

Datapanel

Operator Interface Products

*Datapanel
30 and 50 Series*

User's Manual

GFK-1657A

March 2001

Warnings, Cautions, and Notes as Used in this Publication

Warning

Warning notices are used in this publication to emphasize that hazardous voltages, currents, temperatures, or other conditions that could cause personal injury exist in this equipment or may be associated with its use.

In situations where inattention could cause either personal injury or damage to equipment, a Warning notice is used.

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Caution notices are used where equipment might be damaged if care is not taken.

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Content of This Manual

This manual describes features, installation, and operation of the Datapanel Model 30 and 50 products.

- Chapter 1. Quick Start:** provides a simplified introduction and operation guide.
- Chapter 2. Introduction to the Datapanel Range and Models 30/35 and 50/55:** provides an overview of capabilities, configuration, and system components; provides a brief functional description of each of the Datapanel models and outlines features and capabilities.
- Chapter 3. Installing the Hardware:** outlines Datapanel installation.
- Chapter 4. Operation Guide:** provides operational guidelines for Run Mode scenarios.
- Chapter 5. Special Operations: Host Transfer Mode:** outlines the use of the Mode menu.
- Chapter 6. Specifications:** provides tables listing the various hardware, technical, electrical, and other Datapanel system specifications.
- Appendix A. Error Codes:** lists the standard communications block and system error codes.
- Appendix B. Glossary:** provides a glossary of terms applicable to Datapanel operation.

Related Publications

GFK-1658 *Data Designer Software User's Guide*

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Chapter 1

Quick Start

This section is provided as a simplified introduction and operation guide. See subsequent chapters for more detailed information and explanation.

Installing the Datapanel

After positioning the Datapanel in the cutout, drill four 3/16" holes in the appropriate locations for the four mounting studs. Cut straight lines between the holes to form an opening for the OI. Carefully insert the OI from the front of the panel. Use the provided 8/32 nuts to snug down the OI to the panel. Be careful not to over tighten the nuts as it may cause damage to the OI. Refer to Chapter 4 for cutout dimensions.

Connect the PLC-Datapanel cable between the PLC and the Datapanel. Connect the Datapanel power.

Starting Up

On power-up, the Datapanel will enter Run Mode and begin normal operation. The Start Up page will be displayed if one was specified during configuration with the configuration software. Otherwise, the first configured page will be displayed. Two lines of text display are available for system use.


Viewing Other Pages

For a process that is running routinely, you would likely display a page which provides a good summary of process conditions. Other pages provide alternate views of the operation of the process. You can scroll through the pages by pressing the → or ← keys.

Modifying the Process – Models 50 and 55 Only

An operator can modify the ongoing process by using the edit function or using a pre configured function key write operation. This enables fresh values to be transmitted for any configured tag.

Edit Function – Models 50 and 55 Only


The edit function allows selection of any editable value displayed on the screen. When  is pressed, the first value on the screen is highlighted. To edit this value, simply begin typing a value

using the numeric keys. To select another value, simply press the arrow keys to navigate to another displayed value.

Using Pre-Programmed Write Functions – Models 50 and 55 Only

Five types of write functions can be assigned to function keys: Toggle, Ramp, Jog, Recipe, and Direct Write.

Toggle. Pressing the F-key defined for the toggle function will invert the value of the configured item. For example, this could be used to switch a valve from on to off.

Ramp. Pressing the F-key defined for the ramp function will display the current value and allow this value to be modified by pressing the left-right arrow keys (→ or ←). The new value is confirmed by pressing .

Jog (Momentary). Pressing and holding the F-key defined for the function will continuously send a value (set or reset) to the configured item while the F-key is depressed. When the operator releases the F-key, the opposite value will be sent.

Recipe. Pressing the F-key defined for the recipe function will run the recipe feature configured. This can load a group of recipe tags with pre-defined values, transmit a group of recipe tags down to the PLC device, or perform both of these tasks with just one press of a key.

Direct Write. Pressing the F-key defined for the direct write function will either:

1. Write a preconfigured value.
2. Enable the operator to input a value to write.

Chapter 2

Introduction to the Datapanel Range and Models 30/35 and 50/55

The Datapanel Range consists of a series of low-cost Human-Machine Interfaces enabling the transfer of data from a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and other intelligent control devices to a comprehensive operator terminal. Datapanel Range Operator Interfaces (OIs) are an ideal replacement for discrete operator input and annunciation devices. Because of its many configurable options, a Datapanel can meet applications ranging from simple pushbutton replacement to complex interfaces beyond the capabilities of most small OIs.

