

AMG-2000 AP Management Gateway

User Manual

V1.01-1027

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1. Before You Start

1.1. Preface

This manual is intended for the system or network administrators with the networking knowledge to complete the step by step instructions of this manual in order to use the AMG-2000 for a better management of network system and user data.

1.2. Document Convention

• For any caution or warning that requires special attention of readers, a highlight box with the eye-catching italic font is used as below:

Warning: For security purposes, you should immediately change the Administrator's password.

Indicates that clicking this button will return to the homepage of this section.

O Indicates that clicking this button will return to the previous page.



Indicates that clicking this button will apply all of your settings.

Indicates that clicking this button will clear what you set before these settings are applied.

2. System Overview

2.1. Introduction

AMG-2000 is a network access controller, dedicatedly designed for small to medium-sized network deployment and management, making it an ideal solution for easily creating and extending WLANs in SMB offices. With its user management features, administrators will be able to manage the whole process of wireless network access. In addition, Access Point (AP) management functions allow administrators to discover, configure, upgrade, and monitor all managed APs from a single secured interface, and from there, gain full control of entire wireless network.

Simplified Deployment and Administration

Ease of integration into existing wireless and wired network No configuration change is required on client devices Customizable login portal page to control the authentication process Ability to manage the entire wireless network from a single point

<u>Comprehensive Security Features</u>

Integrated user authentication based on industry standards Authorized end-to-end communication for both wireless and wired networks Standards-based encryption capabilities ensure data privacy to user's device Protection against DoS attack and unauthorized access points

Effective User Management

Simultaneous support for internal and external user authentication options Policy-based control approach enhances the management of multiple categories of users On-line user list monitors real-time status of each individual user Provides detailed per-user traffic history log for analysis and record keeping

<u>Centralized AP Management</u>

Centralized remote control of managed APs avoids the need to individually configure each device Automatic discovery of APs to identify and enroll managed APs to the device list Remote status monitoring of managed APs and associated client stations ensures efficient network resource utilization

Provides system alarms and statistics reports on managed APs

2.2. System Concept

AMG-2000 is responsible for user authentication, authorization and management. The user account information is stored in the local database or a specified external databases server. The user authentication is processed via the SSL encrypted web interface. This interface is compatible to most desktop devices and palm computers. The following figure is an example of AMG-2000 set to control a part of the company's intranet. The whole managed network includes the cable network users and the wireless network users.



2.3. Specification

2.1.1 Hardware Specification

General

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Form Factor: Mini-desktop Dimensions (W x D x H): 235 mm x 161.9 mm x 37.6 mm Weight: 1Kg Operating Temperature: 0 ~ 40°C Storage Temperature: 20 ~ 70°C Power: 100~240 VAC, 50/60 Hz Ethernet Interfaces: 7 x Fast Ethernet (10/100 Mbps) **Connectors & Display** WAN Ports: 2 x 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX RJ-45 Private Port: 1 x 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX RJ-45 LAN Ports: 4 x 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX RJ-45 Console Port: 1 x RJ-11 LED Indicators: 1 x Power, 1 x Status, 2 x WAN, 1 x Private, 4 x LAN

2.1.2 Technical Specification

Networking

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Supports Router, NAT mode Supports Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE on WAN interface Configurable LAN ports authentication Supports IP Plug and Play (IP PnP) Built-in DHCP server and supports DHCP relay Supports NAT: 1. IP/Port Destination Redirection 2. DMZ Server Mapping 3. Virtual Server Mapping Supports static route Supports SMTP redirection Supports Walled Garden (free surfing zone) Supports MAC Address Pass-Through Supports HTTP Proxy Security Supports data encryption: WEP (64/128-bit), WPA, WPA2

Supports authentication: WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, IEEE 802.1x (EAP-MD5, EAP-TLS, CHAP, PEAP) Supports VPN Pass-through (IPSec and PPTP) Supports DoS attack protection

Supports user Black List

Allows user identity plus MAC address authentication for local accounts

User Management

Supports up to 120 concurrent users

Provides 500 local accounts

Provides 2000 on-demand accounts

Simultaneous support for multiple authentication methods (Local and On-demand accounts, POP3(S),

LDAP, RADIUS, NT Domain)

Role-based and policy-based access control (per-role assignments based on Firewall policies, Routing,

Login Schedule, Bandwidth)

Customizable login and logout portal page

User Session Management:

- 1. SSL protected login portal page
- 2. Supports multiple logins with one single account
- 3. Session idle timer
- 4. Session/account expiration control
- 5. Friendly notification email to provide a hyperlink to login portal page
- 6. Windows domain transparent login
- 7. Configurable login time frame

AP Management

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Supports up to 12 manageable IEEE 802.11 compliant APs Centralized remote management via HTTP/SNMP interface Automatic discovery of managed APs and list of managed APs Allows administrators to add and delete APs from the device list Allows administrators to enable or disable managed APs Provides MAC Access Control List of client stations for each managed AP Locally maintained configuration profiles of managed APs Single UI for upgrading and restoring managed APs' firmware System status monitoring of managed APs and associated client stations Automatic recovery of APs in case of system failure System alarms and status reports on managed APs

Monitoring and Reporting

Status monitoring of on-line users

IP-based monitoring of network devices

WAN connection failure alert

Syslog support for diagnosing and troubleshooting

User traffic history logging

Accounting and Billing

Support for RADIUS accounting, RADIUS VSA (Vendor Specific Attributes) Built-in billing profiles for on-demand accounts Enables session expiration control for on-demand accounts by time (hour) and data volume (MB) Provides billing report on screen for on-demand accounts Detailed per-user traffic history based on time and data volume for both local and on-demand accounts Traffic history report in an automatic email to administrator **System Administration**

Multi-lingual, web-based management UI SSH remote management Remote firmware upgrade NTP time synchronization Backup and restore of system configuration

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3. Base Installation

3.1. Hardware Installation

3.1.1.System Requirements

- Standard 10/100BaseT including five network cables with RJ-45 connectors
- All PCs need to install the TCP/IP network protocol

3.1.2. Package Contents

The standard package of AMG-2000 includes:

- AMG-2000 x 1
- CD-ROM x 1
- Quick Installation Guide x 1
- Power Adaptor (DC 5V) x 1
- Cross Over Ethernet Cable x 1
- Straight-through Ethernet Cable x 1
- Console Cable x 1

Warning: Using a power supply with different voltage rating will damage this product.

3.1.3. Panel Function Descriptions

Front Panel



Rear Panel



3.1.4.Installation Steps

Please follow the following steps to install AMG-2000:



- 1. Connect the DC power adapter to the power connector socket on the rear panel. The Power LED should be on to indicate a proper connection.
- Connect an Ethernet cable to the WAN1 Port on the rear panel. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to ADSL modem, cable modem or a switch/hub of the internal network. The LED of WAN1 Port should be on to indicate a proper connection.
- 3. Connect an Ethernet cable to Private Port on the rear panel. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to a client's PC. The LED of Private Port should be on to indicate a proper connection. (**Note:** No authentication is required for the users to access the network via Private Port and the administrator can enter the web management interface to perform configurations via Private Port.)
- 4. Connect an Ethernet cable to one of the LAN1~LAN4 Port on the rear panel. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to an AP or switch. The LED of the LAN Port should be on to indicate a proper connection. (Note: Authentication is required for the users to access the network via these LAN Ports.)

Attention: Usually a straight-through cable could be applied when the AMG-2000 connects to an Access Point which supports automatic crossover. If after the AP hardware resets, the AMG-2000 could not be able to connect to the AP while connecting with a straight-through cable, the user have to pull out and plug-in the straight-through cable again. This scenario does NOT occur while using a crossover cable.

After the hardware of AMG-2000 is installed completely, the system is ready to be configured in the following sections.

3.2. Software Configuration

3.2.1. Quick Configuration

There are two ways to configure the system: using **Configuration Wizard** or change the setting by demands manually. The Configuration Wizard provides a simple and easy way to guide you through the setup of AMG-2000 (for the AP configuration, you have to set it up in administrator interface). You just need to follow the procedures and instructions given by the Wizard to enter the required information step by step. After saving and restarting AMG-2000, it is ready to use. There will be **6** steps as listed below:

- 1. Change Admin's Password
- 2. Choose System's Time Zone
- 3. Set System Information
- 4. Select the Connection Type for WAN Port
- 5. Set Authentication Methods
- 6. Save and Restart AMG-2000

Please follow the following steps to complete the quick configuration.

Use the network cable of the 10/100BaseT to connect a PC to one of the LAN1~LAN4 port, and then start a browser (such as Microsoft IE or Firefox). Next, enter the gateway IP address as the web management interface's URL, the default is https://192.168.2.254. In the opened webpage, you will see the login screen. Enter *"admin"*, the default username and password, in the User Name and Password column. Click *Enter* to log in.

	English
leve!*	Welcome To Administrator Login Page Please Enter Your User Name and Password To Sign In.
	User Name: Jadmin
O ⊓ E ■ AMG-2000	Password:
AP Management Gateway	ENTER

Caution: If you can't get the login screen, the reasons may be: 1. The PC was set incorrectly so that the PC can't obtain the IP address automatically from the LAN port; 2. The IP address and the default gateway are not under the same network segment. Please use default IP address such as 192.168.2.xx in your network and then try it again. For the PC configuration on PC, please refer to **6. Appendix B – Network Configuration on PC**

AMG-2000 supports three accounts with different access privileges. You can log in as admin, manager or operator.

The default password and access privilege for each account are as follows.

Admin: The administrator can access all area of the AMG-2000.

User Name: admin

Password: admin

Manager: The manager can access the area under **User Authentication** to manage the user account, but no permission to change the settings of the profiles of Firewall, Specific Route and Schedule.

User Name: manager

Password: manager

Operator: The operator can only access the area of **Create On-demand User** to create and print out the new on-demand user accounts.

User Name: operator

Password: operator

2. After successfully logging into AMG-2000, you can enter the web management interface and see the welcome screen. There is a *Logout* button on the upper right corner to log out the system when finished.



3. Then, run the configuration wizard to help you complete the configuration. Click **System Configuration** to the **System Configuration** homepage.

	Bystem Conf	iguration
Configuration Wizard	System com	System Configuration
System Information	Configuration Wizard	This wizard will guide you through basic system setup.
WAII1 Configuration WAII2 & Failover LAIN1-4 Configuration Private LAII Configuration	System Information	Configure system and network related parameters: system name administrator information, SNMP, and time zone. Clients will be directed to URL entered in the 'Home Page' field afte successful login. Administrator may limit remote administration access to a specifi IP address or network segments. When enabled, only devices with such IP address or from this network segment may enter system's administration web interface remotely. Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server setting allows the system to synchronize its time/date with external time server.
	WAN1 Configuration	Configure static IP, DHCP, PPTP or PPPoE client on WAN1 port.
	WAN2 & Failover	Configure static IP, DHCP, on WAN2 port. The "Internet Connection Detection" and "WAN Failover" are also configured here.
	LAN1~4 Configuration	Clients from LAN1~4 port(s) must login before accessing network except those devices listed on the IP/MAC Privilege List. The LAN1~4 operates in NAT mode or Router mode. Available options include DHCP Server and DHCP Relay.
	Private LAN Configuration	Clients from Private LAN port(s) will not be authenticated. The Private LAN operates in NAT mode or Router mode. Available options include DHCP Server and DHCP Relay.

Click the *System Configuration* from the top menu and the homepage of *System Configuration* will appear.
 Then, click on *Configuration Wizard* and click the *Run Wizard* button to start the wizard.

Configuration Wizard	Configuration Wizard
System Information	AMG-2000 is a Network Access Controller with access control features ideal for hotspot,
WAII1 Configuration	small and medium business networking. The wizard will guide you through the process of creating a baseline strategy. Please follow the wizard step by step to configure AMG-2000.
WAN2 & Failover	Run Wizard

5. Configuration Wizard

First of all, you will see a welcome screen to briefly introduce the 6 steps. After a brief overview of the whole process, click *Next* to begin.

	Configuration Wizard
Welcome to	the Setup Wizard. The wizard will guide you through these 6 quick steps. Begin by clicking on Next.
Step 1. Chan	ge Admin's Password
Step 2. Choo	se System's Time Zone
Step 3. Set S	ystem Information
Step 4. Selec	t the Connection Type for WAN Port
Step 5. Set A	uthentication Methods
Step 6. Save	and Restart AMG-2000
	Next Exit

• Step 1. Change Admin's Password

Enter a new password for the admin account and retype it in the verify password field (twenty-character

maximum and no spaces). The field with red star is

necessary to fill in.

•

Click Next to continue.

Click Next to continue.

Step 2. Choose System's Time Zone

Select a proper time zone via the pull-down menu.

Step 1. Cha	nge Admin's Password
	nin's account password by entering in a rd. Click Next to continue.
New Pass Verify Pass	word: ***** *
Back	Next Exit
Step 2. Choo	ose System's Time Zone
Select the appropriate ti	ime zone for the system. Click Next to continue.
(GMT+08:00)Taipei	
Back	Next Exit
	t System Information mation. Click Next to continue.
Home Page:	http://global.level1.com/
2466776517827878	(e.g. http://global.level1.com/)
NTP Server:	tock.usno.navy.mil * (e.g. tock.usno.navy.mil)
DNS Server:	168.95.1.1 *
Back	Next Exit
Back	Next Exit
Back	Next Exit
	Next Exit
Step 4. Select the C	
Step 4. Select the C	Connection Type for WAN Port

Step 3. Set System Information

Home Page: Enter the URL that users should be directed to when successfully authenticated or use the default. NTP Server: Enter the IP address or domain name of external time server for AMG-2000 time synchronization of use the default.

DNS Server: Enter an IP address of DNS Server. Contact your network administrator if you are not sure of the DNS IP Address.

Click *Next* to continue.

Select the connection type	e for WAN port. Click Next to continue.
C Static IP Address	Choose it to set static IP address.
C Dynamic IP Address	Choose it to obtain an IP address automatically. (For most cable modem users.)
C PPPoE Client	Choose it to set the PPPoE Client's Username and Password. (For most DSL users.)

• Step 4. Select the Connection Type for WAN Port

There are three types for WAN1 port to select in wizard: Static IP Address, Dynamic IP Address and PPPoE Client.

Select a proper Internet connection type and click Next to continue.

Dynamic IP Address \geq

If this option is selected, AMG-2000 will obtain IP settings from external DHCP server on network connected by WAN1 automatically. Click Next to continue.

Static IP Address: Set WAN Port's Static IP ≻ Step 4 (Cont). Set WAN Port's Static IP Address Address Click Next to continue. Enter the "IP Address", "Subnet Mask" and "Default Gateway" provided by your ISP or network IP Address: administrator. Subnet Mask: Click Next to continue. Default Gateway:

> PPPoE Client: Set PPPoE Client's Information Enter the "Username" and "Password" provided by your ISP.

Click Next to continue.

Step 4 (Cont). Set PPPoE C	lient's Information
Choose it to set the PPPoE Client's Use most DSL user	
Username:	×
Password:	۰.
Back Next	Exit

Next

Step 5. Set Authentication Methods

Set the user's information in advance. Enter an easily identified name as the postfix name in the Postfix field (e.g. Local), select a policy to assign to (you can configure the policy routes, firewall rules and login schedule for each policy later, for now just use the default), and choose an authentication method. Click Next to continue. Different information has to be provided for each kind of authentication method:



> Local User: Add User

A new user can be added to the local user data base. To add a user here, enter the Username (e.g. test), Password (e.g. test), MAC (optional, to specify the valid MAC address of this user) and assign it a policy (or use the default). Click the ADD button to add the user. You can add multiple users in this page.

Attention: The policy selected in this step is applied to this user only. Per-user policy setting takes over the group policy setting at precious step unless you select None here. Click Next to continue.

POP3 User: POP3 ≻

Enter IP/Domain Name and server port of the POP3 server provided by your ISP, and then choose enable SSL or not. Click Next to continue.

Step 5 (Cont), POP3

\geq **RADIUS User: RADIUS**

Enter RADIUS server IP/Domain Name, authentication port, accounting port and secret key. Then choose to enable accounting service or not, and choose the desired authentication method. Click Next to continue.

Step 5 (Cont). Add User

Click "ADD" button to add Local User. Click Next to continue.

Username:	
Password:	
MAC:	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Policy None	
Add	
Back Next	Exit

POP3 Server:		* (Domain Name/IP)
Server Port:	* (Default: 11)	סן
Enable SSL		

Configure RADIUS Server information. Click Next to continue. RADIUS Server: *(Domain Name/IP) Authentication Port: *(Default: 1812) Accounting Port: *(Default: 1813) Secret Key: Disabled 💌 🔹 Accounting Service PAP 🔹 Authentication Method

Step 5 (Cont). RADIUS

LDAP User: LDAP

You can configure external LDAP user data base here. Enter the "LDAP Server", "Server Port", "Base DN" and "Account Attribute". Click Next to continue.



> NT Domain User: NT Domain

When NT Domain is selected, enter the information for "**Server IP Address**", and enable/disable "**Transparent Login**" (used to login AMG-2000 automatically when login to NT domain. This option normally requires extra configuration to work, we suggest you NOT to enable it at initial configuration). Click **Next** to continue.

Step 5 (Cont). NT Domain	
Configure NT Domain Server information. Click N	lext to continue.
Server IP Address: 🗌 🗌 Transparent Login 🗖	*
Back Next	Exit

Step 6. Save and Restart AMG-2000 Click *Restart* to save the current settings and restart AMG-2000. The Setup Wizard is now completed.



• Setup Wizard.

During AMG-2000 restart, a "**Restarting now. Please wait for a while.**" message will appear on the screen. Please do not interrupt AMG-2000 until the message has disappeared. This indicates that a complete and successful restart process has finished. Setup Wizard Restarting now. Please wait for a moment...

Caution: During every step of the wizard, if you wish to go back to modify the settings, please click the **Back** button to go back to the previous step.

3.2.2. User Login Portal Page

To login from the login portal page via the LAN1~LAN4 port, the user have to be identified the user name and password. The administrator also can verify the correctness of the configuration steps of AMG-2000.

- First, connect a user-end device (for example, a PC) to one of the LAN1~LAN4 port of the AMG-2000, and set the device to obtain IP address automatically. After the user end obtains the IP address, please open an Internet browser and the default user login webpage will appear on the Internet browser. Type in user information of a valid user account. Assumes local user database is chosen in the configuration wizard, key in the username and password created and then click *Submit* button (e.g. *test@Local* for the username and *test* for the password).
- Login success page appearing means AMG-2000 has been installed and configured successfully. Now, you can browse the network or surf the Internet!
- User Login Page Welcome To User Login Page! Please Enter Your User Name and Password To Sign In . User Name: test@Local Password: •••• Submit Clear (Remaining)

0	Hello, test@Local
	J
Please close t	his window or click this button to
	Thank you.
Login t	ime: 2006-10-12 12:8:6

 But if you see the following screen with a sentence,
 "Sorry, this feature is available for on-demand user only", it means you click the "Remaining" button by mistake. This button is only for on-demand users and if you are not an on-demand user, please just click the Submit button.



If you are an on-demand user, you can enter the username and password in the "User Login Page" and then click the *Remaining* button to know the remaining time or data quota of the account.

Welcon	ne To User Login Page!
Please Enter Your Us	ser Name and Password To Sign
•	
User Name:	K43K@ondemand
a Password:	•••••
a Password:	•••••

5. When an on-demand user logs in successfully, the following Login Successfully screen will appear and it is a little different from the normal user's login successfully screen. There is an extra line showing "Remaining usage" and a "Redeem" button.



- Remaining usage: Show the remaining time or data volume that the on-demand user can used to surf Internet.
- Redeem: When the remaining time or data size is insufficient, the user can buy additional account from the counter and add the quota to the current account. After clicking the *Redeem* button, you will see the following screen.
 Please enter the new username and password you got and click *Enter* button. Then you will

Redeem Page
Welcome To Redeem Page!
Please Enter Your User Name and Password To Sign In .
🕹 User Name:
Password:
J ENTER J Clear

see the total available use time and data size after adding credit.

4. Web Interface Configuration

This chapter will guide you through further detailed settings. The following table is the UI and functions of the AMG-2000.

OPTION	System	User	AP	Network	Utilities	Status
OPTION	Configuration	Authentication	Management	Configuration	Offittes	Status
	Configuration Wizard	Authentication Configuration	AP List	Network Address Translation	Change Password	System Status
	System Information	Black List Configuration	AP Discovery	Privilege List Backup/Restore Settings		Interface Status
	WAN1 Configuration	Policy Configuration	Manual Configuration	Monitor IP List	Firmware Upgrade	Current Users
FUNCTION	WAN2 & Failover	Additional Configuration	Template Settings	Walled Garden List	Restart	Traffic History
	LAN1~4		Firmware	Proxy Server		Notification
	Configuration		Management	Properties		Configuration
	Private LAN Configuration		AP Upgrade	Dynamic DNS		
				IP Mobility		

Caution: After finishing the configuration of the settings, please click *Apply* and pay attention to see if a restart message appears on the screen. If such message appears, system must be restarted to allow the settings to take effect. All on-line users will be disconnected during restart.

4.1. System Configuration

This section includes the following functions: Configuration Wizard, System Information, WAN1 Configuration, WAN2 & Failover, LAN1~4 Configuration and Private LAN Configuration.

	Bystem Cont	figuration				
Configuration Wizard		System Configuration				
System Information	Configuration Wizard	This wizard will guide you through basic system setup.				
WAIH Configuration WAII2 & Failover LAIM-4 Configuration Private LAII Configuration	System Information	Configure system and network related parameters: system nam administrator information, SNMP, and time zone. Clients will be directed to URL entered in the 'Home Page' field aft successful login. Administrator may limit remote administration access to a speci IP address or network segments. When enabled, only devices wi such IP address or from this network segment may enter system administration web interface remotely. Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server setting allows the system synchronize its time/date with external time server.				
	WAN1 Configuration	Configure static IP, DHCP, PPTP or PPPoE client on WAN1 port.				
	WAN2 & Failover	Configure static IP, DHCP, on WAN2 port. The "Internet Connection Detection" and "WAN Failover" are also configured here.				
	LAN1~4 Configuration	Clients from LAN1~4 port(s) must login before accessing network except those devices listed on the IP/MAC Privilege List. The LAN1~4 operates in NAT mode or Router mode. Available options include DHCP Server and DHCP Relay.				
	Private LAN Configuration	Clients from Private LAN port(s) will not be authenticated. The Private LAN operates in NAT mode or Router mode. Available options include DHCP Server and DHCP Relay.				

4.1.1.Configuration Wizard

Please refer to 3.2.2 User Login Portal Page for the detail description of Configuration Wizard.



4.1.2.System Information

Most of the major system information about AMG-2000 can be set here. Please refer to the following description for each field:

	System Information				
System Name	AP Management Gateway				
Device Name	(FQDN for this device)				
Home Page	Enabled Disabled http://www.level1.com/ *				
Access History IP	(e.g. http://www.level1.com/) (e.g. 192.168.2.1)				
Remote Manage IP	(e.g. 192.168.3.1 or 192.168.3.0/24)				
SNMP	◯ Enabled ⊙ Disabled				
User Logon SSL	💿 Enabled 🔘 Disabled				
Time	Device Time : 2006/10/12 14:21:35 Time Zone : (GMT+08:00)Taipei NTP Enable NTP Server 1: tock.usno.navy.mil *(e.g. tock.usno.navy.mil) NTP Server 2: ntp1.fau.de NTP Server 3: clock.cuhk.edu.hk NTP Server 4: ntps1.pads.ufrj.br NTP Server 5: ntp1.cs.mu.OZ.AU Set Device Date and Time				

- System Name: Set the system's name or use the default.
- Device Name: FQDN (Fully-Qualified Domain Name). This is the domain name of the AMG-2000 as seen on client machines connected on LAN ports. A user on client machine can use this name to access AMG-2000 instead of its IP address.
- Home Page: Enter the website of a Web Server to be the homepage. When users log in successfully, they will be directed to the homepage set. Usually, the homepage is set to the company's website, such as http://www.leve1.com. If the home page function is disabled, the user will be directed to the URL she/he tries to connect originally.
- Access History IP: Specify an IP address of the administrator's computer or a billing system to get billing history information of AMG-2000 with the predefined URLs as the following: Traffic History : <u>https://10.2.3.213/status/history/2005-02-17</u>

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ddress 4	https://1	0.2.3.213/statu	s/history/200	05-02-17						💌 🔁 Go	Links
#Date 2005-02	TYPE -17 18:0	Name 09:03 +0800	IP LOGIN			In Packets Out 00:0C:F1:28:BF:D8		0	0		

On-demand History : https://10.2.3.213/status/ondemand_history/2005-02-17

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ddress 🙋 https://10.2.3.213/statu:	s/ondemand_history/2005-02-17			💌 🛃 Go	Links *
#Date System Name	Type Name IP	MAC Packets In	Bytes In Packets Out Byt	es OutExpiretime	Valid
2005-02-17 16:44:19 +0800	QA-W1300-Casper-213	Create_OD_User N7E9	0.0.0.0 00:00:00:00:00:00 0	0 0	0
2005-02-17 16:44:57 +0800	QA-W1300-Casper-213	OD_User_Login N7E9	192.168.30.189 00:0C:F1:28:1	3F:D8 0 0	
2005-02-17 16:45:22 +0800	QA-W1300-Casper-213	OD_User_Logout N7E9	192.168.30.189 00:0C:F1:28:	3F:D8 32 14499	30

- Remote Manage IP: Set the IP range which is able to connect to the web management interface via WAN port. For example, 10.2.3.0/24 means that as long as you are within the IP address range of 10.2.3.0/24, you can reach the administration page of AMG-2000. If the IP range bit number is omitted, 32 is used which specify a single IP address.
- **SNMP:** AMG-2000 supports SNMPv2. If the function is enabled, you can assign the Manager IP address and the SNMP community name used to access the management information base (MIB) of the system. However, for the external system, SNMP is a read-only function.
- User Logon SSL: Enable to activate https (encryption) or disable to activate http (non encryption) login page.
- Time: AMG-2000 supports NTP communication protocol to synchronize the system time with remote time server. Please specify the local time zone and IP address of at least one server in the system configuration interface for adjusting the time automatically. (Universal Time is Greenwich Mean Time, GMT). You can also set the time manually when you select "Set Device Date and Time (GMT)". Please enter the date and time for the corresponding fields.



