Offset From UTC	The offset of the local time from the UTC.
UIC .	The range is -12:00 to +13:00 in 30 minutes resolution. The default is +00.00.
UTC Time and Date	The UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) date and time. Configurable only if the GPS Type is set to None. Otherwise it is the read-only data received from the GPS receiver/SNTP server.
	The format is hh: mm: ss, dd/mm/yyyy
	hh between 0 and 23, mm between 0 and 59, ss between 0 and 59, dd/mm with usual date and month rules, yyyy between 2006 to 9999.



Parameter	Description
Read GPS Time	Applicable for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS when a GPS receiver is used. The interval after which the NPU should obtain the GPS time for frame synchronization, and send it to the AUs.
	The available options are:
	Hourly
	Daily
	Monthly
	Yearly
	The default is Daily.
Read GPS Time At	Applicable for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS when a GPS receiver is used. The time when the NPU should obtain the GPS time for frame synchronization.
	The format is hh:mm:ss; dd/mm. hh between 0 and 23, mm between 0 and 59, ss between 0 and 59, dd/mm with usual date and month rules. Only relevant components are available for configuration, according to the selected Read GPS Time. The default is 04:05:00, 21/04
Local Time and Date	A read-only display of the local date and time (using 24-hour clock) as calculated using the UTC Time and Date and taking into account the Time Zone Offset From UTC and Daylight Saving Time parameters. The format is: hh:mm:ss; dd/mm/yyyy. For example: 13:04:23; 12/07/2006.
Daylight Saving	The Daylight Saving parameter is used to enable or disable the daylight saving feature using the following Start Date, Stop Date and Advance Hour Factor parameters. The default is Disable.
Start Date	When Daylight Saving is enabled, this parameter defines the date for starting the daylight saving feature. At the beginning of this date (midnight at the beginning of this date), the clock will be advanced by the amount of hours specified by the Advance Hour Factor (see below).
	Use the format dd.mm to define the date and month at which to start activating the Daylight Saving feature.
Stop Date	When Daylight Saving is enabled, this parameter defines the date for ending the daylight saving feature (at "Advance Hour Factor" hours after midnight at the end of this date).
	Use the format dd.mm to define the date and month at which to end activating the Daylight Saving feature.



Parameter	Description
Advance Hour Factor	When Daylight Saving is enabled, this parameter defines the amount of time by which the clock should be advanced during the daylight saving period.
	The available values are 0 (daylight saving disabled), 1 and 2 (hours). The default is 0.

3.6.2.3.2 BS Clock

Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS.

Parameter	Description
External 1 PPS Clock	Indicates whether the external 1PPS clock is enabled or disabled.
	If the External 1PPs clock is enabled, synchronization of air frames for inter-site and intra-site sectors should be managed by the external 1PPS GPS clock. If the External 1PPS clock is disabled, it indicates that the internal 1PPS at the NPU is used to synchronize air frames for inter-site and intra-site sectors.
	When using a GPS, External 1PPS clock must be enabled for proper operation of the system.
	The default is Enable.

3.6.2.3.3 Location

Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

The Location parameters are configurable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS or Micro Outdoor BTS with GPS Type set to None. Otherwise they are read-only, displaying the values calculated by the GPS receiver.

The Location section includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Longitude	The longitude of the site. The format is III.mmm,a: III.is longitude in degrees (between 000 to 179); mmm is in minutes (between 000 and 999); a - is E (east) or W (west). The default is 000.000.E.
Latitude	The latitude of the site. The format is ll.mmm,a: ll.is latitude in degrees (between 00 to 89); mmm is in minutes (between 000 and 999); a - is N (north) or S (south). The default is 00.000.N.
Altitude	The altitude in meters of the site. The Altitude is in meters, from -300.0 to 9000.0. The default is 0.





3.6.2.3.4 Warm Start

Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS.

Parameter	Description
Almanac Usable Time	The maximum period, in hours, for which the Almanac time is valid when the GPS is reset. The range is from 0 to 4320. The default is 720.

3.6.2.3.5 Hot Start

Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS.

Parameter	Description	
Ephemeris Usable Time	The maximum period, in hours, for which the Ephemeris time is valid when the GPS is reset. The range is from 0 to 168. The default is 4.	

3.6.2.3.6 Synchronization

Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

Parameter	Description	
Maximum Number of Satellites for Sync Loss	Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. When a GPS receiver is used, this is the minimum number of received satellites required for maintaining synchronization.	
	The range is from 0 to 11. Must be lower than Minimum Number of Satellites for Sync Return. The default is 1.	
Minimum Number of Satellites for Sync Return	Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. When a GPS receiver is used, this is the minimum number of received satellites required for the GPS to re-synchronize so that the unit can terminate holdover state.	
	The range is from 1 to 12. Must be higher than Maximum Number of Satellites for Sync Loss. The default is 2.	
Number of Satellites	Read-only. The number of satellites currently acquired by the GPS.	

Note: In a Micro Outdoor BTS using a GPS receiver, the Maximum Number of Satellites for Sync Loss and Minimum Number of Satellites for Sync Return parameters are not configurable and are hard coded to 1 and respectively.

3.6.2.3.7 GPS Status

Applicable only for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Indoor BTS using a Trimble Lassen GPS receiver.



Parameter	Description	
1PPS	The status of External 1PPS clock (OK or Failed)	
4 Sat & more	Not applicable if a GPS receiver is not connected. Indicating whether 4 (the minimum required for initial synchronization) or more satellites are received by the GPS receiver (OK or Failed)	
2 Sat & more	Not applicable if a GPS receiver is not connected. Indicating whether 2 (the minimum number required for maintaining synchronization) or more satellites are received by the GPS receiver (OK or Failed).	
GPS Com Failure	Not applicable if a GPS receiver is not connected. Indicating the status of communication with the GPS receiver (OK or Failed)	
Hold Over Entered	Indicating whether the device has entered into Hold Over state (None or Started)	
Hold Over T/O Passed	Indicating whether Hold Over Timeout has passed (None or Passed)	
BS Stopped to Transmit	Indicating whether the BSs are transmitting or not (OK/Stopped)	

3.6.2.3.8 Software Versions

Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

Parameter	Description
Navigation Processor SW Version	Read-only. The software version of the navigation processor of the GPS receiver (if used).
Signal Processor SW Version	Read-only. The software version of the signal processor of the GPS receiver (if used).

3.6.2.3.9 SNTP Primary/Secondary Server

Applicable only for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

Parameter	Description	
IP Address	The IP address of the Primary/Secondary SNTP Server.	
Operational Status	Read-only. The operational status of the Primary/Secondary SNTP Server (Enable/Disable) according to the keep-alive response.	

3.6.2.4 Power Feeder Page

Applicable only for Macro Indoor BTS.

The high-power PIU can support a maximum current of 58 A (@-40.5 VDC). In certain installations with a relatively high number of ODUs this current may not be sufficient to power the shelf and all the ODUs. In such installations the ODU Power Feeder is used as an additional power source providing power (-48

VDC) to ODUs. It transfers transparently all signals between the AU and the ODU, while injecting DC power received from an external source. Each ODU Power Feeder unit can serve up to four ODUs.

(A) EM	1S_after_offline on 10	D.10.144.35 - Configu	iring Equipment			_ 0" ×
S Po	wer Feeder					
<u>à</u>	Unit Number	Port Number	AU Slot Number	AU Port Number	1	
	1			1		
	1	2	1	2		
	1			3		
	1	4	1	4		
•						
					- -	
			Add New Po	wer Feeder Delete		
_						
~	0					🛷 Refresh 🛛 🖌 Apply
	_					
Done.						

Figure 3-29: Power Feeder Page

The Power Feeder table includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Unit Number	Read-only. The Power Feeder Unit Number (1-4)	
Port Number	Read-only. The Power Feeder Port Number (1-4)	
AU Slot Number	The Slot Number of the AU to which the Power Feeder Port is connected: 1-4, 7-9, or None. The default is None.	
AU Port Number	The AU Port Number to which the Power Feeder Port is connected:1-4, or None. The default is None.	

In addition, the page includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add Power Feeder	Adds a new Power Feeder to the table. Up to 4 Power Feeders may be configured. Each Power Feeder includes 4 entries for Port Number 1 to 4. Note that each combination of AU Slot Number and AU Port Number cannot appear in more than one entry (excluding combinations with None value).





Button	Description	
Delete	Deletes the selected Power Feeder from the table. You must select all 4 entries of a Power Feeder to delete it.	

3.6.2.5 Antenna Page

The Antenna page is applicable for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS and Micro Outdoor BTS.

The Antenna page enables defining the properties of the site's antennas.

The Antenna page comprises two sections: The Antennas List and the Antennas Parameter Editor section.

	on 10.10.144.35 - Co	onfiguring Equipment		-
enna				
ennas				
Antenna Number	Antenna Product Type	Antenna Parameters		
	default1PortV	Antenna Product Type	default1portV V	
	pn323111 pn323112		Default 1 port V, 1, V, 6	
	prioz 5112	Information	0,7,16.5,25,FALSE,0,	
			0,0,2,6	
		Description	Default 1 Port Vertical	
		Composit	×	
		Specification		
		Electrical Down Tilt	0 deg	
		Installation		
		Mechanical Down Tilt	0 deg	
		Heading	0 deg	
		Cable Loss	0.5 dB	
			010 00	
		Location		
		Longitude	000 . 000 . E 🗸 deg	
		Latitude	00 . 000 . N 🗸 deg	
		Tower Height	0 (m)	
	Add Delete			
0				🔗 Refresh 🛛 🖌
2				

Figure 3-30: Antenna Page

The Antennas List includes the following read-only parameters for each defined antenna:

Parameter	Description	
Antenna Number	The index number of the antenna.	
Antenna Product Type	The type of antenna (Product ID).	

Select an entry to open the Antenna Parameters Editor, allowing you to view/modify the selected antenna parameters.

The following buttons are available below the Antennas List:



Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the Antennas List. The Antenna Parameters Editor will open with default values, enabling to define the parameters for the new antenna.
	After completing the definition process and pressing Apply, the new antenna will be added to the list. Its number will be the first free number. The list can include up to 28 antennas for a Macro Indoor BTS, up to 24 antennas for a Macro Outdoor BTS and up to 2 antennas for Micro Outdoor BTS.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the Antennas List.

NOTE!



An associated antenna (specified in a Site Sector Association) cannot be deleted. For more details refer to "Site Sector <#> Page" on page 158.

The Antennas Parameters Editor section includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description
Antenna Product Type	The antenna type. The available options includes a list of default and standard antennas. The default is default1portV.
	The Antenna Product Type of an associated Antenna cannot be modified.
Information	Read-only string indicating the characteristics of the Antenna according to the Antenna Product Type.
	The string structure is <type>,N,P,A,E,G,F,<edt supported="">,<edt Min>,<edt max="">,<edt step="">, <frequency min="">, <frequency max=""></frequency></frequency></edt></edt></edt </edt></type>
	where:
	type: part number or one of the default antennas
	N: Number of Ports
	P: Polarization per port. Available options are V (Vertical), H (Horizontal), 45-45 (2-ports DS), 45-45 45-45 (4-ports DS)
	A: Azymuth Beam Width in degrees
	E: Elevation Beam Width in degrees
	G: Gain in dBi
	F: Front-to-Back Ratio in dB.
	<edt supported="">: FALSE or TRUE</edt>
	<edt min="">: The lowest value in the EDT control range</edt>
	<edt max="">: The highest value in the EDT control range</edt>
	<edt step="">: The EDT control resolution</edt>
	<frequency min="">: The lowest supported frequency, in GHz</frequency>
	<frequency max="">: The highest supported frequency, in GHz</frequency>
Description	A read-only description providing general details according to the Antenna Product Type. The details include the antenna manufacturer, number of ports, polarization, azymuth beamwidth (if other than omni) and gain. EDT indicates support of Electrical Down Tilt.



Parameter	Description	
Specification		
Electrical Down Tilt (deg)	The downwards electrical tilt of the antenna, in degrees. The range is from -90.0 to 90.0 using 0.1 degree resolution. Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 0.	
Installation		
Mechanical Down Tilt (deg)	The downwards mechanical tilt of the antenna (in degrees) as opposed to the electrical tilt already integrated in the antenna (and thus taken as reference; instead of the horizontal plane). The range is from -90.0 to 90.0 using 0.1 degree resolution. Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 0.	
Heading (deg)	The the azimuth angle (in degrees) between the center of the horizontal antenna beamwidth and the true north; counting clockwise.The range is from 0 to 359. Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 0.	
Cable Loss (dB)	The attenuation (in dB) of the cable between the ODU port and antenna port. The range is from 0 to 20 in 0.1 dB steps. Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 0.5.	
Location		
Longitude (deg)	The longitude of the antenna. The format is III.mmm,a: III.is longitude in degrees (between 000 to 179); mmm is in minutes (between 000 and 999); a - is E (east) or W (west) Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 000.000E.	
Latitude (deg)	The latitude of the antenna. The format is ll.mmm,a: ll.is longitude in degrees (between 00 to 89); mmm is in minutes (between 000 and 999); a - is S (south) or N (north). Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 00.000N.	
Tower Height (m)	The height of the antenna above the ground in meters. The range is from 0 to 500. Used only for information (inventory) purposes. The default is 0.	





3.7 ASN-GW

The ASN-GW node applicable for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

The ASN-GW enables defining various parameters pertaining to the Access Service Network (ASN) Gateway functionality of the managed device.

The ASN-GW node includes the following pages:

- AAA Page
- Service Group Page
- QoS Marking Page
- Hot Lining Page
- SFA Page

3.7.1 AAA Page

The AAA page enables the configuration of general RADIUS parameters and the AAA client. The RADIUS client encapsulates the messages destined for the AAA server in RADIUS messages or decapsulates messages sent by the AAA server for the MS.

* EMS_after_offline on 10	0.10.144.35 - Configuring Equip	ment		- 8
AAA				
AAA Client Generic Parameters				
ASN-GW NAS ID	NPU	Radius Shared Secret		
GMT Time Zone Offset	0 🗘 (s)	Source Ip Interface	Bearer	
VLAN Classifier Bit Alignment	MSB Shift 🗸	Accounting UDP Port	1,813 🗘	
		Authentication UDP Port	1,812 🗘	
AAA Client Parameters				
Current Server	Primary	🗹 Enable Redundancy		
Primary AAA Name	default	Secondary Server IP Address	66.3.3.3	
Primary Server IP Address	10.10.128.249	Switch Over	No Action	
🍫 🕜				🔗 Refresh 🛛 🖌 Appl
ne.				

Figure 3-31: AAA Page

The AAA page comprises two sections: the AAA Client Generic Parameters and the AAA Client parameters.





The AAA Client Generic Parameters are:

Parameter	Description
ASN-GW NAS ID	The unique identifier of the ASN-GW NAS. Sent in Access Request message only if configured. Should be in FQDN format. Up to 64 characters. The default is null.
GMT Time Zone Offset	The time zone offset, in seconds, from GMT at the NAS. The range is from 0 to 86400 seconds. The default is 0.
VLAN Classifier Bit Alignment	 Defines how to transfer VLAN ID between R3 and R6: MSB Shift: a. When transferring classifier VID value from R3 side to R6 side, the binary value of the 12 least significant bits in R3 TLV will be copied and pasted as most significant bits in R6 TLV. b. When transferring classifier VID value from R6 to R3, the binary value of the 12 most significant bits in R6 TLV will be copied and pasted as the 12 least significant bits in R3 TLV. LSB: The whole 16 bit value of the relevant TLV will be transferred without any change when transferring classifier VID value from R3 side to R6 side and from R6 to R3. The default is MSB Shift.
RADIUS Shared Secret	The shared secret between the AAA client and the AAA server(s). A string of 1 to 49 characters. The default is default. This is a write-only parameter (not displayed to the user).
Source IP Address	The interface providing RADIUS client functionality. The available options are Bearer and External Management. The default is Bearer.
Accounting UDP Port	Read-only. The port used for accounting messages (1813).
Authentication UDP Port	Read-only. The port used for authentication messages (1813).

The AAA Client parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Current Server	A read only display of the current active server being used (primary or Secondary).
Primary AAA Name	The name of the AAA Server. In the current release supporting a single client this is a read-only parameter (default).
Primary Server IP Address	The IPv4 address of the primary AAA server. Cannot be the same as the Secondary Server IP Address or any of the NPU IP interfaces. The default is 172.16.0.10.





Parameter	Description
Enable Redundancy	Indicates whether AAA server redundancy is supported. If enabled, the ASN-GW will try switching to the secondary server if the primary server does not respond, and vide versa. The default is Disable.
	Note: Redundancy cannot be disabled if the Current Server is the Secondary Server. If Redundancy is enabled and the Current Server is the Secondary Server, use the Switch Over option to switch to the Primary Server before disabling redundancy.
	If Redundancy is enabled - the IP Address of the Active server (Primary or Secondary) cannot be modified.
Secondary Server IP Address	The IPv4 address of the secondary AAA server. Cannot be the same as the Primary Server IP Address or any of the NPU IP interfaces. 0.0.0.0 (the default) means no secondary server. Must be set to a valid IP address if Redundancy is enabled.
Switch Over	Enable and click Apply to switch from the Primary Server to Secondary Server or Vice Versa. The default is Disable.

3.7.2 Service Group Page

The Service Group page enables managing the service interfaces and service groups.

The Service Group page includes the following tabs:

- Service Interfaces Tab
- Service Groups Tab

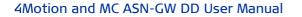
3.7.2.1 Service Interfaces Tab

The Services Interfaces tab enables viewing/modifying the parameters of existing service interfaces. It also enables adding new service interfaces (up to a maximum of 10) and deleting service interfaces.

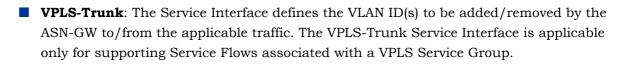
A Service Interface defines the parameters of the interface used by the NPU on the network side for services using the applicable Service Interface, specified in the applicable Service Group.

The following types of Service Interface are available:

- IP-in-IP: The Service Interface defines the parameters on the NPU side of a point-to-point tunnel to be used for the applicable traffic.
- VLAN: The Service Interface defines the VLAN ID to be added/removed by the NPU to/from the applicable traffic.
- QinQ: Applicable only for special applications requiring local support of unauthenticated mode. The QinQ Service Interface is applicable only for supporting VLAN CS Service Flows associated with a QinQ Service Group.







vice Group			
ize Interfaces service Interfaces enface Number Service Interfac V WLAN q QmQ	Service Interface Parameters — Service Interface Name Description Type Tunnel Destination IP Service VLAN ID Default Gateway IP Address Subcret Mask Encopsidation Type Outer VLAN ID	IP+n-IP ✓ 192.168.200.2 0.0.0.0 0 0 0.0.0.0 0 255.255.255.255.0 ✓ VIAN ✓ 0 Q	
Add Service Interface Delete	Enable Chedisum		

Figure 3-32: Service Group Page - Service Interfaces Tab (Add Service Interface)

The Service Interfaces table includes the following read-only parameters for each of the configured service interfaces:

Parameter	Description
Interface Number	The index number of the interface (1-80). An auto sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 80 generated automatically during service interface creation.
Service Interface Name	The name of the service interface. By default the table is sorted by the order of Service Interfaces creation time (click once on the table's Service Interface Name header to sort by ascending order, click again to sort by descending order, click again to return to default sorting).
Туре	The type of service interface: IP-in-IP, VLAN, QnQ, VPLS-Trunk

Select an entry in the table to open the Service Interface Editor for the selected service interface.

The following buttons are available below the Service Interfaces table:



Button	Description
Add Service Interface	Adds a new entry to the table and opens the Service Interface Editor, allowing configuration of parameters for the new service interface. The device can hold up to a total of 80 service interfaces. However, the total number of IP-IP, VLAN and QinQ service interfacess is limited to a maximum of 10.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table. A service Interface associated to a Service Group cannot be deleted. A QinQ service interface associated to a service flow cannot be deleted.

INFORMATION



The Bearer Interface IP Address (see "ASN-GW Bearer Interface Page" on page 55) must be configured prior to creating any IP-in-IP or VLAN service interfaces.

The Service Interface Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Service Interface Name	The name (alias) of the service interface. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Configurable only when adding a new service interface.
Description	An optional brief description of the service interface. A string of up to 70 characters. The default is null.
Туре	The type of service interface: IP-in-IP, VLAN, QinQ, or VPLS-Trunk. Configurable only when adding a new service interface. The default is IP-in-IP.
Tunnel Source IP	Applicable only for IP-in-IP service interface. Read-only. The source IPv4 address that indicates the point of origination of the tunnel for the service interface. Set to the value of the Bearer Interface IP Address.
Tunnel Destination IP	Applicable only for IP-in-IP service interface. Configurable only when adding a new service interface. The destination IPv4 address that indicates the point of termination of the tunnel for the service interface.
	Must be unique among all the Host Interfaces IP's (Bearer, Local-Management, Internal-Management, External-Management), existing instances of Service Interface Tunnel Destination IP and Default Gateway IP and subnets of Local Management, Internal Management and External Management. The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value).



Parameter	Description
Service VLAN ID	Applicable only for VLAN, QinQ and VPLS-Trunk service interfaces. Configurable only when adding a new service interface. The Service Interface VLAN ID parameter for VLAN service interface, SVID for QinQ service interface.
	The range is 1-9, 11- to 4094. The default is 0. Must be set to a valid value other than the default (0).
	The VLAN ID of an existing Service Interface cannot be changed.
	A Service Interface VLAN ID shall not conflict with other instances of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
Default Gateway IP Address.	Applicable only for VLAN service interfaces. Configurable only when adding a new service interface. The IP Address of the Default Gateway.
	Must be unique among all the Host Interfaces IP's (Bearer, Local-Management, Internal-Management, External-Management), existing instances of Service Interface's Tunnel Destination IP Address and Default Gateway IP Address, and subnets of Default Gateway IP addresses. Should be in the same subnet.with the IP Address of the DHCP server/proxy/relay to be assigned to a service group using this service interface. The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value).
Subnet Mask	Applicable only for VLAN service interfaces. The subnet mask of the default gateway. Should not overlap with an existing Interface subnet (host interfaces, other service interfaces). The Subnet Mask of a service interface associated to a service group cannot be modified. The default is 255.255.255.0.
Encapsulation Type	Applicable only for VPLS-Trunk service interfaces. The encapsulation mode of applicable traffic: VLAN or Stacked-VLAN (QinQ).
	The default is VLAN.



Parameter	Description
Outer VLAN ID	Applicable only for VPLS-Trunk service interfaces if EncapsualationType is set to Stacked-VLAN. The Service Interface Outer VLAN ID. For details refer to Table 3-7 below.
	A Service Interface Outer VLAN ID shall not conflict with other instances of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
	The Outer VLAN ID of an existing Service Interface cannot be changed.
	The range is 1 - 4094. The default value (0) must be replaced by a valid value.
Enable Checksum	Applicable only for IP-in-IP service interfaces. Indicates whether or not the tunnel checksum feature is enabled (yes or no). The default is no (unchecked).

Table 3-7: Translation of VLAN ID on VPLS-Trunk Service Interface

Encapsulatio n Mode of Service Interface	Outer VLAN ID of Service Interface	VLAN ID of Service Interface	Own VLAN ID of Service Group	Action
VLAN	N/A	Х	Х	No translation of VID
Stacked VLAN	Z	Х	Х	No translation of VID.
				On egress: Outer VLAN tag is added (SVID=Z).
				On ingress: Outer VLAN tag is removed
VLAN	N/A	Х	Y	On egress: VID=Y changed to VID=X
				On ingress: VID=X changed to VID=Y
Stacked VLAN	Z	Х	Y	On egress: VID=Y changed to VID=X, Outer VLAN tag is added (SVID=Z).
				On ingress: VID=X changed to VID=Y, Outer VLAN tag is removed.
VLAN	N/A	Х	Untagged	On egress: VLAN tag is added (VID=X).
				On ingress: VLAN tag is removed.



Encapsulatio n Mode of Service Interface	Outer VLAN ID of Service Interface	VLAN ID of Service Interface	Own VLAN ID of Service Group	Action
Stacked VLAN	Z	X	Untagged	On egress: VLAN tag is added (VID=X), Outer VLAN tag is added (SVID=Z). On ingress: VLAN tag is removed.

Table 3-7: Translation of VLAN ID on VPLS-Trunk Service Interface

3.7.2.2 Service Groups Tab

The Services Groups tab enables viewing/modifying the parameters of existing service group. It also enables adding new service groups (up to a maximum of 10) and removing service groups.

A service group is a group of MSs that are served by the same service provider or service flows that belong to the same service class.

The following service group types are supported:

- IP: This type of service group is used only for IP CS flows. Once service group is configured as type IP, additional IP allocation configuration is also required (such as DHCP mode, IP pool, IP Subnet, etc). This type of service group must be associated with either IP-IP (encapsulated IP packets) or VLAN type of R3 service interface. An IP service group can be configured to support time based or volume and time based accounting. In addition, an IP service group can be configured to support direct communication between MSs belonging to the service group.
- VPWS-Transparent: This type of service group is used only for VLAN CS flows. Once service group is configured as VPWS-Transparent type, IP allocation configuration is not required. This type of service group is not associated with any R3 service interface as vlan-tagged MS traffic is transferred transparently on the on the R3 interface. A VPWS-Transparent service group can be configured to support time based accounting.
- VPWS-QinQ: This type of service group is used only for VLAN CS flows. Once service group is configured as type VPWS-QinQ type, IP allocation configuration is not required. This type of service group is not associated with any R3 service interface as double-tagged MS traffic is transferred transparently on the on the R3 interface. The QinQ VLAN used by the MS should be received from the AAA server in Access-Accept messages. A VPWS-QinQ service group can be configured to support time based accounting.
- VPWS-Mapped: This type of service group is intended for special needs were VLAN CS service flows from multiple MSs use the same VLAN ID. Once service group is configured as VPWS- Mapped type, IP allocation configuration is not required. This type of service group makes the mapping between a unique MS flow VLAN ID used on R3 interface and a CVID. The CVID can be missing. For this service group type a VLAN pool need to configured. The ASN-GW will uniquely allocate a VLAN from the



configured pool to each MS flow to be used on R3 interface. A VPWS-Mapped service group can be configured to support time based accounting.

VPLS Hub and Spoke: This type of service group supports the VPLS hub-and-spoke model. Virtual Private LAN Services (VPLS) provide connectivity between geographically dispersed customer sites as if they were connected using a LAN, transporting Ethernet/802.3 and VLAN [802.1Q] traffic across multiple sites that belong to the same L2 broadcast domain. Sites that belong to the same broadcast domain expect broadcast, multicast, and unicast traffic to be forwarded to the proper location(s). This requires MAC address learning/aging on a per-pseudowire basis, and packet replication across pseudowires for multicast/broadcast traffic and for flooding of unknown unicast destination traffic. In a hub-and-spoke model, one PE (Provider Edge) router that is acting as a hub connects all other PE routers that act as spokes in a given VPLS domain. The virtual switch on a spoke PE router has exactly one pseudowire connecting to the virtual switch on the hub PE router. No pseudowire interconnects the virtual switches on spoke PE routers. A hub-and-spoke topology by definition is loop-free, so it does not need to enable spanning-tree protocols or split horizon on pseudowires. To provide Layer 2 connectivity among the virtual switches on spoke PE routers, the hub PE router must turn off split horizon on the pseudowires. When split horizon is disabled, you can forward or flood packets among different pseudowires at the hub PE router. Each of the VPLS Service Groups is associated with a separate VPLS-Trunk service interface.

ervice Group			
Service Groups -Service Groups -Servic	Service Group Parameters Nome Type Service There w/o TP Address DHCP Function Mode Lease Time DHCP Own TP Address MS-MS Loop Back Enable Service VLAN Accounting Accounting Dicterim Interval	IP W twww M 0<0 0 Server W 0.0.0.0 \$ 0.0.0.0 \$ 0.0.0.0 \$ 0.0.0.0 \$ Time based W 5 \$	
[Add Service Group] Delete HCP Function ddresses Configuration		Address Allocation Timout	
Primary DNS Server 0.0.0.0 Secondary DNS Server 0.0.0.0		Renewal Time Rebind Time	50 🗘 % of Lease Time

Figure 3-33: Service Group Page - Service Groups Tab (Add Service Group)

The Service Groups tab includes the Service Groups table and the Editors for Service Group Parameters and DHCP Function.

Select an entry in the table to open the Editors for the Service Group Parameters and the DHCP Function tor for the selected service group.



The Service Groups table includes the following read-only parameters for each of the existing service groups:

Parameter	Description
Service Group Number	The index number of the Service Group (1-80). An auto sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 80 generated automatically during service group creation.
Name	The name (alias) of the Service Group. By default the table is sorted by the order of Service Groups creation time (click once on the table's Name header to sort by ascending order, click again to sort by descending order, click again to return to default sorting).
DHCP Function Mode	Applicable only for IP Service Groups. The DHCP function mode (Server, Relay, Proxy).

The following buttons are available below the Service Groups table:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the Service Groups table and opens the Editors for the Service Group Parameters and DHCP Function, allowing to configure the required parameters. The device can hold up to 80 service groups. However, the total number of IP and VPWS (Transparent/QinQ/Mapped) service groups is limited to a maximum of 10 service groups.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the Service Groups table.
	A Service Group cannot be deleted if it is assigned to a Service Flow. Refer to "Service Profile Page" on page 120.
	A Service Group with an associated VLAN Service Interface cannot be deleted if the Enable Service VLAN is set to enable.

The Service Group Parameters Editor section includes the following parameters

Parameter	Description
Name	The name (alias) of the service group. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device.
	Configurable only when creating a new Service Group.
Туре	The Service Group's type: IP, VPWS-QinQ, VPWS-Transparent, VPWS-Mapped, VPLS Hub and Spoke.
	Configurable only when creating a new Service Group. The default is IP.



Parameter	Description
Service Interface Name	Applicable only for IP and VPLS Service Groups.
	The pre-defined service interface alias used as the data path for traffic towards the core network.
	Configurable only when creating a new Service Group.
	Note that a Service Interface can be associated only to a single Service Group.
	Only a VPLS-Trunk service interface can be associated with a VPLS service Group. A VPLS-Trunk Service Interface cannot be associated with any other Service Group type.
	The drop-down list includes only valid selections (according to type) of service interfaces that are not associated with any service group, and is sorted by creation time. The default is the oldest valid service interface in the database.
DHCP Function Mode	Applicable only for IP Service Groups.
	The DHCP function mode.
	 Server: The ASN-GW function as a DHCP server that allocates an IP address to the MS from the local pool (in the non-HA mode).
	Relay: The IP address is obtained using an external DHCP server (in the non-HA mode).
	Proxy: Non-HA mode: In Non-HA mode the DHCP proxy assigns the MS, the IP address that was received from AAA in the MS profile. In HA mode the DHCP proxy assigns to the MS the IP address received in the MS profile or obtains the IP address from HA using the mobile IP.
	Configurable only when creating a new Service Group. The default is Server.
	Note that upon selection of the Relay option the other parameters available in the Editors change to reflect the unique functionality of this mode.
Service Time W/O IP Address	Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Time of waiting for DHCP request when initial Data Path is established. If expires, MS should be deregistered. The range is 0 to 86,400 seconds. A value of 0 means this timer is deactivated (and MS is not deregistered). The default is 0.
Lease Time	Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Not applicable in DHCP Relay mode. The lease time in seconds of IP address allocated for MS from this Service Group. The range is 24-4294967295. The default is 86,400.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.



Parameter	Description
DHCP Own IP Address	Applicable only for IP Service Groups.
	The IP address of the DHCP server/relay/proxy. Must be different from other instances of DHCP Own IP Address in the device.
	For a service group using a VLAN service interface, should be in same subnet with the Default Gateway configured for the service interface associated with the service group. Subnet mask is taken as the default subnet mask i.e 255.255.255.0.
	In DHCP Server mode, the DHCP server IP address must be in the same subnet but outside the range allocated for users address pool as provisioned in the DHCP Server.
	Configurable only when creating a new Service Group. The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value).
Enable Service VLAN	Applicable only for IP Service Groups with an attached VLAN service interface.
	Indicates the status of a VLAN service interface attached to the service group. Not configurable when the attached Service Interface is IP-in-IP. If a Service Group with Service VLAN enabled is attached to a Service Profile, Service VLAN cannot be disabled.
	The default is Disable.
MS-MS Loopback	Applicable only for IP Service Groups.
	Indicates whether MS-MS loopback is enabled or disabled for the service interface. The default is Enable.
VID Mapping Range	
Start	Applicable only for VPWS-Mapped Service Groups.
	The start value of the range of VLAN IDs for mapping. The default is 0.
	None of the value within the range shall overlap with any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of other existing VPWS-Mapped Service Group.



Parameter	Description
End	Applicable only for VPWS-Mapped Service Groups.
	The end value of the range of VLAN IDs for mapping. Cannot be lower than Start value. The default is 0.
	None of the value within the range shall overlap with any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of other existing VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
VLAN ID	Applicable only for VPLS-Hub And Spoke Service Groups.
	The own VLAN ID of the Service Group.
	The range is 0-4094 (0 means untagged). The default is 0.
	Different VPLS Service Groups may have the sane value of their own VLAN ID (including multiple VLAN-untagged VPLS Service Groups).
VPLS Local Switch	Applicable only for VPLS-Hub And Spoke Service Groups. If set to Enable, uplink multicast frames will be forwarded to both the Multicast port and the VPLS trunk port of the VPLS instance. If set to Disable, multicast frames will be forwarded only to the VPLS trunk port.
	The default is Enable.
Multicast Service Flow (Ap	oplicable only for VPLS-Hub And Spoke Service Groups)
Delivery Type	The data delivery type for downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts. The options are UGS, RT-VR, NRT-VR, BE, ERT-VR, ANY. The default is BE.
Media Flow Type	An optional description of the type of media carried by the service flow. A string of up to 15 characters. The default is null.
Maximum Sustained Traffic Rate (bps)	The maximum sustained traffic rate, in bps, for downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts.
	Not applicable for service flows with UGS uplink data delivery type.
	The range is 0-5,000,000 (bps). The default is 100,000 bps.
Minimum Reserved Rate (bps)	the minimum rate in kbps reserved for for downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts.
	Aapplicable only for service flows with the appropriate data delivery type (UGS, NRTVR, RTVR, ERTVR).
	The range is 0-5,000,000 (bps). The default is 100,000 bps.
	For NRTVER, RTVR and ERTVR-cannot be higher than (Maximum Sustained Traffic Rate).



Parameter	Description
Traffic Priority	The traffic priority to be applied to the downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts.
	Not applicable for service flows with UGS uplink data delivery type.
	The range is 0-7. The default is 0.
Maximum Latency (msec)	The maximum latency in ms allowed in the downlink service flow used for multicasts.
	Applicable only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, RTVR, ERTVR).
	The range is 0- 4,294,967,295 (msec). The default is 500 msec (If data delivery type is ERTVR or UGS, the default value should be 90 ms).
Maximum Jitter (msec)	The maximum delay variation (jitter) in milliseconds for the downlink service flow used for multicasts.
	Applicable only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).
	The range is 0- 4,294,967,295 (msec). The default is 0.
Accounting	
Accounting Mode	Accounting mode for the service interface:
	None: No accounting support.
	Time based: The ASN-GW send RADIUS Accounting Start/Stop Requests. The ASN-GW shall also send Interim Accounting requests to AAA server using RADIUS Accounting Interim messages on a preconfigured or negotiated interval. AAA server can send negotiated time interval in Access-Accept message. If the defined value (see Interim Interval below) is zero and there is no Acct-Interim-Interval in Access Accept, interim updates should be deactivated.
	Volume and time based: Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Functionality is the same as for Time option above. In addition, this mode supports postpaid accounting by supporting IP Session Volume Based Accounting. The ASN-GW will report the cumulative volume counters for each MS IP Session. The counters will be collected per MS Service Flow and will be cumulated in order to get the MS IP Session counters. The default is Time based.



Parameter	Description	
Interim Interval	Not applicable if Accounting Mode (see above) is set to None. The default interval in seconds for Accounting Interim reports to be used if Acct-Interim-Interval is not received from the AAA server.	
	Value "0" means interim reports are deactivated unless Acct-Interim-Interval is sent by the AAA server in Access Accept messages.	
	The valid range is 0 (none) or 5-1600 (minutes). The default is 5.	

The DHCP Function Editor for Server and Proxy modes includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Address Configuration		
Primary DNS ServerIP Address of the first DNS Server to be provisioned to MS f Group. The default is 0.0.0.0.		
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.	
Secondary DNS Server	IP Address of the second DNS Server to be provisioned to MS from this Group. The default is 0.0.0.0.	
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.	
IP Address Pool	Applicable only in Server mode. The range of IP addresses in the address pool (From - To). The defaults are From 0.0.0.0, To 255.255.255.255.	
	DHCP IP addresses in the pool shall not overlap with the DHCP address pool defined in an existing service group and with IP addresses of host interfaces (Bearer, External Management, Internal Management and Local Management).	
Add Excluded IP Address	Applicable only in Server mode. Enables you to add an IP address to the Excluded IP address List (see below). To add an IP address, enter it in the text box and click on the Add button. The default added address is 0.0.0.0.	
Excluded IP Address List	Applicable only in Server mode. The list of IP addresses that are to be excluded from the address pool. The list can contain up to 16384 IP addresses.	
	To remove one or several IP addresses from the list, select the addresses to be removed and click on the Delete button.	



ASN-GW

Parameter	Description
Subnet Mask	Applicable only in Server/Proxy mode. In Server mode, this is the subnet mask to be provided by local DHCP Server with IP address.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
Default Gateway IP Address	Applicable only in Server/Proxy mode. In Server mode this is the IP address of the Default Gateway to be provided by the local DHCP Server with the device IP address.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
Address Allocation Timeo	ut
Renewal Time	The interval, as a percentage of the Lease Time, after which the MS can request renewal of a lease that has expired. The range is from 1 to 100. The default is 50%.
	The renewal Time must be lower than rebind Time.
	This value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept
Rebind Time	The rebind interval, as a percentage of the Lease Time. This is passed to the MS (DHCP client). The range is from 1 to 99. The default is 75%.
	This value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
Offer Reuse Time	The interval, in seconds, within which the MS should send a DHCP request to accept the address sent by the NPU. If the MS does not accept the address within this period, the MS is deregistered.
	The range is from 1 to 120. The default is 5 seconds.
Management Server	
Server Host Name	The server host name. This parameter is sent in dhcp-offer / dhcp-ack messages and may be used by certain CPEs. A string of up to 64 characters. The default is null.
Client Boot File Name	The client boot file name. This parameter is sent in dhcp-offer / dhcp-ack messages and may be used by certain CPEs. A string of up to 128 characters. The default is null.
Vendor Class Identifier	The option 60 string, indicating the type of hardware/firmware used by relevant CPEs. Up to 30 characters. An empty string (null) means that DHCP Option 60 is disabled. If the value is other than null, the value configured in the CPE must match this value for proper allocation of IP parameters. The default is null.



