

# **PD-2601 SERIES**

## **TECHNICAL MANUAL**

Rev. : Original



### MANUFACTURED BY: **POSIFLEX INC.** AN ISO-9001 and ISO-14001 certified manufacturer

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# SOME IMPORTANT NOTES

#### FCC NOTES

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with limits for a Class A digital device pursuant to subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures to correct the interference.

#### WARRANTY LIMITS

Warranty will terminate automatically when the machine is opened by any person other than the authorized technicians. The user should consult his/her dealer for the problem happened. Warranty voids if the user does not follow the instructions in application of this merchandise. The manufacturer is by no means responsible for any damage or hazard caused by improper application.

#### **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

This manual assists the user especially the software programmer who provides the software system for POS application to utilize the hardware of the PD-2601 series which is a member of the POSIFLEX integrated point-of-sale terminal product family. The PD-2601 is a pole mount customer display option designed for Posiflex HT series hybrid POS terminals.

The manufacturer of the PD-2601 series heartily apologizes to the user for reserving the right to change or to modify this manual without notice due to the rapid and constant progress and improvement on science and technology. The user may always obtain the most up to date information or software utilities through any of our web sites:

http://www.posiflex.com.tw; http://www.posiflex.com; http://www.posiflexusa.com

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# **OVERVIEW**

## SCOPE

This product series is a series particularly designed for HT series POS system as an integrated option. This series possesses a generous outlook and numerous emulation modes for various command sets and a fixed pole height. This series provides advanced arrangement for interface selection between RS232 and USB.

## **FEATURES**

- Ergonomic design
- Easy and safe cable connection
- Rigid mechanical structure
- Bright green fluorescent display
- Adequately large characters for easy viewing (9.03 mm by 5.25 mm)
- Two lines by 20 characters per line
- Euro dollar sign supported
- Various command emulation modes selectable by DIP switch
- Various character code pages and various international character sets selectable by software command
- Selectable interface of Serial interface and USB interface
- Support UPOS ver. 1.8
- Three adjustable viewing angles
- Display head can rotate horizontally 270° freely
- Pole height fixed



# **GENERAL SPECIFICATION**

ITEM	PD2601		
Туре	HT series option		
Display Method	VFD (Vacuum Fluorescent Display)		
Display Capacity	2 lines x 20 char.		
Display Format	5 x 7 with period & comma		
Character Size (H mm x W mm)	9.03 x 5.25		
Display Area	157.05 mm x 22.86 mm		
Display Color	Wavelength = 550 nm w/ Green filter		
Emulation Modes	6 modes (Futaba, Noritake, Aedex, ADM, UTC, Epson)		
International Character Set (USA, Germany, UK, Denmark I, Sweden, Italy Japan, Norway, Denmark II, Croatia)			
Character Code Page	Total 12 code pages (PC437, Katakana, PC850, PC860, PC863, PC865, Russia, Albic, PC858, PC437G, Win1257, Win1253)		
Interface	Serial (RS232C) or USB		
Housing Material	ABS plastics 94V0, beige or charcoal color		
Screen Filter	Acrylic, color clear green		
Display Head Size (W x H x D)	196.6 mm x 58 mm x 28.2 mm		
Total Height	374 mm (270 mm above HT)		
Display Tilt Angle	15°, 30°, 45° in 3 steps		
Display Swivel Range	270°		
Power Supply	5 V DC in COM or USB connector		
Operating Temperature	berature $0 \text{ to } +40 (^{\circ}\text{C})$		
Storage temperature	-20 to +70 (°C)		
Relative humidity	Operating: 20 % to 85 % (non-condensing) Non-Operating: 5 % to 90 % (non-condensing)		



# **COMMAND EMULATION**

### A. General Concept

This VFD customer display provides totally 6 emulation modes for software programming in controlling the display. The emulation mode is defined by adjusting the DIP SW on the back as in the figure below. However, please refer to applicable user's manual for the settings for the possible new versions. The emulation modes include: ADM, Aedex, Epson, Futaba, Noritake and UTC.



There is a small piece of plastic cover for the "DIP switch window". Slide the cover downward but don't pull it off otherwise you may have to practice for inserting it back. You can find 6 positions of DIP switches in this window. Adjust for the appropriate command mode used by the application program according to below table. Switch position counts from left to right and "ON" means pushed up as indicated in the right picture above.

Switch Position						Command Modo
1	2	3	4	5	6	Command Mode
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ADM
ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Aedex
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Epson
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Futaba
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Noritake
ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	UTC

The factory default mode is set to Noritake mode for normal delivery. Please change it to Epson mode if OPOS or UPOS driver is used for the application program. The switch positions 1 and 2 can be further adjusted for RS232 protocol selection as below if required. However please leave them as default for USB model.

Switch Position 1	Switch Position 2	RS232 Protocol
ON	ON	9600, E, 8, 1
ON	OFF	9600, N, 8, 1
OFF	ON	19200, E, 8, 1
OFF	OFF	19200, N, 8, 1



The switch positions must be changed only when power turned off to ensure appropriate operation.

Mode	ADM	Aedex	Epson	Futaba	Noritake	UTC
Cursor	N NA		Not	Blinking	Blinking	Blinking
Cuisoi	N.A.	<b>N.A.</b>	Displayed	Block	Block	Blk. (DP)
Default mode	N.A.	N.A.	Overwrite	V. Scroll	Overwrite	V. Scroll (DP)
User defined font	NO	NO	2 Char.	NO	2 Char.	2 Char. (PT)
Brightness control	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES (DP)
Pass through function	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES (PT)
Leading code change	NO	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES (PT)
Code page select	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Timer clock	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES (PT)

All six emulation modes will be further explained later, yet the followings are some brief introduction as they are compared to each other:

Note: DP is UTC Direct to Pole mode and PT is UTC Pass Through mode

On the VFD, there are totally at most 40 characters in 2 rows to be displayed at the same time, while each character displayed in the format of 5 by 7 rectangular dot matrix. To the lower right corner of each dot matrix there are a round shaped dot and a tail to form period and comma marks. The under-line mark of bottom row characters are noted as the downward pointing triangle under each character.



As illustrated in the above drawing, each rectangular dot in the font format shall be identified as P1, P2, , P5, P6, P7, , P10, P11, , P35, PM, CM and UL. Where "P1" to "P35" stands for each dot in the 5 by 7 matrix, PM means the round dot to the



lower right corner, CM notifies the tail to form a comma and UL denotes the under-line mark. These notations will be used in user defined fonts.

For user defined characters applicable to Noritake and EPSON emulation modes, each character is described in a 5 bytes string X1 to X5 in the following way:

	bit #7	bit #6	bit #5	bit #4	bit #3	bit #2	bit#1	bit #0
X1	P8	P7	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1
X2	P16	P15	P14	P13	P12	P11	P10	P9
X3	P24	P23	P22	P21	P20	P19	P18	P17
X4	P32	P31	P30	P29	P28	P27	P26	P25
X5	D.C	D.C.	UL	CM	PM	P35	P34	P33

The so-called "pass through function" is not applicable in PD-2601 because there is not any possible pass-through connected device to PD-2601. So when there is any description like "data is sent to the pass through connected device" in below context, it means PD-2601 just does nothing.

In the following sections, it is assumed that before any command given, the COM port should have been previously prepared for issuing command to the VFD unit through the command given under DOS environment:

C:> mode com1 9600, n, 8, 1 (enter)

And, since a great deal of the command to be issued to the VFD unit shall be in the non-displayable range, the examples hereafter of issuing command will be done mostly with the "Debug" utility provided by DOS. However, should any notation like [Ctrl-Z] appear in the example, it shall be understood correctly as pressing and holding "Ctrl" key while pressing "Z" key. And notation like [Alt-26] means pressing and holding "Alt" key while pressing and releasing in sequence the "2" and "6" key of the numerical keypad (please note that do not press those numbers above the letters) on a PC keyboard. The notation of bracket "<>" indicates hexadecimal code, for example, <1F> means the hexadecimal code which has a decimal value of 31. Yet, the lower case letter in the bracket denotes some variable in hexadecimal code and should not be taken directly for the code. For example, <bb> may range from <00> to <FF> and <0p> may range from <00> to <0F>. In the BASIC programming example to match the display example or the printer result example in the later detail explanation of each command, it is presumed that the command **Open "COM1" for output as "#1"** has been issued beforehand. The above will be taken for granted and will no longer be mentioned separately.

## **B. ADM EMULATION MODE**

The actual VFD display area in this emulation mode is much smaller than the normal  $2 \times 20$  characters display. The following graph explains the locations of the VFD used in this mode.



In this graph the darkened area denotes the entire VFD panel. The shaded rectangles indicate character positions unused in this mode. The white rectangles indicate operating character positions in this mode.

When the VFD is powered on in this mode, an internal diagnostics is performed and both lines are filled with "x" and later with "o" in two passes.

Then ".00" is displayed at the first line indicating that the unit is ready for operation.

### **1. Command Summary**

The available command codes and some of the limitations are listed in the following table. Note that the complete command form must be:

<b>Control Code</b>	Command Name	Function Area
<0C>h	Clear Display	Line 1 +Line 2
<0D>h	Carriage Return	End of Command
<0E>h	Write Line 1	Line 1
<0F>h	Write Line 2	Line 2
<10>h	Write Decimal Point	Line 1
<1E>h	Write Field 1	Left 8 characters of Line 2
<1F>h	Write Field 2Right 8 characters of Line 2	

Control code [+ Data / Line #] [+ Carriage return]



### 2. Command Detail

The followings are the detailed explanations on the commands applicable in ADM emulation mode arranged in the (hexadecimal) numerical order of the command codes:

Command Code: <0C> Command Name: Clear display

Command Result:

Both line 1 and line 2 are cleared.

