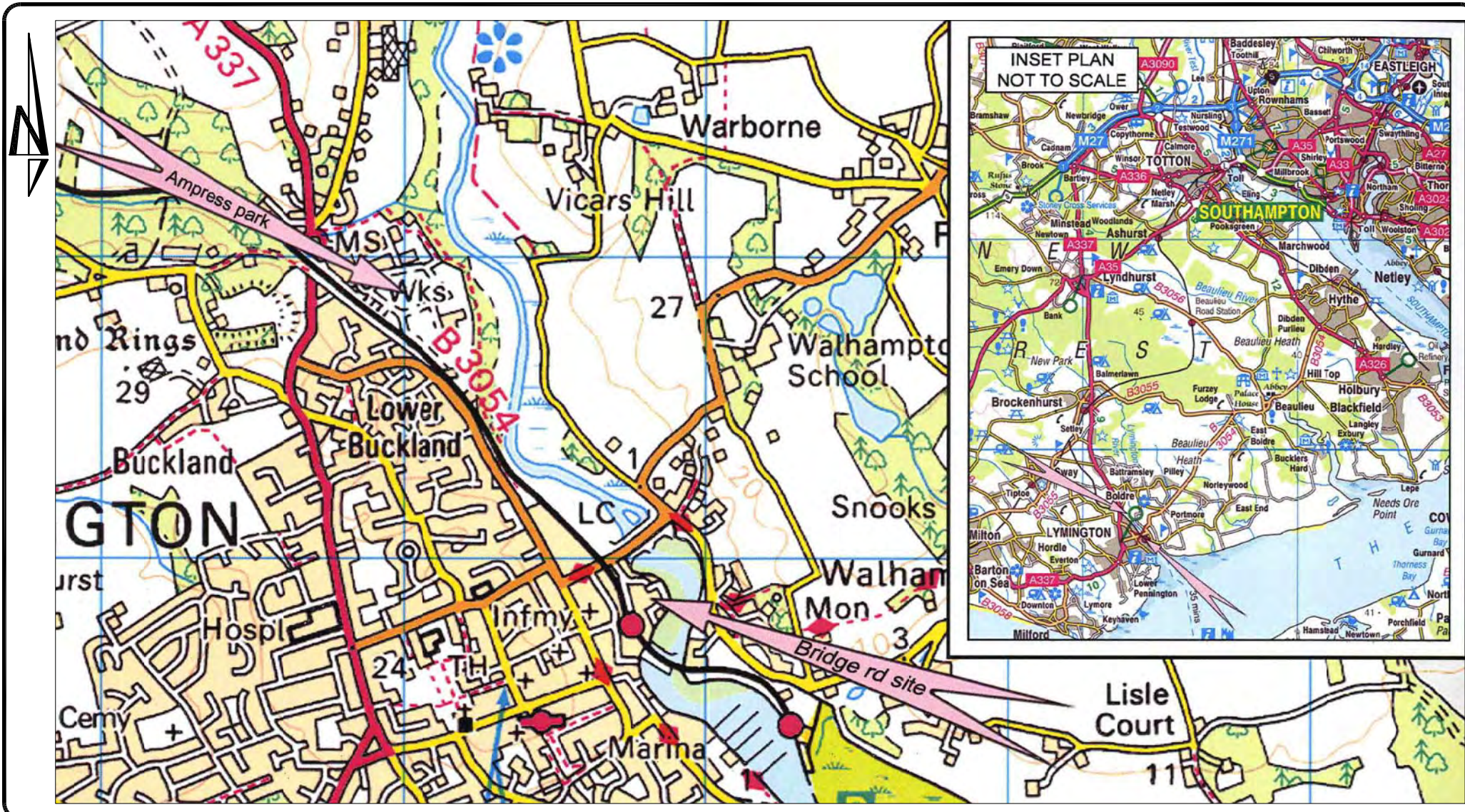




Appendix A

SITE LOCATION PLAN & PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN



Notes:

1.

Project

BRIDGE ROAD,
LYMINGTON

Title

Site Location Plan

Client

REDROW HOMES
(SOUTHERN) LIMITED

Drawing Status

INFORMATION

Job No.

C/07418

Drawn

AB

Checked

MDH

Scale at A4

NTS

Date

21/12/07

Issue Date

21/12/07

Drawing No.

07418/D003

Revision

A

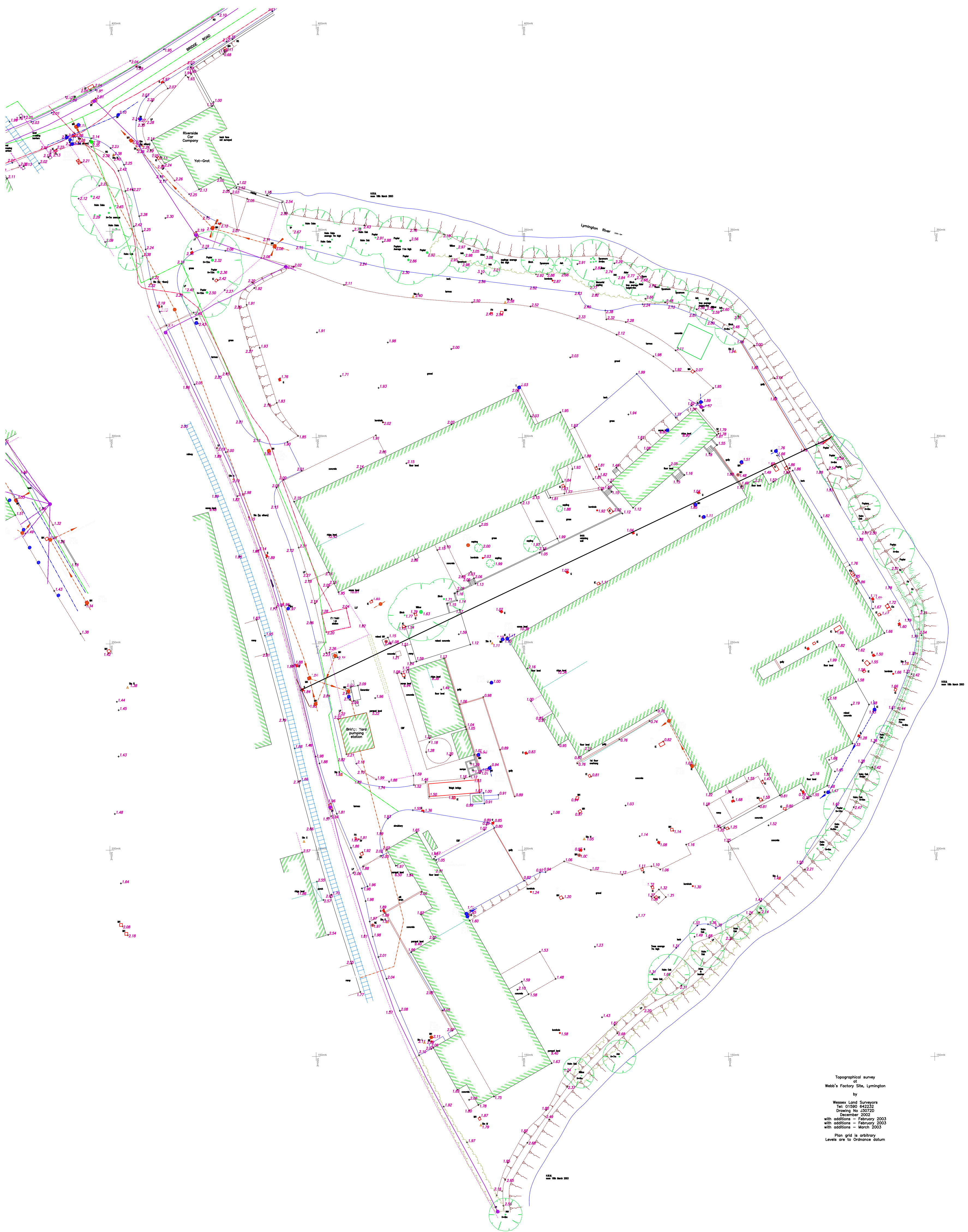
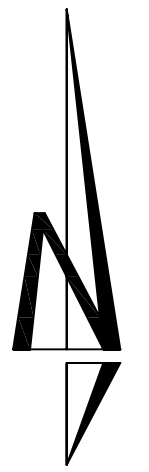
Hydrock
Consultants

Unit 3, Hawthorn Park
Holdenby Road
Spratton
Northampton NN6 8LD
TEL: 01604 842 666
FAX: 01604 842 666
E-Mail: northampton@hydrock.com
or visit www.hydrock.com



Appendix B

CURRENT SITE LAYOUT AND EXPLORATORY HOLE LOCATION PLAN



Topographical survey
of
Web's Factory Site, Lymington
by
Wessex Land Surveys
Tel: 01904 842552
Drawing No: 030720
December 2002
with additions - February 2003
with additions - February 2003
with additions - March 2003
From grid to arbitrary
Levels are to Ordnance datum

