Airolinx®

Industrial Wireless Access Point

APN-200/APN-200P

User Manual

Version 1.4

aaxeon®

AAXEON TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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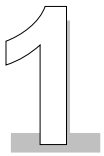


Getting to Know Your Access Point

1.1 About the APN-200 Access Point

APN-200/APN-200P is a reliable IEEE802.11b/g WLAN 2 LAN port Access Point. It can be configured to operate in AP/Bridge/Repeater mode. You can configure APN-200/APN-200P by a Windows Utility or WEB interface via LAN port or WLAN interface. APN-200/APN-200P provides dual Ethernet ports in switch mode, so you can Daisy Chain to reduce the usage of Ethernet switch ports. APN-200P also provides PD feature on ETH2 which is fully compliant with IEEE802.3af P.O.E. specification.

1.2 Software Features

- High Speed Air Connectivity: WLAN interface support up to 54Mbps link speed connection
- High Security Capability: WEP/WPA/WPA2/802.1X/Radius/TKIP supported
- Support AP/Bridge/Repeater Mode
- Switch Mode Supported: Daisy Chain support to reduce usage of switch ports
- Secure Management by HTTPS and SSH
- Event Warning by Syslog, Email, SNMP Trap, Relay and Beeper

1.3 Hardware Features

- Fully Compliant with IEEE802.3af (Power Device at ETH2, APN-200P only)
- Redundant Power Inputs: 12~48 VDC on terminal block
- Operating Temperature: -10 to 70^{o}C
- Storage Temperature: -35 to 75^{o}C (-T Model)
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing

- Casing: IP-30
- 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet port
- Dimensions(W x D x H) : 52 mm(W)x 106 mm(D)x 144 mm(H)

2

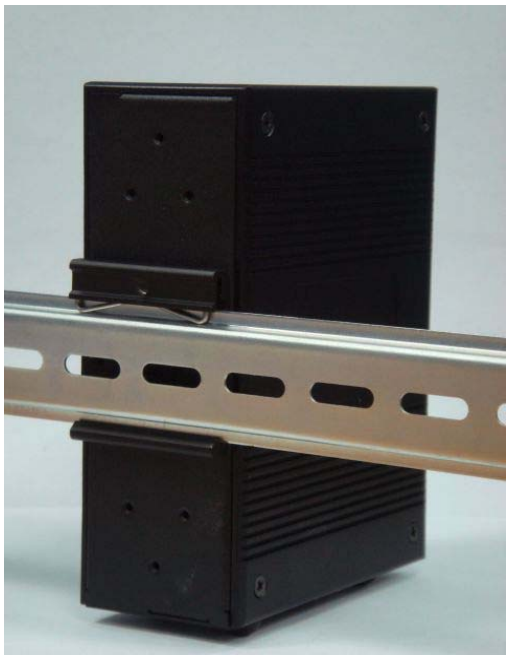
Hardware Installation

2.1 Installation AP on DIN-Rail

Each AP has a Din-Rail kit on rear panel. The Din-Rail kit allows the AP to mount on the Din-Rail.

Step 1: Slant the AP and mount the metal spring to Din-Rail.

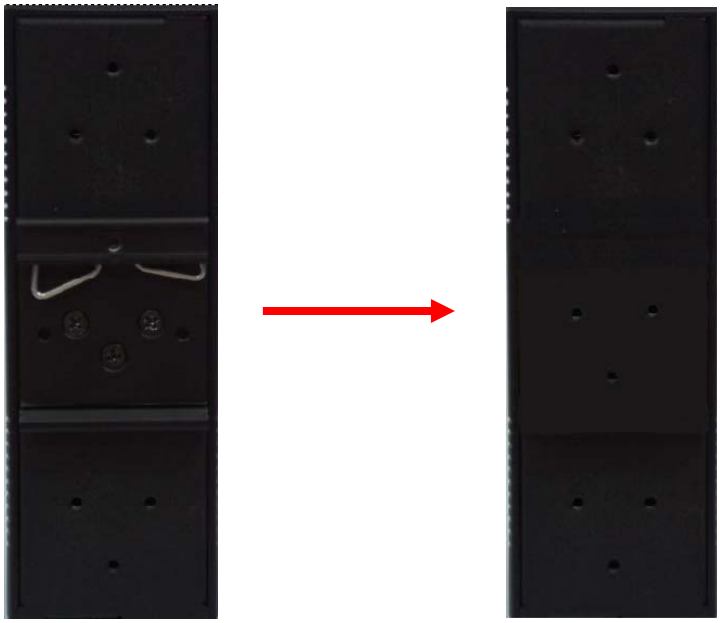
Step 2: Push the AP toward the Din-Rail until you hear a "click" sound.



2.2 Wall Mounting Installation

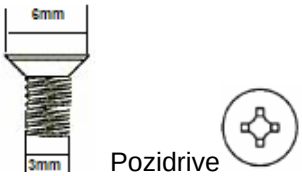
Each AP also supports a wall mount. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the AP on the wall:

Step 1: Remove Din-Rail kit.



Step 2: Use 6 screws that can be found in the package to install the wall mount panel.

The screws specifications are shown in the following two pictures.



Step 3: Mount the AP on the wall.

3

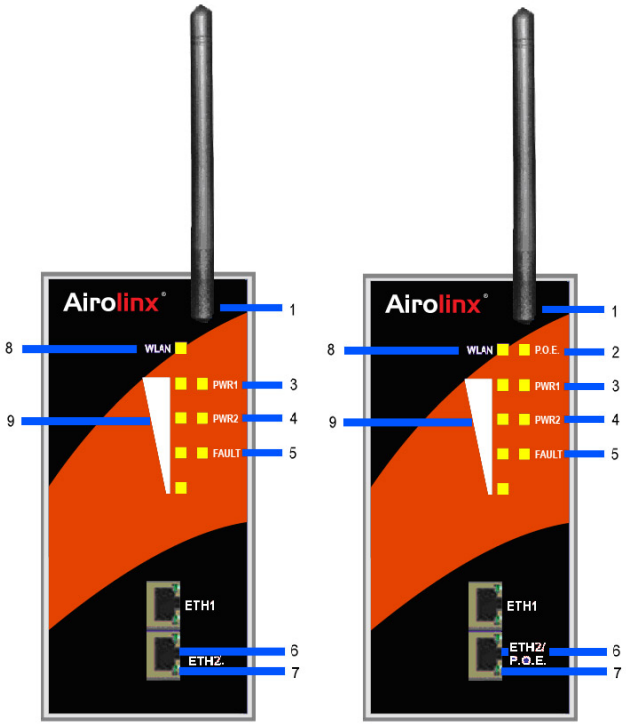
Hardware Overview

3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels on the APN-200/APN-200P.

Port	Description
10/100 RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports	2 10/100Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support auto-negotiation. Default Setting : Speed: auto Duplex: auto Flow control : disable
P.O.E. PD Port	ETH2 of APN-200P compliant with IEEE802.3af P.O.E. specifications
ANT.	Reverse SMA connector for external antenna.

APN-200 APN-200P



1. 2.4GHz antenna with typical 2.0dbi antenna gain.
2. LED for P.O.E. power and system status. When the P.O.E. power links, the green LED will be on.
3. LED for PWR1 and system status. When the PWR1 links, the green led will be on.
4. LED for PWR2 and system status. When the PWR2 links, the green led will be on.
5. LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be on.
6. 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports. (APN-200P contains PD function of P.O.E.)
7. LED for Ethernet ports status.
8. LED for WLAN link status.
9. LED for WLAN signal strength.

3.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
P.O.E.	Green/Red	Green On	P.O.E. power connected.
		Red blinking	Indicates an IP conflict, or DHCP or BOOTP server did not respond properly
PWR1	Green/Red	On	DC power 1 activated.
		Red blinking	Indicates an IP conflict, or DHCP or BOOTP server did not respond properly
PWR2	Green/Red	On	DC power 2 activated.
		Red blinking	Indicates an IP conflict, or DHCP or BOOTP server did not respond properly
Fault	Amber	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port down/fail.
WLAN	Green	On	WLAN activated.
		Blinking	WLAN Data transmitted.
WLAN Strength	Green	On	WLAN signal strength. 1<25%, 2<50%, 3<75%, 4<100%
10/100Base-T(X) Fast Ethernet ports			
10Mbps	Amber	On	Port link up at 10Mbps.

LNK/ACT		Blinking	Data transmitted.
100Mbps	Green	On	Port link up at 100Mbps.
LNK/ACT		Blinking	Data transmitted.

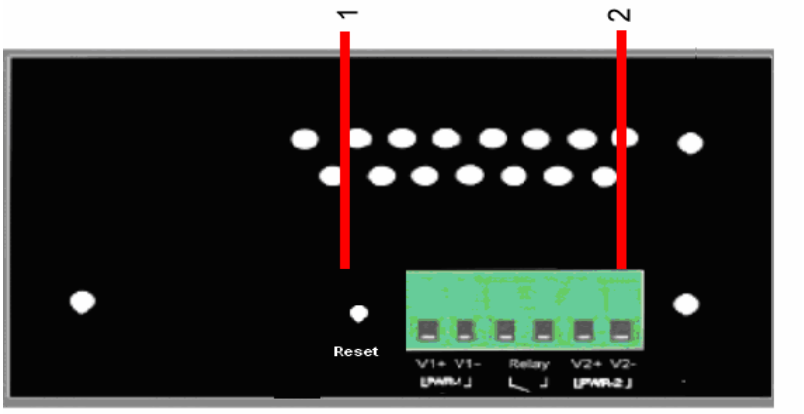
3.3 Bottom Panel

The bottom panel components of APN-200/APN-200P are showed as below:

1. Terminal block includes: PWR1, PWR2 (12 ~ 48V DC) and Relay output (1A@24VDC).
2. Reset bottom. Push the bottom 3 seconds for reset; 5 seconds for factory default.

PWR1, PWR2 (12-48V DC) and

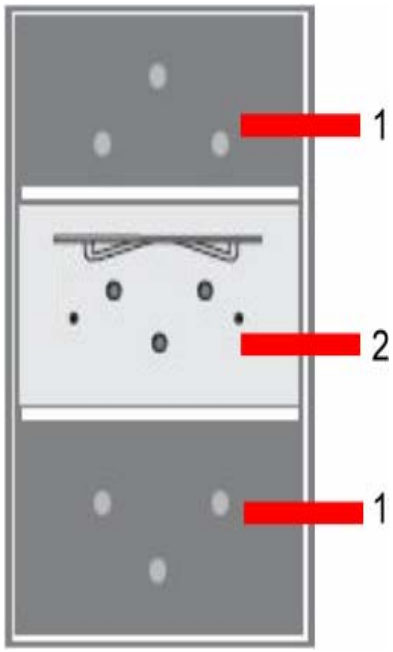
Reset Button Relay output (1A@24VDC).



3.4 Rear Panel

The rear panel components of APN-200/APN-200P are showed as below:

1. Screw holes for wall mount kit.
2. Din-Rail kit


1
2
1

4

Cables and Antenna

4.1 Ethernet Cables

The APN-200/APN-200P switches have standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT 3, 4, 5,5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications

Cable	Type	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
1000BASE-TX	Cat. 5/Cat. 5e 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328ft)	RJ-45

4.1.1 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments

With 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	RD-
7	Not used

8	Not used

The APN-200/APN-200P switches support auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC and switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

4.2 Wireless Antenna

A 2dbi 2.4GHz antenna is used for APN-200/APN-200P and connected with a reversed SMA connector.

5

Management Interface

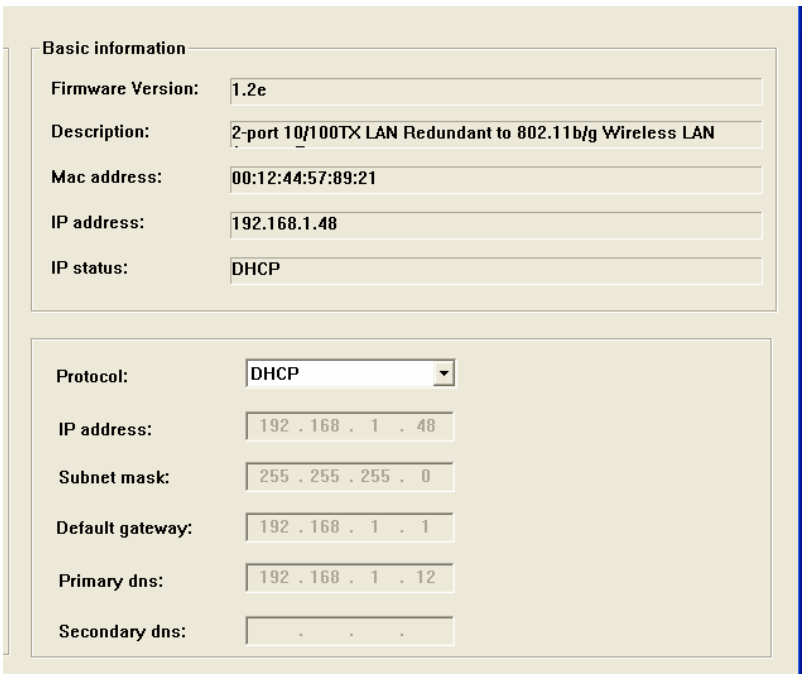
5.1 Explore APN-200/APN-200P

5.1.1 AP-Monitor software

Each model contains the AP-Monitor software, to find and configure the APN-200/APN-200P on local area network.

