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Frye

[54] AUTOMATED SOFTWARE UPDATING AND DISTRIBUTION

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Related U.S. Application Data

- [62] Division of application No. 08/176,429, Dec. 30, 1993, abandoned.
- [51] Int. Cl.⁷ G06F 9/00
- [52] U.S. Cl. 709/100; 709/102

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Exhibit A—Press Release, dated Oct. 9, 1992, four pages. Exhibit B—Direct mail peice, one page, mailed in Oct. 1992.

Exhibit C—Specification sheet, distributed at NetWorld, Dallas, Oct. 13–15, 1992, two pages.

Exhibit D—Specification sheet, distributed at Comdex, Las Vegas, Nov. 16–20, 1992, three pages.

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[57] ABSTRACT

[11]

[45]

The present invention reduces complicated support and maintenance issues to a simple model. This model is called a procedure. A procedure includes two elements. The first element is called "criteria". Criteria are specified by the user and are used to create a filter that determines which workstations, workstation directories, workstation files, users, and/or file server directories are to be updated. The second element of a procedure is called an "action". Actions are used to specify what steps are to be taken automatically at the selected workstations or file server directories. Any type of process that can be carried out from the workstation keyboard can be automated using an action. One embodiment of the invention provides a system for updating software on at least one computer connected to a computer network, including hardware and software for defining at least one procedure, the at least one procedure including a set of criteria specifying a predetermined condition of the at least one computer hardware and software, responsive to the hardware and software for defining, for executing a predetermined action, such as a program, when the set of criteria are true.

8 Claims, 12 Drawing Sheets





<u>20–</u>N

<u>22–N</u>



FIG. 2

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:45:31am



Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:54:14am

	Create General Procedure
Crit Acti Proc Save	General Procedure Criteria Nodes/users Network Group Hardware criteria Software criteria Miscellaneous criteria File criteria Disk space requirements
Procedure A Criteria Define Procedure Saved F1-	Status ctive: Yes Start Date 12/20/93 Start Time: 10:33 d: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No d: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 157616 -Help Esc-Previous Menu Enter-Select FIG 2R

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:47:52am

Create General Procedure	
No hardware items specified. Press INSERT to add an item.	
	12
	j j 3
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: Procedure Saved: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 1577	No ′12

F1-Help Ins-Insert Del-Delete Enter-Modify Space-Toggle True-False

FIG. 2C

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:48:14am

Create General Procedure			
BaseRam BiosClass BiosDate BiosMfr BiosModel BiosRevision BootDrive Coprocessor DdDriveLetter DisplayAdapter DisplayMonitor ExtendedRam	Create General Procedu — Select Field — — RAM Located Bel — BIOS Class (PC, — BIOS Date — BIOS Manufacture — BIOS Model Code — BIOS Revision Nu — Boot Drive Letter — Math Coprocesso — DOS Drive Letter — Display Adapter — Display Monitor — RAM Located Ab	ure ow 640K (K) XT, PS/2, etc) er (IBM, etc) mber or Type (8087, etc) Type (MDA, etc) Type (MOA, etc) ove 1024K (K)	
HardDisks LdIoDriverNum LdIoRange	— Number of Hard — LAN Driver Used — LAN Driver Used	IO Driver Number _= IO Range _	
Criteria Defined: All Procedure Saved: Yes	Computers Selected User Message Defined:No	Actions Specified: No Memory Available: 157712	
F1-Help	Enter-Select	Esc-Cancel	

