

**SM130**  
**SM132-USB**



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*Software Development Kit - SDK*  
**USER MANUAL**



## EVALUATION / DEVELOPMENT KIT

For a fast starting and a product just in days, we recommend you to buy one of our development/evaluation kits. SDK – Software Development Kit, is included freely in Deluxe versions of the kits or it can be purchased separately.

For Online Shopping, you can visit:

<http://www.sonmicro.com/shop/shop3.php>



**Figure 1** – SM1013 Evaluation Kit – Deluxe



**Figure 2** – SM132-USB – USB Mifare Reader

## 1. INTRODUCTION

This document explains usage of Mifare ActiveX component distributed with the Software Development Kit (SDK). Users can quickly add Mifare functions to existing software or create new software for Mifare applications easily with the provided library.

ActiveX library provides high level APIs to communicate with the supported devices (See Section 1.1 for the supported devices) and useful functions. Users never need to know about the communication protocol occurring between the device and the computer, ActiveX library will handle with that. Communication channel is based on Com Port of the computer and ActiveX component can also reliably be used with virtual com port or the USB-Serial converters.

*It is strongly recommended for users who are strange to Mifare, first read about Mifare basics. Brief information for Mifare and its application can be found in User Manual file at our web page. <http://www.sonymicro.com/1356/d1356.php>*

Any software development environment that supports Windows ActiveX components can be used to develop your Mifare application with the SonMicro Mifare ActiveX component. Followings are the examples for popular software development environments that can use Mifare ActiveX component.

- Delphi 4, Delphi 5, Delphi 6, Delphi 7, Delphi .Net
- Visual Basic, Visual C++,
- Visual Basic .NET, Visual C# .Net, Visual C++ .Net
- etc.

Operating systems other than Microsoft Windows is not supported currently.

### 1.1 Supported Devices

Mifare SDK supports the following devices:

- SM130 Mifare Module
- SM132-USB Mifare Reader (Integrated with Serial-to-USB interface and PCB antenna)

Supported Development kits:

- SM1013 Eval. kit for SM130
- SM1013USB Eval. Kit for SM132-USB

Please note that SM132-USB module is connected over USB interface but the control of these modules is still done in "classic serial port" manner with the created virtual com port. Driver for SM132USB can be downloaded at our web site.

## 1.2 How to Register ActiveX DLL

ActiveX (\*.ocx) file should needs to be registered before using it.  
Registering ActiveX DLL is very easy.

ActiveX Library, SMX10.ocx comes with SDK. To Register the SMX10.ocx file;

- Go to Start>Run
- Type regsvr32 path to the ocx file.

If you copy/move the ocx file into “windows/system ” directory then you do not need to write whole path.

**Ex:** regsvr32 SMX10.ocx

It is not required to move ocx file to system directory. In this case write complete path.

**Ex:** regsvr32 c:\myactivex\SMX10.ocx

To unregister the ActiveX Control, use “/u” switch

**Ex:** regsvr32 /u c:\myactivex\SMX10.ocx

## 1.3 Example VB 6.0 Project

There is an example Visual Basic 6 project comes with the SDK. Before using this project, SMX10.ocx should needs to be registered to the Windows OS. Project file is not illustrating a professional software but simple commands to illustrate communication between the Mifare module with ActiveX Control.

To quickly validate Mifare reader and ActiveX Control;

- Register ActiveX Control as explained above
- Open Project file in Visual Basic, or run Project exe file
- Select the right com port
- Open the com port
- Click on the Reset Button
- You should be able to See Firmware Version string in the status bar

To Read a block quickly;

- Open the com port
- Click Enable/Disable Auto Mode to enable the Auto Mode
- Select Mifare Block to be read
- Place a tag near the antenna
- Click on the Read Button

## 2. TYPE STRUCTURES

### 2.1 TS\_Auth

This type structure can be used to pass parameters for Authentication command.

