

User Manual

(Pressure • Temperature • Humidity • Air Velocity • Airflow • Sound level)

Configuration of Class 300 Transmitters







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1.a - Working principle

Using keypad / remote control / Modbus configuration, you can activate (or deactivate) a channel, change the measuring range, set the set points and time-delay...

Principle: the configuration options are accessed via **folders and sub-folders** (similar to Windows[®]). Access is made via a **numerical code** (full details in this manual).





Meaning of the keys

- To increment a value or a level
- To decrement a value or a level
- To validate an input
- It is a cancel an input or to return to the previous step



1.a.2 - Infrared remote control

The remote control works like the keypad and the **configuration method remains exactly the same** whichever you use (keypad or remote control).





Meaning of the remote control keys

- To increment a value or a level
- To decrement a value or a level
- To validate an input
- It is a step to the previous step ■

Channel selector

With this selector, you can swap the transmission channel so that it matchs with the transmitter reception channel. See page 6 to configure the transmitter reception channel.

1.b - Output signal selection

Voltage or Current ?

The Class 300 can output either a voltage or a current signal.



With the on-off switch located on the left top of the transmitter (when open), you can choose analogue output 0-10V (voltage) or 4-20 mA (current)



Down 0-10 V



υ_p 4-20 mA

1.c - Protection tip of the sensor

It's extremely unwise to remove the protection tip of our hygrometry probes as the sensitive element is very fragile even to light contacts. However, if you have to remove the protection tip, take all possible precautions and avoid any contact with the sensitive element. To remove the protection tip, unscrew it or unclip it.





2. Modbus parameters

2.a - Configuration parameters

- Data bits
 8 bits
- Parity None
- Flow control......None
- Transmitter addressing between 1 and 255

default address "0" for single ended bus configuration to change the addressing, see page 8.

2.b - Functions

Register reading	Function 03
Register writing	Function 16
Communication loop test	Function 08

2.c - Access codes to Registers

- Registers type
 Signed long integer (32 bits), permuted (LSB, MSB)
- Alarms status Modbus code : 1436
 Ex. The value sent by the transmitter is 5
 Alarm condition 1
 and relay 1 excited



• Values - Modbus code : 1438 (channel 1) 1442 (channel 2) 1446 (channel 3 or value

1442 (channel 2) 1446 (channel 3 or value 1 of the external transmitter) 1450 (channel 4 or value 2 of the external transmitter)

Ex. the value sent by the transmitter is 6321

- Values formatting Modbus code : 1440 (channel 1)
 - 1444 (channel 2)

1448 (channel 3 or value 1 of the external transmitter) 1452 (channel 4 or value 2 of the external transmitter)

	Units	of I	neasurement	b31 ••• b	12 b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b
1	m/s	12	mmH₂O		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
2	fpm	13	inWg						Uni	it of I	meas	surer	nent	(see	cha	irt)
3	m3/h	14	Кра			Nr	ofd	iaits	afte	r the	con	ıma	1			
4	L/s	15	mmHg					<u> </u>)=>+,			1				
5	cfm	16	mbar			Val	ue si	yn (u)- <i>/</i> +,	1-21)					
6	m3/s	17	g/kg (absolute humidity. \mathbf{p})	Ex. The formatting displayed is 268 .												
7	°C	18	°C (dew temp. Td)	Unit of measurement => 12 (see chart) Figure(s) after the comma => 1 Sign => positive												
8	°F	19	°F (dew temp. Td)													
9	%RH	20	°C (wet temp. Tw)													
10	PSI	21	°F (wet temp. Tw)	16.4	havalu			ad in		al ta	6004			-		
11	Ра	22	KJ/Kg (Enthalpy i)	If t	he valu				equa		0231	•				

Result => 623,1 mmH₂O

2.c - Access code to Registers (sequel)

 Serial number of sensing element (SPI - CP300 / Humidity - TH300) Modbus code: 1402





1 This step is COMPULSORY for each configuration.

To access the transmitter functions, and for safety, you have to first enter a safety code.

· Please check that the transmitter is powered on.

