

Rapid Prototyper How-to Table Of Contents

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Importing A Model:

- The largest model that can be printed is 10" wide, 10" deep, and 12" tall.
- Files can be created in any 3D modeler program, and should be saved as a .stl file. There is a document provided by Dimension that has the specific file properties to be used when saving with each of the most common programs (Appendix B).
- When transferring the files to the PC connected to the 3D printer, it's advised that you do not print off of a memory stick. Printing directly from external storage media is a very slow process (upwards of 10X slower); copy the files to be printed to a folder on the desktop, and print them from that location.
- Open CatalystEX (icon located on the desktop)



Figure 1.01 – Importing a STL

- Click On "File"
- Click "Open STL"
- Browse to file, and open it (Figure 1.01)
- (1) If a message comes up that says your file is very large/very small, and asks you if you want to switch the units, accept the changes.
- (2) Check that the approximate model size is correct (orientation isn't important).
- Be sure the layer resolution is set to 0.0100"

Under the "General" Tab:



Figure 1.02 – Model interior

Under the "Model interior" drop-down menu (Figure 1.02), there are two choices:

- Sparse is for larger volume pieces when you want to conserve material. If will print large cavities with a webbing of material inside of it instead of a solid block of ABS.
- Solid Fill is for smaller pieces, pieces where material conservation isn't important, or pieces where strength is to be maximized.

NOTE:

If there isn't much difference in material useage between the "sparse fill" volume, and the "solid fill" volume, it's recommended to use solid fill, as it's stronger.



Figure 1.03 – Support fill

Under the "Support fill" drop-down menu (Figure 1.03), there are four choices:

- Basic is good for items with non-complicated geometries, smaller parts, or parts with flat plates. It will print a block of support material where needed.
- Sparse fill is similar to basic fill, and can be used in the same cases. It will use less material to do so, as it prints with a hollow center.
- Break-away is best to use when you have a more complicated geometry. It prints the support material in smaller sections that are easier to remove after the print is complete.
- Surround is used rarely. It is good if you have a very tall, thin structure, as it completely surrounds the entire model to be printed.

NOTE:

Sparse and Break-away are the two most commonly used support fill options.



Figure 1.04 – STL scale

If your model is supposed to be 10", and the size is showing 10mm, you can change it with the "STL units" drop down menu.

The "STL Scale" drop-down (Figure 1.04) will allow you to scale the entire model up/down as a whole. This is especially usefull for scale models such as micro machines or MEMS, as it will allow you to design at the micron-scale, and then scale your model up by a factor of 500-1000 afterwards. Similarly, large devices can be scaled down.

The thinnest bead size in Z is 0.010", and the thinnest bead size in X and Y is 0.020". It should be noted that when printing items between 0.040" and 0.060" wide, there will be a gap between two rows of plastic (the sides will not be connected). When the item is more than 0.090", the printer will print two rows, and fill in the middle (creating a solid part).

Under the "Orientation" Tab:

CatalystEX - HX-0024_Prot		- 7 🛛
<u>Eile View I</u> ools <u>H</u> elp		
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services	4 ⊳	Dynamic Help
dimension.		Orientation Tab Orientation Tab Model Window Process and Print Buttons
	Option: A B C Orient Selected Surface:	Crientation and View Orientation and View File Types and Processing Packs
	O Bottom Top Front	
	Degrees: 90 💌	CatalystEX
Z Z	STL scale: 1.000	Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX
	Top Yiew Front Yiew Iso Yiew Right Yiew	Dimension is the first 3D <u>printer</u> designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have near used a 3D
	Undo STL Orientation Restore STL Orientation	printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling
		QUICKY. CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing of a <u>part</u> , prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
STL Size (inches) X: 1.06 Y: 3.94 Z: 0.50		Minimize Maximize/Restore D- Close
Process STL Add to Pack	Print Cancel	

Figure 1.05 – Orientation tab

Figure 1.05 shows the tab where you can re-orient your model. For further recommendations on which direction to orient the model, see Appendix A. To re-orient the model, rotate it so that you can see a face which will be the top, bottom, or front. Then click the respective button under "orient selected surface", and click on the corresponding model face.

You can also rotate the model about the X, Y, and Z-Axes using the rotate buttons.