Parameter	Description
Vendor Specific Information Name	Option 43 Name string. Up to 64 characters. The default is InternetGatewayDevice.ManagementServer.URL.
Vendor Specific Information Value	Option 43 Value string. Up to 64 characters. The default is null.

The DHCP Function Editor for Relay mode includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description			
External DHCP Server IP Address	The IP address of the external DHCP server. The default is 0.0.0.0. Must be configured to a valid IP address.			
Enable Relay Agent Information	Mark to enable Relay Agent Information (Option 82). All following parameters are applicable only if Relay Agent Information is enabled. The default is Disable (unmarked).			
Relay Agent Information Parameters				
Enable Unicast Relay Agent Information	Indicates whether the Unicast parameter is enabled or disabled. The default is Disable.			
Enable RADIUS Attributes	Indicates whether RADIUS Attributes (sub-option 7) 82 is enabled or disabled. The default is Disable.			
RADIUS Attribute Messag	es (applicable only if Enable RADIUS Attributes is enabled)			
Service Type	Indicates whether Service Type (attribute 6) is enabled or disabled). The default is Disable.			
Vendor Specific	Indicates whether Vendor Specific (attribute 26) is enabled or disabled). The default is Disable.			
Session Timeout	Indicates whether Session Timeout (attribute 27) is enabled or disabled). The default is Disable.			
Agent Circuit ID	Sub-option 1 of option 82. The available options are: Not Set (disable), Default, MS ID, BS ID, NAS ID, NAS IP, ASCII Agent Circuit ID, Binary Free String, Full-NAI, Domain, ASCII MS ID, ASCII BS ID, ASCII BS MAC. The default is Not Set.			
	For ASCII Agent Circuit ID, enter the ID string in the Binary/ASCII Agent Circuit ID text box (up to 32 characters.			
	For Binary Free String, enter a string of up to 32 hexadecimal digits (no spaces) in the Binary/ASCII Agent Circuit ID text box.			



Parameter	Description
Agent Remote ID	Sub-option 2 of option 82. The available options are: Not Set (disable), Default, MS ID, BS ID, NAS ID, NAS IP, ASCII Agent Remote ID, Binary Free String Full-NAI, Domain, ASCII MS ID, ASCII BS ID, ASCII BS MAC. The default is Not Set.
	For ASCII Agent Remote ID, enter the ID string in the Binary/ASCII Agent Remote ID text box (up to 32 characters.
	For Binary Free String, enter a string of up to 32 hexadecimal digits (no spaces) in the Binary/ASCII Agent Remote ID text box.
Agent Subscriber ID	Sub-option 6 of option 82. The available options are: Not Set (disable), Default, MS ID, BS ID, NAS ID, NAS IP, ASCII Agent Subscriber ID, Binary Free String, Full-NAI, Domain. The default is Not Set.
	For ASCII Agent Subscriber ID, enter the ID string in the Binary/ASCII Agent Subscriber ID text box (up to 32 characters.
	For Binary Free String, enter a string of up to 32 hexadecimal digits (no spaces) in the Binary/ASCII Agent Subscriber ID text box.

3.7.3 QoS Marking Page

The QoS Marking page enables managing QoS marking rules for the bearer plane, based on parameters such as traffic priority, and the type of service, media, and interface.

For each marking rule, you can define the output parameters (outer-DSCP and VLAN-priority values) to be applied on service flows using best-match logic. For example, if we have the following two marking rules for BE traffic (Data Flow Delivery Type set to BE):

- A Interface Type set to Internal (R6) interface, All other parameters set to ANY.
- **B** All other parameters (including interface type) are set to ANY.

Than Rule A will apply to all BE traffic transmitted on the internal (R6) interface. Rule B will apply to all other BE traffic, meaning traffic transmitted on the external (R3) interface.



oS Mar	king					
earer Plane	QoS Rules					
Rule Numb	r Rule Status	Marking Rule	Qos Rule Parameters			
1	Enable	int_default ext_default	Marking Rule Name			
6	Enable	enc_ueraux	Rule Status	Enable	~	
			Condition			
			Rule Applied on Interface	ANY	~	
			Service Flow Data Delivery Type	ANY	~	
			Service Flow Traffic Priority	ANY	~	
			Service Flow Media Flow Type	ANY		
			Action			
			Outer DSCP Marking	0	0	
			802.1p Priority Marking	0	~	
	Add QoS Rule	Delete				

Figure 3-34: QoS Marking Page

The QoS Marking page comprises two sections: the Bearer Plane QoS Rules table and the QoS Rule Parameters Editor.

The Bearer Plane QoS Rules table includes the following read-only parameters for each existing rule:

Parameter	Description
Rule Number	The index number of the rule. An auto-sequential number from 1 to a maximum of 20 generated automatically during rule creation.
Rule Status	The status of the rule (Enable or Disable).
Marking Rule Name	The name of the QoS marking rule. By default the table is sorted by the order of Marking Rules creation time (click once on the table's Marking Rule Name header to sort by ascending order, click again to sort by descending order, click again to return to default sorting).

Select an entry to open the QoS Rule Parameters Editor for the selected rule.

The following buttons are available below the table:

Button	Description	
Add QoS Rule	Adds a new entry to the Bearer Plane QoS Rules table and opens the QoS Rule Parameters Editor, allowing to configure the new rule's parameter.	

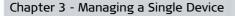


Button	Description
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table.
	Note that the default rules (Rule Number 1 and 2, int_default and ext_default respectively) cannot be deleted.

The QoS Rule Parameters Editor displays the following parameters for the new/selected rule:

Parameter	Description
Marking Rule Name	The name of the QoS marking rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device.
	The name of an existing rule cannot be modified.
Rule Status	The status of the rule (Enable or Disable). The default is Enable.
Condition	
Rule Applied on Interface	The type of interface for which the bearer plane QoS rule is defined: Internal (R4/R6 tunnel), External (R1), or ANY. The default is ANY.
	The Interface type of an existing rule cannot be modified.
Service Flow Data Delivery Type	The type of service provided as an input parameter for the bearer plane QoS rule: UGS, RTVR; NRTVR; BE; ERTVR, or ANY. The default is ANY.
	The Service Flow Data Delivery Type of an existing rule cannot be modified.
Service Flow Traffic Priority	The traffic priority provided as an input parameter for the bearer plane QoS rule: 0-7 or ANY. The default is ANY.
	The Service Flow Traffic Priority of an existing rule cannot be modified.
Service Flow Media Flow Type	The media type provided as an input parameter for the bearer plane QoS rule. A value of ANY indicates that this parameter will be ignored.
	A string of 1 to 30 characters or ANY. The default is ANY.
	The Service Flow Media Flow Type of an existing rule cannot be modified.
Action	
Outer DSCP Marking	The Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP) value to be used for marking the packets, if the packet complies with the marking rule's conditions. The range is from 0 to 63. The default is 0.
802.1p Priority Marking	The 802.1p priority to be used for marking traffic that complies with the marking rule's conditions. The range is from 0 to 7. The default is 0.







3.7.4 Hot Lining Page

Hot Lining provides a WiMAX operator with the capability to efficiently address issues with users that would otherwise be unauthorized to access packet data services.

When Hot Lining is enabled, the ASN-GW implements UL/DL traffic filters. These traffic filters are dynamically applied and removed per MSID. Triggers for filter application/removal are relevant RADIUS messages from the AAA server. Filter's action on traffic shall be one of the following: pass, drop, or HTTP-redirect the traffic. The ASN-GW shall apply the pre-configured profile according to the Hotline-Profile-ID as delivered from the AAA server.

If filtering is applied, uplink subscriber's packet that does not match any UL-filter-rule shall be dropped. Downlink subscriber's packet that does not match any DL-filter-rule shall be dropped.

DHCP traffic in UL and DL direction is always passed.

Anti-spoofing function filtering of UL traffic is performed before the Hot Lining filtering.

Hot Lining is not applied on an MS with VLAN or Ethernet Services. If the ASN-GW receives Access-Accept message, which includes any Hot Lining attributes, and the subject MS is granted at least one flow with CS-type of VLAN or Ethernet, the ASN-GW shall initiate De-registration of the MS.

MSs with tunneled traffic are not supported by Hot Lining.

When Hot Lining is disabled in ASN-GW, it shall not include Hot Lining Capabilities attributes in any Access-Request messages. If AAA replies with Access-Accept message which includes any Hot Lining attributes, ASN-GW shall initiate De-registration of the MS.

		on 10.10.1			
ot Lini	ng				
-	rofiles And Ru Hot Lining	Jes			
rofiles —					
		. Http Red	Enable P Disable		
1	ddd 1		Disable Disable		
3		1.000	-		
		Add	Delete		
	-	add	Delete		
ilter Rules					_
	file Number	3	Prof	le Name Http:Redirect URL	Enable Profile
	file Number	tule Name	Direction	Ip Address Subnet Mask Ip Protocol Source Port Start Source Port Stop Destination Po	Destination Po DSCP Start
Pro	file Number	tule Name		Ip Address Subnet Mask Ip Protocol Source Port Start Source Port Stop Destination Po	
Pro	file Number	tule Name	Direction	Ip Address Subnet Mask Ip Protocol Source Port Start Source Port Stop Destination Po	Destination Po DSCP Start
Pro	file Number	tule Name	Direction	Ip Address Subnet Mask Ip Protocol Source Port Start Source Port Stop Destination Po	Destination Po DSCP Start

Figure 3-35: Hot Lining Page



The Hot Lining page comprises the following components:

- Enable Hot Lining
- Profiles Table
- Profile Editor
- Filter Rules

3.7.4.1 Enable Hot Lining

Parameter	Description
Enable Hot Lining	Enable/Disable the Hot Lining feature. The following Hot Lining parameters are configurable only if Hot Lining is enabled. The default is Enable.

3.7.4.2 Profiles Table

The Hot Lining Profiles table includes the following read-only parameters for each entry:

Parameter	Description
Profile Number	The index number of the hot lining profile. An auto-sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 10 generated automatically during filter addition.
Profile Name	The unique (per BTS) name of the profile.
HTTP Redirect URL	The HTTP redirect URL to be used by filter rules with HTTP Redirect action (or null).
Enable Profile	The status of the hot lining profile (Disable/Enable).

The following buttons are available below the table:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the table, allowing to configure the parameters of the new profile in the profile Editor section.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table.

Select an entry to open the Profile Editor and the Filter Rules table for the selected Profile.

3.7.4.3 Profile Editor

The Profile Editor includes the following parameters for the selected profile:



Parameter	Description
Profile Number	The index number of the hot lining profile. An auto-sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 10 generated automatically during filter addition.
Profile Name	The unique (per BTS) name of the profile. A string of 1-30 characters. The name of an existing profile cannot be modified.
HTTP Redirect URL	The HTTP redirect URL to be used by filter rules with HTTP Redirect action. This is the Redirection location to be used in Http-Redirection message. Must be configured (URL in ASCII string format) if in any of the filter rules associated with the profile the configured action is HTTP Redirect. the string should be start with http:// or https://.
Enable Profile	Enables/Disables the hot lining profile. The default is Disable. Profile parameters can be updated only when Enable Profile is set to Disable.

3.7.4.4 Filter Rules

Up to 16 Filter Rules may be associated to each Hot Lining Profile.

Filter Rules can be added/updated only when the Enable Profile parameter in the device is set to Disable.

The Filter Rules table includes the following parameters for each entry:

Parameter	Description
Rule Number	The index number of the filter rule. An auto-sequential number generated automatically during filter addition.
	The Rule Number serves also as the rule priority, affecting the order of checking the rules for a match. The first found match is applied.
Rule Name	The unique (per hot line profile) name of the rule. A string of 1-30 characters. The name of an existing filter rule cannot be modified.
Direction	The direction for which the rule should be applied: Uplink or Downlink. The default is Uplink.
IP Address	If Direction is Downlink then this is the downlink Source IP Address.
	If Direction is Uplink then this is the uplink Destination IP Address
	255.255.255.255 means not applicable (ignore this condition).
	The default is 255.255.255.255.
Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask associated with the configured IP Address. The default is 255.255.255.255.
IP Protocol	The IP protocol number (1-255). 255 means "any" (ignore this condition). The default is 255.



Parameter	Description
Source Port Start	The minimum value of source TCP/UDP port range. The default is 0.
Source Port Stop	The maximum value of source TCP/UDP port range. The default is 65535.
Destination Port Start	The minimum value of destination TCP/UDP port range. The default is 0.
Destination Port Stop	The maximum value of destination TCP/UDP port range. The default is 65535.
DSCP Start	The minimum value of DSCP range. The default is 0.
DSCP Stop	The maximum value of DSCP range. The default is 63.
Filter Action	Action to be performed on packets that match the rule: Pass, Drop, HTTP Redirect. The default is Pass.
	HTTP Redirect is applicable only if Direction is Uplink. If set to HTTP Redirect then HTTP Redirect Address (see Profiles Table above) must be defined.

The following buttons are available below the table:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the table, allowing to configure new rule's parameter.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table.

3.7.5 SFA Page

The Service Flow Authorization (SFA) functionality handles creation/maintenance of pre-provisioned service flows for MS. It maps the AAA parameters (service profile name) received from the AAA server to pre-configured WiMAX-specific QoS parameters in the NPU.

The SFA page enables configuring and maintaining service flows, including configuring Packet Header Suppression (PHS) rules, multiple service profiles with multiple service flows, and classification rules.

The SFA page includes the following tabs:

PHS Rules Tab

Classification Rules Tab

In addition, the Service Profile sub-node of the SFA node enables creating new service profiles and viewing/modifying service profiles.

3.7.5.1 PHS Rules Tab

The PHS Rules tab enables defining rules for Packet Header Suppression (PHS). PHS rules are provisioned on a per-service profile name basis.



MS_after_offline on 10.10.1	44.35 - Configuring Eq	juipment			
FA					
HS Rules Classification Rules					
PHS Rules					
Enable PHS Support					
PHS Rule Number	Name	Field Value	Mask Value (bits)	Verify Value	Size Value (Bytes)
					Add Durc Duty
					Add PHS Rule Delet
0					Add PHS Rule Delete

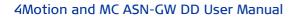
Figure 3-36: SFA Page - PHS Rules Tab

The PHS Rules tab includes the Enable PHS Support check-box and the PHS Rules table:

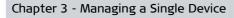
Parameter	Description
Enable PHS Support	Indicates whether or not PHS is enabled or disabled. This setting applies to all PHS rules. The default is Disable.

The PHS Rules table includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
PHS Rule Number	The index number of the PHS rule. An auto sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 255 generated automatically during rule creation.
Name	The name of the PHS rule. 1-30 characters. The default is null. Must be configured to a valid unique value.
Field Value	The PHSF value, that is, the header string to be suppressed. The default is null. Must be configured to a valid value.
Mask Value (bits)	The PHSM that contains the bit-mask of the PHSF with the bits set that is to be suppressed. The default is null. Must be configured to a valid value.
Verify Value	Indicates whether or not the PHS header is to be verified. The default is No.







Parameter	Description
Size Value (Bytes)	The size of the header to be suppressed. 0-20. The default is null. Must be configured to a valid value.

An existing PHS Rule cannot be modified.

The following buttons are available at the bottom of the page:

Button	Description
Add PHS Rule	Adds a new entry to the PHS Rules table allowing to configure parameters of the new rule.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the PHS Rules table. A PHS Rule that is associated to a Classification Rule cannot be deleted.

3.7.5.2 Classification Rules Tab

The Classification Rules tab enables defining the rules that are used to classify packets transmitted on the bearer plane.

	ne on 10.10.	144.35 - Confi	guring Equipment		-
A					
S Rules Classific	cation Rules				
lassification Rules					
Classification R	Name	Туре	Classification Rule	e Identiliers	
	tcp	L3	Name		
	udp	L3	PHS Rule Name		
	kmp	L3			
	5	13	Priority	0 0	
5	111	L3	Туре	L3 🗸	
	dd Classification	Rule) Delete			
assification Rule P		Rule Delete		Layer4	
assification Rule P nyer2 Justomer VLAN ID	arameters	Rule) Delote		Layer4	
assification Rule P nyer2 Customer VLAN ID	arameters	Rule) Delete			
assification Rule P nyer2 Sustamer VLAN ID nyer3	arameters	Rule Delete		Enable TCP/UDP Source Port	
assification Rule P nyer2 Customer VLAN ID	arameters	Rule) Delete		□ Enable TCP/LDP Source Port TCP/LDP Source Port TCP/LDP Source Port ■ Enable TCP/LDP Destination Port	
assification Rule P nyer2 Customer VLAN ID nyer3 Enable IP TC	arameters			TCP/UDP Source Port	
assification Rule P nyer2 Sustamer VLAN ID nyer3	arameters		0 0 0	□ Enable TCP/LDP Source Port TCP/LDP Source Port TCP/LDP Source Port ■ Enable TCP/LDP Destination Port	€gefreuh) 🖋 Ø

Figure 3-37: SFA Page - Classification Rules Tab

The Classification Rules tab includes the Classification Rules table and the Classification Rule Parameters Editor section.

The Classification Rules table includes the following read-only parameters for each existing rule:



Parameter	Description
Classification Rule Number	The index number of the Classification rule. An auto-sequential number starting from 1 up to a maximum of 100 rules, generated automatically during rule creation.
Name	The name of the rule. By default the table is sorted by the order of Classification Rules creation time (click once on the table's Name header to sort by ascending order, click again to sort by descending order, click again to return to default sorting).
Туре	The type of the rule (L2 or L3).

Select an entry to open the Classification Rule Parameters Editor for the selected rule.

The following buttons are available below the table:

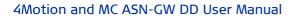
Button	Description
Add Classification Rule	Adds a new entry to the Classification Rules table and opens the Classification Rule Parameters Editor allowing to configure parameters of the new rule.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the Classificaton Rules table.

The Classification Rule Parameters Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Classification Rule Identifiers		
Name	The name of the classification rule. A string of 1-30 characters. The name of an existing rule cannot be modified.	
PHS Rule Name	The Packet Header Suppression (PHS) rule name associated with the classification rule, or null for no PHS Rule. Specify the PHS rule name if you want to perform PHS for this flow. The default is null (none).	
Priority	The priority level assigned to the classification rule. The range is 0-255. The default is 0.	
Туре	The rule's type: L2 or L3. The type of an existing rule cannot be modified. The default is L3.	
Classification Rule Parameters		
Layer 2 (applicable only for L2 rules)		



Parameter	Description			
Customer VLAN ID	The Customer VLAN ID value to be assigned to the classification rule. The range is 1-4094. The default is null. The Customer VLAN ID of an existing rule cannot be modified.			
Layer 3 (applicable only for L3 rules)				
Enable IP TOS	Indicates whether the use of TOS-based classification is enabled. The default is Disable.			
TOS Range	Relevant only if Enable IP TOS is enabled. Configurable only when Enable IP TOS is disabled. The range of values (From-To) of the IP TOS field from the lowest value to the highest value. Values range is from 0 to 63. The default is From 0, To 0.			
TOS Mask	Relevant only if Enable IP TOS is enabled. The mask for IP TOS value. This bit mask is applied to the TOS field received in the IP header to be matched within the configured TOS range. The range is from 0 to 63. The default is 0.			
Enable IP Protocol	Indicates whether the packet is classified based on the value of the IP protocol. The default is Disable. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			
IP Protocol	Relevant only if Enable IP Protocol is enabled. Configurable only when Enable IP Protocol is enabled. The enabled protocol number. Value is in the range 1-255 (using standard IANA protocol values). The default is 1. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			
Enable IP Source Classifier	Indicates whether the use of an associated IP source address is enabled for the classification rule. The default is Disable. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			
IP Source Address	Relevant only if Enable IP Source Classifier is enabled.Configurable only when Enable IP Source Classifier is enabled. The IP source address enabled for the classification rule. The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be set to a valid value). Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			
IP Source Mask	Relevant only if Enable IP Source Classifier is enabled. Configurable only when Enable IP Source Classifier is enabled. The net mask field that is used to specify a range of IP source addresses. The default is 255.255.255.255. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			
Enable IP Destination Classifier	Indicates whether the use of an associated destination address is enabled for the classification rule. The default is Disable. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			
IP Destination Address	Relevant only if Enable IP Destination Classifier is enabled. Configurable only when Enable IP Destination Classifier is enabled. The IP destination address enabled for the classification rule. The default is 0.0.0.0. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.			





Parameter	Description
IP Destination Mask	Relevant only if Enable IP Destination Classifier is enabled. Configurable only when Enable IP Destination Classifier is enabled. The net mask field that is used to specify a range of IP destination addresses. The default is 255.255.255.255. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.
Layer 4 (applicable only for	L3 rules)
Enable TCP/UDP Source Port	Indicates whether the use of a range of source ports is enabled for the classification rule. The default is Disable. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.
	If enabled, then Enable IP Protocol is set to enable. Protocol can be either 6 (TCP) or 17 (UDP).
TCP/UDP Source Port:	Relevant only if Enable TCP/UDP Source Port is enabled. Configurable only when Enable TCP/UDP Source Port is enabled. The range of values (From-To) of the source ports from the lowest value to the highest value. Values range is from 1 to 65535. The default is From 1, To 65535. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.
Enable TCP/UDP Destination Port	Indicates whether the use of a range of destination ports is enabled for the classification rule. The default is Disable. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.
	If enabled, then Enable IP Protocol is set to enable. Protocol can be either 6 (TCP) or 17 (UDP).
TCP/UDP Destination Port	Relevant only if Enable TCP/UDP Destination Port is enabled. Configurable only when Enable TCP/UDP Destination Port is enabled. The range of values (From-To) of the destination ports from the lowest value to the highest value. Values range is from 1 to 65535. The default is From 1, To 65535. Cannot be updated in an existing rule.

3.7.5.3 Service Profile

The NPU allows for guaranteed end-to-end QoS for user traffic across the ASN. The QoS approach is connection-oriented, whereby user traffic is classified into "service flows". A service flow is a unidirectional stream of packets, either in the downlink or uplink direction, associated with a certain set of QoS requirements such as maximum latency. The QoS requirements for service flows are derived from "service profiles" defined by the operator. A service profile is a set of attributes shared by a set of service flows. For instance, an operator might define a service profile called "Internet Gold" that will include QoS and other definitions to be applied to service flows associated with users subscribed to the operator's "Internet Gold" service package.

The factory default configuration includes an 'empty" (no defined Service Flows) Service Profile with the name Default. If enabled, it will be used if profile descriptor is missing in service provisioning or if received profile descriptor is disabled (unauthenticated mode). Up to 63 additional Service Profiles may be created.





The Service Profile node enables creating/deleting service profiles (refer to Creating/Deleting a Service Profile below and opening the Service Profile page for one of the existing service profiles (refer to Service Profile Page).

By default the list is sorted by the order of Service Profiles creation time.

3.7.5.3.1 Creating/Deleting a Service Profile



To create a new service profile:

1 Right-click the Service Profile sub-node in the navigation tree and select **Create** to open the New Service Profile window.

🛓 New Service Profile				- 🗆 X
Service Profile				
	Service Profile Name			
	Service Profile Enable	Disable	~	
				Apply Cancel
Done.				

Figure 3-38: New Service Profile Window

- 2 In the New Service Profile window, define the Service Profile Name (1-30 characters) and click Apply. The new service profile will be added to the list of service profiles available under the Service Profile sub-node, with the default status of Disable.
- **3** To configure the parameters of the new service profile, click on the service profile name in the navigation tree to open the Service Profile page for this service profile.

Up to a maximum of 64 service profiles can be created.



To delete a Service Profile:





To delete a service profile, right-click the required service profile entry in the navigation tree and select **Delete**. You will be request to confirm the operation.

Note that the Default (pre-configured) service profile cannot be deleted.

3.7.5.3.2 Service Profile Page

The Service Profiles page enables viewing the Service Profiles in the device's database, defining new Service Profiles, and editing or deleting existing Service Profiles.

jeen Profiles Parameters	Profile Status	Enable					
ice Flow							
Flow Number	Flow 1D	Service Flow Parameters					
2			Flow ID Convergence Sublayer Type	1 Ipvics	<>>>		
			Media Flow Type				
			Reference Service Group	5/5	~		
				Uplink. BE		Downlink. BE	
			Data Delivery Type Max Sustained Traffic Rate (Kbps)		0	250	0
			Min. Reserved Traffic Rate (Kbps)		0	250	0
			Traffic Priority	0	0	0	0
			Max. Latency (ms)	500	\$	500	0
			Tolerated Jitter (ms)	0	0	0	0
			Unsolicited Grant Interval (ms)	20	0		
Add	Delete						
ence Classification Rule		Rule Name		rence Classification			Rule Name
L Reference Classification	Rule Number	Rule Name	DL Refe	rence Classification	Rule Num	ber	Rule Name

Figure 3-39: Service Profile Page

The Service Profiles page includes the following sections:

- General Service Profile Parameters
- Service Flow Table
- Service Flow Parameters Editor
- Reference Classification Rule Section

3.7.5.3.2.1 General Service Profile Parameters

The General Service Profile parameters at the top of the page are:

Parameter	Description
Name	The read-only name of the service profile.
Profile Status	Indicates whether the profile is enabled or disabled.





Service flows are unidirectional stream of packets, either in the downlink or uplink direction, associated with a certain set of QoS requirements such as maximum latency and minimum rate. Based on certain classification rules, service flows are transported over the R1 air interface in 802.16e connections, identified by connection IDs, and identified by GRE keys over the R6 interface in GRE tunnels. In addition, the ASN-GW can mark outgoing traffic in the R3 interface for further QoS processing within the CSN.

The system supports two types of service flows according to the convergence sublayer (CS) type: IP CS and VLAN CS. An IP CS service flow can be associated only with an IP service group. A VLAN CS service flow can be associated only with a VPWS (Transparent/QinQ/Mapped) service group. VLAN CS service flows can be configured only for the Default Service Profile.

Up to 12 Service Flows can be defined for each Service Profile.

The Service Flow table includes the following read-only parameters for each service flow of the service profile:

Parameter	Description
Flow Number	The index number of the service flow. An auto-sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 12 generated automatically during creation of a new service flow.
Flow ID	The flow ID of the service flow for which the service flow configuration mode is enabled. By default the table is sorted by the order of Service Flows creation time (click once on the table's Flow ID header to sort by ascending order, click again to sort by descending order, click again to return to default sorting).

Select an entry to open the Service Flow Parameters Editor and enable the Reference Classification Rule Editor for the selected service flow.

The following buttons are available below the table:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the table and opens the Service Flow Parameters Editor and enable the Reference Classification Rule Editor, allowing to configure parameters for the new service flow.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table.

3.7.5.3.2.3 Service Flow Parameters Editor

The Service Flow Parameters Editor includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description
Flow ID	The flow ID of the service flow. A number in the range 1-255, unique per service profile. The Flow ID of an existing service flow cannot be changed.
Convergence Sublayer Type	Convergence Sublayer Type: IPv4CS or vlancs. VLANCS service flows can be defined only for the Default Service Profile. The default is IPv4CS. The Convergence Sublayer Type of an existing service flow cannot be changed.
Media Flow Type	The type of media carried by the service flow. An optional string of up to 15 characters. The default is null.
Reference Service Group	The Name of an existing service group to be used by the service flow. VPWS Service Groups are applicable only for VLAN CS Service Flows of the Default Service Profile. IP Service Groups are applicable only for IPV4 CS Service Flows. VPLS Service Groups are not applicable (VPLS Service Profiles and their components can be defined only by an external AAA server).
	The drop-down list includes only valid selections (according to convergence sublayer type) of service groups, and is sorted by creation time. The default is the oldest valid service group in the database.
Reference Service Interface	The Name for an existing QinQ service interface.
	Applicable only if the assigned Service Group is of type VPWS-QinQ (in a VLANCS Service Flow of the Default Service Profile).
Uplink/Downlink	
Data Delivery Type	The data delivery type for uplink/downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The available options are UGS; RTVR; NRTVR; BE; ERTVR and ANY. The default is BE.
Max. Sustained Traffic Rate (Kbps)	The maximum sustained traffic rate, in Kbps, for uplink/downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 10-40000. The default is 250.
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink/downlink data delivery type (NRTVR, RTVR, BE, ERTVR, ANY)
Traffic Priority	The traffic priority to be applied to the uplink/downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 0-7. Not applicable for UGS data delivery type. The default is 0.



Parameter	Description
Min. Reserved Traffic Rate (Kbps)	The minimum reserved traffic rate, in Kbps, for uplink/downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 0-40000. The default is 250.
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink/downlink data delivery type (UGS, NRTVR, RTVR, ERTVR).
	For NRTVR, RTVR and ERTVR-cannot be higher than the Max. Sustained Traffic Rate.
Max. Latency (ms)	The maximum latency in ms allowed in the uplink/downlink service flow. The range is 0- 4294967295. The default is 500 (If data delivery type is ERTVR or UGS, the default value should be 90 ms).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink/downlink data delivery type (UGS, RTVR, ERTVR).
Tolerated Jitter (ms)	the maximum delay variation (jitter) in milliseconds for this uplink/downlink service flow. The range is 0- 4294967295. The default is 0.
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink/downlink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).
Unsolicited Grant Interval (ms)	The nominal interval in ms between successive data grant opportunities for this uplink service flow. The range is 0-65535. The default is 20. Must be lower than Uplink Max. Latency.
	Relevant only for uplink service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).

3.7.5.3.2.4 Reference Classification Rule Section

The Reference Classification Rule section enables managing rules for the classification of uplink and downlink traffic.

The Reference Classification Rule section includes two tables, one listing the UL Reference Classification Rules and the other listing the DL Reference Classification Rules.

Note that for VLANCS service flows the linked uplink and downlink classification rules should be the same. This is because the VLANCS classification rules define the CVID (Customer VLAN ID), that should be the same for uplink and downlink flows.

These tables include the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
UL/DL Reference Classification Rule Number	The index number of the UL or DL Reference Classification rule. An auto-sequential number from 1 up to a maximum of 6 generated automatically during rule addition.



Parameter	Description
Rule Name	The name of the associated Classification Rule. When adding a new rule, double-click on the relevant entry. A drop-down list will open, displaying avaiable options. For IPV4 CS service flows only L3 classification rules are applicable. For VLAN CS service flows only L2 classification rules are applicable. The drop-down list includes only valid selections (according to convergence sublayer type) of classification rules that were not already defined for the service flow, and is sorted by creation time. The Rule Name of an existing Reference Classification Rule cannot be modified.

The Reference Classification Rule section also includes the following buttons beneath each of the tables:

Button	Description
Add UL Rule / Add DL Rule	Adds a new entry to the respective table.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the respective table.





3.8 BS

The BS node is not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

The BS node enables the configuration of various properties related to radio transmissions, connectivity and services of each BS.

The BS node includes the following subnode and page for each existing BS #:

- Radio
 - » Radio Basic Page
 - » Radio Advanced Page
- R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page

NOTE! Many BS parameters are applied only after resting the AU. This is indicated by a pop-up message. If applicable, do not forget to reset the AU after completing all modifications (refer to "AU Control Tab" on page 69).

Some BS parameters should be advertised to all neighbors. If a pop-up message indicating the need for updating neighbors appeared during modification of parameters, do not forget to update all neighbors after completing all modifications (refer to "Neighbor List" on page 142).

In addition, from the navigation tree you can create new BS entities or delete an existing BS entity (see Creating/Copying/Deleting a BS below).

Note that you can create and delete also the single BS of the Micro Outdoor BTS (required for defining/changing the BS ID).

3.8.1 Creating/Copying/Deleting a BS



To create a new BS:

1 Right-click the BS node in the navigation tree and select **Create** to open the **New BS** window.





🛃 New BS	_ 🗆 X
BS	
Mandatory Parameters	
B5 ID LSB	
Operator ID 255.243.41	
✓ A	pply Cancel
Done.	

Figure 3-40: New BS Window

2 Configure the mandatory identification parameters of the BS in the New BS window:

Parameter	Description	
BS ID LSB	The unique identifier of the BS. The management system will reject a BS ID LSB already assigned to another BS in the managed wireless network	
	The format is x.y.z, where x, y and z are in the range from 0 to 255 .	
Operator ID	The unique Identifier of the wireless network operator. The same Operator ID must be used by all BSs in the managed wireless network.	
	The format is x.y.z, where x, y and z are in the range from 0 to 255 .	
	The default Operator ID is 255.243.41. Once the user enters a new ID for the first created BS it becomes the new default for new BSs.	

- **3** Click OK. The new BS will be added to the list of BS # available in the BS node.
- 4 To complete the creation of the new BS you should select the newly added BS entry and complete the configuration of the mandatory Bandwidth and Central frequency parameters (see "Radio Basic Page General Tab" on page 130). After clicking **Apply** you will be prompted to configure some additional mandatory parameters in the Airframe Structure General tab and Air Frame Structure Zones tab. After configuring the requested parameters, click **Apply** again.



To copy an existing BS:



- 1 The Copy BS feature enables creation of a new BS based on the configuration of an existing BS. To copy a BS, right-click the BS node in the navigation tree and select **Copy BS** to open the **BS Selector** window.
- **2** From the list of available BSs, select the BS you want to copy and click **Select.** The **Copy BS** window will open with the values of the source BS used for BS ID LSB and Operator ID parameters.

Copy BS from				×
Copy BS				
BS ID LSB	0.80.181	Frame Number Offset	0	
Operator ID	0.0.2	Map Major Groups		
Bearer IP		Default Authenticator IP		
Center Frequency				
Cell ID	0			
Preamble Group	1			
Segment Number	0			
				Cancel
Done.				

Figure 3-41: Copy Existing BS Window

3 Configure the required parameters for the new BS (all other parameters will be copied from the source BS and may be changed later):

Parameter	Description	
BS ID LSB	The unique identifier of the BS. Replace the BS ID LSB of the source BS with a new value. The management system will reject a BS ID LSB already assigned to another BS in the managed wireless network.	
	The format is x.y.z, where x, y and z are in the range from 0 to 255.	
	The default is the BS ID of the source BS (must be changed to a unique value).	





Parameter	Description
Operator ID	The unique Identifier of the wireless network operator. The same Operator ID must be used by all BSs in the managed wireless network. Typically the Operator ID (copied from the source BS) should not be changed.
	The format is x.y.z, where x, y and z are in the range from 0 to 255.
	The default is the Operator ID of the source BS.
Bearer IP	The IP address of the bearer interface of the BS.
Center Frequency	The center of the frequency band in which the BS will transmit, in MHz. The available values, in accordance with the bands supported by different ODUs, are:
	2022.5 to 2217.5 in steps of 0.125
	2302.5 to 2397.5 in steps of 0.125
	2487.5 to 2687.5 in steps of 0.125
	3302.5 to 3397.5 in steps of 0.125
	■ 3402.5 to 3 5 797.5 in steps of 0.125
	See also note below regarding dependency on configured Bandwidth
Cell ID	The Cell ID (IDCell) used for preamble selection. The range is from 0 to 31.
Preamble Group	The preamble group (1 or 2). A value of 2 is applicable only for the following combinations of Segment Number and Cell ID values:
	Segment Number=0, Cell ID=0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15.
	Segment Number=1, Cell ID=1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16.
	Segment Number=2, Cell ID=2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17
Segment Number	The segment (BS) number in a three sector BS (0-2). This number influences the values available for Preamble Group selection (see above) preamble selection and the configuration of Map Major Groups (see below) used for the FDC transmission.
Frame Number Offset	Controls the offset applied between the internal frame count and the reported frame number. The range is from 0 to 15.

Parameter	Description	
Map Major Groups	6 bits representing the selection of Map Major Groups 0 to 5 where the left-most bit (MSB) represents Major Group 5.	
	If BW=5 MHz, bits 1, 3 and 5 are not relevant (grayed out). Bits 0, 2 and 4 must be set (checked). Configure 111111.	
	If BW=7/10 MHz with reuse 1, all bits (0 to 5) must be set (checked). Configure 111111.	
	For BW=7/10 MHz with Reuse 3:	
	■ If Segment Number (see "Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure General Tab" on page 132) is 0, then only bits #0 and 1 should be set (checked). Configure 000011.	
	If Segment Number is 1, then only bits #2 and 3 should be set (checked). Configure 001100.	
	If Segment Number is 2, then only bits #4 and 5 should be set (checked). Configure 110000	
Default Authenticator IP	The IP address of the default authenticator ASN-GW.	

INFORMATION The available values for Center Frequencies indicated above are for a Bandwidth of 5 MHz. For a different bandwidth, the actually valid values are from f1+1/2BW to f2-1/2BW, where f1 is the lowest frequency of the ODU's radio band, f2 is the highest frequency of the ODU's band, and BW is the configured bandwidth. Note that ODU-2305-2360-000N-36-1x1-Y-0 includes two bands: 2305-2320, 2345-2360 MHz.



To delete a BS:

To delete a BS, right-click the required BS # entry in the navigation tree and select **Delete**. You will be request to confirm the operation.



An associated BS (specified in a Site Sector Association) cannot be deleted. For more details refer to "Site Sector <#> Page" on page 158.

To delete a BS from its neighbors:

To delete a BS from its neighbors (without deleting it entirely), right-click the BS entry in the navigation tree and select **Delete from neighboring**.

3.8.2 Radio

The Radio node includes the following pages:





- Radio Basic Page
- Radio Advanced Page

3.8.2.1 Radio Basic Page

The Radio node's Basic page includes the following tabs:

- Radio Basic Page General Tab
- Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure General Tab
- Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure Zones Tab
- Radio Basic Page-Mobility Tab

3.8.2.1.1 Radio Basic Page - General Tab

The General Tab enables defining the basic radio parameters.

