beams of different wavelength of lights (660nm glow and 940nm near infrared light) can be focused onto human nail tip through perspective clamp finger-type sensor. Then measured signal can be obtained by a photosensitive element, information acquired through which will be shown on two groups of LEDs through process in electronic circuits and microprocessor.

2.Precautions for use

- Operation of 18705 may be affected by the use of an electrosurgical unit (ESU).
- The 18705 must be able to measure the pulse properly to obtain an accurate SpO2 measurement. Verify that nothing is hindering the pulse measurement before replying on the SpO2 measurement.
- Do not use the 18705 in an MRI or CT environment
- Do not use the 18705 in situations where alarms are required. The device has no alarms.
- Explosion hazard: Do not use the 18705 in an explosive atmosphere.
- The 18705 is intended only as an adjunct in patient assessment. It must be used in conjunction with other methods of assessing clinical signs and symptoms.
- Check the pulse oximeter sensor application site frequently to determine the positioning of the sensor and circulation and skin sensitivity of the patient.
- Do not stretch the adhesive tape while applying the pulse oximeter sensor. This may cause inaccurate readings or skin blisters.
- Before use, carefully read the manual.
- The 18705 has no SpO2 alarms, it is not for continuous monitoring, as indicated by the symbol.
- Prolonged use or the patient's condition may require changing the sensor site periodically. Change sensor site and check skin integrity, circulatory status, and correct alignment at least every 4 hours.

3.Inaccurate measurements

- Do not sterilize the device using autoclaving, ethylene oxide sterilizing, or immersing the sensors in liquid which may cause inaccurate readings. The device is not intended for sterilization.
- Significant levels of dysfunctional hemoglobin's (such as carbonxy- hemoglobin or met hemoglobin)
- Intravascular dyes such as indocyanine green or methylene blue
- SpO2 measurements may be adversely affected in the presence of high ambient light. Shield the sensor
 area (with a surgical towel, or direct sunlight, for example) if necessary.
- Excessive patient movement
- High-frequency electrosurgical interference and defibrillators
- Venous pulsations
- Placement of a sensor on an extremity with a blood pressure cuff, arterial catheter, or intravascular line
- The patient has hypotension, severe vasoconstriction, severe anemia, or hypothermia
- The patient is in cardiac arrest or is in shock
- Fingernail polish or false fingernails may cause inaccurate SpO2 readings.
- Follow local ordinances and recycling instructions regarding disposal or recycling of the device and device components, including batteries.

4. Technical Specifications

4.1 Display type: OLED display SPO2 display range: 0-99%

PR display range: 30-254 BPM PR display mode: bar graph Data update time: < 15 s

4.2 LED Wavelengths

Red: 660nm Infrared: 940nm

4.3 Battery life

Two AAA 1.5V alkaline batteries could be continuously operated as long as 30 hours.

4.4 Resolution: ±1% for SPO2 and ±1BPM for Pulse rate

4.5 Measurement Accuracy:

SPO2: 70%--99%, ±3%; ≤70% no definition.

PR: 30—235 BPM, \pm 2 bpm during the pulse rate range of 30-99 bpm and 2% during the pulse rate range of 100-254 bpm

4.6 It is equipped with a function switch, through which the Oximeter can be powered off in case no finger is the Oximeter longer than 8 seconds.

6. Product Intended Use

Intended Use:

Fingertip Pulse Oximeter 18705 is a portable non-invasive, spot-check, oxygen saturation of arter (SpO2) and pulse rate of adult and pediatric patient at home, and hospital (including clini internist/surgery, Anesthesia, intensive care and etc). Not for continuously monitoring.

The 18705 requires no routine calibration or maintenance other than replacement of batteries.

7. Operation Instructions

- 7.1 Installing two AAA batteries into battery cassette before covering its cover.
- 7.2 Open the clamp as illustrated in the picture below
- 7.3 Plug one of fingers into rubber hole of the Oximeter (it is best to plug the finger thoroughly) be the clamp
- 7.4 Press the switch button once on front panel.
- 7.5 Your finger do not tremble during the Oximeter is working. Your body is not recommended in
- 7.6 Read correspondent datum from display screen.
- 7.7 Two display modes.

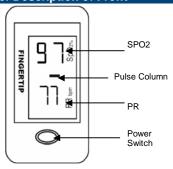
After turn on the Oximeter, each time you press the power switch, the Oximeter will swit display mode, there are 2 display modes shown as follows

When you press the power switch for a long time (more than one second), the brightness of the C changed by degrees, there are 10 levels on brightness; the default level is level four.

