

# VK2

## VK2-3MPBIR3V9F



## User manual

*Please read this manual thoroughly before use, and keep it handy for future reference.*





## Before You Begin

Read these instructions before installing or operating this product.

**Note:** This installation should be made by a qualified service person and should conform to local codes.

This manual provides installation and operation information. To use this document, you must have the following minimum qualifications:

- A basic knowledge of CCTV systems and components
- A basic knowledge of electrical wiring and low-voltage electrical connections

## Intended use

Only use this product for its designated purpose; refer to the product specification and user documentation.

## Customer Support

For assistance in installing, operating, maintaining and troubleshooting this product refer to this document and any other documentation provided. If you still have questions, please contact Norbain Technical Support and Sales:

**Norbain SD Ltd, 210 Wharfedale Road, IQ Winnersh, Wokingham, Berkshire RG41 5TP, England.**

**UK +44 (0) 118 912 5000**

**Note:** You should be at the equipment and ready with details before calling Technical Support.

## Conventions Used in this Manual

**Boldface** or button icons highlight command entries. The following **WARNING**, **CAUTION** and **Note** statements identify potential hazards that can occur if the equipment is not handled properly:



**\* WARNING:**

Improper use of this equipment can cause severe bodily injury or equipment damage.



**\*\* Caution:**

Improper use of this equipment can cause equipment damage.

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**Note:** Notes contain important information about a product or procedure.



This apparatus is manufactured to comply with the radio interference.

A Declaration of Conformity in accordance with the following EU standards has been made. The manufacturer declares that the product supplied with this document is compliant the provisions of the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC, the CE Marking Directive 93/68 EEC and all associated amendments.



All lead-free products offered by the company comply with the requirements of the European law on the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) directive: 2011/65/EU, which means our manufacture processes and products are strictly "lead-free" and without the hazardous

substances cited in the directive.



The crossed-out wheeled bin mark symbolizes that within the European Union the product must be collected separately at the product end-of-life. This applies to your product and any peripherals marked with this symbol. Do not dispose of these products as unsorted municipal waste.

\* This symbol indicates electrical warnings and cautions.

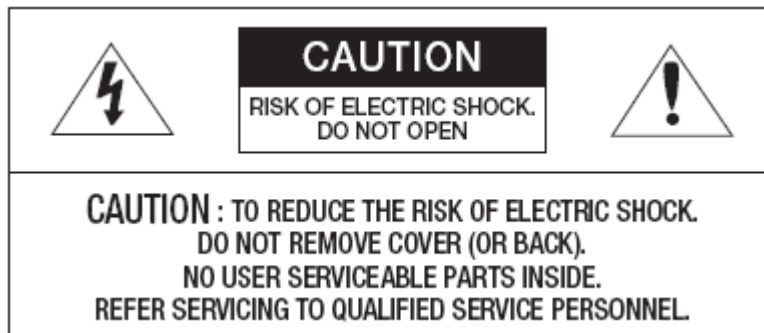
\*\* This symbol indicates general warnings and cautions.

NORBAIN SD LTD reserves the right to make changes to the product and specification of the product from time to time without prior notice.

#### WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS:

To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not insert any metallic objects through the ventilation grills or other openings on the equipment.

#### CAUTION



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# IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Read these instructions.

1. Keep these instructions.
2. Heed all warnings.
3. Follow all instructions.
4. Do not use this apparatus near water.
5. Clean only with dry cloth.
6. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
7. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
8. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or the third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
9. Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
10. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
11. Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
12. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
13. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
14. CAUTION – THESE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY. TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CONTAINED IN THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO.
15. Use satisfy clause 2.5 of IEC60950-1/UL60950-1 or Certified/Listed Class 2 power source only.
16. ITE is to be connected only to PoE networks without routing to the outside plant.



## CE COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

### **WARNING**

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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# 1. Description

The Network Camera supports the network service for a sensor image with progressive scan, which can be monitored on a real-time screen regardless of distances and locations. By using its dedicated program, many users are able to have an access to the Network Camera at once or a single user can monitor various network cameras at the same time. It also enables users to play, store and retrieve a monitoring image by using a PC. All the settings and real-time monitoring screens are also provided through an access to the web.

The Network Camera is fully featured for security surveillance and remote monitoring needs. It is based on the DSP compression chip, and makes it available on the network as real-time, full frame rate Motion JPEG and H.264 (or MPEG-4) video streams.

## 1.1 Components

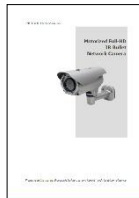
The system comes with the following components:



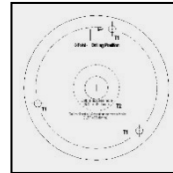
Camera unit



Installation CD



Installation Guide



Template Sheet



Accessory Kit

**NOTE:** Check your package to make sure that you received the complete system, including all components shown above.

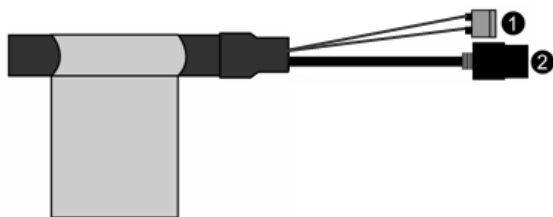


## 1.2 Key Features

- **Brilliant video quality**  
The Network Camera offers the highly efficient H.264 video compression, which drastically reduces bandwidth and storage requirements without compromising image quality. Motion JPEG is also supported for increased flexibility.
- **Wide Dynamic Range**  
The network camera provides WDR (Wide Dynamic Range) that improves video exposure quality in scenes with high contrast between bright and dark areas in the video, for example a shady area and a sunny area in the same scene.
- **Dual or triple streams**  
The Network Camera can deliver dual or triple video streams simultaneously at full frame rate in all resolutions up to 3M (2048 x 1536p) using Motion JPEG and H.264 (or MPEG-4). This means that several video streams can be configured with different compression formats, resolutions and frame rates for different needs.
- **Image setting adjustment**  
The Network Camera also enables users to adjust image settings such as contrast, brightness and saturation to improve images before encoding takes place.
- **Intelligent video capabilities**  
The Network Camera includes intelligent capabilities such as enhanced video motion detection.
- **Easy Focus**  
Easy Focus will be activated once Day/Night mode switched, and the focus readjusted automatically.
- **Focus & Zoom Control via Network**  
The Network Camera also enables users to adjust focus and zoom remotely via network.
- **Resolution**  
3 Megapixel, Max. 20fps@2048x1536, 30fps@1920x1080
- **Micro-SD Recording support**  
The Network Camera also supports a micro-SD memory slot for local recording with removable storage.
- **Improved Security**  
The Network Camera logs all user access, and lists currently connected users. Also, its full frame rate video can be provided over HTTPS.
- **ONVIF**  
This is a global interface standard that makes it easier for end users, integrators, consultants, and manufacturers to take advantage of the possibilities offered by network video technology. ONVIF enables interoperability between different vendor products, increased flexibility, reduced cost, and future-proof systems.

## 1.3 Overview

- **Connection Cable**

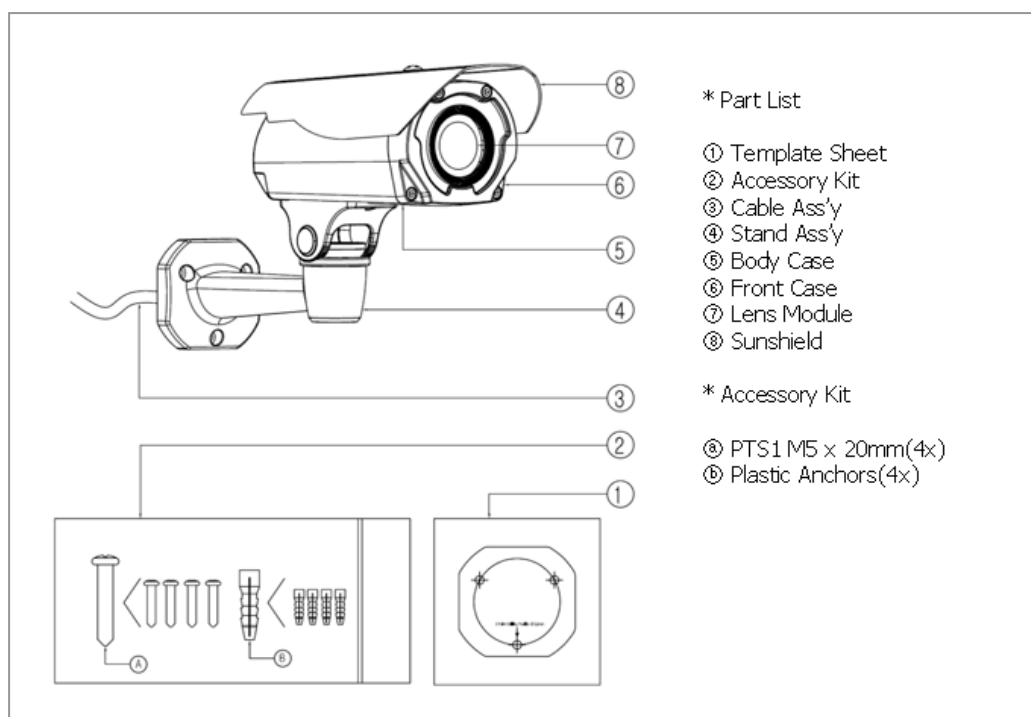


NO	Wire Color	Description
1	Red: DC12V White: GND	Main Power, 2pin terminal, DC12V 2.5A(24W) with Heater, or DC12V 550mA(6.5W) without Heater )
2	Black	Ethernet, RJ-45 port compatible with 10/100Mbps having PoE functionality. Modular Jack

**Caution:** If using PoE, the heater will not operate at all.

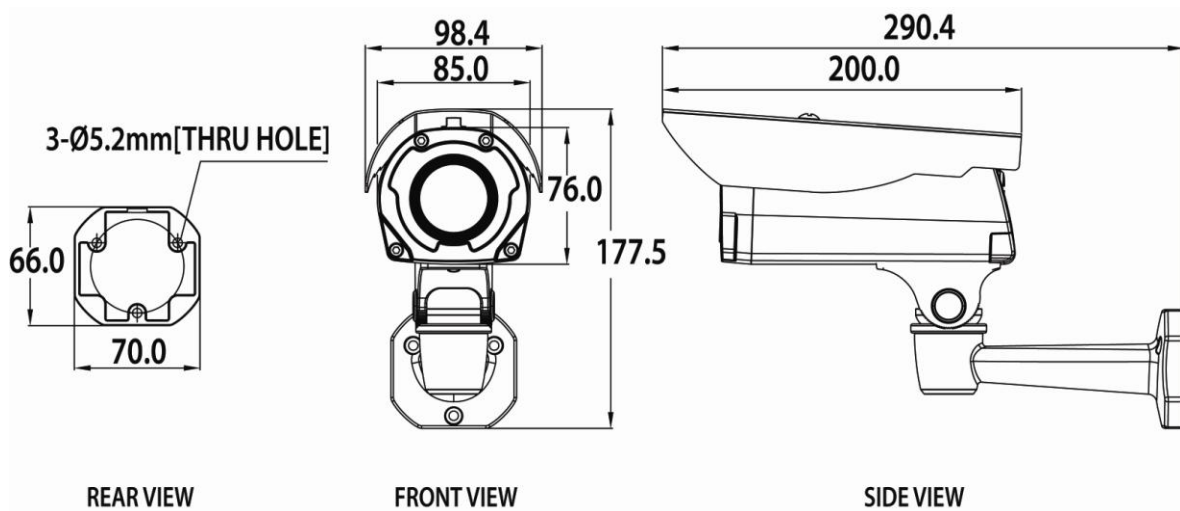
- **Parts and Description**

Carefully remove the contents from the box, and verify that nothing was damaged in shipment.