Strong Commonality With Broad Range of Capabilities

With a uniform software and hardware architecture, Datapanel Range allows the user to produce an OI consistent with application budget and performance requirements while maintaining the ability to upgrade. An expanding library of over 80 controller protocols is included with each Datapanel, meaning that a change in control hardware only requires reconfiguring communications and does not mean re-implementing the OI.

With a consistent architecture, Datapanel hardware is scaled to meet the cost and performance requirements of each particular model. That means application software can run on all models, providing extensive functionality on even the lowest priced Datapanel. Application software makes Datapanel Range perform with efficiency. A wide range of applications software is built into every model.

An Operator Interface application is not restricted to emulating push buttons. Application software in Datapanel Range supports development of far more useful OI systems. Operator Interface software is included in every Datapanel. The software supports configuration of simple or complex OIs.

Standard features of most Datapanel models include:

- **Controller Communications.** Read and write data to the control equipment via a serial port.
- **Integrated Keypad.** Includes programmable function keys (except models 30/35).
- **Broad Protocol Support.** Numerous protocols supported.
- **Analog and Digital Tag Scaling.** Convert raw data to and from engineering units and adds tag name information.

- **Display Real-Time Data.** Provide information on the current state of the plant process.
- **Optional Display Modes.** Continuous updates, update continuously only when page is displayed, update once when page is first displayed.
- **Graphic Page Display.** Display static and dynamic text on up to 200 user configured pages per Datapanel. Up to 20 dynamic elements may be updated from the controller per page.
- **Softkeys.** Five keys per page and 200 pages, for more than 1000 user-defined buttons per Datapanel. Buttons may change pages, write data, or perform other OI functions (except for models 30/35).
- **NEMA 4X/4/12 Rated.** Ruggedized for harsh industrial environments.

Configuration Software

Configuration of a Datapanel is quick and easy. Datapanel feature a common software environment, which means that configuring for one model is just like configuring for another. That increases productivity and decreases the time required to bring a Datapanel on-line. Data Designer, a PC-based tool operating under Windows® is used to create a database for the Datapanel. The database and communications protocol are loaded to the Datapanel via a serial port, and the OI can then be put on-line. Data Designer is sold separately. A single copy of Data Designer can be used to configure any of the Datapanel Range. Data Designer requires a PC-compatible computer running Windows 95®, Windows 98® or Windows NT®.

Industrial Housing

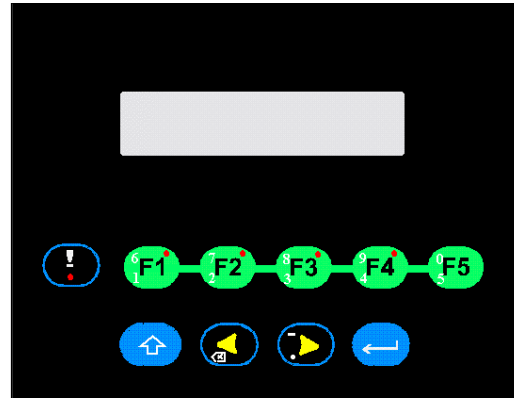
Datapanel are designed for use in demanding industrial applications. With over 15 years' experience in meeting the requirements of industrial users, Datapanel avoid the problems that can plague lesser-quality products. All hardware is designed to meet industrial application requirements. Datapanel are of compact, shallow design. All front external surfaces are sealed and protected against the penetration of water and foreign particles. Datapanel are ideally suited for use as ruggedized panel-mounted units in harsh industrial environments.

Windows 95®, Windows 98®, and Windows NT® are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Components of the System

A Datapanel system includes:

- One unit from the Datapanel Range, incorporating an LCD display screen and membrane keypad (except models 30/35, which are message centers only)
- One Operator's Manual (this book)



Although Datapanel units are self-contained units, the use of a PC, with the configuration software, is necessary when configuring the system and when databases are being downloaded to the controller.

Model Descriptions

Brief descriptions of Datapanel Models 30/35 and 50/55 are given below. A summary of their features and capabilities is given in Table 2-1. Chapter 3 provides information on installing the Datapanel, Chapter 4 provides operational information, and Chapter 6 provides detailed specifications.

