OPEN SYSTEMS® Accounting Software

Purchase Order ODBC Report Applet User's Manual

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This document has been prepared to conform to the current release version of OPEN SYSTEMS Accounting Software. Because of our extensive development efforts and our desire to further improve and enhance the software, inconsistencies may exist between the software and the documentation in some instances. Call your customer support representative if you encounter an inconsistency.

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General Information

The OPEN SYSTEMS Accounting Software (OSAS [™]) product line consists of several accounting applications. Each application addresses a different phase of your financial operations; together, they form a powerful accounting solution to your daily and periodic accounting needs.

The ODBC Kit

The OSAS ODBC Kit provides users with a way to access their OSAS data through any ODBC-compliant productivity package. The ODBC Kit includes an ODBC driver for Windows, the data dictionaries for the OSAS data files, utilities for maintaining the data dictionaries and some sample reports in Microsoft [®] Excel, Microsoft Access [®] and Crystal Reports [™] for Windows.

The Report Applets

Since the release of the ODBC Kit, OSAS users have been discovering the power of these popular productivity packages to analyze their accounting data. The Report Applets provide a series of pre-built Microsoft Excel PivotTables [®] to help you get the most from your accounting data.

These tables are provided for each of the major data files in each application. This manual includes instructions for loading and using these spreadsheets to sort and analyze your data. With a little practice, you can easily create similar PivotTables or modify the ones provided to customize them to your exact needs.

Purchase Order Data Files

You use the Purchase Order system to account for orders you place with vendors. Purchase Order encompasses the capabilities of Accounts Payable; you can record purchases you made from vendors and orders you have not yet paid. Purchase Order lends its tracking capabilities to other applications associated with tracking assets (Inventory for example).

PO Data Files

The Purchase Order Report Applet contains several spreadsheets that report information from the OSAS Purchase Order data files. The PivotTables in the PO Report Applet are based on these data files:

POORxxx and **POOHxxx**

The Open Order Detail and Header files store records for orders and returns before you post them. If Purchase Order is interfaced with Inventory, these functions update serialized and nonserialized item balances and costs in Inventory. The POOHxxx file stores header and totals information; the POORxxx file stores lineitem information.

Data from the Open Order Detail file is used in the PO Order Detail (PODETORD.XLS) PivotTable. Data from the Open Order Header file is displayed on the PO Transaction Summary (POTRNSUM.XLS) and PO Tax Report (POTRNTAX.XLS) PivotTables.

POPQxxx

The Purchase Requisition file stores records for orders generated in the Generate Orders function. In the Generate Orders function the records whose orders you generate are sent to the Open Order files. The records whose orders you do not generate are kept in this file indefinitely. The data stored in this file is the basis of the PO Purchase Requisitions (POPURREQ.XLS) PivotTable.

PORIxxx, **PORGxxx** and **PORTxxx**

The Receipts and Invoices files store the receipts and invoices you entered for orders and the debit memos you applied to returns. The PORGxxx file stores line-item information about goods received; the PORIxxx file stores line-item information about invoices applied; the PORTxxx file stores totals information.

Data from the PORIxxx file appears in the PO Invoice Detail (POINVDET.XLS) PivotTable.

Data from the PORGxxx file is displayed on the PO Receipt of Goods (PORECPT.XLS) PivotTable.

Data from the PORTxxx file is the basis for the PO Invoice Totals (POINVTOT.XLS) PivotTable.

Introduction to PivotTables

A Microsoft Excel PivotTable is an interactive table that quickly summarizes, or cross-tabulates, large amounts of data. You can rotate its rows and columns to see different summaries of the source data, filter the data by displaying different pages, or display the details for areas of interest.

A PivotTable contains fields, each of which summarizes multiple rows of information from the source data. By dragging a field button to another part of the PivotTable, you can view your data in different ways. For example, you can view any field either down the rows or across the columns.

The PivotTable summarizes data by using a summary function, such as Sum, Count, or Average. You can include subtotals and grand totals automatically, or use your own formulas by adding calculated fields and items.

In the Purchase Order Report Applet, several PivotTables are provided based on the data in the OSAS data files. The PivotTable is updated through the ODBC driver.

The next section includes a tutorial for setting up and modifying PivotTables in Excel.

Creating Microsoft Excel PivotTables

Read this section for an exercise in creating a PivotTable using the ODBC Kit and Microsoft Excel 97. If you require more information about Microsoft Excel, consult the Microsoft Excel User's Guide or Online Help.

Before you can create this report, complete these tasks:

- Install and set up the ODBC Kit.
- Install and set up the BASIS ODBC drivers.
- Install Microsoft Excel 97 and Microsoft Query 97.

Note

This section includes instructions for using Microsoft Query with Microsoft Excel. If necessary, you can install Microsoft Query from the Microsoft Office 97 media. You may also need to create a shortcut to Query manually.