Step 1: Open the AP-Monitor and click "Refresh list", the AP devices will show on the list.

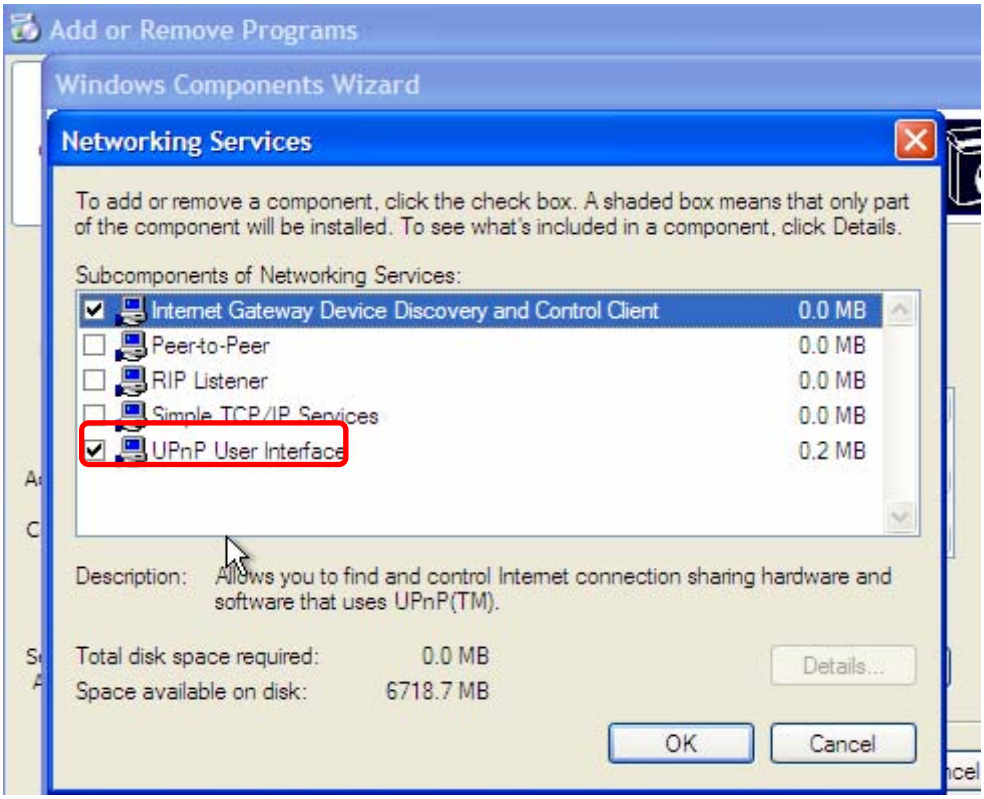
Step 2: Choose your access point, and it will show the AP settings. Simultaneously, you can set the AP's IP address.



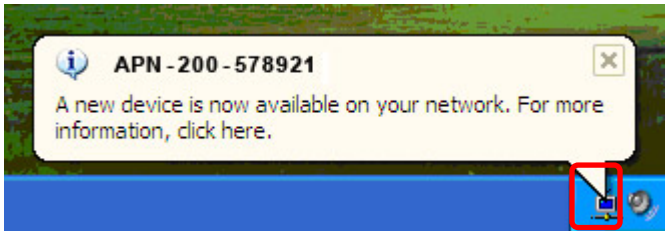
Step 3: Click "Access via web" button, it will go to web page.

5.1.2 UPnP Equipment

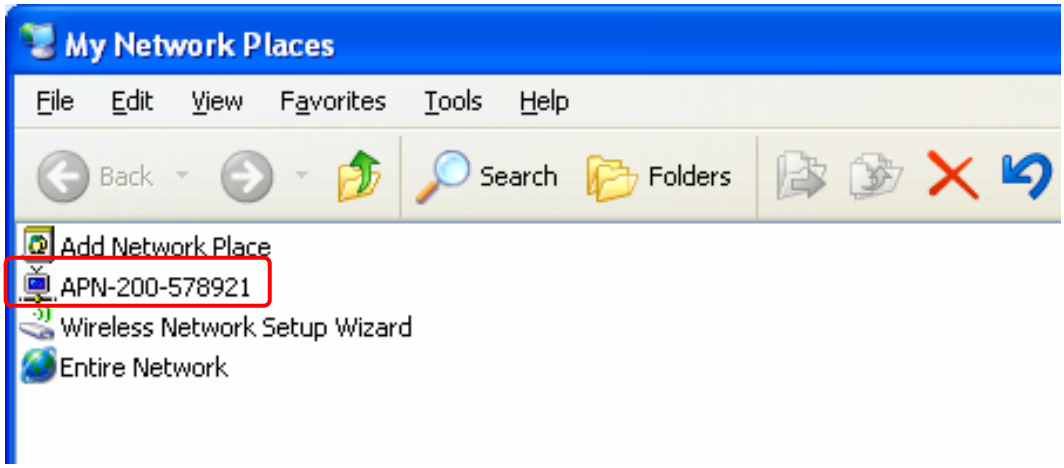
Step 1: To check whether the UPnP UI of the computer is connected to the APN-200/APN-200P, go to **Control Panel>Add or Remove Programs>Windows Components Wizard>Networking Servers>UPnP User Interface** and click on the UPnP User Interface.



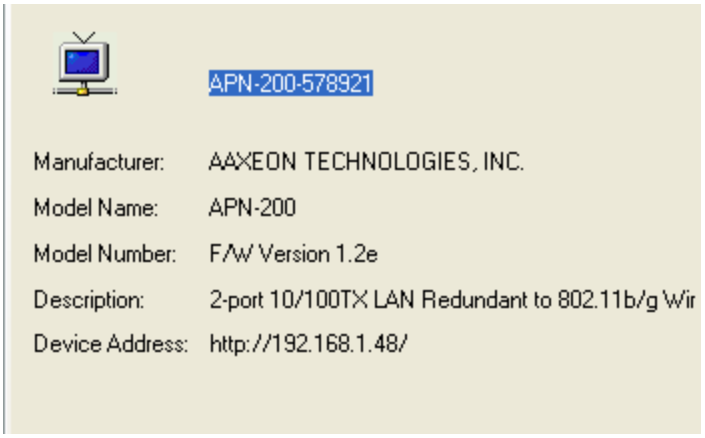
Step 2: At the lower right corner of the computer, you will find a sign of the UPnP equipment.



Step 3: Click the sign of the UPnP equipment, then you will find the UPnP equipment in the network neighborhood.



Step 4: Right click the UPnP equipment to choose "Properties."



Step 5: Right click the UPnP equipment or double click the UPnP equipment to transfer; it will go to the web page.

5.2 Configuration by Web Browser

This section introduces the configuration by Web browser.

5.2.1 About Web-based Management

Each AP contains an embedded HTML web site residing in flash memory. With its advanced management features, it allows you to manage the AP from anywhere on the network through a standard browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management supports Internet Explorer 5.0 and above.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

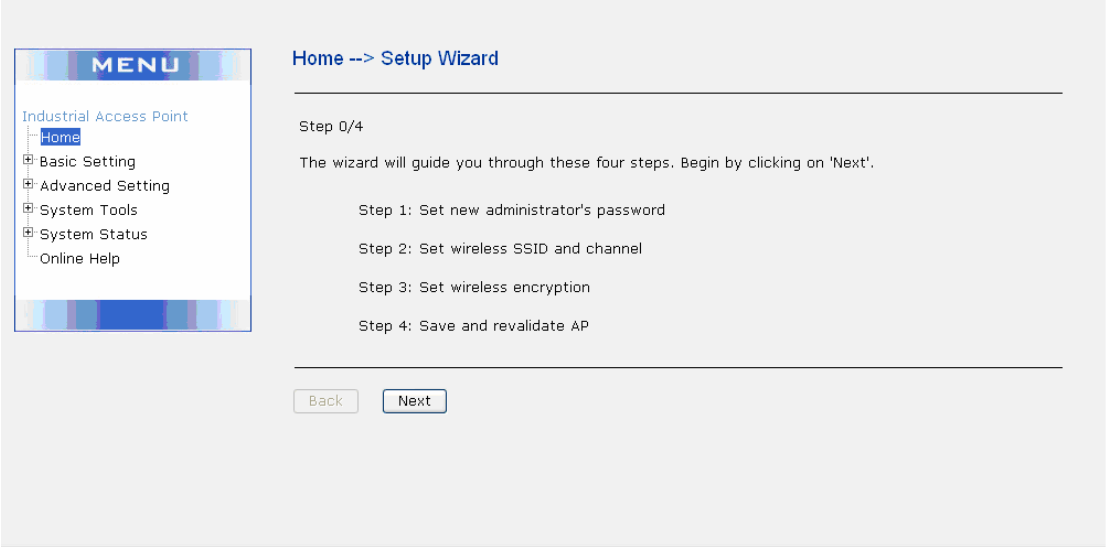
Through the front section's information, enter your user name **(admin)** and your password **(admin)**, then click **Ok** to continue.

Login screen

For security reasons, we strongly suggest you change the password. Click on **System Tools→Administrator** and modify the password.

5.2.1.1 Main Interface

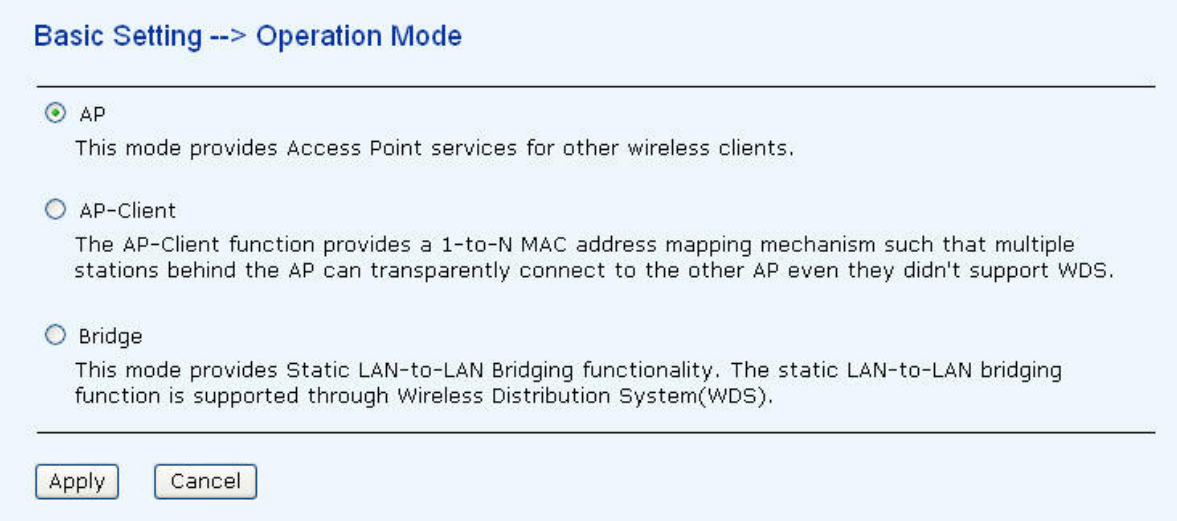
The **Home** screen will appear. Please click "Run Wizard" to go to the **Home→Setup Wizard** page to install the AP.