CatalystEX - HX-0024_Prot	
File View Tools Help	
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services	; Dynamic Help
dimension	Orientation Tab Orientation Tab Model Window
Layer View:	Process and Print Buttons
Z Y Top Step Up	Basics
Bottom Step Down	File Types and Processing Packs
	000
	CatalystEX Welsome to Dimension and
	CatalystEX
	Dimension is the first 3D printer
Top View Front View	designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you
Iso View Right View	to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D
Undo STL Orientation	to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few
Restore STL Orientation	keys, to get you modeling quickly.
	CatalystEX is an intuitive, user-
	interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly
	and easily open a 3D drawing of a part, prepare the drawing for
	print, and send the print command to create the part.
STL Size (inches) X: 1.06 Y: 3.94 Z: 0.50	Minimize Maximize(Restore D) Close
Process Add to	
STL Pack Print Cancel	

Figure 1.06 – Process STL

To see how your model will print, click the "process STL" button (Figure 1.06). It will then process your model (may take a few minutes for a very large/complicated model).

To step through the layers on your model, click "bottom" under the layer views, and "top view". This will show you a top-down view, starting at the bottom layer. You can then step up/down through the layers using the "step up", and "step down" buttons. Look for features that may not be printed due to their size, voids in the print, etc.

Figures 1.07-1.10 show a progression through the layers of a sample part. Grey/blue is the support material, yellow/green is the model material.

CatalystEX - HX-0024_Prot	
Eile <u>Vi</u> ew Iools <u>H</u> elp	
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services	Dynamic Help
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services 4	
Top View Front View Iso View Right View Undo STL Orientation Restore STL Orientation	Dimension is the first 3D printer designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling quickly. CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing of a part, prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
Process Add to Print Cancel	
STL Pack Current STL	< ×
Current layer Z = -0.070	

Figure 1.07 – Step through layers (Z=0.070)



Figure 1.08 – Step through layers (Z=0.110)

CatalystEX - HX-0024_Prot	
File Yiew Tools Help	
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services	Dynamic Help
dimension.	Crientation Tab <u>Orientation Tab</u> <u>Model Window</u> <u>Process and Print Buttons</u>
Y Top Step Up Bottom Step Down All	Basics Orientation and View File Types and Processing Packs
	CatalystEX Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX
Top View Frent View Iso View Right View Undo STL Drientation Restore STL Drientation	Dimension is the first 3D printer designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling quickly. CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing of a part, prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
STL Size (inches) X: 1.06 Y: 3.94 Z: 0.50	Maximize Restore D. Close
Process Add to Print Cancel	
Lurrent layer 2 = 0.260	

Figure 1.09 – Step through layers (Z=0.260)

General	Orientation	Pack Printer Stat	us Printer Services	4 1	Dynamic Help
dimensio	onentation				Orientation Tab
			Y Z X	Layer View: Top Step Up Bottom Step Down All	Process and Print Buttons Process and Print Buttons District Annual View Print Processing Packs
					CatalystEX Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX
				Top View Front View Iso View Right View Undo STL Orientation Restore STL Orientation	Dimension is the first 3D printer designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling quickly.
		¥			CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing or a part, prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
STL Size (inches)	X: 1.06 Y	: 3.94 Z: 0.50			Maximize Maximize Resto Close
			Process Add to STL Pack	Print Cancel	

Figure 1.10 – Step through layers (Z=0.500)

You can see the layer height in the area circled in red in Figure 1.10.

If you've noticed an error, but you aren't sure where in the model it is (Figure 1.11); you can see the location by clicking "view"-"preview display"-"STL". The layer will show as a red line (Figure 1.12).



Figure 1.11 – Layer view (no STL shown)



Figure 1.12 – Layer view (STL shown)

When you're Satisfied with the model, click "Add to pack"

Under the "Pack" Tab:

🖁 CatalystEX - H	IX-0024_Prot				
<u>File ⊻iew Tools E</u>	Help				
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Preview			Insert CMB Copy Remove Repack	Mame: HX-0024_Prottest Model Material: 0.71 in ² Support Material: 0.16 in ² Time: 0:45 Notes:	CatalystEX Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX
	-		Rotate	ID Name 1 HX-0024_Prottest	Dimension is the first 3D printer designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling quickly.
0			Clear Pack		CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing of a part, prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
			Jave MS		Maximize(Restore D Clese
		Davies Devices (Table #2	Add te Pack	Print Cancel	
Added CMB: C:\Docu \HX-0024 Prottest.cm	uments and Settings\student\Desktop' nb.gz	\Design Projects\Team #2			-

Figure 1.13 – The pack tab

A pack is simply a group of individual STL's that you wish to print (Figure 1.13). The pack tab is where you lay out all of your parts to print. The grid matches the grid on the blask plastic plates that you insert into the printer. If you are printing more than one STL, go back to the "general" tab, open your next STL, and go through the same steps to add it to the pack as well; you will then have both files. You can add as many files to the pack as you have physical room to print.