• If the transmitter displays an error code, please see "Errors Code" section on page 35



🗁 F 100

4.a - Transmitter channel for infrared remote control

·····

Step

You can change the channel number for receiving the signal from the infrared remote control. **The advantage is that only one remote control** is required to drive **several transmitters**, and that there is no interference if 2 transmitters are located side by side.

NOTE By default, the channel number is 0.

Go into the configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.



100

Select the folder "**100**" and validate with ⁽¹⁾.

Select the sub-folder "100" and validate with $\textcircled{\text{$\odot$}}.$ The cursor > goes to the line of available choices.



Step 3	Ŀ	F	100 03	
Step 4	>	F	100 03	

With O and \bigodot keys, select the channel number (from 00 to 09). Validate with O.

The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- ${\boldsymbol{\cdot}} \text{ press twice} \overset{\mbox{\tiny (sp)}}{=} \text{ to return to reading mode}$
- press once (Esc) to select another folder.
- with and keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 100.

4.b - Backlight

With the backlight, the reading is easier with more contrast, if the ambient light is weak. You can activate or deactivate it.



• with • and • keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 100.



4. Display and keypad configuration

4.c - Display contrast control



4.d - Keypad locking

For safety, you can lock the keypad access. Like on a mobile phone, the keys will be disabled after having been locked.



To unlock keypad access, press and hold the
key for 10 seconds. After 10 seconds, an audible signal confirms that the keypad is unlocked.



4.e - Slave addressing (Modbus)



F200 5. Configuring channels and units of measurement

Class 300 transmitters have 4 measuring channels. You can activate 1, 2, 3 or 4 channels and select each unit of measurement.



Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.



Select the folder "200" and validate with @.

Select sub-folder and validate with . The cursor > goes to choices line.



201

06

With \oplus and \odot keys, select the unit of measurement (see chart below). Validate with ®

	CP 301, 302 et 303	CP 304	TH 300	TT 300	CTV 310
00	Inactive channel	Inactive channel	Inactive channel	Inactive channel	Inactive channel
01	Pa	Pa	°C	°C	m/s
02	mmH ₂ O	mmH₂O	°F	°F	fpm
03	inWg	inWg	%HR		°C
04	mbar	mbar	g/Kg (Hygro. absolue p)		°F
05	°C	mmHg	°C (Temp. de rosée Td)		m³/h
06	°F	°C	°F (Temp. de rosée Td)		L/s
07	m/s	°F	°C (Temp. humide Tw)		cfm
08	fpm	m/s	°F (Temp. humide Tw)		m³/s
09	m³/h	fpm	KJ/Kg (Enthalpie i)		
10	L/s	m³/h			
11	cfm	L/s			
12	m³/s	cfm			
13		m³/s			,

For a CP 300 transmitter (301, 302, 303 and 304), the SQR option is required in order to activate the NOTE units of air velocity and airflow.

Step 4

201 06 The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- press twice \cdots to return to reading mode.
- press once (ESC) to return to another folder selection.
- with \oplus and \bigcirc keys to choose another sub-folder from the folder 200.



6. Analogue output management

6.a - Output diagnostics

With this function, you can check with a multimeter (or a regulator/display, or a PLC/BMS) if the transmitter outputs are working properly. The transmitter generates a voltage of 0 V, 5 V and 10 V or a current of 4 mA, 12 mA and 20 mA.

6.a.1 - Multimeter connection configuration

Before carrying out the output diagnostics, all connections and configurations of the transmitter must be enabled, to avoid any damage on the transmitter and the multimeter!





Step

1

6. Analogue output management

6.a.2 - Output diagnostics

Once the connection of the transmitter to the multimeter (or regulator or PLC/BMS is complete, (see page 6), you can carry out the analogue output diagnostics on several check points.



100

Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select the folder "300" and validate with .

Channel n° 1 output Select sub-folder "300"



Channel n° 2 **output** Select sub-folder "**303**"



and validate with B. The cursor > goes to available choices.

Step		F	300
3	\geq		01

With O and \bigcirc keys, select the signal that the transmitter must output (see chart below). Note : no need to validate with O.