LEGEND

Client

REDROW

Project

BRIDGE ROAD,
LYMINGTON

Title

Site Survey



Unit 3, Hawthorn Park
Holdenby Road
Sparton
Northampton NN6 8LD
TEL: 01604 842 888
FAX: 01604 842 666
E-Mail: northampton@hydrock.com
or visit www.hydrock.com

Drawing Status
INFORMATION

Job No. C/07418

Drawn AB	Checked MDH	Scale at A1 1:500	Date 04/12/07	Issue Date 04/12/07
-------------	----------------	----------------------	------------------	------------------------

Drawing No. 07418/D004	Revision A
---------------------------	---------------

A	04/12/07	First Issue	AB	MDH
Rev	Date	Description	By	Ckd



Appendix C

CONCEPTUAL MODEL AND GROUNDWATER CONTOUR MODELING



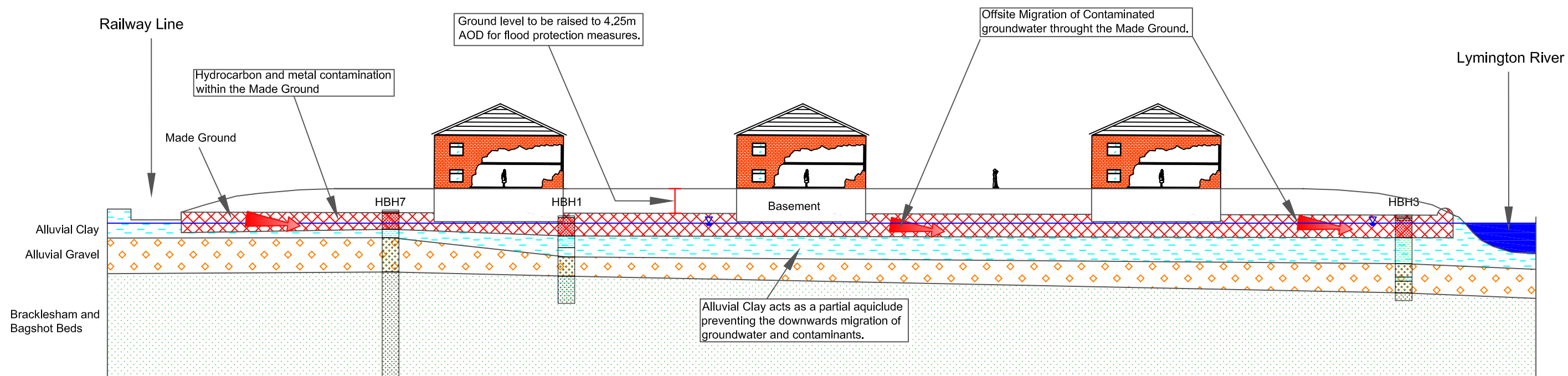
SITE

WEST


EAST

There are 2 separate hydrogeological units consisting of:

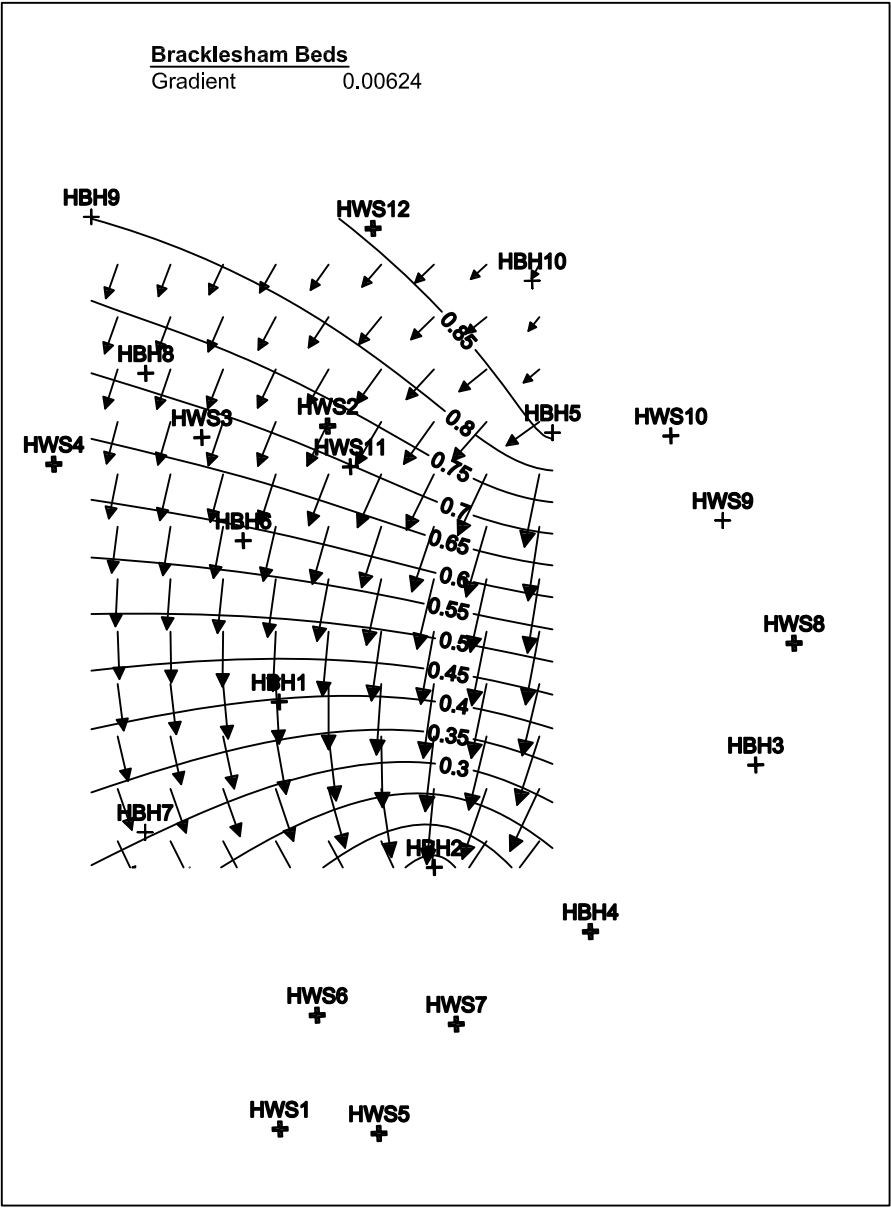
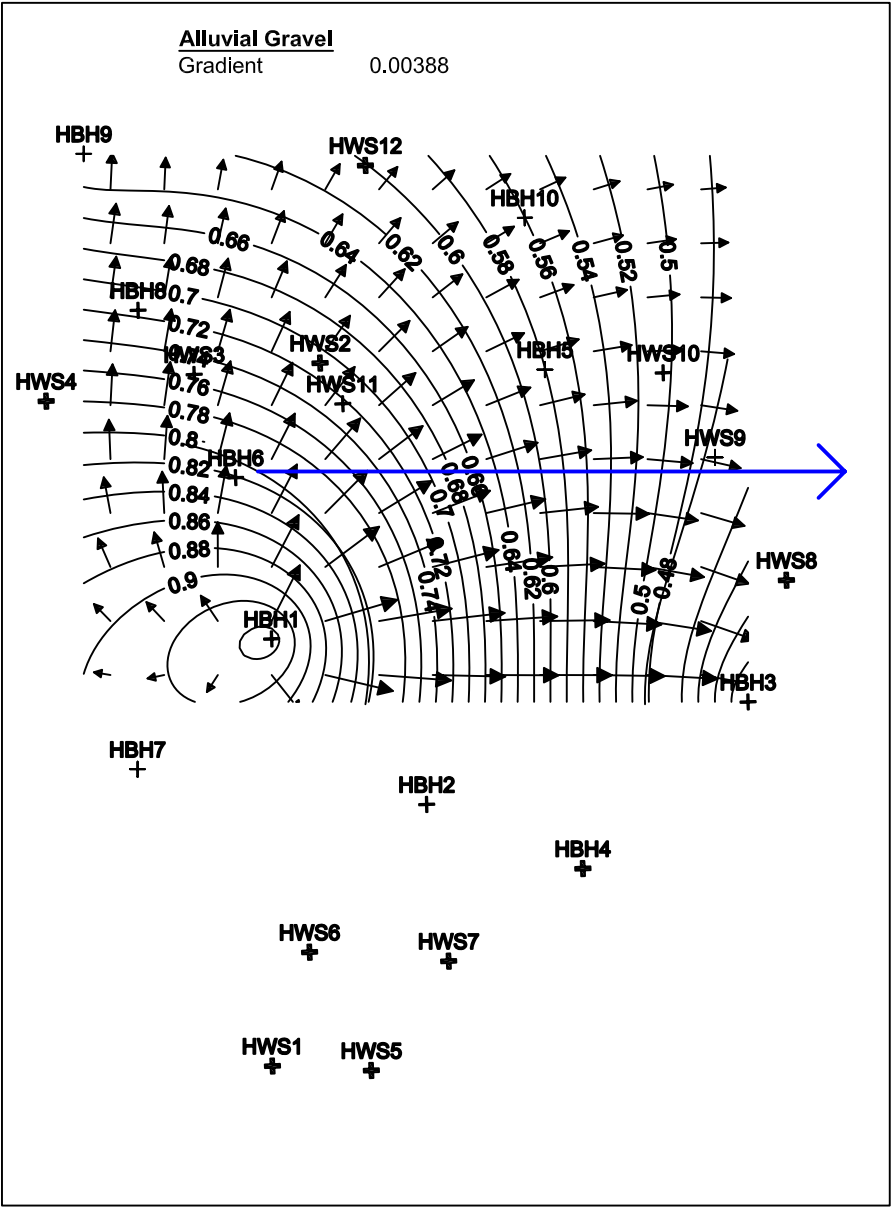
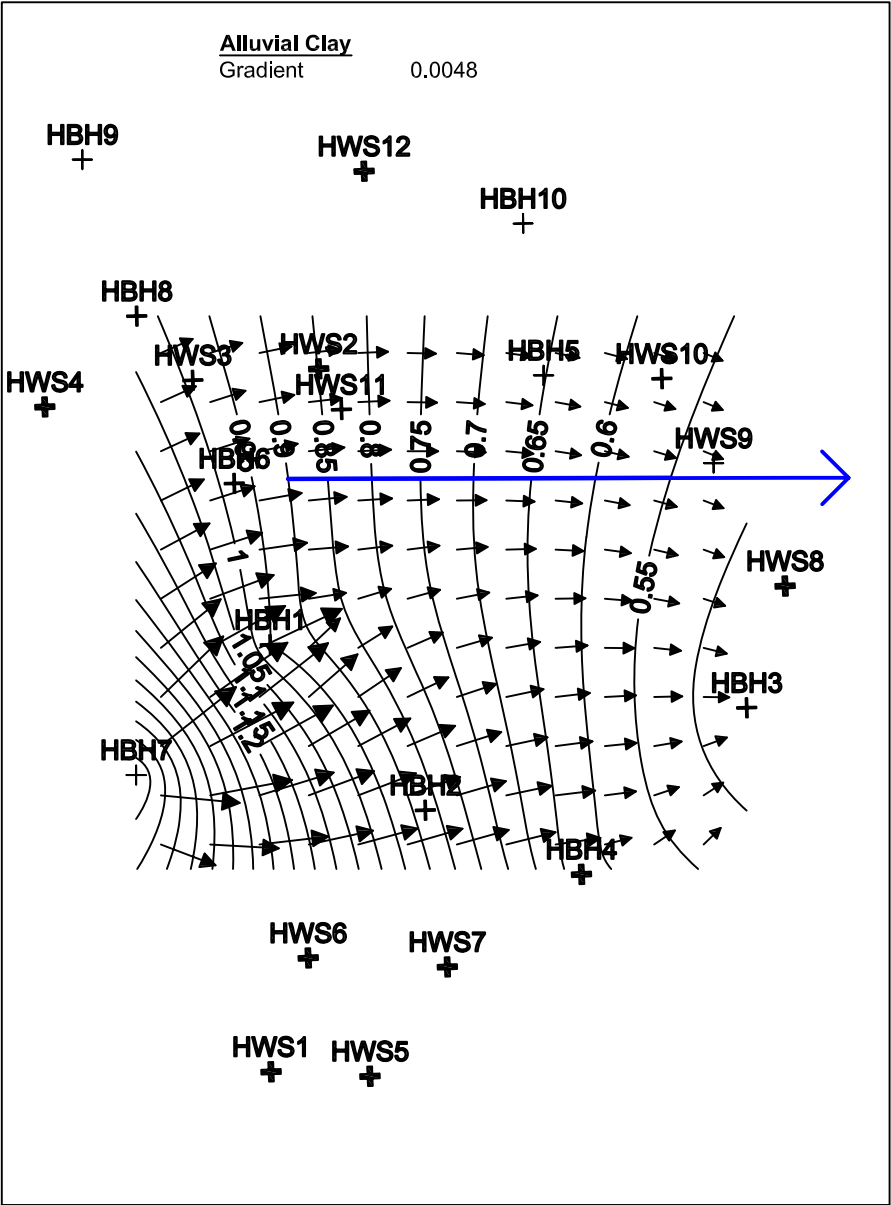
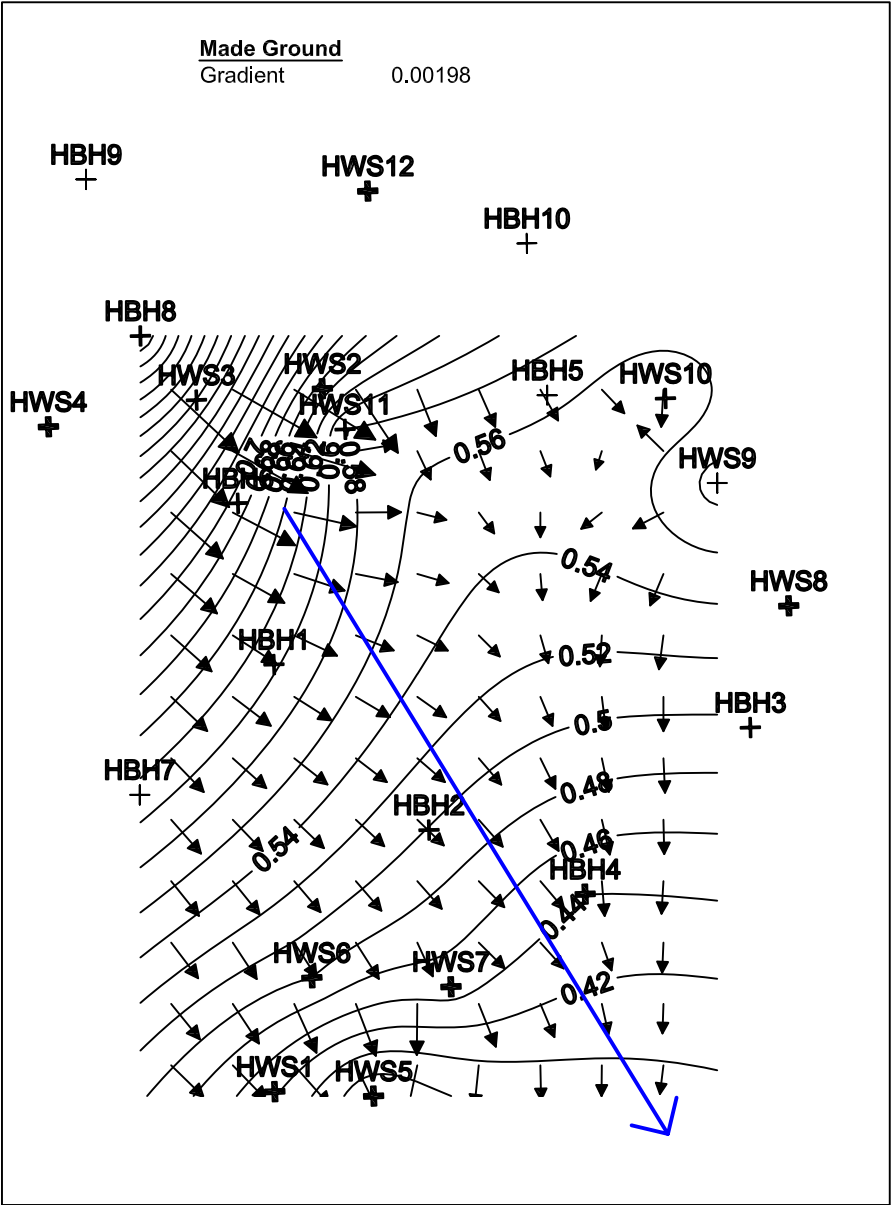
- Made Ground (flowing southeast); and
- Alluvial Sequence and Bracklesham and Bagshot Beds (flowing east); (flowing south)



Notes:

Client	REDROW		<div> Hydrock Consultants</div> <div>Unit 3, Hawthorn Park Holdenby Road Spratton Northampton NN6 8LD TEL: 01604 842 666 FAX: 01604 667 810 E-Mail: northampton@hydrock.com or visit www.hydrock.com</div>		
Project	BRIDGE ROAD, LYMINGTON		Drawing Status		
Title	Conceptual Model		INFORMATION		
			Job No. C/07418		
			Drawn AC	Checked AB	Scale at A3 1:500
		Drawing No. 07418/D012		Revision A	

A	14/02/08	First Issue	AC	AB
Rev	Date	Description	By	Ckd



Notes:
Insufficient monitoring data is available for accurate modelling of the Bracklesham Beds. Groundwater flow direction in the Bracklesham Beds is assumed to be the same as the Alluvial Deposits.