Limitations:

None.

Command Code: **<0E> data <0D>** 

Command Name: Write line 1

Command Result:

Line 1 is first cleared and data entry starts from the left. Once the line is full, next entry initiates a scroll to the left. CR (<0D>) terminates this operation. CR also brings back the decimal point to the location previously set. Data display aligned to the right can be achieved by filling the line with space first then sending the characters. Any control code (<00> to <1F>) within data field is ignored.

Limitations:

Acceptable characters range from <20> to <FF>. The period mark (<2E>) will be displayed as an individual character different from the decimal point.

Command Code: <0F> data <0D> Comman

Command Name: Write line 2

Command Result:

Line 2 is first cleared and data entry starts from the left. Once the line is full, next entry initiates a scroll to the left. CR ( $\langle 0D \rangle$ ) terminates this operation. Data display aligned to the right can be achieved by filling the line with space first then sending the characters. Any control code ( $\langle 00 \rangle$  to  $\langle 1F \rangle$ ) within data field is ignored.

Limitations:

Acceptable characters range from <20> to <FF>.



#### Command Code: <10> N <0D>

#### Command Name: Write decimal point

#### Command Result:

N stands for the decimal location counted from the right. Decimal location is stored in the register of the display and can be recalled by entering CR after writing in line 1. Any further data received between N and <0D> will be ignored.

Limitations:

N ranges from <30> to <37>. For N = <30>, there will be no decimal point. For N = <31>, there will be no digit to the right of decimal point.

#### Command Code: <1E> data <0D>

Command Name: Write field 1

#### Command Result:

Field 1 (left eight characters of line 2) is first cleared and data entry starts from the left. Eighth entry or any control character can terminate this operation. Any control code (<00> to <1F>) within data field is ignored.

Limitations:

Acceptable characters range from <20> to <FF>.

#### Command Code: <1F> data <0D> Command Name: Write field 2

#### Command Result:

Field 2 (right eight characters of line 2) is first cleared and data entry starts from the left of field 2. After filling the field, next entry initiates a scroll in field 2. Any control code (<00> to <1F>) within data field is ignored.

Limitations:

Acceptable characters range from <20> to <FF>.



## C. AEDEX EMULATION MODE

When the VFD is powered on, a power on sign is displayed for about 5 seconds and then the screen is wiped out for receiving commands. The VFD under this emulation mode is always set in the pass through mode whilst the VFD is monitoring the data received for the "attention code". The attention code is composed of two characters and the default attention code is "!#" in displayed form or <21><23> in hexadecimal internal code. Note that only alpha numerical codes are accepted in this emulation mode except the carriage return as the terminator for every command. Following procedures describes how the VFD works on the data received.

- 1. The VFD monitors whatever the data received and transmits the data to the pass through connected serial printer when the data does not match the first character of the attention code (defaulted as "!" the exclamation point). The data will be trapped by the VFD if it matches the first character of the attention code and the VFD starts checking for the second character of the attention code.
- 2. The data received will be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer if it does not match the second character of the attention code (defaulted as "#" the number sign) and the VFD resumes monitoring for the first character of the attention code. The data will be further trapped by the VFD if it matches the second character of the attention code and the VFD starts checking for the "function code".
- 3. The VFD will transmit the data received to the pass through connected serial printer and return to monitoring for the first character of the attention code if the data received does not match any of the function codes, which are some numbers ranging from 1 to 9. The VFD traps all data afterwards and takes these data to perform the function if the function code matches.
- 4. On receiving a complete command code (attention code + function code), the VFD clears the function area on the display (top, bottom or both rows) and get ready for that command. The limitation on the length of data for each function is different from each other. There must be a "CR" code (carriage return <0D>) immediately after the data as a terminator to conclude the function. After that carriage return, the VFD monitors all data received for the first character of the attention code and transmit them to the pass through connected serial printer again.

Based on the knowledge of the above procedure, the user can avoid problem with the pass through connected serial printer through following precautions:

- 1. Avoid the situation that the data to be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer contain any part which resemble the attention code used, especially the 1<sup>st</sup> character of the attention code, or
- 2. Use the Change attention code command (function code "8") to prevent the coincidence of attention code and data to pass through, or



- 3. If neither of the above is possible, check through the data to be pass through transmitted for the 1<sup>st</sup> character of the attention code and double it up, provided the second character of the attention code is different from the 1<sup>st</sup> character of the attention code.
- 4. Use function code "7" to stop trapping of VFD and all data afterwards sent to the pass through connected serial printer with one disadvantage that the VFD no longer works until the reset by turning power to the VFD off and on again.

### 1. Command Summary

The available function codes and some of the limitations are listed in the following table. Note that the complete command form must be:

Function Code	Command Name	Function Area	Data Length
1	Display top	Top row	Max. 20 characters
2	Display bottom	Bottom row	Max. 20 characters
4	On going scroll	Top row	Max. 60 characters
6	One time scroll	Top row	Max. 60 characters
7	Stop trapping	N.A.	No characters
8	Change attention code	N.A.	2 characters
9	Display whole area	Both rows	Max. 40 characters

**Attention code + Function code + Data + Carriage return** 

### 2. Command Detail

The followings are the detailed explanations on the commands applicable in Aedex emulation mode arranged in the (hexadecimal) numerical order of the command codes:



#### Function Code: 1

#### Command Name: Display top

#### Command Result:

The top row of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the function code "1" and the carriage return will be displayed from left to right on the 1<sup>st</sup> row of VFD.

Limitations:

Data length is limited to 20 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the 21<sup>st</sup> character of data, the 21<sup>st</sup> character will be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer. This command can be used to terminate the On going scroll command (function code "4").

#### Function Code: 2

#### Command Name: Display bottom

Command Result:

The bottom row of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the function code "2" and the carriage return will be displayed from left to right on the  $2^{nd}$  row of VFD.

Limitations:

Data length is limited to 20 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the  $21^{st}$  character of data, the  $21^{st}$  character will be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer.

Function Code: 4

Command Name: On going scroll



#### Command Result:

The top row of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the function code "4" and the carriage return will be displayed from the right end of the 1<sup>st</sup> row marching toward the left end one character after another after receiving <0D>. It will start over repeatedly when the last character of the string disappears from the display.

Limitations:

Data length is limited to 60 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the 61<sup>st</sup> character of data, the 61<sup>st</sup> character will be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer. This scrolling will be stopped and cleared when receiving next "display top" (function code "1") or "one time scroll" (function code "6") or "display whole area" (function code "9") command.

#### Function Code: 6

Command Name: One time scroll

Command Result:

The top row of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the function code "6" and the carriage return will be displayed from the right end of the 1<sup>st</sup> row marching toward the left end one character after another after receiving <0D>. The 1<sup>st</sup> row of VFD remains blank after the last character of the string disappears from the display.

Limitations:

Data length is limited to 60 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the 61<sup>st</sup> character of data, the 61<sup>st</sup> character will be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer. This scrolling will be stopped and cleared when receiving next "display top" (function code "1") or "on going scroll" (function code "4") or "display whole area" (function code "9") command.

Function Code: 7

Command Name: Stop trapping

Command Result:

The VFD stops monitoring the data passed through for any attention code any



longer, all data pass through to the serial device connected. The display on VFD remains unchanged until power of VFD turned off.

Limitations:

This command is seldom used and should be used only under great caution as it is a way of no return. The VFD can no longer respond to any command as it is instructed not to monitor the data. The only reset is power off/on.

Function Code: 8

Command Name: Change attention code

Command Result:

The attention code after this command will be changed to the two characters following the function code "8" in this command.

Limitations:

Only the displayable codes are accepted for new attention code. The carriage return "<0D>" must not be forgotten. This command is not only useful in avoiding the conflicts between the data to the pass through connected device and the default attention code, but also handy when several device each with different attention code are daisy chained to respond separately.

The attention code will reset back to the default "!#" every time power on.

Function Code: 9

Command Name: Display whole area

Command Result:

The top row of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the function code "9"



and the carriage return will be displayed with the  $1^{st}$  20 characters displayed from left to right on the  $1^{st}$  row of VFD and the  $2^{nd}$  20 characters displayed from left to right on the  $2^{nd}$  row of VFD.

Limitations:

Data length is limited to 40 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the  $41^{st}$  character of data, the  $41^{st}$  character will be transmitted to the pass through connected serial printer. This command can be used to terminate the On going scroll command (function code "4").



## D. EPSON EMULATION MODE

The default status in this mode when power on after power on sign is a blank screen with an invisible cursor at the leftmost position of the 1<sup>st</sup> row on the display area. Any displayable code under the correct protocol received will be displayed at the position of the cursor and the cursor will be moved to the right by one position. When the cursor is already at the rightmost position of either row, the leftmost position of the other row is considered as the position to the right. The non-displayable codes are basically used as commands to the display unit.