Main interface

5.2.2 Basic Setting

5.2.2.1 Setting Operation Mode



Operation mode interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Bridge	This mode provides Static LAN-to-LAN Bridging functionality. The static LAN-to-LAN bridging function is supported through Wireless Distribution System (WDS).
AP-Client	The AP-Client function provides a 1-to-N MAC address mapping

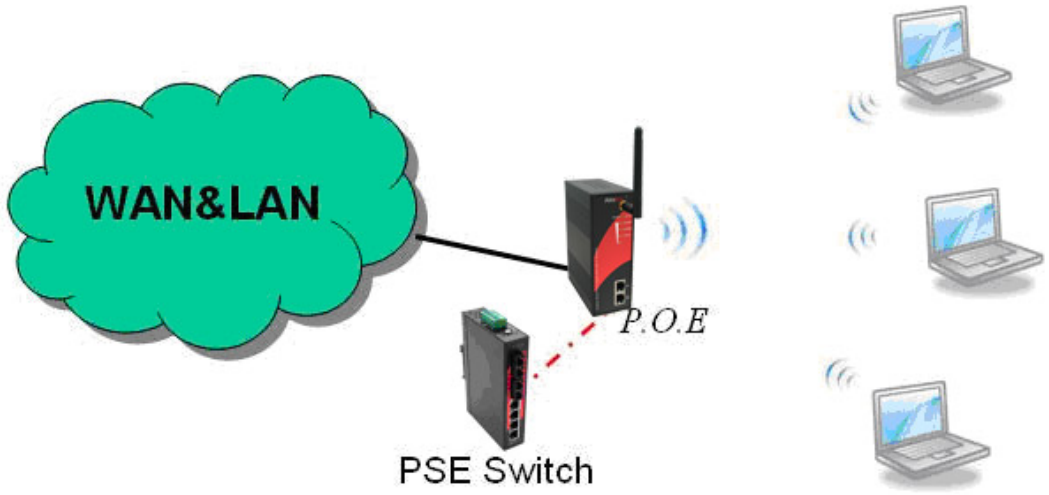
	mechanism such that multiple stations behind the AP can transparently connect to the other AP even if they don't support WDS.
AP	This mode provides Access Point services for other wireless clients.

In any mode, the APN-200/APN-200P forwards packet between its Ethernet interface and wireless interface for wired hosts on the Ethernet side, and wireless hosts on the wireless side.

Access Point Mode

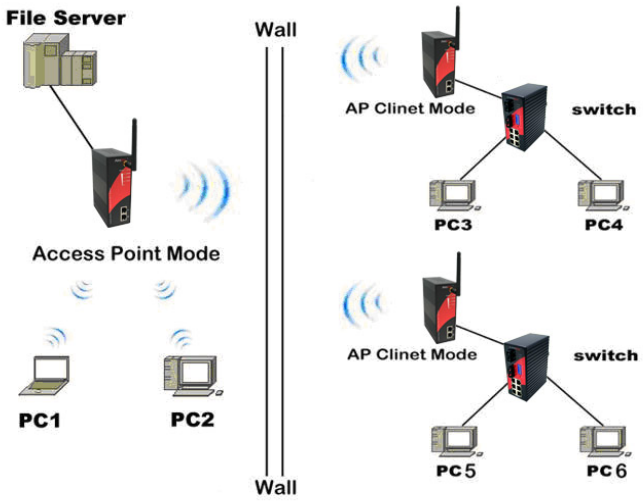
. AP mode provides wireless service for other wireless clients

. POE supported



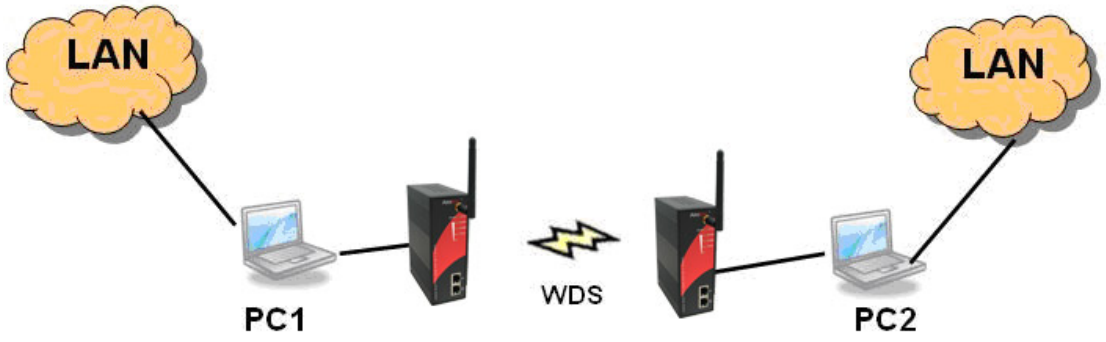
AP Client Mode

. AP Client Mode provide a 1-to-N MAC address mapping mechanism such that multiple stations behind the AP can transparently connect to other APs even if they don't support WDS

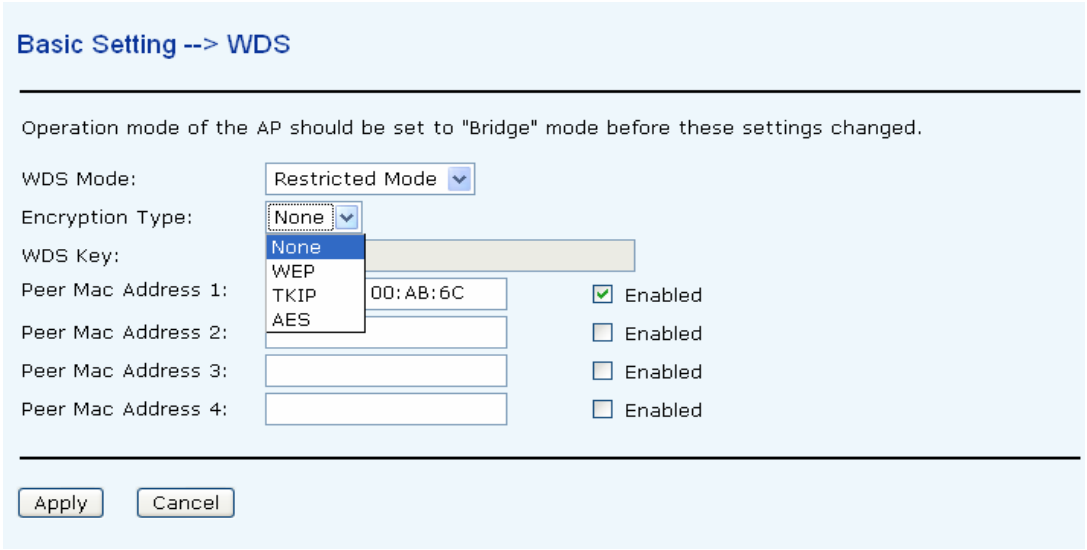


Bridge Mode

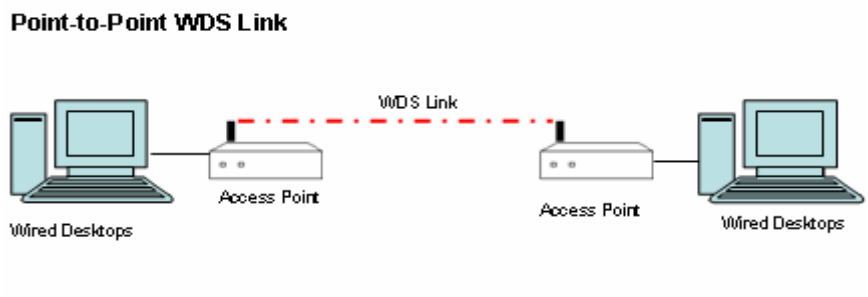
. Bridge mode provide static LAN-to-LAN Bridging functionality. The static LAN-to-LAN bridging function is supported through wireless distribution system (WDS)

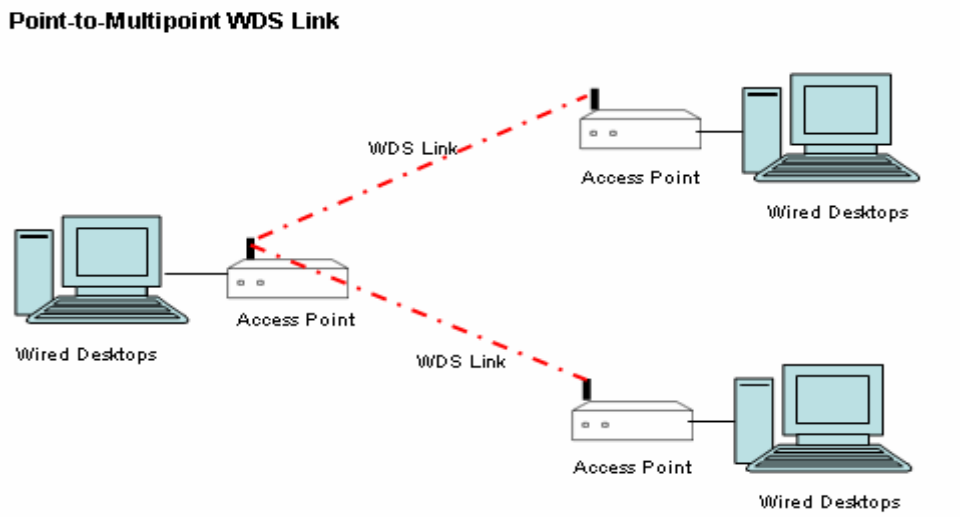


5.2.2.2 Setting WDS



This type of wireless link is established between two IEEE 802.11 access points. Wireless packets transmitted along the WDS link comply with the IEEE 802.11 WDS (Wireless Distribution System) format at the link layer.





The following table describes the labels in this screen.

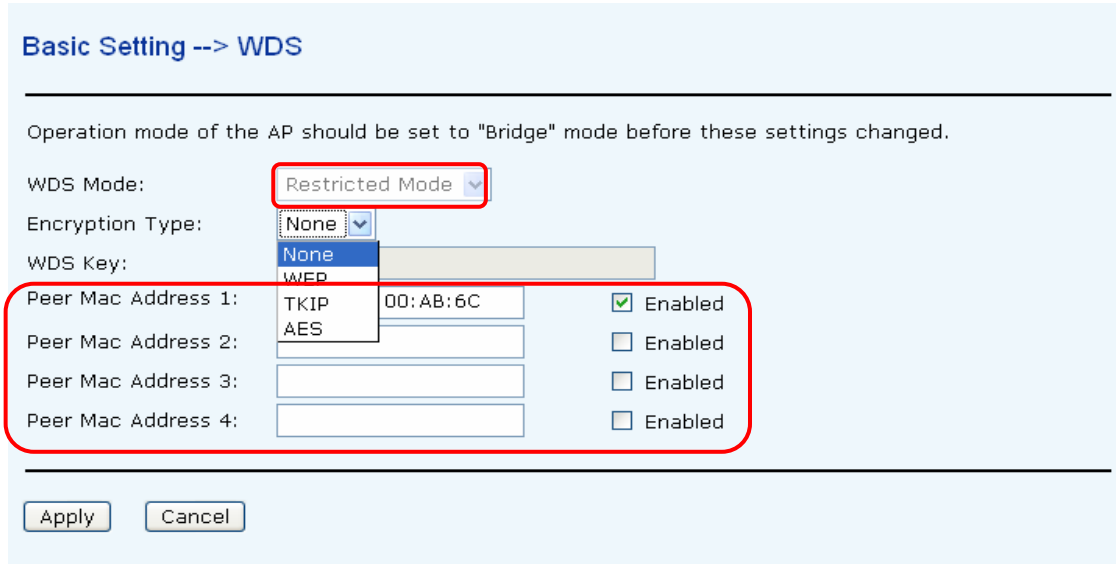
Label	Description
WDS Mode	This mode provides Static LAN-to-LAN Bridging functionality. The static LAN-to-LAN bridging function is supported through Wireless Distribution System (WDS).
Encryption Type	Select the type of security for your wireless network
WDS Key	Fill in the encryption key when Encryption Type is TKIP or AES.
Peer MAC Address	Set the Mac address(es) of other access point(s). Simultaneity, choose "Enable".

