

E7 APOGEE® FLN Technical Manual





APOGEE

Models: CIMR-E7U* Document Number: TM.E7.21



Warnings and Cautions

This Section provides warnings and cautions pertinent to this product that if not heeded, may result in personal injury, fatality or equipment damage. Yaskawa is not responsible for consequences of ignoring these instructions.



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WARNING

- Read and understand this manual before installing, operating, or servicing this drive. All warnings, cautions, and instructions must be followed. Qualified personnel must perform all activity. The drive must be installed according to this manual and local codes.
- Do not connect or disconnect wiring while the power is on. Do not remove covers or touch circuit boards while the power is on. Do not remove or insert the digital operator while power is on.
- Before servicing, disconnect all power to the equipment. The internal capacitor remains charged even after the power supply is turned off. Status indicator LEDs and Digital Operator display will be extinguished when the DC bus voltage is below 50 VDC. To prevent electric shock, wait at least 5 minutes after all indicators are OFF and measure DC bus voltage level to confirm that it is at a safe level.
- Do not perform a withstand voltage test on any part of the unit. This equipment uses sensitive devices and may be damaged by high voltage.
- The drive is not suitable for circuits capable of delivering more than the specified RMS symmetrical amperes. Install adequate branch short circuit protection per applicable codes. Refer to the specification. Failure to do so may result in equipment damage and/or personal injury.
- Do not connect unapproved LC or RC interference suppression filters, capacitors, or over voltage protection devices to the output of the drive. Capacitors may generate peak currents that exceed drive specifications.
- To avoid unnecessary fault displays, caused by contactors or output switches placed between drive and motor, auxiliary contacts must be properly integrated into the control logic circuit.
- YASKAWA is not responsible for any modification of the product made by the user, doing so will void the warranty. This product must not be modified.
- Verify that the rated voltage of the drive matches the voltage of the incoming power supply before applying power.
- To meet CE directives, proper line filters and proper installation are required.
- Some drawings in this manual may be shown with protective covers or shields removed, to describe details. These must be replaced before operation.
- Observe Electrostatic Discharge Procedures when handling the drive and drive components to prevent ESD damage.
- The attached equipment may start unexpectedly upon application of power to the drive. Clear all personnel from the drive, motor and machine area prior to applying power. Secure covers, couplings, shaft keys, machine beds and all safety equipment before energizing the drive.

Introduction

This manual explains the specifications and handling of the APOGEE FLN protocol for the Yaskawa model E7 drive. The E7 drive with the APOGEE FLN protocol selected, connects the E7 drive to an APOGEE FLN network and facilitates the exchange of data.

This document pertains to the Yaskawa E7 drive. Additionally, in this document, the word "inverter", "ac drive" and "drive" may be used interchangeably.

To ensure proper operation of this product, read and understand this manual. For details on installation and operation of the E7 drive or details on specific E7 parameters, refer to the E7 User Manual, document reference TM.E7.01. For details on E7 MODBUS communications, refer t9 the E7 MODBUS® Technical Manual, document reference TM.E7.11. All technical manuals and support files are available on the CD supplied with the drive and for download at www.drives.com.

For more information on the APOGEE FLN protocol, please visit www.sbt.siemens.com.

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Chapter 1 Installation

This chapter covers the initial set-up procedure for the E7 drive on an APOGEE FLN network.

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Installation Check Sheet

copy of t	his p	age and check-off each item as it is completed. For detailed information please refer to the detailed sections that follow.
	1:	Unpack the drive and verify that all components are present and undamaged.
	2:	Connect power to the drive and verify that the drive functions. This includes running the drive in "Hand" mode from the digital operator without the network selected or connected. Refer to the <i>E7 User Manual</i> for more information on connecting and operating the drive.
	3:	Remove power from the drive and wait for the charge lamp to be completely extinguished. Wait at least five additional minutes after all indicators are off. Measure the DC bus voltage to ensure that the drive is at a safe level and completely discharged.
	4:	Connect the drive to the APOGEE FLN communication network. Refer to Chapter 2 – Network Connection for the APOGEE FLN connection procedure.
	5:	If this drive is either the first or the last device on the network, set the terminating resistor switch, S1-1, to ON. If this device is not the first or last device on the network, set the terminating resistor switch, S1-1, to OFF. Refer to Chapter 2 - Network Connection for details.
	6:	Configure the APOGEE FLN network for the drive. Refer to the documentation included with the APOGEE FLN Application 2721 configuration software.
	7:	Set parameters B1-01, B1-02, H5-01, H5-02 and H5-08 to their appropriate values. Refer to Table 1.1 - Drive Communication Parameter Settings on page 1-5.

The following is a quick reference guide to the installation and configuration of the E7 drive with the APOGEE FLN protocol. Make a

APOGEE FLN Set-Up

A Yaskawa Electric America, Inc. representative is responsible for proper configuration of the drive for its primary application, while a Siemens Building Technologies, Inc. representative is responsible for field panel programming to make use of the drive's functionality in the building automation system. As such, there must be coordination between the Yaskawa Electric America and Siemens Building Technologies representatives to ensure that the programming of the drive is consistent with the particular application requirements. After verifying that the drive installation and wiring are correct, apply power to the drive. Table 1.1 below lists the parameters and their values required for proper APOGEE FLN communication and control.

◆ E7 Drive Parameter Settings For APOGEE FLN Communications

Table 1.1 - Drive Communication Parameter Settings			
Parameter Number	Digital Operator Display	Settings for APOGEE FLN Communication	
B1-01	Reference Source	2: Serial Com	
B1-02	Run Source	2: Serial Com	
H5-01	Serial Comm Adr	Select the drive address (default = 31)	
H5-02	Serial Baud Rate	2: 4800 Baud	
H5-08	Protocol Select	2: FLN(APOGEE)	



A YEA representative should set the drive parameters to their appropriate values. Changes made to the parameters other than what is listed in the table above can result in damaging the drive or building equipment.

Programming The E7 Drive For APOGEE FLN

The procedure for programming the E7 drive for communication on an APOGEE FLN network is shown in the table below:

Table 1.2 - Drive Programming Procedure for APOGEE FLN			
Description	Key Operation	Digital Operator Display	
Apply Power		-DRIVE- Rdy Frequency Ref U1-01 = 0.00Hz	
Select The Programming Menu	MENU x 3	-ADV- ** Main Menu ** Programming	
Enter The Programming Menu	DATA ENTER	-ADV- Initialization	

Table 1.2 - Drive Programming Procedure for APOGEE FLN			
Description	Key Operation Digital Operator Display		
Select The Reference Source For Serial Communication	DATA ENTER DATA ENTER	-ADV- Reference Source	
Select The Run Source For Serial Communication	DATA ENTER DATA ENTER	-ADV- Run Source B1-02 = 2 *1* Serial Com "1"	
Select The P1 (APOGEE FLN) Communication Protocol	DATA ENTER A 2 DATA ENTER	-ADV- Protocol Select H5-08 = 2 *2* FLN (APOGEE) "0"	

Table 1.2 - Drive Programming Procedure for APOGEE FLN				
Description	Key Operation	Digital Operator Display		
Select The Serial Communication Address Between 0 And 20 Hex (Each Device On The APOGEE FLN Network Must Have A Unique Address)	DATA ENTER Change value by pressing: RESET The digit to be changed blinks.	-ADV- Serial Comm Adr 		
Select The Serial Baud Rate Of 4800 Baud	DATA ENTER Change value by pressing: The digit to be changed blinks. DATA ENTER	-ADV- Serial Baud Rate H5-02 = 2 *3* 4800 Baud "3"		
Select The Drive Mode	MENU	-DRIVE- ** Main Menu ** Operation		
Enter The Drive Mode	DATA ENTER	-DRIVE- Rdy Frequency Ref U1-01 = 0.00Hz		

Chapter 2 Network Connection

This chapter discusses	how to connect the E7	drive to an APO	GEE FLN network.
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Physical Connection

Communication on the network is half-duplex, two wire RS-485, with communication parameters fixed at 4800 baud, eight data bits, no parity and one stop bit. The network cable is a shielded two-conductor cable.