	Diagnostic Output
00	0 V
01	5 V
02	10 V
03	4 mA
04	12 mA
05	20 mA

If the deviations are too big (>0,05V or >0,05mA) between the signal issued and the value displayed on the multimeter, we recommend that you return the transmitter to our factory.

Step

F 300 01 The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- press twice \bigcirc to return to reading mode.
- \cdot press once B to return to another folder selection.
- with \oplus and \bigcirc keys to choose another sub-folder from the folder 300.



6.b - Analogue output settings

]F300

With this function, you can modify the measuring range of the transmitter, and you can equate the new limits to the analogue output (0-10V or 4-20mA).

You can enter the measuring range required on your own !

You must enter the values according to the units of measurement selected, not according to the measuring range of the transmitter.

Eg. on a CP 303 pressure transmitter (0 to ± 1000 Pa) with a reading in mmH2O, the minimum and maximum ranges must be configured on measuring range of 0 to ± 102 mmH2O. See conversion chart on following page.





Pressure

📁 F300

	Pa	mmH2O	inWg	mbar	mmHg
CP 301	0 to ±100	0 to ±10,2	0 to ±0,401	0 to ±1,00	-
CP 302	0 to ±500	0 to ±51,0	0 to ±2,005	0 to ±5,00	-
CP 303	0 to ±1000	0 to ±102,0	0 to ±4,015	0 to ±10,00	-
CP 304	0 to ±10000	0 to ±1020,0	0 to ±40,01	0 to ±100,00	0 to ±75,00

Temperature

	°C	°F
TH 300 - Stainless steel probe	-40,0 to +180,0	-40,0 to +356,0
TH 300 - PC probe	-20,0 to +120,0	-4,0 to +248,0
TT 300 - Stainless steel probe	-40,0 to +180,0	-40,0 to +356,0
TT 300 - PC probe	-20,0 to +120,0	-4,0 to +248,0
CTV 310	0,0 to +50,0	32,0 to 122,0

Air velocity (CTV 310)

	m/s	fpm		
CTV310	from 0,0 to 30,0	from 0 to 5905		



7.a - Activation / Deactivation of BEEP alarm

The beep alarm (audible alarm) is activated when a set point is reached. For more details on the setpoint settings, see page 20.



- press once 🐵 to return to another folder selection.
- with \oplus and \bigcirc keys you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 400.

7.b - Relay security

The relay outputs are by default, in **negative security**: the relay is **energized** when a set point is reached. With the keypad, you can swap the relays in **positive security**: then, the relay is **de-energized** when a set point is reached or during a power outage.





7.c - Alarm / relay functions and LED colour codes

7.c.1 - Visual / audible alarms

Class 300 transmitters have 2 visual / audible alarms located in front of the transmitter, allowing to know the condition of the setpoints.



	Alarm LED colour codes
Green	The alarm function is activated and the set point is not reached
Red	The alarm function is activated and the setpoint is reached
None	The alarm function is not activated
NOTE	The red LED appears when the setpoint is reached, taking into account the time-delay and the action type (falling or rising). See page 17 for more details.
	Audible alarm

Once the alarm is activated, an alarm sounds whilst the setpoint is reached.



The BEEP alarm function must be activated to use the audible alarm. See page 14.

7.c.2 - The relays

Class 300 transmitters have 2 relays visible on the transmitter board. These 2 relays each have one LED to allow real-time checking.





Relay LED colour codes

Red	The relay is energized
None	The relay is not energized or has not been configured
* 7	The relay is energized when the setpoint is reached, taking

NOTE into account the time-delay, the action type and also the alarms security mode.

Set points, time-delay and action type setting: see page 20 Alarm security settings : see page 14



7.d - Selection of the channel for visual and relays alarms

Class 300 transmitters have 4 alarms: 2 visual (LED) and audible alarms and 2 relay alarms. The transmitter can be configured with 4 different alarms setups.



• press once (Esc) to return to another folder selection.

