

# MotionController GEL 8230Y005

for Pitch System Control in Wind Power Plants



This operating manual is part of the product and must be kept during the product's lifetime and passed together with the product.

Issued by:

Lenord, Bauer & Co. GmbH Dohlenstrasse 32 46145 Oberhausen • Germany Phone: +49 (0)208 9963-0 • Fax: +49 (0)208 676292 Internet: http://www.lenord.de • E-Mail: info@lenord.de

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#### 1 General

#### 1.1 Safety instructions

In order to make it easier for installation and for any possible servicing, the operating software of the MotionController permits online change of device parameters during running operation, therefore



Be absolutely certain, when making use of this feature, that no dangerous situations can occur for persons or for the system itself in the system area, by ensuring that

- every parameter to be changed is conscientiously and carefully checked for correctness and applicability and for possible effects (above all for changes of velocities) before transmission,
- adequate electrical safeguards, such as limit switches and line breakers, are provided.
- Before carrying out a firmware update (see section 5.2, page 28), switch off the power circuit of the MotionController controlled drive.
- The assembly and commissioning of the MotionController may only be carried out by trained expert personnel, i.e. persons that are familiar with the safety concepts of electrical and automatic control techniques. (On request, product training is offered by LENORD+BAUER.)

#### **1.2** Use in accordance with the intended purpose

The MotionController is intended exclusively for the control of rotor blade drives in a wind power plant.

The three axes are equipped with an redundant encoder system to which you can switch over in case of trouble.

Control is mainly performed using the specific LB2 protocol. Nominal value preset is always carried out by serial communication.

#### 1.3 Characteristics

The following sketch shows the principle of functioning of the control:



Legend: v = speed, U = (analog) voltage

Principle of axis control:



The scope of the display can be subdivided into two categories:

- Two so called main windows provide the following information:
  - Actual positions (angles) of the 3 axes and as well as current data in a lower level (→ section 4.3.2) with the possibility of operating the drive manually
     Signal conditions on the input and output terminals (→ 4.3.3)
- ► Access is made to the following functions via a main menu (→ section 4.3.4):
  - Device information
  - Changing the encoder group and encoder simulation
  - Device parameters with which the MotionController is userspecifically configured

Besides the routines for the user interface, the MotionController's operating system also contains routines for the control and feedback control of 3 drives. These routines can be accessed via a PLC program that has been loaded into the Motion-Controller.

#### 1.4 About this manual

The present manual gives information about the hardware, the installation and operating of the MotionController.

It **does not** deal with the device parameters, through which the MotionController and the controlled axes can be configured. This is done in a separate Reference Manual (doc. no. DS12-8230Y5R10), which also provides information about the signal/terminal assignment and the LB2 protocol.

PDF files of these manuals may be ordered from LENORD+BAUER. For reading the files, the Acrobat Reader from ADOBE SYSTEMS INCORPORATED is necessary (freeware; download e.g. from www.adobe.com).

Symbols and designations used:

Paragraphs marked in this way provide important additional information to the subject.



Paragraphs marked in this way contain statements that are important for operation according to instructions.



This symbol indicates a critical situation or the possibility of damage to property.

#### 2 Assembly

#### 2.1 Scope of delivery

- MotionController GEL 8230Y005
- Fastening set with 6 nuts, spring washers and plain washers as well as 2 pole shoes
- Mating connector set
- Cable clamp set
- User Manual (this document)
- Reference Manual

#### 2.2 Control panel cut-out



Dimensions in mm

#### 2.3 Mounting

- ☑ Make the control panel cut-out in the required position in accordance with the dimensional drawing above
- $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Set the device in the cut-out
- ☑ Fasten the device with 6 M4 nuts, spring washers and plain washers
- ☑ Make the electrical connections while observing the following instructions

# **!** Instructions for wiring:

To maintain the guaranteed **EMC** characteristics of the Motion-Controller it is **absolutely necessary** to take the following steps:

- ► Earth the device correctly: short connections via cable lug contacts (6.3 mm) housing/cover → cubicle (wall) as well as housing/cover themselves (use a low inductance earthing strap or flat band conductor)
- Earth connector cable at the device: uncover the cable screen at a suitable point and clamp it under a cable clip to the cover
- Use metallic sub D mating connectors and clamp the cable screen properly between the connector halves
- Tighten the fastening screws of the Sub D mating connectors



firmly in order to guarantee a secure earth contact (it is recommended that this cable is earthed as well, as shown in the diagram)

For good electrical contact and mechanical support of the cable in the terminals, as well as for a safe isolation of the bunched conductors used, provide isolated wire end ferrules in accordance with DIN 46228 part 4 that are captively joined to the conductors with the aid of special crimp pliers. If two or more thinner cables are to be connected to one terminal, the use of twin wire end ferrules is advantageous. The maximum connecting cross-section is 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (incl. ferrule).

