Freescale Semiconductor

Application Note

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NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e

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1 Introduction

This document describes the procedures needed to perform NAND flash boot with a Freescale MPC5121e. The hardware platform used in this example is a Silicon Turnkey Express ADS512101 rev 4 board.

Refer to the latest silicon and board documentation for updates to the information in this document. This document was written using the information in:

- 1. Freescale document MPC5121ERM, MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual, Rev. 3, October 2008.
- 2. Silicon Turnkey Express document ADS512101UM, *ADS512101 Advanced Development System User's Manual*, Rev. 1.1, September 4, 2008.
- 3. Freescale document AN3765, "Porting Linux for the MPC5121e," Rev. 0, 12/2008.

Contents

1	Intro	duction
2	ADS	512101 Board Preparation
3	MPC	5121e Microcontroller Configuration 2
	3.1	Reset
	3.2	I/O Control
	3.3	NAND Flash Boot
4	U-Boot NAND Flash Boot Software	
	4.1	Adding NAND Flash Boot Support to U-boot 4
	4.2	Files Modified in U-boot version u-boot-2008.105
	4.3	Description of the nand_spl Directory Source Code 6
5	NAN	D Flash Boot Software6
	5.1	nandstart.S
	5.2	nandload.c11
App	endix	A ADS512101 Top Board Layout 15



2 ADS512101 Board Preparation

Verify your board is working. The board ships with a version of u-boot software in the NOR flash. U-boot should boot from NOR flash and give you a command prompt on the UART0 serial port. The UART0 serial port is configured to 115,200 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no hardware handshaking.

The factory default for all eight of the SW3 positions is to be on. To make the board boot from NAND flash you must put SW3 position 2 to off. See the *ADS512101 Advanced Development System User's Manual* for further information including a board layout diagram that shows the location of SW3. The board layout diagram is included in this document as Appendix A, "ADS512101 Top Board Layout."

The ADS512101 uses a Hynix HY27UG088G(5/D)M 1 GB NAND flash which has a $\times 8$ bus width, and is arranged into (2k + 64) pages.

3 MPC5121e Microcontroller Configuration

3.1 Reset

Chapter 4, "Reset," of the *MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual* describes the reset process. Four fields in the Reset Configuration Word High Register (RCWHR) affect the NAND flash boot and they must be set accordingly. See section 4.7.2, "Reset Configuration Word High Register (RCWHR)," for further information regarding these four fields:

- ROMLOC[1:0]—selects the boot device. A value of 01 or 11 will select a NAND boot.
- NFC_PS—selects the NAND flash page size and is dependent on the value selected for ROMLOC[1:0].
- NFC_DBW—selects the NAND flash data port size.
- BMS—selects where the e300 will fetch the first instruction, either at address 0x0000_0000 or at address 0xfff0 0000.

Further information regarding these four RCWHR fields is also included in section 26.6.1, "Modes of Operation," of the NFC chapter of the MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual.

Section 4.6.7, "NFC Initialization Sequence," describes the steps that must be performed by the initial bootloader software when booting from NAND flash. This section also describes the functionality that can be deferred until the software is executing from DRAM. Here is a summary of the functionality that must be implemented in the NAND flash boot:

- 1. Configure the IMMR reset vector.
- 2. Configure the DRAM & NFC clock dividers. The default NFC clock values work fine, but increasing the clock speed will decrease boot time.
- 3. Configure the NFC parameters.
- 4. Initialize DRAM. Initialization should include DRAM access window as well as timings and initialization.
- 5. Copy the system software image to DRAM. The example code in this document uses a software loop to copy the image from NFC RAM to DRAM. However, DMA can also be used to copy the image, with the added benefit of decreased boot time.

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

3

6. Perform absolute jump from NFC RAM to the DRAM system software image, where additional system initialization can be performed. A relative branch should not be used.