• with O and \bigodot{O} keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 400 (i.e. for example to configure another alarm / relay)



7.e - Alarm mode details

7.e.1 - Definitions

Setpoint

The setpoint is a limit which, on being reached and/or exceeded, activates an alarm or energizes a relay (in negative security, see page 14 for more details).

Time-delay

Once the setpoint is reached and/or exceeded, the time-delay postpones the alarm activation (or relay excitation) for a short period (in seconds). Once this period is elapsed, and if the setpoint is still exceeded, then the alarm is activated or the relay is energized (in negative security).

Action type

For alarm activation or relay excitation, you can choose the action type: rising or falling action.

- Rising action: the alarm is activated once the measurement goes over the setpoint
- Falling action: the alarm is activated once the measurement goes below the setpoint

7.e.2 - Available configurations











7.f - Alarm mode selection



Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select sub-folder

"413"

Relay 1



Select the folder "**400**" and validate with .

"403" Alarm 1 "**408"** Alarm **2**



"**418**" Relay **2**



and validate with .

Step F 403 3 Й1

With O and \bigcirc keys, select the code relative to the alarm mode (see chart below). Validate with O.

Code	Alarm mode	Drawing
00	No alarm	
01	2 setpoints with time-delay (control mode)	N° 1 page 17
02	1 setpoint with time-delay and rising action	N° 2 page 18
03	1 setpoint with time-delay and falling action	N° 3 page 18

Step

F 403 01 The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

 \bullet press twice to return to reading mode.

 \bullet press once $^{\tiny{\mbox{\scriptsize fs}}}$ to return to another folder selection.

 \cdot with $\textcircled{\bullet}$ and \boxdot keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 400.



7.g - Setpoints and time-delay setting

7.g.1 - Setpoints



You must enter values according to the units of measurement selected, not according to the measuring range of the transmitter.

Ex. on a CP 303 pressure transmitter (0 to ± 1000 Pa) with a reading in mmH2O, the minimum and maximum ranges must be configured on measuring range of 0 to ± 102 mmH2O. See conversion chart on page 13.

- The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.
- press twice 🔤 to return to reading mode.
- \cdot press once B to return to another folder selection.
- \bullet with \oplus and \bigcirc keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 400.

NOTE If after having set up a setpoint, the unit of measurement is modified (see page 9), then you have to reconfigure the setpoints according to this new unit of measurement.



7.g.2 - Time-delay



)F500

8.a - Pressure measurement integration (CP 300)

The integration coefficient makes an average of the measurements: this helps to avoid any excessive variations and guarantees a stable measurement.

New value displayed = [((10 - Coef.) x New Value) + (Coef. x former value)] /10

This value is applicable when the variation is less than +/- (Coef. x 10 Pa)

Example : CP303 (0-1000 Pa) - First measurement: 120 Pa - New measurement : 125 Pa

The pressure source is stable, the user applied a low integration. Integration : 1, maximum variation allowed +/-10 Pa. Since the variation is less than 10 Pa, we apply the integration calculation formula. Next measurement displayed ((9 * 125) + (1 *120))/10 = 124.5 soit 124 Pa. If the new value had been 131 Pa, the next value displayed would have been 100% of the new value, i.e 131 Pa.



Step F 500 3 ≥ 08



Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select the folder "500" and validate with .

Select the sub-folder "500" and validate with O. The cursor > returns to available choices.



With O and \bigcirc keys, you can set the integration value: from @@ to @9. Validate with @.

Coefficient 0 : no integration, large variation of the measurement displayed. **Coefficient 9** : maximum integration, more stable measurement display.

The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

• press twice 🐵 to return to reading mode.

- press once 🖾 to return to another folder selection.
- with and keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 500.

8.a - Time-delay between 2 self-calibrations



Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select the folder "**500**" and validate with ^(*). Select the sub-folder "**501**" and validate with ^(*). The cursor > goes to available choices.



With O and \boxdot keys, you can set the time-delay values between 2 self-calibrations: from @ to O minutes. Validate with O.

Nota : if the value is equal to 0, the transmitter will not carry out any self-calibration.

The cursor > returns to sub-folder line.