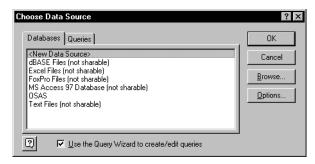
Building a Query For a PivotTable

1. Start Microsoft Query.



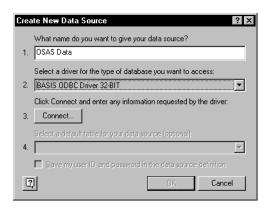
2. Under the **File** menu, select **New**.

The Choose Data Source screen appears.



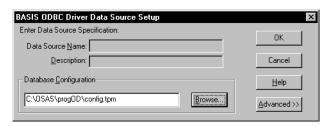
3. Select < New Data Source>, and click OK.

The Create New Data Source screen appears.



- 4. Enter a name you want to give the data source in field 1. You can use the same source again.
- 5. Select the **BASIS ODBC Driver** in field 2.
- 6. Click Connect.

The BASIS ODBC Driver Data Source Setup box appears.



7. Enter the file path and name of the CONFIG.TPM file you set up from within the OSAS ODBC software in the Database Configuration field, or select **Browse** and locate the file.

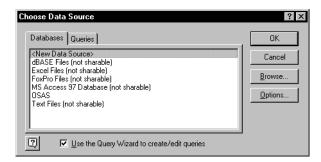
If you have already built the shadow dictionary, click on the $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ dvanced button, and check the options for No Shadow Dictionary Consistency Check and Fast Connect to improve performance. See online help for additional information about the options that come with the \mathbf{A} dvanced button.

8. Click **OK** to connect to the data source.

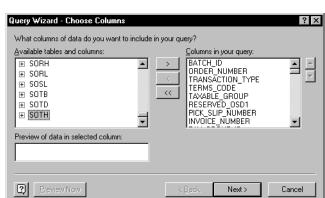
You are returned to the Create New Data Source screen.

9. Select a table in field 4 if you want to select a default table source; otherwise, leave field 4 blank and select any table when you develop the query. (If you select a table, the list of tables always starts at that table; otherwise the list of tables starts at the beginning of the list.)

The Choose Data Source box appears.



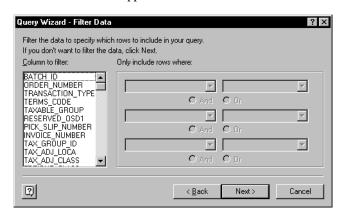
10. Select the data source you set up in the previous steps.



The Choose Columns screen appears.

11. Select a table you want to use in your Excel spreadsheet. For this example, start with one table and add a second table later. Select the SOTH table, select the columns for the spreadsheet, and click **Next** >.

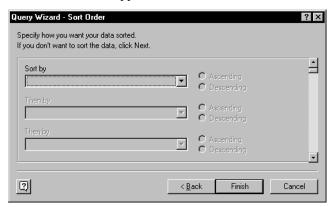
The Filter Data box appears.



Use the Filter Data dialog box to select specific records from the table. In most cases, you do not need to choose anything in the Filter Data dialog box. For example, to filter out credit memos, select the field named TRANSACTION_TYPE, select **does not equal**, and then enter **4** for a value. (TRANSACTION_TYPE 4 is a credit memo.)

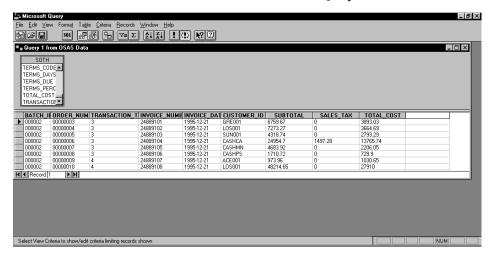
12. Click Next >.

The Sort Order box appears.



Use the Sort Order dialog box to select how the data is sorted. For example, select a field in Sort by and check Ascending or Descending. Select more fields and orders for hierarchical sorts. For now, don't enter any sort fields.

13. Click Finish. You are returned to the Microsoft Query screen.



The data in your query is displayed. You can delete columns by selecting a column and pressing the **Delete** key. You can also add a column by double-clicking on the field name (in the SOTH file).

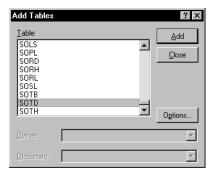
Note

NOTE: You can also select which fields you want in your query in step 6 above. Instead of selecting the entire table, you can click the + box next to the table you want and select the given fields from the list.

14. Select the following fields:

- BATCH_ID
- ORDER NUMBER
- TRANSACTION_TYPE
- INVOICE_NUMBER
- INVOICE_DATE
- CUSTOMER_ID
- SUBTOTAL
- SALES_TAX
- TOTAL_COST
- 15. Select **Table** from the main menu, and choose **Add tables**.