Use a screwdriver with a blade of  $0.4 \times 2.5$  mm for tightening the terminal screws (M2).

- ► Keep all unscreened conductors as short as possible.
- Lay out the screens with large surfaces at both cable ends
- The power supply used must correspond to the type of installation class 0 or class 1 in accordance with item B.3 of EN61000-4-5 from 1995.
- Provide spark suppression for inductive loads (relays, contactors) on the digital outputs (free-wheel diodes or RC-networks in parallel and in direct proximity to the coils)

- Lay out signal and control cables separately from power cables.
- If there are potential differences between the machine and electronic earthing connections, or if they may occur, suitable measures have to be provided to ensure that no circulating currents can flow in the cable screen (e.g., lay potential equalization cables with large cross-section or use cable with double screening; in doing so, tie the screen time to one side only in each case).

#### 2.4 Removal

- ✓ For a short-term removal of the MotionController loosen the four knurled thumb screws in the cover (they remain in the top and cannot get lost) and withdraw all connectors
  - After refitting the cover press on the knurled thumb screws and then tighten them up
- ☑ Remove the 6 nuts on the M4 threaded bolts of the Motion-Controller and remove the device

### 3 Connections

#### 3.1 Overall view



#### **Connector coding :**



#### 3.2 Voltage supply (V)



Both the voltage for the internal circuits of the MotionController as well for the supply of the encoders connected are supplied via terminal block V

The encoder supply can be taken via the links as well as from the MotionController supply.



#### 3.3 Serial interface (C1)



A serial interface is available on connector C1: COM 1. It can either be used as RS 232 C or as RS 422/485.

With the RS 422/485 the internal terminating resistor must be switched in at the first and the last device on the bus with the DIP switches next to the connector: both switches



in the ON position. The resulting terminating resistance is approx. 125  $\Omega.$ 



\* Connect pins for a RS 485

The serial interface has the same ground potential as the CAN buses (connector C2).

#### 3.4 CAN bus (C2)



One CAN bus interface is available on connector C2: CAN1 .

With each of the first and last device on the bus the terminating resistor for the CAN bus must be switched in by the DIP switch next to the connector: switch in position ON. The terminating resistance is approx. 120  $\Omega$ .





The CAN buses have the same ground potential as the other serial interfaces (connector C1).

The CAN bus supports reading and writing of digital CAN Remote I/O modules. A CAN Remote I/O Basic module must be connected to terminal strip C2 to do so. In this module a baud rate of 500 kBit/s and the node address 1 have to be programmed. Reading of the inputs and writing the outputs is performed via LB2 protocol functions (see the Reference Manual).

#### 3.5 Encoder inputs (Z1/2/3)

Each two SSI encoders can be connected to the terminal strips Z1 – Z3.

 $5\ V$  and  $24\ V$  are available there as supply voltage for the encoders. The maximum current is

- for 24 V: 300 mA per encoder
- for 5 V: 200 mA per encoder, in total 0.6 A

All encoder inputs have the same ground potential.



#### 3.6 Digital inputs (E1/2/34)

A	A	A	A	A	Ā	A
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

The signal state of each of the 6 (E1) or 8 (E2/3/4) digital inputs is indicated by a green LED below the respective terminal (ON  $\triangleq$  High).



Fixed terminal assignment:

- DE1.1: PLC RUN (High potential for starting and running an inserted PLC program)
- DE1.2: /Stop (High potential is conditional for controlling a drive and for calibration procedures)

Other terminal assignments  $\rightarrow$  Reference Manual

#### 3.7 Digital and analog outputs (A1/2/3)



Each of the 3 output terminal blocks A contains:

- 3 digital outputs 30 mA (terminals 5, 6, 7)

- 2 digital outputs 500 mA (terminals 8, 9)
- 1 analog output for axis control (terminals 2 + 3)

The digital outputs on a terminal block each have their own ground potential. The minus connections of the analog outputs are interconnected.