4.1.3.WAN1 Configuration

There are 4 connection types for the WAN1 Port: Static IP Address, Dynamic IP Address, PPPoE and PPTP Client.

	WAN1 Configuration		
	 Static IP Address 		
	IP Address:	10.2.3.197	*
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	*
	Default Gateway:	10.2.3.254	*
WAN1 Port	Preferred DNS Server:	168.95.1.1	*
	Alternate DNS Server:		
	C Dynamic IP Address		
	C PPPoE Client		
	C PPTP Client		

• Static IP Address: Manually specifying the IP address of the WAN1 port. The red asterisk marks indicate required fields and have to be filled.

IP address: the IP address of the WAN1 port.

Subnet Mask: the subnet mask of the network WAN1 port connects to.

Default Gateway: a gateway of the network WAN1 port connects to.

Preferred DNS Server: The primary DNS server is used by the system.

Alternate DNS Server: The substitute DNS server is used by the system. This is an optional field.

• **Dynamic IP address:** It is only applicable for the network environment where a DHCP server is available. Click the *Renew* button to get an IP address.

	WAN1 Configuration	
WAN1 Port	 Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address Renew PPPoE Client PPTP Client 	

• **PPPoE Client:** When selecting PPPoE to connect to the network, please set the "**User Name**", "**Password**", "**MTU**" and "**CLAMPMSS**". There is a **Dial on demand** function under PPPoE. If this function is enabled, you can set a **Maximum Idle Time**. When the idle time is reached, the system will automatically disconnect itself.

	WAN1 Config	uration
WAN1 Port	C Static IP Address C Dynamic IP Address PPPoE Client Username: Password: MTU: CLAMPMSS: Maximum Idle Time: Dial on Demand:	×

PPTP Client: Set WAN1 port to connect to external PPTP server to establish PPTP VPN tunnel. You can select Static to specify the IP address of the PPTP Client manually or select DHCP to get the IP address automatically. The fields with red mark are required. Please fill in these fields. There is a Dial on demand function under PPTP. If this function is enabled, you can set a Maximum Idle Time. When the idle time is reached, the system will automatically disconnect itself.

	WAN1 Configurati	on
	 Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address PPPoE Client PPTP Client Type Static DHCF 	
	IP Address:	*
	Subnet Mask:	*
	Default Gateway:	*
WAN1 Port	Preferred DNS Server:	*
	Alternate DNS Server:	
	PPTP Server IP:	*
	Username:	*
	Password:	*
	PPTP Connection ID/Nam	ne:
	Maximum Idle Time:	minutes
	Dial on Demand:	💿 Enabled 🔘 Disabled

	WAN1 Configuration	
WAN1 Port	 Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address PPPoE Client PPTP Client Type O Static O DHC PPTP Server IP: Username: Password: PPTP Connection ID/Name: Maximum Idle Time: 	
	Dial on Demand	 Enabled C Disabled

4.1.4.WAN2 & Failover

Except select **None** to disable this function, there are 2 connection types for the WAN2 port: **Static IP Address** and **Dynamic IP Address**. And you can enter up to three URLs and check "**Warning of Internet Disconnection**" to work with the WAN **Failover** function. When **Warning of Internet Disconnection** is enabled, the system will check the three URLs to detect the WAN ports connection status.

• None: The WAN2 Port is disabled. You can still enter up to three URLs and check "Warning of Internet Disconnection" to detect the WAN1 port connection status.

WAN2 & Failover		
WAN2 Port	 None Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address 	
Failover	Probe Target URL1: http:// www.google.com URL2: http:// URL3: http:// Warning of Internet Disconnection When Internet Connection is down, the system will display the warning messages as: Sorry! The service is temporarily unavailable. *	

Static IP Address: Specify the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Preferred DNS Server, and Default Gateway of WAN2
Port, which should be applicable for the network environment. You can enter up to three URLs and check
"Warning of Internet Disconnection" to work with the WAN Failover function.

	WAN2 & Failover
	 None Static IP Address IP Address:
WAN2 Port	Subnet Mask: *
	Default Gateway: * Preferred DNS Server: *
	Alternate DNS Server:
	Probe Target URL1: http://
Failover	URL2: http://
	WAN Failover Warning of Internet Disconnection

If **WAN Failover** function is enabled, when WAN1 connection fails, the traffic will be routed to WAN2 automatically. If **Failback to WAN1 when possible** function is enabled, when WAN1 connection is recovered, the routed traffic will be back to WAN1.

	Probe Target
	URL1: http:// www.google.com
	URL2: http://
Failover	URL3: http://
	VWAN Failover
	Fallback to WAN1 when possible
	Warning of Internet Disconnection

 Dynamic IP Address: Select this when WAN2 Port can obtain IP address automatically, such as a DHCP Server available from WAN2 Port. You can enter up to three URLs and check "Warning of Internet Disconnection" to work with the WAN Failover function.

WAN2 & Failover		
WAN2 Port	 None Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address Renew 	
Failover	Probe Target URL1: http:// URL2: http:// URL3: http:// WAN Failover Warning of Internet Disconnection	

For Dynamic IP Address, **WAN Failover** and **Fallback to WAN1 when possible** also can be enabled like as the function for **Static IP Address**.

WAN2 & Failover		
WAN2 Port	 None Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address Renew 	
Failover	Probe Target URL1: http:// www.google.com URL2: http:// URL3: http:// ✓ WAN Failover ✓ Fallback to WAN1 when possible ✓ Warning of Internet Disconnection	

4.1.5.LAN1~4 Configuration

Clients access the network through LAN1~4 ports must log in for authentication first. In this section, you can set the related configuration for LAN1~4 ports and DHCP server.

LAN1~4 Configuration			
	Operation Mode	NAT 💌	
LAN1~4	IP Address:	192.168.1.254 *	
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 *	
	Disable DHCP Server		
DHCP Server Configuration	C Enable DHCP Server		
	C Enable DHCF	? Relay	

• LAN1~4

LAN1~4 Configuration		
	Operation Mode	NAT 💌
LAN1~4	IP Address:	192.168.1.254 *
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 *

Operation Mode: Choose one of the two modes, NAT mode and Router mode, by the requirements.

IP Address: Enter the desired IP address for the LAN1~LAN4 port.

Subnet Mask: Enter the desired subnet mask for the LAN1~LAN4 port.

DHCP Server Configuration

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There are three methods to set the DHCP server: **Disable DHCP Server**, **Enable DHCP Server** and **Enable DHCP Relay**.

1. **Disable DHCP Server:** Disable DHCP Server function.

DHCP Server Configuration	 Disable DHCP Server Enable DHCP Server Enable DHCP Relay 	
------------------------------	--	--

2. Enable DHCP Server: Choose "Enable DHCP Sever" function and set the appropriate configuration for the DHCP server. The fields with red asterisk are required. Please fill in these fields.

	 C Disable DHCP Server Enable DHCP Server DHCP Scope 		
	Start IP Address:	192.168.1.1	*
	End IP Address:	192.168.1.100	*
DHCP Server	Preferred DNS Server:	168.95.1.1	*
Configuration	Alternate DNS Server:		
	Domain Name:	Level1.com	*
	WINS Server IP:		
	Lease Time	1 Day 💌	
	Reserved IP Address List		
	C Enable DHCP Relay		

DHCP Scope: Enter the "**Start IP Address**" and the "**End IP Address**" of this DHCP block. These fields define the IP address range that will be assigned to the Public LAN clients.

Preferred DNS Server: The primary DNS server for the DHCP.

Alternate DNS Server: The substitute DNS server for the DHCP.

Domain Name: Enter the domain name.

WINS Server IP: Enter the IP address of WINS server.

Lease Time: Choose the time to change the DHCP.

Reserved IP Address List: For reserved IP address settings in detail, please click the hyperlink of *Reserved IP Address*. If you want to use the **Reserved IP Address List** function, click on the **Reserved IP Address List** on the management interface. Then, the setup of the Reserved IP Address List as shown in the following figure will appear. Enter the related Reserved IP Address, MAC, and some description (not compulsory). When finished, click *Apply* to complete the setup.

Reserved IP Address List - LAN1~4			
ltem	Reserved IP Address	MAC	Description
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
(Total:40) <u>First Prev Next Last</u>			

3. Enable DHCP Relay: If you want to enable this function, you must specify other DHCP Server IP address. See the following figure.

DHCP Server	 Disable DHCP Server Enable DHCP Server 	
Configuration	Enable DHCP Relay	
	DHCP Server IP	*

4.1.6. Private LAN Configuration

To access the network through the private LAN port doesn't have to authenticate before logging in. In this section, you can set the related configuration for the private LAN port and DHCP server.

	Private LA	N Configuration	
Private LAN	Operation Mode	NAT	
	IP Address:	192.168.2.254 *	
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 *	
DHCP Server Configuration	Disable DHCP Server		
	C Enable DHCP Server		
	C Enable DHCP Relay		

Private LAN

Private LAN Configuration		
	Operation Mode	NAT
Private LAN	IP Address:	192.168.2.254 *
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 *

Operation Mode: Choose one of the two modes, NAT mode and Router mode, by the requirements.

IP Address: Enter the desired IP address for the private port.

Subnet Mask: Enter the desired subnet mask for the private port.

• DHCP Server Configuration

There are three methods to set the DHCP server: **Disable DHCP Server**, **Enable DHCP Server** and **Enable DHCP Relay**.

1. Disable DHCP Server: Disable DHCP Server function.

DHCP Server	 Disable DHCP Server Enable DHCP Server
Configuration	C Enable DHCP Relay

2. Enable DHCP Server: Choose "Enable DHCP Sever" function and set the appropriate configuration for the DHCP server. The fields with red asterisk are required. Please fill in these fields.

DHCP Server	 C Disable DHCP Server C Enable DHCP Server DHCP Scope 		
	Start IP Address:	192.168.2.1	*
	End IP Address:	192.168.2.100	*
	Preferred DNS Server:	168.95.1.1	*
Configuration	Alternate DNS Server:		
	Domain Name:	Level1.com	*
	WINS Server IP:		
	Lease Time	1 Day 💌	
	Reserved IP Address List		
	C Enable DHCP Relay		

DHCP Scope: Enter the "**Start IP Address**" and the "**End IP Address**" of this DHCP block. These fields define the IP address range that will be assigned to the Private LAN clients.

Preferred DNS Server: The primary DNS server for the DHCP.

Alternate DNS Server: The substitute DNS server for the DHCP.

Domain Name: Enter the domain name.

WINS Server IP: Enter the IP address of WINS server.

Lease Time: Choose the time to change the DHCP.

Reserved IP Address List: For reserved IP address settings in detail, please click the hyperlink of *Reserved IP Address*. If you want to use the **Reserved IP Address List** function, click on the **Reserved IP Address List** on the management interface. Then, the setup of the Reserved IP Address List as shown in the following figure will appear. Enter the related Reserved IP Address, MAC, and some description (not compulsory). When finished, click *Apply* to complete the setup.

	Reserved IP Ad	dress List - Private LAN	
ltem	Reserved IP Address	MAC	Description
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
(Total:40) <u>First Prev Next Last</u>			

3. **Enable DHCP Relay:** If you want to enable this function, you must specify other DHCP Server IP address. See the following figure.

1200220200000	C Disable DHCP Server C Enable DHCP Server	
DHCP Server Configuration	• Enable DHCP Relay	
	DHCP Server IP	*
4.2. User Authentication

This section includes the following functions: Authentication Configuration, Black List Configuration, Policy Configuration and Additional Configuration.

	B User Authenti	cation
Authentication Configuration		User Authentication
Black List Configuration Policy Configuration Additional Configuration	Authentication Configuration	System provides 3 authentication servers. Each server allows only one type of authentication method and one Black List Profile. Ar authentication policy may be assigned to any policy. System supports the following external authentication servers: POP3(S) RADIUS, LDAP and NT Domain. System also has embedded user database storing 2500 use accounts for local user group (500) and On-demand user group (2000). System may print out On-demand user accounts information using an external printer. By default, the On-demand user database is empty.
	Black List Configuration	System supports 5 Black List profiles for used within the authentication server. On-demand users are NOT bounded by the Black List.
	Policy Configuration	System provides 8 policies, each policy can apply independen firewall profile, specific route profile, login schedule profile and bandwidth policy.
	Additional Configuration	Users will be logged out automatically after being idle for a specified period of time. Multiple login of the same user account could be enabled or disabled (not available to On-demand users) System provides Friendly Logout options, Login Page and Logout Page customization, and login notification email to client. When MAC Access Control is enabled, system will only provide login page to those devices listed.

4.2.1. Authentication Configuration

This function is to configure the settings for authentication server and on-demand user authentication. The system provides 3 servers and one on-demand server that the administrator can apply with different policy. Click on the server name to set the related configurations for that particular server. After completing and clicking *Apply* to save the settings, you can go back to the previous page to choose a server to be the default server and enable or disable any server on the list. Users can log into the default server without the postfix to allow faster login process.

Authentication Server Configuration					
Server Name	Auth Method	Postfix	Policy	Default	Enabled
Server 1	LOCAL	Postfix1	Policy 1	0	
Server 2	LOCAL	Postfix2	Policy 1	0	
Server 3	LOCAL	Postfix3	Policy 1	0	
On-demand User	ONDEMAND	ondemand	Policy 1	۲	✓

 Server 1~3: There are 5 kinds of authentication methods, Local User, POP3, RADIUS, LDAP and NT Domain to setup from.

А	Authentication Server - Server 1			
Server Name	Server 1	*(Its server name)		
Server Status	Enabled			
Postfix	Postfix1	*(Its postfix name)		
Black List	None 🖌			
Authentication Method	Local User 🐱	Local User Setting		
Policy	Policy 1 💌			

Server Name: Set a name for the server using numbers (0 to 9), alphabets (a to z or A to Z), dash (-),

underline (_) and dot (.) with a maximum of 40 characters, all other letters are not allowed.

Sever Status: The status shows that the server is enabled or disabled.

Postfix: Set a postfix that is easy to distinguish (e.g. Local) for the server using numbers (0 to 9), alphabets (a to z or A to Z), dash (-), underline (_) and dot (.) with a maximum of 40 characters, all other letters are not allowed.

Black List: There are 5 sets of black lists. You can select one of them or choose "None". Please refer to 4.2.2 Black List Configuration for more information.

Authentication Method: There are 5 authentication methods, Local, POP3, Radius, LDAP and NTDomain to configure from. Select the desired method and then click the link besides the pull-down menu for more advanced configuration. For more details, please refer to **4.2.1 Authentication Configuration**.

Notice: Enabling two or more servers of the same authentication method is not allowed.

Policy: There are 8 policies to choose from to apply to this particular server.

On-demand User: This is for the customer's need in a store environment. When the customers need to use wireless Internet in the store, they have to get a printed receipt with username and password from the store to log in the system for wireless access. There are 2000 On-demand User accounts available.

On-d	On-demand User Server Configuration			
Server Status	Enabled			
Postfix	ondemand *(e.g. odemand, Max: 40 char)			
Receipt Header 1	Welcome! (e.g. Welcome!)			
Receipt Header 2				
Receipt Footer	Thank You! (e.g. Thank You!)			
Monetary Unit	 o none ○ \$ USD ○ £ GBP ○ € EUR (Input other desired monetary unit, e.g. AU) 			
Policy Name	Policy 1 💌			
WLAN ESSID	apmgt (e.g. odemand)			
Wireless Key				
Remark	(for customer)			
Billing Notice Interval	⊙ 10mins ◯ 15mins ◯ 20mins			
Users List Billing Confi	guration Create On-demand User Billing Report			

Server Status: The status shows that the server is enabled or disabled.

Postfix: Set a postfix that is easy to distinguish (e.g. Local) for the server using numbers (0 to 9), alphabets (a to z or A to Z), dash (-), underline (_) and dot (.) with a maximum of 40 characters, all other letters are not allowed.

Receipt Header: There are two fields, **Receipt Header 1** and **Receipt Header 2**, for the receipt's header. Enter your own receipt header message or use the default.

Receipt Footer: Enter your own receipt footer message here or use the default.

Monetary Unit: Select or enter the desired monetary unit for your region.

Policy Name: Select a policy for the on-demand user.

WLAN ESSID: Enter the ESSID of the AP.

Wireless Key: Enter the wireless key of the AP.

Remark: Enter any additional information that will appear at the bottom of the receipt.

Billing Notice Interval: While a volume type on-demand user is still logged in, the system will update the billing notice of the login successful page by the time interval defined here.

Users List: Click to enter the On-demand Users List screen. In the On-demand Users List, detailed information will be documented here. By default, the On-demand user database is empty.

					Searc
	_	On-deman	d Users List		
Username	Password	Remain Time/Volume	Status	Expire Time	Delete All
DH3P	ER4S43FE	2 hour	2 hour	2005/06/02- 17:23:39	<u>Delete</u>
97UU	V7823947	2 hour	2 hour	2005/06/05- 11:45:26	Delete

- Search: Enter a keyword of a username that you wish to search in the text filed and click this button to perform the search. All usernames matching the keyword will be listed.
- Username: The login name of the on-demand user.
- **Password:** The login password of the on-demand user. \geq
- > Remain Time/Volume: The total time/Volume that the user can use currently.
- Status: The status of the account. Normal indicates that the account is not in-use and not overdue. Online \geq indicates that the account is in-use and not overdue. Expire indicates that the account is overdue and cannot be used.
- **Expire Time:** The expiration time of the account.
- > Delete All: This will delete all the users at once.
- Delete: This will delete the users individually.

Billing Configuration: Click this to enter the Billing Configuration page. In the Billing Configuration screen, Administrator may configure up to 10 billing plans.

			Billing	Configu	ation			
Plan	Status	T	уре		Expi	red info	Valid Duration	Price
		C Volume	999	Mbyte	999	days		1
1	Enabled C Disabled	C Tool	999	hours			999 days	0
	Disabled	 Time 	59	mins	999	hours		
	C Enabled	C Volume	Ţ.	Mbyte		days		
2	 Enabled Disabled 	C Time		hours		-	days	
		*~_1iine	1	mins	-	hours		
	C Enabled	C Volume	Γ	Mbyte		days		
3	 Enabled Disabled 	C Time		hours		-	days	
_		~ 1006		mins	1	hours		
	C Enabled	C Volume		Mbyte		days		-
4	 Enabled Disabled 	C Time		hours		-	days	
		~ 1008		mins	<u></u>	hours		

> Status: Select to enable or disable this billing rule.

- Type: Set the billing rule by "Volume" (the maximum volume allowed is 9999999 Mbyte) or "Time" (the maximum time allowed is 999 hours and 59 minutes).
- Expired Info: This is the duration of time that the user needs to activate the account after the generation of the account. If the account is not activated during this duration, the account will self-expire.
- Valid Duration: This is the duration of time that the user can use the account after the activation of the account. After this duration, the account will self-expires.
- > **Price:** The price charged for this billing plan.

Create On-demand User: Click this to enter the Create On-demand User page.

Create On-demand User					
Plan	Туре	Price	Status	Function	
1	2 hrs 0 mins	20	Enabled	Create	
2	8 hrs 0 mins	80	Enabled	Create	
3	40 hrs 0 mins	200	Enabled	Create	
4	9999999 Mbyte	9999999	Enabled	Create	
5	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Create	
6	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Create	

Pressing the *Create* button for the desired plan, an On-demand user will be created, then click *Printout* to print a receipt which will contain this on-demand user's information. There are 2000 On-demand user accounts available.

Username	788X@ondemand
Passward	SF6W2HKK
Price	20
Usage	2 hrs 0 mins
ESSID :	
Share WEP Keys:	
/aild to use until: 2007/01/08 14:22:3	0
Thar	nk You!

Billing Report: Click this to enter the On-demand users Summary report page. In On-demand users Summary report page, Administrator can get a complete report or a report of a particular period.

Report All		
From year:	💌 month: 💌 day: 💌	
To year:	💌 month: 💌 day: 💌 Search	

Report All: Click this to get a complete report including all the on-demand records. This report shows the total expenses and individual accounting of each plan for all plans available.

Report All	
Accounts sold in total	2
Plan1	2
Plan2	0
Plan3	0
Plan4	0
Plan5	0
Plan6	0
Plan7	0
Plan8	0
Plan9	0
Plan10	0
Total income	40
Income from tickets sold for time users	40
Income from tickets sold for volume users	0

Search: Select a time period to get a period report. The report tells the total expenses and individual accounting of each plan for all plans available for that period of time.

Report from 2005/06/25 ~ 2005/06/2	28
Accounts sold in total	2
Plan1	2
Plan2	0
Plan3	0
Plan4	0
Plan5	0
Plan6	0
Plan7	0
Plan8	0
Plan9	0
Plan10	0
Total income	40
Income from tickets sold for time users	40
Income from tickets sold for volume users	0

• Authentication Method – Local User Setting

Choose "Local User" in the Authentication Method field, the hyperlink besides the pull-down menu will become "Local User Setting".

А	Authentication Server - Server 1			
Server Name	Server 1 F(Its server name)			
Server Status	Enabled			
Postfix	Postfix1 "(Its postfix name)			
Black List	None 🖌			
Authentication Method	Local User 💌 Local User Setting			
Policy	Local User POP3 Radius			
(J	LDAP Ap NTDomain K Clear			

Click the hyperlink to get in for further configuration.

Local User Setting		
Edit Local User List		
Radius Roaming Out	O Enable 💿 Disable	
802.1x Authentication	O Enable 💿 Disable	

Edit Local User List: Click this to enter the "Local User List" screen and click the individual Username to edit that account.

Add User Upload User Download User Refresh						
	Search					
		Users List				
Username	Password	MAC	Policy	Del All		
Username	Username Password MAC	Remark	DerAil			
Anderson	A123		None	Delete		
Anderson	7123			Delete		
Mary	94001		None	Delete		
<u>mary</u>	34001			Delete		

(Total:2) First Previous Next Last

Add User: Click *Add User* to enter the Add User interface. Fill in the necessary information such as "Username", "Password", "MAC" (optional) and "Remark" (optional). Then, select a desired Policy and click *Apply* to complete adding the user or users.

	Add User				
ltem	Username	Password	MAC	Policy	Remark
1				None 💌	
2				None 💌	
3				None 💌	
4				None 💌	
5				None 💌	
6				None 💌	
7				None 💌	
8				None 💌	
9				None 💌	
10				None 💌	

User 'Anderson' has been added! User 'Marv' has been added!