Datapanel Models 30/35

If a message center type interface fits the requirements for your OI application, then Datapanel Models 30/35 are the answer. A bright 2 line x 20-character display offers excellent visibility. Model 30's display is an LED display, while the model 35 display is vacuum fluorescent (VF). An RS232-422 serial port is available (9 pin D-type connector).

Datapanel Models 50/55

Datapanel Models 50/55 provide a low-end operator interface that includes some function keys and data entry keys. A bright 2 line x 20-character display is provided. Model 50's display is an LED display, while the model 55 display is VF. An RS232-422 serial port is provided. Four function keys/LEDs and five data entry keys are available.

Table 2-1. Summary of Datapanel 30/35 and 50/55 Features and Capabilities

Features	30/35	50/55
Processor	Dallas Semiconductor 80C320	Dallas Semiconductor 80C320
Display capability with minimum text size	20 char 2 lines	20 char 2 lines
Database Size	32K	32K
Backlight	LED/VF	LED/VF
Memory, Flash	128kb Flash	128KB Flash
Memory, SRAM or DRAM	32KBSRAM	32KB SRAM
Serial Ports	One RS232/RS485	One RS232/RS485
Standard Software Features	Tag Scaling, Text Page display, Read to controller, Downloadable Database and Protocol.	Tag Scaling, Text Page display, Read to controller, Recipe handling, Configurable Function Keys, Downloadable Database and Protocol.
Function Keys per Page	None	Five
Data Entry Keypad	None	Four
Analog Tags	100	100
Digital Tags (2 bits per tag)	100	100
Display Pages	200	200

Minimum Customer Supplied Hardware

A PC or equivalent running Windows, is required to configure Datapanel and transfer databases and protocol to the Datapanel:

- 486 DX2/66
- 8 MB RAM
- VGA Color Display
- 10 MB Hard Disk Space

Chapter 3

Installing the Hardware

Physical Characteristics

Datapanel 30 and 50 have a single metal plate forming the front of the unit. The metal front is mounted to the panel using 4 studs. A gasket is used to ensure conformity to IP65 (NEMA 4X/4/12) rating.

The rear section of the housing is like an open, rectangular box that fits over the system electronics. The rear section presses into the back of the front plate and is held to it by two Phillips-head screws. The physical dimensions are shown in and Table 3-1.

Table 3-1. Physical Dimensions and Panel Cutouts

Features	Model 30/35/50/55
Dimensions (Inches)	5.90 Wide x 4.10 High x 1.75 Deep
Panel Cutout (Inches)	5.00 Wide x 3.50 High

Mounting Datapanel

Panel Cutout/Mounting

Drill four 3/16" holes in the appropriate locations for the four mounting studs. Cut straight lines between the holes on the long sides of the cutout to form an opening for the OI. Carefully insert the OI from the front of the panel. Use the provided 8/32 nuts to snug down the OI to the panel. Be careful not to over tighten the nuts as it may cause damage to the OI.