- **Camera Dimension**

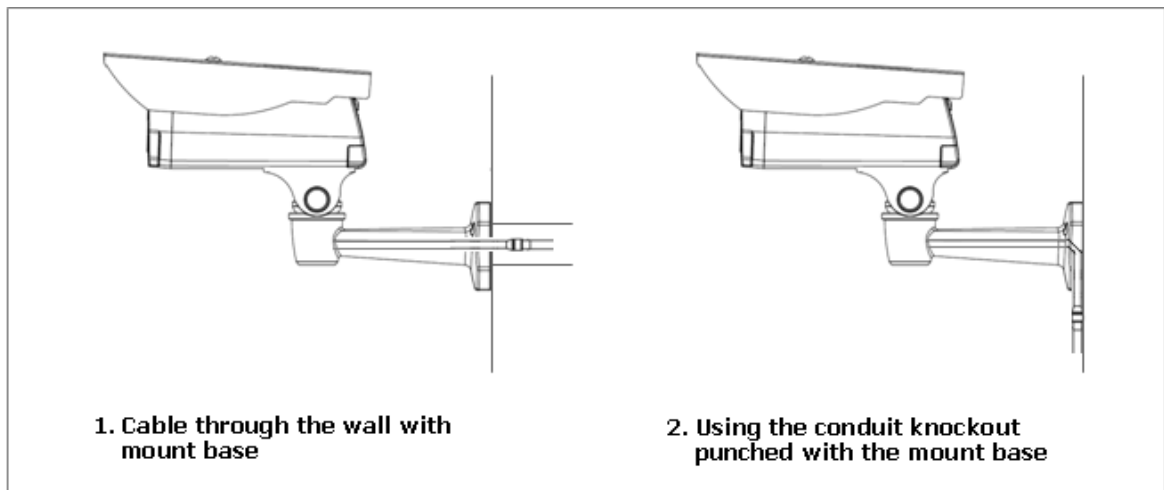
See the diagrams below for the exact dimension of the NUT-4201D, IR Bullet network cameras.



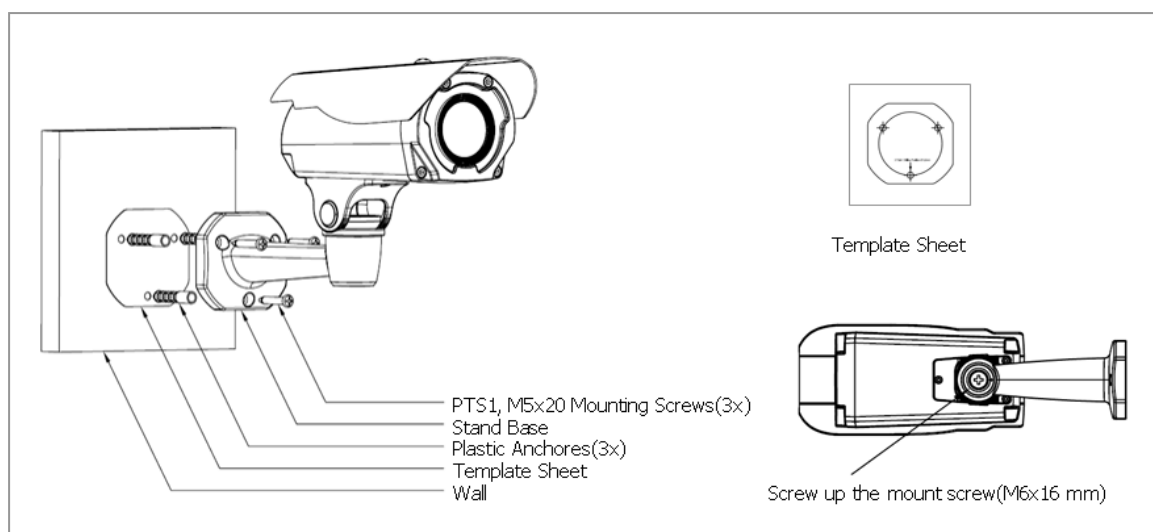
Dimensions Unit: mm

- **Base Installation(Cable through the wall with the mount base)**

There are two ways of installing the camera.



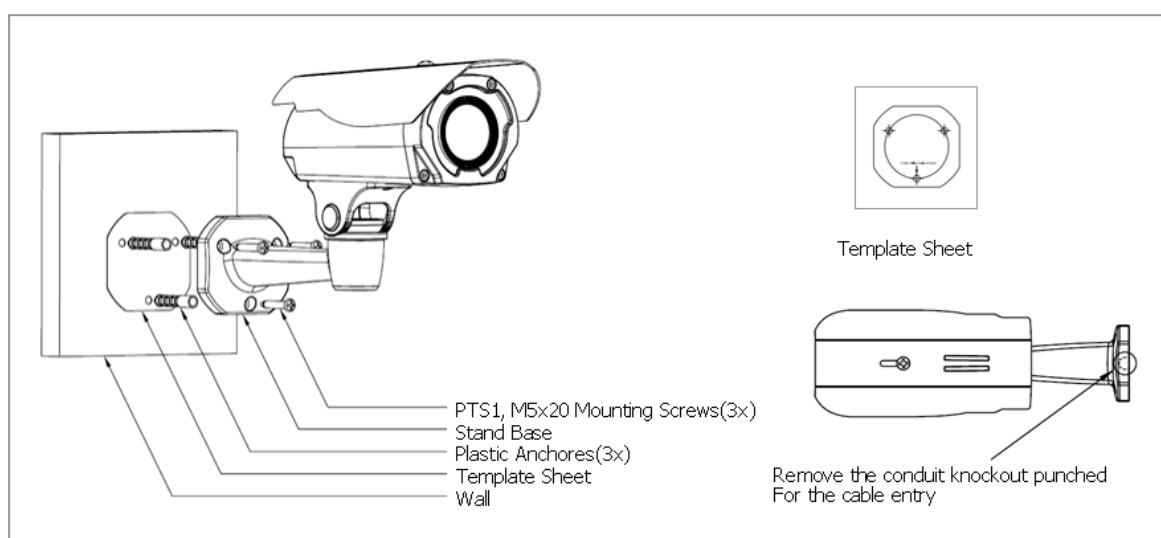
## 1) Installation1 (Cable through the wall with the mount base)



- Drill the mounting location, using the template sheet (or the bottom of the mount base) as a template.
- Insert the plastic anchors into the hole which has just drilled.
- Connect connection cable and network lines.
- Fit the screw holes of the mount base into the plastic anchors.
- Screw up the mount screws (M5x20).
- Adjust the camera suitably, and fasten the mount screws (M6x16) to fix the camera.