### 1. Command Summary

Listed below are commands available in this mode grouped by their functions, note that all the command codes given are expressed in Hexadecimal format:

Commond Nomo	Command &	Commond Nomo	Command &
Command Name	Hex Codes	Command Name	Hex Codes
Maria arman laft	BS	Mark cominator	US;
Move cursor left	08	Mark semicolon	1F 3B
Mous surger right	HT	Clear mark	US <
Move cursor right	09	Clear mark	1F 3C
Movo auroor down	LF	Set/cancel display	US E
	0A	screen blinking	1F 45 n
Move cursor home	HOM	Set and display	US T
position	0B	counter (time)	1F 54 h m
Clear display	CLR	Brightness	US X
screen	0C	adjustment	1F 58 <0n>
Move cursor to	CR	Set/cancel user-	ESC %
left-most position	0D	defined characters	1B 25 <0n>
	CAN	Define user defined	ESC &
Clear cursor line		abaraatara	1B 26 addr x1 x2 x3
	18	characters	x4 x5
Specify overwrite	US MD1	Delete user-defined	ESC ?
mode	1F 01	characters	1B 3F <0n>
Specify vertical	US MD2	Show firmware	US @
scroll mode	1F 02	version	1F 40



Specify horizontal	US MD3	Select peripheral	<b>ESC =</b> $1B 3D < 0n >$
seron mode	11 05	device	
Move cursor up	US LF	Select character code	ESC t
	1F 0A	page table	1B 74 <0n>
Move cursor to	US CR	Move cursor to	US B
right-most position	1F 0D	bottom position	1F 42
Move cursor to	US \$	Initializa display	ESC @
specified position	1F 24 n m	initialize display	1B 40
Mark comma	US,	International	ESC R
Wark Comma	1F 2C	character set	1B 52 <0i>
Mark pariod	US.	Display counter	US U
wark period	1F 2E	(time)	1F 55

### 2. Command Detail

The followings are the detailed explanations on the commands applicable in Epson emulation mode arranged in the (hexadecimal) numerical order of the command codes:

Command Code: <08> Command Name: Move cursor left

Command Result:

Moves cursor to the left by one digit (position).

Limitations:

When the cursor is at the most significant digit (MSD or leftmost position) of one row, the least significant digit (LSD or rightmost position) of the other row is considered as the left position of the cursor.



Command Code: <09>

#### Command Name: Move cursor right

#### Command Result:

Moves cursor to the right by one digit (position).

Limitations:

When the cursor is at the least significant digit (LSD or rightmost position) of one row, the most significant digit (MSD or leftmost position) of the other row is considered as the right position of the cursor.

Command Code: < <b>0</b> A>	Command Name: Move cursor down
Command Result:	
1. In overwrite mode: Cursor moves other row.	up or down to corresponding position of the
2. In vertical scroll mode: Cursor mov	ves from 1 <sup>st</sup> row to same position of 2 <sup>nd</sup> row or
cursor stays on 2 <sup>nd</sup> row and everythin	ng else scrolled up by one line.
3. In horizontal scroll mode: Cursor n	noves to same position of $2^{nd}$ row.
Limitations:	
Command function is dependent of mo	ode.
Command Code: <0B>	Command Name: Move cursor home
Command Result:	

Moves cursor to the leftmost position of 1<sup>st</sup> row.

Limitations:

None



Command Code: <0C>

Command Name: Clear display screen

Command Result:

Clears display screen and moves cursor to home.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <0D>

Command Name: Move cursor to leftmost position

Command Result:

Moves cursor to the leftmost of the current row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <18>

Command Name: Clear cursor line

Command Result:

Clears the line where the cursor is and moves cursor to leftmost position of that line. *Limitations:* 

None

Command Code: <1B> <25> <0n>

Command Name: Set/cancel user defined characters

Command Result:

When "n" = "0", the user defined characters are disabled and the original fonts are used.

When "n" = "1", the user defined characters are enabled and displayed instead of the original fonts.

Limitations:

Value of n is either "0" or "1".



Command Code: <1B> <26> <ad> <x1> ~ <x5>

# Command Name: Define user defined characters

#### Command Result:

This command creates a specific font to substitute the predefined font at the address defined by  $\langle ad \rangle$  in the font table regardless of which font page is in use. The specific font is defined by the 5 bytes  $\langle x1 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x2 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x4 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x5 \rangle$  following the address code in a graphic manner. Referring to the dot definition as interpreted in page 8-2, to describe the 5  $\langle x's \rangle$  in bit form starting from MSB to LSB, we can list:

 $\langle x1 \rangle = P8$ , P7, P6, P5, P4, P3, P2, P1  $\langle x2 \rangle = P16$ , P15, P14, P13, P12, P11, P10, P9  $\langle x3 \rangle = P24$ , P23, P22, P21, P20, P19, P18, P17  $\langle x4 \rangle = P32$ , P31, P30, P29, P28, P27, P26, P25  $\langle x5 \rangle = DC$ , DC, UL, CM, PM, P35, P34, P33

The DC in the above means "don't care", that is the value of that bit will have no influence. Each "1" bit means a lighted dot at the corresponding position of the user defined font.

Limitations:

<ad> ranges from <20> to <FF>. Recommended to be between <A0> and <FF>.

Totally at most two fonts to be user defined. The two user defined font will always remain until the reset command or power off. After the third user defined font defined, the first one will be cleared off (back to predefined font), the second one becomes the first and then the third one becomes the second. During the process of defining any user defined font, the previously user defined font will be momentarily disabled.

Command Code: <1B> <3D> <0n>

Command Name: Select peripheral device



Command Result:

When "n" = "1", the printer is selected as the output device.

When "n" = "2", the VFD is selected as the output device.

When "n" = "3", both printer and VFD are selected as output devices.

Limitations:

Value of "n" must be among "1" "2" and "3".

Command Code: <1B><3F><0n>

Command Name: Delete user defined characters

Command Result:

When n = 0, the first user defined character will be deleted and the original font of that address will be used in stead.

When n = 1, the second user defined character will be deleted and the original font of that address will be used in stead.

Limitations:

Value of n is either "0" or "1".

Command Code:  $<\!\!1B\!><\!\!40\!>$ 

Command Name: Initialize display

Command Result:

This command clears VFD display and moves cursor home

Limitations:

None

*Command Code:* <1B> <52> <0i>

Command Name: International character



set

#### Command Result:

Select international characters according to the value of "i". The display before this command will remain to the old set selected.

Limitations:

Refer to the available international character set table for value of "i" and related country and related fonts.

*Command Code:* <1B> <74> <0n>

Command Name: Select character code table

Command Result:

Select font page according to the value of "n". The display before this command will remain to the old font page selected.

Limitations:

Refer to the available font page table for value of n and applicable fonts.

Command Code: <	1F> <01>
-----------------	----------

Command Name: Specify overwrite mode

Command Result:

As a result of this command, the VFD enters "overwrite mode" which is the default mode engaged when power on. In this mode, the display starts from the leftmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row, then goes on till the rightmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row. The leftmost position of the  $2^{nd}$  row is considered as the next position to the rightmost position of  $1^{st}$  row. When the display comes to the rightmost position of the  $2^{nd}$  row, it just goes on from the leftmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row again.

Limitations:

None

Command Code:  $<\!\!1F\!\!><\!\!02\!\!>$ 

Command Name: Specify vertical scroll mode



#### Command Result:

As a result of this command, the VFD enters "vertical scroll mode". In this mode, the display starts from the leftmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row, then goes on till the rightmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row. The leftmost position of the  $2^{nd}$  row is considered as the next position to the rightmost position of  $1^{st}$  row. When the display comes to the rightmost position of the  $2^{nd}$  row, the entire  $2^{nd}$  row moves up to become the  $1^{st}$  row and goes on displaying from the leftmost position of the  $2^{nd}$  row.

Limitations:

It scrolls down for the "Move cursor up" command when cursor at 1<sup>st</sup> row.

#### Command Code: <1F> <03>

# Command Name: Specify horizontal scroll mode

Command Result:

As a result of this command, the VFD enters "horizontal scroll mode". In this mode, the display starts from the leftmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row, then goes on till the rightmost position of the  $1^{st}$  row. Each character added will be displayed at the rightmost position of  $1^{st}$  row while the whole original  $1^{st}$  row scrolls left by one position. The same rule applies on the  $2^{nd}$  row.

Limitations:

The "Move cursor down" command when cursor at  $2^{nd}$  row and the "Move cursor up" command when cursor at  $1^{st}$  row will be no function at all.

Command Code: <1F> <0A>

Command Name: Move cursor up



1. In overwrite mode: Cursor moves up or down to corresponding position of the other row.

2. In vertical scroll mode: Cursor moves from 2<sup>nd</sup> row to same position of 1<sup>st</sup> row or cursor stays on 1<sup>st</sup> row and everything else scrolled down by one line.

3. In horizontal scroll mode: Cursor moves to same position of 1<sup>st</sup> row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F><0D>

Command Name: Move cursor to rightmost position

Command Result:

Moves cursor to the rightmost position of the current row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F> <24> <n> <m> Command Name: Move cursor to specified position

Command Result:

This command moves cursor to position specified by "n" and "m", where "n" specifies position in the row and "m" specifies which row to move cursor to.

Limitations:

Value of  $\langle n \rangle$  ranges from  $\langle 01 \rangle$  to  $\langle 14 \rangle$  in hexadecimal or "1" to "20" in decimal expression. Value of  $\langle m \rangle$  is either  $\langle 01 \rangle$  or  $\langle 02 \rangle$ .

Command Code: <1F> <2C>

Command Name: Mark comma



This command displays a comma mark (CM) at the position of the cursor.

None

Command Code:  $<\!\!1F\!\!><\!\!2E\!\!>$ 

Command Name: Mark period

Command Result:

This command displays a period mark (PM) at the position of the cursor.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F> <3B>

Command Name: Mark semicolon

Command Result:

This command displays a semicolon mark (comma and period marks, CM + PM) at the position of the cursor.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F> <3C>

Command Name: Clear mark

Command Result:

This command clears marks (a comma mark, a period mark or comma and period marks; CM, PM or CM + PM) at the position of the cursor.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F> <40>

Command Name: Show firmware version



As a result to this command, the VFD display is cleared and the firmware version is displayed. The cursor is placed at  $1^{st}$  position of  $1^{st}$  row after the version display.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F> <42>

Command Name: Move cursor to bottom position

Command Result:

This command moves cursor to the rightmost position (LSD) of  $2^{nd}$  row.