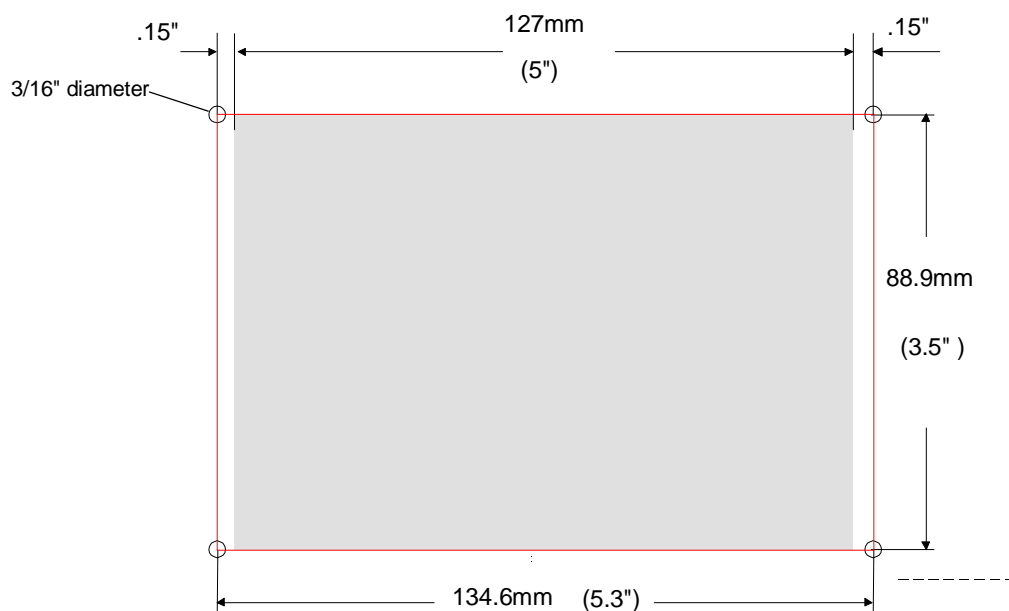


Figure 3-1. Cutout Dimensions

Power Supply Connections

The power supply used to power the units must provide between 10VDC and 30VDC, and must be capable of sustaining at least 2.5W.

Using the supplied power connector, connect +10VDC to +30VDC to the power connector. Pin 1 is identified on the “plug” side of the connector and should have the positive terminal of the power supply connected to it. Connect the power supply return (negative lead) to pin 2. The power input is reverse polarity protected, so if the wiring is backwards, you will not damage the OI.

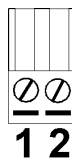


Figure 3-2. Power Connector Pin-out

Caution

It is extremely important that you do NOT connect the chassis ground of the power supply or the OI to the power return (negative terminal) of the power supply. In some cases, power supplies have shunts to do this, if your power supply has the shunt installed, you MUST remove it!

Serial Port Connections

Models 30/35 and 50/55 support RS232 operation and either 2 or 4-wire RS422/RS485 operation. The RS422/RS485 port has a tri-statable output that may be used on networks where multiple OIs are connected to a single or multiple PLCs (the protocol must support networking for this to be possible).

When networking is supported on a particular PLC, the RXD+/TXD+ and RXD-/TXD- pins are a 2-wire (multidrop), half-duplex connection. The OI will automatically handle tri-stating the TXD outputs when networked.

Chassis Ground Connection

The chassis ground connection is a required safety connection. It also provides a means for ESD to return to ground without disturbing the electronics within the OI. The panel the OI is mounted in should be solidly grounded to an earth ground. If the OI is mounted on a door, a good solid ground braid must be connected between the panel door and the panel housing (an engine grounding strap works well for this). Do not rely on the hinges for the chassis ground as over time they will corrode and the earth connection will become higher impedance, thereby reducing the effectiveness of the earth connection.

Connect a heavy braid between one of the OI mounting studs and a good earth connection. It is best to use the same grounding strap mentioned above for connection to the OI stud. This will not only provide a chassis ground to the door of the enclosure, but will also provide a chassis ground to the enclosure of the OI. Be sure to use a star washer that will cut through any paint on the enclosure and ensure a solid connection. If you are unsure about the connection, use an ohmmeter to check for resistance when the connection is made.

Caution

You must NEVER return current on the chassis ground. The chassis ground is for safety only and must never carry current. Doing so will cause damage to sensitive electronics within your system. Always use the power supply return circuit to return current to the power supply when using switches, motors, etc. If your system will run without the power supply return connected, you have a potentially hazardous installation.

Cables

Two cables are required when using the Datapanel:

- The download cable is used when transferring databases or protocols from the configuration software to the Datapanel. The cable enables connection to a standard PC. For nonstandard PCs, consult the PC manual to check the pin configuration at the PC end of the cable. This cable is supplied with the configuration software.
- The cable used to connect Datapanel to the controller. As a general guide, the only pin connections required at the Datapanel end are Tx, Rx, Signal, Ground. Refer to your controller documentation for details of connections at the controller end. (Wiring diagrams are also available in the Protocol help and documentation that is part of the configuration software package.) This cable is not supplied with the Datapanel.