FIG. 2D

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:49:46am

	Create General Procedure		
	Select Field		
ExtendedRam	— RAM Located Above 1024K (K) 🛛 🕌		
HardDisks	 Number of Hard Disks 		
LdloDriverNum	– LAN Driver Used IO Driver Number		
LdloRange	– LAN Driver Used IO Range		
LdloType	 LAN Driver Used IO Type (DMA, IRQ, etc) 		
LdLanType	— LAN Driver LAN Type (NetWare, etc)		
MachineMfr	— Machine Manufacturer (IBM, etc)		
Mouse	– Mouse Installed? (Y/N)		
MouseButtons	 Number of Mouse Buttons 		
Mouselrq	– Mouse Interrupt Number		
MouseType	 Mouse Type (Serial, Bus, etc) 		
ParallelPorts	 Number of Parallel Ports 		
Processor	- Processor Type (8086, etc)		
ProcessorMhz	– Processor Speed (Mhz)		
SerialPorts	- Number of Serial Ports		
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No			
Procedure Squed. Yes	Procedure Squad: Yan User Message Defined: No. Memory Available: 157712		
	User message Defined. No merrory Available. 107712		

F1-Help

Enter-Select

Esc-Cancel

FIG. 2E

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:50:14am

Create General Procedure
MachineMfr Acer OMPAQ IBM testing Unknown
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No Procedure Saved: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 157712
F1-Help Space-Select/Deselect Enter-Accept Esc-Cancel
FIG. 2F

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:55:45am

			C	reate Gen	eral Pr	ocedure	;				
ſ				— Softwo	ire Crit	eria 🚃					ה
	No	software	items	specified.	Press	INSERT	to c	bbc	an	item.	†
											и
											11
	L				·······		A . 1 * .		<u> </u>	. 161	
		la Defined: Iuro Savado N	All Com	nputers Sele	cted Define	diNa Ma	ACTIO	ns 	Spe	CITIED:	
	TOCEC	inte 20veg:	ies U	ser message	e Denne	J. NO ME	smory	AV	ullub	nc. 137	010

F1-Help Ins-Insert Del-Delete Enter-Modify Space-Toggle True/False

FIG. 2G

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:56:37am

Create General Procedure			
	Select Field		
Buffers	 DOS file BUFFERS 	allocated	
CommandVersion	- COMMAND.COM VE	ER Text String	
DosTrueVersion	— Actual DOS Versi	on 🕴	
DosVersion	 Reported DOS Ve 	rsion	
Emm	— Expanded Memor	ry Manager?(Y/N)	
EmmDriverName	 Expanded Memory D)river Name (QEMM, etc)	
EmmVersion	 Expanded Memory 	Specification Version	
EnvironmentFree	– DOS Environment E	Block Free Size (Bytes)	
EnvironmentSize	 DOS Environment 	: Block Size (Bytes)	
LdDriverText	– LAN Driver Descri	iption	
LdVersion	— LAN Driver Versio	n	
MouseVersion	– Mouse Driver Vers	sion	
NwlpxRevision	— NetWare IPX Revi	sion	
NwlpxVersion	 NetWare IPX Vers 	ion [_]	
NwSpxRevision	— NetWare SPX Rev	vision	
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No			
Procedure Saved: Yes	User Message Defined: No	Memory Available: 157616	
		-	
F1-Help	Enter-Select	Esc-Cancel	
	FIG. 2H		

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:59:01am

Create General Procedure		
	Select Field	
EnvironmentSize	– DOS Environment Block Size (Bytes) 🕌	
LdDriverText	 LAN Driver Description 	
Ld Version	- LAN Driver Version	
MouseVersion	- Mouse Driver Version	
NwlpxRevision	 NetWare IPX Revision 	
NwlpxVersion	- NetWare IPX Version	
NwSpxRevision	 NetWare SPX Revision []] 	
NxSpxVersion	- NetWare SPX Version	
NwsRevision	NwsRevision - NetWare Shell Revision	
NwsVersion - NetWare Shell Version		
ShareLoaded	- SHARE Loaded? (Y/N)	
Xmm	- Extended Memory Manager? (Y/N)	
XmmDriverName	- Extended Memory Driver Name (HIMEM, etc)	
XmmDriverRev	- Extended Memory Driver Version	
XmmVersion	 Extended Memory Specification Version 	
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No		
Procedure Squed: Yes	ser Message Defined: No Memory Available: 157616	
	ser message bennealine mentory rivanable for ere	

