Parks > Authorization Manager



Parks Authorization Manager (PAM) Demo Manual

PAM-10-001 - 27/11/2015





Contents

1 Introduction	4
1.1 Notation information	4
1.2 The user interface	4
1.3 General operation	7
2 Using the application	8
2.1 Features for checks and analysis	8
2.1.1 Scan folder permissions	8
2.1.2 Show effective user groups	12
2.1.3 Verify user access to a folder	13
2.1.4 Search users and groups in Active Directory	15
2.1.5 View active permission groups	16
2.2 Planning new file system structures	17
2.2.1 Create new organization folders	18
2.2.2 Design your own organization folders	23
2.3 Conclusion	24
3 Appendix	25
3.1 How to obtain programme licences	25
3.2 Uninstalling Parks Authorization Manager	25



List of figures

Figure 1: Main window	5
Figure 2: Scan folder permissions	9
Figure 3: Search objects	11
Figure 4: Memory exception	12
Figure 5: Show effective user groups	13
Figure 6: Check folder access	14
Figure 7: Active Directory search	16
Figure 8: View active permission groups	17
Figure 9: Create organization folder - organizational data	19
Figure 10: Create organization folder - folder settings	20
Figure 11: Create organization folder - preview	21
Figure 12: Organization folder permissions	22
Figure 13: Permissions of the new organization folder in the file system	23



1 Introduction

We are very pleased you have decided to test our Parks Authorization Manager (PAM) application and we hope this demo version will give you a first impression of how PAM can support you during your daily work.

Permissions in the NTFS file system and Active Directory groups can be administered, analysed and documented with the programme. Helpful tests and analysis – e.g. folder permission scan, determination of effective permissions for a user, the checking of access permission of a user to a particular folder – give you a quick overview of your existing folder structures and permissions.

To ease administrative work the folder templates can be defined for departments or projects. PAM will then automatically generate the required folder structure, prepare permission groups in Active Directory and enter these groups in the folder access control lists. If required, the programme will prepare secured network shares, via which the staff member can access the folders. Furthermore, it is possible to set up an Access Based Enumeration so that users can only see the files for which they have access rights.

This manual will give you an introduction into the use of the demo version while explaining the product functions at the same time.

This manual is an excerpt of the more detailed user manual that you will receive after buying a license for the programme.

1.1 Notation information

The following symbols are used in this manual:

 \bigcirc

Gives valuable practical tips



Gives additional information



Should be particularly noted

Gives information about required administrative permissions

1.2 The user interface

The main window (fig. 1) appears after starting the programme. The main window is divided up into several areas.



15	Parks Authorization Manager (DEMO) - [Welcome]	- 🗆 X
<u> </u>		_ & ×
🗋 🗑 🗙 🗟 📥 🕾 🏣 🥅 📾		
Master data Projekt Base folders Companies Projekt Projekt Base folders Projekt	Parks > Authorization Manager This application enables you to maintain, analyze and document your NTFS file system authorizations and Active Directory groups.	J a
	To ease administrative work, folder templates can be pre-defined for individual departments or projects. PAM automatically generates the desire structures, creates authorization groups in Active Directory and adds these to the access control lists of the folders. If desired, the application a creates secured network shares, via which authorized staff can access the folders.	ed folder also
	Authorizations of files and folders can be readout and analysed at all times. With the help of an export function the authorizations can be hande other programmes (e.g. Microsoft Excel or Access) for further processing. The PAM export facility helps you to fulfill audit and compliance requ	ed over to uirements.
	Below you find references to the application documentation which is available as PDF files. Click a link to open a document. You'l PDF viewer (e.g. Adobe Reader) to view the files. You may print the files to have the information at hand.	l need a
	Documentation	
Organization folders 🛛 🛱 🗙	P Demo Manual	
Projekt	Release Notes	
Use all application functions today. Double-click here to obtain a license!		
	Logged on as: NURATIM\NuratimAdmi	in //,

Figure 1: Main window

On the right-hand side you can see the welcome dialogue with an introductory text and reference to the documentations available. Click the links to open the documents.