Network Connection

■ Connect a jumper between R+ and S+ and R- and S-.

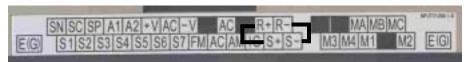


Figure 2.1 - E7 Terminal Block Jumper Connections

■ Connect the positive (+) cable lead to S+. Connect the negative (-) cable lead to S-.

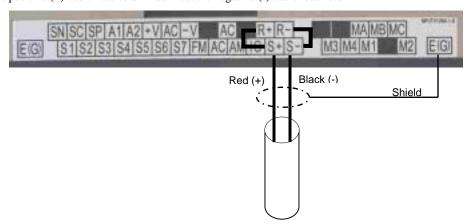


Figure 2.2 - APOGEE FLN Network Cable Connections

◆ Network Termination

Each APOGEE FLN network segment must be terminated on both ends to eliminate signal reflections. It is recommended that the Siemens Building Automation BLN Trunk Terminator (PN: 538-664) be used and that the network termination switch on the E7 drive, S1-1, be set to OFF.

Chapter 3 APOGEE FLN Strategies

This chapter covers APOGEE FLN point functionality, examples of calculating new slope and intercept values and fault numbers.

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Slope and Intercept Conversion

Several drive parameters are available for monitoring purposes. These include FREQ OUTPUT (Point 3), SPEED (Point 5), CURRENT (Point 6), TORQUE (Point 7), POWER (Point 8), DRIVE TEMP (Point 9), KWH (Point 10), and RUN TIME (Point 12). These points can be unbundled for monitoring or used in various global control strategies.

♦ Drive Controlled Feedback

The most typical application is Supervisory Control. The sensor for the control variable (e.g., water temperature) is hard-wired to the drive and the control device (fan) is modulated using the PI control loop that is built into the drive. The setpoint for the control variable (water temperature set point) is unbundled and commanded by the field panel, based on some building control strategy implemented in PPCL.

When this strategy is used, the point to unbundle and command for the set point is INPUT REF 1 (Point 60). The control variable (e.g., water temperature) can be monitored by unbundling PI FEEDBACK (Point 62). These points are provided in units of percent, where 0% and 100% correspond to the range of the sensor being used to measure the control variable. These points have default units in Hz. If other units are required, unbundle these points with appropriate slopes and intercepts. The new intercept will be equal to the lowest value of the desired range. The following formula lets you define a new slope and intercept in order to accomplish the unit conversion.

New Slope =
$$\frac{(60 - 0)Hz \times (0.01)}{(100 - 0)\%} = 0.006$$

Conversion Example

You are controlling water temperature from a cooling tower using the drive to control a fan. The temperature sensor has a range of 30°F to 250°F. To unbundle the set point (INPUT REF 1), for commanding in degrees Fahrenheit, where 0 to 60 Hz is equal to 30°F to 250°F:

New Intercept = 30 (the temperature that corresponds to 0%)

New Slope =
$$\frac{(250 - 30)^{\circ}F \times (0.1)}{(100 - 0)\%} = 0.22$$

■ Formula Notes:

Desired Range = Range Maximum - Range Minimum

Range of Existing Point = Existing Range Maximum – Existing Range Minimum

♦ Field Panel Controlled Feedback

In this strategy, the sensor is connected to the APOGEE FLN network at a remote location, and the control loop is executed in PPCL. The drive speed command is passed from the field panel to the drive by commanding INPUT REF 1 (Point 60).



This strategy is not recommended because it means that the loop is being closed over the network. Delays due to processor scan time and network traffic can cause control to be degraded or lost. Damage to HVAC equipment may result.

Unbundle the FEEDBACK

To unbundle the feedback (PI FEEDBACK) for monitoring in degrees Fahrenheit:

New Intercept = 30

New Slope =
$$\frac{(250 - 30)^{\circ}F \times (0.01)}{(100 - 0)\%} = 0.022$$

■ Formula Notes:

Desired Range = Range Maximum - Range Minimum

Range of Existing Point = Existing Range Maximum – Existing Range Minimum

Other Functionality

Each of the following functions must be enabled during start-up of the Drive:

■ Enable the drive to run

RUN ENABLE (Point 35) can be commanded to require the drive to have a physical input (Terminal S3) set before the drive can run. This works in conjunction with CMD RUN.STOP (Point 24) or the CMD REV.STOP (Point 22). If RUN ENABLE (Point 35) is commanded ON then terminal S3 needs to be on and CMD RUN.STOP (Point 24) or CMD REV.STOP (point 22) needs to be commanded ON for the drive to run. If, on the other hand, RUN ENABLE (Point 35) is commanded OFF, then to run the drive CMD RUN.STOP (Point 24) or CMD REV.STOP (Point 22), is the only point that needs to be commanded ON.

Start and stop the drive

CMD RUN.STOP (Point 24) can be commanded to run the drive in the forward direction. STOP.RUN (Point 23) shows the current status of the drive.

■ Change directions

CMD REV.STOP (Point 22) can be commanded to run the drive in the reverse direction. FWD.REV (Point 21) shows the current direction of the drive rotation.



Improper drive direction may damage HVAC equipment if parameter B1-04, Reverse Enable, is improperly set (B1-04=0).

Lock the E7 panel

Locking the panel prevents the user from using the HAND and OFF keys locally at the drive panel. LOCK PANEL (Point 33) can be commanded to lock and unlock the panel.

Digital Outputs

MULTI OUT 1 (Point 40), MULTI OUT 2 (Point 41), and MULTI OUT 3 (Point 42) are physical digital outputs on the drive. Their purpose depends on how the drive has been set-up. The drive can be programmed so that these points can display various limits, warnings, and status conditions. Some examples include frequency limit, over current, and motor over temperature fault.

Loop gain

PID P GAIN (Point 63) and PID I TIME (Point 64) are the gain and integral time parameters similar to the P and I gains in the APOGEE Terminal Equipment Controllers. The E7 drive's PI loop is structured differently than the Siemens loop, so there is not a one-to-one correspondence between the gains.

■ Reading and resetting faults

OK.FAULT (Point 93) shows the current status of the Drive. FAULT CODE (Point 17) contains the code for the most current fault. LST FLT CODE (Point 66) contains the code for the previous fault. See table below for descriptions of the fault codes. The drive can be reset back to OK mode by commanding RESET FAULT (Point 94) to RESET.