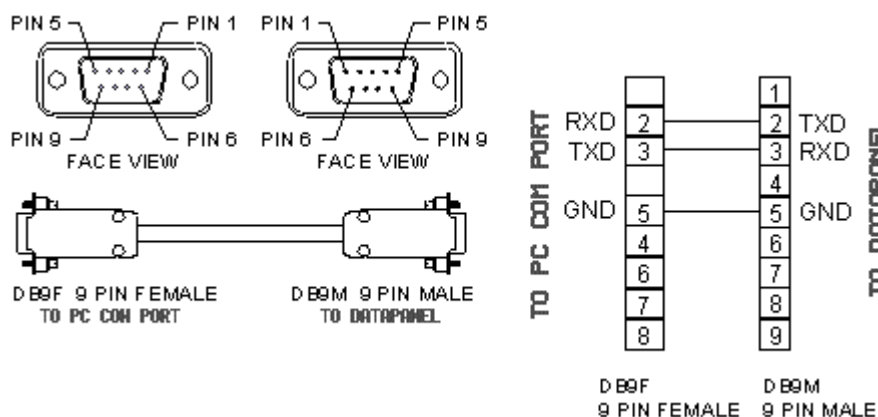


Figure 3-3. Datapanel-PC Cable

Chapter 4

Operation Guide

Overview

Datapanels operate in one of two modes:

- Run — enables real time processes to be viewed from configured displays downloaded to Datapanel.
- Offline — enables the loading databases and protocols

On power-up, the Datapanel will enter Run Mode and begin normal operation. The Start Up page will be displayed if one was specified during configuration with the configuration software. Otherwise, the first configured page will be displayed. The screen layouts of all Datapanels are similar in appearance, but vary slightly according to the capabilities of the various models.

One of the obvious differences between various Datapanel models is the number and location of the function keys (F-keys). The Model 030/035 does not have any function keys. The Model 050/055 has five function keys. Any of the keys may be assigned other functions during configuration with the configuration software. They may have different functions on different display pages. When the keys are reprogrammed from their default value, they are often referred to as *softkeys*.

The default Run Mode function keys are labeled F1 through F5.

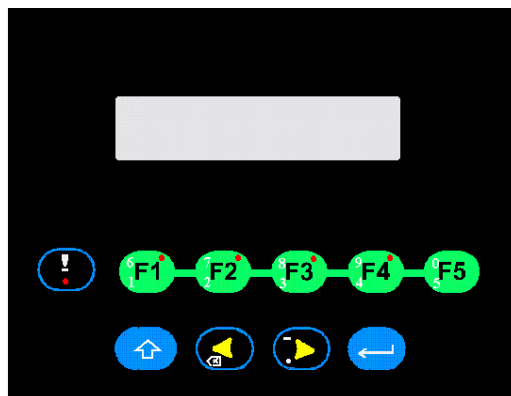


Figure 4-1. Function Keys of Datapanel Model 50/55

Typical Operation Scenarios



Routine Processing

For a process that is running routinely, you would likely display a page which provides a good summary of process conditions. The page might include an analog display showing performance over some time period or other elements showing constantly updating values of parameters indicating process efficiency (e.g., cans filled per hour, gallons of fruit juice per minute, kW of electricity consumed).

Modifying the Process – Models 50/55 Only

An operator can modify the ongoing process by using the Edit function of the Datapanel. This enables fresh values to be transmitted to any tag displayed with the editable attribute set.




Selecting a Tag and Entering a Value

The edit function allows selection of any editable value displayed on the screen. When  is pressed, the first value on the screen is underlined. To edit this value simply begin typing a value using the numeric keys and press . (If an invalid value is entered, the number is cleared and the user is positioned to enter another value.) To select another value, simply press the arrow keys to navigate to another displayed value.

Special Drive Out Capabilities — Enhanced Drive Out

Five types of Enhanced Drive Out can be configured: Toggle, Ramp, Jog, Recipe, and Direct Write.

Toggle Pressing the Function-key defined for the toggle function will invert the value of the configured item. For example, this could be used to switch a valve from on to off.

Ramp Pressing the Function-key defined for the ramp function will display the current value and allow this value to be modified by pressing the left-right arrow keys ( or ). The new value is confirmed by pressing .

Jog Pressing and holding the Function-key defined for the function will continuously send a value (set or reset) to the configured item while the F-key is depressed. When the operator releases the F-key, the opposite value will be sent.

Recipe Pressing the F-Key defined for the recipe function will run the recipe feature configured. This can load a group of recipe tags with pre-defined values, transmit a group of recipe tags down to the PLC device, or perform both of these tasks with just one press of a key.