- press twice 🖾 to return to reading mode.
- press once (10) to return to another folder selection.
- with \oplus and \odot keys , you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 500

Whenever you want, in reading mode, you can carry out a self-calibration by keeping "ESC" pressed for 5 seconds.

🍘 F500

9.a - Offset setting in humidity and temperature

In order to compensate for any longterm drift of the transmitter, you can add an offset to the value displayed by the TH 200 with the EHK 500 reference portable instrument or via the keypad.



Function only available on humidity transmitters: **TH 300**

The EHK 500 is a reference portable instrument (optional) which enables you to adjust at one point the humidity and temperature reading, via the RS 232 connection cable. Thanks to this new time-saving system, no need to return the transmitter to our factory.

Your transmitter is always available on site. For more details, see technical datasheet and user manual of EHK 500.

9.a.1 - Offset in hygrometry (TH300)



• or choose another folder to access other functions.

9.a.2 - Offset in temperature (TH300)



🎾 F600

10.a - Temperature compensation

You can modify the temperature compensation value.

The air velocity and airflow measured with a differential probe (such as Pitot tube, Debimo blade,orifice plate...) depends on the working temperature. Then, it is required to enter the **working temperature** to get more accurate results. You can enter the value either manually or using a thermocouple K probe which offers the automatic temperature compensation.

Function only available on pressure transmitter type CP 300 with SQR option

10.a.1 - Manual compensation



KOTE If you make a temperature compensation in Celsius degree (sub-folder "600"), the transmitter will automatically make the conversion into Farenheit degree (sub-folder "601") and vice versa.

🎾 F600

10.a.1 - Automatic compensation



Before configuring the automatic compensation in temperature, **you must connect** the thermocouple K probe on the transmitter.







Once the automatic temperature compensation configuration is complete, **check carefully the connection** of the thermocouple K probe.

🕒 🍘 F600

100

688

603

ЯЙ

10.b - Air velocity coefficient selection (CP 300)

Since the air velocity is calculated from the pressure (on a CP 300) and from a differential probe, **you must enter the coefficient value of the differential probe.** For Pitot tubes and Debimo blades, the coefficient is already included in the transmitter.

Step

2

Function only available on the pressure transmitters: CP 300 + SQR option

Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select the sub-folder "**603**" and validate with $\textcircled{\mbox{\ osc }}$. The cursor > goes to available choices.



Step F 603 3 → 01 With D and O keys, select the differential probe type. Validate with S.

Code	Differential probe	Coef.
00	Pitot tube L (ISO 3966)	1
01	DEBIMO blade	0.8165
02	Other differential probe	To be entered

Step > F 603 4 01 The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

• press once 😁 to return to another folder selection.

 \bullet with $\textcircled{\mbox{-}}$ and \boxdot keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 600.

NOTE If you use "Other differential probe" please carefully follow the instructions below.

10.b.1 - Manual coefficient input



Select the folder "600" and validate with $\textcircled{\mbox{\ \ os\ }}$.

Select the sub-folder "**604**" and validate with O. The cursor > goes to available choices.



With O and O keys, enter the coefficient relative to your differential probe. This coefficient is given by the manufacturer (from 0.0001 to 9.9999). Validate with O.

The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- press twice 🔤 to return to reading mode.
- press once 😁 to return to another folder selection.
- with and \bigcirc keys , you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 600.

🕽 F600

10.c- Air velocity coefficient input

With this correction coefficient, you can adjust the transmitter according to the air velocity in your installation.

Function only available on the transmitter : **CP 300 + SQR option and CTV 310.**

10.c.1 - How to calculate it ?

If the air velocity in your duct is equal to 17 m/s, and if the transmitter indicates 16.6 m/s, then the coefficient to apply is 17/16,6, ie 1.024

10.c.2 - Coefficient input





1

11.a - Selection of duct section type or airflow coefficient

11.a.1 - Working from the section type

Function only available on transmitters: CP 300 + SQR option and CTV 310



Section sizes input



and validate with .



10. Airflow measurement configuration



With D and \boxdot keys, enter the value (from 0 to 3000mm or 0 to 118.11 inch). Validate with 🔍



The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

• press twice **b** to return to reading mode.