The signal state of the digital outputs is indicated by a red LED below the respective terminal (ON  $\triangle$  High).

#### Digital:



#### Analog:



Terminal assignment  $\rightarrow$  Reference Manual

#### 4 **Operating**

#### 4.1 The keyboard



- Function keys (assignment dependent on the current window)
- ② Numerical keys (value input)
- ③ Menu keys (assignment dependent on the current window, line oriented)
- ④ Delete value input
- © Cancel input/function; return to next higher menu potential
- 6 Confirm input, select/call marked entry (doubly available)
- ② Selection keys (select characteristic of a device parameter)
- Scroll keys (move window within the displayable list by one line upwards/downwards) with key repeat

(The labeling of the key blocks ① and ③, as well as the company logo, can be adapted to the application by using customized strips, see section 6.2 on page 32.)

#### 4.2 The Display

#### Example:



- ① Number of the currently shown window with total number of windows (e. g. 01/03 means the first of three possible display windows)
- 2 Designation of the menu or function window
- <sup>③</sup> Function of the menu key <sup>(M)</sup>; with the other menu keys the list entries shown on the left can be activated in some windows (<sup>(M)</sup>  $\rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> list entry etc.)
- ④ Each list entry is assigned a definite number; when entering a number a search function will be started, which let you go directly to an entry which is currently not visible, or the entry will be activated if it is already shown in the window
- S Function of the F1...F5 keys (here 'I/O' → F3: display of the input and output states; 'U' → F4: scroll 1 window upwards; 'D' → F5: scroll 1 window downwards)
- 6 The blinking cursor marks the entry which will be selected i.e. activated with the confirmation (Enter) keys (see previous section, item 6); this is also possible by means of the menu keys @...@ (in the example above it is @)
- Scroll bar": Information (qualitative) about the position of the current window (\*) within the displayable list (I)

Further explanations about the various windows you will found in the following descriptions of the menus.

#### 4.3 The windows and menus

#### 4.3.1 Menu structure

For the operating and observing of the MotionController various hierarchically classified display windows and setting menus are available. The following diagram gives an overall view of the menu structure.



As the standard display the 'MAIN WINDOW' showing the actual angle positions of the axes (blades) appears after switching on the device; see the next section.

In parallel to this there is another 'MAIN WINDOW' that gives information about the signal states of the digital and analog inputs and outputs of the MotionController; see section 4.3.3.

#### 4.3.2 Main window (angles)



- Letter of the encoder group: A = Encoder 1...3 (here 2), B = Encoder 4...6 (redundant encoder system)
- State of motion of the axis: | = standstill, > = forward movement, < = reverse movement, E = error (see Reference Manual)
- ③ Actual value of the angle in hundredth of a grade
- Possibilities 1. Display operating data of the marked axis with [Enter] or [M3] (in the window as shown above) for Blade 2 (Axes 2 and 4):

BACK N		BLADE 2	NG STATE:	OPERATI N
	ТОР	RESET +	State:	
B]     <sub>N</sub>	[E	[A]	der/Dir.:	Encod
8.53	3 78	78.	tual [°]:	Act
8.54	78		inal [°]:	Nomi
0. 00	0 C	Ο.	/n [°/s]:	Vel oc. a/
. 000	0 0.	Ο.	°]/U [V]:	Delta [°
[>>] N	[>] [:	[CAL.]	[<]	[<<]
F5	F4 I	F3	F2	F1

Explanations of the display:

- Veloc.a/n = <u>a</u>ctual and <u>n</u>ominal speed
- Delta (= DeltaS) = control deviation = difference between the calculated nominal value from the feedback control and the actual value (see principle of axis control on page 5); if DeltaS exceeds one of the maximum values programmed at the blade parameters (→ Reference Manual) this will be displayed as "DRAG ERROR +" or "DRAG ERROR -" respectively at "State:"
- U = control voltage on the analog output (here for Blade 2 at terminal block A2)