F1-Help

Enter-Select

Esc-Cancel

FIG. 21

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 10:59:11am

Create General Procedure
XmmDriverName ====================================
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No Procedure Saved: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 157616
F1-Help Space-Select/Deselect Enter-Accept Esc-Cance

FIG. 2J

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 11:05:09am



Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 11:05:17am

Create General Procedure				
No files specified. Press INSERT to add a file.				
Select Option file Replace file Create file Delete				
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No Procedure Saved: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 158752				
F1-Help Enter-Accept Esc-Cancel				

FIG. 2L

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1999 11:07:08am

Create General Procedure			
File Name - File	Replace Search Path		
[] Search Subdirectories	() Search Boot Drive		
[]Create Backup	() Search Only Drives In Search Path		
() Replace First Copy Found() Replace All Copies Found			
FCS\SYS: FRYE/MAIN/SOU	Directory		
Criteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No Procedure Saved: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 158752			

F1-Help Tab/Shift Tab-Next/Previous Space-New Value Enter-Accept Escape-Cancel

FIG. 2M

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 11:11:22am

	Create General Procedure
	File Create
	[] Create Backup If File Already Exists
	() Copy To Boot Drive
1	() Copy To All Local Drives
	() Copy To Drives Specified In The Destination Path
	Destination Path
	Source Directory
	FCS\SYS: FRYE/MAIN/SOURCE
	Decompression Application=
C P	riteria Defined: All Computers Selected Actions Specified: No rocedure Saved: Yes User Message Defined:No Memory Available: 158752

F1-Help Tab/Shift Tab-Next/Previous Space-New Value Enter-Accept Escape-Cancel

FIG. 2N

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 11:12:56am



FIG. 20

Software Update and Distribution System 1.00C December 20, 1993 11:13:05am

Create General Procedure
File Name Search And Replace — Search Path —
[] Search Subdirectories () Search Boot Drive () Search Local Drives
[] Create Backup () Search Only Drives In Search Path
[] Case Sensitive [] Use Regular Expressions ————————————————————————————————————
New Text=

F1-Help Tab/Shift Tab-Next/Previous Space-New Value Enter-Accept Escape-Cancel

FIG. 2P



FIG.3



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AUTOMATED SOFTWARE UPDATING AND DISTRIBUTION

This application is a division of application Ser. No. 08/176,429, filed Dec. 30, 1993, entitled AUTOMATED SOFTWARE UPDATING AND DISTRIBUTION and now abandoned.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to the control of software and files on computer networks. More particularly, the present invention relates to a system for automatically distributing software to and updating software and files on workstations on a computer network.

2. Discussion of the Related Art

Currently, one of the primary barriers to software (i.e. computer programs) sales is the cost of installation and maintenance. Services (support, distribution/installation, 20 updating, and administration) make up the largest expenditure of total personal computer (PC) software costs while the cost of the software itself accounts for only a small portion of these total costs. According to the Gartner Group's study of personal computer software costs for a 2,000 node local 25 area network (LAN) over a five year life cycle, 91% of the costs are for services such as administration, distribution/ installation, and support. Only 9% of the cost is allocated to the cost of the software itself (e.g. initial licenses, upgrades, acquisition costs, and programming). 30

As a result, many organizations update their software infrequently due to the costs involved. Additionally, one must consider the impact on users, since their computers are unavailable during this process and productivity is reduced. Some organizations have not networked their personal computers due to these problems. Yet, the expenses of supporting standalone personal computers are very high, since a standalone computer requires that a support person actually visit the user to determine the nature of a problem or to update the software on the PC.

As a result, a bottleneck currently exists for organizations that do not have their PC's connected to a computer network, since each PC must have its software updated individually. The same bottleneck exists in organizations that do have networked PC's due to the already discussed high cost of maintenance and support of software on the network.