If linked with WDS mode, they should obey the following rules:

1. IP Addresses should set different IPs in the same subnet.
2. All AP's DHCP Server should be disabled.
3. WDS should be enabled.
4. Each AP should have the same setting except 'Peer Mac Address' set to the other's Mac addresses

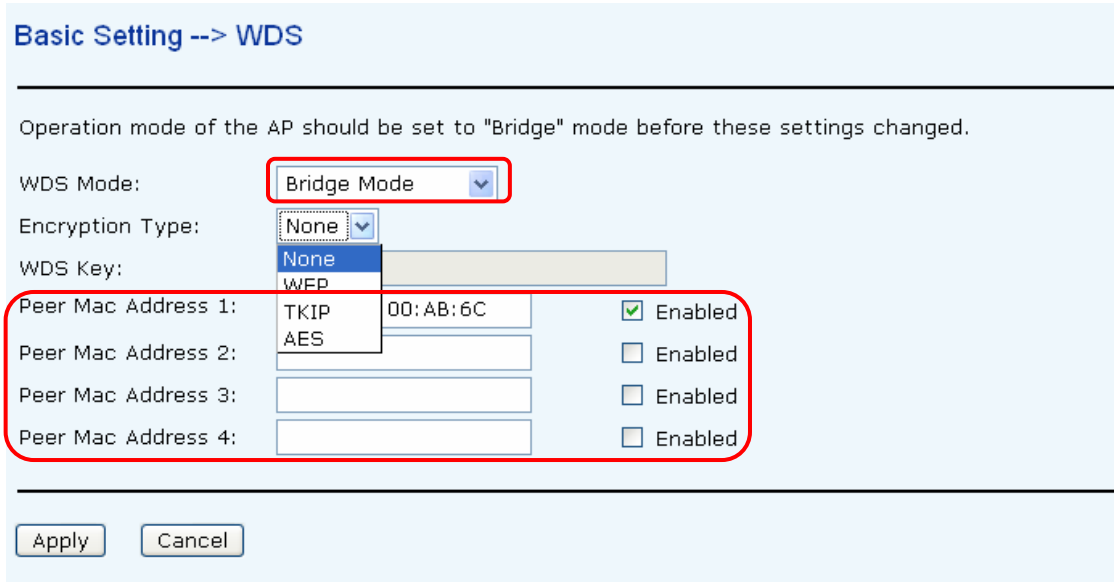
5. WEP Key and Channel should be the same.

WDS – Restricted Mode

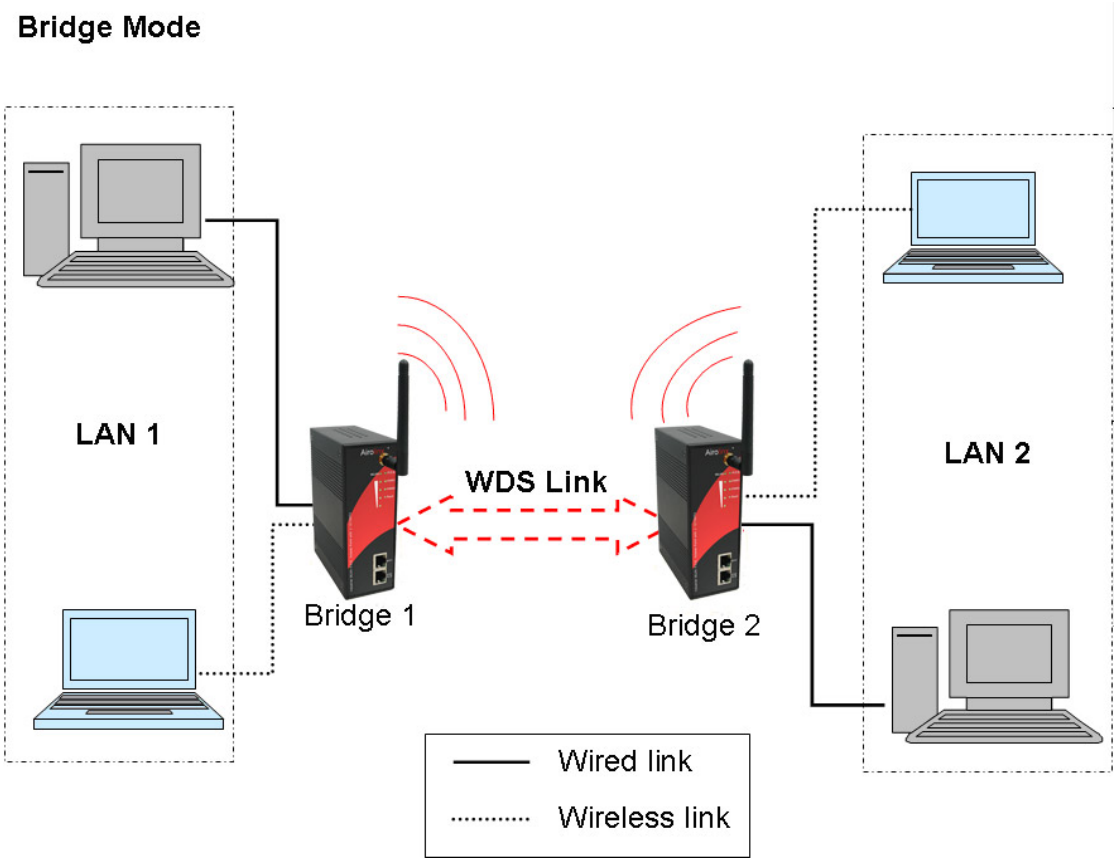


The peer WDS APs are according to the MAC address listed in "Peer Mac Address" fields.

WDS – Bridge Mode

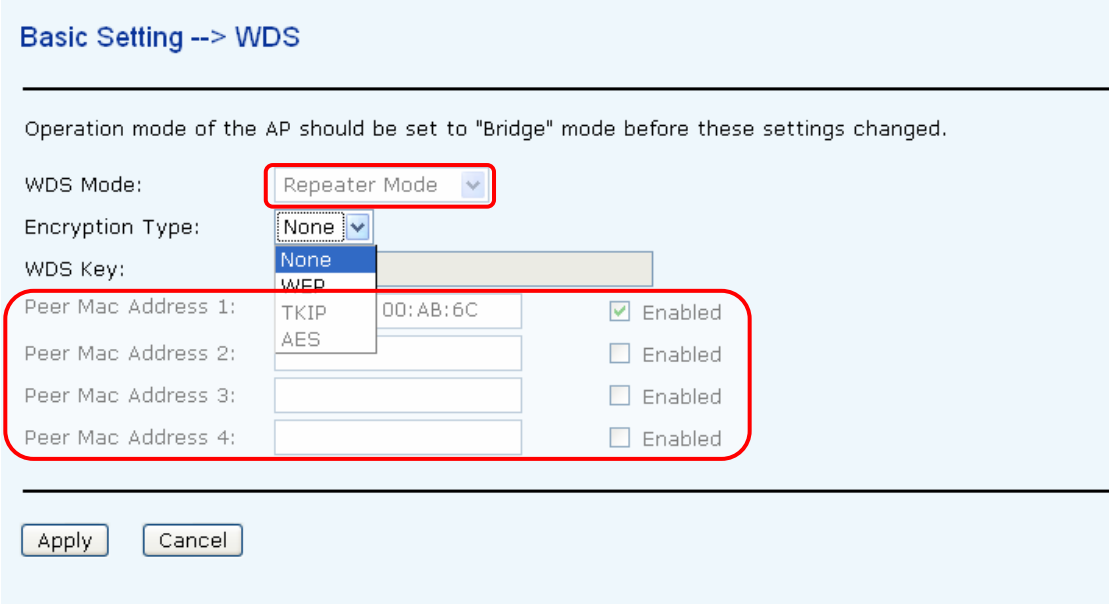


The working principle of the **Bridge Mode** is as follows:

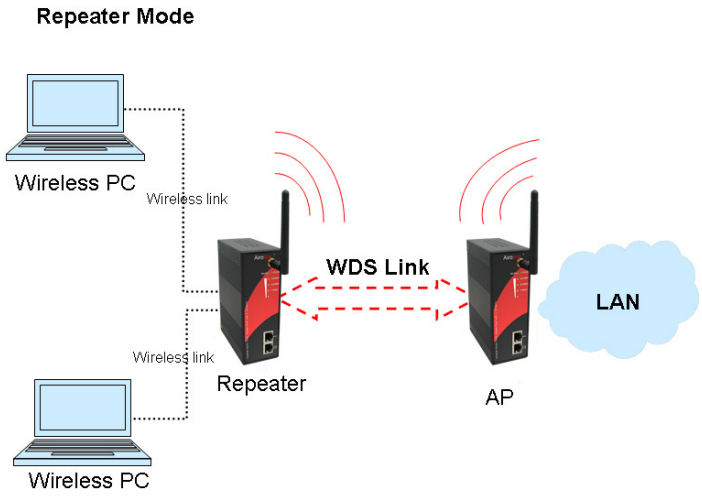


In the figure, the AP behaves as a standard bridge that forwards traffic between WDS links (links that connect to other AP/wireless bridges) and an Ethernet port. As a standard bridge, the AP learns MAC addresses of up to 64 wireless or 128 total wired and wireless network devices, which are connected to their respective Ethernet ports. Only data destined for stations which are known to reside on the peer Ethernet link, multicast data or data with unknown destinations need to be forwarded to the peer AP via the WDS link.

WDS – Repeater Mode

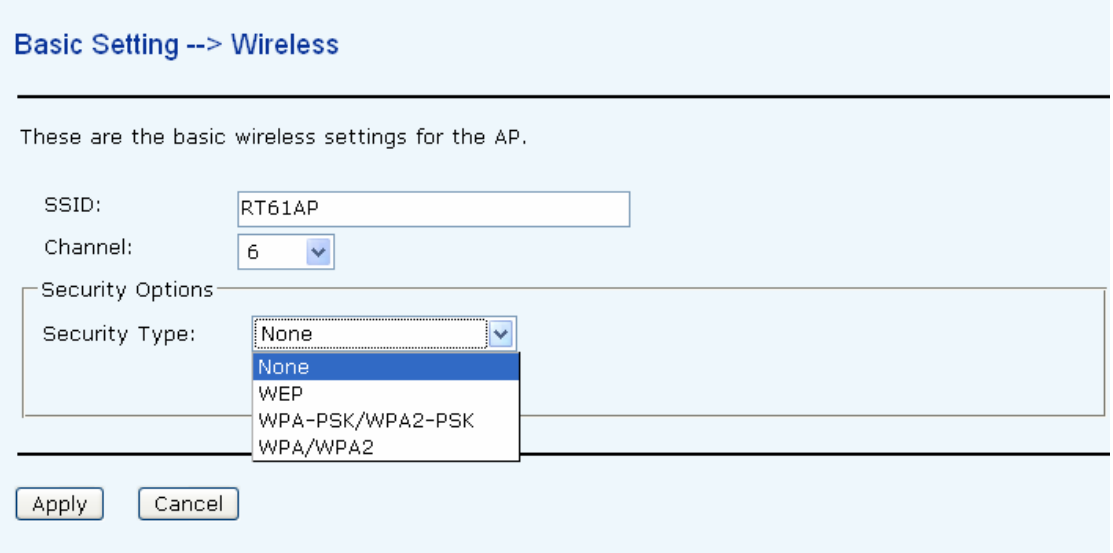


The working principle of the **Repeater Mode** is as follows:



In the figure, Repeater is used to extend the range of the wireless infrastructure by forwarding traffic between associated wireless stations and another repeater or AP connected to the wired LAN.

5.2.2.3 Setting Wireless



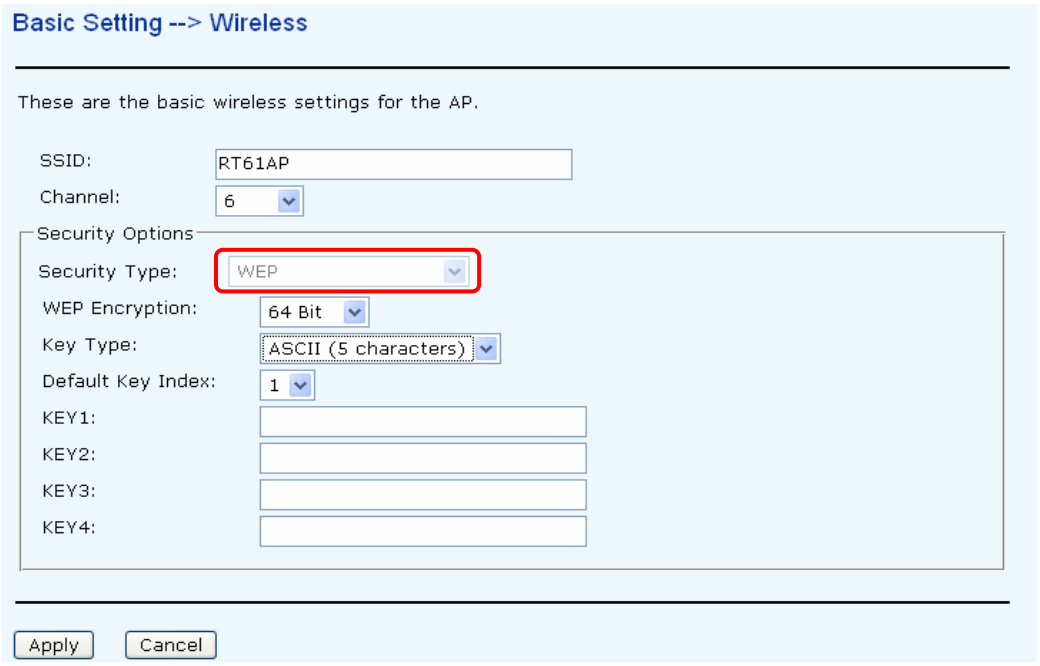
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SSID	Service Set Identifier Default is the default setting. The SSID is a unique name that identifies a network. All devices on the network must share the same SSID name in order to communicate on the network. If you change the SSID from the default setting, input your new SSID name in this field.
Channel	Channel 6 is the default channel, input a new number if you want to change the default setting. All devices on the network must be set to the same channel to communicate on the network.
Security options	Select the type of security for your wireless network at **Security Type:** **None:** Select for no security. **WEP:** Select for security. **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK:** Select for WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK without a RADIUS server. **WPA/WPA2:** Select for WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) authentication in conjunction with a RADIUS server.

