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GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application

User's Manual

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1. Introduction

The GK-604D is made up of three components:

- the Readout Unit, consisting of a hand-held field PC running the GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application (see Figures 1 and 3).
- the GK-604D Remote Module, housed in a weather-proof reel enclosure containing the cable that directly connects to the inclinometer probe (see Figures 1 and 6)
- The inclinometer probe, either analog or digital. See Figure 1 (digital, 6100D-X) and Figure 4 (analog, 6100-1X).

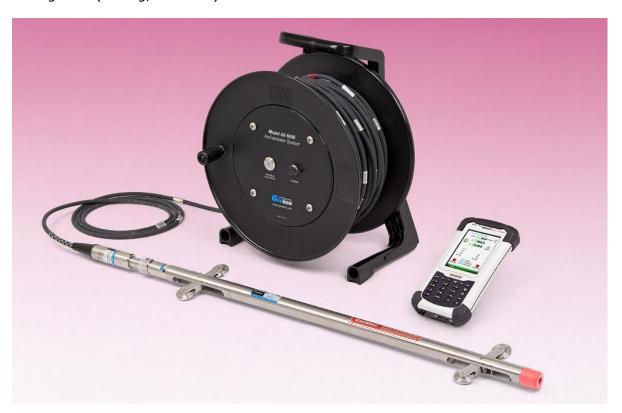


Figure 1 – Model GK-604D, Digital Inclinometer System

The Readout Unit and Remote Module components communicate wirelessly using Bluetooth®, a reliable digital communications solution. This simplifies the handling of the system in the field as well as simplifying the transfer of data to your PC workstation for final analysis.

1.1 Features

Rugged, general purpose, reliable readout based on a hand-held PC:

- all the benefits of a Windows Mobile compatible device (Windows file system, RS-232, USB and wireless connectivity)
- long battery life
- ease of use

Lightweight and simple Remote Module:

- lithium battery (8 + hours of continuous use)
- one button operation; automatic power down when Bluetooth connection is dropped or after several minutes of inactivity
- rugged
- reliable connection to standard inclinometer probes (Figures 1 and 4) is accomplished via model 6000-2 control cable which features a lightweight, polyurethane jacket and is less than 7 mm in diameter (see Figure 2). The control cable contains a central Kevlar® strand with a breaking strength of 150 kg



Figure 2 - Model 6000-2 Control Cable (top)

1.2 GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application

The GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application (GK-604D IRA) installs and runs on a ruggedized hand-held PC (FPC-1) (see Figure 3) and is designed to communicate via Bluetooth with Remote Modules connected to analog or digital probes (see Figure 4), both MEMS and force-balance type. For digital probes the Remote Module is fully contained within the reel as depicted by Figure 1.

For analog probes an interface unit, GK-604-4 (see Figure 5), connects directly to the probe (analog MEMS and force-balance type) and can be purchased as a separate unit or as part of the GK-604-3 reel system (see Figure 6).



Figure 3 - FPC-1 running GK-604D IRA



Figure 4 - 6000/6100 type probe



Figure 5 - GK-604-4 Interface



Figure 6 - GK-604-3 Reel System (shown with the Archer unit and carrying case)

Note: The GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application will also operate on the Archer Field PC from Juniper Systems (shown in Figure 6) as well as the newer Archer2.

1.2.1 Tiltmeter and Compass Probes

In addition to standard inclinometer probes, the GK-604D IRA also can be used with Geokon Tiltmeter and Compass Probes. See Appendices G and H for more information on these probe types.

1.3 Before using the GK-604D Inclinometer Readout

The readout software runs as an application under Windows Mobile 6 operating system installed on a hand-held PC (FPC-1).

- The user should familiarize themselves with the FPC-1 and the Windows Mobile OS.
- It is assumed in the instructions below that the user can launch applications from the Start button including File Explorer and the Bluetooth Settings manager.
- It is assumed that the user can tap the keyboard icon as needed and use the onscreen keyboard to enter text and numbers.
- Check out the Maintenance requirements in Section 6

2. Installation and Operation

The steps described in section 2.1 are an attempt to guide the user through the process of launching the GK-604D IRA, connecting to the probe and taking a survey. If all parts of the GK-604D are purchased as a system, Geokon makes every effort to ensure that the system is completely set up and working before it leaves the factory. Other times, the user may already own the hand-held PC and are setting up their hardware and software for the very first time. The steps below attempt to cover all cases and refer the user to the appropriate section when more information is needed.

For those users that have purchased a complete GK-604D system, a workspace with the name of "GK604D" and a probe library called "ProbeLibrary" will have been pre-defined and the FPC-1 unit will already be paired with the Remote Module. Note that the workspace and probe library names can be changed at any time or new ones can be created (see section 3.2.1). When purchasing a GK-604D system, sections 2.2 through 2.4 can possibly be skipped but a quick review is recommended.

NOTE: Always make sure that the inclinometer probe is attached to the reel before attempting the quick start sequence below.

2.1 Initial Quick Start Sequence

The following steps are a guide to the typical operation of the GK-604D and, if followed, should result in a successful "hole" survey being taken:

- A) If the Remote Module was purchased separately from the FPC-1 unit or if a new Bluetooth pairing is needed, see section 2.2 (Establishing Contact with the Remote Module).
- B) Launch the GK-604D IRA by tapping on "Start" from the FPC-1 main window, tap "Programs", then tap the GK-604D IRA icon. If the GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application has not been installed, please see section 2.3 (Installing the GK-604D IRA).



- C) If the window shown in Figure 18 is displayed instead of the Main Window (see Figure 25), please refer to section 2.4, "Starting the Inclinometer Readout the First Time".
- D) If the Inclinometer System is an analog system (probe model numbers 6100-1E and 6100-1M) then a "probe" must be defined in the Project Explorer Probe Library (see section 3.2 and 4.2 for more information regarding adding and configuring a new probe). After adding a new analog probe configuration, skip to step F.

- E) If the Inclinometer System is a digital system (probe model numbers 6100D-E and 6100D-M), any new "probe" will be discovered upon connection to the Remote Module (covered in later steps).
- F) If launching the GK-604D IRA for the first time, a "project" and a "hole" must be defined before connecting to the Remote Module (see sections 3.2, 4.4 and 4.1 for more information regarding adding and configuring Project Explorer elements).

NOTE: If preparing to connect to a digital system the first time, please select "UNKNOWN" for the hole parameter, "Probe Name:".

- G) If it's not selected already, select the new hole (by tapping on the hole icon in the Project Explorer) created in step F. Press the button labeled "POWER ON (BLUETOOTH)" on the Remote Module. A blue light should come on and start to blink, signifying that the Remote Module is waiting to connect to the FPC-1 unit.
- H) To start the connection process, tap on the Application Menu (see section 3.3) then tap "Live Readings". By default the application will look for a Bluetooth connection on "COM5". If the Remote Module fails to connect with the FPC-1, then the window shown in Figure 28 will be displayed, indicating that either the Remote Module is no longer trying to connect (timed out) or that the Bluetooth pairing is associated with another COM port. Make sure that the proper COM port is selected and tap "Reconnect".

If connecting to an analog system, after a few seconds, the blue light on the Remote Module should change to a steady state blue (lit but not flashing) and the Live Readings Window will be displayed (see Figure 29). Skip to step I.

If connecting to an digital system, after few seconds, the blue light on the Remote Module should change to a steady state blue (lit but not flashing) and one of two windows will be displayed:

a. If the window shown in Figure 7 is displayed, then the probe has not been previously detected by the GK-604D IRA (digital systems only). In this case, tap "ok" and the probe will be added to the Probe Library and the window shown in Figure 8 will be displayed. This allows an opportunity to give the new newly detected probe a user friendly name and description. See section 4.2, Probe Configuration for more information on probe settings. When satisfied with the settings, tap "Menu->Save Settings" to exit the Probe Settings Window (see Figure 8).

If the probe name was set to "UNKNOWN" in step F, the window in figure 9 will be displayed, allowing the name of the probe just found to be saved into the current hole configuration.

b. The Live Readings Window will be displayed (see Figure 29). This indicates that the GK-604D IRA has recognized the probe as one it has connected to before.



Figure 7 - Probe Settings Mismatch

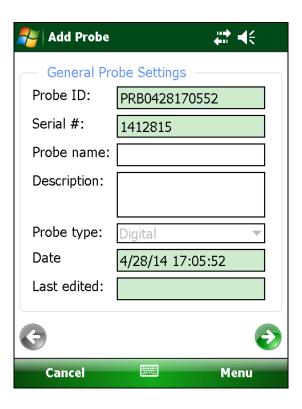


Figure 8 - Initial Probe Settings



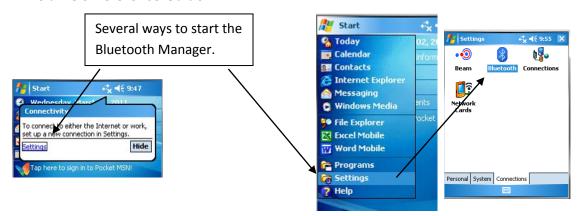
Figure 9 - No probe association window

- Refer to section 3.3.1 for more information about taking a survey using the Live Readings window. Also refer section A.2 for information regarding the mechanical process of taking a survey.
- J) After performing a survey, any saved data corresponding to a particular hole survey may be reviewed and/or reports generated by tapping the "File" menu then "View Data". See section 3.4.3 for more information about the View Data option.
- K) Raw data files may be exported to a file system folder of the user's choosing by tapping on "File", then "Export", then "Data". See section 3.4.1.1 for more information regarding data export options.
- L) To close the GK-604D IRA, tap "File" then "Exit".

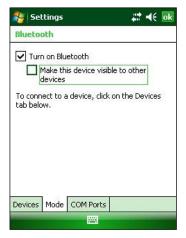
2.2 Establishing Contact with the Remote Module

In general this should only need to be done once and is typically done before it leaves the factory. Follow the steps below to ensure the 'partnership' with the remote is established before using the readout software:

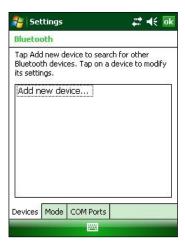
1. Use the Bluetooth Settings Manager on the hand-held PC to set up the link to the remote. Read about setting up a Bluetooth "partnership" in Chapter 9 of the Field PC's Reference Guide.



2. Once in the Bluetooth Settings Manager, click on the "Mode" tab and then make sure that the box next to "Turn on Bluetooth" is checked.



3. Click on the "Devices" tab. If it shows a "Geokon" device (name will start with "GK604" and contain the remote's serial number), go to step 6. Otherwise turn on the remote module (should see a flashing blue indicator on the remote) and select "Add new device...".



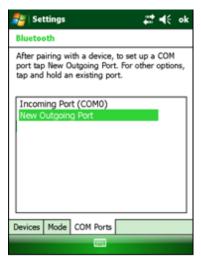
4. When a suitable remote is discovered, highlight the device and tap "Next".



5. A prompt will be displayed for a password; enter "default" and tap "Next" again. If a partnership with the device is successfully established the screen will momentarily display the prompt to the right and then return to the Bluetooth Devices screen.



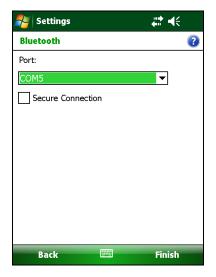
6. Click on the COM Ports tab. If the "Geokon" device is already assigned to a COM Port, skip to step 9. If no COM port is assigned, select "New Outgoing Port". In the example to the right there is no COM Port assigned to a "GK604" device.



7. The screen-shot to the right shows the devices that a COM Port may be selected for. Select the appropriate "Geokon" device from the list and tap "Next".



8. From the "Port:" drop-down list, select a COM port (COM5 is the default). Be sure to remember the number of the COM port as you may have to select it later in the readout software (see sections 3.3.1 and 3.3.3, as well as Figure 28). Make sure to "uncheck" the "Secure Connection" check-box. Tap "Finish" when done to return to the Bluetooth Settings "COM Ports" screen.



9. Lastly verify that the Bluetooth device is set for Serial Port operation. From the "Devices" tab of the Bluetooth Settings manager, tap the device to be used to communicate with the remote. The screen to the right will be displayed. Ensure that the "Serial Port" checkbox is checked. Tap "Save" to complete the Bluetooth Settings.



2.3 Installing the GK-604D IRA

The installation of the GK-604D IRA requires the following:

- Hand-held device (HHD) running Windows Mobile Classic 6.0 or higher with at least 50 Mbytes of free memory. HHD must be Bluetooth enabled and be able to assign a Bluetooth connection to a COM port. Windows .NET 3.5 Compact Framework (CF) and .NET framework English-language Messages package installed on HHD. Both "CAB" file installers are included in the GK-604D IRA installer "Zip" file, available on Geokon's web-site (http://www.geokon.com/digital-inclinometer-system/).
- Microsoft ActiveSync version 4.5.0 or higher running on the host PC (see Figure 10) or Windows Mobile Device Center if PC is running Windows 7 (see Figure 11) as well as the HHD. An active connection between the two must be established either via a physical link or Bluetooth.



Figure 10 - ActiveSync Window showing active connection



Figure 11 - Windows Mobile Device Center

2.3.1 Launching the GK-604D Installer

From the Windows Mobile Device Center window on a desktop PC (see Figure 11) click on the folder icon labeled "Browse the contents of your device" to call up an Explorer Window for the HHD (see Figure 12). The procedure for ActiveSync is very similar.

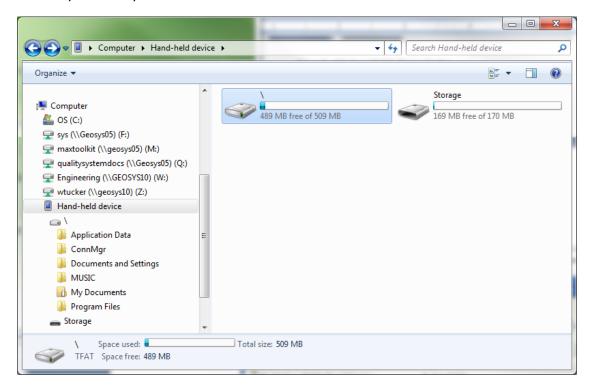


Figure 12 - Windows Explorer window displaying HHD root folder

In the Figure 11 above, double-click the icon labeled "\" to navigate to the hand-held PC's system root shown in Figure 13.

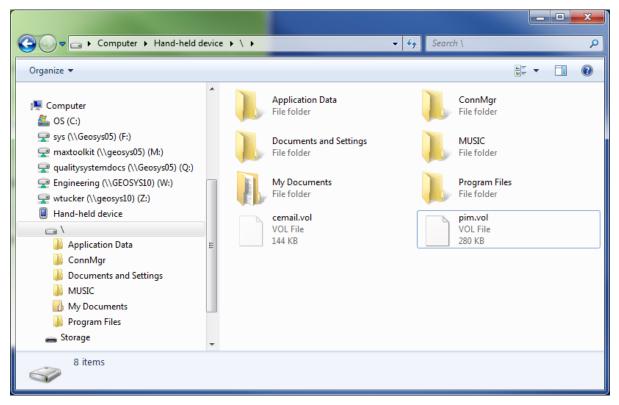


Figure 13 - Hand-held device root folder contents

Next, unzip the GK-604D Installer (downloaded from Geokon's web-site), open a Windows Explorer window and then navigate to the root folder of the Installation folder (see Figure 14).

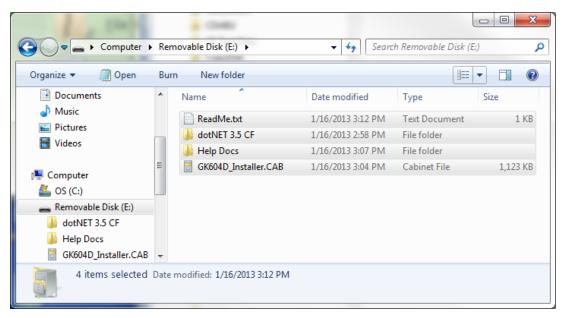


Figure 14 - Installation Folder Contents

Copy the file, "GK604D_Installer.CAB" from the installation folder to the HHD system root folder. From the HDD, navigate to the system root folder using File Explorer (see Figure 15) and tap the file, "GK604D_Installer" to execute the installer.



Figure 15 - GK-604D Installer at root of HDD

If there is a storage card installed in the HHD then the user will be prompted to choose the location for the installation (see Figure 16). It is recommended that "Device" be selected then tap "Install" with the stylus to initiate the install process.



Figure 16 - GK-604D Install Screen

The file, GK604D_Installer.CAB can be now deleted from the system root folder to free up memory. The GK-604D IRA is now installed and its icon should appear in "Start->Programs" (see Figure 17).



Figure 17 - GK-604D IRA Icon in Start->Program

2.4 Starting the Inclinometer Readout the first time

The readout software is launched by tapping the Start button and selecting the icon (to the right) from the drop down list or clicking on Programs and then clicking the icon (to the right).



If the application fails to launch and the message, "This application requires a newer version of the Microsoft .NET Compact Framework than the version installed on this device", is displayed then the .NET Compact framework that is included in the installer "Zip" file should be installed. The .NET Compact Framework installer is called "NETCFv35.wm.arm4i.cab" and is located in a folder called "dotNET 3.5 CF" (see Figure 14). Installation is very similar to installing the GK-604D IRA. A companion package for the .NET Framework, "NETCFv35.Messages.EN.wm.cab", should also be installed at this time and is located in the same folder.

When starting the GK-604D Inclinometer Readout Application (GK-604D IRA) for the first time, you will be prompted to create a workspace name. The workspace name can be any combination of letters and numbers and should be descriptive in nature. After creation, this name will be displayed in the Project Explorer window.



Figure 18 - Select Workspace Name

Once the name for your workspace is selected, you will be prompted to choose or create a folder on your PC where all the workspace elements will be stored. As can be seen below, the default workspace location is in a folder name the same as the workspace name under a special shared folder reserved for workspaces. For Windows Mobile devices, this folder is located at:

\Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\Workspaces.

GK-604D IRA appends the name of the new workspace to this shared folder and uses it as the default location for the new workspace. The user is free to select their own location, either by entering it directly, or the **Browse [...]** button may be

used to navigate to a different folder location or to create a new folder (see Figure 19). This workspace location will be stored in the GK-604D IRA configuration for subsequent application access. After workspaces are created, all future user access to workspaces is always by name.



Figure 19 - Select Workspace Folder

Note: If the newly selected workspace folder contains an existing workspace, GK-604D IRA will display a dialog prompt asking the user if they want to import the workspace as is or to rename it with the previously specified new workspace name.

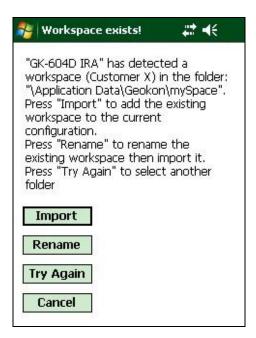


Figure 20 - Workspace Exists

Much like what was done for the initial workspace, a probe library also needs to be created before the application can fully launch. After specifying the workspace folder, you will be prompted to create a probe library name. The probe library name can be any combination of letters and numbers and should be descriptive in nature. After creation, this name will be displayed in the Project Explorer window.



Figure 21 - Select Probe Library Name

Once you've selected the name for your probe library, you will be prompted to choose or create a folder on your PC where all the probe library elements will be stored. As can be seen below, the default probe library location is in a folder name the same as the probe library name under a special shared folder reserved for probe libraries. For Windows Mobile devices this folder is located at:

\Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\Probe Libraries

GK-604D IRA appends the name of the new probe library to this shared folder and uses it as the default location for the new probe library. The user is free to select their own location, either by entering it directly, or the **Browse [...]** button may be used to navigate to a different folder location or to create a new folder (see Figure 22). This probe library location will be stored in the GK-604D IRA configuration for subsequent application access. After probe libraries are created, all future user access to probe libraries is always by name.



Figure 22 - Select Probe Library Folder

Note: If the newly selected probe library folder contains an existing probe library, GK-604D IRA will display a dialog prompt asking the user if they want to import the probe library as is or to rename it with the previously specified new workspace name.

