# THURSTON BUILDING SYSTEMS Surestack User Manual

### **Specification**

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

Surestack anti-vandal low maintenance security buildings are designed and value engineered to provide long life durability, defeat unauthorised entry and combat vandalism in most hostile environments.

### **FLOOR**

Agrement certified moisture resistant heavy duty tongued and grooved flooring grade strand board fixed to joists. Galvanised steel joists at 300mm centres supported on welded steel channel perimeter base frame. The whole floor is underdrawn with arson resistant galvanised sheet steel. The floor covering is a heavy-duty flexible sheet vinyl, with continuously welded joints and is bonded to floorboards. Floors are designed to provide for a uniform floor loading of 2.5kn/m2. The floor can be insulated as an optional extra.

### **EXTERNAL WALLS**

The external walls are fully galvanised structural steel panels 305mm wide with integral supports. Wall sections are welded to the perimeter of both base frame and roof perimeter gutter. Internal vinyl wall covering laminated to 12.5mm plasterboard lining and providing a class 'O' surface spread of flame with extruded plastic joint strips. Alternative linings are available on request. Wall cavities are insulated with 80mm non combustible fibrous insulation and provides a 'U' value of 0.44w/m°c. External finishes are spray applied semi-gloss fast enamel to BS 4800. Zinc rich galvanic primer is applied to all external mild steel surfaces and weld areas, all panel joints are polyurethane sealant sealed. Natural trickle ventilation is achieved by the incorporation of high and low level permavents.

#### ROOF

Heavy duty fully galvanised and mechanically interlocking structural steel panels are riveted, bonded and sealed with polyurethane adhesive. Rainwater is discharged at each corner via a perimeter galvanised steel guttering system to which optional extra rainwater pipes can be included if required. The internal ceiling finish is a vinyl covered laminate on 12.5mm plasterboard lining providing class 'O' surface spread of flame fire rating as standard. The roof also incorporates fibrous insulation and provides a 'U' value of 0.44w/m°c. Alternative linings are available.

#### **WINDOWS**

Maintenance free aluminium framed polyester powder coated windows with top opening casements and satin anodised aluminium casement stays glazed in 4mm float glass. Heavy duty horizontal sliding galvanised steel window shutters with internal single person operation.

### **EXTERNAL DOORS**

External doors are constructed from galvanised steel, fully insulated. With a clear opening of 840x1940mm the single outward opening door is hung on a zinc plated full height 'piano' hinge welded to both door and steel frame and fitted with two five lever mortice deadlocks, a mortice latch, SAA lever furniture, and anti-jemmy security features. The door also incorporates fibrous insulation and provides a 'U' value of 0.697w/m°c.

### **INTERNAL DOORS**

Where indicated, 726mm wide doors factory pre assembled. Doors are fitted with chrome furniture and either a latch handle; optional mortice lock or bathroom furniture.

### **INTERNAL PARTITIONS**

Removable:-

A durable class 'O' vinyl faced 12.5mm plasterboard partition with extruded plastic joint strips and 1.25mm galvanised steel channel studding. Partitions fitted over floor coverings for ease of relocation.

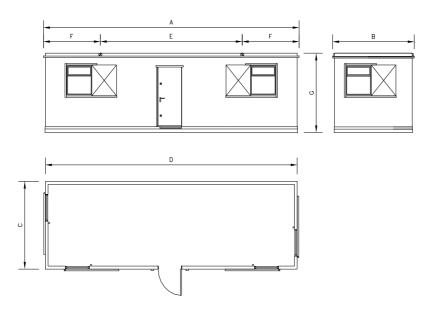
Demountable:-

Class 'O' vinyl faced 9mm plywood partition with extruded plastic joint strips and 1.25mm galvanised steel channel studding. Partitions fitted over floor coverings for ease of transfer.

Standard:-

Class 'O' vinyl faced 12.5mm plasterboard partition with extruded plastic joint strips and 1.25mm galvanised steel channel studding.