A	05/02/08	First Issue	AC	AB
Rev	05/02/08	Description	By	Ckd

Client	REDROW HOMES			
Project	BRIDGE ROAD, LYMINGTON			
Title	Groundwater Contour Modeling			

<div>Hydrock</div> <div>Consultants</div> <div>Unit 3, Hawthorn Park Holdenby Road Sparton Northampton NN6 8LD TEL: 01604 842 888 FAX: 01604 842 666 E-Mail: northampton@hydrock.com or visit www.hydrock.com</div>				
Drawing Status ALL IN CAPS				
Job No. C/07418				
Drawn AC	Checked AB	Scale at A3 NTS	Date 05/02/08	Issue Date 05/02/08
Drawing No. 07418/D011				Revision A



Appendix D

GROUNDWATER RISK ASSESSMENT REMEDIAL TARGETS WORKSHEETS



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	Chromium		
Target Concentration (C_T)	0.43	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	Chromium
Target concentration	C _T 0.43 mg/l

Input Parameters Variable Value Unit Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient The measured soil concentration as mg/kg should be compared with the Level 1 remedial target to determine the need for further action.
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	0.00E+00	dimensionless		

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	6.70E+01	l/kg	Consim
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	--------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pK _a			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 6.70E+01 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	2.89E+01	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	0.43	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration

C_T Chromium
0.43 mg/l from Level 1
from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters

Variable Value Unit Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration	Inf	6.55E-04	m/d	from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Area of contaminant source	A	7.50E+03	m ²	Site Data Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow	L	2.00E+01	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Hydraulic gradient of water table	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow	w	1.50E+02	m	Site Data Not used in calculation
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site	Cu	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)				
Enter mixing zone thickness	Mz		m	
Calculated mixing zone thickness	Mz	1.32E+00	m	

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor	DF	1.04E+02	
Level 2 Remedial Target		4.49E+01 or 3.01E+03	mg/l mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)	Cc	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)		0.00E+00	mg/l	0

Site being assessed:	Bridge Road
Completed by:	AC
Date:	29-Feb-08
Version:	3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1

Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu) Variable Value Unit Source

Contaminant Chromium
Target Concentration C_T 4.30E-01 mg/l from Level 1
from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks Equations in HRA publication

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Source of parameter value

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core C_0 1.00E+02 mg/l
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water $t_{1/2}$ 1.00E+100 days
Calculated decay rate λ 6.93E-101 days⁻¹
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow) S_z 1.40E+02 m
Plume thickness at source S_y 1.27E+00 m
Saturated aquifer thickness d_a 1.32E+00 m
Bulk density of aquifer materials ρ 1.81E+00 g/cm³
Effective porosity of aquifer n 3.49E-01 fraction
Hydraulic gradient i 1.98E-03 fraction
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer K 5.18E+02 m/d
Distance to compliance point x 2.00E+01 m
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction z 0.00E+00 m
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction y 0.00E+00 m
Time since pollutant entered groundwater t 1.00E+100 days
Parameters values determined from options:
Partition coefficient K_d 6.70E+01 l/kg
Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 1.57E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 1.57E-01 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 1.57E-02 m

Calculated Parameters Variable

Groundwater flow velocity v 2.94E+00 m/d
Retardation factor R_f 3.48E+02 fraction
Decay rate used λ 1.99E+103 d⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation u 8.43E-03 m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x , assuming one-way vertical dispersion C_{1D} 8.91E+01 mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED) AF 1.12E+00

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target	4.82E-01	mg/l	For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks			
Distance to compliance point	20	m	
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after	C_{1D}/C_0 8.91E+01	mg/l	Ogata Banks
	1.0E+100	days	

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

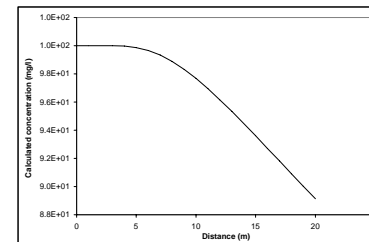
User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)
Soil water partition coefficient K_d 6.70E+01 l/kg
Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer f_{oc} fraction
Organic carbon partition coefficient K_{oc} l/kg
Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)
Sorption coefficient for related species $K_{oc,n}$ l/kg
Sorption coefficient for ionised species $K_{oc,i}$ l/kg
pH value pH l/kg
acid dissociation constant pK_a l/kg
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer f_{oc} fraction
Soil water partition coefficient K_d 6.70E+01 l/kg

Define dispersivity (click brown cell and use pull down list)

Dispersivity based on Xu & Eckstein (1995)

Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 0.00E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 0.00E+00 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 0.00E+00 m
Note values of dispersivity must be > 0
For calculated value, assumes $\alpha_x = 0.1 * x$, $\alpha_z = 0.01 * x$, $\alpha_y = 0.001 * x$
Xu & Eckstein (1995) report $\alpha_x = 0.83(\log_{10} x)^{2.414}$; $\alpha_z = \alpha_x/10$, $\alpha_y = \alpha_x/100$ are assumed



Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet
Distance Concentration

Distance	Concentration
0	1.0E+02
1.0	1.00E+02
2.0	1.00E+02
3.0	1.00E+02
4.0	1.00E+02
5.0	9.99E+01
6.0	9.97E+01
7.0	9.93E+01
8.0	9.89E+01
9.0	9.83E+01
10.0	9.77E+01
11.0	9.69E+01
12.0	9.62E+01
13.0	9.53E+01
14.0	9.45E+01
15.0	9.36E+01
16.0	9.27E+01
17.0	9.18E+01
18.0	9.09E+01
19.0	9.00E+01
20.0	8.91E+01

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29/2/2008
Version: 3.1



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	Copper		
Target Concentration (C_T)	0.14	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant
Target concentration

C_T

Copper
0.14 mg/l

Input Parameters

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity

θ_w

3.49E-01

fraction

Porosity Calculator

Air filled soil porosity

θ_a

0.00E+00

fraction

Porosity Calculator

Bulk density of soil zone material

ρ

1.81E+00

g/cm³

Maximum sand value (Consim)

Henry's Law constant

H

0.00E+00

dimensionless

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient

K_d

2.95E+02

l/kg

Consim

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)

f_{oc}

fraction

Organic carbon partition coefficient

K_{oc}

l/kg

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species

K_{oc,n}

l/kg

Sorption coefficient for ionised species

K_{oc,i}

l/kg

pH value

pH

pH units

Acid dissociation constant

pK_a

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)

f_{oc}

fraction

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment

K_d

2.95E+02

l/kg

Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target

4.13E+01

mg/kg

(for comparison with soil analyses)

or

0.14

mg/l

(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road

Completed by: AC

Date: 29-Feb-08

Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration C_T **Copper** from Level 1
0.14 mg/l from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters Variable Value Unit Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration	Inf	6.55E-04	m/d	from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Area of contaminant source	A	7.50E+03	m ²	Site Data Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow	L	2.00E+01	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Hydraulic gradient of water table	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow	w	1.50E+02	m	Site Data Not used in calculation
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site	Cu	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)				
Enter mixing zone thickness	Mz		m	
Calculated mixing zone thickness	Mz	1.32E+00	m	

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor	DF	1.04E+02	
Level 2 Remedial Target		1.46E+01 or 4.31E+03	mg/l mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)	Cc	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)		0.00E+00	mg/l	0

Site being assessed:	Bridge Road
Completed by:	AC
Date:	29-Feb-08
Version:	3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1



Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu)

Contaminant	Copper		
Target Concentration	C _T	1.40E-01	mg/l

from Level 1
from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks	Equations in HRA publication
-------------	------------------------------

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core	C ₀	1.00E+00	mg/l	Source of parameter value
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water	t _{1/2}	1.00E+100	days	New Zealand Ministry for the Environment
Calculated decay rate	λ	6.93E-101	days ⁻¹	
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow)	Sz	1.50E+02	m	Site Data
Plume thickness at source	Sy	1.27E+00	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater
Bulk density of aquifer materials	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)
Effective porosity of aquifer	n	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator
Hydraulic gradient	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum gravel value (Consim)
Distance to compliance point	x	2.00E+01	m	Site Data
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	z	0.00E+00	m	
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	y	0.00E+00	m	
Time since pollutant entered groundwater	t	1.00E+100	days	time variant options only
Parameters values determined from options:				
Partition coefficient	Kd	2.95E+02	l/kg	see options
Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	1.57E+00	m	see options
Transverse dispersivity	az	1.57E-01	m	see options
Vertical dispersivity	ay	1.57E-02	m	see options

Calculated Parameters

Groundwater flow velocity	v	2.94E+00	m/d
Retardation factor	Rf	1.53E+03	fraction
Decay rate used	λ	4.53E-104	d ⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation	u	1.92E-03	m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x, assuming one-way vertical dispersion	C _{1D}	8.91E-01	mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED)	AF	1.12E+00	

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target	1.57E-01	mg/l	For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks			
Distance to compliance point	20	m	
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after	C _{1D} /C ₀	8.91E-01	mg/l
		1.0E+100	days