The documentation is locally installed as PDF documents. A programme is needed to open the documents (e.g. Adobe Reader).

When you have closed the welcome dialogue by clicking the window closing symbols, these can be displayed again via the menu **Help | Welcome dialogue**.

On the left-hand side of the main window you can see the areas **Master data** and **Organization folder**.

The **Master data** area holds all the information you need when you use PAM to plan and administer your folder structure. After programme installation only the company mentioned in the start configuration is included.

The **Organization folder** area contains all generated or imported organization folders.

The planning and administration of organisational structures – along with the corresponding master data and organization folders – is described in chapter 2.2.

The display of the various areas is controlled via the menu **View**. They can be faded-in and faded-out there. All areas are organised in tree-like structures and the trees can be fully opened with the help of the **F6** button.

Demo Manual



The areas **Scan result**, **Search result** and **Network environment** are normally not displayed. Scan results are automatically displayed after completion of a folder scan (see chapter 2.1.1), search results from the programme after a permission search (see chapter 2.1.1). You can display the network environment yourself via the menu **View**.

The following overview describes the symbols used in various areas of the main window:

Project

All data in a PAM data bank belong to one project. Each data bank is a completed, logical database (comparable to a client).



Company

Companies are used to maintain folder structures and permissions in your PAM database. Each company has several organization units, which can be administered in various categories (see below).

🗾 Category

Categories are used to bunch an abundance of organization folders (see below) for a clearer arrangement.

The categories *Departments*, *General*, *User* and *Projects* are automatically generated in each database. The categories can be separately administered for each database via the programme settings.



Organization unit

An organization unit corresponds to an administration unit in your company, e.g. a department or a project. They always belong to one company and are also centrally administered there.

Base folder

A base folder is a central folder in your file system that contains all organization folders (see below) of a category. You can e.g. define a base folder for all the departmental folders of your company.



Folder template

A folder template contains a folder structure for all organization folders (see below) of a category. Here you can e.g. generate the structure of a departmental folder in a set pattern. You define the Active Directory groups for each folder, which PAM automatically generates. The users are then allocated to the groups.

With the help of folder templates you get a homogeneous folder structure and fixed, free definable name conventions for the Active Directory groups.



Organization folder

An organization folder is the specific characteristic of a folder for any one organization unit of your company. It is generated with the use of a folder template. By using place holders for the names of the organization units, an Active Directory group is generated for each organization folder (see chapter 2.2).

Demo Manual





Scan result

When you analyse the file system permissions of an organization folder, you can store the results in the database so that these can be recalled at a later stage (e.g. for a comparison).

Analysing file system permissions is being described in chapter chapter 2.1.1.



Permissions

Here you get a complete overview of the permissions of any one organization folder.

Most symbols in the trees have short descriptions: go over the symbol with the mouse to receive additional information for identification.

The sample data

To enable you to start work directly without complex preparatory work, the demo programme generates several master data itself during the first start-up.



Press **F6** in the master data area of the main window to see all the objects generated by the programme.

1.3 General operation

All programme functions can be reached via the menu. The most often used functions have keyboard short cuts stored behind the menu points for use without the mouse.

Some functions can be reached directly with a click on to the picture in the toolbar under the menu. A description of the function appears by moving the mouse pointer across the picture.

You can also click on to the objects in the tree and – by pressing the right side of the mouse – a context menu appears showing the functions available for the chosen object.

Dialogue windows

Dialogue windows are mostly resizeable. Just move the mouse pointer on the borders and resize the window size at will.

The application uses different background colours for edit widgets. Widgets with blue background are mandatory and have to be filled in. Widgets with white background are optional and may be left blank. Gray background is used for values that are not editable. They can mostly be set upon create of an object only.