E7 Drive Fault Numbers

	Table 3.1 - Description of Fault Numbers
Fault Number	Description
1	DC Bus Fuse Open (PUF)
2	DC Bus Undervolt (UV1)
3	Control Power Supply Undervolt (UV2)
4	MC Answerback (UV3)
6	Ground Fault (GF)
7	Overcurrent (OC)
8	DC Bus Overvolt (OV)
9	Overheat (OH)
10	Overheat 1 (OH1)
11	Motor Overload (OL1)
12	Inverter Overload (OL2)
13	Overtorque Detection 1 (OL3)
14	Overtorque Detection 2 (OL4)
17	External Fault 3 (EF3)
18	External Fault 4 (EF4)
19	External Fault 5 (EF5)
20	External Fault 6 (EF6)
21	External Fault 7 (EF7)
28	Output Phase Loss (LF)
31	Operator Connection Fault (OPR)
33	Memobus Com Error (CE)
39	External Fault 0 (EF0)

Chapter 4 APOGEE FLN Point Database

This chapter shows the APOGEE FLN point database for Application 2721.

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APOGEE FLN Logical Digital Output (LDO) Summary	.4 – 8

APOGEE FLN Point List Summary

This database is for APOGEE FLN Application 2721 and features 97 logical points: 29 Logical Analog Inputs (LAI), 35 Logical Analog Outputs (LAO), 19 Logical Digital Inputs (LDI) and 14 Logical Digital Outputs (LDO). These points configure, control or monitor the operation of the Drive.

Information to consider when referencing this table:

- 1. Points not listed are not used in this application.
- 2. A single value in a column means that the value is the same in English units and in SI units.
- 3. Point numbers that appear in brackets, e.g. {03}, can be unbundled at the field panel.

		Table 4	.1 - APOGEE FL	N Application	2721 Point	Number Sum	ımary		
Point Number	Point Type	Point Name	Factory Default (SI Units)	Engr. Units (SI Units)	Slope (SI Units)	Intercept (SI Units)	On Text	Off Text	E7 Parameter
01	LAO	CTLR ADDRESS	31		1	0	_	_	H5-01
02	LAO	APPLICATION	_	_	1	0	-	-	_
{03}	LAI	FREQ OUTPUT	0	HZ	0.01	0	_	_	U1-02
{04}	LAI	PCT OUTPUT	0	PCT	0.01	0	-	-	_
{05}	LAI	SPEED	0	RPM	0.01	0		-	_
{06}	LAI	CURRENT	0	AMPS (A)	0.01	0	_	-	U1-03
{07}	LAI	TORQUE	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-	_
{08}	LAI	POWER	0	KW	1	0	-	-	U1-08
{09}	LAI	DRIVE TEMP	0	DEG F / C	1	0	-	-	U1-41
{10}	LAI	DRIVE KWH	0	KWH	0.1	0	-	-	U1-29
{11}	LAI	MWH	0	MWH	1	0	-	-	U1-30
{12}	LAI	RUN TIME	0	HRS	1	0	_	_	U1-13
{13}	LAI	DC BUS VOLT	0	PCT	1	0	-	-	U1-07
{14}	LAI	AC OUT VOLT	0	VOLTS (V)	0.1	0	_	-	U1-06
15	LAI	PAR N9.01	0	AMPS (A)	0.01	0	_	_	N9-01
{16}	LAI	RUN TIMEX10K	0	10K HR	1	0	-	-	U1-13
{17}	LAI	FAULT CODE	0	_	1	0	_	-	U2-01
{18}	LDI	MINOR FLT	NO FLT	_	1	0	FAULT	NO FLT	U1-12 (Bit 6)
{19}	LDI	MAJOR FLT	NO FLT	_	1	0	FAULT	NO FLT	U1-12 (Bit 7)
20	LAO	OVRD TIME	1	HRS	1	0		-	_
{21}	LDI	FWD.REV	FWD	_	1	0	REV	FWD	U1-12 (Bit 2)
{22}	LDO	CMD REV.STOP	STOP	_	1	0	REV	STOP	_
{23}	LDI	RUN.STOP	STOP	_	1	0	RUN	STOP	U1-12 (Bit 0)
{24}	LDO	CMD RUN.STOP	STOP	_	1	0	FWD	STOP	_
{25}	LDI	ZERO SPEED	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-12 (Bit 1)
{26}	LDI	SPEED AGREE	NO AGR	_	1	0	AGREE	NO AGR	U1-12 (Bit 4)
{27}	LDI	DRIVE READY	NOTRDY	_	1	0	READY	NOTRDY	U1-12 (Bit 5)
{28}	LDI	LOC.REM MON	REMOTE	_	1	0	LOCAL	REMOTE	_
{29}	LDO	DAY.NGT	DAY	_	1	0	NGT	DAY	_
30	LAO	CURRENT LIM	0	AMPS (A)	0.01	0		-	E2-01
31	LAO	ACCEL TIME 1	0	SEC	0.1	0	_	_	C1-01
32	LAO	DECEL TIME 1	0	SEC	0.1	0	-	-	C1-02
33	LDO	LOCK PANEL	UNLOCK	-	1	0	LOCK	UNLOCK	_
35	LDO	RUN ENABLE	STOP	-	1	0	ENABLE	STOP	-
36	LAO	STALL PRE RN	90	PCT	30	0	_	-	L3-06
37	LAO	STALL PRE AC	120	PCT	1	0	-	-	L3-02
38	LAO	FREQ UP LIM	100	PCT	0.1	0	-	-	D2-01
39	LAO	FREQ LOW LIM	0	PCT	0.1	0	_	-	D2-02
{40}	LDI	MULTI OUT 1	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-11 (Bit 0)