	Add User					
ltem	Username	Password	MAC (XX:XX:XX:XX:XX)	Policy	Remark	
1				None 🔽		
2				None 🔽		
3				None 🔽		

Upload User: Click this to enter the Upload User interface. Click the Browse button to select the text file for the

user account upload. Then click *Submit* to complete the upload process.

ote: The format of each line is "ID, Password, MAC, Policy, here must be no space between the fields and commas. Th ut the trailing comma must be retained. When adding user xisting accounts in the embedded database that are also d eplaced by the new ones.	he MAC field could be omit accounts by uploading a f	ted ile,	
Upload User Account			
File Name	password		policy
Submit	ID cadon,cadon,00	MAC	remark 00,1,the admir
The uploading file should be a text file and the	test,test,,2,testi	ng account	
format of each line is "ID, Password, MAC, Policy, Remark" without the quotes. There	ID policy		
	password r	emark	

must be no spaces between the fields and commas. The MAC field could be omitted but the trailing comma must be retained. The Group field indicates policy number to use. When adding user accounts by uploading a file, the existing accounts in the embedded database will not be replaced by new ones.

Download User: Click this to enter the **Users List** page and the system will directly show a list of all created user accounts. Click **Download** to create a .txt file and then save it on disk.

Users List					
Username	Descword	MAC	Policy		
Username	Username Password MAC		Remark		
Anderson	A123		0		
Mary	94001		0		
maty	Mary 94001				

Download

Refresh: Click this to renew the user list.

Add User Upload User Download User Refresh						
	Search					
		Users List				
Username	Password	MAC	Policy	Del All		
Username	Fasaworu	MING	Remark	Derni		
Anderson	A123		None	<u>Delete</u>		
Mary	94001		None	Delete		

(Total:2) First Previous Next Last

Search: Enter a keyword of a username that you wish to search in the text filed and click this button to perform the search. All usernames matching the keyword will be listed.

Add User Upload User Download User Refresh					
mary					
	Users List				
Username	Password	MAC	Policy	Del All	
osemane	1 doomond	МАС	Remark	DerAir	
Mary	94001		None	Delete	
mary	34001			Delete	

(Total:1) First Previous Next Last

Del All: This will delete all the users at once.

Delete: This will delete the users individually.

Edit User: If you want to edit the content of individual user account, click the username of the desired user account to enter the Edit Profile page for that particular user, and then modify or add any desired information such as "Username", "Password", "MAC" (option), Policy and "Remark" (optional). Then, click *Apply* to complete the modification.

User Profile			
Username	Mary	*	
Password	••••	*	
MAC			
Policy	None 💌		
Remark			

Radius Roaming Out / 802.1x Authentication: Enable the two function separately and the hyperlink of *Radius Client List*.

Local User Setting			
Edit Local User List			
Radius Roaming Out 💿 Enable 🔿 Disable			
802.1x Authentication 💿 Enable O Disable			
Radius Client List			

Click the hyperlink of *Radius Client List* to enter the **Radius Client Configuration** page. Choose the desired type, **Disable**, **Roaming Out** or **802.1x** and key in the related data and then click *Apply* to complete the settings.

	Radius Client Configuration				
No.	Туре	IP Address	Segment	Secret	
1	Roaming Out 💌	10.0.0.0	255.0.0.0 (/8)	12345678	
2	Disable 🗾		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
З	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
4	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
5	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		

Roaming Out: This is the Radius Roaming Out function that our company cooperates with III (Institute for Information Industry). When you select "Roaming Out", the local user can login from other site.
802.1x: This system support PEAP (Protracted Extensible Authentication Protocol) function. When selecting 802.1x, the system is provided with this function. 802.1x function must be used in LAN.

• Authentication Method – POP3

Choose "**POP3**" in the **Authentication Method** field, the hyperlink beside the pull-down menu will become "**POP3 Setting**".

Authentication Server - Server 1					
Server Name	Server 1 *(Its server name)				
Server Status	Disabled				
Postfix	Postfix1 *(Its postfix name)				
Black List	None				
Authentication Method	POP3 POP3 Setting				
Policy	Local User POP3				
	Radius LDAP				
	Ap NTDomain K Clear				

Click the hyperlink for further configuration. Enter the related information for the primary server and/or the secondary server (the secondary server is not required). The blanks with red asterisks are necessary information. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the *Apply* button.

	Primary POP3 Server
Server IP	*(Domain Name/IP)
Port	*(Default: 110)
SSL Setting	Enable SSL Connection
	Secondary POP3 Server
Server IP	
Port	
SSL Setting	Enable SSL Connection

Server IP: Enter the IP address/domain name given by your ISP.

Port: Enter the Port given by your ISP. The default value is 110.

Enable SSL Connection: If this option is enabled, the POP3s protocol will be used to encrypt the authentication.

• Authentication Method – Radius

Choose "Radius" in the Authentication Method field, the hyperlink beside the pull-down menu will become "Radius Setting" and there is a hyperlink of "Edit Policy Mapping" shows beside Policy.

Server Name	Server 1	^x (Its server name)
Server Status	Enabled	
Postfix	Postfix1	*(Its postfix name)
Black List	None	
Authentication Method	Radius 💌	Radius Setting
Policy	Local User POP3 Radius	Edit Policy Mapping

Click the hyperlink for further configuration. The Radius server sets the external authentication for user accounts. Enter the related information for the primary server and/or the secondary server (the secondary server is not required). The blanks with red asterisks are necessary information. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the *Apply* button.

	Radius Setting
802.1x Authentication	🔿 Enabled 💿 Disabled
Trans Full Name	🔘 Enabled 💿 Disabled
NASID	
	Primary RADIUS Server
Server IP	x
Authentication Port	"(Default: 1812)
Accounting Port	"(Default: 1813)
Secret Key	x
Accounting Service	○ Enabled ⊙ Disabled
Authentication Protocol	PAP 🗸
	Secondary RADIUS Server
Server IP	
Authentication Port	
Accounting Port	
Secret Key	
Accounting Service	⊙ Enabled ○ Disabled
Authentication Protocol	CHAP 🗸

hyperlink to get into the Radius Client Configuration list for further configuration. In the **Radius Client Configuration** table, the clients, which are using 802.1X as the authentication method, shall be put into this table. AMG-2000 will forward the authentication request from these clients to the configured Radius Servers.

		Radius Client Configuration		
No.	Туре	IP Address	Segment	Secret
1	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
2	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
3	Disable 💽		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
4	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
5	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
6	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
7	Disable 💽		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
8	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
9	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	
10	Disable 💌		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌	

Trans Full Name: When enabled, the ID and postfix will be sent to the RADIUS server for authentication. When being disabled, only the ID will be sent to RADIUS server for authentication.

NASID: Enter a line of characters, for example "meeting-room", for identifying AMG-2000 itself to the RADIUS server. Please use numbers (0 to 9), alphabets (a to z or A to Z), dash (-), underline (_) and dot (.), and all other letters are not allowed.

Server IP: Enter the IP address/domain name of the RADIUS server.

Authentication Port: Enter the authentication port of the RADIUS server and the default value is 1812.

Accounting Port: Enter the accounting port of the RADIUS server and the default value is 1813.

Secret Key: Enter the key for encryption and decryption.

Accounting Service: Select this to enable or disable the "Accounting Service" for accounting capabilities.

Authentication Protocol: There are two methods, CHAP and PAP for selection.

Click the hyperlink of **Edit Policy Mapping** for further configuration. In Class Attribute filed, enter the class attribute according to the setting of Radius server and assign a policy. The class attribute could be a character string using numbers (0 to 9), alphabets (a to z or A to Z), dash (-), underline (_) and dot (.), all other letters are not allowed. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the *Apply* button.

	Policy Mapping - Server 1		
	C Enable	🖸 Disable	
No.	Class Attribute	Policy	Remark
1		Policy 1 💌	
2		Policy 1 💌	
3		Policy 1 💌	
4		Policy 1 💌	
5		Policy 1 💌	
6		Policy 1 💌	
7		Policy 1 💌	
8	<u> </u>	Policy 1 💌	

Authentication Method – LDAP

Choose "LDAP" in the Authentication Method field, the hyperlink beside the pull-down menu will become "LDAP Setting".

A	uthentication Server - Server 1
Server Name	Server 1 *(Its server name)
Server Status	Disabled
Postfix	Postfix1 "(Its postfix name)
Black List	None
Authentication Method	LDAP V
Policy	Local User POP3 Radius
J	LDAP Ap <mark>INTDomain < Clear</mark>

Click the hyperlink for further configuration. Enter the related information for the primary server and/or the secondary server (the secondary server is not required). The blanks with red star are necessary information. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the *Apply* button.

	Primary LDAP Server
Server IP	*(Domain Name/IP)
Port 🗌	*(Default: 389)
Base DN	*(CN=,do=,do=)
Account Attribute	(Default: uid)
	Secondary LDAP Server
Server IP	
Port 🗌	
Base DN	
Account Attribute	

Server IP: Enter the IP address or domain name of the LDAP server.

Port: Enter the Port of the LDAP server, and the default value is 389.

Base DN: Enter the distinguished name of the LDAP server.

Account Attribute: Enter the account attribute of the LDAP server.

Authentication Method – NT Domain

•

Choose "NTDomain" in the Authentication Method field, the hyperlink beside the pull-down menu will become "NT Domain Setting".

Server Name	Server 1	*(Its server name)
Server Status	Enabled	
Postfix	1	*(Its postfix name)
Black List	None	
Authentication Method	NTDomain 💌	NT Domain Setting
Policy	Local User POP3 Radius LDAP	

Click the hyperlink for further configuration. Enter the server IP address and enable/disable the transparent login function. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the *Apply* button.

Domain Controller		
Server IP address	*	
Transparent Login	⊙ Enable C Disable	

Server IP address: Enter the server IP address of the domain controller.

Transparent Login: If the function is enabled, when users log into the Windows domain, they will log into AMG-2000 automatically.

4.2.2.Black List Configuration

The administrator can add, delete, or edit the black list for user access control. Each black list can include 40 users at most. If a user in the black list wants to log into the system, the user's access will be denied. The administrator can use the pull-down menu to select the desired black list.

Name	Blacklist1	
User	Remark	Delete
aaa		

- Select Black List: There are 5 lists to select from for the desired black list.
- Name: Set the black list name and it will show on the pull-down menu above.
- Add User to List: Click the hyperlink to add users to the selected black list.

	Add Users to Blacklist Black	klist1
No	Username	Remark
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

After entering the usernames in the "**Username**" blanks and the related information in the "**Remark**" blank (not required), click *Apply* to add the users.

Add Users to Blacklist Blacklist1		
tem	Username	Remark
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

If the administrator wants to remove a user from the black list, just select the user's "**Delete**" check box and then click the **Delete** button to remove that user from the black list.

	Black List Configuration	
Select Black List : 1:Black	list1 💌	
Name	Blacklist1	
User	Remark	Delete
12345		N

(Total:1) First Prev Next Last

Add User to List

4.2.3. Policy Configuration

There are 8 policies and one Global Policy in Policy Configuration. Except Global Policy, each Policy has three profiles, **Firewall Profile**, **Specific Route Profile**, and **Schedule Profile** as well as **Total Bandwidth**, **Individual Maximum Bandwidth** and **Individual Request Bandwidth** setting for that policy.

• Policy 1~8

Policy Configuration				
Select Policy: Policy 1 💌				
Firewall Profile	Setting			
Specific Route Profile	Setting			
Schedule Profile	Setting			
Total Bandwidth	Unlimited 💌			
Individual Maximum Bandwidth	Unlimited			
Individual Request Bandwidth	None			

> Select Policy: Select Policy 1 ~ Policy 8..

	Policy Configuration			
Select Policy:	Policy 1 💌			
Firew	Global Policy 1		Setting	
Specific I	Dellargo		Setting	
Sched	Policy 4 Policy 5		Setting	
Total E	Policy 6 Policy 7		Unlimited 💌	
Individual Max		width	Unlimited 💌	
Individual Re	quest Bandv	width	None 💌	

> Firewall Profile

Click the hyperlink of *Setting* for Firewall Profile, the Firewall Profiles list will appear. Click the numbers of *Filter Rule Item* to edit individual rules and click *Apply* to save the settings. The rule status will show on the list. Check "Active" to enable that rule.

Attention: Filter Rule Item 1 is the highest priority, Filter Rule Item 2 is the second priority, and so on.

			Firewall Pol	icy		
Filter Rule Item	Active	Action	Name	Source Destination	Protocol	MAC
4	_	E Block		ANY	A1.1	
1				ANY	ALL	
2	-	Block		ANY	ALL	
2		BIOCK		ANY		
10	_	Disala		ANY		
3		Block		ANY	ALL	
	_	Block		ANY	ALL	
<u>4</u>		BIOCK		ANY	ALL	
				ANY	×1.1	
5		E Block		ANY	ALL	

		j	Edit Filter Rule			
Rule Item:	1					
Rule Name	:			🗆 Enable	this Rule	
Action : B	ock 💌			Protocol	LL 🗾	
Source MA	C Address:		(For Sp	ecific MAC A	Address Filt	ter)
	Interface	IP	Subnet	Mask	Start Port	End Port
Source	ALL	•	255.25	5.255.255 (/32	2) 🔽	
Destination	ALL	-	255.25	5.255.255 (/3)	2) 🔽	

Rule Item: This is the rule that you have selected.

Rule Name: The rule name can be changed here. The rule name can be set to easily identify, for example: *"from file server"*, *"HTTP request"* or *"to web"*, etc.

Enable this Rule: After checking this function, the rule will be enabled.

Action: There are two options, **Block** and **Pass**. **Block** is to prevent packets from passing and **Pass** is to permit packets passing.

Protocol: There are three protocols to select, **TCP**, **UDP** and **ICMP**, or choose **ALL** to use all three protocols.

Source MAC Address: The MAC address of the source IP address. This is for specific MAC address filter.

Source/Destination Interface: There are four interfaces to choose, All, WAN1, WAN2, LAN1~4 and

Private LAN.

Source/Destination IP: Enter the source and destination IP addresses.

Source/Destination Subnet Mask: Enter the source and destination subnet masks.

Source/Destination Start/End Port: Enter the range of source and destination ports.

Specific Route Profile

Click the hyperlink of Setting for Specific Route Profile, the Specific Route Profile list will appear.

Profile Name:	Policy Route 1]							
	Spe	cific Default Route							
Enable	Default Gateway:	P Address 🛛 🔽							
Specific Route Profile									
Route Item	De	estination	Gateway						
Nouce Rem	IP Address	Subnet Netmask	IP Address						
1		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
2		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
3		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
4		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
5		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
6		255.255.255.255 (/32) 👻							
7		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
8		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌							
9		255.255.255.255 (/32) 👻							
10		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💙							

Profile Name: The profile name can be changed here.

Default Gateway: Choose an appropriate default gateway from the drop-down menu, or enter an IP address manually into the blank. Check the "Enable" box to enable this function.

Destination IP Address: The destination IP address of the host or the network.

Destination Subnet Netmask: Select a destination subnet netmask of the host or the network.

Gateway IP Address: The IP address of the next router to the destination.

Schedule Profile

Click the hyperlink of **Setting** for **Schedule Profile** to enter the Schedule Profile list. Select "**Enable**" to show the list. This function is used to restrict the time the users can log in. Please enable/disable the desired time slot and click **Apply** to save the settings. These settings will become effective immediately

after clicking the *Apply* button.

Profile Name: Schedule1

C Enabled
 Disabled

Login Schedule Profile							
HOUR	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
00:00~00:59	R	N	•	v	•	N	v
01:00~01:59	R	N	V	•	•	N	v
02:00~02:59	N	N	•	v	•	N	v
03:00~03:59	R	N	•	v	•	N	v
04:00~04:59			•	v		N	v
05:00~05:59	N		•	•		N	•
06:00~06:59	N		•	•		N	v
07:00~07:59	N	v	•	v		N	v
08:00~08:59			•	v		N	•
09:00~09:59	R	N	V	•	•	N	v
10:00~10:59	N		•	•		N	v
11:00~11:59	N		•	v		N	v
12:00~12:59	N			•		N	•
13:00~13:59	N			•		N	•
14:00~14:59	N		•	•		N	v
15:00~15:59	N		•	2		ম	•
16:00~16:59	N			•		N	•
17:00~17:59	N			•		N	•
18:00~18:59	N		•	•		•	•
19:00~19:59	R		•			•	•
20:00~20:59	N					•	•
21:00~21:59	V		•			•	•
22:00~22:59	N		2	•	•		v
23:00~23:59	N		•	•	v	v	v

> Total Bandwidth

Choose one bandwidth limit for that particular policy.

	Policy Configuration
Select Policy: Policy 1 💌	
Firewall Profile	Setting
Specific Route Profile	Setting
Schedule Profile	Setting
Total Bandwidth	Unlimited 💌
Individual Maximum Bandwidth	Unlimited A
Individual Request Bandwidth	32 Kbps 64 Kbps 128 Kbps
J P	256 Kbps 512 Kbps Clear
	2 Mbps 3 Mbps 5 Mbps 💌
	3 Mbps

> Individual Maximum Bandwidth:

Choose a bandwidth for the maximum bandwidth of an individual user.

	Policy Configuration
Select Policy: Policy 1 💌	
Firewall Profile	Setting
Specific Route Profile	Setting
Schedule Profile	Setting
Total Bandwidth	Unlimited 💌
Individual Maximum Bandwidth	Unlimited 💌
Individual Request Bandwidth	Unlimited A 16 Kbps 32 Kbps 64 Kbps 128 Kbps 256 Kbps 512 Kbps 1 Mbps 2 Mbps 3 Mbps 5 Mbps

> Individual Request Bandwidth:

Choose a bandwidth for the minimum bandwidth of an individual user.

	Policy Configuration
Select Policy: Policy 1 💌	
Firewall Profile	Setting
Specific Route Profile	Setting
Schedule Profile	Setting
Total Bandwidth	Unlimited 💌
Individual Maximum Bandwidth	Unlimited 💌
Individual Request Bandwidth	None
	None 16 Kbps 23 Kbps 64 Kbps 128 Kbps 128 Kbps 512 Kbps 512 Kbps 1 Mbps 2 Mbps 3 Mbps 5 Mbps

Global Policy

> Select Policy: Select Global to set the Firewall Profile and Specific Route Profile.

	Policy Configuration
Select Policy: Global 💌	
Firewall Profile	Setting
Specific Route Profile	Setting

Firewall Profile: Click the hyperlink of Setting for Firewall Profile, the Firewall Profiles list will appear. Click the numbers of *Filter Rule Item* to edit individual rules and click *Apply* to save the settings. The rule status will show on the list. Check "Active" to enable that rule.

			Firewall Pol	icy			
Filter Rule Item	Active	Action	Name	Source Destination	Protocol	MAC	
4	E BI	Block		ANY	ALL		
1		Block		ANY	ALL		
2	-	Block		ANY	ALL		
2		BIOCK		ANY			
2	_	Disak		ANY			
3	E Bloc		Block		ANY	ALL	
	_	Disala		ANY	ALL		
4	E Block	4	RIOCK		ANY	ALL	
-			ANY				
<u>5</u>		Block		ANY	ALL		

Edit Filter Rule				
Rule Item: 1				
Rule Name:	Enable this Rule			
Action: Block 🕶 Protocol: ALL 💌				
Source MAC Address: (For Specific MAC Address Filter)				
Interface IP	Subnet Mask Start End Port Port			
Source ALL 🔽	255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌			
Destination ALL	255.255.255.255 (/32) 👻			

Rule Item: This is the rule that you have selected.

Rule Name: The rule name can be changed here.

Enable this Rule: After checking this function, the rule will be enabled.

Action: There are two options, **Block** and **Pass**. **Block** is to prevent packets from passing and **Pass** is to permit packets passing.

Protocol: There are three protocols to select, **TCP**, **UDP** and **ICMP**, or choose **ALL** to use all three protocols.

Source MAC Address: The MAC address of the source IP address. This is for specific MAC address filter.

Source/Destination Interface: There are four interfaces to choose, ALL, WAN1, WAN2, LAN1~4 and Private LAN.

Source/Destination IP: Enter the source and destination IP addresses.

Source/Destination Subnet Mask: Enter the source and destination subnet masks.

Source/Destination Start/End Port: Enter the range of source and destination ports.

Specific Route Profile: Click the hyperlink of Setting for Specific Route Profile, the Specific Route Profile list will appear.

	Specific Route Profile			
Route Item	De	Gateway		
	IP Address	Subnet Netmask	IP Address	
1		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
2		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
3		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
4		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
5		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
6		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
7		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
8		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
9		255.255.255.255 (/32) 💌		
10		255.255.255.255 (/32) 🗸		

Profile Name: Global

Profile Name: The profile name can be changed here.

Destination IP Address: The destination IP address of the host or the network.

Destination Subnet Netmask: Select a destination subnet netmask of the host or the network. **Gateway IP Address:** The IP address of the next router to the destination.

4.2.4. Additional Configuration

	Additional Configuration		
User Control	Idle Timer: 10 minutes *(Range: 1-1440) Multiple Login C (On-demand and RADIUS authentication do NOT support multiple login.) Friendly Logout I		
Roaming Out Timer	Session Timeout:120*(Range: 5-1440)Idle Timeout:10*(Range: 1-120)Interim Update:5*(Range: 1-120)		
Upload File	Certificate Login Page Logout Page Login Success Page Login Success Page for On-Demand Logout Success Page		
Credit Reminder	Volume C Enable C Disable		
POP3 Message	Edit Mail Message		
Enhance User Authentication	Permit MAC Address List		

• **User Control:** Functions under this section applies for all general users.

Idle Timer: If a user has been idled with no network activities, the system will automatically kick out the user. The logout timer can be set in the range of 1~1440 minutes, and the default logout time is 10 minutes.

Multiple Login: When enabled, a user can log in from different computers with the same account. (This function doesn't support On-demand users and RADIUS authentication method)

Friendly Logout: When a user logs into the network, a small window will appear to show the user's information and there is a logout button for the logout. If enabled. When the users try to close the small window, there will be a new popup window to confirm the logout in case the users click the logout button by accident.

Roaming Out Timer

Session Timeout: The time that the user can access the network while roaming. When the time is up, the user will be kicked out automatically.

Idle Timeout: If a user has been idled with no network activities, the system will automatically kick out the user. **Interim Update:** The system will update the users' current status and usage according to this periodically.

- Upload File
 - 1. **Certificate:** The administrator can upload new private key and customer certificate. Click the **Browse** button to select the file for the certificate upload. Then click **Submit** to complete the upload process.

Upload Private M	icy.
	Browse
ad Customer Cei	rtificate
	Browse
	Browse
	Dad Customer Ce

Click Use Default Certificate to use the default certificate and key.

You just overwrote the setting with default KEY & default CA file

- 2. Login Page: The administrator can use the default login page or get the customized login page by setting the template page, uploading the page or downloading from the specific website. After finishing the setting, you can click *Preview* to see the login page.
 - a. Choose *Default Page* to use the default login page.

C Template Page
C External Page
efault Page Setting
efault login page for users.
w link to preview the default login page.
Thanks.

b. Choose *Template Page* to make a customized login page here. Click *Select* to pick up a color and then fill in all of the blanks. You can click *Preview* to see the result first.

Lo	jin Page Selection for Users	
C Default Page	Template Page	
C Uploaded Page	C External Page	

	Template Page Setting	
Color for Title Background	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Title Text	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Page Background	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Page Text	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Title	User Login Page	
Welcome	Welcome To User Login Page	
Information	Please Enter Your Name and Password to Sign In	
Username	Username	
Password	Password	
Submit	Submit	
Clear	Clear	
Remaining	Remaining	
Copyright	Copyright (c)	

c. Choose *Uploaded Page* and you can get the login page by uploading. Click the *Browse* button to select the file for the login page upload. Then click *Submit* to complete the upload process.

Lo	gin Page Selection for Users
C Default Page	C Template Page
Oploaded Page	C External Page
	Uploaded Page Setting
File Name	Browse
	Submit
Existing Image Files:	
Total Capacit <mark>y:</mark> 512 K Now Used: 0 K	
	Upload Image Files
Upload Images	Browse
	Submit
	Preview

After the upload process is completed, the new login page can be previewed by clicking *Preview* button at the bottom.

User Login Page
Welcome To User Login Page!
Please Enter Your User Name and Password To Sign In .
User Name:
Password:
Jubmit J Clear J Remaining

The user-defined login page must include the following HTML codes to provide the necessary fields for username and password.

```
<form action="us erlogin.shtml" method="post" name="Enter">
<input type="text" name="myus ername">
<input type="pass word" name="mypass word">
<input type="submit" name="submit" value="Enter">
<input type="reset" name="clear" valu e="Clear">
</form>
```

If the user-defined login page includes an image file, the image file path in the HTML code must be the image file you will upload.

```
<img src="images/xx.jpg">
```

Then, enter or browse the filename of the images to upload in the **Upload Images** field on the **Upload Images Files** page and then click **Submit**. The system will show the used space and the maximum size of the image file of 512K. If the administrator wishes to restore the factory default of the login page, click the **Use Default Page** button to restore it to default.

Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K			
	Uploa	d Image Files	
Upload Images		Browse	
		Submit	

After the image file is uploaded, the file name will show on the "Existing Image Files" field. Check the file and click *Delete* to delete the file.

Existing Image Files :		
1102474548_732cn.gif 🗖		
756 58	Delete	

In AMG-2000, the end user first gets a login page when she/he opens its web browser right after associating with an access point. However, in some situations, the hotspot owners or MIS staff may want to display "terms of use" or announcement information before the login page. Hotspot owners or MIS staff can design a new disclaimer/announcement page and save the page in their local server. After the agreement shown on the page is read, users are asked whether they agree or disagree with the disclaimer. By clicking I agree, users are able to log in. If users choose to decline, they will get a popup window saying they are unable to log in. The basic design is to have the disclaimer and login function in the same page but with the login function hidden until users agree with the disclaimer.

Here we will supply the codes for this page. Please note that the blue part is for the login feature, the red part is

the disclaimer, and the green part can be modified freely by administrators to suit the situation better. Now the default is set to "I disagree" with the disclaimer. Administrators can change the purple part to set "agree" as the default or set no default. These codes should be saved in local storage with a name followed by .html, such as login_with_disclaimer.html.

<html>

```
<head>
<META HTTP-EQUIV="Pragma" CONTENT="no-cache">
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
<META HTTP-EQUIV="Cache-Control" CONTENT="no-cache">
<link href="../include/style.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css">
<title>Login</title>
```

```
<script language="javascript1.2">
var pham = document.cookie;
var disableButton=false;
```

function getCookie(name)

{

```
name += "="; // append '=' to name string
var i = 0; // index of first name=value pair
while (i < pham.length) {
var offset = i + name.length; // end of section to compare name string
if (pham.substring(i, offset) == name) { // if string matches
var endstr = pham.indexOf(";", offset); //end of name=value pair
if (endstr == -1) endstr = pham.length;
```

return unescape(pham.substring(offset, endstr));

// return cookie value section

i = pham.indexOf(" ", i) + 1; // move i to next name=value pair if (i == 0) break; // no more values in cookie string } return null; // cookie not found

}

```
function CodeCookie(str)
```

{

var strRtn="";

```
for (var i=str.length-1;i>=0;i--)
```

{

```
strRtn+=str.charCodeAt(i);
     if (i) strRtn+="a";
}
return strRtn;
}
function DecodeCookie(str)
{
var strArr;
var strRtn="";
```

```
strArr=str.split("a");
```

```
for(var i=strArr.length-1;i>=0;i--)
strRtn+=String.fromCharCode(eval(strArr[i]));
```

return strRtn;

}

```
function MM_swapImgRestore() { //v3.0
var i,x,a=document.MM_sr; for(i=0;a&&i<a.length&&(x=a[i])&&x.oSrc;i++) x.src=x.oSrc;
}
```

function MM_preloadImages() { //v3.0

```
var d=document; if(d.images){ if(!d.MM_p) d.MM_p=new Array();
var i,j=d.MM_p.length,a=MM_preloadImages.arguments; for(i=0; i<a.length; i++)
if (a[i].indexOf("#")!=0){ d.MM_p[j]=new Image; d.MM_p[j++].src=a[i];}}
```

}

```
function MM_findObj(n, d) { //v4.01
```

```
var p,i,x; if(!d) d=document; if((p=n.indexOf("?"))>0&&parent.frames.length) {
d=parent.frames[n.substring(p+1)].document; n=n.substring(0,p);}
if(!(x=d[n])&&d.all) x=d.all[n]; for (i=0;!x&&i<d.forms.length;i++) x=d.forms[i][n];
for(i=0;!x&&d.layers&&i<d.layers.length;i++) x=MM_findObj(n,d.layers[i].document);
if(!x && d.getElementById) x=d.getElementById(n); return x;
}
```

function MM_swapImage() { //v3.0 var i,j=0,x,a=MM_swapImage.arguments; document.MM_sr=new Array; for(i=0;i<(a.length-2);i+=3) if ((x=MM_findObj(a[i]))!=null){document.MM_sr[j++]=x; if(!x.oSrc) x.oSrc=x.src; x.src=a[i+2];} }

```
function init(form)
       {
                id = getCookie("username");
                if(id!="" && id!=null)
                {
                         form.myusername.value = id;
                }
                disclaimer.style.display=";
                login.style.display='none';
       }
function Before_Submit(form)
{
     if(form.myusername.value == "")
     {
           alert("Please enter username.");
          form.myusername.focus();
          form.myusername.select();
           disableButton=false;
          return false;
     }
     if(form.mypassword.value == "")
     {
           alert("Please enter password.");
          form.mypassword.focus();
          form.mypassword.select();
           disableButton=false;
          return false;
     }
     if(disableButton==true)
     {
          alert("The system is now logging you in, please wait a moment.");
           return false;
     }
     else
     {
```

```
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```

```
disableButton=true;
                     return true;
               }
                return true;
          }
          function reminder_onclick(form)
          {
                Reminder.myusername.value = form.myusername.value;
                Reminder.mypassword.value = form.mypassword.value;
                Reminder.submit();
          }
          function cancel_onclick(form)
          {
                form.reset();
          }
          function check_agree(form)
          {
      if(form.selection[1].checked == true)
      {
        alert("You disagree with the disclaimer, therefore you will NOT be able to log in.");
        return false;
      }
      disclaimer.style.display='none';
      login.style.display=";
                return true;
          }
     </script>
</head>
<body style="font-family: Arial" bgcolor="#FFFFF"
onload="init(Enter);MM_preloadImages('../images/submit0.gif','../images/clear0.gif','../images/remaining0.gif')">
          <ilayer width=&{marquee_width}; height=&{marquee_height}; name="cmarquee01">
          <layer name="cmarquee02" width=&{marquee_width}; height=&{marquee_height};></layer>
          </ilayer>
```

```
<form action="userlogin.shtml" method="post" name="Enter">
```

<div align="center" class="style5">Service Disclaimer</div>

<textarea name="textarea" cols="50" rows="15" align="center" readonly>

We may collect and store the following personal information:

e-mail address, physical contact information, credit card numbers and transactional information based on your activities on the Internet service provided by us.

If the information you provide cannot be verified, we may ask you to send us additional information (such as your driver license, credit card statement, and/or a recent utility bill or other information confirming your address), or to answer additional questions to help verify your information.)

Our primary purpose in collecting personal information is to provide you with a safe, smooth, efficient, and customized experience. You agree that we may use your personal information to: provide the services and customer support you request; resolve disputes, collect fees, and troubleshoot problems; prevent potentially prohibited or illegal activities; customize, measure, and improve our services and the site's content and layout; compare information for accuracy, and verify it with third parties.

We may disclose personal information to respond to legal requirements, enforce our policies, respond to claims that an activity violates the rights of others, or protect anyone's rights, property, or safety.

We may also share your personal information with:

members of our corporate family to help detect and prevent potentially illegal acts; service providers under contract who help with our business operations; (such as fraud investigations and bill collection) other third parties to whom you explicitly ask us to send your information; (or about whom you are otherwise explicitly notified and consent to when using a specific service) law enforcement or other governmental officials, in response to a verified request relating to a criminal investigation or alleged illegal activity; (In such events we will disclose name, city, state, telephone number, email address, User ID history, and fraud complaints)

xxxxx participants under confidentiality agreement, as we in our sole discretion believe necessary or appropriate in connection with an investigation of fraud, intellectual property infringement, piracy, or other unlawful activity; (In such events we will disclose name, street address, city, state, zip code, country, phone number, email, and company name.) and other business entities, should we plan to merge with, or be acquired by that business entity. (Should such a combination occur, we will require that the new combined entity follow this privacy policy with respect to your
personal information. If your personal information will be used contrary to this policy, you will receive prior notice.)

Without limiting the above, in an effort to respect your privacy and our ability to keep the community free from bad actors, we will not otherwise disclose your personal information to law enforcement, other government officials, or other third parties without a subpoena, court order or substantially similar legal procedure, except when we believe in good faith that the disclosure of information is necessary to prevent imminent physical harm or financial loss or to report suspected illegal activity.

Your password is the key to your account. Do not disclose your password to anyone. Your information is stored on our servers. We treat data as an asset that must be protected and use lots of tools (encryption, passwords, physical security, etc.) to protect your personal information against unauthorized access and disclosure. However, as you probably know, third parties may unlawfully intercept or access transmissions or private communications, and other users may abuse or misuse your personal information that they collect from the site. Therefore, although we work very hard to protect your privacy, we do not promise, and you should not expect, that your personal information or private communications will always remain private.

By agreeing above, I hereby authorize xxxxx to process my service charge(s) by way of my credit card.

<input name="selection" value="1" type="radio"> I agree. <input name="selection" value="2" checked type="radio"> I disagree.

</textarea>

<input name="next_button" type="button" value="Next" onclick="javascript:check_agree(Enter)">

```
 
 <div align="center">
<table name="login" id="login" width="497" height="328" border="0" align="center" cellpadding="2" cellspacing="0"
background="../images/userlogin.gif">
        
        
        <input type="text" name="myusername" size="20">
        
        <input type="password" name="mypassword" size="20">
       <div align="center">
        <a onclick="javascript:if(Before_Submit(Enter)){Enter.submit();}" onMouseOut="MM_swapImgRestore()"
onMouseOver="MM_swapImage('Image3',",'../images/submit0.gif',1)">
            <img src="../images/submit.gif" name="Image3" width="124" height="38" border="0" >
        </a>
        <a onclick="cancel_onclick(Enter)" onMouseOut="MM_swapImgRestore()"
onMouseOver="MM_swapImage('Image5',",'../images/clear0.gif',1)">
            <img src="../images/clear1.gif" name="Image5" width="124" height="38" border="0">
        </a>
        <a onclick="javascript:if(Before_Submit(Enter)){reminder_onclick(Enter);}"
onMouseOut="MM_swapImgRestore()" onMouseOver="MM_swapImage('Image4',",'../images/remaining0.gif',1)">
            <img src="../images/remaining.gif" name="Image4" width="124" height="38" border="0">
        </a>
        </div>
```

```
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```

<script language="JavaScript">if(creditcardenable == "Enabled") document.write("Click here to purchase by Credit Card Online.<a>");</script>

</div>

</form>

<form action="reminder.shtml" method="post" name="Reminder">

<input type=hidden name=myusername value="">

<input type=hidden name=mypassword value="">

</form>

<div align="center">

<script language="JavaScript">document.write(copyright);</script>

</div>

</body>

</html>

If the page is successfully loaded, an upload success page will show up.

Successful!

You just uploaded page:default_login_with_disclaimer.html Preview

"Preview" can be clicked to see the uploaded page.

information:		
credit card numbers	sical contact information, and transactional information ties on the Internet service	
verified, we may ask	you provide cannot be r you to send us additional s your driver license, credit	
card statement, and/ other information co	or a recent utility bill or onfirming your address), or to mestions to help verify your	•
card statement, and/ other information co answer additional qu	nfirming your address), or to	•
card statement, and/ other information co answer additional qu	onfirming your address), or to estions to help verify your	•

If user checks "I agree" and clicks Next, then he/she is prompted to fill in the login name and password.

User Login Page
Welcome To User Login Page!
Please Enter Your User Name and Password To Sign In .
User Name:
Password:
Jubmit J Clear J Remaining

If user checks "I disagree" and clicks Next, a window will pop up to tell user that he/she cannot log in.

		al contact information	Character and the second se
	activiti	nd transactional inform les on the Internet ser	
Microsoft Interne	of the local division in which the local division in the local div	and the second secon	2
You dis	agree with the	disclaimer, therefore you will NOT be	able to log in
I You dis V I C	agree with the	disclaimer, therefore you will NOT be	able to log in
I <u>•</u>) v i			able to log in
I <u>•</u>) v i	c	ОК	able to log in

-

d. Choose the *External Page* selection and you can get the login page from the specific website. Enter the website address in the "*External Page Setting*" field and then click *Apply*.

Le	gin Page Selection for Users	
C Default Page	ult Page C Template Page	
C Uploaded Page	External Page	
	External Page Setting	
External URL :	External Page Setting	

After applying the setting, the new login page can be previewed by clicking *Preview* button at the bottom of this page.

) Each - 🕥 - 💌 😰 🏠 🔎 Search tress 🔊 http://10.2.3.226/loginpages/login.shtml	h 👷 Favorites 🚱 🍰 🍦
	User Login Page
Welcome To Us Please Enter Your User Name	
🔒 User Name:	
Password:	
	r V Remaining

Please not that:

<form action="userlogin.shtml" method="post" name="Enter"> <input type="text" name="myusername"> <input type="password" name="mypassword"> <input type="submit" name="submit" value="Enter"> <input type="reset" name="clear" value="Clear"> </form>

is needed in your HTML code to make sure the page works correctly.

3. Logout Page: The users can apply their own logout page here. The process is similar to that of Logout Page.

	opiou	d Logout Pag	je .	
File Name			Browse	
Su	ubmit	Use Defaul	Page	
cisting Image Files :				
「otal Capacity: 512 K low Used: 0 K				
	Uploa	ad Image File	s	
Upload Images			Browse	
	ļ	Submit		

The different part is the HTML code of the user-defined logout interface must include the following HTML

code that the user can enter the username and password. After the upload is completed, the user-defined login user interface can be previewed by clicking *Preview* at the bottom of this page. If want to restore the factory default setting of the logout interface, click the "Use Default Page" button.

- <form action="userlogout.shtml" method="post" name="Enter"> <input type="text" name="myusemame"> <input type="password" name="mypassword"> <input type="submit" name="submit" value="Logout"> <input type="reset" name="clear" value="Clear"> </form>
- Login Success Page: The administrator can use the default login success page or get the customized login success page by setting the template page, uploading the page or downloading from the specific website. After finishing the setting, you can click *Preview* to see the login success page.
 - a. Choose *Default Page* to use the default login success page.

Login St	Iccess Page Selection for Users
Default Page O Template Page	
Uploaded Page	C External Page
	Default Page Setting
	ault login success page for users.
	-

b. Choose *Template Page* to make a customized login success page here. Click *Select* to pick up a color and then fill in all of the blanks. You can click *Preview* to see the result first.

203	jin Success Page Selection for Users	
C Default Page	Template Page	
C Uploaded Page	C External Page	
	Template Page Setting	
Color for Title Background	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Title Text	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Page Background	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Page Text	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Title	Login Succeed Page	
Welcome	Hello	
Information	Please click this button to	
Logout	Logout	
Information2	Thank you	
Login Time	Login Time	
	Preview	

c. Choose *Uploaded Page* and you can get the login success page by uploading. Click the *Browse* button to select the file for the login success page upload. Then click *Submit* to complete the upload process.

Loginouoo	ess Page Selection for Users
C Default Page	C Template Page
Oploaded Page	C External Page
U	bloaded Page Setting
File Name	Browse
	Submit
Existing Image Files: Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	
Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	Upload Image Files
Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	Upload Image Files
Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	

After the upload process is completed, the new login success page can be previewed by clicking *Preview*

button at the bottom.

Then, enter or browse the filename of the images to upload in the **Upload Images** field on the **Upload Images Files** page and then click **Submit**. The system will show the used space and the maximum size of the image file of 512K. If the administrator wishes to restore the factory default of the login success page, click the **Use Default Page** button to restore it to default.

Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	
	Upload Image Files
Upload Images	Browse
	Submit

After the image file is uploaded, the file name will show on the "**Existing Image Files**" field. Check the file and click *Delete* to delete the file.

Existing Image Files :		
1102474548_732cn.gif 🗖		
4700 SP	Delete	

d. Choose the *External Page* selection and you can get the login success page e from the specific website. Enter the website address in the "External Page Setting" field and then click *Apply*. After applying the setting, the new login success page can be previewed by clicking *Preview* button at the bottom of this page.

C Template Page
External Page
xternal Page Setting
xternal Page Setting
1

5. Login Success Page for on-demand: The administrator can use the default login success page for On-Demand or get the customized login success page for on-demand by setting the template page, uploading the page or downloading from the specific website. After finishing the setting, you can click *Preview* to see the login success page for On-Demand. a. Choose *Default Page* to use the default login success page for on-demand.

Login Succes	s Page Selection for on-demand Users
Default Page	C Template Page
O Uploaded Page	C External Page
	Default Page Setting
	ogin success page for on-demand users.

b. Choose *Template Page* to make a customized login success page for on-demand here. Click *Select* to pick up a color and then fill in all of the blanks. You can click *Preview* to see the result first.

Login Su	ccess Page Selection for on-demand Users	
C Default Page	Template Page	
C Uploaded Page	C External Page	
	Template Page Setting	
Color for Title Background	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Title Text	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Page Background	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Color for Page Text	Select (RGB values in hex mode)	
Title	Login Succeed Page for on-demand	
Welcome	Welcome	
Information	Please click this button to	
Logout	Logout	
Information2	Thank you	
Remaining Usage	Remaining Usage	
Day	Day	
Hour	Hour	
Min	Min	
Sec	Sec	
Login Time	Login Time	
Redeem	Redeem	
	Preview	

c. Choose Uploaded Page and you can get the login success page for on-demand by uploading. Click the

Login Success Pag	e Selection for on-demand Users
C Default Page	C Template Page
Oploaded Page	C External Page
Upload Login S	Success Page for on-demand
File Name	Browse
	Submit
Existing Image Files:	
Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	
Uj	oload Image Files
Upload Images	Browse
	Submit
	Preview

Browse button to select the file for the login success page for on-demand upload. Then click *Submit* to complete the upload process.

After the upload process is completed, the new I login success page for on-demand can be previewed by clicking *Preview* button at the bottom.

Then, enter or browse the filename of the images to upload in the **Upload Images** field on the **Upload Images Files** page and then click **Submit**. The system will show the used space and the maximum size of the image file of 512K. If the administrator wishes to restore the factory default of the login success page for on-demand, click the **Use Default Page** button to restore it to default.

Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	
	Upload Image Files
Upload Images	Browse
	Submit

After the image file is uploaded, the file name will show on the "**Existing Image Files**" field. Check the file and click *Delete* to delete the file.



d. Choose the *External Page* selection and you can get the login success page for on-demand e from the specific website. Enter the website address in the "External Page Setting" field and then click *Apply*. After applying the setting, the new login success page for on-demand can be previewed by clicking *Preview* button at the bottom of this page.

C Template Page
• External Page
al Page Setting
ai Page Setting

- Logout Success Page: The administrator can use the default logout success page or get the customized logout success page by setting the template page, uploading the page or downloading from the specific website. After finishing the setting, you can click *Preview* to see the logout success page.
 - a. Choose *Default Page* to use the default logout success page.

Logout S	Success Page Selection for Users
Default Page	C Template Page
O Uploaded Page	C External Page
	Default Page Setting
	ault logout success page for users.

b. Choose *Template Page* to make a customized logout success page here. Click *Select* to pick up a color and then fill in all of the blanks. You can click *Preview* to see the result first.

out Success Page Selection for Users		
Template Page		
C External Page		
Template Page Setting		
Select (RGB values in hex mode)		
Select (RGB values in hex mode)		
Select (RGB values in hex mode)		
Select (RGB values in hex mode)		
Logout Succeed Page		
Logout successfully		

c. Choose *Uploaded Page* and you can get the logout success page by uploading. Click the *Browse* button to select the file for the logout success page upload. Then click *Submit* to complete the upload process.

Logout Su	ccess Page Selection	for Users	
C Default Page	C Templ	ate Page	
Oploaded Page	C External Page		
Uplo	ad Logout Success P	'age	
File Name	[Browse	
	Submit		
Existing Image Files:			
Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K			
	Upload Image Files		
Upload Images		Browse	
	Submit		
	Preview		

After the upload process is completed, the new logout success page can be previewed by clicking Preview

button at the bottom.

Then, enter or browse the filename of the images to upload in the **Upload Images** field on the **Upload Images Files** page and then click **Submit**. The system will show the used space and the maximum size of the image file of 512K. If the administrator wishes to restore the factory default of the logout success page, click the **Use Default Page** button to restore it to default.

Total Capacity: 512 K Now Used: 0 K	
	Upload Image Files
Upload Images	Browse
	Submit

After the image file is uploaded, the file name will show on the "**Existing Image Files**" field. Check the file and click *Delete* to delete the file.

Existing Image Files :		la la
1102474548_732cn.gif 🗖		
	Delete	

d. Choose the *External Page* selection and you can get the logout success page from the specific website. Enter the website address in the "External Page Setting" field and then click *Apply*. After applying the setting, the new logout success page can be previewed by clicking *Preview* button at the bottom of this page.

	uccess Page Selection for Users
🗘 Default Page	C Template Page
C Uploaded Page	 External Page
	External Page Setting
External URL: htt	

• **Credit Reminder:** The administrator can enable this function to remind the on-demand users before their credit run out. There are two kinds of reminder, **Volume** and **Time**. The default reminding trigger level for **Volume** is 1Mbyte and the level for **Time** is 5 minutes.



• **POP3 Message:** If a user tries to retrieve mail from POP3 mail server before login, the users will receive a welcome mail from AMG-2000. The administrator can edit the content of this welcome mail.



Enhance User Authentication: With this function, only the users with their MAC addresses in this list can log
into AMG-2000. There will only be 40 users allowed in this MAC address list. User authentication is still required
for these users. Please enter the Permit MAC Address List to fill in these MAC addresses, select Enable, and
then click Apply.

Enabled 🖲 Disabled			
ltem	MAC Address	Item	MAC Address
1		2	
3		4	
5		6	
7		8	
9		10	
11		12	
13		14	
15		16	
17		18	
19		20	

Caution: The format of the MAC address is: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx.

4.3. AP Management

AMG-2000 supports to manage up to 12 access points (AP), and they can be configured in this section. This section includes the following functions: AP List, AP Discovery, Manual Configuration, Template Settings, Firmware Management and AP Upgrade.

	AP Managem	lent
AP List		AP Management
AP Discovery Manual Configuration	AP List	The list shows the current AP summary including type, name, IP MAC and online status. It also provide the operation for each AP or reboot, enable, disable, delete, apply a new template, and to defurther examination or detailed configuration.
Template Settings	AP Discovery	This discovery function is to detect the unmanaged APs within LAN- and assign the desired IPs for the future management. With the AI access information, administrator is able to manually o automatically discover AP on the selected LAN(s).
AP Upgrade	Manual Configuration	Administrators who are familiar with the new AP can set it u manually by filling in the necessary information. There are three templates from the drop-down box that can be chosen.
	Template Settings	Administrators can edit template settings here. These template are saved and can be used in "Manual Configuration" and "Al Discovery" sections.
	Firmware Management	This page lets administrators manage firmwares and shows each firmware's functions. Administrators can upload new firmwares and have a choice of deleting or downloading already uploaded firmwares.
	AP Upgrade	Shows names and versions of the original firmwares and the time they were upgraded. Administrators can choose a firmware version from the drop-down box to upgrade APs. Several AP upgrades can be processed simultaneously by checking the upgrade boxes.

4.3.1.AP List

All of the AP under the management of AMG-2000 will be shown in the list. The AP can be edited by clicking the hyperlink of *AP Name* and the AP status can be got by clicking the hyperlink of *Status*.

П АР Туре		AP Name	IP	C1 4	
	AP Name	MAC	Status		
-	1440 000C	1000 Contractor (1000	10.171.1.129		Online
	WAP-0006	NEWDEV-00002	00:0E:2E:7C:AA:F6	(Enabled)	
-	WAP-0006		10.171.1.130	Online	
	VWAR-0000	NEWDEY-00003	NEWDEV-00003 00:0E:2E:7C:B5:1A		
Reb	oot Enable	Disable Delete	Apply Template		

You can check any AP and then click the button below to Reboot, Enable, Disable and Delete the checked AP.

П АР Туре	AD Turo	AP Name	IP	Status	
	AP Name	MAC	Status		
	10/0 D 0000	10.171.1.129		Online	
2	WAP-0006	NEWDEV-00002	00:0E:2E:7C:AA:F6	(Enabled)	
-	WAP-0006		10.171.1.130	<u>Online</u> (Enabled)	
	VVAP-0000	NEWDEV-00003	00:0E:2E:7C:B5:1A		
Reb	oot Enable	Disable Delete	Apply Template		

Click Apply Template to select one template to apply to the AP.

	2.3.171 - AMG-2000 - Micr mplate TE3 APPLY CAN	osoft Internet Explorer	
	Ten	iplate: TEMPLATE3	
	SSID	apmgt	
	Channel	11	
	Transmisstion Rate	Auto	
	Security	Disabled	
E Done		Internet	//

AP Name

Click *AP Name* and enter the interface about related settings. There four kinds of settings, **General Settings**, **LAN Interface Setting**, **Wireless Interface Setting** and **Access Control Setting**. Click the hyperlink to go on the configuration.