3.2 I/O Control

Chapter 22, "IO Control," of the *MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual* describes the muxing and configuring of the pads. See the notes at the end of table 22-10, "Pad IO Control Register Table," which point out that the default slew rates for the LPC and NFC signals depend on the designated boot source. The LPC/EMB pins, which are not used during NAND flash boot, are by default configured to the slowest slew rate. This behavior may need to be modified to meet the needs of your system.

3.3 NAND Flash Boot

Chapter 26, "NAND Flash Controller (NFC)," of the MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual describes the NAND flash boot process.

Section 26.6.1, "Modes of Operation," describes the Reset Configuration register (RCWHR) settings that must be set to reflect the hardware environment, specifically the NAND flash page size (NFC_PS), NAND flash bus width (NFC_DBW), and selecting the NAND flash as the boot ROM (ROMLOC[1:0]).

Section 26.6.2, "Booting From a NAND Flash Device," describes the boot process. This information describes the behavior of the MPC5121e silicon when the NAND flash is the boot ROM.

The NFC ECC engine can correct four or eight symbols in an NFC page. If an unrecoverable number of symbol errors occur in the first NFC page, then software cannot do anything. If an unrecoverable number of symbol errors occur in any of the following NFC pages, then software can issue an error status, ignore the unrecoverable page, or read a duplicate copy of the page. Duplicate pages require that the NAND flash be programmed accordingly.

4 U-Boot NAND Flash Boot Software

U-boot is a bootloader software available from www.denx.de. A u-boot that supports NAND flash boot for the MPC5121e was developed in early 2009 using u-boot version "u-boot-2008.10."

Four source code files are available with this document and can be downloaded in a zip file that should appear with this application note on freescale.com. The first two files are patch files used to create a complete u-boot source code tree with NAND flash boot support. The other two files are a subset of the u-boot source code tree, but provide easy access to these two key files. The files are:

- u-boot 2008.10 ADS5121 NFC NAND Flash Driver 20090130.patch
- u-boot_2008.10_ADS5121_NAND_Flash_Boot_20090130.patch
- nandstart.S
- nandload.c

Obtain u-boot version "u-boot-2008.10," as this is the basis of the software for this document. This version of software will only provide support for a NOR flash u-boot image for the ADS512101 board. Verify you are able to successfully build and run a NOR flash u-boot image on your board. If you are unfamiliar with

U-Boot NAND Flash Boot Software

u-boot, refer to Freescale application note AN3765, "Porting Linux for the MPC5121e," section 2.1, "u-boot Source Code from DENX," for further instructions on how to obtain, configure, and build u-boot.

4.1 Adding NAND Flash Boot Support to U-boot

To add NAND flash boot support to the u-boot version "u-boot-2008.10" source code tree, you must apply two patches. Copy the two patch files available with this document:

- u-boot 2008.10 ADS5121 NFC NAND Flash Driver 20090130.patch
- u-boot 2008.10 ADS5121 NAND Flash Boot 20090130.patch

to the base directory of your "u-boot-2008.10" source code tree. Then apply the two patch files in this order:

- 1. NAND flash driver patch
- 2. NAND flash boot patch

Apply the patches like this:

patch file containing ADS5121 NAND flash driver support

```
patch -p1 < u-boot_2008.10_ADS5121_NFC_NAND_Flash_Driver_20090130.patch
```

#patch file containing ADS5121 NAND flash boot support

```
patch -p1 < u-boot_2008.10_ADS5121_NAND_Flash_Boot_20090130.patch
```

Once you have applied the patches, build a NAND flash boot u-boot image by entering the commands:

#remove derived files

make clean

#config u-boot to build an ADS5121 NAND flash boot u-boot image

```
make ADS5121_nand_config
```

#make an ADS5121 NAND flash boot u-boot image

make

Once the "make" command has successfully completed executing, the u-boot images will exist. They are located in the base directory of your "u-boot-2008.10" source code tree and in the "nand_spl" sub-directory:

nand_spl/u-boot-spl-2k.bin—the 2 KB image that is loaded as the first page from the NAND flash into the NFC internal RAM buffer. This image should be programmed into offset 0x0000_0000 of the NAND flash.

u-boot.bin—the remaining portion of u-boot which is copied into DRAM by nand_spl/u-boot-spl-2k.bin. This image should be programmed into offset 0x0000_0800 of the NAND flash.

u-boot-nand.bin—a concatenation of the two files listed above, nand_spl/u-boot-spl-2k.bin and u-boot.bin. If you wish to flash program the entire u-boot software in one operation, then this image should be programmed into offset 0x0000 0000 of the NAND flash.