Point Name			Table 4	.1 - APOGEE FL	N Application	2721 Point	Number Sum	nmary		
NUMBER System S	Point	Point	Point Name				Intercept	On	Off	E7
(42) LDI MULTIOUT3 OFF	Number	Type	Foilit Name	(SI Units)	(SI Units)	(SI Units)	(SI Units)	Text	Text	Parameter
(43) I.D. SAFETY ILOCK OFF 1 0 0 N OFF	{41}	LDI	MULTI OUT 2	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-11 (Bit 1)
[445 LDO	{42}	LDI	MULTI OUT 3	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-11 (Bit 2)
145 LDO	{43}	LDI	SAFETY ILOCK	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	-
146 LDO	{44}	LDO	MF INP 1	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	-
(47) LDO	{45}	LDO	MF INP 2	OFF	_	1		ON	OFF	-
48 LDO	{46}	LDO	MF INP 3	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	-
49	{47}	LDO	MF INP 4	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	-
SO	{48}	LDO	MF INP 5	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	-
S1	49	LAO	JUMP FREQ 1	0	HZ	0.1	0	-	_	D3-01
S2	50	LAO	JUMP FREQ 2	0	HZ	0.1	0	-	-	D3-02
S3	51	LAO	JUMP FREQ 3	0	HZ	0.1	0	_	-	D3-03
S4	52	LAO	JUMP FREQ BW	0	HZ	0.1	0	_	-	D3-04
S5	53	LAO	NUM AUTOSTRT	0	_	1	0	-	-	L5-01
Second S	54	LAO	POWER LOSS RT	0.1	SEC	0.1	0	-	-	L2-02
S7	55	LAO	RUN OP MODE	1	-	1	0	_	-	B1-02
LDI	56	LAO	REF OP MODE	1	_	1	0	_	_	B1-01
Section Sect	57	LAO	OPER DISP MD	0	ı	1	0	_	_	O1-03
1	{58}	LDI	MF IN 1 MON	OFF	ı	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-10 (Bit 2)
61	{59}	LDI	MF IN 2 MON	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-10 (Bit 3)
62	{60}	LAO	INPUT REF 1	0	HZ	0.01	0	-	-	
63 LAO PID P GAIN 1 - 0.01 0 - - B5-02 64 LAO PID I TIM 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-03 65 LDO PID MODE SEL DISABLE - 1 0 ENABLE DISABLE B5-01 (66) LAI LST FLT CODE 0 - 1 0 - - U2-02 (67) LAI FREFELT 0 HZ 0.01 0 - - U2-03 (68) LAI OUT FREQ FLT 0 HZ 0.01 0 - - U2-04 (69) LAI OUT CUR-FLT 0 AMPS (A) 0.01 0 - - U2-05 70 LAO RD PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	61	LAO	INPUT REF 2	0	HZ	0.01	0	-	-	D1-02
SEC O.1 O C C DISABLE DISABLE C O.1 O C C DISABLE DISABLE	{62}	LAI	PID FEEDBACK	0	PCT	0.01	0	-	_	U1-24
65	63	LAO	PID P GAIN	1	_	0.01	0	_	_	B5-02
(66) LAI	64	LAO	PID I TIM	1	SEC	0.1	0	-	_	B5-03
{67} LAI FREFELT 0 HZ 0.01 0 - - U2-03 {68} LAI OUT FREQ FLT 0 HZ 0.01 0 - - U2-04 {69} LAI OUT CUR-FLT 0 AMPS (A) 0.01 0 - - U2-05 70 LAO RD PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 - - - - 71 LAI RD PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 - <td>65</td> <td>LDO</td> <td>PID MODE SEL</td> <td>DISABLE</td> <td>_</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>ENABLE</td> <td>DISABLE</td> <td>B5-01</td>	65	LDO	PID MODE SEL	DISABLE	_	1	0	ENABLE	DISABLE	B5-01
{68} LAI OUT FREQ FLT 0 HZ 0.01 0 - - U2-04 {69} LAI OUT CUR.FLT 0 AMPS (A) 0.01 0 - - U2-05 70 LAO RD PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 - - - - 71 LAI RD PARAM DAT 0 - 1 0 - <td>{66}</td> <td>LAI</td> <td>LST FLT CODE</td> <td>0</td> <td>_</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>U2-02</td>	{66}	LAI	LST FLT CODE	0	_	1	0	-	_	U2-02
{69} LAI OUT CUR.FLT 0 AMPS (A) 0.01 0 — — U2-05 70 LAO RD PARAM NUM 1 — 1 0 — — — 71 LAI RD PARAM DAT 0 — 1 0 — — — 72 LAO WR PARAM DAT 0 — 1 0 — — — 73 LAO WR PARAM DAT 0 — 1 0 — — — — {74} LDI MF IN 3 MON OFF — 1 0 ON OFF U1-10 (Bit 4) {75} LAI DUT VOLTELT 0 VOLTS (V) 0.1 0 — — U2-07 {76} LAI DC BUS.FLT 0 VOLTS (V) 1 0 — — U2-09 {77} LAI DC TWRFLT 0 KW 0.1 0 —	{67}	LAI	FREF.FLT	0	HZ	0.01	0	-	_	U2-03
70 LAO RD PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 -	{68}	LAI	OUT FREQ FLT	0	HZ	0.01	0	-	_	U2-04
71 LAI RD PARAM DAT 0 - 1 0 - - - - 72 LAO WR PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 - - - - 73 LAO WR PARAM DAT 0 - 1 0 - - - - {74} LDI MF IN 3 MON OFF - 1 0 ON OFF U-10 (Bit 4) {75} LAI OUT VOLT.FLT 0 VOLTS (V) 0.1 0 - - U2-07 {76} LAI DC BUS.FLT 0 VOLTS (V) 1 0 - - U2-08 {77} LAI OUT PWR.FLT 0 KW 0.1 0 - - U2-09 {78} LDI MF IN 4 MON OFF - 1 0 ON OFF U1-10 (Bit 5) {79} LAI PID DEVIATE 0 PCT <td< td=""><td>{69}</td><td>LAI</td><td>OUT CUR.FLT</td><td>0</td><td>AMPS (A)</td><td>0.01</td><td>0</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>U2-05</td></td<>	{69}	LAI	OUT CUR.FLT	0	AMPS (A)	0.01	0	-	-	U2-05
72 LAO WR PARAM NUM 1 - 1 0 -	70	LAO	RD PARAM NUM	1	_	1	0	-	-	_
73 LAO WR PARAM DAT 0 - 1 0 -	71	LAI	RD PARAM DAT	0	_	1	0	-	-	_
The first of the	72	LAO	WR PARAM NUM	1	_	1	0	_	_	_
Total Commerce C	73	LAO	WR PARAM DAT	0	_	1	0	-	-	_
{76} LAI DC BUS.FLT 0 VOLTS (V) 1 0 - - U2-08 {77} LAI OUT PWR.FLT 0 KW 0.1 0 - - U2-09 {78} LDI MF IN 4 MON OFF - 1 0 ON OFF U1-10 (Bit 5) {79} LAI PID DEVIATE 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-36 80 LAO PID I LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-04 81 LAO PID UP LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-06 82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 - - B5-06 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - <td>{74}</td> <td>LDI</td> <td>MF IN 3 MON</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>_</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>U1-10 (Bit 4)</td>	{74}	LDI	MF IN 3 MON	OFF	_	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-10 (Bit 4)
{77} LAI OUT PWR.FLT 0 KW 0.1 0 - - U2-09 {78} LDI MF IN 4 MON OFF - 1 0 ON OFF U1-10 (Bit 5) {79} LAI PID DEVIATE 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-36 80 LAO PID I LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-04 81 LAO PID UP LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-06 82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 - - B5-06 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 -	{75}	LAI	OUT VOLT.FLT	0	VOLTS (V)	0.1	0	-	-	U2-07
{78} LDI MF IN 4 MON OFF — 1 0 ON OFF U1-10 (Bit 5) {79} LAI PID DEVIATE 0 PCT 0.01 0 — — U1-36 80 LAO PID I LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 — — B5-04 81 LAO PID UP LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 — — B5-06 82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 — — B5-06 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 — — B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 — 1 0 — — B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 — — B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 —	{76}	LAI	DC BUS.FLT	0	VOLTS (V)	1	0	-	-	U2-08
{79} LAI PID DEVIATE 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-36 80 LAO PID I LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-04 81 LAO PID UP LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-06 82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 - - B5-06 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - -<	{77}	LAI	OUT PWR.FLT	0	KW	0.1	0	-		U2-09
80 LAO PID I LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-04 81 LAO PID UP LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-06 82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 - - B5-07 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - -	{78}	LDI	MF IN 4 MON	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-10 (Bit 5)
80 LAO PID I LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-04 81 LAO PID UP LIMIT 100 PCT 0.1 0 - - B5-06 82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 - - B5-07 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - -	{79}	LAI	PID DEVIATE	0	PCT	0.01	0	_		U1-36
82 LAO PID OFFS ADJ 100 PCT 0.1 -100 - - B5-07 83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39		LAO	PID I LIMIT	100	PCT	0.1	0	_	-	B5-04
83 LAO PID PRI DYTM 0 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-08 84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	81	LAO	PID UP LIMIT	100	PCT	0.1	0	-		B5-06
84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	82	LAO	PID OFFS ADJ	100	PCT	0.1	-100	_		B5-07
84 LAO PID FB RMDS 0 - 1 0 - - B5-12 85 LAO PID FB RMDL 0 PCT 1 0 - - B5-13 86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	83	LAO	PID PRI DYTM	0	SEC	0.1	0	_	-	B5-08
86 LAO PID FB RMDT 1 SEC 0.1 0 - - B5-14 {87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	84	LAO	PID FB RMDS	0		1	0			B5-12
{87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	85	LAO	PID FB RMDL	0	PCT	1	0	_	-	B5-13
{87} LAI PID OUT CAP 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-37 {88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	86	LAO		1	SEC	0.1	0	_	_	
{88} LAI PID REF 0 PCT 0.01 0 - - U1-38 {89} LAI COMM ERR CD 0 - 1 0 - - U1-39	{87}	LAI	PID OUT CAP	0	PCT	0.01	0	_	-	U1-37
{89} LAI COMMERR CD 0 - 1 0 - U1-39	. ,			0						
	. ,									
	. ,		COMM FLT ENA	DISABLE	_	1	0	ENABLE	DISABLE	H5-05