## Surestack Dimensions



**Table 1 Surestack dimensions in metres** 

| Sure <i>stack</i> |      |      |      |      |      |       |      | Internal |       |        |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|----------|-------|--------|
| Model             | Α    | В    | С    | D    | Е    | F     | G    | Length   | Width | Height |
|                   |      |      |      |      |      |       |      |          |       | _      |
|                   |      |      |      |      |      |       |      |          |       |        |
| SST1208           | 3.81 | 2.55 | 2.40 | 3.66 | 3.05 | 0.380 | 2.55 | 3.48     | 2.23  | 2.29   |
| SST1608           | 5.03 | 2.55 | 2.40 | 4.88 | 4.27 | 0.380 | 2.55 | 4.70     | 2.23  | 2.29   |
| SST2008           | 6.25 | 2.55 | 2.40 | 6.09 | 4.27 | 0.990 | 2.55 | 5.92     | 2.23  | 2.29   |
| SST2408           | 7.47 | 2.55 | 2.40 | 7.32 | 4.27 | 1.600 | 2.55 | 7.14     | 2.23  | 2.29   |
| SST2010           | 6.25 | 3.16 | 3.01 | 6.09 | 4.27 | 0.990 | 2.55 | 5.92     | 2.84  | 2.29   |
| SST2410           | 7.47 | 3.16 | 3.01 | 7.32 | 4.27 | 1.600 | 2.55 | 7.14     | 2.84  | 2.29   |
| SST3210           | 9.9  | 3.16 | 3.01 | 9.75 | 5.49 | 2.205 | 2.55 | 9.58     | 2.84  | 2.29   |

- A Overall length including guttersB Overall width including gutters
- C Width of unit
- **D** Length of unit

- **E** Between lifting point centres on length
- F Centre of lifting point to end of unit
- G Height bottom of skid to top of roof

### Transport and Handling

Thurston Building systems can deliver your preferred Surestack unit directly to your site or point of use. If you wish to relocate your building Thurston Building systems can provide this service for you. However, Surestack buildings have been designed to make relocation and transportation as simple as possible and any reputable haulage contractor can readily undertake the process.

### **CRANE HANDLING**

Depending on site access or location it may be necessary to position the unit using a mobile crane. Each unit has secure craning points; crane shackles must be of the correct rating and dimension, 'D' shackles being most appropriate. All removable craning points must be used to lift the unit, with equal chain lengths to ensure an even distribution of load. The minimum chain lengths specified in table 2 below must be used. The maximum weight of the unit must **not** exceed the maximum lifting mass indicated on the specification plate, which can be found on the bottom skirt of the building. The minimum crane capacity will depend on the maximum mass of the unit to be lifted and the overall reach necessary to position the unit. Your local crane contractor should be consulted and will advise on suitable lifting plant and route planning to ensure low bridges and obstructions are avoided.

| ТΔ | RI | F | 2 |
|----|----|---|---|

| Sure <i>stack</i><br>Model | Minimum Sling<br>Length (Meters) | Maximum<br>Weight (Kg) |  |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| SST1208                    | 4.06                             | 2770                   |  |
| SST1608                    | 5.04                             | 2770                   |  |
| SST2008                    | 5.04                             | 2770                   |  |
| SST2408                    | 5.04                             | 6000                   |  |
| SST2010                    | 5.04                             | 2770                   |  |
| SST2410                    | 5.04                             | 6000                   |  |
| SST3210                    | 6.41                             | 6000                   |  |

#### **TRANSIT**

Transit by platform lorry or trailer on public roads must comply with statutory legislation including Road Traffic Act, Construction and Use Regulations as well as any Local Authority regulations that may apply.

The most important aspect to consider is the length and width of the building to be transported, and when the building skids are positioned on the lorry bed, the overall height, and if applicable, the overhang of the Surestack unit.

Lashing locations are provided to each unit to enable secure lashing using chains. Ensure that there are no loose laid items within the unit and external doors and shutters fastened and locked, prior to departure. It is also essential that prior to transportation that all windows, shutters and doors are locked and bolted into the closed position, and that all fixtures and fittings within the unit are securely fixed in place.

### **ACCESS TO SITE**

The following aspects will need to be taken into account to ensure that any problems on site are minimised and an acceptable standard of health and safety is maintained.

