

# Outdoor IR Dome Network Camera

# User Manual

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## Safety Notice

- The camera is intended for outdoor use.
- Make sure the supplied voltage meets the power consumption requirements of the camera before powering the camera on. Incorrect voltage may cause damage to the camera.
- The camera should be protected from water and moisture, excessive heat, direct sunlight and cold.
- The installation should be made by a qualified service personnel and should conform to all local codes.
- Unplug the camera during lightening storms or when unused for long period of time.

## Operating Notice

- This device should use power source as follows:
  - 12VDC/24 VAC or by PoE (IEEE 802.3af) for model without heater.
  - 24VDC/24 VAC for model with heater.
- Avoid viewing very bright objects (e.g. light fixtures) for extended periods.
- Avoid operating or storing the unit in conditions as follows:
  - Extremely humid, dusty, hot/cold environments where the operating temperature is outside the recommended range of -40°C to +50°C (for model with heater) or -10°C to +50°C (for model without heater).
  - Close to sources of powerful radio or TV transmitters.
  - Close to fluorescent lamps or objects reflecting light.
  - Under unstable light sources (may cause flickering).

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## CE Compliance Statement

This equipment complies with the following requirements of the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC for CE Marking: EN 55022: 2006 + A1: 2007 Class B, EN 61000 and EN 50130.



## FCC Compliance Statement

If the declaration of conformity markings are present on the equipment, the following statements apply:



**Tested to comply with FCC standards for HOME OR OFFICE USE.**


This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit other than the one to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

## WEEE

	<p><b>Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment</b></p> <p>Correct disposal of this product (applicable in the European Union and other European countries with separate collection systems). This product should be disposed of, at the end of its useful life, as per applicable local laws, regulations and procedures.</p>
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The specifications or appearance of this product are subject to change without a prior notice.

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# 1. Overview

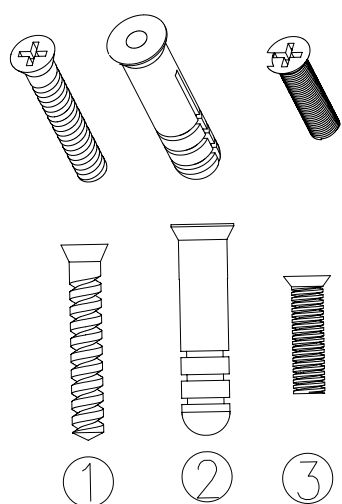
## 1.1 Introduction

The camera, a cost-effective solution, features Lumii™ technology that significantly increases light sensitivity to deliver crisp image in the dark. H.264/MPEG4/MJPEG triple streaming allows you to choose the appropriate compression format for your bandwidth. H.264 greatly reduces the size of video compared to MJPEG and MPEG4 without compromising image quality. Varifocal lens, 3-axis and PoE features facilitate simple installation. Also, it features intelligent motion detection and day/night functionality for round-the-clock surveillance. In addition, a scratch-resistant dome bubble is equipped to protect the camera against external impacts and tampering. Other supported features include micro SD/SDHC card slot, alarm input/output, and two-way audio.

## 1.2 Package Contents

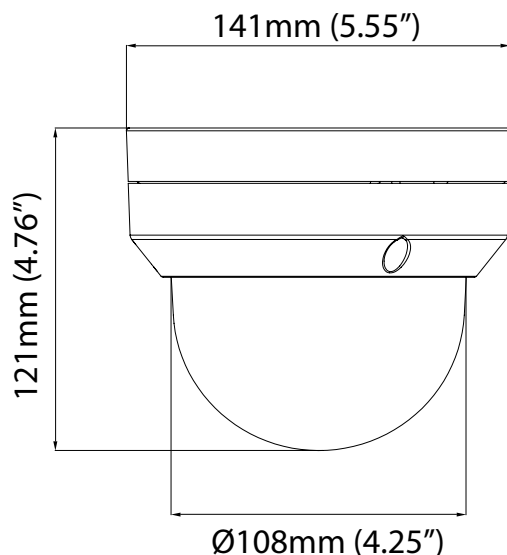
The package includes these items:

■ Outdoor IR Dome Network Camera	x1
■ CD-ROM	x1
■ Quick Start Guide	x1
■ Guide Pattern Sticker	x1
■ RJ-45 Female / Female Coupler	x1
■ Accessories	
• Tapping Type Flat Head Screw (#1)	x3
• Plastic Anchor (#2)	x3
• Machine Type Flat Head Screw (#3)	x3

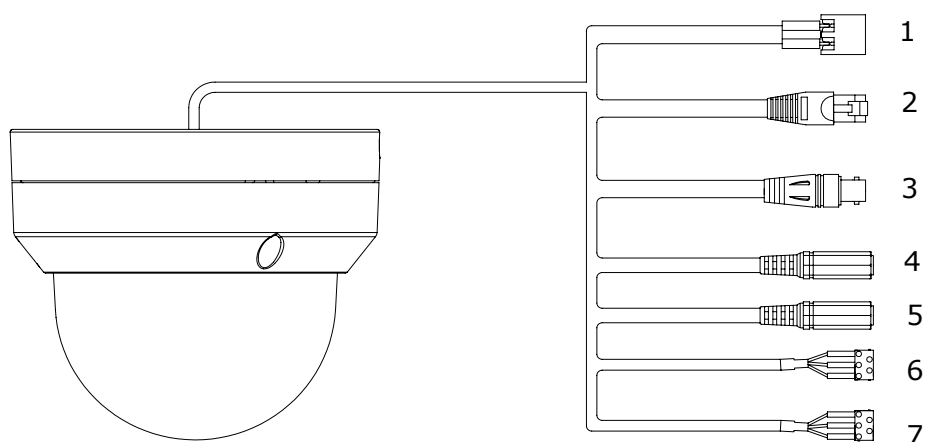


## 1.3 Hardware Overview

### 1.3.1 Dimensions



### 1.3.2 Connector



1. **Power In (Red+/Black-):** Connect to DC 12V/AC 24V (for model without heater) or DC 24V/AC 24V (for model with heater) power supply. If using the DC power supply, make sure the power connector is wired to correct polarities (Red+/Black-). If you are to use power via the PoE connection, this connector is not used.
2. **RJ-45 Ethernet Connector:** Network & PoE (Power over Ethernet) connection. Note that PoE is unable to drive the camera whose heater is operating.
3. **BNC:** Composite video output
4. **Audio Out (Green):** Audio output
5. **Audio In (Red):** Audio input
6. **Alarm Out (Orange):** Alarm signal output port
- Reserved (Green):** Reserved contact

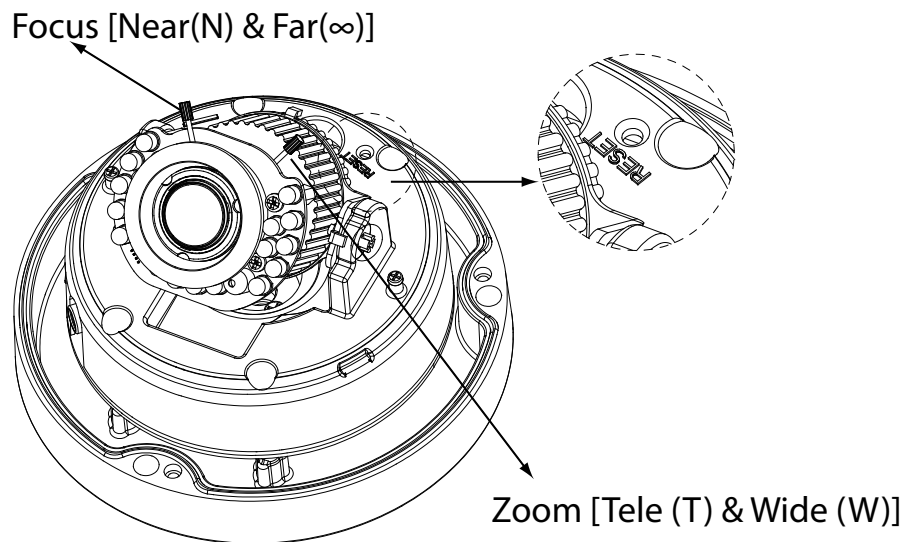
**RS-485 (Yellow):** Contact for RS-485

7. **GND:** Ground (electricity) in electrical circuits

**Alarm In 1 (Red):** Alarm signal input port

**Alarm In 2 (Brown):** Alarm signal input port

### 1.3.3 Controls



- **Near (N) & Far ( $\infty$ ):** Use an appropriate tool to press the button for few seconds to reset the camera. Press and hold it within 5 seconds to reboot the camera. Hold longer than 5 seconds to load default settings.
- **Zoom:** Adjust the zoom control for desired image view.
- **Focus:** Adjust the focus for optimum picture sharpness.
- **Reset:** Use an appropriate tool to press the button for few seconds to reset or load default settings of the camera. Press and hold the button for within five seconds to reboot camera. Hold longer than 5 seconds to load default settings.



# 1.4 Specifications

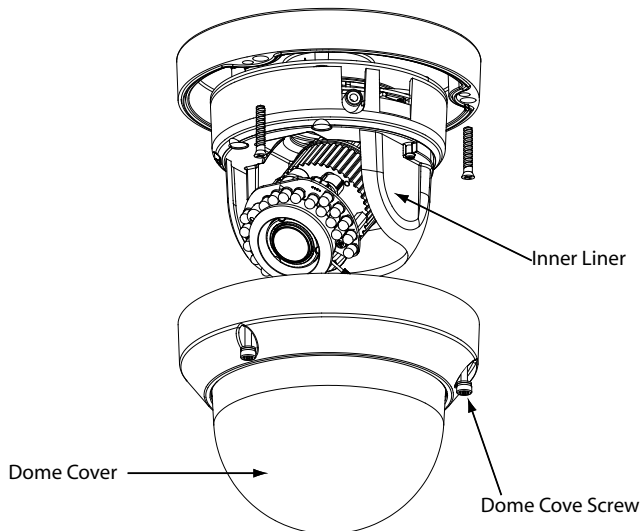
Video	
Sensor Type	1/2.7" image sensor optimized for low-light performance
Active Pixels	1920x1080 (HxV)
Compression	H.264, MPEG-4, MJPEG
Streaming	Triple simultaneous streams
Resolution	1080p, SXVGA, 720P, XGA, SVGA, D1, VGA, 2CIF, CIF
Max. Frame Rate	2MP 16:9 (1920x1080) at 30 fps (NTSC) and 25 fps (PAL)
Day/Night	Mechanical (ICR) D/N Control
Day/Night Mode	Auto
Shutter Time	1/10000s to 1/3.75s Selectable (60Hz); 1/10000s to 1/3.125s Selectable (50Hz)
Min. Illumination	IR LED Off (shutter speed: 1/15sec): 0.06 Lux @10IRE; 0.30Lux @50IRE IR LED On: 0 lux
Video Output	NTSC: 720 X 480@30fps; PAL: 720 X 576@25fps
Bit Rate Control	CBR/VBR (Primary Stream)
Lens	
Type, Focal Length, F-number	Built-in Mechanical IR Cut Filter varifocal lens, f=3~9mm, F1.2 (Mega pixel lens)
View Angle	H: 93°(Wide)~31.7°(Tele)/ V: 68.4°(Wide)~23.8°(Tele)
View Angle Adjustment	Pan: 0°-355°(Max.); Tilt: 0°-90°(Max.); Rotate: 0°-355°(Max.)
IRIS Control	DC IRIS
IR LEDs	
LED Quantity	20 pcs (850nm)
IR Distance	25 meters (82 ft.)
IR Activation	Under 10 Lux with auto-control
LED Life	More than 10,000 hours (50°)
Audio	
Audio Communication	Two-way mono audio, Full-duplex
Compression	G.711, PCM, 8kHz
Audio In/Out	External microphone and speaker
Image Enhancement	
Image Settings	AWB, AES, AGC Exposure Mode: Auto/Manual; White Balance: Auto/Manual; Backlight Compensation: 5x5 zones selectable; Sharpness, Saturation, Brightness, Contrast: 255-level sensitivity
Digital WDR	Yes; 5-level sensitivity
Privacy Zone	Yes; customized threshold privacy zone
Image Orientation	Mirror, Flip
Frequency Control	50Hz, 60Hz
Date & Time Stamp	Yes
Intelligent Video & Event Management	
Motion Detection	5x5 zones, 5-level sensitivity or customized threshold
Face Detection	3 level sensitivity
Audio Detection	5-level sensitivity or customized threshold
Blur Detection	Customized threshold
Ethernet Detection	Network loss detection
Smart Encoding	Configurable ROI for better picture quality
Others	Snapshot, Smart Focus, e-PTZ, Optimized i-frame setting
Events	Motion detection, face detection, audio detection, blur detection, Ethernet detection, external alarm
Event Actions	File upload via FTP, SMTP and SD Card; Notification via email, HTTP and TCP External output activation; Video and audio recording to SD Card
Storage Category	Alarm / Motion / Schedule / Un-interrupt recording Stores video clips and snapshots
Local Storage	
Memory Card Slot	microSD/SDHC Card up to 32 GB
Memory Card Overwrite	Yes
Network	