T EMS_after_offline on 10.10.144.35 - Configuring Equipment	- ⁰
Basic 0.0.2.55.55.55	
General Ar Frame Structure General Ar Frame Structure Zones Mobility	-
Nome B5_after_offline B5_ldentification	
Operator ID: 0.0.2 85 ID LS8: 55.55.55	
Radio Parameters Bandwidth 5 V MHz	
Center frequency 2600 MHz	
Ide Mode	
Paging Group ID: 0	
€. ()	🔗 Befresh 🗸 Apply
1121	

Figure 3-42: Radio Basic Page - General Tab

The General tab includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the BS. An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 32 printable characters.
BS Identification	

BS

Parameter	Description	
Operator ID	Read-only. The unique operator identifier. The same Operator ID must be used by all BSs throughout the radio access network.	
BS ID LSB	Read-only. The unique ID of the BS. This ID must be unique within the radio access network.	
Radio Parameters		
Bandwidth	The BS channel bandwidth (5 MHz, 7 MHz, 10MHz). The default is 5 MHz.	
	A bandwidth of 7 MHz is not applicable for ODUs in the 2.x GHz band.	
Center frequency	The center of the frequency band in which the BS will transmit, in MHz. The available values, in accordance with the bands supported by different ODUs, are:	
	2022.5 to 2217.5 in steps of 0.125	
	2302.5 to 2397.5 in steps of 0.125	
	2487.5 to 2687.5 in steps of 0.125	
3302.5 to 3397.5 in steps of 0.125		
	3402.5 to 3797.5 in steps of 0.125	
	See also note below regarding dependency on configured Bandwidth	
Idle Mode		
Enable	Use the check-box to enable/disable the idle mode feature.	
	Note: The same idle mode status must be applied for the entire network.	
	The default is Disable.	
Paging Group ID	The Paging Group ID of the BS. Applicable only if Idle Mode is enabled.	
	The range is from 0 to 65535. Must be set to a value other than 0 (the default) if Idle Mode is enabled. Must be unique in the network (different Paging Group ID for each BS).	

INFORMATION The available values for Center Frequencies indicated above are for a Bandwidth of 5 MHz. For a different bandwidth, the actually valid values are from f1+1/2BW to f2-1/2BW, where f1 is the lowest frequency of the ODU's radio band, f2 is the highest frequency of the ODU's band, and BW is the configured bandwidth. Note that ODU-2305-2360-000N-36-1x1-Y-0 includes two bands: 2305-2320, 2345-2360 MHz.

> After clicking **Apply**, you may be prompted to properly configure some additional parameters in the Airframe Structure General tab and/or the Air Frame Structure Zones tab. After configuring the requested parameters, click Apply again.

> In addition, following any change in the Bandwidth, delete the current Distance triggers (see "Radio Basic Page-Mobility Tab" on page 140" and redefine them.







3.8.2.1.2 Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure General Tab

The Air Frame Structure General tab defines the general airframe parameters.

EMS_after_offline on 10.10 Basic 0.0.2.55.55.55	.144.35 - Configuring Equipment	- 6
34510 0.0.2.55.55.55		
General Air Frame Structure Gene	ral Air Frame Structure Zones Mobility	
Cell ID	0	
Preamble Group	1	
Segment Number	0	
Preamble Index	0	
Frame Number Offset	0	
Total Uplink Duration	S Slots	
0		🔗 Befresh 🖌 🖌 🖉

Figure 3-43: Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure General Tab

The Air Frame Structure General tab includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Cell ID	The Cell ID (IDCell) used for preamble selection. The range is from 0 to 31. The default is 0.	
Preamble Group	The preamble group (1 or 2). A value of 2 is applicable only for the following combinations of Segment Number and Cell ID values:	
	Segment Number=0, Cell ID=0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15.	
	Segment Number=1, Cell ID=1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16. Segment Number=2, Cell ID=2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17	
	The default is 1.	
Segment Number	The segment (BS) number in a three sector BS (0-2). This number influences the values available for Preamble Group selection (see above) and the configuration of Map Major Groups (see "Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure Zones Tab" on page 133) used for the FDC transmission. The default is 0.	
Preamble Index	Read-only. The Preamble Index used by the BS (0-113).	





Parameter	Description
Frame Number Offset	Controls the offset applied between the internal frame count and the reported frame number. The available options are Zero and Random. If Random is selected, the AU will choose a random number between 0 to 15. The default is zero (0).
Total Uplink Duration	The total duration of the uplink in a frame, in slots (one slot equals 3 symbols).
	To avoid BS-BS interference, the ul-dl-allocation must be identical in all BSs in a geographical region.
	The range is 4-7 for bandwidth of 5 or 10MHz, 3-5 for bandwidth of 7MHz. The default is 6.
	After each change in the Bandwidth parameter the value is changed to klank> and must be configured to a proper value.
	See table below for details on DL:UL ratio as a function of BS Bandwidth and Total Uplink Duration.

Table 3-8: DL:UL Ratios

Bandwidth (MHz)	Total Uplink Duration (slots)	DL:UL Ratio
5/10	4	35:12
	5	32:15
	6	29:18
	7	26:21
7 MHz	3	24:9
	4	21:12
	5	18:15

3.8.2.1.3 Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure Zones Tab

The Air Frame Structure Zones tab enables configuration of the map zone parameters.

eneral Air Frame Structure General	Air Frame Structure Zones Mobility			
First Zone		Sub Burst Mode		
Minimum Size	No Limitation 🖌 symbols	Maximum Sub Burst Mode	Standard 🗸	
Maximum Size	No Limitation 🖌 symbols			
Maximum Map Size	No Limitation 🗸 slots			
Map Major Groups	🗹 0 🗹 2 🗹 4			
	Ø 1 Ø3 Ø5			
Basic Map Repetition	1			
Frame Structure Mode				
DL Diversity Mode	Matrix A/B			
Neighbor Beam Forming	No			
Sound Shift Used	0 0			
RCID Usage	Disable 🗸			
Downlink Data Zone				
Permutation Base	0 0			
Basic Rate for Management	QPSK 1/2			
Basic Rate for Data	QP5K 1/2			
Uplink Feedback Zone				
Permutation Base	0			
Uplink Data Zone				
Permutation Base	0 0			
Basic Rate	QPSK 1/2			

Figure 3-44: Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure Zones Tab

The Air Frame Structure Zones tab includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
First Zone	
Minimum Size	The initial size (in symbols) of the first zone. When reuse 3 is used within first zone, this parameter should be equal across all BSs within deployment.
	The available options are 2, 4,34 ($2xN$ where $N=1-17$) or No Limitation. The default is No Limitation.
	See limitations in Table 3-9 below. Other values should be avoided.
	In the current release this is the actual size of the first zone.
	For reuse 1 the default (no limitation) can be used-the actual size will be set dynamically according to the configuration. For reuse 3 a specific value must be configured.



Parameter	Description	
Maximum Size	Maximum size (in symbols) for first zone. Used mainly for performance control capability within frame.	
	The available options are 2, 4,34 (2xN where N=1-17) or No Limitation. The default is No Limitation.	
	Maximum Size cannot be lower than Minimum Size.	
	In the current release the value of this parameter is ignored First Zone size is defined only by Minimum Size parameter.	
Maximum Map Size	Limits the maximum size of maps (in slots).	
	The available options are 10, 20,300 (10xN where N=1-30) or No Limitation. The default is No Limitation.	
Map Major Groups	The major groups allocated to the BS for maps transmission, as indicated by the selection of the corresponding check-boxes.	
	If BW=5 MHz, bits 1, 3 and 5 are not relevant (grayed out). Bits 0, 2 and 4 must be set (checked).	
	If BW=7/10 MHz with reuse 1, all bits (0 to 5) must be set (checked).	
	For BW=7/10 MHz with Reuse 3:	
	If Segment Number (see "Radio Basic Page-Air Frame Structure General Tab" on page 132) is 0, then only bits #0 and 1 should be set (checked).	
	If Segment Number is 1, then only bits #2 and 3 should be set (checked).	
	If Segment Number is 2, then only bits #4 and 5 should be set (checked).	
	The default is all bits unchecked.	
Basic Map Repetition	The basic repetition used in the transmission of the maps using QPSK 1/2. The available options are 1, 2, 4 and 6. (1 means no repetitions). The default is 6.	
Frame Structure Mode		
DL Diversity Mode	The downlink diversity mode used by the system: Matrix A/B or Beam Forming. The Beam Forming option is not applicable for 2-channels AU (Macro Outdoor BTS) and Micro Outdoor BTS. The default is Matrix A/B.	
	Beam Forming is a licensed feature: You will be prompted to enter the required password for activating Beam Forming mode.	



Parameter	Description
Neighbor Beam Forming	Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor units operating in MIMO Matrix A/B mode. The beam forming mechanism is based on symmetry in performance between uplink and down link. To compensate for possible differences due to HW of the ODU, a special low-level calibration signal is transmitted periodically in each link. During the time this calibration signal is transmitted all other radio links of the same BS and all its neighbors should not transmit, to reduce potential interference. The Beam Forming mechanism ensures that all neighboring BSs operating in Beam Forming mode will enter into silent mode when necessary. A unit operating in Matrix A/B mode should enter into silent mode when necessary (based on frame number information) only if it has neighboring BSs operating in Beam Forming mode.
	The Neighbor Beam Forming parameter Indicates whether any of the neighboring BSs operates in Beam Forming mode. The default is No.
Sounding Shift Used	Read-only. Applicable only for Beam forming DL diversity mode. The sounding zone shift used by the Beam Forming mechanism (0-7).
	MSs are transmitting sounding frames in the uplink to enable the BS to decide the weights to be allocated for downlink transmissions. Sounding is sequence of Golay sequence codes. The Sounding Shift is the "seed" for this sequence, and different Sounding Shifts are used, providing reduced interference among neighboring BSs.
RCID Usage	Each transmitted MAP includes allocations for each MS it served, using the MS's CID for identifying each MS. The original CID includes 16 bits, which is significantly more than practically needed since a maximum of 500 MSs can be served by each BS. To reduce overhead, a smaller number of bits can be used, based on RCID (Reduced CID) defined in the standard. This mechanism can be used only if all MSs served by the BS support RCID. When enabled, CIDs of either 7 or 11 bits will be dynamically used, according to the current number of MS served at each given moment.
	The RCID Usage defines whether RCID is enabled or disabled. The default is Disable.
Downlink Data Zone	
Permutation Base	The permutation base used in the downlink data zone.
	The valid range is from 0 to 31. The default is 0.



Parameter	Description
Basic Rate for	The downlink basic rate for unicast and broadcast management.
Management	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 4
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 2
	QPSK 1/2
	QPSK 3/4
	■ 16-QAM 1/2
	16-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 1/2
	■ 64-QAM 2/3
	■ 64-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 5/6
	The default is QPSK 1/2
Basic Rate for Data	The downlink basic rate for data.
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 4
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 2
	QPSK 1/2
	QPSK 3/4
	16-QAM 1/2
	16-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 1/2
	■ 64-QAM 2/3
	■ 64-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 5/6
	The default is QPSK 1/2
Uplink Feedback Zone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Permutation Base	The permutation base used in the uplink feedback zone.
	The valid range is from 0 to 69. The default is 0.
Uplink Data Zone	1
Permutation Base	The permutation base used in the uplink data zone.
	The valid range is from 0 to 69. The default is 0.

Parameter	Description
Basic Rate	The uplink basic rate.
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 4
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 2
	QPSK 1/2
	QPSK 3/4
	■ 16-QAM 1/2
	■ 16-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 1/2
	■ 64-QAM 2/3
	■ 64-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 5/6
	The default is QPSK 1/2
Sub Burst Mode	
Maximum Sub Burst Mode	The maximum size of a downlink sub-burst. The value of this parameter affects the achievable throughput in MIMO B point-to-point links (one MS) as follows:
	Basic: up to 12 Mbps
	Standard: up to 20 Mbps
	Enhanced: up to 25 Mbps.
	Trial: up to 30 Mbps.
	Maximum throughput for two MSs may be increased to up to 16Mbps per MS when set to Standard, Enhanced or Trial.
	The default is Basic

Recommended values for First Zone Minimum Size and Maximum Size:



Bandwidth (MHz)	First Zone Scheme*	Basic Map Repetition	Minimum Size (symbols) (up to a maximum of Y as defined below)
7/10	Full Loading	6	No Limitation or 8+2N
		4	No Limitation or 6+2N
		2	No Limitation or 4+2N
		1	No Limitation or 4+2N
	Reuse 1/3	6	N/A (non trivial configuration)
		4	8+2N
		2	6+2N
		1	6+2N
5 MHz	Full Loading	6	N/A (non trivial configuration)
		4	No Limitation or 8+2N
		2	No Limitation or 6+2N
		1	No Limitation or 4+2N
	Reuse 1/3	6	N/A (non trivial configuration)
		4	N/A (non trivial configuration)
		2	N/A (non trivial configuration)
		1	N/A (non trivial configuration)

* First Zone Scheme is being determined by the selected Map Major Groups:

- For 7/10 MHz Full Loading means all Major Groups (0-5) are selected.
- For 5MHz Full Loading means that all relevant Major Groups (0, 2, 4) are selected.

For First Zone Maximum Size the values are:

- If First Zone Minimum Size is set to No Limitations, the value range for Maximum Size is the same as for Minimum Size.
- Else, the value range is No Limitations or First Zone Minimum Size+2N, up to a maximum of Y as defined below.

The value of Y that sets the upper limit for the Minimum and Maximum Size parameters depends on the Maximum Cell Radius and Total Uplink Duration parameters, using the following formula:

Y=A-3*(Total Uplink Duration)-(Extra TTG), where A=46 for BW of 5 or 10 MHz, and 32 for BW of 7 MHz.



Bandwidth (MHz)	Maximum Cell Radius (Km)	Total Uplink Duration (slots)	Extra TTG (symbols)	Upper Limit (Y)
5/10	1, 2, 4, 8	4	0	34
		6	0	28
	1, 2, 4, 8, 15, 23	5	1	30
		7	1	24
	15, 23, 30	4	2	32
		6	2	26
	30	5	3	28
		7	3	22
7	1, 2, 4, 8, 15, 23	4	0	20
	1, 2, 4, 8, 15, 23, 30	33	1	22
		5	1	16
	30	4	2	18

Table 3-10: Calculating the Upper Limit Value (Y) for Minimum and Maximum Size

3.8.2.1.4 Radio Basic Page-Mobility Tab

The Mobility tab enables defining the deployment mode and the handover negotiation parameters. It also enables defining ID-IP mapping of neighbor BSs.

Figure 3-45: Radio Basic Page - Mobility Tab





- Deployment
- Triggers
- Neighbor List

3.8.2.1.4.1 Deployment

The Deployment section includes the Deployment parameter:

Parameter	Description	
Deployment	The type of deployment in the area served by the BS: Fix or Mobile. To support proper handover, should be set to Fix only if mobile MSs are not expected. The default is Fix.	

3.8.2.1.4.2 Triggers

The Triggers table includes the following parameters for each entry:

Parameter	Description
Туре	The type of trigger.
Value	The threshold value for the Trigger.
Action	The action to be triggered when the relevant values goes above/below the threshold. The available options depend on the selected Type.
Neighbor	The neighbor(s) for whom the rule defined by the previous parameters is applicable: General (for all neighbors) or specific neighbor(s) (from the Neighbor List). The specific neighbor(s) option is applicable only for certain triggers with Handover Action (Neighbor CINR >, Neighbor CINR >, Neighbor RSSI >, Neighbor RSSI >).

The Triggers table also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description	
Add Trigger	Adds a new entry to the Triggers table.	
Delete Trigger	Deletes one or several selected entries from the Triggers table.	

The Type, Action and Neighbor of an existing Trigger entry cannot be modified. In existing Triggers entries only the Value can be modified.

The following table provides description, possible Actions and value range for each Trigger Type:



Trigger Type	Possible Actions	Trigger Condition	Possible Values
Own CINR <	Scan Request Handover Request	The CINR at the Serving BS is below the Trigger threshold (in dB)	-64 to 63.5 in steps of 0.5
Neighbor CINR >	Handover Request	The CINR at the Neighbor BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dB)	-64 to 63.5 in steps of 0.5
Neighbor CINR-Own CINR >	Handover Request	The CINR at the Neighbor BS minus the CINR at the Serving BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dB)	-64 to 63.5 in steps of 0.5
Own RSSI <	Scan Request Handover Request	The RSSI at the Serving BS is below the Trigger threshold (in dBm)	-103.75 to -40 in steps of 0.25
Neighbor RSSI >	Handover Request	The RSSI at the Neighbor BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dBm)	-103.75 to -40 in steps of 0.25
Neighbor RSSI-Own RSSI >	Handover Request	The RSSI at the Neighbor BS minus the RSSI at the Serving BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dBm)	-32 to 31.75 in steps of 0.25
Distance	Scan Request Handover Request	The Serving BS distance from the MS (calculated by measuring the round trip	0-3400 in steps of 50 if BS BW is 10 MHz,
		delay) is above the Trigger threshold (in meter)	0-6800 in steps of 50 if BS BW is 5 MHz,
			0-4800 in steps of 50 if BS BW is 7 MHz

Note: Following any change in Bandwidth, the existing Distance triggers must be deleted and redefined.

3.8.2.1.4.3 Neighbor List

The Neighbor List includes the following parameters for each Neighbor BS:

Parameter	Description
BS Neighbor ID	Read-only. The BS ID LSB of the Neighbor BS.
IP Address	The IP address of the neighbor BS.



Parameter	Description
BTS Name	Read-only. The name of the Neighbor BS site.
BTS Number	Read-only. The BTS Name (Site ID) of the Neighbor BS site.

The Neighbor List also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add Entry	Opens the BS Selector window that enables selection of one or several new candidate neighbors. The selected neighbors appears in the neighbor list, however the new neighbors are not actually added until the Add Neighboring Task is executed. For each new entry in the list, you should define the IP Address of the neighbor BS (ID-IP mapping).
Action on Selected Neigh	bors
Add	Opens the Add Neighboring Task that allows adding the selected BS(s) to the neighbor list of the current BS, and adding the BS to the neighbor lists of selected BSs.
Delete	Opens the Delete Neighboring Task that allows deleting the selected BS(s) and their details from the neighbor list of the current BS, and deleting the current BS and its details from the neighbor lists of selected BSs.
Update	Opens the Update Neighboring Task that allows getting an update from the selected Neighbor BSs, regarding their current parameters' values, and sending updates to Neighbor BSs.

The Neighboring Task displays the neighboring BSs that will participate in a one-time task according to the selected operation, enabling to remove selected BSs from the task.



Veighboring '	lask				
	Ope	eration Add Neig	hboring		
Current BS	BS	ID LSB 2.6.25			
	BS	Name BS 2.6.	25		
Neighbor(ing)	List	<u>.</u>			
				Remove	
BTS Numbe	r BTS Name	Operator ID	BS ID LSB	Status	
1981		255.243.41	3.3.3		

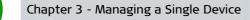
Figure 3-46: Neighboring Task (Operation Add Neighbor)

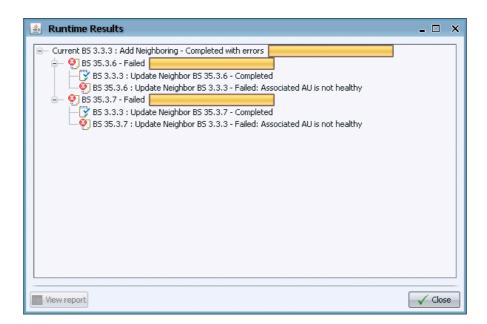
The Neighboring Task includes the following components:

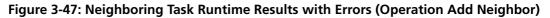
Parameter	Description
Operation	The operation to be executed, according to the button that initiated the task:
	Add nNeighboring.
	Delete Neighboring
	Update Neighboring
Current BS	The BS ID LSB and BS Name of the current BS.
Neighbor(ing) List	The details of neighboring BSs that will participate in the task. The initial list includes the BSs that where selected when the task was initiated. You may use the Remove button to remove selected BS(s) from the list.
	The details for each neighboring BS in the list includes its ID (BS ID LSB), Site Name and Site ID (Site Number).

The Runtime results displays the task's results. Since the operations are mutual (If BS1 is a neighbor of BS2, BS2 must be a neighbor of BS1), all operations are performed on both BSs of each pair. The Runtime Results display the result for each direction, including failure reason for failed operations.









After closing the Runtime Results window, the summary results for each neighbor are indicated in the task's window. Position the mouse over a selected result to get a tool-tip with detailed results.

Neighbor	ing Ta	ask				
		Ope	ration Add Neig	hboring		
Curre	ent BS	DC 1				
			ID LSB 3.3.3			
	1 6 11		Name 🔒			
Neigr	nbor(ing) Li	sc			Remove	
	5 Number	BTS Name	Operator ID	BS ID LSB	Status	
1983		3.0	255.243.41	35.3.6	failed failed	
1983)	3.0	255.243.41	35.3.7	ralled	

Figure 3-48: Neighboring Task (Operation Add Neighbor)

Failed operations can be fixed later using the Mutual Neighboring task. Refer to "Mutual Neighboring Task" on page 307.





3.8.2.2 Radio Advanced Page

The Radio Advanced page includes the following tabs:

- Radio Advanced Page-Feedback Tab
- Radio Advanced Page-Power Control Tab
- Radio Advanced Page-Management Tab
- Radio Advanced Page-QoS Tab

3.8.2.2.1 Radio Advanced Page-Feedback Tab

The Feedback tab enables defining various ranging parameters.

EMS_after_offline on 10.10.144.35 -	Configuring Equipment	- 6
Advanced 0.0.2.55.55.55		
eedback Power Control Management Q	5	
Langing		
Start of Ranging Codes	0	
IR CDMA Allocations Period	2 V Frames	
Maximum Cell Radius	2 (Km)	
		🔗 Befresh 🛛 🖌 Ap

Figure 3-49: Radio Advanced Page - Feedback Tab

The Feedback tab includes the following ranging parameters:

Parameter	Description
Start of Ranging Codes	The starting number of the group of codes used for the uplink.
	The available options are 0, 64, 128, 192. The default is 0.
IR CDMA Allocation Period	The period of IR CDMA allocations, in frames.
	The available options are 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10. The default is 2.
	In the current release actual value is always 2 (the configured value is ignored).

Parameter	Description
Maximum Cell Radius	The maximum cell radius (in km).
	The available values are 1, 2, 4, 8, 15, 23. 30. The default is 2.

3.8.2.2.2 Radio Advanced Page-Power Control Tab

The Power Control tab enables defining the target noise and interference levels.

	e on 10.10.144.35 - C	inguning Equipment	
Advanced 0.0	.2.55.55.55		
Feedback Power Cor	ntrol Management QoS		
Target Noise & Interfer	rence Level		
Allowed Interference Lo	evel High 🗸		
Target Ni	-127	lim	
Beam Forming			
Calibration Attenuator	Low Attenuator 🗸		
Required C/N Levels			
ACK	12	16	
CQI	12	0	
CDMA	8	B	
QP5K 1/2	14	в	
QP5K 3/4	16	в	
16-QAM 1/2	18	0	
16-QAM 3/4	22	в	
64-QAM 1/2	24	8	
64-QAM 2/3	25	8	
64-QAM 3/4	25	B	
64-QAM 5/6	25	8	

Figure 3-50: Radio Advanced Page - Power Control Tab

The Power Control tab includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Target Noise & Interference Level	
Target NI	The target noise and interference level for the PUSC zone, in dBm.
	The range is from -130 to -110 in steps of 1 (dBm). The default is -127.
Allowed Interference Level	Correction of maximum allowed UL MCS based on measured DL CINR.
	The options are Very High, High, Medium, Low. The default is High.
Beam Forming	



Parameter	Description
Calibration Attenuator	Not applicable for 2-channels AU (Macro Outdoor BTS) and Micro Outdoor BTS. Applicable only for Beam Forming DL Diversity Mode. The calibration attenuation used to help mitigate potential out of band interference to beam forming calibration caused by other base stations.
	The options are No Attenuation, Low Attenuation, High Attenuation. The default is Low Attenuation.
Required C/N Levels (Read-Only)	
АСК	The C/N in dB required for sending ACK, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB). The default is 12.
CQI	The C/N in dB required for sending CQI, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for ACK - 8 to Required C/N Level for ACK + 7 (see ACK parameter above). The default is 12.
CDMA	The C/N in dB required for transmitting CDMA, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for CQI - 8 to Required C/N Level for CQI + 7 (see CQI parameter above). The default is 9.
QPSK 1/2	The C/N in dB required for sending QPSK 1/2, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for CDMA - 16 to Required C/N Level for CDMA + 14 (see CDMA parameter above). The default is 13.
QPSK 3/4	The C/N in dB required for sending QPSK 3/4, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for QPSK 1/2 - 16 to Required C/N Level for QPSK 1/2 + 14 (see QPSK 1/2 parameter above). The default is 16.



Parameter	Description
16-QAM 1/2	The C/N in dB required for transmitting 16-QAM 1/2, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for QPSK 3/4 - 8 to Required C/N Level for QPSK 3/4 + 7 (see QPSK 3/4 parameter above). The default is 19.
16-QAM 3/4	The C/N in dB required for sending 16-QAM 3/4, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 1/2 - 16 to Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 1/2 + 14 (see 16-QAM 1/2 parameter above). The default is 22.
64-QAM 1/2	The C/N in dB required for sending 64-QAM 1/2, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 3/4 - 16 to Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 3/4 + 14 (see 16-QAM 3/4 parameter above). The default is 23.
64-QAM 2/3	The C/N in dB required for sending 64-QAM 2/3, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 1/2 - 8 to Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 1/2 + 7 (see 64-QAM 1/2 parameter above). The default is 25.
64-QAM 3/4	The C/N in dB required for sending 64-QAM 2/3, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 2/3 - 8 to Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 2/3 + 7 (see 64-QAM 2/3 parameter above). The default is 26.
64-QAM 5/6	The C/N in dB required for transmitting 64-QAM 5/6, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 3/4 - 8 to Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 3/4 + 7 (see 64-QAM 3/4 parameter above). The default is 28.





Note: The Required C/N Levels are configurable only by using the Multiple Configuration task.

3.8.2.2.3 Radio Advanced Page-Management Tab

The Management tab enables defining the Alarm Threshold for Noise and Interference L evel:

Ivanced 255.243.41.0.0.101	
edback Power Control Management QoS	
arm Thresholds for Noise and Interference Level	
plink Median Noise (dBm) -124	
0	🔗 Befresh 🛛 🖌 🖉

Figure 3-51: Radio Advanced Page - Management Tab

Parameter	Description
Uplink Median Noise (dBm)	The uplink median noise level represents the median value of the noise floor histogram. If the uplink median noise level exceeds this value, an excessive uplink median noise alarm will be generated.
	The value is in dBm/tone. The default value of -124 is set to 3 dB above the default value of the Target NI parameter, see "Radio Advanced Page-Power Control Tab" on page 147).
	The range is from -135 to -100 (dBm).

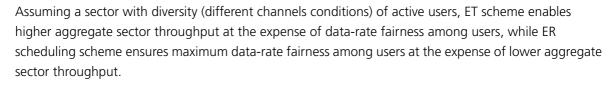
3.8.2.2.4 Radio Advanced Page-QoS Tab

The QoS tab enables defining QoS management parameters for scheduling uncommitted traffic (above the maximum reserved rate).

Scheduling uncommitted traffic can be done using one of the following options:

- Equal Time (ET) scheduling mode, in which air resources are being scheduled in a fair manner proportional to the users' excess traffic (maximum sustained rate maximum reserved rate) SLAs.
- Equal Rate (ER) scheduling mode, in which air resources are allocated to users aiming at ensuring data rate fairness between users proportional to their excess traffic SLAs.





Using ER scheduling scheme exposes the system to excessive allocation of air resources to highly active users having relatively poorer channel conditions. To ensure data-rate fairness, more resources will to be allocated to these users compared to users with relatively good channel conditions. The effect of a small number of such users within the sector will be reflected by reduced aggregate sector throughput as well as degradation of achievable rates for all users.

To protect against "abusing" users, an instantaneous rate threshold can be defined within the scheduling scheme in which the amount of air resources for users with continuous instantaneous rate below the threshold is being limited. The more the abusing users' instantaneous rate is below the threshold, the more resource allocations limitation is applied.

Three levels of dynamic protection are available:

- No protection.
- Low protection level Protection against users with very poor channel conditions. Should be used where the abusing users instantaneous rates are far below the average instantaneous rate within the sector.
- Medium protection Protection against users with relatively poor or very poor channel conditions. Should be used where the abusing users instantaneous rates are below or far below the average instantaneous rate within sector.

A dynamic protection mechanism is implemented, in which the mechanism of limiting resource allocations is automatically and dynamically activated when needed.



dvanced 0.0.2.55.55.5	55	
eedback Power Control Manager	tent QoS	
cheduler		
icheduler Mode	Equal Rate 🖌	
cheduler DL Abuse Protection Level :	None	
cheduler UL Abuse Protection Level :	None	
0		🔗 Befresh 🛛 🗸 Ap
		G. Denesu A. Ob

Figure 3-52: Radio Advanced Page - QoS Tab

The QoS tab includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Scheduler Mode	The basis for allocating excess bandwidth among relevant users:
	Equal Rate: Throughput Fairness
	Equal Time: Resource Fairness
	The selected mode is applicable for both uplink and downlink schedulers.
	The default is Equal Rate.
Scheduler DL Abuse	Applicable only if the selected Scheduler Mode is Equal Rate.
Protection Level	None: No Protection
	Low: Limit the DL resources allocated to MSs with very low DL transmission Rate.
	Medium: Limit the DL resources allocated to MSs with low and very low DL transmission Rate.
	The default is None.

Parameter	Description
Scheduler UL Abuse	Applicable only if the selected Scheduler Mode is Equal Rate.
Protection Level	None: No Protection
	Low: Limit the UL resources allocated to MSs with very low UL transmission Rate.
	Medium: Limit the UL resources allocated to MSs with low and very low UL transmission Rate.
	The default is None.

3.8.3 R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page

The R6/R8 Bearer Interface page includes the following tabs:

- R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-Bearer Tab
- R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-QoS Marking Rules Tab

3.8.3.1 R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-Bearer Tab

The Bearer tab enables defining the Bearer Interface of the BS parameters.

arer QoS Marking Rules		
earer Interface	192.168.45.151	
P Subnet Mask	255.255.255.240	
efault Gateway	192.168.45.155	
an ID	11	
efault Gateway Connectivity Status	Up	
efault Authenticator IP Address	192.168.45.149	
ctive M5s	1024	
egacy ASN-GW Mode	Disable 🗸	
SN-GW Primary Pool		
ASN-GW Secondary Pool	ASN-GW Secondary Pool	
ASN-GW Primary Pool		
ASN-GW Primary Pool	ASN GW Secondary Peol toritry Status IP Address Connectivity Status	
ASN-GW Primary Pool		
ASN-GW Primary Pool		
ASN-GW Primary Pool		

Figure 3-53: R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Bearer Tab

The Bearer tab includes the following sections:

- Bearer Interface
- ASN-GW Load Balancing



3.8.3.1.1 Bearer Interface

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the bearer interface of the BS. Must be unique in the network. All BS bearer interfaces of the unit should be in the same subnet, together with the NPU's bearer interface (in Distributed ASN-GW Topology).
IP Subnet Mask	The IP subnet mask of the bearer interface of the BS.
Default Gateway	The IP address of the default gateway of the bearer interface of the BS. Must be in the same subnet with the BS bearer IP Address.
VLAN ID	The VLAN ID of the bearer interface of the BS. In a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS it is not configurable and is equal to the NPU Bearer VLAN ID (see "L1/L2 Connectivity Page" on page 28). Configurable only for Micro Outdoor BTS. The range is 11-100, 110-4094. The default is 11.
Default Gateway Connectivity Status	Read-only. The status of connectivity with the default gateway: Unknown, Up, down. The keep-alive mechanism starts only after first registration at the ASN-GW. Until then this mechanism is disable and connectivity status is Unknown.
Default Authenticator IP Address	The IP address of the default authenticator ASN GW. In Distributed ASN-GW Topology this is typically the IP address of the NPU's Bearer interface.
Active MSs	The threshold for the number of MSs in active operation state (not Idle) served by the BS. Exceeding this threshold sets the alarm "Excessive MS number".
	The range is 0-1024. When set to 0, the alarm is disabled. The default is 1024.
Legacy ASN-GW Mode	Defines functionality supported by ASN-GW:
	Select Enable if using a Cisco ASN GW (does not support Ethernet CS services).
	Select Disable if using any other approved ASN GW.
	The default is Disable.

3.8.3.1.2 ASN-GW Load Balancing

At the unit (NPU) level, up to two pools (with different priorities), each with up to 10 ASN-GWs, can be defined (see "ASN-GW Pools Page" on page 59). Each BS defined in the unit will "inherit" these pools. It should be noted the ASN-GW defined in the BS as the Default Authenticator will be automatically added to the Primary Pool that is the higher priority pool (if not included already).

At the BS level, you can enable/disable the use of each of the two pools. The default is Disable for both ASN-GW Primary Pool and ASN-GW Secondary Pool. The ASN-GW Secondary Pool can be enabled only if the ASN-GW Primary Pool is enabled and includes at least one entry. Note that if both pools are disabled, or if the enabled pool(s) are empty, the ASN-GW load balancing feature is disabled and only the Default Authenticator will be used.

Each Pool table displays the following read-only parameters for each defined ASN-GW:

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the ASN GW.
Connectivity Status	Read-only. The status of connectivity with the ASN-GW: Unknown, Up, down. The keep-alive mechanism starts only after first registration at the ASN-GW. Until then this mechanism is disable and connectivity status is Unknown.

3.8.3.2 R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-QoS Marking Rules Tab

🕅 Alpha on 192.168.53.80 - Configuring Equ R6/R8 Bearer Interface 255,243,41,11,11,11 Bearer QoS Marking Rules Bearer Traffic QoS Rule Rule Number Rule Status Marking Rule... QoS Rule Parameters Marking Rule Na Rule Status V Condition Service Flow Data Delivery Type ANY Y Service Flow Traffic Priority AN V Enable Service Flow Media Flow Type 1 Service Flow Media Flow Type Action Outer DSCP Marking 0 802.1p Priority Marking ~ Intra ASN Traffic QoS Rules Diffserv Code Point(Intra ASN) \$ 802.1p Priority [n V 1 Apply Refreshing ...

The QoS Marking Rules tab enables defining Bearer Plan QoS rules.

Figure 3-54: R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page-QoS Marking Rules Tab

The QoS Marking Rules tab includes the following sections:

- Bearer Traffic QoS Rules
- Intra ASN Traffic QoS Rules





3.8.3.2.1 Bearer Traffic QoS Rules

The Bearer Traffic QoS Rules section includes the Bearer Traffic QoS Rules table and the QoS Rule Parameters Editor.

The Bearer Traffic QoS Rules table displays the following read-only parameters for each existing QoS rule:

Parameter	Description
Rule Number	The index number of the rule. An auto-sequential number generated automatically when creating a new rule.
Rule Status	The status of the rule (Enable or Disable).
Marking Rule	The name of the QoS Marking Rule

Select an entry to open the Editor for the selected rule.

The following buttons are available below the table:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the table and opens the Editor, allowing to configure parameters for the new rule. Up to a maximum of 16383 rules can be defined.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table.

The QoS Rule Parameters Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
QoS Rule Parameters		
Marking Rule Name	The name of the QoS Marking Rule. An optional s string of up to 32 characters.	
Rule Status	The status of the rule (Enable or Disable). The default is Enable.	
Condition		
Service Flow Data Delivery Type	The Service Flow Type for data delivery services: uGS, rTVR, nRTVR, BE, eRTVR, or ANY. The default is ANY.	
Service Flow Traffic Priority	The priority of Service Flow traffic. 0-7 or ANY. The default is ANY.	
Enable Service Flow Media Flow Type	Indicates whether the condition for Service Flow Media Flow Type is enabled or disabled. If enabled, the Service Flow Media Flow Type will be considered. when looking for a match. The default is Disable.	
Service Flow Media Flow Type	The Service Flow Media Flow Type, as defined in ASN-GW or AAA server.	





Parameter	Description
Action	
Outer DSCP Marking	The DSCP value to be used for marking the outer IP header (IP/GRE). The range is 0-63. The default is 0.
802.1p Priority Marking	The 802.1p priority to be used for marking traffic. The range is 0-7. The default is 0.

3.8.3.2.2 Intra ASN Traffic QoS Rules

The Intra ASN Traffic QoS Rules section includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Diffserv Code Point	DSCP priority value to be used for marking of intra-ASN (R8/R6) traffic. The range is 0-63. The default is 0.
802.1p Priority	802.1p priority value to be used for marking of intra-ASN (R8/R6) traffic. The range is 0-7. The default is 0.





3.9 Site Sector

Not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW.

From the navigation tree for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS you can create new ODU entities or delete an existing ODU entity (see Creating/Deleting a Site Sector below).

The Site Sector node includes a Site Sector <#> Page for each configured site sector. Up to 6 site sectors, numbered 1 to 6, can be defined for a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS. In a Micro Outdoor BTS there is a single, automatically configured Site Sector page.

3.9.1 Creating/Deleting a Site Sector

To add a site sector, right-click the Site Sector node in the navigation tree and select Create.

🛃 New Site Sector	_ 🗆	×
Site Sector		٦
- Mandatory Parameters		_
Site Sector Number SiteSector 2		
✓ Apply	Cancel	
Done.		

Figure 3-55: New Site Sector Window

In the New Site Sector window, select the mandatory Site Sector Number (the available options include only unassigned numbers) and click **OK**. You should configure additional properties in the Site Sector # page that is added to the navigation tree.

To delete a site sector, right-click the required Site Sector # sub-node in the navigation tree and select **Delete**.

3.9.2 Site Sector <#> Page

The Site Sector <#> page enables defining site sector general properties and associations.



			ing Equipment				- 6
Site Se	ector 1						
iite Sector [Definition						
Name Heading	0	deg					
Width	0	deg					
	Association BS ID LSB	AU Slot Number	AU Port Number	ODU Number	ODU Port Number	Antenna Number	Antenna Port Numb
88.22.1		2	1 1		1	1	1
						A	dd Delet
						A.	dd Dele
						A	dd Delei
						Au	dd Delei
						A.	dd Delet
						Ā	di Delet
						Δ.	dd Delet

Figure 3-56: Site Sector <#> Page, Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS

The Site Sector # page includes the following sections:

- Site Sector Definition
- Site Sector Association in a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS
- Site Sector Association in a Micro Outdoor BTS

3.9.2.1 Site Sector Definition

The Site Sector Definition section includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Name	The sector name. An optional descriptive string of up to 32 printable characters.
Heading	The sector heading (the center angle of the sector), in degrees. The range is from 0 to 359.
	The heading of an associated Sector cannot be changed. The default is 0.
Width	The planned sector coverage, in degrees. The range is from 0 to 359. The default is 0.