The Add Table dialog box appears.



16. A list of all the tables is displayed. Select the **SOTD** table, and click **Close**.

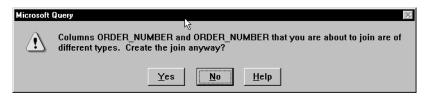
Joining Tables

- 17. Locate BATCH_ID in the SOTD and SOTH tables; then click and hold the left mouse button down on BATCH_ID in the SOTH table
- 18. Drag the field over to the BATCH_ID field in the SOTD table and release the mouse button.

A line appears between the two BATCH_ID fields, joining the two fields.

19. Follow steps 17 through 18 with the ORDER_NUMBER field.

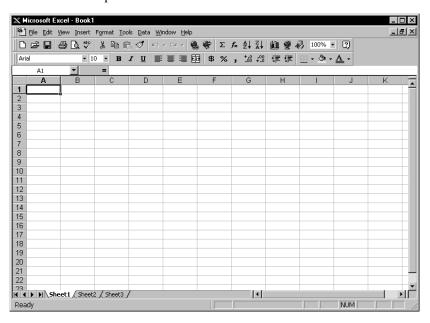
NOTE: You may get the following message. For now, click **Yes** to ignore the message and join the fields together.



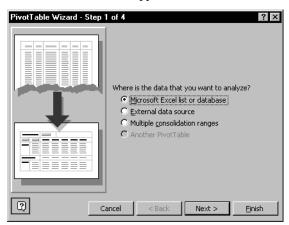
- 20. Select the following fields from the SOTD table:
 - ENTRY_NUMBER
 - UNIT_COST_COMPNT
 - UNIT_PRICE
 - ORDERED_QTY
 - SHIPPED_QTY_SELL
 - BACKORDERED_QTY.
- 21. Select **Save** from the **File** menu to save the query.

Using the Query in Microsoft Excel

1. Start Excel and open a new worksheet.



2. Select the **Data** menu; then select **PivotTable Report**.



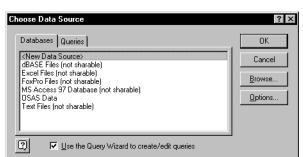
The PivotTable Wizard appears.

3. In step 1 of the Wizard, a list of options is displayed where you can choose your data source to be used in your PivotTable. Select **External Data Source**, and click **Next** >.

The PivotTable Wizard Step 2 dialog box appears.



4. In step 2 of the Wizard, click **Get Data**.

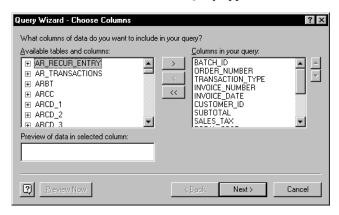


The Choose Data Source box from Microsoft Query appears.

5. Click the **Queries** tab, and select the query you saved under Microsoft Query.



The Choose Columns box under Query appears.



- 6. Click **Next** >. The query columns are displayed.
- 7. Click **Next** > to pass by **Filter Data** and **Sort Order** options.

The Query Wizard - Finish dialog box appears.

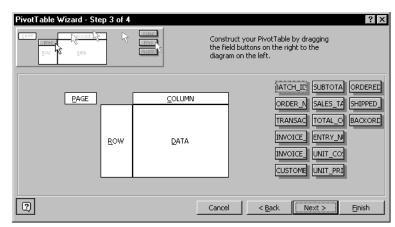


8. Select Return Data to Microsoft Excel, and click Finish.

You are returned to the PivotTable Wizard Step 2 dialog box.



9. Click Next >.

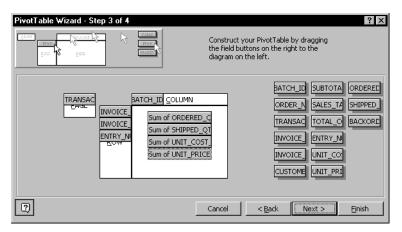


The PivotTable Wizard Step 3 dialog box appears.

The selected fields and four areas—Page, Row, Column, and Data—to put fields are displayed. Drag and drop the fields to use in this report into the respective areas. (To display the full field name, hold the cursor on the button, and a tool tip displays the full field name.)

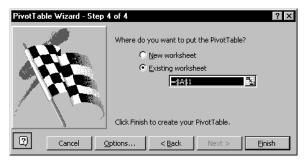
- 10. Drag and drop the following fields:
 - TRANSACTION_TYPE into Page
 - INVOICE_NUMBER, INVOICE_DATE, and ENTRY_NUM into Row
 - BATCH_ID into Column
 - ORDERED_QTY, SHIPPED_QTY_SELL, UNIT_COST_COMPNT and UNIT_PRICE into **Data**.