- Route and access to site if in doubt arrange for a local haulier to survey route and access prior to delivery.
- Space on site for manoeuvring lorry, and crane if one is to be used.
- Potential hazards in relation to extended crane jib, e.g. overhead power cables.
- Combined mass of load and vehicle must be considered relative to ground conditions temporary tracking may be required.

### Siting and Foundations

The Surestack range of buildings has been designed to withstand the extremes of the U.K. climate, and the strength and durability of our units has been proven by many years of experience in extreme environments. However, consideration of site conditions is necessary where locally they may be subject to chemical or exposed coastal sites. In such circumstances additional measures may be necessary and Thurston Building Systems will be pleased to advise.

### **FOUNDATION DETAILS**

The standard range of Surestack buildings can be sited on any level site. Thurston Building Systems would be pleased to provide foundation loading recommendations upon request.

The building should be positioned directly onto the steel base frame so that all four corner posts carry the weight of the building. The building should be lowered as close to ground as possible, particularly on exposed sites. N.B.: If the building is on an exposed or sloping site, bolting down of the unit is advisable.

Metal shims may be required to ensure the unit is level and adequately supported.

### **STACKING**

When stacking Surestack buildings it is important that the building foundations are capable of withstanding the full loads of all buildings, including all imposed snow loading and wind loads. It must also be noted that buildings should be bracketed at high and low level as illustrated on Fig. 1 below.

Generally the placement of concrete foundations, and competent professional advice should be sought to ensure that adequate provisions are made.

The maximum foundation loads for single and two storey Surestack building is given in Table 3. The loads are based on uniformly imposed floor loads not exceeding 2.5KN/m2, and a basic wind speed of 50m/s.

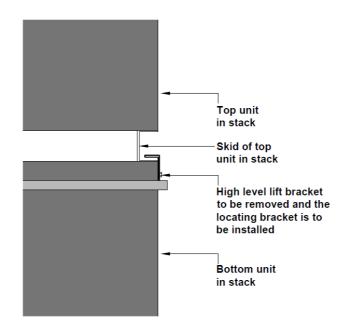


FIG. 1.

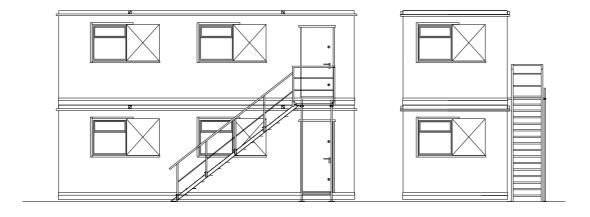


FIG. 2

### **FOUNDATION LOADS**

Foundation loads for Surestack buildings loads are given for single and two storey buildings in Table 3 below. Loads are given for each corner post and based on a floor loading of 2.5KN/m2.

**TABLE 3** 

| Sure <i>stack</i><br>Model | Single Storey<br>(KN) | Two Storey<br>(KN) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| SST1208                    | 17.56                 | 32.49              |
| SST1608                    | 23.41                 | 43.31              |
| SST2008                    | 29.26                 | 54.12              |
| SST2408                    | 35.11                 | 64.96              |
| SST2010                    | 36.70                 | 67.89              |
| SST2410                    | 44.04                 | 81.47              |
| SST3210                    | 58.72                 | 108.63             |

The lower building must be adequately anchored to the foundations to prevent overturning and instability in high winds. Expansion bolts should be used to secure the base plate to the foundations.

### Optional Surestack Variations

Surestack buildings can be linked together on site to form various configurations or layouts to suit your particular needs. Linking of Surestack buildings is accomplished using a purpose made linkway. This provides a simple and reliable method of linking buildings together, and requires no special installation skills.

The following linking arrangements can be achieved with the standard Surestack building: -

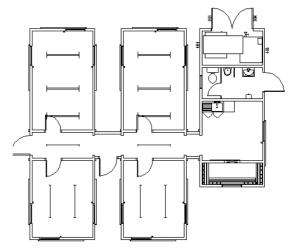
- Side to Side.
- End to End.
- Vertically (up to two storeys).
- · Combinations of the above.