## 2) Installation 2 (Using the conduit knockout punched with Mount Base)

- Drill the mounting location, using the template sheet (or the bottom of the mount base) as a template.
- Insert the plastic anchors into the hole which has just drilled.



- C. Connect connection cable and network lines.
- D. Fit the screw holes of the mount base into the plastic anchors.
- E. Remove the conduit knockout punched for the cable entry.
- F. Screw up the mount screws (M5x20).
- G. Adjust the camera suitably using the pan & tilt function, and fasten and fasten the mount screws (M6x16) to fix the camera.

## 2. Installation

### 2.1 Connection

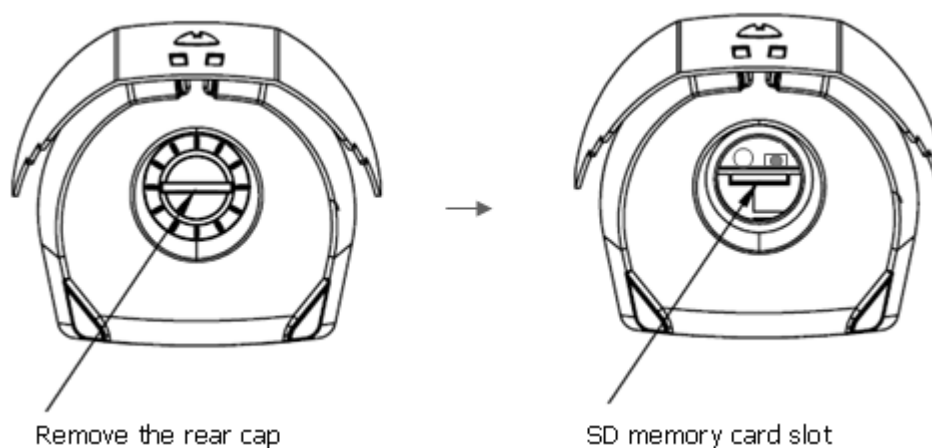
- **Connecting to the RJ-45**

Connect a standard RJ-45 cable to the network port of the network camera. Generally a cross-over cable is used for directly connection to PC, while a direct cable is used for connection to a hub.

You can also use a router featuring PoE (Power over Ethernet) to supply power to the camera.

- **Micro SD memory slot on the Rear Board**

Remove the rear cap of the camera to insert the SD memory card.



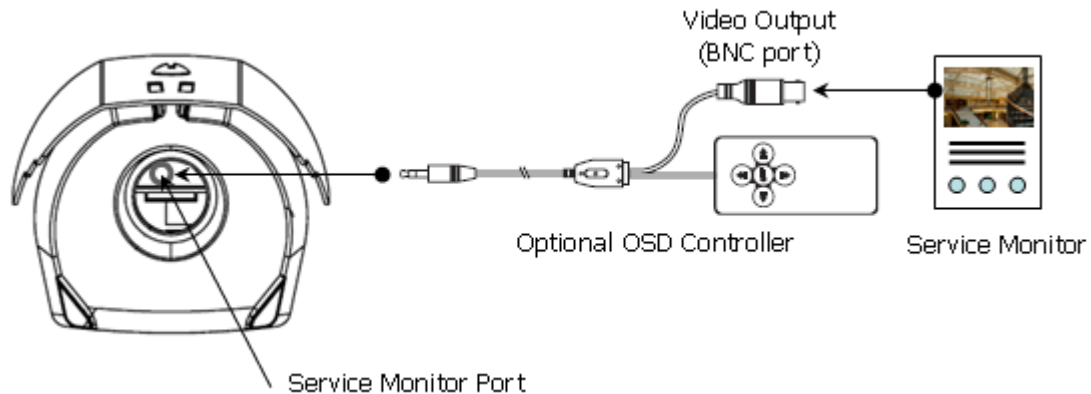
- **Connecting the Power**

Connect the power of DC12V for the network camera. Connect the positive(+) pole to the '+' position and the negative(-) pole to the '-' position for the DC power.

- Be careful not to reverse the polarity when you connect the power cable.
- You can also use a router featuring PoE (Power over Ethernet) to supply power to the camera.
- The heater will operate properly only by the power source of DC 12V.
- If using PoE, the heater will not operate at all.
- If PoE and DC 12V are both applied, this camera will get supplied with power from PoE.

- **Connecting Service Monitor Port**

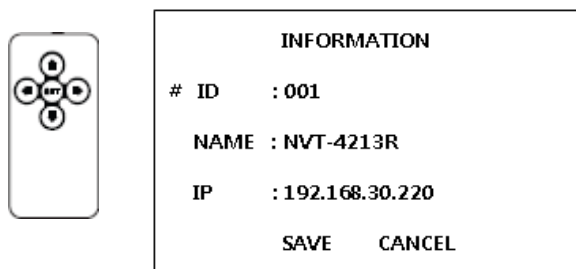
Service monitor port is used for an easy OSD setup. To make changes in the OSD menu, please use the OSD controller provided optionally with your camera purchase. You can set Camera Title and IP Address.



► **ID & IP assignment**

To make changes in the OSD menu, please use the OSD controller provided optionally with your camera purchase. You can set Camera Title and IP Address.

1. Connect the OSD Controller to the Service Monitor port of the network camera.
2. Connect Service Monitor and the Video Output port of the OSD Controller.
3. Press the SET button to access main Menu.
4. Change Camera ID, and IP Address. You can change the Name or Title and IP address of the camera. Using the  $\uparrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$  buttons on the controller, you can change the parameters.
5. Select SAVE or CANCEL to exit the Main Menu.