Limitations:

None

*Command Code:* <1F> <45> <n>

Command Name: Set/cancel display screen blinking

Command Result:

This command determines how the whole display screen blinks or not according to value of <n>.

- 1. When  $\langle n \rangle = \langle 00 \rangle$ , the screen displays steadily.
- 2. When  $\langle n \rangle$  lies between  $\langle 00 \rangle$  and  $\langle FF \rangle$ , the whole screen blinks at a period T, where T =  $\langle n \rangle x 31$  msec.
- 3. When  $\langle n \rangle = \langle FF \rangle$ , the screen becomes blank.

#### Limitations:

Value of "n" ranges from "00" to "FF" in hexadecimal or "0" to "255" in normal decimal expression.

Command Code: <1F> <54> <h> <m> Command Name: Set and display counter (time)



#### Command Result:

This command clears the display and shows the running time starting from the set figure defined by  $\langle h \rangle$  and  $\langle m \rangle$  to the right side of  $2^{nd}$  row. The cursor will be moved to home position. The  $\langle h \rangle$  and  $\langle m \rangle$  though given in the hexadecimal form are in fact defined in BCD (binary coded decimal), so in this command  $\langle 0D \rangle$  in the hexadecimal means the decimal "13" and  $\langle 3B \rangle$  in the hexadecimal means decimal "59".

#### Limitations:

<h> value ranges from <00> to <17> in the hexadecimal form.

<m> value ranges from <00> to <3B> in the hexadecimal form.

The time display will be erased though the counting goes on internally as soon as the cursor is moved to the  $2^{nd}$  row.

#### Command Code: <1F> <55>

Command Name: Display counter (time)

#### Command Result:

This command clears the screen and displays the internal time counter set by previous  $\langle 1F \rangle \langle 54 \rangle$  command since last power on of VFD to the right side of 2<sup>nd</sup> row. If there is not yet any time counter set command since power turned on, the counter could have started from power on or from the first time this command is received.

#### Limitations:

The time display will be erased though the counting goes on internally as soon as the cursor is moved to the  $2^{nd}$  row.

Command Code: <1F> <58> <0n>

Command Name: Brightness adjustment



This command adjusts the brightness of the VFD display according to value of "n". When "n" = 4, it will be full brightness and is the default. The brightness decreases as "n" decreases.

Limitations:

Value of "n": "1"; "2"; "3"; "4".

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## E. FUTABA EMULATION MODE

The default status in this mode when power on after power on sign is that a block shaped cursor formed of 5 by 7 dots is blinking at a rate about 1 cycle per second at the leftmost position of the 1<sup>st</sup> row on the display area. Any displayable code under the correct protocol received will be displayed at the position of the cursor and the cursor will be moved to the right by one position. When the cursor is already at the rightmost position of either row, the leftmost position of the other row is considered as the position to the right. Yet, as this emulation mode defaults on vertical scroll up mode, the whole display will move upward and the cursor will move to the MSD (Most Significant Digit, also known as the leftmost position) of  $2^{nd}$  row when the cursor was at the rightmost position of  $2^{nd}$  row on receiving a displayable code. The non-displayable codes are basically used as commands to the display unit.

### 1. Command Summary

Listed below are commands available in this mode grouped by their functions, note that all the command codes given are expressed in Hexadecimal format:

Command Name	Hex Codes	Command Name	Hex Codes
Reset	1F	Digit select	10 pp
Brightness control	04 bb	Cursor on	13
Change font page	1E 0p	Cursor off	14
International character set	1C 0i	Back space	08
Moving sign	05 0D	Horizontal tab	11 09
Change leading code	06 x1 x2	Vertical scroll up	12 09
Set pass through flag	01	Cursor up/down	11 0A
Clear pass through flag	x1 x2 02	Line feed	12 0A
		Carriage return	0D

### 2. Command Detail

The followings are the detailed explanations on the commands applicable in Futaba emulation mode arranged in the (hexadecimal) numerical order of the command codes:



#### Command Code: <01>

#### Command Name: Set pass through flag

#### Command Result:

The customer display enters pass through mode until the clear pass through flag command is received. All data received by the VFD will be 100% passed on to the device connected at COM1 port.

#### Limitations:

It is recommended to connect only serial output device like a serial printer at COM1. The Clear pass through flag command should not create any puzzle to the printer.

Command Code: <04> <bb>

Command Name: Brightness control

#### Command Result:

When bb = 20, the brightness of VFD will be 20%.

When bb = 40, the brightness of VFD will be 40%.

When bb = 60, the brightness of VFD will be 60%.

When bb = FF, the brightness of VFD will be 100% of its maximum brightness.

Limitations:

Values of bb allowed are : (in hexadecimal) 20, 40, 60 and FF only

<0D>

Command Name: Moving sign



#### Command Result:

The upper row of VFD will first be cleared on receiving of  $\langle 05 \rangle$  command and each character corresponding to the ASCII codes before  $\langle 0D \rangle$  will appear from the right of 1<sup>st</sup> row marching one after another toward the left end after receiving  $\langle 0D \rangle$  code and after the last character disappears from the left end the first character will start all over again from the right end. The cursor will move to MSD of bottom row.

Limitations:

The maximum number of displayable characters between the command code <05> and the ending code <0D> is 40 (decimal). Any code from the 41<sup>st</sup> before <0D> will be ignored. Any non-displayable character within the moving sign string will be disregarded. Any code received after start of moving sign will stop the moving sign operation.

#### Command Code: <06> <x1> <x2>

Command Name: Change leading code

#### Command Result:

When the VFD is set to pass through mode after change of the leading code, the clear command from pass through must bear the changed leading code to be effective. For example, after <06> <03> <04>, the clear pass through command becomes <03> <04> <02>.

Limitations:

The default leading code is  $\langle 21 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle$  in hexadecimal form or !# in displayed form. The changed leading code will be effective till the power of VFD is turned off.

Command Code: <08>

Command Name: Back space


Moves cursor to the left by one digit (position).

#### Limitations:

When the cursor is at the most significant digit (MSD or leftmost position) of bottom row, the least significant digit (LSD or rightmost position) of the top row is considered as the left position of the cursor. When cursor is at MSD of top row, the content of top row will be moved to bottom row leaving top row blank and the cursor moves to LSD of top row.

Command Code: <09>

#### Command Name: (Horizontal tab)

Command Result:

Works as command <11> <09> Horizontal tab or as command <12> <09> Vertical scroll up.

Limitations:

At power on or if the last command between the two choices given to VFD is <12> <09>, this command works exactly like <12><09>.

If no <12><09> command given after a <11><09> command to VFD, then this command works exactly like <11><09>.

Command Code: <0A>

Command Name: (Line feed)

Command Result:

Works as command <11> <0A> Cursor up/down or as command <12> <0A> Line feed.

Limitations:

At power on or if the last command between the two choices given to VFD is <12> <0A>, this command works exactly like <12> <0A>.

If no <12><0A> command given after a <11><0A> command to VFD, then this command works exactly like <11><0A>.

Command Code: <0D>

Command Name: Carriage return



Cursor moves to the MSD (leftmost position) of the current row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <10> <pp>

Command Name: Digit select

Command Result:

Moves cursor to the position defined by the hexadecimal number  $\langle pp \rangle$ , where  $\langle pp \rangle$  starts counting sequentially from the MSD of the 1<sup>st</sup> row to the LSD of the 1<sup>st</sup> row then to the MSD of the 2<sup>nd</sup> row and finally down to the LSD of the 2<sup>nd</sup> row. The count of  $\langle pp \rangle$  starts from  $\langle 00 \rangle$ .

Limitations:

<pp> ranges from <00> to <27> only.

*Command Code:* <11> <09>

Command Name: Horizontal tab

Command Result:

Moves cursor to the right by one digit (position).

Limitations:

When the cursor is at the least significant digit (LSD) of one row, the most significant digit (MSD) of the other row is considered as the position to the right of the cursor.

Command Code: <11> <0A>

Command Name: Cursor up/down

Command Result:

Cursor moves up or down to corresponding position of the other row.

Limitations:

None

*Command Code:* <12> <09>

Command Name: Vertical scroll up



When cursor at LSD of  $2^{nd}$  row, this command clears the  $1^{st}$  row and scrolls the  $2^{nd}$  row up to  $1^{st}$  row, with the cursor now positioned at MSD of  $2^{nd}$  row.

When cursor at other position this command just moves the cursor one digit to the right.

Limitations:

Scrolls up only at last position otherwise works just like Horizontal tab.

#### Command Code: <12> <0A>

#### Command Name: Line feed

#### Command Result:

With cursor at  $2^{nd}$  row, all the  $2^{nd}$  row characters are moved up to  $1^{st}$  row, leaving  $2^{nd}$  row blank and cursor position unchanged.

If the cursor is at the  $1^{st}$  row, only the cursor is moved down to the same position of  $2^{nd}$  row, with all other display unchanged.

Limitations:

Line feed only at 2<sup>nd</sup> row, otherwise just like Cursor up/down.

#### Command Code: <13>

Command Name: Cursor on

Command Result:

This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lighted. This is the default status. The cursor is a blinking block of 5 by 7 dots.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <14>

Command Name: Cursor off



This command turns cursor off or keeps cursor off. However cursor position is not changed.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1C> <0i>

Command Name: International character set

Command Result:

Select international character set according to the value of "i". The display before this command will remain to the old set selected.

Limitations:

Refer to the available international character set table for value of "i" and related country and related fonts.