	Table 4 .1 - APOGEE FLN Application 2721 Point Number Summary										
Point Number	Point Type	Point Name	Factory Default (SI Units)	Engr. Units (SI Units)	Slope (SI Units)	Intercept (SI Units)	On Text	Off Text	E7 Parameter		
91	LAO	CBL LOSS FRQ	0	HZ	0.01	0	-	-	D1-04		
92	LAO	CBL LOSS TMR	2	SEC	0.1	0	-	-	H5-09		
{93}	LDI	OK.FAULT	OK	-	1	0	FAULT	OK	U1-12 (Bit 7)		
{94}	LDO	RESET FAULT	NO	-	1	0	RESET	NO	-		
{95}	LDI	DRV COMM ERR	NO FLT	-	1	0	FAULT	NO FLT	_		
{96}	LDO	EXTERNAL FLT	OK	-	1	0	FAULT	OK	_		
{97}	LDI	MF IN 5 MON	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	U1-10 (Bit 6)		
{99}	LAI	ERROR STATUS	0	_	1	0		-	_		

APOGEE FLN Logical Analog Input (LAI) Summary

	Table 4.2 - APOGEE FLN	Application 27	'21 Logical Ana	alog Input (LA	AI) Summar	y (E7 to <i>P</i>	POGEE FLN	1)
Point Number	Database Descriptor	Units	Slope	Intercept	Default	Min	Max	E7 Parameter
3	FREQ OUTPUT	HZ	0.01	0	0	Fmin	Fmax	U1-02
4	PCT OUTPUT	PCT	0.01	0	0	0	100	_
5	SPEED	RPM	1	0	0	Fmin	Fmax	_
6	CURRENT	AMPS	0.01 or 0.1	0	0	0	DriveMax	U1-03
7	TORQUE	PCT	0.1	0	0	0	300	_
8	POWER	KW	0.1	0	0	0	100	U1-08
9	DRIVE TEMP	DEG F	1	0	DrvTemp	0	4000	U1-41
10	DRIVE KWH	KWH	0.1 or 1 kVA Dep	0	0	0	32767	U1-29
11	DRIVE MWH	MWH	1	0	0	0	32767	U1-30
12	RUN TIME	HR	1	0	0	0	32767	U1-13
13	DC BUS VOLT	VOLTS	1	0	kVA Dep	0	4000	U1-07
14	AC OUT VOLT	VOLTS	1	0	0	0	kVA Dep	U1-06
15	DRV RATED AMP	AMPS	0.01 or 0.1	0	0	0	kVA Dep	N9-01
16	RUN TIME x 10K	10K HR	1	0	0	0	32767	U1-13
17	FAULT CODE	ERR CD	1	0	0	0	_	U2-01
62	PID FEEDBACK	HZ	0.01	0	0	0	40	U1-24
66	LST FLT CODE		1	0	0	-		U2-02
67	FREF.FLT	HZ	0.01	0	0	0	400	U2-03
68	OUT FREQ.FAULT	HZ	0.01	0	0	0	400	U2-04
69	OUT CUR.FLT	AMPS	0.1	0	0	0	kVA Dep	U2-05
71	RD PARAM DAT	-	1	0	-	-		_
75	OUT VOLT.FLT	VOLTS	0.1	0	0	0	400	U2-07
76	DC BUS.FLT	VOLTS	1	0	0	0	4000	U2-08
77	OUT PWR.FLT	KW	0.1	0	0	0	400	U2-09
79	PID DEVIATE	PCT	0.01	0	0	0	400	U1-36
87	PID OUT CAP	PCT	0.01	0	0	0	40	U1-37
88	PID REF	PCT	0.01	0	0	0	40	U1-38
89	COMM ERR CD	-	1	0	0	0	4000	U1-39
99	ERROR STATUS	-	1	0	0	0	255	_

APOGEE FLN Logical Analog Output (LAO) Summary

Ta	able 4.3 - APOGEE FLN A	oplication 272	21 Logical Anal	og Output (L	AO) Summa	ry (APO	GEE FLN to E	=7)
Point Number	Database Descriptor	Units	Slope	Intercept	Default	Min	Max	E7 Parameter
1	CTLR ADDRESS	-	1	0	31	0	99	H5-01
2	APPLICATION	-	1	0	2721	0	32767	-
20	OVRD TIME	HR	1	0	8	1	255	-
30	CURRENT LIMIT	A	0.01 or 0.1	0	kVA Dep	0	1500	E2-01
31	ACCEL TIME	SEC	0.1	0	10	0	32767	C1-01
32	DECEL TIME	SEC	0.1	0	10	0	32767	C1-02
36	STALL PRE RN	PCT	30	0	90	0	170	L3-06
37	STALL PRE AC	PCT	1	0	120	0	200	L3-02
38	FREQ UP LIM	PCT	0.1	0	100	0	110	D2-01
39	FREQ LOW LIM	PCT	0.1	0	0	0	110	D2-02
49	JUMP FREQ 1	HZ	0.1	0	0	0	400	D3-01
50	JUMP FREQ 2	HZ	0.1	0	0	0	400	D3-02
51	JUMP FREQ 3	HZ	0.1	0	0	0	400	D3-03
52	JUMP FREQ BW	HZ	0.1	0	1	0	20	D3-04
53	NUM AUTOSTRT	_	1	0	0	0	10	L5-01
54	PWR LOSS RT	SEC	0.1	0	0	0	25.5	L2-02
55	RUN OP MODE	-	1	0	1	0	3	B1-02
56	REF OP MODE	-	1	0	1	0	3	B1-01
57	OPER DISP MD	_	1	0	0	0	32767	O1-03
60	INPUT REF 1	HZ	0.01	0	0	0	400	-
61	INPUT REF 2	HZ	0.01	0	0	0	400	D1-02
63	PID P GAIN	-	0.01	0	1	0	25	B5-02
64	PID I TIME	SEC	0.1	0	1	0	360	B5-03
70	RD PARAM NUM	-	1	0	-	-	-	-
72	WR PARAM NUM	-	1	0	-	-	_	-
73	WR PARAM DAT	-	1	0	-	-	-	-
80	PID I LIMIT	PCT	0.1	0	100	0	100	B5-04
81	PID UP LIM	PCT	0.1	0	100	0	100	B5-06
82	PID OFFS ADJ	PCT	0.1	-100	0	0	200	B5-07
83	PID PRI DYTM	SEC	0.01	0	0	0	10	B5-08
84	PID FB RMDS	-	1	0	0	0	2	B5-12
85	PID FB RMDL	_	1	0	1	0	2	B5-13
86	PID FB RMDT	SEC	0.1	0	1	0	25.5	B5-14
91	CBL LOSS FRQ	HZ	0.01	0	0	0	400	D1-04
92	CBL LOSS TMR	SEC	0.1	0	2	0	3600	H5-09