		Genera	al Settings
	Name	NEWDEV-	00002
Setting	Remark	None	
	Firmware	1.20	
		LAN Inter	face Setting
	IP	192.168.2	2.2
LAN	Mode	Static IP	
		Wireless In	terface Setting
	SSID		apmgt
Wireless LAN	Channel		11
	Security Type		Disabled
		Access C	ontrol Setting
		Status	Disabled
Access Control		Mode	Allowed
	Nun	nber of MAC Addresses	0

General Setting: Click Setting to enter the General Setting interface. You can revise the AP Name,
 Admin Password and Remark. Besides, you can see the firmware information here.

G	eneral Settings
Name	NEWDEV-00002
Admin Password	1234
Remark	
Firmware	1.20

LAN Interface Setting: Click LAN to enter the LAN Settings page. Input the data of LAN including IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway of the AP.

	LAN Settings		
IP Address	192.168.2.2	*	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	*	
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0	ŧ	

Wireless Interface Setting: Click Wireless LAN to enter the Wireless Interface Setting page. The data of Properties and Security need to be filled in.

		Wireless
	SSID	apmgt
	SSID Broadcast	Enable 💌
	Channel	1 💌
	Transmission Mode	Mixed
	Transmission Rate	Auto Operault: Auto; Range: from 1 to 54 Mbps)
Properties	CTS Protection	Disable (Default: Disable)
Properties	Fragment Threshold	2346 (Default: 2346; Range: from 256 to 2346)
	RTS Threshold	2347 (Default: 2347; Range: from 0 to 2347)
	Beacon Interval (ms)	100 (Default: 100; Range: from 20 to 1024 msec)
	Preamble Type	Long 💌 (Default: Long)
	IAPP	Enable 💌 (Default: Enable)
Convito	Security Type	Disable 🗾 🗖 802.1x Authentication
Security	WEP	Authentication Type Both

Properties

- **SSID:** The SSID is the unique name shared among all APs in a wireless network. The SSID must be the same for all APs in the wireless network. It is case sensitive and has a maximum length of 32 bytes.
- **SSID Broadcast:** Select this option to enable the SSID to broadcast in your network. When configuring the network, you may want to enable this function, but make sure to disable it when you finished. With this enabled, someone could easily obtain the SSID information with the site survey software and get unauthorized access to your network. With this disabled to increase network security and prevent the SSID from being seen on networked.
- Channel: Select the appropriate channel from the list to correspond with your network settings; for

example, 1 to 11 channels are suitable for the North America area.

- Transmission Mode: There are 3 modes to select, 802.11b (2.4G, 1~11Mbps), 802.11g (2.4G, 54Mbps) and Mix mode (b and g).
- **Transmission Rate:** The default is **Auto**. Available range is from 1 to 54Mbps. The rate of data transmission should be set depending on the speed of your wireless network. You can select from a range of transmission speed or you can keep the default setting, **Auto**, to make the Access Point automatically use the fastest rate possible.
- **CTS Protection:** The default value is **Disable**. When select "**Enable**", a protection mechanism will decrease collision probability when many 802.11g APs exist simultaneously. However, performance of your 802.11g APs may decrease.
- **Fragment Threshold:** Breaking a packet into smaller units when transmitting over a network medium that cannot support the original size of the packet.
- Beacon Interval (ms): Enter a value between 20 and 1000 msec. The default value is 100 milliseconds. The entered time means how often the beacon signal transmission between the access point and the wireless network.
- **Preamble Type:** The length of the CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) block for communication between the Access Point and roaming wireless adapters. You can select either Short Preamble or Long Preamble.
- IAPP: Inter Access-Point Protocol is designed for the enforcement of unique association throughout a ESS (Extended Service Set) and for secure exchange of station's security context between current access point (AP) and new AP during handoff period.

Security: There are four kinds of security type, WEP, WPA, WPA2 and WPA2 MIXED for selection.

 Disable: Choose this type, there is no any encryption used but 802.1x Authentication and Authentication Type. For Authentication Type, you can choose Open System, Shared Key or Both according to the settings of the AP and Client. Check 802.1x Authentication to enable this function and enter the related data, if necessary.



• WEP: WEP uses an encryption key that automatically encrypts outgoing wireless data. On the receiving side, the same encryption key enables the computer to automatically decrypt the information so it can

be read. Select **Authentication Type** (Open System, Shared Key or Both), **Key Length** (64 bits or 128 bits), **Key Index** (Key1~Key4) and then input the **Key**. Check **802.1x Authentication** to enable this function and enter the related data, if necessary.

	Security Type	WEP 🔽 🗷 802.1x Authentication
Security	WEP	Authentication Type Both Key Length 64 bits Key Format ASCII Key Index Key1 Key1 key01 Key2 key02 Key3 key03 Key4 key04
	802.1x	Radius Server IP Port 1812 Secret

• WPA: WPA is Wi-Fi's encryption method that protects unauthorized network access by verifying network users through a server. Select 802.1x or WPA-PSK security type and enter the related information below.

	Security Type	WPA 💌 WPA-PSK 💌
Security	WPA-PSK	Passphrase/PSK
	TKIP	Passphrase -

	Security Type	WPA 💌	802.1x 💌
Security	802.1x	Radius Server IP Port Secret	1812

• WPA2: Wi-Fi Protected Access version 2. The follow on security method to WPA for Wi-Fi networks that provides stronger data protection and network access control. Select 802.1x or WPA-PSK security type and enter the related information below. WPA2 only can use AES encryption type.

	Security Type	WPA2 VVF	PA-PSK
Security	WPA-PSK	Passphrase/PSK	
	AES	rasspillaseron	Passphrase 💌

Security	Security Type	WPA2	802.1x 💌	
		Radius Server		
	802.1x	IP Port	1812	
		Secret		

• WPA Mixed: If you want to use TKIP and AES encryption type at the same time, you can choose this security type. Select 802.1x or WPA-PSK security type and enter the related information below.

Security	Security Type	VVPA2 Mixed 💌 VVI	PA-PSK
	WPA-PSK	Passphrase/PSK	
	WEA-PON	rasspillase/rok	Passphrase 💌

	Security Type	ty Type WPA2 Mixed 💌 802.1x 💌			
Security	802.1x	Radius Server IP Port Secret	1812		

Access Control Setting: In this function, when the status is "Enabled", only these clients which MAC addresses are listed in the list can be allowed to connect AMG-2000. When "Disabled" is selected, all clients can connect AMG-2000. The default is Disabled.

	Ac	cess Control	
	Status Enabled Disabled Enabled MA	C Address List	
1	00:00:00:00:00:00	2	00:00:00:00:00
3	00:00:00:00:00:00	4	00:00:00:00:00
5	00:00:00:00:00:00	6	00:00:00:00:00
7	00:00:00:00:00:00	8	00:00:00:00:00
9	00:00:00:00:00:00	10	00:00:00:00:00
11	00:00:00:00:00:00	12	00:00:00:00:00:00
13	00:00:00:00:00:00	14	00:00:00:00:00
15	00:00:00:00:00:00	16	00:00:00:00:00
17	00:00:00:00:00:00	18	00:00:00:00:00
19	00:00:00:00:00:00	20	00:00:00:00:00

Status

•

After clicking the hyperlink of Status, you can see the basic information of the AP including **AP Name**, **AP Type**, **LAN MAC**, **Wireless LAN MAC**, **Up Time**, **Report Time**, **SSID**, **Number of Associated Clients** and **Remark**. In the below of the **AP Status Detail**, there are the related detailed information, **System Status**, **LAN Status**, **Wireless LAN Status**, **Access Control Status** and **Associated Client Status**.

AP Status Summary				
AP Name NEWDEV-00002				
АР Туре	VVAP-0006			
LAN MAC				
Wireless LAN MAC				
Up Time	N/A			
Report Time	N/A			
SSID	N/A			
Number of Associated Clients	0			
Remark				

AP	Status Detail	
SV	/stem Status	
) L	LAN Status	
Wirel	less LAN Status	
Acces	ss Control Status	
Associa	ated Client Status	

> System Status: The table shows the information about AP Name, AP Status and Last Reporting Time.

Sy	stem Information
AP Name	NEWDEV-00002
AP Status	Online
Last Reporting Time	2006-06-28 10:27:37

> LAN Status: The table shows the information about IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway.

LAN Interface				
IP Address	192.168.2.2			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
Gateway	0.0.0.0			

> Wireless LAN Status: The table shows all of the related wireless information.

Wireless Interface				
Up Time Oday:0h:4m:32s				
SSID	apmgt			
Beacon Interval (ms)	100			
RTS Threshold	2347			
Channel	11			
Transmission Rate	Auto			
Preamble Type	Long Preamble			
IAPP	Enabled			
Security	WEP			

> Access Control Status: The table shows the status of MAC of clients under the control of the AP.

	Access Control
Status	Disabled

Access Control					
Status	Enabled				
	Control List				
00:00:00:00:00:01	00:00:00:00:02				
00:00:00:00:03	00:00:00:00:04				
00:00:00:00:00:05	00:00:00:00:06				
00:00:00:00:00:07	00:00:00:00:08				
00:00:00:00:00:09	00:00:00:00:10				
00:00:00:00:00:11	00:00:00:00:12				
00:00:00:00:13	00:00:00:00:00:14				
00:00:00:00:00:15	00:00:00:00:16				
00:00:00:00:00:17	00:00:00:00:18				
00:00:00:00:00:19	00:40:96:A1:AF:dd				

Associated Client Status: The table shows the clients connecting to the AP and the related information of the client.

Client List							
No	МАС	C User TX Packet	RX Packet (s)	Rate	Power Saving	Expiration countdown	
1	00:02:8a:f3:aa:a4	N/A	2	6	11	No	300

4.3.2.AP Discovery

	Private LAN		Base IP	192.168.2.1	Pool Size 12	
Interface	1	1~4 🗖	-	192.168.1.1	Pool Size 12	
AP Access	AP Type		WAP-000		-	
	IP Address Range	Start IP	192.168.	2.1	Discover	
		End IP	192.168	2.1		
	ID		admin			
	Password		1234			
Auto-Discovery	Status		Disabled		Configure	
		Disc	overed AP	List		
MAC Address	Name	IP A	ddress	Password	Template	
	ſ	Fotal: 0)	<u>First</u> Prev	Next Last		

Use this function to detect and manage all of the APs in the network segments.

- To discover AP manually, please fill in the required data.
 - Interface: Check Private LAN or/and LAN1~4 and enter the Base IP and Pool Size (the discovered APs will be configured to use IP address among the pool).
 - AP Access: Input the IP Address Range (the default is 192.168.2.1/192.168.2.1), ID (the default is admin) and Password (the default is 1234) of the AP.

Then click the *Discover* button and the APs match the given settings will show in the list below. If the IP address you set is used, there will be a warning message showing up, please change the IP range on Base IP or Pool Size and then click *Discover* again. For the desired AP, input the desired Name and password, if changed for AP admin, select one template, check it and then click *Add* to add it under the managed list. (About the template, please see 4.3.4 Template Settings).

		AF	^o Discovery	
Interface	LAN	1~4 🗖	Base IP 192.168.1.1	Pool Size 12
interface	Private	lan 🗹	Base IP 192.168.2.1	Pool Size 12
IP Addres	A	P Type	WAP-0006	
	IP Address Range	Start IP	192.168.2.1	
AP Access		End IP	192.168.2.1	Discover
		ID	admin	
	Password		1234	
Auto-Discovery		Status	Disabled	Configure

Interface	IP	Address	M	MAC Address		
Private LAN	19	32.168.2.1	00:1	00:11:6B:30:85:63		
MAC Address	Name	IP Address	Password	Template	Add	
	п	otal: 0) First Prev	Next Last			
	ſ	'otal: 0) <u>First</u> <u>Prev</u>	Next Last			

When the matched AP is discovered, it will show up in the list below and be given a new IP address as you set (ex: 192.168.2.2). Check the Add box to add the AP and it will be listed to the AP list.

		A	^o Discover	ry -			
1000	LAN1~4 🗖		Base IP 192.168.1.1 F		Po	Pool Size 12	
Interface	Private	LAN 🔽 Base IP 192.168.2.2		Pool Size 12			
IP AP Access	AP Type		WAP-0006				
	IP Address Range	Start IP	192.168	192.168.2.1			
		End IP	192.168	192.168.2.1			er
		ID		admin			
	Pas	Password					
Auto-Discovery	Status		Disabled	1		Configu	re
			AP List				
MAC Address	Name	IP A	Address	Password	Te	emplate	Ado
00:11:6B:30:85:63	NEWDEV-00	0 192	.168.2.2	1234	TEM	PLATE1 👱	
				<u>Next</u> <u>Last</u> June 28, 13:49:40	1.		1.

Click Configuring to go on the related configuration. For the details, please refer to 4.3.1 AP List.

_		AP Name	IP	Status
🗌 АР Туре		AP Name	MAC	Status
-	WAD 0000	NEWDEX 00004	192.168.2.2	Configuring
Г	WAP-0006	NEWDEV-00001	00:11:6B:30:85:63	Configuring
Reb	oot Enable	Disable Delete	Apply Template	

• Auto-Discovery: click Configure to enter Auto-Discovery interface to go on related configuration.

		AF	P Discovery	
Interface	Private	LAN 🗖	Base IP 192.168.2.1	Pool Size 12
Interface	LAN	1~4 🗖	Base IP 192.168.1.1	Pool Size 12
	P Type	WAP-0006		
	IP Address	Start IP	192.168.2.1	
AP Access	AP Access Range	End IP	192.168.2.1	Discover
		ID	admin	
	Password		1234	
Auto-Discovery		Status	Disabled	Configure

The **Interface** and **AP Access** configuration is the same as the settings mentioned above. For the Auto-Discovery Status, when you enable this function, the system will scan once every 10 minutes or the time you set. If any AP is discovered and "Auto-Add AP" enabled, it will be assigned an available IP from the IP pool set within the interfaces and applied with the selected template.

		Au	to-Discovery
Interface	Private	e lan 🗖	Base IP 192.168.2.1 Pool Size 12
	LAN1~4 🗖		Base IP 192.168.1.1 Pool Size 12
AP Type		AP Type	WAP-0006
AP Access	IP Address Range	Start IP	192,168.2.1
		End IP	192.168.2.1
	ID		admin
	Password		1234
Auto-Discovery		Status	 Enable Interval Auto-Add AP Enable Disable Template

4.3.3.Manual Configuration

The AP also can be added manually. Input the related data of the AP and select a Template. Then click *ADD*, the AP will be added to the managed list.

AP Name	
Admin Password 1234	
AP IP 192.168.2.1	
AP MAC	
Remark	
Template TEMPLATE3	

4.3.4. Template Settings

Template is a model that you can copy it to every AP and not necessary to configure the AP individually. There are three templates provided and click *Edit* to go on configuration.

Ten	nplate Settings	
АР Туре	WAP-0006	Edit
Template Settings	TEMPLATE1	Edit
	TEMPLATE1	
	TEMPLATE2 TEMPLATE3	

Before configure the template, you can copy the configuration mode of a AP to the template by selecting a **Source AP**, and you don't have to configure the template from the beginning and can just revise some settings for demand. If you don't want to copy, please select **NONE**. Input the **Template Name** and **Template Remark** and click the hyperlink of **Template ID** to go on configuration.

1	emplate Edit
Template ID	1
Template Name	TEMPLATE1
Source AP	None
Template Remark	Template 1

1	Template Edit
Template ID	1
Template Name	TEMPLATE1
Source AP	and the second se
Template Remark	None NEWDEV-00001

After entering the interface, you can revise the configuration for demand and change administrator's password. About other function settings, please refer to **4.3.1 AP List**.

		General
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0 *
	Default Gateway	*
		Wireless
	SSID	apmgt
	SSID Broadcast	Enable 💌
Properties	Channel	11 💌
	Transmission Mode	Mixed 💌
	Transmission Rate	Auto (Default: Auto; Range: from 1 to 54 Mbps)
	CTS Protection	Disable 💌 (Default: Disable)
	Fragment Threshold	2346 (Default: 2346; Range: from 266 to 2346)
	RTS Threshold	2347 (Default: 2347; Range: from 0 to 2347)
	Beacon Interval (ms) 100 (Default: 100; Range: from 20 to 1024 msec)
	Preamble Type	Long 💌 (Default: Long)
	IAPP	Enable 💌 (Default: Enable)
Security	Security Type	Disable 🗾 🗖 802.1x Authentication

		Ac	cess Control	
	Status	Disabled	•	
		MAG	CAddress List	
1	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	2	00:00:00:00:00:00
3	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	4	00:00:00:00:00:00
5	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	6	00:00:00:00:00:00
7	00:00:00:00:0	0:00] 8	00:00:00:00:00:00
9	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	10	00:00:00:00:00
1	00:00:00:00:00	0:00	12	00:00:00:00:00:00
13	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	14	00:00:00:00:00:00
15	00:00:00:00:00	0:00] 16	00:00:00:00:00:00
17	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	18	00:00:00:00:00
19	00:00:00:00:0	0:00	20	00:00:00:00:00:00

4.3.5. Firmware Management

In this function, you can upload the AP's firmware and also can download the present firmware to the local or delete it.

Preloaded Firmware			
АР Туре	Version		
WAP-0006	1.22		

Firmware Upload						
File Name	瀏覽	Upload				

Firmware List				
File Name	Varaian	Size	Download	
Checksum	Version	Size	Delete	



4.3.6.AP Upgrade

Check the APs which need to be upgraded and select the upgrade version of firmware, and then click *Apply* to upgrade firmware.

AP List						
AP Name	Current Version	Last Upgrading Time	Upgrade Version	Upgrade		
AAF6-129	1.20	N/A				
B51A-130	1.20	N/A				

4.4. Network Configuration

This section includes the following functions: Network Address Translation, Privilege List, Monitor IP List, Walled Garden List, Proxy Server Properties, Dynamic DNS and IP Mobility.

	Hin Network Co	nfiguration
letwork Address Translation		Network Configuration
Privilege List	Network Address Translation	AMG-2000 provides 3 types of network address translation: Stati Assignments, Public Accessible Server and IP/Port Redirect.
Monitor IP List	Privilege List	System provides Privilege IP Address List and Privilege MA(Address List, System will NOT authenticate those listed devices.
Walled Garden List Proxy Server Properties	Monitor IP List	System can monitor up to 40 network devices online status with an option to add them as public access servers via HTTP or HTTPS. Even under NAT mode, after added the devices as public access servers, the devices can be accessed by clicking the hypertext.
Dynamic DNS	Walled Garden List	Up to 20 hosts' URL could be defined in Walled Garden List. Client- may access these URL without authentication.
IP Mobility	Proxy Server Properties	AMG-2000 supports up to 10 external proxy servers. System can redirect traffic to external proxy server into built-in prox server.
	Dynamic DNS	AMG-2000 supports dynamic DNS (DDNS) feature.
	IP Mobility	System supports IP PNP Configuration.

4.4.1.Network Address Translation

There are three parts, DMZ, Public Accessible Server and Port and IP Redirect, need to be set.

Network Address Translation
DMZ (Demilitarized Zone)
Public Accessible Server
Port and IP Redirect

DMZ (Demilitarized Zone)

DMZ allows administrators to define mandatory external to internal IP mapping, hence a user on WAN side network can access the private machine via the external IP (similar to DMZ usage in firewall product). There are 40 sets of static **Internal IP Address** and **External IP Address** available. If a host needs a static IP address to access the network through WAN port, set a static IP for the host. First choose whether to enable Internal IP Address by checking the box and inputting an Internal IP Address under Automatic WAN IP Assignment. Then input Internal IP Address and corresponding External IP Address under Static Assignments, and choose an External Interface from the drop-down menu. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the **Apply** button.

Automatic WAN IP Assignment							
Enable	Internal IP Address	External IP Address	External Interface				
		10.2.3.174	WAN1				

Static Assignments						
ltem	Internal IP Address	External IP Address	External Interface			
1			WAN1 💌			
2			WAN1 💌			
3			WAN1 💌			
4			WAN1 💌			
5			WAN1 💌			
6			WAN1 💌			
7			WAN1 💌			
8			WAN1 💌			
9			WAN1 💌			
10			WAN1 💌			

Public Accessible Server

•

This function allows the administrator to set 40 virtual servers at most, so that the computers not belonging to the managed network can access the servers in the managed network via WAN port IP of AMG-2000. Please enter the "External Service Port", "Local Server IP Address" and "Local Server Port". According to the different services provided, the network service can use the TCP protocol or the UDP protocol. In the Enable column, check the desired server to enable. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking the *Apply* button.

ltem	External Service Port	Local Server IP Address	Local Server Port	Туре	Enable
1		[]		C TCP C UDP	
2				O TOP	
3				O TCP O UDP	
4				C TCP C UDP	
5				O TOP O UDP	
6				C TCP C UDP	
7		[]		O TCP O UDP	
8				C TCP C UDP	
9				C TCP C UDP	
10	<u> </u>			C TCP C UDP	

• Port and IP Redirect

This function allows the administrator to set 40 sets of the IP addresses at most for redirection purpose. When the user attempts to connect to a destination IP address listed here, the connection packet will be converted and redirected to the corresponding destination. Please enter the "IP Address" and "Port" of Destination, and the "IP Address" and "Port" of Translated to Destination. According to the different services provided, choose the "TCP" protocol or the "UDP" protocol. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking *Apply*.

ltem	Destinati	ion	Translated to De	stination	Туре
nem	IP Address	Port	IP Address	Port	туре
1			[O TOP O UDP
2					O TOP O UDP
3					O TOP O UDP
4					O TOP
5					O TOF O UDF
6 J			[O TOP O UDP
7					O TOP O UDP
8					O TOP O UDP
9					O TOF O UDF
10			[O TOP

4.4.2. Privilege List

There are two parts, Privilege IP Address List and Privilege MAC Address List, need to be set.

Privilege List	
Privilege IP Address List	
Privilege MAC Address List	

Privilege IP Address List

If there are some workstations belonging to the managed server that need to access the network without authentication, enter the IP addresses of these workstations in this list. The "**Remark**" blank is not necessary but is useful to keep track. AMG-2000 allows 100 privilege IP addresses at most. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking *Apply*.
Pivilege IP Address List			
Item	Privilege IP Address	Remark	
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

Warning: Permitting specific IP addresses to have network access rights without going through standard authentication process at the LAN1~LAN4 port may cause security problems.

Privilege MAC Address List

In addition to the IP address, you can also set the MAC address of the workstations that need to access the network without authentication in this list. AMG-2000 allows 100 privilege MAC addresses at most. List can be created manually-- enter the MAC address (the format is xx:xx:xx:xx:xx) as well as the remark (not necessary). These settings will become effective immediately after clicking *Apply*.

Privilege MAC Address List				
ltem	МАС А	ddress	Ren	nark
1			[
2			L	
3			[
4				
5				

Warning: Permitting specific MAC addresses to have network access rights without going through standard authentication process at the LAN1~LAN4 port may cause security problems.

4.4.3.Monitor IP List

AMG-2000 will send out a packet periodically to monitor the connection status of the IP addresses on the list. If the monitored IP address does not respond, the system will send an e-mail to notify the administrator that such destination is not reachable.

Enter an **IP Address**, then click **Apply** and these settings will become effective immediately. Click **Monitor** to check the current status of all the monitored IP. The system provides 40 IP addresses at most on the "**Monitor IP List**".

ltem	Protocol	IP Address	Link	ltem	Protocol	IP Address	Link
1	http 💌	10.171.1.129	Add	2	http 💌	10.171.1.130	Add
	http https	1.2.3.4	Add	4	http 💌		Add
5	http 💌		Add	6	http 💌		Add
7	http 💌		Add	8	http 💌		Add
9	http 💌		Add	10	http 💌		Add
11	http 💌		Add	12	http 💌		Add
13	http 💌		Add	14	http 💌		Add
15	http 💌		Add	16	http 💌		Add
17	http 💌		Add	18	http 💌		Add
19	http 💌		Add	20	http 💌		Add

Click *Monitor* to monitor the IP addresses listed in the **Monitor IP List**. The **Monitor IP result** page shown as below will appear. In the **Result** column, green light means the IP address is alive and reachable. On the other hand, red light means the IP address is not reachable now. The administrator can understand the some networking devices by this feature.