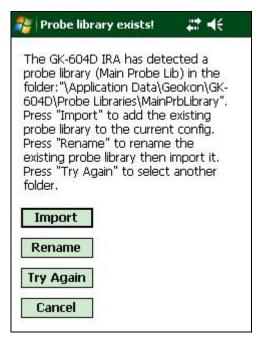


Figure 23 - Probe Library Exists

After the initial workspace and probe library are created the GK-604D IRA will open with the newly created workspace and probe library displayed (see Figure 24). New project(s) and hole configurations may be added to your workspace as well as adding new probes (settings) to the new probe library.



Figure 24 - Empty Workspace and Probe Library

3. User Interface

3.1 Overview

The GK-604D IRA user interface contains a number of navigation controls designed to make job of selecting application elements and functions easier. These navigation controls present an organizational view of the active workspace, inform the user about the state of the application, and provide the user with tools to configure and control Geokon devices.



Figure 25 - User Interface

The GK-604D IRA User Interface is comprised of several core components:

Project Explorer Element selection tool. Context (drop-down) menu.

Application Menu Allows display changes, project, hole and probe

configuration and connection to the remote module.

File Menu File and project explorer element exporting, importing

and restoration. Data view/reporting options.

Status Area

Displays the currently selected hole and probe as well as application status.

3.2 Project Explorer

The Project Explorer is the primary navigation mechanism for moving around the GK-604D IRA workspace and probe library. The Project Explorer presents a view of the workspace including projects and holes and a view of the probe library that includes available probes. These views reflect the hierarchical relationship between these elements.

The highest element in the workspace hierarchy tree is a project. Projects allow a GK-604D IRA user to group holes into organizational units based on the user's preference. A project can reflect a specific site where holes have been drilled such as a construction project. This organizational feature makes it easy to find hole configurations along with related data files. The list of holes defined under the project can be viewed by selecting a specific project and expanding its branch in the explorer view (click on + sign preceding project name) (see Figure 25).

In the hierarchy of the project explorer, holes are child elements of a project. Hole settings can be edited by selecting the desired hole in the explorer tree. Once selected, hole settings can be displayed using "Edit Settings" from the Application Menu (Figure 27) or by using the context menu (Figure 26).

Much as a project is a child element of a workspace, a probe is a child element of a probe library.

3.2.1 Context Menu

From the Project Explorer, new workspace elements can be added using the context menu. Access the drop-down menu by tapping and holding the explorer element that is to be operated on. The context menu is context sensitive in that, based on the current selection, the appropriate elements will be enabled and others will be disabled. Figure 27 below shows the drop-down menu with the menu item, "Add Hole", enabled (not grayed out) since a "project" element is selected in the Project Explorer.

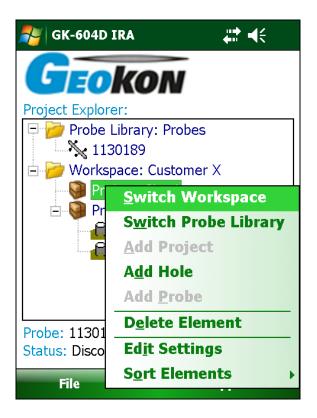


Figure 26 - Context Menu

As can be seen from Figure 26, the settings for a project explorer element can also be edited from the context menu.

Note that certain explorer elements can be sorted by newest or oldest first. The elements that can be sorted in a project explorer list are: Holes, Projects, and Probes.

3.3 Application Menu

The GK-604D IRA Application Menu provides access to high level application functionality. It is located in the lower, right corner of the main window frame. The "Edit Settings" menu sub-item of this menu can also be accessed via the context menu. The Application Menu sub-items are further described below:



Figure 27 - Application Menu

3.3.1 Live Readings

Tapping on this menu item initiates the Remote Module connection process and after a successful connection, the Live Readings screen will be displayed (see Figure 32). Should the connection attempt fail, the window shown in Figure 28 will be displayed with suggestions for correcting any issues before re-trying.

Note: When attempting to connect to the Remote Module, please ensure that the "Power On" button on the Remote Module has been pressed (blue light will be blinking) before tapping on the "Live Readings" menu item.

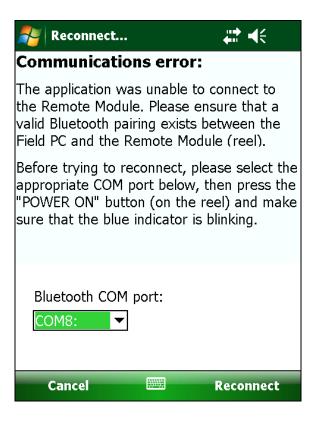


Figure 28 - Remote Module Connection Problem

After the Remote Module successfully connects to the FPC-1, the blue "POWER ON" indicator will transition from blinking to steadily lit and one of two possible screens will be displayed:

1) Figure 29 shows the message displayed if the GK-604D detects that a previous survey wasn't saved. Tapping "Yes" displays the temporary data (see Figure 30). Tapping "No" displays the "Load previous data" prompt (see Figure 31)

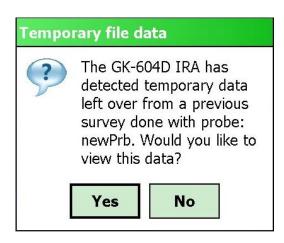


Figure 29 - Temporary File Data Prompt

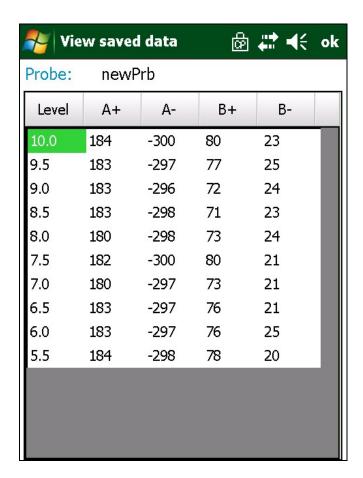


Figure 30 - View Save Data

To dismiss the "View saved data" window tap on "ok" which will then display the "Load previous data" prompt (see Figure 31). Tapping "Yes" on the Load previous data" window will load the temporary data into memory and then display "Live Readings" (see Figure 32). Tapping "No" will load "Live Readings" as normal (see Figure 32).

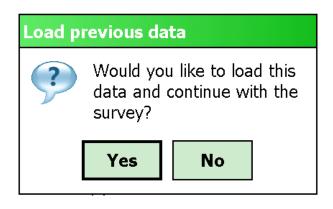


Figure 31 - Load Previous Data

- 2) The "Live Readings" screen is displayed (Figure 32).
 - Readings are continuously updated from the Remote Module. The data set always starts with 'Dataset 1' but can be switched at any time to 'Dataset 2' (usually after rotating the probe 180 degrees).
 - At the start of a survey, the 'Level' is set to the "Starting Level" configured for a particular hole. Pressing either of the "Record Data" buttons (with a finger or tap of the stylus) records that set of A and B values and automatically changes the 'Level' (on screen) by the amount based on the hole configuration "Interval" value (see section 4.1). The "Record Data" option can also be activated by pressing the "Enter" key on the lower-right side of the keypad.
 - A "beep" sound should be heard, confirming that the reading has been stored. If no beep is heard, tap the "volume" control at the top of the screen and adjust the volume.
 - Be sure to move the probe to the new level and wait for the readings to stabilize before recording the next reading.
 - At any point you can scroll the 'Level' using the green up and down arrow buttons on the screen and view data stored and checksums (lower half of the screen). When done taking readings, tap "Menu" (lower-left corner of the screen), followed by "Exit Live Readings". You will be given the option to save the readings to a file (see Figure 33).
 - Even if you select No, the readings will be saved to a temporary file and can be restored the next time "Live Readings" is entered.

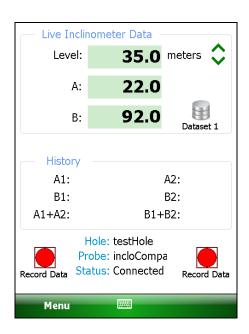


Figure 32 - Live Readings Screen

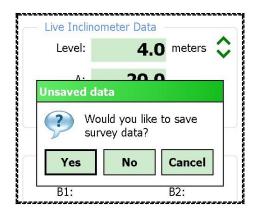


Figure 33 - Unsaved Data Prompt

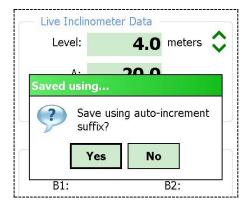


Figure 34 - Auto Increment Save

- If Yes is selected, you then will be given the choice of saving with the auto-increment suffix on the standard filename (see Figure 34).
 Selecting Yes again causes the save operation to be carried out using a filename of the form: [Hole_Name][3 digit AutoIncr_Suffix].GKN
- If you select No (to the auto incrementing option) you will be shown the standard File Save As screen and you can modify the file name to anything you choose. Use the stylus to click on the keyboard icon (bottom) and make the changes you desire (see Figure 35).



Figure 35 - Save File Screen

See section 3.3.5 (System Configuration) for more information about options that affect Live Readings and taking surveys.

3.3.1.1 Live Readings Screen Menu Options

Figure 36 shows the available options from the Live Readings "Menu" item when a Digital Inclinometer/Compass probe is detected. These options are described below:

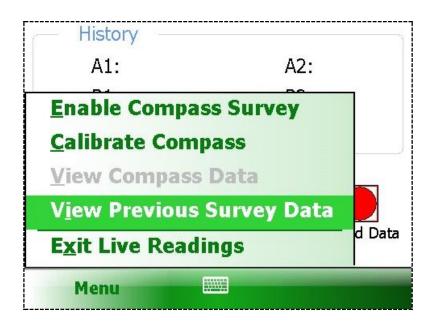


Figure 36- Menu option (Live Readings screen)

Enable Compass Survey For GK-604D systems with a reel firmware

version of V2.7 (or greater) AND a probe firmware version of V2.7 (or greater), capability exists to take a Compass Survey of the selected hole at the same time as the inclinometer survey. This menu item is only shown if a compass probe is detected. See Appendix H for a complete description of the Compass and Spiral Probes.

Calibrate Compass

Tapping this item causes the Compass Calibration dialog to be displayed where a procedure to calibrate the Digital Inclinometer/Compass probe can be followed. See Appendix H for a complete description of the Compass Calibration procedure.

View Compass Data

When a compass survey is enabled, this menu item is enabled and allows the compass heading to be displayed in place of inclinometer "A" data. This item toggles between "View Compass Data" and "View Inclinometer Data" depending on that data currently being viewed (see Figures 37 and 38). This menu item is only shown if a compass probe is detected. See Appendix H for a complete description of the Compass and Spiral Probes.

View Previous Survey Data Allows viewing (and loading) of previous survey data. When tapped, the user must first select the previous survey file to view. After selecting a file a window very similar to Figure 30 will be displayed. After dismissing this window by tapping "ok" another prompt is displayed similar to Figure 31 is displayed. Tap "Yes" to load the data or "No" to continue with the current survey.

Exit Live Readings

When tapped, causes the GK-604D to prompt to save survey data, shuts down the Remote Module (reel) then exits the Live Readings screen.

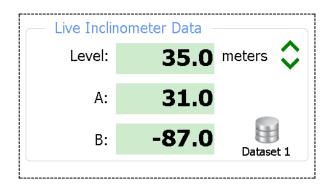


Figure 37 - Viewing Inclinometer Data

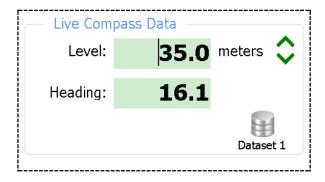


Figure 38 - Viewing Compass Data

3.3.2 Edit Settings

As with the Context Menu (see section 3.2.1), tapping the "Edit Settings" menu will invoke the Settings Editor for the currently selected Project Explorer element (See the section 4 for more information on settings).

3.3.3 Terminal Window

This feature requires an active connection to a Remote Module and will attempt to connect when invoked. If a connection cannot be made, the window shown in Figure 28 will be displayed.

If a connection can be made, the window shown in Figure 39 is displayed. Using the "Terminal Window" requires the use of the on-screen keyboard to enter simple one or two character commands to the Remote Module. See Appendix D for more information regarding the Remote Module command structure.

After typing in a command, tapping the "Return" (Enter) key will cause the command to be sent to the Remote Module. Figure 36 shows the response to a Firmware Version command (4).

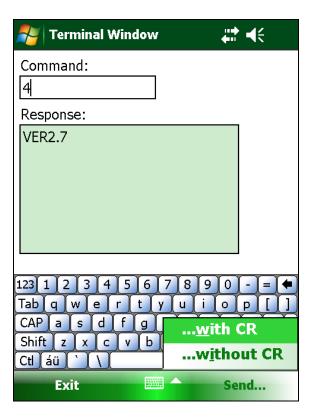


Figure 39 - Terminal Window

Alternately, tapping the "Send" menu gives the user the ability to send a character to the Remote Module with or without a Carriage Return (CR) appended to the character string (see Figure 39). This is useful when a confirmation character is required (such as for the calibration routine) but no carriage return.

3.3.4 About GK-604D

This displays an information panel giving copyright information as well as the application version (see Figure 40). Tapping on the "Remote Module Status" button will display another screen asking if a probe is connected to a Remote Module and is the Remote Module ready to connect (blue light blinking) (see Figure 41).

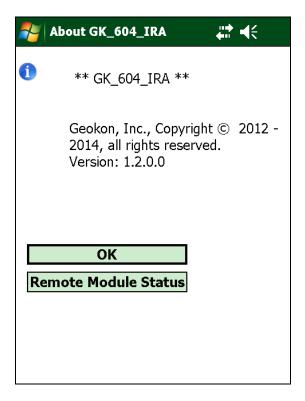


Figure 40 - About GK-604D IRA

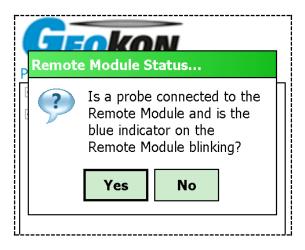


Figure 41 - Ready for Connection?

Tapping on the "Yes" button causes the GK-604D IRA to initiate the connection

process with the Remote Module. If the connection is successful then the following is displayed (see Figure 42), giving status about the Remote Module

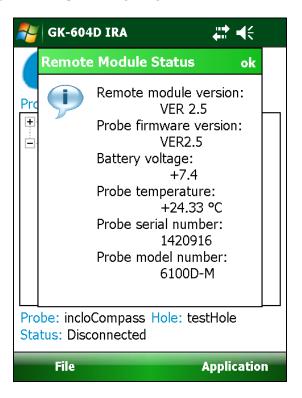


Figure 42 - Remote Module/Probe Status

Figure 42 depicts the status available for a digital Remote Module and probe. For analog systems, only the Remote Module version and battery voltage is listed.

3.3.5 System Configuration

This screen allows selecting options that affect how the system works and how a survey is taken (see Figure 43). The sub-sections that follow describe each parameter in detail.

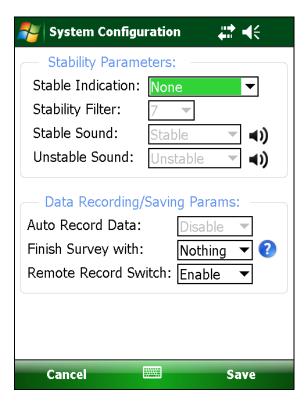


Figure 43 - System Configuration

3.3.5.1 Stable Indication

Valid choices for this selection include:

None On the Live Readings Screen, the only indication of

stability will be to monitor the A and B readings (see

Figure 32).

Visual Only When this stability indication is selected an icon is

displayed on the Live Readings Screen, indicating whether the reading is stable or not (see Figures 44 and

45).

Visual/Audible When this stability indication is selected, in addition to

the icon described above, an audible indication is played indicating readings stability or instability (see Figures 44

and 42, as well as sections 3.3.5.3 and 3.3.5.4).

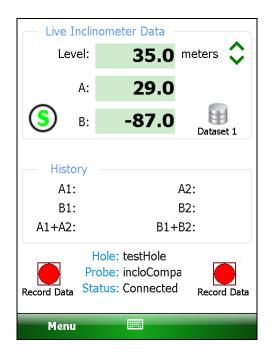


Figure 44 - Stable Indication

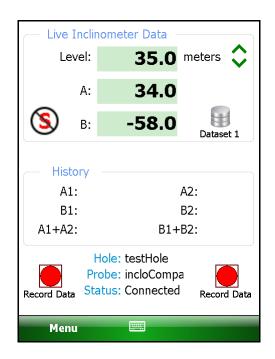


Figure 45 - Unstable Indication

3.3.5.2 Stability Filter

If the "Stable Indication" (see section 3.3.5.1) selection is set to something other than "None", this parameter will be enabled and a drop-down list will facilitate the entry of a number that is used to determine readings stability (a value less than 10 is recommended).

When taking live readings, if the difference between two subsequent readings of the A **and** B channels are less than or equal to the "Stability Filter" then the reading will be deemed stable and, if enabled, the "Stability Indication" icon (see Figures 44 and 45) will be set accordingly.

3.3.5.3 Stable Sound

If the "Stable Indication" (see section 3.3.5.1) selection is set to "Visual/Audible", this parameter will be enabled and a drop-down list will display the choices of "sounds" that the HHD can make when a stable reading is achieved in the "Live Readings" screen (see Figure 44).

Tapping on the icon to the right of the "Stable Sound" selection plays a preview of the actual sound heard.



3.3.5.4 Unstable Sound

If the "Stable Indication" (see section 3.3.5.1) selection is set to "Visual/Audible", this parameter will be enabled and a drop-down list will display the choices of "sounds" that the HHD can make when the readings achieved in the "Live Readings" screen are determined to be unstable (see Figure 45).

Tapping on the icon to the right of the "Unstable Sound" selection plays a preview of the actual sound heard.



3.3.5.5 Auto Record Data

If this selection is set to "Enable", upon entry into the "Live Readings" screen, the "Auto Record" feature will be enabled (see Figure 46).

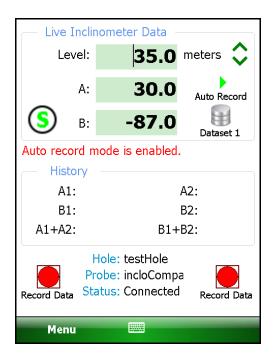


Figure 46 - Auto Record Enabled

To activate the "Auto Record" feature, tap on the "Play" icon to the right of the "A" reading text box. The "Play" icon will be replaced with the "Pause" icon, the red text status message will change to "Auto record mode is active" and, if the readings are stable, the first reading will automatically be recorded (see Figure 47).



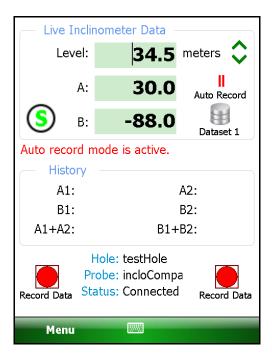


Figure 47 - Auto Record Active

The list of steps below illustrates the proper way to utilize the "Auto Record" feature. For the purpose of this example the following is assumed:

- the hand-held device is connected via Bluetooth to the Remote Module
- in System Configuration, the "Stable Indication" parameter is set to "Visual/Audible"
- the "Auto Record Data" parameter is set to "Enable" (see Figure 40).
- at the start of an "Auto Record" sequence, the probe should be down the casing at the starting level, in the "A+" orientation.
- 1. Tapping on the "Live Readings" menu item displays the screen shown in Figure 46).
- 2. As in the normal operation, readings are continuously updated from the remote. The data set always starts with 'Dataset 1' (can be switched at any time to 'Dataset 2'). At the start, the "Level" is set to the "Starting Level", previously set in the Hole Settings screen (see section 4.1, Figure 73).
- 3. Tap on the "Play" icon to activate the "Auto Record" feature. The red status text message will change to "Auto Record "Auto record mode is active" and the green "Play" icon will change to the red "Pause" icon. If the readings are stable, the initial A & B readings will be taken and a "beep" sound should be heard, confirming that the readings have been stored. If no beep is heard, tap the "volume" control at the top of the screen and adjust the volume.
- 4. By pulling on the inclinometer cable, move the probe to the next level, ensuring that the cable marker/ferrule sits securely in the cable hold. Approximately 1 second after moving the probe, the system will determine that the readings are no longer stable. The stability icon will be set to its unstable state and the "Unstable" sound selected in the "System Configuration" screen (see Figure 43) will be played.