Therefore, an object of the present invention is to provide a system for automatically distributing software from a file server to workstations located on a computer network.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a system for automatically updating, from a central location on a computer network, software installed in workstations connected to the computer network.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention overcomes the disadvantages of the prior art by providing a new analytical paradigm and system for implementing the paradigm for updating and distributing 60 software on a computer network. Within this disclosure, the term "computer network" is meant generally to include any type of computer network, such as a local area network or a wide area network. In addition, the term "computer network" is meant to encompass any type of network 65 typology, such as star or ring type networks. Also, the term "computer network" is meant to generally include any type

of data transmission protocol, such as ethernet, token ring, etc. Within this disclosure, the term "update" is meant to refer broadly to any type of operation that may be performed on software in a workstation or in a file server directly. Update thus includes operations such as replacing, deleting, installing, managing, revising, and creating software files. Also within this disclosure the terms workstation and personal computer (PC) are meant broadly to refer to any type of computer that may be connected to a computer network.

The present invention represents an entirely new class of network management software. It combines the classic concepts of software distribution with new approaches to file management. Automatic software distribution and installation, as well as automatic file updating and/or replacement are performed without requiring end-user intervention.

The present invention reduces complicated support and maintenance issues to a simple model. This model is called a procedure. A procedure includes two elements. The first element is called "criteria". Criteria are specified by the user and are used to create a filter that determines which workstations, workstation directories, workstation files, users, and/or file server directories are to be updated. The user may specify various types of hardware configurations, software configurations, file sizes, and so on as criteria. The configuration of each workstation or file server on the computer network is compared to the list of criteria. If a particular workstation, workstation directory, workstation file, user, and/or file server contains all of the specified criteria, then that workstation will be updated.

The second element of a procedure is called an "action". Actions are used to specify what steps are to be taken automatically at the selected workstations or file server directories. Some examples of actions might be to update certain files, delete certain files, edit specified files, or 35 execute DOS batch commands.

The present inventor has realized that all software updating and distribution operations can be reduced to this two element paradigm. The user simply needs to specify, through criteria, the relevant characteristics of a workstation or file 40 server directory that qualify the workstation or file server directory for updating. As soon as a workstation or file server directory meets the specified criteria, the specified action is automatically carried out. Any type of process that can be done from the workstation keyboard can be auto-45 mated using an action.

One embodiment of the invention provides a system for updating software on at least one computer connected to a computer network, including means for defining at least one procedure, the at least one procedure including a set of criteria specifying a predetermined condition of the at least one computer and means, responsive to the means for defining, for executing a predetermined action, such as a program, when the set of criteria are true.

The features and advantages of the present invention will ⁵⁵ be more readily understood and apparent from the following detailed description of the invention, which should be read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings and from the claims which are appended at the end of the detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawings, which are incorporated herein by reference and in which like elements have been given like reference characters,

FIG. 1 illustrates a general purposes computer network that may be used, in conjunction with the program of the present invention, to update software;

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FIG. **2** is a diagrammatic representation of the procedure paradigm of the present invention;

FIGS. **2**A–**2**P are user interface menu screens that may be used by a user to specify criteria and actions that may be then operated upon by the program of the present invention;

FIGS. **3** and **4** are flow charts illustrating the operation of the method of the present invention for automatically updating software;

Appendix A is a user manual for the program of the present invention, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety; and

Appendix B is a list of references that contain information concerning how to gather information about hardware and software configurations from a workstation on a computer network and how to remotely execute various commands at a workstation. All of the references listed in Appendix B are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

For purposes of illustration only, and not to limit generality, the present invention will now be explained with reference to its use for updating software on PC workstations connected to a file server in a local area network. One skilled in the art will recognize that the present invention is not so limited and may be applied to updating software on any type of network having any type of computer connected to it.