Protocol	IPv4, TCP/IP, UDP, HTTP, SMTP, DNS, DHCP, NTP, FTP, RTP, RTSP, RTCP, ICMP, UPnP
Ethernet	10Base-T/100Base-TX
PoE	IEEE 802.3af, Class 3
ONVIF	Yes
Browser	IE Browser 6.0 or above
Security	Two-level access with password protection
I/O & Controls	
Power	2-pin terminal block
Alarm In/Out	Terminal block 2 in / 1 out
Network	1 x RJ-45
Audio In/Out	3.5mm phone jack 1-in / 1-out
Analog Video	1 x BNC, 1.0Vp-p, 75 ohm / 1 x RCA
Reset	System reboot/factory default
Power	
Power Requirement	W/O Heater: DC 12V & AC 24V ± 10% / PoE(IEEE 802.3af) W/ Heater: DC24V/AC24V± 10%
Power Consumption	W/O Heater: 8.5W W/ Heater: 28W (Heater ON), 8.5W (Heater OFF)
Mechanical	
Dimensions (ØxH)	Φ141 mm x 121 mm (Φ5.55" x 4.76")
Weight	1.3kg (2.87lb)
3-Axis	Pan: 0°-355°, Tilt: 0°-70°, Rotate: 0°-355°
Protection	IP67, IK10, vandal-proof
Battery-backed Real-time Clock	Yes; External RTC
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	W/O Heater: -10°C ~ 50°C (-14°F ~ 122 °F) W/ Heater: -40°C ~ 50°C (-40°F ~ 122 °F)
Operating Humidity	10~ 90% RH
Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 60°C (-4°F ~ 140 °F)

## 2. Camera Installation

### 2.1 Disassembling the Dome Camera

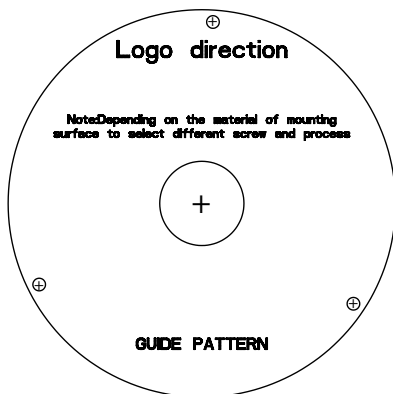
1. Loosen the screw that securing the dome cover.
2. Rotate the dome cover counterclockwise to unlock and pull it free of the housing.
3. Then remove the inner liner by gently pulling it free of the two notches in the housing.



DO NOT expose the inner parts to air over 30 minutes during installation. Otherwise, the included desiccant may absorb too much moisture and thus cause vapor when the heater inside the dome camera operates.

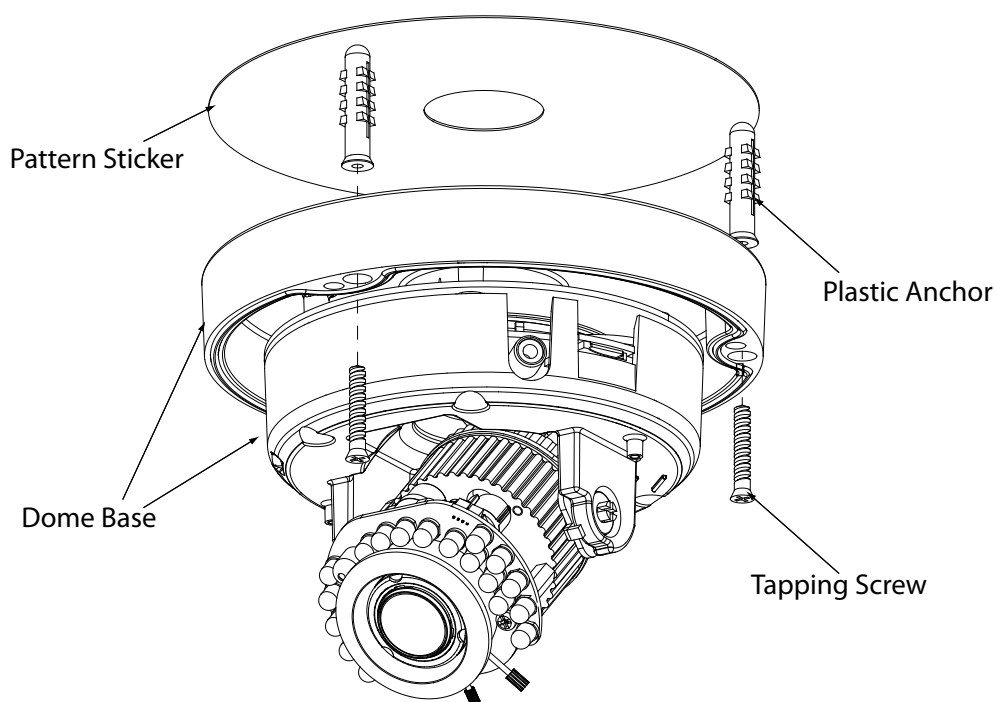
### 2.2 Drilling the Mounting Surface

1. Post the "Guide Pattern" sticker on the mounting surface.
2. Aiming the circles (the figure below marked with "+" ) on the sticker, drill four screw holes and one cable entry hole in the ceiling/wall.



## 2.3 Mounting the Camera

1. Insert the plastic anchors into the screw holes (this figure take the tapping type screws as the example to illustrate the mounting).
2. Use the tapping screws to secure the dome base to the surface.



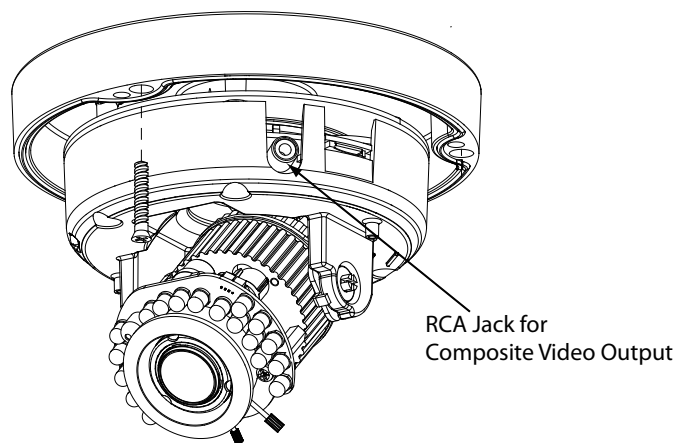
Note

1. While you are securing the camera with the accompanying screws, please be advised to hold the camera by its dome base. Do not hold the lens or lens base with force that may deform the lens.
2. Use the machine type screws if you are attaching the camera to a pendent mounting. Use the tapping type screws for all other surfaces.
3. For cement surfaces, insert the "Plastic Anchors" into the holes. For softer surfaces, do not use the "Plastic Anchors".

## 2.4 Adjusting Camera Angle

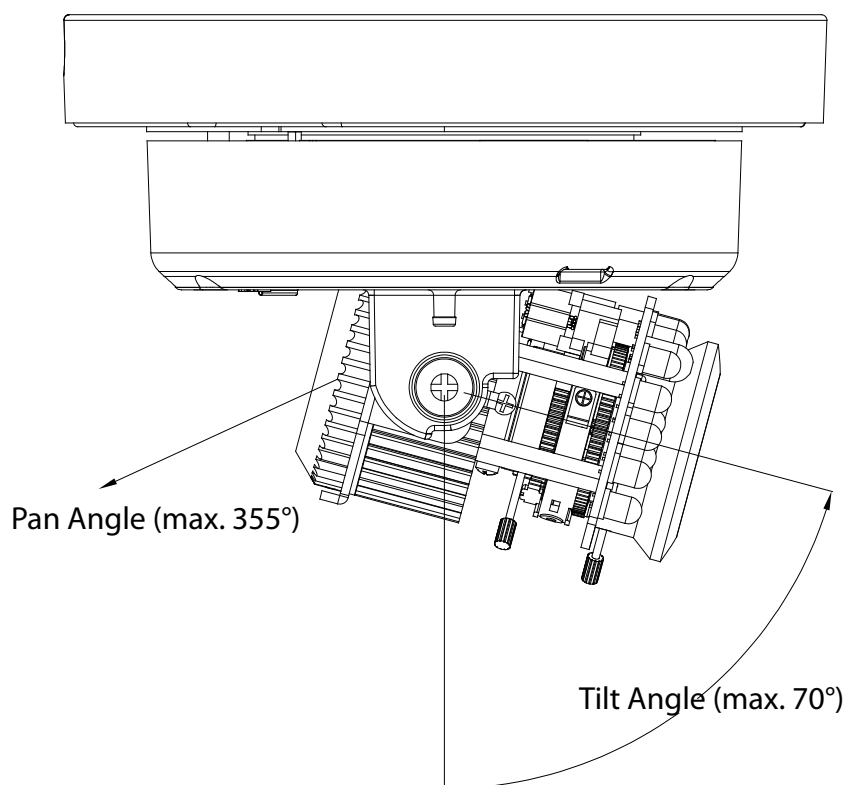
Users can check the monitored view by wiring the RCA jack to a monitor. With an external monitor connected, you can adjust pan and tilt angles of the camera for appropriate or better view.

Before making adjustments to the lens, please remove the inner liner first.

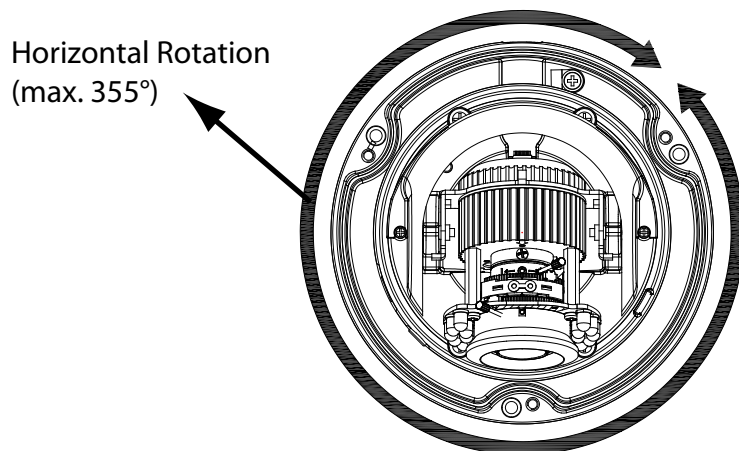


**Pan Adjustment:** Rotate the lens base to adjust the horizontal angle.

**Tilt Adjustment:** Tilt the lens base to adjust the vertical angle.

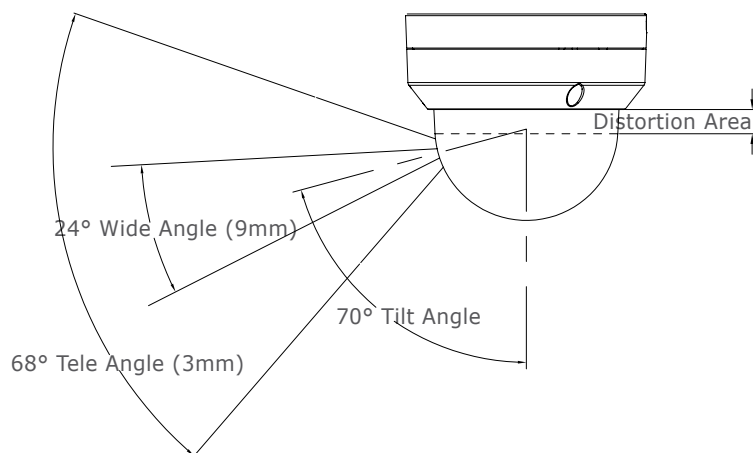


**Horizontal rotation:** Rotate the dome base to adjust the horizontal position. Do not turn the base more than  $355^\circ$  as this may cause the internal cables to twist and disconnect or break.



Note

When the tilt angle is less than 75 degrees, there is no distortion.



## 2.5 Assembling the Camera

Follow the steps below when all the camera adjustments and cabling tasks are finished.

1. Assemble the inner liner.
2. Assemble the dome cover.
3. Secure the dome cover with the accompanying screws.

# 3. Network Deployment

## 3.1 Network Connection Types

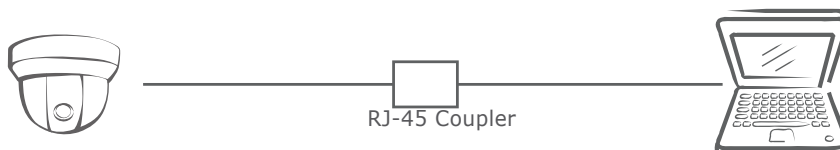
There are many different ways that you can connect the camera to your network, depending on your applications requirements. You should always set the camera's network settings according to your network configurations. The following diagrams depict some typical applications with guidelines on network settings. For more information on network settings, always consult with your network administrator or ISP as required.

### Type 1— Direct Connection to a PC

Directly connect the camera to a PC using a standard Ethernet cable.



To extend the connection length, you should use an RJ-45 female/female coupler to connect two Ethernet cables together.