Command Code: <1E> <0p> Command

Command Name: Change font page

Command Result:

Select font page according to the value of "p". The display before this command will remain to the old font page selected.

Limitations:

Refer to the available font page table for value of "p" and applicable fonts.

Command Code: <1F>

Command Name: Reset



All characters displayed will be erased and all settings except the leading code for clearing pass through flag will return to power on conditions.

#### Limitations:

The leading code for clearing pass through flag will not return to the default value <21><23> if ever been changed by the <06> command.

#### Command Code: <x1> <x2> <02> Command Name: Clear pass through flag

#### Command Result:

When the VFD is set to pass through mode by the <01> command, the VFD monitors the data received for the Clear pass through flag command. The values for <x1> and <x2> are <21> and <23> in hexadecimal format or !# in displayable form unless ever been changed by the <06> Change leading code command.

Limitations:

The default leading code is  $\langle 21 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle$  in hexadecimal form or !# in displayed form. If a  $\langle 06 \rangle$  Change leading code command has been executed, the changed code should be used in front of the  $\langle 02 \rangle$  code. This leading code change will not be changed back by the  $\langle 1F \rangle$  Reset command and will only be reset by VFD power off.



# F. NORITAKE EMULATION MODE (Default Setting)

The default status in this mode when power on after power on sign is that a block shaped cursor formed of 5 by 7 dots is blinking at a rate about 1 cycle per second at the leftmost position of the 1<sup>st</sup> row on the display area. Any displayable code under the correct protocol received will be displayed at the position of the cursor and the cursor will be moved to the right by one position. When the cursor is already at the rightmost position of either row, it will move to the leftmost position of the other row on receiving a displayable code. The non-displayable codes are basically used as commands to the display unit.

## 1. Command Summary

Command Name	Hex Codes	Command Name	Hex Codes
Reset	1B 49	Cursor blinking Rate	1B 54 nn
Clear	0E	Cursor on	15
Brightness control	1B 4C bb	Cursor off	16
Change font page	1E 0p	Back space	08
International character set	1C 0i	Horizontal tab	11 09
Moving sign	05 0D	Vertical scroll up	12 09
Change leading code	06 x1 x2	Cursor up/down	11 0A
Set pass through flag	01	Line feed	12 0A
Clear pass through flag	x1 x2 02	Form feed	0C
Digit select	1B 48 pp	Carriage return	0D
User defined graphics/fonts	1B 43 ad x1 ~ x5		

Listed below are commands available in this mode grouped by their functions, note that all the command codes given are expressed in Hexadecimal format:

# 2. Command Detail

The followings are the detailed explanations on the commands applicable in Noritake emulation mode arranged in the (hexadecimal) numerical order of the command codes:



#### Command Code: <01>

#### Command Name: Set pass through flag

#### Command Result:

The customer display enters pass through mode until the clear pass through flag command is received. All data received by the VFD will be 100% passed on to the device connected at COM1 port.

#### Limitations:

It is recommended to connect only serial output device like a serial printer at COM1. The Clear pass through flag command should not create any puzzle to the printer.

#### Command Code: <05> <0D> Command Name: Moving sign

Command Result:

The upper row of VFD will first be cleared on receiving of  $\langle 05 \rangle$  command and each character corresponding to the ASCII codes before  $\langle 0D \rangle$  will appear from the right of 1<sup>st</sup> row marching one after another toward the left end and after the last character disappears from the left end the first character will start all over again from the right end. The cursor will move to MSD of bottom row.

Limitations:

The maximum number of displayable characters between the command code  $\langle 05 \rangle$  and the ending code  $\langle 0D \rangle$  is 40 (decimal). Any non-displayable character within the moving sign string will be disregarded. Any code received after start of moving sign will stop the moving sign operation.



*Command Code:* <06> <x1> <x2>

#### Command Name: Change leading code

#### Command Result:

When the VFD is set to pass through mode after change of the leading code, the clear command from pass through must bear the changed leading code to be effective. For example, after <06> <03> <04>, the clear pass through command becomes <03> <04> <02>.

Limitations:

The default leading code is  $\langle 21 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle$  in hexadecimal form or !# in displayed form. The changed leading code will be effective till the power of VFD is turned off.

Command Code: <08>	Command Name: Back space
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#### Command Result:

Moves cursor to the left by one digit (position).

Limitations:

When the cursor is at the most significant digit (MSD or leftmost position) of one row, this command moves the cursor to the least significant digit (LSD or rightmost position) of the other row.

Command Code: <09>

Command Name: (Horizontal tab)

Command Result:

Works as command <11> <09> Horizontal tab or as command <12> <09> Vertical scroll up.

Limitations:

At power on or if the last command between the two choices given to VFD is <12> <09>, this command works exactly like <12><09>.

If no <12><09> command given after a <11><09> command to VFD, then this command works exactly like <11><09>.

Command Code: <0A>

Command Name: (Line feed)



Works as command <11><0A> Cursor up/down or as command <12><0A> Line feed.

Limitations:

At power on or if the last command between the two choices given to VFD is <12> <0A>, this command works exactly like <12> <0A>.

If no <12><0A> command given after a <11><0A> command to VFD, then this command works exactly like <11><0A>.

Command Code: <0C>

Command Name: Form feed

Command Result:

Moves cursor to the MSD (leftmost position) of the 1<sup>st</sup> row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <0D>

Command Name: Carriage return

Command Result:

Cursor moves to the MSD (leftmost position) of the current row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <0E>

Command Name: Clear

Command Result:

All characters displayed will be cleared from the screen while the cursor remains at the same position as before this command.

Limitations:

None

*Command Code:* <11> <09>

Command Name: Horizontal tab



Moves cursor to the right by one digit (position).

#### Limitations:

When the cursor is at the least significant digit (LSD) of one row, the most significant digit (MSD) of the other row is considered as the position to the right of the cursor.

Command Code: <11> <0A>

Command Name: Cursor up/down

Command Result:

Cursor moves up or down to corresponding position of the other row.

Limitations:

None

*Command Code:* <12> <09>

Command Name: Vertical scroll up

Command Result:

When cursor at LSD of  $2^{nd}$  row, this command clears the  $1^{st}$  row and scrolls the  $2^{nd}$  row up to  $1^{st}$  row, with the cursor now positioned at MSD of  $2^{nd}$  row.

When cursor at other position this command just moves the cursor one digit to the right.

Limitations:

Scrolls up only at last position otherwise works just like Horizontal tab.

Command Code: <12> <0A>

Command Name: Line feed



Command Result:	
With cursor at 2 <sup>nd</sup> row, all the 2 <sup>nd</sup> row characters	are moved up to $1^{st}$ row, leaving $2^{nd}$
row blank and cursor position unchanged.	
If the cursor is at the 1 <sup>st</sup> row, only the cursor is n	noved down to the same position of
2 <sup>nd</sup> row, with all other display unchanged.	
Limitations:	
Line feed only at 2 <sup>nd</sup> row, otherwise just like Curs	sor up/down.
Command Code: <15> Comm	and Name: Cursor on
Command Result:	
Command Result: This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lig	thed. This is the default status. The
<i>Command Result:</i> This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lig cursor is a blinking block of 5 by 7 dots.	ghted. This is the default status. The
<i>Command Result:</i> This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lig cursor is a blinking block of 5 by 7 dots. <i>Limitations:</i>	ghted. This is the default status. The
Command Result: This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lig cursor is a blinking block of 5 by 7 dots. Limitations: None	the default status. The
Command Result: This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lig cursor is a blinking block of 5 by 7 dots. Limitations: None	the default status. The

This command turns cursor off or keeps cursor off. However cursor position is not changed.

Limitations:

None

Code: <1B> <43> <ad>Command Name: User defined Command



#### <x1> ~ <x5>

#### graphics/fonts

#### Command Result:

This command creates a specific font to substitute the predefined font at the address defined by  $\langle ad \rangle$  in the font table regardless of which font page is in use. The specific font is defined by the 5 bytes  $\langle x1 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x2 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x4 \rangle$ ,  $\langle x5 \rangle$  following the address code in a graphic manner. Referring to the dot definition as interpreted in page 8-2, to describe the 5  $\langle x's \rangle$  in bit form starting from MSB to LSB, we can list:

 $\langle x1 \rangle = P8$ , P7, P6, P5, P4, P3, P2, P1  $\langle x2 \rangle = P16$ , P15, P14, P13, P12, P11, P10, P9  $\langle x3 \rangle = P24$ , P23, P22, P21, P20, P19, P18, P17  $\langle x4 \rangle = P32$ , P31, P30, P29, P28, P27, P26, P25  $\langle x5 \rangle = DC$ , DC, UL, CM, PM, P35, P34, P33

The DC in the above means "don't care", that is the value of that bit will have no influence. Each "1" bit means a lighted dot at the corresponding position of the user defined font.

#### Limitations:

<ad> ranges from <20> to <FF>. Recommended to be between <A0> and <FF>.

Totally at most two fonts to be user defined. The two user defined font will always remain until the reset command or power off. After the third user defined font defined, the first one will be cleared off (back to predefined font), the second one becomes the first and then the third one becomes the second. During the process of defining any user defined font, the previously user defined font will be momentarily disabled.

*Command Code:* <1B> <48> <pp>

Command Name: Digit select



Moves cursor to the position defined by the hexadecimal number  $\langle pp \rangle$ , where  $\langle pp \rangle$  starts counting sequentially from the MSD of the 1<sup>st</sup> row to the LSD of the 1<sup>st</sup> row then to the MSD of the 2<sup>nd</sup> row and finally down to the LSD of the 2<sup>nd</sup> row. The count of  $\langle pp \rangle$  starts from  $\langle 00 \rangle$ .