- The drive can be operated manually (jog) or calibrated by means of certain function keys if the corresponding blade parameters have been correctly configured (see Reference Manual):
  - (<<) F1: Fast jog in reverse direction (<<)
  - E2: Slow jog in reverse direction (<)</p>
  - E4: Fast jog in forward direction (>>)
  - (5): Slow jog in forward direction (>)
  - (F3): Calibration (see further below)
- M: Return to standard MAIN WINDOW; also with 📼
- 2. Call information about the inputs and outputs of the Motion-Controller with ତ ; see next section
- 3. Call device information or configure parameters: Change to the MAIN MENU with (1); see section 4.3.4
- **Calibration** With the 🗊 key an actual value correction can be activated for a specific blade (encoder group A or B). The value is to be defined at the blade parameters for the concerning axis (see Reference Manual):



Condition: High potential on terminal E1.2 ("/Stop")

#### 4.3.3 Main window (I/O)

Activation Function key 🗐 in the standard MAIN WINDOW

01/5		MAI N	WI NDOW		MENU	J M1
1.	l nput	E1.7E	1. 2:	10010	01[25]	M2
2.	l nput	E2. 9 E	2. 2:	0001001	10[12]	MЗ
3. [ BLA	Input .DE]	E3. 9 E	3. 2:	0000000 [ U ]	DO[OO]   [ D ]	M4
F	1	F2	F3	F4	F5	_

Example:

2. Input E2. 9. . E2. 2: 00010010[12] | ↑ ↑ ① ② ③

- ① Digital inputs 2 to 9 at terminal block E2
- ② Logic states of the 8 inputs as bits, LSB (on the right) = state on E2.2; 1 = High = approx. 24 V (for the definition of the logic states see Technical data, section 6.3)
- ③ Logic states as hex numbers

Possibilities 1. Browse with  $\bigcirc / \bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc / \bigcirc$ 

- 2. Display actual values of axes: Change to the standard MAIN WINDOW with (F); see section 4.3.2
- 3. Call device information or configure parameters: Change to the MAIN MENU with (m); see next section

#### 4.3.4 Main menu

Items 1. Device information	(4.3.4.1)	)23
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- 2. Stored failures (4.3.4.2) ......23
- 3. Encoder group switching (4.3.4.3) ...... 24
- 5. Parameter configuration (4.3.4.5).......25

Activation Menu key 🛞 in one of the two MAIN WINDOWS

					-
01/02		MAIN ME	NU	BACK	M1
1.	Devi ce	i nfo		ÿ	M2
2.	Stored	failures			M3
3. [MALN]	Encoder ]	group se	etting [U]	[ D ]	M4
F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	

Possibilities 1. Browse with  $\bigcirc / \bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc / \boxdot$ 

- Activate the marked menu item with e and process the next submenu item (see next sections); alternatively, one of the e...e menu keys may be used
- 3. Return to the MAIN WINDOW with  $\bigcirc$ , m or m; see section 4.3.2/4.3.3

#### 4.3.4.1 Device information

This window informs about the hardware and software versions of the MotionControllers and about the cumulated runtime of the device as shown as an example:



STD = standard, SHW = special hardware, SSW = special (customized) software; the first line  $(\frac{1}{1})$  can be written by a PLC program

#### 4.3.4.2 Stored failures

This window displays a list with up to 20 failures occurred (most recent on top), e.g.



("1.05"  $\rightarrow$  Axis 1, error code 5; see also LB2 function 50h in the Reference Manual)

The following failures will be recognized:

- Del taS > Del taS max. → Drag error exceeds its maximum value when moving in forward direction (see blade parameters in the Reference Manual)
- Del taS < Del taS mi n.  $\rightarrow$  Drag error exceeds its maximum value when moving in the reverse direction
- General transmission errors and errors in the LB2 protocol; see Reference Manual: LB2 function 50h

#### 4.3.4.3 Encoder group switching



By means of the  $\bigcirc$  key you can change from the default assignment (Axes 1 – 3: group A) to the alternative assignment (Axes 1 – 3: group B) and vice versa.