Although an RJ-45 coupler is used to extend the connection length, the total length between the PC and the IP camera must not exceed 100 meters (328 feet). The LAN port of the camera supports auto MDI/MDIX (Medium dependent interface crossover) so there is no need to use cross-over cable.

To access the camera, the PC must be on the same network as the camera. The default IP address of the camera is a static one (192.168.1.30). Configure your PC's IP address as 192.168.1. X (where X is a number between 2 to 254, excluding 30 and subnet mask as 255.255.255.0, and then your PC should be able to access the camera.

### Type 2: Connecting Camera(s) to a Local Area Network (LAN)

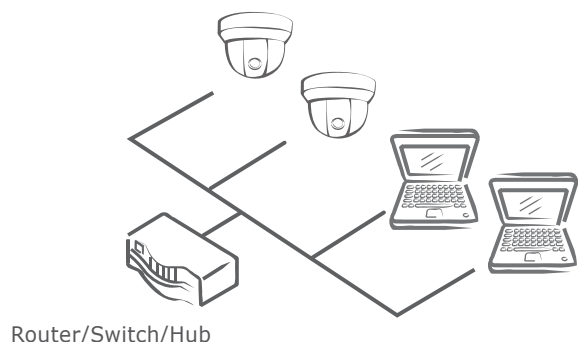
To add the camera(s) to an existing LAN, just connect the camera(s) to the hub or switch on your network. If you want to provide the camera power via the Ethernet connection, a PoE compliant hub/switch is required.



The LAN port of the camera supports auto MDI/MDIX (Medium dependent interface crossover) so there is no need for an uplink port or the use of a cross-over cable.

Assign an IP address to your camera following your network IP allocation policy. You can manually specify the IP address or allocate the IP address automatically using a DHCP server, if available on your network.

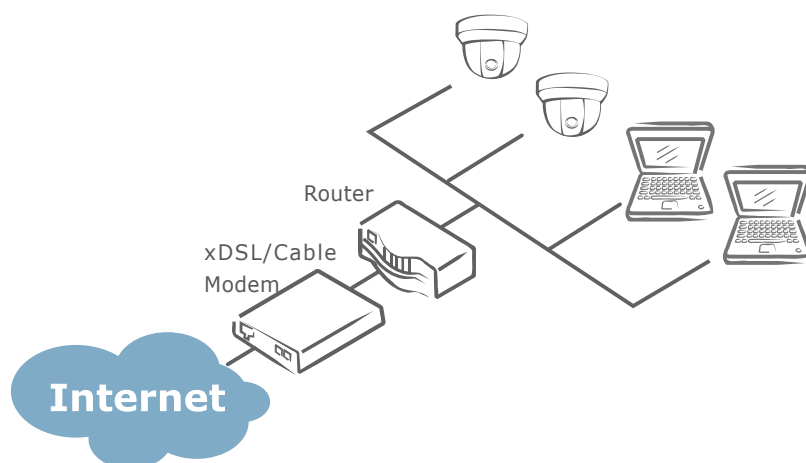
Then, you can monitor and manage the camera via a web browser from a local PC.



### Type 3: Remote Connection via the Internet

If the network where the camera resides is connected to the Internet, you can also provide remote access to your camera over the Internet.

Typically a broadband router has a built-in DHCP function to assign a local IP address to your camera. You can alternatively assign a fixed IP address to the camera to prevent it from frequently changing.



To access the camera from a local PC, simply use the local IP address of the camera.

To enable remote access, you must configure your router/firewall to forward an incoming request to that fixed local IP address of the camera. Therefore, when an external host sends a request to access your camera, the request will first reach the router's external IP address and then be forwarded to the local IP address of the camera.

Port forwarding is based on the service you want to provide. For example, forward HTTP port to enable remote web access to your camera, or RTSP port to enable access to video/audio streams from the camera.

If your camera is configured to use a non-standard HTTP port, then you have to forward that port accordingly.

## 3.2 Accessing the Camera for the First Time

The camera comes with a web-based setup utility, allowing you to view the video of the camera and configure the camera for optimal use in your environment.

To access the camera's web-based control utility, you need a PC that meets the following requirements:

- **Operating System:** Windows Vista® or XP
- **Browser:** Internet Explorer Version 6.0 or later
- **CPU:** Intel® Pentium® 4 Processor 2GHz or higher
- **RAM:** 512 MB or more.

Then take the following steps to connect your PC to the camera.

### Step 1: Make the connection

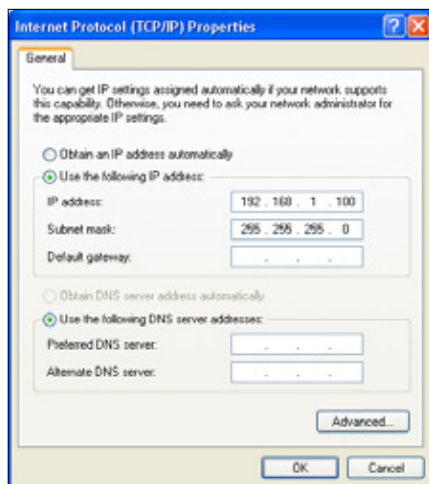
For initial setup purposes, connect one end of an Ethernet cable to the RJ-45 connector of the camera and the other end to the LAN port on your PC.

### Step 2: Configure your PC's IP address

The camera uses a default IP address of 192.168.1.30 and subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. To have your PC on the same network with the camera, configure your PC's IP settings as below:

- **IP address:** 192.168.1. X, where X is a number between 2 to 254, excluding 30.
- **Subnet mask:** 255.255.255.0.

Ignore all other settings and click **OK**.

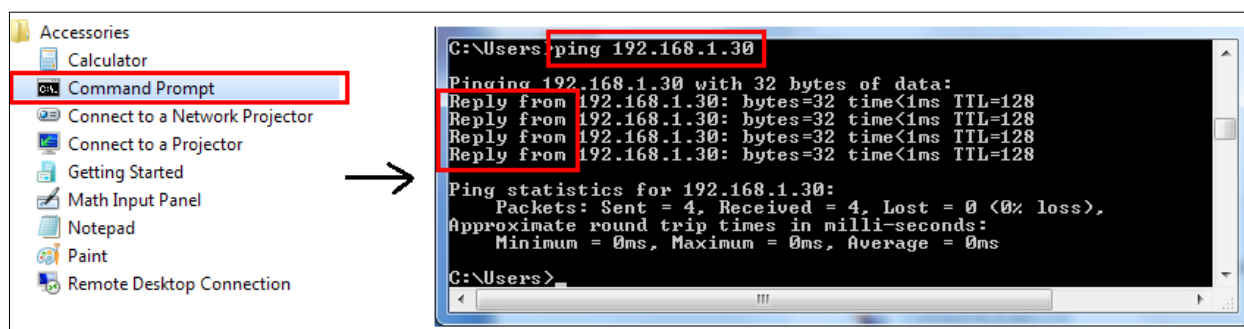


### Step 3: Link Verification between PC and Camera

1. Launch the Command Prompt by clicking the **Start** menu, **Programs**, **Accessories** and then **Command Prompt**.
2. At the prompt window, type `ping x.x.x.x`, where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the camera (the default is 192.168.1.30).

If the message of "**Reply from...**" reponds, it means the connection is established.





## Step 4: Accessing the Camera from IE Browser

Open the IE browser and enter the IP address of the camera in the URL field. The default is 192.168.1.30.



When prompted for login, enter the user name and the password (The defaults: **admin**, **1234**). Note that the user name and password are case-sensitive.



Upon successful login, you will see the live view screen shown below, which is an example for series introduction.



## 3.3 Using “IP Finder” to Manage Cameras

IP Finder is a management tool included on the product CD. It is designed to manage your network cameras on the LAN. It can help find multiple network cameras, set IP addresses, show connection status and manage firmware upgrades.

### 3.3.1 Installing IP Finder

Before proceeding, make sure your operating system is Windows Vista or Windows XP.

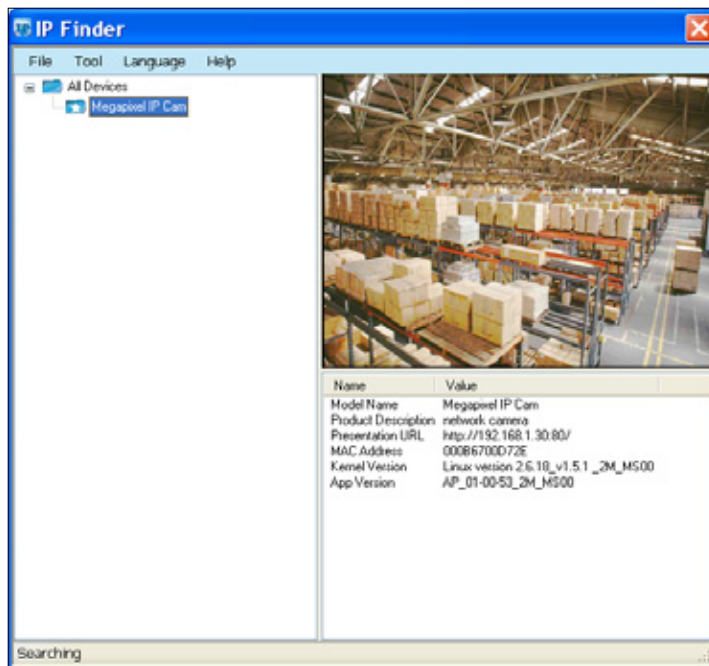
To install the software, simply locate and double-click the **IP Finder** setup file on the provided CD. Then follow the on-screen prompts to proceed.

### 3.3.2 Using IP Finder

To launch IP Finder, double-click the **IP Finder** shortcut on the desktop or click **Start > Programs > IP Finder > IP Finder**.

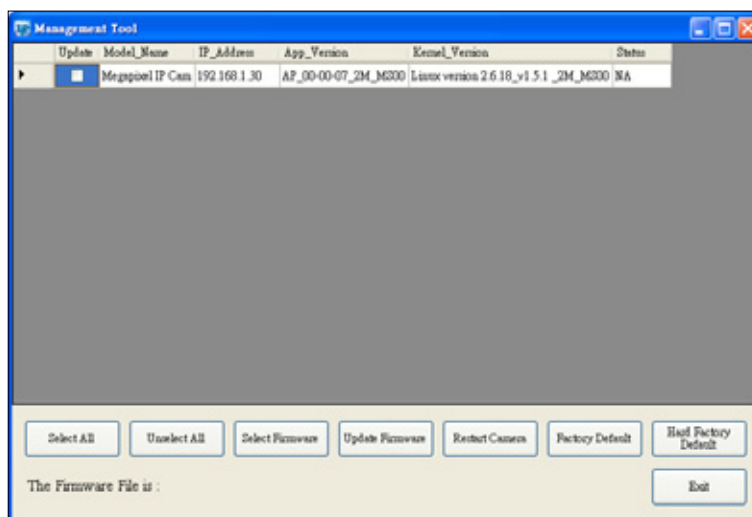
After you launch **IP Finder**, it will search for all the available cameras on the same network. Click the plus sign next to “**All Devices**” to expand the menu and display all the found cameras.

Clicking a target camera will show the live view (if available) and the detailed information of the camera, including the MAC address. Each camera comes with a unique MAC address, which is indicated on the product label. It helps identify which camera is currently accessed, particularly when multiple cameras are connected on your network.



The **Tool** menu of the **IP Finder** allows you to perform these tasks:

- **Search Network:** This option allows you to search the cameras on the network.
- **Set Master ID and Password:** Allows you to set a master ID and password for managing the cameras with IP Finder.
- **Management Tool:** Allows you to restart the camera, update firmware, reset all of the camera settings to default (except network settings) and reset all of the camera parameters to default.

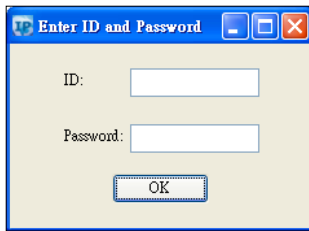


For an individual camera, right-click the camera and a menu will provide these options:

- **Go to Presentation URL:** Launch IE browser to access the web-based utility of the camera.
- **Set Device ID and Password:** Set the login ID and password for managing the camera with IP Finder.

### 3. Network Deployment

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A small dialog box titled "Enter ID and Password". It contains two text input fields: "ID:" and "Password:". Below the fields is an "OK" button. The dialog has a blue title bar with standard window controls.

- **Network Information:** Allows you to configure the camera's network settings.