<b>Elements of TS_Auth Structure</b>
{
<u>Source</u> :Byte
<u>Key_Type</u> :Byte
<u>Keys</u> :TS_Keys
<u>E2prom_Block_No</u> :Byte
}

#### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_auth as TS_Auth

My_auth.Source      = Provided_Key              ' Provided_Key = 1
My_auth.Key_Type   = TypeA                      ` TypeA = 0
My_auth.Keys.Key[0]  = &H30                      ` Key is 30 45 56 73 8B D0
My_auth.Keys.Key[1]  = &H45
My_auth.Keys.Key[2]  = &H56
My_auth.Keys.Key[3]  = &H73
My_auth.Keys.Key[4]  = &H8B
My_auth.Keys.Key[5]  = &HD0
```

#### *Source:*

This parameter determines the authentication source. There are three available authentication sources. User can use defined constants/enumerators or manually enter the value to select the authentication source.

Valid Input/Value	Enumerator / Defined Constant
0	Mifare _Default (1*)
1	Provided_Key (2*)
2	E2Prom_Block_No (3*)

- Notes:**
- 1\* If Source value is 0 then, Key\_TypeA and default key FF FF FF FF FF FF will be used to authenticate. Key\_Type, Keys and E2prom\_Block\_No parameters will not have any influence on the authentication command
  - 2\* If source value is 1 then elements: Key\_Type and Keys in TS\_Auth type structure will be used to authenticate.
  - 3\* If Source value is 2 then elements: Key\_Type and E2prom\_Block\_No will be used to authenticate. There are 16 programmable Keys each for TypeA and TypeB in the device internal memory. These keys are organized in 16 blocks and user can select the key with block number without revealing the Key in the communication channel.

**Key Type:**

If the Source value is 1 or 2, this parameter will be used to determine key type when authenticating.

Valid Input/Value	Enumerator / Defined Constant
0	TypeA (1*)
1	TypeB (2*)

**Keys:**

If the Source value is 1 or 2, this parameter will be used to determine the key to access when authenticating. Keys is defined as TS\_Keys which is a 6 byte array.

**E2prom Block No**

If the Source value is 2, this parameter will be used to determine the location number of internal memory block in which the key, to be used to authenticate, is programmed.

Valid Input/Value	Enumerator / Defined Constant
0	E2prom_Block0
1	E2prom_Block1
...	...
15	E2prom_Block15

## 2.2 TS\_Keys

This type structure can be used to pass the parameters of e2prom key.

```
Elements of TS_Keys Structure
{
    Key :Byte[6]
}
```

### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_keys as TS_Keys

My_keys.Key[0] = &H30          ' Key is 30 45 56 73 8B D0
My_keys.Key[1] = &H45
My_keys.Key[2] = &H56
My_keys.Key[3] = &H73
My_keys.Key[4] = &H8B
My_keys.Key[5] = &HD0
```

**Key:**

Key will be used when programming internal e2prom as the Master Key. Key is defined as 6 byte array.

## 2.3 TS\_Mifare\_Block Structure

Mifare\_Block structure is used to determine to get or set the bytes of Mifare Block.

<b>Elements of TS_Mifare_Block Structure</b>	
{	
<u>Bytes</u>	:Byte[16]
}	

### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_block as TS_Mifare_Block
Dim i As Byte

For i=0 to 15
    My_block.Bytes(i) = &HFF
Next i
```

#### Bytes:

Bytes is used to hold the values of the bytes of Mifare Block, defined as 16 bytes of array.

## 2.4 TS\_Output\_Pins Structure

This type is used to set the output pins of the Mifare module.

<b>Elements of TS_Output_Pins Structure</b>	
{	
<u>Value</u>	:Byte
}	

### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_Pins as TS_Output_Pins

My_Pins.Value = Output_2HIGH_Output1HIGH      'Value of the Output is 3
```

#### Value:

Value is used to determine the level of the output pins. It is defined as Byte.

