

# High Frequency Sinewave Guardian<sup>TM</sup> Filter

380V – 480V TECHNICAL REFERENCE MANUAL

FORM: SHF-TRM-E REL. April 2015 REV. 001 © 2015 MTE Corporation





Prior to start up; confirm the drive operation mode is properly set (Volts per Hertz or suitably set for sensor less vector mode). Please consult drive manual/manufacturer to configure proper parameters. Failure to do so may result in failure of drive or filter components.



High Voltage! Only a qualified electrician can carry out the electrical installation of this filter.

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#### 1. WARNINGS

# **Warnings and Cautions**

There are two types of warnings in this manual:

- WARNING describes situations that can lead to serious faults, physical injuries, or even death.
- Caution describes situations that can lead to malfunction or possible equipment damage.

WARNING	WARNING describes situations that can lead to serious faults, physical injuries, or even death.
Caution	Caution describes situations that can lead to malfunction or possible equipment damage.

The following symbols are used in this manual.

- High Voltage Warning: warns of situations that dangerously high voltage is involved. Failure to use proper precautions may lead to serious injury or even death.
- General Warning: warns of situations that can result in serious injury or death if proper precautions are not used.
- General Caution: identifies situations that could lead to malfunction or possible equipment damage.

WARNING	High Voltage Warning: warns of situations that dangerously high voltage is involved. Failure to use proper precautions may lead to serious injury or even death.
WARNING	General Warning: warns of situations that can result in serious injury or death if proper precautions are not used.
Caution	General Caution: identifies situations that could lead to malfunction or possible equipment damage.

# **General Safety Instructions**

WARNING	High Voltage! Only a qualified electrician can carry out the electrical installation of this filter.
WARNING	High voltage is used in the operation of this filter. Use Extreme caution to avoid contact with high voltage when operating, installing or repairing this filter. Injury or death may result if safety precautions are not observed.
WARNING	The opening of the branch circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, current-carrying parts and other components of the filter should be examined and replaced if damaged.
WARNING	An upstream disconnect/protection device must be used as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC) or governing authority.
WARNING	Even if the upstream disconnect/protection device is open, the drive down stream of the filter may feed back high voltage to the filter. The drive safety instructions must be followed. <b>Injury or death may result if safety precautions are not observed.</b>
WARNING	The filter must be grounded with a grounding conductor connected to all grounding terminals. Modular filters must have reactor grounded through a 2"x2" area cleaned of paint and varnish on lower mounting bracket.
WARNING	Only spare parts obtained from MTE Corporation or an authorized MTE distributor can be used.
WARNING	After removing power, allow at least five minutes to elapse and verify that the capacitors have discharged to a safe level before contacting internal components. Connect a DC voltmeter across the capacitor terminals and ensure that the voltage is at a safe level.
Caution	Loose or improperly secured connections may damage or degrade filter performance. Visually inspect and secure all electrical connections before power is applied to the filter.
Caution	Prior to start up; confirm the drive operation mode is property set (Volts per Hertz). Please consult drive manual/manufacturer to configure proper parameters. Failure to do so may result in failure of drive or filter components.
Caution	Damage to the filter may occur if the output frequency is not set between 4.8 kHz and 8 kHz. Optimum output frequency is 5kHz.
Caution	Over speeding a motor can cause it to break. Motor must be rated to run above 60Hz

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the manual is to properly specify, size, and install the High Frequency Sinewave Filter.

High Frequency Sinewave Filters transform the output of Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs) to a near perfect sinusoidal waveform for the best level of motor protection. MTE's unique, patent-pending design offers high performance with smaller size and better efficiency than traditional LC Filters.

For most current information, please refer to website http://www.mtecorp.com/products/dvsentry/

#### **Receipt & Repair Statement**

#### **Upon Receipt of this Filter:**

The high frequency sinewave motor protection filter has been subjected to demanding factory tests before shipment. Carefully inspect the shipping container for damage that may have occurred in transit. Then unpack the filter and carefully inspect for any signs of damage. Save the shipping container for future transport of the filter.