Blue text with underline contains a hyperlink. By clicking the text with the left mouse button, a context-dependent function will be executed.



2 Using the application

Parks Authorization Manager (PAM) gives you useful functions to analyse, organise and optimize your file system folder structures and permissions. With PAM you can simplify your daily tasks that you would perform using Windows Explorer or the Active Directory user management tools.

2.1 Features for checks and analysis

This chapter gives you information about about useful programme features for checks and analysis, e.g. scan of folder permissions, determine the effective permissions of a Windows user, check of a user's access to a folder and many more.

2.1.1 Scan folder permissions

The analysis of a selected folder and its subfolders offers a detailed overview of its permissions and permission groups.

PAM offers two analyse possibilities, the method **Scan folder permissions** and the method **Scan current permissions**.

With the method **Scan folder permissions** you can select any one folder and directly start the permission analyse. This possibility makes sense if you wish to get a quick overview of the permissions of a particular folder. You can export the scan result into a text file but you cannot store them in a database.

The method **Scan current permissions** is based on already generated organization folders in PAM and is useful if you archive the scan results in the database and for instance wish to compare them. The scan results can be stored in the database.

This chapter deals with the first method, Scan folder permissions, which you can run through as follows:

- 1. Click Actions | Scan folder permissions in the menu to start an analysis.
- 2. Enter the folder to be analysed and the corresponding path or select them via the push button ... behind the entry field.
- 3. Optionally it is possible to specify how many folder levels you wish to analyse. The default value is 0, with this all existing levels will be analysed. If you for instance enter a 2, only two folder levels will be analysed, i.e. the folder to be examined and the folder directly one level underneath.
- 4. Click the button **Start**. The programme begins with the folder scan. After completion of the analysis, the dialogue shows several statistics regarding the analysed folders.
- 5. Click the button **Close**.

Demo Manual



9

In this demo version the number of files and folders to be analysed is limited to 200.

After purchasing a licence you can analyse any number of local and network drives you wish with the Professional Edition of this programme.

E	Parks A	Authori	zation Manage	er (DEMO) -	[Permission	s]				_ [x c
<u> </u>											- 8 ×
🗋 🖝 🗙 🗟 🕾 🙀 🥅 🖷											
Master data 🛛 🛱 🗙	.										
Projekt ^	Permissions										
Base folders											
Acme GmbH	Folder path: C:\Pam\TestV	Account	ing\General								
E → Companies	Owner: 🗧 NURATIM	Nuratim	Admin								
Acme GmbH	AL-4										
🗈 🌍 Acme Inc.	 Notes: Click the name of the q 	rouns tr	view the group	members							
E-B Acme GmbH	 Click the red marks to ; 	see que	stionable permis	sions							
	• 6000 000 000 000 000 000	100 qu.	attoriable porting	5101.5				Read &			
Scan result 🛛 🛱 🗙		Full	Administration	Modify Write files		Write	List Folder	Execute	Read		
C:\Pam\Test\Accounting		Control	Modify	create files	Delete Delete filos	Write files,	Contents	Read files,	Read files,	Special Special	
Documents		Full	take	and folders,	and folders	create files	and list	applications,	and list	permissions	
Exployees		Control	ownership	delete files and folders		and folders	folders	scan and	folders		
H Management	-			ana ionao				list folders			
		\odot	\odot	\odot	٢	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot		
	NURA HIVIVAdministratoren								-		I.
	NURATIM\Benutzer										
							۲	\odot	\odot		
Organization folders 🛛 🛱 🗙	NURATIM\G_Accounting_IN										Į.
Projekt	NURATIM\Speziell										
	SYSTEM	\odot	\odot	\bigcirc	٢	٢	٢	۲	۲		
	8		0				\bigcirc				
	NURATIM/NuratimAdmin	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Use all application functions today											
Double-click here to obtain a license!											
								Logged on as: N	NURATIM\Nur	atimAdmin	

Figure 2: Scan folder permissions

The programme will then show you the area **Scan result** on the left-hand side of the main window. The window contains the scanned folder tree. The analysed permissions of the selected folder can be seen on the right-hand side (fig. 2).