Approximately 2 seconds after the cable marker/ferrule is locked in the cable hold, the system will determine that the readings are again stable and respond by setting the stability icon to its stable state and playing the selected "Stable" sound (see Figure 44). Immediately following the stable sound, the current readings are stored, the record "beep" is heard and the level is decremented by the pre-selected interval.

5. Repeat step 4 until all the "A+" readings have been taken.

6. Tap the "Dataset 1" icon and observe that the red status text message will change to "Auto record mode is paused" and the "Pause" icon will change to the "Play" icon while "Dataset 1" becomes "Dataset 2" (see Figure 48).

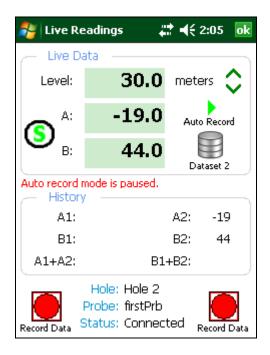


Figure 48 - Auto record paused, Dataset 2 selected

- 7. After rotating the probe 180 degrees, lower it back to the "Starting Level" appropriate for this hole. Repeat step 3.
- 8. Repeat step 4 until all the "A-" readings have been taken.
- 9. When done taking readings, tap the "Menu" item (bottom-left corner of the screen), followed by "Exit Live Readings". You will be given the option to save the readings to a file (see Figure 33).
- 10. Even if "No" (see Figure 33) is selected, the readings will be saved to a temporary file and can be restored the next time the Live Readings screen is entered.
- 11. If "Yes" (see Figure 33) is selected, then another dialog box will be displayed giving the choice of saving with the auto-increment suffix on the standard filename (see Figure 34). Selecting "Yes" again causes the save operation to be carried out using a filename of the form: [Hole_Name][3 digit AutoIncr_Suffix].GKN
- 12. If "No" is selected (to the auto incrementing option) the standard **File Save As** screen will be shown giving the option of modifying the file name to another name of the user's choosing. Use the stylus to click on the keyboard icon (bottom) and make the changes desired (see Figure 35).

NOTE: An "Auto Record" survey can be paused at any time and restarted as long as the probe is moved to the proper level reflected by the "Level:" display. When an Auto Record survey is paused, the data can still be recorded in the "normal" fashion by tapping on the "Record Data" buttons.

3.3.5.6 Finish Survey with:

This parameter deals exclusively with "unfinished" survey data files. A survey is unfinished if readings were not taken at each level from starting up to the zero level. Many surveys may not completely finished because the geometry of the probe will not allow the last reading or two to be taken while the probe is still in the casing.

Valid choices for this selection (see Figure 43) include:

Nothing The survey will not be filled in and will remain unfinished. "READINGS" will be modified to reflect the actual number taken.

```
#READINGS:5
FLEVEL, A+,
              A-,
                   B+,
                         B-
  5.0,
              12,
                   -87,
       45,
                          81
  4.5,
             12,
       46,
                   -84,
                          81
  4.0,
             12,
       44,
                 -85,
                         82
  3.5,
       46,
             13,
                   -85,
                        82
       44,
  3.0,
             13,
                   -86,
                         82
```

NaN(s) Each missing level "row" of the survey will be filled in with "NaN(s)" which is the floating point representation of a non-numerical value. NaN is an abbreviation for "Not a Number".

```
:
#READINGS:11
FLEVEL, A+, A-,
                     B+,
                             B-
         32,
  5.0,
                25,
                     -81,
                             82
         33,
  4.5,
               24,
                     -81,
                             82
               24,
         30,
                     -81,
                             82
  4.0,
         30,
  3.5,
                24,
                     -80,
                             81
         29,
                24,
  3.0,
                     -80,
                             81
  2.5,
         29,
                24,
                     -81,
                             81
  2.0,
         30,
               24,
                     -83,
                            81
  1.5,
       NaN,
               NaN,
                     NaN,
                          NaN
  1.0,
       NaN,
               NaN,
                     NaN,
                           NaN
  0.5,
       NaN, NaN,
                     NaN,
                            NaN
  0.0,
       NaN, NaN,
                     NaN,
                            NaN
```

Blanks Each missing level "row" of the survey will be filled in with blank characters

```
:
     :
#READINGS:11
FLEVEL, A+,
                     B+,
                             B-
                A-,
  5.0,
         46,
                17,
                     -86,
                             80
                17,
  4.5,
         46,
                     -86,
                             82
  4.0,
         46,
                14,
                     -86,
                            81
  3.5,
         42,
                19,
                     -86,
                            80
  3.0,
         50,
               18,
                     -86,
                            80
                     -86,
                            80
  2.5,
         45,
                12,
  2.0,
  1.5,
  1.0,
  0.5,
  0.0,
```

3.3.5.7 Remote Record Switch:

If this parameter is "Enabled", an auxiliary switch can be used to record data points without having to tap the "Record Data" buttons on the Nautiz screen. A "remote" "Record Data" event is triggered by shorting pins 7 and 8 of the RS-232, DB-9 connector (see Figure 49) on the Nautiz.

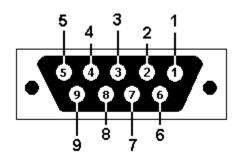


Figure 49 - Male DB-9 housing (female pins)

3.4 File Menu

The file menu is used to import and export Project Explorer element settings along with data export, viewing and report generation. It also is used to fully delete and/or restore previous deleted Project Explorer elements (see Figure 50).





Figure 50 - File Menu

Figure 51 - Export Menu

3.4.1 Export Menu

The Export menu is used to export hole data and Project Explorer element settings to a folder of the user's choosing (see Figure 51).

3.4.1.1 Export Data Menu

The Export Data menu allows exporting of data from the current hole - selected either via the Project Explorer or listed in the status area. Figure 52 shows the files available for hole, "Hole1". A file may be selected by tapping and holding on the file name. When a context menu is displayed, tap on "Select" to select the file for exporting. Multiple files may be selected. Once all the desired files are selected, tap "Export" to display the Save File window (Figure 53) where a new name and folder may be specified for each file.

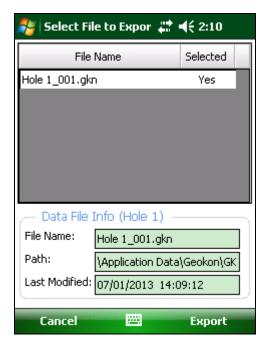




Figure 52- Export Data Window

Figure 53 - Save Data File

3.4.1.2 Export Hole Settings

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select Export Path" window (see Figure 54), from which a path to export the hole settings file can be selected. All files within the hole element folder are compressed into a single export file. The naming format for the hole export file is:

```
<Selected Path> + <Hole Name> + ".lvhe"
```

3.4.1.3 Export Project Settings

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select Export Path" window (see Figure 54), from which a path to export the project settings file can be selected. All files within the project are compressed into a single export file. The naming format for the project export file is:

```
<Selected Path> + <Project Name> + ".lvpe"
```

3.4.1.4 Export Probe Settings

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select... ...Probe" window (see Figure 55), from which a probe can be selected. After selecting a probe, the "Select Export Path" window (see Figure 54) is displayed, from which a path to export the probe settings file can be selected. The naming format for the probe export file is:

```
<Selected Path> + <Probe Name> + ".gkpe"
```

3.4.1.5 Export Probe Library

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select Export Path" window (see Figure 54), from which a path to export the probe library files can be selected. All files and folders within the probe library are compressed into a single export file. The naming format for the probe library export file is:

<Selected Path> + <Probe Library Name> + ".gple"

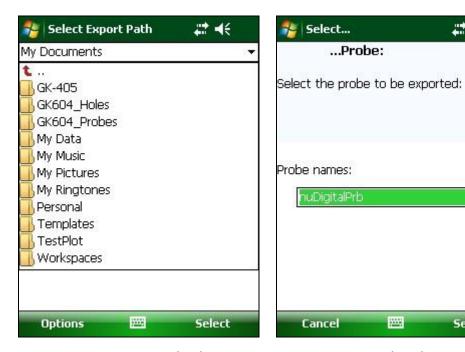


Figure 54 - Export Path Selection

Figure 55 - Probe Selection Window

非典

Select

3.4.2 Import Menu

The Import Menu is used to import Project Explorer element settings (see Figure 56) that were previously exported using the Export Menu functions (see Figure 51).

3.4.2.1 Import Hole Settings

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select .LVHE File" window (see Figure 57), from which a hole export file can be selected (see section 3.4.1.2). After selection, a new "Hole" will be created in the currently selected project. This new "Hole" will contain all the settings and any data files that were contained in the hole export file. If a hole with the same name already exists in the currently selected project a message will be displayed and the hole import will be cancelled.



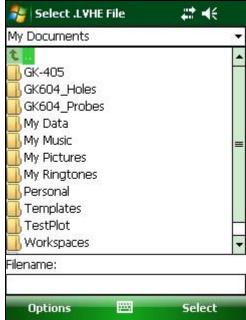


Figure 56 - Import Menu

Figure 57 - Select Hole Export File

3.4.2.2 Import Project Settings

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select .LVPE File" window (see Figure 58), from which a project export file can be selected (see section 3.4.1.3). After selection, a new "Project" will be created in the current workspace. This new project will contain all the settings and any "holes" that were contained in the project export file. If a project with the same name already exists in the current workspace a message will be displayed and the project import will be cancelled.

3.4.2.3 Import Probe Settings

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select .GKPE File" window (see Figure 59), from which a probe export file can be selected (see section 3.4.1.4). After selection, a new "Probe" will be created in the current probe library. This new probe will contain all the settings that were contained in the probe export file. If a probe with the same name already exists in the current probe library a message will be displayed and the probe import will be cancelled.



Figure 58 - Select Project Export File

Figure 59 - Select Probe Export File

非未

Select

3.4.2.4 Import Probe Library

Clicking on this menu item displays the "Select .GPLE File" window (see Figure 60), from which a probe library export file can be selected (see section 3.4.1.5). After selection, a message query will be displayed (see Figure 61) asking the user if they would like to make the imported probe library the current one. Answering "Yes" to the query will replace the current probe library with the imported probe library. Answering "No" will simply add the new probe library to the list of probe libraries that the GK-604D IRA keeps track of. The new probe library can be "switched" to at a later date.

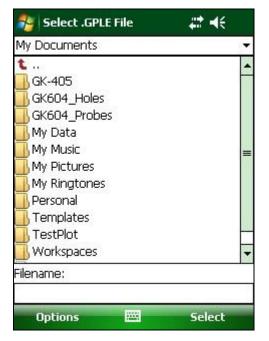


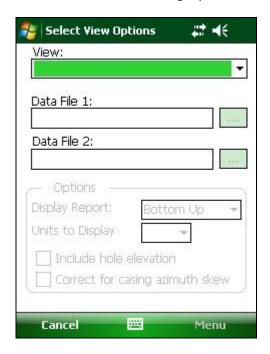


Figure 60 - Select Probe Library Export File

Figure 61 - Probe Library Switch after Import

3.4.3 View Data

When the View Data Menu is clicked the screen displayed in Figure 62 is shown. The Select View Options screen is used to select a view option (see Figure 63) and data files to view a graphical or tabular report.



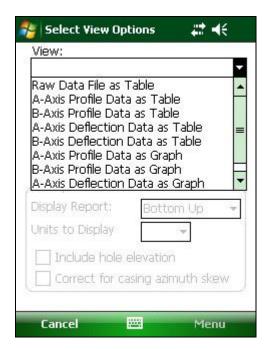


Figure 62 - Select View Options Window

Figure 63 - View Option List

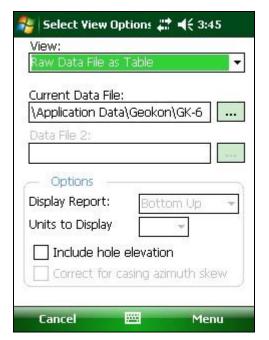
The available "View" options are:

3.4.3.1 Raw Data File as Table

This selection will cause the selected "hole" raw data to be displayed or saved in tabular form. Figure 64 shows the available options for any report. Figure 65 illustrates the report as viewed on the FPC-1 unit. See Appendix C for examples of reports saved in text form. Tabular reports may also be saved in comma-separated value (.csv) or "Text" (.txt) format.

3.4.3.2 Axis Profile Data as Table

Selecting this option allows viewing or saving hole profile data for the A or B axis. The profile is calculated from the magnitude of the readings at each level (see Figure 66). This report lists the profile of the casing as calculated from the bottom of the casing upward or from the top down (see the Options pane in Figure 64). See Appendix C for an example of a profile report saved in text form. Tabular reports may also be saved in commaseparated value (.csv) or "Text" (.txt) format.



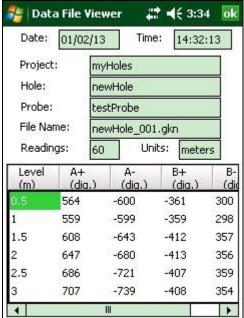
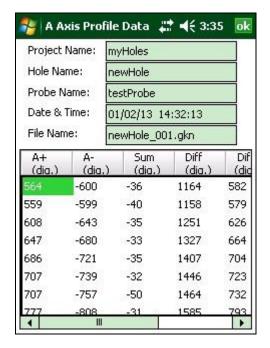
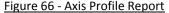


Figure 64 - Menu Options for Reports

Figure 65 - Raw Data Report





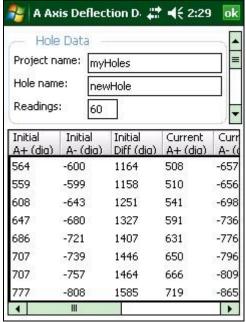


Figure 67 - Axis Deflection Report

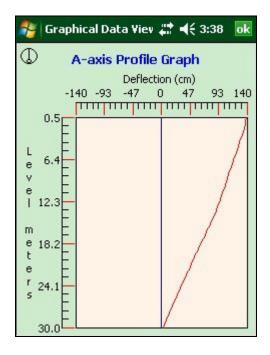
3.4.3.3 Axis Deflection Data as Table

Selecting this option allows viewing or saving hole deflection data for the A or B axis. Deflection is determined from the accumulated change in

deflection between the two selected data files at each level. This report lists the deflection of the casing as accumulated from the bottom of the casing upward or from the top down (see Figure 67). See Appendix C for an example of a deflection report saved in text form. Tabular reports may be saved in comma-separated value (.csv) or "Text" (.txt) format.

3.4.3.4 Axis Profile Data as Graph

Selecting this option allows a graphical view of hole profile data and is useful for visualizing the actual installed characteristics (inclination, couplings, anomalies, etc.) of the casing. Figure 68 show a typical profile plot. Tapping on the icon in the upper-left corner of the plot (a circle with a vertical line) enables a "marker" line on the plot. Moving the marker line by tapping and dragging shows corresponding X and Y values below the plot (see Figure 69). "Screen-shots" of graphical reports may be saved in ".bmp" format".



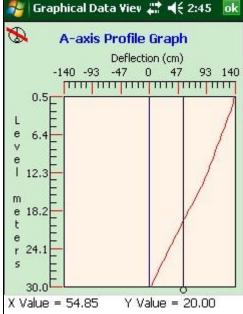


Figure 68 - Profile Plot

Figure 69 - Profile Plot - Marker On

3.4.3.5 Axis Deflection Data as Graph

Selecting this option allows a graphical view of hole deflection data for either axis and is useful for visualizing magnitude and direction of any movement of the borehole (see Figure 70). "Screen-shots" of graphical reports may be saved in ".bmp" format".

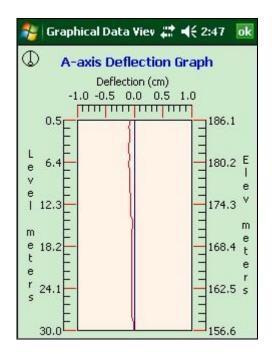


Figure 70 - Deflection Plot

3.4.4 Delete/Restore Menu

This menu Project Explorer elements to be permanently deleted or restored back to their original location. A special folder is reserved for storing project explorer elements that are deleted from a workspace. Data files from the currently selected hole can also be deleted. Tapping the Delete/Restore menu causes the GK-604D IRA to search this folder to see which elements are available for restoring or permanent deletion. As can be seen in Figure 71, in the example below there are holes, projects, probes and probe libraries that are stored in the special folder that can be either restored or permanently deleted. Figure 72 shows the window that is created when the "Holes" button is tapped in Figure 71.

In each element delete/restore window, an element may be selected by tapping and holding on the element name. When a context menu is displayed, tap on "Select" to select the file for deleting or restoring. Multiple files may be selected. Once all the desired files are selected, tap either "Delete" or "Restore" from the "Menu" options.

WARNING: Selecting "Delete" will permanently delete the selected element and later restoration will **NOT** be possible.

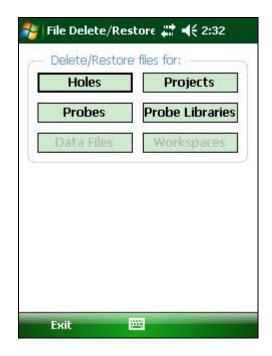




Figure 71 - Delete / Restore Window

Figure 72 - Hole Delete / Restore Window

3.4.5 Exit

Tapping on this menu item will cause the program to cease execution.

4. Configuring Project Explorer Elements

Each project explorer element has settings that can be configured. For some, like Workspace, Probe Library and Project the settings consist only of a name and description. Elements such as Holes and Probes require more configuration parameters such as English/metric units, initial level, and gage factors. These settings can be adjusted to meet the user's needs and the specifications of the probe. The software currently supports 3 different probe types and as many probe and hole configurations as the Field PC can store in memory. All these can be adjusted using the Edit Settings option from the Context or Application Menu.

4.1 Hole Configuration

Figure 73 depicts the Hole General Settings, the first screen of the Edit Hole Settings dialog:

- Hole ID

Read-only value, generated when the hole was created. Used internally by the GK-604D IRA.

- Hole name

Tap on the keyboard icon (bottom of the screen) to bring up the on-screen keyboard. Use it to enter a unique and descriptive hole name.

- Description

Optional parameter. Using the on-screen keyboard, enter a brief description pertaining to the hole's location and purpose.

- Probe Name

Select the Probe Name from the drop down list. This associates a hole with a particular probe. Enter "UNKNOWN" if the probe has not yet been "found".

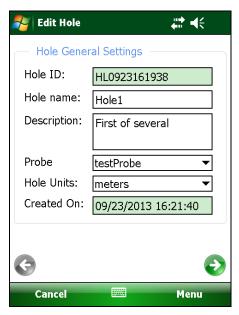


Figure 73 - Hole General Settings

Hole Units

The units for the hole level and interval. Select either meters or feet from the drop-down list.

- Created On

Read-only date and time value, generated when the hole was created.

Starting Level

Using the on-screen keyboard, enter a value for the initial level of the survey for this hole (see Figure 74).

- Interval

Enter an interval to be used for the survey. This value is dependent on Hole Units and is typically .5 meters or 2 feet.

- Top Elevation

This optional parameter corresponds to the elevation at the top of the hole.

- Azimuth Angle

This optional parameter allows correction of any casing deviation from the appropriate A+ direction.

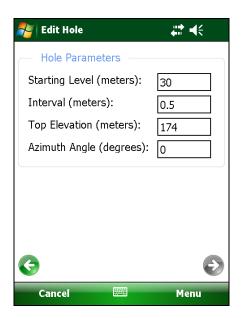


Figure 74 - Hole Parameters

When done editing, the settings can be saved via the "Menu->Save Settings" option.

4.2 Probe Configuration

Figure 75 depicts the General Probe Settings, the first screen of the Edit Probe Settings dialog:

- Probe ID

Read-only value, generated when the probe was created. Used internally by the GK-604D IRA.

- Serial number

Read-only parameter for digital inclinometer probes, read/write parameter for analog and compass probes.

- Probe name

Use the on-screen keyboard to enter a friendly name for the probe

- Description

Optional parameter. Enter a brief description pertaining to the probe

Probe type

Select a probe type from drop-down list. Choices are: Analog, Digital, Compass and Tiltmeter.

- Compass mode selects the Geokon 6005-3 Spiral Indicator Probe which requires the GK-604-3 Analog Reel System or the GK-604-4 Interface Module. In this mode, the GK-604D IRA will rescale the output to properly display 0-360 degrees on the Live Readings screen.
- In Compass and Tiltmeter mode, only one channel (A) is read and displayed on the Live Readings screen and only the A readings are stored in the data file.