Video Output is also used for an easy zoom and focus control when installing lens. Video Output is restricted to 704x480(576) resolution.

► **Zoom & Focus Control**

The camera enters Zoom and Focus control mode as soon as connecting OSD Controller to the Service Monitor port.

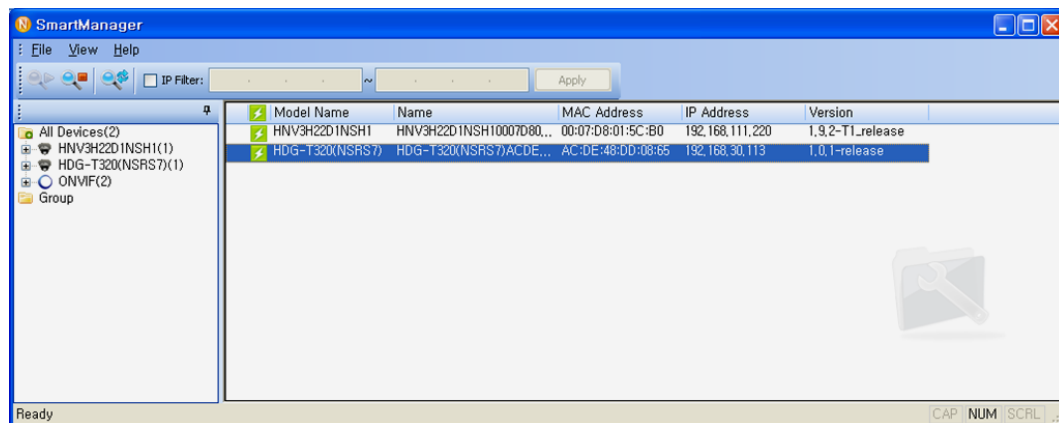
- Zoom Control:  $\uparrow$  (Zoom In),  $\downarrow$  (Zoom Out)
- Focus Control:  $\leftarrow$  (Focus Near),  $\rightarrow$  (Focus Far)
- Smart Focus: Press and hold the SET button for 2 or more seconds. The camera readjusts focus automatically.

**Note:** You can get the Optional OSD Controller from your installer.

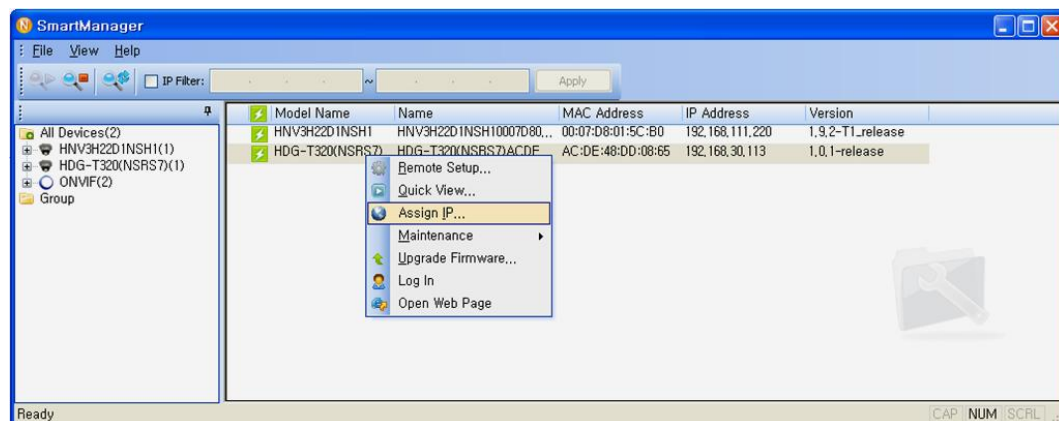
## 2.2 Network Connection and IP assignment

The Network Camera supports the operation through the network. When a camera is first connected to the network it has no IP address. So, it is necessary to allocate an IP address to the device with the "Smart Manager" utility on the CD. The factory default IP is "192.168.30.220".

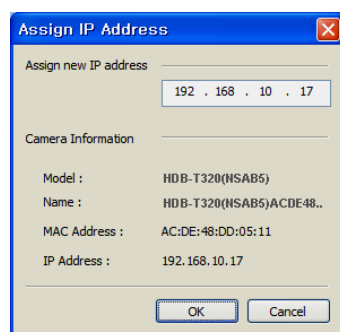
1. Connect the Network Camera / device to the network and power up.
2. Start SmartManager utility (Start>All programs>SmartManager>SmartManager), the main window will be displayed, after a short while any network devices connected to the network will be displayed in the list.



3. Select the camera on the list and click right button of the mouse. You can see the pop-up menu below.



4. Select Assign IP. You can see a Assign IP window. Enter the required IP address.



**Note:** For more information, refer to the Smart Manger User's Manual.

## 3. Operation

The Network Camera can be used with Windows operating system and browsers. The recommended browsers are Internet Explorer, Safari, Firefox, Opera and Google Chrome with Windows.