In the event of damage, please contact and file a claim with the freight carrier involved immediately.

If the equipment is not going to be put into service upon receipt, cover and store the filter in a clean, dry location. After storage, ensure that the equipment is dry and that no condensation or dirt has accumulated on the internal components of the filter before applying power.

#### Repair/Exchange Procedure

MTE Corporation requires a Return Material Authorization Number and form before we can accept any filters that qualify for return or repair. If problems or questions arise during installation, setup, or operation of the filter, please contact MTE for assistance at:

Toll Free: 1-800-455-4MTE (1-800-455-4683)

International Tel: 262-253-8200

Fax: 262-253-8222

#### 3. HOW TO SELECT

#### **Selection Guide**

MTE High frequency SineWave Guardian<sup>™</sup> filters are designed to provide a sine wave output voltage when driven from PWM inverters with switching frequencies from 4.8 kHz to 8 kHz. For drive applications, these filters eliminate the problem of motor insulation failures and they also reduce electromagnetic interference by eliminating the high line-load dV/dt associated with inverter output wave forms.

High Frequency Sinewave Filters are available in Modular configuration. For other configurations call MTE.

For inverters feeding isolation transformers select a filter with a current rating equal to or greater than that of the transformer primary current.

# Please verify information below for proper selection: Voltage: Input voltage from 380V − 480V. See Table 4-1 (p9) for specification. Current Rating: Support for 80 Amps − 600 Amps. See Table 4-1 (p9) for Amp breaks. Switching Frequency: Support for carrier frequency of 4.8kHz − 8kHz, see Table 4-1 (p9). Drive Output Frequency: Support for 6Hz to 300Hz without derating Temperature: Maximum ambient temperature, 60C (modular). See Table 4-1 (p9) for specification. Altitude: 3,300 feet above sea level without derating. See Figure 3 (p13) for derating curve. Verify the drive output can be configured to Volts per Hz mode or that the drive is designed for use with filter in sensor less vector mode.

# **Part Number Configuration**

	SWG	X	 _ X	HF	CC	MMM
<u>Si</u> newave Guardian <u>F</u> ilters						
Туре —						
M = Modular						
Current Rating ————						
0080 is 80 Amps 0600 is 600 Amps						
Voltage Frequency Code -						
D 380V – 480V						
High Frequency ————						
Optimized Carrier Frequency	y					
Maximum Motor Frequency						

# **Part Number Selection Tables**

**Table 3-1: Modular Selection Table** 

380V Motor KW	480V Motor HP	HF-SWG Part Number	Amps	Туре	Weight (lbs.)	Size (in.) HxWxD	Ref. Fig.	Capacitor Panel (in.) HxWxD	Ref. Fig.
37	60	SWGM0080D-HF05300	80	Open	62	10.5x12.0x9.1	A-1	5.8x16.3x7.6	A-13
55	75	SWGM0110D-HF05300	110	Open	77	10.4x12.0x10.1	A-2	5.8x16.3x7.6	A-14
-	100	SWGM0130D-HF05300	130	Open	91	10.3x12.0x11.5	A-3	5.8x16.3x7.6	A-15
75	125	SWGM0160D-HF05300	160	Open	98	10.4x12.0x11.6	A-4	5.8x16.3x7.6	A-16
110	150	SWGM0200D-HF05300	200	Open	130	11.9x15.3x11.2	A-5	6.7x16.3x7.6	A-12
132	200	SWGM0250D-HF05300	250	Open	139	12.0x15.3x11.3	A-6	6.7x16.3x7.6	A-11
160	250	SWGM0305D-HF05300	305	Open	170	12.2x15.3x12.6	A-7	6.7x16.3x7.6	A-11
220	350	SWGM0415D-HF05300	415	Open	236	12.1x15.3x14.3	A-8	6.7x16.3x7.6 6.7x16.3x7.6	A-11
280	450	SWGM0515D-HF05300	515	Open	248	14.4x15.3x13.1	A-9	6.7x16.3x7.6 6.7x16.3x7.6	A-11
335	500	SWGM0600D-HF05300	600	Open	296	14.5x15.3x14.3	A-10	6.7x16.3x7.6 6.7x16.3x7.6	A-11

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 300Hz output frequency, 5kHz carrier frequency at full load.