- Date created

Read-only date and time value, generated when the probe was created.

Last edited

Read-only data and time value, updated whenever the probe settings are modified.



Figure 75 - Probe General Settings

| Edit Probe | # 4 € |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Probe Coefficie | ents (testProbe) |
| Zero Shift A: | 0 |
| Zero Shift B: | 0 |
| Gage Factor A: | 1.0035 |
| Gage Factor B: | 1.027 |
| Gage Offset A: | 0 |
| Gage Offset B: | 0 |
| 6 | • |
| Cancel | Menu |

Figure 76 - Probe Coefficients

- A and B Channel Zero Shift

To compensate for any offset at zero enter appropriate values for the Zero Shift values (see the Inclinometer Probe manual and Calibration sheet for more information). Digital probes may have these values programmed at the factory. When the probe type is set to Compass, the Zero Shift A value should be set to 200 (see Figure 76). See Appendix H for more information regarding Spiral Indicator Probe operation.

- A and B Channel Gage Factors

Using the on-screen keyboard, enter appropriate numbers for the 2 gage factors (see the Inclinometer Probe manual and Calibration sheet for more information). Digital probes may have these values programmed at the factory. When the probe type is set to Compass, the Gage Factor A value should be set to 0.1 (see Figure 76). See Appendix H for more information regarding Spiral Indicator Probe operation.

- A and B Channel Gage Offsets

These values are typically "0" and are occasionally needed to remove an offset from a Compass probe. Offsets are entered in engineering units using the onscreen keyboard (see Figure 76). For a Compass probe there will be no "B" channel and the B Channel value should be left at "0". Digital probes may have these values programmed at the factory.

When the probe type is set to Compass, the offset can be determined by taking readings (using the Live Readings screen) and determining if the compass value is ever greater than 360. If so then the Gage Offset A value should be set to 360 – (current reading > 360). For example, if the current compass probe reading is 365 then the Gage Offset A value = (360 - 365) = -5. See Appendix H for more information regarding Spiral Indicator Probe operation.

If the probe "Type" is set to Tiltmeter, the "B Channel" parameters are not used and can be left at 0. When done editing, the settings can be saved via the "Menu->Save Settings" option.

If connected to a digital Remote Module and digital probe, Zero Shift, Gage Factor and Gage Offset changes can be uploaded to the probe via the "Menu->Save and Upload Settings" option. After tapping "Save and Upload Settings", the reminder window shown in Figure 41 will be displayed to ensure that the Remote Module is ready to connect.

4.3 Project Configuration

Figure 77 depicts the Projects Settings dialog:

- Project ID

Read-only value, generated upon project creation. Used internally by the GK-604D IRA.

- Project Name

Use the on-screen keyboard to enter a unique and descriptive project name.

- Description

Optional parameter. Use the on-screen keyboard to enter a brief description pertaining to the project.

- Created On

Read-only date and time value, generated when the project was created.



Figure 77 - Project Settings

When done editing, project settings are saved via "Menu->Save Settings" options.

5. Files, Folders and Transferring Data

The GK-604D IRA uses several types of files and dedicated folder locations to keep track of Workspaces and Project Explorer element configuration files, such as hole and probe configuration files and data files. The default locations and names for most of these appear in Table 1:

| Purpose | Default Folder | Filename |
|---|--|------------|
| GK-604D IRA preferences and configuration | \Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\ | Config.xml |
| Workspace repository | \Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\Workspaces\ | N/A |
| Probe Library repository | \Application Data\Geokon\GK- 604D\Probe Libraries\ | N/A |
| Project repository (Workspace) | \Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\Workspaces\ <wrk_spc_fldr>\1</wrk_spc_fldr> | .wkspc |
| Hole repository (Project) | \Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\ Workspaces\ <wrk_spc_fldr>\ <project id="">\</project></wrk_spc_fldr> | .proj |
| Hole configuration | \Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\ Workspaces\ <wrk_spc_fldr>\ <project id="">\<hole id="">\</hole></project></wrk_spc_fldr> | .hole |
| Data Files (per Hole) | \Application Data\Geokon\GK-604D\ Workspaces\ <wrk_spc_fldr>\ <project id="">\<hole id="">\data\</hole></project></wrk_spc_fldr> | *.gkn |
| Probe repository (Probe Library) | \Application Data\Geokon\GK- 604D\Probe Libraries\ <prb_lib_fldr>\2</prb_lib_fldr> | .prblib |
| Probe configuration | \Application Data\Geokon\GK- 604D\Probe Libraries\ <prb_lib_fldr>\<probe id="">\</probe></prb_lib_fldr> | .probe |

<u>Table 1 – Folder paths and File Names</u>

- 1. <WRK_SPC_FLDR> is usually the same as the workspace name but is not required to be.
- 2. <PRB_LIB_FLDR> is usually the same as the probe library name but is not required to be.

NOTE: Manual editing any of the configuration files or renaming folders above may result in data loss or unexplained operation and is strongly discouraged!

5.1 File Transfer

In general, the only files generated by the GK-604D IRA that will have to be transferred are the "hole" data files, although periodically archiving others on a "master" PC is recommended. Connecting the Field PC to a desktop or laptop PC using the supplied USB cable (Type A to mini B) is straight forward and allows the user to view the Field PC's storage as a flash drive on the desktop/laptop; you can then simply drag the files around to any folder on the desktop/laptop.

- If you are using Windows XP you will need to download and install the program, "ActiveSync". This application is available for free from the Microsoft site (www.microsoft.com and search for "Active Sync download"). Once installed (generally requires a reboot), simply connect the USB cable from the Field PC and then open "My Computer" on the XP machine and see a "PDA" entry under drives. Just double click on it to see the folders in the Field PC.
- If you are using Windows Vista or Windows 7, a free application called "Windows Mobile Device Center" is available on Microsoft's website. Once installed, a hardware connection between the Field PC and the desktop/laptop typically initiates the software connection.

It is not necessary to set up any 'syncing' options although it can easily be accomplished. Another Bluetooth partnership can also be set up from your desktop/laptop (assuming they have Bluetooth modules) to the Field PC and transfer files that way.

All of these options (and more) are described in the reference guide of the FPC-1 Field PC, available in the Inclinometer section of the Geokon manuals webpage:

http://www.geokon.com/manuals/

5.2 Backing up configurations

To guard against accidental data loss and as a matter of good computer technique, critical data and configuration files should be periodically backed up.

- Entire projects can be backed up using the Project Export function from the File menu. After exporting, the resulting ".lvpe" file should be transferred to a desktop PC using the techniques described in section 5.1
- Probe Libraries can be backed up using the Probe Library Export function from the File menu. After exporting, the resulting ".gple" file should be transferred to a desktop PC using the techniques described in section 5.1
- Although backing up a project automatically includes any data files stored as part of the project element "hole" structure, data files can be individually backed up per hole using the Data Export function from the File menu. After exporting, the resulting ".gkn" file should be transferred to a desktop PC using the techniques described in section 5.1

6. Maintenance

The inclinometer probe is a totally sealed unit and, as such, field adjustments are not required.

6.1

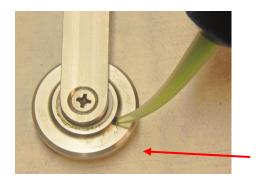
Maintenance of the 'O' ring on the connector requires that it be kept clean and free of cuts and knicks. Periodic greasing with 'O' lube is recommended. A worn or damaged 'O' ring should be replaced with a new one (five 'O' rings are supplied with each new probe).

6.2

Wheel assemblies should be kept dry when in storage. They should be kept free of dirt by using a compressed air gun to blow away grit. **After every survey spray the springs, pivots and axles with light oil**. This is very important and should not be neglected.

Geokon recommends lubricating the wheel bearings after each use as shown below. This practice forces out any water or contaminates that may be present thus extending the service life.





Grease wheels through the grease port in the wheel hub after each

6.3

One of the main problems encountered is failure to keep the connectors dry. Often this is caused by failure to fully tighten the cable connector to the probe connector. This connection must be made up tight in order to compress the O-ring in the end of the probe connector. Periodically the pins of the probe connector must be sprayed with DEOXIT #DN5 spray contact cleaner and rejuvenator. A small spray can of this is supplied with each inclinometer probe. After each daily use always make sure that the connectors are completely dry before replacing the protective caps. Otherwise corrosion could result.

6.4

If the zero offset changes due to aging or rough handling this will not affect the quality or accuracy of the readings because the offset is removed by taking two sets of readings in the A+ and A- directions. However, if the zero offset changes by more than 5000 digits then the probe should be returned to the factory for repairs. Zero offset can be set to zero at any time using the software inside the GK-604 readout instrument (see Page 62 of the GK-604D Manual).

6.5

It is good practice to have a piece of inclinometer casing permanently fastened to a fixed immovable structure in the laboratory. This casing is used as a periodic check on the calibration of the probe. Placing the probe in the casing should give a reading that does not change with time.

6.6

Remember, from time to time, to backup and remove the survey data from the Handheld. Failure to do this can cause the physical memory to run out and corrupt the system.

APPENDIX A. Inclinometer Theory

A.1. Inclinometer Theory

In the geotechnical field inclinometers are used primarily to measure ground movements such as might occur in unstable slopes (landslides) or in the lateral movement of ground around on-going excavations. They are also used to monitor the stability of embankments, slurry walls, the disposition and deviation of driven piles or drilled boreholes and the settlement of ground in fills, embankments, and beneath storage tanks.

In all these situations it is normal to either install a casing in a borehole drilled in the ground, to cast it inside a concrete structure, to bury it beneath an embankment, or the like. The inclinometer casing has four orthogonal grooves (Figure 78) designed to fit the wheels of a portable inclinometer probe (Figure 79). This probe, suspended on the end of a cable connected to a readout device, is used to survey the inclination of the casing with respect to vertical (or horizontal) and in this way to detect any changes in inclination caused by ground movements.

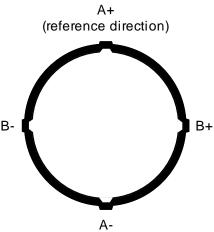


Figure 78 - Inclinometer Casing (end view)

The probe itself contains two MEMS, (Micro Electro-Mechanical Sensor), accelerometers, which flex when acted on by the force of gravity. Since the output voltage is proportional to the sine of the angle of inclination, the output is also proportional to horizontal deviation of the borehole (or the vertical deviation of a horizontal borehole).

In order to obtain a complete survey of the ground around the installed inclinometer casing it is necessary to take a series of tilt measurements along the casing. Typically an inclinometer probe has 2 sets of wheels separated by a distance of 2 feet (English system) or .5 meter (Metric system). A casing survey would begin by lowering the probe to the bottom of the casing and taking a reading. The probe would then be raised at 2 foot (English system) or .5 meter (Metric system) intervals and a reading taken at each interval until the top of the casing is reached. The set of readings thus generated is called the A+ readings. Marks on the cable at 2 foot (English) or .5 meter (Metric) spacing facilitate the process. The probe is then removed from the casing, rotated through 180°, replaced in the casing, lowered to the bottom of the borehole and a second set of readings (the A- set) obtained as the probe is raised at the reading interval.

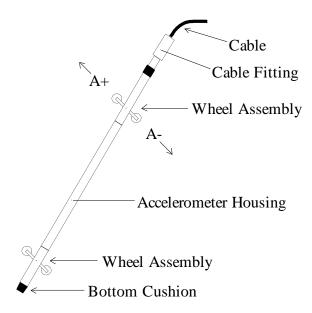


Figure 79 - Inclinometer Probe

Inclinometer probes usually contain two accelerometers with their axes oriented at 90° to each other. The A axis is in line with the wheels (Figure 79 illustrates) with the B axis orthogonal to it. Thus, during the survey, as the A+, A- readings are obtained, the B+, B- readings are also recorded.

During the data reduction these two sets of readings (A+, A- and B+, B-) are combined (by subtracting one set of readings from the other) in such a way that the effect of any zero offset of the force balance accelerometer is eliminated. [This zero offset is the reading obtained from the inclinometer probe when it hangs vertical. Ideally the offset (or bias) would be zero, but usually there is a zero offset which can change during the life of the probe due to drift of the transducer, wear and damage of the wheels or most likely due to a sudden shock to the transducer caused by dropping or allowing it to hit too hard against the bottom of an installed inclinometer casing.]

Subsequent surveys of the inclinometer casing, when compared with the original survey, will reveal any changes of inclination of the casing and locations at which these changes are taking place. Analysis of the change of inclination is best performed by computing the horizontal offset of the upper wheels relative to the lower wheels which has produced the tilting (θ) over the reading interval (L) of the survey (usually the wheel base of the probe, 2 feet for English systems, .5 meter for Metric). At each position of the inclinometer the two readings taken on each axis (A+, A- and B+, B-) are subtracted from each other leaving a measure of sine θ . This value is then multiplied by the reading interval (L) and the appropriate factor to output horizontal deflection in engineering units (inches for English, centimeters or millimeters for Metric) (see Figure 80).

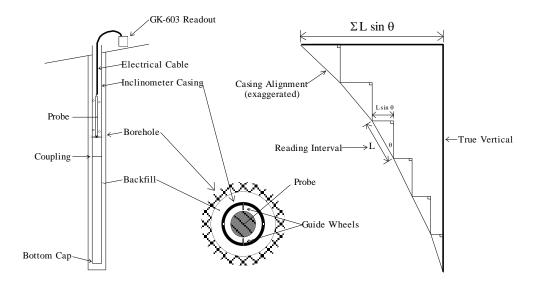


Figure 80 - Inclinometer Survey Description

When all these incremental horizontal deflections are accumulated and plotted beginning at the bottom of the borehole the net result is to produce a plot of the change in horizontal deflection between the time of the initial survey and the time of any subsequent survey (see Figure 81). From such a deflection plot it is easy to see at which depth the movement is occurring and its magnitude.

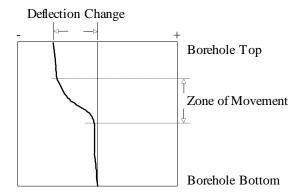


Figure 81 - Plot of Borehole Deflection

Other methods of analysis can be used but generally add little to the overall understanding of the situation. For example, using a single set of data, a profile of the borehole can be created. Also, a plot can be made of the actual change in reading (inclination) at each measurement depth increment. A plot of this nature reveals the depths at which movement is occurring. But this information can be obtained from the change in deflection curve with little difficulty.

One other analysis is the Check Sum (or Instrument Check) which can be used to measure the quality of the survey data. The quality of the data can be impaired by any or all of the following;

- Skipping over or duplicating a reading.
- Not allowing the inclinometer sufficient time to come to rest before taking a reading.
- Not allowing sufficient time to allow the probe to reach temperature equilibrium before commencing the survey.
- Malfunction of the probe, cable or readout device. This may be the result of shock, moisture, low battery conditions, opens or shorts in the cable or probe, etc.
- Carelessness in positioning the wheels so that the probe wheels do not rest on the same part of the casing from one survey to the next.
- Positioning the wheels so that they fall right on top of a casing joint so that the reading is unstable or simply erroneous.

The Check Sum analysis is performed by <u>adding</u> the A+, A- readings and the B+, B-readings. When this is done the part of the reading due to the tilt is eliminated leaving only a value which is equivalent to twice the zero offset of the inclinometer transducer.

A.2 Conducting the survey

The following is a synopsis of the steps involved in taking a survey (see section 3.3.1 for more details):

- Attach the cable to the probe making sure that the connector is clean and the Oring undamaged. Tighten the connector to ensure that the O-ring is compressed and watertight.
- 2) Twist the probe so that the uppermost wheel fits into the casing groove that faces the direction of the anticipated movement, (In the case of a slope this would be downhill, or, in the case of a foundation wall in the direction of the opening. This guarantees that the measured deflections will be positive. Lower the inclinometer probe to the bottom of the casing. To avoid damage to the probe be careful not to let the probe strike hard against the bottom of the hole.
- 3) Select the size of cable hold that matches the inclinometer casing and place it inside the top of the casing. Lift the inclinometer until the first cable marker sits in the cable hold.
- 4) Switch on the FPC-1, turn on the Remote Module (blue light blinking) then launch the GK-604D IRA. After verifying that the hand-held unit has connected to the probe, click on the "Live Readings" menu and observe the inclinometer reading. Wait until the probe temperature has stabilized and the reading doesn't change.

- 5) Make sure that the GK-604D IRA is set to Data Set 1.Take the first reading, pull up on the cable until the next cable marker sits in the cable hold and, after a short pause, take another reading.
- 6) Continue in this way until the top marker is reached, then remove the cable hold and pull the inclinometer out of the hole.
- 7) Twist the probe through 180 degrees then lower it to the bottom of the hole. Tap the "Dataset 1" button to select data set 2.
- 8) Repeat steps 3 to 6.
- 9) Tap on "Menu->Exit Live Readings" to save the data.

A.3 Checksums and "Face Errors" on Inclinometer Probes

Many users have expressed concern about **checksums or "face errors"** on inclinometer probes. They are concerned with the effect of the "face error" on the accuracy of the readings. The purpose of this section is to show that under normal circumstances the effect of the "face error" or checksum is negligible even with checksums as large as 2000. **The only time a problem would arise is if the face error or checksum was to change between the two halves of a survey. This is why it is extremely important to not bang the probe on the bottom of the borehole between survey halves, and to not handle the probe roughly while out of the hole.**

The term "face error" comes from surveying terminology. It is normal for all theodolites to have a "face error" which is caused by imperfections of alignment of the collimation axis and other misalignments. These "face errors" are removed routinely by taking two readings of the theodolite: one angle is measured with the face of the vertical scale on the left of the theodolite and another with the face of the vertical scale on the right of the theodolite. The average of the two readings "face right" and "face left" gives the **true angle since the "face error" cancels out.**

Similarly with the inclinometer probe: the "face error" arises from the fact that the axis of the inclinometer probe is not parallel with the electrical axis of the internal, force-balance, servo- accelerometer transducer. Once again the "face error" is eliminated by taking two surveys of inclinometer readings one with the wheels of the inclinometer probe pointing in one direction and another with the wheels of the probe at 180° to the first direction. If the first set of readings are all too <u>large</u> by the amount of the "face error" then the second set of readings will be too <u>small</u> by the amount of the "face error" and the average or sum of the two readings will be a measure of the true inclination since the effect of the face error will be totally eliminated.

A.3.1 Effect of "Face Error" on reading accuracy

The "face error" or check-sum can only affect the accuracy of the readings if it affects the calibration of the probe. This is possible because the output of the probe transducer is proportional to the sine of the inclination from the vertical and the sine function is non-linear.

Imagine, for a moment, that the electrical axis of the transducer is five degrees away from being parallel with the axis of the inclinometer. This would give rise to a "face error" of 01743. (The inclinometer reader displays 20,000 sin \varnothing). So, one set of readings would be all too large by this amount and the other set of readings from a normal inclinometer survey would be too small by this amount, but the sum of the two readings would be accurate. The "face errors" having canceled out. However, if we assume that the hole is almost vertical then the transducer will be tilted at an angle of 5 °. The difference in the slope of the sine function at any point is equal to the cosine of the angle at that point. The cosine of 0 ° is 1.0000 the cosine of 5 ° is 0.996 so that the effect of this "face error" on the calibration of the probe is to increase it by a factor of 1/0.996 = 1.004.

The practical implication of this would mean that if the apparent deflection of a borehole was 100 mm, the true deflection would be 100.4 mm. For practically all applications, in the real world, the difference is insignificant and is a lot less than the differences which normally occur from survey to survey i.e. a lot less than the <u>precision</u> of the inclinometer probe survey. (Lack of precision is caused by a failure to position the wheels of the probe in exactly the same place from survey to survey; failure to wait sufficiently long to allow the probe transducer to come to rest before reading; and random dirt in the inclinometer casing).

Note that the normal system accuracy of an inclinometer probe is \pm 7 mm in 30 meters. By comparison it can be seen that the normal system accuracy or precision is very much larger than the calibration error caused by the "face error" and that for all practical purposes the "face error" is of no consequence and can be completely discounted if it is less than 2000 digits.

(As another example, supposing the check-sum was as large as 5000 digits. This is equivalent to a gross angular error of misalignment of almost 15 degrees. The effect on the calibration would be a little over 3 % so that the apparent deflection of 100 mm would be out by 3 mm which again is smaller than the normal data spread due to imprecision).