Limitations:

<pp> ranges from <00> to <27> only.

Command Code: <1B> <49>

Command Name: Reset

Command Result:

All characters displayed will be erased and all settings except the leading code for clearing pass through flag will return to power on conditions.

Limitations:

The leading code for clearing pass through flag will not return to the default value  $\langle 21 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle$  if ever been changed by the  $\langle 06 \rangle$  command.

### Command Code: <1B> <4C> <bb> Command Name: Brightness control

#### Command Result:

When bb = 3F, the brightness of VFD will be 20%.

When bb = 7F, the brightness of VFD will be 50%.

When bb = BF, the brightness of VFD will be 75%.

When bb = FF, the brightness of VFD will be 100% of its maximum brightness.

Limitations:

Values of bb allowed are : (in hexadecimal) 3F, 7F, BF and FF only

*Command Code:* <1B> <54> <nn>

Command Name: Cursor blinking rate



This command is used to define the blinking rate of the cursor when the cursor is on. The number  $\langle nn \rangle$  is used to determine the period of blinking by multiplying the number "k" induced from number "nn" with a constant "31 millisecond". The relationship between "k" and "nn" is that if "nn" = "00" then "k" = 256, and if "nn" ranges from "01" to "FF" then "k" is the direct numerical translation of "nn" and ranges from 1 to 255.

#### Limitations:

<nn> is a byte ranging from <00> to <FF>.

#### Command Code: <1C> <0i>

Command Name: International character set

Command Result:

Select international character set according to the value of "i". The display before this command will remain to the old set selected.

Limitations:

Refer to the available international character set table for value of "i" and related country and related fonts.

#### Command Code: <1E> <0p>

Command Name: Change font page

#### Command Result:

Select font page according to the value of "p". The display before this command will remain to the old font page selected.

Limitations:

Refer to the available font page table for value of "p" and applicable fonts.

*Command Code:* <**x**1> <**x**2> <**0**2>

Command Name: Clear pass through flag



When the VFD is set to pass through mode by the  $\langle 01 \rangle$  command, the VFD monitors the data received for the Clear pass through flag command. The default values for  $\langle x1 \rangle$  and  $\langle x2 \rangle$  are  $\langle 21 \rangle$  and  $\langle 23 \rangle$  in hexadecimal format or !# in displayable form unless ever been changed by the  $\langle 06 \rangle$  Change leading code command.

Limitations:

The default leading code is  $\langle 21 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle$  in hexadecimal form or !# in displayed form. If a  $\langle 06 \rangle$  Change leading code command has been executed, the changed code should be used in front of the  $\langle 02 \rangle$  code. This leading code change will not be changed back by the  $\langle 1B \rangle \langle 49 \rangle$  Reset command and will only be reset by VFD power off.

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# G. UTC Emulation Mode

In UTC emulation, there are 2 operating modes: UTC pass thru mode and direct to pole mode. In UTC pass thru mode, all data received by the customer display go through directly to the pass through connected device such as a printer except some particular customer display commands remain active to work on the customer display. In direct to pole mode, nothing goes to the pass through connected device if exists.

# 1. Command Summary

Listed below are commands available in this mode grouped by their functions, note that all the command codes given are expressed in Hexadecimal format:

Mode	Hex Codes	Command	Function				
	1B 75 41 \$ 0D	<esc>uA\$<cr></cr></esc>	Top line message				
	1B 75 41 0D	<esc>uA<cr><esc></esc></cr></esc>	Clean diaplay				
	1B 75 42 0D	uB <cr></cr>	Clear display				
	1B 75 42	<esc>uB</esc>	Bottom line message				
	1B 75 44	<esc>uD</esc>	Top line continuous scrolling				
UIC PASS	1B 75 45	<esc>uE</esc>	Set/Display time				
THRU MODE	1B 75 46	<esc>uF</esc>	Top line 1 time scroll				
	1B 75 48	<esc>uH</esc>	Redefine graphic				
	1B 75 49 x 0D	<esc>uIx<cr></cr></esc>	Display fonts				
	1B 75 74 63 45 x	<esc>utcEx</esc>	Change d mode				
	1B 75 74 63 46 x	<esc>utcFx</esc>	Change RS mode				
	1B 1E*	<esc><rs>*</rs></esc>	Direct to pole mode				
DIRECT TO	04 x	<eot>x</eot>	Brightness				
POLE MODE	08	<bs></bs>	Back spacing				
	09	<ht></ht>	Horizontal tab				
	0A	<lf></lf>	Line feed				
	0D	<cr></cr>	Carriage return				
	10	<dle></dle>	Display position				
	11	<dc1></dc1>	Normal display mode				
	12	<dc2></dc2>	Vertical scroll mode				



13	<dc3></dc3>	Cursor on
14	<dc4></dc4>	Cursor off
18	<can></can>	Clear to end of line
19	<em></em>	Clear to end of display
1A x	<sub>x</sub>	Display fonts
1B 64*	<esc>d*</esc>	Pass thru mode
1C	<fs></fs>	Flashing text start
1D	<gs></gs>	Flashing text end
1E	<rs></rs>	Clear display
1F	<us></us>	Reset display

Remarks for reading the above table:

- 1. The column Mode means the mode that command applies. It is selected between "P" (UTC pass thru mode) and "D" (Direct to pole mode).
- 2. The asterisk mark "\*" means that the code can be changed by other command.
- 3. The letter "x" denotes a variable of 1 byte length to be entered per definition of each command.

Every time PD is turned on, the default values will be reloaded.

# 2. Command Detail

The followings are the detailed explanations on the commands applicable in Futaba emulation mode arranged in the (hexadecimal) numerical order of the command codes:



## a. UTC PASS THROUGH MODE

#### Command Code: <1B> <75> <41> data <0D> Command Name: Top line message

#### Command Result:

The top line of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the command code <1B><75><41> and the carriage return will be displayed from left to right on the top line of VFD.

#### Limitations:

If there is no carriage return up to the  $21^{st}$  character of data, the  $21^{st}$  character will be lost. This command can be used to terminate the continuous scrolling command (command code <1B> <75> <44>).

### Command Code: <1B> <75> <41> <0D> Command Name: Clear top line display

Command Result:

The top line of VFD will first be cleared.

Limitations:

None

#### Command Code: <1B> <75> <42> data <0D> Command Name: Bottom line message

#### Command Result:

The bottom line of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the command code  $\langle 1B \rangle \langle 75 \rangle \langle 42 \rangle$  and the carriage return will be displayed from left to right on the bottom line of VFD.

#### Limitations:

Data length is limited to 20 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the  $21^{st}$  character of data, the  $21^{st}$  character will be lost.



Command Code: <1B> <75> <42> <0D>

Command Name: Clear bottom line display

Command Result:

The bottom line of VFD will first be cleared.

Limitations:

This will remove time from the display but the internal clock will continue to run.



#### Command Code: <1B> <75> <44> data <0D> Command Name: Continuous scrolling

#### Command Result:

The top line of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the command code  $\langle 1B \rangle \langle 75 \rangle \langle 44 \rangle$  and the carriage return will be displayed with continuous scrolling.

Data less than 20 characters (contained 20):

Data will be displayed from left end to right side on the top line of VFD first. Then the first leftmost data will be shifted to the rightmost position, in the meanwhile, the other data will be shifted one position toward the left marching toward the left end one character after another. It will start over repeatedly when the first character of the string coming back the leftmost position.

Data more than 20 characters :

The former 20 datas will be displayed from left end to right side on the top line of VFD first. Then the first leftmost data will be disappeared, in the meanwhile, the other data will be shifted one position toward the left and the 21th datas will be displayed in the rightmost on the top line of VFD marching toward the left end one character after another. The first character of the string and following characters will be displayed again following the last character of the string. It will start over repeatedly when the first character of the string coming back the leftmost position.

#### Limitations:

A message of up to 40 characters will be scrolled continuously on the top line of the display. Data length is limited to 40 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the  $41^{st}$  character of data, the  $41^{st}$  character will be lost. This scrolling will be stopped when receiving next "Top line message" (command code <1B> <75> <41>) command.

Command Code:  $\langle 1B \rangle \langle 75 \rangle \langle 45 \rangle h_1 h_2$  Command Name: Set/ Display time



## $<3A>m_1 m_2 <0D>$

#### Command Result:

Time value (24 hour clock) will be shown on the left side of bottom line in the format  $h_1h_2:m_1m_2:s_1s_2$  and continuously updated until cleared by a command to write to the bottom line. To re-display previously set time use: <1B> <75> <45> <0D>

Limitations:

 $h_1$ ,  $h_2$ ,  $m_1$ ,  $m_2$  value ranges from <30> to <39>, while  $h_1h_2$  together ranges from 00 to 23 and  $m_1m_2$  together ranges from 00 to 59. <3A> means ":".



Command Code: <1B> <75> <46> <0D>

#### Command Result:

The top line of VFD will first be cleared and all data between the command code <1B><75><46> and the carriage return will be displayed by scrolling once.

Dates less than 20 characters (contained 20):

Data will be displayed from left end to right side on the top line of VFD first and then the first leftmost data will be shifted to the rightmost position. In the meanwhile, the other datas will be shifted one position toward the left marching toward the left end one character after another until the first character of the string coming back the leftmost position. When the first character of the string come back the leftmost position from the display, the top line of VFD will be cleared.

Dates more than 20 characters :

The former 20 datas will be displayed from left end to right side on the top line of VFD first and then the first leftmost data will be disappeared. In the meanwhile, the other datas will be shifted one position toward the left and the 21th datas will be displayed in the rightmost on the top line of VFD marching toward the left end one character after another. The first character of the string and following characters will be displayed again following the last character of the string untill the first character of the string coming back the leftmost position on the top line of VFD. When the first character of the string come back the leftmost position from the display, the top line of VFD will be cleared.