# 4. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

# **Performance Specifications**

**Table 4-1: Performance Specifications** 

Conventional 3 phase motors operating in volts per Hertz mode Standard step-up transformer or design for use of filter in sensor less vector mode.			
380V - 480V +/- 10%			
PWM			
5% maximum @ 5kHz 8% maximum @ 6-8 kHz			
4.8kHz – 8kHz			
6Hz to 300Hz			
-40C to +60C Modular Filter -40C to +90C Storage Temperature			
6% maximum @ 150Hz 12% maximum @ 300Hz			
>99%			
80A – 600A			
Modular			
3,300 feet above sea level			
15,000 feet			
0% to 95% non-condensing			
100% RMS Continuous 150% for 1 minute Intermittent			
75dB A at 1 meter			

Filter does not mitigate any DC bus ripple that may be present.

# **Agency Approvals**

UL and cUL listed to UL508 Type MX and CSA-C22.2 No 14-95, File E180243, CE

# Warranty

Three years from the date of shipment. See <a href="www.mtecorp.com">www.mtecorp.com</a> for details.

#### **Over Temperature Switch**

**Table 4-2: Over Temperature Switch** 

NC Switch opens at 180 Deg. +/- 5 Deg. C				
Current Amps	Voltage	Contact Load		
6	120 AC	Resistive Loads		
3	120 AC	Inductive Loads		
3	240 AC	Resistive Loads		
2.5	240 AC	Inductive Loads		
8	10 VDC	Resistive Loads		
4	24 VDC	Resistive Loads		

MTE highly recommends the use of the over temperature switch to prevent damage to the filter in rare instances of overheating from abnormal operating conditions.