A.3.2 Measurement of "Face Error"

The "face error" is the reading shown by the inclinometer probe when it is perfectly vertical. In practice, the easiest way to obtain the "face error" is to run a normal inclinometer survey, with the two sets of readings at 180°, and then to run a profile or deflection report (see section C.2 and C.3, the column labeled "Diff"). Examination of the data will reveal **the average checksum which is equal to twice the "face error."**

A.3.3 Setting of the "Face Error" to zero

There are three ways of setting the "face error" to zero. None of them are necessary from the point of view of improving accuracy.

A.3.3.1 Mechanically

At the time of manufacture the electrical axis of the transducer is adjusted by means of shims etc., until it points parallel to the axis of the inclinometer probe. This method suffers from the disadvantage that if the "face error" changes due to wear and tear on the probe and rough handling, or shock loading of the transducer then the probe needs to be returned to the factory for dismantling and re-adjustment.

A.3.3.2 Electrically

Electronic circuitry can be included in the probe so that the output of the transducer can be adjusted to zero when the probe is vertical. The disadvantage of this method is that it introduces electronic components into the inside of the probe which may alter with time, temperature and humidity and which, if the "face error" changes due to wear and tear or rough handling, will require the probe to be dismantled and the electronic circuitry readjusted. Also, this form of correction only masks the "face error". It does not really remove it and if the "face error" is very large the calibration will be affected.

A.3.3.3 By software

The best way for setting the "face error" to zero is by applying an automatic correction to the measured readings using the software capabilities of the inclinometer readout box.

The procedure for setting the face error to zero is described in section 4.2 which covers the subject of "Zero shifts" which are the same as "face errors". The advantage of this method lies in its simplicity and the ability to set the "face error" to zero at any time without dismantling the probe. This is the method chosen by Geokon.

Another advantage of this method is that it is possible by judicious choice of the "face error" entered into the software program to make one probe give exactly the same digits output as another probe. This is sometimes thought to be desirable where probes are switched and unbroken continuity of the raw data is desired. It is not necessary for reason of accuracy as has already been explained.

The disadvantage of this method is that, if the probe is changed, the operator must remember to change the zero shift offset in the program to accommodate the "face error" of the new probe.

A.3.4 Conclusion

It has been shown that for most practical purposes check-sums of less than 2000 digits are of no consequence and can be completely ignored providing the inclinometer survey is conducted in the normal way. (i.e., 2 sets of readings at 180°) It has further been shown that the best method by far, for setting the "face error" to zero, is by means of the software capabilities in the inclinometer reader. This is the method chosen by Geokon.

APPENDIX B. Data File Format

B.1 Hole Data File Format

```
GK 604M(v1.0.1.0,01/13);2.0; FORMAT II
PROJECT :myHoles HOLE NO. :newHole
        :01/02/13
DATE
          :14:32:13
TIME
PROBE NO.:testProbe
FILE NAME: newHole 001.gkn
#READINGS:61
FLEVEL,
             A+,
                             B+,
                                      B-
          1013, -1052,
  30.0,
                           -380,
                                     320
  29.5,
          945, -985,
                           -377,
                                     315
           946, -981,
945, -978,
995, -1048,
  29.0,
                           -346,
                                     290
                           -331,
  28.5,
                                     276
                           -337,
-318,
  28.0,
                                     278
          1014, -1050,
  27.5,
                                     263
          1034, -1068,
                           -316,
  27.0,
                                     265
         1046, -1078,
                           -348,
  26.5,
                                     288
  26.0, 1037, -1075,
                           -376,
                                     326
  25.5, 1042, -1075,
                           -415,
                                     366
  25.0, 1079, -1116,
                           -430,
                                     366
  24.5, 1053, -1087,
                           -440,
                                     378
  24.0, 1027, -1066,
                           -449,
                                     385
  23.5, 1024, -1061,
                           -477,
                                     413
  23.0, 1020, -1054,
                           -474,
                                     422
  22.5, 1029, -1063,
                           -500,
                                     448
  22.5, 1029, -1063,

22.0, 1099, -1131,

21.5, 1080, -1116,

21.0, 1047, -1082,

20.5, 1043, -1075,

20.0, 1042, -1077,

19.5, 1062, -1096,

19.0, 1074, -1105,
                           -485,
                                     437
                           -503,
                                     439
                           -514,
                                     462
                           -518,
                                     454
                           -527,
                                     469
                           -542,
                                     480
                           -551,
                                     487
  18.5, 1085, -1118,
                           -553,
                                     490
  18.0, 1104, -1140,
                           -572,
                                     513
  17.5, 1097, -1128,
                           -541,
                                     483
  17.0, 1090, -1125,
                           -549,
                                     500
  16.5,
         1069, -1105,
                           -545,
                                     493
          1103, -1139,
  16.0,
                           -567,
                                     497
         1082, -1129,
  15.5,
                           -566,
                                     506
          1065, -1100,
1052, -1086,
  15.0,
                           -553,
                                     495
  14.5,
                           -529,
                                     467
          1009, -1045,
  14.0,
                           -519,
                                     452
  13.5.
           956,
                  -991,
                           -534,
                                     468
                   -933,
  13.0,
            899,
                           -558,
                                     492
                           -557,
  12.5,
            841,
                   -874,
                                     493
                   -836,
                           -568,
  12.0,
            800,
                                     499
                   -808,
                           -547,
            778,
  11.5,
                                     482
                   -789,
                           -522,
            755,
  11.0,
                                     464
                   -785,
                           -489,
  10.5,
            752,
                                     440
            754,
                   -789,
                           -465,
  10.0,
                                     409
   9.5,
            766,
                  -802,
                           -433,
                                     378
   9.0,
            769,
                   -804,
                           -429,
                                     371
                   -800,
   8.5,
            765,
                           -435,
                                     372
                  -795,
            762,
                          -442,
                                     379
   8.0,
```

```
7.5,
        785, -819, -441,
                                  386
7.0,
        811,
               -844, -456,
                                  388
                        -450,
               -842,
6.5,
        809,
                                  394
                        -472,
        802,
               -837,
                                  414
6.0,
5.5,
        786,
               -817,
                        -464,
                                  398
5.0,
        776,
               -809,
                        -475,
                                  412
                        -468,
4.5,
        788,
               -818,
                                  404
               -808,
-757,
-739,
-721,
                       -447,
-435,
-408,
-407,
-413,
4.0,
        777,
                                  381
3.5,
        707,
                                  375
3.0,
        707,
                                  354
                                  359
2.5,
        686,
2.0,
                                  356
        647,
               -643,
1.5,
        608,
                        -412,
                                  357
               -599,
                       -359,
1.0,
        559,
                                  298
        564, -600, -361,
565, -600, -359,
                                  300
300
0.5,
0.0,
```

APPENDIX C. Text Reports

C.1 Raw Data Text Report

Hole Survey Raw Data Report

Project Name: myHoles
Hole Name: newHole
Top Elevation: 186.6

File Name: newHole 001.gkn

Reading Date: 01/02/13
Reading Time: 14:32:13
Probe Name: testProbe

| | ng Time: ne Name: | | | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|
| Level | A+ | A- | B+ | B- | Elev. |
| (m) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (m) |
| 0.5 | 564 | -600 | -361 | 300 | 186.1 |
| 1 | 559 | -599 | -359 | 298 | 185.6 |
| 1.5 | 608 | -643 | -412 | 357 | 185.1 |
| 2 | 647 | -680 | -413 | 356 | 184.6 |
| 2.5 | 686 | -721 | -407 | 359 | 184.1 |
| 3 | 707 | -739 | -408 | 354 | 183.6 |
| 3.5 | 707 | -757 | -435 | 375 | 183.1 |
| 4 | 777 | -808 | -447 | 381 | 182.6 |
| 4.5 | 788 | -818 | -468 | 404 | 182.1 |
| 5 | 776 | -809 | -475 | 412 | 181.6 |
| 5.5 | 786 | -817 | -464 | 398 | 181.1 |
| 6 | 802 | -837 | -472 | 414 | 180.6 |
| 6.5 | 809 | -842 | -450 | 394 | 180.1 |
| 7 | 811 | -844 | -456 | 388 | 179.6 |
| 7.5 | 785 | -819 | -441 | 386 | 179.1 |
| 8 | 762 | - 795 | -442 | 379 | 178.6 |
| 8.5 | 765 | -800 | -435 | 372 | 178.1 |
| 9 | 769 | -804 | -429 | 371 | 177.6 |
| 9.5 | 766 | -802 | -433 | 378 | 177.1 |
| 10 | 754 | -789 | -465 | 409 | 176.6 |
| 10.5 | 752 | -785 | -489 | 440 | 176.1 |
| 11 | 755 | -789 | -522 | 464 | 175.6 |
| 11.5 | 778 | -808 | -547 | 482 | 175.1 174.6 |
| 12 12.5 | 800 841 | -836 -874 | -568 -557 | 499 493 | 174.0 |
| 13 | 899 | -933 | -558 | 492 | 173.6 |
| 13.5 | 956 | -991 | -534 | 468 | 173.1 |
| 14 | 1009 | -1045 | -519 | 452 | 172.6 |
| 14.5 | 1052 | -1086 | -529 | 467 | 172.1 |
| 15 | 1065 | -1100 | -553 | 495 | 171.6 |
| 15.5 | 1082 | -1129 | -566 | 506 | 171.1 |
| 16 | 1103 | -1139 | -567 | 497 | 170.6 |
| 16.5 | 1069 | -1105 | -545 | 493 | 170.1 |
| 17 | 1090 | -1125 | -549 | 500 | 169.6 |
| 17.5 | 1097 | -1128 | -541 | 483 | 169.1 |
| 18 | 1104 | -1140 | -572 | 513 | 168.6 |
| 18.5 | 1085 | -1118 | -553 | 490 | 168.1 |
| 19 | 1074 | -1105 | -551 | 487 | 167.6 |
| 19.5 | 1062 | -1096 | -542 | 480 | 167.1 |
| 20 | 1042 | -1077 | -527 | 469 | 166.6 |
| 20.5 | 1043 | -1075 | -518 | 454 | 166.1 |
| 21 | 1047 | -1082 | -514 | 462 | 165.6 |
| 21.5 | 1080 | -1116 | -503 | 439 | 165.1 |
| 22 | 1099 | -1131 | -485 | 437 | 164.6 |
| 22.5 | 1029 | -1063 | -500 | 448 | 164.1 |
| 23 | 1020 | -1054 | -474 | 422 | 163.6 |
| 23.5 | 1024 | -1061 | -477 | 413 | 163.1 |
| 24 | 1027 | | -449 | 385 | 162.6 |
| 24.5 25 | 1053 1079 | -1087 -1116 | -440 -430 | 378 366 | 162.1 161.6 |
| ۷.5 | 10/9 | -1110 | -400 | 200 | 101.0 |

| 25.5 | 1042 | -1075 | -415 | 366 | 161.1 |
|------|------|-------|------|-----|-------|
| 26 | 1037 | -1075 | -376 | 326 | 160.6 |
| 26.5 | 1046 | -1078 | -348 | 288 | 160.1 |
| 27 | 1034 | -1068 | -316 | 265 | 159.6 |
| 27.5 | 1014 | -1050 | -318 | 263 | 159.1 |
| 28 | 995 | -1048 | -337 | 278 | 158.6 |
| 28.5 | 945 | -978 | -331 | 276 | 158.1 |
| 29 | 946 | -981 | -346 | 290 | 157.6 |
| 29.5 | 945 | -985 | -377 | 315 | 157.1 |
| 30 | 1013 | -1052 | -380 | 320 | 156.6 |

C.2 A-axis Profile Data Text Report

Report: A-Axis Digits and Profile in Centimeters (Bottom Up)

Project Name: myHoles Hole Name: newHole Top Elevation: 186.6 Azimuth Angle: 0.0

File Name: newHole_001.gkn
Reading Date: 01/02/13
Reading Time: 14:32:13
Probe Name: testProbe

| Elev | A+ | A- | Sum | Diff | Diff/2 | Defl | Level |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--|--------------|---------|-------|
| (m) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (dig.) | (cm) | (m) |
| (m) | | | | | | | |
| 186.1 | 564 | -600 | -36 | 1164 | 582 | 139.79 | 0.5 |
| 185.6 185.1 184.6 | 559 | -599 | -40 | 1158 | 579 | 138.34 | 1 |
| 185.1 | 608 | -643 | -35 | 1251 | 626 | 136.89 | 1.5 |
| 184.6 | 647 | -680 | -33 | 1327 | 664 | 135.33 | 2 |
| 184.1 | 686 | -721 | -35 | 1407 | 704 | 133.67 | 2.5 |
| 183.6 | 707 | -739 | -32 | 1407 1446 1464 | 723 | 131.91 | 3 |
| 183.1 | 707 | -757 | -50 | 1464 | 732 | 130.10 | 3.5 |
| 182.6 | 777 | -808 | -31 | 1585 | 793 | 128.27 | 4 |
| 182.1 | 788 | -818 | -30 | 1606 | 803 | 126.29 | 4.5 |
| 181.6 | 776 | -809 | -33 | 1585 1606 1585 | 793 | 124.28 | 5 |
| 181.1 | 786 | -817 | -31 | 1603 | 802 | 122.30 | 5.5 |
| 180.6 | 802 | -837 | -35 | 1603 1639 1651 | 820 | 120.30 | 6 |
| 180.1 | 809 | -842 | -33 | 1651 | 826 | 118.25 | 6.5 |
| 179.6 | 811 | -844 | -33 | 1651 1655 1604 1557 1565 1573 1568 1543 1537 1544 1586 1636 | 828 | 116.19 | 7 |
| 179.1 | 785 | -819 | -34 | 1604 | 802 | 114.12 | 7.5 |
| 178.6 | 762 | -795 | -33 | 1557 | 779 | 112.11 | 8 |
| 178.1 | 765 | -800 | -35 | 1565 | 783 | 110.17 | 8.5 |
| 177.6 | 769 | -804 | -35 | 1573 | 787 | 108.21 | 9 |
| 177.1 | 766 | -802 | -36 | 1568 | 784 | 106.24 | 9.5 |
| 176.6 | 754 | -789 | -35 | 1543 | 772 | 104.28 | 10 |
| 176.1 | 752 | -785 | -33 | 1537 | 769 | 102.35 | 10.5 |
| 175.6 | 755 | -789 | -34 | 1544 | 772 | 100.43 | 11 |
| 175.1 | 778 | -808 | -30 | 1586 | 793 | 98.50 | 11.5 |
| 174.6 | 800 | -836 | -36 | 1636 | 818 | 96.52 | 12 |
| 174.1 | 841 | -874 | -33 | 1715 | 858 | 94.48 | 12.5 |
| 173.6 | 899 | -933 | -34 | 1832 | 916 | 92.33 | 13 |
| 173.1 | 956 | -991 | -35 | 1832 1947 | 974 | 90.04 | 13.5 |
| 172.6 | 1009 | -1045 | -36 | 2054 | 1027 | 87.61 | 14 |
| 172.1 | 1052 | -1086 | -34 | 2138 | 1069 | 85.04 | 14.5 |
| 171.6 | 1065 | -1100 | -35 | 2138 2165 | 1069 1083 | 82.37 | 15 |
| 171.1 | 1082 | -1129 | -47 | 2211 | 1106 | | 15.5 |
| 170.6 | 1103 | -1139 | -36 | 2242 | 1121 | 76.90 | 16 |
| 170.1 | 1103 1069 | -1105 | -36 | 2174 | 1121 1087 | 74.10 | 16.5 |
| | | -1125 | -35 | 2215 | 1108 | 71.38 | 17 |
| 169.1 | 1097 | -1128 | -31 | 2225 | 1113 | 68 . 61 | 17.5 |
| 168.6 | 1104 | -1140 | -36 | 2225 2244 | 1113 1122 | 65.83 | 18 |
| 168.1 | 1085 | -1118 | -33 | 2203 | 1102 | 63.02 | 18.5 |
| 168.1 167.6 167.1 | 1074 | -1105 | -31 | 2179 | 1090 | 60.27 | 19 |
| 167.1 | 1062 | -1096 | -34 | 2158 | 1079 | 57.55 | 19.5 |
| 166.6 | 1042 | -1077 | -35 | 2119 | 1060 | 54.85 | 20 |
| 166.1 | 1043 | -1075 | -32 | 2119 2118 | 1059 | 52.20 | 20.5 |
| | -010 | 10,0 | J 2 | | -000 | 02.20 | |

| 165.6 | 1047 | -1082 | -35 | 2129 | 1065 | 49.55 | 21 |
|-------|------|-------|-----|------|------|-------|------|
| 165.1 | 1080 | -1116 | -36 | 2196 | 1098 | 46.89 | 21.5 |
| 164.6 | 1099 | -1131 | -32 | 2230 | 1115 | 44.15 | 22 |
| 164.1 | 1029 | -1063 | -34 | 2092 | 1046 | 41.36 | 22.5 |
| 163.6 | 1020 | -1054 | -34 | 2074 | 1037 | 38.74 | 23 |
| 163.1 | 1024 | -1061 | -37 | 2085 | 1043 | 36.15 | 23.5 |
| 162.6 | 1027 | -1066 | -39 | 2093 | 1047 | 33.54 | 24 |
| 162.1 | 1053 | -1087 | -34 | 2140 | 1070 | 30.93 | 24.5 |
| 161.6 | 1079 | -1116 | -37 | 2195 | 1098 | 28.25 | 25 |
| 161.1 | 1042 | -1075 | -33 | 2117 | 1059 | 25.51 | 25.5 |
| 160.6 | 1037 | -1075 | -38 | 2112 | 1056 | 22.86 | 26 |
| 160.1 | 1046 | -1078 | -32 | 2124 | 1062 | 20.22 | 26.5 |
| 159.6 | 1034 | -1068 | -34 | 2102 | 1051 | 17.57 | 27 |
| 159.1 | 1014 | -1050 | -36 | 2064 | 1032 | 14.94 | 27.5 |
| 158.6 | 995 | -1048 | -53 | 2043 | 1022 | 12.36 | 28 |
| 158.1 | 945 | -978 | -33 | 1923 | 962 | 9.81 | 28.5 |
| 157.6 | 946 | -981 | -35 | 1927 | 964 | 7.40 | 29 |
| 157.1 | 945 | -985 | -40 | 1930 | 965 | 4.99 | 29.5 |
| 156.6 | 1013 | -1052 | -39 | 2065 | 1033 | 2.58 | 30 |

Average Channel A Offset: -17.5

C.3 B-axis Profile Data Text Report

Report: B-Axis Digits and Profile in Centimeters (Bottom Up)

Project Name: myHoles
 Hole Name: newHole
Top Elevation: 186.6
Azimuth Angle: 0.0

File Name: newHole_001.gkn
Reading Date: 01/02/13
Reading Time: 14:32:13
Probe Name: testProbe