	Monitor IP result	
No	IP Address	Result
1	10.171.1.129	۲
2	10.171.1.130	۲
3	1.2.3.4	

On each monitored item with a WEB server running, you may add a link for the easy access by selecting a protocol, http or https, and click the **Add** button. After clicking Add button, the IP address will become a hyperlink, and then the administrator can easily access the host when the administrator is from WAN interface and the system is running in NAT mode by clicking the hyperlink. Click the **Del** button to remove this link setting.

ltem	Protocol	IP Address	Link	ltem	Protocol	IP Address	Link
1	http 💌	<u>10.171.1.129</u>	Del	2	http 💌	10.171.1.130	Add
3	http 💌	1.2.3.4	Add	4	http 💌		Add
5	http 💌		Add	6	http 💌		Add
7	http 💌		Add	8	http 💌		Add
9	http 💌		Add	10	http 💌		Add
11	http 💌		Add	12	http 💌		Add
13	http 💌		Add	14	http 💌		Add
15	http 💌		Add	16	http 💌		Add
17	http 💌		Add	18	http 💌		Add
19	http 💌		Add	20	http 💌		Add
		(Total		<u>Prev</u> nitor	Next Last		

4.4.4.Walled Garden List

This function provides some free services to the users to access before login and authentication. Up to 20 addresses or domain names of the websites can be defined in this list. Users without the network access right can still have a chance to experience the actual network service free of charge. Please enter the website **IP Address** or **Domain Name** in the list and these settings will become effective immediately after clicking *Apply*.

Walled Garden List			
ltem	Addres	Item	Addres
1		2	
з Г		4	
5		<u> </u>	
7		8	
9		10	
11		12	
13		14	
15		16	
17		18	
19 Г		20	

Caution: To use the domain name, the AMG-2000 has to connect to DNS server first or this function will not work.

4.4.5. Proxy Server Properties

	EAG	ernal Proxy Server
tem	Server IP	Port
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	Inte	rnal Proxy Server
	Built-in Proxy Server	C Enable 💿 Disable

AMG-2000 supports Internal Proxy Server and External Proxy Server functions.

- External Proxy Server: Under the AMG-2000 security management, the system will match the External Proxy Server list to the end-users' proxy setting. If there isn't a matching, then the end-users will not be able to reach the login page and thus unable to access the network. If there is a matching, then the end-users will be directed to the system first for authentication. After a successful authentication, the end-users will be redirected back to the desired proxy servers depending on various situations.
- Internal Proxy Server: AMG-2000 has a built-in proxy server. If this function is enabled, the end users will be forced to treat AMG-2000 as the proxy server regardless of the end-users' original proxy settings.

Note: To see more details about setting up proxy servers, please read Appendix 8 and Appendix 9.

4.4.6.Dynamic DNS

AMG-2000 provides a convenient DNS function to translate a domain name to the IP address of WAN port that helps the administrator memorize and connect to WAN port. If the DHCP is activated at WAN port, this function will also update the newest IP address regularly to the DNS server. These settings will become effective immediately after clicking *Apply*.

	Dynamic DNS	
DDNS	C Enable © Disable	
Provider	DynDNS.org(Dynamic)	
Host name		
Username/E-mail		
PasswordKey		

- **DDNS:** Enabling or disabling of this function.
- **Provider:** Select the DNS provider.
- Host name: The IP address/domain name of the WAN port.
- Username/E-mail: The register ID (username or e-mail) for the DNS provider.
- Password/Key: The register password for the DNS provider.

4.4.7.IP Mobility

AMG-2000 supports IP PNP function.

IP Mobility		
IP PNP	🗖 Enable	

At the user end, you can use any IP address to connect to the system. Regardless of what the IP address at the user end is, you can still authenticate through AMG-2000 and access the network.

4.5. Utilities

This section provides four utilities to customize and maintain the system including **Change Password**, **Backup/Restore Settings**, **Firmware Upgrade** and **Restart**.

Configuration	tication Manageme	ent Configuration	Utilities	Status
Change Password		Utilities		
Backup/Restore Settings	Change Password	Change the administration p	assword.	
Firmware Upgrade	Backup/Restore Settings	Backup and restore system system settings to factory de		rator may also res
Restart	Firmware Upgrade	Update AMG-2000 firmware.		
\square	Restart	Restart the system.		
		® ()		

4.5.1. Change Password

AMG-2000 supports three accounts with different access privileges. You can log in as **admin**, **manager** or **operator**. The default password and access privilege for each account are as follow:

Admin: The administrator can access all configuration pages of the AMG-2000.

User Name: admin

Password: admin

Manager: The manager can only access the configuration pages under **User Authentication** to manage the user accounts, but has no permission to change the settings of the profiles for Firewall, Specific Route and Schedule.

User Name: manager

Password: manager

Operator: The operator can only access the configuration page of **Create On-demand User** to create and print out the new on-demand user accounts.

User Name: operator

Password: operator

The administrator can change the passwords here. Please enter the current password and then enter the new password twice to verify. Click *Apply* to activate this new password.

Change Adm	in Password
Old Password	x
New Password	x
Verify Password	x
J Apply	X Clear
Change Mana	ger Password
New Password	x
Verify Password	x
√ Apply	X Clear
Change Opera	ntor Password
New Password	x
Verify Password	x
J Apply	× Clear

Caution: If the administrator's password is lost, the administrator's password still can be changed through the text mode management interface on the serial port, console/printer port.

4.5.2. Backup/Restore Settings

This function is used to backup/restore the AMG-2000 settings. Also, AMG-2000 can be restored to the factory default settings here.

	nt system settings] ackup
[Restore sy	/stem settings]
File Name	Browse
R	estore
[Reset to the fact	ory-default settings]
	leset

• Backup current system settings: Click Backup to create a .db database backup file and save it on disk.

File Downlo	pad			×
Do you w	ant to open or :	save this file?		
3		0050303.db ata Base File 0.2.3.70		
		Open	Save	Cancel
	While files from harm your com			iles can potentially , do not open or

- **Restore system settings:** Click *Browse* to search for a .db database backup file created by AMG-2000 and click *Restore* to restore to the same settings at the time the backup file was created.
- Resetting to the factory-default settings: Click *Reset* to load the factory default settings of AMG-2000.

4.5.3. Firmware Upgrade

The administrator can download the latest firmware from website and upgrade the system here. Click **Browse** to search for the firmware file and click **Apply** to go on with the firmware upgrade process. It might be a few minutes before the upgrade process completes and the system needs to be restarted afterwards to make the new firmware effective.



Warning: 1. Firmware upgrade may cause the loss of some of the data. Please refer to the release notes for the limitation before upgrading the firmware. 2. Please restart the system after upgrading the firmware. Do not power on/off the system during the upgrade or the restart process. It may damage the system and cause it to malfunction.

4.5.4.Restart

This function allows the administrator to safely restart AMG-2000 and the process should take about 100 seconds. Click **YES** to restart AMG-2000; click **NO** to go back to the previous screen. If you need to turn off the power, we recommend you to restart AMG-2000 first and then turn off the power after completing the restart process.



Caution: The connection of all online users of the system will be disconnected when system is in the process of restarting.

4.6. Status

This section includes **System Status**, **Interface Status**, **Current Users**, **Traffic History**, and **Notification Configuration** to provide system status information and online user status.

Interface Status System Status Display current system settings. Current Users Interface Status Display WAN 1, WAN 2, LAN1~4, Private LAN configurations status. Traffic History Display online user information including: Username, IP, 1 pack count, byte count and idle time. Administrator may also out any on-line user from here. Hotification Configuration Traffic History Display detail usage information by day. A minimum of 3 day history can be logged in the system volatile memory.	System Status	Status			
Current Users Display Value Display Value Current Users Traffic History Display online user information including: Username, IP, It packet count, byte count and idle time. Administrator may also out any on-line user from here. Notification Configuration Traffic History Display detail usage information by day. A minimum of 3 day history can be logged in the system volatile memory. Notification There are three email accounts available to be set for rece Monitor IP report, Traffic History, On-demand User Log, and		/	Status		
Current Users interface Status status. Traffic History Display online user information including: Username, IP, I packet count, byte count and idle time. Administrator may also out any on-line user from here. Display detail usage information by day. A minimum of 3 day history can be logged in the system volatile memory. Notification There are three email accounts available to be set for rece Monitor IP report, Traffic History, On-demand User Log, and	Interface Status	System Status	Display current system settings.		
Traffic History Current Users packet count, byte count and idle time. Administrator may also out any on-line user from here. Notification Configuration Traffic History Display detail usage information by day. A minimum of 3 day history can be logged in the system volatile memory. Notification There are three email accounts available to be set for rece Monitor IP report, Traffic History, On-demand User Log, and	Current Users	Interface Status	Display WAN 1, WAN 2, LAN1~4, Private LAN configurations a status.		
Inaffic History history can be logged in the system volatile memory. Notification There are three email accounts available to be set for rece Notification Monitor IP report, Traffic History, On-demand User Log, and	Traffic History	Current Users	Display online user information including: Username, IP, MAC packet count, byte count and idle time. Administrator may also kic out any on-line user from here.		
Notification Monitor IP report, Traffic History, On-demand User Log, and	Notification Configuration	Traffic History	Display detail usage information by day. A minimum of 3 day history can be logged in the system volatile memory.		
External SYSLOG server can be configured here.					

4.6.1.System Status

This section provides an overview of the system for the administrator.

	System S	Status	
Currei	nt Firmware Version	1.01.01	
	System Name	AP Management Gateway	
	Home Page	http://www.level1.com/	
Syslog	server-Traffic History	N/A:N/A	
Syslog ser	ver-On demand User log	N/A:N/A	
Proxy Server		Disabled	
Friendly Logout		Enabled	
Warning o	f Internet Disconnection	Disabled	
	WAN Failover	Disabled	
Management	Remote Management IP	0.0.0/0.0.0	
Management	SNMP	Disabled	

	Retained Days	3 days
History		N/A
motory	Email To	N/A
		N/A
T	NTP Server	(tock.usno.navy.mil)
Time	Date Time	2006/10/05 14:05:35 +0800
	Idle Timer	10 Min(s)
User	Multiple Login	Disabled
5.12	Preferred DNS Server	10.2.3.203
DNS	Alternate DNS Server	168.95.1.1

The description of the table is as follows:

	<u>Item</u>	Description	
Current	Firmware Version	The present firmware version of AMG-2000	
C 1	votom Nome	The system name. The default is AP Management	
5	ystem Name	Gateway	
	Home Page	The page the users are directed to after initial login	
r	ionie rage	success.	
Svelog se	erver-Traffic History	The IP address and port number of the external Syslog	
Sysicy se		Server. N/A means that it is not configured.	
Svelog serve	ar-On demand User log	The IP address and port number of the external Syslog	
Syslog server-On demand User log		Server. N/A means that it is not configured.	
Þ	roxy Server	Enabled/disabled stands for that the system is currently	
Floxy Server		using the proxy server or not.	
Friendly Logout		Enabled/disabled stands for the setting of	
		hiding/displaying an extra confirmation window when	
		users click the logout button.	
		Enabled/Disabled stands for the connection at WAN is	
Warning of I	nternet Disconnection	normal or abnormal (Warning of Internet	
Warning of I		Disconnection) and all online users are	
		allowed/disallowed to log in the network.	
w	AN Failover	Show WAN Failover status of WAN1 and WAN2	
	Domoto Monoromont ID	The IP or IPs that is allowed for accessing the	
Monogomont	Remote Management IP	management interface.	
Management	CNIMD	Enabled/disabled stands for the current status of the	
	SNMP	SNMP management function.	
History	Potained Dave	The maximum number of days for the system to retain the	
History	Retained Days	users' information.	

		The up to three email addresses that the traffic history,		
	Email To	monitor IP report, on-demand user log, or AP status will be		
		sent to.		
Time	NTP Server	The network time server that the system is set to align.		
Time	Date Time	The system time is shown as the local time.		
	Idle Timer	The number of minutes allowed for the users to be		
User		inactive.		
USEI	Multiple Login	Enabled/disabled stands for the current setting to		
		allow/disallow multiple logins form the same account.		
DNS	Preferred DNS Server	IP address of the preferred DNS Server.		
2110	Alternate DNS Server	IP address of the alternate DNS Server.		

4.6.2.Interface Status

This section provides an overview of the interface for the administrator including WAN1, WAN2, LAN1~LAN4 Port and Private Port.

	Interface Status		
	MAC Address	00:90:0B:07:60:93	
WAN1	IP Address		
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Mode	NAT	
LAN1~4	MAC Address	00:90:0B:07:60:91	
LAN1~4	IP Address	192.168.1.254	
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Status	Enabled	
	WINS IP Address	N/A	
LAN1~4 HCP Server	Start IP Address	192.168.1.1	
	End IP Address	192.168.1.100	

	Lease Time	1440 Min(s)	
	Mode	NAT	
	MAC Address	00:90:0B:07:60:92	
Private LAN	IP Address	192.168.2.254	
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Status	Enabled	
	WINS IP Address	N/A	
Private LAN HCP Server	Start IP Address	192.168.2.1	
	End IP Address	192.168.2.100	
	Lease Time	1440 Min(s)	

	<u>ltem</u>	Description
	MAC Address	The MAC address of the WAN1 port.
WAN1	IP Address	The IP address of the WAN1 port.
	Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask of the WAN1 port.
	MAC Address	The MAC address of the WAN2 port.
WAN2	IP Address	The IP address of the WAN2 port.
	Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask of the WAN2 port.
	Mode	The mode of the LAN1~4 port.
LAN1~4	MAC Address	The MAC address of the LAN1~4 port.
LAN1~4	IP Address	The IP address of the LAN1~4 port.
	Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask of the LAN1~4 port.
	Status	Enable/disable stands for status of the DHCP server on the LAN1~4 port.
LAN1~4	WINS IP Address	The WINS server IP on DHCP server. N/A means that it is not configured.
DHCP Server	Start IP Address	The start IP address of the DHCP IP range.
	End IP address	The end IP address of the DHCP IP range.
	Lease Time	Minutes of the lease time of the IP address.
Private LAN	Mode	The mode of the private port.
	MAC Address	The MAC address of the private port.
	IP Address	The IP address of the private port.

	Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask of the private port.
	Status	Enable/disable stands for status of the DHCP server on the private port
Private LAN	WINS IP Address	The WINS server IP on DHCP server. N/A means that it is not configured.
DHCP Server	Start IP Address	The start IP address of the DHCP IP range.
	End IP address	The end IP Address of the DHCP IP range.
	Lease Time	Minutes of the lease time of the IP address.

4.6.3.Current Users

In this function, each online user's information including **Username**, **IP**, **MAC**, **Pkts In**, **Bytes In**, **Pkts Out**, **Bytes Out**, **Idle**, **Source AP** and **Kick Out** will be shown. Administrator can force out a specific online user by clicking the hyperlink of *"Logout"*, and check the user access AP status by click the hyperlink of the AP name for "Source AP". . Click *Refresh* is to update the **Current Users List** page.

ltem	Username		Pkts In	Bytes In	1.0.	Source AP
Rem	IP	MAC	Pkts Out	Bytes Out	Idie	Kick Out
	07@s1		787	339553	70	AAF6-129
1	10.171.1.249	00:40:96:A1:AF:DD	733	79373	idle 72	Logout

Click the Source AP to get the information of all associated client of the source AP.

Client List							
No	МАС	User ID	TX Packet (s)	RX Packet (s)	Rate	Power Saving	Expiration countdown
1	00:40:96:a1:af:dd	02@s1	138	422	54	Yes	266

4.6.4.Traffic History

This function is used to check the history of AMG-2000. The history of each day will be saved separately in the DRAM for 3 days.

	Traffic History		
Date		Size (Byte)	
	<u>2007-01-05</u>		65
o	n-demand User Log		
Date		Size (Byte)	
	2007-01-05		239
Roar	ning Out Traffic His	tory	
Date		Size (Byte)	
	2007-01-05		108
Roa	ming In Traffic Histo	pr y	
Date		Size (Byte)	

Caution: Since the history is saved in the DRAM, if you need to restart the system and also keep the history, then please manually copy and save the information before restarting.

If the **History Email** has been entered under the **Notification Configuration** page, then the system will automatically send out the history information to that email address.

• Traffic History

As shown in the following figure, each line is a traffic history record consisting of 9 fields, Date, Type, Name, IP,

MAC, Pkts In, Bytes In, Pkts Out, and Bytes Out, of user activities.

		Trafi	fic History 2005	03-22				
Date	Туре	Name	IP	MAC	Pkts In	Bytes In	Pkts Out	Bytes Out
2005-03-22 19:12:21 +0800	LOGIN	user1@local.tw	192.168.1.143	00:D0:C9:42:37:20	0	0	0	0
2005-03-22 19:12:24 +0800	LOGOUT	user1@local.tw	192.168.1.143	00:D0:C9:42:37:20	3	252	3	252
2005-03-22 19:12:29 +0800	LOGIN	user2@local.tw	192.168.1.143	00:D0:C9:42:37:20	0	0	0	0
2005-03-22 19:12:32 +0800	LOGOUT	user2@local.tw	192.168.1.143	00:D0:C9:42:37:20	3	252	3	252
2005-03-22 19:13:51 +0800	LOGIN	user1@local.tw	192.168.1.1	00:D0:C9:60:01:01	0	0	0	0

• On-demand User Log

As shown in the following figure, each line is a on-demand user log record consisting of 13 fields, **Date**, **System Name**, **Type**, **Name**, **IP**, **MAC**, **Pkts In**, **Bytes In**, **Pkts Out**, **Bytes Out**, **Expiretime**, **Validtime** and **Remark**, of user activities.

				On-de	emand User Log 20	05-0	3-22					
Date	System Name	Туре	Name	IP	MAC	Pkts In	Bytes In	Pkts Out	Bytes Out	Expiretime	Validtime	Remark
2005-03-22 17:55:58 +0800	My Service	Create_OD_User	P4SP	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	0	0	o	0	2005-03-25 17:55:58	None	2 hrs 0 mins
2005-03-22 17:56:03 +0800	My Service	Create_OD_User	62H6	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	0	0	0	0	2005-03-25 17:56:03	None	2 hrs 0 mins
2005-03-22 17:56:07 +0800	My Service	Create_OD_User	886D	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00:00:00:00	0	0	0	0	2005-03-25 17:56:07	None	2 hrs 0 mins

Roaming Out Traffic History

As shown in the following figure, each line is a roaming out traffic history record consisting of 14 fields, **Date**, **Type, Name**, **NSID**, **NASIP**, **NASPort**, **UserMAC**, **SessionID**, **SessionTime**, **Bytes in**, **Bytes Out**, **Pkts In**, **Pkts Out** and **Message**, of user activities.

Roaming Out Traffic History 2005-03-22

Date Type Name NASID NASIP NASPort UserMAC sessionID sessionTime Bytes In Bytes Out Pkts In Pkts Out Message

Roaming In Traffic History

•

As shown in the following figure, each line is a roaming in traffic history record consisting of 15 fields, **Date**, **Type, Name**, **NSID**, **NASIP**, **NASPort**, **UserMAC**, **UserIP**, **SessionID**, **SessionTime**, **Bytes in**, **Bytes Out**, **Pkts In**, **Pkts Out** and **Message**, of user activities.

Roaming In Traffic History 2005-03-22

Date Type Name NASID NASIP NASPort UserMAC UserIP SessionID SessionTime Bytes In Bytes Out Pkts In Pkts Out Message

4.6.5. Notify Configuration

AMG-2000 can automatically send the notification of **Monitor IP Report**, **Traffic History**, **On-demand User Log** and **AP Status** to up to 3 particular e-mail addresses. Enter the related information and select the desired items and then apply the settings.

	E-mail M	lotification Con	figuration		
Send To		Monitor IP Report	Traffic History	On-demand User Log	AP Status
casper.wu@yahoo.com.t	tw		•		2
felix@gmail.com				N	
Interval		1 Hour 💌	1 Hour 💌	1 Hour 💌	N/A
Send Test Emai	il	Send	Send	Send	Send
Send From		casper.wu@y	ahoo.com.tw		
SMTP		smtp.mail.yah	ioo.com.tw		
Auth Method		None	•		
	Sj	yslog Configura	ntion		
Traffic History	IP 10.2.3	3.219	Port	514	
On-demand User Log	IP 10.2.3	3.203	Port	514	

- Send To: You can set up to 3 e-mail addresses to receive the notification. These are the receivers' e-mail addresses. There are four kinds of notification to selection -- Monitor IP Report, Traffic History, On-demand User Log and AP Status, check which notification you want to receive.
- Interval: The time interval to send the e-mail report.
- Send Test Email: To test the settings immediately.
- **Send From:** The e-mail address of the administrator in charge of the monitoring. This will show up as the sender's e-mail.
- **SMTP:** The IP address of the sender's SMTP server.
- Auth Method: The system provides four authentication methods, Plain, Login, CRAM-MD5 and NTLMv1, or "None" to use none of the above. Depending on which authentication method you select, you have to enter the Account Name, Password and Domain.

NTLMv1 is not currently available for general use.

Plain and CRAM-MD5 are standardized authentication mechanisms while Login and NTLMv1 are Microsoft proprietary mechanisms. Only Plain and Login can use the UNIX login password. Netscape uses Plain. Outlook and Outlook express uses Login as default, although they can be set to use NTLMv1. Pegasus uses CRAM-MD5 or Login but you are not able to configure which method to use.

	E-mail I	lotification Cor	figuration		
Send To		Monitor IP Report	Traffic History	On-demand User Log	AP Status
casper.wu@yahoo.com.t	W				~
felix@gmail.com					
Interval		1 Hour 💌	1 Hour 💌	1 Hour 💌	N/A
Send Test Emai	it	Send	Send	Send	Send
Send From		casper.wu@y	ahoo.com.tw		
SMTP		smtp.mail.yah	noo.com.tw		
Auth Method		None None Plain	•		
Traffic History		CRAM-MD5	Port	514	
On-demand User Log	IP 10.2.3	3.203	Port	514	

Syslog Configuration: Enter the IPs and Ports of the Syslog server to receive system events including Traffic History and On-demand User Log.

•

	Syslog Configur	ation
Traffic History	IP 10.2.3.219	Port 514
)n-demand User Log	IP 10.2.3.203	Port 514

4.7. Help

On the screen, the **Help** button is on the upper right corner.

Click *Help* to the **Online Help** window and then click the hyperlink of the items to get the information.



5. Appendix A -- Console Interface

Via this port to enter the console interface for the administrator to handle the problems and situations occurred during operation.

- To connect the console port of AMG-2000, you need a console, modem cable and a terminal simulation program, such as the Hyper Terminal.
- 2. If you use Hyper Terminal, please set the parameters as **9600,8,n,1**.

<u>B</u> its per second:	9600	•
<u>D</u> ata bits:	8	•
<u>P</u> arity:	None	•
<u>S</u> top bits:	1	
Elow control:	None	•
Elow control:	None	•

Caution: the main console is a menu-driven text interface with dialog boxes. Please use arrow keys on the keyboard to browse the menu and press the *Enter* key to make selection or confirm what you enter.

3. Once the console port of AMG-2000 is connected properly, the console main screen will appear automatically. If the screen does not appear in the terminal simulation program automatically, please try to press the arrow keys, so that the terminal simulation program will send some messages to the system and the welcome screen or the main menu should appear. If you are still unable to see the welcome screen or the main menu of the console, please check the connection of the cables and the settings of the terminal simulation program.

	Utility Password Reset Restart	Utilities for network debugging Change admin password Reload factory default Restart LevelOne AMG-2000
--	---	---

Utilities for network debugging

The console interface provides several utilities to assist the Administrator to check the system conditions and to debug any problems. The utilities are described as follow:

PING	Ping host(IP)
Trace	Trace routing path
ShowIF	Display interface settings
ShowRT	Display routing table
ShowARP	Display ARP table
UpTime	Display system up time
Status	Check service status
Safe	Set device into 'safe mode'
NTP	Synchronize clock with NTP serve
DMESG	Print the kernel ring buffer
Main	Main menu

- Ping host (IP): By sending ICMP echo request to a specified host and wait for the response to test the network status.
- > Trace routing path: Trace and inquire the routing path to a specific target.
- Display interface settings: It displays the information of each network interface setting including the MAC address, IP address, and netmask.
- Display the routing table: The internal routing table of the system is displayed, which may help to confirm the Static Route settings.
- > Display ARP table: The internal ARP table of the system is displayed.
- > Display system up time: The system live time (time for system being turn on) is displayed.
- > Check service status: Check and display the status of the system.
- Set device into "safe mode": If administrator is unable to use Web Management Interface via the browser for the system failed inexplicitly. Administrator can choose this utility and set AMG-2000 into safe mode, then administrator can management this device with browser again.
- Synchronize clock with NTP server: Immediately synchronize the clock through the NTP protocol and the specified network time server. Since this interface does not support manual setup for its internal clock, therefore we must reset the internal clock through the NTP.
- Print the kernel ring buffer: It is used to examine or control the kernel ring buffer. The program helps users to print out their bootup messages instead of copying the messages by hand.
- Main menu: Go back to the main menu.