# 5. TYPICAL PERFORMANCE DATA

# Voltage Waveforms

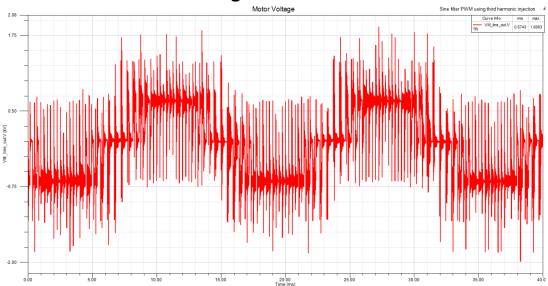


Figure 1: Output Voltage before High Frequency Sinewave Filters

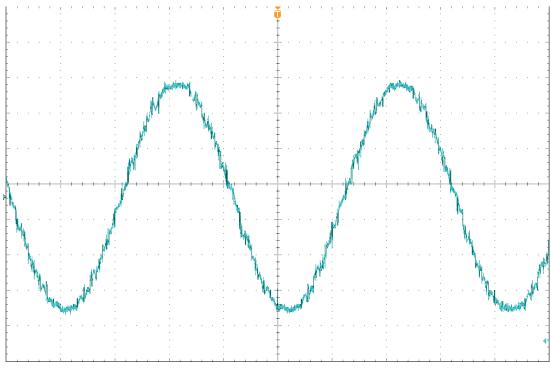


Figure 2: Output Voltage after High Frequency Sinewave Filters

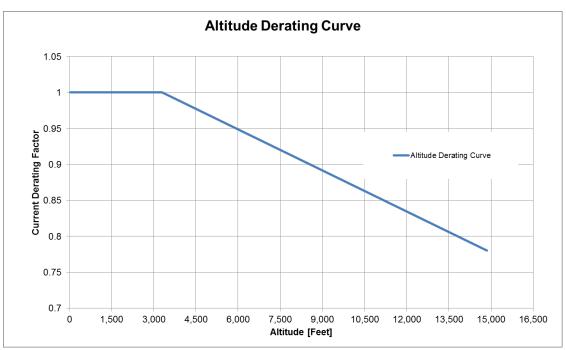
# Filter Efficiency + Watt loss

Table 5-1: Filter Efficiency & Watt Loss

Maximum Output Amps RMS/Filter Current Rating Amps RMS	Efficiency %	Power Dissipation (Typical) (Watts*)
80	99.5%	360
110	99.5%	451
130	99.5%	504
160	99.6%	563
200	99.6%	718
250	99.6%	911
305	99.6%	958
415	99.7%	1144
515	99.7%	1250
600	99.7%	1321

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 300Hz output frequency, 5kHz carrier frequency at full load.

# **Altitude Derating**



**Figure 3: Attitude Derating Curve** 

#### 6. HOW TO INSTALL

#### Installation Checklist

WARNING	Prior to installation, please refer to all general warnings on page 4. Failure to practice this can result in body injury!
WARNING	Input and output wiring to the filter should be performed by authorized personnel in accordance with NEC and all local electrical codes and regulations.
WARNING	The filter is designed for use with copper conductors with a minimum temperature rating of 75 degrees C.

Verify that the rating of the filter is compatible with the drive to which it is to be connected. Follow all detailed drive manufacturer installation and safety instructions. Drive and load cable selection / placement should be in accordance with the requirements of the NEC and all local electrical codes and regulations.

The typical interconnection diagrams that follow are shown for a motor load but the load can be either a motor or a transformer.

- For modular filters interconnection between the filter, motor and the drive is shown in
- Figure 4 (p16).
- For isolation transformer connections between the filter, motor and the drive is shown in Figure 6-3 (p18).

Refer to the drive user manual for instructions on interconnecting the drive and motor and the correct start-up procedures for the drive.

Table 6-4 (p19) lists the wire range and terminal torque requirements for the power input and output connections and capacitor/capacitor panel connections (modular only).

Use the cable recommended by the drive manufacturer to connect the drive to the filter and the filter to the motor. Make certain that the selected cable size conforms to the requirements of the National Electric Code and all local codes.

#### Grounding

WARNING	The filter must always be grounded with a grounding conductor connected to ground terminals.
WARNING	For modular units, ensure a 2" X 2" area is cleaned of paint and varnish on lower mounting bracket for ground connection.

For cable shield grounding follow the drive manufactures recommendations.

#### **Over Temperature Interlock**

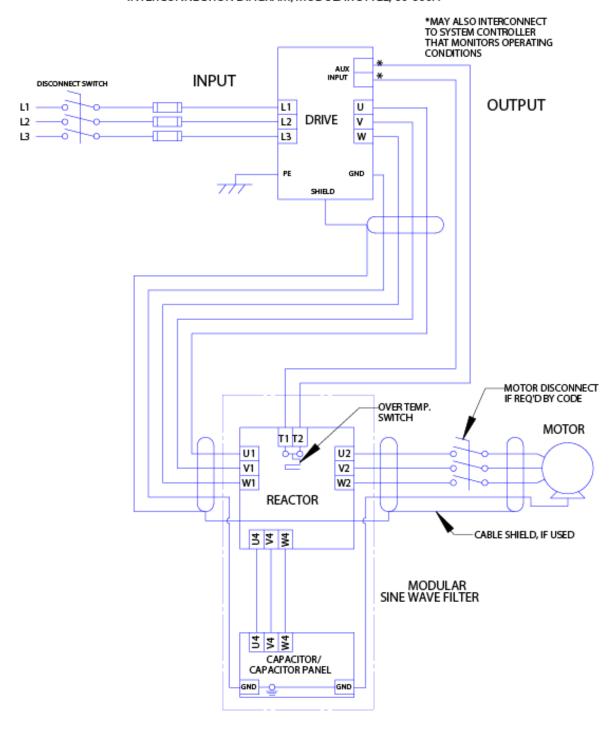
An over temperature interlock circuit should be used in conjunction with thermal switch to turn off the drive to prevent filter damage due to abnormal operating conditions. The temperature switch is normally closed and will open when an internal reactor temperature of 180°C is reached. See Table 4-2 (p10) for contact rating information and the drive user manual for interconnection information.