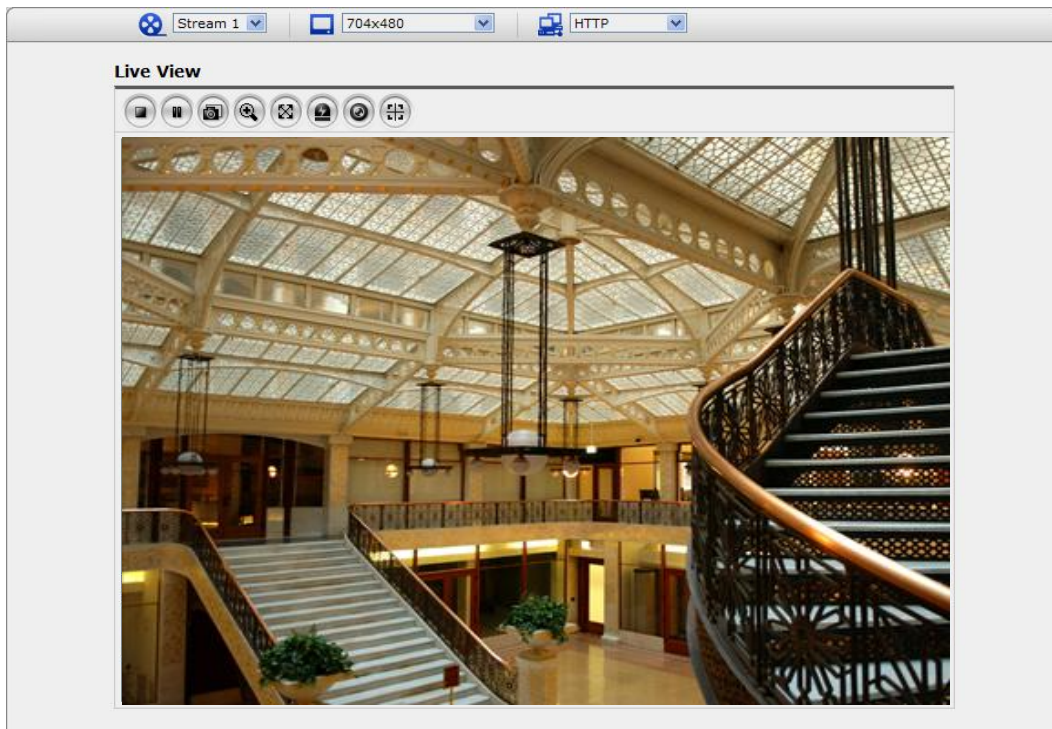
**Note:** To view streaming video in Microsoft Internet Explorer, set your browser to allow ActiveX controls.

### 3.1 Access from a browser

1. Start a browser (Internet Explorer).
2. Enter the IP address or host name of the Network Camera in the Location/Address field of your browser.
3. You can see a starting page. Click Live View or Setup to enter web page.



4. The network camera's **Live View** page appears in your browser.





## 3.2. Access from the internet

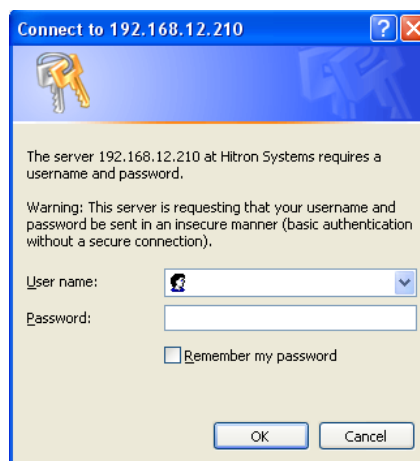
Access from the internet once connected, the Network Camera is accessible on your local network (LAN). To access the network camera from the Internet you must configure your broadband router to allow incoming data traffic to the network camera. To do this, enable the NAT-traversal feature, which will attempt to automatically configure the router to allow access to the network camera. This is enabled from Setup > System > Network > NAT.

For more information, please see "3.5.6 System>Network>NAT" of User's Manual.

## 3.3 Setting the admin password over a secure connection

To gain access to the product, the password for the default administrator user must be set. This is done in the "Admin Password" dialog, which is displayed when the network camera is accessed for the setup at the first time. Enter your admin name and password, set by the administrator.

**Note:** The default administrator username and password is "admin". If the password is lost, the Network Camera must be reset to the factory default settings. See "3.8 Resetting to the Factory Default Settings".



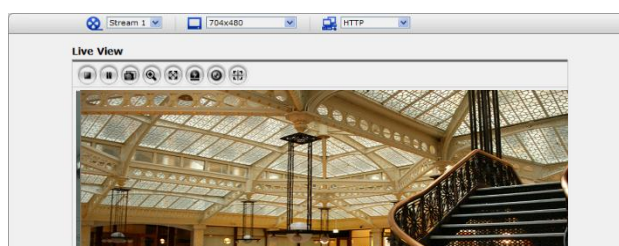
To prevent network eavesdropping when setting the admin password, this can be done via an encrypted HTTPS connection, which requires an HTTPS certificate (see note below).

To set the password via a standard HTTP connection, enter it directly in the first dialog shown below. To set the password via an encrypted HTTPS connection, see "3.5.6 System >Security>HTTPS".

**Note:** HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) is a protocol used to encrypt the traffic between web browsers and servers. The HTTPS certificate controls the encrypted exchange of information.

## 3.4 Live View Page

The live view page comes in several screen modes: 2048x1536, 1920x1080, 1280x1024, 1280x720, 704x480(576), 640x480, 352x240(288) and 320x240. Users are allowed to select the most suitable one out of those modes. Please, adjust the mode in accordance with your PC specifications and monitoring purposes.



## 1) General controls



Live View Page



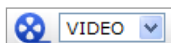
Search & Playback Page



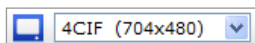
Setup Page



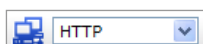
Help Page



The video drop-down list allows you to select a customized or pre-programmed video stream on the live view page. Stream profiles are configured under Setup > Basic Configuration > Video & Image. For more information, please see "3.5.1 Basic Configuration > Video & Image" of User's Manual.



The resolution drop-down list allows you to select the most suitable one out of video resolutions to be displayed on live view page.



The protocol drop-down list allows you to select which combination of protocols and methods to use depends on your viewing requirements, and on the properties of your network.

## 2) Control toolbar

The live viewer toolbar is available in the web browser page only. It displays the following buttons:



The Stop button stops the video stream being played. Pressing the key again toggles the start and stop. The Start button connects to the network camera or start playing a video stream.



The Pause button pause the video stream being played.



The Snapshot button takes a snapshot of the current image. The location where the image is saved can be specified.



The digital zoom activates a zoom-in or zoom-out function for video image on the live screen.



The Full Screen button causes the video image to fill the entire screen area. No other windows will be visible. Press the 'Esc' button on the computer keyboard to cancel full screen view.



The Manual Trigger button activates a pop-up window to manually start or stop the event.



The Remote Focus button enables users to adjust focus and zoom remotely via network.