In matrix layout you may see red or yellow icon with exclamation marks. The red icons show permissions that usually should not be assigned (e.g. *modify permissions* for non-administrative users).

If an account does not have the permissions fully, e.g. Read or Write, the permissions will be shown as Special permissions, as shown by the yellow icon.

By clicking the red and yellow icons, the application will show you the elementary permissions affected.



By clicking on to a permission group (blue underlined) you open a window in which you can see the group members.

Via the menu **View | Show Permissions** you can choose between a list and a matrix layout of the permissions within the display.

Demo Manual

List layout (standard setting): Here a permission list (read and execute, write, modify, delete etc.) is shown for each permission for each group. With the **Matrix layout** all associated permissions per group are also shown.

The display of the print reports is also based on the view you select.



If you see a red folder in the permission scan result window, you do not have access rights for that folder and PAM cannot analyse it further. This can be seen as an indicator for a permission misconfiguration.

Export scan result

You can also export the result of the permission scan into a text file and then evaluate these with other programmes (e.g. Excel or databases).

The scan results are exported as follows:

- 1. Click into the scan result area in the main window with the mouse.
- 2. Click the menu File | Export | Scan result...
- 3. Enter a path and file name and click **Save** to export the data.

An export file will be available as a text file (*.txt) or comma separated values file (*.csv).

Each line in the file contains four fields, which are separated by semi-colons.

The single fields are:

- file or folder path
- file type ("directory" or "file")
- the permissions
- the user group that is authorized

Example of a record:

"C:\PAM\Test";"directory";"MODIFY";"NURATIM\Domain Admins"

Searching for objects in scan results

A specific search in the scan results for permission groups holding a certain permission can be made. The search dialogue can be reached via the context menu in the area Scan result **Search Object...** or also via the main menu **Actions | Search Object...**, when the scan result window is activated (fig. 2).

The object search works like a filter on the scan result, the search result is displayed in a new window.



	Search objects
Search objects Search users and groups	with certain permissions
Search settings	
Search:	adm 🗨
Search method:	Default 🗨
	✓ Case insensitive search
Permissions to be searched	
Permission	Description
Modify	Write files, create files and folders, delete files and fold
Delete	Delete files and folders
L Write	Write files, create files and folders
List Folder Contents	Traverse and list folders
Read & Execute	Read files, execute applications, scan and list folders
I_ Read	Read files, traverse and list folders
	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

Figure 3: Search objects

Four search methods are available for specific searches:

1. For a *Default* search a part-word belonging to any one word is entered.

Example: A search for "Adm" will find "Administrator" and "Domain Administrator".

2. If the *Wildcards* search is used, then the symbols * and ? are used to ignore part words (*) or single characters during the search. This search complies with the usual function-ality when searching in file systems.

Example: A search for "Ad?in" will find "Admin" and other names with any digit/letter as third character.

3. The *Prefix* search can be used to search for objects with a prefix. The entered text must be at the beginning of the object name.

Example: A search for "Adm" will find "Administrator", but will not find "Domain Administrator".

4. A search using *Regular expressions* permits flexible – but also complex – search queries.

The permissions to be found can be configured by using the check box. This means e.g. writing access can be ignored by removing the corresponding check mark.

The search results can be seen in a new window on the left-hand side under the Master data window. The search results are built up analogue to the scan results. If you click on to a folder in the tree, the permissions and user groups are displayed on the right-hand side. You can export the results as a text or csv-file.



Tips for an effective folder scan

By observing a few tips, the effectiveness of the extensive amount of storage space needed to carry out a folder scan can be increased:

1. Do not analyse the complete C: drive

While the Windows folder, user documents and settings and the programme installation folders can contain plenty of files, the informative value of the analysed permissions is very low as normally only user-related permissions are set up there or the operating system pre-determined these permissions and they cannot be changed.