APOGEE FLN Logical Digital Input (LDI) Summary

	Table 4.4 - APOGEE FLN	Applicatio	n 2721 Logi	cal Digital I	nput (LE	OI) Sumr	mary (E7 to A	APOGEE FL	N)
Point Number	Database Descriptor	Slope	Intercept	Default	Min	Max	Off (0) State	On (1) State	E7 Parameter
18	MINOR FLT	1	0	0	0	1	NO FLT	FAULT	U1-12 (Bit 6)
19	MAJOR FLT	1	0	0	0	1	NO FLT	FAULT	U1-12 (Bit 7)
21	FWD.REV	1	0	0	0	1	FWD	REV	U1-12 (Bit 2)
23	RUN.STOP	1	0	0	0	1	STOP	RUN	U1-12 (Bit 0)
25	ZERO SPEED	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-12 (Bit 1)
26	SPEED AGREE	1	0	0	0	1	NO AGR	AGREE	U1-12 (Bit 4)
27	DRIVE READY	1	0	0	0	1	NOTRDY	READY	U1-12 (Bit 5)
28	HND/AUTO MON	1	0	0	0	1	REMOTE	LOCAL	_
40	MULTI OUT 1	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-11 (Bit 0)
41	MULTI OUT 2	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-11 (Bit 1)
42	MULTI OUT 3	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-11 (Bit 2)
43	SAFETY ILOCK	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	_
58	MF IN 1 MON	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-10 (Bit 2)
59	MF IN 2 MON	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-10 (Bit 3)
74	MF IN 3 MON	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-10 (Bit 4)
78	MF IN 4 MON	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-10 (Bit 5)
93	OK.FAULT	1	0	0	0	1	NO FLT	FAULT	U1-12 (Bit 7)
95	DRV COMM ERR	1	0	0	0	1	NO FLT	FAULT	_
97	MF IN 5 MON	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	U1-10 (Bit 6)

APOGEE FLN Logical Digital Output (LDO) Summary

Т	Table 4.5 - APOGEE FLN Application 2721 Logical Digital Output (LDO) Summary (APOGEE FLN to E7)									
Point Number	Database Descriptor	Slope	Intercept	Default	Min	Max	Off (0) State	On (1) State	E7 Parameter	
22	CMD REV.STOP	1	0	0	0	1	STOP	REV	-	
24	CMD RUN.STOP	1	0	0	0	1	STOP	FWD	_	
29	DAY.NGT	1	0	0	0	1	DAY	NGT	-	
33	LOCK PANEL	1	0	0	0	1	UNLOCK	LOCK	-	
35	RUN ENABLE	1	0	0	0	1	STOP	ENABLE	_	
44	MF INP 1	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	-	
45	MF INP 2	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	-	
46	MF INP 3	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	-	
47	MF INP 4	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	-	
48	MF INP 5	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	-	
65	PID MODE SL	1	0	0	0	1	OFF	ON	B5-01	
90	COMM FLT ENA	1	0	1	0	1	DISABLE	ENABLE	H5-05	
94	RESET FAULT	1	0	0	0	1	RESET	OK	_	
96	EXTERNAL FLT	1	0	0	0	1	FAULT	OK	_	

Chapter 5 Cable Loss Behavior

Cable L	oss Conf	iguration a	nd Behavior	 5 –	3
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Cable Loss Configuration and Behavior

This section describes the configurable cable loss feature of the drive. This feature offers a user maximum flexibility in determining the drive's response to a loss of communication.

Drive Behavior At Loss of Communication

- After some interval without receipt of a message, the drive can be configured to respond in one of the following manners:
 - Continue at last speed
 - Continue at last speed with Alarm
 - Continue at preset speed
 - Ramp to Stop with EF0 fault
 - Coast to Stop with EF0 fault
 - Emergency Stop with EF0 fault

APOGEE FLN Points

Three APOGEE FLN points are used to select the desired behavior:

- **POINT 92** CBL LOSS TMR
- POINT 91 CBL LOSS FRQ
- POINT 90 COMM FLT ENA

Table 5.1 - Cable Loss Behavior Summary								
Behavior	H5-04	CBL LOSS TMR (Point 92)	CBL LOSS FRQ (Point 91)	COMM FLT ENA (Point 90)				
Decelerate to stop (stop time in C1-02) EF0 Fault	0	Timeout Interval	X	On				
Coast to stop EF0 Fault	1	Timeout Interval	X	On				
Emergency stop (stop time in C1-09) EF0 Fault	2	Timeout Interval	X	On				
Continue at last speed	3	0	X	X				
Continue at last speed with Alarm	3	Timeout Interval	X	On				
Continue at preset speed with Alarm	4	Timeout Interval	Preset Speed	On				

Notes:

- 1. Communication must first be established and then lost for these features to function as described. If a drive is powered-up without a cable connected or with the master controller offline, a communications timeout does not occur.
- 2. For modes which describe the drive running after a communications timeout, a run command must have been issued (RUN ENABLE (Point 35) = 'On' and either CMD RUN.FWD (Point 22) = 'On' or CMD RUN.REV (Point 24) = 'On') prior to loss of communications. For safety purposes, the drive will not automatically restart from a stopped condition. If a user requires the drive to restart automatically, additional external wiring is required to accomplish this (consult factory).

Upon expiration of the communications timeout interval, the FAULT LED lights and remains lit until communication is restored.

Continue at Last Speed

In this mode, CBL LOSS TMR (POINT 92) is set to **0**, disabling the cable loss feature. The other two settings CBL LOSS FRQ (POINT 91) and COMM FLT ENA (POINT 90) are ignored. If communication is lost, the drive simply maintains its last commanded state. The drive will not display an alarm or fault to indicate it has lost communication. This behavior can also be achieved by setting parameter H5-04 to "3". The drive will display an alarm and continue running. For this specific condition, the COMM FLT ENA(POINT 90) must be enabled and CBL LOSS TMR (POINT 91) should be set to something other than 0.

■ Continue at Preset Speed

In this mode, CBL LOSS TMR (POINT 92) is set to the desired interval, CBL LOSS FRQ (POINT 91) is set to the desired preset speed and H5-04 is set to "4". If the time between messages exceeds the timeout interval, the drive's speed command, INPUT REF 1, (Point 60) is set to the CBL LOSS FRQ (POINT 91) and the drive continues running at this new speed. COMM FLT ENA (POINT 90) must be set to 'On'.