#### 4.3.4.4 Super user mode

	LOG	IN		В	АСК	M1
Enter	password:	_				M2
						MЗ
				[ OK	[]	M4
F1	F2 F	3	F4	F5	5	-

For the duration of service, i.e. as long as the device remains switched on, the request for a password to the configuration menu can be suppressed. It may be inquired at authorized persons and, if necessary, be noted down here:



When the super user mode is active this is shown by an asterisk in the MAIN MENU window:

Hence, for continuously changing in and out of the configuration menu, i.e. while commissioning, the required password does not need to be entered again and again.

The other possibility of permanently deactivating the password request by means of a system parameter (under "Configure parameters"/"System parameters"), has the danger that it may be forgotten to cancel this setting afterwards. If this happens there is the possibility of unlimited access to all configuration parameters – even for unauthorized persons.

The super user mode is also necessary for certain factory default functions in the configuration menu (see next section).

The mode is exited when

- the device is switched off
- the password is input once more.

#### 4.3.4.5 Parameter configuration

For the change to the configuration menu a password must first be entered which may be inquired at authorized persons and, if necessary, be noted down here:

The password request can be deactivated:

- a) chronologically unlimited by programming the corresponding system parameter (see Reference Manual)
- b) for the duration of service (i.e. as long as the device remains switched on) by activating the super user mode (see previous section)

01/03	PARAMETER	- CONFI GU	IRATI ON	BACK	M1
1.	Factory det	faul ts		ÿ	M2
2.	System para	ameters			M3
3. [MALN]	Parameters ]	bl ade 1	[A] [ U ]	[D]	M4
F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	

- **Factory** On delivery, the system and blade parameters are set to certain standard values (defaults), see Reference Manual. The Motion-Controller can be reset to these factory defaults or to another personal configuration at any time.
  - a) Reset parameters

There are 2 possibilities:

Basic configuration

This menu item is only visible if the super user mode has been activated (see previous section).

• Parameter image

Before you can use this feature a parameter image must have been created earlier (see next point).

b) Create parameter image

A copy of all the system and blade parameters is stored safely in the MotionController's memory. A safety inquiry must be confirmed before overwriting.

Condition for this feature: The super user mode must be active (see page 24)

c) Compare current parameters

Possibilities as for "Reset parameters" (point a).

If, for example, a system parameter named "Service" with the number 14 has been set to 0 ("No") but has been stored as 1 ("Yes") in the recent parameter image the following display is shown:



Each differing parameter is listed in a separate window indicated by the window number shown in the upper left corner (here: 2 windows  $\triangleq$  2 differing parameters).

Program-<br/>mingWhen changing a system or blade parameter, a distinction must<br/>be made between two types:

- Value parameters (e.g. angles)
- Characteristic parameters (e.g. "Languages")

A parameter can be activated for input/changing as follows:

- Mark with the cursor keys (, ) and press or
- ▶ press the matching menu key (, or ) or
- Enter the number of the parameter (search function), terminate with and – if the parameter has not been visible in the current window – press once more.

With value parameters you can now enter the desired value or increment or decrement it by means of the  $\bigcirc$ ,  $\bigcirc$  keys and confirm it with  $\bigcirc$ .

With characteristic parameters you can select the desired characteristic (variant) by means of the (), () keys. The

possible variants are numbered starting from 0, in addition to the text shown in the display.

The bottom display line shows the Min/Max values of the parameter.

After finishing the input/selection with  $\bigcirc$ , i.e. when a parameter has been changed, the parameter values will be stored safely in the flash memory as soon as you return to the main menu; the bottom display line informs about that.

Do not switch off the device during this procedure;
 otherwise all parameter settings will be lost!

For the description of the system and blade parameters see the Reference Manual.

#### 4.3.5 Encoder simulation

When entering a specific password in this window the encoder simulation can be activated or deactivated respectively. The password may be inquired at authorized persons and, if necessary, be noted down here:



When the encoder simulation is active this is shown by an asterisk in the MAIN MENU window:

6. Encoder simulation [\*] |

Encoder simulation has been designed as commissioning aid presenting the possibility of testing the MotionController without axes being connected.

Manual movements (manual keys, jog mode) or positioning procedures (also via LB2 protocol, e.g. by the master computer) are processed with simulated actual value feedback.

The analog outputs will output the normal i.e. calculated voltage for controlling the servo amplifiers.