Valid Input/Value	Enumerator / Defined Constant
0	Output_2LOW_Output1LOW
1	Output_2LOW_Output1HIGH
2	Output_2HIGH_Output1LOW
3	Output_2HIGH_Output1HIGH

## 2.5 TS\_Access\_Bytes Structure

This type structure can be used to pass the parameters for write sector trailer command or to get the parameters for create access bytes command.

```
Elements of TS_Access_Bytes Structure
{
    Byte6          :Byte
    Byte7          :Byte
    Byte8          :Byte
    User_Data      :Byte
}
```

### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_Access as TS_Access_Bytes
My_Access.Byte6 = &HFF           'Access_Bytes FF 07 80 69
My_Access.Byte7 = &H07
My_Access.Byte8 = &H80
My_Access.User_Data = &H69
```

#### Byte6, Byte7, Byte8:

This type structure is only used to write sector trailer block. Byte6, Byte7, Byte8 will be used to determine for accessing the Blocks of that Sector. They are defined as Byte.

#### User Data:

User Data byte is the 9. byte of the sector trailer block and it is used to save a byte which sends by user.

## 2.6 TS\_UL\_Otp Structure

This type structure can be used to pass the parameters for write OTP command.

```
Elements of TS_UL_Otp Structure
{
    Bytes          :Byte[4]
}
```

### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_Otp as TS_UL_Otp
For i=0 to 3
    My_Otp.Bytes(i) = &H00           'Bytes 00 00 00 00
Next i
```

#### Bytes:

## 2.7 TS\_UL\_Lock Structure

This type structure can be used to pass the parameters for write OTP command.

### Elements of TS\_UL\_Lock Structure

```
{  
    Bytes :Byte[2]  
}
```

### Quick Example for VB:

```
Dim My_Lock as TS_UL_Otp  
  
For i=0 to 1  
    My_Lock.Bytes(i) = &H00  
Next i  
                                'Bytes 00 00 00 00
```

### 3. PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS

It is assumed that developer has learned the basics of Mifare and the SonMicro Mifare device. Please visit <http://www.sonmicro.com/1356/d1356.php> to see useful documents and software to get a fast understanding for Mifare and mifare applications. For SonMicro Mifare Readers details please reference the relevant product's User Manual documents.

ActiveX control was written in Delphi, therefore Delphi/Pascal representations will be used to for the function prototypes. Examples to access ActiveX functions will be given for Visual Basic. Please visit <http://www.sonmicro.com> to check for new examples or code samples for different development environments.

Hints for Non-Delphi Developers:

A parameter inside the parenthesis mean argument will be passed to the ActiveX function.

**Function CMD\_myfunction(myvalue:WideString):integer;**

Myvalue as WideString will be passed to the CMD\_myfunction. Function will return integer value.

A parameter inside the parenthesis with "var" keyword means argument will be passed to the ActiveX function whether it is used or not by the ActiveX function, and then ActiveX function may modify or update the content or overwrite to the parameter. Var is actually pointing to the variable.

**Function CMD\_Get\_ComPorts(var comports:WideString):integer;**

### 3.1 CMD\_Get\_ComPorts

This function, get the list of available com ports, if exist, in string format.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_Get_ComPorts ( <b>Var</b> comports: <b>WideString</b> <b>): Integer;</b>	
<b>Arguments</b>	Comports: WideString * Com port names are returned as comma sepeperated in this variable.
<b>Returns</b>	0 : No comport available Others : Number of comports