The fields are displayed on the screen. Numeric fields dropped into the Data section become summary fields.

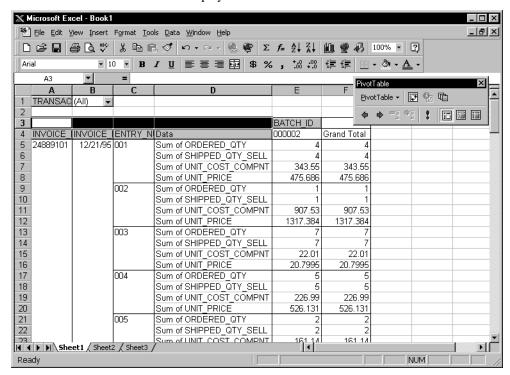


11. Click Next >.

The PivotTable Wizard Step 4 dialog box appears.



12. The last step lets you create the PivotTable either in the existing worksheet or in a different worksheet. Accept the given options and click **Finish**.



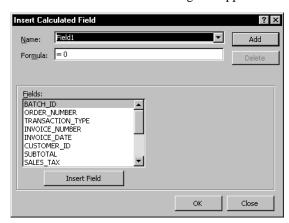
The PivotTable is displayed.

Highlight rows and columns to shift them around. To display only invoices, change Transaction Type from **All** to **3**. Change it to **4** and credit memos are displayed. Totals per type are also displayed.

Adding a Calculated Field

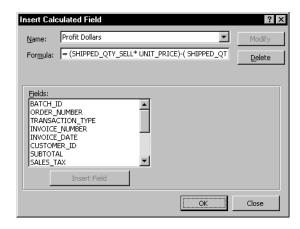
You can also add new fields, like profit, to the data area. To add profit to the data area, follow these steps:

1. Highlight the last row in your data area, **Sum of UNIT_PRICE**, right-click, and select **Insert**.



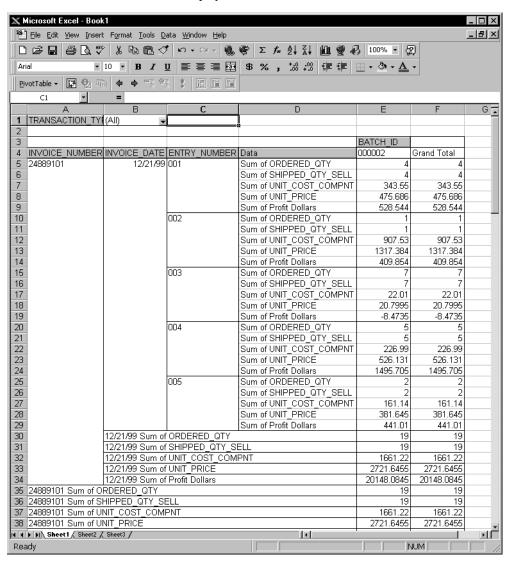
The Insert Calculated Field dialog box appears.

- 2. Enter the following information about the inserted field:
 - Enter **Profit Dollars** in the Name field.
 - Enter = (SHIPPED_QTY_SELL* UNIT_PRICE) (SHIPPED_QTY_SELL* UNIT_COST_COMPNT) in the Formula field.
- 3. Click Add.



4. Click OK.

The PivotTable is displayed with the Sum of Profit Dollars field.

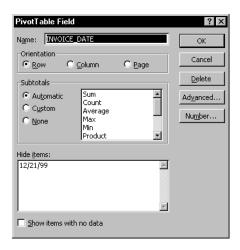


Changing Field Properties

You can also change the properties of the fields in the table. For example, to remove the subtotals from the INVOICE_DATE field:

1. Place your mouse cursor on the INVOICE_DATE column heading, right-click and select **Field...** from the menu.

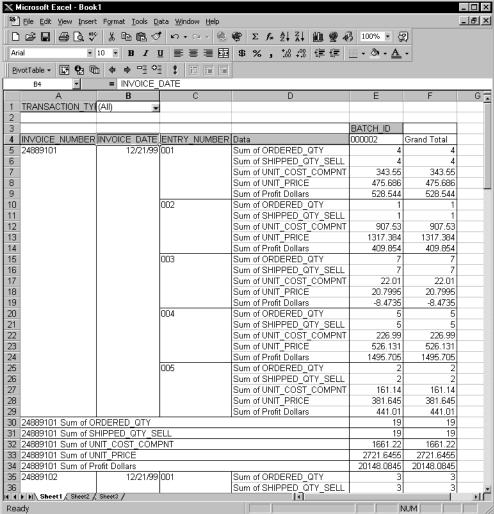
The PivotTable Field dialog box appears:



You can use the PivotTable Field dialog box to change the field name, its orientation on the PivotTable, its display mask, subtotalling options and so on.