### 5 Commissioning

#### 5.1 MotionController

 Before switching on the MotionController for the first time it must be ensured that the connection E1.1 (PLC Run) is at Low potential in order to prevent a stored PLC program from being started immediately.

After mounting and making all the necessary electrical connections, the MotionController can be switched on by applying the supply voltage to the terminal block V (terminals 2 and 3).

After a short initialisation period the MotionController answers with the following display:

01/01		MAIN WINDOW	MENU M1
1. Blade	1:	[A]	78.54° *
	_	[B]	78. 54° ÿ M2
2. Blade	2:	[A]	78.53°
	0		78.53°   M3
3. Bi ade	3:		78.54°
			78.54    [ ] ] M4
		[1/0] [0]	
F1	F2	F3 F4	F5

Individual adaptations for the MotionController and the axes to be controlled can now be carried out. The configuration parameters listed in the Reference Manual serve this purpose.

After the setting of all axis-dependent control parameters the drives can be operated manually via the keyboard (see section 4.3.2, page 20).

If the MotionController already contains a PLC program extension, this may now be started with High on terminal E1.1.

#### 5.2 Operating system update



Before running the update procedure de-energize all power circuits of the drives controlled by the MotionController.

If the MotionController needs to be provided with a new operating system software use the utility 'LingiMon' supplied for this purpose. It can be ordered from LENORD+BAUER as freeware.

☑ For the **installation** of LingiMon run the program LingiMon-Setup.exe.

The utility will now be installed on the hard disc in a Windows-specific procedure (the directories can still be adapted to user needs). If LingiMon has already been installed, the "old" version will first be deinstalled by the installation routine:



For a new installation following that LingiMon Setup must be executed once again.

- ☑ After the installation, start the program either via the Windows Start menu or with a double click with the left hand mouse button on a binary file with the extension '.h86' or '.b86' in the Windows Explorer.
- ☑ By means of a null modem cable make a connection between the PC (RS232 C: COM 1/2) and the MotionController (connector C1).
- ☑ In the program select the COM port used (set via the connector symbol).
- Per default the transmission rate is set to 57,600 baud. If problems occur during data transfers, reduce the transmission rate in steps down to the minimum value of 9,600 baud (to be set via the connector symbol).

#### Start of LingiMon with selected binary file (.h86):

🔥 LingiM	on -	MTU	0010	0_S	0080	11.H	86	1										IX
	Ľ			C.	à	Ś	0000	(	Ø		ž,	₹		Ĩ				
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
000000	FA	10	00	02	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	úD DVVVVVVVVVVV	
000010	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	******	1000
000020	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	******	
000030	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	1.	100										100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
000040	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	-	186	Dom	nioa	a ot	ition	\$				2	20000000000000000000	
000050	FF	FF	FF	FF	FA								<u></u>			1.1.1.1	1000úDè00000000	
000060	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF		Plea	se se	lect t	he op	otion	for er	asing	the F	LASI	Н	1000000000000000	
000070	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF								-				17444444408DúD^D	
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000000	r r	11	11							l		·		<u> </u>	ance	212/6		
DOUDED	rr FF	11	11	11	11	FF	FF	FF	E A	02	DO	4.4	FA	02	00	10		
0000000	F F	11	rr FC	40	7 7 5 5	7 7 5 5	11	11	r A E E	02	DO EE	11 EE	r A E E	02	DC EE	12		
000100	F A F A	03	30	10	rr Fa	11	20	11 OD	rr Fa	11	11	77	11	1 1 5 5	7 7 5 5	7 7 5 5		
000110	F A F F	03 77	04 FF	то то	r A F F	02 55	00 55	55	r A F F	03 77	77	יו דד	ר ר ד ד	ר ר דד	ר ר דד	ר ר ד ד		
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000160	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	·····	-
COM:	2	57	'600 I	bit/s	C	onter	it: 🗍			0	perati	ng sy	stem					11.

The status bar provides information about the selected COM port (COM 1), the transmission rate (57600 baud) and the type of the file loaded (operating system).

Before transmission of the data in the flash memory of the device this is first of all deleted. In general it is sufficient to

delete only the operating system area – as given as a default by the program. In this way, an existing PLC program and the system parameter settings are preserved. The other option can be released in the 'Download options' (click on the connector symbol).