When your finger is plugged into the Oximeter, your nail surface must be upward.



8. Brief Description of Front



Patient pulse quality signals are indicated as such by bar graph. The bar is graded as 10 levels, if two to three level, the pulse signal is inadequate.

9. Product Accessories

- 9.1 One Lanyard
- 9.2 Two batteries
- 9.3 One instruction manual

10. Battery Installations

- 10.1 Put the two AAA batteries into battery cassette in correct polarities.
- 10.2 Push the battery cover horizontally along the arrow shown as below:

Notes: Battery polarities must be correctly installed. Otherwise, damage might be caused to device please put or remove batteries in right order, or is likely to damage the device bracket.

Problems	Possible reason	Solution	
SpO2% or pulse rate can not be shown normally	Finger is not plugged correctly Patient's SpO2value is too low to be measured	1.Retry by plugging the finger 2. There is excessive illumination 3. Measure more times, If you can make sure about no problem existing in the product. Please go to a hospital timely for exact diagnosis	
SpO2% or pulse rate is shown unstably	Finger might not be plugged deep enough Excessive patient movement	Retry by plugging the finger Be calmness.	
The Monitor can not be powered on	1.No battery or low power of battery 2.Battery might be installed incorrectly 3. The Monitor might be damaged	Please replace battery Please reinstall the battery Please contact with local customer service centre	
Indication is suddenly off	The Oximeter is automatically powered off when no signal is detected longer than 8 seconds The batteries power is too low to work	Normal Replace the battery	
"Error3" or "Error4" Displayed on screen	Err 3 means the red emission LED is damaged. Err 4 means the infra-red emission LED is damaged.	Check the red emission LED Check the infra-red emission LED	
Error 6	Err 6 means the crystal is failure	Change the crystal	
"Error7" displayed on screen	Err 7 means all the emission LED or reception dioxide is damaged.	Check the emission LED and reception dioxide.	

15. Declaration

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic emissions-For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic emission					
Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer of the					
user of the Pulse Oximeter (18705) should assure that it is used in such and environment.					
Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment – guidance			
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The pulse Oximeter (18705) uses RF energy			
		only for very low and is not likely to cause			
		interference in nearby electronic equipment.			
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The pulse Oximeter (18705) is suitable for			
Harmonic emissions	Not Applicable	use in all establishments, including domestic			
IEC 61000-3-2		establishments and those directly connected			
Voltage fluctuations/ flicker	Not Applicable	to the public low-voltage power supply			
emissions		network that supplies buildings used for			
IEC 61000-3-2		domestic purposes.			

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic immunity-For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity					
Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer of the user of the <i>Pulse Oximeter (18705)</i> should assure that it is used in such an environment.					
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment – guidance		
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	+/- kV contact +/- 8kV air	+/- kV contact +/- 8kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floor are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.		
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3A/m	3A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristics of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.		

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic immunity-For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS that are not LIFE-SUPPORTING

Guidance and Manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity

absorption and reflection structures, objects and people.

Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base station for radio (cellular/cordless) telepho mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an ele site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the Pu (18705) should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observe measurements may be necessary, such as reorienting of the relocating the Pulse Oximeter (1870 B) Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, fields strengths should be less than 3 V/m

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications ec the EQUIPMENT or SYSTEMS -

For all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS that are not LIFE-SUPPORTING

Recommended separation distances between

portable and mobile RF communications equipment and Pulse Oximeter (1870)

The *Pulse Oximeter (18705)* is intended for use in electromagnetic environment in which disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the *Pulse Oximeter (18705)* can electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and communications equipment (transmitters) and the *Pulse Oximeter (18705)* as recommended belc to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter (m)		
power of transmitter	80 MHz to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2	
(W)	$d = \left[\frac{3.5}{E_1}\right] \sqrt{P}$	$d = \left[\frac{7}{E_1}\right] \sqrt{I}$	
0.01	0.1167	0.2334	
0.1	0.3689	0.7378	
1	1.1667	2.3334	
10	3.6893	7.3786	
100	11.6667	23.3334	

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended sepratatic in metres (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter man

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

16. Symbol Definitions

Symbol	Definition	
⅓	The equipment type is BF	
Δ	Refer to user manual before application	
	Hemoglobin saturation	
	Heart rate (BPM)	
	Low power indication	
	Serial No	
SpO2	No for continuous monitoring	