2. To shut of the subtotals, select None under Subtotals and click OK.





Moving Fields and Sorting Data

You can dramatically change the appearance of the table by moving the fields around. Fields appear on the PivotTable as gray blocks with the field name on them. To move any field, simply drag it to a new destination.

You can change your PivotTable by moving fields in these ways:

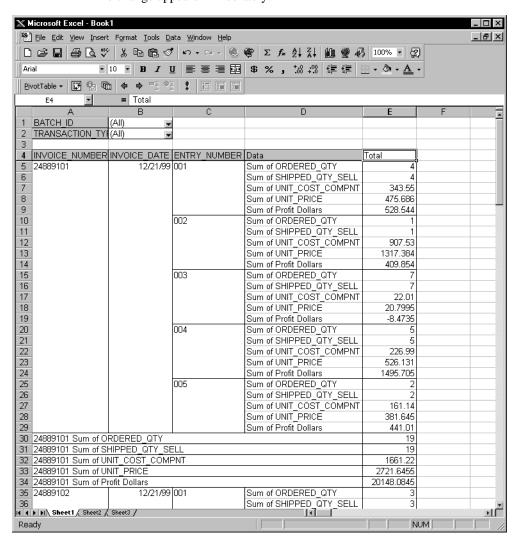
Changing the Selection Fields

If you want to be able to limit the data in the table, you can make any field in the table part of the selection criteria by moving it to the Page area.

For example, to select a specific batch for this table rather than displaying all the batches across the table columns as they are in our sample table, follow these steps:

- Position the mouse cursor over the BATCH_ID field, press and hold the left mouse button.
 - As you drag the BATCH_ID field around the table, the cursor changes to show where you can drop it. If the cursor looks like a block with an *X* over it, you will remove the field from the table by dropping it there.
- 2. Drag the BATCH_ID field to the left of the TRANSACTION_TYPE field and drop it there.

The change appears immediately:

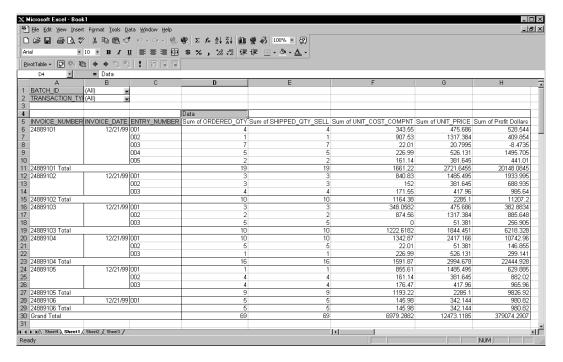


Changing the Column Data

You can change the data that appears in the columns in the table by dragging the fields or data block to the column heading area.

For example, to show the quantity, price, cost and profit information in our table across the columns instead of in the data block as they now appear, drag the **Data** field above the **Total** column heading and drop it there.

The change appears immediately:

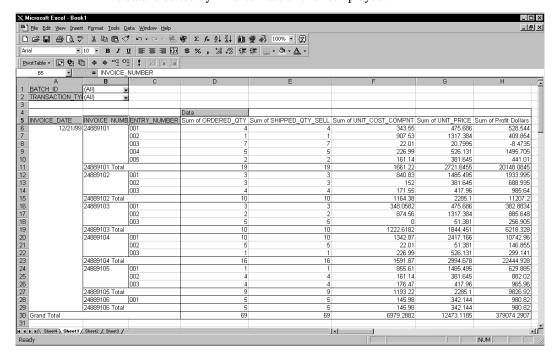


Changing the Data Sort

To change the order in which the data is displayed, you can simply change the Row fields around.

For example, our PivotTable is sorted by Invoice Number. To sort it by Invoice Date instead, click and drag the INVOICE_DATE field to the left of the INVOICE_NUMBER field.

The data is sorted by Invoice Date and is redisplayed:



You can also drag the selection fields from the Page area to the Row area to sort the data by those fields.

More About Using PivotTables

Feel free to experiment with the orientation of the fields on this sample report. As you become more familiar with the tables and how to use them, you can enjoy the benefits of viewing your data in new and different ways.

For more information about PivotTables, see the Microsoft Excel documentation or online help.

Installation

2

You can put the Purchase Order ODBC Report Applet on your system by installing it through Resource Manager. The installation process is described in this section.

The Purchase Order Report Applet needs a minimum of 111 kilobytes (111KB) for installation. You must also have installed Purchase Order and the ODBC Kit on your system, and the ODBC drivers on the Windows workstation.

Installing the Report Applet

Use the Install Application function on the Resource Manager Installation menu to install the report applet. You must install the Accounts Payable and Purchase Order applications before you install this report applet.

The installation will treat the report applet as though you are reinstalling Purchase Order. This is normal behavior.

Note

You must install the applet for Accounts Payable in order to access the vendors, and other master file and historical information you enter.