To make your board boot from NAND flash, you need to program the u-boot-nand.bin image using a JTAG NAND flash programmer or a u-boot that has NAND flash programming capability. You must also configure your board to boot from NAND flash as described in Section 2, "ADS512101 Board Preparation."

To program u-boot-nand.bin using a u-boot that has NAND flash programming capability, the network settings must be configured appropriately. Refer to Freescale application note AN3765, "Porting Linux for the MPC5121e," section 2.2, "u-boot Source Code from Freescale," for further instructions on configuring the network settings. At the u-boot prompt enter these commands:

use the u-boot NAND flash driver to erase part of the NAND Flash nand erase 0 44000

use tftp to do a network transfer of the u-boot-nand.bin image from the host server to the board tftp 300000 u-boot-nand.bin

use the u-boot NAND Flash driver to program the u-boot-nand.bin image nand write 300000 0

To initialize the bad block table in a NAND flash, use this command before attempting to erase or program the NAND flash from u-boot:

initialize NAND Flash bad block table

nand bad

To program u-boot-nand.bin using a JTAG NAND flash programmer, set the NAND flash programmer to program the binary image at an offset of 0x0000_0000. The NAND flash programmer must support the NAND flash part and configuration, which is described in Section 2, "ADS512101 Board Preparation."

4.2 Files Modified in U-boot version u-boot-2008.10

Files that are modified to support the NAND flash driver in u-boot are:

- 1. board/ads5121/ads5121.c
- 2. drivers/mtd/nand/Makefile
- 3. drivers/mtd/nand/fsl nfc nand.c
- 4. include/configs/ads5121.h

Files that are modified to support NAND flash boot in u-boot are:

- 1. Makefile
- 2. board/ads5121/ads5121.c
- 3. board/ads5121/config.mk
- 4. cpu/mpc512x/start.S
- 5. include/configs/ads5121.h
- 6. include/mpc512x.h
- 7. nand spl/board/ads5121/Makefile

- 8. nand_spl/board/ads5121/config.mk
- 9. nand spl/board/ads5121/dram.h
- 10. nand spl/board/ads5121/nandload.c
- 11. nand_spl/board/ads5121/nandstart.S
- 12. nand spl/board/ads5121/nfc.h
- 13. nand_spl/board/ads5121/u-boot.lds

4.3 Description of the nand_spl Directory Source Code

The nand_spl (secondary program loader) directory contains the source to build the image that is automatically loaded into the first page of the NAND flash. This first page is automatically loaded into the MPC5121e NFC memory during reset. The u-boot-2008.10/nand_spl/board/ads5121 directory contains the two source code files used to build the nand_spl image. These two source files are also included below in Section 5, "NAND Flash Boot Software." The files are:

- 1. nandstart.S—First code to execute. Performs early initialization, calls nandload() function, and jumps to the fully loaded u-boot image once it is in DRAM.
- 2. nandload.c—Contains code that reads the entire u-boot image (as NAND flash pages) and writes them to DRAM.

5 NAND Flash Boot Software

The initial bootloader software to execute in support of NAND flash boot on the MPC5121e should focus on following the algorithm described in the MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual section 4.6.7, "NFC Initialization Sequence." This initial bootloader software must configure the hardware platform including the DRAM, so that the entire system software can be copied from NAND flash to DRAM. This initial bootloader software is limited in size to either 2 KB or 4 KB.