- press once (see to return to another folder selection.
- with and keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 600.

If you enter a length, width or diameter in mm, the transmitter will automatically calculate the conversion in Inch NOTE (vice versa)

10.a.2 - Working from a airflow coefficient

With this coefficient, you can calculate the airflow from the pressure. This coefficient is given by the manufacturer of the devices supplied with pressure connections (+ and -). From the square root of the pressure measured (Delta P), and from this coefficient, you get the airflow.

Airflow =
$$C_{D} x \sqrt{\Delta}$$
 Pressure

Function only available for the pressure transmitter: CP 300 + SQR option. In this calculation mode, you have no access to reading of air velocity. If you activate this calculation mode and also a channel in air velocity, the transmitter will display an error code "4".

Go back to procedure page 28 / step 3:

With \oplus and Θ keys, select @2 and validate with @.



Select the folder "600" and validate with .



With \oplus and \bigcirc keys, enter the airflow coefficient value (from 0.1 to 9999.9). Validate with @





11. Airflow measurement configuration

Step 5	>	F	614 01

With \oplus and \odot keys, select the unit of measurement (see chart below). Validate with B.

	CP301/302/303	CP304
01	Pa	Pa
02	mmH₂O	mmH₂O
03	inWg	inWg
04	mbar	mbar
05	-	mmHg



>

F 614 01 The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- Press twice ^(b) to return to reading mode.
 press once ^(b) to return to another folder selection.
 with ⊕ and ⊖ keys to choose another sub-folder from the folder 600.



12.a- Activation / deactivation of the RS232 and home bus

Class 300 transmitters have one RS232 and one RS 485 digital output (Modbus protocol) - optional. With the RS 232, you can display 1 or 2 parameters which are measured by other Class 200 and 300 transmitters, or vou can send measurements to be displayed on another Class 300 transmitters.

If you set up your transmitter to send measurements to another transmitter via RS 232, then you will not be able to use the RS 485 digital output anymore (Modbus - optional).



• with \oplus and \bigcirc kevs, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 100.

12.b- Serial number display



Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select the folder "100" and validate with . Select the sub-folder "105"



The serial number of the transmitter is displayed. The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- press twice (b) to return to reading mode.
- press once (5) to return to another folder selection.
- with and \bigcirc keys to choose another sub-folder from the folder 100.



12.c- Modification of Modbus communication speed



Go into configuration mode (see page 5). The folder number displayed corresponds to the last configuration folder used.

Select the folder "**100**" and validate with ⁽¹⁾. Select the sub-folder "**107**" and validate with ⁽¹⁾.

With O and \bigodot keys, select a communication speed (see chart below). Validate with O.



00	2400 bauds	03 19200 bauds (speed by default)
01	4800 bauds	04 38400 bauds
02	9600 bauds	05 115200 bauds

Step	1>	F	107	
4			05	

The cursor > returns to sub-folders line.

- press twice 🐵 to return to reading mode.
- press once (see to return to another folder selection.
- with and keys, you can choose another sub-folder from the folder 100.



12.d- Purge mode

The purge mode enables to freeze the measurement when being displayed, enables to lock the analogue outputs, and to activate the relay 1, in order to actuate a de-dust system of an air movement conditions system and to activate the relay 2 in order to isolate the transmitter.

Here is the detailed process of purge mode :

- 1 Measurement is frozen.
- 2 Wait for three seconds.
- 3 Activation of relay 2 (isolation of the transmitter)
- 4 Wait for time-delay (e.g : 10 seconds).
- 5 Activation of relay 1 (sending compressed air into the network to clean the installation)
- 6 Purge duration ((e.g : 30 seconds)

- 7 Deactivation of relay 1 (stop sending compressed air).
- 8 Wait for time-delay (e.g : 10 seconds).
- 9 Deactivation of relay 2
- 10 Wait for three second.
- 11 Recovery of measurement



12.d.1 - Activation / deactivation of Purge Mode



• with • and • keys, choose another sub-folder from the folder 300

12.d.2 -Working duration of purge mode



 \cdot press \oplus and \ominus to choose another sub-folder from the folder 300



12.d- Mode Purge

12.d.3 - Frequency



• with \oplus and \bigcirc , choose another sub-folder from the folder 300.