#### **Location & Spacing**

Modular filters are designed for mounting in the customer's enclosure. Include the power dissipation of the filter along with all the other components located in the panel to determine the internal temperature rise and cooling requirements of the enclosure. A general guideline is to allow a side clearance of four (4) inches and a vertical clearance of six (6) inches for proper heat dissipation and access within the enclosure. Clearances may be less if proper ventilation exists. Filter components must operate within temperatures specified in this manual or filter operating life will be compromised. Also be aware of minimum electrical clearances as defined by the appropriate system safety standard(s). Modular Sinewave filters generate heat and should be positioned away from heat sensitive components. Ensure that proper panel orientation is maintained. Keep the capacitors away from reactor and resistor heat flow. Avoid locations where the filter would be subjected to excessive vibrations. Locate the filter as close to the inverter as possible.

# **Modular Unit Interconnection Diagram**

# SINE WAVE HIGH FREQUENCY 4.8-8kHz SERIES INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM, MODULAR STYLE, 80-600A



**Figure 4: Modular Interconnection** 

# **Basic Schematic Diagram**

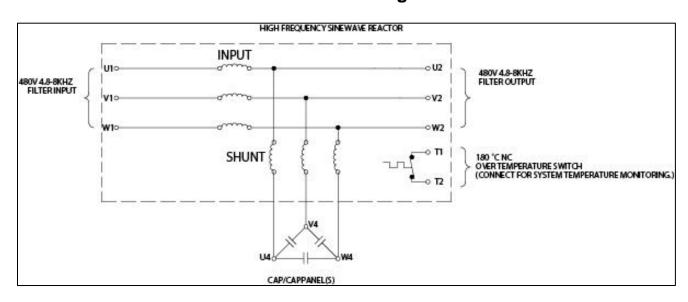


Figure 6-2: Basic Schematic Diagram

# **Isolation Transformer Diagram**

#### SINE WAVE HIGH FREQUENCY 4.8-8kHz SERIES ISOLATION TRANSFORMER CONNECTIONS

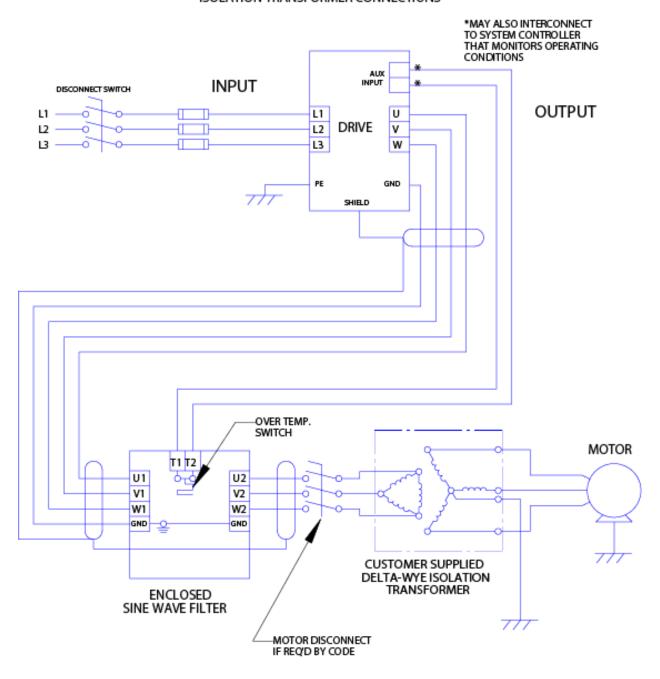


Figure 6-3: Isolation Transformer

# **Torque Ratings**

**Table 6-4: Torque Ratings** 

	HF-	SWG Termin	nals	Cap-panel Terminals U4-V4-W4		
Filter Rating	Input /Output U1-V1-W1 / U2		U4-V4-W4 interconnect Cap-panel	Capacitor/	Minimum Interconnect	Terminal
(Amps)	Recommended Minimum Wire Size (AWG)	Terminal Torque (in-lbs.)	Terminal Torque (in-lbs.)	Cap-panel Part Number	Wire Gauge (AWG)	Torque (in-lbs.)
80	4	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-006	10	60
110	2	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-007	8	60
130	1	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-008	8	60
160	4 (2x) or 2/0	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-009	6	60
200	3 (2x) or 1/0	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-003	4	60
250	1 (2x) or 250K CMIL	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-002	4	60
305	2/0 (2x)	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-002	3	60
415	4/0 (2x)	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-002 (2X)	4 each	60
515	300 MCM (2x)	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-002, 003 (2X)	4 each	60
600	400K CMIL (2x)	N/A	N/A	CAPPANEL-002, 003 (2X)	4 each	60

Note: Cap-panel interconnect wiring specification according to UL508 75° C Table.

Note: To prevent flexing or bending of the coil windings attached to SWG reactor use appropriate strain relief to prevent stress on terminals. For flat copper terminal tabs, use two wrenches to tighten customer provided cable mounting hardware.

Notes: Refer to reference drawings for termination wire ranges.