3.9.2.2 Site Sector Association in a Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS

The Site Sector Association table includes the following parameters for each site sector association (configurable only when adding a new association):

Parameter	Description
BS ID LSB	The unique ID of the BS.
AU Slot Number	The AU slot number. When adding a new sector association, double-click on the entry to open a drop-down menu that includes all available AUs.
AU Port Number	The AU port number. When adding a new sector association, available only after selecting an AU. Double-click on the entry to open a drop-down menu that includes all available ports according to the type of the selected AU (1-4 for a 4-channels AU, 1-2 for a 2-channels AU).
ODU Number	The ODU number. When adding a new sector association, double-click on the entry to open a drop-down menu that includes all available ODUs.
ODU Port Number	The ODU port number. When adding a new sector association, available only after selecting an ODU. Double-click on the entry to open a drop-down menu that includes all available ports according to the type of the selected ODU (1, 2, or 4).
Antenna Number	The antenna number. When adding a new sector association, double-click on the entry to open a drop-down menu that includes all available Antennas.
Antenna Port Number	The antenna port number. When adding a new sector association, available only after selecting an Antenna. Double-click on the entry to open a drop-down menu that includes all available ports according to the type of the selected Antenna(1, 2, or 4).

The Site Sector Association table also includes the following buttons:

Button	Description
Add	Adds a new entry to the table.
Delete	Deletes the selected entry (or several selected entries) from the table.

An existing association cannot be modified (to modify an association-delete it and add the modified association.

To add an association, click on the Add button. A new line is added to the table. Double-click on each parameter's entry to open a drop-down selection menu with the available options according to the status of the relevant components in the database.

Creation of a new Sector Association entry will succeed only if all the following conditions are met:



- The specified BS object exists and is properly configured:
 - » All mandatory parameters have been configured properly.
 - The configured frequency is within the valid range defined by the required ODU type in the specified ODU object and the bandwidth parameter.
 - » The Operator ID is the same as Operator ID configured for previously associated BSs.
- An ODU Port (combination of ODU No. and ODU Port No.) cannot appear in more than one entry.
- All ODUs associated with the same AU must use the same frequency band.
- An AU Port (combination of AU Slot No. and AU Port No.) cannot appear in more than one entry.
- An Antenna Port (combination of Antenna No. and Antenna Port No.) cannot appear in more than one entry.
- A specific Antenna can only be associated with a single Sector.
- In the current release, a specific BS can only be associated with a single AU, and vice versa (If in a certain entry BS 66053 is associated with AU 1, BS 66053 cannot be associated with another AU, and AU 1 cannot be associated with another BS).
- Two ODUs associated with the same AU (for Beam Forming support) must be in the same frequency band. This is applicable for 2x2 and 4x2 ODUs that support Beam Forming.

3.9.2.3 Site Sector Association in a Micro Outdoor BTS

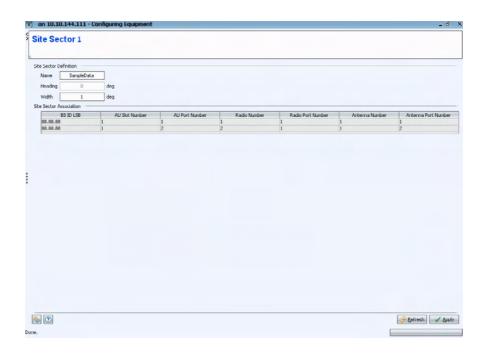


Figure 3-57: Site Sector Page, Micro Outdoor BTS



The Site Sector Association table in a Micro Outdoor BTS is created automatically based on the relevant defined objects. The table includes the following read-only parameters for each of the two site sector associations:

Parameter	Description
BS ID LSB	The unique ID of the BS. The same for both entries.
AU Slot Number	1 (for both entries)
AU Port Number	1 and 2
Radio Number	1 and 2
Radio Port Number	1 (for both entries)
Antenna Number	The antenna number. 1 and 2 if two 1-port antennas are defined, 1 (for both entries) if a 2-ports antenna is defined.
Antenna Port Number	The antenna port number. 1 (for both entries) for 1-port antennas, 1 and 2 for a 2-ports antenna.



Chapter 4 - The Network Maintenance Manager

In This Chapter:

- "The Network Maintenance Manager" on page 164
- "Retrieval of MS Data" on page 164
- "Retrieval of All MSs Data" on page 166
- Single MS De-Registration" on page 168
- "All MSs De-Registration" on page 169



4.1 The Network Maintenance Manager

The Network Maintenance Manager supports MS-Level operations related to the display of the momentary values of a predefined set of parameters of a specific Mobile Subscriber (MS). These parameter values can to be evaluated during operator-initiated troubleshooting. In addition, this feature enables forced de-registration of one or multiple MSs from the network.

In the current release MS-level operations supported by the management system are targeted towards the ASN-GW.



To open the Network Maintenance Manager

- Select Managed Network > Network Maintenance from the Navigation Pane or menu bar. The Network Maintenance Manager window opens.
- 2 In the Operation drop-down menu, select the required operation. The available options are:
 - » "Retrieval of MS Data" on page 164
 - » "Retrieval of All MSs Data" on page 166
 - » "Single MS De-Registration" on page 168
 - » "All MSs De-Registration" on page 169

4.1.1 Retrieval of MS Data

The Retrieval of MS Data option is used to retrieve data related to a specific MS, as maintained by the ASN-GW that currently serves the MS.



Operation	Retrieval of MS data ASN-GW IP Address MS Outer NA1		

Figure 4-1: Network Maintenance - Retrieval of MS Data

To retrieve data related to a specific MS, enter the ASN-GW IP Address of the ASN-GW currently serving the MS (Bearer IP address), and the MS Outer NAI (the complete NAI, a string of up to 253 characters, such as {am=1}4efd450727234884ad6bf3db0d68c077@company.com). The settings of the MS identification data depends on getting this data from the AAA server.

Click **Apply** to retrieve the data for the specified MS.

The displayed details include:

Parameter	Description	
Target		
ASN-GW IP Address	The IP address of the target device (Bearer interface IP address).	
ASN-GW BTS Number	The BTS Number (Site ID) of the target device.	
MS Outer NAI	The Outer NAI string of the selected MS.	
MS Data		
MS ID (MAC Address)	the MS ID (MAC address)	
Serving BS ID	The full ID of the serving BS.	
Serving BS BTS Number	The BTS Number (Site ID) of the serving device.	
Associated Service Flows (per flow assigned to the MS)		
SF-ID	The Service Flow ID.	
Mapped GRE Key	The GRE Key mapped to the Service Flow.	



Parameter	Description
Direction	The direction of the Service Flow (Up or Down).
Assigned IP Address	The assigned IP address.

The following buttons are now available:

Button	Description
Refresh	Click to refresh the displayed data.
Home	Click to return to the main Network Maintenance Management window.
De-Register MS	Click to force de-registration of the MS.

4.1.2 Retrieval of All MSs Data

The Retrieval of All MSs Data option is used to retrieve general details related to all MSs served by a specific ASN-GW, as maintained by the ASN-GW.

Operation Retrieval of all M5s Data	×
Target	
ASN-GW IP Address	
ASN-GW BTS Number NPU Management IP Address	
U NPU Monagement IP Hoaress	

Figure 4-2: Network Maintenance - Retrieval of All MSs Data

You can select the serving entity by:

- ASN-GW IP Address (the Bearer interface IP address of the target device).
- ASN-GW BTS Number (the BTS Number of the target device).
- NPU Management IP Address (the IP address of the interface used for managing the site (NPU) to which the ASN-GW is assigned).

Select the option you want to use and enter the applicable value in the field next to the selected option.



Click **Apply** to retrieve the data for all MSs served by the specified ASN-GW.

The displayed data for all MSs served by the specified entity includes:

Parameter	Description				
Target					
ASN-GW IP Address	The IP address of the target device (Bearer interface IP address).				
ASN-GW BTS Number	The BTS Number (Site ID) of the target device.				
MS Data (per MS served by the target device)					
MS ID	the MS ID (MAC address)				
Serving BS ID	The full ID of the serving BS.				

The following buttons are now available:

Button	Description
Refresh	Click to refresh the displayed data.
Home	Click to return to the main Network Maintenance Management window.
Export List to CSV	Click to open the Select Export Destination File, allowing you to export the All MSs Data to a CSV file in a selectable location.
De-Register All MSs	Click to force de-registration of all MSs served by the selected device.
Retrieve Selected MS Full Data	Select an entry in the MS Data table and click to retrieve from the ASN-GW full details for the selected MS. See below the displayed details.

The displayed full details for the selected MS include:

Parameter	Description			
Target				
ASN-GW IP Address	The IP address of the target device (Bearer interface IP address).			
ASN-GW BTS Number	The BTS Number (Site ID) of the target device.			
MS Outer NAI	The Outer NAI string of the selected MS.			
MS Data				
MS ID (MAC Address)	the MS ID (MAC address)			
Serving BS ID	The full ID of the serving BS.			
Serving BS BTS Number	The BTS Number (Site ID) of the serving device.			



Parameter	Description				
Associated Service Flows (per flow assigned to the MS)					
SF-ID	The Service Flow ID.				
Mapped GRE Key	The GRE Key mapped to the Service Flow.				
Direction	The direction of the Service Flow (Up or Down).				
Assigned IP Address	The assigned IP address.				

The following buttons are now available (in addition to the Refresh and Home buttons):

Button	Description
Retrieve All MSs Data	Click to return to the previous screen displaying summary details for all MSs served by the selected device.
De-Register MS	Click to force de-registration of the MS.
Retrieve Selected MS Full Data	Select an entry in the MS Data table and click to retrieve from the ASN-GW full details for the selected MS.

4.1.3 Single MS De-Registration

The Single MS De-Registration option is used to force de-registration of a specific MS.

	It Management Configuration		1	-	telp	-
🕄 Equipment Manager 🗙	R Discovery Settings ×	Task Manager X	C File Manager X	Duplicate Site X	i Network Maintenance	×
Network Mainte	enance Managem	ent				
	Operation	Single MS De-Registration		Y		
	Target					
		ASN-GW IP Address				
		MS OUCEP NAL				

Figure 4-3: Network Maintenance - Single MS De-Registration



To force de-registration of a specific MS, enter the ASN-GW IP Address of the ASN-GW currently serving the MS (Bearer IP address), and the MS Outer NAI (the complete NAI, a string of up to 253 characters, such as {am=1}4efd450727234884ad6bf3db0d68c077@company.com). The settings of the MS identification data depends on getting this data from the AAA server.

Click **Apply** to force de-registration of the specified MS.

You can click **Home** to return to the main Network Maintenance Management window.

4.1.4 All MSs De-Registration

The All MSs De-Registration option is used to force de-registration of all MSs served by a specific device.

Equipment Manager 🗙	R Discovery Settings X	Task Manager X	C File Manager X	Duplicate Site 🗙	i Network Maintenance ×
letwork Mainte	nance Managem	ent			
	Operation	All MSs De-Registration		×	
	Target	m Addama			
		BTS Number			
	NPU Mar	agement IP Address			

Figure 4-4: Network Maintenance - All MSs De-Registration

You can select the serving entity by:

- ASN-GW IP Address (the Bearer interface IP address of the target device).
- ASN-GW BTS Number (the BTS Number of the target device).
- NPU Management IP Address (the IP address of the interface used for managing the site (NPU) to which the ASN-GW is assigned).

Select the option you want to use and enter the applicable value in the field next to the selected option.

Click **Apply** to force de-registration of all MSs served by the specified device.

You can click **Home** to return to the main Network Maintenance Management window.



Chapter 5 - Configuring Templates

In This Chapter:

- Configuring Templates" on page 171
- "ASN-GW Template" on page 176
- "BS Template" on page 213
- "Management Template" on page 238
- "Equipment Template" on page 245

5.1 Configuring Templates

This section includes:

- The Template Configuration Editor
- Managing Tables and Template Modes
- Updating Scalars

5.1.1 The Template Configuration Editor

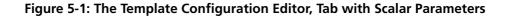
The Template Configuration Editor enables managing the parameters included in the selected template.

There are two types of parameters: Scalars (a single instance in each managed object) and tables that may contain multiple rows (multiple instances of the relevant parameters in each managed object). Each template tab can include either only scalars or a single table.



The default values specified for different parameters are the default values in the device. Certain default values used by the templates may differ from the specified default values.

BS - 3.5	Ś		_
85	>	Yalidation Errors	
Radio Basic			
- Radio Advanced			
R6/R8 Bearer Interface		6	
		Radio Basic > General Def	
		General Def RF Base Band Air Frame Structure Triggers	
		Mode: 🔄 Greate 🖷 Update 💿 Delete Filters: Ly clicking on a selected property name you can add it to this filter!	
		Basic Rate	
		Basic Rate for Management	
		Deployment V	
		Basic Rate for Data	
	1	Maximum Sub Burst Mode	
		Legacy ASN-GW Mode	
		🔗 Refresh 🔤	🗸 Save
	_		





ASNGW - 3.5	Ś	Validation Errors	
- G ASN-GW	1	Valuation Errors	
AAA			
Service Group			
- Qos Marking		L	
- SFA		Service Group > Service Interfaces	
Service Profile		Service Interfaces Service Groups	
Hot Lining		Der rice and rice of the strategy	
		Mode: @ Create () Update () Delete	
		💠 Add 💢 Remove 🔶 Revert	Service Interface Name
		Id Service Interface Name	
			Description
			V Type IP-in-IP
	1		Tunnel Destination IP 0. 0. 0. 0
			Enable Checksum
		~	
			🔗 Refresh 🛛 🗸 Save
Done.			
Source.			

Figure 5-2: The Template Configuration Editor, Tab with a Table

The Template Configuration Editor screen comprises the following sections:

Section	Description	
Navigation Pane	Allowing selection of the configuration page for the selected group of parameters. Template Type and Release Version are indicated on the top.	
Title Bar (not shown)	Identifies the template's MO (Managed Object) and SW Version. It also includes standard icons for minimizing, maximizing or closing the Configuration Editor.	
Validation Errors	Display area for possible configuration errors such as a value that is not valid or contradiction between configured values of two or more parameters. Configurations with Validation Errors cannot be saved.	
Page and Tab Identification	Identification of the current Page and Tab.	
Tab Selection	Allow selection of the configuration tab for the selected sub-group of parameters.	
Mode	Applicable only for some tabs with tables. In a tab with scalar values, only the Update mode is applicable. Enables selection of the configuration mode (Create/Update/Delete) for the relevant table's entries. For more details refer to Managing Tables and Template Modes below.	
Filters	Applicable only for some tabs with tables using Update or Delete Mode. Displays the selected filtering criteria (parameter and value for each selected filter). For more details on using filters refer to Managing Tables and Template Modes below.	





Section	Description		
Configuration Area	The work area allowing you to manage the relevant parameters.		
Control Button	Save : Implements the modifications to the template. Exiting the Configuration Template Editor or switching to another page without applying discards the changes.		
	Refresh : Updates the displayed information according to current values acquired from the database.		
Status Bar	Indicates the status of the current operation, and displays a progress bar when applicable.		

5.1.2 Managing Tables and Template Modes

The principles of managing template tables depend on the template Mode:

- Managing Tables in Create Mode
- Managing Tables in Update Mode
- Managing Tables in Delete Mode

5.1.2.1 Managing Tables in Create Mode

Each row in the table includes one or more parameters that provides a unique identification of the entry. In Create Mode The row identifier(s) are mandatory and are displayed for each saved entry.

To add a row to the table click on the Add button above the table. A row will be added to the table, and a row configuration editor will open on the right side, enabling you to configure row parameters. Select the parameters to be configured by marking the check-box to the left a parameter name, and configure the required value for each selected parameter. Parameters that were not selected will be configured with the default value. The mandatory row identifier(s) are always selected and must be configured.

The row identifier(s) must be defined taking into account the relevant existing row identifier in the target objects that will participate in the Multiple Configuration task using the template. A row with row identifier(s) that already exist in the managed object will be rejected. If the table in a target device is full, the create new entry operation will be rejected.

After completing configuration of the new row, click on the Save button at the bottom of the page. The new row(s) will be displayed with the configured identifier(s).

As long as the row is colored green (not saved yet), you can remove it by clicking on the Revert button above the table.

Select a previously saved row (colored black) to edit its parameters.

To delete a previously saved row, select it and click on the Remove button above the table. The row will be colored red. Actual deletion will take effect after clicking on the Save button.



Note that there are some dependencies among certain tables that should be taken into account when designing Create Mode templates. For example, if you want to create a new Service Group associated with a new Service Interface, the Service Interface must exist in the target objects before you can create the new Service Group. This means that you have first to run a Multiple Configuration task using a template containing the new Service Interface in Create Mode, and after successful completion of this task run another Multiple Configuration task using a different template containing the new Service Group in Create Mode.

5.1.2.2 Managing Tables in Update Mode

Each row in the table has one or more parameters that provides a unique identification of the entry. In Update mode the row identifiers are not mandatory and will be displayed only for saved entries selected for filtering or update.

To add a row to the table click on the Add button above the table. A row will be added to the table, and a row configuration editor will open on the right side, enabling you to configure the row parameters. Select the parameters to be configured by marking the check-box to the left a parameter name, and configure the required value for each selected parameter. Parameters that were not selected will not be affected. You can select one or several parameters to be used for filtering, by selecting the parameter(s), clicking on each parameter name (that will change to italics font, blue color) and configuring the filtering value: The selected criteria (name and filtering value) for each filtering parameter will be displayed in the Filters area. Only entries that match all filtering criteria will be updated. Parameters at the top section (above the separation line) cannot be updated and may be used only for filtering.



If you do not select any filters, all rows of the table in the target devices will be updated with the configured values (excluding default/pre-configured entries in certain tables that cannot be modified).

After completing configuration of the new row, click on the Save button at the bottom of the page. The color of the new row will change to black.

As long as the row is colored green (not saved yet), you can remove it by clicking on the Revert button above the table.

Select a previously saved row (colored black) to edit its parameters.

To delete a previously saved row, select it and click on the Remove button above the table. The row will be colored red. Actual deletion will take effect after clicking on the Save button.

5.1.2.3 Managing Tables in Delete Mode

Each row in the table has one or more parameters that provides a unique identification of the entry. In Delete mode the row identifiers are not mandatory and will be displayed only for saved entries selected for filtering or update.

To add a row to the table click on the Add button above the table. A row will be added to the table, and a row configuration editor will open on the right side, enabling you to one or several parameters to be





used for filtering, by selecting the parameter(s), clicking on each parameter name (that will change to italics font, blue color) and configuring the filtering value: The selected criteria (name and filtering value) for each filtering parameter will be displayed in the Filters area. Only entries that match all filtering criteria will be deleted.

NOTE!

If you do not select any filters, all rows of the table in the target devices will be deleted (excluding default/pre-configured entries in certain tables that cannot be deleted).

After completing configuration of filters for the new row, click on the Save button at the bottom of the page. The color of the new row will change to black.

As long as the row is colored green (not saved yet), you can remove it by clicking on the Revert button above the table.

Select a previously saved row (colored black) to edit its parameters.

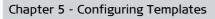
To delete a previously saved row, select it and click on the Remove button above the table. The row will be colored red. Actual deletion will take effect after clicking on the Save button.

Note that there are some dependencies among certain tables that should be taken into account when designing Delete Mode templates. For example, if you want to delete a certain Service Interface that in a target device is associated with an existing Service Group, you must first delete the new Service Group. This means that you have first to run a Multiple Configuration task using a template containing the relevant Service Group in Delete Mode, and after successful completion of this task run another Multiple Configuration task using a different template containing the relevant Service Interface in Delete Mode.

5.1.3 Updating Scalars

In a tab with scalar parameters, select the parameters to be updated by marking the check-box to the left a parameter name, and configure the required value for each selected parameter. Parameters that were not selected will not be affected. You can select one or several parameters to be used for filtering, by selecting the parameter(s), clicking on each parameter name (that will change to italics font, blue color) and configuring the filtering value: The selected criteria (name and filtering value) for each filtering parameter will be displayed in the Filters area. Only devices in which the current configuration match all filtering criteria will be updated using configured values of parameters that were selected for update without being defined as filters.





5.2 ASN-GW Template

The ASN-GW Template comprises the following pages:

- AAA Page
- Service Group Page
- QoS Marking Page
- SFA Page
- Service Profile Page
- Hot Lining Page

5.2.1 AAA Page

The AAA page comprises the following tabs:

- AAA Client Tab
- AAA Access Tab

5.2.1.1 AAA Client Tab

\$		
'	Validation Errors	
	L	
	AAA > AAA Client	
	AAA Client AAA Access	
	Mode: O Create	
	Primary Server IP Address 0, 0, 0, 0	
	Secondary Server IP address 0. 0. 0. 0	
	Radius Shared Secret	
	Switch Over	
	Redundancy	
:		
		🔗 Refresh 🗸 🗸 Save

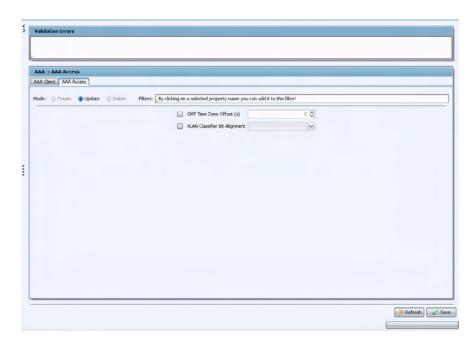
Figure 5-3: The ASN-GW Template - AAA Page - AAA Client Tab

The AAA Client parameters are:



Parameter	Description	
Primary Server IP Address	The IPv4 address of the primary AAA server. Cannot be the same as the Secondary Server IP Address or any of the NPU IP interfaces. The default is 0.0.0.0 which is not a valid address (the default in the device is 172.16.0.1).	
Secondary Server IP Address	The IPv4 address of the secondary AAA server. Cannot be the same as the Primary Server IP Address or any of the NPU IP interfaces. 0.0.0.0 (the default) means no secondary server. Must be set to a valid IP address if Redundancy is enabled.	
RADIUS Shared Secret	The shared secret between the authenticator function and the AAA server. A string of 1 to 49 characters. The default is an empty string which is not a valid string (the default in the device is default).	
Switch Over	Enable to switch from the Primary Server to Secondary Server or Vice Versa. The default is Switch Over (the default in the device is Disable).	
Redundancy	Indicates whether AAA server redundancy is supported. If enabled, the ASN-GW will try switching to the secondary server if the primary server does not respond, and vide versa. The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable). Redundancy cannot be disabled if the Current Server is the Secondary Server.	

5.2.1.2 AAA Access Tab





The AAA Access parameters are:



Parameter	Description
GMT Time Zone Offset	The time zone offset, in seconds, from GMT at the NAS. The range is from 0 (the default) to 86400 seconds.
VLAN Classifier Bit Alignment	 Defines how to transfer VLAN ID between R3 and R6: MSB Shift: a. When transferring classifier VID value from R3 side to R6 side, the binary value of the 12 least significant bits in R3 TLV will be copied and pasted as most significant bits in R6 TLV. b. When transferring classifier VID value from R6 to R3, the binary value of the 12 the most significant bits in R6 TLV will be copied and pasted as the 12 least significant bits in R3 TLV will be copied and pasted as the 12 least significant bits in R3 TLV.
	 LSB: The whole 16 bit value of the relevant TLV will be transferred without any change when transferring classifier VID value from R3 side to R6 side and from R6 to R3. The default is MSB Shift

5.2.2 Service Group Page

The Service Group page comprises the following tabs:

- Service Interfaces Tab
- Service Groups Tab

5.2.2.1 Service Interfaces Tab

vice Group > Service Interfaces	
e: Create Update Delete	
Add X Remove Opteweet	Service Interface Name Cescription Type Tunnel Destruction IP 0. 0. 0. 0 Enable Officiaum
V	

Figure 5-5: The ASN-GW Template - Service Group Page - Service Interfaces Tab (Create Mode)

The Service Interfaces table includes the following parameters for each row:



Parameter Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Service Interface Name	The name (alias) of the service interface.

The Service Interfaces Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Service Interface Name	The name (alias) of the service interface. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory for Create Mode. The name of an existing Service Interface cannot be updated (in Update Mode the Service Interface Name is used as the Service Interface Identifier). The default is an empty string which is not a valid value.	
Description	An optional brief description of the service interface. A string of up to 70 characters. The default is null.	
Туре	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Mandatory for Create Mode. The type of service interface: IP-in-IP, VLAN, QinQ, VPLS-Trunk. The default is IP-in-IP.	
Tunnel Destination IP	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Applicable only for IP-in-IP service interface. Mandatory for Create Mode of an IP-in-IP service interface. The destination IPv4 address that indicates the point of termination of the tunnel for the service interface. Must be unique among all the Host Interfaces IPs (Bearer, Local-Management, Internal-Management, External-Management) and existing instances of Service Interface's Tunnel Destination IP Address and Default Gateway IP Address. Shall not be in the subnet of any Mgmt interface (i.e. Local, External and Internal). The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value when creating a new Service Interface).	
Enable Checksum	Applicable only for IP-in-IP service interfaces. Indicates whether or not the tunnel checksum feature is enabled (yes or no). The default is no.	



Parameter	Description
Service VLAN ID	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Applicable only for VLAN, QinQ and VPLS-Trunk service interfaces. Mandary for Create Mode of a VLAN, QinQ or VPLS-Trunk service interface. The Service Interface VLAN ID parameter for VLAN service interface, SVID for QinQ service interface.
	The range is 1-9, 11- to 4094. A Service Interface VLAN ID shall not conflict with other instances of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
	The default is 0 (if selected, must be changed to a valid value when creating a new Service Interface).
Default Gateway IP Address	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Applicable only for VLAN service interfaces. Mandary for Create Mode of a VLAN service interface. The IP Address of the Default Gateway.
	Must be unique among all the Host Interfaces IPs (Bearer, Local-Management, Internal-Management, External-Management), existing instances of Service Interface's Tunnel Destination IP Address and Default Gateway IP Address, and subnets of Default Gateway IP addresses. Should be in the same subnet.with the IP Address of the DHCP server/proxy/relay to be assigned to a service group using this service interface. The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value when creating a new Service Interface).
Subnet Mask	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Applicable only for VLAN service interfaces. Mandary for Create Mode of a VLAN service interface. The subnet mask of the default gateway. Should not overlap with an existing Interface subnet (host interfaces, other service interfaces). The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value when creating a new Service Interface. the default in the device is 255.255.255.0).
Encapsulation Type	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Applicable only for VPLS-Trunk service interfaces. The encapsulation mode of applicable traffic: VLAN or Stacked-VLAN (QinQ).
	The default is VLAN.



Parameter	Description
Outer VLAN ID	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service interface). Applicable only for VPLS-Trunk service interfaces if EncapsualationType is set to Stacked-VLAN. The Service Interface Outer VLAN ID.
	A Service Interface Outer VLAN ID shall not conflict with other instances of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
	The default value (0) must be replaced by a valid value when creating a new VPLS-Trunk Service Interface with Stacked-VLAN Encapsulation Type.

INFORMATION A Service Interface associated to a Service Group cannot be deleted.



A QinQ service interface associated to a service flow cannot be deleted.

5.2.2.2 Service Groups Tab

<>	Validation Errors			
	Service Interfaces Service Groups Service Interfaces Service Groups Mode: Greate Update Delete	✓ Service Group Name		
	Id Service Group Na DHCP Function Mode P	Subnet Mask Service Group Type Service Interface Name DHCP Function Mode Lease Function Mode MS-MS Loop Back Service VLAN Accounting Mode Interm Interval (min)	0. 0. 0. 0 Proxy () 0. 0. 0. 0 () () () () () () () () () ()	Default Gateway IP Address O.O.O. Vendor Class Identifier Vendor Specific Information Name Vendor Specific Information Value Vendor Specific Information Value
				😚 Refresh 🗸 🗸 Save

Figure 5-6: The ASN-GW Template - Service Group Page - Service Groups Tab (Create Mode)

The Service Groups table includes the following parameters for each row:



Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Service Group Name	The name (alias) of the service Group.
DHCP Function Mode	The DHCP Function Mode (if applicable).

The Service Group Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Service Group Name	The name (alias) of the service Group. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory for Create Mode. The name of an existing Service Group cannot be updated (in Update Mode may be used only for filtering). The default is an empty string which is not a valid value.	
Service Group Type	Mandatory for Create Mode. The type of an existing Service Group cannot be updated (in Update Mode may be used only for filtering). The Service Group's type: IP, VPWS-QinQ, VPWS-Transparent, VPWS-Mapped, VPLS-Hub And Spoke . The default is IP.	
DHCP Function Mode	Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Mandatory for Create Mode of an IP Service Group. The DHCP Function Mode of an existing Service Group cannot be updated (in Update Mode may be used only for filtering).	
	The available DHCP Function Mode options:	
	Server: The ASN-GW function as a DHCP server that allocates an IP address to the MS from the local pool (in the non-HA mode).	
	Relay: The IP address is obtained using an external DHCP server (in the non-HA mode).	
	Proxy: Non-HA mode: In Non-HA mode the DHCP proxy assigns the MS, the IP address that was received from AAA in the MS profile. In HA mode the DHCP proxy assigns to the MS the IP address received in the MS profile or obtains the IP address from HA using the mobile IP.	
	The default is Proxy.	



Parameter	Description
Service Interface Name	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service group). Applicable only for IP and VPLS Service Groups. Mandatory for Create Mode of an IP or VPLS Service Group. The referenced Service Interface must exist in the database of the relevant managed object.
	Only a VPLS-Trunk Service Interface can be associated with a VPLS Service Group. A VPLS-Trunk Service Interface cannot be associated with any other Service Group type.
	Note that a Service Interface can be associated only to a single Service Group.
	The default is an empty string which is not a valid value.
Lease Time	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The lease time in seconds of IP address allocated for MS from this Service Group. In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept. The range is 24-4294967295. The default is 24 (the default in the device is 86,400).
DHCP Own IP Address	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing service group). Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Mandatory for Create Mode of an IP Service Group. The DHCP Own IP Address of an existing Service Group cannot be updated.
	The IP address of the DHCP relay/proxy. Must be different from other instances of DHCP Own IP Address in the device.
	For a service group using a VLAN service interface, should be in same subnet with the Default Gateway configured for the service interface associated with the service group. Subnet mask is taken as the default subnet mask i.e 255.255.255.0.
	The default is 0.0.0.0 (must be changed to a valid value when creating a new IP Service Group).
MS-MS Loopback	Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Indicates whether MS-MS loopback is enabled or disabled for the service interface. The default is Enable.
Service VLAN	Applicable only for IP Service Groups with an attached VLAN service interface.
	Indicates the status of a VLAN service interface attached to the service group. Not applicable when the attached Service Interface is IP-in-IP.
	If a Service Group with Service VLAN enabled is attached to a Service Profile, Service VLAN cannot be disabled.
	The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).



Parameter	Description
Accounting Mode	Accounting mode for the service interface:
	None: No accounting support.
	Time based: The ASN-GW send RADIUS Accounting Start/Stop Requests. The ASN-GW shall also send Interim Accounting requests to AAA server using RADIUS Accounting Interim messages on a preconfigured or negotiated interval. AAA server can send negotiated time interval in Access-Accept message. If the defined value (see Interim Interval below) is zero and there is no Acct-Interim-Interval in Access Accept, interim updates should be deactivated.
	Volume and time based: Applicable only for IP Service Groups. Functionality is the same as for Time option above. In addition, this mode supports postpaid accounting by supporting IP Session Volume Based Accounting. The ASN-GW will report the cumulative volume counters for each MS IP Session. The counters will be collected per MS Service Flow and will be cumulated in order to get the MS IP Session counters.
	The default is Time based.
Interim Interval (Min)	Not applicable if Accounting Mode (see above) is set to None. The default interval in seconds for Accounting Interim reports to be used if Acct-Interim-Interval is not received from the AAA server.
	Value "0" means interim reports are deactivated unless Acct-Interim-Interval is sent by the AAA server in Access Accept messages.
	The valid range is 0 (none) or 5-1600 (minutes). The default is 0 ((the default in the device is 5).).
Vid Map Start and Vid Map End	Applicable only for VPWS-Mapped Service Groups.
	The start and end value of the range of VLAN IDs for mapping. End value cannot be lower than Start value. The range for both is from 1 to 4094. The default for Vid Map Start is 0, which is not a valid value. The default for Vid Map End is 1.
	None of the value within the range shall overlap with any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of other existing VPWS-Mapped Service Group.



Parameter	Description
IP Address Pool Start and IP Address Pool End	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server mode. The start and end values of IP addresses in the address pool. Mandatory when creating a new IP Service Group in Server mode.
	DHCP IP addresses in the pool shall not overlap with the DHCP address pool defined in an existing service group and with IP addresses of host interfaces (Bearer, External Management, Internal Management and Local Management).
	The defaults are 0.0.0.0 for both parameters, In the device the defaults are 0.0.0.0 (Start) and 255.255.255.255 (End). Must be changed to valid values when creating a new IP Service Group in Server mode.
Subnet Mask	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. In Server mode, this is the subnet mask to be provided by local DHCP Server with IP address.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
	The default is 0.0.0.0. In the device the default is 255.255.255.255.
Default Gateway IP Address	Applicable only in Server/Proxy mode. In Server mode this is the IP address of the Default Gateway to be provided by the local DHCP Server with the device IP address.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
Primary DNS Server	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. IP Address of the first DNS Server to be provisioned to MS from this Group. In the Proxy mode, this value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
Secondary DNS Server	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. IP Address of the second DNS Server to be provisioned to MS from this Group. In the Proxy mode, this value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.



Parameter	Description
Renewal Time (% of Lease Time)	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The interval, as a percentage of the Lease Time, after which the MS can request renewal of a lease that has expired. This value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept
	The renewal Time must be lower than rebind Time. The range is from 1 to 100 (%). The default is 1% (the default in the device is 50%).
Rebind Time (% of Lease Time)	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The rebind interval, as a percentage of the Lease Time. This is passed to the MS (DHCP client). The range is from 1 to 99. This value is used if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
	The range is from 1 to 99 (%). The default is 1% (the default in the device is 75%).
Offer Reuse Time (s)	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The interval, in seconds, within which the MS should send a DHCP request to accept the address sent by the NPU. If the MS does not accept the address within this period, the MS is deregistered.
	The range is from 1 to 120. The default is 1 second (the default in the device is 5).
Server Host Name	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The server host name. This parameter is sent in dhcp-offer / dhcp-ack messages and may be used by certain CPEs. A string of up to 64 characters. The default is null.
Service Time w/o IP Address	Time of waiting for DHCP request when initial Data Path is established. If expires, MS should be deregistered. The range is 0 to 86,400 seconds. A value of 0 means this timer is deactivated (and MS is not deregistered). The default is 0.
Vendor Class Identifier	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The option 60 string. Up to 30 characters. An empty string (null) means that DHCP Option 60 is disabled. The default is null.
	Note that a null string (option 60 disabled) is not supported by the template manager.
Vendor Specific Information Name	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. Option 43 Name string. Up to 64 characters. The default is null (the default in the device is InternetGatewayDevice.ManagementServer.URL).
Vendor Specific Information Value	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. Option 43 Value string. Up to 64 characters. The default is null.



Parameter	Description		
External DHCP Server IP Address	Applicable only for IP Service Groups using Relay mode. The IP address of the external DHCP server. The default is null-a valid IP address must be specified (the default in the device is 0.0.0.0).		
Relay Agent Information	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode. Enable/Disable Relay Agent Information (Option 82). The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).		
Unicast Relay Agent Information	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information is enabled. Indicates whether the Unicast parameter is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).		
RADIUS Attributes	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information is enabled. Indicates whether RADIUS Attributes (sub-option 7) 82 is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).		
Service Type	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information and Radius Attributes are enabled. Indicates whether Service Type (attribute 6) is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).		
Vendor Specific	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information and Radius Attributes are enabled. Indicates whether Vendor Specific (attribute 26) is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).		
Session Timeout	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information and Radius Attributes are enabled. Indicates whether Session Timeout (attribute 27) is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable (the default in the device is Disable).		
Agent Circuit ID and Binary/ASCII Agent Circuit ID	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information and Radius Attributes are enabled. Sub-option 1 of option 82. The available options are: Not Set (disable), Default, MS ID, BS ID, NAS ID, NAS IP, ASCII Agent Circuit ID, Binary Free String, Full-NAI, Domain, ASCII MS ID, ASCII BS ID, ASCII BS MAC. The default is Not Set.		
	For ASCII Agent Circuit ID, enter the ID string in the Binary/ASCII Agent Circuit ID text box (up to 32 characters).		
	For Binary Free String, enter a string of up to 32 hexadecimal digits (no spaces) in the Binary/ASCII Agent Circuit ID text box.		



Parameter	Description			
Agent Remote ID and Binary/ASCII Agent Remote ID	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information and Radius Attributes are enabled. Sub-option 2 of option 82. The available options are: Not Set (disable), Default, MS ID, BS ID, NAS ID, NAS IP, ASCII Agent Remote ID, Binary Free String Full-NAI, Domain, ASCII MS ID, ASCII BS ID, ASCII BS MAC. The default is Not Set.			
	For ASCII Agent Remote ID, enter the ID string in the Binary/ASCII Agent Remote ID text box (up to 32 characters).			
	For Binary Free String, enter a string of up to 32 hexadecimal digits (no spaces) in the Binary/ASCII Agent Remote ID text box.			
Agent Subscriber ID and Binary/ASCII Agent Subscriber ID	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Relay mode, if Relay Agent Information and Radius Attributes are enabled. Sub-option 6 of option 82. The available options are: Not Set (disable), Default, MS ID, BS ID, NAS ID, NAS IP, ASCII Agent Subscriber ID, Binary Free String, Full-NAI, Domain. The default is Not Set.			
	For ASCII Agent Subscriber ID, enter the ID string in the Binary/ASCII Agent Subscriber ID text box (up to 32 characters).			
	For Binary Free String, enter a string of up to 32 hexadecimal digits (no spaces) in the Binary/ASCII Agent Subscriber ID text box.			
Client Boot File Name	Applicable only for IP Service Groups in Server/Proxy mode. The client boot file name. This parameter is sent in dhcp-offer / dhcp-ack messages and may be used by certain CPEs. A string of up to 128 characters. The default is null.			
VLAN ID	Applicable only for VPLS Service Groups.			
	The own VLAN ID of the Service Group.			
	The range is 0-4094 (0 means untagged). The default is 0.			
	Different VPLS Service Groups may have the sane value of their own VLAN ID (including multiple VLAN-untagged VPLS Service Groups).			
Traffic Priority	The traffic priority to be applied to the downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts.			
	Not applicable for service flows with UGS uplink data delivery type.			
	The range is 0-7. The default is 0.			