During the transmission of data **do not** change to another application – the transmission window must keep the focus; the procedure, then, can be followed on the progression bar shown. Otherwise Windows-specific errors can occur during the transmission procedure that cause the MotionController to permanently "get lost". In such a case repeat the transmission.

After confirming with OK the program requests the resetting of the device.

☑ Switch the MotionController off

LingiMon			X
	Please resta	t your hardware no	wl
	OK )	Abbrechen	J

- ☑ Hold the miniature key inside the bousing pressed down with a pon-m
  - housing pressed down with a non-metal stick (e.g. a match), as shown in the following illustration, and switch on the device again.



☑ Release the key

The MotionController is now prepared for the download (only one or more lines can be recognized in the display).

After confirmation with OK the transmission procedure begins (approx. 250 Kbytes):



At the end of the (successful) transmission the MotionController switches to normal operation. If this does not happen, repeat the transmission procedure, with a reduced transmission rate perhaps.

The contents of the complete flash memory or only a part of it can also be uploaded, i.e. read out and saved in a file with the extension '.b86'. This can then be written back again at any time – as explained above (backup function). The name of the file is automatically created from the selected option, but can be altered as required.

The memory area to be uploaded is to be defined in the 'Upload options' (click on the connector symbol).

Via the magnifying glass symbol you can compare the data shown in the window with those in the MotionController. For this purpose an upload procedure is run automatically.

Enat	ole options
Г	Operating system
•	Curve and system parameters
Г	CoDeSys PLC project completely
Г	CoDeSys PLC program code
Г	CoDeSys PLC data
Г	Retain values (NV RAM)

#### 6 Technical data

#### 6.1 Dimensional diagram



Dimensions in mm

#### 6.2 Module strips



## 6.3 Specifications

Supply	Voltage	19 30 V DC (Controller und optional encoders)
	Max. load – Controller – encoders	1 A 1 A (24 V) / 0.6 A (5 V)
Control	μProcessor Memory: RAM Flash non-volatile RAM Control sampling time	C167 1 Mbytes 1 Mbytes 8 Kbytes 6 ms
Interfaces	<ul> <li>Serial (PC communication/programming)</li> <li>CAN bus <ul> <li>protocol</li> <li>min. contr. sampling time necessary</li> <li>input objects (PDOs)</li> <li>output objects (PDOs)</li> <li>SDO objects</li> </ul> </li> <li>Fieldbus</li> </ul>	1; RS 232 C or RS 422/485 (baud rate adjustable) 1 (CAN 1) CANopen, CAN Link, LB2 2 ms 4, each 64 bit data width 4, each 64 bit data width max. 64 1 extension slot for PROFIBUS-DP, InterBus-S, DeviceNet (others on request)
Act. value inputs	Number	3 (SSI); 5 / 24 V, clock frequency 100 kHz
Inputs	Digital <ul> <li>logic potential</li> </ul>	30; 24 V, status indicated by green LEDs; Low = 0+5 V, High = +1530 V
Outputs	Digital Analog	$9 \times 30$ mA, $6 \times 500$ mA 24 V, status indicated by red LEDs 3 ±10 V, 10 mA, 2 mV resolution
	Memory range – program – data – data backup	256 Kbytes 128 Kbytes 128 Kbytes

	<ul> <li>non-volatile RAM</li> </ul>	4 Kbytes
	Programming	Development environment CoDeSys in accordance with IEC 61131-3
Environment	(application classes KWF Working temperature Operating temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity	according to DIN 40040) 0 °C to +50 °C -20 °C to +50 °C -20 °C to +70 °C ≤ 95%, non-condensing
EMC (by obse	rvance of the wiring inform Emitted interference Interference immunity CE sign	nation, see page 8) DIN-EN 50081-1 DIN-EN 50082-1 in accordance with EU Guideline EMC 89/336/EEC
Display	Type Visible area	LCD, 240 $\times$ 64 pixel, LED illumination 133 mm $\times$ 39 mm
Enclosure	Material Front panel Weight	Sheet steel, galvanized Aluminum with edge protection approx. 1.7 kg
Protective class	Front side Rear side	IP 65 IP 20

**Maintenance** The device is maintenance-free. Use a moistened cloth for cleaning the front panel; do not use solvents.

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