2. Analyse business data and organization folders

Concentrate on project and departmental drives when analysing, the permissions of which, if necessary, can later be revised with PAM.

Parks Aut	horization Manager	×
<u>.</u>	The permissions of the selected folder cannot be analyzed because of insufficient memory. This problem may occur if the path length is very long, the number of subfolders is very high or the permissions are highly diverse.	System protocol
	As a workaround, try to analyze smaller folder trees, e.g. the subfolders of the currently selected folder.	
	Reason:	
	Insuffifient working memory.	
		Close

Figure 4: Memory exception

An error message will appear if there is not enough storage space available for the analysis (fig. 4). In this case, several smaller analysis should be carried out – e.g. analysis of single subfolders.

2.1.2 Show effective user groups

In this dialogue all user groups for one particular user can be displayed. The function shows you the groups a user works with as soon as he logs into a particular work place.

- 1. To see the effective user groups of a particular user first click the menu **Actions | Show** effective user groups (Fig. 6).
- 2. Select a user by clicking the button ... behind the entry field.



Show effect	tive permission groups	5	_ D X
Show effective permission groups			
Show direct and implicit group membership of a user			
User: NURATIM\brigitte.deisen			Show
Show local groups on workplace also			Close
Logging on at:			Сору
Group	Group type	Description	- Print
🗆 🖷 Domain groups		^	
	Global group	Administratoren der Domäne	
	Domain-local group	Mitglieder dieser Gruppe kön	
	Domain-local group	Administratoren haben unein	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Zugriffsberecht	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen _	
e NURATIM\WseAllowMediaAccess	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Zugriffsberecht	
	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen	
With the second se	Global group	Benutzer mit Berechtigungen	
	Global group	Alle Benutzer dieser Domäne	
RURATIM\Benutzer	Domain-local group	Benutzer können keine zufäll	
	Global group		
	Global group		
QURATIM/L-SVR01-Buchhaltung_aendern	Domain-local group		-
		V	
		>	

Figure 5: Show effective user groups

- 3. Select a computer by clicking the button ... behind the entry field, which is to be used as login computer for the user.
- 4. The programme will then show you all the user groups in which the above selected user is a member when he logs into the selected computer.
- 5. By clicking the button **Copy**, all displayed information can be copied into the clipboard.

2.1.3 Verify user access to a folder

With the help of this function you can find out if a particular user has or has not access rights to a particular folder.

The test results will show you the folders in a path where access is denied and will give you an info as to why (e.g. if the user is not a member of an appropriate permission group). The problem can be further analysed by direct access to the folder via Windows Explorer.

- 1. To carry out an access test, click on to the menu Actions | Check folder access... (Fig. 7).
- 2. Select the corresponding user.
- 3. Select the folder in which the access permissions are to be checked.



- 4. Select at least one permission which the user should have in the folder.
- 5. Click the button **Check now**.

	Check	folder access	>	x
heck folder access			-	
Check a user's access per	missions in a folder			2
User: NURAT	IM\george.hensley			
,	17 - 114			
Folder: C: Pam	\lest\Accounting		· ·	···]
The user has 0 local and 4 o	domain groups.			
Permission	Description			1
Modify	Write files, create files and fold	lers, delete files and folders		
Delete	Delete files and folders			
🗖 Write	Write files, create files and fold	lers		
List Folder Contents	Traverse and list folders			
Read & Execute	Read files, execute application	s, scan and list folders		
Check now Access on folder levels:				
Path	Access granted	Reason		-
C:\	Yes	Member in domain group NURATIM\Benutzer		
C:\Pam	Yes	Member in domain group NURATIM\Benutzer		
C:\Pam\Test	Yes	Member in domain group NURATIM\Benutzer		
C:\Pam\Test\Accounting	Yes	Member in domain group NURATIM\G_Accounting	IN	
			Close	1

Figure 6: Check folder access

In the list **Access on folder levels** all the permissions of the selected user will be checked and determined as to whether access is allowed or not in each folder level up to the target folder. Furthermore, the reason for the results of each level will be determined.