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim com_count as integer
Dim comport_list as String

com_count = SMifareX1.CMD_Get_ComPorts(comport_list)
'Com Port names can be found in comport_list variable as comma seperated
'format
```

### 3.2 CMD\_Get\_Delimited

This function, will get the parameter/Value that is delimited with a delimiter string. For each call of this function next parameter will be retrieved and the retrieved parameter will be deleted from the original string.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_Get_Delimited ( <b>Const</b> Delimiter: <b>WideString</b> ; <b>Var</b> Value: <b>WideString</b> ; <b>Var</b> Org_Str: <b>WideString</b> ; <b>): Integer;</b>	
<b>Arguments</b>	Delimiter: WideString Value: WideString; Org_Str: WideString; *Delimiter can be any string, that will be searched in the Org_Str *Value is the parameter retrieved from Org_Str that is delimited with Delimiter *Org_Str is the string that search process will be done in.
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Parameter is found in the Org_Str 1 : Parameter is not found in the Org_Str

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim Status As integer
Dim Param As String
Dim Comport_List As String;

Status = SMifareX1.CMD_Get_Delimited( "", Param, Comport_List)
'Note that Comport_List string will get shorter until all params are retrieved.
'Ex: Comport_List is "COM4,COM7,"
'When CMD_Get_Delimited is called first time;
'Param will be "COM4" and the Comport_List will be "COM7,"
'If you call the function again;
'Param will be "COM7" and the Comport_List will be ""(empty)

```

### 3.3 CMD\_OpenPort

This function creates and opens the selected ComPort.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_OpenPort( const PortName, Baud: <b>WideString</b> ): <b>Integer</b>	
<b>Arguments</b>	Portname: WideString Baud : WideString
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim Port As String
Dim Baud As String
Dim error_code As Long

Baud = "19200"
Port = "COM5"

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_OpenPort(Port, Baud)
'Create and open COM5 with 19200 baud rate
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.4 CMD\_ClosePort

This function close and destroy the ComPort, if it was opened previously.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_ClosePort( ): <b>Integer</b>	
<b>Arguments</b>	No Arguments
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_ClosePort
'Close and destroy Com if opened before
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.5 CMD\_AutoMode

This function enables/disables Auto Mode. When Auto mode is enabled, Halt, Select Tag, and Authenticate commands will run automatically before any Read/Write operation.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_Reset( var Mode: Byte; var Auth_Params: TS_Auth ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Mode: Byte Auth_Params: TS_Auth * Mode can be 0 or 1 . 0 Disables, and 1 enables Auto Mode * Auth_Params include necessary Authentication parameters and configuration.
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim my_auth As TS_Auth

my_auth.Source = Provided_Key           'Provided Key Authentication
my_auth.Key_Type = Type_A              'Key Type
my_auth.Keys.Key(0) = "&H" + Text1.Text    'Key
my_auth.Keys.Key(1) = "&H" + Text2.Text
my_auth.Keys.Key(2) = "&H" + Text3.Text
my_auth.Keys.Key(3) = "&H" + Text4.Text
my_auth.Keys.Key(4) = "&H" + Text5.Text
my_auth.Keys.Key(5) = "&H" + Text6.Text