Elev B+ B- Sum Diff Diff/2 Defl Level (dig.) (dig.) (dig.) (dig.) (cm) (m) 300 -61 -661 -330 -65.30 0.5 298 -61 -657 -328 -64.48 1 186.1 -361 -328 -64.48 1 185.6 -359 -55 -769 -384 -63.65 1.5 185.1 -412 357 -769 -766 -384 -62.69 2 -383 -61.73 2.5 184.6 -413 356 -57 -407 184.1 359 -48 183.6 -408 354 -54 -762 -381 -60.77 3 -405 -59.82 3.5 375 -60 -810 183.1 -435 182.6 -447 381 -66 -828 -414 -58.81 4 -57.77 4.5 -872 182.1 -468 404 -64 -436 181.6 -475 412 -63 -887 -443 -56.68 5 398 -55.58 5.5 -464 -66 -862 -431 181.1 -886 180.6 -472 414 -58 -443 -54.50 6 180.1 -450 394 -56 -844 -422 -53.39 6.5 -456 -68 -844 -52.34 7 179.6 388 -422 179.1 -441 386 -55 -827 -413 -51.28 7.5 -821 178.6 -442 379 -63 -410 -50.25 8 178.1 -435 372 -63 -807 -403 -49.22 8.5 177.6 371 -58 -800 -429 -400 -48.21 9 177.1 -433 378 -55 -811 -405 -47.21 9.5 176.6 -465 409 -56 -874 -437 -46.20 10 176.1 -489 440 -49 -929 -464 -45.11 10.5 -986 175.6 -522 464 -58 -493 -43.94 11 -547 -514 -65 -1029 175.1 482 -42.71 11.5 174.6 -568 499 -69 -1067 -533 -41.43 12 -40.09 12.5 174.1 -557 493 -64 -1050 -525 173.6 -558 492 -66 -1050 -525 -38.78 13 -37.47 13.5 173.1 -534 468 -66 -1002 -501 172.6 -519 452 -67 -971 -485 -36.21 14 -529 -996 172.1 467 -62 -498 -35.00 14.5 -1048 -524 -33.76 15 171.6 -553 495 -58

```
171.1
        -566 506 -60
                         -1072 -536
                                        -32.45 15.5
              497
        -567
                     -70
                           -1064 -532
                                        -31.11 16
170.6
170.1
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                           -1038
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        -549
              500 -49
                           -1049 -524
                                        -28.48 17
169.6
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        -541
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                     -58
                           -1024 -512
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168.6
        -572
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                     -59
                           -1085
                                  -542
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                    -63
                                        -24.53 18.5
              490
                           -1043 -521
        -553
168.1
              487
                                        -23.23 19
167.6
        -551
                    -64
                           -1038 -519
              480
                                        -21.93 19.5
-20.65 20
        -542
167.1
                     -62
                           -1022 -511
166.6
        -527
              469
                     -58
                           -996
                                  -498
        -518
              454
                    -64
                           -972
                                  -486
                                        -19.41 20.5
166.1
        -514
              462
                    -52
165.6
                           -976 -488
                                        -18.19 21
              439
                                        -16.97 21.5
165.1
        -503
                     -64
                           -942
                                  -471
                    -48
                           -922
                                        -15.79 22
164.6
        -485
              437
                                  -461
        -500
              448 -52
                                        -14.64 22.5
164.1
                           -948
                                 -474
        -474
                     -52
                                        -13.46 23
163.6
              422
                           -896
                                  -448
163.1
        -477
              413
                     -64
                           -890
                                  -445
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        -449
              385
                    -64
                           -834
                                  -417
                                        -11.22 24
162.6
              378
                    -62
162.1
        -440
                           -818
                                 -409
                                        -10.18 24.5
                                        -9.16 25
-8.16 25.5
161.6
        -430
              366
                     -64
                           -796
                                  -398
                   -49
161.1
        -415
              366
                           -781
                                  -390
        -376 326 -50
                           -702
160.6
                                  -351
                                        -7.19 26
                                        -6.31 26.5
-5.52 27
160.1
        -348 288 -60
                           -636
                                  -318
159.6
        -316
              265
                     -51
                           -581
                                  -290
                                        -4.79 27.5
             263
                           -581
        -318
                    -55
                                  -290
159.1
158.6
        -337 278 -59
                           -615
                                  -307
                                        -4.06 28
              276 –55
290 –56
                                        -3.29 28.5
-2.54 29
        -331
                     -55
                           -607
                                  -303
158.1
                         -636
                                -318
157.6
        -346
157.1
                                        -1.74 29.5
        -377
              315
                    -62
                           -692
                                  -346
                           -700
        -380
              320
                     -60
                                 -350
                                        -.88
                                              3.0
156.6
```

Average Channel B Offset: -29.6

C.4 A-axis Deflection Data Text Report

Report: A-Axis Change in Digits and Deflection in Centimeters (Bottom Up)

Project Name: myHoles
Hole Name: newHole
Top Elevation: 186.6
Azimuth Angle: 0.0

night. v.v

--Initial Data-File Name: newHole_001.gkn newHole_002.gkn
Reading Date: 01/02/13 01/03/13
Reading Time: 14:32:13 13:54:50
Probe Name: testProbe testProbe

______ --Initial (digits) -- --Current (digits) -- Corr. Defl. Level A+ A- Diff. A+ A- Diff. Oiff. (cm) (m) ______ 564 -600 1164 508 -657 1165 1 -.09 0.5 186.1 -599 1158 510 -656 1166 8 185.6 559 1.5 1251 541 1327 591 -698 -736 185.1 608 -680 -677 -643 184.6 647 -721 1407 631 -776 1407 0 184.1 686 -.08 2.5 0 -739 1446 650 183.6 707 -796 1446 -.08 707 -757 1464 -809 1475 11 183.1 666 -.08 1585 719 -865 -808 182.6 777 1584 -1 -.10 182.1 788 -818 1606 728 -874 1602 -4 -.09 4.5 1585 181.6 776 -809 719 -865 1584 -1 -.09 1603 181.1 786 -817 730 -873 1603 0 -.09 5.5 1639 747 -893 180.6 802 -837 1640 1 -.09 753 0 -842 1651 180.1 809 -898 1651 -.09 -844 -898 811 1655 755 1653 -.09 1604 -819 729 -874 1603 -1 -.09 7.5 179.1 785 -.09 8 1557 0 178.6 762 -795 1557 706 -851 -.05 710 0 178.1 765 -800 1565 -855 1565 8.5 714 1573 -.09 177.6 769 -804 -859 1573

| 177.1 766 -802 1568 711 -857 1568 0 09 9.5 176.1 752 -785 1537 682 -840 1522 -15 09 10.5 175.6 755 -789 1544 698 -844 1522 -2 07 11 175.1 778 -808 1586 720 -865 1585 -1 -07 11.5 174.6 800 -836 1636 746 -892 1638 2 06 12 174.1 841 -874 1715 782 -929 1711 -4 07 12.5 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13 173.1 956 -991 1947 900 -1047 1947 0 06 13.5 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 -0.6 14 172.6 1052 -1086 2138 < | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|------|
| 176.1 752 -785 1537 682 -840 1522 -15 09 10.5 175.6 755 -789 1544 698 -844 1542 -2 07 11 175.1 778 -808 1586 720 -865 1585 -1 07 11.5 174.6 800 -836 1636 746 -892 1638 2 06 12 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13.5 173.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 03 15 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | | | |
| 175.6 755 -789 1544 698 -844 1542 -2 07 11 175.1 778 -808 1586 720 -865 1585 -1 07 11.5 174.6 800 -836 1636 746 -892 1638 2 -06 12 174.1 841 -874 1715 782 -929 1711 -4 07 12.5 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1156 2164 -1 -03 15 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1156 2164 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 175.1 778 -808 1586 720 -865 1585 -1 07 11.5 174.6 800 -836 1636 746 -892 1638 2 06 12 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13 173.1 956 -991 1947 900 -1047 1947 0 06 13 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -116 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 174.6 800 -836 1636 746 -892 1638 2 06 12 173.1 841 -874 1715 782 -929 1711 -4 07 12.5 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 06 14 171.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1160 2215 1041 -1180 2214 -1 04 16.5 16 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 174.1 841 -874 1715 782 -929 1711 -4 07 12.5 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13 173.1 956 -991 1947 900 -1047 1947 0 06 13.5 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.1 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1161 2175 1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17.5 168.6 1104 -1140 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 173.6 899 -933 1832 843 -989 1832 0 06 13 173.1 956 -991 1947 900 -1047 1947 0 06 13.5 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 03 15.5 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1161 2175 1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1128 2225 1041 -1180 2214 -1 04 17 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1196 2244 0 04 18 167.6 1074 -1105 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 173.1 956 -991 1947 900 -1047 1947 0 06 13.5 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16.5 169.6 1090 -1125 2215 1034 -1180 2214 -1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1125 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17.5 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -11 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 172.6 1009 -1045 2054 931 -1100 2031 -23 06 14 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1161 2175 1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1128 22215 1034 -1180 2214 -1 04 17 169.6 1090 -1128 2225 1041 -1180 2224 10 -1180 2224 10 -1180 2203 0 04 17.5 169.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1196 2244 0 04 18.5 | | | | | | | | 0 | | |
| 172.1 1052 -1086 2138 996 -1142 2138 0 03 14.5 171.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 03 15 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2233 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1161 2175 1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1186 2224 0 04 18 168.1 1085 -1118 2203 1029 -1174 2203 0 04 18 168.1 1085 -118 203 1029 -1174 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | - | | |
| 1711.6 1065 -1100 2165 1008 -1156 2164 -1 -03 15 171.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 -03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1161 2175 1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1125 2215 1034 -1180 2214 -1 04 17 168.1 1097 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17 5 168.6 1104 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 18 167.6 1074 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 19 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2156 | | 1009 | -1045 | 2054 | | -1100 | 2031 | -23 | | |
| 1711.1 1082 -1129 2211 1038 -1185 2223 12 03 15.5 170.6 1103 -1139 2242 1046 -1193 2239 -3 05 16 170.1 1069 -1105 2215 1034 -1180 2214 -1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17 169.1 1097 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17.5 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1196 2244 0 04 18 168.1 1085 -1118 2203 1029 -1174 2203 0 04 18 167.6 1074 -1105 2158 1006 -1150 2183 4 04 19 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2186 -2 05 19.5 166.1 1043 -1077 <td></td> <td>1052</td> <td>-1086</td> <td></td> <td>996</td> <td>-1142</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>03</td> <td></td> | | 1052 | -1086 | | 996 | -1142 | | 0 | 03 | |
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| 170.1 1069 -1105 2174 1014 -1161 2175 1 04 16.5 169.6 1090 -1125 2215 1034 -1180 2214 -1 04 17 169.1 1097 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17.5 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1196 2244 0 04 18 168.1 1085 -1118 2203 1029 -1174 2203 0 04 18 167.6 1074 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 19 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2156 -2 05 19.5 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -131 | | 1082 | | 2211 | 1038 | -1185 | 2223 | 12 | 03 | |
| 169.6 1090 -1125 2215 1034 -1180 2214 -1 04 17 169.1 1097 -1128 2225 1041 -1184 2225 0 04 17.5 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1196 2244 0 04 18 168.1 1085 -1118 2203 1029 -1174 2203 0 04 18.5 167.6 1074 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 19.5 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1133 2118 -1 05 20 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21.5 165.1 1080 -116 2196 1025 -1171 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-1193</td> <td></td> <td>-3</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | -1193 | | -3 | | |
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| 168.6 1104 -1140 2244 1048 -1196 2244 0 04 18 168.1 1085 -1118 2203 1029 -1174 2203 0 04 18.5 167.6 1074 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 19 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2156 -2 05 19.5 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1133 2118 -1 05 20 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1131 2118 0 04 21 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -1131 2230 1041 -1187 <td>169.6</td> <td>1090</td> <td>-1125</td> <td>2215</td> <td>1034</td> <td>-1180</td> <td>2214</td> <td>-1</td> <td>04</td> <td>17</td> | 169.6 | 1090 | -1125 | 2215 | 1034 | -1180 | 2214 | -1 | 04 | 17 |
| 168.1 1085 -1118 2203 1029 -1174 2203 0 04 18.5 167.6 1074 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 19 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2156 -2 05 19.5 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1133 2118 -1 05 20 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21.5 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 | 169.1 | 1097 | -1128 | | 1041 | -1184 | 2225 | 0 | 04 | 17.5 |
| 167.6 1074 -1105 2179 1019 -1164 2183 4 04 19 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2156 -2 05 19.5 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1133 2118 -1 05 20 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 23.5 163.6 1020 -1054 | 168.6 | 1104 | -1140 | 2244 | 1048 | -1196 | 2244 | 0 | | 18 |
| 167.1 1062 -1096 2158 1006 -1150 2156 -2 05 19.5 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1133 2118 -1 05 20 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -1131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 22.5 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 | 168.1 | 1085 | -1118 | 2203 | 1029 | -1174 | 2203 | 0 | 04 | 18.5 |
| 166.6 1042 -1077 2119 985 -1133 2118 -1 05 20 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -1131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 22.5 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23.5 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 | 167.6 | 1074 | -1105 | 2179 | 1019 | -1164 | 2183 | 4 | 04 | 19 |
| 166.1 1043 -1075 2118 987 -1131 2118 0 04 20.5 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -1131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 22.5 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23.5 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 | 167.1 | 1062 | -1096 | 2158 | 1006 | -1150 | 2156 | -2 | 05 | 19.5 |
| 165.6 1047 -1082 2129 991 -1138 2129 0 04 21 165.1 1080 -1116 2196 1025 -1171 2196 0 04 21.5 164.6 1099 -1131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 22.5 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 | 166.6 | 1042 | -1077 | 2119 | 985 | -1133 | 2118 | -1 | 05 | 20 |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 166.1 | 1043 | -1075 | 2118 | 987 | -1131 | 2118 | 0 | 04 | 20.5 |
| 164.6 1099 -1131 2230 1041 -1187 2228 -2 04 22 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 22.5 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25.5 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 <td>165.6</td> <td>1047</td> <td>-1082</td> <td>2129</td> <td>991</td> <td>-1138</td> <td>2129</td> <td>0</td> <td>04</td> <td>21</td> | 165.6 | 1047 | -1082 | 2129 | 991 | -1138 | 2129 | 0 | 04 | 21 |
| 164.1 1029 -1063 2092 974 -1119 2093 1 04 22.5 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 158.6 995 -1048 | 165.1 | 1080 | -1116 | 2196 | 1025 | -1171 | 2196 | 0 | 04 | 21.5 |
| 163.6 1020 -1054 2074 965 -1110 2075 1 04 23 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 26.5 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1 | 164.6 | 1099 | -1131 | 2230 | 1041 | -1187 | 2228 | -2 | 04 | 22 |
| 163.1 1024 -1061 2085 969 -1117 2086 1 04 23.5 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 28 158.6 995 -1048 | 164.1 | 1029 | -1063 | 2092 | 974 | -1119 | 2093 | 1 | 04 | 22.5 |
| 162.6 1027 -1066 2093 972 -1119 2091 -2 05 24 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -10 | | 1020 | -1054 | 2074 | 965 | -1110 | 2075 | 1 | 04 | 23 |
| 162.1 1053 -1087 2140 998 -1143 2141 1 04 24.5 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 163.1 | 1024 | -1061 | 2085 | 969 | -1117 | 2086 | 1 | 04 | 23.5 |
| 161.6 1079 -1116 2195 1023 -1171 2194 -1 04 25 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 162.6 | 1027 | -1066 | 2093 | 972 | -1119 | 2091 | -2 | 05 | 24 |
| 161.1 1042 -1075 2117 985 -1131 2116 -1 04 25.5 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 162.1 | 1053 | -1087 | 2140 | | -1143 | 2141 | 1 | 04 | 24.5 |
| 160.6 1037 -1075 2112 982 -1130 2112 0 04 26 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 161.6 | 1079 | -1116 | 2195 | | -1171 | 2194 | -1 | 04 | |
| 160.1 1046 -1078 2124 989 -1134 2123 -1 04 26.5 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 161.1 | 1042 | -1075 | 2117 | 985 | -1131 | 2116 | -1 | 04 | 25.5 |
| 159.6 1034 -1068 2102 977 -1125 2102 0 04 27 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 160.6 | 1037 | -1075 | 2112 | 982 | -1130 | 2112 | 0 | 04 | 26 |
| 159.1 1014 -1050 2064 958 -1105 2063 -1 04 27.5 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 160.1 | 1046 | -1078 | 2124 | 989 | -1134 | 2123 | -1 | 04 | 26.5 |
| 158.6 995 -1048 2043 937 -1093 2030 -13 04 28 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | | 1034 | -1068 | 2102 | 977 | -1125 | 2102 | 0 | 04 | 27 |
| 158.1 945 -978 1923 889 -1022 1911 -12 02 28.5 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 159.1 | 1014 | -1050 | 2064 | 958 | -1105 | 2063 | -1 | 04 | 27.5 |
| 157.6 946 -981 1927 888 -1037 1925 -2 01 29 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -2 01 29.5 | 158.6 | 995 | -1048 | 2043 | 937 | -1093 | 2030 | -13 | 04 | 28 |
| 157.1 945 -985 1930 889 -1039 1928 -201 29.5 | 158.1 | 945 | -978 | 1923 | 889 | -1022 | 1911 | -12 | 02 | 28.5 |
| | 157.6 | 946 | -981 | 1927 | 888 | -1037 | 1925 | -2 | 01 | 29 |
| 156.6 1013 -1052 2065 956 -1107 2063 -2 .00 30 | 157.1 | 945 | -985 | 1930 | 889 | -1039 | 1928 | -2 | 01 | 29.5 |
| | 156.6 | 1013 | -1052 | 2065 | 956 | -1107 | 2063 | -2 | .00 | 30 |

C.5 B-axis Deflection Data Text Report

```
Report: B-Axis Change in Digits and Deflection in Centimeters (Bottom Up)
```

Project Name: myHoles Hole Name: newHole Top Elevation: 186.6 Azimuth Angle: 0.0

--Initial Data-- --Current Data-File Name: newHole_001.gkn newHole_002.gkn
Reading Date: 01/02/13 01/03/13
Reading Time: 14:32:13 13:54:50
Probe Name: testProbe testProbe

| Elev. | Init | ial (di | gits) | Curr | ent (di | gits) | Corr. | Defl. | Level |
|-------|------|---------|-------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (m) | B+ | B- | Diff. | B+ | B- | Diff. | Diff. | (cm) | (m) |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 186.1 | -361 | 300 | -661 | -361 | 300 | -661 | 0 | .05 | 0.5 |
| 185.6 | -359 | 298 | -657 | -361 | 300 | -661 | -4 | .05 | 1 |
| 185.1 | -412 | 357 | -769 | -413 | 358 | -771 | -2 | .06 | 1.5 |
| 184.6 | -413 | 356 | -769 | -412 | 355 | -767 | 2 | .06 | 2 |
| 184.1 | -407 | 359 | -766 | -412 | 357 | -769 | -3 | .06 | 2.5 |
| 183.6 | -408 | 354 | -762 | -408 | 356 | -764 | -2 | .06 | 3 |