FIG. 1 illustrates a generalized computer network that may be used as part of the present invention. A computer 30 network 10 typically includes a file server 12 and workstations 14-1 through 14-N. Each workstation and file server 12 is coupled together by a transmission medium 16. The file server 12 typically includes a system unit 18 having a keyboard 20 and a display device 22 such as a CRT 35 connected to the system unit. The system unit 18 typically contains a central processing unit (CPU) 24, a working memory 26, which is typically a RAM or ROM, and some type of mass data storage device 28. Mass storage device 28 may be, for example, a disk drive. System unit 18 also 40 contains a network interface device 30 that provides any necessary hardware interface and software handshaking between the network transmission medium 16 and transmission protocol used thereon, and file server 12. A printer 32 may be attached to file server 12 to provide reports and permanent copies of data on file server 12. Work stations 14-1 through 14-N typically contain the same components as file server 12.

File server 12 and workstations 14, being PC's, typically use a version of the DOS operating system. Additionally, file server 12 may run shell software that provides an additional command layer between software being executed on workstations 14 and the DOS operating system running on file server 12. An example of a shell and network software that may be run on computer network 10 is Novell Netware, available from Novell, Incorporated. Appendix A specify examples of criter the program of the present invention. Once the user has specified the cri mine which workstation or file ser network will be updated, the user illustrated in FIG. 2A and chooses t choosing Actions causes file server 12 illustrated in FIG. 2K to the user.

FIG. 2 is useful for illustrating the general concept of a procedure. All of the operations relating to updating software on a computer network can be modeled using the procedure paradigm. As shown in FIG. 2, the procedure includes two parts, "criteria" and "actions". Criteria are used to specify which workstations or file server directories are to be updated. Actions-are the events which take place at the selected workstations or file server directories when the criteria for a particular software update are satisfied.

Reference is now made to FIGS. 2A–2P which are user interface menus that are generated by the program of the

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present invention and are displayed on the display 22 and guide the user through the process of creating a procedure. The program of the present invention is typically installed on and run from file server 12. Generation of menus, entering data via windows on display, and executing commands and programs from menus are well understood by those skilled in the art and will not be discussed in detail.

In FIG. 2A, the user is presented with a general procedure menu. In the select option box, the user can choose to run the procedure for all computers which would result in software on all computers on the computer network being updated, or can specify criteria to select certain computers for updating. Choosing the option of Specify Criteria to Select Computers results in the menu of FIG. 2B being presented.

In FIG. 2B, the Node/User selection allows specific workstations to be selected to run a procedure. The Network Group selection allows selection of user groups for which the procedure will be run. The Hardware Criteria selection allows the user to specify physical characteristics of the workstation (or file server) and other equipment installed in the workstation (or file server). The Software Criteria selection allows the user to specify key characteristics of the software installed on the workstation (or file server). The Miscellaneous Criteria selection allows the user to specify other types of criteria. The File Criteria selection allows the user to specify files that must exist or not exist, that must match date or size specifications, or that contain a specific set of characters or words, for a procedure to be run. The Disk Space Requirements criteria allows the user to specify an amount of disk storage space that must be available on a target disk drive for a procedure to run.

If the user selects Hardware Criteria, for example, the menus illustrated in FIGS. 2C–2E are presented on display 22. The menu illustrated in FIG. 2E is a continuation of the menu illustrated in FIG. 2D. As illustrated in FIG. 2E, the user can select the Machine Manufacturer criterion, which causes file server 12 to display the machine manufacturer menu illustrated in FIG. 2F. By checking off the appropriate manufacturer, the user is able to specify, as one criterion, the type of computer for a particular procedure.

If the user selects Software Criteria, for example, the menus of FIGS. 2G–2I are presented on display 22 by file server 18. The menu illustrated in FIG. 2I is a continuation 45 of the menu illustrated in FIG. 2H. If the user selects the XMMdrivername, file server 12 presents the menu of FIG. 2J in which the user can specify the extended memory driver name as a criterion. Pages 189–195 of the user manual of Appendix A specify examples of criteria that can be used by 50 the program of the present invention.