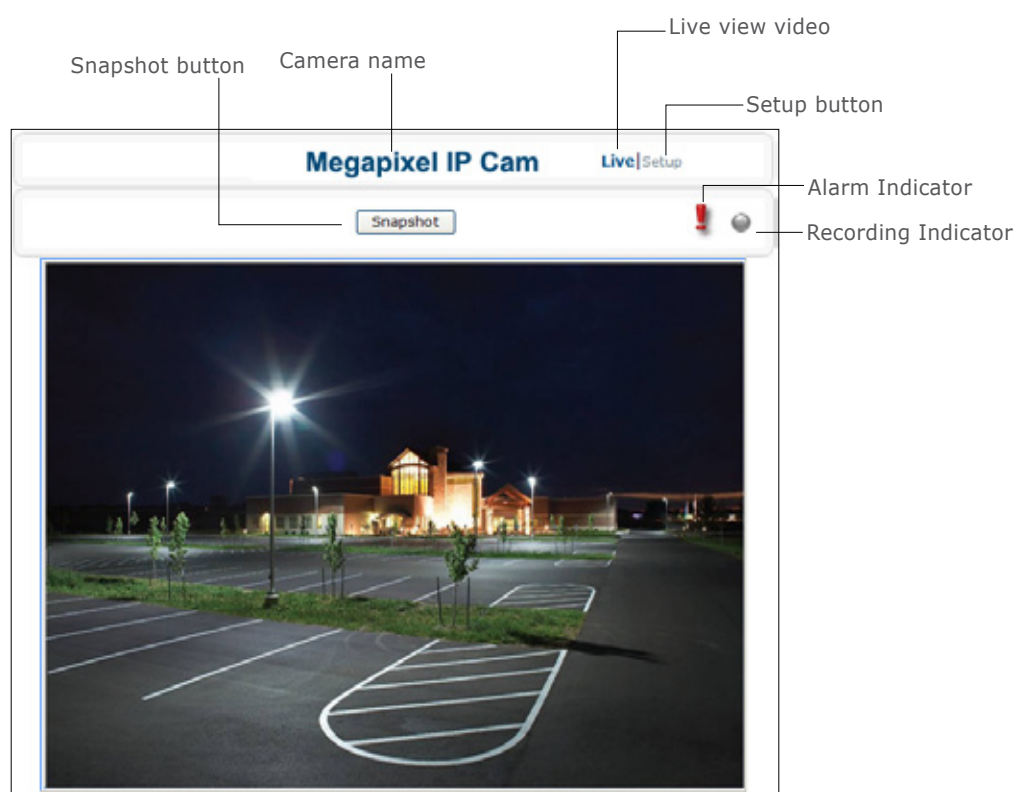
A dialog box titled "Network Information". It has two radio buttons: "Obtain IP Address From DHCP" (unselected) and "Manual Setup" (selected). Below the radio buttons are five text input fields: "IP Address:" (192.168.1.30), "Subnet Mask:" (255.255.255.0), "Default Gateway:" (192.168.1.1), "DNS:" (168.95.1.1), and "HTTP Port:" (80). At the bottom are "OK" and "CANCEL" buttons. The dialog has a blue title bar with standard window controls.

## 4. Web-based Interface

### 4.1 Overview

#### 4.1.1 Main Screen

After you log in to the camera's web-based control utility, you will first see the live view screen of the camera. The screen below is an example for series introduction.



The live view screen of the utility provides these options:

- **Snapshot:** Pressing this button takes a snapshot of the current live view screen.
- **Live:** Pressing this button displays the live view of the camera.
- **Setup:** Pressing this button allows you to access the setup page.
- **Camera name:** Displays the name of the camera.
- **Recording Indicator:** Turns red when the recording is proceeding.
- **Alarm Indicator:** Appears when an alarm is triggered.
- **Live view video:** Shows the live view of the camera.

Note that the accessibility to the options varies according to the login account.

- **Viewer:** Allowed to view only the live view screen. Access to other options is restricted.
- **Administrator:** Can access all the options on the live view page and make configurations on the setup pages.

## 4.1.2 Setup Menu

The **Setup** options are categorized into five groups: **Image**, **Network**, **System**, **Event** and **Recording**. Clicking the name will expand its sub-menu. See the ensuing sections for more information.

## 4.1.3 Applying Settings

Each configuration page provides a **Save** button. Settings are applied right after you press the **Save** button. And the browser will refresh to load the latest setting or otherwise pop up the "**Save OK**" message to indicate that settings have been applied.

## 4.2 Image Settings

### 4.2.1 Codec

The Codec page allows you to configure the video streams for the camera. You can optionally configure a secondary or third stream to a resolution as required by your third-party device or software.

Basic Settings	
Camera Name:	Megapixel IP cam
Primary Stream:	Codec: H264 ▼
	Resolution: 1080P ▼ (1920x1080)
	Bit Rate: 8000 kbps (500~8000)
	Frame Rate: 30 ▼ FPS
	I-frame Interval: 1 ▼ S
Secondary Stream:	Codec: OFF ▼
	Resolution: ... ▼
	Bit Rate: 4000 Kbps (500~4000)
	Frame Rate: 30 ▼ FPS
	I-frame Interval: 1 ▼ S
Third Stream:	Codec: MJPEG ▼
	Resolution: VGA ▼ (640x480)
Mirror:	OFF ▼
Rate Control:	VBR ▼
TV Out Stream:	ON ▼
<input type="button" value="Save"/>	

\* The figure above is an example for web interface introduction purposes. Options within each item may differ slightly among series products.

## Camera Name Settings

- Enter a descriptive name of the camera. Note that if you want to make the camera ONVIF compliant (see **Network > ONVIF** ), no space is allowed in the camera name.

## H.264 Codec Settings

- **Resolution:** Click the drop-down menu to choose a resolution for the video.
- **Bit Rate:** According to your bandwidth, specify a value for data transmission rate (kbps). Higher value gets higher video quality but consumes more bandwidth.
- **Frame Rate:** Choose the intended frame rate, i.e., the number of frames to transmit per second.
- **I-frame Interval:** While keeping the same frame rate, you can specify longer I-frame interval to achieve reduced bit rate, optimized bandwidth consumption and minimized storage space consumption. Generally, it's recommended setting longer interval for less motion and sufficient lighting conditions, and shorter interval for scenes with lots of motion and low lighting conditions. Click the drop-down menu to select options including 1/2, 1, 2, 3, 4 seconds.

## MPEG4 Codec Settings

- **Resolution:** Click the drop-down menu to choose a resolution for the video.
- **Bit Rate:** According to your bandwidth, specify a value for data transmission rate (kbps). Higher value gets higher video quality but consumes more bandwidth.
- **Frame Rate:** Choose the intended frame rate, i.e., the number of frames to transmit per second.
- **I-frame Interval:** While keeping the same frame rate, you can specify longer I-frame interval to achieve reduced bit rate, optimized bandwidth consumption and minimized storage space consumption. Generally, it's recommended setting longer interval for less motion and sufficient lighting conditions, and shorter interval for scenes with lots of motion and low lighting conditions. Click the drop-down menu to select options including 1/2, 1, 2, 3, 4 seconds.

## MJPEG Codec Settings

- **Resolution:** Click the drop-down menu to choose a resolution for the video.
- **Quality:** Set the image's quality as High, Normal or Low.
- **Frame Rate:** Choose the intended frame rate, i.e., the number of frames to transmit per second.



Note

1. Live View uses the MJPEG codec. If no streaming is using MJPEG, it will result in no video for Live View.

### Codec

No JPEG Codec! Please choose a suitable codec mode on Setup->Image->Codec page.

2. If MJPEG is selected for both the primary stream and the third stream, Live View will always display video using the third stream codec settings.

Refer to the tables below for selectable codec types for each streaming:

Streaming Combination					
Primary		Secondary		Third	
Codec	Resolution	Codec	Resolution	Codec	Resolution
MJPEG	1080P	OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF		
	SXVGA 720P XGA SVGA D1	OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
MPEG4	1080P	OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
	SXVGA 720P XGA SVGA D1	OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
H264	1080P	OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF CIF	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
	SXVGA 720P XGA SVGA D1	OFF	N/A	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA CIF
		H264 MPEG4	D1 VGA 2CIF	OFF	N/A
				MJPEG	VGA



## Mirror Settings

This option allows you to mirror or flip the video image if required.

- **OFF:** Turns off this function.
- **HORIZONTAL:** Flips the images horizontally.
- **VERTICAL:** Flips the images vertically.
- **BOTH:** Flips the images vertically and horizontally.

## Rate Control

Choose a bit rate control to manage your bandwidth usage.

- **Variable Bit Rate (VBR):** VBR keeps the video stream quality as constant as possible by varying bit rate. This mode ensures high quality image for motion scene and is often selected when image quality demands priority. However, this mode requires more bandwidth in order to vary the bit rate.
- **Constant Bit Rate (CBR):** CBR maintains a specific and constant bit rate by varying the stream quality. With CBR, streaming is smooth and network throughput is stable for any scene. This mode is typically used with a limited bandwidth environment.

## TV Output Stream

Turn on this option if you connect the camera's **BNC** connector to an analog monitor for video output.

- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.2.2 Exposure

The Exposure page allows you to configure the exposure settings, the exposure settings under auto iris mode, and the backlight compensation settings to meet the image quality requirements in relation to lighting and other considerations.

### Exposure Mode

Choose among Auto Exposure, Manual Exposure, or Auto IRIS Mode to configure the exposure settings. When one is selected, the other two will not be configurable.

**Exposure Mode**

☒ **Auto Exposure**

Method: Center weighted

EV: 0

Max Exposure: 1/3.125

Min Exposure: Unlimited

Sensitivity: 10

Max. Gain: Default

☐ **Manual Exposure**

Exposure Time: 1/30.00 Sec (1/3.75~1/10000)

Gain: 0

## Auto Exposure Settings

- **Method:** Select which area of the image will be used to measure the amount of light to achieve best exposure.
  - **Center Weighted:** Exposure metering is averaged over the entire frame but emphasis is placed on the central area.
  - **Object Targeted:** This option meters the exposure based on the targets you specify. When this option is selected, define your target by clicking squares displayed on the image and then press **Save Spot Window** to save the setting.
- **EV:** In a scene with predominantly light or dark areas, the image will be underexposed or overexposed, causing an image to be too dark or bright. In such situations, you can adjust a compensation value to optimize the exposure. Decrease the value if images appear too light (overexposed). Increase the value if images are too dark (underexposed).
- **Max/Min. Exp:** Select the maximum / minimum exposure time according to the light source. The selectable value will change according to the frequency setting under **Image > Basic Settings**.
- **Sensitivity:** Select how sensitive the camera reacts to the light. A higher value enables the camera to be more sensitive to the light conditions and adjust the exposure in the shortest time interval.
- **Max Gain:** Specify the maximum amount of amplification applied to the image. A high level of gain allows images to be viewable in very low light, but will increase the image noise.

## Manual Exposure Settings

- **Exposure Time:** Enter a desired exposure time.
- **Gain:** Select a gain value from 0 to 16. A high level of gain allows images to be viewable in very low light, but will increase image noise.

## Auto IRIS Mode

Select Auto IRIS Mode to configure the exposure settings with the auto iris control enabled.

☒ Auto IRIS Mode

Method: Center weighted ▾

EV: 0 ▾

Convergence Speed: Mid ▾

Shutter Settings:

☒ Slow Shutter: 1/3.125 ▾

☐ Manual Exposure Time: 1/ 30.000 Sec (1/3.125~1/10000)

Gain Settings:

☒ Max. Gain: Default ▾

☐ Manual Gain: 0 ▾

- **Method:** Select which area of the image will be used to measure the amount of light to achieve best exposure.
  - **Center Weighted:** Exposure metering is averaged over the entire frame but the emphasis is placed on the central area.
  - **Object Targeted:** Define your target by clicking squares displayed on the image and then press **Save Spot Window** to save the setting.
- **EV:** Decrease the value if images appear too light (overexposed). Increase the value if images are too dark (underexposed).
- **Convergence Speed:** Select the lens' convergence speed from the drop-down list. Higher the convergence speed, the faster the lens iris opening responds to changes in light levels.

#### Shutter Settings:

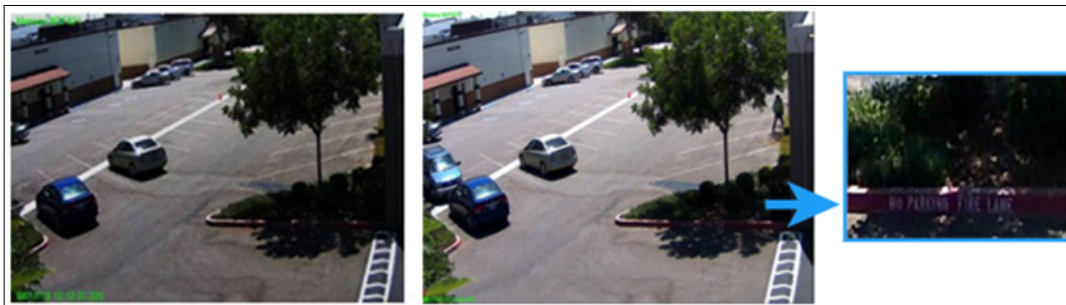
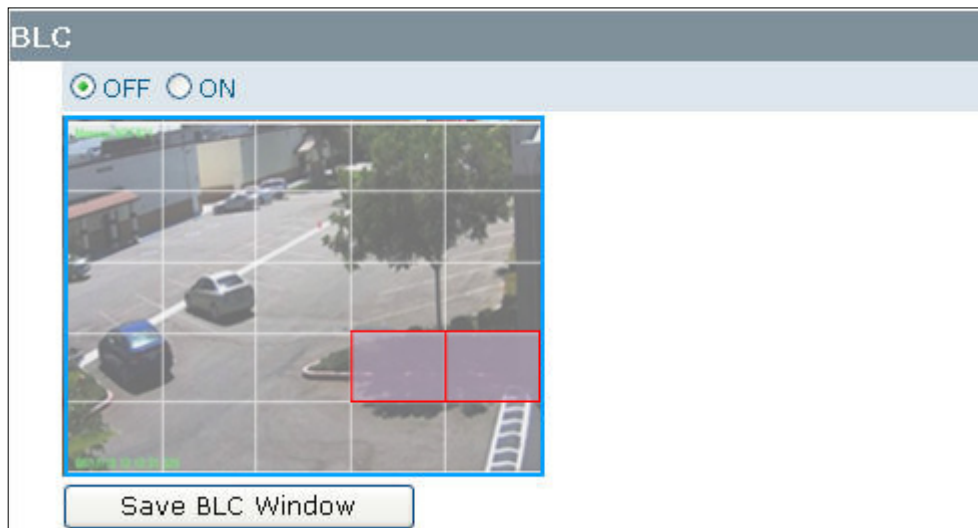
- **Slow Shutter:** Set the exposure time from a set of fixed shutter speeds.
- **Manual Exposure Time:** Manually input a desired exposure time.