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

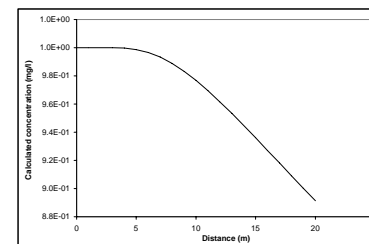
User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)	Kd	2.95E+02	l/kg
Soil water partition coefficient			
Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)	foc		fraction
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer			
Organic carbon partition coefficient	Koc		l/kg
Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)			
Sorption coefficient for related species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg
pH value	pH		
acid dissociation constant	pKa		
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer	foc		fraction
Soil water partition coefficient	Kd	2.95E+02	l/kg

Define dispersivity (click brown cell and use pull down list)

Dispersivity based on Xu & Eckstein (1995)

Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	0.00E+00	2.00E+00	1.57E+00	m
Transverse dispersivity	az	0.00E+00	3.00E-01	1.57E-01	m
Vertical dispersivity	ay	0.00E+00	3.00E-02	1.57E-02	m
Note values of dispersivity must be > 0					
For calculated value, assumes ax = 0.1 * x, az = 0.01 * x, ay = 0.001 * x					
Xu & Eckstein (1995) report ax = 0.83(log ₁₀ x) ^{0.414} ; az = ax/10, ay = ax/100 are assumed					



Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Site being assessed: Bridge Road

Completed by: AC

Date: 29/2/2008

Version: 3.1

Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet

Distance Concentration

	mg/l
0	1.0E+00
1.0	1.00E+00
2.0	1.00E+00
3.0	1.00E+00
4.0	1.00E+00
5.0	9.99E-01
6.0	9.97E-01
7.0	9.93E-01
8.0	9.89E-01
9.0	9.83E-01
10.0	9.77E-01
11.0	9.69E-01
12.0	9.62E-01
13.0	9.53E-01
14.0	9.45E-01
15.0	9.36E-01
16.0	9.27E-01
17.0	9.18E-01
18.0	9.09E-01
19.0	9.00E-01
20.0	8.91E-01



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	Lead		
Target Concentration (C_T)	0.72	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	Lead
Target concentration	C _T 0.72 mg/l

Input Parameters

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	0.00E+00	dimensionless		

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	2.70E+02	l/kg	Consim
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	--------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pK _a			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 2.70E+02 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	1.95E+02	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	0.72	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration

C_T

Lead
0.72 mg/l

from Level 1
from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters

Variable

Value

Unit

Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration
Area of contaminant source

Inf
A

6.55E-04
7.50E+03

m/d
m²

from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow
Saturated aquifer thickness
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs
Hydraulic gradient of water table
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site

L
da
K
i
w
Cu

2.06E+02
1.32E+00
5.18E+02
1.98E-03
1.50E+02
0.00E+00

m
m
m/d
fraction
m
mg/l

Site Data
Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Site Data
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)

Enter mixing zone thickness
Calculated mixing zone thickness

Mz
Mz

Calculate
1.32E+00

m
m

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor

DF

1.10E+01

Level 2 Remedial Target

7.94E+00

mg/l

or

2.15E+03

mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)

C_c

0.00E+00

mg/l

Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)

0.00E+00

mg/l

0

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1

Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu)

Contaminant	Lead			
Target Concentration	C _T	7.20E-01	mg/l	from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks	Equations in HRA publication
-------------	------------------------------

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core	C ₀	1.00E+02	mg/l	Source of parameter value
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water	t _{1/2}	1.00E+100	days	New Zealand Ministry for the Environment
Calculated decay rate	λ	6.93E-101	days ⁻¹	
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow)	Sz	1.50E+02	m	Site Data
Plume thickness at source	Sy	1.27E+00	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater
Bulk density of aquifer materials	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)
Effective porosity of aquifer	n	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator
Hydraulic gradient	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum gravel value (Consim)
Distance to compliance point	x	1.00E+01	m	Site Data
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	z	0.00E+00	m	
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	y	0.00E+00	m	
Time since pollutant entered groundwater	t	1.00E+100	days	time variant options only
Parameters values determined from options:				
Partition coefficient	Kd	2.70E+02	l/kg	see options
Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	8.30E-01	m	see options
Transverse dispersivity	az	8.30E-02	m	see options
Vertical dispersivity	ay	8.30E-03	m	see options

Calculated Parameters

Groundwater flow velocity	v	2.94E+00	m/d
Retardation factor	Rf	1.40E+03	fraction
Decay rate used	λ	4.95E-104	d ⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation	u	2.10E-03	m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x, assuming one-way vertical dispersion	C _{1D}	9.98E+01	mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED)	AF	1.00E+00	

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target	7.21E-01	mg/l	For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks			
Distance to compliance point	10	m	
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after	C _{1D} /C ₀	9.98E+01	mg/l
		1.0E+100	days

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

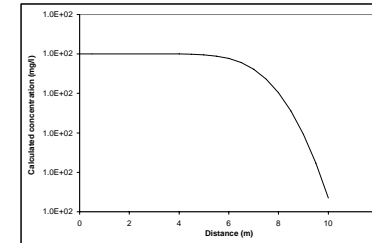
User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)	Kd	2.70E+02	l/kg
Soil water partition coefficient			
Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)	foc		fraction
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer			
Organic carbon partition coefficient	Koc		l/kg
Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)			
Sorption coefficient for related species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg
pH value	pH		
acid dissociation constant	pKa		
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer	foc		fraction
Soil water partition coefficient	Kd	2.70E+02	l/kg

Define dispersivity (click brown cell and use pull down list)

Dispersivity based on Xu & Eckstein (1995)

Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	0.00E+00	1.00E+00	8.30E-01	m
Transverse dispersivity	az	0.00E+00	1.00E-01	8.30E-02	m
Vertical dispersivity	ay	0.00E+00	1.00E-02	8.30E-03	m
Note values of dispersivity must be > 0					
For calculated value, assumes ax = 0.1 * x, az = 0.01 * x, ay = 0.001 * x					
Xu & Eckstein (1995) report ax = 0.83(log ₁₀ x) ^{2.414} ; az = ax/10, ay = ax/100 are assumed					



Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet

Distance	Concentration
0	1.0E+02
0.5	1.00E+02
1.0	1.00E+02
1.5	1.00E+02
2.0	1.00E+02
2.5	1.00E+02
3.0	1.00E+02
3.5	1.00E+02
4.0	1.00E+02
4.5	1.00E+02
5.0	1.00E+02
5.5	1.00E+02
6.0	1.00E+02
6.5	1.00E+02
7.0	1.00E+02
7.5	1.00E+02
8.0	1.00E+02
8.5	9.99E+01
9.0	9.99E+01
9.5	9.99E+01
10.0	9.98E+01

Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29/2/2008
Version: 3.1



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	Nickel		
Target Concentration (C_T)	0.86	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	Nickel
Target concentration	C _T 0.86 mg/l

Input Parameters

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	0.00E+00	dimensionless		

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	4.00E+02	l/kg	Consim
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	--------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	foc		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pKa			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	foc		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 4.00E+02 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	3.44E+02	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	0.86	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration

C_T Nickel
0.86 mg/l from Level 1
from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters

Variable

Value

Unit

Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration
Area of contaminant source

Inf
A

6.55E-04
7.50E+03

m/d
m²

from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow
Saturated aquifer thickness
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs
Hydraulic gradient of water table
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site

L
da
K
i
w
Cu

2.06E+02
1.32E+00
5.18E+02
1.98E-03
1.50E+02
0.00E+00

m
m
m/d
fraction
m
mg/l

Site Data
Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Site Data
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)

Enter mixing zone thickness
Calculated mixing zone thickness

Mz
Mz

Calculate
1.32E+00

m
m

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor

DF

1.10E+01

Level 2 Remedial Target

9.49E+00

mg/l

or

3.80E+03

mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)

Cc

0.00E+00

mg/l

Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)

0.00E+00

mg/l

0

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1



Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu)

Contaminant	Nickel			
Target Concentration	C _T	8.60E-01	mg/l	from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks	Equations in HRA publication
-------------	------------------------------

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Source of parameter value

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core	C ₀	1.00E+02	mg/l	
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water	t _{1/2}	1.00E+100	days	New Zealand Ministry for the Environment
Calculated decay rate	λ	6.93E-101	days ⁻¹	
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow)	Sz	1.50E+02	m	Site Data
Plume thickness at source	Sy	1.27E+00	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater
Bulk density of aquifer materials	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)
Effective porosity of aquifer	n	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator
Hydraulic gradient	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum gravel value (Consim)
Distance to compliance point	x	2.00E+01	m	Site Data
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	z	0.00E+00	m	
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	y	0.00E+00	m	
Time since pollutant entered groundwater	t	1.00E+100	days	time variant options only

Parameters values determined from options:

Partition coefficient	Kd	4.00E+02	l/kg	see options
Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	1.57E+00	m	see options
Transverse dispersivity	az	1.57E-01	m	see options
Vertical dispersivity	ay	1.57E-02	m	see options

Calculated Parameters

Groundwater flow velocity	v	2.94E+00	m/d
Retardation factor	Rf	2.08E+03	fraction
Decay rate used	λ	3.34E-104	d ⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation	u	1.42E-03	m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x, assuming one-way vertical dispersion	C _{1D}	8.91E+01	mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED)	AF	1.12E+00	