The Smart Focus button readjusts focus automatically.

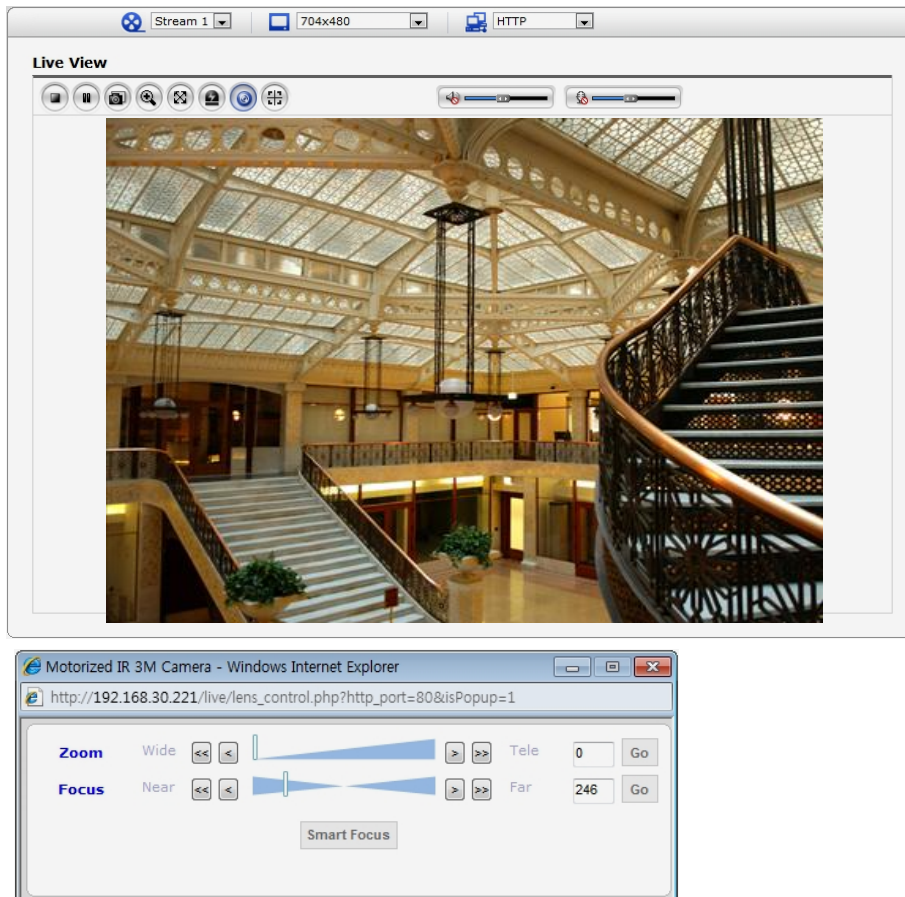
## 3) Video Streams

The network camera provides several images and video stream formats. Your requirements and the properties of your network will determine the type you use.


The Live View page in network camera provides access to H.264, MPEG-4 and Motion JPEG video streams, and to the list of available video streams. Other applications and clients can also access these video streams/images directly, without going via the Live View page.

#### 4) Focus and Zoom Control

You can control Zoom and Focus in the live screen. Press the  button on the left top in the live screen to activate the Zoom & Focus control panel.



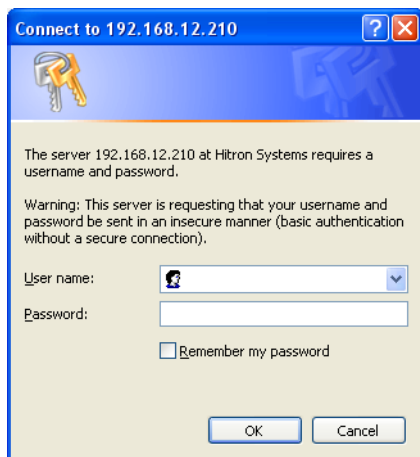
- **Adjusting Zoom:**  
Click "<" button to zoom out and click ">" button to zoom in. The focus is moved slightly after adjusting zoom; adjust the focus again, as necessary.
- **Adjusting Focus:**  
Click ">" button for far focus and click "<" button to near focus.
- **Fine Focus:**  
Click "Fine Focus" to fine tune and readjust focus automatically.

**Note:** Click the  button in the Live View screen to set the focus to the optimum position.

## 3.5 Network Camera Setup

This section describes how to configure the network camera, and is intended for product Administrators, who have unrestricted access to all the Setup tools; and Operators, who have access to the settings for Basic, Live View, Video & Image, Event, and System Configuration.

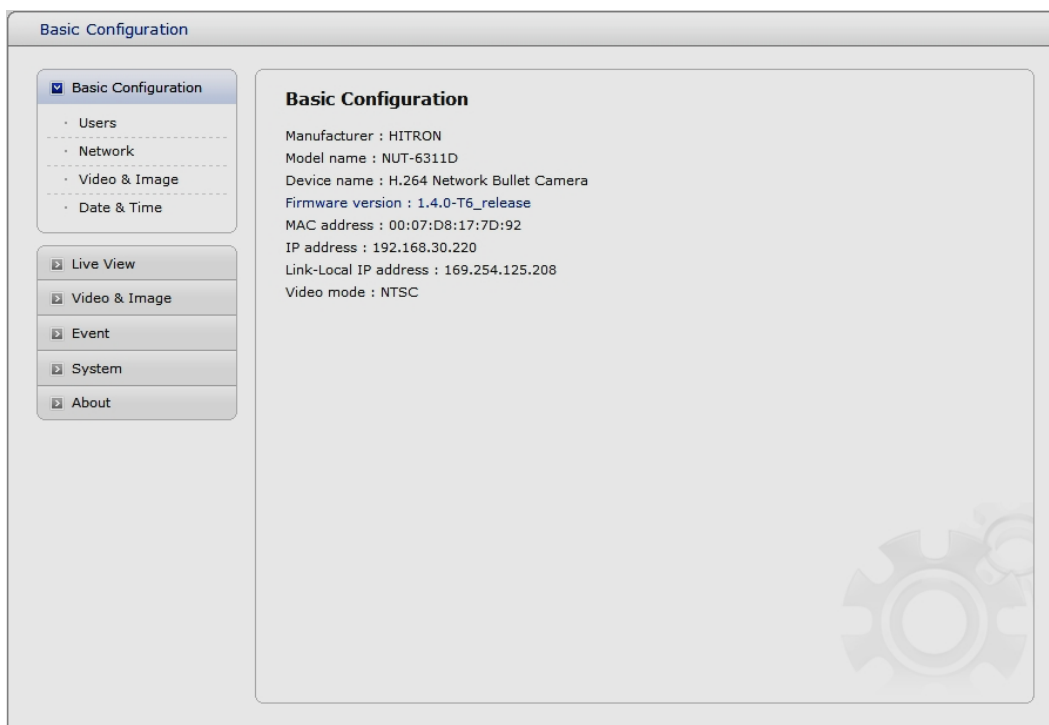
You can configure the network camera by clicking Setup in the top right-hand corner of the Live View page. Click on this page to access the online help that explains the setup tools