#### Gain Settings:

- **Max. Gain:** Specify the maximum amount of amplification applied to the image. A high level of gain allows images to be viewable in very low light, but will increase the image noise.
- **Manual Gain:** Select a gain value from 0 to 16.

## BLC (Backlight Compensation)

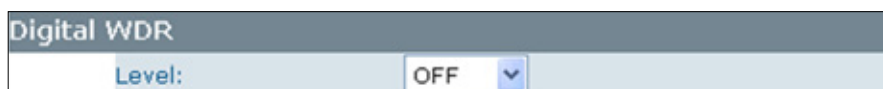
The **Backlight Compensation** function allows you to provide the optimal exposure of subjects under back light circumstances.



- **OFF/ON:** Choose to enable or disable the BLC function.
- **BLC area setting:** BLC area refers to the dark area where more details are expected. Define your BLC area by clicking squares displayed on the screen and then click Save BLC Window to save the setting.

## Digital Wide Dynamic Range


When there are both very bright and very dark areas simultaneously in the field of view, you can enable Digital Wide Dynamic Range (WDR) function. It optimizes an image to ensure that dark areas are more visible while retaining details in bright areas.



- **Level:** Depending on the contrast/dynamic range of a scene, you can select different level of WDR. Higher level of WDR suits for higher contrast/dynamic scene. If you select Auto mode, the camera will automatically adjust the WDR level by itself depending on the scene.

## 4.2.3 White Balance

### White Balance



#### White Balance Mode

☒ **Auto White Balance**  
 Sensitivity

☐ **Manual White Balance**  
 R Gain  (0.4~4.0)  
 G Gain  (0.4~4.0)  
 B Gain  (0.4~4.0)


Select a white balance mode according to external light condition for the best color temperature.

- **Auto White Balance:** Use this option when there is no special lighting in the environment. The camera will automatically adjust the color temperature according to the light conditions and the sensitivity you specify. The higher the sensitivity, the faster the adjustment. If the lighting conditions change frequently, select a lower sensitivity to prevent the camera from frequently changing white balance.
- **Manual White Balance:** With any special light in the environment, you can use this option to manually adjust the red, green and blue channels, which are mostly affected by the special light. For example, if red color is too bright, then you should lower the R Gain value.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.2.4 Basic Settings

The **Basic Setting** allows you to specify a frequency and adjust the basic image settings to optimize your video image.

Basic Settings



Basic Setting

Frequency	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 50 Hz <input type="radio"/> 60Hz
TV System	<input type="radio"/> NTSC <input checked="" type="radio"/> PAL
Brightness	<input type="button" value="&lt;"/> 128 <input type="button" value="&gt;"/> (0-255)
Contrast	<input type="button" value="&lt;"/> 128 <input type="button" value="&gt;"/> (0-255)
Saturation	<input type="button" value="&lt;"/> 128 <input type="button" value="&gt;"/> (0-255)
Sharpness	<input type="button" value="&lt;"/> 128 <input type="button" value="&gt;"/> (0-255)

Default All Image Parameters.

Save

- **Frequency:** Select an appropriate frequency to reduce the flicker on the image. "50 Hz" and "60 Hz" are provided. Frequencies settings will affect the **Max. Exposure** and **Min. Exposure** settings under **Image > Exposure**.
- **TV System:** Displays the current video standard: NTSC or PAL. This setting cannot be changed via web interface.
- **Brightness:** Adjust the image brightness level.
- **Contrast:** Adjust the image contrast level.
- **Saturation:** Adjust the image saturation level.
- **Sharpness:** Adjust the image sharpness level.
- **Default All Image Parameters:** Click this button to restore all the image settings to the defaults.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.2.5 Smart Encoding

On the **Smart Encoding** page you can specify a specific region of the video as more important, i.e., a region of interest (ROI). When a ROI is specified, the camera will assign a higher number of bits to the ROI area to deliver better video quality than non-ROI areas.



Note

The Smart Encoding function is only available when H.264 is selected for one of the streams.

### Smart Encoding

Save Window

#### Basic Settings

Smart Encoding	Mode	OFF
	Level	Low

Save

### Basic Setting

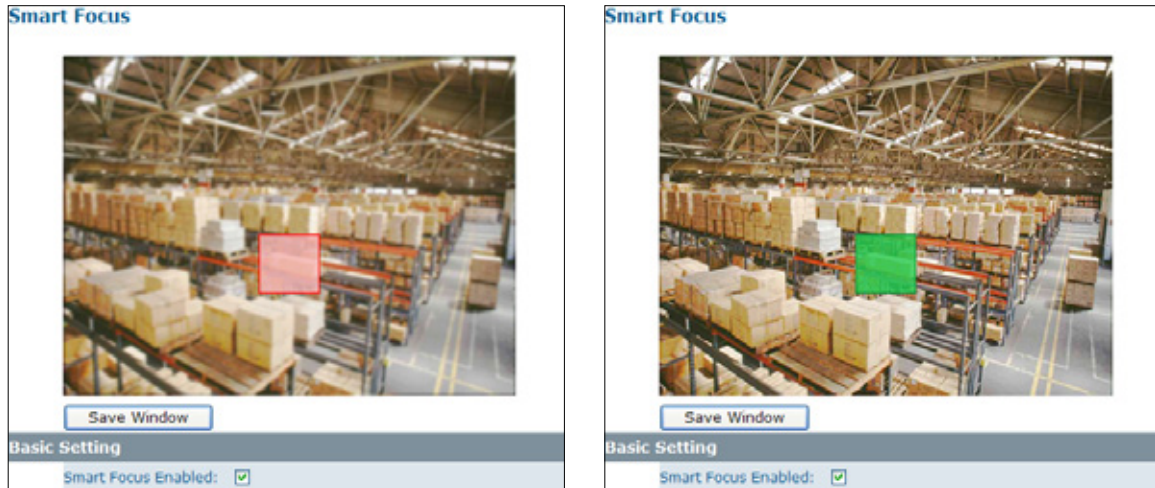
To define a smart encoding area, click and drag your mouse on the image to define the region of interest and click **Save Window** to save the region. Click anywhere on the image to cancel the current defined area.

- **Mode:** Select **Fixed ROI** to enable smart encoding function.
- **Priority:** Select a priority level for the ROI.



## 4.2.6 Smart Focus

In addition to observing the live view image to see if focus is achieved, you can also enable **Smart Focus** to help you verify if focus is locked. If this function is enabled, whenever focus is achieved, the focus window turns green.



## Basic Settings

To focus on a desired subject using the Smart Focus function:

1. Click on the subject that you want to focus on and then click **Save Window**.
2. Check the **Smart Focus Enabled** box. This will turn the smart focus indicator to red.
3. Use the focal length and focus controls to optimize the focus. When focus is achieved, the indicator turns green.

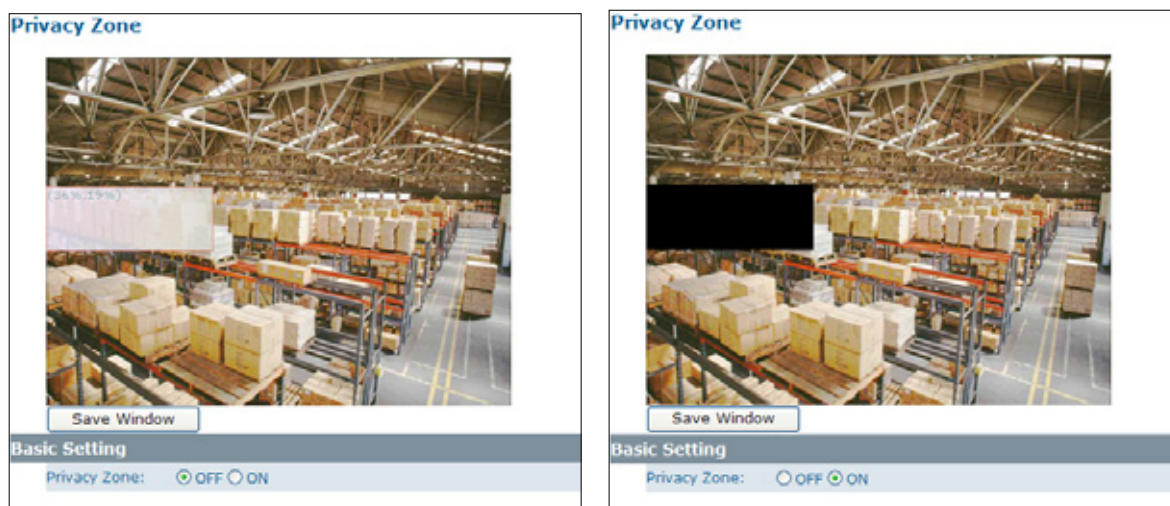


## 4.2.7 Privacy Zone

**Privacy Zone** allows you to mask sensitive areas of the image for privacy protection. If enabled, it will mask the live view and the recorded video clips/JPEG files.

To turn on the privacy zone function:

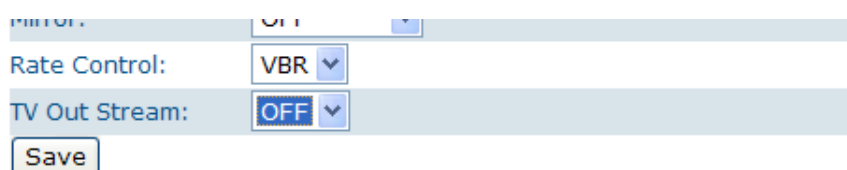
1. Click and drag your mouse on the image to define the region to be masked and then click **Save Window**.
2. Select **ON** to enable **Privacy Zone**. This will turn the masked area to black.



## 4.2.8 ePTZ

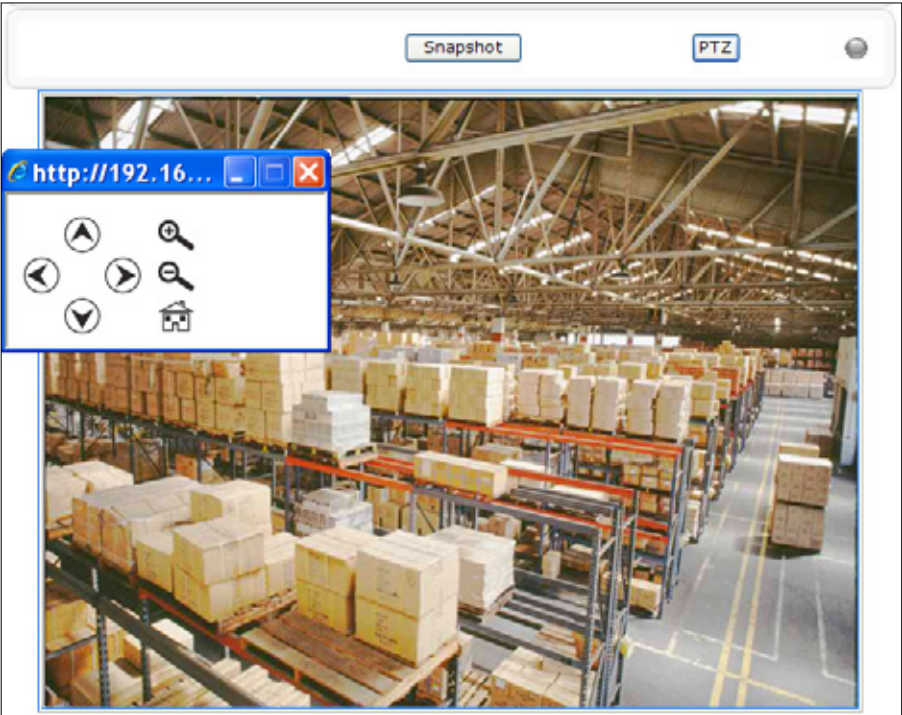
With the ePTZ function, you can use the pan, tilt and zoom controls to steer the camera to a desired position and focus on desired close-up areas, without moving the camera physically.

Before using the ePTZ function, make sure the **TV Out Stream** is set to **OFF**. Please refer to the **Image > Codec** page.