Interlinking is also possible with different sized units throughout the range.

### **OPTIONAL EXTRAS**

An extensive range of options is available to further enhance the tough and already well equipped Surestack range, some of which are listed below: -

- Anti-vandal steel or black plastic rainwater pipes.
- Insulated floors.
- Internal partitions and doors.
- Electric heating.
- Kitchen/Canteen and Changing room furniture and fittings.
- Additional Electrical and I.T. Fittings.
- External staircase and landings.
- External corporate colour schemes.
- A comprehensive range of plumbing fittings.
- · Removable external door and frame.
- Jacklegs



### REGULATIONS AND STATUTORY LEGISLATION

When moving, linking or stacking units care should be taken that the layout formed by the linked buildings complies with relevant legislation – this will in general be the Building Regulations and the Fire Precautions Act. It should also be noted that any local health and safety arrangements including permit to work, induction procedures etc. should be taken into account.

### **CONNECTION OF SERVICES**

Electrical Installation

The electrical installation is designed and installed in accordance with the requirements of the IEE Regulations 17 th Edition 2008. Wiring is by twin and earth PVC insulated cables enclose in surface mounted PVC TRUNKING. The electrical trunking system are positioned at ceiling level around the internal perimeter of the building, and incorporate a detachable PVC capping piece to provide full access to wiring

All circuits are wired to a multi-way consumer units positioned at high level, with terminals for direct connection to the site electrical supply. All circuits are provided with overload protection utilising miniature circuit breakers and RCD. The type of supply which may be either single or three phase depending on load requirements, and assessed maximum demand, are indicated on the certificate.

The electrical installation is inspected and tested in accordance with IEE Regulations, and relevant certificate "Transportable Building Electrical Installation certificates" is supplied with the building, please ensure that the certificate is the correct one and is kept safely. On installation, any live testing should be carried out by an N.I.C.E.I.C contractor and all tests inserted on to electrical completion certificate once the building is live. This is recommended for every building relocation and re-connection.

### On Installation or relocation

| Item              | Details  | Maximum<br>Frequency |
|-------------------|--|----------------------|
| RCD (Main Switch) | Check the incoming R.C.D (MAIN SWICH) is working correctly and that it is checked regularly. | At each relocation   |
| Water Heaters     | Check that all water heaters have the water turned on before switching on the isolators.     | At each relocation   |
| Lighting          | Carry out functional checks on all lights, and ensure all lamps are in the correct position  | At each relocation   |
| Room Heaters      | Check all room heaters have all the packaging removed .                                      | At each relocation   |
| Sockets           | Check all sockets are working correctly  | At each relocation   |
| Thermostats       | Check all thermostats that control heaters are working correctly                             | At each              |

|                 |                          | relocation |
|-----------------|--------------------------|------------|
| PIR's & control | Check operation of PIR's | At each    |
| features        |                          | relocation |

### • Natural Gas and LPG Installations

Natural Gas installations, where installed, are carried out in accordance with the GAS SAFETY (installation and use) REGULATIONS 1984 and recommendations DM2 Code of Practice for Gas Installations. Completed installations are tested in accordance with all relevant recommendations, and a gas soundness test certificate is supplied with the building. LPG installations are designed, installed and tested in accordance with BS 5482 Pt 2 1988, and a relevant gas soundness test certificate is supplied with the building. Ventilation air for combustion is provided by fixed wall ventilators positioned at high and low level in accordance with BS 5482 Pt 1. At no time should any of the ventilators be covered or obscured. Health and Safety information for the use of LPG Installations is supplied with the building. When the building is in use, this information should be prominently displayed to users and occupants alike. No additional gas fittings should be incorporated without first checking that adequate ventilation is available.

#### Water

Hot and cold water distribution, where installed is in accordance with the recommendations of BS 6700: 1987. Completed installations are pressure tested prior to despatch details of test are supplied with each building.

- Drainage
- •

Soil and waste systems are installed in push fit polypropylene and PVCu pipework, in accordance with BS 5572.

- Telephones
- •

Attention is drawn to the Telecommunications Act 1984 which requires apparatus to be approved before it can be connected to networks run by British Telecom.