Security Type – None

No security protection on your wireless LAN access.

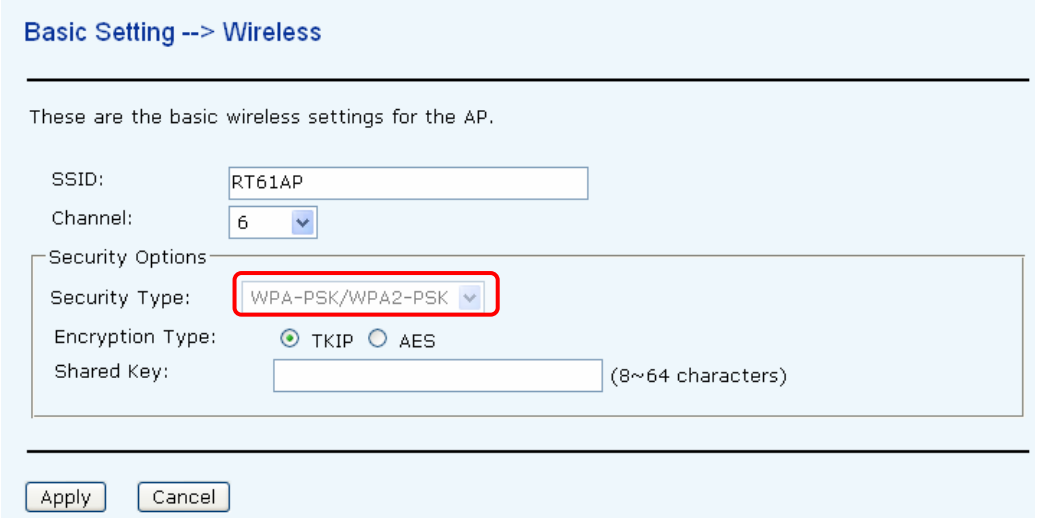
Security Type – WEP



1. Security Type: Select **WEP**
2. WEP Encryption: Select 64 Bit or 128 Bit WEP encryption.
3. Key Type: Select ASCII or Hex key type.
4. Default Key Index: Select one of the keys to be the active key.
5. Key 1-4: Input up to four encryption keys.

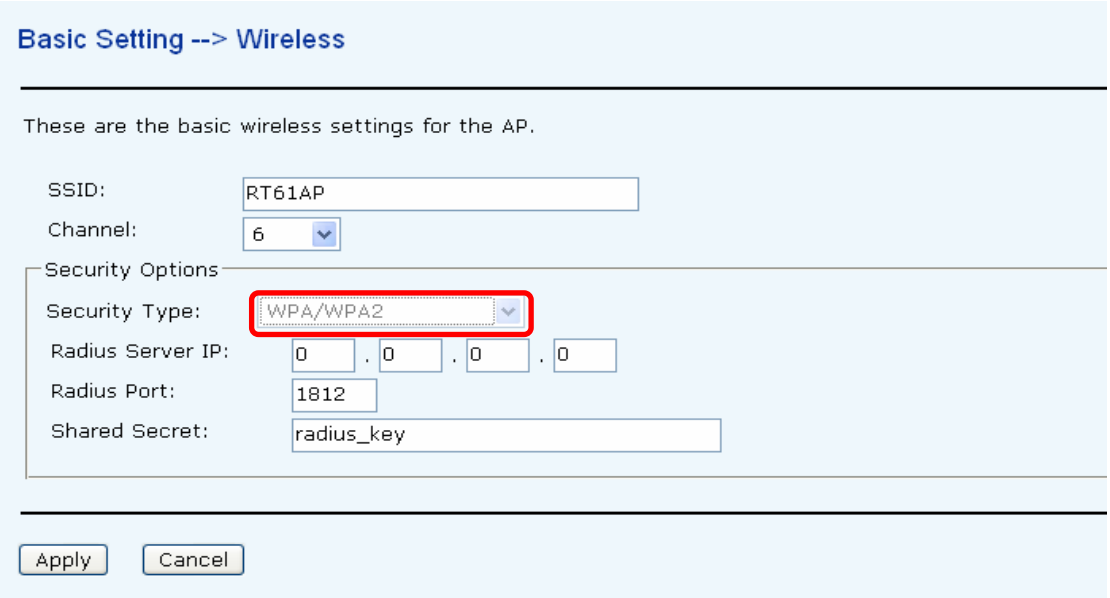
ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a code for representing English letters as numbers from 0-127. **Hex** digits consist of the numbers 0-9 and the letters A-F.

Security Type – WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK



1. Security Type: Select **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK**.
2. Encryption Type: Select **TKIP** or **AES** encryption.
3. Share Key: Enter your password. The password can be between 8 and 64 characters.

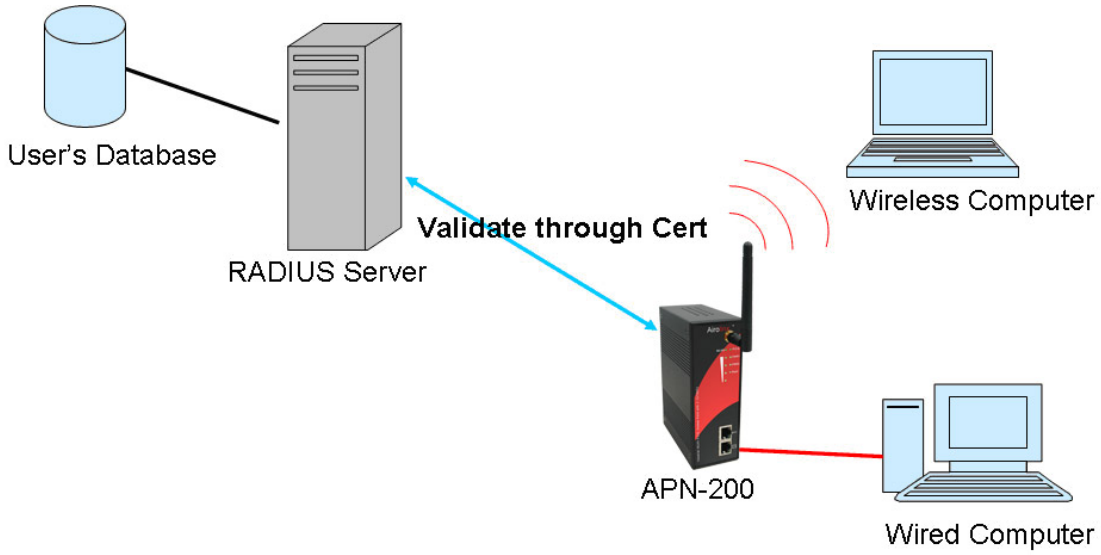
Security Type – WPA /WPA2



1. Security Type: Select **WPA/WPA2**
2. Radius Server IP: Enter the IP address of the RADIUS Server.
3. Port: Enter the RADIUS port (1812 is default).
4. Shared Secret: Enter the RADIUS password or key.

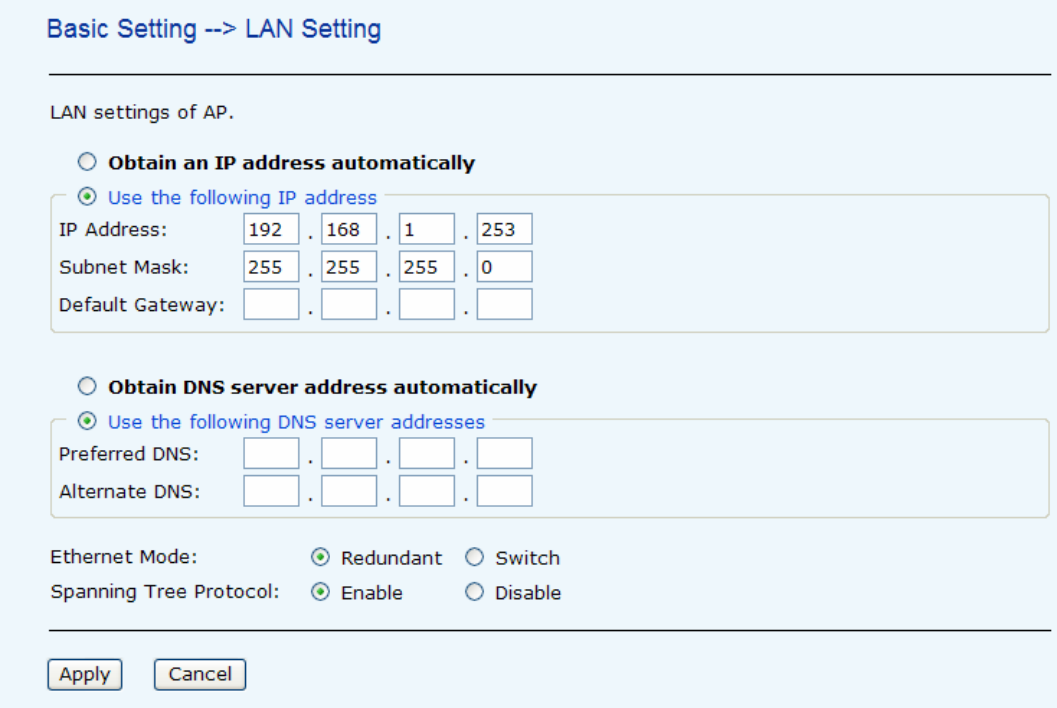
RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-in User Service) is the industrial standard agreement, and it is used to provide an identify verification. The Radius customer (is usually a dial-in server, VPN server or wireless point) sends your identification to the Radius server by Radius news. The Radius server validates the request of the Radius customer.

The principle of the Radius server is shown in the following pictures:



5.2.2.4 LAN Setting

The **Basic Setting→LAN Setting** page mainly sets IP addresses for LAN interface. To access the AP, a valid IP address of your LAN should be specified to the LAN interface. The default IP setting is DHCP server (Obtain an IP address automatically).

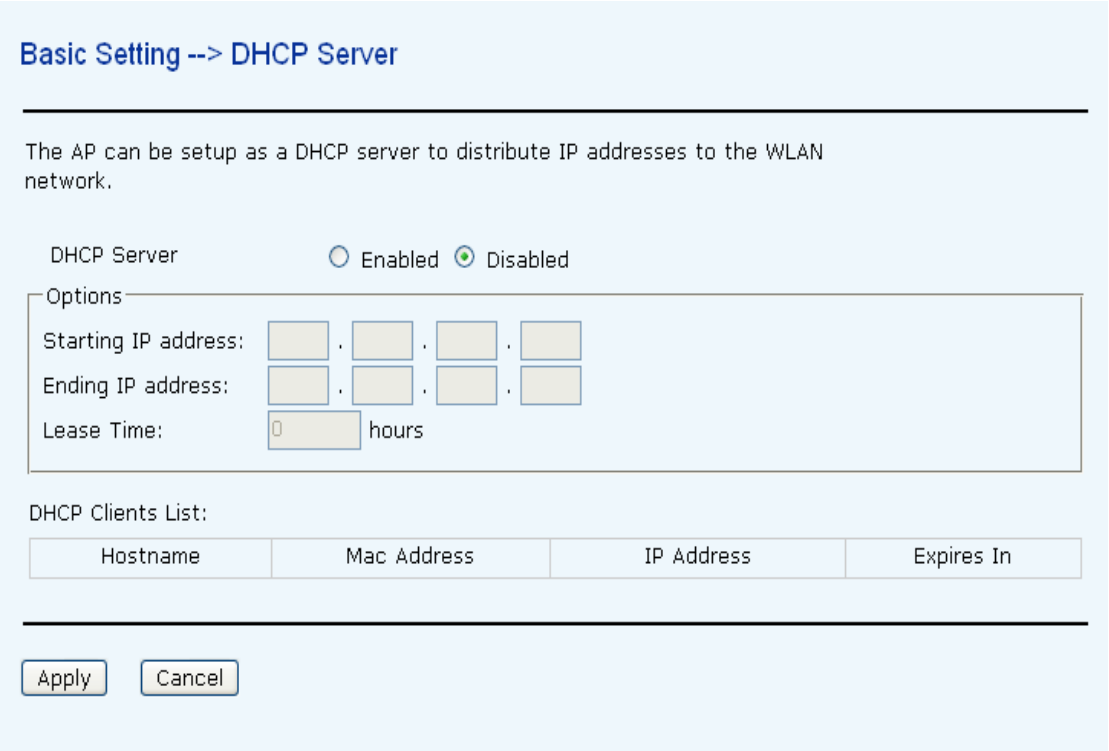


The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description

Obtain an IP address automatically	Select this option if you would like to have an IP address automatically assigned to the APN-200/APN-200P by DHCP server in your network
Use the following IP address	Select this option if you are manually assigning an IP address. **IP Address:** There is a default IP address in the AP, and you can input a new IP address. **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0 is the default Subnet Mask. All devices on the network must have the same subnet mask to communicate on the network. **Default Gateway:** Enter the IP address of the router in your network.
Obtain DNS server address automatically	This option is selected by DHCP server.
Use the following DNS server addresses	This option is selected by manually set **Preferred DNS:** There is a default DNS server, and you can input another new DNS server. **Alternate DNS:** There is a default DNS server, and you can input another new DNS server.