On the main screen, a **PTZ** button appears. After you click the **PTZ** button, an ePTZ control panel will show up where you can click the corresponding indicators to perform desired operations:

- **To zoom in/out:** Click the +/- indicator repeatedly to zoom in/out the live view image.
- **To pan left/right:** Click the left/right indicator to pan the viewing area. The pan function does not work if the video is not zoomed-in (no zoom status).
- **To tilt up/down:** Click the up/down indicator to tilt the viewing area. The tilt function does not work if the video is not zoomed-in (no zoom status).
- **To preset to home:** Click the home indicator and the image will return to the original view.



## 4.3 Network

### 4.3.1 Basic

Basic	
Basic Setting	
<input type="checkbox"/> DHCP	
IP Address:	192.168.1.30
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	192.168.1.1
DNS:	168.95.1.1
HTTP Port:	80 [80, 1025~65535]
MAC:	00:0b:67:00:d9:e5
<input type="button" value="Save"/>	

- **DHCP:** If there is a DHCP server on the network and you enable this option, the server will automatically assign an IP address and related information to the camera.



Note

If there is no DHCP server on your network or you prefer to manually assign an IP address to the camera, leave the DHCP checkbox blank.

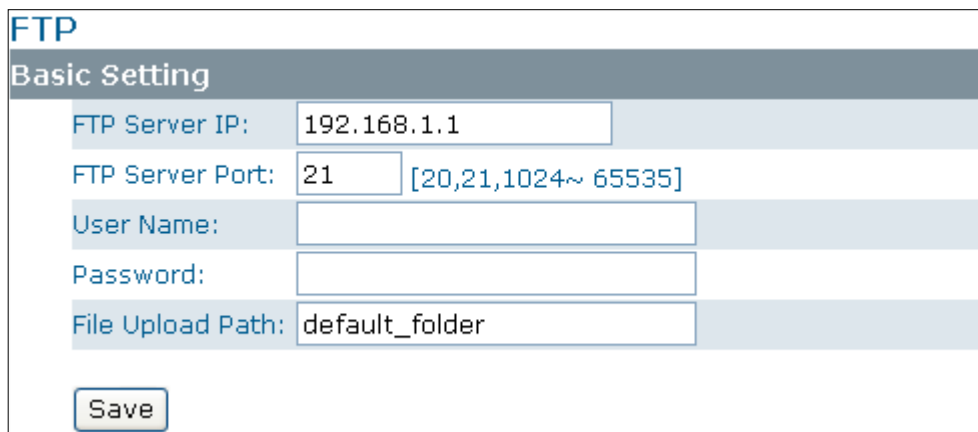
- **IP Address & Subnet Mask:** If the DHCP function is not enabled, you have to assign an IP address with the subnet mask to the camera.
- **Default Gateway:** Enter the IP address of the gateway if required. Please contact your network administrator whether you need to set up the gateway.
- **DNS:** Enter the IP address of a DNS server. If you enter a domain name instead of an IP address in server-related fields, e.g., FTP, SMTP or NTP server, then the camera will need a DNS server to translate domain names into an IP address that is actually used for communication on the Internet.
- **HTTP Port:** Use the standard HTTP port number 80 or alternatively specify another port number between 1025 and 65535.

If you choose to use a non-standard port, and the camera on the LAN is to be accessible from the Internet, then you must configure your router/firewall to forward incoming HTTP request to that specified port (via NAT/port forwarding settings).

- **MAC:** Display the MAC address of the camera. Each camera comes with a unique MAC address, which is indicated on the product label. It helps you to identify which camera is currently accessed, particularly when multiple cameras are connected to your network.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.3.2 FTP

To allow the camera to upload recorded video clips/JPEG files to an FTP server, you have to specify an FTP server and configure related settings.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "FTP" with a sub-section "Basic Setting". It contains five input fields: "FTP Server IP:" with the value "192.168.1.1", "FTP Server Port:" with the value "21" and a range "[20,21,1024~ 65535]" to its right, "User Name:" (empty), "Password:" (empty), and "File Upload Path:" with the value "default\_folder". A "Save" button is located at the bottom left of the form.

- **FTP Server IP:** Enter the IP address of the FTP server.
- **FTP Server Port:** Enter the port number of the FTP server.
- **User Name:** Enter the user name to logon to the FTP server.
- **Password:** Enter the password to logon to the FTP server.
- **File Upload Path:** Specify the folder which has been created under FTP server root directory.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

### 4.3.3 SMTP

To enable the camera to send you email notifications when an alarm is triggered, you need to specify an SMTP server to send the emails.

- **My Server Requires Authorization:** If your SMTP server requires authorization to send emails, enable this option.
- **SMTP Server IP:** Enter the IP address of the SMTP server.
- **User Name:** Enter the user name to log on to the SMTP server.
- **Password:** Enter the password to log on to the SMTP server.
- **Sender:** Enter the email address to be shown as the sender of the notification email.
- **Receiver:** Enter the email address to which the notification email is sent.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

### 4.3.4 NTP

If you want the camera to synchronize its time clock with an NTP (Network Time Protocol) sever, configure the NTP server settings here.

- **NTP Server:** Enter the IP address or the domain name of the NTP server to synchronize with.
- **Time Zone:** Select a time zone in which the camera is located.

- **DST:** Tick the **Automatically Adjust for Daylight Saving Time Changes** check box to apply the daylight saving time and users are supposed to configure the start/end time period by clicking the drop-down menus respectively.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

### 4.3.5 RTSP

RTSP is a standard for establishing and controlling sessions for streaming data over the web. If you want to allow third-party devices or software to access video/audio streams from the IP camera over the network, you must configure the RTSP ports. You can provide up to 6 streams according to the specific codec mode with different RTSP port. And when finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

**RTSP**

RTSP Port Setting		
Stream 1:	<input type="text" value="8555"/>	MJPEG/Primary
Stream 2:	<input type="text" value="554"/>	MPEG4/Primary
Stream 3:	<input type="text" value="8554"/>	MPEG4/Secondary
Stream 4:	<input type="text" value="8558"/>	MJPEG/Third
Stream 5:	<input type="text" value="8556"/>	H.264/Secondary
Stream 6:	<input type="text" value="8557"/>	H.264/Primary
Port Value Range:(554~65535)		
<input type="button" value="Save"/>		

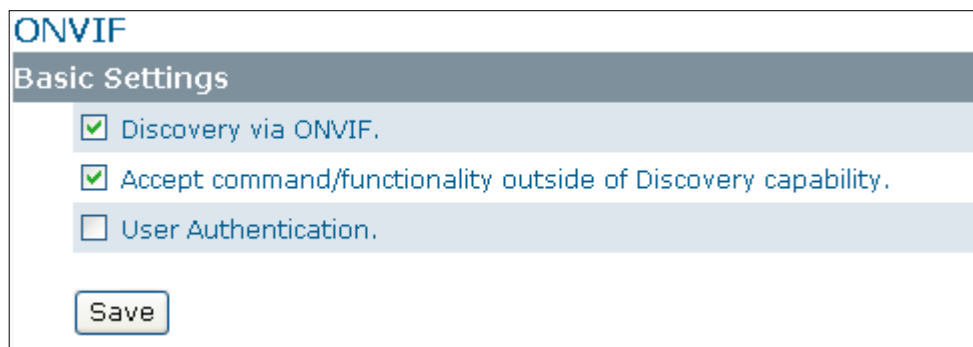
To use an RTSP player to access the camera's streams, you have to use correct RTSP URL to request the streams. Refer to the table below for RTSP URLs:

Stream	URL
MJPEG Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8555/mjpeg
MJPEG Third	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8558/mjpeg
H.264 Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8557/h264
H.264 Secondary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8556/h264
MPEG4 Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:554/mpeg4
MPEG4 Secondary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8554/mpeg4

\*Replace the IP address and the port number with the camera's settings if otherwise configured.

## 4.3.6 ONVIF

ONVIF is a standard that ensures interoperability between IP-based physical security products regardless of the manufacturers. This camera is ONVIF compliant and you can configure whether the camera can be found by other ONVIF compliant products and the related settings.

The screenshot shows a web interface for ONVIF settings. At the top, the word "ONVIF" is displayed in a large, bold, blue font. Below it, the title "Basic Settings" is shown in a smaller, bold, blue font. The settings are listed in a light blue box with a white border. There are three items, each with a checkbox and a label: "Discovery via ONVIF." (checked), "Accept command/functionality outside of Discovery capability." (checked), and "User Authentication." (unchecked). At the bottom of the settings box is a "Save" button with a blue border and white text.

### Basic Settings

- **Discovery via ONVIF:** Check the box if you want the camera to be found by other ONVIF compliant devices in a network, e.g., an ONVIF compliant NVR.
- **Accept command/functionality outside of Discovery capability:** If checked, the camera is allowed to accept commands from ONVIF compliant device thus changing the camera's functionality.
- **User Authentication:** If an ONVIF compliant device needs authentication for communication, enable this option.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.4 System

### 4.4.1 Date and Time

#### Date & Time

##### Current Time

Date: 2011-3-10 Time: 08:57:49

##### New Time

☐ Set Manually

Date: 2011-3-23 Time: 21:4:9

☐ Synchronize with Computer Timer

Date: 2011-3-23 Time: 21:05:28

☐ Synchronize with NTP Server

NTP Server: tw.pool.ntp.org

Time Zone: GMT+08 Taipei, Beijing, Hong Kong

Date Format: YYYY/MM/DD ▼

Save

#### Current Time

Displays the current date and time of the camera. Date and time will be updated after you configure new settings in the **New Time** section and click **Save** to apply the settings.

#### New Time

You can set the camera time by one of the following methods:

- **Set Manually:** Manually enter the camera's date and time settings in the given fields.
- **Synchronize with Computer Timer:** Use this option to synchronize the camera's date and time with the computer timer.
- **Synchronize with NTP Server:** Use this option to synchronize the camera's date and time with an NTP (Network Time Protocol) server, which can be configured under **Network > NTP**.
- **Date Format:** Allows you to specify a desired date format.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.



## 4.4.2 Time Stamp

The **Time Stamp** function allows you to overlay the date and time stamp on the video. When enabled, the recorded video will be displayed with the date and the time.

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration window titled "Time Stamp". Inside, there is a checkbox labeled "Enable Date and Time Stamp". Below it is a "Date Format" dropdown menu currently set to "YYYY/MM/DD". At the bottom of the window is a "Save" button.

- **Enable Date and Time Stamp:** Check this box to enable the date and time stamp on images/video clips; to disable this function, uncheck the box.
- **Date Format:** Select the desired date format for the time stamp.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.4.3 Firmware

The screenshot displays the "Firmware" configuration page. It has a header "Firmware" and a section "Current Version Description" showing "Kernel Version: Linux version 2.6.18\_v1.5.1\_MS03" and "App Version: AP\_01-00-62-02\_MS03". Below this is a section "Specify the Firmware to Update:" with a text input field and a "Browse..." button. There is an "Update" button. A note states: "Note: Do not disconnect the power of the device, during the update." At the bottom, there are three buttons: "Restart Camera", "Factory Default", and "Hard Factory Default". To the left of these buttons, red text warnings are displayed: "!!Restart Camera will cause disconnect.", "!!Reset all of the camera parameters to default except Network..", and "!!Reset all of the camera parameters to default."

**Current Version Description:** Displays the current version of the firmware.

**Specify the Firmware to Update:** This function is designed to update the firmware of the camera. To perform the firmware upgrade, follow these parameters:

- Keep the network connected during the update process.
- DO NOT turn off or restart the camera during the firmware update process.

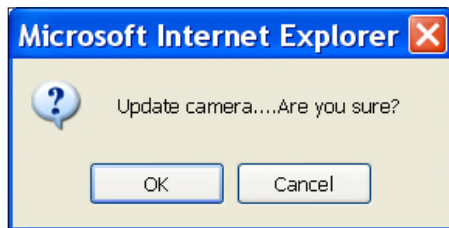
To update the firmware:

1. Click the **Browse** button to locate the firmware file.

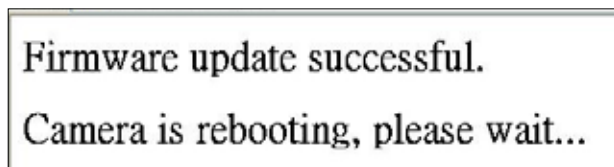
#### 4. Web-based Interface

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2. Click the **Update** button to start update.
3. When prompted, click **OK** to proceed.



4. Wait about 20~60 seconds until the file is successfully updated. Once the update is completed, the browser will show a message reads "Firmware update successful". Then it will take 60 seconds to restart the camera.



5. The utility will automatically go back to live view screen after firmware has been updated successfully.

You can also perform these tasks on the **Firmware** page:

- **Restart Camera:** Restart the camera. This will cause all streams to disconnect.
- **Factory Default:** Reset all of the camera settings to the defaults, except network settings. After you confirm to reset, the parameters will be reset and the camera restarts automatically. When completed, you will return to the live view page.
- **Hardware Factory Default:** Reset all of the camera parameters to the defaults, including the network settings.

## 4.4.4 User Management

The **User Management** page allows you to manage user accounts and access privileges.