Any alteration to or servicing of, the units must be carried out by a suitably qualified operative.

### **Inspection and Maintenance**

Surestack buildings have been developed over many years to provide tough and durable accommodation for a great variety of uses, requiring little or no maintenance throughout their useful life.

However, where a high level of aesthetic appearance is paramount or where in use conditions are particularly severe, positive action can be taken in the form of regular maintenance and inspection, to retain the Sures*tack* building in prime condition.

### **INSTALLATION CERTIFICATES**

All installation certificates and instructions for equipment fitted to the services will be itemised on a Warranty Notice – checklist, delivered with the unit.

To ensure that the terms of the Warranty are effective, the notice should be returned once all the documents have been received

### **FIXINGS TO WALLS AND INTERNAL PARTITIONS**

### Lightweight Items

Lightweight items such as notice boards, etc., can be fastened directly to internal walls and partitions, with proprietary gypsum board fixings with self-drilling action.

### Heavyweight Items

Heavyweight items such as shelving, wall-mounted cupboards, etc., should be fixed to walls and partitions with expanding steel cavity fasteners. Care should be taken to follow the manufacturers instructions, particularly with respect to pilot hole size and resist over-tightening the fixing screws.

Exceptionally heavy items such as storage water heaters, etc., should ideally be positioned so that the weight is transferred directly to the floor. This can be achieved by first fixing a full height plywood or similar backboard to the wall, with the base of the board supported by the floor.

### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

| Item  | Details  | Maximum<br>Frequency |
|-------|--|----------------------|
| Welds | Check welds, where appropriate, in the following locations for corrosion. If required clean and prepare the affected area, apply a painted galvanising primary coat and finishing coats as paint manufacturers instructions:  1 Removable lifting brackets 2 Roof steelwork for lifting brackets. 3 Base lifting brackets. (when appropriate) 4 Wall panel/roof connections. 5 Wall panel/base connections. 6 All base frame welded joints. 7 Roping down brackets. 8 Roof anchors | Annually             |

|                             | 9 Low level jackleg mounted lifting bracket. (when appropriate)  |                                      |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Roofs                       | Inspect for evidence of deterioration of:              1. roof panel to panel seals,             2. security and condition of adhesive gaskets at the ends of each roof panel seal             3. Particularly in exposed or costal/ industrial environments, but generally anyway assess galvanising of roof panels for breakdown, maintain or paint as appropriate | Annually                             |
| Gutters                     | Check for debris and leaves or damage to gutter, which may cause gutters to overflow and cause pattern staining to external walls.   | Annually                             |
| Frost protection            | Ensure that insulation is in place and that it is not waterlogged. Check that any electrical heating installed for frost protection is in working order.   | Annually &<br>As IEE<br>requirements |
| Plumbing General            | Ensure all plumbing is isolated from mains before disconnection, Components selected are supported by any plumber's merchant in terms of spares & seal kits. Check for operation, flow, leakage, security and any damage to 'porcelain' equipment, check also security of W/C seats (safety)   | Annually                             |
| Overflows                   | Check that overflows are not blocked and that any discharge can be readily observed.   | Six months                           |
| Window seals                | Ensure that the rubberised window seal have not become dislodged or damaged, replace if necessary. Any surface damage to the powder coating of the window frame to be cleaned and apply touch-up paint to the area of damage.  | Six months                           |
| Floor vinyl                 | Ensure that any tears or damage to the floor vinyl and coved skirtings if specified are repaired, particularly in wet areas.   | Six months                           |
| External Finishes           | The external finish should be checked for scratches and marks and the appropriate touch up paint applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. The external finish can be cleaned using propriety cleaners such as domestic detergent diluted with clean water.  | Six months                           |
| Electrical<br>Installations | The electrical installation should be periodically inspected and tested in accordance with the IEE regulations.  | As IEE requirements                  |
| Convector Heaters           | Convector heaters should not be used for drying purposes, covered with garments, etc., due to the possible fire risk.  | requirements                         |
| Floor loadings              | The maximum floor loading capacity should not be exceeded.   |                                      |
| Door Hinges<br>Roofs        | Lightly oil to ensure trouble-free operation. Check roof joint seals   | Annually                             |
| Sliding Shutters            | Ensure shutter cord is not damaged and that the bearings run freely, if required replace cord and lubricate bearings   | Annually                             |

### Nb

The removable lifting brackets are to be considered as 'lifting accessories' in accordance with the 'LOLLER' regulations, and should therefore be added to the user's inspection register of lifting equipment, and checked in accordance with these regulations.