An alternative initial bootloader software algorithm that can be used to bypass the limit of a single NAND flash page of 512 bytes or 2 KB involves loading intermediate initial software, or even the entire system software, into the MPC5121e 128 KB on-chip SRAM.

The following code provides example code that performs the algorithm described in the *MPC5121e Microcontroller Reference Manual* section 4.6.7, "NFC Initialization Sequence." This code is from the u-boot bootloader software. See Section 4, "U-Boot NAND Flash Boot Software," for further information regarding u-boot.

5.1 nandstart.S

u-boot-2008.10/nand_spl/board/ads5121/nandstart.S

```
/*

* (C) Copyright 2009

* Martha Marx, Silicon Turnkey Express, mmarx@silicontkx.com

*

* Based on original start.S done by

* Copyright (C) 1998 Dan Malek <dmalek@jlc.net>

* Copyright (C) 1999 Magnus Damm <kieraypc01.p.y.kie.era.ericsson.se>
```

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

```
Copyright (C) 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007 Wolfgang Denk <wd@denx.de>
^{\star} start.S for mpc512x was originally based on the MPC83xx code.
* See file CREDITS for list of people who contributed to this
 * project.
* This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
 * modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as
 * published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of
 * the License, or (at your option) any later version.
* This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
* but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
* MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
* GNU General Public License for more details.
* You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
* along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
* Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston,
* MA 02111-1307 USA
*/
* U-Boot - NAND Boot Startup Code for MPC5121 Embedded Boards
#define DEBUG
#include <config.h>
#include <mpc512x.h>
#include <version.h>
#include "dram.h"
#include "nfc.h"
#define CONFIG 521X1/* needed for Linux kernel header files*/
#include <ppc asm.tmpl>
#include <ppc defs.h>
#include <asm/cache.h>
#include <asm/mmu.h>
#ifndef CONFIG IDENT STRING
#define CONFIG IDENT STRING "MPC512X"
#endif
* Floating Point enable, Machine Check and Recoverable Interr.
#undef MSR KERNEL
#ifdef DEBUG
#define MSR KERNEL (MSR FP|MSR RI)
#define MSR KERNEL (MSR FP|MSR ME|MSR RI)
#endif
/* Macros for manipulating CSx START/STOP */
#define START REG(start)((start) >> 16)
```

```
#define STOP_REG(start, size)(((start) + (size) - 1) >> 16)
#define SET MEM BASE(r, b) \
        lis
              r,(b)@h;\
        ori
               r,r,(b)@1;\
#define SET_REG32(r, v, offset, mr)\
        lis
              r, v@h; \
                r, r, v@1;\
        ori
        stw
                r, offset(mr);\
#define SET_REG16(r, v, offset, mr)\
        li
              r, v;
        sth
               r, offset(mr);\
        .text
        .globl version_string
version string:
        .ascii U BOOT VERSION
        .ascii " (", __DATE__, " - ", __TIME__, ")"
        .ascii " ", CONFIG IDENT STRING, " "
        .ascii "2K NAND BOOT ","\0"
        . = EXC_OFF_SYS_RESET
        .globl start
        /* Start from here after reset/power on */
start:
boot_cold:
        /* Save msr contents */
        mfmsr r5
        lis
                 r4, CONFIG_DEFAULT_IMMR@h
        /\star Set IMMR area to our preferred location \star/
        mfspr
                 r6, MBAR
        lis
                 r3, CFG IMMR@h
        ori
                 r3, r3, CFG_IMMR@l
                 r3, r6
        cmpw
                 1f /* it has already been set to what we want it to be */
        beq
                    /* -- nice to chk if coming out of the BDI
                 r3, IMMRBAR(r4)
        stw
                 MBAR, r3 /* IMMRBAR is mirrored into the MBAR SPR (311) */
        mtspr
        isync
1:
        lis
                 r4, START REG(CFG FLASH BASE)
        ori
                 r4, r4, STOP REG(CFG FLASH BASE, CFG FLASH SIZE)
                 r4, LPBAW(r3)
        stw
        stw
                 r4, LPCSOAW(r3)
        isync
        /* Initialise the machine */
        bl
                 cpu early init
        isync
         * The SRAM window has a fixed size (256K),
         ^{\star} so only the start addressis necessary
```