5.2.2.5 Setting DHCP Server

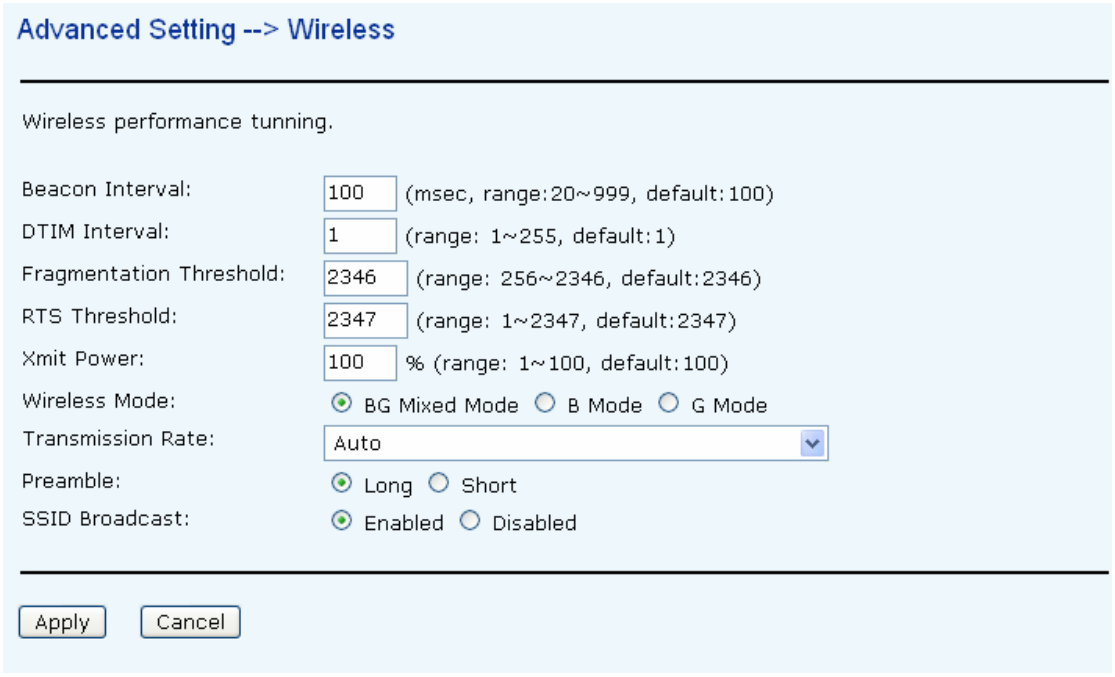


The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
DHCP Server	Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable – the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network
Start IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.100 will be the Start IP address.
End IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.200 will be the End IP address
Lease Time (Hour)	It is the time period that system will reset the dynamic IP assignment to ensure the dynamic IP will not been occupied for a long time or the server doesn't know that the dynamic IP is idle.
DHCP Clients List	List the devices on your network that are receiving dynamic IP addresses from the APN-200/APN-200P.

5.2.3 Advanced Setting

5.2.4.1 Wireless



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

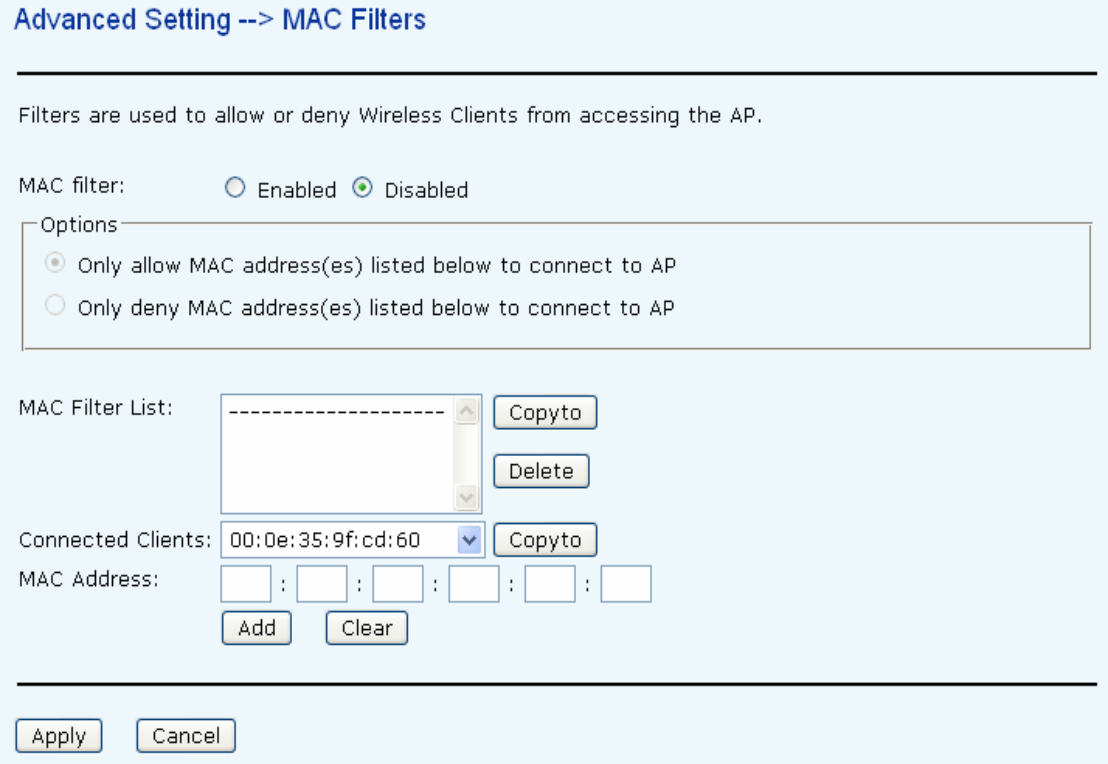
Label	Description
Beacon Interval	The default value is 100. The Beacon Interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the AP to synchronize the wireless network. 50 is recommended in poor reception.
DTIM Interval	The default value is 1. This value, between 1 and 255 milliseconds, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the AP has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. Its clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages.
Fragmentation Threshold	This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. The range is 256-2346 bytes. It specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the Fragmentation Threshold. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in

	poor network performance. Only minor modifications of this value are recommended.
RTS Threshold	This value should remain at its default setting of 2347. The range is 0-2347 bytes. Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications are recommended. If a network packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled. The AP sends Request to Send (RTS) frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, the wireless station responds with a Clear to Send (CTS) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission.
Xmit Power	This value ranges from 1 - 100 percent, default value is 100 percent. A safe increase of up to 60 percent would be suitable for most users. Higher power settings are not recommended for users due to excess heat generated by the radio chipset, which can affect the life of the AP.
Wireless Network Mode	If you have Wireless-G and 802.11b devices in your network, then keep the default setting, BG Mixed mode. If you have only Wireless-G devices, select G Mode. If you would like to limit your network to only 802.11b devices, then select B Mode.
Transmission Rate	The default setting is **Auto**. The range is from 1 to 54Mbps. The rate of data transmission should be set depending on the speed of your wireless network. You can select from a range of transmission speeds, or keep the default setting, Auto, to have the AP automatically use the fastest possible data rate and enable the Auto-Fallback feature. Auto-Fallback will negotiate the best possible connection speed between the AP and a wireless client.
Preamble	Values are Long and Short, default value is Long. If your wireless device supports the short preamble and you are having trouble getting it to communicate with other 802.11b devices, make sure that it is set to use the long preamble
SSID Broadcast	When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcast by the AP. To broadcast the AP SSID, keep the default setting, Enable. If you do not want to broadcast the AP SSID, then select Disable.

5.2.4.2 MAC Filter

Use **Advanced Setting → MAC Filters** to allow or deny wireless clients, by their MAC

addresses, from accessing the APN-200/APN-200P. You can manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from **Connected Clients** that are currently connected to the AP.

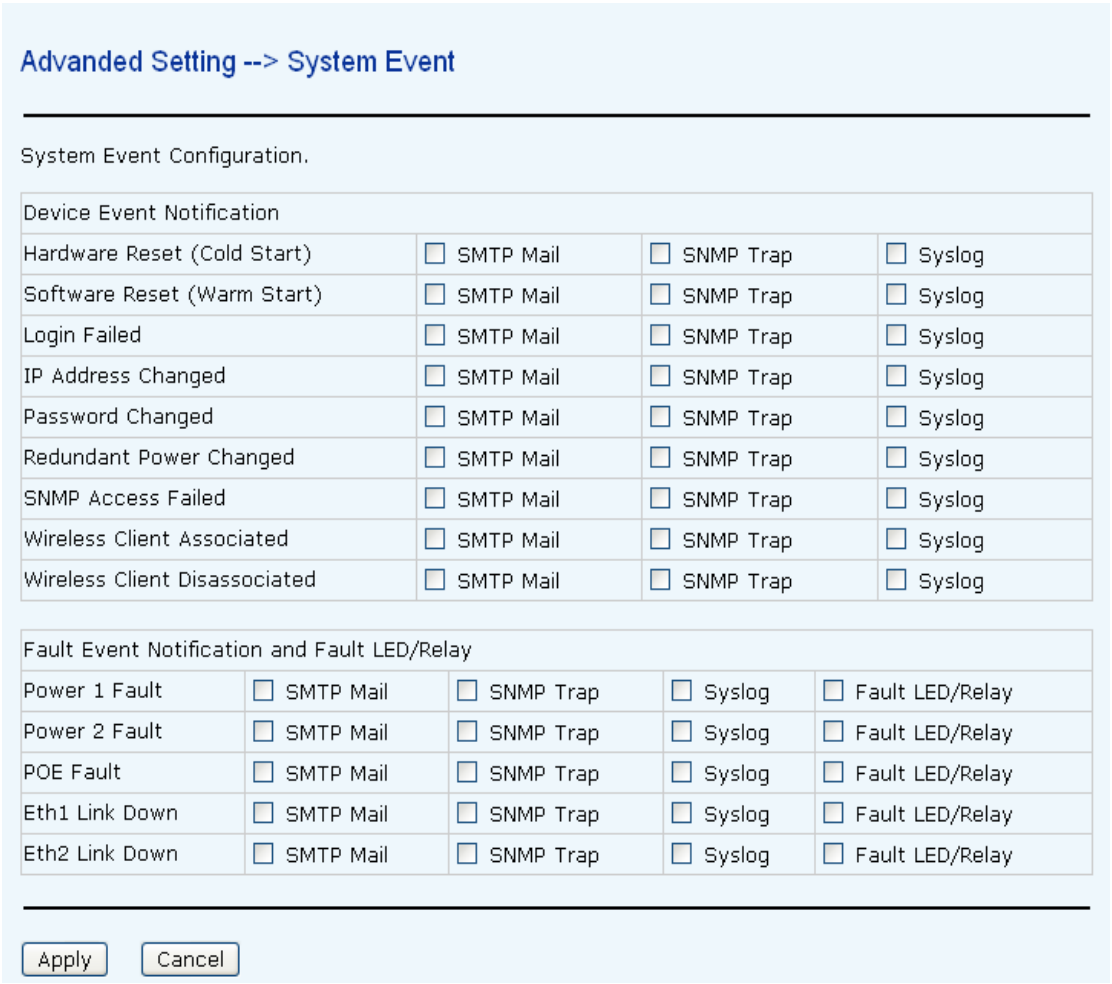


The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
MAC Filter	Enable or disable the function of MAC filter. MAC address allowed or denied option is selected by you.
MAC Filter List	This list will display the MAC addresses that are in the selected filter.
Connected Clients	This list will display the wireless MAC addresses that linked with AP.
MAC Address	MAC addresses need to be added to or clear from MAC filter list.
Apply	Click Apply to set the configurations.