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_AutoMode(1, my_auth)          'Auto mode On

```

### 3.6 CMD\_Halt

This function halts the PICC.

<b>function TSMifareX.CMD_Halt(</b>	
<b>) : Integer</b>	
<b>Arguments</b>	No Arguments
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_Halt
'Halts the PICC
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.7 CMD\_Reset

This function resets the Mifare module. Firmware version string passes into the Firmware string variable.

<b>function TSMifareX.CMD_Reset(</b>	
<b>var Firmware_Version: WideString</b>	
<b>) : Integer</b>	
<b>Arguments</b>	Firmware Version : Widestring * Module sends the firmware version after reset in ascii format
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim firmware As String

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_Reset(firmware)
'Resets the module, firmware version can be found in firmware arg.
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.8 CMD\_SelectTag

This function selects a tag, if the tag is in RF field.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_SelectTag( var Tag_TypeSerial: WideString ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Tag_TypeSerial : WideString  * Tag_TypeSerial represents the tag type and the serial number of tag in hex-string format
<b>Returns</b>	0       : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim My_Tag As String

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_SelectTag(My_Tag)
'Selects a tag, returns the tag type and serial number in hex-string format
'in My_Tag argument.
'My_Tag = 020467DC31 (02 is the tag type/ 31 DC 67 04 is serial number)
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.9 CMD\_SeekTag

This function seeks a tag, and selects a tag as soon as the tag presents in RF field. When this command is used, the expected response should be retrieved in OnPacketReceive event( See Section 3.32)

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_SeekTag( ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	No Arguments
<b>Returns</b>	0       : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_SeekTag()
'Seeks a Tag, and selects it when the tag presents in RF field
'So the serial number is coming OnReceive event of the module
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.10 CMD\_Authenticate

This function authenticates the tag, with the specified authentication parameters.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_Authenticate( var Block_No: Byte; var Auth_Params: TS_Auth ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Auth_Params : TS_Auth * Block_No represents the blok number of the tag * Auth_Params represents all authentication parameters in itself
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim my_Auth As TS_Auth
Dim Block_No As Byte

Block_No = 2
my_auth.Source = Provided_Key           'Provided Key is the Source of the Auth
my_auth.Key_Type = Type_A              'Key Type is A
my_auth.Keys.Key(0) = &HFF             'Key is FF FF FF FF FF FF
my_auth.Keys.Key(1) = &HFF
my_auth.Keys.Key(2) = &HFF
my_auth.Keys.Key(3) = &HFF
my_auth.Keys.Key(4) = &HFF
my_auth.Keys.Key(5) = &HFF

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_Authenticaiton(Block_No, My_Auth)
'Second Block is authenticated with my_auth parameters
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.11 CMD\_FirmwareVersion

This function reads the firmware of the module.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_FirmwareVersion( var Firmware_Version: WideString ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Firmware Version : WideString  * Firmware version of the module returns in this variable with hex-string format
<b>Returns</b>	0       : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim my_firmware As String

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_FirmwareVersion(my_firmware)
'Reads the firmware of the module
'my_firmware = 554D20312E30 → UM 1.0
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.12 CMD\_ReadInputPins

Reads the input pins situation.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_ReadInputPins( var Input_Status: WideString ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Input Status : WideString  * Input Status returns the pins situation (0 is low, 1 is high)
<b>Returns</b>	0       : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim Input_Status As String

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_ReadInputPins(Input_Status)
'Reads the input pins
'Input_Status = 00 → all input pins are low
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.13 CMD\_WriteOutputPins

Write the value to the output pins

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteOutputPins( var Output_Value: TS_Output_Pins ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Output_Value: TS_Output_Pins  * Output value sets the output pins
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim Output_Status As TS_Output_Pins

Output_Status.Value = Output_2HIGH_Output1HIGH
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_WriteOutputPins(Output_Status)
'Sets the output pins to high
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.14 CMD\_WriteE2promKey

This function writes the key to E2prom Block as Master Key.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteE2promKey( var E2prom_Block_No, Key_Type: Byte; var Keys: TS_Keys ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	E2prom_Block_no: Byte Key_Type : Byte Keys : TS_Keys <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E2prom_Block_no represents the block number of the eeprom</li> <li>• Key_Type represents the key type of the key</li> <li>• Keys</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```