If access to a path is not allowed, select the chart line and click the button with the blue folder. The programme will then start the Windows Explorer, with which you can see and correct the permissions of the folder if necessary.

Demo Manual



2.1.4 Search users and groups in Active Directory

The programme offers a function which will give you information about users and user groups in Active Directory. Via a search function you can determine users and user groups directly in Active Directory.

- 1. Click in menu Actions | Search for users and groups in Active Directory... (fig. 7).
- 2. Select in dialogue Active Directory Search the relevant domain.
- 3. (optional) Select in the **Search below** field via the button ... a particular organizational unit.
- 4. The standard value in the **Search scope** stands at **Recursive**. With this, the programme also runs through the organization unit directly underneath. **One Level** in the **Search scope** means that a search will only be made in this selected organization unit.
- 5. Select in the field **Objects to be searched** for between **Users** and **User groups**.
- 6. Enter the name or name part in the **Search** field.
- 7. Enter the search algorithm in the **Search method** field. As well as the standard search, a prefix search, a place holder search, a search with regular words and a special LDAP search (LDAP filter syntax) are at your disposal.
- 8. Click the button **Start search**.

The programme starts the search process. The results will be listed in the **Search result** window. The account, the full name and – if available – the family name, the first name and the department will be shown.

Five search methods are available for specific searches:

1. For a *Default* search a part-word belonging to any one word is entered.

Example: A search for "Adm" will find "Administrator" and "Domain Administrator".

2. If the *Wildcards* search is used, then the symbols * and ? are used to ignore part words (*) or single characters during the search. This search complies with the usual function-ality when searching in file systems.

Example: A search for "Ad?in" will find "Admin" and other names with any digit/letter as third character.

3. The *Prefix* search can be used to search for objects with a prefix. The entered text must be at the beginning of the object name.

Example: A search for "Adm" will find "Administrator", but will not find "Domain Administrator".

- 4. A search using *Regular expressions* permits flexible but also complex search queries.
- 5. The special LDAP search is based on the LDAP filter syntax.



•
•
•
•
•
h
age
>

Figure 7: Active Directory search

2.1.5 View active permission groups

Click the menu **Actions | Show my permission groups...**, to see information about your log-in names and your active permission groups (fig. 8).



Active permission groups	_ □ ×
NURATIM\brigitte.deisen	3
Show active permission groups	
Logon information	
Logged op as: NI IR ATTM\brightte deisen	
Show domain groups only:	
Hide technical groups	
Active permissions groups:	
NURATIM\Domänen-Benutzer	~
NURATIM/G Buchhaltung IN	
RURATIM/L-SVR01-Buchhaltung_aendern	
RegNURATIM\WseAlertAdministrators	
See NURATIM\WseAllowAddInAccess	
See NURATIM\WseAllowComputerAccess	=
Supervisional Contraction Contractico Cont	
WIRATIM/WseAllowHomePageLinks	
Went with the second se	
WILL ATTM/WeeRemote/WebAccessUsers	
NUR ATIMSERVER \Administratoren	_
	~
Number of groups: 19	
	Close
	Close

Figure 8: View active permission groups

2.2 Planning new file system structures

Requirements change over the years, projects and restructuring in the organisation necessitate adaptations. New folders are set up, Active Directory groups for permissions generated and allocated to users. A difficult and unclear chaos results out of what was once an originally well-thought-out structure:

- the folder structure of similar folders (e.g. for departments) is no longer consistent,
- it is no longer directly visible which Active Directory group is connected to which folder rights,
- the name regulations for the Active Directory groups are not always adhered to,
- when requested by users, it becomes difficult for administrators to allocate the correct Active Directory groups without causing unwanted side effects.