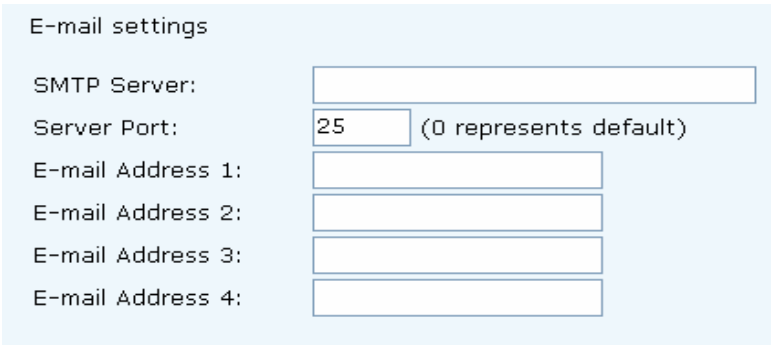
5.2.4.3 System Event

When the AP event is triggered, the notification procedure will be performed according to the type of the event. Which notification would be performed depends on the selection of corresponding option in the **Advanced Setting → System Event** page.



System events record the activities of the AP system. When the settings change, the event will be sent to administrator by email. A trap will also be sent to SNMP server. The Syslog will record the event locally and may send the log remotely to a Syslog server. If serious event occurred, such as the power failure or link down, the fault LED will be switched on as warning.

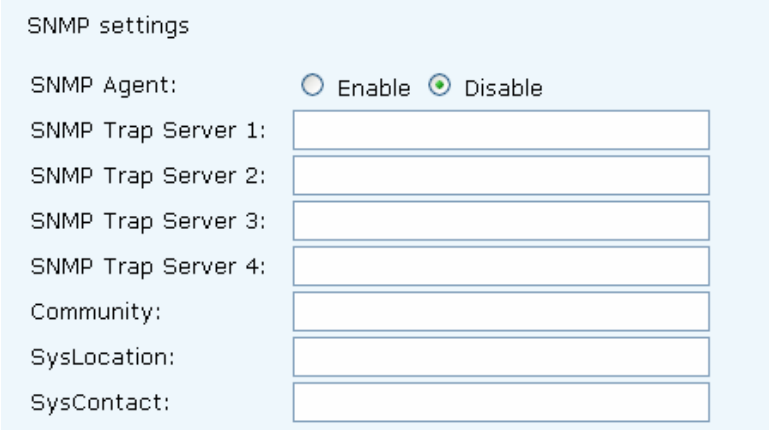
Email Settings



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SMTP Server	Simple Message Transfer Protocol, enter the backup host to use if primary host is unavailable while sending mail by SMTP server.
Server Port	Specify the port where MTA can be contacted via SMTP server.
E-mail Address 1-4	Inputs specify the destination mail address.

SNMP Settings

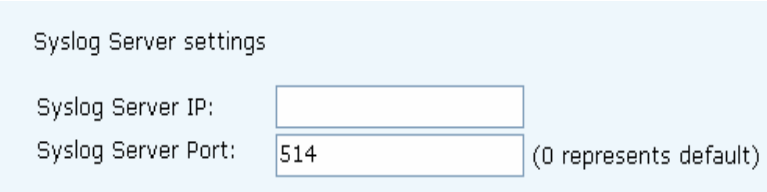


The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SNMP Agent	SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Agent is a service program that runs on the access point. The agent provides management information to the NMS by keeping track of various operational aspects of the AP system. Turn on to open this service and off to shutdown it.
SNMP Trap Server 1-4	Specify the IP of trap server, which is the address to which it will send traps AP generates.
Community	Community is essentially password to establish trust between managers and agents. Normally "public" is used for read-write community.
SysLocation	Specify sysLocation string.

SysContact	Specify sysContact string.

Syslog Server Settings



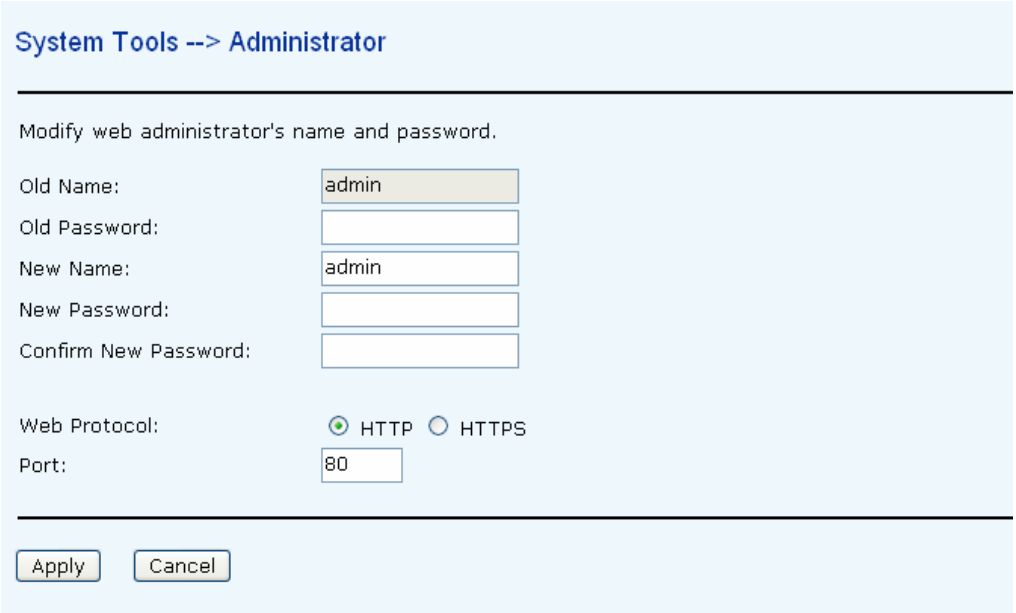
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Syslog Server IP	Not only the syslog keeps the logs locally, it can also log to remote server. Specify the IP of remote server. Leave it blank to disable logging remotely.
Syslog Server Port	Specify the port of remote logging. Default port is 514.

5.2.4 System Tools

5.2.4.1 Administrator

In this page, you can change the username and password. The new password must be typed twice to confirm (the default Name and Password is "**admin**" and "**admin**").



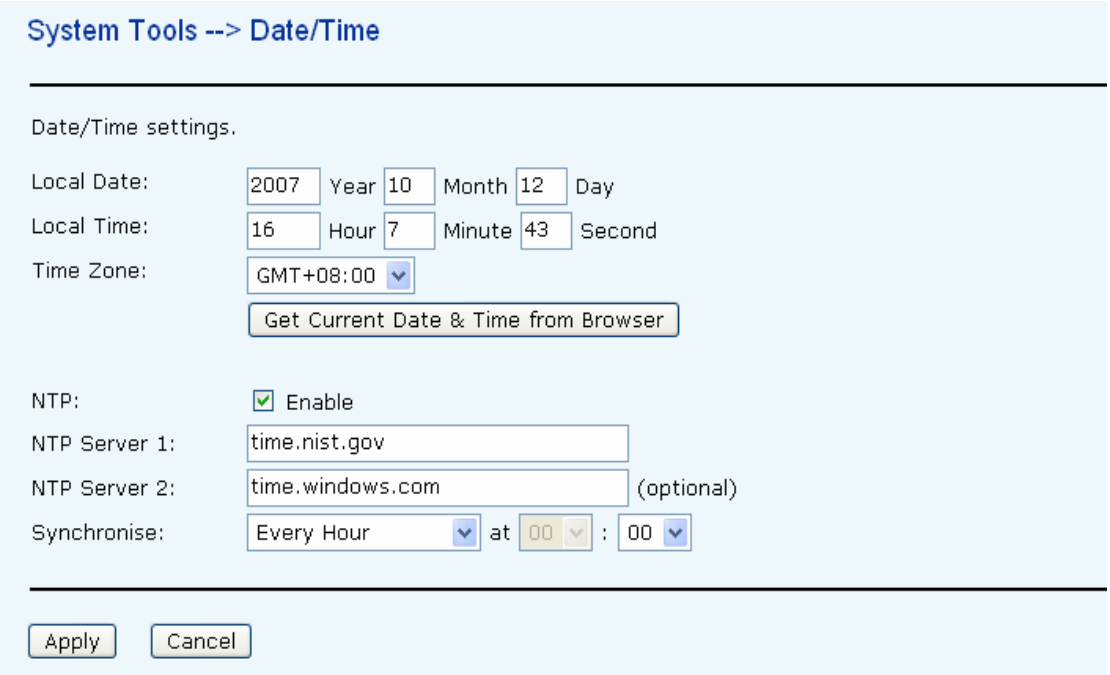
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Old Name	This field displays the old login name. It's read only. The default value of login name is "admin".
Old Password	Before making a new setting, you should provide the old password for a verify check. Acceptable inputs of this field contains '0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and must be between 0 to 15 characters in length. The factory default value of login password is null.
New Name	Enter a new login name. Acceptable inputs of this field contains '0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and must be between 1 to 15 characters in length. This field can not accept null input.
New Password	Enter a new login password. Acceptable inputs of this field contains '0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and must be between 0 to 15 characters in length.
Confirm New Password	Retype the password to confirm it. Acceptable inputs of this field contains '0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and must be between 0 to 15 characters in length.
Web Protocol	Choose on the protocol for web. The default value is **HTTP**, if you want the web pages' security is better, choose the **HTTPS** protocol.
Port	Corresponding to the Web protocol, there is a default port (HTTP: 80, HTTPS: 443). And you can enter another number which should be in range of 1-65535.

HTTPS (HTTP over SSL) is a Web protocol developed by Netscape and built into its browser that encrypts and decrypts user page requests as well as the pages that are returned by the Web server.

5.2.4.2 Date & Time

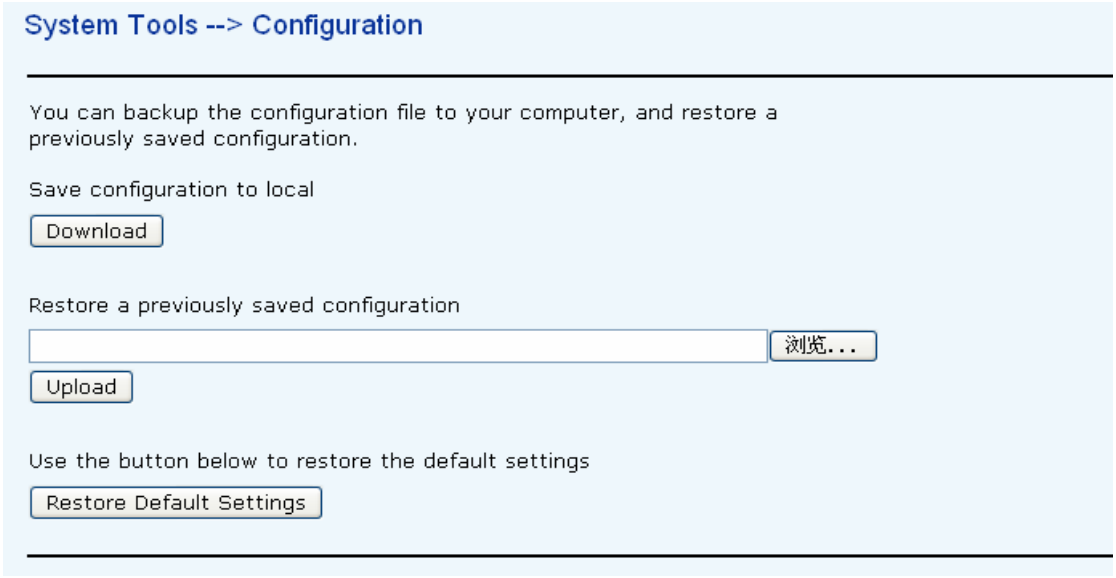
In this page, set the date & time of the device. The correct date & time will be helpful for logging of system events. A NTP (Network Time Protocol) client can be used to synchronize date & time with NTP server.