Figure 1.14 – Layer view (no STL shown)

To copy a part, simply click on the part, click "copy", and type in the number of copys (not counting the original) that you want (Figure 1.14).

To rotate a part 90°, click the "rotate" button (Figure 1.15).

CatalystEX - HX-0024_Prot	
Elle Yjew Iools Help	
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services	Dynamic Help
Mame: bst1200esP08169 (Dimension BST 1200es) Manage 3D Printers Material: Model: P430_BLK, 30.99 in ² Support: 34.92 in ² Status: Idle	Pack Tab Pack Tab Pack Traview Window Process and Print Buttons Basics Packs Processing Piel Types and Processing
Preview Pack Details Insert CMB Pack_HX-0024_Prottest	
Copy Model Material: 5.70 m² Support Material: 1.31 m² Remove Time: 6.03 Repack Notes:	CatalystEX Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX Dimension is the first 3D printer designed with ultimate simplicity in mind. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling
Clear Pack Save As	quickly. CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing of a part, prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
Pack	

Figure 1.15 – Rotating parts



Figure 1.16 – Parts that are too close to one another

If your parts are too close to one another, or too close to the edge of the plate, Catalyst will make those pieces cross-hatched (Figure 1.16). Simply move them by clicking on the piece to move, and dragging it to another location.



Figure 1.17 – Saving/printing your pack

Saving/printing your pack (Figure 1.17)

- (1) Re-name your part to be distinct, and descriptive (Including your initials, or DP group number). If you're printing the pack immediately, click "print". If you're saving it for printing at a later time (perhaps the printer is currently in use, or a DP group has to get a form signed), simply click the "Save As" button, browse to a location, and save. When you come back to print them at a later date, skip directly to the "pack" tab, click "insert CMB" (CMB = toolpath file), and open the pack's file. You can then print this withou having to lay it out again.
- (2) The model material / support material required for your pack, as well as the estimated time required (HH:MM) is listed here.
- (3) The amount of model / support material remaining in the machine is shown here. If you aren't going to be around to change the cartridges during the print, be sure there's enough material in the machine to complete the pack.

Setting Up the Printer:

- If you're using an old black plastic plate, you may want to clean the top surface with isopropyl alcohol to be sure there isn't any oily resedue on it from people's hands (which will prevent the parts from sticking properly).
- Insert black plastic plate, and lock in place.
- Clean out the waste bin in the machine.
- Close the door
- Make sure your file name is displayed on the machine
- Hit "start print" on the machine

During Printing:

- If you want to cancel the print, you must do so from the machine itself; simply pause the print, and press the "cancel" button.
- If there is a jamb in the printer (material does not come out of the print head), cancel the print and refer to the user's manual for instructions on clearing the obstruction.
- You can change cartridges mid-print. To do so, simply pause the print and change the cartridges.
- Use with caution, not recommended for beginners: You can pause the machine mid-print to remove and stray pieces of plastic, or to visually check on the parts. To do this, press the "pause" button on the machine's display; the printer will finish it's current pass and then stop. You can take the plate out of the machine as long as it is only out for a short period of time; simply replace it before continuing the print. Once the plate is replaced and the door is shut, press the "resume" button to keep printing; the machine will take a few minutes to start again.



Orienting the model correctly can be extremely simple, or very complex (depending on model geometry). The model should be oriented such that:

- Surface finish is optimized
- Prototype Strength is maximized
- The minimum amount of support material is used
- The minimum amount of support material that has to be cleaned out of recesses is minimized.

It is important to remember that the models are built up in vertical layers; thus, any features that have a smooth round surface should be placed in the vertical direction. An example of such a part can be seen in Figure 2.01:

CatalystEX - Jellyfish_leg_hinge	
<u>File View I</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services	Dynamic Help
CatalystRX - Jellyfish_leg_hinge Ele Yew Tools Help General Orientation Pack Printer Status Printer Services 4 b Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate	Dynamic Hep Orientation Tab Orientation Tab Orientation Tab Orientation Tab Direntation and View Process and Print Buttons Desics Orientation and View File Types and Processing Packs CatalystEX Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX Welcome to Dimension and CatalystEX Dimension is the first 3D printer designed with ultimate simplicity in mid. Dimension enables you to build parts quickly, even if you have never used a 3D printer before. It has an easy- to-read display panel, that prompts you to press a few keys, to get you modeling quickly. CatalystEX is an intuitive, user- friendly application designed to interface with Dimension 3D printers. It allows you to quickly and easily open a 3D drawing for a part, prepare the drawing for a part, prepare the drawing for a part, prepare the drawing for print, and send the print command to create the part.
STL Size (inches) X: 0.59 Y: 3.19 Z: 3.03	Maximize(Restore D Close
Process STL Pack Print Cancel	