| 183.1 | -435 | 375 | -810 | -434 | 376 | -810 | 0 | .07 | 3.5 |
|-------|------|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|-----|-----|------|
| 182.6 | -447 | 381 | -828 | -447 | 382 | -829 | -1 | .07 | 4 |
| 182.1 | -468 | 404 | -872 | -468 | 404 | -872 | 0 | .07 | 4.5 |
| 181.6 | -475 | 412 | -887 | -474 | 411 | -885 | 2 | .07 | 5 |
| 181.1 | -464 | 398 | -862 | -464 | 406 | -870 | -8 | .06 | 5.5 |
| 180.6 | -472 | 414 | -886 | -469 | 411 | -880 | 6 | .07 | 6 |
| 180.1 | -450 | 394 | -844 | -450 | 393 | -843 | 1 | .07 | 6.5 |
| 179.6 | -456 | 388 | -844 | -454 | 386 | -840 | 4 | .07 | 7 |
| 179.1 | -441 | 386 | -827 | -437 | 379 | -816 | 11 | .06 | 7.5 |
| 178.6 | -442 | 379 | -821 | -442 | 378 | -820 | 1 | .05 | 8 |
| 178.1 | -435 | 372 | -807 | -435 | 371 | -806 | 1 | .05 | 8.5 |
| 177.6 | -429 | 371 | -800 | -430 | 369 | -799 | 1 | .04 | 9 |
| 177.1 | -433 | 378 | -811 | -438 | 376 | -814 | -3 | .04 | 9.5 |
| 176.6 | -465 | 409 | -874 | -464 | 408 | -872 | 2 | .05 | 10 |
| 176.1 | -489 | 440 | -929 | -489 | 439 | -928 | 1 | .04 | 10.5 |
| 175.6 | -522 | 464 | -986 | -523 | 460 | -983 | 3 | .04 | 11 |
| 175.1 | -547 | 482 | -1029 | -546 | 481 | -1027 | 2 | .04 | 11.5 |
| 174.6 | -568 | 499 | -1067 | -566 | 502 | -1068 | -1 | .04 | 12 |
| 174.1 | -557 | 493 | -1050 | -557 | 494 | -1051 | -1 | .04 | 12.5 |
| 173.6 | -558 | 492 | -1050 | -557 | 491 | -1048 | 2 | .04 | 13 |
| 173.1 | -534 | 468 | -1002 | -533 | 470 | -1003 | -1 | .04 | 13.5 |
| 172.6 | -519 | 452 | -971 | -519 | 451 | -970 | 1 | .04 | 14 |
| 172.1 | -529 | 467 | -996 | -526 | 468 | -994 | 2 | .04 | 14.5 |
| 171.6 | -553 | 495 | -1048 | -554 | 496 | -1050 | -2 | .03 | 15 |
| 171.1 | -566 | 506 | -1072 | -564 | 505 | -1069 | 3 | .04 | 15.5 |
| 170.6 | -567 | 497 | -1064 | -566 | 508 | -1074 | -10 | .03 | 16 |
| 170.1 | -545 | 493 | -1038 | -540 | 492 | -1032 | 6 | .05 | 16.5 |
| 169.6 | -549 | 500 | -1049 | -551 | 499 | -1050 | -1 | .04 | 17 |
| 169.1 | -541 | 483 | -1024 | -540 | 481 | -1021 | 3 | .04 | 17.5 |
| 168.6 | -572 | 513 | -1085 | -571 | 513 | -1084 | 1 | .04 | 18 |
| 168.1 | -553 | 490 | -1043 | -553 | 491 | -1044 | -1 | .03 | 18.5 |
| 167.6 | -551 | 487 | -1038 | -550 | 487 | -1037 | 1 | .04 | 19 |
| 167.1 | -542 | 480 | -1022 | -541 | 481 | -1022 | 0 | .03 | 19.5 |
| 166.6 | -527 | 469 | -996 | -529 | 469 | -998 | -2 | .03 | 20 |
| 166.1 | -518 | 454 | -972 | -517 | 454 | -971 | 1 | .04 | 20.5 |
| 165.6 | -514 | 462 | -976 | -513 | 449 | -962 | 14 | .04 | 21 |
| 165.1 | -503 | 439 | -942 | -502 | 439 | -941 | 1 | .02 | 21.5 |
| 164.6 | -485 | 437 | -922 | -486 | 437 | -923 | -1 | .02 | 22 |
| 164.1 | -500 | 448 | -948 | -499 | 447 | -946 | 2 | .02 | 22.5 |
| 163.6 | -474 | 422 | -896 | -475 | 422 | -897 | -1 | .02 | 23 |
| 163.1 | -477 | 413 | -890 | -476 | 414 | -890 | 0 | .02 | 23.5 |
| 162.6 | -449 | 385 | -834 | -448 | 384 | -832 | 2 | .02 | 24 |
| 162.1 | -440 | 378 | -818 | -440 | 377 | -817 | 1 | .01 | 24.5 |
| 161.6 | -430 | 366 | -796 | -423 | 364 | -787 | 9 | .01 | 25 |
| 161.1 | -415 | 366 | -781 | -416 | 366 | -782 | -1 | .00 | 25.5 |
| 160.6 | -376 | 326 | -702 | -377 | 324 | -701 | 1 | .00 | 26 |
| 160.1 | -348 | 288 | -636 | -349 | 290 | -639 | -3 | .00 | 26.5 |
| 159.6 | -316 | 265 | -581 | -316 | 266 | -582 | -1 | .01 | 27 |
| 159.1 | -318 | 263 | -581 | -316 | 263 | -579 | 2 | .01 | 27.5 |
| 158.6 | -337 | 278 | -615 | -338 | 275 | -613 | 2 | .00 | 28 |
| 158.1 | -331 | 276 | -607 | -329 | 272 | -601 | 6 | .00 | 28.5 |
| 157.6 | -346 | 290 | -636 | -350 | 293 | -643 | -7 | 01 | 29 |
| 157.1 | -377 | 315 | -692 | -377 | 315 | -692 | 0 | .00 | 29.5 |
| 156.6 | -380 | 320 | -700 | -379 | 319 | -698 | 2 | .00 | 30 |

APPENDIX D. Remote Module Command Structure

| COMMAND | FUNCTION | SYNTAX | RETURN VALUE |
|---------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | TAKE VA READING | 0 | (+/-)##### |
| 1 | TAKE VB READING | 1 | (+/-)##### |
| 2 | TAKE BATTERY READING | 2 | <sp><sp>+#.#</sp></sp> |
| 3 | TAKE -12V READING ¹ | 3 | <sp>-12.0</sp> |
| 4 | FIRMWARE VERSION 4 | 4 | VER#.# |
| 5 | (see Note 2) | 5 | <cr></cr> |
| 6 | (see Note 2) | 6 | 000 <sp><sp><sp></sp></sp></sp> |
| 7 | TAKE +12V READING ¹ | 7 | <sp>+12.0</sp> |
| 8 | TAKE +5V REFERENCE | 8 | <sp><sp>+#.#</sp></sp> |
| | READING | | |
| 9 | TAKE 3.3V READING ¹ | 9 | <sp><sp>+3.3</sp></sp> |
| D | LOAD PROBE DEFAULTS 3 | D | See Example D |
| G | DISPLAY GAGE PARAMETERS ³ | G | See Example G2 |
| G | ENTER GAGE PARAMETERS 3 | G70A/(LorP)/#/#/# | See Example G1 |
| | | or | |
| | | G70B/(LorP)/#/#/# | |
| | | See example G below | |
| Т | PROBE TEMPERATURE (°C) 3 | T | (+/-)##.### |
| V | FIRMWARE VERSION | V | VER #.# |
| | (Remote Module) ³ | | |
| # | DISPLAY PROBE SERIAL # 3 | # | See example # |
| #sn | ENTER PROBE SERIAL # 3 | #sn(16 alphanumeric | See example #sn |
| | | characters or symbols) | |

Notes:

- 1. These commands exist only for GK-604 analog systems and are included in the digital system for compatibility.
- 2. Like Note 1 but are for internal use only.
- 3. These commands exist only for GK-604D digital system.
- 4. Firmware Version (Command 4) returns the Remote Module version for analog systems and the probe firmware version for digital systems.

Example 1: LOAD PROBE DEFAULTS

Loads probe default gage parameters (calibration factors):

Command:

Response: GT:70A ZR:0.0000 GF:1.0000 GO:0.0000 GT:70B ZR:0.0000 GF:1.0000 GO:0.0000

<u>Channels VA and VB:</u> Linear Conversion

Zero Read Offset = 0 Gage Factor = 1 Gage Offset = 0

Results in digits display = 2500(Vout)

Example 2: Enter Gage Parameters:

Enter and store gage parameters for each axis:

A axis: Linear conversion

Zero Read Offset = 0 Gage Factor = .62 Gage Offset = 0

<u>Command:</u> G70A/L/0/.62/0<CR>

Response: GT:70A ZR:0.0000 GF:0.6200 GO:0.0000 GT:70B ZR:0.0000 GF:1.0000 GO:0.0000

<u>B axis:</u> Linear conversion

Zero Read Offset = 0 Gage Factor = 1.005 Gage Offset = 0

Command: G70B/L/0/1.005/0<CR>

Response: GT:70A ZR:0.0000 GF:0.6200 GO:0.0000 GT:70B ZR:0.0000 GF:1.005 GO:0.0000

Example 3: Display Gage Parameters:

Display gage parameters stored in the probe:

Command: G<CR>

Response: GT:70A ZR:0.0000 GF:0.6200 GO:0.0000 GT:70B ZR:0.0000 GF:1.005 GO:0.0000

Example 4: Display Probe Serial Number:

Display the serial number that is stored in the probe:

Command: #<CR>

Response: 6001-E,126543

Example 5: Enter Probe Serial Number:

Enter and store probe serial number. Up to 16 alphanumeric characters and symbols may be stored.

Command: #sn6001-E,126543<CR>

Response: 6001-E,126543 (1)

NOTES:

1. The GK-604D IRA uses the serial number to determine the inclinometer probe units (metric or English) by reading the model number portion of the serial number string (the part to the left of the comma). If the model number does not contain an "-E" or a "-M" then unpredictable results may occur.

APPENDIX E. Data Reduction Formulas

E.1. Deflection Calculation

| Label | Description | | | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ZZ | Correction Angle (usually 0°). | | | | | |
| RINT | Absolute Reading Interval in feet or meters. | | | | | |
| IA+,IA- | Initial A Axis Data in Digits (2sinθ=10000 @ 30°, 2.5sinθ=12500 @ 30°). | | | | | |
| PA+,PA- | Present A Axis Data in Digits (2sinθ=10000 @ 30°, 2.5sinθ=12500 @ 30°). | | | | | |
| IB+,IB- | Initial B Axis Data in Digits (2sinθ=10000 @ 30°, 2.5sinθ=12500 @ 30°). | | | | | |
| PB+,PB- | Present B Axis Data in Digits (2sinθ=10000 @ 30°, 2.5sinθ=12500 @ 30°). | | | | | |
| SA | Calculated Digit Change for A Axis. | | | | | |
| SB | Calculated Digit Change for B Axis. | | | | | |
| М | Multiplier, where: Geokon probe Sinco Probe | | | | | |
| | Probe configuration $2\sin\theta$, $2.5\sin\theta$. | | | | | |
| | Metric units, millimeters, 0.05 0.04 | | | | | |
| | Metric units, centimeters, 0.005 0.004. | | | | | |
| | Imperial units, inches 0.0006 0.00048 | | | | | |
| CA | Deflection A (in inches, English units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| | Deflection A (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| СВ | Deflection B (in inches, English units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| | Deflection B (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| DA | Deflection A (in inches, English units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| | Deflection A (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| DB | Deflection B (in inches, English units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| | Deflection B (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| cos | Cosine function. | | | | | |
| sin | Sine function . | | | | | |

Table E-1 Data Reduction Variables (Deflection)

$$SA = ((PA+)-(PA-))/2 - ((IA+)-(IA-))/2$$

 $SB = ((PB+)-(PB-))/2 - ((IB+)-(IB-))/2$

Equation E-1 Change in Digits Calculation (Deflection)

$$CA = M \times RINT \times SA$$

$$CB = M \times RINT \times SB$$

$$DA = (CA \times cos(ZZ)) - (CB \times sin(ZZ))$$

$$DB = (CA \times sin(ZZ)) + (CB \times cos(ZZ))$$

Equation E-2 Deflection Calculation

Note: Accumulate (Σ) DA and DB results at each depth increment (from the bottom up or the top down) to obtain the deflection change (Figure 67).

E.2. Profile Calculation

| Label | Description | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ZZ | Correction Angle (usually 0°). | | | | | |
| RINT | Absolute Reading Interval in feet or meters. | | | | | |
| A+, A- | A Axis Data in Digits (2sinθ=10000 @ 30°, 2.5sinθ=12500 @ 30°). | | | | | |
| B+, B- | B Axis Data in Digits ($2\sin\theta = 10000 \ @ \ 30^{\circ}$, $2.5\sin\theta = 12500 \ @ \ 30^{\circ}$). | | | | | |
| SA | Calculated Digit Change for A Axis. | | | | | |
| SB | Calculated Digit Change for B Axis. | | | | | |
| М | Multiplier, where: Geokon probe Sinco Probe | | | | | |
| | Probe configuration $2\sin\theta$, $2.5\sin\theta$. | | | | | |
| | Metric units, millimeters, 0.05 0.04 | | | | | |
| | Metric units, centimeters, 0.005 0.004. | | | | | |
| | Imperial units, inches 0.0006 0.00048 | | | | | |
| CA | Deflection A (in inches, English units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| | Deflection A (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| СВ | Deflection B (in inches, English units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| | Deflection B (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, not corrected). | | | | | |
| DA | Deflection A (in inches, English units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| | Deflection A (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| DB | Deflection B (in inches, English units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| | Deflection B (in centimeters or millimeters, Metric units, corrected for angle). | | | | | |
| cos | Cosine function. | | | | | |
| sin | Sine function . | | | | | |

Table E-2 Data Reduction Variables (Profile)

$$SA = ((A+)-(A-))/2$$

 $SB = ((B+)-(B-))/2$

Equation E-3 Change in Digits Calculation (Profile)

$$CA = M \times RINT \times SA$$

$$CB = M \times RINT \times SB$$

$$DA = (CA \times cos(ZZ)) - (CB \times sin(ZZ))$$

$$DB = (CA \times sin(ZZ)) + (CB \times cos(ZZ))$$

Equation E-4 Profile Calculation

Note: Accumulate (Σ) DA and DB results at each depth increment (from the bottom up or the top down) to obtain the profile.

E.3. GTILT Users

When using GTILT with the GK-604D use a Probe Constant of 10000 for both English and Metric probes when using 2.0sin Units! For 2.5sin Units use a Probe Constant of 12500.

APPENDIX F. Technical Specifications

F.1. GK-604D Digital System Specifications

| Standard Range | ± 30° |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Sensors | 2 MEMS accelerometers |
| MEMS Output | Differential ± 4 VDC |
| 6100D Probe Output | Digital Data Stream |
| Probe Resolution | 24-bit |
| System Resolution ¹ | ± 0.025 mm/500 mm (± 0.0001 ft/2 ft) |
| Accuracy | ± 0.05% Full Scale (F.S.) |
| Linearity | \pm 0.02% F.S., up to \pm 10° |
| Repeatability | ± 1 mm/30 m |
| Total System Accuracy ² | ± 3 mm/30 m (± 0.125 in/100 ft) |
| Temperature Range (Probe) | 0°C to 50°C |
| Temperature Range (Remote Module) | -30°C to 50°C |
| Temperature Coefficient | 0.002% F.S./°C |
| Wheel Base | 0.5 m, 1m or 2 ft |
| Length x Diameter ³ | 700 x 25 mm, 1200 x 25 mm or 32 x 1 in |
| Casing Size I.D. ⁴ | 51 to 89 mm (2.0 to 3.5 in) |
| Weight (with case) | 7.5 kg (16 lb) |
| Shock Survival ⁵ | 2000 g |
| Battery (Remote Module) | Li-Ion, 7.4 V, 2600 mAh; >40 hours continuous operation per charge |

Notes:

- 1. \pm 10 arc seconds. This resolution is true only in the range of \pm 5° from vertical. Beyond this, the resolution is diminished by the cosine of the angle from vertical.
- 2. Within 3° of vertical. This takes into account the accumulation of the error inherent with each reading and normal placement errors in positioning the probe inside the casing; also the effect of debris in the casing or casing damage.
- 3. The cable connector adds 150 mm to the length of the probe. The wheel diameter is 30mm.
- 4. The probe is designed for use in all standard inclinometer casing up to a maximum diameter of 89 mm (3.5 inches).
- 5. The Inclinometer Probe is a highly sensitive device and should be treated with great care at all times in order to maintain calibration. In particular, the probe should be prevented from impacting the bottom of the casing with any force.

F1.1 Compass Sensor Specifications

The following table contains specifications for the Digital Compass sensor embedded in digital inclinometer probes.

| Compass Sensor | Anisotropic Magnetoresistive |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| MEMS Output ¹ | ± 4 VDC |
| Compass Sensor Resolution | 12 bit |
| Remote Module Resolution | 16 bit |
| Compass Sensor Accuracy | ± 2 degrees |
| Operating Temperature | -30°C to 85°C (-22° to 185°F) |

F.2. Analog Probe System Specifications

The following table contains specifications for the analog probe system which is comprised of a probe (6100-1M or 6100-1E) and the Remote Module. The Remote Module can be either a GK-604-3 (reel system) or a GK-604-4 (probe interface).

| Probe Range (100% F.S.) | ± 30° |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Remote Module Input Range | ± 8 VDC |
| Sensors | 2 MEMS accelerometers |
| MEMS Output ¹ | ± 4 VDC |
| Probe Resolution ² | .025 mm /500mm (.0001 ft/ 2 ft) |
| Remote Module Resolution | 16 bit |
| Repeatability ³ | ± 1mm/30m (± 0.05in/100ft) |
| Total System Accuracy ⁴ | ± 4 mm/ 30 m (± 0.17 inch/ 100 ft) |
| Remote Module Accuracy | ± 0.1% F.S. |
| Probe Temperature Range | -20°C to 50°C (-4° to 122°F) |
| Remote Module Temp. Range | -30°C to 50°C |
| Temperature Coefficient | <.0002% F.S./ °C (<.0002% F.S./ °F) |
| Wheel Base | 0.5m or 1.0m (2 ft) |
| Probe Length x Diameter ⁵ | $700 \times 25 \text{ mm dia.} (32 \times 1 \text{ in dia.})$ |
| GK-604-3 Dimensions | (L x W x H): 380 x 280 x 490 mm |
| GK-604-4 Dimensions | (L x W x H): 160 x 75 x 75 mm |
| Weight (with case) (GK-604-1) | 7.5 kg (16 lb) |
| Shock Survival | 2000g |
| Battery (Remote Module) | Li-Ion, 7.4 V, 2600 mAh; >16 hours continuous operation per charge |

Notes:

- 1. The probe outputs +/-4 volts at an inclination of $+/-30^{\circ}$ to the vertical. These parameters are referred to as full scale. Operation beyond this inclination is not possible with a standard MEMS probe.
- 2. The resolution shown in the table above is only true in the range of \pm 5° from the vertical. Beyond this the resolution is reduced by a factor equal to 1/cosine of the angle from the vertical. For instance the resolution at 0 degrees from vertical is 10.3 arc seconds and the resolution at 15 degrees from the vertical is 10.3 x 1/0.966 = 10.7 arc seconds. The figures given assume that the readout box can detect a change of output of 0.0005 VDC.
- 3. The figure shown applies to the use of a single probe used repeatedly over a short space of time in a single borehole.
- 4. In practice, system accuracy is controlled mainly by the precision with which the inclinometer can be positioned at exactly the same depth, in the casing, from survey to survey. Factors such as debris in the casing or casing damage also have an effect. The stated accuracy assumes that the surveys are conducted over a period of time in a proper manner and that the casing is within 5 degrees off the vertical. Accuracy is

- improved by allowing the probe to reach equilibrium at each depth level before taking a reading.
- 5. The probe is designed for use in all casing sizes up to 85mm ID (3.34in.). The wheel diameter is 30mm. The cable connector adds 150mm to the length of the probe.

F.3. Field PC (FPC-1) Specifications

| | <u>, </u> |
|---------------------------|--|
| Processor | 806 MHz PXA310 |
| Operating System | Windows Mobile® 6.1 Classic |
| Included Software | Microsoft® Office Mobile; multiple languages |
| Memory | 88.99 MB RAM |
| Data Storage | 4 GB internal data storage; compact Flash slot (Type I or II); SD/SDHC slot; SDIO supported; user accessible CF and SD slots |
| Color Display | 480 x 640 pixel, Anti-glare 3.5" VGA resolution, sunlight readable, 262K color (18 bit), TMR Technology with LED backlight |
| Keyboard | Dedicated backlit numeric keypad; Four-way directional buttons using function key (Fn); discrete keys for Start, Menu Left, Menu Right, Camera, "ok", Return and Power/Suspend |
| Ports | RS-232C 9-pin "D" connector; 1 x USB host and client (Mini AB USB OTG, 1.2 host, 2.0 client); 12 VDC @ 4.1 Amps Max power in; |
| Case | IP67 waterproof |
| Environmental | Tested to MIL-STD810F for water, humidity, sand, dust vibration, altitude, shock and temperature |
| Power | Intelligent 5600 mAh Li-Ion battery; battery easily changed in the field without tools |
| Wireless Connectivity | Internal Bluetooth® wireless technology option, 2.0 +EDR, Class 1, range 20 m; WLAN: Integrated 802.11b/g supports AES TKIP, WEP, WPA and WPA2 |
| Certification & Standards | FCC Class B; CE Mark; EN60950; RoHS compliant; FM approved Class I, Div 2 |
| Operating Temperature | -30°C to 60°C |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C to 70°C |
| Shock Survival | Multiple drops from 1.22 m onto concrete |
| Dimensions (L x W x H) | 179 mm (7") x 97 mm (3.8") x 37 mm (1.5") |
| Weight | 490 g, with battery |
| | |

APPENDIX G. Portable Tiltmeter Operation

G.1 Single Channel Tiltmeter (Model 6101)

When connected to the GK-604-4 Probe Interface Module (see Figure 5), the Model 6101 Tiltmeter (see Figure 82) can be read with the FPC-1 using the GK-604D IRA.



Figure 82 - Model 6101 Tiltmeter with 6201-3 Interface Cable

The Model 6101 Portable Tiltmeter is designed to be placed on an alignment plate (Tiltplates, 6201-1X, see Figure 83) that has been permanently attached to the structure being monitored. Measurements can be made on horizontal or vertical surfaces. The readings are taken in pairs, 180 degrees apart from each other, to eliminate any instrument bias and thereby obtain true tilt.