Once the user has specified the criteria needed to determine which workstation or file server directory on the network will be updated, the user returns to the menu illustrated in FIG. 2A and chooses the Actions selection. Choosing Actions causes file server 12 to display the menu illustrated in FIG. 2K to the user. The Specify Files to Replace, Create, or Delete selection replaces workstation files with master copies from the network, creates new files by copying from master files, or deletes files from the workstation. The Text File Edit Commands selection allows modification of an existing file on the workstation by adding text to the beginning or end, searching for a specified string and adding new text after it, or searching for a specified string and replacing it with new text. The INI File Management selection allows the user to automatically perform most of the common modifications made on INI files including those INI files used by Microsoft Windows (such as

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Win.INI and System.INI). The DOS Batch Commands selection allows any DOS commands to be run on the workstation during the software updating process. The User Notification Message allows a message to be displayed to a user on display 22-1 of workstation 14-1, for example, informing the user that software on the workstation is about to be updated.

If the user selects the Specify Files to Replace, Create, or Delete option, file server 12 presents the menu illustrated in FIG. 2L on display 22. The File Replace selection in the menu illustrated in FIG. 2L causes file server 12 to display menu 2M on display 22. In the menu illustrated in FIG. 2M, the user enters certain information such as the file name and the search path to identify the file to be replaced. In the same manner, if the user had selected the File Create selection in the menu illustrated in FIG. 2M, the menu illustrated in FIG. 2N would be displayed and the user enters information such as the file name, destination path, and source directory for the file to be created.

Returning to FIG. 2K, if the user has selected the Text File Edit Commands option, file server 12 would display the menu illustrated in FIG. 20. Selecting the Search and Replace option causes file server 12 to display the menu illustrated in FIG. 2P, in which the user specifies, for example, the file name, search path, the text to search for, and the new text to replace.

Once skilled in the art will appreciate that the preceding menu selections and organization are meant to be exemplary only and other implementations of the criteria/actions paradigm of the present invention can be envisioned by those skilled in the art. Specifically, other types of criteria could be specified in other ways. Additionally, although DOS operations have been illustrated, clearly any operation that could be performed at the workstation keyboard can be an action that may be performed by the present invention.

Reference is now made to FIG. 3 which is a flow chart illustrating the steps that one aspect of the program of the present invention carries out. In step 50, the program is loaded onto file server 12 and begins executing. From step 40 50, the system proceeds to step 52. In step 52, the system interrogates each workstation on the network to determine its configuration, such as hardware and software configurations. This may be done using available interrogation programs and commands, such as described in the references 45 listed in Appendix B. From step 52, the systems proceeds to step 54.

In step 541 the system stores the information gathered in step 52 about the configuration of each workstation and file server on the network in a database on file server 12. Any 50 type of standard database format may be used to store configuration information. For example, the information may be stored as a simple list of codes for each workstation where each code represents a particular item of hardware or software specified in the criteria menus. From step 54, the 55 system proceeds to step 56 in which the system waits for an event that causes the update program to be executed. The update program aspect of the present invention can be set to run continuously, to run at specified times, to run only when the network is rebooted, etc.

Reference is now made to FIG. 4, illustrating the steps the update program carries out according to the present invention. In step 60, the update program starts running as a result of a starting trigger. From step 60, the system proceeds to step 62, in which a variable N representing the first proce- 65 dure to be run is set equal to one. From step 62, the system proceeds to step 64.

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In step 64, the system determines if there is a procedure N. If a procedure N is found, the system then determines when that procedure is to run based upon previously specified criteria such as date, time, whether a user is logging in, and so on. Procedures can be set to execute at a certain time (for example, when the network is down to avoid disturbances) when a user logs on, when a workstation is booted, etc. If step 64 determines that the procedure exists and is to run, the system proceeds to step 68. On the other hand, if the system is not able to locate procedure N, the system proceeds to step 66 in which the program terminates.