# 7. START UP

# **Startup Checklist**

#### **Safety Precautions**

Before startup, observe the following warnings and instructions:

WARNING	Internal components of the filter are at line potential when the filter is connected to the drive. This voltage is extremely dangerous and may cause death or severe injury if you come in contact with it.
WARNING	Remove all power to the Sinewave filter in compliance to standardized 26 CFR 1920.147 lockout/tagout policies.  After disconnecting the utility power, wait at least 5 minutes before doing any work on the filter connections. After removing power, allow at least five minutes to elapse and verify that the capacitors have discharged to a safe level before contacting internal components. Connect a DC voltmeter across the capacitor terminals and ensure that the voltage is at a safe level.
WARNING	Use extreme caution to avoid contact with line voltage when checking for power. INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT OBSERVED.
Caution	Prior to start up; confirm the drive operation mode is property set or properly designed to operate in sensor less vector mode with a filter. (Volts per Hertz). Please consult drive manual/manufacturer to configure proper parameters. Failure to do so may result in failure of drive or filter components.
Caution	MTE recommends 10 seconds as an initial starting point for motor ramp time and that customers examine the actual inrush and ratings of their drive system. Inrush current seen at the drive from the filter that can easily be overcome by changing the motor ramp time.

#### **Sequence of Operation**

- 1. Read and follow safety precautions including those of drive manufactures.
- 2. Verify the proper wiring of the filter:
  - a. U1-V1-W1 Input wiring and U2-V2-W2 Output wiring
  - b. U4-V4-W4 Capacitor/Capacitor Panel wiring (Modular units only)
- 3. Prior to start-up, conform the drive operation mode is properly set or properly designed for use with a filter operating in sensor less vector mode (Volts per Hertz). Please consult drive manual/manufacturer to configure proper parameters. Failure to do so may result in failure of drive or filter components.
- 4. MTE recommends 10 seconds as an initial starting point for motor ramp time and that customers examine the actual inrush and ratings of their drive system. Inrush current seen at the drive from the filter that can easily be overcome by changing the motor ramp time.
- 5. Ensure that all filter components are properly connected to ground.
  - a. For modular units, ensure a 2" X 2" area is cleaned of paint and varnish on lower mounting bracket for ground connection.
- 6. Check that moisture has not condensed on the filter components. If moisture is present, do not proceed with startup until the moisture has been removed.
- 7. Refer to the drive user manual for the drive startup procedure. Observe all safety instructions in the drive user manual.
- 8. Disconnect filter output terminals from the motor.
- 9. Set the drive switching frequency between 4.8 kHz and 8 kHz. Refer to the drive user manual.