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target	9.65E-01	mg/l	For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks			
Distance to compliance point	20	m	
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after	C _{1D} /C ₀	8.91E+01	mg/l
		1.0E+100	days

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer

Organic carbon partition coefficient

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for related species

Sorption coefficient for ionised species

pH value

acid dissociation constant

Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient

Soil water partition coefficient



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	Zinc		
Target Concentration (C_T)	1.15	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	Zinc
Target concentration	C _T 1.15 mg/l

Input Parameters

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	0.00E+00	dimensionless		

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	2.00E+02	l/kg	Consim
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	--------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pK _a			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 2.00E+02 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	2.30E+02	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	1.15	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration C_T **Zinc** from Level 1
1.15 **mg/l** from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters **Variable** **Value** **Unit** **Source of parameter value**

Standard entry

Infiltration	Inf	6.55E-04	m/d	from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Area of contaminant source	A	7.50E+03	m ²	Site Data Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow	L	2.06E+02	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Hydraulic gradient of water table	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow	w	1.50E+02	m	Site Data Not used in calculation
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site	Cu	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)		Calculate		
Enter mixing zone thickness	Mz		m	
Calculated mixing zone thickness	Mz	1.32E+00	m	

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor	DF	1.10E+01	
Level 2 Remedial Target		1.27E+01	mg/l
		or	
		2.54E+03	mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)	Cc	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)		0.00E+00	mg/l	0

Site being assessed:	Bridge Road
Completed by:	AC
Date:	29-Feb-08
Version:	3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1

Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu) Variable Value Unit Source

Contaminant Zinc
Target Concentration C_T 1.15E+00 mg/l from Level 1
from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks Equations in HRA publication

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Source of parameter value

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core C_0 1.00E+02 mg/l
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water $t_{1/2}$ 1.00E+100 days
Calculated decay rate λ 6.93E-101 days⁻¹
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow) S_z 1.50E+02 m
Plume thickness at source S_y 1.27E+00 m
Saturated aquifer thickness d_a 1.32E+00 m
Bulk density of aquifer materials ρ 1.81E+00 g/cm³
Effective porosity of aquifer n 3.49E-01 fraction
Hydraulic gradient i 1.98E-03 fraction
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer K 5.18E+02 m/d
Distance to compliance point x 2.00E+01 m
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction z 0.00E+00 m
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction y 0.00E+00 m
Time since pollutant entered groundwater t 1.00E+100 days
Parameters values determined from options:
Partition coefficient K_d 2.00E+02 l/kg
Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 1.57E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 1.57E-01 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 1.57E-02 m

Calculated Parameters Variable

Groundwater flow velocity v 2.94E+00 m/d
Retardation factor R_f 1.04E+03 fraction
Decay rate used λ 6.93E-104 d⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation u 2.83E-03 m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x , assuming one-way vertical dispersion C_{1D} 8.91E+01 mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED) AF 1.12E+00

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target	1.29E+00	mg/l
Ogata Banks		
Distance to compliance point	20	m
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after	8.91E+01 1.0E+100	mg/l days

Ogata Banks

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer

Organic carbon partition coefficient

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for related species

pH value

acid dissociation constant

Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer

Soil water partition coefficient

K_d

f_{oc}

K_{oc}

K_{oc,n}

K_{oc,i}

pH

pKa

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

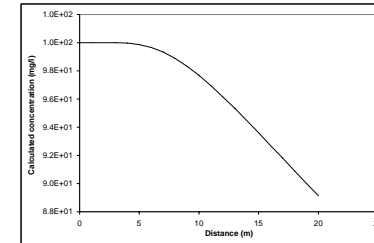
f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}

K_d

f_{oc}



Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet
Distance Concentration

Distance	Concentration
0	1.0E+02
1.0	1.00E+02
2.0	1.00E+02
3.0	1.00E+02
4.0	1.00E+02
5.0	9.99E+01
6.0	9.97E+01
7.0	9.93E+01
8.0	9.89E+01
9.0	9.83E+01
10.0	9.77E+01
11.0	9.69E+01
12.0	9.62E+01
13.0	9.53E+01
14.0	9.45E+01
15.0	9.36E+01
16.0	9.27E+01
17.0	9.18E+01
18.0	9.09E+01
19.0	9.00E+01
20.0	8.91E+01

Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29/2/2008
Version: 3.1



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	TPH Aliphatic C12 - C16		
Target Concentration (C_T)	0.86	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	TPH Aliphatic C12 - C16
Target concentration	C _T 0.86 mg/l

Input Parameters

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	5.20E+02	dimensionless	TPHCWG (at 10 - 25°C)	

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	8.02E+04	l/kg	RIVM 711701015 Appendix 6
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	---------------------------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pK _a			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 8.02E+04 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	6.89E+04	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	0.86	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration

C_T **TPH Aliphatic C12 - C16** from Level 1
0.86 mg/l from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters

Variable

Value

Unit

Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration
Area of contaminant source

Inf
A

6.55E-04
2.40E+04

m/d
m²

from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow
Saturated aquifer thickness
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs
Hydraulic gradient of water table
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site

L
da
K
i
w
Cu

2.06E+02
1.32E+00
5.18E+02
1.98E-03
1.40E+02
0.00E+00

m
m
m/d
fraction
m
mg/l

Site Data
Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Site Data
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)

Enter mixing zone thickness
Calculated mixing zone thickness

Mz
Mz

Calculate
1.32E+00

m
m

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor

DF

1.10E+01

Level 2 Remedial Target

9.49E+00

mg/l

or

7.61E+05

mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)

Cc

0.00E+00

mg/l

Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)

0.00E+00

mg/l

0

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1

Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu) Variable Value Unit Source

Contaminant TPH Aliphatic C12 - C16
Target Concentration C_T 8.60E-01 mg/l from Level 1
from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks Equations in HRA publication

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core C_0 1.00E+02 mg/l
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water $t_{1/2}$ 1.00E+100 days
Calculated decay rate λ 6.93E-101 days⁻¹
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow) S_z 1.40E+02 m
Plume thickness at source S_y 1.27E+00 m
Saturated aquifer thickness d_a 1.32E+00 m
Bulk density of aquifer materials ρ 1.81E+00 g/cm³
Effective porosity of aquifer n 3.49E-01 fraction
Hydraulic gradient i 1.98E-03 fraction
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer K 5.18E+02 m/d
Distance to compliance point x 1.00E+02 m
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction z 0.00E+00 m
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction y 0.00E+00 m
Time since pollutant entered groundwater t 1.00E+100 days
Parameters values determined from options:
Partition coefficient K_d 8.02E+04 l/kg
Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 4.42E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 4.42E-01 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 4.42E-02 m

Calculated Parameters Variable

Groundwater flow velocity v 2.94E+00 m/d
Retardation factor R_f 4.16E+05 fraction
Decay rate used λ 1.67E-108 d⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation u 7.07E-06 m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x , assuming one-way vertical dispersion C_{1D} 3.31E+01 mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED) AF 3.02E+00

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target 2.60E+00 mg/l For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks
Distance to compliance point 100 m
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after C_{1D}/C_0 3.31E+01 mg/l
1.0E+100 days Ogata Banks

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

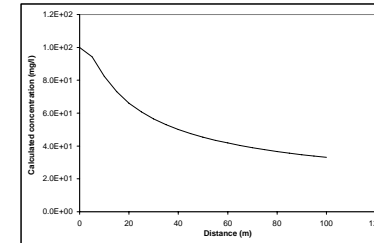
User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option) K_d 8.02E+04 l/kg
Soil water partition coefficient
Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option) f_{oc} fraction
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer
Organic carbon partition coefficient K_{oc} l/kg
Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option) $K_{oc,n}$ l/kg
Sorption coefficient for related species $K_{oc,i}$ l/kg
pH value pH l/kg
acid dissociation constant pK_a fraction
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer f_{oc} fraction
Soil water partition coefficient K_d 8.02E+04 l/kg

Define dispersivity (click brown cell and use pull down list)

Dispersivity based on Xu & Eckstein (1995)

Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 0.00E+00 1.00E+01 4.42E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 0.00E+00 1.00E+00 4.42E-01 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 0.00E+00 1.00E-01 4.42E-02 m
Note values of dispersivity must be > 0
For calculated value, assumes $\alpha_x = 0.1 * x$, $\alpha_z = 0.01 * x$, $\alpha_y = 0.001 * x$
Xu & Eckstein (1995) report $\alpha_x = 0.83(\log_{10} x)^{2.414}$; $\alpha_z = \alpha_x/10$, $\alpha_y = \alpha_x/100$ are assumed



Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29/2/2008
Version: 3.1

Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet
Distance Concentration

0 1.0E+02
5.0 9.44E+01
10.0 8.23E+01
15.0 7.30E+01
20.0 6.60E+01
25.0 6.07E+01
30.0 5.64E+01
35.0 5.30E+01
40.0 5.00E+01
45.0 4.76E+01
50.0 4.54E+01
55.0 4.35E+01
60.0 4.19E+01
65.0 4.04E+01
70.0 3.90E+01
75.0 3.78E+01
80.0 3.67E+01
85.0 3.57E+01
90.0 3.47E+01
95.0 3.39E+01
100.0 3.31E+01