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

```
r3, CFG IMMR@h
       lis
             r3, r3, CFG IMMR@l
       ori
       lis
              r4, START REG(CFG SRAM BASE) & 0xff00
       stw
               r4, SRAMBAR(r3)
        * According to MPC5121e RM, configuring local access windows should
        ^{\star} be followed by a dummy read of the config register that was
        * modified last and an isync
       lwz
              r4, SRAMBAR(r3)
       isync
       /* r3: BOOTFLAG */
              r3, r21
       bl
               dram init
       /* r3: BOOTFLAG */
               r3, r21
               r1, (CFG INIT RAM ADDR + CFG GBL DATA OFFSET)@h
               r1, r1, (CFG_INIT_RAM_ADDR + CFG_GBL_DATA_OFFSET)@1
       /* copy the full U-Boot into DDR */
       bl
               nandload
       /* and jump to it */
jump uboot:
       SET MEM BASE (r10, CFG NAND U BOOT START)
       mtlr
               r10
       isync
       blr
       /* NOTREACHED - nand boot() does not return */
* This code initialises the machine,
* it expects original MSR contents to be in r5
*/
cpu early init:
        /* Initialize machine status; enable machine check interrupt */
        /*----*/
              r3, MSR KERNEL /* Set ME and RI flags */
       rlwimi r3, r5, 0, 25, 25/* preserve IP bit */
#ifdef DEBUG
       rlwimi r3, r5, 0, 21, 22/* debugger might set SE, BE bits */
#endif
       mtmsr
               r3
       SYNC
                         /* Mirror current MSR state in SRR1 */
       mtspr
               SRR1, r3
       lis
              r3, CFG IMMR@h
       /* Disable the watchdog */
        /*----*/
       lwz r4, SWCRR(r3)
        * Check to see if it's enabled for disabling: once disabled by s/w
```

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

```
* it's not possible to re-enable it
         */
        andi. r4, r4, 0x4
        beg 1f
        xor r4, r4, r4
        stw r4, SWCRR(r3)
1:
        /* Initialize the Hardware Implementation-dependent Registers */
        /* HIDO also contains cache control*/
        lis
                 r3, CFG HIDO INIT@h
                 r3, r3, CFG HIDO INIT@1
        ori
        SYNC
        mtspr
                 HIDO, r3
        blr
dram init:
        SET MEM BASE (r3, CFG IMMR + IOCTL BASE ADDR)
        SET REG32 (r4, IOCTRL MUX DDR, IOCTL MEM, r3)
        SET MEM BASE (r3, CFG IMMR)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG DDR BASE & 0xFFFFF000, DDR LAW BAR, r3)
        SET REG32(r4, 0x0000001c, DDR LAW AR, r3)
        lwz
                r0, DDR LAW AR(r3)
        isync
        SET MEM BASE (r3, CFG IMMR + MDDRC BASE OFFSET)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRC SYS CFG EN, DDR SYS CONFIG, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP PM CFG1, DRAMPRIOM PRIOMAN CONFIG1, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP PM CFG2, DRAMPRIOM PRIOMAN CONFIG2, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_HIPRIO_CFG, DRAMPRIOM_HIPRIO_CONFIG, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT0_MU, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE0_MAIN_UP, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT0 ML, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE0 MAIN LOW, r3)
        SET REG32(r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT1 MU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE1 MAIN UP, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT1 ML, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE1 MAIN LOW, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT2 MU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE2 MAIN UP, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT2 ML, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE2 MAIN LOW, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT3 MU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE3 MAIN UP, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT3 ML, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE3 MAIN LOW, r3)
        SET REG32(r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT4 MU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE4 MAIN UP, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT4_ML, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE4_MAIN_LOW, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT0_AU, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE0_ALT_UP, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT0_AL, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE0_ALT_LOW, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT1_AU, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE1_ALT_UP, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT1_AL, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE1_ALT_LOW, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT2 AU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE2 ALT UP, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT2 AL, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE2 ALT LOW, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT3 AU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE3 ALT UP, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT3 AL, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE3 ALT LOW, r3)
        SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRCGRP LUT4 AU, DRAMPRIOM LUT TABLE4 ALT UP, r3)
        SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MDDRCGRP_LUT4_AL, DRAMPRIOM_LUT_TABLE4_ALT_LOW, r3)
        /* Initialize MDDRC */
```