In step 68, the system evaluates the criteria selected by the user through the menus illustrated in FIGS. 2B-2J, for example. The system may do this by comparing the configuration of each workstation stored in the database with the criteria specified by the user. If all of the criteria specified by the user for a particular procedure are satisfied, the system proceeds to step 72. On the other hand, if all the criteria are not satisfied, the system proceeds to step 70 in which the $_{20}$ procedure number is incremented. From step **70**, the system proceeds to step 64, and processing continues as previously described.

In step 72, the system updates the software on a workstation or in a file server directory by executing the actions specified by the user in, for example, the menus illustrated in FIGS. 2K–2P. From step 72, the system proceeds to step 70 and processing continues as previously described.

The present invention provides a number of advantages. It can automatically check workstation configurations on a computer network. If configurations of workstations change, this can be reported to the system administrator and/or automatically corrected in many cases. Additionally, when new workstations are added to the network, the system can automatically configure them to have a standard software 35 configuration, thus avoiding the need to individually program each workstation as it is added to the network. For example, the present invention can be used to ensure that the CONFIG.SYS files of all workstations on the network are standardized.

The present invention advantageously allows computer network administrators to maintain the most up to date versions of their standard software applications, thus providing network users with the benefit of the newest features of programs. The invention also reduces the time during which a computer network is unavailable due to installing, updating, and fixing software that presently results in the inability of the network users to make use of the computer network. Furthermore, the present invention reduces the actual time that can be spent manually installing software across a network. Once a master copy of the software is loaded on file server 12, the present invention can automatically distribute and maintain the program on all the workstations connected to the computer network.

Having thus described one particular embodiment of the invention, various alterations, modifications, and improvements will readily occur to those skilled in the art. Such alterations, modifications, and improvements are intended to be part of this disclosure, and are intended to be within the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the foregoing 60 description is by way of example only, and is not intended as limiting. The invention is limited only as defined in the following claims and the equivalents thereto.

What is claimed is:

1. A method of maintaining a computer network including at least one file server and at least one computer, without intervention by a user of the at least one computer, the method comprising the steps of:

- receiving in the file server from a network manager a specified (1) procedure including at least one step by which software on the at least one computer is updated, (2) set of criteria, and (3) relationship;
- issuing from the file server, over the computer network an ⁵ interrogation of the at least one computer to determine a system configuration;
- comparing the specified set of criteria with the system configuration determined to establish whether the specified relationship is met; and 10
- performing the specified procedure to maintain the computer network by updating software on the at least one computer when the specified relationship is met.

2. A method of maintaining a computer network as recited ¹⁵ in claim **1**, wherein the specified relationship is that the specified set of criteria match the system configuration.

3. A method of maintaining a computer network as recited in claim **1**, wherein the method further comprises the step of:

awaiting a trigger event, before performing any other $_{20}$ steps of the method.

4. A method of maintaining a computer network as recited in claim **3**, the step of awaiting a trigger further comprising the step of:

repeatedly timing an interval after which the trigger event 25 is generated.

5. A computer network including at least one file server operated by a network manager and at least one computer operated by a user, maintained without intervention by the user, the network comprising:

a first software program module executing in the file server which receives from the network manager a specified (1) procedure including at least one step by 8

which software on the at least one computer is updated, (2) set of criteria, and (3) relationship;

- a network connection between the file server and the at least one computer over the computer network through which the file server interrogates the at least one computer to determine a system configuration;
- a second software program module executing in the file server which compares the specified set of criteria with the system configuration determined, to establish whether the specified relationship is met; and
- a third software module executing in the file server which performs the specified procedure including the at least one step by which software on the at least one computer is updated to maintain the computer network when the specified relationship is met.

6. The computer network as recited in claim 5, wherein the specified relationship is that the specified set of criteria match the system configuration.

7. The computer network as recited in claim 5, further comprising:

a fourth software program module executing in the file server which awaits a trigger event, and controls formation of the network connection and controls execution of the second and third software program modules.

8. The computer network as recited in claim 7, the software program module which awaits a trigger further comprising:

a sequence of software instructions which repeatedly times an interval after which the trigger event is generated.

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