Parameter	Description			
Maximum Latency (msec)	The maximum latency in ms allowed in the downlink service flow used for multicasts.			
	Applicable only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, RTVR, ERTVR).			
	The range is 0- 4,294,967,295 (msec). The default is 0. The default in the device is 500 msec.			
Media Flow Type	An optional description of the type of media carried by the service flow. A string of up to 15 characters. The default is null.			
Maximum Sustained Traffic Rate (bps)	The maximum sustained traffic rate, in bps, for downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts.			
	Not applicable for service flows with UGS uplink data delivery type.			
	The range is 0-5,000,000 (bps). The default is 0. The default in the device is 100,000 bps.			
Delivery Type	The data delivery type for downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts. The options are UGS, RT-VR, NRT-VR, BE, ERT-VR, ANY. The default is UGS. The default in the device is BE.			
Minimum Reserved Rate (bps)	the minimum rate in bps reserved for for downlink traffic carried by the service flow used for multicasts.			
	Aapplicable only for service flows with the appropriate data delivery type (UGS, NRTVR, RTVR, ERTVR).			
	The range is 0-5,000,000 (bps). The default is 0. The default in the device is 100,000 bps.			
	For NRTVER, RTVR and ERTVR-cannot be higher than (Maximum Sustained Traffic Rate).			
Maximum Jitter (msec)	The maximum delay variation (jitter) in milliseconds for the downlink service flow used for multicasts.			
	Applicable only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).			
	The range is 0- 4,294,967,295 (msec). The default is 0.			
VPLS Local Switch	Applicable only for VPLS-Hub And Spoke Service Groups. If set to Enable, uplink multicast frames will be forwarded to both the Multicast port and the VPLS trunk port of the VPLS instance. If set to Disable, multicast frames will be forwarded only to the VPLS trunk port. The default is Enabled			



INFORMATION

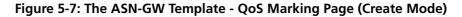
		_	
			×.
			-
-	-	-	1
-		_	

A Service Group cannot be deleted if it is assigned to a Service Flow.

A Service Group with an associated VLAN Service Interface cannot be deleted if the Service VLAN is set to enable.

5.2.3 QoS Marking Page

Marking © Create © Update © Delete		
🐳 Add 🛛 💥 Remove 🔅 Revert	Mariang Rule Name	
d Marking Rule Name 😰	Rule Applied on Interface	
	Service Flow Data Delivery Type	
	Service Flow Traffic Priority	
	Service Flow Media Flow Type	
	Outer DSCP Marking	
	802.1p Priority Marking	
	Rule Ratus	



The QoS Marking table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Marking Rule Name	The name (alias) of the Marking Rule.

The QoS Marking Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Marking Rule Name	The name (alias) of the Marking Rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory for Create Mode. The name of an existing QoS Marking Rule cannot be updated.



Parameter	Description
Rule Applied on Interface	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing rule). The type of interface for which the bearer plane QoS rule is defined: Internal (R4/R6 tunnel), External (R1), or ANY. The default is Internal (the default in the device is ANY).
Service Flow Data Delivery Type	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing rule). The type of service provided as an input parameter for the bearer plane QoS rule: UGS, RTVR; NRTVR; BE; ERTVR, or ANY. The default is UGS (the default in the device is ANY).
Service Flow Traffic Priority	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing rule). The traffic priority provided as an input parameter for the bearer plane QoS rule: 0-7 or ANY. The default is 0 (the default in the device is ANY)
Service Flow Media Flow Type	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing rule). The media type provided as an input parameter for the bearer plane QoS rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. A value of ANY indicates that this parameter will be ignored. The default is null (the default in the device is ANY).
Outer DSCP Marking	The Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP) value to be used for marking the packets, if the packet complies with the marking rule's conditions. The range is from 0 to 63. The default is 0.
802.1p Priority Marking	The 802.1p priority to be used for marking traffic that complies with the marking rule's conditions. The range is from 0 to 7. The default is 0.
Rule Status	The status of the rule (Enable or Disable). The default is Disable (the default in the device is Enable).

INFORMATION



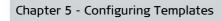
The default QoS Marking Rules (int_default and ext_default) can be updated but cannot be deleted.

5.2.4 SFA Page

The SFA page comprises the following tabs:

- SFA Config Tab
- PHS Rules Tab
- Classification Config Tab
- Classification Rule Protocol Tab
- Classification Rule Source Address Tab
- Classification Rule Destination Address Tab





- Classification Rule Source Port Tab
- Classification Rule Destination Port Tab
- Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID Tab

5.2.4.1 SFA Config Tab

	SFA Config				-	And the second second second	
A Con	Ag PHS R	ules Classif	fication Config	Classification Rule Proto	col Classification Rule Source Addres	IS Classification Rule Destination Address	Classification Rule Source Port Cl
ode:	🕞 Greate	🛞 Update	O Delete	Filters: By clicking on	a selected property name you can add	i it to this filter!	
					Enable PHS Support	×	



The SFA Config tab include the following parameter:

Parameter	Description
Enable PHS Support	Indicates whether or not PHS is enabled or disabled. This setting applies to all PHS rules in the managed object. The default is no (disable).





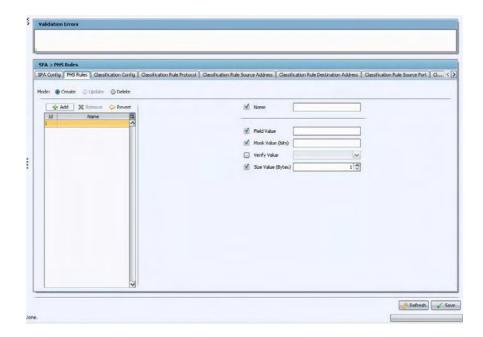


Figure 5-9: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - PHS Rules Tab (Create Mode)

The PHS Rules table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Name	The name (alias) of the PHS Rule.	

The PHS Rule Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name (alias) of the PHS Rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory when creating a new rule.
Field Value	The PHSF value, that is, the header string to be suppressed. Mandatory when creating a new rule. The default is null. Must be replaced by a valid string
Mask Value (bits)	The PHSM that contains the bit-mask of the PHSF with the bits set that is to be suppressed. Mandatory when creating a new rule. The default is null. Must be replaced by a valid value (1-40).
Verify Value	Indicates whether or not the PHS header is to be verified. The default is no.





Parameter	Description
Size Value (Bytes)	The size of the header to be suppressed. 1-20. Mandatory when creating a new rule. The default is 1.

INFORMATION



An existing PHS Rule cannot be updated.

A PHS Rule that is associated to a Classification Rule cannot be deleted.

5.2.4.3 Classification Config Tab

SFA > Classification Config				
Config PHS Rules Classification Config Classification Rule Prot	ocol Classification Rule Source Address Classification Rule	Destination Address Classification Rule Se	ource Port Cl	
le: 🛞 Create 💿 Update 💿 Delete				
🗛 Add 🛛 🕱 Remove 🔅 Revert	🗹 Name			
Id Name to				
	Priority	0.0		
	TOS Range From	0.0		
	TOS Range To	0 \$		
	TOS Mask	0.0		
	Enable IP TOS	~		
	PHS Rule Name			
	Туре	×		

Figure 5-10: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Config Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Config table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Name	The name (alias) of the Rule.	

The Classification Config Row Editor includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description
Name	The name (alias) of the Rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory for Create Mode. The name of an existing Rule cannot be updated.
Priority	The priority level assigned to the classification rule. The range is 0-255. The default is 0.
TOS Range From and TOS Range To	Applicable only if Type is L3 and Enable IP TOS is enabled. The range of values (From-To) of the IP TOS field from the lowest value to the highest value. Values range is from 0 to 63. The default is From 0 To 0.
TOS Mask	Applicable only if Type is L3 and Enable IP TOS is enabled. The mask for IP TOS value. This bit mask is applied to the TOS field received in the IP header to be matched within the configured TOS range. The range is from 0 to 63. The default is 0.
Enable IP TOS	Applicable only if Type is L3. Indicates whether the use of TOS-based classification is enabled. The default is no (disable).
PHS Rule Name	Applicable only if Type is L3. The Packet Header Suppression (PHS) rule name associated with the classification rule. Specify the PHS Rule Name if you want to perform PHS for this flow. Must be a PHS Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects. The default is null (none), which is not a valid value.
Туре	Not applicable for Update Mode (cannot be modified in an existing rule). The rule's type: L2 or L3. The default is L2 (the default in the device is L3).

A Classification Rule includes additional parameters that can be managed using the other tabs of the SFA page.



5.2.4.4 Classification Rule Protocol Tab

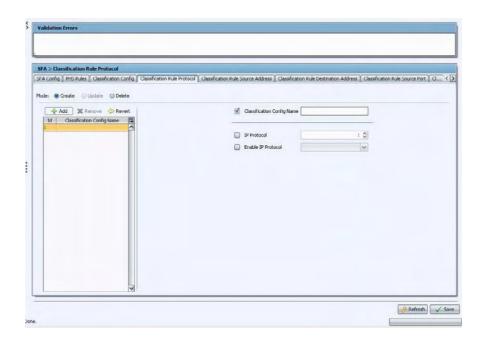


Figure 5-11: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Protocol Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Rule Protocol tab is applicable only for L3 rules. The IP Protocol parameters of an existing rule cannot be modified.

The Classification Rule Protocol table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name.	

The Classification Rule Protocol Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name. Mandatory for Create Mode. Must be a Classification Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects.
IP Protocol	Relevant only if Enable IP Protocol is enabled. The enabled protocol number. Value is in the range 1-255 (using standard IANA protocol values). The default is 1.
Enable IP Protocol	Indicates whether the packet is classified based on the value of the IP protocol (yes or no). The default is no.





5.2.4.5 Classification Rule Source Address Tab

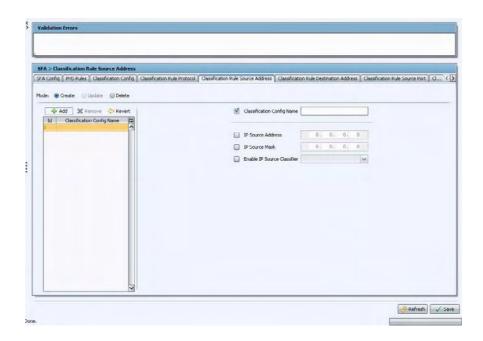


Figure 5-12: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Source Address Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Rule Source Address tab is applicable only for L3 rules. The Source Address parameters of an existing rule cannot be modified.

The Classification Rule Source Address table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name.

The Classification Rule Source Address Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name. Mandatory for Create Mode. Must be a Classification Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects.
IP Source Address	Relevant only if Enable IP Source Classifier is enabled. The IP source address enabled for the classification rule. The default is 0.0.0.0. Must be set to a valid value.



Parameter	Description
IP Source Mask	Relevant only if Enable IP Source Classifier is enabled. The net mask field that is used to specify a range of IP source addresses. The default is 0.0.0.0 (the default in the device is 255.255.255.255). If selected must be set to a valid value.
Enable IP Source Classifier	Indicates whether the use of an associated IP source address is enabled for the classification rule. The default is no.

5.2.4.6 Classification Rule Destination Address Tab

	Protocol 🛛 Classification Rule Source Address 🗍 Classification Rule D	estination A	ddress	Classification Rule Source Port Classification Rule
de: Create Update Delete	🗹 Classification Config Name			
Id Classification Config Name C	IP Destination Address	0, 0,	0. 0	0
	IP Destination Mask	0, 0.	0. (
	Enable IP Destination Classifier			

Figure 5-13: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Destination Address Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Rule Destination Address tab is applicable only for L3 rules. The Source Destination parameters of an existing rule cannot be modified.

The Classification Rule Destination Address table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name.	

The Classification Rule Destination Address Row Editor includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name. Mandatory for Create Mode. Must be a Classification Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects.	
IP Destination Address	Relevant only if Enable IP Destination Classifier is enabled. The IP Destination address enabled for the classification rule. The default is 0.0.0.0. Must be set to a valid value.	
IP Destination Mask	Relevant only if Enable IP Destination Classifier is enabled. The net mask field that is used to specify a range of IP Destination addresses. The default is 0.0.0.0 (the default in the device is 255.255.255.255). If selected must be set to a valid value.	
Enable IP Destination Classifier	Indicates whether the use of an associated IP Destination address is enabled for the classification rule. The default is no.	

5.2.4.7 Classification Rule Source Port Tab

	SFA > Classification Rule Source Port JFA Config [PH5 Rules] Classification Config Classification Rule Protocol Classification Rule Source Address Classification Rule Destination Address Classification Rule Source Port C				
le: @Create OUpdate ODelete					
👍 Add 🛛 💥 Remove 🔅 Revert	Classification Config Name				
Id Classification Config Name	-				
	From To	10			
	Enable TCP/UDP Source Part	~			

Figure 5-14: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Source Port Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Rule Source Port tab is applicable only for L3 rules. The Source Port parameters of an existing rule cannot be modified.

The Classification Rule Source Port table includes the following parameters for each row:



Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name.	

The Classification Rule Source Port Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name. Mandatory for Create Mode. Must be a Classification Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects.	
From - To	Relevant only if Enable TCP/UDP Source Port is enabled. The range of values (From-To) of the source ports from the lowest value to the highest value. Values range is from 1 to 65535. The default is From 1 To 1. The default in the device is From 1 To 65535.	
Enable TCP/UDP Source Port	Indicates whether the use of a range of source ports is enabled for the classification rule. The default is no.	
	If enabled, then Enable IP Protocol for the same Classification Rule should be set to enable (automatically enabled in the device). Protocol should be set to either 6 (TCP) or 17 (UDP).	



5.2.4.8 Classification Rule Destination Port Tab

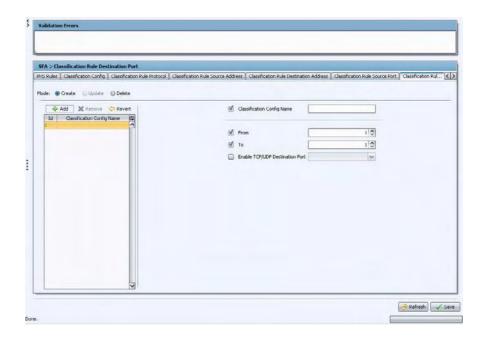


Figure 5-15: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Destination Port Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Rule Destination Port tab is applicable only for L3 rules. The Destination Port parameters of an existing rule cannot be modified.

The Classification Rule Destination Port table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name.	

The Classification Rule Destination Port Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name. Mandatory for Create Mode. Must be a Classification Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects.	
From - To	Relevant only if Enable TCP/UDP Destination Port is enabled. The range of values (From-To) of the Destination ports from the lowest value to the highest value. Values range is from 1 to 65535. The default is From 1 To 1. The default in the device is From 1 To 65535.	



Parameter	Description	
Enable TCP/UDP Destination Port	Indicates whether the use of a range of Destination ports is enabled for the classification rule. The default is no.	
	If enabled, then Enable IP Protocol for the same Classification Rule should be set to enable (automatically enabled in the device). Protocol should be set to either 6 (TCP) or 17 (UDP).	

5.2.4.9 Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID Tab

FA > Classification Rule Custe	omer VLAN ID				
assification Rule Source Address	Classification Rule Destination Address	Classification Rule Source Port	Classification Rule Destination Por	t Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID	<
ode:	🕞 Delete				
Add X Remove		🗹 Classifica	ation Config Name		
Id Classification Config N 1	atre 📴				
		Custome	VLAN ID	1 0	

Figure 5-16: The ASN-GW Template - SFA Page - Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID Tab (Create Mode)

The Classification Rule VLAN ID tab is applicable only for L2 rules. The VLAN ID parameter of an existing rule cannot be modified.

The Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description	
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name.	

The Classification Rule Customer VLAN ID Row Editor includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description	
Classification Config Name	The Classification Rule name. Mandatory for Create Mode. Must be a Classification Rule Name that already exists in the target managed objects.	
Customer VLAN ID	The Customer VLAN ID value to be assigned to the classification rule. The range is 1-4094. The default is 1 (in the device the default is null). Must be set to a valid value.	

5.2.5 Service Profile Page

The Service Profile page comprises the following tabs:

- Service Profile Config Tab
- Service Flow Tab
- UL/DL Reference Classification Rule Tabs

5.2.5.1 Service Profile Config Tab

Service Profile > Service Profile Config Service Profile Config Service Flow UL Reference Classification Rule DL Reference Classification Rule			
der: Create Lipdate Coolete Add Rever Add Rever Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Coolete Cool	Nano Profile Status		

Figure 5-17: The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - Service Profile Config Tab (Create Mode)

The Service Profile Config table includes the following parameters for each row:



Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Name	The name (alias) of the Service Profile.

The Service Profile Config Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name (alias) of the Service Profile. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory for Create Mode. The name of an existing Service Profile cannot be updated.
Profile Status	Indicates whether the profile is enabled or disabled. The default is Disable.
	when adding a new service profile, the status can't be enabled. only after associating a service flow, the status can be updated to enabled.

5.2.5.2 Service Flow Tab

Service Profile > Service Flow			
ervice Profile Config. Service Flow UL Reference Classification Rule	DL Reference Classification Rule		
lode: 🖷 Greate 💿 Update 💿 Delete			
Add X Remove CRevert	St Flow ID	1 0	
Id Flow ID Service Profile Co (2)	Service Profile Config Name		
1	C service Home Config Marile		
	Convergence Sublayer Type	~	
	Media Flow Type		
	Uplink Data Delivery Type	~	
	Uplink Max Sustained Traffic Rate (bps)	0 0	
	Uplink Traffic Priority	0 \$	
	Downlink Data Delivery Type	v	
	Downlink Max Sustained Traffic Rate (bps)	0 0	
	Downlink Traffic Priority	0 \$	
	Reference Service Group		
	Reference Service Interface		
	Uplink Min Reserved Traffic Rate (bps)	0 \$	
	Uplink Max Latency (ms)	0 0	
	Liblink Tolerated litter (ms)	0.00	

Figure 5-18: The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - Service Flow Tab (Create Mode)

The Service Flow table includes the following parameters for each row:



Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Flow ID	The Flow ID of the Service Flow.
Service Profile Config Name	The name (alias) of the Service Profile.

The Service Flow Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Flow ID	The Flow ID of the Service Flow. A unique number in the range from 1 to 255. The Flow ID of an existing Service Flow cannot be updated.
Service Profile Config Name	The name (alias) of the Service Profile. Must be a Service Profile Name that exists in the target device.
Convergence Sublayer Type	Convergence Sublayer Type: ipv4cs or vlancs. The default is ipv4cs. vlancs service flows can be defined only for the Default Service Profile. The Convergence Sublayer Type of an existing Service Flow cannot be updated.
Media Flow Type	The type of media carried by the service flow. An optional string of up to 15 characters.
Uplink Data Delivery Type	The data delivery type for uplink traffic carried by the service flow. The available options are UGS; RTVR; NRTVR; BE; ERTVR and ANY. The default is UGS (the default in the device is BE).
Uplink Max. Sustained Traffic Rate (Kbps)	The maximum sustained traffic rate, in Kbps, for uplink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 10-40000. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 250).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (NRTVR, RTVR, BE, ERTVR, ANY)
Uplink Traffic Priority	The traffic priority to be applied to the uplink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 0-7. The default is 0. Not applicable for UGS data delivery type.
Downlink Data Delivery Type	The data delivery type for downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The available options are UGS; RTVR; NRTVR; BE; ERTVR and ANY. The default is UGS (the default in the device is BE).
Downlink Max. Sustained Traffic Rate (Kbps)	The maximum sustained traffic rate, in Kbps, for downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 10-40000. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 250).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate downlink data delivery type (NRTVR, RTVR, BE, ERTVR, ANY)



Parameter	Description
Downlink Traffic Priority	The traffic priority to be applied to the downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 0-7. The default is 0. Not applicable for UGS data delivery type.
Reference Service Group	The Name of the Service Group to be used by the service flow. Mandatory when creating a new Service Flow. Must be the name of a Service Group that already exists in the target managed objects. VPWS Service Groups are applicable only for VLAN CS Service Flows of the Default Service Profile.
Reference Service Interface	The Name of the QinQ service interface. Must be the name of a Service Interface that already exists in the target managed objects.
	Applicable only for the Default Service Profile and Convergence Sublayer Type vlancs if the assigned Service Group is of type VPWS-QinQ.
Uplink Min. Reserved Traffic Rate (Kbps)	The minimum reserved traffic rate, in Kbps, for uplink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 0-40000. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 250).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, NRTVR, RTVR, ERTVR).
	For NRTVER, RTVR and ERTVR-cannot be higher than the Max. Sustained Traffic Rate.
Uplink Max. Latency (ms)	The maximum latency in ms allowed in the uplink service flow. The range is 0- 4294967295. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 500).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, RTVR, ERTVR).
Uplink Tolerated Jitter (ms)	the maximum delay variation (jitter) in milliseconds for this uplink service flow. The range is 0- 4294967295. The default is 0.
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).
Uplink Unsolicited Grant Interval (ms)	The nominal interval in ms between successive data grant opportunities for this uplink service flow. The range is 0-65535. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 20). Must be lower than Uplink Max. Latency.
	Relevant only for uplink service flows with the appropriate uplink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).



Parameter	Description
Downlink Min. Reserved Traffic Rate (Kbps)	The minimum reserved traffic rate, in Kbps, for downlink traffic carried by the service flow. The range is 0-40000. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 250).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate downlink data delivery type (UGS, NRTVR, RTVR, ERTVR).
	For NRTVER, RTVR and ERTVR-cannot be higher than the Max. Sustained Traffic Rate.
Downlink Max. Latency (ms)	The maximum latency in ms allowed in the downlink service flow. The range is 0- 4294967295. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 500).
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate downlink data delivery type (UGS, RTVR, ERTVR).
Downlink Tolerated Jitter (ms)	the maximum delay variation (jitter) in milliseconds for this downlink service flow. The range is 0- 4294967295. The default is 0.
	Relevant only for service flows with the appropriate downlink data delivery type (UGS, ERTVR).

5.2.5.3 UL/DL Reference Classification Rule Tabs

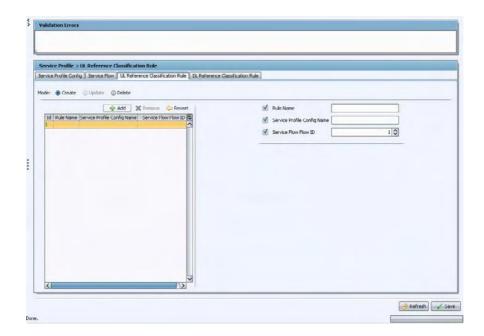


Figure 5-19: The ASN-GW Template - Service Profile Page - UL Reference Classification Rule Tab (Create Mode)

The UL/DL Reference Classification Rule tables include the following parameters for each row:



Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Rule Name	The name of the associated Classification Rule.
Service Profile Config Name	The name (alias) of the Service Profile.
Service Flow Flow ID	The Flow ID of the Service Flow.

Existing UL/DL Reference Classification Rules cannot be updated.

The UL/DL Reference Classification Rule Row Editors include the following parameters that are mandatory when creating a new rule:

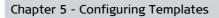
Parameter	Description
Rule Name	The name of the associated Classification Rule. Must be a name of a Classification Rule that already exists in the target managed objects. For IPV4 CS service flows only L3 classification rules are applicable. For VLAN CS service flows only L2 classification rules are applicable. A classification rule cannot defined more than once per service flow.
Service Profile Config Name	The name (alias) of the Service Profile. Must be a Service Profile Name that exists in the target managed objects.
Service Flow Flow ID	The Flow ID of the Service Flow. Must be a Flow ID belonging to the specified Service Profile that already exists in the target managed objects.

5.2.6 Hot Lining Page

The Hot Lining page comprises the following tabs:

- ASN Hot Lining Tab
- Hot Lining Profiles Tab
- Hot Lining Access List Tab





5.2.6.1 ASN Hot Lining Tab

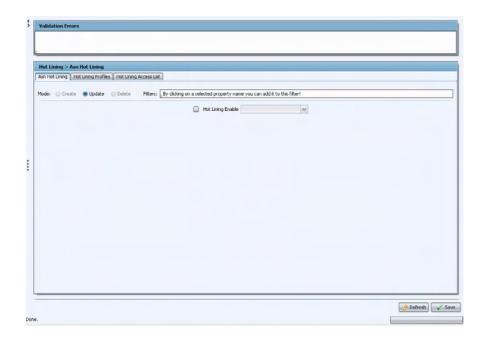


Figure 5-20: The ASN-GW Template - Hot Lining Page - ASN Hot Lining Tab

The ASN Hot Lining tab include the following parameter:

Parameter	Description
Hot Lining Enable	Indicates whether or not the Hot Lining feature is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable.





at Lining > Hot Lining Profiles	
Hot Lining Hot Lining Profiles Hut Lining Access List	
de: 🕢 Create 💿 Update 💿 Delete	
Add X Remove A Revert	🗹 Profile Name
Id Profile Name (7)	Http Redrect URL
	📄 Enable Profile 🛛 👻

Figure 5-21: The ASN-GW Template - Hot Lining Page - Hot Lining Profiles Tab (Create Mode)

The Hot Lining Profiles table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Profile Name	The name (alias) of the Hot Lining Profile.

The Hot Lining Profiles Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Profile Name	The name (alias) of the Hot Lining Profile. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory when creating a new profile.
HTTP Redirect URL	The HTTP redirect URL to be used by filter rules with HTTP Redirect action. This is the Redirection location to be used in Http-Redirection message. Must be configured (URL in ASCII string format) if in any of the filter rules associated with the profile the configured action is HTTP Redirect. the string should be start with http:// or https://.
Enable Profile	Enables/Disables the hot lining profile, The default is Disable.





5.2.6.3 Hot Lining Access List Tab

fot Lining > Hot Lining Access List					
sn Hot Lining Hot Lining Profiles Hot Lining Access List					
lode: 🖷 Greate 🔘 Update 🔘 Delete					
🗣 Add 🛛 💥 Remover 💠 Revert	Sitter Rules Name				
Id Filter Rules Name Hot Lining Profile ID 1 c c C	Hot Lining Profiles Profile Name				
2	Filter Rules Direction			1.0	
	Filter Rules IP Address	0+	0, 0	0	
	Filter Rules Mask	0.	0. 0	0	
	Filter Source Port Start			0 0	
	Filter Source Port Stop			0 0	
	Filter Rules Destination Port Start			0 \$	
	Filter Rules Destination Port Stop			0 0	
	Filter Rules Dscp Start			0 0	
	Filter Rules Dscp Stop			0 \$	
	Filter Action			10	
	Filter Protocol			0 0	

Figure 5-22: The ASN-GW Template - Hot Lining Page - Hot Lining Access List Tab (Create Mode)

The Hot Lining Access List table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Filter Rules Name	The name (alias) of the Filter Rule.
Hot Lining Profiles Profile Name	The name (alias) of the Hot Lining Profile.

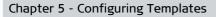
The Hot Lining Access List Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Filter Rules Name	The name (alias) of the Filter Rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device. Mandatory when creating a new rule.
Hot Lining Profiles Profile Name	The name (alias) of the Hot Lining Profile. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be a name of a Profile that already exists in the target managed objects.
Filter Rules Direction	The direction for which the rule should be applied: Uplink or Downlink. The default is Uplink.



Parameter	Description
Filter Rules IP Address	If Direction is Downlink then this is the downlink Source IP Address.
	If Direction is Uplink then this is the uplink Destination IP Address
	255.255.255.255 means not applicable (ignore this condition).
	The default is 0.0.0.0 (in the device the default is 255.255.255.255).
Filter Rules Mask	The Subnet Mask associated with the configured IP Address. The default is 0.0.0.0 (in the device the default is 255.255.255.255).
Filter Source Port Start	The minimum value of source TCP/UDP port range. The default is 0.
Filter Source Port Stop	The maximum value of source TCP/UDP port range. The default is 0 (in the device the default is 65535).
Filter Rules Destination Port Start	The minimum value of destination TCP/UDP port range. The default is 0.
Filter Rules Destination Port Stop	The maximum value of destination TCP/UDP port range. The default is 0 (in the device the default is 65535).
Filter Rules DSCP Start	The minimum value of DSCP range. The default is 0.
Filter Rules DSCP Stop	The maximum value of DSCP range. The default is 0 (in the device the default is 63).
Filter Action	Action to be performed on packets that match the rule: Pass, Drop, HTTP Redirect. The default is Pass.
	HTTP Redirect is applicable only if Direction is Uplink. If set to HTTP Redirect then HTTP Redirect Address must be defined.
Filter Protocol	The IP protocol number (1-255). 255 means "any" (ignore this condition). The default is 0 (in the device the default is 255).





5.3 BS Template

This section includes the followingBS Template pages:

- Radio Basic Page
- Radio Advanced Page
- R6/R8 Bearer Interface

In addition, the Default BS Templates section provides general details on default templates supplied with the management system.

5.3.1 Radio Basic Page

The Radio Basic page comprises the following tabs:

- General Def Tab
- RF Tab
- Base Band Tab
- Air Frame Structure Tab
- Triggers Tab

5.3.1.1 General Def Tab

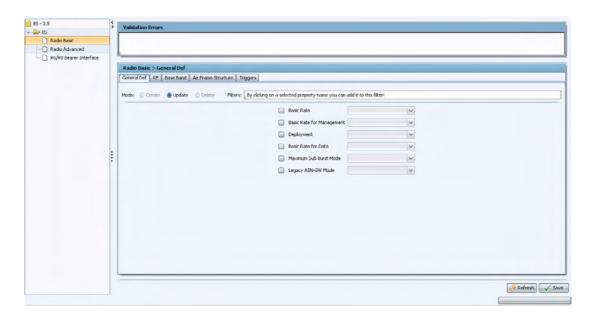


Figure 5-23: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - General Def Tab

The General Def parameters are:



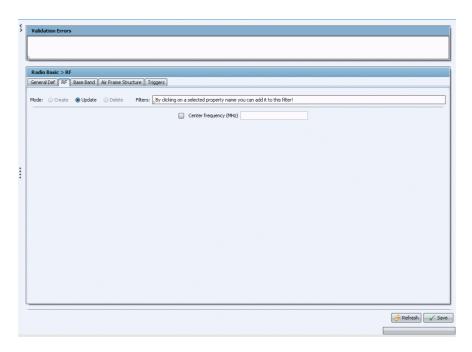
Parameter	Description
Basic Rate	The uplink basic rate.
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 4
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 2
	QPSK 1/2
	QPSK 3/4
	■ 16-QAM 1/2
	16-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 1/2
	■ 64-QAM 2/3
	■ 64-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 5/6
	The default is QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6 (the default in the device is QPSK 1/2)
Basic Rate for	The downlink basic rate for management.
Management	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 4
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 2
	QPSK 1/2
	QPSK 3/4
	■ 16-QAM 1/2
	■ 16-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 1/2
	■ 64-QAM 2/3
	■ 64-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 5/6
	The default is QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6 (the default in the device is QPSK 1/2)
Deployment	The type of deployment in the area served by the BS: Fix or Mobile. To support proper handover, should be set to Fix only if mobile MSs are not expected. The default is Fix.



Parameter	Description
BS Basic Rate for Data	The downlink basic rate for data.
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 4
	QPSK 1/2 Repetition 2
	QPSK 1/2
	QPSK 3/4
	■ 16-QAM 1/2
	■ 16-QAM 3/4
	64-QAM 1/2
	64-QAM 2/3
	■ 64-QAM 3/4
	■ 64-QAM 5/6
	The default is QPSK 1/2 Repetition 6 (the default in the device is QPSK 1/2)
Maximum Sub Burst Mode	The maximum size of a downlink sub-burst. The value of this parameter affects the achievable throughput in MIMO B point-to-point links (one MS) as follows:
	Basic: up to 12 Mbps
	Standard: up to 20 Mbps
	Enhanced: up to 25 Mbps.
	Trial: up to 30 Mbps
	Maximum throughput for two MSs may be increased to up to 16Mbps per MS when set to Standard, Enhanced or Trial.
	The default is Basic
Legacy ASN-GW Mode	Defines functionality supported by ASN-GW:
	Select Enable if using a Cisco ASN GW (does not support Ethernet CS services).
	Select Disable if using any other approved ASN GW.
	The default is Enable. The default in the device is Disable.



5.3.1.2 RF Tab





The RF parameter is:

Parameter	Description
Center frequency	The center of the frequency band in which the BS will transmit, in MHz. The available values, in accordance with the bands supported by different ODUs, are:
	2022.5 to 2217.5 in steps of 0.125
	2302.5 to 2397.5 in steps of 0.125
	2487.5 to 2687.5 in steps of 0.125
	■ 3302.5 to 3397.5 in steps of 0.125
	3402.5 to 3797.5 in steps of 0.125
	The available values for Center Frequencies indicated above are for a Bandwidth of 5 MHz. For a different bandwidth, the actually valid values are from f1+1/2BW to f2-1/2BW, where f1 is the lowest frequency of the ODU's radio band, f2 is the highest frequency of the ODU's band, and BW is the configured bandwidth. Note that ODU-2305-2360-000N-36-1x1-Y-0 includes two bands: 2305-2320, 2345-2360 MHz.



5.3.1.3 Base Band Tab

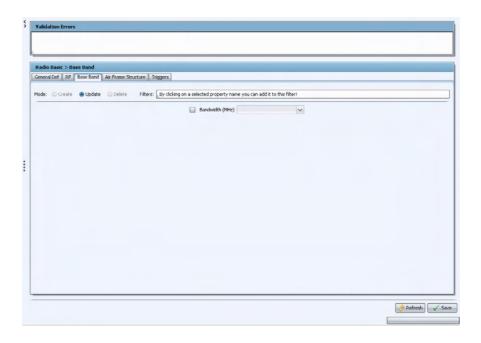


Figure 5-25: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - Base Band Tab

The Base Band parameter is:

Parameter	Description
Bandwidth	The BS channel bandwidth (5 MHz, 7 MHz, 10MHz). The default is 5 MHz.
	7 MHz is not applicable for units in 2.x GHz bands.





Radio Basic > Air Frame Structure			
Seneral Def RF Base Band Air Frame Structure Tripgers			
Node: 💿 Create 🛞 Update 💿 Delete 🛛 Pilters: 🕞 By clie	cling on a selected property name you can add it to this	fikert	
	Cell ID	0.0	
0	Preamble Group	~	
0	Segment Number	~	
	Frame Number Offset	~	
0	Total Uplink Duration (slots)	~	
0	Map Major Groups		
	Basic Map Repetition	~	
	Downlink Data MIMO Mode	~	
•	Downlink Data Zone Permutation Base	0 0	
	Uplink Feedback Zone Permutation Base	0 0	
	Uplink Exta Zone Permutation Base	0 0	
	Minimum Size (symbols)	(v)	
•	Maximum Size (symbols)	~	
	Maximum Map Size (slots)	~	
	Neighbor Beamforming	×	
	PCD Ikare	101	

Figure 5-26: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - Air Frame Structure Tab

The Air Frame Structure parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Cell ID	The Cell ID (IDCell) used for preamble selection. The range is from 0 to 31. The default is 0.
Preamble Group	The preamble group (1 or 2). A value of 2 is applicable only for the following combinations of Segment Number and Cell ID values:
	Segment Number=0, Cell ID=0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15.
	Segment Number=1, Cell ID=1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16.
	Segment Number=2, Cell ID=2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17
	The default is 1.
Segment Number	The segment (BS) number in a three sector BS (0-2). This number influences the values available for Preamble Group selection (see above) preamble selection and the configuration of Map (see below) used for the FDC transmission. The default is 0.



Parameter	Description
Frame Number Offset	Controls the offset applied between the internal frame count and the reported frame number. The available options are Zero (0) and Random. If Random is selected, the AU will choose a random number between 0 to 15. The default is 0.
Total Uplink Duration	The total duration of the uplink in a frame, in slots (one slot equals 3 symbols).
	To avoid BS-BS interference, the ul-dl-allocation must be identical in all BSs in a geographical region.
	The range is 4-7 for bandwidth of 5 or 10MHz, 3-5 for bandwidth of 7MHz. The default is 3 (in the device the default is 6).
	After each change in the Bandwidth parameter the value must be configured to a proper value.
Мар	The allocated to the BS for maps transmission, as indicated by a 6 bits (bits 0 - 5) string.
	If BW=5 MHz, bits 1, 3 and 5 are not relevant. Bits 0, 2, 4 must be set to 1. Configure 101010.
	If BW=7/10 MHz with reuse 1, all bits (0 to 5) must be set to 1. Configure 111111.
	For BW=7/10 MHz with Reuse 3:
	If Segment Number is 0, then bits #0 and 1 should be set to 1. Configure 110000.
	If Segment Number is 1, then bits #2 and 3 should be set to 1. Configure 001100.
	If Segment Number is 2, then bits #4 and 5 should be set to 1. Configure 001111.
	The default is null (in the device the default is 000000 - all bits not set).
Basic Map Repetition	The basic repetition used in the transmission of the maps using QPSK 1/2. The available options are 1, 2, 4 and 6. (1 means no repetitions). The default is 1 (in the device the default is 6).
Downlink Data MIMO Mode	The downlink diversity mode used by the system: Matrix A/B or Beam Forming. The Beam Forming option is not applicable for 2-channels AU (Macro Outdoor BTS) and Micro Outdoor BTS. The default is Matrix A/B.
Downlink Data Zone	The permutation base used in the downlink data zone.
Permutation Base	The valid range is from 0 to 31. The default is 0.
Uplink Feedback Zone	The permutation base used in the uplink feedback zone.
Permutation Base	The valid range is from 0 to 69. The default is 0.