Direct Write Pressing the Function-key defined for the direct write function will either:

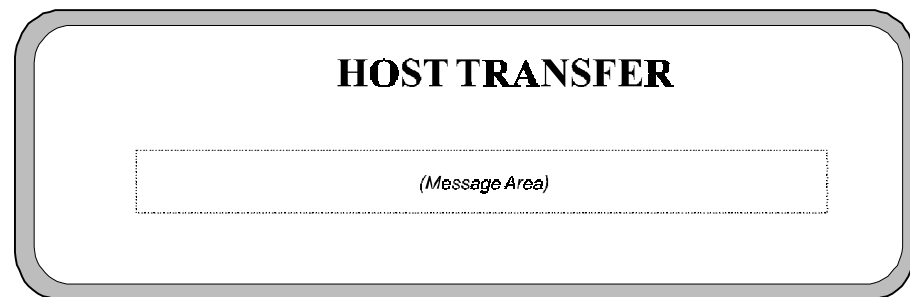
1. Drive Out a preconfigured value.
2. Request operator input of a value to Drive Out.

Chapter 5

Special Operations: Host Transfer Mode

Host Transfer

For the 30/35, start the transfer from the configuration software and cycle power on the Datapanel. The configuration software will send a signal to the 30/35 to enter Host Transfer mode and will wait for a response from the Datapanel before transmitting the configuration information. To exit the transfer, wait approximately 15 seconds after the completion of the transfer.)For models 50/55, press and hold the **F1** and **F5** keys simultaneously for approximately 3 seconds to enter Host Transfer. Exit from Host Transfer is automatic within approximately 15 seconds if nothing is downloaded. You can also press any key once the transfer is done to exit.



Display for Host Transfer

Figure 5-1. Host Transfer Display

The actual transfer of the data is under the control of the PC. The following messages will be displayed in the message area of the display:

When downloading a Protocol:

Loading Communications Protocol ... and on the same line when complete, **Protocol installed.**

When downloading a Database:

Loading Database ... and on the same line when complete, **Database installed.**

When uploading a Database:

Uploading Database ... and on the same line when complete, **Database transferred.**

When a communications error occurs:

Transfer Failed

Chapter 6 Specifications

Hardware Specifications

Display

The display area and display characteristics of the 30/35 and 50/55 models are specified in Table 6-1.

Table 6-1. Display Area and Characteristics

Features	30	35	50	55
Display Type	LCD	VF	LCD	VF
Display capability with minimum text size	20 char 2 lines	20 char 2 lines	20 char 2 lines	20 char 2 lines

Backlight

The backlight type is given in Table 6-2.

Table 6-2. Backlight Type

Features	30/50 Models
Backlight	LED

Keypad – Model 50/55 Only

Datapanel models 50/55 incorporate built-in membrane keypads with audible feedback as described in Table 6-3.

Table 6-3. Keypad Characteristics

Features	50/55
Function Keys per Page	5
Data Entry Keypad	10 numeric keys (5 with shift for 5), Left/Right arrow keys, Enter key, Backspace key
Touch Screen	No

Technical Specifications

The technical specifications are given in Table 6-4.

Table 6-4. Technical Specifications

Features	30/35/50/55
Processor	DS80C320
Memory, Flash	128KB Flash
Memory, SRAM or DRAM	32K SRAM
Database Size	32K
Serial Ports	RS232/422 port
Additional Ports	No

Electrical Specifications

Power Requirements

The power requirements are given in Table 6-5. The steady state current consumption of the Datapanel is dependent on the supply voltage. At power-up, the Datapanel briefly requires a larger current to operate correctly. To ensure correct power-up, the external power supply must be able to provide a current of at least 1 A, irrespective of the supply voltage. The power supply used to power the models must provide between 10VDC and 30VDC, and must be capable of sustaining at least 2.5W.

The power for Datapanel Models 30/35 and 50/55 is supplied through the 2-pin power connector at the bottom of the unit.