Demo Manual



Result: Users have rights which they do not – or no longer – need, they can access files which they may not use for their specialist tasks, transparency and compliance regulations are undermined as no easy overview is possible.

A well-thought-out organizational folder structure is very important for an optimal support of all users. With Parks Authorization Manager (PAM) you can rearrange your folder structures and adapt them to the necessary requirements.

This is carried out by generating organizational folders. The required folder structures and folder permissions are automatically created within the organizational folder.

i

Several master data is necessary to generate organizational folders, e.g. base folders, in which the new organizational folders are created, and companies to which they organizationally belong.

Sample data will be created in this demo version.

In addition, it is also possible to create one more company, two further base folders and a total of six organization folders.

After buying a licence, you can create as many data as you wish with the Professional Edition of this programme.

2.2.1 Create new organization folders

With the help of the menu **File | New | Organization Folder...** the assistant for the creation of an organization folder is started (fig. 9).



New organization folder		<u> </u>
Create organization folder		
Create a new organization folde		
Organizational data		
Company:	Nuratim Inc.	▼
Category:	Departments	•
Organization unit:	Development	•
	Help < Back Next >	<u>C</u> ancel

Figure 9: Create organization folder - organizational data

Select the values shown in the figure above in the selection lists **Company, Category** and **Organization Unit** and click the **Next >** button.



New organization folder		
Create organization fol Create a new organization	der folder	
Folder settings		
Folder template:	Foldertemplate Departments	•
Base folder:	Basefolder Nuratim	
New folder path:	C:\PAM\Accounting	
🔲 Share the new organi	ation folder in the network	
Share path:	\\NURATIM-9E0A15F\Accounting	
	Help < Back Next >	<u>C</u> ancel

Figure 10: Create organization folder - folder settings

Select the values shown in the selection lists **Folder template** and **Base folder.** The programme enters the values into the fields **New folder path** and **Share path** itself (fig. 10).



Both the folder path and the (optional) share path automatically receive the name of the selected organization unit. It is normally not necessary to have to manually change anything. This clearly reduces administrative work.



w organization folder	_		
eate organization folder		F.	
Create a new organization folder			
Preview			
Accounting - New orga	anization folder		
Company	Nuratim Inc.		
Company.			
Category.	Departments		
Polder template:	Foldertemplate Departments		
Base folder:	Basefolder Nuratim		
Folder path:	C:\PAM\Accounting		
Full access for domain administrators:	NURATIM\Domain Admins		
Full access for local administrators:	NURATIM-9E0A15F\Administrators		
B • • • • • • • • • • • •		-	
	Dist		
	Princ		
Help	< Back Einish Cance	el	
Help	< <u>B</u> ack <u>Finish</u> <u>C</u> ance	el	

Figure 11: Create organization folder - preview

Now click the button **Finish** to create the new organization folder.



In this demo programme, the new folder will be created in your folder *My Documents* and can be deleted later without problems.

After the successful creation of the new organization folder the programme creates a new entry in the tree-like organization folder area at the top left of the main window. Click into this tree with the mouse and press the **F6** button to open up the tree.

The new organization folder *Accounting* can now be seen in the tree. Click on to **Permissions** under the organization folder and the programme will show you all permissions in a window on the right side of the main window.