When you install the report applet, Resource Manager copies the PivotTables to the directory where your Purchase Order programs are stored. You must have access to this directory from your Windows machine to access the tables in Microsoft Excel.

The CONFIG.TPM File

When you install the ODBC Kit, you specify the location of the data files and data dictionaries in a file called CONFIG.TPM. You can build this file using the ODBC Kit functions. You can store this file in any directory, but the report applets expect the file to be located in the C:\WINDOWS directory.

If your CONFIG.TPM file is stored in a different directory, you have three choices for using the PivotTables supplied with the report applet:

- 1. Move the CONFIG.TPM file to the C:\WINDOWS directory and change any Data Sources you have set up and any ODBC reports or spreadsheets you have already set up to use the CONFIG.TPM in its new location.
- 2. Copy the CONFIG.TPM file to the C:\WINDOWS directory and leave a copy in its current location. You do not need to change any Data Sources or reports you have set up, but you need to make any changes in both files.
- 3. Change the PivotTables provided with this report applet to use the CONFIG.TPM file in its current location. You can find instructions for doing this below.

If you choose methods 1 or 2 above, you can load the PivotTables in Microsoft Excel and begin using them with your data by using the Refresh Data command in Excel

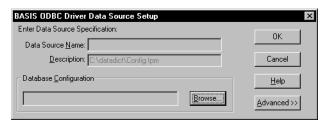
If you choose option 3, follow the instructions below to point the PivotTable to the correct CONFIG.TPM file.

Using a Different CONFIG.TPM

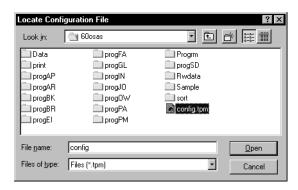
If you store your CONFIG.TPM file in a location other than the C:\WINDOWS directory, you will see this message when you attempt to refresh the data in any PivotTable included with this report applet:



When you click on OK, the BASIS ODBC Driver Data Source Setup dialog box appears:



To specify the location of your CONFIG.TPM file, click Browse and select the file from the location screen:



When you select the file, the final dialog appears:



When you click on OK, the PivotTable is updated with your accounting data.

Report Applet PivotTables

Use the descriptions of the PivotTables in chapter 3 to work with your accounting data.

PO PivotTables

3

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PO Order Detail

File Name

PODETORD.XLS

Description

The PO Order Detail PivotTable uses the data in the Open Order Detail (POORx) file to display detailed information about the purchase orders you have on file.

The data is sorted by Transaction Number, Item ID and Location ID, but you can easily change the sort order, or add the Order Status and Vendor ID to the sort.

Active Fields

Default Field	Type	Field
Delault I lelu	I YPE	i iciu

Page Order Status Vendor ID

Row Transaction Number

Item ID Location ID

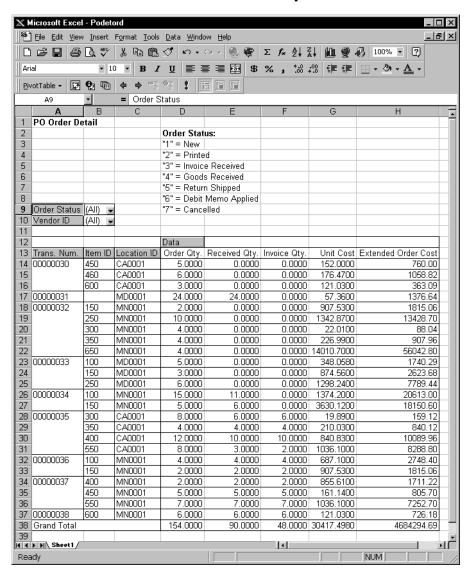
Column Order Quantity

Received Quantity Invoiced Quantity Unit Cost

Extended Order Cost

PO Order Detail PO PivotTables

PO Order Detail PivotTable Sample



PO Invoice Detail

File Name

POINVDET.XLS

Description

The PO Invoice Detail PivotTable uses the data in the Invoice Detail (PORIx) file to display detailed information about the invoices you've received from your vendors and applied to your purchase orders.

The data is sorted by Transaction Number, Entry Number and Sequence Number, but you can easily change the sort order or add the GL Period, Invoice Status or Invoice Source to the sort.

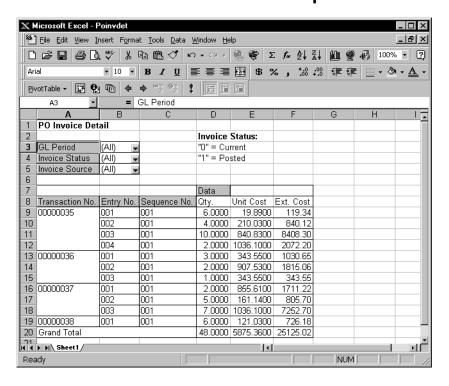
Active Fields

Default Field Type	Field
Page	GL Period Invoice Status Invoice Source
Row	Transaction Number Entry Number Sequence Number
Column	Quantity Unit Cost

Extended Cost

PO Invoice Detail PO PivotTables

PO Invoice Detail PivotTable Sample



PO Invoice Totals

File Name

POINVTOT.XLS

Description

The PO Invoice Totals PivotTable uses the data in the Invoice Header (PORTx) file to display summarized totals for the invoices you have received from your vendors and applied to your orders.