12.d.4 - Time-delay

Time-delay corresponds to the advanced and retardation lead time of triggering of the relay 2 relative to the relay 1.





13. Error codes

Code	Problem	Solution
01	Configuration error (alarm(s) set on a non	Check status of the 4 alarms and 4 channels.
· · ·	displayed/activated channel)	Ex. : the error appears if an alarm is configured on a channel (1,2,3 or 4) which is not active. Then, you must activate the channel on which you want to configure an alarm.
		Activation of a channel :see page 5
		Alarm and relay configurations: see page 14
02	No channel activated	Activate one channel (at least).
02		Activation of a channel: see page 5
		l
03	Humidity probe (TH300) or SPI (CP 300) not connected	Connect the probe / SPI (see user manual SPI)
94	Only on CP 300.	Select a unit in airflow for the channel 1, 2, 3 or 4 (see channels
04	A channel is configured in air velocity (see page	configuration, page 5)
	5) and the airflow calculation function (page 23) is set to $\textcircled{O2}2$ (airflow coefficient). This combination is impossible .	 Instead of airflow coefficient, select a circular or rectangular section in function 606 (see page 28)





Code	NUX NUX	Description	Available settings	
100 101 102 103 104 105	200 202 204 206 208 210	Channel n° for IR remote control Backlight Display contrast control Sending data via RS232 Keypad locking	0 to 9 0 or 1 from 0 to 10 0 or 1 0 or 1	
105 106 107	210 212 214	Serial number display Modbus slave number Modbus communication speed	1 to 255 00 2400 bds 02 9600 bds 04 38400 bds 01 4800 bds 03 19200 bds 05 115200 bds	

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- Code Description
- 200 **400** Unit of channel 1 201 **402** Unit of channel 2
- 202 **404** Unit of channel 3
- 203 406 Unit of channel 4

Available settings

	CP301, 302 et 303	CP 304	TH300	CTV310
00	Inactive channel	Inactive channel	Inactive channel	Inactive channel
01	Ра	Ра	°C	m/s
02	mmH₂O	mmH₂O	°F	fpm
03	inWg	inWg	%HR	°C
04	mbar	mbar	g/Kg (absolute humd. p)	°F
05	°C	mmHg	°C (dew temperature Td)	m³/h
06	°F	°C	°F (dew temperature Td)	L/s
07	m/s	°F	°C (wet temperature Tw)	cfm
08	fpm	m/s	°F (wet temperature Tw)	m³/s
09	m³/h	fpm	KJ/Kg (Enthalpy i)	
10	L/s	m³/h		
11	cfm	L/s		
12	m³/s	cfm		
13		m³/s		

	Code	Not been	Description	Available settings
nel 1	300	600	Analogue output setting on channel 1	0= >0V, 1= >5V, 2= >10V 3= >4mA, 4= >12mA, 5 =>20mA
channe	301 302	602 604	Analogue output minimum on channel 1 Analogue output maximum on channel 1	· ····,· · ····,· -····
nel 2	303	606	Analogue output setting on channel 1	0 =>0V, 1 =>5V, 2 =>10V 3 =>4mA, 4 =>12mA, 5 =>20mA
channel	304 305	608 610	Analogue output minimum on channel 2 Analogue output maximum on channel 2	
CP 300-	306 307 308 309	612 614 616 618	Activation / Deactivation of purge mode Working time of each purge Frequency of each purge Time-delay before and after purge	00 or 01 from 01 to 60 seconds from 01 to 9999 minutes from 00 to 60 seconds

0	F	5	00	9-
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Code	Not been	Model	Description	Available settings	
500	1000	CP300	Measurement integration	from 0 to 9	
500	1000	TH300	Offset in humidity	-50,0 to +50,0	
501	1002	CP300	Self-calibration for time-delay	from 0 to 60 minutes	
501	1002	TH200	Offset in temperature (°C)	from -50,0 to +50,0	
502	1004	TH200	Offset in temperature (°F)	from -90,0 to +90,0	