■ Stop

COMM FLT ENA (POINT 90) must be set to 'On'. In this mode, CBL LOSS TMR (POINT 92) is set to the desired interval and parameter H5-04 is set to a value of 0,1 or 2. If the time between messages exceeds the timeout interval, the drive's speed command, INPUT REF 1, (Point 60) is set to **0**. The stopping method is determined by the setting of H5-04. An **EF0** drive fault will be set.

- H5-04 = 0 selects Ramp to Stop. The deceleration time or the slope of the ramp is determined by the setting of drive parameter C1-02.
- H5-04 = 1 selects Coast to Stop. The drive does not attempt to control the rate of deceleration.
- H5-04 = 2 selects Emergency or Fast Stop. The deceleration time is determined by the setting of drive parameter C1-09.



The behavior of the drive at cable loss is controlled by parameter H5-04. This drive parameter works with the points as described in the table above to determine how the drive will respond to a cable loss. If the cable loss fault is disabled, the drive will continue in its last state, if running the drive will continue to run at the last commanded frequency.

■ Fault (EF0)

In this mode, CBL LOSS TMR (POINT 92) is set to the desired interval, COMM FLT ENA (POINT 90) or is set to 'On' and either CMD RUN.FWD (Point 22) or CMD RUN.REV (Point 24) is set to 'On'. If the time between messages exceeds the timeout interval, an 'EF0' fault is declared and the drive stops. The stopping method is controlled by the setting of H5-04 and is described above. CBL LOSS FRQ (POINT 91) is ignored.

Chapter 6 Mailbox Function

This chapter defines the APOGEE FLN points that read and write E7	drive
parameters.	

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Mailbox Function Points	6	— ;	ď

Mailbox Function Points

Reading a Drive Parameter

Two points are defined for reading any drive parameter:

- #70 Specifies the parameter to be read from
- #71 Reports the value of the parameter specified in Point #70

When this point is read, it retrieves data from the parameter and sends it to the controller

■ Example:

Entering a value of 387 (183 hex) in Point #70 specifies drive parameter B1-04. Reading Point #71 returns the current setting of parameter B1-04 to the controller

Writing to a Drive Parameter

Two points are defined for writing to any drive parameter:

- #72 Specifies the parameter to be written to
- #73 Entry location of the value to be written to the parameter specified in Point #72

When this point is written to, it will write the value to the drive. An enter or accept command does not need to be sent for the data to be taken by the drive. The behavior of the write is the same as with the digital operator. If the drive is running, there are a limited number of drive parameters that can be written to.

Example:

Entering a value of 387 (183 hex) in Point #72 specifies drive parameter B1-04. Commanding Point #73 to a value of 1 enables the drive for reverse run.

Refer to the either the *E7 User's Manual* or the *E7 MODBUS® Technical Manual* for MODBUS® communication set-up and configuration. The *E7 User's Manual* and the *E7 MODBUS® Technical Manual* provide a reference to E7 drive parameters and their respective drive addresses.

Chapter 7 E7 Bypass Applications

This chapter	r lists the ty	pical parame	ters for a b	vpass/engi	ineered drive.
				,,	

Rv	nass/Fnd	haraanin	Drive	Parameter	Settings	7 _	3
DУ	'pa55/⊑119	anneerea	Dilve	rarameter	Settings.	 <i>i</i> –	J

Bypass/Engineered Drive Parameter Settings

For many applications, the drive is integrated into a *bypass* or *engineered* package. This type of package typically features an enclosure with contactors that allow the user to run the motor from line power (bypass mode) or from the drive (drive mode). This package also provides the flexibility for interfacing normally closed safety interlocks (fire status, freeze status, vibration sensors, etc.) which stop the drive if the contacts open.

Typical Parameter Settings

A bypass/engineered drive is supplied with a list of parameters and their default values. Use the table below to record any parameter modifications for this particular application.

_	Table 7.1 - Typical Bypass/Engineered Drive Parameters				
Parameter Bypass Settings Number Default User		Description			
E1-01	Doladit	0001	Input Voltage (VAC) – Parameter defaults dependent on drive model		
E1-05			Maximum Output voltage (VAC) – Parameter defaults dependent on drive model		
E2-01			Motor Rated Current (FLA) (A) – Parameter defaults dependent on drive model		
T1-02			Motor Rated Power (kW) – Parameter defaults dependent on motor		
T1-04			Motor Rated Current (FLA) (A) – Parameter defaults dependent on motor		
A1-01	2		Parameter Access Level (2 – Advanced)		
B1-01			Frequency Reference Source (dependent on options specified)		
B1-02			Command Source (dependent on options specified)		
B1-03	0		Stopping Method (0 – Ramp to Stop) (ramp slope set by C1-02)		
B1-04	1		Reverse Operation (1 – Disabled)		
B1-07	1		Local/Remote RUN Selection (1 – Accept External RUN)		
B1-08	1		RUN Command During Programming (1 – Enabled)		
B1-12			HAND Mode Frequency Reference Selection (Operator Keypad)		
B2-02	50%		DC Injection Braking Current (50%)		
B2-03	5.0 sec		DC Injection Braking Current @ Start (5.0sec)		
B2-09	0.0 A		Motor Preheat Current		
B3-01	1		Speed Search Select (1 – Enabled (Speed Estimated))		
B8-01	1		Energy Conservation Control Select (1 – Enabled)		
C1-01	60.0 sec		Acceleration Time		
C1-02	60.0 sec		Deceleration Time		
D1-01	10.0 hz		Frequency Reference 1 (HAND Mode) (see H1-03)		
D1-02	20.0 hz		Frequency Reference 2 (HAND Mode) (see H1-03)		
E1-01			Input Voltage- Parameter defaults dependent on drive model		
E1-03	7		V/F Pattern Select		
E1-05			Output Voltage- Parameter defaults dependent on drive model		
F6-01	3		Operation After Communication Loss (3 – Alarm Only)		
H1-01	6A		Terminal S3 Function (Drive Enable)		
H1-02	6		Terminal S4 Function (Local /Remote Select)		
H1-03	6C		Terminal S5 Function (Frequency Reference 2 (N.O.))		
H1-04	20		Terminal S6 Function (External Fault (N.O.))		