Parameter	Description
Uplink Data Zone Permutation Base	The permutation base used in the uplink data zone.
	The valid range is from 0 to 69. The default is 0.
Minimum Size	The initial size (in symbols) of the first zone. When reuse 3 is used within first zone, this parameter should be equal across all BSs within deployment.
	The available options are 2, 4,34 (2xN where N=1-17) or No Limitation. The default is No Limitation.
	For more details refer to "First Zone Minimum Size Recommended Value Range" on page 139.
	In the current release this is the actual size of the first zone.
	For reuse 1 the default (no limitation) can be used-the actual size will be set dynamically according to the configuration. For reuse 3 a specific value must be configured.
Maximum Size	Maximum size (in symbols) for first zone. Used mainly for performance control capability within frame.
	The available options are 2, 4,34 (2xN where N=1-17) or No Limitation. The default is No Limitation.
	Maximum Size cannot be lower than Minimum Size.
	In the current release the value of this parameter is ignored First Zone size is defined only by Minimum Size parameter.
Maximum Map Size	Limits the maximum size of maps (in slots).
	The available options are 10, 20,300 (10xN where N=1-30) or No Limitation. The default is No Limitation.



Parameter	Description
Neighbor Beam Forming	Applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor units operating in MIMO Matrix A/B mode. The beam forming mechanism is based on symmetry in performance between uplink and down link. To compensate for possible differences due to HW of the ODU, a special low-level calibration signal is transmitted periodically in each link. During the time this calibration signal is transmitted all other radio links of the same BS and all its neighbors should not transmit, to reduce potential interference. The Beam Forming mechanism ensures that all neighboring BSs operating in Beam Forming mode will enter into silent mode when necessary. However, since this results in slightly reduced throughput, units operating in Matrix A/B mode should enter into silent mode when necessary (based on frame number information) only if it has neighboring BSs operating in Beam Forming mode.
	The Neighbor Beam Forming parameter Indicates whether any of the neighboring BSs operates in Beam Forming mode. The default is Yes (in the device the default is No).
RCID Usage	Each transmitted MAP includes allocations for each MS it served, using the MS's CID for identifying each MS. The original CID includes 16 bits, which is significantly more than practically needed since a maximum of 500 MSs can be served by each BS. To reduce overhead, a smaller number of bits can be used, based on RCID (Reduced CID) defined in the standard. This mechanism can be used only if all MSs served by the BS support RCID. When enabled, CIDs of either 7 or 11 bits will be dynamically used, according to the current number of MS served at each given moment.
	The RCID Usage defines whether RCID is enabled or disabled. The default is Enable (in the device the default is Disable).



5.3.1.5 Triggers Tab

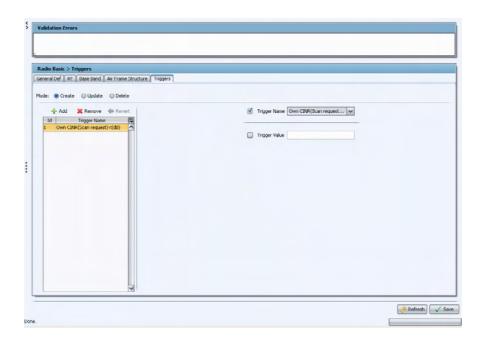


Figure 5-27: The BS Template - Radio Basic Page - Triggers Tab

Each row in the table includes a trigger name.

To add a row to the table click on the Add button above the table. The row editor window will open enabling you to select a Trigger Name from the drop-down list.

The Trigger Names must be selected taking into account the relevant existing Trigger Names in the target objects that will participate in the Multiple Configuration task using the template. In Create Mode, a Trigger Name that already exists in the managed object will be rejected. In Update or Delete Mode , a Trigger Name that does not exist in the managed object will be rejected.

The Triggers Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Trigger Name	Mandatory for all Modes. The Trigger Name that includes the Trigger Type and Action. For details refer to the table below.
Trigger Value	The threshold value for the trigger.
	For CINR triggers the range is -64 to 63.5 in steps of 0.5 (dB).
	For RSSI triggers the range is -103.75 to -40 in steps of 0.25 (dBm)
	For Distance triggers the range (in meters) is 0-3400 in steps of 50 if BS BW is 10 MHz, 0-6800 in steps of 50 if BS BW is 5 MHz, 0-4800 in steps of 50 if BS BW is 7 MHz.





Trigger Type	Action	Trigger Condition
Own CINR(Scan request<(dB)	Scan Request	The CINR at the Serving BS is below the Trigger threshold (in dB)
Own RSSI(Scan request)<(dBm)	Scan Request	The RSSI at the Serving BS is below the Trigger threshold (in dBm)
Distance(Scan Request)-(m)	Scan Request	The Serving BS distance from the MS (calculated by measuring the round trip delay) is above the Trigger threshold (in meter)
Neighbor CINR(Handover request)>(dB)	Handover Request	The CINR at the Neighbor BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dB)
Neighbor RSSI(Handover request)>(dBm)	Handover Request	The RSSI at the Neighbor BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dBm)
Neighbor CINR-Own CINR(Handover request)>(dB)	Handover Request	The CINR at the Neighbor BS minus the CINR at the Serving BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dB)
Neighbor RSSI-Own RSSI(Handover request)>(dBm)	Handover Request	The RSSI at the Neighbor BS minus the RSSI at the Serving BS is above the Trigger threshold (in dBm)
Distance(Handover request)-(m)	Handover Request	The Serving BS distance from the MS (calculated by measuring the round trip delay) is above the Trigger threshold (in meter)
Own CINR(Handover request)<(dB)	Handover Request	The CINR at the Serving BS is below the Trigger threshold (in dB)
Own RSSI(Handover request)<(dBm)	Handover Request	The RSSI at the Serving BS is below the Trigger threshold (in dBm)

5.3.2 Radio Advanced Page

The Radio Advanced page comprises the following tabs:

- Ranging Tab
- Feedback Allocations Tab
- Power Control Tab
- Beam Forming Tab (applicable only for Macro BTS)
- Management Tab
- QoS Tab

5.3.2.1 Ranging Tab

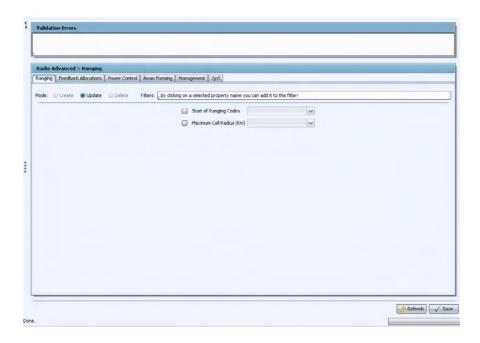


Figure 5-28: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Ranging Tab

The Ranging parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Start of Ranging Codes	The starting number of the group of codes used for the uplink.
	The available options are 0, 64, 128, 192. The default is 0.
Maximum Cell Radius	The maximum cell radius (in km).
	The available values are 1, 2, 4, 8, 15, 23. 30. The default is 1 (the default in the device is 2).





5.3.2.2 Feedback Allocations Tab

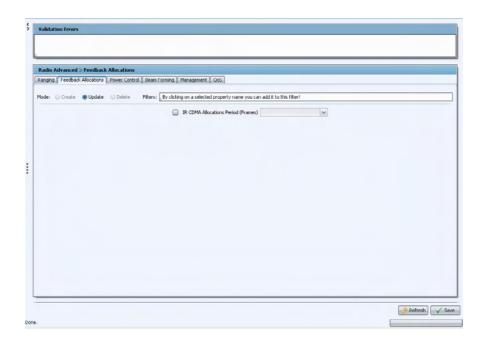


Figure 5-29: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Feedback Allocations Tab

The Feedback Allocations parameter is:

Parameter	Description
IR CDMA Allocation Period	The period of IR CDMA allocations, in frames.
	The available options are 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10. The default is 1 (the default in the device is 2).
	In the current release actual value is always 2 (the configured value is ignored).



5.3.2.3 Power Control Tab

Image Template Power Control Dents Piters: By cloking on a selected property name you can add it to this filter! Image Target N (dBm) -130 C - <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>					
Target N (dBm) -130 ℃ ACX (dB) 0 ℃ CQ(da) 0 ℃ CDMA (dB) 0 ℃ CPSX 1/2 (dB) 0 ℃ 16-QAM 1/2 (dB) 0 ℃	Ranging Feedback Alloc	ations Power Control Beam Forming	Management QoS		
→ ACK (dB) 0 □ CQ1 (dB) 0 □ CQ4 (dB) 0 □ CP45K (dB) 0 □ CP45K 1/2 (dB) 0 □ CP45K 1/2 (dB) 0 □ L6-QAM1 1/2 (dB) 0	Aode: 😳 Create 🛞 U	Ipdate 😳 Delete 🛛 Filters: 🔝 By click	ing on a selected property name you can add it	to this filter!	
□ CQ1 (db) □ C □ CDMA (dB) □ C □ CPSX 1/2 (db) □ C □ CPSX 3/4 (db) □ C □ 16-QAM 1/2 (dB) □ C □ 6-QAM 1/2 (db) □ C			🔲 Target Ni (dBm)	-130 🗘	
□ CDMA (d8) 0 ℃ □ QPSX 1/2 (d8) 0 ℃ □ QPSX 3/4 (d8) 0 ℃ □ 16-QAM 1/2 (d8) 0 ℃ □ 6-QAM 3/4 (d8) 0 ℃			ACX (dB)	0.0	
□ QP9X 1/2 (88) 0 □ QP9X 3/4 (80) 0 □ 16-QAM 1/2 (48) 0 □ 16-QAM 3/4 (48) 0 □ 6-QAM 1/2 (48) 0			🔲 CQI (d0)	0.0	
□ 099X 3/4 (dt) □ 0 0 □ 16-0AM 1/2 (dt) 0 0 □ 16-0AM 3/4 (dt) 0 0 □ 6-0AM 1/2 (dt) 0 0			CDMA (dB)	0 \$	
16-QAM 1/2 (dB) ○ 16-QAM 3/4 (dB) ○ 6-QAM 1/2 (dB) ○			QP5K 1/2 (d8)	0 0	
16 QAM 3/4 (48) 0 Q 0 Q 0 Q			QP5K 3/4 (dB)	0.0	
G 0 0 0 0			🔲 16-QAM 1/2 (dB)	0 \$	
			🔲 16-QAM 3/4 (d8)	0.0	
			G4-QAM 1/2 (d8)	0.0	
			G4-QAM 2/3 (dB)	0 \$	
□ 64-QAM 3(4 (d8) 0 ℃			🔲 64-QAM 3/4 (d8)	0.0	
🔲 64-QAM 5/6 (d0) 0 C			G4-QAM S/6 (d8)	0.0	
Alloved Interference Level			Allowed Interference Level	~	

Figure 5-30: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Power Control Tab

The Power Control parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Target NI	The target noise and interference level for the PUSC zone, in dBm.
	The range is from -130 to -110 in steps of 1 (dBm). The default is -130 (the default in the device is -127).
АСК	The C/N in dB required for sending ACK, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB). The default is 0 (the default in the device is 712).
CQI	The C/N in dB required for sending CQI, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for ACK - 8 to Required C/N Level for ACK + 7 (see ACK parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 12).



Parameter	Description
CDMA	The C/N in dB required for transmitting CDMA, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for CQI - 8 to Required C/N Level for CQI + 7 (see CQI parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 9).
QPSK 1/2	The C/N in dB required for sending QPSK 1/2, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for CDMA - 16 to Required C/N Level for CDMA + 14 (see CDMA parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 13).
QPSK 3/4	The C/N in dB required for sending QPSK 3/4, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for QPSK 1/2 - 16 to Required C/N Level for QPSK 1/2 + 14 (see QPSK 1/2 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 16).
16-QAM 1/2	The C/N in dB required for transmitting 16-QAM 1/2, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for QPSK 3/4 - 8 to Required C/N Level for QPSK 3/4 + 7 (see QPSK 3/4 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 19).
16-QAM 3/4	The C/N in dB required for sending 16-QAM 3/4, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 1/2 - 16 to Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 1/2 + 14 (see 16-QAM 1/2 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 22).
64-QAM 1/2	The C/N in dB required for sending 64-QAM 1/2, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 3/4 - 16 to Required C/N Level for 16-QAM 3/4 + 14 (see 16-QAM 3/4 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 23).



Parameter	Description
64-QAM 2/3	The C/N in dB required for sending 64-QAM 2/3, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 1/2 - 8 to Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 1/2 + 7 (see 64-QAM 1/2 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 25).
64-QAM 3/4	The C/N in dB required for sending 64-QAM 2/3, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 2/3 - 8 to Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 2/3 + 7 (see 64-QAM 2/3 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 26).
64-QAM 5/6	The C/N in dB required for transmitting 64-QAM 5/6, reported to the MS for power control purposes.
	The range is from -20 to 50 (dB).
	Must be in the range from Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 3/4 - 8 to Required C/N Level for 64-QAM 3/4 + 7 (see 64-QAM 3/4 parameter above. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 28).
Allowed Interference Level	Correction of maximum allowed UL MCS based on measured DL CINR.
	The options are Very High, High, Medium, Low. The default is Very High (the default in the device is High).



5.3.2.4 Beam Forming Tab (applicable only for Macro BTS)

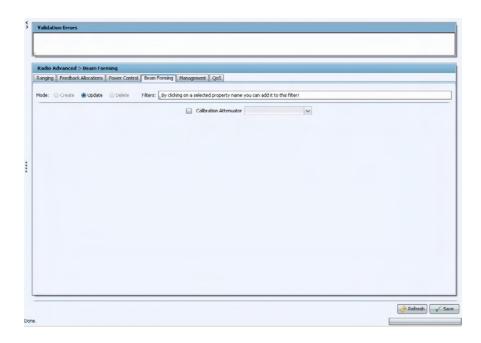
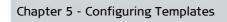


Figure 5-31: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Beam Forming Tab

The Beam Forming parameter is:

Parameter	Description
Calibration Attenuator	Not applicable for 2-channels AU (Macro Outdoor BTS) and Micro Outdoor BTS. Applicable only for Beam Forming DL Diversity Mode. The calibration attenuation used to help mitigate potential out of band interference to beam forming calibration caused by other base stations. The options are No Attenuation Used, Low Attenuation, High Attenuation. The default is No Attenuation Used (the default in the device is Low Attenuation).





5.3.2.5 Management Tab

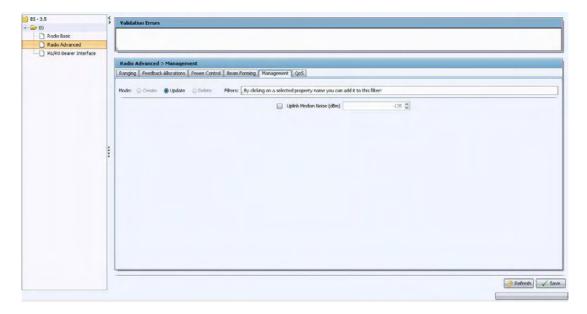


Figure 5-32: The BS Template - Radio Advanced Page - Management Tab

The Management parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Uplink Median Noise	The uplink median noise level represents the median value of the noise floor histogram. If the uplink median noise level exceeds this value, an excessive uplink median noise alarm will be generated. The range is from -135 to -100 (dBm). In the device, the default value of -124 is set to 3 dB above the default value of the Target NI parameter. In
	the template manager the default is -135.



5.3.2.6 QoS Tab

conging	Allegableser	Dames Carbo	ol Beam Forming	Management (dot)		
tode:	 Update			g on a selected property name you can add it to this I	filter1	
_				Scheduler Mode	~	
				Scheduler DL Abuse Protection Level	\checkmark	
				Scheduler UL Abuse Protection Level	~	



The QoS parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Scheduler Mode	The basis for allocating excess bandwidth among relevant users:
	Equal Rate: Throughput Fairness
	Equal Time: Resource Fairness
	The selected mode is applicable for both uplink and downlink schedulers. The default is Equal Rate.
Scheduler DL Abuse	Applicable only if the selected Scheduler Mode is Equal Rate.
Protection Level	None: No Protection
	Low: Limit the DL resources allocated to MSs with very low DL transmission Rate.
	Medium: Limit the DL resources allocated to MSs with low and very low DL transmission Rate. The default is None.



Parameter	Description
Scheduler UL Abuse Protection Level	Applicable only if the selected Scheduler Mode is Equal Rate. None: No Protection Low: Limit the UL resources allocated to MSs with very low UL transmission Rate. Medium: Limit the UL resources allocated to MSs with low and very low UL transmission Rate. The default is None.

5.3.3 R6/R8 Bearer Interface

The R6/R8 Bearer Interface page is not applicable for Add Rows to Tables templates.

The R6/R8 Bearer Interface page comprises the following tabs:

- Bearer Tab
- ASNGW Pools Tab
- Authentication Tab
- Control Traffic QoS Rules
- Bearer Traffic QoS Rules Tab

5.3.3.1 Bearer Tab

		terface > Be cols Authen		trol Traffic	IoS Rules Bearer Traffic QoS rules	
lode:	💮 Create	🖲 Update	🔘 Delete	Filters:	By clicking on a selected property name you can add it to this filter!	
					Default Gateway 0. 0. 0. 0	





The Bearer parameter is:

Parameter	Description
Default Gateway	The IP address of the default gateway of the bearer interface of the BS. Must be in the same subnet with the BS bearer IP Address.

5.3.3.2 ASNGW Pools Tab

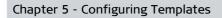
Bearer ASNGW P		NGW Pools	ic QoS Rules Bearer Traffic QoS rules		
Mode: 💿 Create	🖲 Update	O Delete Filters	: By clicking on a selected property name you can add it t	o this filter!	
			BS Load Balancing Pool 1	~	
			BS Load Balancing Pool 2	~	

Figure 5-35: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - ASNGW Pools Tab

The ASNGW Pools parameters are:

Parameter	Description
BS Load Balancing Pool 1	Enable/Disable the use of the Primary Pool. The default is Enable. The default in the device is Disable.
BS Load Balancing Pool 2	Enable/Disable the use of the Secondary Pool. The default is Enable. The default in the device is Disable. Pool 2 can be enabled only if Pool 1 is enabled and includes at least one entry.





5.3.3.3 Authentication Tab

tadio Basic tadio Advanced				
todio Advanced t6/R8 Bearer Interface				
		R6/R8 Bearer Interfa		
		Bearer ASNGW Pools	Authentication G	ontrol Traffic QoS Rules Bearer Traffic QoS rules
		Mode: 💮 Create 🔘	Update 💿 Delete	Filters: By clicking on a selected property name you can add it to this filter!
				BS Default Authenticator IP 0. 0. 0. 0.
				Active MSs 0 0
	L			

Figure 5-36: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Authentication Tab

The Authentication parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Default Authenticator IP Address	The IP address of the default authenticator ASN GW. In Distributed ASN-GW Topology this is typically the IP address of the NPU's Bearer interface.
Active MSs	The threshold for the number of MSs in active operation state (not Idle) served by the BS. Exceeding this threshold sets the alarm "Excessive MS number".
	The range is 0-1024. When set to 0, the alarm is disabled. The default is 0 (the default in the device is 1024.





Bearer ASNGW	Interface > Control Trail	Control Traffic QoS Rules Dearer Traffic QoS rules		
Node: 🕤 Creat	te 😨 Update 🕥 Delete	Filters: By clicking on a selected property name you can add it to this fi	Rer!	
		INTRA ASN Diffserv Code Point.	0 🗘	
		INTRA ASN 802.1p Priority	~	
		Internal Management Diffserv Code Point	0 0	
		Internal Management 802.1p Priority	×	

Figure 5-37: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Control Traffic QoS Rules Tab

The Control Traffic QoS Rules parameters are:

Parameter	Description
Intra ASN Diffserv Code	DSCP priority value to be used for marking of intra-ASN (R8/R6) traffic.
Point	The range is 0-63. The default is 0.
Intra ASN 802.1p Priority	802.1p priority value to be used for marking of intra-ASN (R8/R6) traffic. The range is 0-7. The default is 0.
Internal Management	DSCP priority value to be used for marking of intra-ASN (R8/R6) traffic.
Diffserv Code Point	The range is 0-63. The default is 0.
Internal Management	802.1p priority value to be used for marking of intra-ASN (R8/R6) traffic.
802.1p Priority	The range is 0-7. The default is 0.





/R8 Bearer Interface > Bearer Traffic QoS rules			
erer ASWGW Pools Authentication Control Traffic QoS Rule	s examer tranke gas nues		
🛉 Add 🕱 Remove 🔶 Revert	Marking Rule Name		
1d Marking Rule Name 🛱	🔲 Rule Status	v.	
	Service Flow Data Delivery Type	~	
	Service Flow Traffic Priority	~	
	Service Flow Media Flow Type		
	Enable Service Flow Media Flow Type	×	
	Outer DSCP Marking	0.0	
	802.1p Priority Marking	*	

Figure 5-38: The BS Template - R6/R8 Bearer Interface Page - Bearer Traffic QoS Rules Tab (Create Mode)

The Bearer Traffic QoS Rules table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Marking Rule Name	The name (alias) of the Marking Rule.

The Bearer Traffic QoS Rules Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Marking Rule Name	The name (alias) of the Marking Rule. A string of 1 to 30 characters. Must be unique in the device.
Rule Status	The status of the rule (Enable or Disable). The default is Disable (the default in the device is Enable.
Service Flow Data Delivery Type	The Service Flow Type for data delivery services: uGS, BE, eRTVR, or ANY. The default is uGS (the default in the device is ANY.
Service Flow Traffic Priority	The priority of Service Flow traffic. 0-7 or ANY. The default is 0 (the default in the device is ANY.



Parameter	Description
Service Flow Media Flow Type	The Service Flow Media Flow Type, as defined in ASN-GW or AAA server.
Enable Service Flow Media Flow Type	Indicates whether the condition for Service Flow Media Flow Type is enabled or disabled. If enabled, the Service Flow Media Flow Type will be considered. when looking for a match. The default is true (the default in the device is false).
Outer DSCP Marking	The DSCP value to be used for marking the outer IP header (IP/GRE). The range is 0-63. The default is 0.
802.1p Priority Marking	The 802.1p priority to be used for marking traffic. The range is 0-7. The default is 0.

5.3.4 Default BS Templates

The system is supplied with several default BS templates for some typical deployment scenarios. The template's name provide the main properties of the relevant deployment scenario, as illustrated by the following examples:

3.0.5_Reuse3_10M_MIMO_Capacity_Fix_Data&Voip: A template for devices running SW version 3.0.5, reuse 3, a bandwidth of 10MHz, MIMO diversity, optimization of capacity for Fixed deployment Data & VoIP traffic.

3.0.10_Reuse1_Bit23_10M_BF_Coverage_Fix_Data&Voip: A template for devices running SW version 3.0.10 for reuse 1 with Map Major Groups 2 and 3 selected, using a bandwidth of 10MHz, Beam Forming diversity, optimization of coverage for Fixed deployment of Data & VoIP traffic.

Default templates cannot be edited or deleted. To create a different template based on an existing default template, select the required source template and use the **Copy** option.



5.4 Management Template

The Management Template comprises the following pages:

- SNMP Managers Page
- Performance Page
- Logging Page (not applicable for Micro BTS)

5.4.1 SNMP Managers Page

The SNMP Managers page comprises the following tabs:

- SNMP Managers Tab
- SNMP Trap Managers Tab

5.4.1.1 SNMP Managers Tab

NMP Managers > SNMP Managers	
MP Managers SNMP. Trap Managers	
ode: 🐨 Create 😳 Update 😳 Delete	
Add X Remove CRevert	🗹 Read Community
Id Read Community	at maximum [
	Minite Community
-	

Figure 5-39: The Management Template - SNMP Managers Page - SNMP Managers Tab

The SNMP Managers table includes the following parameter for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.



Parameter	Description
Read Community	The SNMP Read Community string allowing execution of SNMP Get operations. A string of 1 to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default is the device is public.

The SNMP Manager Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Read Community	The SNMP Read Community string allowing execution of SNMP Get operations. A string of up to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default is public.
Write Community	The SNMP Write Community string allowing execution of SNMP Set and Get operations. A string of 1 to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default in the device is private.

INFORMATION

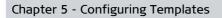
The Communities are mandatory and both must be defined (other than null).

Duplication of Communities pairs is not allowed (each pair must be unique).



If you delete all SNMP Managers you will loose the ability to manage the site using SNMP.







5.4.1.2 SNMP Trap Managers Tab

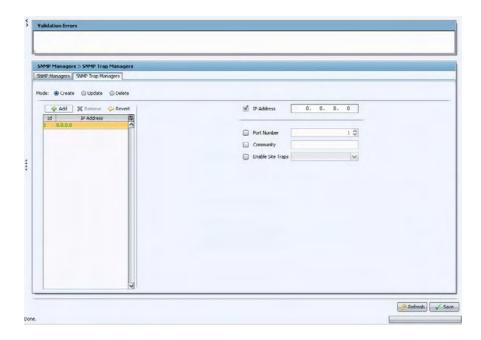


Figure 5-40: The Management Template - SNMP Managers Page - SNMP Trap Managers Tab

The SNMP Trap Managers table includes the following parameter for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
IP Address	The IP address of the SNMP Trap Manager.

The SNMP Trap Manager Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the SNMP Trap Manager. The default is 0.0.0.0 which is not a valid value (the default in the device is 192.168.0.1).
Port Number	The port number on which the Trap Manager will listen for messages from the Agent. The range is from 1 to 65535. The port on which the management system listens for traps is 162. The default is 0 which is not a valid value.
Community	The name of the SNMP Read Community used by the Trap Manager. Traps are sent toward those Managers for which this parameter is configured. A string of 1 to 10 printable characters, case-sensitive. The default in the device is public.



Parameter	Description
Enable Site Traps	Indicates whether the sending of traps to the management station is enabled or disabled. The default is enable.

5.4.2 Performance Page

The Performance page comprises the Connectivity/ASN-GW Counters and BS Counters tabs.

uformance > Connectivity/ASN-GW counters nnnchvky/ASN-GW counters BS Counters de: @ Greate @ Update @ Delete Piters: Dy cicling o	n a selected property name you can add it to this filteri
Add X Remove ORevert	n a selected property name you can aloo it to the intern
10 Performance Groups Activation IB 1 Bactriad Port	Group Activation

Figure 5-41: The Management Template - Performance Page - Connectivity/ASN-GW Counters Tab

Only the Update Mode is applicable for the Counters tables. The Counters tables includes the following parameter for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
Performance Group Activation	The Counters Group to be activated/deactivated, according to selected group in the Row Editor.

The Counters Row Editors includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Performance Group Activation	The Counters Group to be activated/deactivated.



Parameter	Description
Group Activation	Defines whether collection of performance counters for the group will be activated/deactivated.

5.4.3 Logging Page (not applicable for Micro BTS)

The Logging page comprises the following tabs:

- NPU Logging Tab
- Log Severity Tab

5.4.3.1 NPU Logging Tab

Logging > NPU Logging NPU Logging Log Severty.				
lode: 🔘 Create	🖲 Update 💿 Delete	Filters: By clicking on a selected property name y	ou can add it to this filter!	
		Server IP Enable logging to server Enable logging to file	0. 0. 0. 0	

Figure 5-42: The Management Template - Logging Page - NPU Logging Tab

The NPU Logging tab includes the following parameters:



Parameter	Description
Server IP	The server IP address of the server on which logs are to be maintained. If logging to server is enabled, the Server IP cannot be changed. To change the Server IP you need three steps:
	1 Disable logging to server in the managed objects.
	2 Update the Server IP in the managed objects.
	3 Enable logging to server in the managed objects.
	The default is 0.0.0.0 which is not a valid value (the default in the device is 192.168.0.1).
Enable logging to server	Indicates whether or not logging to the server is enabled. The default is disable.
Enable logging to file	Indicates whether or not logging to file is enabled. The default is disable (the default in the device is enable).

5.4.3.2 Log Severity Tab

Logging > Log Se						
NPU Logging Log S	seventy					
lode: 🔘 Create	Update	Delete	Filters: By clicking on a s	elected property name you	a can add it to this filter!	
				Performance	~	
				Shelf	~	
				Startup	~	
				Fault	~	
				SW Version	~	
				Connectivity	~	
				ASN-GW	~	
				Internal AU Manager	~	

Figure 5-43: The Management Template - Logging Page - Log severity Tab

The Log Severity tab enables setting the minimum severity level that generates a log entry for each of the following types of events:



Parameter	Description
Performance	Performance management procedures.
Shelf	Shelf management procedures.
Startup	System startup procedures.
Fault	Fault management procedures.
SW Version	Software upgrade procedures.
Connectivity	Connectivity procedures.
ASN-GW	ASN-GW procedures.
Internal AU Manager	Internal processes used for managing the AUs (not applicable for Mini Centralized ASN-GW).

The available minimum severity options are:

Disable (no logging)
Emergency
Alert
Critical
Error
Warning
Notice
Informational

The default for all event types is Disable (the default in the device is Error).



5.5 Equipment Template

The Equipment Template comprises the Shelf page, that comprises the following tabs:

- NPU System Management Tab Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS
- AU Control Tab Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS
- AU Control Tab Micro Outdoor BTS
- Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) Tab

5.5.1 NPU System Management Tab - Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS

alidation Errors			
helf > NPU System Management			
PU System Management AU Control S		c fiberi	
www. Conne @ opdate C Deed	Shutdown Operation	V	
			🤗 Refresh 🗸

Figure 5-44: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - NPU System Management Tab

The NPU System Management tab includes the Shutdown Operation parameter with the following options:

Option	Description
Shutdown	The shutdown operation will shut down the entire site.
	IMPORTANT: The system cannot be re-activated from remote. To re-activate the system, turn off the power to the unit and then turn it on again.
Reset	The site will be restarted. All changes in parameters that require reset will take effect after restart.



Option	Description
Reset To Factory Default	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration.
	IMPORTANT: All configurations will be deleted. This also means loosing the ability to manage the unit from remote: Local configuration of specific mandatory parameters using CLI is required to enable remote management of the site using the management system. Refer to the "Enabling Discovery" on page 1 for details.
Reset To Factory Default With Connectivity	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration, except to parameters that are required to maintain management connectivity to the unit.
	The parameters that are maintained without any change include:
	Physical interfaces (MGMT, CSCD, DATA) configurations
	 IP interfaces (local management, external management, bearer) configurations
	IP route configurations
	SNMP Managers configurations
	Trap Managers configurations
	 AU software mapping (not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW and Micro BTS)
	Site ID
No Action	No reset or shutdown operation.

The default is Shutdown, which means disabling remote control of the unit. The default in the device is No Action.



5.5.2 AU Control Tab - Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS

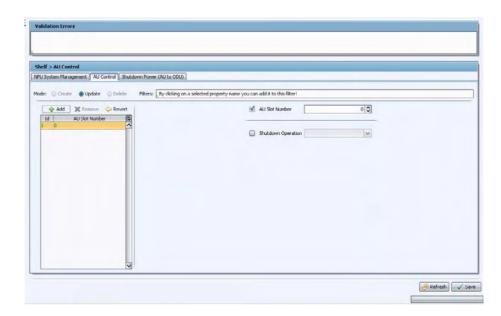


Figure 5-45: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - AU Control Tab (Macro BTS)

The AU Control table for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
AU Slot Number	The AU Slot Number

The AU Control Row Editor includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
AU Slot Number	The slot number of the AU: 1-4, 7-9 (slot number 4 is not applicable for Macro Outdoor BTS).
	The default is 0 which is not a valid slot number.
Shutdown Operation	The type of operation to be performed: Normal Operation (no action), Shutdown [disable power to card] or Reset. The default is Normal Operation.



5.5.3 AU Control Tab - Micro Outdoor BTS

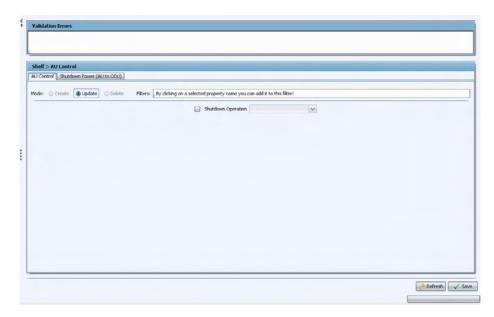


Figure 5-46: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - AU Control Tab (Micro BTS)

The AU Control tab for Micro Outdoor BTS includes the Shutdown Operation parameter with the following options:

Option	Description
Shutdown	The shutdown operation will shut down the entire site.
	IMPORTANT: The system cannot be re-activated from remote. To re-activate the system, turn off the power to the unit and then turn it on again.
Reset	The site will be restarted. All changes in parameters that require reset will take effect after restart.
Reset To Factory Default	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration. IMPORTANT: All configurations will be deleted. This also means loosing the ability to manage the unit from remote: Local configuration of specific mandatory parameters using CLI is required to enable remote management of the site using the management system. Refer to the "Enabling Discovery" on page 1 for details.



Option	Description
Reset To Factory Default With Connectivity	The system will be restarted with factory default configuration, except to parameters that are required to maintain management connectivity to the unit.
	The parameters that are maintained without any change include:
	BTS Number
	 Management interfaces parameters required for connectivity (VLAN ID, Source IP Address, IP Subnet Mask and Next Hop Gateway)
	L1 & L2 parameters
	SNMP Traps Managers configurations
	Authorized Managers configurations
No Action	No reset or shutdown operation.

5.5.4 Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) Tab

Shelf > Shutdown Power (AU to 0DU) Shelf > Shutdown Power (AU to 0DU)	
Vode: © Crede @ Update © Delete Fitters: By clicking on a selected propert	AU Slot Number

Figure 5-47: The Equipment Template - Shelf Page - Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) Tab (Macro BTS)

The Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) table includes the following parameters for each row:

Parameter	Description
Id	The automatically generated index number of the entry.
AU Slot Number	The AU Slot Number



The Shutdown Power (AU to ODU) Row Editor includes the following parameters:

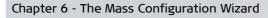
Parameter	Description
AU Slot Number	The slot number of the AU: 1-4, 7-9 for Macro BTS (slot number 4 is not applicable for Macro Outdoor BTS), 1 for Micro BTS.
	The default is 0 which is not a valid slot number.
Port # (1-4)	The type of operation to be performed: Shutdown (shutdown power), Rx
Ports 3 and 4 are not applicable for a 2-ports AU and for Micro Outdoor BTS.	Only or No Shutdown (normal operation). The default is Shutdown. The default in the device is No Shutdown.



Chapter 6 - The Mass Configuration Wizard

In This Chapter:

- "Introduction" on page 252
- ""Golden" Site Configuration Backup File" on page 253
- "Excel File" on page 254
- "Using the Mass Configuration Wizard" on page 267



Introduction **6.1**

The Mass Configuration Wizard is not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility.

Operators are faced with the need for quick and efficient deployment of a large number of new sites once the operation goes into its commercial phase. As many of the installations share most of the configuration parameters, all the common configuration parameters can be copied from one site to all others. However, some configuration parameters must be configured per site.

The Mass Configuration Wizard offers a simple process for creating multiple site configuration files.

SW Versions 2.5.213 and 3.0.5: Macro BTS and Macro BTS ODU operating in Centralized ASN-GW

Craft

INFORMATION The Mass Configuration Wizard in the current release supports the following products:



ASN Topology (Transparent Mode)

SW Version 3.0.10 and 3.0.20: All Network Elements

The Mass Configuration Wizard is based on the following pre-prepared inputs:

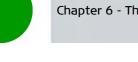
- A "golden" site configuration backup file
- **B** An Excel file with specific configuration details for new sites

For each site whose specific configuration details are provided in the Excel file, the Mass Configuration Wizard will generate a validated and signed XML configuration file to be used during installation.

INFORMATION

By default the Mass Configuration Wizard can be used to create a single offline configuration file, using an Excel file containing specific configuration details for a single new site. To simultaneously create multiple offline configuration files for two or more new sites a suitable license is required.





6.2 "Golden" Site Configuration Backup File

For each site type, a "golden" site to be used as the basis (template) for creating configuration files for other sites should be created. Site type is defined by the main properties that will be shared by all sites created using it as a basis such as ASN Topology, Connectivity Mode, number and configuration of sectors, number and types of Service Interfaces and number and types of Service Groups. "Golden" site configuration should be valid and "optimal" since it will be copied to multiple sites.

A backup file of the "golden" site should be prepared. The XML backup file will be used as an input for the Mass Configuration Wizard.





6.3 Excel File

6.3.1 Excel Worksheet Structure

An Excel file that includes specific configuration details for each of the new sites should be pre-prepared. For each site the file contains:

- General site parameters
- External Management parameter (Not applicable for devices BTS operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology, if the Connectivity Mode is set to Unified).
- BS parameters for each BS (in Macro/Micro BTS). The BS parameters section may be repeated as needed according to the number of BSs.
- ASN-GW Bearer Interface parameters and Radius NAS ID (in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology).
- External Bearer VLAN ((in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and in devices operting in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology with Unified Connectivity Mode)
- Service Interface parameters for each Service Interface (in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology). The Service Interface parameters section may be repeated as needed according to the number of Service Interfaces.
- Service Group parameters for each IP Service Group (in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology). The Service Group parameters section may be repeated as needed according to the number of Service Groups.

The site configuration will use the order of BSs (if applicable) as they appear in the excel file as the order of BSs in the sector association table. The same number of BSs must be configured for all sites in the file. Similar rules apply to Service Interfaces and Service Groups (if applicable): Defined Service Interface parameters must be according to the Type of the relevant Service Interface according to the order in the "golden" site configuration file. Defined IP Service Group parameters must be according to the DHCP Function Mode of the relevant Service Group according to the order in the "golden" site configuration file.

Empty lines are ignored.

6.3.2 Automatic Mode for Calculating BS Parameters

In Automatic Mode, applicable for devices running SW version 3.0 and higher, some unique BS parameters can be calculated automatically by the management system based on the value configured for BS ID LSB. These parameters are:

- Cell ID (bsCellId)
- Preamble Group (bsPreambleGroup)
- Downlink Data Zone Permutation Base (bsDIDataZonePermBase)
- Uplink Data Zone Permutation Base (bsUlDataPermBase)



Paging Group ID (bsPagingGroupId)

To use Automatic Mode, do not configure any of these parameters (in a worksheet used in Automatic Mode the relevant lines may be deleted). In Manual mode all of these parameters must be configured. If one or several (but not all) of these parameters is configured, you will get an error message indicating that either none (Automatic Mode) or all (Manual Mode) of these parameters should be configured.