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	TPH Aliphatic C16 - C35		
Target Concentration (C_T)	2.73	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	TPH Aliphatic C16 - C35
Target concentration	C _T 2.73 mg/l

Input Parameters

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient The measured soil concentration as mg/kg should be compared with the Level 1 remedial target to determine the need for further action.
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	4.90E+03	dimensionless	TPHCWG (at 10 - 25°C)	

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	1.60E+07	l/kg	RIVM 711701015 Appendix 6
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	---------------------------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pK _a			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 1.60E+07 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	4.37E+07	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	2.73	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant Target concentration C_T **TPH Aliphatic C16 - C35** from Level 1
2.73 mg/l from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters Variable Value Unit Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration	Inf	6.55E-04	m/d	from www.nwl.ac.uk (10% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Area of contaminant source	A	2.40E+04	m ²	Site Data Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow	L	2.06E+02	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Hydraulic gradient of water table	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow	w	1.40E+02	m	Site Data Not used in calculation
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site	Cu	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)		Calculate		
Enter mixing zone thickness	Mz		m	
Calculated mixing zone thickness	Mz	1.32E+00	m	

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor	DF	1.10E+01	
Level 2 Remedial Target		3.01E+01 or 4.82E+08	mg/l mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)	Cc	0.00E+00	mg/l	
Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)		0.00E+00	mg/l	0

Site being assessed:	Bridge Road
Completed by:	AC
Date:	29-Feb-08
Version:	3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1

Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu)

Contaminant	Variable	Value	Unit	Source
Target Concentration	C _T	TPH Aliphatic C16 - C35 2.73E+00	mg/l	from Level 1 from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks	Equations in HRA publication
-------------	------------------------------

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core	C ₀	1.00E+02	mg/l	Source of parameter value
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water	t _{1/2}	1.00E+100	days	New Zealand Ministry for the Environment
Calculated decay rate	λ	6.93E-101	days ⁻¹	
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow)	Sz	1.40E+02	m	Site Data
Plume thickness at source	Sy	1.27E+00	m	Site Data
Saturated aquifer thickness	da	1.32E+00	m	Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater
Bulk density of aquifer materials	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)
Effective porosity of aquifer	n	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator
Hydraulic gradient	i	1.98E-03	fraction	Site Data
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer	K	5.18E+02	m/d	Minimum gravel value (Consim)
Distance to compliance point	x	1.00E+02	m	Site Data
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	z	0.00E+00	m	
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction	y	0.00E+00	m	
Time since pollutant entered groundwater	t	1.00E+100	days	time variant options only
Parameters values determined from options:				
Partition coefficient	Kd	1.60E+07	l/kg	see options
Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	4.42E+00	m	see options
Transverse dispersivity	az	4.42E-01	m	see options
Vertical dispersivity	ay	4.42E-02	m	see options

Calculated Parameters

Groundwater flow velocity	v	2.94E+00	m/d
Retardation factor	Rf	8.30E+07	fraction
Decay rate used	λ	8.35E-109	d ⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation	u	3.54E-08	m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x, assuming one-way vertical dispersion	C ₁₀	3.31E+01	mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED)	AF	3.02E+00	

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target	8.26E+00	mg/l	For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks			
Distance to compliance point	100	m	
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after	C ₁₀ /C ₀	3.31E+01 1.0E+100	mg/l days
Ogata Banks			

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

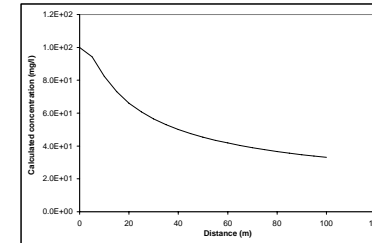
User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)	Kd	1.60E+07	l/kg
Soil water partition coefficient	foc		fraction
Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)			
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer	Koc		l/kg
Organic carbon partition coefficient			
Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)			
Sorption coefficient for related species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg
pH value	pH		
acid dissociation constant	pKa		
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer	foc		fraction
Soil water partition coefficient	Kd	1.60E+07	l/kg

Define dispersivity (click brown cell and use pull down list)

Dispersivity based on Xu & Eckstein (1995)

Longitudinal dispersivity	ax	0.00E+00	1.00E+01	4.42E+00	m
Transverse dispersivity	az	0.00E+00	1.00E+00	4.42E-01	m
Vertical dispersivity	ay	0.00E+00	1.00E-01	4.42E-02	m
Note values of dispersivity must be > 0					
For calculated value, assumes ax = 0.1 * x, az = 0.01 * x, ay = 0.001 * x					
Xu & Eckstein (1995) report ax = 0.83(log ₁₀ x) ^{2.414} ; az = ax/10, ay = ax/100 are assumed					



Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29/2/2008
Version: 3.1

Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet

Distance	Concentration
	mg/l
0	1.0E+02
5.0	9.44E+01
10.0	8.23E+01
15.0	7.30E+01
20.0	6.60E+01
25.0	6.07E+01
30.0	5.64E+01
35.0	5.30E+01
40.0	5.00E+01
45.0	4.76E+01
50.0	4.54E+01
55.0	4.35E+01
60.0	4.19E+01
65.0	4.04E+01
70.0	3.90E+01
75.0	3.78E+01
80.0	3.67E+01
85.0	3.57E+01
90.0	3.47E+01
95.0	3.39E+01
100.0	3.31E+01



Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1

Date of Workbook Issue: October 2006

This worksheet has been produced in combination with the document 'Remedial Targets Methodology: Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination (Environment Agency 2006).

Users of this worksheet should always refer to the User Manual to the Remedial Targets Methodology and to relevant guidance on UK legislation and policy, in order to understand how this procedure should be applied in an appropriate context.

© Environment Agency, 2006. (Produced by the Environment Agency's Science Group)

The calculation of equations in this worksheet has been independently checked by Entec (UK) Ltd on behalf of the Environment Agency.
All rights reserved. You will not modify, reverse compile or otherwise dis-assemble the worksheet.

Liability: The Environment Agency does not promise that the worksheet will provide any particular facilities or functions. You must ensure that the worksheet meets your needs and you remain solely responsible for the competent use of the worksheet. You are entirely responsible for the consequences of any use of the worksheet and the Agency provides no warranty about the fitness for purpose or performance of any part of the worksheet. We do not promise that the media will always be free from defects, computer viruses, software locks or other similar code or that the operation of the worksheet will be uninterrupted or error free. You should carry out all necessary virus checks prior to installing on your computing system.

IMPORTANT: To enable MS Excel worksheet, click Tools, Add -Ins, Analysis Tool Pak and Analysis Tool Pak-VBA (to calculate error functions)

Details to be completed for each assessment

Site Name:	Bridge Road		
Site Address:	Lymington		
Completed by:	AC		
Date:	29-Feb-08	Version:	3.1
Contaminant	TPH Aromatic C21 - C35		
Target Concentration (C_T)	1.4	mg/l	Origin of C_T: Using level 4 dilution factor see report section 5.5.1

This worksheet can be used to determine remedial targets for soils (Worksheets Level 1 Soil, Level 2 and Level 3 Soil) or to determine remedial targets for groundwater (Level 3 Groundwater). For Level 3, parameter values must be entered separately dependent on whether the assessment is for soil or groundwater. For soil, remedial targets are calculated as either mg/kg (for comparison with soil measurements) or mg/l (for comparison with leaching tests or pore water concentrations).

Site details entered on this page are automatically copied to Level 1, 2 and 3 Worksheets.

Worksheet options are identified by brown background and employ a pull-down menus. Data entry are identified as blue background.

Data origin / justification should be noted in cells coloured yellow and fully documented in subsequent reports.

Data carried forward from an earlier worksheet are identified by a light green background

It is recommended that a copy of the original worksheet is saved (all data fields in the original copy are blank).

The spreadsheet also includes a porosity calculation worksheet, a soil impact calculation worksheet and a worksheet that performs some simple hydrogeological calculations.