Table 6-5. Power Requirements

Features	30/35 and 50/55
Power Input	10-30 VDC, 2.5W

Ports and Pinouts

Ports and Pinouts for the DB9 connector on the rear of the unit are given in the following figure:

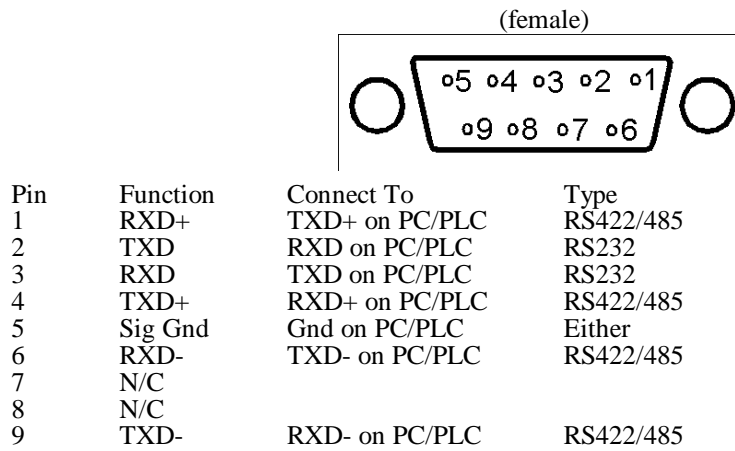


Figure 6-1. Models 30/35 and 50/55 Ports and Pinouts

Physical Specifications

Physical specifications are outlined in Table 6-6.

Table 6-6. Physical Specifications

	30/35 and 50/55
Dimensions (Inches)	5.90 Wide x 4.10 High x 1.75 Deep
Weight (lb.)	1.5
Panel Cutout (Inches)	5.00 W x 3.50 H

Environmental Conformity

Environmental conformity is given in Table 6-7.

Table 6-7. Environmental Conformity

Features	Models 30/35 and 50/55
NEMA, UL, CUL	4/12, UL, CUL, Class I Div II

All models in the Datapanel Range are designed to satisfy the requirements and conditions of the following specifications. All units in the Datapanel Range remain operational when tested for temperature and humidity. Table 6-8 provides the test specifications.

Table 6-8. Test Specifications

	Models 30/50	Models 35/55
Operating Temperature	-10 to +50 °C	-10 to +60 °C
Storage Temperature	-25 to +70 °C	
Humidity	5 to 85 % non-condensing	

Standard Comms Block Error Codes

101	Timeout
102	Checksum Received Error
103	Bad Character Received Format Error
104	Bad Message Framing Error
105	Bad Message Format Received
106	NAK Response Received
107	Comms Block Format Error
108	Invalid Command

System Error Codes

28	More than 64 comms blocks activated at the same frequency.
29	More than 8 page-activated comms blocks activated by the page.
120	Tag Conversion error — unreasonable limits configured in an Analog Tag Record.
121	No Comms File.
122	No Comms Blocks.
123	Invalid Comms Block Time base.
124	Invalid Comms Block Type.

Controller Errors

If any errors are displayed which are not listed in the above tables, reference should be made to the configuration software Help system or to the controller documentation.

Appendix B

Glossary

ACK	See Acknowledgment.
Acknowledgment	The action taken by the user to indicate the acceptance of the information presented by the system.
Alphanumeric	Alphabetic and numeric characters only.
Alphanumeric Display	A display of alphabetic and numeric characters only.
Analog	The characteristic of being able to take on any of a continuously variable range of values.
Analog Tag	An identifying name for an analog variable. See also Tag.
Analog Variable	A term used to describe a 16-bit integer, 32-bit integer, or floating-point number which may take many values.
ANSI	A character set optimized for the support of the French, German and Scandinavian characters.
Application Program	A user-defined program written to perform specific actions in addition to the system software functions.
ASCII	American Standard for Computer Information Interchange. Defines what numeric codes are used to represent numbers, punctuation and letters of the alphabet.
Backup	To copy and store data as a precaution against loss or damage. Also, the copy so created.
Baud, Baud Rate	User-configurable rates at which communication takes place between the system and the controller.
Blinking	The effect created on a portion of a graphic which will allow it to change between two defined states at a specific rate.
Boot	Permanently resident Firmware used to load the main software and configuration.
Browse	Scanning data in order to locate a required item.
Byte	A group of 8 consecutive bits.
Commands	Information sent from the Datapanel to the controller to control or modify the plant process.
Comms Block	See Communications Block.
Communications Block (Comms Block)	A group of user configured information describing a particular communications operation between the Datapanel and the controller.
Communications Protocol	The “language” to be used when the system communicates with a controller. It contains the rules used to establish contact, receive/transmit data, detect transmission errors, etc.
Configure	To set up the display system in accordance with the needs of a particular user. This includes user-specific displays, alarm criteria, etc.