The PO Invoice Totals PivotTable consists of these related spreadsheets: Current Totals and Posted Totals. You can change between these sheets by selecting the appropriate tab at the bottom of the current sheet.

The information is sorted by Transaction Number, Sequence Number, Invoice Number and Invoice Date, but you can change the sort easily to include the Invoice Status or Invoice Source.

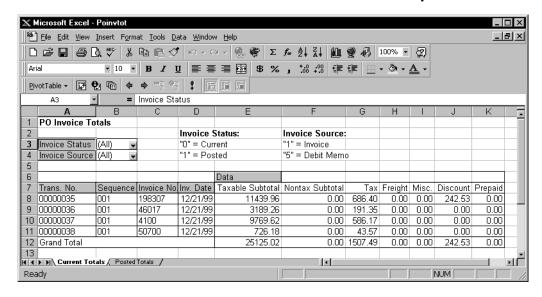
PO Invoice Totals PO PivotTables

PO Invoice Totals-Current Totals Sheet

Active Fields

Default Field Type	Field
Page	Invoice Status
	Invoice Source
Row	Transaction Number
	Sequence Number
	Invoice Number
	Invoice Date
Column	Taxable and Nontaxable Subtotals
	Tax
	Freight
	Miscellaneous Charges
	Discount
	Prepaid Amount

PO Invoice Totals-Current Totals PivotTable Sample



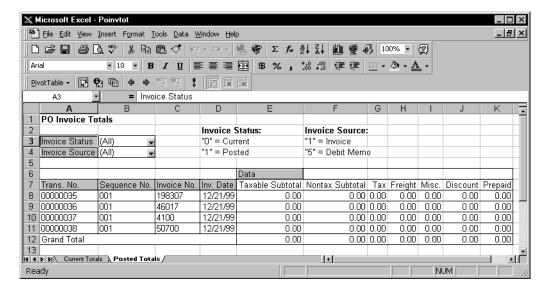
PO PivotTables PO Invoice Totals

PO Invoice Totals-Posted Totals Sheet

Active Fields

Field
Invoice Status
Invoice Source
Transaction Number
Sequence Number
Invoice Number
Invoice Date
Taxable and Nontaxable Subtotals
Tax
Freight
Miscellaneous Charges
Discount
Prepaid Amount

PO Invoice Totals-Posted Totals PivotTable Sample



PO Purchase Requisitions

File Name

POPURREQ.XLS

Description

The PO Purchase Requisitions PivotTable uses the data in the Purchase Requisitions (POPQx) file to display detailed information about the items that have been requisitioned, but not yet placed in a purchase order.

The report is sorted by Item ID and Location ID, but you can easily change the order of the sort, or add the Source Application and Vendor ID to the sort.

Active Fields

Default Field Type Field

Page Source Application

Vendor ID

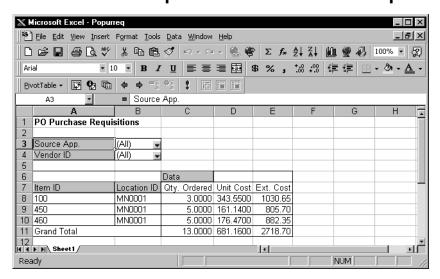
Row Item ID

Location ID

Column Quantity Ordered

Unit Cost Extended Cost

PO Purchase Requisitions PivotTable Sample



PO Receipt of Goods

File Name

PORECPT.XLS

Description

The PO Receipt of Goods PivotTable uses the data in the Receipts Detail (PORGx) file to display detailed information about the goods you've received against your current purchase orders.

The report is sorted by Transaction Number, Entry Number and Sequence Number, but you can easily change the sort order to include the GL Period, Receipt Status or Source Code.