Dim Keys As TS_Keys
Dim error_code As Long
Dim e2prom_block As Byte
Dim Key_Type As Byte

e2prom_block = 0                                'Block number of e2prom
Key_Type = 0                                     'Key Type is A Type
Keys.Key(0) = &HFF                               'Key i 'FF FF FF FF FF FF'
Keys.Key(1) = &HFF
Keys.Key(2) = &HFF
Keys.Key(3) = &HFF
Keys.Key(4) = &HFF
Keys.Key(5) = &HFF

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_WriteE2promKey(e2prom_block, Key_Type, Keys)
'Writes the key to the specified e2prom Block as Master Key
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.15 CMD\_ReadBlock

This function reads the specified block of the tag.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_ReadBlock( var Block_No: Byte; var Block_Buffer: TS_Mifare_Block; var Block_Str: WideString ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Block_Buffer : TS_Mifare_Block Block_Str : WideString <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the block number of the tag</li> <li>• Block_Buffer is 16 byte of array, values of the Block bytes</li> <li>• Block Str is the characters of the Block bytes</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_No As Byte
Dim my_block As TS_Mifare_Block
Dim my_block_str As String

Block_No = 3
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_ULReadBlock(Block_No, my_block, my_block_str)
'reads the third block
'my_block returns the values of bytes
'my_block_str is the character-string of the block bytes
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.16 CMD\_WriteBlock

This function writes the data to the specified block of the tag.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteBlock( var Block_No: Byte; var Block_Buffer: TS_Mifare_Block ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No           : Byte Block_Buffer       : TS_Mifare_Block <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the block number of the tag</li> <li>• Block_Buffer is 16 byte of array, hex-values of the Block bytes</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0           : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_No As Byte
Dim my_block As TS_Mifare_Block
Dim i As Byte

For i=0 to 15
    my_block.Bytes(i) = &H00
Next i
Block_No = 4

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_WriteBlock(Block_No, my_block)
'writes my_block to the fourth block of the tag
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.17 CMD\_SrttoBlockBuffer

This function converts the specified string to the 16 byte Block array.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_SrttoBlockBuffer(           var Content_Str: WideString;           var Block_Buffer: TS_Mifare_Block         ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Content_Str : WideString Block_Buffer : TS_Mifare_Block <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Content_Str contains characters</li> <li>• Block_Buffer is 16 byte of array, decimal values of the Block bytes</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim My_string As String
Dim Block_Buffer As TS_Mifare_Block

My_string = "SONMICRO MIFARE"
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_SrttoBlockBuffer(My_string, Block_Buffer)
'converts the "SONMICRO MIFARE" to type of Mifare_Block
'Block_Buffer.Bytes(0) → 83
'Block_Buffer.Bytes(1) → 79 ...
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.18 CMD\_BlockBufferToStr

This function converts the specified 16 byte Block array to the character String.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_BlockBufferToStr( var Block_Buffer: TS_Mifare_Block; var Block_Str: WideString ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_Buffer : TS_Mifare_Block Block_Str : WideString <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_Str contains characters</li> <li>• Block_Buffer is 16 byte of array, decimal values of the Block bytes</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim My_string As String
Dim Block_Buffer As TS_Mifare_Block

Block_Buffer.Bytes(0) = 83
Block_Buffer.Bytes(1) = 79
Block_Buffer.Bytes(2) = 78
...
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_BlockBufferToStr(Block_Buffer, My_string)
'converts the "SONMICRO MIFARE" to type of Mifare_Block
'My_String = "SON..."
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.19 CMD\_WriteValue

This function writes the value(signed 4 Byte) to the specified block.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteValue( var Block_No: Byte; var Block_Value: Integer ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Block_Value : Integer(4 byte signed) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the number of the block</li> <li>• Block Value is the value of the Block</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_No as Byte
Dim Value As Long

Value = 23400080
Block_No = 5
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_WriteValue(Block_No, Value)
'Writes the value to the fifth block
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.20 CMD\_ReadValue

This function reads the value(signed 4 Byte) from the specified block.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_ReadValue( var Block_No: Byte; var Block_Value: Integer ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Block_Value : Integer(4 byte signed) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the number of the block</li> <li>• Block Value is the value of the Block</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_No as Byte