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 1 - Soil

Select the method of calculating the soil water
Partition Co-efficient by using the pull down menu
below

User specified value for partition coefficient

Contaminant	TPH Aromatic C21 - C35
Target concentration	C _T 1.4 mg/l

Input Parameters

Variable	Value	Unit	Source of parameter value
----------	-------	------	---------------------------

Standard entry

Water filled soil porosity	θ _w	3.49E-01	fraction	Porosity Calculator	This sheet calculates the Level 1 remedial target for soils(mg/kg) based on a selected target concentration and theoretical calculation of soil water partitioning. Three options are included for determining the partition coefficient
Air filled soil porosity	θ _a	0.00E+00	fraction	Porosity Calculator	
Bulk density of soil zone material	ρ	1.81E+00	g/cm ³	Maximum sand value (Consim)	
Henry's Law constant	H	6.70E-04	dimensionless	TPHCWG (at 10 - 25°C)	

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option)

Soil water partition coefficient	K _d	2.02E+03	l/kg	RIVM 711701015 Appendix 6
----------------------------------	----------------	----------	------	---------------------------

Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option)

Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	
Organic carbon partition coefficient	K _{oc}		l/kg	

Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option)

Sorption coefficient for neutral species	K _{oc,n}		l/kg	
Sorption coefficient for ionised species	K _{oc,i}		l/kg	
pH value	pH		pH units	
Acid dissociation constant	pK _a			
Fraction of organic carbon (in soil)	f _{oc}		fraction	

Soil water partition coefficient used in Level Assessment K_d 2.02E+03 l/kg Specified value

Level 1 Remedial Target

Level 1 Remedial Target	2.82E+03	mg/kg	(for comparison with soil analyses)
	or		
	1.4	mg/l	(for comparison with leachate test results)

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

Remedial Targets Worksheet , Release 3.1



Level 2 - Soil

Contaminant
Target concentration

C_T

TPH Aromatic C21 - C35
1.4

mg/l

from Level 1
from Level 1

This sheet calculates the Level 2 remedial target for soils (mg/kg) or for pore water (mg/l).

The measured soil concentration as mg/kg or pore water concentration should be compared with the Level 2 remedial target to determine the need for further action. Equations presented in 'Hydrogeological risk assessment for land contamination' (Environment Agency 2006)

Input Parameters

Variable

Value

Unit

Source of parameter value

Standard entry

Infiltration
Area of contaminant source

Inf
A

6.55E-04
2.40E+04

m/d
m²

from www.nwl.ac.uk (20% of rainfall plus 10% for drainage)
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Entry for groundwater flow below site

Length of contaminant source in direction of groundwater flow
Saturated aquifer thickness
Hydraulic Conductivity of aquifer in which dilution occurs
Hydraulic gradient of water table
Width of contaminant source perpendicular to groundwater flow
Background concentration of contaminant in groundwater beneath site

L
da
K
i
w
Cu

2.06E+02
1.32E+00
5.18E+02
1.98E-03
1.40E+02
0.00E+00

m
m
m/d
fraction
m
mg/l

Site Data
Av MG thickness minus Av Groundwater depth
Minimum Gravel value (Consim)
Site Data
Site Data

Not used in calculation

Define mixing zone depth by specifying or calculating depth (using pull down list)

Enter mixing zone thickness
Calculated mixing zone thickness

Mz
Mz

Calculate
1.32E+00

m
m

Calculated Parameters

Dilution Factor

DF

1.10E+01

Level 2 Remedial Target

1.54E+01

mg/l

or

3.11E+04

mg/kg

For comparison with measured pore water concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target is based on Target Concentration

For comparison with measured soil concentration. This assumes Level 1 Remedial Target calculated from soil-water

Additional option

Calculation of impact on receptor

Concentration of contaminant in contaminated discharge (entering receptor)

C_c

0.00E+00

mg/l

Calculated concentration within receptor (dilution only)

0.00E+00

mg/l

0

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29-Feb-08
Version: 3.1

R&D Publication 20 Remedial Targets Worksheet, Release 3.1

Level 3 - Groundwater

See Note

Input Parameters (using pull down menu) Variable Value Unit Source

Contaminant TPH Aromatic C21 - C35 from Level 1
Target Concentration C_T 1.40E+00 mg/l from Level 1

Select analytical solution (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Ogata Banks Equations in HRA publication

Approach for simulating vertical dispersion:

Simulate vertical dispersion in 1 direction

Select nature of decay rate (click on brown cell below, then on pull-down menu)

Approach for simulating degradation of pollutants:

Apply degradation rate to dissolved pollutants only

Initial contaminant concentration in groundwater at plume core C_0 1.00E+02 mg/l
Half life for degradation of contaminant in water $t_{1/2}$ 1.00E+100 days
Calculated decay rate λ 6.93E-101 days⁻¹
Width of plume in aquifer at source (perpendicular to flow) S_z 1.40E+02 m
Plume thickness at source S_y 1.27E+00 m
Saturated aquifer thickness d_a 1.32E+00 m
Bulk density of aquifer materials ρ 1.81E+00 g/cm³
Effective porosity of aquifer n 3.49E-01 fraction
Hydraulic gradient i 1.98E-03 fraction
Hydraulic conductivity of aquifer K 5.18E+02 m/d
Distance to compliance point x 1.00E+02 m
Distance (lateral) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction z 0.00E+00 m
Distance (depth) to compliance point perpendicular to flow direction y 0.00E+00 m
Time since pollutant entered groundwater t 1.00E+100 days
Parameters values determined from options:
Partition coefficient K_d 2.02E+03 l/kg
Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 4.42E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 4.42E-01 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 4.42E-02 m

Calculated Parameters Variable

Groundwater flow velocity v 2.94E+00 m/d
Retardation factor R_f 1.05E+04 fraction
Decay rate used λ 6.93E-105 d⁻¹
Rate of contaminant flow due to retardation u 2.81E-04 m/d
Contaminant concentration at distance x , assuming one-way vertical dispersion C_{1D} 3.31E+01 mg/l
Attenuation factor (one way vertical dispersion, CO/CED) AF 3.02E+00

Remedial Targets

Remedial Target 4.23E+00 mg/l For comparison with measured groundwater concentration.
Ogata Banks
Distance to compliance point 100 m
Concentration of contaminant at compliance point after C_{1D}/C_0 3.31E+01 mg/l
1.0E+100 days Ogata Banks

Care should be used when calculating remedial targets using the time variant options as this may result in an overestimate of the remedial target. The recommended value for time when calculating the remedial target is 9.9E+99.

Select Method for deriving Partition Co-efficient (using pull down menu)

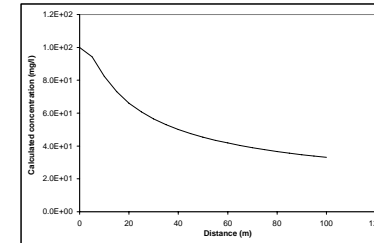
User specified value for partition coefficient

Entry if specify partition coefficient (option) K_d 2.02E+03 l/kg
Soil water partition coefficient
Entry for non-polar organic chemicals (option) f_{oc} fraction
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer
Organic carbon partition coefficient K_{oc} l/kg
Entry for ionic organic chemicals (option) $K_{oc,n}$ l/kg
Sorption coefficient for related species $K_{oc,i}$ l/kg
Sorption coefficient for ionised species pH l/kg
pH value pK_a l/kg
acid dissociation constant f_{oc} fraction
Fraction of organic carbon in aquifer
Soil water partition coefficient K_d 2.02E+03 l/kg

Define dispersivity (click brown cell and use pull down list)

Dispersivity based on Xu & Eckstein (1995)

Longitudinal dispersivity α_x 0.00E+00 1.00E+01 4.42E+00 m
Transverse dispersivity α_z 0.00E+00 1.00E+00 4.42E-01 m
Vertical dispersivity α_y 0.00E+00 1.00E-01 4.42E-02 m
Note values of dispersivity must be > 0
For calculated value, assumes $\alpha_x = 0.1 * x$, $\alpha_z = 0.01 * x$, $\alpha_y = 0.001 * x$
Xu & Eckstein (1995) report $\alpha_x = 0.83(\log x)^{2.414}$; $\alpha_z = \alpha_x/10$, $\alpha_y = \alpha_x/100$ are assumed



Calculated concentrations for distance-concentration graph

Ogata Banks
From calculation sheet
Distance Concentration

0 1.0E+02 mg/l
5.0 9.44E+01
10.0 8.23E+01
15.0 7.30E+01
20.0 6.60E+01
25.0 6.07E+01
30.0 5.64E+01
35.0 5.30E+01
40.0 5.00E+01
45.0 4.76E+01
50.0 4.54E+01
55.0 4.35E+01
60.0 4.19E+01
65.0 4.04E+01
70.0 3.90E+01
75.0 3.78E+01
80.0 3.67E+01
85.0 3.57E+01
90.0 3.47E+01
95.0 3.39E+01
100.0 3.31E+01

Note graph assumes plume disperses vertically in one direction only. An alternative solution assuming the centre of the plume is located at the mid-depth of the aquifer is presented in the calculation sheets.

Note

This sheet calculates the Level 3 remedial target for groundwater, based on the distance to the receptor or compliance located down hydraulic gradient of the source. Three solution methods are included, the preferred option is Ogata Banks.

By setting a long travel time it will give the steady state solution, which should be used to calculate remedial targets.

The measured groundwater concentration should be compared with the Level 3 remedial target to determine the need for further action.

Note if contaminant is not subject to first order degradation, then set half life as 9.0E+99.

This worksheet should be used if pollutant transport and degradation is best described by first order reaction. If degradation is best described by an electron limited degradation such as oxidation by O₂, NO₃, SO₄ etc than an alternative solution should be used

Site being assessed: Bridge Road
Completed by: AC
Date: 29/2/2008
Version: 3.1