Contiguous	A group of items stored in adjacent locations.
Controller	An industrial device that handles the Input/Output of plant voltages and signals, e.g., a Programmable Logic Controller.
Data	Information relating to the operation of the plant process.
Data Designer	A Windows-based tool for configuring Datapanel.
Database	A structured set of data. In the Datapanel, databases are configured to customize the product to satisfy the needs of the user.
Datapanel	A self-contained, solid-state industrial display system incorporating its own display screen and keypad.
Digital	The characteristic of being able to take on only one of two possible states or conditions.
Digital Tag	An identifying name for a digital variable. See also Tag.
Download	Transmitting data from the configuration tool to the Datapanel.
Drive Out	The capability of the Datapanel which allows it to send information to the controller.
Drop-Down	A menu or list which appears in Windows upon selection of a menu item.
Dynamic	Any data element (tag value, graphic item, etc.) that can have changing values.
Firmware	Software (database, applications) stored in non-volatile memory, e.g., EPROM.
F-Key	See Function Key.
Flash memory	See Firmware.
HMI (Human-Machine Interface)	Device enabling the two way transfer of data between a human and machine.
Host	Device on which the controlling software is resident.
I/O	See Input/Output.
Import	The ability to transfer configuration information into the Datapanel configuration tool from another application like a spread sheet.
Input/Output	A general expression for the input and output of binary data to or from a device.
Keyboard	A collection of physical keys used by the user to communicate with the computer system.
Keypad	An operator keyboard with a reduced number of keys, e.g., numeric and/or function keys.
LED	Light Emitting Diode. Typically used as a status indication light.
Macro	A collection of instructions or program statements which can be activated collectively.
Master	The device controlling network communications.
Membrane	A continuous film intended to protect a device from the ingress of dust or liquid.
Mimic	A display which factually represents the plant. It provides the status of each displayed plant item. Mimics may be shown on monitors or wall displays.
Mini-Alarm Log	One of the Alarm area displays available when using the Datapanel. This display is found on all the Run Mode displays in the upper part of the screen.
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association. A group which sets American standards for enclosures which protect electronic equipment from the adverse affects of liquids, ingress of dust and physical shocks. Also, the standard created.
Network	An interconnected group of communicating devices.
Off-line	A condition where run time operations are suspended, so that system settings can be changed.
On-line	The system is communicating to external devices with dynamic data being updated.
Operator	The person who uses the system for its practical purpose such as to interface with the plant process. Not necessarily the one who configured the system. See also User.
Overview Group	A set of tags configured to be displayed together.

Page	One of 200 user configurable displays on the Datapanel.
Parallel	A data transfer mechanism using multiple transfer paths.
Parameter	A value set when the system is configured.
Parity	The means of checking the validity of a data character.
Password	A code used to show the authority of the user to gain access to various sensitive features of the system. For example, changes to the display design would normally be password-protected to guard against changes by unauthorized users.
PC	IBM Personal Computer or any computer generically similar.
Pixel	The smallest picture element of a display surface that can be independently assigned a color or intensity.
Plant Process	A series of actions or treatments designed to produce a desired end under the control or monitoring of a PLC or other intelligent controller.
PLC	Programmable Logic Controller.
Process	See Plant Process.
Process Variable	A variable parameter of the production process.
Programmable Logic Controller	An industrial device that handles the Input/Output of plant voltages and signals.
Protocol	The format, structure and procedure required to communicate with a controller.
RAM	Random Access Memory.
Ramp Drive-out	Pre-configured analog drive-out (Tag/Register) with a specific increment/decrement value.
Raw Data	Data read from the controller before being scaled into engineering values.
Real-Time Data	Current data.
Run Time	The operating state of the system. See also On-line.
Scaled Data	Raw data whose value has been modified to conform to prescribed engineering units.
Serial	A data transfer mechanism using a single transfer path.
Slave	The device which responds to a master over a network.
Tag Record	An area of the database containing the information for a particular tag.
Tag Table	A group of Tag Values in the Datapanel.
Tag Value	The current value of the tag. This may be a scaled engineering value associated with the Tag Record.
Toggle	The action of inverting the value of a two-state item, such as a bit or a two-state digital tag.
Toolbar	A group of icons which provide easy access to other windows, menus or operations.
Touch Region	An area of the screen dimensionally defined to produce a program response when touched or pressed.
Upload	Database transfer from Datapanel to WinCfg.
User	The person using WinCfg to configure a Datapanel. See also Operator.

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