Active Fields

Default Field Type Field

Page GL Period

Receipt Status

Source

Row Transaction Number

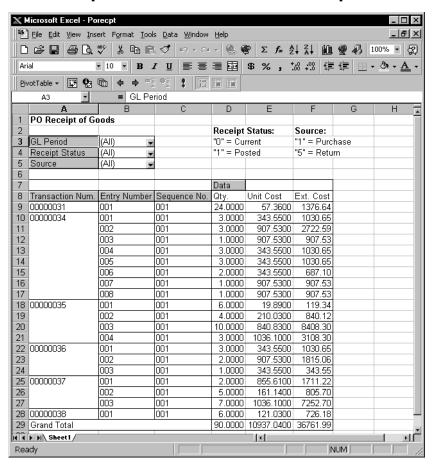
Entry Number

Sequence Number

Column Quantity

Unit Cost Extended Cost

PO Receipt of Goods PivotTable Sample



PO Transaction Summary

File Name

POTRNSUM.XLS

Description

The PO Transaction Summary PivotTable uses the data in the Open Order Header (POOHx) file to display summarized totals for the open purchase orders you have on file.

The PO Transaction Summary PivotTable consists of these related spreadsheets: Invoice Totals, Posted Totals and Memo Totals. You can change between these sheets by selecting the appropriate tab at the bottom of the current sheet.

The information is sorted by Transaction Number and Vendor ID, but you can change the sort easily to include the Order Status.

PO Transaction Summary-Invoice Totals Sheet

Active Fields

Default Field Type Field

Page Order Status

Row Transaction Number

Vendor ID

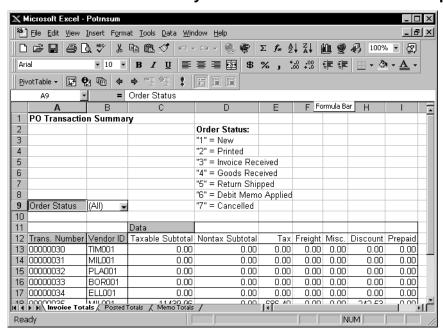
Column Taxable and Nontaxable Subtotals

Tax Freight

Miscellaneous Charges

Discount Prepaid Amount

PO Transaction Summary-Invoice Totals PivotTable Sample



PO Transaction Summary–Posted Totals Sheet

Active Fields

Default Field Type Field

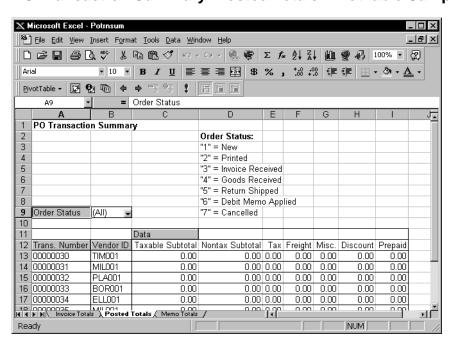
Page Order Status

Row Transaction Number Vendor ID

Column Taxable and Nontaxable Subtotals Tax Freight Miscellaneous Charges Discount

PO Transaction Summary-Posted Totals PivotTable Sample

Prepaid Amount



PO Transaction Summary-Memo Totals Sheet

Active Fields

Default Field Type Field

Page Order Status

Row Transaction Number

Vendor ID

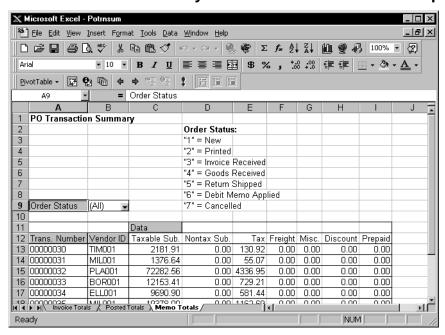
Column Taxable and Nontaxable Subtotals

Tax Freight

Miscellaneous Charges

Discount Prepaid Amount

PO Transaction Summary-Memo Totals PivotTable Sample



PO Tax Report

File Name

POTRNTAX.XLS

Default Field Type

Description

The PO Tax Report PivotTable uses the data in the Open Order Header (POOHx) file to display summarized sales tax breakdowns for your purchase orders.

The report is sorted by Vendor ID and Location ID, but you can easily change the sort order or include the Order Status in the sort.

Active Fields

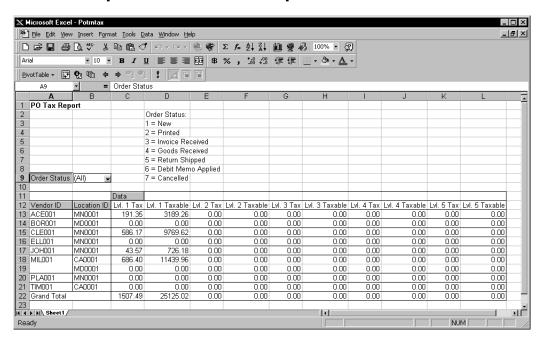
Page	Order Status
Row	Vendor ID Location ID

Column Level 1 Tax and Taxable Subtotal

Field

Level 2 Tax and Taxable Subtotal Level 3 Tax and Taxable Subtotal Level 4 Tax and Taxable Subtotal Level 5 Tax and Taxable Subtotal PO Tax Report PO PivotTables

PO Tax Report PivotTable Sample



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