Figure 2.01 – Orienting tubes on a part

Orienting the model as shown above not only means that you do not have to drill support material out of the long tube-like section, but creates a much better surface finish on both the inside and outside of that section. If this part was printed horizontally, the sides of the tube would be "stepped" instead of perfectly rounded. If the tube's geometry was not important and the flat piece's wedge shape was critical, orient the part such that the flat piece is parallel to the plate. This will provide the best surface finish for the wedge and the holes on the flat piece, but the support material in the tube will have to be cleaned out.



Figure 2.02 – Support material for sample part

As you can see in Figure 2.02, the orientation will require some support material (in pale blue) to be removed from the two small holes on the flat section. This can be achieved relatively easily due to the thin cross-section of the flat piece. A break-away support structure is recommended for cases such as this.

Sometimes, cleaning support material from crevices is inevitable. In these cases, orient the model as best you can to minimize the complexity of support removal. The hole on the top right of the part in Figure 2.03 extends throughout the entire part, thus no support material will need to be removed from this section. Also, the piece between the two flat bosses facing towards the right should just pop right out. Unfortunately, support material will have to be removed from the two holes on the right. You can drill the hole out to remove support material, but sometimes the drill bits tend to wander.



Figure 2.03 – Parts where support material are unavoidable

Don't forget, the model material is meant to temporarily stick to the support material. The part in Figure 2.04 was printed in this orientation due to the cylindrical feature. Due to the sharp edge seen on the bottom of the part, the Left hand side tended to "curl up," distorting the part.



Figure 2.04 – Sharp edges (incorrect)

To overcome this issue the part was inverted (Figure 2.05), allowing the wider section to stick properly to the support structure. Once this change was made, the part was printed successfully.



Figure 2.05 – Sharp edges (corrected)

Once again, due to the horizontal holes (Figure 2.06), a break-away support structure was used.



Figure 2.06 – Horizontal holes in part



When saving your model as a STL for printing, be sure to use the following settings:





AutoCad Version 14+ thru Current

Once the part or assembly is created in 3D and is in positive space:

- 1. Type (at the command prompt): FACETRES
- 2. Set facetres Between 1-10 (10 being best)
- 3. Type (at the command prompt): STLOUT
- 4. Select the objects to be exported
- 5. Select: Y for Binary

CATIA

STL parts created as solids should be fine. If the part was created as volumes from surfaces this may create problems. We recommend using the CATIA toolbox to analyze all STL's once they have been generated.

- 1. Select STL Command
- 2. Maximum Sag = **.0003'' or .0125 mm**
- 3. Select part(s) to be converted and Click YES
- 4. Select Export
- 5. Type filename and output the STL.

autodesk*

INVENTOR

Once the part or assembly is created in 3D

- 1. Select: Save Copy As
- 2. Select: STL
- 3. Select Options Menu: Set To High
- 4. Enter Filename
- 5. Save

IRONCAD

Parts must be created in 3D

- **1. Right Click** on the Part to be saved
- 2. Under Part Properties Select Rendering
- 3. Set Facet Surface Smoothing to: 150
- 4. Select File: Export
- 5. Select: STL

MECHANICAL DESKTOP

- 1. AMSTLOUT @ Command Line
- **2.** Angular Tolerance = **0**
- **3.** Aspect Ratio = **0**
- 4. Surface Tolerance = .0005'' or .0125 mm
- **5.** Vertex Spacing = **0**

PRO/ENGINEER

- 1. FILE / EXPORT / MODEL
- 2. Choose STL
- 3. Chord Height: .0005" or .0125 mm
- 4. Angle Control: .5
- 5. Click: APPLY

SDRC I-DEAS

1. FILE / EXPORT / RAPID PROTOTYPE / OK

- 2. Select the Part
- 3. Select: PROTOTYPE DEVICE / SLA500.dat / OK
- 4. Absolute Facet Deviation: .0004
- 5. Select Binary / OK

<u>Rhino</u>

Parts must be created in 3D

- 1. FILE / SAVE AS
- 2. Select File Type: STL
- 3. Enter a File Name and Save
- 4. Select Binary File