#### Limitations:

A message of up to 40 characters will be scrolled continuously on the top line of the display. Data length is limited to 40 characters. If there is no carriage return up to the  $41^{st}$  character of data, the  $41^{st}$  character will be lost. This scrolling will be stopped when receiving next "display top" (command code <1B> <75> <41>) command.



### Command Code: <1B> <75> <48> cc H1 H2 Command Name: Redefine graphic H3 H4 H5 H6 H7 <0D>

#### Command Result:

This command creates a specific font to substitute the predefined font at the address defined by cc in the font table regardless of which font page is in use. The specific

font is defined by the 7 bytes  $\langle H1 \rangle \langle H2 \rangle \langle H3 \rangle \langle H4 \rangle \langle H5 \rangle \langle H6 \rangle \langle H7 \rangle$ following the address code in a graphic manner. Referring to the dot definition as interpreted above, to describe the 7 <H's> in bit form, we can list below. Allows the generation of custom character graphics. Defined below is the creation of a

character "A".

			C	Char	acte	er D	ot F	Posi	tion			
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		0	1	0	0	0	•	0	0	H1		
		0	1	0	0	•	0	•	0	H2		
		0	1	0	•	0	0	0	•	H3		
		0	1	0	•	0	0	0	•	H4		
		0	1	0	•	•	•	•	•	H5		
		0	1	0	•	0	0	0	•	H6		
		0	1	0	•	0	0	0	•	H7		
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
H1	=	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	or	44h	
H2	=	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	or	4ah	
H3	=	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	or	51h	
H4	=	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	or	51h	
H5	=	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	or	5Fh	
H6	=	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	or	51h	
H7	=	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	or	51h	

#### Limitations:

*cc* range from <20> to <FF>. Recommended to be between <A0> and <FF>. Totally at most 2 fonts to be user defined. The two user defined font will always remain until the reset command or power off. After the third user defined font



defined, the first one will be cleared off (back to predefined font), the second one becomes the first and then the third one becomes the second. During the process of defining any user defined font, the previously user defined font will be momentarily disabled.

#### Command Code: <1B> <75> <49> x <0D> Command Name: Display fonts

Command Result:

Select code page according to the value of "x". The entire display will be changed at the same time.

Limitations:

Refer to the available font page table for value of "x" and applicable fonts.

## Command Code: <1B> <75> <74> <63> Command Name: Change d mode <45> x <0D>

#### Command Result:

This command is used to change the command code for command Pass thru mode (<1B><64> in Direct To Pole Mode). After this command setting, The command code for Pass Thru Mode command will be shifted to <1B>x.

Limitations:

The code x may be changed to any character except 'u' in the range <00> to <7F>.



## Command Code: <1B> <75> <74> <63> Command Name: Change RS mode <46> x <0D>

#### Command Result:

This command is used to change the command code for command Direct To Pole mode ( $\langle 1B \rangle \langle 1E \rangle$  in Pass Thru Mode). After this command setting, The command code for Direct To Pole mode command will be shifted to  $\langle 1B \rangle x$ .

Limitations:

The code *x* may be changed to any character in the range <00> to <7F>.

#### Command Code: <1B> <1E>\*

Command Name: Direct to pole mode

#### Command Result:

This command is used in UTC Pass Thru Mode to enter or return to Direct To Pole Mode. If any UTC Pass Thru Mode display commands have been used (other than pass thru data), the display will be cleared and reset to the last mode used in Direct To Pole Mode or to the default <12><13> (Vertical Scroll Mode, Cursor On). If pass thru data is desired, use the command <1B><64> to enter UTC Pass Thru Mode, send data to the attached device, then switch back to Direct To Pole Mode with <1B><1E>

#### Limitations:

The asterisk mark "\*" means that the code may be changed to any character in the range <00> to <7F> by the command <1B><75><74><63><46>x<0D>.



## **b. UTC DIRECT TO POLE MODE**

Command Code: <04> x

Command Name: Brightness

#### Command Result:

Upon receipt of a dimming command, subsequent characters will be at the brightness level selected. This level will remain until a new dimming command is received. Where x is the option byte.

When  $x = \langle 20 \rangle$ , the brightness of VFD will be 20%. (Dim)

When  $x = \langle 40 \rangle$ , the brightness of VFD will be 40%. (Low)

When  $x = \langle 60 \rangle$ , the brightness of VFD will be 60%. (Medium)

When  $x = \langle FF \rangle$ , the brightness of VFD will be 100% of its maximum brightness. (High)

Limitations:

Values of *x* allowed are : (in hexadecimal) <20>, <40>, <60> and <FF> only

Command Code: <08>

Command Name: Back spacing

Command Result:

When the back space command is executed the cursor position is shifted to the left one position, erasing the character, if any, that was in that position.

Limitations:

When the cursor is in the first (read from left to right) position of the first row, the cursor moves to the last position of the second row. When the cursor is in the first position of the second row, the cursor moves to the last position of the first row.



#### Command Code: <09>

#### Command Name: Horizontal tab

#### Command Result:

The cursor position is shifted to the right one position.

#### Limitations:

Normal display mode:

When the cursor is in the last position of the first row, the cursor moves to the first position of the second row. When the cursor is in the last position of the second row, the cursor moves to the first position of the first row.

Vertical display mode:

When the cursor is in the last position of the second row, the characters displayed in the second row are shifted up to the first row and the cursor moves to the first position of the second row. This clears the second row.

Command Code: <0A>

Command Name: Line feed

Command Result:

Normal display mode:

The cursor moves up or down to the other row, staying in the same position.

Vertical display mode:

When the cursor is in the second row, the characters displayed there is shifted up to the first row, leaving the cursor at its present positoin. This clears the second row. When the cursor is in the first row, the cursor moves down to the second row.

Limitations:

None



Command Code: <0D>

#### Command Name: Carriage return

Command Result:

The cursor moves to the first position of the same row.

Limitations:

None

#### Command Code: <10>

#### Command Name: Display position

#### Command Result:

By using the display positioning function, the write-in starting position can be specified. After writing <10> to prepare the display for this command, another HEX byte is written to specify the position desired. A third byte representing data is then sent.

Limitations:

Row							C	'hara	cter l	Positi	ion C	hart	(Hex	.)						
1	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	10	11	12	13
2	14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E	1F	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27

Command Code: <11>

#### Command Name: Normal display mode

#### Command Result:

After writing a character, the cursor is shifted automatically to the right one position. When the cursor is in the last position of the first row, it moves to the first position of the second row. When the cursor is on the last position of the second row, the cursor moves to the first position of the first row.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <12> Co

Command Name: Vertical scroll mode



After writing the characters up to the last position of the second row, all characters displayed in the second row are shifted to the upper row (first row), clearing the second row. The Vertical Scroll Mode is the default mode by the factory, and will be held until another mode is selected.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <13>

Command Name: Cursor on

Command Result:

This command turns cursor on or keeps cursor lighted. This is the default status. The cursor is a blinking block of 5 by 7 dots.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <14>

Command Name: Cursor off

Command Result:

This command turns cursor off or keeps cursor off. However cursor position is not changed.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <18>

Command Name: Clear to end of line



This command will clear out the display from the current write-in position to the end of the current line. The current write-in position will not change.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <19>

#### Command Name: Clear to end of display

#### Command Result:

This command will clear out the display from the current write-in position to the end of the second line. The current write-in position will not change.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1A> x

Command Name: Display fonts

Command Result:

Select code page according to the value of "x". The entire display will be changed at the same time.

Limitations:

Refer to the available font page table for value of "x" and applicable fonts.

*Command Code:* <1B> <64>\*

Command Name: Pass thru mode



This command is used in Direct To Pole Mode to begin passing data through to the attached device. After this command is received, the display will be in UTC Pass Thru Mode.

To pass an  $\langle ESC \rangle$  u sequence thru to the attached device, when in UTC Pass Thru Mode, send two  $\langle ESC \rangle$ 's [i.e.  $\langle ESC \rangle \langle ESC \rangle$  u..] and the data received by the device will be a single  $\langle ESC \rangle$  u. If the escape sequence to be sent thru does not begin with {'u' or ' $\langle RS \rangle$ '} then 2 escapes are not needed.

If <ESC> <RS> must be sent to the printer then two options are possible: Option 1:

Redefine the Direct To Pole Mode character to another code in lieu of <RS>. Option 2:

Send <ESC> <ESC> <RS> and the device will receive <ESC> <RS>.

If pass thru data is desired, use the command <1B><64> to enter UTC Pass Thru Mode, send data to the attached device, then switch back to Direct To Pole Mode with <1B><1E>

Limitations:

The asterisk mark "\*" means that the code may be changed to any character in the range <00> through <7F> by the command <1B><75><74><63><45> x <0D>.

Command Code: <1C>

Command Name: Flashing text start

Command Result:

This command is used to start flashing text on the display.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1D>

Command Name: Flashing text end



This command is used to stop flashing text on the display.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1E>

Command Name: Clear display

Command Result:

This command is used to clear the display and move the cursor to the home position without changing any modes in effect.

Limitations:

None

Command Code: <1F>

Command Name: Reset display

Command Result:

The display will be cleared and reset to the default of <DC2> and <DC3> mode (Vertical Scroll and Cursor On). The cursor will be positioned to the first position on the top line.

Limitations:

Since this command resets the display modes, if you wish to continue to use the display in <DC1> and / or <DC4> modes, you must reissue those commands after <US>.