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

11

```
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRC SYS CFG EN, DDR SYS CONFIG, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRC TIME CFG0, DDR TIME CONFIG0, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRC TIME CFG1, DDR TIME CONFIG1, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRC TIME CFG2, DDR TIME CONFIG2, r3)
/* Initialize DDR */
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON NOP, DDR COMMAND, r3)
     r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
stw
       r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
      r4, DDR_COMMAND(r3);
st.w
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
stw
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
stw
stw
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
stw
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
stw
stw
      r4, DDR COMMAND(r3);
SET REG32(r4, CFG MICRON PCHG ALL, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r5, CFG MICRON NOP, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON RFSH, DDR COMMAND, r3)
       r5, DDR COMMAND(r3);
SET_REG32 (r4, CFG_MICRON_RFSH, DDR_COMMAND, r3)
        r5, DDR COMMAND(r3);
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON INIT DEV OP, DDR COMMAND, r3)
        r5, DDR COMMAND(r3);
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON EM2, DDR COMMAND, r3)
       r5, DDR COMMAND(r3);
SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MICRON_PCHG_ALL, DDR_COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON EM2, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON EM3, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON EN DLL, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MICRON_INIT_DEV_OP, DDR_COMMAND, r3)
SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MICRON_PCHG_ALL, DDR_COMMAND, r3)
SET_REG32(r4, CFG_MICRON_RFSH, DDR_COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON INIT DEV OP, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON OCD DEFAULT, DDR COMMAND, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MICRON PCHG ALL, DDR COMMAND, r3)
stw
       r5, DDR COMMAND(r3);
/* Start MDDRC */
SET REG32(r4, CFG MDDRC TIME CFG0 RUN, DDR TIME CONFIG0, r3)
SET REG32 (r4, CFG MDDRC SYS CFG RUN, DDR SYS CONFIG, r3)
isync
blr
```

5.2 nandload.c

```
u-boot-2008.10/nand_spl/board/ads5121/nandload.c
/*
   * (C) Copyright 2009
```

```
* Martha Marx, Silicon Turnkey Express, mmarx@silicontkx.com
 * See file CREDITS for list of people who contributed to this
 * project.
 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
 * modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as
 * published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of
 * the License, or (at your option) any later version.
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston,
 * MA 02111-1307 USA
 */
#include <common.h>
#include <mpc512x.h>
#include <version.h>
#define CONFIG 521X1/* needed for Linux kernel header files*/
#include <ppc asm.tmpl>
#include <ppc defs.h>
#include <asm/bitops.h>
#include <asm/io.h>
#include <asm/cache.h>
#include <asm/mmu.h>
#include "nfc.h"
/*!
* This function polls the NFC to wait for the basic operation to complete by
 ^{\star} checking the INT bit of config2 register.
 * @max retries number of retry attempts
static void wait_op_mjmdone(void)
        int i;
        int max retries = 10000;
        u16 output;
        u16 temp;
        while (1) {
                 max retries--;
                 output = in be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2));
                 temp = output;
                 if (output & NFC INT) {
                          out_be16((u16 *)(CFG_NAND_BASE + NFC_NF_CFG2), 0x0);
                          break;
                  } else
                          for (i = 1000; i > 0; i--) {
```