6.3.3 BS ID Structure

BS ID structure is:

Operator ID			BS ID LSB		
8 bits	8 bits	8 bits	11 bits	5 bits	8 bits
0-255	0-255	0-255	Service Zone, 0-2047	Cell Site Location ID, 0-31	Sector ID, 1-5

You can configure the optional Service Zone (serviceZone), Cell Site Location ID (CellSiteld) and Sector ID (SectorId) parameters and use the following formula to calculate BS ID LSB: BS ID LSB = SectorID+CellSiteld*256+ServiceZone*32*256.

6.3.4 Parameters and Configuration Rules

Specific configuration parameters should be defined according to the following rules:

6.3.4.1 General Site Parameters

General Site Parameters are applicable for all Network Elements.

Parameter Name in File	Description
siteld	Site ID (BTS Number). The ID number of the device that is used by the management system as identifier of the device. Must be unique in the managed network. The range is from 1 to 999999.
siteName	Site Name (BTS Name). The name of the device. An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 32 characters. Recommended to be unique across the managed network.
siteAddress	Site Address (BTS Address). The location of the device. An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 70 characters.
siteRackLocation	Site Rack Location (Location in Site and Rack). An optional description of the physical location of the device in the site/rack. A string of up to 32 characters.





6.3.4.2 External Management Interface Parameters

External Management Interface parameters are not applicable for Network Elements operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology [npuBootupMode = asngwStatic(2)], if the Connectivity Mode is set to Unified [npuMgmtConctMode = unified(3)].

Parameter Name in File	Description
npulplflp (External mgmt)	The Source IP Address of the External Management Interface. Must be unique in the managed network.
npulplfMask (External mgmt)	The IP subnet mask of the External Management Interface.
npulpRouteNextHop (External mgmt)	The Next Hop (Default) Gateway for the External Management interface. For Macro BTS this is a virtual parameter (not included in the configuration file). For Micro BTS this is cnctExtMgmtDfltGwlp. Must be in the same subnet as npulpIflp (External mgmt). This parameter affects automatic management by the management system of IP routes as described in Section 6.3.4.8 below.
npuExtMgmtVlanId	The VLAN ID of external management traffic.

6.3.4.3 BS Parameters

BS parameters should be repeated per BS. BS parameters are not applicable for Mini-Centralized ASN-GW. After the last BS, it is mandatory to have a separation line.

Parameter Name in File	Description
bsldLsb	BS ID LSB. The unique identifier of the BS, in decimal format. Must be unique in the radio access network. A number in the range from 1 to 16,777,215 (a 24-bit value that in the management system is represented as A.B.C where A, B, C are from 0 to 255).
	You may calculate BS ID LSB based on (ServiceZone), (CellSiteld), (SectorId) optional parameters, using the following formula: BS ID LSB = SectorID+CellSiteld*256+ServiceZone*32*256 See more details in BS ID Structure, Section 6.3.3.
(ServiceZone),	Optional parameters for information purposes (or for
(CellSiteld)	calculating BS ID LSB). See details in BS ID Structure, Section 6.3.3. The combination must be unique in the
(Sectorld)	managed network.



Parameter Name in File	Description
bsName	BS Name. The name of the BS. An optional descriptive parameter. A string of up to 32 printable characters. Recommended to be unique across the managed network.
bsCellId	Not applicable in Automatic Mode. The Cell ID (IDCell) used for preamble selection. The range is from 0 to 31. Value should be set according to Radio Network Plan.
bsPreambleGroup	Not applicable in Automatic Mode. BS Preamble Group. The preamble group (1 or 2). Value should be set according to Radio Network Plan.
bsFrameNumberOffset	BS Frame Number Offset. Controls the offset applied between the internal frame count and the reported frame number. In devices running SW version 2.5M the range is from 0 to 15. In devices running SW version 3.0 and higher the available options are 0 (Zero) and 1 (Random). If Random is selected, the AU will choose a random number between 0 to 15. Value should be set according to Radio Network Plan.
bsDIDataZonePermBase	Not applicable in Automatic Mode. Downlink Data Zone Permutation Base. The permutation base used in the downlink data zone. The range is from 0 to 31. Value should be set according to Radio Network Plan.
bsFeedbackZonePermBase	Uplink Feedback Zone Permutation Base. The permutation base used in the uplink feedback zone. The range is from 0 to 69. Value should be set according to Radio Network Plan.
bsUlDataPermBase	Not applicable in Automatic Mode. Uplink Data Zone Permutation Base. The permutation base used in the uplink data zone. The range is from 0 to 69. Value should be set according to Radio Network Plan.
bsBearerIp	BS Bearer IP Address. The IP address of the bearer interface of the BS. Must be unique in the managed network.
bsPagingGroupId	Not applicable in Automatic Mode. The Paging Group ID of the BS. The range is from 0 to 65535. For proper operation all Paging Groups IDs in the radio network should be set either to 0 (Idle Mode disabled) or to unique numbers (different Paging Group ID for each BS).
bsOfdmaDownlinkCenterFreq	The center of the frequency band in which the BS will transmit, in MHz.
(End of BS definitions - do not remove)	A mandatory line after the last BS.



6.3.4.4 **RADIUS NAS ID and ASN-GW Bearer Interface Parameters**

RADIUS NAS ID and ASN-GW Bearer Interface Parameters are applicable only for Network Elements operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology [npuBootupMode = asngwStatic(2).

Parameter Name in File	Description
radiusNasId	The unique identifier of the ASN-GW NAS. Sent in Access Request message only if configured. A string of up to 64 characters. Must be unique in the managed network.
npulplflp (ASNGW bearer)	The Source IP Address of the ASN-GW Bearer Interface. Must be unique in the network.
npulplfMask (ASNGW bearer)	The IP subnet mask of the ASN-GW Bearer Interface.
npulpRouteNextHop (ASNGW bearer)	The Next Hop (Default Gateway) IP Address of the ASN-GW Bearer Interface. This parameter affects automatic management by the management system of IP routes as described in Section 6.3.4.8 below.

INFORMATION If the Connectivity Mode is either In-Band or Out-of-Band [npuMgmtConctMode = inband(1) or outban(2)], the subnet of the ASN-GW Bearer Interface should not include the IP Addresses of Trap Managers, Remote Log Server, Software Upgrade Server and (in a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW) SNTP Servers copied from the "golden" site file.

6.3.4.5 **External Bearer VLAN**

External Bearer VLAN (externalBearerVlan) is applicable only for Network Elements operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology [npuBootupMode = asngwStatic(2)] and for Network Elements operating in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology [npuBootupMode = transparent(3] if the Connectivity Mode is set to Unified [npuMgmtConctMode = unified(3)].

Parameter Name in File	Description
externalBearerVlan	The VLAN ID of the bearer interface. should not conflict with currently existing or new defined vlans (ServicelfVlanId, npuLclMgmtVlanId, npuIntMgmtVlanId, npuExtMgmtVlanId). A virtual parameter (not included in configuration file) that may affect automatic management by the management system of Backhaul VLAN Translation table as described in Section 6.3.4.8 below.





6.3.4.6 Service Interface Parameters

Service Interface parameters should be repeated per Service Interface according to Type of the relevant Service Interface. Service Interface parameters are applicable only for Network Elements operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology [npuBootupMode = asngwStatic(2)].

Parameter Name in File	Description
servicelfDescr	An optional description of the Service Interface. A string of up to 70 characters.
servicelfTunDstlp	Applicable only for IP-in-IP service interface. The destination IPv4 address that indicates the point of termination of the tunnel for the service interface.
	Must be unique among all the Host Interfaces IP's (Bearer, Local-Management, Internal-Management, External-Management), existing instances of Service Interface Tunnel Destination IP and Default Gateway IP and subnets of Local Management, Internal Management and External Management.
servicelfVlanId	Applicable only for VLAN, QinQ and VPLS-Trunk service interfaces. The Service Interface VLAN ID parameter for VLAN service interface, SVID for QinQ service interface.
	The range is 1-9, 11- to 4094. The default is 0 which is not a valid value (must be set to a valid value other than the default).
	A Service Interface VLAN ID shall not conflict with other instances of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
servicelfOuterVlanld	Applicable only for VPLS-Trunk service interfaces if EncapsualationType is set to Stacked-VLAN. The Service Interface Outer VLAN ID.
	The range is 1 - 4094. The default value is 0 and it must be replaced by a valid value.
	A Service Interface Outer VLAN ID shall not conflict with other instances of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of a VPWS-Mapped Service Group.



Parameter Name in File	Description
servicelfDfltGwlp	Applicable only for VLAN service interfaces. The IP Address of the Default Gateway.
	Must be unique among all the Host Interfaces IP's (Bearer, Local-Management, Internal-Management, External-Management), existing instances of Service Interface's Tunnel Destination IP Address and Default Gateway IP Address, and subnets of Default Gateway IP addresses. Should be in the same subnet.with the IP Address of the DHCP server/proxy/relay to be assigned to a service group using this service interface.
servicelfNetmask	Applicable only for VLAN service interfaces. The subnet mask of the default gateway. Should not overlap with an existing Interface subnet (host interfaces, other service interfaces).

6.3.4.7 Service Group Parameters

Service Group parameters should be repeated for each of the relevant Service Groups. Service Group parameters are applicable only for IP, VPWS-Mapped and VPLS Hub and Spoke Service Groups in Network Elements operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology [npuBootupMode = asngwStatic(2)].

Parameter Name in File	Description
dhcpOwnlpAddr	Applicable for IP service groups. The IP address of the DHCP server/relay/proxy. Must be different from other instances of DHCP Own IP Address in the device.
	For a service group using a VLAN service interface, should be in same subnet with the Default Gateway configured for the service interface associated with the service group. Subnet mask is taken as the default subnet mask i.e 255.255.255.0.
	In DHCP Server mode, the DHCP server IP address must be in the same subnet but outside the range allocated for users address pool as provisioned in the DHCP Server.
extDhcpSrvlpAddr	Applicable for IP service groups. Applicable only for DHCP Relay mode. The IP address of the external DHCP server.



Parameter Name in File	Description
dhcpSrvIpPoolNetAddr	Applicable for IP service groups. Applicable only for DHCP Server mode. The lowest IP address of address pool to be used for address allocation by local DHCP Service for MS from this Service Group.
	DHCP IP addresses in the pool shall not overlap with the DHCP address pool defined in an existing service group and with IP addresses of host interfaces (Bearer, External Management, Internal Management and Local Management).
dhcpSrvIpPoolMaxAddr	Applicable for IP service groups. Applicable only for DHCP Server mode. The highest IP address of address pool to be used for address allocation by local DHCP Service for MS from this Service Group.
	DHCP IP addresses in the pool shall not overlap with the DHCP address pool defined in an existing service group and with IP addresses of host interfaces (Bearer, External Management, Internal Management and Local Management).
dhcpSrvIpMsSubnet	Applicable for IP service groups. Applicable only in DHCP Server/Proxy mode. In Server mode, this is the subnet mask to be provided by local DHCP Server with IP address.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
dhcpSrvDfltIpGw	Applicable for IP service groups. Applicable only in DHCP Server/Proxy mode. In Server mode this is the IP address of the Default Gateway to be provided by the local DHCP Server with the device IP address.
	In the Proxy mode, this value is used only if appropriate parameter is not received in RADIUS Access-Accept.
dhcpSrvExcludeIpAddr	Applicable for IP service groups. Applicable only in Server mode. An IP addresses that is to be excluded from the address pool.
	This parameter may be repeated as many times as required (up to 16,384 addresses).



Parameter Name in File	Description
serviceGrpVidMapRangeStart	Applicable only for VPWS-Mapped Service Groups.
	The start value of the range of VLAN IDs for mapping. The default is 0.
	None of the value within the range shall overlap with any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of other existing VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
serviceGrpVidMapRangeEnd	Applicable only for VPWS-Mapped Service Groups.
	The end value of the range of VLAN IDs for mapping. Cannot be lower than Start value. The default is 0.
	None of the value within the range shall overlap with any instance of Service Interface VLAN ID, any instance of Service Interface Outer VLAN ID, VLAN IDs of Bearer, Local-Management, External-Management and AU Maintenance interfaces, and any VID Map Range of other existing VPWS-Mapped Service Group.
serviceGrpVlanld	Applicable only for VPLS-Hub And Spoke Service Groups.
	The own VLAN ID of the Service Group.
	The range is 0-4094 (0 means untagged). The default is 0.
	Different VPLS Service Groups may have the sane value of their own VLAN ID (including multiple VLAN-untagged VPLS Service Groups).

6.3.4.8 Additional Rules for Offline Configuration Files

- The management system will automatically change/create IP Routes for Trap Managers, Remote Log Server, Software Upgrade Server, and (in a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW) SNTP Servers. Relevant route lines from the "golden" site file will be replaced with the following content (if they are not located at the same subnet with External Management Interface IP Address):
 - » Destination = Server's IP address,
 - » Mask = 255.255.255.255
 - » Next Hop = npulpRouteNextHop (External mgmt)

IP Routes for Trap Managers and/or Remote Log Server and/or Software Upgrade Server, and/or (in a Mini-Centralized ASN-GW) SNTP Servers may not be included in the "golden" site file because they are located within the same subnet as the "golden" site file's External Management Interface IP



Address. However, if they are not located within the same subnet as the new site's External Management Interface IP Address- these routes will be added with the same content as above.

- The management system will automatically change/create the Default IP Route. If a Default IP Route exists in the "golden" site file, it will be replaced with the following content:
 - Destination = 0.0.0.0
 - » Mask = 0.0.0.0
 - » Next Hop = ASNGW Bearer Next Hop [npulpRouteNextHop (ASNGW bearer)]

If a Default IP Route does not exist in the "golden" site file, it will be created with the same content as above.

- The management system will automatically replace all IP Routes in which Next Hop is the ASNGW Bearer Next Hop from "golden" site file to IP Routes with the Next Hop set to ASNGW Bearer Next Hop from the new file.
- If the External Bearer VLAN (externalBearerVlan) is not equal to the npuBearerVlanId copied from the "golden" site file, then the management system will update the Backhaul VLAN Translation table (npuBckhlPortVlanTransTable) of the output offline file as follows:
 - » npuBckhlPortVlanTrnsEnbl = enable(1)
 - » npuBckhlPortVlanTrnsInt = npuBearerVlanId
 - » npuBckhlPortVlanTrnsExt = externalBearerVlan
- All Tunnel Source IP (serviceIfTunSrcIp) parameters in IP-in-IP Service Interfaces of the offline file will be set to the value of npulpIfIp (ASNGW bearer) in the new site.

INFORMATION



The content of BS ASN-GW Load Balancing tables and Neighbor BSs List (ID-IP mapping) will not be copied from the "golden" site file to the offline created files.



6.3.5 Examples6.3.5.1 Example 1

			Site 1 Configuration
		A	В
	1		Site: Site 2004
General Site	2	siteld	2004
Parameters ≺	3	siteName	Site 2004
	4	siteAddress	64 Main Street
Ĺ	5	siteRackLocation	rack1
External	6	npulplflp (External mgmt)	192.168.200.4
	7	npulplfMask (External mgmt)	255.255.255.0
Management	8	npulpRouteNextHop (External mgmt)	192.168.200.254
Parameters	9	npuExtMgmtVlanId	20
ſ	10	bsldLsb	25856
	11	(serviceZone)	3
	12	(CellSiteId)	5
	13	(SectorId)	0
	14	bsName	bs2004_1
	15	bsCellId	0
BS 🖉	16	bsPreambleGroup	1
Parameters)	17	bsFrameNumberOffset	0
		bsDIDataZonePermBase	0
	19	bsFeedbackZonePermBase	0
	20	bsUIDataPermBase	0
	21	bsBearerlp	192.168.199.10
		bsPagingGroupId	199
Ĺ		bsOfdmaDownlinkCenterFreq	2355
	24	(End of BS definitions - do not remove)	
	25		

Figure 6-1: Specific Parameters File - Example 1

The above example is for Network Elements with the following properties:

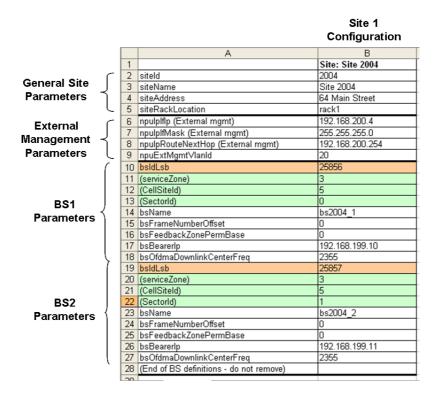
- BTS with a single BS
- Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology
- Connectivity Mode other than Unified (In Band or Out of Band)

The file structure supports either Manual or Automatic definition of BS parameters: For Manual mode all parameters in lines marked yellow must be configured. If none of them is configured Automatic mode will take place (applicable only for BTSs running SW Version 3.0 and higher).

The file structure supports automatic calculation of BS ID LSB based on (serviceZone), (cellSiteld) and (Sectorld). For automatic calculation the entry for bsldLsb should include the relevant formula (in the above example the formula for B10 should be "=B13+B12*256+B11*32*256"). Alternatively you may configure it manually, in which case (serviceZone), (cellSiteld) and (Sectorld) are ignored.



6.3.5.2 Example 2





The above example is for Network Elements with the following properties:

- BTS running SW Version 3.0 or higher with two BSs
- Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology
- Connectivity Mode other than Unified (In Band or Out of Band)

The file structure supports only Automatic configuration of relevant BS parameters: All parameters that can be configured automatically are not included in the file.

The file structure supports automatic calculation of BS ID LSB based on (serviceZone), (cellSiteld) and (SectorId). For automatic calculation the entry for bsldLsb should include the relevant formula (in the above example the formula for B10 should be "=B13+B12*256+B11*32*256". The formula for B19 should be "=B22+B21*256+B120*32*256"). Alternatively you may configure it manually, in which case (serviceZone), (cellSiteld) and (SectorId) are ignored.



6.3.5.3 Example 3

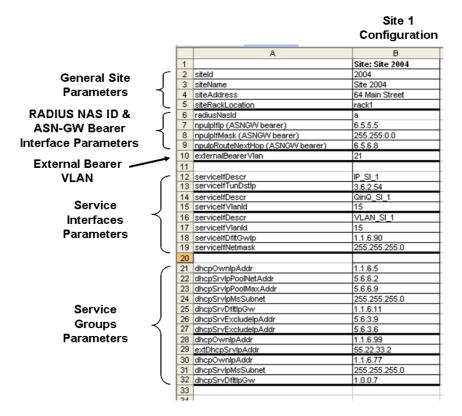


Figure 6-3: Specific Parameters File - Example 3

The above example is for Network Elements with the following properties:

- Mini-Centralized ASN-GW
- Unified Connectivity Mode
- Three Service Interfaces:
 - » Type of first Service Interface is IP.
 - » Type of second Service Interface is QinQ.
 - » Type of third Service Interface is VLAN.
- Three Service Groups:
 - » DHCP Function Mode of first Service Group is Server, with two excluded IP addresses.
 - » DHCP Function Mode of second Service Group is Relay.
 - » DHCP Function Mode of third Service Group is Proxy.



6.4 Using the Mass Configuration Wizard

The Mass Configuration Wizard includes the following sections:

- Mass Configuration Wizard Common Parameters
- Mass Configuration Wizard Import Unique Parameters File
- Mass Configuration Wizard Merge File
- Mass Configuration Wizard Summary

6.4.1 Starting the Mass Configuration Wizard



To start the Mass Configuration Wizard

In the File Manager, select the backup configuration file to be used as the "golden" file, right-click and select the Mass Configuration option to open the Mass Configuration Wizard, displaying the name of the selected backup file:

INFORMATION The "golden" file should be a backup file of one of the following:

- SW Versions 2.5.213 and 3.0.5: Macro BTS and Macro BTS ODU operating in Centralized ASN-GW ASN Topology (Transparent Mode)
- SW Version 3.0.10 and 3.0.20: All Network Elements

6.4.2 Mass Configuration Wizard - Common Parameters

Click **Next** to imort the selected common parameters file. The next step will become available only if a usable file is selected.

6.4.3 Mass Configuration Wizard - Import Unique Parameters File

- **1** Use the **Select File** button to open the **Open** window, allowing you to browse to the location of the pre-prepared Excel file. Select the required Excel file and click **Open**.
- 2 Click **Next**. If the number of BSs defined for each site in the Excel file does not match the number of BSs in the selected common parameters ("golden") backup file, an error message indicating the mismatch will be displayed.



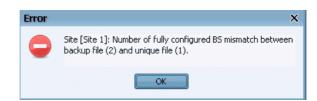


Figure 6-4: Mass Configuration Wizard - Number of BSs Mismatch Message

3 If there are any detectable configuration errors in the file (such as if a parameter that should be unique appears more than once or a non-valid value) an Invalid Unique Parameters window will be displayed, indicating the detected errors.

I	nvalid Unique Parameters	×
	bsPagingGroupId	1
	Parameter [bsPagingGroupId] should have unique values but the value [9] appears more than once	
	npuIpIfIp	
	Parameter [npuIpIfip] with value [10.10.142.194] should be an IP Address in the same subnet as the External Management [10.10.141.168/255.255.255.0] from the backup file	
-	G Save Close	

Figure 6-5: Mass Configuration Wizard - Invalid Unique Parameters Message

The next step will become available only if a usable Excel file is selected.

6.4.4 Mass Configuration Wizard - Merge File

A table displaying the main identification parameters of the new sites (Site ID, Site Name and NE External Management IP Address) will be displayed. Click **Next** to generate the configuration files for the listed sites. If there are any consistency problems a Consistency Rules Issues window will open, indicating the detected problems.

New configuration files can be generated only if there are no consistency rules issues for all sites defined in the Excel file.

6.4.5 Mass Configuration Wizard - Summary

If there were no consistency rules issues, all the required configuration files can be generated. The Summary window displays the main details of the files that will be generated. Click **Finish** to generate the files and save them in the Offline Configuration File Manager as Offline Configuration (Offline Cfg) files (see "Offline Configuration File Manager" on page 315). After discovery of a new site by the



management system, use the Restore configuration task (see "Restore Configuration Task" on page 295) to load the suitable Offline Configuration file to the site.



Chapter 7 - The Performance Monitoring Viewer

In This Chapter:

- "The Performance Monitoring Viewer" on page 271
- "The Counters Group Selection Section" on page 273
- "The Counters Selection Section" on page 274
- "The Graph and Graph Controls Section" on page 276
- General Controls" on page 277
- "ASN-GW Counters Groups" on page 278
- "BS Counters Groups" on page 284

7.1 The Performance Monitoring Viewer

The Performance Monitoring Viewer enables on-line monitoring of graphs for selected counters.

The graph for an accumulating counter displays the average rate per second during the interval from last polling time, defined as:

(Current Value-Previous Value)/Polling Interval.

For gauge counters (marked with a * sign before the counter's name), the absolute value reported at the polling time is displayed.

To open the Performance Monitoring Viewer:

In the Equipment Manager, select one device whose state is Enabled, right click on the entry and select the Performance option in the pop-up window. The Performance Monitoring Viewer for the selected device will open.

The Performance viewer include three sections: the counter group selection section, the counters selection section and the graph section. For convenient viewing of the required information, you can change the relative sizes of the sections, by dragging the line separating them. In addition, there are several general control buttons at the bottom side of the window.

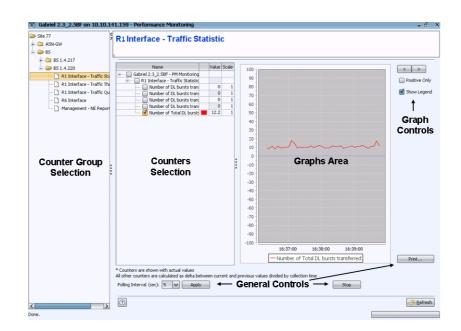


Figure 7-1: The Performance Monitoring Viewer

- "The Counters Group Selection Section" on page 273
- "The Counters Selection Section" on page 274





- "The Graph and Graph Controls Section" on page 276
- General Controls" on page 277



7.2 The Counters Group Selection Section

The counters group selection section enables you to select a specific counters group.

The counters group selection section, on the left side of the window, displays all the counters groups applicable to the relevant device.

Use the Expand/Collapse (+/-) check-boxes to view/hide all counters groups available for each of the managed objects.



7.3 The Counters Selection Section

The counters selection section enables you to select specific counters for real-time monitoring, to define the color of the graph for each selected counter and to define the graph's values scale for each selected counter.

The counters selection section displays all the counters applicable to the counters group selected in the counters groups selection section.

Use the Expand/Collapse (+/-) check-boxes to view/hide all counters available in the group.

To the right of each counter, the following details are available:

- The color of the graph for this counter (available only for a selected counter)
- The current graph's value of the counter
- The scale value for the graph (see details below)



To view the graph of a counter:

Select the check box to the left of a counter to add its graph to the graph section and view its details. The color to be used in the graph for the selected counters is displayed to the right of the counter.



To change the color of a counter's graph:

Click on the color display (on the right side of the selected counter). The **Pick a Color** window opens, allowing you to change the color's properties.

Deselect the check box to terminate the on-line display of the counter. Select again to continue the display.

INFORMATION



You can also select/deselect all the counters in a group using the check-box next to the group's or device's name.



To optimize the value (vertical) axis of a counter:

The values scale (vertical axis) is fixed, between -100 to +100 (or between 0 to 100 for a Positive Only graph). Some counters may have values that either exceed this range or are too small. The value scale of each counter is displayed to the right of the counter's name (the default is 1.0). To change the value scale of a counter, double-click on the relevant Scale entry and choose the desired scale from the **scale** drop-down list that will be displayed. You can use the current graph's value (displayed in the Value



column next to the Counter's name) to identify the required value scale. The values displayed for this counter on the graph are the actual counter values multiplied by the scale factor.



7.4 The Graph and Graph Controls Section

The graph and graph control section contains the graphs area, used for displaying the selected counters' values over time, and several graph controls on the right side of the window.

By default, the starting time of the graphs is the time at which the first counter was selected. The resolution of the time axis will change dynamically to allow display of graphs from starting time to current time.

If the **Show Legend** option is selected (the default), the color and name of each selected counter is displayed below the graph area. Deselect to hide the legends.

Select the **Positive Only check-box** to set the boundaries of the values (vertical) axis between 0 and +100. Deselect (the default) to set the boundaries between -100 to +100.

You can use the < and > buttons to shift the time axis to the left/right.

Left-click and move the mouse to the right while holding the left button down, to mark a selected time interval. After releasing the mouse's left button, the selected interval will be displayed using the entire width of the graph section (zoom-in). You can repeat the process and or use the < and > to zoom-in on a selected time interval.

To return to the default display (after zoom-in and/or shifting the time axis), left-click and move the mouse to the left while holding the left button down.

Right click to open the copy/save options menu enabling you to save the current graph (as a PNG Image File) or copy it to the Clipboard.





7.5 General Controls

The following graph controls are available:

- Polling Interval: The available options for the Polling Interval are 5, 10, 20 and 60 seconds. The default is 5 seconds. To change the polling interval select the required interval and click on the Apply button next to it.
- **Stop**: Available only when at least one counter is selected. Select to stop polling and deselect all counters.
- **Print**: To print or preview a graph, click on **Print...**. A pop-up menu opens with three options:
 - **Print...**: To open the Print dialog box for selecting a printer, setting up the printing properties and printing the graph section.
 - » Print Preview...: Displays a preview of the graph section before printing.
 - » Page Setup...: To open the Page Setup dialog box.



7.6 ASN-GW Counters Groups

The ASN-GW Counters Groups include:

- AAA Counters
- Bearer Interface Counter
- Management Provisioned QoS Counters
- Management Initial NE Counters
- Management Service flows Counters
- Load Balancing Counter
- R6 Interface Total Counters
- R3 Interface Counters
- R6 Interface BS Counters

7.6.1 AAA Counters

AAA counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

The available AAA counters are:

Counter Name	Counts the Number of
Authentication Access Requests	Radius access request messages transmitted
Authentication Access Retransmissions	Radius access request message retransmissions
Authentication Access Challenges	Radius access challenge messages received
Authentication Access Accepts	Radius access accept messages received
Authentication Access Rejects	Radius access reject messages received
Authentication Timeouts	Timer expiries while awaiting response for Radius access request message sent
Authentication Packets of Unknown types	invalid events occurred due to reception of Radius messages
MS Re-Authntications Changed Profile	MS reauthentications with different MS profile received in access accept message
Bad Authenticators	Radius access accept/reject messages received with EAP status mismatch
Number of radius access request retries failure	Radius access request retry failures



Counter Name	Counts the Number of
Accounting Start Requests	Number of radius accounting start messages Transmitted
Accounting Stop Requests	Number of radius accounting stop messages Transmitted
Accounting Interim Requests	Number of radius accounting interim messages Transmitted
Accounting Responses	Accepted Accounting Responses
Accounting Packets Dropped	Dropped Accounting Responses
Authentication Access Requests started	Authentication Access Requests started
Authentication Access Requests stopped	Authentication Access Requests stopped
Authentication Access Interim Requests	Authentication Access Interim Requests
Authentication Packets Dropped	Authentication Packets Dropped.
	Calculation formula: Radius Access Challenge Dropped + Radius Access Accept Dropped + Radius Access Reject Dropped.
Authentication Pending Requests	Authentication Pending Requests.
	Calculation formula: radAccessStartReqTx - radAccessStopReqTx
Authentication Round Trip Delay	Authentication Round Trip Delay.
	Calculation formula:
	Sum all timing between all radAccessReqTx and radAccessAcceptRx during 15min / Sum of Events (not responded events will be discarded from this counter result).
Accounting Open Sessions	Accounting Open Sessions.
	Calculation formula: Accounting Start Requests - Accounting Stop Responses.
Accounting Retransmissions	Accounting Retransmissions
Accounting Rejects	Accounting Rejects
Accounting Packets of Unknown types	Accounting Packets of Unknown types
Accounting Malform Access Responses	Accounting Malform Access Responses
Accounting Timeouts	Accounting Timeouts

Counter Name	Counts the Number of
Accounting Round Trip Delay	Accounting Round Trip Delay.
	Calculation formula: Sum all timing between all
	Accounting Start Requests and Accounting Stop
	response and Sum of all time between all
	Accounting Stop Requests and Accounting Stop
	Responses during 15min / Sum of Events (not
	responded events will be discarded from this
	counter result)

7.6.2 Bearer Interface Counter

Bearer Interface counter is applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

Bearer Interface counter provides status information on the number of active MSs served by the ASN-GW. The available Bearer Interface counter is:

Counter Name	Counts the Number of
*Number of Active MS	Number of active MSs currently served by ASNGW

7.6.3 Management - Provisioned QoS Counters

Management - Provisioned QoS counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

Management-Provisioned QoS counters provide information on the provisioned QoS parameters. The available Management - Provisioned QoS counters are:

Counter Name	Counts the
*Total provisioned DL MIR during reading	Total provisioned DL MIR to all services
*Total provisioned DL CIR during reading	Total provisioned DL CIR to all services
*Total provisioned DL UGS MIR during reading	Total provisioned DL MIR to all UGS services
*Total provisioned DL UGS CIR during reading	Total provisioned DL CIR to all UGS services
*Total provisioned DL eRT MIR during reading	Total provisioned DL MIR to all ERT services
*Total provisioned DL eRT CIR during reading	Total provisioned DL CIR to all ERT services
*Total provisioned DL RT MIR during reading	Total provisioned DL MIR to all RT services
*Total provisioned DL RT CIR during reading	Total provisioned DL CIR to all RT services
*Total provisioned DL nRT MIR during reading	Total provisioned DL MIR to all NRT services



Counter Name	Counts the
*Total provisioned DL nRT CIR during reading	Total provisioned DL CIR to all NRT services
*Total provisioned DL BE MIR during reading	Total provisioned DL MIR to all BE services
*Total provisioned UL MIR during reading	Total provisioned UL MIR to all services
*Total provisioned UL CIR during reading	Total provisioned UL CIR to all services
*Total provisioned UL UGS MIR during reading	Total provisioned UL MIR to all UGS services
*Total provisioned UL UGS CIR during reading	Total provisioned UL CIR to all UGS services
*Total provisioned UL eRT MIR during reading	Total provisioned UL MIR to all ERT services
*Total provisioned UL eRT CIR during reading	Total provisioned UL CIR to all ERT services
*Total provisioned UL RT MIR during reading	Total provisioned UL MIR to all RT services
*Total provisioned UL RT CIR during reading	Total provisioned UL CIR to all RT services
*Total provisioned UL nRT MIR during reading	Total provisioned UL MIR to all NRT services
*Total provisioned UL nRT CIR during reading	Total provisioned UL CIR to all NRT services
*Total provisioned UL BE MIR during reading	Total provisioned UL MIR to all BE services

7.6.4 Management - Initial NE Counters

Management - Initial NE counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

Management-Initial NE counters provide information on Initial Network Entry success/failure parameters. The available Management - Initial NE counters are:

Counter Name	Counts the
Number of succeed initial network entries	Number of succeed initial network entries
Number of failed initial networks entries	Number of failed initial networks entries
Number of authentication rejected cases	Number of authentication rejected cases
Number of rejections as a result of load balancing	Number of rejections as a result of load balancing

7.6.5 Management - Service flows Counters

Management - Service flows counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

Management-Service Flows counters provide information on the status of service flows. The available Management - Service flows counters are:



Counter Name	Counts the
*Number of allocated Service flows	Number of allocated service flows
*Total supported Service flows	Total supported service flows

7.6.6 Load Balancing Counter

Load Balancing counter is applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

Load Balancing counter provides status information on the total throughput supported by the ASN-GW. The available Load Balancing counter is:

Counter Name	Counts the
Throughput of last 15min	Throughput of last 15 minutes interval

7.6.7 R6 Interface Total Counters

R6 Interface Total counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

R6 Interface Total counters provide information on the total datapath traffic over R6 interface. The available R6 Interface Total counters are:

Counter Name	Counts the Number of
R6 total Data path DL bytes counter	R6 total data path DL bytes
R6 total Data path DL unicast packets counter	R6 total data path DL unicast packets
R6 total Data path DL total packets counter	R6 total data path DL packets
R6 total Data path UL bytes counter	R6 total data path UL bytes
R6 total Data path UL unicast packets counter	R6 total data path UL unicast packets
R6 total Data path UL total packets counter	R6 total data path UL packets

7.6.8 R3 Interface Counters

R3 Interface counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

R3 Interface counters provide information on the traffic over R3 interface. The available R3 Interface counters are:



Counter Name	Counts the Number of
R3 Data path DL bytes counter	R3 total data path DL bytes
R3 Data path DL unicast packets counter	R3 total data path DL unicast packets
R3 Data path DL total packets counter	R3 total data path DL packets
R3 Data path UL bytes counter	R3 total data path UL bytes
R3 Data path UL unicast packets counter	R3 total data path UL unicast packets
R3 Data path UL total packets counter	R3 total data path UL packets

7.6.9 R6 Interface BS Counters

R6 Interface BS counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs operating in Distributed ASN-GW ASN Topology and for Mini Centralized ASN-GWs.

R6 Interface BS counters provide information on the total datapath traffic per BS over R6 interface. R6 Interface BS counters are available for each existing BS with traffic over R6 interface (at least one registered MS).

The available R6 Interface BS counters are:

Parameter EMS Name	Counts the Number of
(used as part of BS identifier)	The Bearer IP Address
(used as part of BS identifier)	The Bearer BS ID
R6 BS Data path DL bytes counter	R6 BS data path DL bytes
R6 BS Data path DL unicast packets counter	R6 BS data path DL unicast packets
R6 BS Data path DL total packets counter	R6 BS data path DL packets
R6 BS Data path UL bytes counter	R6 BS data path UL bytes
R6 BS Data path UL unicast packets counter	R6 BS data path UL unicast packets
R6 BS Data path UL total packets counter	R6 BS data path UL packets



7.7 BS Counters Groups

The BS counter groups are applicable for each existing BS. The BS Counters Groups include:

- R1 Interface Traffic Statistic Counters
- R1 Interface Traffic Throughput Counters
- R1 Interface Traffic Quality Counters
- R6 Interface Counters
- Management NE Report Counters

7.7.1 R1 Interface - Traffic Statistic Counters

R1 Interface - Traffic Statistic counters are applicable for Macro and Micro BTSs, except to some counters that are not applicable for Micro BTSs (marked specifically in the description of relevant counters).

The available R1 Interface - Traffic Statistic counters are:

Counter Name	Counts the Number of
Number of DL bursts transferred in MIMO A	Number of DL bursts transferred in MIMO A.
Number of DL bursts transferred in MIMO B	Number of DL bursts transferred in MIMO B.
Number of DL bursts transferred in CDD, DDoB	Number of DL bursts transferred in CDD, DDoB.
Number of DL bursts transferred in BF	Number of DL bursts transferred in BF Not applicable for Micro BTS.
Number of Total DL bursts transferred	Number of Total DL bursts transferred
*Average RSSI channel #1	Average RSSI in dBm in channel #1
*Average RSSI channel #2	Average RSSI in dBm in channel #2
*Average RSSI channel #3	Average RSSI in dBm in channel #3
*Average RSSI channel #4	Average RSSI in dBm in channel #4

7.7.2 R1 Interface - Traffic Throughput Counters

R1 Interface - Traffic Throughput counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs.

The available R1 Interface - Traffic Throughput counters are:

Counter Name	Description
R1 Data path DL bytes counter	R1 data path DL traffic of all service types, in bytes
R1 Data path UL bytes counter	R1 data path UL traffic of all service types, in bytes



Counter Name	Description
UGS Data path DL bytes counter	UGS data path DL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
UGS Data path DL bytes counter	UGS data path UL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
eRT Data path DL bytes counter	ERT data path DL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
eRT Data path UL bytes counter	ERT data path UL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
RT Data path DL bytes counter	RT data path DL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
RT Data path UL bytes counter RT data path UL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes	
nRT Data path DL bytes counter	NRT data path DL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
nRT Data path UL bytes counter	NRT data path UL traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
BE Data path DL bytes counter	BE data path traffic over all MCSs, in bytes
BE Data path UL bytes counter	BE data path traffic over all MCSs, in bytes

7.7.3 R1 Interface - Traffic Quality Counters

R1 Interface - Traffic Quality counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs.