Figure 83 - Tiltplates: 6201-1C (ceramic), 6201-1A (Copper plated Aluminum), 6201-1S (stainless)

It is assumed that a valid Bluetooth pairing exists between the GK-604-4 Interface Module and the FPC-1 (see section 2.2 for more information about establishing communication with the Interface Module). The recommended steps for connecting to and taking a reading with the Model 6101 Tiltmeter are as follows:

- 1. Connect one end of the 6201-3 cable to the Tiltmeter
- 2. Connect the other end of the 6201-3 cable to the GK-604-4 Interface Module.
- 3. On the FPC-1, launch the GK-604D IRA and create a new probe configuration:
 - Using the Context Menu (see section 3.2.1), after highlighting the Probe Library, select the "Add Probe" menu item to create a new probe.
 - Name the new probe and select "Tiltmeter" for probe type.
 - Using the calibration sheet as a guide, enter the "Zero Shift A" and "Gage Factor A" parameters. Leave the B channel parameters at zero.
 - Tap "Save Settings" to save the new probe configuration. See section 4.2 for more information about probe configuration.
- 4. Create a new hole configuration for every unique location where tilt is to be measured:

- Using the Context Menu (see section 3.2.1), after highlighting the Project element, select the "Add Hole" menu item to create a new hole configuration.
- Since the "hole" corresponds to a physical location, be sure to name it appropriately, such as, "Location1".
- Additional information may be entered in the "Description" field.
- For each new hole created, select the probe created in step 3.
- The hole parameters such as "Starting Level", "Interval", "Top Elevation" and "Azimuth Angle" are not applicable for Tiltmeter operation and can be left blank.
- Tap "Save Settings" to save the new hole configuration. See section 4.1 for more information about hole configuration.
- 5. Make sure that the "hole" corresponding to the location to be measured is selected in the Project Explorer.
- 6. Press the "POWER ON" button on the GK-604-4 interface and ensure that the blue indicator is blinking.
- 7. Tap the Live Readings menu item from the Application menu to start the reading process. If a valid Bluetooth connection can be established, a Tiltmeter specific Live Readings screen will be displayed (see Figure 84).

Note the drop-down control in Figure 84, located just to the right of the "A" value display. This allows the "A" value to be displayed in 3 different units, described below:

Digits Digit values are calculated as follows:

R1 = Probe Voltage (**PV**) * 2000 [**R1** is read from the Remote Module]

R0 = Zero Shift A [from probe configuration]

GF = Gage Factor A [from probe configuration]

GO = Gage Offset A [from probe configuration – usually zero (0)]

DIGITS = ((R1 - R0) * GF) + GO

<u>Volts</u> **PV** = (**R1** – **R0**) / 2000 [for Geokon probes: $\pm 4V \approx \pm 15$ degrees]

<u>Degrees</u> **DEGREES** = arcsin(**DIGITS** / 20000)

[multiply by 180/Pi if arcsin produces angles in radians]

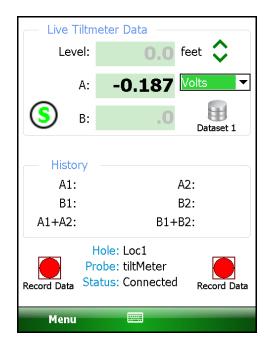


Figure 84 - Live Readings (Tiltmeter)

- 8. Align the Tiltmeter on the tiltplate in the A+ orientation, then tap "Record Data" to take the "A+" reading (see the 6101 User's Manual).
- 9. Tap the "Dataset" icon and observe that the dataset number changes to "2".
- 10. Reverse the Tiltmeter orientation to A- and, again, tap "Record Data" to take the "A-" reading. Tapping "Menu->Exit Live Readings" will display the window in Figure 85.

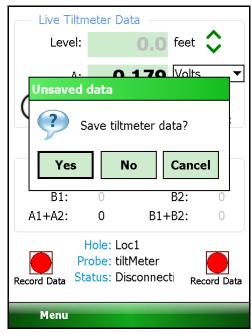


Figure 85 - Saving data query

11. Tap the "Yes" button to start the data saving process. The "Save File" dialog (Figure 86) will be displayed, allowing the user to name the data file to save.



Figure 86 - Save File Dialog

12. After tapping "Save" the GK-604D IRA will determine if the file exists. If this is a new file then the data will be written to it in a format similar to the standard Inclinometer format. If a file of the same name already exists then the dialog shown in Figure 87 will be displayed.

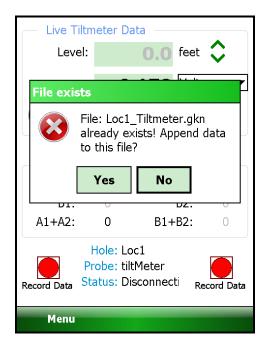


Figure 87 - File Exists Dialog

- 13. Tapping "Yes" on the "File exists" dialog allows multiple reads for this location to be stored in a single data file. See section G.1 for an example of Tiltmeter data format.
- 14. Tapping "No" at the "File exists" dialog will again call up the "Save File" dialog (see Figure 86) and another opportunity will be given to select a new file.

G.2. Tiltmeter Data Format

G.3 Dual Channel Digital Tiltmeter (Model 6101D)

The Model 6101D Tiltmeter (Figure 88) contains an integral battery and Bluetooth module, allowing the tiltmeter to be read directly with the FPC-1 running the GK-604D IRA. No external Interface Module is needed. The Model 6101D can also measure tilt in 2 axes: A and B.



Figure 88- Model 6101D Digital Tiltmeter

The Model 6101D Portable Tiltmeter is designed to be placed on an alignment plate (Tiltplates, 6201-1X, see Figure 83) that has been permanently attached to the structure being monitored. Measurements can be made on horizontal or vertical surfaces. The readings are taken in pairs, 180 degrees apart from each other, to eliminate any instrument bias and thereby obtain true tilt.

It is assumed that a valid Bluetooth pairing exists between the 6101D and the FPC-1 (see section 2.2 for more information about establishing Bluetooth pairings). The recommended steps for connecting to and taking a reading with the Model 6101D Tiltmeter are as follows:

- 1. Create an initial "hole" configuration corresponding to the unique location where tilt is to be measured:
 - Using the Context Menu (see section 3.2.1), after highlighting the Project element, select the "Add Hole" menu item to create a new configuration.
 - Since the "hole" corresponds to a physical location, be sure to name it appropriately, such as, "Location1".
 - Additional information may be entered in the "Description" field.
 - For the first location (hole) created, select "UNKNOWN" for "Probe name:".
 - The hole parameters such as "Starting Level", "Interval", "Top Elevation" and "Azimuth Angle" are not applicable for Tiltmeter operation and can be left blank.
 - Tap "Save Settings" to save the new location (hole) configuration. See section 4.1 for more information about hole configuration.
- 2. Make sure that the "hole" corresponding to the location to be measured is selected in the Project Explorer.
- 3. Press the "ON/OFF" button on the 6101D and ensure that the blue indicator light is blinking.
- 4. Tap the "Live Readings" menu item from the "Application" menu to start the reading process. If a valid Bluetooth connection can be established, a dual axis, tiltmeter specific, Live Readings screen will be displayed (see Figure 89).

Note the drop-down control in Figure 89, located just to the right of the "A" value display. This allows the "A" and "B" values to be displayed in 3 different units, described below:

<u>Digits</u>

Digit values are read directly from the 6101D Tiltmeter and are internally calculated as follows:

R1 = internal MEMS module voltage, (volts)

R0 = Zero Shift A [from internal probe configuration]

GF = Gage Factor A [from internal probe configuration]

GO = Gage Offset A [from internal probe configuration – usually zero]

DIGITS = (((2500 * R1) - R0) * GF) + GO

<u>Volts</u> **PV** = **DIGITS** / **2500** [for Geokon Tiltmeters: $\pm 4V \approx \pm 15$ degrees]

Degrees DEGREES = arcsin(DIGITS / 38637.03305)

[multiply by 180/Pi if **arcsin** produces angles in radians]

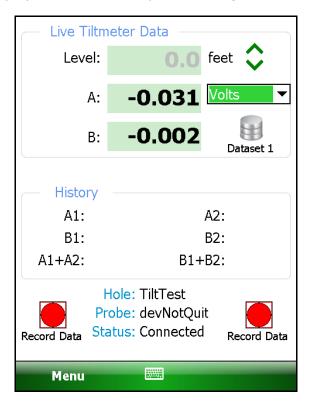


Figure 89 - Live Readings (Tiltmeter)

- 5. Align the Tiltmeter on the tiltplate in the A+ orientation, then tap "Record Data" to take the "A+" reading (see the 6101 User's Manual). For the Model 6101D, the "B+" reading is taken at the same time as "A+".
- 6. Tap the "Dataset" icon and observe that the dataset number changes to "2".
- 7. Reverse the Tiltmeter orientation to A- and, again, tap "Record Data" to take the "A-" reading. For the Model 6101D, the "B-" reading is taken at the same time as "A-". Tapping "Menu->Exit Live Readings" will display the window in Figure 85.
- 8. Tap the "Yes" button to start the data saving process. The "Save File" dialog (Figure 86) will be displayed, allowing the user to name the data file to save.
- 9. After tapping "Save" the GK-604D IRA will determine if the file exists. If this is a new file then the data will be written to it in a format similar to the standard Inclinometer format. If a file of the same name already exists then the dialog shown in Figure 87 will be displayed.

- 10. Tapping "Yes" on the "File exists" dialog allows multiple reads for this location to be stored in a single data file. See section G.4 for an example of Dual Axis Tiltmeter data format.
- 11. Tapping "No" at the "File exists" dialog will again call up the "Save File" dialog (see Figure 86) and another opportunity will be given to select a new file.

G.4. Dual-Axis Tiltmeter Data Format

APPENDIX H. Spiral and Compass Probe Operation

The GK-604D IRA supports two different compass probes:

- 1) The analog Spiral Indicator Probe (6005-3), requiring the GK-604-3 Analog Reel System or the GK-604-4 Interface Module.
- 2) The digital Inclinometer/Compass Probe (6100D-X, Firmware Version V2.5), requiring a GK-604D-X Digital Reel System with a firmware version of V2.5 or higher.

While both probes can provide spiral survey data, there are significant differences in their features and operation. The two probes are individually described in the sections that follow.

H.1 Spiral Indicator Probe (6005-3)

The Spiral Indicator Probe (see Figure 90) connects to a GK-604-3 Analog Reel System (see Figure 6) or the GK-604-4 Interface Module (see Figure 5). In general, operation of the Spiral probe is similar to the standard 6100-1X probe with a few exceptions. The steps below provide basic instruction on how to perform a spiral survey:



Figure 90 - Spiral Indicator Probe (6005-3)

- 1. Connect the 6005-3 probe to the Remote Module and ensure that a Bluetooth pairing exists between the Remote Module and the FPC-1 Field PC. See Section 2.2 for more information regarding Bluetooth pairing.
- 2. Launch the GK-604D IRA.
- 3. Create a new probe in the Probe Library and configure it for a probe type of "Compass". Enter "200" for "Zero Shift A" and ".1" for "Gage Factor A" parameters (see Section 4.2, Probe Configuration). Save the settings.
- 4. Create a new hole to represent the physical hole, shaft or well that a spiral survey is to be performed on. Select the compass probe created in item #3 as the probe to be assigned to this hole. Set the "Azimuth Angle" parameter to "0" then save settings (see Section 4.2, Hole Configuration).
- 5. Press the "POWER ON (BLUETOOTH)" button on the reel and ensure that the blue light is blinking.
- 6. From the main screen, tap the "Application" menu (Figure 27) then "Live Readings" (Section 3.3.1) to display the "Live Readings" screen for compass headings (see Figure 91).

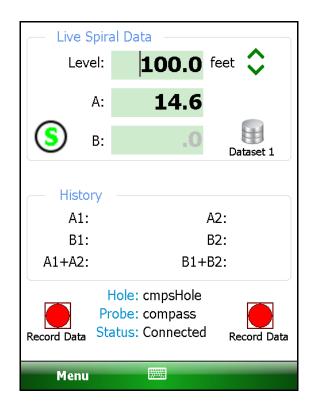


Figure 91 - Live Readings for Spiral Data

- 7. Unlike an inclinometer survey, a spiral survey only requires A+ data so a second pass is not necessary (do **not** tap Dataset after first pass).
- 8. When done the survey, tap "Menu->Exit Live Readings" and the screen shown in Figure 92 will be displayed. Tap "Yes" to save the compass survey data.

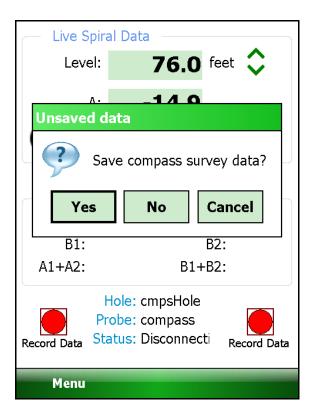


Figure 92 - Saving Compass Survey Data

9. The survey data is saved into a ".gkn" file with a slightly different format than for an inclinometer survey (see Section H.3, Spiral Indicator Data). This data file can be viewed (select "Raw Data as Table") and/or exported for later use in analysis.

H.2 Inclinometer/Compass Probe (6100D-X)

As of probe firmware version V2.5, coupled with the GK-604D reel assembly (also V2.5), all digital inclinometer probes now include a 3-axis, magneto-resistive, compass sensor survey (see Figure 93). The compass sensor coupled with 2 axes of MEMS, allow a spiral survey to be performed **at the same time** as the inclinometer survey.



Figure 93 – Digital Inclinometer/Compass Probe (6100D-X)

Follow the steps below to perform a compass survey with the Digital Inclinometer/Compass Probe:

- 1. Connect the 6100D-X probe to the Remote Module and ensure that a Bluetooth pairing exists between the Remote Module and the FPC-1 Field PC. See Section 2.2 for more information regarding Bluetooth pairing.
- 2. Launch the GK-604D IRA.
- 3. If one does not already exist, create a hole to represent the physical hole, shaft or well where the inclinometer/compass survey is to be performed. If a probe configuration exists for the Inclinometer/Compass probe, then select the name of the probe to be assigned to this hole, otherwise set the "Probe" to "UNKNOWN". Set the "Azimuth Angle" parameter to "0" then save settings.
- 4. Press the "POWER ON (BLUETOOTH)" button on the reel and ensure that the

- blue light is blinking.
- 5. From the main screen, tap the "Application" menu (Figure 27) then "Live Readings" (Section 3.3.1). If the probe serial number matches a probe configuration serial number from the Probe Library then the "Live Readings" screen will be displayed (see Figure 32). Proceed to step 6.
 - If the probe has never been detected before, a screen similar to the one in Figure 7 will be displayed. Tap "ok" to continue and the GK-604D IRA will display a probe editing screen to allow the probe to be named (see Figure 8). After entering a name, tap "Menu->Save Settings". If the hole to be surveyed has an "UNKNOWN" probe assigned to it then the GK-604D IRA will ask if this newly discovered probe should be assigned to this hole (see Figure 9). Selecting "Yes" will cause the GK-604D IRA to display the screen shown in Figure 32.
- 6. If the GK-604D IRA has detected an inclinometer with the integral compass, tapping the "Menu" option will the display the menu shown in Figure 36. Tapping the menu option, "Enable Compass Survey", will display the message shown (in red) in Figure 94 for approximately 5 seconds and will enable the compass survey option. This message informs the user that, with the compass enabled, an inclinometer survey will take approximately 30% longer.

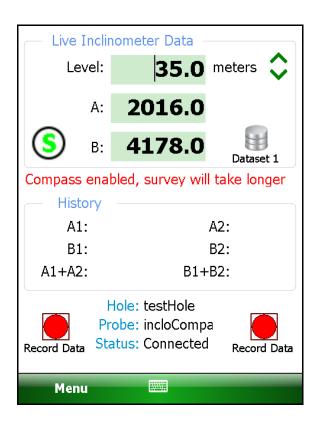


Figure 94 – Compass Enable Message

7. With the compass enabled, a survey is performed as normal (see Section 3.3.1) and the compass heading can be displayed at any level by tapping on "Menu->View Compass Data", displaying the screen shown in figure 95.

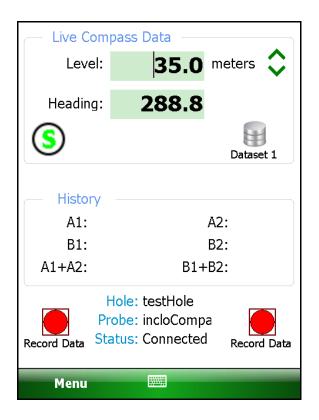


Figure 95 - Live Compass Data

- 8. While live compass data is being shown, "Live Inclinometer Data" can be redisplayed at any time by tapping on "Menu->View Inclinometer Data".
- 9. When done the survey, tap "Menu->Exit Live Readings" and the "Unsaved data" prompt (see Figure 33) will be displayed. Tap "Yes" to save the inclinometer/compass survey data.
- 10. The inclinometer survey data is saved into a ".gkn" file as normal while the compass survey data is saved into a ".gks" file. The ".gks" file format is supported by SiteMaster inclinometer analysis software and is very similar to standard inclinometer survey data with the following exceptions:
 - A+ data is always in degrees.
 - A- and B- are always zero (0)
 - B+ data is always 90 degrees greater than A+
- 11. The compass data file can be viewed (select "Raw Data as Table") and/or exported for later use in analysis. See Section H.4 for an example ".gks" file.

H.2.1 Calibrate Compass

For optimum accuracy, the digital inclinometer/compass probe should be calibrated for each site. The GK-604D IRA provides a dialog to facilitate this (see Section 3.2.1.1 and Figure 36). A compass survey does not need to be enabled to perform the calibration.

While the GK-604D IRA is connected to the probe and displaying the "Live Readings" screen, tap on "Menu->Calibrate Compass" to display the initial calibration screen (see Figure 96).

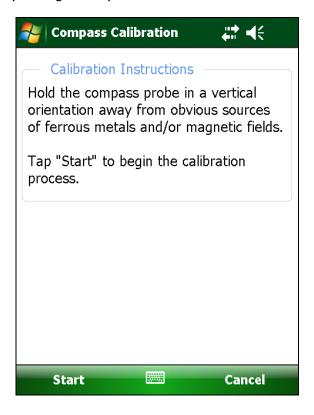


Figure 96 - Initial Calibration Screen

Tapping "Start" begins the calibration process (see Figure 97).

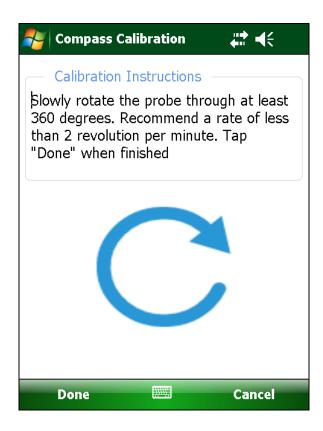


Figure 97 - Calibration Routine

As the instructions state, the probe should be held in an upright position and slowly rotated through at least 360 degrees. The large rotating blue "arrow" serves 2 purposes: one, it indicates to the user that the probe should be turned and two, it provides feedback that the calibration routine is still running. Tapping "Done" sends a command to the probe that calibration is finished and the Live Readings screen is re-displayed.

H.3 Spiral Indicator Data

```
***
GK 604E(v1.2.0.0,07/14);2.0; FORMAT II
PROJECT :testProj
HOLE NO. :cmpsHole
DATE :7/21/14
TIME
         :15:12:03
PROBE NO.:compass
FILE NAME: cmpsHole Compass001.gkn
#READINGS:51
FLEVEL, HEADING 100.0, -14.5
  98.0, -14.5
  96.0, -14.5
  94.0, -14.4
  92.0, -14.4
  90.0, -14.5
  88.0, -14.5
86.0, -14.6
  84.0, -14.5
  82.0, -14.6
  80.0, -14.5
  78.0, -17.5
```

H.4 Compass Survey Data

```
GK 604M(v1.2.0.0,07/14);2.0; FORMAT II
PROJECT :testProj
HOLE NO. :testHole
       :7/22/14
DATE
        :11:30:57
TIME
PROBE NO.:incloCompass
FILE NAME: testHole 012 Compass.GKS
#READINGS:71
FLEVEL,
                      B+,
                            B-
        A+,
               A-,
              0,
0,
0,
                    254,
 35.0,
       164,
 34.5, 164,
                     254,
                             0
 34.0,
        168,
                     258,
                             0
```