# 8. TROUBLESHOOTING

WARNING	INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF THE DRIVE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT OBSERVED.
WARNING	When properly installed, this equipment has been designed to provide maximum safety for operating personnel.  However, hazardous voltages and elevated temperatures exist within the confines of the enclosure. Servicing should therefore be performed by qualified personnel only and in accordance with OSHA Regulations.
WARNING	High voltage is used in the operation of this filter. Use Extreme caution to avoid contact with high voltage when operating, installing or repairing this filter. INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT OBSERVED.
Caution	After removing power, allow at least five minutes to elapse and verify that the capacitors have discharged to a safe level before contacting internal components. Connect a DC voltmeter across the capacitor terminals or terminals U1, V1 or V1, W1 and ensure that the voltage is at a safe level.
Caution	Component may be hot +100°C/212°F

**Table 8-1: Troubleshooting Guide** 

PROBLEM:	Drive Overcurrent Fault
Possible cause:	Motor ramp –up time too short
Solution:	MTE suggests a ramp time of >5-10 seconds. Consult drive manufacturers
Colution.	manual to configure proper parameters
Possible cause:	Failed or Incorrect Wiring
Solution:	Verify all field and product wiring is correct
Possible cause:	Parameter Compatibility
Solution:	Consult drive manufacturers manual for operating drive with a motor
Solution.	protection filter
Possible cause:	Filter, Drive, Motor Current Ratings Compatible
Solution:	Verify the filter/motor are properly sized for the application
Possible cause:	Motor Winding Fault
Solution:	Verify motor windings and hi pot is necessary
Possible cause:	Cable Failure
Solution:	Verify cable continuity and insulation

PROBLEM:	Excessive Filter Noise
Possible cause:	Mismatched Motor Rating
Solution:	Verify the filter is properly sized for the application
Possible cause:	Capacitors Disconnected or Improperly Wired
Solution:	Verify the proper connection of the capacitors
Possible cause:	Carrier frequency less than 4.8 kHz
Solution:	Verify the carrier frequency is at least 4.8 kHz
PROBLEM:	Temperature Switch Open
Possible cause:	Mismatched Motor Rating
Solution:	Verify the filter/motor are properly sized for the application
Possible cause:	Capacitors Disconnected or Improperly wired
Solution:	Verify the proper connection of the capacitors
Possible cause:	Carrier Frequency Less Than 4.8 kHz
Solution:	Verify the carrier frequency is at least 4.8 kHz
Possible cause:	Excessive Ambient Temperature
Solution:	Ensure the filter is operating within specified ambient temperature below
Solution.	60°C
PROBLEM:	Motor Will Not Turn
Possible cause:	No Power
Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power
Solution: Possible cause:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired
Solution: Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution: Possible cause:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution: Possible cause: Solution: Possible cause:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode.
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode.  Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters
Solution: Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode. Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters  Cable Damage
Solution: Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode.  Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters  Cable Damage Motor bearing or locked load
Solution: Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode.  Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters  Cable Damage Motor bearing or locked load  Motor Running Hot
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode. Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters  Cable Damage Motor bearing or locked load  Motor Running Hot  Capacitors Disconnected or Improperly Wired
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:  PROBLEM: Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode. Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters  Cable Damage Motor bearing or locked load  Motor Running Hot  Capacitors Disconnected or Improperly Wired Verify the proper connection of the capacitors
Solution:  Possible cause: Solution:	Check fuses or breakers for proper input power  Motor Incorrectly Wired Check for wiring faults  Locked Rotor Motor Load Check motor load  Drive Fault Consult drive manufacturers manual  Drive Not Configured for Volts / Hertz or not properly configured for sensor less vector mode. Consult drive manufacturers manual to configure proper parameters  Cable Damage Motor bearing or locked load  Motor Running Hot  Capacitors Disconnected or Improperly Wired