### **Electrical Specifics**

| Item                      | Details   | Maximum<br>Frequency           |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| RCD (Main<br>Switch)      | Check the incoming R.C.D (MAIN SWICH) is working correctly and that it is checked regularly.  | At each relocation or annually |
| Frost Protection          | Ensure that insulation is in place and that it is not waterlogged. Check that any electrical heating installed for frost protection is in good working order, Especially before winter frost and cold weather. NOTE Frost stats are installed to turn heaters on when the temperature drops to near freezing and will not generally operate in the summer months. Frost protection heaters will only stop pipes from freezing, and are not for general space heating  | Annually                       |
| Convector<br>heaters      | The electrical installation should be periodically inspected and tested in accordance with the IEE regulations.  Convector heaters should not be used for drying purposes, covered with garments, etc., due to the possible fire risk.  Desks should not be pushed over the tops of the convector heaters.  | As IEE Regulations             |
| Drying Rooms              | Tubular Heaters may be installed within Drying Rooms and are controlled via a room stat. These heaters are installed under benches and coat rails, providing a constant heat for keeping the temperature high for drying clothing. This heating will generally be supplemented by a larger high level fan heater. The fan heaters are used to boost the heating when clothing is wet. Once a high temperature is reached the tubular heaters will keep the room warm. | Annually                       |
| High level Fan<br>Heaters | These heaters are either AC3 (3KW) OR 2 Dimplex FX 20 type heaters (2kw or 1 kw). Or equivalent. Under no circumstance should clothing be hung over these fan heaters. Besides being a major fire risk, this practise will void the warranty and cause the heaters to overload and burn out   | Annually                       |

| Water Heating                | Water heating is generally over sink or a under sink type. Each heater should have a 3 bar reducing valve fitted. See specification sheets. These water heaters have resettable thermal overloads, should an overload trip, thepower can be turned off and back on. This will reset the overload. The overload will operate should the heaters be powered up with the water vessels empty. Heaters would not be starved of water.  Should the water supply be disrupted, the power supply should be switched off. When the water is restored the water heaters need filling then the electric supply can be switched back on . | Annually                   |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| PIR, & cabin controls        | Subject to specification, a cabin may have additional controls, typically for eco features. Check functionality, do not attempt to service or tamper.  | Annually                   |
| All Electrical<br>Appliances | Before faulty equipment is reported under warranty. Please check that the local Isolation to the equipment. This a switched fused spur and occasionally This fuses within the spur unit blow or are removed by people on site to fit into 13 amp plug tops.  | Before reporting a problem |

### **HEALTH & SAFETY**

The responsibility for safe working with or on any Surestack unit or complex rests with the owner, or related contractor(s). Material safety data sheets relating to materials used within the building construction are available on request. In addition to advice given in the main text, your attention is drawn to the requirements of the Health & Safety at Work etc. Act, and in particular the following Regulations and Standards:

The Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations (including the requirement of Risk Assessments for work or activities to be completed).

Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations BS7121 Mobile Cranes.

Electricity at Work Regulations (and IEE Requirements)

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

Construction (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations

Construction (Design and Management) Regulations

BS6492: Part 2 Transportable Accommodation Units. (Transportation and Siting).

The list above is not intended as a definitive list, but a listing of the main documentation that may relate to users of Surestack buildings. Further advice on these publications can be obtained from:

Health and Safety Executive:

British Standards.

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the contents of this guide. It is however intended for guidance only and Thurston Building Systems can accept no responsibility whatsoever for any outcome of the use of advice herein. In accordance with Thurston Building Systems policy of continuous product development and improvement, we reserve the right to make design and specification changes without prior notice.