Change admin password

Besides supporting the use of console management interface through the connection of null modem, the system also supports the SSH online connection for the setup. When using a null modem to connect to the system console, we do not need to enter administrator's password to enter the console management interface. But connecting the system by SSH, we have to enter the username and password.

The username is "admin" and the default password is also "admin", which is the same as for the web

management interface. You can use this option to change the administrator's password. Even if you forgot the password and are unable to log in the management interface from the web or the remote end of the SSH, you can still use the null modem to connect the console management interface and set the administrator's password again.

Caution: Although it does not require a username and password for the connection via the serial port, the same management interface can be accessed via SSH. Therefore, we recommend you to immediately change the AMG-2000 Admin username and password after logging in the system for the first time.

- Reload factory default Choosing this option will reset the system configuration to the factory defaults.
- Restart LevelOne AMG-2000
 Choosing this option will restart AMG-2000.

6. Appendix B -- Network Configuration on PC

After AMG-2000 is installed, the following configurations must be set up on the PC: **Internet Connection Setup** and **TCP/IP Network Setup**.

Internet Connection Setup

If the Internet Connection of this client PC has been configured as use local area network already, you can skip this setup.

- Windows 9x/2000
- 1. Choose Start > Control Panel > Internet Options.

2. Choose the "**Connections**" label, and then click *Setup*.

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Address 🐼 Control Panel						· 🖓 60
	é			1	8	-
Control Panel	Accessibility Options	Add/Remove Hardware	Add/Remove Programs	Administrative Tools	Date/Time	
Internet Options Configures your Internet display and connections settings	Display	Folder Options	Fonts	Game Controllers	Internet Options)
Windows Update Windows 2000 Support		Ø			U	
	Keyboard	Mouse	Network and Dial-up Co	Phone and Modem	Power Options	
	3	3	2	٦		
	Printers	Regional Options	Scanners and Cameras	Scheduled Tasks	Sounds and Multimedia	
	System	Sers and	VMware Tools			
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onfigures your Internet display and con	nections setting	gs		Į.	My Computer	
Internet Properties					2	
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Use the Inter				Set	up	>
Dial-up settings						
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Never dial a con	nection					
C Dial whenever a	network (connection	is not pres	ent		
C Always dial my o	default cor	nection				
Current N	lone			Set D	Default	
Local Area Network	(LAN) sett	inas —				
		-		LAN Se	ettings	
		ок	Car	ncel	Apply	

 Choose "I want to set up my Internet connection manually, or I want to connect through a local Area network (LAN)", and then click Next.



 Choose "I connect through a local area network (LAN)" and click *Next*.

Internet Connection Wizard Setting up your Internet conne	ction			×
If you have an Internet service p to connect to it. If your computer access to the Internet over the L	is connected to a local			
How do you connect to the Inter	net?			
C I connect through a phone li	ne and a modem			
 I connect through a local are 	a network (LAN)			
		< Back		ancel
		(Dack New		
Internet Connection Wizard	h (i ti			×
Local area network Interne	t configuration			12
Select the method you woul sure which option to select, administrator. Automatic coor of manual settings, disable a Automatic Configuration Automatic discovery Use automatic conf Address: Manual Proxy Server	select automatic discov nfiguration may override utomatic configuration.	ery or contact your ne manual settings. To e	twork	
Internet Connection Wizard		< Back	Next >	Cancel
Set Up Your Internet Mail A	ccount			×,
An Internet mail program is in receive and send e-mail mes To successfully set up your I an e-mail account with an In	sages. nternet mail account, yo	u must have already s	igned up for	0
information. If you are missing your Internet service provide Do you want to set up an Int	g any information the wiz r.	ard asks you to provid		
© No				
		< Back	lext >	Cancel
Internet Connection Wizard				×
<u>XIZ</u>	Completing Wizard	y completed the Intern	et Connection v	vizard.
	Your computer is now account. After you close this wi Internet at any time by	zard, you can connec	t to the	
	Explorer icon on your	desktop. Internet immediately,		nd then

To close the wizard, click Finish

< Back Finish

Cancel

 DO NOT choose any option in the following LAN window for Internet configuration, and just click *Next*.

6. Choose "No", and click Next.

 Finally, click *Finish* to exit the Internet Connection Wizard. Now, the set up has been completed.

Windows XP

2. Choose Start > Control Panel > Internet Option.

 Choose the "Connections" label, and then click Setup.

 Click *Next* when Welcome to the New Connection Wizard screen appears.

E Control Panel	
File Edit View Favorites Tools	: Help
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Address 📴 Control Panel	💌 🄁 Go
Control Panel 🛞	් 😤 👸 🐂 🧬
Switch to Category View	Accessibility Add Hardware Add or Administrative Date and Time Options Remov Tools
See Also	🕵 😥 🥳 🛜 🔪
Windows Update	Display Folder Options Fonts Game Internet Controllers Options
Help and Support	🚋 🖒 🍳 🗽 👿
	Keyboard Mouse Network Phone and Power Options Connections Modem
	Printers and Regional and Scanners and Scheduled Sounds and
	Faxes Language Cameras Tasks Audio Devices
	Speech System Taskbar and User Accounts VMware Tools
Internet Properties	2 🛛
	vacy Content Connections Programs Advanced
To set up an I	internet connection, click
Dial-up and Virtual Pr	ivate Network settings
	Add
	Remove
Choose Settings if yo	ou need to configure a proxy Settings
server for a connecti Never dial a connection	ion.
	network connection is not present
O Always dial my de	
Current No	one Set Default
Local Area Network (
	apply to dial-up connections. LAN Settings
	OK Cancel Apply
New Connection Wizard	
New Connection Wizard	
New Connection Wizard	Welcome to the New Connection
New Connection Wizard	Welcome to the New Connection Wizard
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you:
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you:
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network.
New Connection Wizard	 Wizard This wizard helps you: Connect to the Internet. Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. Set up a home or small office network.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: Connect to the Internet. Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next.
New Connection Wizard	 Wizard This wizard helps you: Connect to the Internet. Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. Set up a home or small office network.
	Wizard This wizard helps you: Connect to the Internet. Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next.
Network Connection Typ	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next.
New Connection Wizard	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next.
Network Connection Wizard What do you want to do	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. < Connect
Network Connection Wizard What do you want to do?	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. • Back Next Cancel
New Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. • Cancel • Cancel • Cancel • Cancel • Cancel • Cancel
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New Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do?	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. • Cancel •
New Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do? Oconnect to the Inth Connect to the Inth Connect to the Inthe Connect to a busines a field office, or anot	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. • Set up a home or small office network. • To continue, click Next. • Cancel • Cancel
New Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do? Of Connect to the Int Downect to the Internet Of Connect to a busines a field office, or anoth Of Set up a home or Connect to an existin	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. • Cancel •
New Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do? Of Connect to the Inth Source to the Inthe Connect to the Inthe Connect to a busines a field office, or anot Of Set up a home or Connect to an existin Of Set up a advance	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. • To continue, click Next. • Cancel •
Network Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do? Of Connect to the Inter Connect to a busines a field office, or anot Of Set up a home or Connect to an existin Of Set up a home or Connect to an existin	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. • Cancel •
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Network Connection Wizard Network Connection Typ What do you want to do? Of Connect to the Int Connect to the Internet Of Connect to the Internet Served to the lotter Connect to a busines a field office, or anot Set up a home or Connect to an existin Of Set up a advance Connect to an existin	Wizard This wizard helps you: • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to the Internet. • Connect to a private network, such as your workplace network. • Set up a home or small office network. To continue, click Next. • Cancel • Ca

5. Choose "Connect to the Internet" and then click *Next*.

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6. Choose "**Set up my connection manually**" and then click *Next*.

New Connection Wizard
Getting Ready The wizard is preparing to set up your Internet connection.
How do you want to connect to the Internet? Choose from a list of Internet service providers (ISPs) Set up my connection manually For a diarup connection, you will need your account name, password, and a phone number for your ISP. For a broadband account, you won't need a phone number.
○ Use the <u>C</u> D I got from an ISP

 Choose "Connect using a broadband connection that is always on" and then click *Next*.

New Connection Wizard
Internet Connection How do you want to connect to the Internet?
O Connect using a <u>d</u> ial-up modem This type of connection uses a modem and a regular or ISDN phone line.
 Connect using a broadband connection that requires a <u>user</u> name and password
This is a high-speed connection using either a DSL or cable modem. Your ISP may refer to this type of connection as PPPoE.
Connect using a broadband connection that is always on This is a high speed connection using either a cable modern, DSL or LAN connection. It is always active, and doesn't require you to sign in.
< <u>B</u> ack Next > Cancel

Finally, click *Finish* to exit the Connection
 Wizard. Now, you have completed the setup.



TCP/IP Network Setup

In the default configuration, AMG-2000 will assign an appropriate IP address to a client PC which uses DHCP to obtain IP address automatically. Windows 95/98/2000/XP configures IP setup to "**Obtain an IP address automatically**" in default settings.

If you want to check the TCP/IP setup or use a static IP to connect to AMG-2000 LAN port, please follow the following steps:

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Check the TCP/IP Setup of Window 9x/ME

1. Choose Start > Control Panel > Network.



 Choose "Configuration" label and select "TCP/IP > AMD PCNET Family Ethernet Adapter (PCI-ISA)", and then click *Properties*. Now, you can choose to use DHCP or specific IP address.

3-1. Using DHCP: If you want to use DHCP, please choose "Obtain an IP address automatically" on the "IP Address" label and click *OK*. This is also the default setting of Windows. Then, reboot the PC to make sure an IP address is obtained from AMG-2000.



- 3-2. Using Specific IP Address: If you want to use specific IP address, you have to ask the network administrator for the information of AMG-2000: *IP address*, *Subnet Mask*, *New gateway* and *DNS server address*.
 - Please choose "Specify an IP address" and enter the information given by the network administrator in "IP Address" and "Subnet Mask" on the "IP Address" label and then click OK.
 - Choose "Gateway" label and enter the gateway address of AMG-2000 in the "New gateway:" and then click Add and OK.

 Choose "DNS Configuration" label. If the DNS Server column is blank, please click *Enable DNS* and then enter the DNS address(es) provided by your network administrator. Then, click *Add* and click *OK*.

TCP/IP Properties				? ×
Bindings DNS Configuration G	Advanc ateway W			BIOS IP Address
An IP address can be If your network does your network administ the space below.	not automatic	ally assi	gn IP addre	sses, ask
© <u>Obtain an IP ad</u>		itically		
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S <u>u</u> bnet Mask:	•	÷		
<u></u>	(0	ik	Cancel
TCP/IP Properties				? ×
Bindings	Advanc			(BIOS)
DNS Configuration G	iateway 🛛 🗤	INS Cor	figuration	IP Address
The first gateway in t The address order in machines are used.	he Installed G the list will be	iateway the ord	list will be th er in which I	ne default. :hese
New gateway:	. 🤇	Ad		
		<u>B</u> em	ove	
-	<u> </u>	0	к	Cancel
TCP/IP Properties				
Bindings DNS Configuration G	Advanc iateway W			BIOS IP Address
Enable DNS	>			
DNS Server Search	-) <u>o</u> main:		_
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Address Control Panel				• @@
	Date/Time	Display	Folder Options	Fonts
Control Panel	Game	Internet	Keyboard	Mouse
Network and Dial-up Connections Connects to other computers,	Controllers		21	
networks, and the Internet <u>Windows Update</u> <u>Windows 2000 Support</u>	Network and Dial-up Connections	Phone and Modem	Power Options	Printers
	Regional Si	anners and	Scheduled	Sounds and
		Cameras	Tasks	Multimedia
1	System	Users and	VMware Tools	

- Check the TCP/IP Setup of Window 2000
- 1. Select Start > Control Panel > Network and Dial-up Connections.

ork and Dial-up Connections

Edit View Favorites Tools

Address 😰 Network and Dial-up Connections

, Displays the properties of the selected conne

Install.

Description

General Connect using:

Local Area Connection Properties

B AMD PCNET Family PCI Ethernet Adapter

Components checked are used by this connection:

Client for Microsoft Networks

 Eile and Printer Sharing for M

🗹 🧯 Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

Network and Dialup Connections

Local Area Connection

Type: LAN Connection Status: Enabled AMD PCNET Family PCI Ethernet Adapter

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Make N Connect Disable Status

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Create Shortcut

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<u>C</u>onfigure

Properties

 Click the right button of the mouse on "Local Area Connection" icon and then select "Properties".

 Select "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)" and then click *Properties*. Now, you can choose to use DHCP or specific IP address, please proceed to the following steps.

4-1. Using DHCP: If want to use DHCP, please choose
"Obtain an IP address automatically" and click OK. This is also the default setting of Windows. Then, reboot the PC to make sure an IP address is obtained from AMG-2000.

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Sho <u>w</u> icon in taskbar when c	onnected	
	0K	Cancel
ternet Protocol (TCP/IP) Propert	ies	<u>? ×</u>
General		(
You can get IP settings assigned autory this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings.		
Obtain an IP address automatic		
C Use the following IP address: -		
[P address:		
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:		
Default gateway:		
I		
Obtain DNS server address aut	omatically	
Use the following DNS server a	ddresses:	
Preferred DNS server:		
ernet Protocol (TCP/IP) Propert		
emet Protocol (TCP/IP) Proper	ies	<u>?</u> ×
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General You can get IP settings assigned aut this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings. Obtain an IP address automatic Use the following IP address IP address. Subnet mask: Default gateway:	ally	rk supports
General You can get IP settings assigned aut this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings. Obtain an IP address automatic Uge the following IP address: IP address: Sybnet mask: Default gateway: Obtain PMC Obtain PMC Uge the following DNS server a Preferred DNS server:	ally	rk supports
General You can get IP settings assigned aut this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings. Obtain an IP address automatic Obtain an IP address automatic Use the following IP address: Sybnet mask: Default gateway: Obtain DHC Use the following DNS server a	ally	rk supports
General You can get IP settings assigned aut this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings. Obtain an IP address automatic Use the following IP address IP address: Subnet mask: Default gateway: Obtain DMS Use the following DNS server a Preferred DNS server:	ally	rk supports

4-2. Using Specific IP Address: If you want to use specific IP address, you have to ask the network administrator for the information of the AMG-2000: IP address, Subnet Mask, New gateway and DNS 134 server address.

• Please choose "Use the following IP address" and enter the information given from the network administrator in "IP address", "Subnet mask" and DNS address(es) and then click *OK*.

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Control Panel

See Also

Windows Update
 Help and Support

🛛 🔂 Control Panel

Switch to Category View

🛸 Network Connections

Network Tasks

Favorites

🛚 🔇 Network Connections

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File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

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Tools Advanced Help

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Regional and Language ...

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System

LAN or High-Speed Internet

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canners and Cameras

Taskbar and

• Check the TCP/IP Setup of Window XP

1. Select Start > Control Panel > Network Connection.

 Click the right button of the mouse on the "Local Area Connection" icon and select "Properties"

 Select "General" label and choose "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)" and then click *Properties*. Now, you can choose to use DHCP or specific IP address, please proceed to the following steps.

3-1. Using DHCP: If want to use DHCP, please choose
"Obtain an IP address automatically" and click OK.
This is also the default setting of Windows. Then,
reboot the PC to make sure an IP address is obtained
from AMG-2000.



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Internet Options

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Power Options

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Sounds and Audio Devices

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Administrativ Tools

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Scheduled Tasks

- 3-2. Using Specific IP Address: If want to use specific IP address, you have to ask the network administrator for the information of the AMG-2000: IP address, Subnet Mask, New gateway and DNS server address.
 - Please choose "Use the following IP address" and enter the information given from the network administrator in "IP address", "Subnet mask" and the "DNS address(es)" and then click OK.

rnet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prop	perties			?
neral				
'ou can get IP settings assigned au nis capability. Otherwise, you need t ne appropriate IP settings.				
O Obtain an IP address automatic	ally			
Use the following IP address:	>			
IP address:			•	
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:		80		
Default gateway:	1000	12	10	
Obtain DMS converted direct out Obtain DMS server a Preferred DNS server: Alternate DNS server:			• • • • • •	
			12	
			Advanc	ed
	C	OK		Canc

7. Appendix C - Windows Server 2000/2003 AD

AD environment mode can be supported by AMG-2000. For example, the domain, 2k3lab.idv.tw, is controlled by Window 2000/2003 sever and please make sure you have enabled the Active directory Service on the Windows Server.



When the AMG-2000 is set up, Windows Server should be also ready by the MIS in your company. Then, you can add new user and group under the OU.

Right-click on the OU to add a new user. *OU*→ *New*→ *User*.



Enter the user name in the necessary fields, *"First name"* and "*User logon name"*, and click *Next*.



Enter the Password and enter it again for confirmation. The password must be six characters or more. Depend on the request to check the four selections below. .Then, click the **Next**.

Create in:	2k3lab.idv.tw/OU
	210102107.00700
Password:	•••••
Confirm password:	•••••
User must change p	a second shared larger
User must change p	password at next logon
Password never exp	
Account is disabled	
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext> Cance
w Object - User	
Create in:	2k3lab.idv.tw/OU
Eirst name:	ccc <u>I</u> nitials:
Last name:	
Full name:	ccc
User logon name:	
ccd	@2k3lab.idv.tw
User logon name (pre- <u>W</u>	<u>√</u> indows 2000):
2K3LAB1	ccc
	< <u>B</u> ack, <u>N</u> ext > Cance
# Object - User	
👩 Create in:	2k3lab.idv.tw/OU
When you click Finish, I	the following object will be created:
When you click Finish, I Full name: ccc	the following object will be created:
Full name: ccc User logon name: ccc(@2k3lab.idv.tw
Full name: ccc	@2k3lab.idv.tw
Full name: ccc User logon name: ccc(@2k3lab.idv.tw
Full name: ccc User logon name: ccc(@2k3lab.idv.tw
Full name: ccc User logon name: ccc(@2k3lab.idv.tw
Full name: ccc User logon name: ccc(@2k3lab.idv.tw

The new user, *ccc*, is created successfully under the OU.

Properties.



Click the *Account* label and you will see the account information about ccc.

Remote contro	ol Terr	ninal Services	Profile	COM+
Member Of	Dial-in	Enviror	nment	Sessions
General Addre	Account	Profile	Telephones	Organization
User logon name	:			
ccd		@2k3lat	o.idv.tw	-
User logon name	(pre- <u>W</u> indows 20	000):		
2K3LAB\		ccc		
Logon Hours	. Log On	To		
 └── A <u>c</u> count is lo		10		
Account is lo Account options:	cked out change password of change password	d at next logon		
Account is lo Account options:	cked out change password ot change passw never expires word using revers	d at next logon		* - *
Account options:	cked out change password ot change passw never expires word using revers	d at next logon		×
Account is lo Account options: User must of Vser canno Password r Store passo	cked out change password ot change passw never expires word using revers	d at next logon ord ible encryption		*

		Primary LDAP Server
Then, you can get the information to fill in the	Server IP	*(Domain Name/IP)
	Port	*(Default: 389)
fields of LDAP Server. For example, Server	Base DN	*(CN=,do=,do=)
IP: www.2k3lab.idv.tw, Port: 389; Base DN: -	Account Attribute	(Default: uid)
ou=OU,dc=2k3lab,dc=idv,dc=tw;		Secondary LDAP Server
	Server IP	
	Port 🗌	
Account Attribute: CN	Base DN	
	Account Attribute	

Note: Usually, the users are created under the CN=users, and the Base DN will be

"CN=users,dc=2k3lab,dc=idv,dc=tw". The Account Attribute of Windows Server will only be CN and that of Linux

8. Appendix D - Proxy Setting for Hotspot

HotSpot is a place such as coffee shops, hotels, or other public areas where provide Wi-Fi service for mobility users. HotSpot is usually implemented without complex network architecture and using some proxy server which provide by Internet Service Providers.



In Hotspots, mobility users usually enable their proxy setting of the browsers such as IE, Firefox, or the others, so we need to set some proxy configuration in the Gateway. Please follow the steps to complete the proxy configuration :

- 1. Login Gateway by using "admin".
- 2. Click the *Network Configuration from top menu* and the homepage of the *Network Configuration* will appear.
| System
Configuration | | t Network Utilities Status |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | iiii Network Co | nfiguration |
| Network Address Translation | | Network Configuration |
| Privilege List | Network Address
Translation | AMG-2000 provides 3 types of network address translation: DMZ
(Demilitarized Zone), Public Accessible Server and IP/Port Redirect. |
| Monitor IP List | Privilege List | System provides Privilege IP Address List and Privilege MAC
Address List. System will NOT authenticate those listed devices. |
| Walled Garden List Proxy Server Properties | Monitor IP List | System can monitor up to 40 network devices online status with an option to add them as public access servers via HTTP or HTTPS. Even under NAT mode, after added the devices as public access servers, the devices can be accessed by clicking the hypertext. |
| Dynamic DNS | Walled Garden List | Up to 20 hosts' URL could be defined in Walled Garden List. Clients may access these URL without authentication. |
| IP Mobility | Proxy Server
Properties | AMG-2000 supports up to 10 external proxy servers.
System can redirect traffic to external proxy server into built-in proxy server. |
| | Dynamic DNS | AMG-2000 supports dynamic DNS (DDNS) feature. |
| | IP Mobility | System supports IP PNP Configuration. |

3. Click the *Proxy Server Properties* from left menu and the homepage of the **Proxy Server Properties** will appear.

	External Prox	y Server
ltem	Server IP	Port
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	Internal Prox	y Server

4.	Add your ISP's proxy Server IP and Port into External	Proxy Server Setting.

Built-in Proxy Server

O Enabled 💿 Disabled

	Exte	ernal Proxy Server
ltem	Server IP	Port
1	10.2.3.203	6588
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	Inte	rnal Proxy Server
	Built-in Proxy Server	◯ Enable ⊙ Disable

5. Enable Built-in Proxy Server in Internal Proxy Server Setting.

	External Proxy Server	
tem	Server IP	Port
1	10.2.3.203	6588
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	Internal	Proxy Server
	Built-in Proxy Server	Enable ODisable

6. Click *Apply* to save the settings.

9. Appendix E - Proxy Setting for Enterprises

Enterprises usually isolate their Intranet and Internet by using a complex network architecture. Many enterprises have their own proxy servers which are usually at intranet or DMZ under the firewall protection.



DMZ

In enterprises, network manager or MIS maybe usually ask their users to enable their proxy setting of the browsers such as IE, Firefox, or others to reduce the internet access loading, so we need to set some proxy configuration in the Gateway.

Caution : Some enterprises will automatically redirect packets to proxy server by using core switch or Layer 7 devices. By the way, the clients don't need to enable their proxy setting of browsers, and you don't need to set any proxy configuration in the Gateway.

Please follow the steps to complete the proxy configuration :

Gateway setting

- 1. Login Gateway by using "admin".
- 2. Click the *Network Configuration from top menu* and the homepage of the *Network Configuration* will appear.

(
	💼 Network Cor	nfiguration
letwork Address Translation		Network Configuration
Privilege List	Network Address Translation	AMG-2000 provides 3 types of network address translation: DMZ (Demilitarized Zone), Public Accessible Server and IP/Port Redirect.
Monitor IP List	Privilege List	System provides Privilege IP Address List and Privilege MAC Address List. System will NOT authenticate those listed devices.
Walled Garden List Proxy Server Properties	Monitor IP List	System can monitor up to 40 network devices online status with an option to add them as public access servers via HTTP or HTTPS. Even under NAT mode, after added the devices as public access servers, the devices can be accessed by clicking the hypertext.
Dynamic DNS	Walled Garden List	Up to 20 hosts' URL could be defined in Walled Garden List. Clients may access these URL without authentication.
IP Mobility	Proxy Server Properties	AMG-2000 supports up to 10 external proxy servers. System can redirect traffic to external proxy server into built-in proxy server.
	Dynamic DNS	AMG-2000 supports dynamic DNS (DDNS) feature.
	IP Mobility	System supports IP PNP Configuration.

3. Click the *Proxy Server Properties* from left menu and the homepage of the *Proxy Server Properties* will appear.

	Exte	rnal Proxy Server
ltem	Server IP	Port
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	Inter	nal Proxy Server
	Built-in Proxy Server	◯ Enabled ⊙ Disabled

4. Add your proxy Server IP and Port into *External Proxy Server* Setting.

	External	Proxy Server
ltem	Server IP	Port
1	10.2.3.203	6588
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
		-
	Internal	Proxy Server
	Built-in Proxy Server	O Enable 💿 Disable

5. Disable Built-in Proxy Server in Internal Proxy Server Setting.

	External Pro	xy Server
ltem	Server IP	Port
1	10.2.3.203	6588
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Internal Proxy Server			
	Built-in Proxy Server	O Enabled 💿 Disabled	

Warning: If your proxy server is down, it will make the user authentication operation abnormal. When users open the browser, the login page won't appear because the proxy server is down. Please make sure your proxy server is always available.