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1	1_1	10
1	9886 8886	
1.4	1:432	≝"

	Code	NXX S	Description	Available settings			
	400		Audible alarm	0 or 1			
	401	802	Relays security	0 (negative) or 1 (positive)			
ARM 1	402 403		Channel selection for alarm 1 Channel selection for alarm 1	 1=> channel 1, 2=> channel 2, 3=>channel 3, 4=> channel 4 0=> inactive 1=> setpoint 1, setpoint 2 and time-delay 2=> setpoint 1, time-delay and rising action 3=> setpoint 1, time-delay and falling action 			
AL/	404 405	810	Setpoint 1 of alarm 1 Setpoint 2 of alarm 1				
Ι	406	812	Time-delay on alarm 1	from 0 to 60 seconds			
ARM 2	407 408	814 816	Channel selection for alarm 2 Alarm 2 type selection	 1=> channel 1, 2=> channel 2, 3=>channel 3, 4=> channel 4 0=> inactive 1=> setpoint 1, setpoint 2 and time-delay 2=> setpoint 1, time-delay and rising action 3=> setpoint 1, time-delay, and falling action 			
AL	409 410 411		Setpoint 1 of alarm 2 Setpoint 2 of alarm 2 Time-delay on alarm 2	from 0 to 60 seconds			
ELAY 1	412 413		Channel selection for Relay 1 Alarm type selection for Relay 1	 1=> channel 1, 2=> channel 2, 3=> channel 3, 4=> channel 4 0=> inactive 1=> setpoint 1, setpoint 2 and time-delay 2=> setpoint 1, time-delay and rising action 3=> setpoint 1, time-delay and falling action 			
RE	414 415 416	830	Setpoint 1 of Relay 1 Setpoint 2 of Relay 1 Time-delay of Relay 1	from 0 to 60 seconds			
ELAY 2	417 418		Channel selection for Relay 2 Alarm type selection for Relay 1	 1=> channel 1, 2=> channel 2, 3=>channel 3, 4=> channel 4 0=> inactive 1=> setpoint 1, setpoint 2 and time-delay 2=> setpoint 1, time-delay and rising action 3=> setpoint 1, time-delay and falling action 			
R	419 420 421	840	Setpoint 1 of Relay 2 Setpoint 2 of Relay 2 Time-delay of Relay 2	from 0 to 60 seconds			



14. Functions recap

C		.46	F600 🕤)——			
	Code	NOT BEEN	Description	Ava	ilable settings		
	600 601 602	1200 1202 1204 1206	Compensation temperature in °C* Compensation temperature in °F* Compensation type* Air velocity measurement mean*	- - manu	al =>00 or automatic=>01		
	603			Code	Differential probe		
				00	Pitot tube		
				01	DEBIMO blade		
				02	Other differential probe		
CP 300 - CTV 310	604 605	1208 1210	Air velocity coefficient value* Air velocity correction coefficient Section type selection		0.0001 to 9.9999 0.200 to 2.000		
Ë	606	1212		Code	Section type		
5				00	Rectangular		
8				01	Circular		
б о	0.3(02	Airflow coefficient		
CF	607 608 609	1214 1216 1218	Section length in mm Section width in mm Section diameter in mm	from	0 to 3000 mm 0 to 3000 mm 0 to 3000 mm		
	610	1220	Section length in inch	from	0 to 118.11 inch		
	611 1222		Section width in inch		from 0 to 118.11 inch		
	612	1224	Section diameter in inch	from	0 to 118.11 inch		
	613		Airflow coefficient* Units of pressure for the pressure calculation*	from	0.1 to 9999.9		
	614			$ \rightarrow $	CP301/302/303 CP304		
Т				01	Pa Pa		
				02	mmH ₂ O mmH ₂ O		
				03 04	inWg inWg		
*	only for		ransmitter	04 05	mbar mbar - mmHg		
Ċ	. Only 101	0-3001		00			

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