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

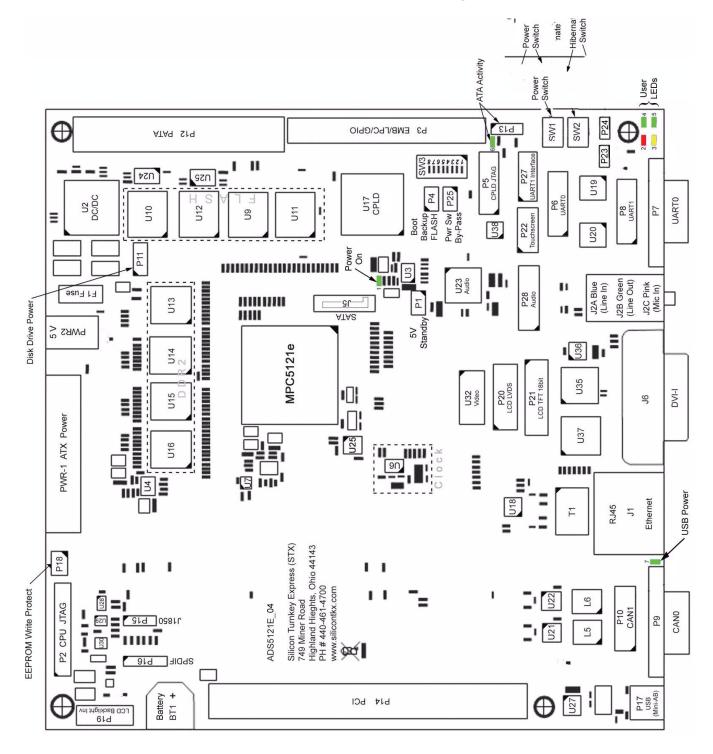
```
if (temp >= 0x8ffa)
                                             break;
                           }
                 if (max retries <= 0)</pre>
                          max retries += 10000;
        return;
void nandload (void)
         /* nand init */
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NFC CFG), 0x0002);
        out be16((u16 ^{\star})(CFG NAND BASE + NFC SPAS), 0x0020);
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG1), 0x0cb2);
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC FLASH CMD), NAND CMD READO);
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC CMD);
        wait op mjmdone();
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC FLASH ADDR), 0x0);
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC ADDR);
        wait op mjmdone();
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC ADDR);
        wait_op_mjmdone();
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC ADDR);
        wait op mjmdone();
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC ADDR);
        wait op mjmdone();
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC ADDR);
        wait_op_mjmdone();
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC FLASH CMD), NAND CMD READCACHE);
        out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC CMD);
        wait op mjmdone();
        unsigned long *i, *j;
        int k;
        int num pages = NUMPAGES;
        unsigned long *mem idx = (unsigned long *)0x100;
        i = (unsigned long *) CFG NAND U BOOT DST;
        do {
                  /* readout a page and copy to mem --
                    cache mode means we can skip the address cycle
                  * /
                 out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC RAM BUF ADDR),
                           RAM BUFFER ADDRESS RBA 4);
                 out be16((u16 *)(CFG NAND BASE + NFC NF CFG2), NFC OUTPUT);
                 /* Wait for operation to complete */
                 wait_op_mjmdone();
                 for (j = (u32 *) (CFG NAND BASE + TWO K), k = 0;
                                    k < TWO K/4; i++, j++, k++) {
                           *i = *j;
                  /* put exception vectors at 0x0 - vector size is 0x13ff */
                           if (i \geq (u32 *) (CFG NAND U BOOT DST + TWO K + 0x100)
                                              && mem idx < (u32 *)0x1400)
                                    (*(mem idx++)) = *j;
                  }
```

NAND Flash Boot for the Freescale MPC5121e, Rev. 0

```
num_pages--;
} while (num_pages > 0);

out_be16((u16 *)(CFG_NAND_BASE + NFC_FLASH_CMD), NAND_CMD_READCACHEND);
out_be16((u16 *)(CFG_NAND_BASE + NFC_NF_CFG2), NFC_CMD);
wait_op_mjmdone();
return;
```

Appendix A ADS512101 Top Board Layout



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