**User Management**

**User List**

admin:[Admin]
---------------

**Delete User**

**Add/Modify User**

User Name:

Password:

Confirm:

Authority: ☐ Admin ☒ Viewer

**Add/Modify User**

### User List

Displays the list of current user accounts of the camera. To delete a user account, select the unwanted user account from the list and then click **Delete User**.

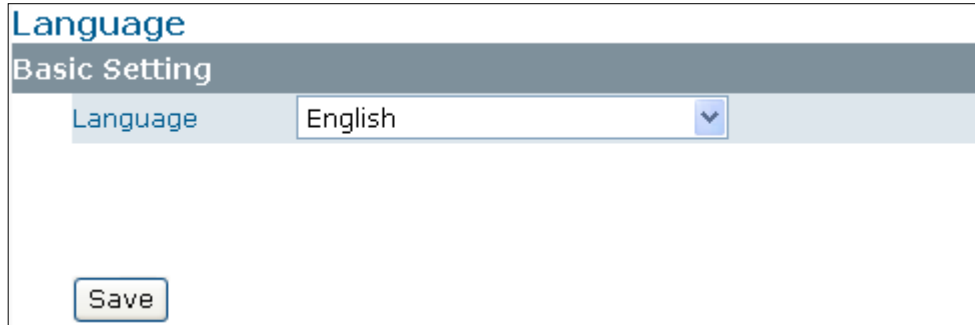
### Add/Modify User

You can add a new user or modify current users' account or authority.

- To add a new user, enter the user name and password and specify the authority. Then click **Add/Modify User** to add a user.
- To modify the password of an existing user, enter the user name and modify the password. Then click the **Add/Modify User** button.
- Two types of account can be specified:
  - **Admin (Administrator):** Can access all camera functions, pages and change configurations.
  - **Viewer (Guest):** Can only access the live view page and take snapshots.

## 4.4.5 Language

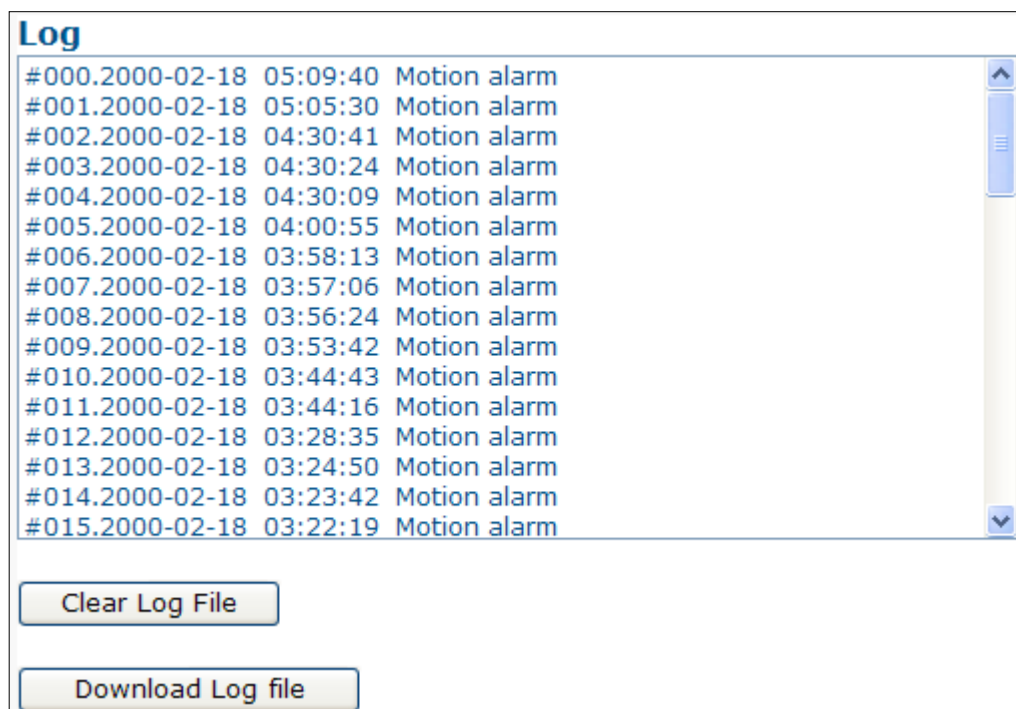
The **Language** drop-down menu allows you to change the language of the web interface. Supported languages include English, Spanish, Italian, Simplified Chinese and Traditional Chinese. Click **Save** to apply the language setting, and the browser will automatically refresh to reflect the change.



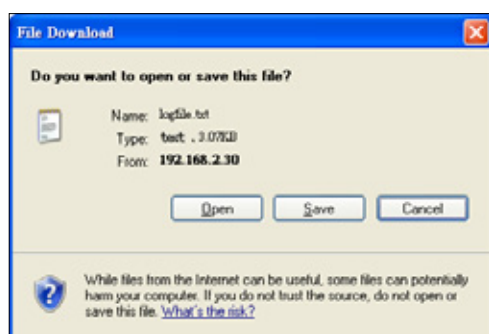
The screenshot shows a web-based settings interface. At the top, the word "Language" is displayed in a blue font. Below it, a dark grey header bar contains the text "Basic Setting". Under this header, there is a light blue horizontal bar. On the left side of this bar is the label "Language", and on the right is a drop-down menu showing "English" with a small blue downward arrow button. At the bottom left of the settings area, there is a rectangular button with the text "Save".

## 4.4.6 Log

This page displays detailed information about the camera's operations and activities, including all the login and alarm records.



- **Clear Log File:** Click the button to clear the log cache.
- **Download Log File:** Click the button to save the current log into a text file. When a dialog window shows up, click the **Save** button to locate the directory where the logfile.txt is to be stored.



## 4.4.7 Audio

### Audio

Audio Receiving

☒ OFF
 ☐ ON

Audio Receiving Volume

2 ▾

Audio Playing

☒ OFF
 ☐ ON

Audio Playing Volume

2 ▾

Save

**Note:**

- 1.Audio receiving means a PC or other devices may receive the audio transmitted from Camera through audio input jack.
- 2.Audio playing means Camera may play the audio or soundtrack transmitted from a PC or other devices through the audio output jack.
- 3.Camera may play the default siren sound once an alarm is triggered.
- 4.Each audio function is only activated in Live view mode.

- **Audio Receiving:** If a microphone is connected to the camera, you can select **ON** to allow the camera to record the audio and transmit to your PC. This enables the camera to pick up sounds in the background.
- **Audio Receiving Volume:** Allows you to adjust the audio recording volume of the camera ranging from 1 to 4.
- **Audio Playing:** If a speaker is connected to the camera, you can select **ON** to allow the camera to play the audio transmitted from your PC. This enables you to speak to the person(s) around the camera.
- **Audio Playing Volume:** Allows you to adjust the audio playing volume of the camera ranging from 1 to 4.

## Using the two-way audio function

Note that the two-way audio function is **only active in the live view page** using the web browser. To use the two-way audio function:

1. Make sure a speaker is connected to the **Audio Out** port and a microphone is connected to the **Audio In** port of the camera.
2. Enter **System > Audio** and enable both the **Audio Receiving** and **Audio Playing** functions. Then adjust the audio volume to the desired level.

To access the two-way audio streams:

1. Make sure your computer is connected to a microphone and speaker. Enter the **live view page** of the web-based utility.
2. Speak into the microphone and the person(s) around the camera should hear your voice.
3. When people around the camera are talking to you, you should hear them from the speaker that is connected to the computer.

## 4.5 Event

When an event occurs, it triggers an alarm and the camera will take a pre-defined action, e.g. sending a recorded video clip or JPEG files to a designated server. With this camera, an event can be triggered by the camera's detection mechanism.

### 4.5.1 Motion Detection

When the **Motion Detection** is enabled, the camera detects motion under a pre-specified condition within a designated area. When motion is detected, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.



Note

Keep the conditions below in mind when you use the motion detection function. Please refer to the **Codec** section.

- You must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams to enable the live view.
- You must select H.264 or MPEG4 codec for one of the streams to process the motion detection.

**Motion Detection**

**Configuration**

Motion Sensitivity: Highest (Customized Threshold [1~100])

50

Save

**Motion Area Setting**

Save Motion Area

**Action**

☒ OFF ☐ FTP ☐ SMTP ☐ SD Card

Save

### Configuration

- **Motion Sensitivity:** Specify the sensitivity to moving objects before the camera triggers an alarm. The higher the sensitivity, the slighter the movement is required to set off an alarm. You can alternatively select **User Define** and enter a value from 1 to 100 in the **Customized Threshold** field. When the motion within a specified area exceeds the threshold, an alarm will be triggered.

Select the **OFF** radio button to disable motion detection

## Motion Area Setting

- **Motion area setting:** Click target squares displayed on the screen to define detection areas; once configured, click **Save Motion Area** to save the settings.

## Action

Specify the action to be taken when an alarm is triggered upon motion detection:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **FTP:** Recorded video clips/JPEG files will be uploaded to the FTP server when alarm is triggered.
- **SMTP:** Notification email with the recorded JPEG files attached will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.

## 4.5.2 External Alarms

If external alarm devices, e.g., sensors and alarms, are connected to the camera's alarm input/output, the following settings must be made:

External Alarms		
Configuration		
	Setting	Level
Alarm In1	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
Alarm In2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
Alarm Out	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
Action		
Alarm In1	<input checked="" type="radio"/> OFF <input type="radio"/> FTP <input type="radio"/> SMTP <input type="radio"/> SD Card	
Alarm In2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> OFF <input type="radio"/> FTP <input type="radio"/> SMTP <input type="radio"/> SD Card	

## Configuration

- **Setting:** Enable the Alarm I/O that is connected with the respective external alarm device.
- **Level:** Set the (electricity) current as low or high to define the active state.

## Action

Specify the action to be taken when external alarm is triggered:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **FTP:** Recorded video clips/JPEG files will be uploaded to the FTP server when alarm is triggered.
- **SMTP:** Notification email with the recorded JPEG files attached will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.



Note



To perform a video recording, you must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams.

### 4.5.3 Face Detection

With the **Face Detection** enabled, one or multiple square frames will cover the faces detected in the scene. You can specify a particular area by clicking and dragging your mouse, and then click the **Save Window** button. People's faces appearing within the area will be detected. Click the **Delete Window** button followed by clicking **Save** to remove the defined region.

**Face Detection**

Save Window Delete Window

**Basic Settings**

Face Detection ☐ Disable ☒ Enable

Detection Box ON ▾

Direction UP ▾

Threshold 4 ▾

Minsize 25 ▾

Priority Higher ▾

**Action**

☒ OFF ☐ FTP ☐ SMTP ☐ SD Card

Save

### Basic Settings

- **Face Detection:** Enable/Disable face detection. When the selected radio button is changed and the **Save** button is clicked, the camera may take around 25 seconds to restart while the web displaying the status being loading.
- **Detection Box:** Select **ON** to show square frames on the screen for the detected faces.
- **Direction:** Select the orientation of faces in the video stream. **UP** means the top of the face is generally in the up direction. The orientation may need to be adjusted when the camera is installed on its side or at an angle.
- **Threshold:** Select a face detection acceptance tolerance ranging from 0 to 9.
- **Minsize:** Select the minimum size of the detection box. Options include 20, 25, 32 and 40; smaller value means smaller faces in the distance can be detected.
- **Priority:** Select whether face regions have higher or lower encoding priority when the **Advanced Settings ROI** feature is applied.

## Action

Select the radio buttons for actions in response to the pictures saved to FTP server, SMTP server or SD card if a face detection alarm is triggered. **OFF** is set by default.

- **OFF:** No action will be taken (but an alarm is logged).
- **FTP:** Recorded AVI/JPEG files will be uploaded to an FTP server when the alarm is triggered.
- **SMTP:** Notification e-mail attached with the recorded JPEG files will be sent to a SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded AVI/JPEG files will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.

## 4.5.4 Blur Detection

With the **Blur Detection** enabled, when the camera detects incidents that make video image blur, e.g. redirection, blocking or defocusing, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.



Note

Note that to use the blur detection function, the following two conditions must be met:

- You must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams to enable the live view.
- You must select H.264 or MPEG4 codec for one of the streams to process the motion detection.

Blur Detection	
<b>Configuration</b>	
Blur Detection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
Sensitivity:	<input type="text" value="50"/> seconds (10~600)
<input type="button" value="Save"/>	
<b>Action</b>	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> OFF <input type="radio"/> FTP <input type="radio"/> SMTP <input type="radio"/> SD Card	
<input type="button" value="Save"/>	

## Configuration

- **Blur Detection:** Select **Enable** to enable Blur Detection; select **Disable** to disable this function.
- **Sensitivity:** You can alternatively customize the camera's sensitivity to a blur. The camera will judge whether it has been tampered based on the sensitivity threshold specified.

## Action

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **FTP:** Recorded video clips/JPEG files will be uploaded to the FTP server when alarm is triggered.
- **SMTP:** Notification email with the recorded JPEG files attached will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.

## 4.5.5 Audio Detection

With the **Audio Detection** enabled, when the camera detects any sound, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.