# **CHARACTER CODE TABLES**

# A. Font for Code Page 0 (PC437)

2x 3x 4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex PBP > pCF ad = aod **x0** !!AQaqúæíßEEJA x1 "28RbreÆdrRU∏\* x2 #XCSCS3860/(P4) x3 \*407db3666270\* x4 25FHeubban-Maus x5 86FU£V≜C@A2#H≣ x6 '76Newcu0x310@ **x7** (SHXh×@Ŷ?,P×mWe x8 ) 9 T V i Vene Trohe **v**9 \*:.TZ.ize0-P±5W+ xA + : KTK( idlog Tak хR 医马马氏 医血管 机相关 xC хD .>h^n\*X&&a 3 хE 

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# B. Font for Code Page 1 (Katakana)

4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx 2x 3x 00P`P\_| -9ECE x0 !!AQaq\_**!**.**?**}&**!**|**8 x1** \*\*2日Rbr… W「イツメ » 火 x2 #XC~c≤…**Ш**ı ウŦŦox x3 v4 25FFHeum8.オナヿ<u>~</u>余 x5 - & A F U F U F S 9 h F A + + x6 - 76M9w‴÷\*\*\*?\*\*\* x7 (祭HShsmedのまりを開 **v**8 ₩:.TZ.izШ↓<u>r</u>nµ//+, vΔ +;K[K{|||×オウヒ[]ッカ vR xc . < | ヽ.1 ! | + += ラワワ≪ゆ -=M]m3| ±12^>>+ хD хE 



# C. Font for Code Page 2 (PC850)

 $2x \quad 3x$ 4x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx 5x 6x 7x **8**x 00P`P\$¢á=-36 **x0** x1 "?RRbré£ó%réô= x2 x3 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* v⁄1 86FV£V463A3í/+ x6 '76Wgwşûgàãîþ~ x7 (SHXhxéýðe \* # Þ " x8 →9TViV&AA®∥⊯46~ xA 🖂 I Z I Z A C --- I --- r C --- サンドにドく主命絵画 雪剛合す хB ---=|d]\_m}}@;@;@=|\$ хD ...>M^n^%&><&##\*~~m хE /?O\_\_O**\_\_**A#&~~`` хF

# D. Font for Code Page 3 (PC860)

4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx  $2x \quad 3x$ 0@P`P\$éá‼L#c≡ **x0** x1 "2RRbréÆó%<del>t</del>t[] x2 x3 \*407668884-+\*/ v⁄1 x5 💥 🕾 🗉 🖬 📾 🖬 🌦 🛱 🖬 🕂 👘 🖬 . 1 SAFUPVANA4 krux6 '7ANGWSàs-k-k-rs x7 < = H × h × e t < - + # # #</pre> x8 >9IYiYêöö¶#49\* \*:JZjZèO-1\*rQ\* -+; K[KC]; d\$m m∭85/ хB -. <! <1 ! 糸骨矯神 ⊪……のり xC хD . >N^n\*&&&/# #### хE /?O\_\_\_O\_#Ad>---"O хF


#### E. Font for Code Page 4 (PC863)

9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx  $2x \quad 3x$ 4x 5x 6x 7x **8**x 00P`P\$é!::**-**\*c= **x0** !lAQaqûêi&+~8± **x1** "?RRbréé'%++[] **x**2 x3 \*407dtaéó4-+%/ v⁄1 x5 💥 🕾 🗉 🖾 📖 🏯 T 👘 🕂 🕂 🕂 Prt. I | 念点戸UPV目 合…川 ┝…………… x6 '76Ugwsò‴¬**ŀ**+tc≈ x7 < 3 H × h × e 0 2 \* \* + # # \*</pre> x8 )9IYiYê6-4**r**40\* \*:JZjZèO-**!**\*rQ\* + : K [ K C i d 気相 m |||| 高ブ хB - 、 くに へ 1 | 全 岳 編 神 | m の 的 xC хD . >Montanad d le m хE 

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## F.Font for Code Page 5 (PC865)

	2x	<b>3</b> x	<b>4</b> x	5x	6x	7x	8x	9x	Ax	Bx	Cx	Dx	Ex	Fx
x0					••						<b>.</b>			
x1						•			 			•••••		
	::					<b>!</b>			÷					2
x3				:	:	<u></u>						₿.	TI.	•
x4		÷				•			P					ľ
x5									ř					
x6				Ļ	- <b>-</b>	۱							<b></b> .	
x7	ŧ				•		•							
<b>x8</b>				24		24		•	÷	•••		•		•:::•
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## G. Font for Code Page 6 (Russia)

US/<u>FL</u>

### H. Font for Code Page 7 (ALBIC)

2x 3x 4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx 80P>p.IZHLMA **x0** liqüaql Là%+reu **x1** ″28Rbr⊬∵≥≋⊤т∠ч x2 x3 \$40TdtFe/4-4x4 %5EUeuo÷>++\*\*x5 & GFUfv//////////// x6 '76W9WV=r= +++-x7 x8 >91Viy¶≏@**∥** ⊮⊣⊶° **x**9 хA хB , < L > 1 | 7 & ---- | | | | | ----.... хC --=M]m}T@@#-###44.4 хD . >M^n^&\_\_ad **# 1**4\*\* хE хF



#### I. Font for Code Page 19 (PC858)

2x 3x 4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx 00P`P\$¢á=-36 **x0** x1 "?RRbré£ó%réô= x2 x3 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* v⁄1 x5 % # # | | @ L | & A A A A A # # # # @ 86FUfvådeagí/+ x6 '76Wgwşûgàãîþ~ x7 (SHXhX@928 \*¥P" x8 )9TViV≜A®∥∎⊣j" \*:JZjZèO-**|**\*rô\* + : 区区区で近め絵画画側合体 хB . <! <! ! ! ? **@** ! ! **m** ii B хC хD , >M^n^%><@#\*~~# хE хF

JUSIFLE

#### J.Font for Code Page 253 (PC437G)

2x 3x 4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx 8@P`PAP\!!Llo= **x0** /lacaqqxk&ltrr+ x1 "28RbrTTX%TTéè  $\mathbf{x2}$ #RCSCSAVWIHIA< x3 \*407dtE#v+-\_\_`(^ x4 25FHeuzx3+Ff. x5 SAFUPVHYnH⊧Ƙó÷ '7ANGWAOTTH+4As x7 (AHXhXTnp¶L‡n° **x**8 ⇒9TViVKR∩dF LA⊕ \*\*\*.TZAZA\*<\UTO\* vА +; K[ K< MBT TT**W**BJ хB ...<L∖llNS**v<u>U</u>⊫m∞n** xC хD ,>N^n^On×\_44∥∈∭ хE /?A o∭TA47.L™a



#### K. Font for Code Page 254 (W1257 Baltic)

2x 3x 4x 5x 6x 7x 8x 9x Ax Bx Cx Dx Ex Fx @@P`pt \*Asqi x0 <u>1100aq ( ±1016</u> x1 "28Rbr,'¢≈AHān x2  $x_3 \# 3 \square 5 \square 5 \square 5 \# 6 = 6 6 6 6$ x4  $x_6$  SEFUEVT-IMEDEE '76Wgw‡-3°#×8÷ x7 (SH×h× øø¢uču x8 x9 ) 9 1 4 i 9 \* " 8 i e e e e e e e e +;K[K{<>\*\*EUėq хR xE /?O\_OM. @aL8!#

POSIFLEX

## L.Font for Code Page 255 (W1253 Greek)

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x3				:;	:	<u></u>	<b>!</b>	:*:*					••••	
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## **M.** International Character Sets

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# SERVICE GUIDE

## A. SPARE PARTS LIST

The column "Pos." in the list below refers basically to the ID numbers indicated in the Assembly Drawing. If this column is not available, it refers to a packaging item. The column "S." indicates the alternative selections available for that position. This list is subject to update without notice.

Pos.	S.	Part Number	Description
100	1	19460324112	Front Cover, Charcoal
100	2	19460324116	Front Cover, Ivory
110	1	19460711024	Green Color Filter for PD-2601
120	1	39462002010	PD-2601 VFD Module w/ Control Board, Rubber Sponge and EVA for RS232 Type
	2	39462001010	PD-2601 VFD Module w/ Control Board, Rubber Sponge and EVA for USB Type
	1	19460326012	Plastic Switch Cover, Charcoal
130	2	19460326016	Plastic Switch Cover, Ivory
	1	19460330012	Neck Plastic Washer B, Charcoal
140	2	19460330016	Neck Plastic Washer B, Ivory
150	1	39461000002	Plastic Back Cover with Neck for PD-2601, Charcoal
150	2	39461000006	Plastic Back Cover with Neck for PD-2601, Ivory



Pos.	S.	Part Number	Description					
160	1	19460600112	CE Label for PD-2601, Charcoal					
	2	19460600116	CE Label for PD-2601, Ivory					
	1	19460329012	Neck Plastic Washer A, Charcoal					
170	2	19460329016	Neck Plastic Washer A, Ivory					
100	1	19460332012	Anchor Pole, Charcoal					
180	2	19460332016	Anchor Pole, Ivory					
190	1	21863256510	RS232 Cable for PD-2601S					
200	1	21863256410	USB Cable for PD-2601U					
• 1 0	1	19460333012	Plastic Base, Charcoal					
210	2	19460333016	Plastic Base, Ivory					
220	1	MSTSCRW3-8+TR	Truss Head Self-Tapping					
	1	19460510110	Carton for PD-2601					
	1	19460520110	Inner Box for PD-2601					
	1	19460530010	Anchor Cardboard for PD-2601					
	1	PEBAG34*46	PE Bag for PD-2601					
	1	19460900010	Manual for PD-2601					

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## **B. ASSEMBLY DRAWING**