The available R1 Interface - Traffic Quality counters are:

Counter Name	Description
DL HARQ Repetitions counters	Number of DL HARQ repetitions:
	dlRetransHistogramOneRetrans +
	dlRetransHistogramTwoRetrans +
	dlRetransHistogramThreeRetrans +
	dlRetransHistogramFourRetrans +
	dlRetransHistogramOverFourRetrans
DL HARQ ACK numbers	Number of DL HARQ ACKs
DL HARQ NACK numbers	Number of DL HARQ NACKs
DL successfully transferred Bursts	Number of DL successfully transferred Bursts
DL Drop bursts	Number of DL dropped bursts
UL HARQ repetition counters	Number of UL HARQ retransmissions
UL HARQ ACK numbers	Number of UL HARQ ACKs
UL HARQ NACK numbers	Number of UL HARQ NACKs
UL successfully transferred Bursts	Number of UL successfully transferred Bursts
UL Drop bursts	Number of UL dropped bursts



R6 Interface counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs.

The available R6 Interface counters are:

Counter Name	Description
R6 Data path DL bytes counter	R6 data path DL bytes
R6 Data path UL bytes counter	R6 data path UL bytes

7.7.5 Management - NE Report Counters

Management - NE Report counters are applicable for all Macro BTSs.

The available Management - NE Report counters are:

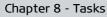
Counter Name	Description
Number of succeed initial network entries	Number of succeed initial network entries
Number of failed initial networks entries	Number of failed initial networks entries
Number of authentication rejected	Number of authentication rejected
Number of deregistered CPEs	Number of deregistered MSs
Number of Incoming HO attempts	Number of Incoming HO attempts
Number of Outgoing HO attempts	Number of outgoing HO attempts
*Number of registered MS's	Number of registered MSs currently served by ASN-GW



Chapter 8 - Tasks

In This Chapter:

- "Performance Collection Task" on page 288 not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility
- "Backup Configuration Task" on page 292
- "Restore Configuration Task" on page 295
- Software Upgrade Task" on page 298
- File Data Aging Task" on page 304
- "CLI Task" on page 305
- "Mutual Neighboring Task" on page 307 not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility
- Configuration History Backup and Aging Task" on page 311



8.1 **Performance Collection Task**

Craft The Performance Collection Task is not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility.

The performance data collection and storage feature in the devices (see also "Performance Tab" on page 51) enables collection and storage of selectable groups of counters at fixed intervals of 15 minutes. The device stores the performance data files collected during the last 24 hours (up to 96 xml files).

The Performance Collection task enables the collection of stored performance data files from specific equipment. Only files that do not exist in the database will be retrieved.



To open the Performance Collection Task Editor:

In the Task Manager window, do **one** of the following:

- To open a new task, use the Task Wizard.
- To open an existing task select a Performance Collection task from the list of existing tasks, right-click and select the Edit option, or double-click on the selected task's entry. If the task is Active, the Runtime result screen is displayed, displaying the status of the running task.
- If the task is Inactive, the Performance Collection Task Editor for the existing task is displayed.

The Performance Collection Task Editor includes three tabs:

- General Tab" Section 8.1.1
- "Entities Tab" Section 8.1.2
- "Actions Tab" Section 8.1.3



8.1.1 General Tab

General Entities Actions	
Task Type:	Performance Collection
Equipment Line:	4Motion
Task Name:	Hotion Collection 20090818143050
Task Description:	
0	Inactive NeverRun V OK Cancel

Figure 8-1: Performance Collection Task Editor - General Tab

The General tab of the Performance Collection task includes the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Task Type	The type of data to be collected: Performance Collection. This field is read-only.
Equipment Line	The type of equipment from which to collect data. Read only in the current version
Task Name	The name of the task. A string of 1 to 128 characters. The default name includes the task's type and the date and time at which the task was created. Note that when using the Task Wizard the default task name automatically replaces the name selected in the first (Create New Task) step.
Description	An optional brief description of the task.

8.1.2 Entities Tab

The Entities tab enables the selection of existing entities for performance collection.



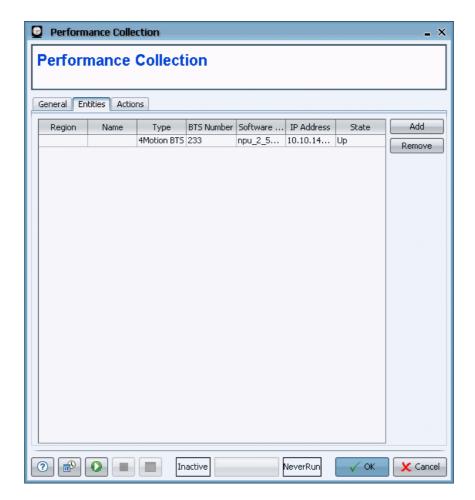


Figure 8-2: Performance Collection Task Editor - Entities Tab

The Entities tab includes the following controls:

Parameter	Description
Add	Opens the Equipment Selection window with the list of available devices, allowing you to select the device(s) to be added to the task.
Remove	Removes selected entities from the list.

The following information is displayed for each entity in the list:

Parameter	Description
Region	The location associated with the selected equipment in the database of the management system.
Name	The name of the device as configured in the device.
Туре	The type of device.

Parameter	Description
BTS Number	The ID number of the device (Site ID) as configured in the device.
Software Version	The running software version of the device (NPU).
IP Address	The IP address of the device.
State	The operational state of the equipment: Up/Down/Unreachable/Unknown

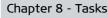
8.1.3 Actions Tab

Performance Collection _ X		
Performance Collection		
General Entities Actions	1	
🗹 Collection eXport		
Default Folder:	C:/AlvariSTAR/filesystem/SitesFiles/Performance/]
0 🖻 💽 🔳 🛙	Inactive NeverRun VCK	Cancel

Figure 8-3: Performance Collection Task Editor - Actions Tab

The Actions tab enables setting how collected performance data is saved. By default, the performance data is saved in the management system's file system. In addition, the performance data xml files can be exported and saved in the client management system's file system. To automatically export the collected data to the location indicated in the read-only **Default Folder** text box, select the **Collection eXport** check-box.





Craft

8.2 Backup Configuration Task

In the Local CRAFT Utility, the Configuration Backup Task is applicable only to the managed device.

The Backup Configuration task enables the retrieval of device's configuration backup file(s) from selected device(s). The backup files include copies of all the applicable configuration data and databases in the managed device. You can also retrieve Logging files from selected device(s). Logging files can later be exported to and used by an external application as part of a debugging procedure.

The device maintains up to the last three created configuration backup files. Configuration backup files are created periodically by the NPU, or upon a specific request to backup the current configuration. When requesting a backup file, you can either create and retrieve the current configuration, or retrieve one of the previous backup configuration files available in the NPU.

To open the Backup Task Editor:

To open the Backup Task Editor, do one of the following:

- In the Equipment Manager, select one or several entries, right-click on the selected entries and select the **Backup Configuration** option. The State of all selected devices must be Up. The Backup Task Editor for a new task is displayed with the selected devices automatically included in the Source Equipment table.
- In the Task Manager window, do **one** of the following:
 - » To open a new task, use the Task Wizard.
 - To open an existing task, select a Configuration Backup task from the list of existing tasks, right-click and select the Edit option, or double-click on the selected task's entry. If the task is Active, the Runtime result screen is opened, displaying the status of the running task. If the task is Inactive, the Backup Task Editor for the selected task is displayed.



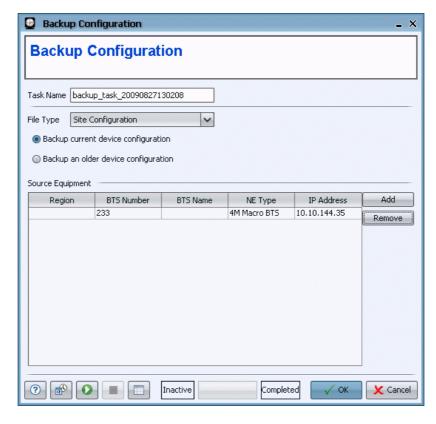


Figure 8-4: Backup Task Editor

The Backup Task editor comprises the following fields:

Parameter	Description		
Task Name	The name of the task. A string of 1 to 128 characters. The default name includes the task's type and the date and time at which the task was created: backup_task_ <yyyymmddhhmmss>. Note that when using the Task Wizard the default task name automatically replaces the name selected in the first (Create New Task) step.</yyyymmddhhmmss>		
File Type	The type of backup file:Site Configuration: The entire site configuration.Logging: The NPU SW modules log files.		



Parameter	Description		
Backup Current/Older Configuration Options	Available below the File Type selection field only if the selected File Type is Site Configuration. Select one of the following:		
	Backup Current Device Configuration: Select to retrieve the current configuration of the source device(s). The file will be created by the device upon getting the request from the management system.		
	Backup an older device configuration: Select to retrieve one of the previously created configuration files available in the database of the source device(s)		

The Source Equipment table includes the following details for each device participating in the task:

Parameter	Description			
Region	The location associated with the selected equipment in the database of the management system.			
BTS Number	The device's number (Site ID) as configured in the device.			
BTS Name	The name of the device as configured in the device.			
NE Type	The device type.			
IP Address	The IP address of the device.			
File	Available only for Site Configuration backup task, if the selected option is Backup an older device configuration . The name of the file to be retrieved from the device.			

Click on the **Add** button to open the equipment Selector, allowing you to add devices to the Source Equipment table: Select the device(s) to participate in the task, right-click and select the **Select** option (or double-click on a selected single device).

For Site Configuration backup task, if the selected option is **Backup an older device configuration**, a **File Name** drop-down menu for each entry allows you to select the file that will participate in the task. Each File Name includes its creation date and time.

To remove one or several devices from the Source Equipment table select the device(s) to be removed and click on the **Remove** button.



Craft

8.3 Restore Configuration Task

In the Local CRAFT Utility, the Restore Configuration Task is applicable only to the managed device.

The Restore Configuration task enables loading a configuration file to a target device. The configuration file can be one of the following:

- A backup configuration file previously retrieved from the target device.
- An offline e configuration file previously prepared for the target device (using the Mass Configuration Wizard).

The task also enables loading a vendor configuration file to selected devices. A vendor configuration file includes vendor parameters that cannot be configured by the configuration tools available to the customer. If for any reason the vendor will decide that any of these parameters should be modified, the applicable customers will be notified and a special file that includes the necessary modifications shall be sent to them.

To open the Restore Task Editor:

In the Task Manager window, do **one** of the following:

- To open a new task use the Task Wizard.
- To open an existing task, select an existing Restore Configuration task from the list, right-click and select the Edit option, or double-click on the selected task. If the task is Active, the Runtime result screen is displayed, displaying the status of the running task. If the task is Inactive, the Restore Task Editor for the selected task is displayed.

OR:

In the File Manager for BTS files select the required backup configuration file, right-click and select the **Restore** option, or double-click on the selected file. The Restore Task Editor for a new task with the details of the selected file (Type is Site Configuration) is displayed.

OR:

In the File Manager for Offline Configuration files select the required file, right-click and select the **Restore** option, or double-click on the selected file. The Restore Task Editor for a new task with the details of the selected file (Type is Offline Configuration) is displayed.



🕑 Restore Co	nfiguration				_ ×
Restore (Configurat	ion			
Task Name	d				
File Selection					
Туре	Site Configuratio	on 🗸			
Name	200908222056.;	xml.gz	Browse		
Creation Date	iu Aug 27 13:02:	32 IDT 2009			
Source Equipme	ent				
Region					
BTS Number	233				
BTS Name					
IP Address	10.10.144.35				
Auto Reset	nent				
Region	BTS Number	BTS Name	NE Type	IP Address	Add
	233		4M Macro BTS	10.10.144.35	Remove
 ? 		Inactive	NeverR	un 🗸 OK	Cancel

Figure 8-5: Restore Task Editor

The Restore Task editor comprises the following fields:

Parameter	Description		
Task Name	The name of the task. A string of 1 to 128 characters. The default name includes the task's type and the date and time at which the task was created.		
Туре	The type of file to be used by the task:		
	Site Configuration: A backup Configuration file.		
	 Offline Configuration: An Offline Configuration file prepared using the Mass Configuration Wizard. 		
	Vendor Configuration: A vendor configuration file.		



Parameter	Description
Name	For a new Restore Task, click on the Browser button to open the applicable Selector window according to the selected Type above, and select the file to be used by the task.
Creation Date	The read-only creation date of the selected file.
Source Equipment	Applicable only for Site Configuration Restore task. The details of the source equipment of the selected backup configuration file.
Auto Reset	Click to automatically reset the target equipment after successful completion of the Restore task.

The Target Equipment table includes the following details for each device participating in the task:

Parameter	Description
Region	The location associated with the selected equipment in the database of the management system.
BTS Number	The number of the device (Site ID) as configured in the device.
BTS Name	The name of the device as configured in the device.
NE Type	The device type.
IP Address	The IP address of the device.

For Site Configuration and Offline Configuration Restore tasks the Target Equipment table includes only the read-only details of the target equipment. For a Site Configuration Restore task the target equipment is identical to the source equipment. For an Offline Configuration Restore task the target device is according to the unique identification used when generating the file. The details are available only if the State of the target site is Up.

For a Vendor Configuration Restore task, click **Add** to open the equipment Selector, allowing you to add devices to the Target Equipment table. Click **Remove** to remove one or several selected devices from the table.



8.4 Software Upgrade Task

Craft In the Local CRAFT Utility, the Software Upgrade Task is applicable only to the managed device.

This section includes:

- The Software Upgrade Task Editor
- BTS Software Upgrade
- AU Software Upgrade (applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS)

8.4.1 The Software Upgrade Task Editor

The Software Upgrade task enables loading a software file to selected devices and/or managing the software files in the devices.

The Software Upgrade task enables loading a software file to selected devices and/or managing the software files in the devices. When working under Windows, the files to be loaded should be available in the management system firmware folder \filesystem\firmware\wm,. The wm folder may need to be manually created.

When working under UNIX, refer to the instructions in:

/opt/<NMS name>/firmware/wm

The system will automatically identify the files and use the correct file for each device type.

You may define a different station as the TFTP server to be used. In this case the software file(s) to be used should be available in the root. Otherwise you should specify the full path and file name.

INFORMATION



The file name and format should not be changed.



To open the Software Upgrade Task Editor:

In the Task Manager window, do **one** of the following:

- To open a new task use the Task Wizard.
- To open an existing task, select a Software Upgrade task from the list, right-click and select the Edit option, or double click on the selected task entry. If the task is Active, the Runtime Results window is displayed, displaying the status of the running task. If the task is Inactive, the Software Upgrade Task Editor for the task is displayed.



🕑 Softv	vare Upgr	ade Task						_ × _
Softw	vare Up	ograde	e Task					
Task Name Software Download Activity			Upgrade1 BTS Software Upgrade					
Software U	lpgrade Sett oad To Shad	ings						
_	t From Shad Operationa							
File Name				npu_3_0	_20_38.tgz		~]
TETP IP Ad	dress			10.10.144.1]
Select Equi	pment							
Region	BTS Name	BTS Nu	NE Type	Site IP	NPU Op	NPU Sha	NPU Cur	Add
	Gabriel	77	4M Mac	10.10.1	npu_3	npu_3	Operati	Remove
?			Inactive	e	N	everRun	🗸 ок	X Cancel

Figure 8-6: Software Upgrade Task Editor - BTS Software Upgrade

The Software Upgrade Task Editor includes the following general parameters:

Parameter	Description
Task Name	The name of the task. A string of 1 to 128 printable characters.
Software Download Activity	The type of upgrade: BTS Software Upgrade or AU Software Upgrade. AU Software Upgrade is applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS).

The content of the Software Upgrade Settings and Select Equipment sections depend on the selected Software Download Activity.

8.4.2 BTS Software Upgrade

The Software Upgrade Settings section comprises the following action options when BTS Software Upgrade is selected as the Software Download Activity:



Parameter	Description			
Download to Shadow	Loads the upgrade file selected in the File Name selection field below to the Shadow memory of the applicable device(s).			
Reboot from Shadow	Perform reset, and boot from the Shadow file.			
Set as Operational Version	Applicable only for devices running from the Shadow file. Sets the running file as the new Operational file. The previous Operational (Main) file will now become the new Shadow file.			
File Name	Available only if the Download to Shadow option is selected.			
	If the default TFTP server is used (see below), he drop-down menu enables selecting one of the relevant files available in the default firmware folder.			
	If another TFTP server is selected (see below), the drop-down menu enables selecting one of the relevant files available in the root directory. Otherwise you should manually specify the full path and file name.			
TFTP IP Address	The IP address of the TFTP server on which the file to be downloaded is stored. This address is set by default to the management system's internal TFTP server IP address, but can be changed to any external TFTP server IP address.			

If you select two or three actions, then each action will take place only after the successful completion of the previous action (selecting only the Download to Shadow and Set as Operational Version options is not a valid combination).

The selected action(s) will be performed on the devices included in the Select Equipment section.

Click on the **Add** button to open equipment selector for adding devices to the table. If Download to Shadow action was selected, the equipment selector will include only relevant managed devices according to the type of the selected software file (Macro BTSs and Mini Centralized ASN-GW for an npu file, Micro Outdoor BTSs for an AU Micro file). The information displayed for each selected device includes details of the Shadow, Operational and Current versions.

Click on the **Remove** button to delete selected entries from the table.



Download to Shadow action will be skipped if the target device is running from the Shadow version or if the specified file already exists in the device (as either Shadow or Operational). Set as Operational Version action will be skipped if the target device is running from the Operational version.





8.4.3 AU Software Upgrade (applicable only for Macro Indoor/Outdoor BTS)

Configure Task > Software Upgrade Task								
Task Name			soft	software upgrade				
			AU	AU Software Upgrade				
Software Upg	grade Setting:	s		Other Settings				
🔲 Downloa	d To Shadow			Delete AL	J version from	NPU		
🔲 Switch C	Ver							
File Name						~	1	
TFTP IP Addr	ess		10.	10.10.187.116				
Select Equipn	nent							
Region	BTS Name	Site IP	AU Slot No	AU Opera	AU Shadow	AU Curre	Add	
	EMS-2	10.10.14					Remove	
	16e Macr	10.10.14	2			Invalid		

Figure 8-7: Software Upgrade Task Editor - AU Software Upgrade

INFORMATION

AUs should be upgraded only after successful completion of upgrading the relevant NPU(s).

The Software Upgrade Settings section comprises the following action options when AU Software Upgrade is selected:

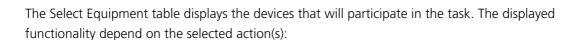


Parameter	Description			
Download to Shadow	Loads the upgrade file selected in the File Name selection field below to the Shadow memory of the applicable AU(s). The file is loaded first to the applicable NPU(s) and then to the AU(s). If the file already exists in the NPU, the first stage is skipped. If it exists in the AU, the process will be skipped.			
	Note that the NPU can store a maximum of 3 AU SW files. If a new SW file should be loaded, the oldest file that is not mapped as the operational file of any AU will be deleted. If all 3 files are mapped to AUs (a situation that is not expected under regular conditions), you must first modify the mapping using CLI (see Upgrading the AU section in the System Manual) to enable deletion of at least one SW file.			
Switch over	The AU(s) reset and boot from the shadow file. If successful, the files are switched automatically and the new SW version is set as the Operational (mapped) file.			
Delete AU version from NPU	If selected, deletes the selected software file from the selected equipment. Note that you can remove only one file at a time. Only a file that is not used as the Operational (mapped) version can be removed.			
File Name	Applicable only if the selected option(s) include either Download to Shadow or Delete AU Version from NPU. The name of the file to be loaded or deleted.			
	If the selected action is Download to Shadow the drop-down menu enables selecting one of the relevant files available in the default firmware folder. If another TFTP server is selected (see below), the file(s) should be available in the root of this server. Otherwise you should manually specify the full path and file name.			
	If the selected action is Delete AU Version from NPU, the drop-down list includes all files in the NPUs of the managed BTSs.			
TFTP IP Address	The IP address of the TFTP server on which the file to be downloaded is stored. This address is set by default to the management system's internal TFTP server IP address, but can be changed to any external TFTP server IP address.			
	See also in previous section (BTS Software Upgrade) a note on proper process of modifying the TFTP Server IP Address.			

You can select both the Download to Shadow and Switch Over options. In this case the Switch Over action will take place only after successful completion of the Load to Shadow action.

Selecting Delete AU version from NPU together with Download To Shadow and/or Switch Over are not valid options.





If the selected action is **Delete AU Version from NPU**, the table displays all the NPUs that will participate in the task, and the AU software files stored in each of these NPUs. Click on the **Add** button to open the BTS Selector, allowing you to add NPU(s) to the task.

If Download to Shadow and/or **Switch Over** action is selected, the table displays all the AUs that will participate in the task and the current SW versions in each AU. Click on the **Add** button to open the equipment selector, allowing you to add AU(s) to the task. You can select between **AU Level Selection** (adding specific AUs) or **Site Level Selection** (adding all AUs in selected Sites).

Click on the **Remove** button to delete selected entries from the table.





8.5 File Data Aging Task

The File Data Aging Task enables limiting the time for maintaining Performance Collection files in the database (see also "The File Manager" on page 312). By default, the collected performance data is saved in the management system's file system. In addition, the performance data xml files can be exported and saved in the client management system's file system. The task enables limiting the time that these files will be saved (in both places if applicable) to avoid allocation of too much disk space for "old" data. This is a system task that cannot be deleted.

To open the File Data Aging Task Editor, select the task from the list of existing tasks, right-click and select the **Edit** option, or double-click on the entry.

File Data Aging Task Editor	_ ×
File Data Aging	
-days-treshold	
	20 🗘
Inactive NeverRun	OK X Cancel

Figure 8-8: File Data Aging Task Editor

The days-threshold parameter sets the maximum time to maintain files in the database. If the elapsed time since a file was added to the database is higher than the value configures for the days-threshold parameter, the file will be deleted from the database.



8.6 CLI Task

Craft

In the Local CRAFT Utility, the CLI Task is applicable only to the managed device.

The CLI task enables executing a CLI script file on target device(s).



To open the CLI Task Editor:

In the Task Manager window, do **one** of the following:

- To open a new task use the Task Wizard and select the CLI option.
- To open an existing task, select an existing CLI task from the list, right-click and select the Edit option, or double-click on the selected task. If the task is Active, the Runtime result screen is displayed, displaying the status of the running task. If the task is Inactive, the CLI Task Editor for the selected task is displayed.

🕑 CLI Task						_ ×
CLI Task	C C					
General Name CI Description	LI 1		Port 2	Felnet 23 admin		~
NE Type 4	M Macro BTS	~	Password		••	
Equipment					🕂 Add	💢 Remove
Na Leon K	ame	Ip Add 10.10.144.201	lress		Location	
CLI Script						🗁 Browse
		Inactive	Nev	verRun	🗸 ок	X Cancel

Figure 8-9: CLI Task Editor



Parameter	Description		
General			
Name	The name of the task. A string of 1 to 128 characters.		
Description	An optional free text field providing a general description of the task. A string of 0 to 128 characters.		
NE Туре	Enables selection of the type of target Network Elements that will participate in the task.		
CLI Protocol			
Protocol	Enables selection of the protocol to be used: Telnet or SSH.		
	The default is Telnet.		
Port	Displays the default port to be used: For Telnet the default is 23. For SSH the default is 22.		
User	The user name for the CLI script. Must be a user that is defined in the target device(s)		
	The default user is admin.		
Password	The password for the CLI script. Must be the password associated with the defined user in the target device(s).		
	The default password is admin123.		

The CLI Task editor comprises the following fields:

The Equipment table includes the following details for each device participating in the task:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the site as configured in the device.
IP Address	The IP address of the device.
Location	The Location associated with the device in the management system

Click **Add** to open the equipment Selector, allowing you to add devices to the Equipment table. Click **Remove** to remove one or several selected devices from the table.

In the **CLI Script** text box, enter the CLI script to be executed on the target device(s). You can use the Browse button to import a pre-prepared script (that may be edited after being imported to the task).



8.7 Mutual Neighboring Task

The Mutual Neighboring Task is not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility.

8.7.1 Introduction

Craft

In a properly configured system, neighboring definition between 2 Base Stations must always be mutual: if BS1 is defined as a neighbor of BS2, then BS2 must be defined as a neighbor of BS1. The Mutual Neighboring Task enables checking consistency of neighboring BSs definition across the entire managed network, reporting all non-mutual neighbors, and optionally fixing neighboring definitions. It also enables updating all relevant neighbor parameters in all or selected BSs. This is a system task that cannot be deleted.

To open the Mutual Neighboring task window, select the task from the list of existing tasks, right-click and select the **Edit** option, or double-click on the entry.

peration Report A	II 🔘 Fix All (Custom				a retrieval 🛛 🗌 Database 🛛 🔘	Device			
Filter		2						R	🔗 Refresh	3
Status A	Operation	First BS ID	Second BS ID	First Location	First Site	First IP	Second Locat	Second Site	Second IP	E
Completed	Report	10.20.30	2.6.35		Don't!! au1	192.168.19		Site 198	192.168.19	
Completed	Report	10.20.30	2.6.25		Don't!! au1	192.168.19		Site 198	192.168.19	đ
Completed	Report	5.6.2	0.131.0			192.168.19		ancaf	192.168.20	1
Failed	Report	10.20.30	1.1.1		Don't!! au1	192.168.19				1
Failed	Report	10.20.30	35.3.6		Don't!! au1	192.168.19		3.0	192.168.19	
Failed	Report	35.3.7	2.22.15		3.0	192.168.19				1
Failed	Report	12.12.13	11.11.11		testservicib	192.168.20		Alpha	192.168.53	
Failed	Report	12.12.12	0.101.0							1
Failed	Report	10.20.30	35.3.7		Don't!! au1	192.168.19		3.0	192.168.19	1

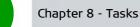
Figure 8-10: Mutual Neighboring Task Window

8.7.2 The Mutual Neighboring Task Window

The task window includes the following components:

Operation





- Data Retrieval
- Results Table
- Custom Operations Menu

8.7.2.1 Operation

The Operation radio buttons enable defining the operation to be executed for the next run of the task, as described below:

Option	Description
Report All	In the next run the task will load all the neighboring definitions from the network (see Data Retrieval below) and check all of them for mutuality. It will report all the results in a tabular view (see "Results Table" - Section 8.7.2.3 below). This is the default mode.
Fix All	In the next run the task will load all the neighboring definitions from the network (see "Data Retrieval" - Section 8.7.2.2 below) and will check all of them for mutuality. If needed, it will try fixing all non-mutual definitions. In addition, it will attempt updating all relevant parameters in all BSs. It will report all the results in a tabular view (see "Results Table" - Section 8.7.2.3 below).
Custom	This mode enables the user to make selective operations per each neighboring definition presented in the Results Table after the last run, using a right click menu over the selected items (see details in "Custom Operations Menu" - Section 8.7.2.4 below).

8.7.2.2 Data Retrieval

The Data Retrieval radio buttons enable defining the data retrieval mode for the next run of the task:

Option	Description
Database	The neighboring definitions will be taken from the Management System's database. This is the default mode.
Device	The neighboring definitions will be taken from the relevant devices.

8.7.2.3 Results Table

After running the task, the results table displays the results of the last run. Each entry represent a neighboring definition and includes the following sortable and filterable parameters:

Parameter	Description
Status	The result of the operation executed in the last run: Completed or Failed.



Parameter	Description	
Operation	The neighboring definition operation: Report, Fix or Delete.	
First BS ID	The BS ID of the first BS in the pair tested for mutuality.	
Second BS ID	The BS ID of the second BS in the pair tested for mutuality.	
First Location	The Location defined in the database for the BTS of the first BS.	
First Site	The Name defined in the database for the BTS of the first BS.	
First IP	The Management IP Address of the BTS of the first BS.	
First Location	The Location defined in the database for the BTS of the second BS.	
First Site	The Name defined in the database for the BTS of the second BS.	
First IP	The Management IP Address of the BTS of the second BS.	

8.7.2.4 Custom Operations Menu

Right-click on selected entries in the Result Table to open the custom operations menu.

Except to Export operation, all the following operations are available only in Custom mode:

Operation	Description
New	Select to add a new Neighboring Definition entry. You will be prompted to specify two BS IDs and a Neighboring Operation between them - Report, Fix or Delete. The new definition will be added to the view, with the chosen Neighboring Operation pending for the next run of the task.
Remove	Select to remove a Neighboring Definition from the view. This will not affect the actual Neighboring Definition in the devices/database. It will only remove the Neighboring Definition from the next run of the task in Custom mode.
Report	Select to report the status of the selected Neighboring Definitions upon the next run of the task in Custom mode.
Fix	Select to fix and/or update relevant parameters in the selected Neighboring Definitions upon the next run of the task in Custom mode
Delete	Select to physically remove the selected Neighboring Definitions from the relevant devices/database upon the next run of the task in Custom mode.
Export	Select to export details of selected entries to CSV file.



Operation	Description
Import	Select to import correct neighbors data from CSV in the following form:
	<first_bs_id>,<second_bs_id>[,<operation>]</operation></second_bs_id></first_bs_id>
	<operation> Field can be Report, Fix or Delete. It can be ignored, in which case Report operation will be used by default.</operation>

8.7.3 The Mutual Neighboring Task Report

Task Report		- 🗆
Mutual Neighboring		Completed with errors
5.6.2 <->	0.131.0 - Report	Completed
	Check 5.6.2 -> 0.131.0	Completed
	Check 0.131.0 -> 5.6.2	Completed
	CHECK 0.131.0 -> 5.0.2	Completed
10.20.30	<-> 35.3.7 - Report	Failed
	Check 10.20.30 -> 35.3.7	Completed
	Check 35.3.7 -> 10.20.30 Failed Get on parameter bsIdIpMappingEntry, instance	Failed e 2294535.660510
10.20.30	<-> 1.1.1 - Report	Failed
Equipment n	ot found	
Filter		>
Save As	t	√ Clos

Figure 8-11: Mutual Neighboring Task Report

The report includes detailed results for all neighboring definitions, including operation (Report, Fix or Delete) and failure reason for failed operations.





8.8 Configuration History Backup and Aging Task

The Configuration History Backup and Aging Task enables limiting the time for maintaining Configuration History data in the database. Configuration History data is kept in the database to support the Configuration History Request and Report feature (see "Configuration History Request and Report" on page 8). This is a system task that cannot be deleted.

To open the FConfiguration History Backup and Aging Task Editor, select the task from the list of existing tasks, right-click and select the **Edit** option, or double-click on the entry.

🕑 Configurat	tion History Aging Task	_ X
Configur	ation History Aging Task	
ŝ.		
_Task Configurat	ion	
Threshold Value		з 🗘
Time Unit	MONTH	~
⑦ ₽ 0	Inactive NeverRun 🗸 OK	X Cancel

Figure 8-12: Configuration History Backup and Aging Task Editor

The Threshold Value parameter sets the maximum time in months to maintain the configuration history data in the database. If when running the task there is configuration history data for which the elapsed time since it was added to the database is higher than this value, this "old" data will be deleted from the database and saved in <NMS>/filesystem/AuditBackup.

The range is from 1 to 6 months. The default is 3 months.



Chapter 9 - The File Manager

In This Chapter:

- "The File Manager" on page 313
- "BTS File Manager" on page 313
- "Offline Configuration File Manager" on page 315

9.1 The File Manager

The File Manager enables viewing details and managing different types of files stored in the database of the management system.



To open the File Manager

- **1** Select Administration > File Manager from the Navigation Pane or menu bar. The File Manager window opens.
- 2 In the View field, use the drop-down menu to select the type of file you want to manage. The contents of the window will change according to the selected type.

The following sections describe the functionality of the following file managers, according to the selected type:

- "BTS File Manager" on page 313
- "Offline Configuration File Manager" on page 315

9.1.1 BTS File Manager

The BTS File Manager enables viewing details of different files that were retrieved from managed devices and are available in the database of the management system. It also enables initiating the Restore Configuration Task (see "Restore Configuration Task" on page 295), exporting files to the client file-system and importing files stored in the client file-system. Files are added to the database by either importing them (see details below) or by retrieving them from the managed devices using an applicable task (Performance Collection or Backup Configuration).

iner MIDSFle 🗴 Fler									
Region	BTS Number	BTS Name	NE Type	Site IP	SW Version	File Name	File Type	Date	Status
	2003	test1	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.3	3.0.10.10	201105150446.xml.gz	4M bisup Crt Cfg	2011-05-19 11:25	Normal
	2003	test1	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.3	3.0.10.10	201105150449.xml.gz	4M bkup Crt Cfg	2011-05-19 11:28	Normal
	2004	testservicibearer	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.4	3.0.10.10	200811240034.xml.gz	4M blup Crt Ofg	2011-05-19 11:43	Normal
	198	Site 198	4M Macro BTS	192.168.198.11	3.0.10.9	200803282227.xml.gz	4M blup Ort Ofg	2011-05-19 11:25	Normal
	2002	ancaf	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.2	3.0.10.9	200611071925.xml.gz	4M bkup Crt Cfg	2011-05-19 11:29	Normal
	2004	testservicibearer	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.4	3.0.10.10	200011162215.xml.gz	4M bisup Crt Cfg	2008-11-16 22:15	Imported
	198	Site 198	4M Macro 8TS	192.168.198.11	3.0.10.9	200803282019.xml.gz	4M bkup Older Cfg	2011-05-19 11:25	Normal
	1989		4M Micro BTS ODU	192.168.198.9	3.0.10.126	202012141109.xml.gz	4M biup Crt Oig	2011-05-19 11:30	Normal
	1989		4M Micro BTS ODU	192.168.198.9	3.0.10.126	202012141133.xml.gz	4M blup Ort Ofg	2011-05-19 11:54	Normal
	198	Site 198	4M Macro BTS	192.168.198.11		201105191126.log.gz	4M bkup Logging	2011-05-19 11:26	Normal
	2003	test1	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.3	3.0.10.10	201105150456.xml.gz	4M bisup Crt Cfg	2011-05-19 11:34	Normal
	2003	test1	4M Macro BTS	192.168.200.3	3.0.10.10	201105150519.xml.gz	4M bitup Crt Cfg	2011-05-19 11:58	Normal

Figure 9-1: BTS File Manager



You can use the Criteria Select Filters for viewing only files that meet one or several selection criteria.

The read-only details of displayed files are:

Parameter	Description
Region	The location associated with the selected equipment in the database of the management system.
BTS Number	The BTS number (Site ID) as configured in the device.
BTS Name	The name of the BTS as configured in the device.
NE Type	The device type.
Site IP	The IP address of the device.
SW Version	The running SW version used by the device when the file was created.
File Name	The name of the file. The name includes the data and time at which the file was created by the source device, using the real time clock of the device. The format is:
	bkupCrtCfg file: <date&time>.xml.gz</date&time>
	bkupOlderCfg file: <date&time>.xml.gz</date&time>
	bkupLogging: <date&time>.log.gz</date&time>
	performance: ptf_ <date&time>.xml.gz Not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility.</date&time>
File Type	The type of file:
	bkupCrtCfg: A configuration backup file, requested for current configuration.
	bkupOlderCfg: A configuration backup file, requested for an older configuration.
	bkupLogging: A logging file.
	performance: A performance collection file. Not applicable to the Local CRAFT Utility.
Date	The date and time at which the file was added to the database of the management system, using the real time clock of the client.
Status	The status of the file: Normal, Orphan (a backup file for a device that was removed from the database or a device for which the BTS Number was changed using the management system), Imported (for an imported file).

Select one or several entries and right-click to view the following file management options:



Parameter	Description
Restore	Applicable only if one configuration file (current or older) is selected. Opens the Restore Task Editor for the selected configuration backup file, enabling to restore the configuration. See "Restore Configuration Task" on page 295.
	The Restore Task Editor can also be opened by double-clicking on the selected configuration file's entry.
Delete	Deletes the selected file(s) from the database.
Export	Exports the selected file(s) to the client file-system. Click to open the Save window, browse to the desired location on the client file-system, and click Save to export the file(s).
Import	Imports a configuration backup file from the client file-system. Click to open the Import Config Backup File window, browse to the location on the client file-system where the file is stored, select the file and click Import .
	NOTE: The Import option is available when right-clicking anywhere in the work area, without the need to select any existing entry.
Mass Configuration	Available only for configuration backup files. Opens the Mass Configuration Wizard for creating Offline Configuration Files ((see "The Mass Configuration Wizard" on page 251) based on the selected file,
Export To Server	Available only for configuration backup and performance files, when selecting files of the same type. Click to export the selected file(s) to the file system in the management system's server.
	Performance files are stored in /filesystem/SitesFiles/Performance/
	Backup files are stored in /filesystem/SitesFiles/FullConfiguration/
	A backup file name will be appended with the BTS Number and IP Address.

9.1.2 Offline Configuration File Manager

The Offline Configuration File Manager enables viewing details of Offline Configuration (Offline Cfg) files that were prepared using the Mass Configuration Wizard (see "The Mass Configuration Wizard" on page 251), and are available in the database of the management system. It also enables initiating the Restore Configuration Task (see "Restore Configuration Task" on page 295), exporting files to the client file-system and importing files stored in the client file-system. Files are added to the database by either importing them (see details below) or when created using the Mass Configuration Wizard.

You can use the Criteria Select Filters for viewing only files that meet one or several selection criteria.

The read-only details of displayed files are:



Parameter	Description
Site IP	The IP address of the device as configured during creation of the file.
BTS Number	The ID number of the device (Site ID) as configured during creation of the file.
NE Туре	The type of product used for preparing the file.
Software Version	The Software Version specified during creation of the file.
File Name	The name of the file that includes the date and time at which the file was created.
Date	The date and time at which the file was added to the database of the management system, using the real time clock of the client.

Select one or several entries and right-click to view the following management options:

Parameter	Description
Restore	Opens the Restore Task Editor for a selected file, enabling to load the file to the target device. See "Restore Configuration Task" on page 295.
	The Restore Task Editor can also be opened by double-clicking on the selected file's entry.
Delete	Deletes the selected file(s) from the database.
Export	Exports the selected file(s) to the client file-system. Click to open the Save window, browse to the desired location on the client file-system, and click Save to export the file(s).
Import	Imports an Offline Configuration file from the client file-system. Click to open the Import Offline Configuration File window, browse to the location on the client file-system where the file is stored, select the file and click Import .
	NOTE: The Import option is available when right-clicking anywhere in the work area, without the need to select any existing entry.