Dong	Table 7.1 - Typical Bypass/Engineered Drive Parameters				
Parameter Bypass Settings Number Default User		LIGSCRIPTION			
H1-05	8	USEI	Terminal S7 Function (External Base Block (N.O.))		
H2-02	3B		Terminal M3-M4 (Command Source – Serial)		
H3-08	2		Terminal A2 (0–10vdc)		
H3-09	2		Terminal A2 (Auxiliary Frequency Reference)		
H3-12	0.3 sec		Analog Input Filter Time		
H3-13	0.5 sec		Master Frequency Reference Terminal Select (0 – Terminal A1)		
L2-01	2		Momentary Power Loss Detection Select (2 – CPU power active (UV fault not detected))		
L4-05	1		Frequency Reference Loss Detection Select (1 – RUN @ 80% of frequency prior to loss)		
L5-01	10		Number of Re-Start Attempts		
L5-01 L5-03	600.0 sec		Maximum Restart Time After Fault		
L6-01	6		Torque Detection Select (6 – No Load Detect and Alarm)		
L6-02	15%		Torque Detection Level (% of drive rated current)		
L6-03	10.0 sec		Torque Detection Time		
L8-03	4		Overheat Pre-Alarm Operation Select (4 – Alarm and Reduce)		
L8-11	300 sec		Heatsink cooling Fan Operation Delay Time		
L8-19	20%		Overheat Frequency Reference Reduction Level		
O2-01	0		Local/Remote Key Function (0 - Disabled)		
O2-02	0		OFF Key Function (0 – Disabled)		
O2-05	1		Frequency Reference Setting Method select (1 – Enabled (Enter key Not Required from Keypad)		
O2-08	1		Cumulative Operation Time Select (1 – Time @ RUN)		
O3-02	1		Keypad COPY Function Select (1 – Enabled)		

Appendix A Troubleshooting

This appendix describes the steps necessary to troubleshoot the E7 drive communicating on an APOGEE FLN network.

Troubleshooting Check List	A - 3
Installing and Configuring APOGEE FLN	A – 5
Wiring And Cabling	A – 7
Drive Faults	A – 8

Troubleshooting Check List

	1:	Connect power to the drive and verify that the drive operates correctly in HAND mode from the digital operator without being connected to the network. Record the drive model number and "spec" number at this time:
		Model Number: CIMR-E7U (e.g. CIMR-E7U20P4)
		"SPEC" Number: (e.g. 20P41A)
	2:	Record the control board part number:
		ETC (e.g. ETC-618021-S2012)
	3:	All network devices have unique addresses and drives are addressed between 0-98 (0-62 hex).
		Drive address:
	4:	The Run/Stop command source parameter, B1-02 is set correctly.
		B1-02:
Ш	5:	The Speed Command source parameter, B1-01, is set correctly.
		B1-01:
	6:	The correct cable type is used: Mfg: P/N:
	7:	All cable connections are correct per device schematic and are secure.
	8:	All cables have been checked for continuity. There are no breaks or shorts.
	9:	The network is correctly terminated.
	10:	The shield is continuous throughout the network and is properly grounded on each end.
	11:	The network cable is routed away from any high voltage cable(s) or source(s).
	12:	All network devices have been tested for conformance with the APOGEE FLN specification.

Installing and Configuring APOGEE FLN

The following is a short guide to troubleshooting the APOGEE FLN installation and configuration. It highlights some of the most common issues faced when diagnosing and correcting issues associated with the startup and operation of an E7 drive with APOGEE FLN building automation network. While most of the information is centered on the application of the drive, the guidelines presented are applicable in most APOGEE FLN networks.

Diagnosis of network fault issues will typically fall into three categories: 1: Installation/set-up of APOGEE FLN, 2: wiring and cabling issues, and 3: network configuration/diagnostics. Each of these areas will be discussed after to help resolve common problems associated in APOGEE FLN network troubleshooting.

◆ Drive Operates Correctly Without Network Enabled

Before programming the drive for APOGEE FLN communication, verify that the drive functions properly. Refer to the *E7 User Manual* for information on the drive's installation and operation.

♦ Network Cable Is Connected Correctly And Securely

■ Connect a jumper between R+ and S+ as well as R- and S-. Connect network cable to terminals S+ and S+.

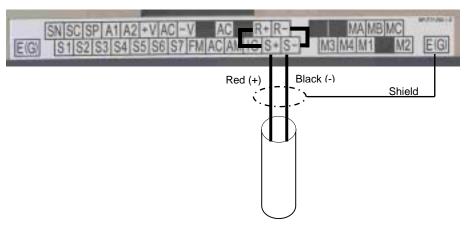


Figure A.1 – E7 APOGEE FLN Network Connections

◆ Run/Stop Operation Parameter Is Set Correctly

The run/stop operation parameter needs to be set for "Serial Com".

Table A.1 - Run/Stop Operation Parameter			
Parameter Number	Setting Choices	Setting Descriptions	
B1-02	0	Operator	
	1	Terminals	
	2	Serial Com (APOGEE FLN)	
	3	Option PCB	

♦ Speed Command Operation Parameter Is Set Correctly

The speed command operation parameter needs to be set for "Serial Com".

Table A.2 - Speed Command Operation Parameter			
Parameter Number	Setting Choices	Setting Descriptions	
	0	Operator	
B1-01	1	Terminals	
	2	Serial Com (APOGEE FLN)	
	3	Option PCB	

Correct and Unique Network Address

Each device on an APOGEE FLN network requires its own unique address. The drive also needs to be programmed to accept the APOGEE FLN protocol.

Table A.3 - Serial Communication Device Address Parameter			
Parameter Number	Setting Range	Setting Description	
H5-01	0 to 63 hex	Serial communication device address	
H5-08	0 to 2	2: P1 (APOGEE FLN)	

Wiring And Cabling

◆ The network cable is the correct type

Table A.4 - APOGEE FLN Cable Specifications			
Specification	Description		
Cable Configuration	Twisted Shielded Pair		
Gauge	18-20 AWG (Solid or Stranded)		
Wire Lay	Minimum 6 twists per foot		
Shields	100% foil with drain wire		
NEC Type	UL Type CMP		
Temperature	60°C or higher		

◆ Cable Lengths Are Within Specified Limits

Cable lengths cannot exceed 500 feet at 4800 baud.

◆ The Network is Terminated Correctly

Each APOGEE FLN network segment must be terminated on both ends to eliminate signal reflections. It is recommended that the Siemens Building Automation BLN Trunk Terminator (PN: 538-664) be used and that the network termination switch on the E7 drive, S1-1, be set to OFF.

◆ Shield Is Continuous And Both Ends Of The Shield Are Grounded

As each drive is daisy-chained to the next, twist together the shields of the adjoining cables. Do not connect the shield at each drive. The continuous shield should then be single-point grounded at the field panel.

◆ Cable Is Routed Correctly

Route the cable away from all power and high frequency lines. Routing within a separate conduit is preferred.

Drive Faults

◆ Communications Fault

Table A.6 - Drive Faults				
Fault	Description	Cause	Corrective Action	
CE	Communication Error	Connection is broken or master has stopped communicating	Check all connections Verify all APOGEE FLN software configurations	

♦ E7 Drive Faults

Table A.7 – E7 Drive Faults				
Fault Number	Description			
1	DC Bus Fuse Open (PUF)			
2	DC Bus Undervolt (UV1)			
3	Control Power Supply Undervolt (UV2)			
4	MC Answerback (UV3)			
6	Ground Fault (GF)			
7	Overcurrent (OC)			
8	DC Bus Overvolt (OV)			
9	Overheat (OH)			
10	Overheat 1 (OH1)			
11	Motor Overload (OL1)			
12	Inverter Overload (OL2)			
13	Overtorque Detection 1 (OL3)			
14	Overtorque Detection 2 (OL4)			
17	External Fault 3 (EF3)			
18	External Fault 4 (EF4)			
19	External Fault 5 (EF5)			
20	External Fault 6 (EF6)			
21	External Fault 7 (EF7)			
28	Output Phase Loss (LF)			
31	Operator Connection Fault (OPR)			
33	Memobus Com Error (CE)			
39	External Fault 0 (EF0)			

E7 APOGEE® FLN



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