SolidDESIGNER

- 1. FILE / SAVE / STL
- 2. Set to: Binary
- 3. Select Part
- 4. Set Max Deviation Distance to: .001 mm
- 5. Select: OK

SOLIDEDGE

- 1. FILE / SAVE AS
- 2. Set Save as Type: STL then select Options
- 3. Set: Conversion Tolerance: .0005" or .0125mm
- 4. Set Surface Plane to: 45.00 (degrees)
- 5. Save

SOLIDWORKS

- 1. FILE / SAVE AS
- 2. SAVE AS TYPE / Select: STL
- 3. Select: Options
- 4. Deviation Tolerance: .0004"
- 5. Angle Tolerance: 7.75 deg
- 6. SAVE

UNIGRAPHICS

- 1. FILE / EXPORT / Rapid Prototyping
- 2. Choose Binary
- 3. Triangle Tolerance: .0005" or .0125 mm
- 4. Adjacency Tolerance: 0.12
- 5. Click: APPLY
- 6. Set Auto Normal Gen to: ON
- 7. Set Normal Display to: OFF
- 8. Set Triangle Display to: **ON**



ABS FDM Material Properties



A true industrial thermoplastic, ABS is widely used throughout industry. When combined with Dimension and the Fused Deposition Modeling process from Stratasys, this material is ideal for 3D printing of models in the engineering office.

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES¹

	Test Method	Imperial	Metric
Tensile Strength, Type 1, 0.125	ASTM D638	3,200 psi	22 MPa
Tensile Modulus, Type 1, 0.125	ASTM D638	236,000 psi	1,627 MPa
Tensile Elongation, Type 1, 0.125	ASTM D638	6 %	6 %
Flexural Strength	ASTM D790	6,000 psi	41 MPa
Flexural Modulus	ASTM D790	266,000 psi	1,834 MPa
IZOD Impact, un-notched	ASTM D256	4 ft-lb/in	
IZOD Impact, notched	ASTM D256	2 ft-lb/in	

THERMAL PROPERTIES

Heat Deflection (HDT)	ASTM D648	205 °F	96 °C
Glass Transition (Tg)	DMA (SSYS)	219 °F	104 °C
Melt Point		Not Applicable ²	Not Applicable ²

OTHER

Specific Gravity	1.05
Vertical Burning Test	HB, UL94
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	5.60E-05 in/in/F
Rockwell Hardness	R105
Dielectric S (kV/mm)	32
Dielectric C (60Hz)	2.4

APPEARANCE

Standard colors include white, blue, green, yellow, black, red, and steel gray

Custom colors available

Stratasys, Inc. 14950 Martin Drive Eden Prairie, MN USA 55344 Ph: 952.937.3000 Fax: 952.937.0070 www.dimensionprinting.com

SYSTEM AVAILABILITY

Dimension Dimension BST Dimension SST

The information presented are typical values intended for reference and comparison purposes only. They should not be used for design specifications or quality control purposes. End-use material performance can be impacted (+/-) by, but not limited to, part design, end-use conditions, test conditions, etc. Actual values will vary with build conditions.

Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

¹Build orientation is on side edge

² Due to amorphous nature, material does not display a melting point



Appendix D: MEMS Rules Of Thumb

When printing MEMS models, it is important to scale your model properly. The easiest way to start scaling a model is by ensuring the smallest feature is printed. For example:

PolyMUMPs has a minimum feature size of 2 microns (0.0000787"), but the printer can only lay beads that are 0.020" wide in X and Y. Therefore, you must scale the model by a minimum of 0.020 / 0.0000787 = 254:1

Similarly, dimples are 0.75 microns (0.0000295"), but the printer only has a resolution of 0.010" in Z. Therefore, you must scale the model by a minimum of 0.010 / 0.0000295 = 340:1.

Poly0 is 0.50 microns (0.000019685"), but the printer only has a resolution of 0.010" in Z. Therefore, you must scale the model by a minimum of 0.010 / 0.0000295 = 508:1.

This means that if you were printing a part which required Poly0 features, you would have to scale your model by a **minimum of 500:1** to even have them appear as one layer in the RP model. Note that these are only minimums, you should use your judgement on exactly how much to scale them when you go to print them. Be sure to step through the layers looking for voids (you may have to glue pieces together if you're making really small parts).

Previous MEMS assemblies have been printed by scaling up using factors of 500 to 1000.

It is also usefull to use different colors for the MEMS layers. One possible combination for PolyMUMPs would be:

Black = Nitride Yellow = Poly0 Red = Poly1 Green = Poly2 Blue = Metal

Note: you will have to print each color seperately, and glue them together.