Dim Value As Long

Block_No = 5
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_WriteValue(Block_No, Value)
'Reads the value to the fifth block, Value variable returns the value
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.21 CMD\_IncValue

This function increments the value of the specified block with the specified value.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_IncValue( var Block_No: Byte; var Increment_Value, Block_Value: Integer ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Increment_Value : Integer(4 byte signed) Block_Value : Integer(4 byte signed) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the number of the block</li> <li>• Increment_value represents the value which is added to the block value</li> <li>• Block Value is the value of the Block</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_No as Byte
Dim Inc_value As Long
Dim Value As Long

Block_No = 5
Inc_Value = 3
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_IncValue(Block_No, Inc_Value, Value)
'Before increment operation value = 7, after increment operation value is 10
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.22 CMD\_DecValue

This function decrements the value of the specified block with the specified value.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_DecValue( var Block_No: Byte; var Decrement_Value, Block_Value: Integer ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Decrement_Value : Integer(4 byte signed) Block_Value : Integer(4 byte signed) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the number of the block</li> <li>• Increment_value represents the value which is subtracted to the block value</li> <li>• Block Value is the value of the Block</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_No as Byte
Dim Dec_value As Long
Dim Value As Long

Block_No = 5
Dec_Value = 3
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_IncValue(Block_No,Ddec_Value, Value)
'Before increment operation value = 7, after increment operation value is 4
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.23 CMD\_WriteSectorTrailer

This function writes the bytes to the specified sector trailer block.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteSectorTrailer( var Sector_No: Byte; var Access_Bytes: TS_Access_Bytes; var KeyA, KeyB: TS_Keys ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	<p>Sector_No : Byte  AccessBytes : Integer(4 byte signed)  KeyA,KeyB : Integer(4 byte signed)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sector_No represents the number of the sector</li> <li>• Access_Bytes represents the sector trailer access bytes</li> <li>• KeyA, KeyB are the key values</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	<p>0 : Successful  Others : Look at the error code table</p>

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Sector_No As Byte
Dim Key_A As TS_Keys
Dim Key_B As TS_Keys
Dim my_access As TS_Access_Bytes

Key_A.Key(0) = &HFF
Key_A.Key(1) = &HFF
Key_A.Key(2) = &HFF
Key_A.Key(3) = &HFF
Key_A.Key(4) = &HFF
Key_A.Key(5) = &HFF

Key_B.Key(0) = &HFF
Key_B.Key(1) = &HFF
Key_B.Key(2) = &HFF
Key_B.Key(3) = &HFF
Key_B.Key(4) = &HFF
Key_B.Key(5) = &HFF

my_access.Byte6 = &HFF
my_access.Byte7 = &H07
my_access.Byte8 = &H80
my_access.User_Data = &HEE
Sector_No = 1
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_WriteSectorTrailer(Sector_No, my_access, Key_A, Key_B)
'Write these bytes to the sector block
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.24 CMD\_CreateAccessBytes

This function creates access bytes with respect to access bits.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_CreateAccessBytes( var C0, C1, C2, C3: Byte; var Access_Bits: TS_Access_Bits ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	CO, C1, C2, C3 : Byte Access_Bits : TS_Access_Bits <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• C0, C1, C2, C3 represent the block bits.</li> <li>• Access_Bits represents the sector trailer access bytes</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim my_access As TS_Access_Bits
Dim Block0 As Byte
Dim Block1 As Byte
Dim Block2 As Byte
Dim Block3 As Byte

Block0 = 0
Block1 = 0
Block2 = 0
Block3 = 4
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_CreateAccessBytes(Block0, Block1, Block2, Block3,
my_access)
'my_access.Byte6 = FF
'my_access.Byte7 = 07
'my_access.Byte8 = 80
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.25 CMD\_ULWriteBlock

This function writes the bytes to the UL tags block.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_ULWriteBlock( var Block_No: Byte; var Block_Buffer: TS_Mifare_Block ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Block_No : Byte Block_Buffer : TS_Mifare_Block <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block_No represents the block number of the tag</li> <li>• Block_Buffer is 16 byte of array, hex-values of the Block bytes</li> </ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```

Dim error_code As Long
Dim Block_Buffer As TS_Mifare_Block
Dim Block_No As Byte

Block_Buffer.Bytes(0) = &HFF
Block_Buffer.Bytes(1) = &HFF
Block_Buffer.Bytes(2) = &HFF
Block_Buffer.Bytes(3) = &HFF
Block_No = 5

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_ULWriteBlock(Block_No, Block_Buffer)
'write Block_Buffer to the fifth block
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error