**Audio Detection**

**Configuration**

Audio Sensitivity : OFF ▼

Save

**Action**

☒ OFF ☐ FTP ☐ SMTP ☐ SD Card

Save

### Configuration

- **Audio Sensitivity:** Specify the camera's sensitivity level to the audio signal. The higher the sensitivity, the lower the volume is required to set off an alarm.

When set to **OFF**, the audio detection is disabled.

### Action

Specify the action to be taken when an alarm is triggered upon audio detection:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **FTP:** Recorded video clip will be uploaded to the FTP server when the alarm is triggered.
- **SMTP:** A notification email attached with the recorded video clip will be sent to the SMTP server.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clip will be saved to the SD card when the alarm is triggered.



Note

To perform a video recording, you must select MJPEG codec for one of the streams.

## 4.5.6 Ethernet Detection

With **Ethernet detection** enabled, when the camera detects an Ethernet disconnection, the camera will generate an alarm and then take a specified action.

**Ethernet Detection**

**Configuration**

Setting

Trigger an Alarm when Ethernet is Disconnected. ☒ Disable ☐ Enable

**Action**

☒ OFF ☐ SD Card

Save

### Configuration

- **Trigger an Alarm When Ethernet is Disconnected:** Select whether to disable/enable this function.

### Action

Specify the action to be taken when an alarm is triggered upon audio detection:

- **OFF:** No action will be taken, but an alarm will be logged.
- **SD Card:** Recorded video clips will be saved to the SD card in AVI format when the alarm is triggered.



Note

Regardless of your settings in **Recording > SD card**, when an Ethernet disconnection is triggered, the video clip recording will always be saved in AVI format.

## 4.5.7 Event Management

**Event Management**

**Basic Setting**

Alarm Duration 10 Second(s) ▼

Alarm Reset Reset

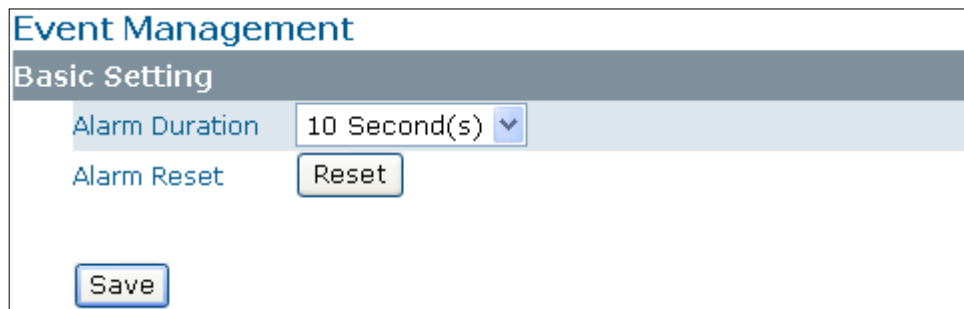
Save

### Basic Setting

- **Alarm Duration:** Specify the duration of the alarm when an event is triggered.

- **Alarm Reset:** Click this button to stop the current alarm and to restart event detection again.
- When finished, click Save to have the configuration take effect.

## 4.5.8 Event Management



The screenshot shows a web-based interface for 'Event Management'. It has a title bar 'Event Management' and a sub-section 'Basic Setting'. Under 'Basic Setting', there are two rows. The first row is 'Alarm Duration' with a dropdown menu showing '10 Second(s)'. The second row is 'Alarm Reset' with a 'Reset' button. At the bottom of the form is a 'Save' button.

### Basic Setting

- **Alarm Duration:** Specify the duration of the alarm when an event is triggered.
- **Alarm Reset:** Use this button to stop the current alarm and to restart event detection again.

## 4.6 Recording

Recording allows you to configure recording-related settings and schedule recording. The defaults are listed in the table below:

### 4.6.1 Settings – Video File

Configure the duration and format of video to be recorded when an alarm is triggered.

#### Video File

##### Basic

AVI Duration for FTP server:

10

Second(s)

AVI Duration for SD card:

10

Second(s)

AVI Format:

H264(D1)

Save

#### Basic Settings

- **AVI Duration for FTP Server:** Select recorded video duration in seconds for the FTP server.
- **AVI Duration for SD Card:** Select recorded video duration in seconds for the SD card.
- **AVI Format:** Select a desired video format. Available formats depend on the primary and the secondary streaming codec/resolution settings.

### 4.6.2 Settings – FTP

#### FTP

##### FTP Networking

FTP Server IP:

192.168.1.1

User Name:

File Upload Path:

default\_folder

##### Storage Setting

Number of files to upload:

5

(1~20)

File Format:

JPEG

Save

The number of files setting is just for JPEG.

## FTP Networking

Displays the current FTP settings, which are specified via **Network** > **FTP**.

## Storage Setting

- **Number of files to upload:** Enter the number of JPEG files to be uploaded to the FTP per event.
- **File Format:** Select the format in which to upload the recorded video file to the FTP server when an event has been triggered.
  - **JPEG files:** The camera will record specified number of JPEG files and upload to the FTP server.
  - **AVI files:** The camera will record AVI files and upload to the FTP sever. For the duration and AVI format, see **Recording** > **Setting** > **Video File**.

### 4.6.3 Settings – SMTP

SMTP

SMTP Networking

SMTP Server IP: 192.168.1.1

Email Address:

Storage Setting:

Attached File Numbers: 5 (1~20)

Attached File Format: JPEG

Save

1. The file number could be limited since the client's SMTP server may regulate & restrain the data volume from senders.

## SMTP Networking

Displays the current SMTP settings, which are specified via **Network** > **SMTP**.

## Storage Setting

- **Attached File Numbers:** Enter the number of JPEG images that will be attached to the notification email. Set a lower number if SMTP server has an email size limit.
- **Attached File Format:** In JPEG format always.

## 4.6.4 SD Card Storage Format Selection

**SD Card Storage Format Selection**

**Storage Setting**

File Format: JPEG ▾

Capacity: 15198(MB)

Usage: 0%

SD Card Format

Remove SD Card

SD Card Overwrite: ☐ OFF ☒ ON

Save

If you want SD card to recycle the capacity, please set up the overwrite function before the SD card starts recording. The overwrite function will not be activated during recording to SD card.

### Storage Setting

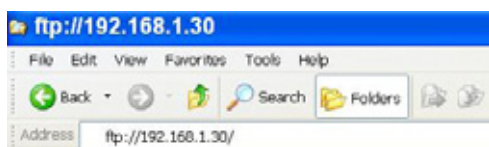
- **File Format:** Specify the format of the video/picture to be saved to the SD card when an event is triggered.
- **Capacity/Usage:** Shows the card capacity and the space usage percentage.
- **SD Card Format:** Use this button to format the SD card. This option is not available if an SD card has not been inserted in the camera.
- **Remove SD Card:** Click this button before safely removing the SD card. This option is not available if an SD card has not been inserted in the camera.
- **SD Card Overwrite:** Select **ON** to enable overwriting once the storage is full.

### Accessing SD Card



Note

Users can access the SD card via the FTP service by entering the FTP address (**ftp://192.168.1.30** by default) in the URL field of the web browser.



Then an FTP login window shows up asking for login ID and password. After filling in the login ID and password fields (defaults are **admin** and **1234** respectively), you can see the the FTP directory with successful login.

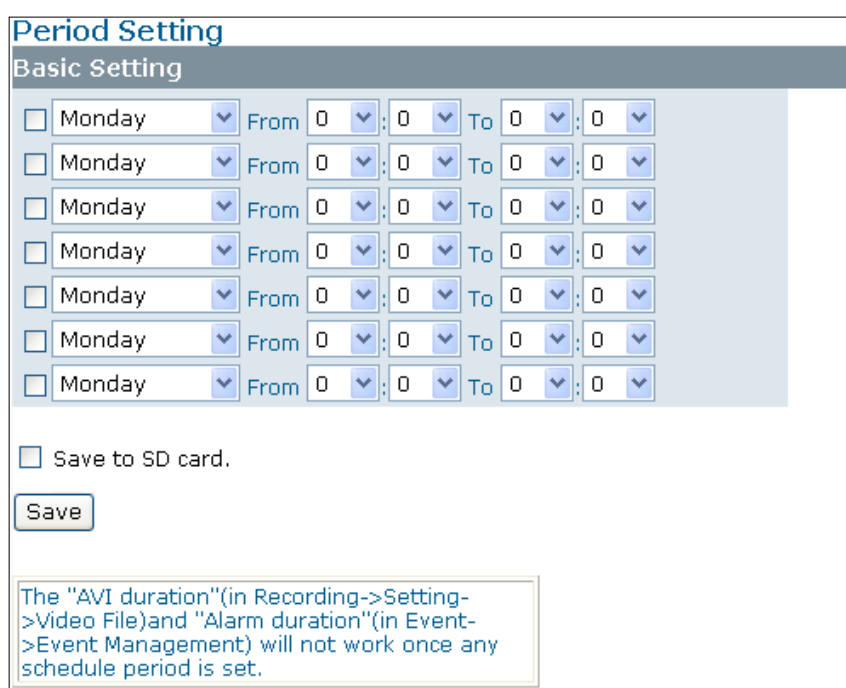




Besides, users can also just launch the **Windows Explorer** to access SD card. The same, users are supposed to enter the FTP address (**ftp://192.168.1.30** by default) in the address field and finish login process. Then you can directly get into the directory.

## 4.6.5 Period Setting

The Period Setting allows you to schedule video recordings at specified times. Set the automatic recording times by selecting the desired weekday and the period of time. Up to 7 scheduled recordings can be set. Check **Save to SD Card** should you wish to save the recorded video clips to the SD card.



Note

The scheduled recording always demands higher priority than the alarm-based recording. When a scheduled recording is proceeding, the alarm-based recording will be disabled but the alarms will be logged.

## 5. VLC Player for RTSP Streaming Access

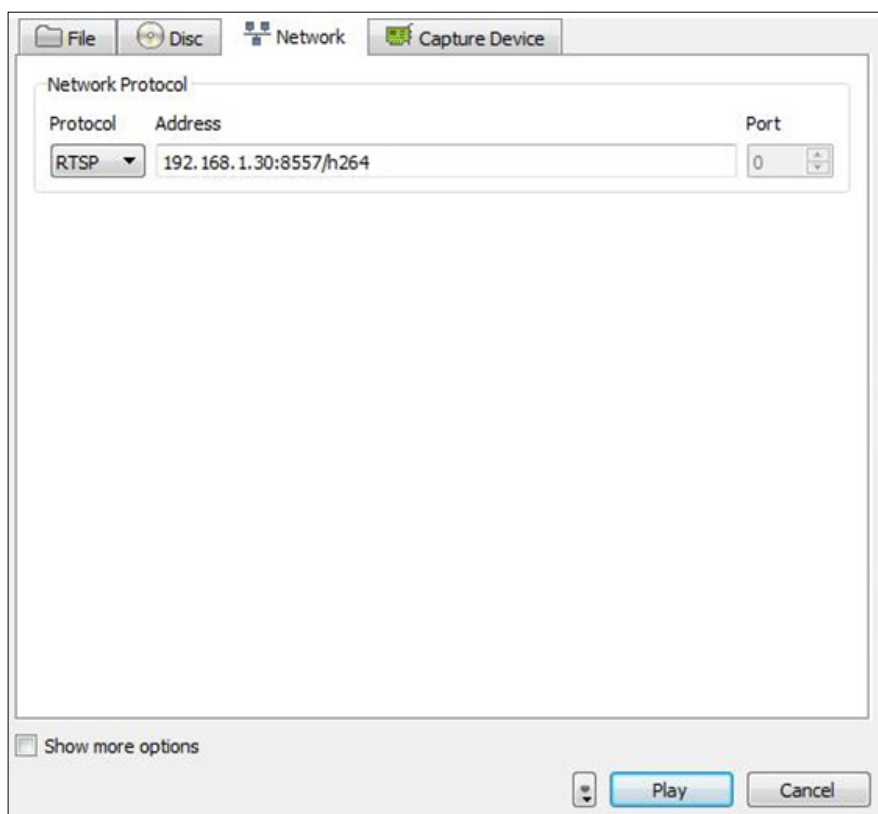


Note

- This information is provided for convenience only. We will not provide support for the installation or use of VLC software.
- The IP addresses used in the document are the default URLs and are provided for example purposes only. You will need to use an IP address that is appropriate for your network.

To use VLC player to view RTSP streaming, follow these steps to proceed:

1. Download and install VLC Player (version 1.0.5) from <http://www.videolan.org/vlc>.
2. Launch VLC Player.
3. Click Media \_Open Network Stream.
4. On the **Network** tab, choose **RTSP** from the **Protocol** menu.



5. In the **Address** field enter the IP address of the stream that you want to view.

The table below lists default URLs.

Stream	URL
MJPEG Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8555/mjpeg
MJPEG Third	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8558/mjpeg
H.264 Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8557/h264
H.264 Secondary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8556/h264
MPEG4 Primary	rtsp://192.168.1.30/mpeg4
MPEG4 Secondary	rtsp://192.168.1.30:8554/mpeg4

6. Click **Play** and you will see the image streaming.