11	Parks Authorization Manager (DEMO) - [Permissions]		
■ <u>File</u> View Actions <u>W</u> indow Help			_ & ×
🗋 🗑 🗙 🗟 📥 🕾 🏣 🥅 🖷			
Master data	Accounting - Permissions		^
Gree GrabH Gree GrabH Grad Acree Grad Acree GrabH Grad Acree GrabH Grad	Company: Organization folder: Category: Folder path: Full access for domain administrators Full access for local administrators: <u>Notes:</u> • Click the name of the groups to view • Click the red marks to see question	Acme Inc. Accounting Departments C:\Users\\\uratimAdmin\Documents\PamWindowsDemo\Departments\Accounting : NURATIM\Domanen-Admins No	
Project template Im Project Projekt Organization folders Acme Inc. Projekt Acceuting [C:\Users\NuratimAdmin' Constructions Counting [C:\Users\NuratimAdmin' Counting C:\Users\NuratimAdmin' Scan results	Click the red marks to see questionable permissions Permissions in organization folder Eull Control (Full Control) NURATIM/Domänen-Admins Delete (Delete files and folders) NuRATIM/PamWindows Accounting F Write (Write files, create files and folders) NuRATIM/PamWindows Accounting F Read & Execute (Read files, execute applications, scan and list folders) NURATIM/PamWindows Accounting F NURATIM/PamWindows Accounting R		
Use all application functions today. Double-click here to obtain a licensel	Permissions in folder "Reports" <u>Full Control</u> (Full Control) <u>NURATIN\Domänen-Admins</u>		~
		Logged on as: NURATIM\Nurat	imAdmin //

Figure 12: Organization folder permissions

The permission window shows the file permissions and the permission groups which can be given to users.

As an alternative to the list display, you can also select a matrix display via the menu **View** | **Show permissions**. The permissions of each user or group will then be shown.



By clicking on to a permission group (blue underline) the administrative programme for permission groups is started. Here you can administer the user assignments.

With the help of the organization folder assistant departmental or project folders can be easily created without having to make manual settings in Active Directory.



Development Properties		? ×			
General Sharing Security Customize					
Group or user names:					
🕵 Domain Admins (ACME\Domain Admins)					
PamWindows_Development	PamWindows_Development_R (ACME\PamWindows_Dev				
🕵 PamWindows_Development_RW (ACME\PamWindows_D					
	· · · · 1	_			
Permissions for	A <u>d</u> d	<u>Remove</u>			
PamWindows_Development_R	Allow	Deny			
Full Control					
Modify					
Read & Execute					
List Folder Contents					
Read	N N				
Write	님				
For special permissions or for advanced settings, Advanced					
ОК	Cancel	Apply			

Figure 13: Permissions of the new organization folder in the file system

Permissions of the Accounting folder (fig. 13) can also be seen in the windows explorer.

2.2.2 Design your own organization folders

You can create your own organizational folder, containing any data you wish, to make the functionality of PAM more understandable. It is possible to create a further company, two further base folders and a total of six organizational folders in the demo version.

If you wish to create a new organization folder you must specify a base folder and a folder template. Base folders are folders in which new organization folders of any one category are created. You define an organization folder structure with a folder template. Either you use the already existing base folders and folder templates or you create these yourself according to your own wishes.



2.3 Conclusion

We hope we have been able to give you a first impression of the productivity of our product Parks Authorization Manager (PAM) with this manual and we would be very pleased to welcome you as a customer in the near future.

Further information about the product can be found on our homepage in Internet under http://www.parks-informatik.de/pam



3 Appendix

3.1 How to obtain programme licences

We hope we can convince you of the productivity of our product. If you register your version on our homepage you will receive an updated version with extended functions:

- You can use as many databases as you wish, e.g. for different customers or computer centres.
- You can import existing folders and scan their permissions.
- You can define folder templates and base folders for your company for the automatic creation of new department or project drives.
- You can fully analyse and export the permissions of any one folder in your network.

3.2 Uninstalling Parks Authorization Manager

Please use our Uninstaller programme to remove the programme – this can be reached via **Con-trol Panel | Software**.

The programme can also be removed via **Start | Program Files | Parks Authorization Manager | Uninstall Parks Authorization Manager.**

The created sample folders can be found under your **My Documents** folder. Here please delete the folder **PamWindowsDemo.**

If organization folders have been created by following these instructions, then the permission groups created by the programme must also be deleted. To do so, delete all groups with the prefix *PamWindows* from the Active Directory.