```

### 3.26 CMD\_ULWriteOtp

This function writes the bytes to the OTP block of the UL tag.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteOtp( var OTP_Bytes: TS_UL_Otp ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	OTP_Bytes : TS_UL_Otp <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• New_Baud represents the new baud rate of the device</li></ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim OTP As TS_UL_Otp

OTP.Bytes(0) = &H00
OTP.Bytes(1) = &H00
OTP.Bytes(2) = &H00
OTP.Bytes(3) = &H00

error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_ULWriteOtp(OTP)
'Write 00 to all OTP bytes
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.27 CMD\_ULWriteLock

This function writes the Lock bytes to the Lock block of the UL tag.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_WriteLock( var Lock_Bytes: TS_UL_Lock ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	Lock_Bytes: TS_UL_Lock <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lock bytes represents the bytes of the Lock block</li></ul>
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim Lock_Byt As TS_UL_Lock
Dim sonuc As Integer

Lock_Byt.Bytes(0) = &H00
Lock_Byt.Bytes(1) = &H00
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_ULWriteLock(Lock_Byt)
'Write 00 to all Lock bytes
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.28 CMD\_SetDeviceBaudRate

This function sets the device baud rate to the specified value.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_SetDeviceBaudRate( var New_Baud: Integer ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	New_Baud : Integer • New_Baud represents the new baud rate of the device
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

#### Example for VB:

```
Dim error_code As Long
Dim Baud_rate As Long

Baud_rate = 19200
error_code = SMifareX1.CMD_SetDeviceBaudRate(Baud_rate)
'Changes the baud rate to 19200
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.29 CMD\_Sleep

This function takes the module to Sleep.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_Sleep( ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	No Arguments
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long

error_code = SMifareX1.Sleep()
'Takes the module to sleep
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.30 CMD\_SwitchOnRf

This function takes RF power on.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_SwitchOnRf( ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	No Arguments
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long

error_code = SMifareX1.SwitchOnRf ()
'Takes the Antenna Power on
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.31 CMD\_SwitchOffRf

This function takes RF power off.

<b>function</b> TSMifareX.CMD_SwitchOffRf( ): Integer	
<b>Arguments</b>	No Arguments
<b>Returns</b>	0 : Successful Others : Look at the error code table

**Example for VB:**

```
Dim error_code As Long

error_code = SMifareX1.SwitchOffRf ()
'Takes the Antenna Power off
'if error_code is not zero look at the error code table in order to understand
'the error
```

### 3.32 CMD\_OnReceive

This procedure is used to get the data in SMifareX1\_OnPacketReceive event.

```
procedure TSMifareX.CMD_OnReceive(
    var Data_Type: Byte;
    var Packet_Str: WideString
)
```

Arguments	Data Type : Byte Packet_Str : Widestring
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data Type represents the type of the incoming packet</li><li>• Packet_Str represents the incoming data packet</li></ul>



**Example for VB:**

```
Dim tag_type As Byte
Dim my_packet As String

Call SMifareX1.CmdOnReceive(tag_type, my_packet)

'if tag_type = 2 and my_packet C7890654 → 1K Tag Received nad Serial is 540689C7
```

## 4. ERROR CODE TABLE

Error Codes	
Codes	Meanings
0	Process is done successfully
1	Timeout
2	Unexpected response
3	Data greater than 64 byte
4	Checksum error
5	RF Field is OFF
6	No Tag or Login Failed
7	Argument out of range or Wrong Command
8	Invalid Key Format
9	Read Failed
10	Unable to read after write
11	Write Failed
12	Invalid Value Block
13	Change of Baud rate Failed
14	Com Port has not been created yet
15	Sector trailer block, use sector write function
16	Serial Block, you can not write anything
17	OTP or Lock Block
18	Com port is already open
19	Com port could not be created

## 5. SALES AND SERVICE INFORMATION

To obtain information about SonMicro Electronics products and technical support, reference the following information.



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