Client setting

It is necessary for clients to add default gateway IP address into proxy exception information. By the way, user login successful page will appear normally.

 Use command "*ipconfig*" to get Default Gateway IP Address.

	oft Windows XP [版本 5.1.2600]
C> Co	pyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.
C: Doc	uments and Settings\duke.hung>ipconfig
	TR ALLEANING ALLE
Window	s IP Configuration
Ethono	et adapter 區域連線:
Lenern	et auapter missizht.
	Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : sohoware.com
	IP Address
	IP Address
	Subnet Mask
Ethern	Subnet Mask
Ethern	Subnet Mask

- Open browser to add *default gateway IP address (e.g.* 192.168.1.254) and *logout page IP address "1.1.1.1"* into proxy exception information.
 - For I.E

roxy Se	ttings		?
-Servers	Туре	Proxy address to use	Port
ζ.	HTTP:	10.2.3.203	: 6588
	<u>S</u> ecure:	10.2.3.203	: 6588
	ETP:	10.2.3.203	: 6588
	<u>G</u> opher:	10.2.3.203	: 6588
	So <u>c</u> ks:		:
	<mark> </mark>	me proxy server for all protoco	ols
Exception		oxy server for addresses begin 54;1.1.1.1	ning with:
	Use semicolon	s (;) to separate entries.	
		OK	Cancel

• For firefox

Direct connectio	n to the Internet cy settings for this net <u>w</u> ork		
<u>M</u> anual proxy co HTTP Proxy:	nfiguration: 10.2.3.203	Port:	6588
	Use this proxy server for all protocols		
SSL Proxy:	10.2.3.203	Port:	6588
FTP Proxy:	10.2.3.203	Port:	6588
<u>G</u> opher Proxy:	10.2.3.203	Port:	6588
SO <u>C</u> KS Host:	10.2.3.203	Port:	6588
	○ SOCKS v4		
No Proxy for:	192.168.1.254,1.1.1.1		
Automatic proxy	Example: .mozilla.org, .net.nz, 192.168.1. / configuration URL:		eload.

10. Appendix E - Glossary

802.11 standard

A family of wireless Local Area Network specifications. The 802.11b standard in particular is seeing widespread acceptance and deployment in corporate campuses as well as commercial facilities such as airports and coffee shops that want to offer wireless networking service to their patrons.

802.11a

An IEEE specification for wireless networking that operates in the 5 GHz frequency range (5.725 GHz to 5.850 GHz) with a maximum of 54 Mbps data transfer rate. The 5 GHz frequency band is not as crowded as the 2.4 GHz frequency, because the 802.11a specification offers more radio channels than the 802.11b. These additional channels can help avoid radio and microwave interference.

802.11b

International standard for wireless networking that operates in the 2.4 GHz frequency range (2.4 GHz to 2.4835 GHz) and provides a throughput up to 11 Mbps. This is a very commonly used frequency. Microwave ovens, cordless phones, medical and scientific equipment, as well as Bluetooth devices, all work within the 2.4 GHz frequency band.

802.11g

Similar to 802.11b, but this standard provides a throughput up to 54 Mbps. It also operates in the 2.4 GHz frequency band but uses a different radio technology in order to boost overall bandwidth.

VLAN

Defines changes to Ethernet frames that will enable them to carry VLAN information. It allows switches to assign end-stations to different virtual LANs, and defines a standard way for VLANs to communicate across switched networks.

Four bytes have been added to the Ethernet frame for this purpose, causing the maximum Ethernet frame length to increase from 1518 to 1522 bytes. In these 4 bytes, 3 bits allow for up to eight priority levels and 12 bits identify one of 4,094 different VLANs. 802.3ac will define the specifics of these changes for Ethernet frames.

802.1x

802.1x is a security standard for wired and wireless LANs. It encapsulates EAP processes into Ethernet packets instead of using the protocol's native PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol) environment, thus reducing some network overhead. It also puts the bulk of the processing burden upon the client (called a supplicant in 802.1x parlance) and the authentication server (such as a RADIUS), letting the "authenticator" middleman simply pass the packets back and forth. Because the authenticator does so little, its role can be filled by a device with minimal processing power, such as an access point on a wireless network.

802.3ad

802.3ad is an IEEE standard for bonding or aggregating multiple Ethernet ports into one virtual interface (also known as trunking). The aggregated ports appear as a single IP address to your computer and applications. This means no application changes are required. The advantages of aggregation are that the virtual interface provides increased bandwidth by merging the bandwidth of the individual ports. The TCP connection load is then balanced across the ports. In addition to load balancing, 802.3ad provides automatic fail-over in the event any port or cable fails. All traffic that was being routed over the failed port is automatically re-routed to use one of the remaining ports. This fail-over is completely transparent to the application software using the connection.

Access Point

A device that allows wireless-equipped computers and other devices to communicate with a wired network. It is also used to expand the range of a wireless network.

Bandwidth

The amount of transmission capacity that is available on a network at any point in time. Available bandwidth depends on several variables such as the rate of data transmission speed between networked devices, network overhead, number of users, and the type of device used to connect PCs to a network. It is similar to a pipeline in that capacity is determined by size: the wider the pipe, the more water can flow through it; the more bandwidth a network provides, the more data can flow through it. Standard 802.11b provides a bandwidth of 11 Mbps; 802.11a and 802.11g provide a bandwidth of 54 Mbps.

Baud Rate

A measure of the number of times per second a signal in a communications channel changes state. The state is usually voltage level, frequency, or phase angle.

Beacon Interval

The frequency interval of the beacon, which is a packet broadcast by a router to synchronize a wireless network.

Bit

A binary digit.

Boot

To start a device and cause it to load executing instructions.

Bridge

A product that connects a local area network (LAN) to another local area network that uses the same protocol (for example, wireless, Ethernet or token ring). Wireless bridges are commonly used to link buildings in campuses.

Broadband

A comparatively fast Internet connection. Services such as ISDN, cable modem, DSL and satellite are all considered broadband as compared to dial-up Internet access. There is no official speed definition of broadband but services of

100Kbps and above are commonly thought of as broadband.

Browser

A browser is an application program that provides a way to look at and interact with all the information on the World Wide Web.

Cable Modem

A kind of converter used to connect a computer to a cable TV service that provides Internet access. Most cable modems have an Ethernet out-cable that attaches to the user's Wi-Fi gateway.

Client devices

Clients are the end users. Wi-Fi client devices include PC Cards that slide into laptop computers, mini-PCI modules embedded in laptop computers and mobile computing devices, as well as USB radios and PCI/ISA bus Wi-Fi radios. Client devices usually communicate with hub devices like access points and gateways.

CTS

Clear To Send. A signal sent by a device to indicate that it is ready to receive data.

Database

A collection of data that is organized so that its contents can easily be accessed, managed, and updated.

DDNS

Dynamic Domain Name System. The capability of having a website, FTP, or e-mail server with a dynamic IP address using a fixed domain name.

Default Gateway

A device that forwards Internet traffic from your local area network.

DHCP

A utility that enables a server to dynamically assign IP addresses from a predefined list and limit their time of use so that they can be reassigned. Without DHCP, an IT Manager would have to manually enter in all the IP addresses of all the computers on the network. When DHCP is used, whenever a computer logs onto the network, it automatically gets an IP address assigned to it.

DHCP Servers

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol Servers. PCs and other network devices using dynamic IP addressing are assigned a new IP address by a DHCP server. The PC or network device obtaining an IP address is called the DHCP client. DHCP frees you from having to assign IP addresses manually every time a new user is added to your network.

A DHCP server can either be a designated PC on the network or another network device, such as the Router. By default, the Router's DHCP server function is enabled.

If you already have a DHCP server running on your network, you must disable one of the two DHCP servers. If you

run more than one DHCP server on your network, you will experience network errors, such as conflicting IP addresses.

Diversity Antenna

A type of antenna system that uses two antennas to maximize reception and transmission quality and reduce interference.

DMZ

Demilitarized Zone. A computer or small subnetwork that sits between a trusted internal network, such as a corporate private LAN, and an distrusted external network, such as the public Internet. Typically, the DMZ contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

The term comes from military use, meaning a buffer area between two enemies.

DNS

A program that translates URLs to IP addresses by accessing a database maintained on a collection of Internet servers. The program works behind the scenes to facilitate surfing the Web with alpha versus numeric addresses. A DNS server converts a name like mywebsite.com to a series of numbers like 107.22.55.26. Every website has its own specific IP address on the Internet.

Domain Name

The unique name that identifies an Internet site. Domain Names always have 2 or more parts, separated by dots. The part on the left is the most specific, and the part on the right is the most general. A given machine may have more than one Domain Name but a given Domain Name points to only one machine.

DoS Attack

A type of attack on a network that is designed to bring the network to its knees by flooding it with useless traffic. Many DoS attacks, such as the Ping of Death and Teardrop attacks, exploit limitations in the TCP/IP protocols. For all known DoS attacks, there are software fixes that system administrators can install to limit the damage caused by the attacks. But, like viruses, new DoS attacks are constantly being dreamed up by hackers.

Download

To receive a file transmitted over a network.

DTIM

Delivery Traffic Indication Message. A message included in data packets that can increase wireless efficiency.

Dynamic IP Address

A temporary IP address assigned by a DHCP server.

Encryption

Encoding data to prevent it from being read by unauthorized people.

Encryption key

An alphanumeric (letters and/or numbers) series that enables data to be encrypted and then decrypted so it can be safely shared among members of a network. WEP uses an encryption key that automatically encrypts outgoing wireless data. On the receiving side, the same encryption key enables the computer to automatically decrypt the information so it can be read.

ESSID

The identifying name of an 802.11 wireless network. When you specify your correct ESSID in your client setup you ensure that you connect to your wireless network rather than another network in range. (See SSID.) The ESSID can be called by different terms, such as Network Name, Preferred Network, SSID or Wireless LAN Service Area.

Ethernet

International standard networking technology for wired implementations. Basic 10BaseT networks offer a bandwidth of about 10 Mbps. Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps) and Gigabit Ethernet (1000 Mbps) are becoming popular.

Firewall

A system that secures a network and prevents access by unauthorized users. Firewalls can be software, hardware or a combination of both. Firewalls can prevent unrestricted access into a network, as well as restrict data from flowing out of a network.

Firmware

1. In network devices, the program that runs the device.

2. Program loaded into read-only memory (ROM) or programmable read-only memory (PROM) that cannot be altered by end-users.

Fragmentation

Breaking a packet into smaller units when transmitting over a network medium that cannot support the original size of the packet.

FTP

File Transfer Protocol. A standard protocol for sending files between computers over a TCP/IP network and the Internet.

Full Duplex

The ability of a networking device to receive and transmit data simultaneously.

Gateway

In the wireless world, a gateway is an access point with additional software capabilities such as providing NAT and DHCP. Gateways may also provide VPN support, roaming, firewalls, various levels of security, etc.

Half Duplex

Data transmission that can occur in two directions over a single line, but only one direction at a time.

Hardware

The physical aspect of computers, telecommunications, and other information technology devices.

Hotspot

A place where you can access Wi-Fi service. This can be for free or for a fee. HotSpots can be inside a coffee shop, airport lounge, train station, convention center, hotel or any other public meeting area. Corporations and campuses are also implementing Hot Spots to provide wireless Internet access to their visitors and guests. In some parts of the world, Hot Spots are known as Cool Spots.

HTTP

HyperText Transport Protocol. The communications protocol used to connect to servers on the World Wide Web.

IEEE

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, New York, www.ieee.org. A membership organization that includes engineers, scientists and students in electronics and allied fields. It has more than 300,000 members and is involved with setting standards for computers and communications.

Internet appliance

A computer that is intended primarily for Internet access is simple to set up and usually does not support installation of third-party software. These computers generally offer customized web browsing, touch-screen navigation, e-mail services, entertainment and personal information management applications. An Internet appliance can be Wi-Fi enabled or it can be connected via a cable to the local network.

Infrastructure

Currently installed computing and networking equipment.

Infrastructure Mode

Configuration in which a wireless network is bridged to a wired network via an access point.

IP

Internet Protocol. A set of rules used to send and receive messages at the Internet address level.

IP address

A 32-bit number that identifies each sender or receiver of information that is sent across the Internet. An IP address has two parts: an identifier of a particular network on the Internet and an identifier of the particular device (which can be a server or a workstation) within that network.

IPsec

IP Security. A set of protocols developed by the IETF to support secure exchange of packets at the IP layer. IPsec

has been deployed widely to implement Virtual Private Networks (VPNs).

IPsec supports two encryption modes: Transport and Tunnel. Transport mode encrypts only the data portion (payload) of each packet, but leaves the header untouched. The more secure Tunnel mode encrypts both the header and the payload. On the receiving side, an IPSec-compliant device decrypts each packet. For IPsec to work, the sending and receiving devices must share a public key. This is accomplished through a protocol known as Internet Security Association and Key Management Protocol/Oakley (ISAKMP/Oakley), which allows the receiver to obtain a public key and authenticate the sender using digital certificates.

ISDN

Integrated Services Digital Network. A type of broadband Internet connection that provides digital service from the customer's premises to the dial-up telephone network. ISDN uses standard POTS copper wiring to deliver voice, data or video.

ISP

Internet Service Provider. A company that provides access to the Internet.

LAN

Local Area Network. A system of connecting PCs and other devices within the same physical proximity for sharing resources such as an Internet connections, printers, files and drives. When Wi-Fi is used to connect the devices, the system is known as a wireless LAN or WLAN.

LDAP

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol. A set of protocols for accessing information directories. LDAP is based on the standards contained within the X.500 standard, but is significantly simpler. And unlike X.500, LDAP supports TCP/IP, which is necessary for any type of Internet access. Because it's a simpler version of X.500, LDAP is sometimes called X.500-lite.

Although not yet widely implemented, LDAP should eventually make it possible for almost any application running on virtually any computer platform to obtain directory information, such as email addresses and public keys. Because LDAP is an open protocol, applications need not worry about the type of server hosting the directory.

Local User

A user that has signed up for an account from a specific ezboard community, enabling the user to participate only in that ezboard as a registered user. Global user registration from the ezboard home page is recommended for full access to all ezboard communities and the Control Center.

MAC

Media Access Control. Every wireless 802.11 device has its own specific MAC address hard-coded into it. This unique identifier can be used to provide security for wireless networks. When a network uses a MAC table, only the

802.11 radios that have had their MAC addresses added to that network's MAC table will be able to get onto the network.

Mbps

Megabits Per Second. One million bits per second; a unit of measurement for data transmission.

NAT

Network Address Translation. A network capability that enables a houseful of computers to dynamically share a single incoming IP address from a dial-up, cable or xDSL connection. NAT takes the single incoming IP address and creates new IP address for each client computer on the network.

Network

A series of computers or devices connected for the purpose of data sharing, storage, and/or transmission between users.

Node

A network junction or connection point, typically a computer or work station.

Packet

A unit of data sent over a network.

Passphrase

Used much like a password, a passphrase simplifies the WEP encryption process by automatically generating the WEP encryption keys for the company products.

POP

Post Office Protocol. Short for Post Office Protocol, a protocol used to retrieve e-mail from a mail server. Most e-mail applications (sometimes called an e-mail client) use the POP protocol, although some can use the newer IMAP (Internet Message Access Protocol).

There are two versions of POP. The first, called POP2, became a standard in the mid-80's and requires SMTP to send messages. The newer version, POP3, can be used with or without SMTP.

POP3

Post Office Protocol 3. A standard protocol used to retrieve e-mail stored on a mail server.

Port

- 1. The connection point on a computer or networking device used for plugging in a cable or an adapter.
- 2. The virtual connection point through which a computer uses a specific application on a server.

PPPoE

Point-to- Point Protocol over Ethernet. PPPoE relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. PPPoE is a specification for connecting the users on an Ethernet to the Internet through a common broadband medium,

such as a single DSL line, wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet share a common connection, so the Ethernet principles supporting multiple users in a LAN combine with the principles of PPP, which apply to serial connections.

PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol. A new technology for creating Virtual Private Networks (VPNs), developed jointly by Microsoft Corporation, U.S. Robotics, and several remote access vendor companies, known collectively as the PPTP Forum. A VPN is a private network of computers that uses the public Internet to connect some nodes. Because the Internet is essentially an open network, the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is used to ensure that messages transmitted from one VPN node to another are secure. With PPTP, users can dial in to their corporate network via the Internet.

Plug and Play

A computer system feature that provides automatic configuration of add-ons and peripheral devices such as wireless PC Cards, printers, scanners and multimedia devices.

Proxy server

Used in larger companies and organizations to improve network operations and security, a proxy server is able to prevent direct communication between two or more networks. The proxy server forwards allowable data requests to remote servers and/or responds to data requests directly from stored remote server data.

RADIUS

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service. An authentication and accounting system used by many Internet Service Providers (ISPs). When you dial in to the ISP you must enter your username and password. This information is passed to a RADIUS server, which checks that the information is correct, and then authorizes access to the ISP system.

Though not an official standard, the RADIUS specification is maintained by a working group of the IETF.

Range

Most Wi-Fi systems will provide a range of a hundred feet or more. Depending on the environment and the type of antenna used, Wi-Fi signals can have a range of up to mile.

RJ-45

Standard connectors used in Ethernet networks. Even though they look very similar to standard RJ-11 telephone connectors, RJ-45 connectors can have up to eight wires, whereas telephone connectors have only four.

Roaming

Moving seamlessly from one AP coverage area to another with no loss in connectivity.

Router

A device that forwards data packets from one local area network (LAN) or wide area network (WAN) to another. Based on routing tables and routing protocols, routers can read the network address in each transmitted frame and make a decision on how to send it via the most efficient route based on traffic load, line costs, speed, bad connections, etc.

RTS

Request To Send. A packet sent when a computer has data to transmit. The computer will wait for a CTS (Clear To Send) message before sending data.

Server

Any computer whose function in a network is to provide user access to files, printing, communications, and other services.

SMTP

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. The standard e-mail protocol on the Internet.

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol. A set of protocols for managing complex networks. The first versions of SNMP were developed in the early 80s. SNMP works by sending messages, called protocol data units (PDUs), to different parts of a network. SNMP-compliant devices, called agents, store data about themselves in Management Information Bases (MIBs) and return this data to the SNMP requesters.

Software

Instructions for the computer. A series of instructions that performs a particular task is called a "program".

SOHO

Small Office/Home Office. A term generally used to describe an office or business with ten or fewer computers and/or employees.

SSID

Service Set Identifier. A 32-character unique identifier attached to the header of packets sent over a WLAN that acts as a password when a mobile device tries to connect to the BSS. (Also called ESSID.) The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another, so all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. Because an SSID can be sniffed in plain text from a packet, it does not supply any security to the network. An SSID is also referred to as a Network Name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

SSH

Developed by SSH Communications Security Ltd., Secure Shell is a program to log into another computer over a network, to execute commands in a remote machine, and to move files from one machine to another. It provides

strong authentication and secure communications over insecure channels. It is a replacement for rlogin, rsh, rcp, and rdist.

SSH protects a network from attacks such as IP spoofing, IP source routing, and DNS spoofing. An attacker who has managed to take over a network can only force ssh to disconnect. He or she cannot play back the traffic or hijack the connection when encryption is enabled.

When using ssh's login (instead of rlogin) the entire login session, including transmission of password, is encrypted; therefore it is almost impossible for an outsider to collect passwords.

SSH is available for Windows, Unix, Macintosh, and OS/2, and it also works with RSA authentication.

SSL

Secure Sockets Layer. Commonly used encryption scheme used by many online retail and banking sites to protect the financial integrity of transactions. When an SSL session begins, the server sends its public key to the browser. The browser then sends a randomly generated secret key back to the server in order to have a secret key exchange for that session.

Static IP Address

A fixed address assigned to a computer or device that is connected to a network.

Subnet Mask

An address code that determines the size of the network.

Subnetwork or Subnet

Found in larger networks, these smaller networks are used to simplify addressing between numerous computers. Subnets connect to the central network through a router, hub or gateway. Each individual wireless LAN will probably use the same subnet for all the local computers it talks to.

Switch

A type of hub that efficiently controls the way multiple devices use the same network so that each can operate at optimal performance. A switch acts as a networks traffic cop: rather than transmitting all the packets it receives to all ports as a hub does, a switch transmits packets to only the receiving port.

ТСР

A protocol used along with the Internet Protocol (IP) to send data in the form of individual units (called packets) between computers over the Internet. While IP takes care of handling the actual delivery of the data, TCP takes care of keeping track of the packets that a message is divided into for efficient routing through the Internet. For example, when a web page is downloaded from a web server, the TCP program layer in that server divides the file into packets, numbers the packets, and then forwards them individually to the IP program layer. Although each packet has the same destination IP address, it may get routed differently through the network. At the other end, TCP reassembles the individual packets and waits until they have all arrived to forward them as a single file.

TCP/IP

The underlying technology behind the Internet and communications between computers in a network. The first part, TCP, is the transport part, which matches the size of the messages on either end and guarantees that the correct message has been received. The IP part is the user's computer address on a network. Every computer in a TCP/IP network has its own IP address that is either dynamically assigned at startup or permanently assigned. All TCP/IP messages contain the address of the destination network as well as the address of the destination. This enables TCP/IP messages to be transmitted to multiple networks (subnets) within an organization or worldwide.

TFTP

Trivial File Transfer Protocol. A version of the TCP/IP FTP protocol that uses UDP and has no directory or password capability.

UDP

User Datagram Protocol. A network protocol for transmitting data that does not require acknowledgement from the recipient of the data that is sent.

Upgrade

To replace existing software or firmware with a newer version.

Upload

To transmit a file over a network.

URL

Uniform Resource Locator. The address of a file located on the Internet.

VoIP

Voice transmission using Internet Protocol to create digital packets distributed over the Internet. VoIP can be less expensive than voice transmission using standard analog packets over POTS (Plain Old Telephone Service).

VPN

Virtual Private Network. A type of technology designed to increase the security of information transferred over the Internet. VPN can work with either wired or wireless networks, as well as with dial-up connections over POTS. VPN creates a private encrypted tunnel from the end user's computer, through the local wireless network, through the Internet, all the way to the corporate servers and database.

Walled Garden

On the Internet, a walled garden refers to a browsing environment that controls the information and Web sites the user is able to access. This is a popular method used by ISPs in order to keep the user navigating only specific areas of the Web, whether for the purpose of shielding users from information -- such as restricting children's access to pornography -- or directing users to paid content that the ISP supports. America Online is a good example of an ISP that places users in a walled garden.

Schools are increasingly using the walled garden approach in creating browsing environments in their networks. Students have access to only limited Web sites, and teachers need a password in order to leave the walled garden and browse the Internet in its entirety.

The term walled garden also commonly refers to the content that wireless devices such as mobile phones have access to if the content provided by the wireless carrier is limited.

WAN

Wide Area Network. A communication system of connecting PCs and other computing devices across a large local, regional, national or international geographic area. Also used to distinguish between phone-based data networks and Wi-Fi. Phone networks are considered WANs and Wi-Fi networks are considered Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs).

WEP

Wired Equivalent Privacy. Basic wireless security provided by Wi-Fi. In some instances, WEP may be all a home or small-business user needs to protect wireless data. WEP is available in 40-bit (also called 64-bit), or in 108-bit (also called 128-bit) encryption modes. As 108-bit encryption provides a longer algorithm that takes longer to decode, it can provide better security than basic 40-bit (64-bit) encryption.

Wi-Fi

Wireless Fidelity. An interoperability certification for wireless local area network (LAN) products based on the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 802.11 standards.

WLAN

Wireless Local Area Network. Also referred to as WLAN. A type of local-area network that uses high-frequency radio waves rather than wires to communicate between nodes.

WPA-Enterprise (Wi-Fi Protected Access)

Stands for Wi-Fi Protected Access – Enterprise. It is Wi-Fi's encryption method that protects unauthorized network access by verifying network users through a server.

WPA-Personal

Stands for Wi-Fi Protected Access – Personal. It is Wi-Fi's encryption method that protects unauthorized network access by utilizing a set-up password.

WPA2

Wi-Fi Protected Access version 2. The follow on security method to WPA for Wi-Fi networks that provides stronger data protection and network access control.