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Local Date	Set local date manually.
Local Time	Set local time manually.
Time Zone	Select the time zone manually
Get Current Date & Time from Browser	Click this button; you can set the time from browser.
NTP	Enable or disable NTP function to get the time from the NTP server.
NTP Server 1	The initial choice about NTP Server.
NTP Server 2	The second choice about NTP Server.
Synchronize	Set the time, and the AP's time synchronize with the NTP Server at the time

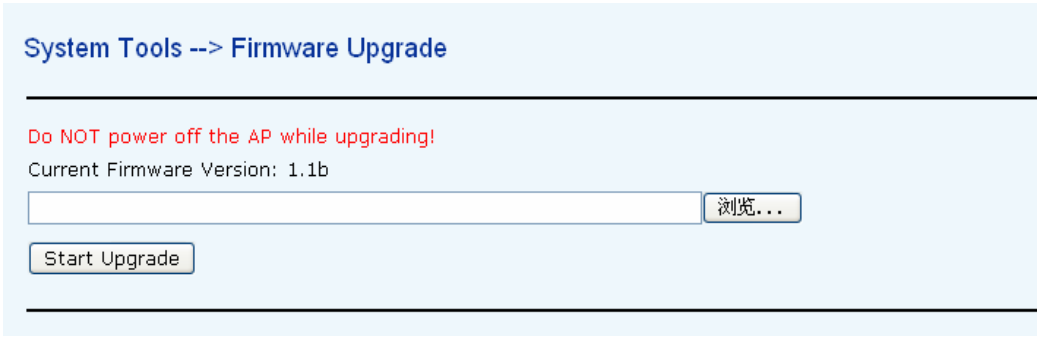
5.2.4.3 Configuration



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Download configuration	The current system settings can be saved as a file onto the local hard drive.
Upload configuration	The saved file or any other saved setting file can be uploaded back on the AP. To reload a system settings file, click on **Browse** to browse the local hard drive and locate the system file to be used. Click **Upload** when you have selected the file to be loaded back onto the AP.
Restore Default Settings	You may also reset the APN-200/APN-200P back to factory settings by clicking on **Restore Default Settings**. Make sure to save the unit's settings before clicking on this button. You will lose your current settings when you click this button.

5.2.4.4 Firmware Upgrade



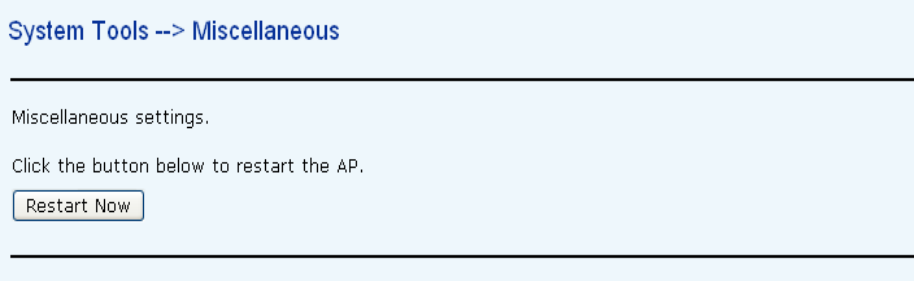
New firmware may provide better performance, bug fixes or more functions. To upgrade,

you need a firmware file correspond to this AP model. It will take several minutes to upload and upgrade the firmware. After the upgrade is done successfully, the access point will reboot and get revalidated.

Important Notice: DO NOT POWER OFF THE AP OR PRESS THE RESET BUTTON WHILE THE FIRMWARE IS BEING UPGRADED.

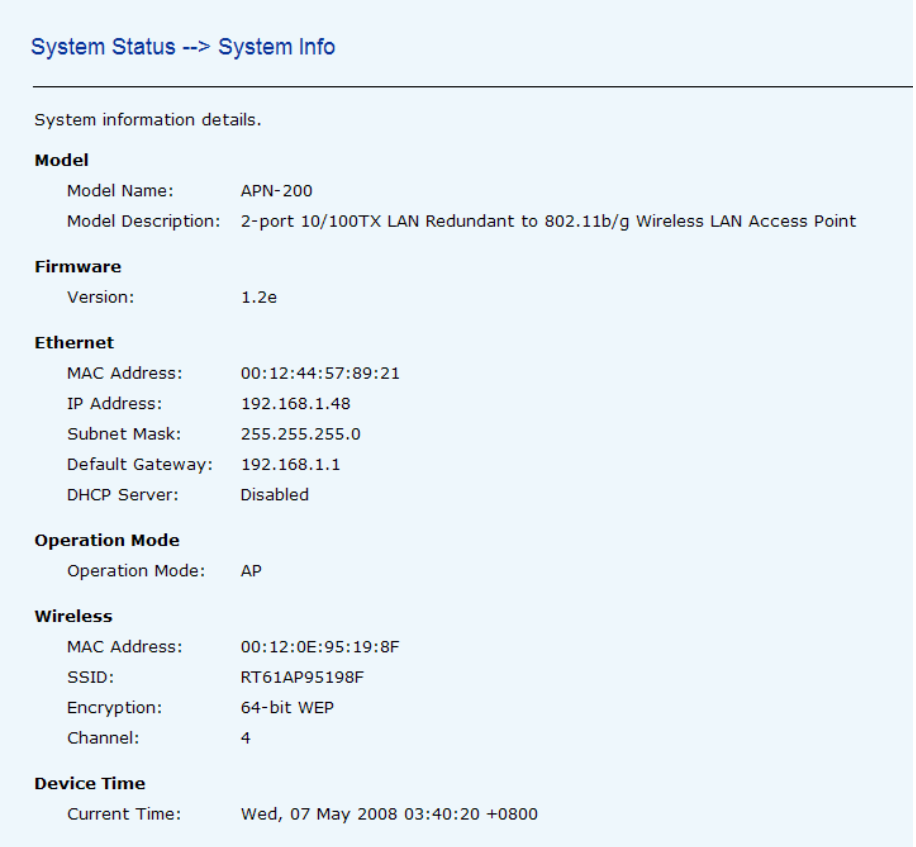
5.2.4.5 Miscellaneous

If you want restart the access point through the **Warm Reset**, click **Restart Now** to restart the AP.



5.2.5 System Status

5.2.5.1 System Info



This page displays the current information for the APN-200/APN-200P. It will display model, as well as firmware version, Ethernet, Wireless info and device time.

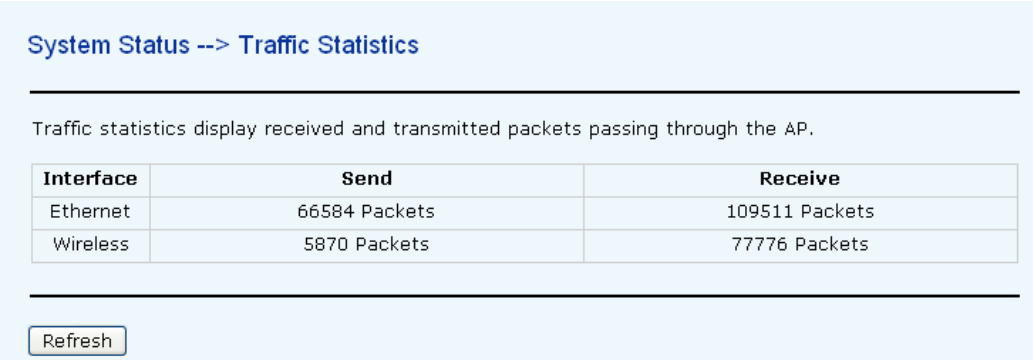
5.2.5.2 System Log

The system log tracks the important events and setting changes of the AP. If the AP is rebooted, the logs are automatically cleared.

Click the button '**Refresh**' to refresh the page.

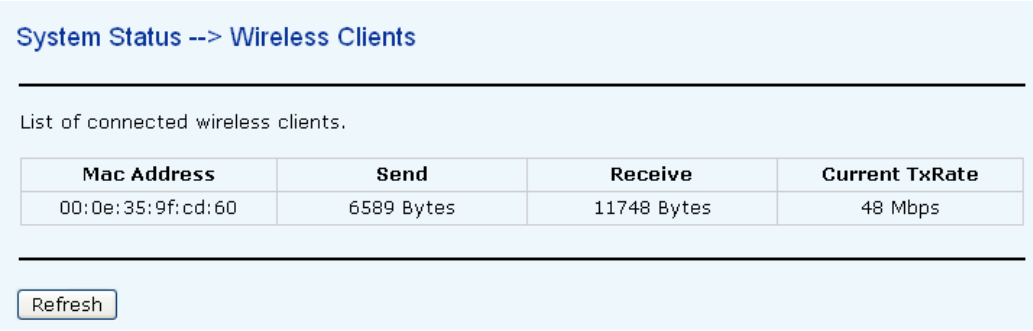
Click the button '**Clear**' to clear the log entries.

5.2.5.3 Traffic Statistics



This page displays the network traffic statistics for both received and transmitted packets through the Ethernet port and wireless connections associated with the AP. Simultaneously, the traffic counter will reset by the device rebooting.

5.2.5.4 Wireless Clients



This page of the list displays the **Mac Address** of the wireless clients connected. **Current TX Rate** is corresponding to the **Transmission Rate** in the **Advanced Setting → Wireless** pages.

5.2.6 Online Help

Click on any item in the **Online Help** screen for more information.


Index
Home
Setup Wizard
Basic Setting
Operation Mode
WDS
Wireless
LAN Setting
DHCP Server
Advanced Setting
Wireless
MAC Filter
Email/SNMP/Syslog
System Event
System Tools
Administrator
Date & Time
Configuration
Firmware Upgrade
Miscellaneous
System Status
System Info
System Log
Traffic Stats
Wireless Clients
Home -> Setup Wizard
Setup Wizard
The Setup Wizard is a useful and easy utility to help setup the AP to quickly adapt it to your existing network with only a few steps required. It will guide you step by step to configure th
settings of the AP. The Setup Wizard is a helpful guide for first time users to the AP.
For step 1, you can set a new login password if required, the default login name is 'admin', and default login password is null.
For step 2, you can set the wireless SSID name and channel, a default SSID has been provided for you. By default the channel is set to 6.
For step 3, set the wireless encryption to WEP will strengthen the security of the wireless network, or just leave encrytion disabled and anyone can connect to the AP.
For setp 4, save the previous settings and revalidate the AP.

6

Technical Specifications

LAN Interface	
RJ45 Ports	2 x 10/100Base-T(X), Auto MDI/MDI-X
Protection	Built-in1.5KV magnetic isolation
Protocols	ICMP, IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, BOOTP, ARP/RARP, DNS, SNMP MIB II, HTTPS, SSH, SNMPV1/V2, Trap, Private MIB
P.O.E. PD	Present at ETH2 of APN-200P Power Device (IEEE802.3af): IEEE 802.3af compliant input interface Power consumption: 8Watts max. Over load & short circuit protection Isolation Voltage: 1000 VDC min. Isolation Resistance: 10^8 ohms min
WLAN Interface	
Operating Mode	AP/Bridge/Repeater
Antenna Connector	Reverse SMA
Radio Frequency Type	DSSS
Modulation	IEEE802.11b: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK IEEE802.11g: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Frequency Band	America/FCC: 2.412~2.462 GHz (11channels) Europe CE/ETSI: 2.412~2.472 GHz (13channels)
Transmission Rate	IEEE802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps IEEE802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps
Transmit Power	IEEE802.11b/g: 18dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-81dBm@11Mbps, PER< 8%;

	-64dBm@54Mbps, PER< 10%
Encryption Security	WEP: (64-bit, 128-bit key supported) WPA: WPA2:802.11i (WEP and AES encryption) PSK (256-bit key pre-shared key supported) 802.1X and Radius supported TKIP encryption
Wireless Security	SSID broadcast disable
LED Indicators	PWR 1(2) (P.O.E., APN-200P) / Ready: 1) Red On: Power is on and booting up. Red Blinking: Indicates an IP conflict, or DHCP or BOOTP server did not respond properly. 2) Green On: Power is on and functioning normally. Green Blinking: Located by Administrator. ETH1 (2) Link / ACT: Orange ON/Blinking: 10 Mbps Ethernet Green ON/Blinking: 100 Mbps Ethernet WLAN Link/ACT: Green: Link, Orange: Poor signal WLAN Strength:1<25%, 2<50%, 3<75%, 4<100% Fault: WLAN link down (Red)
Power Requirements	
Power Input Voltage	PWR1/2: 12 ~ 48VDC in 6-pin Terminal Block
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present
Power Consumption	6 Watts Max
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	-10 to 70^{o}C
Storage Temperature	-35 to 75^{o}C
Operating Humidity	5% to 95%, non-condensing
Mechanical	
Dimensions(W x D x H)	52 mm(W)x 106 mm(D)x 144 mm(H)
Casing	IP-30 protection
Regulatory Approvals	

Regulatory Approvals	CE class A RoHS
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), Level 3, EN61000-4-6 (CS), Level 3
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC 60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6