When accessing the Network Camera for the first time, the "Admin Password" dialog appears. Enter your admin name and password, set by the administrator.

**Note:** If the password is lost, the Network Camera must be reset to the factory default settings. See "3.8 Resetting to the Factory Default Settings".

### 3.5.1 Basic Configuration



You can see the device information in this information page.

## 1) Users

User access control is enabled by default. An administrator can set up other users, by giving these user names and passwords. It is also possible to allow anonymous viewer login, which means that anybody may access the Live View page, as described below:

Basic Configuration

☒ Basic Configuration

- **Users**
- Network
- Video & Image
- Date & Time

☒ Live View

☒ Video & Image

☒ Event

☒ System

☒ About

### Users

User Setting

☒ Enable anonymous viewer login

User List Setting

User Name	User Group	Authority
admin	administrator	live, setup, system, lens

Add Modify Remove

Save Reset

The **user list** displays the authorized users and user groups (levels):

User Group	Authority
Guest	Provides the lowest level of access, which only allows access to the Live View page.
Operator	An operator can view the Live View page, create and modify events, and adjust certain other settings. Operators have no access to System Options.
Administrator	An administrator has unrestricted access to the Setup tools and can determine the registration of all other users.

- **Enable anonymous viewer login:** Check the box to use the webcasting features. Refer to "3.5.2 Video & Image" for more details.

## 2) Network

The network camera supports both IP version 4 and IP version 6. Both versions may be enabled simultaneously, and at least one version must always be enabled. When using IPv4, the IP address for the network camera can be set automatically via DHCP, or a static IP address can be set manually. If IPv6 is enabled, the network camera receive an IP address according to the configuration in the network router. There is also the option of using the Internet Dynamic DNS Service. For more information on setting the Network, please see Setup> System>Security>Network.

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Basic Configuration". On the left is a sidebar menu with the following items: "Basic Configuration" (selected), "Users", "Network", "Video & Image", "Date & Time", "Live View", "Video & Image", "Event", "System", and "About". The main content area is titled "Network" and contains a sub-section "IP Address Configuration". It has two radio buttons: "Obtain IP address via DHCP" (unselected) and "Use the following IP address :" (selected). Below the radio buttons are three input fields: "IP address" with the value "192 . 168 . 50 . 32", "Subnet mask" with the value "255 . 255 . 255 . 0", and "Default router" with the value "192 . 168 . 50 . 99". At the bottom right of the form are "Save" and "Reset" buttons. A large gear icon is visible in the background of the main content area.

- **Obtain IP address via DHCP** - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a protocol that lets network administrators centrally manage and automate the assignment of IP addresses on a network. DHCP is enabled by default. Although a DHCP server is mostly used to set an IP address dynamically, it is also possible to use it to set a static, known IP address for a particular MAC address.
- **Use the following IP address** - To use a static IP address for the Network Camera, check the radio button and then make the following settings:
  - **IP address** - Specify a unique IP address for your Network Camera.
  - **Subnet mask** - Specify the mask for the subnet the Network Camera is located on.
  - **Default router** - Specify the IP address of the default router (gateway) used for connecting devices attached to different networks and network segments.

### Notes:

1. DHCP should only be enabled if using dynamic IP address notification, or if your DHCP server can update a DNS server, which then allows you to access the Network Camera by name (host name). If DHCP is enabled and you cannot access the unit, you may have to reset it to the factory default settings and then perform the installation again.
2. The ARP/Ping service is automatically disabled two minutes after the unit is started, or as soon as an IP address is set.
3. Pinging the unit is still possible when this service is disabled.

### 3) Video & Image

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for video and image settings. On the left is a sidebar with a tree view containing 'Basic Configuration' (selected), 'Users', 'Network', 'Video & Image', 'Date & Time', 'Live View', 'Video & Image', 'Event', 'System', and 'About'. The main content area is titled 'Video & Image' and contains four sections: 'Sensor Setting', 'Stream 1 Setting', 'Stream 2 Setting', and 'Stream 3 Setting'. Each section has a set of configuration fields. At the bottom right of the main area is a faint gear icon. At the bottom center are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons.

Section	Field	Value
Sensor Setting	Capture mode	2048x1536 Max. 20fps
Stream 1 Setting	Codec	H.264 Baseline Profile
	Resolution	2048x1536
	Bitrate control	CBR
	Bitrate	5000 [Kbps]
	Framerate	20
	GOP size	20 [1 ...40]
Stream 2 Setting	Codec	MJPEG
	Resolution	640x480
	Framerate	20
	Quality	50 [1 ...100]
Stream 3 Setting	Codec	H.264 Baseline Profile
	Resolution	Same as Stream 2
	Bitrate control	CBR
	Bitrate	1000 [Kbps]
	Framerate	5
	GOP size	5 [1 ...10]

- **Sensor Setting**

- **Capture Mode:**

Choose Capture Mode you wish to use from the drop-down list:

- \* **2048x1536 Max 20fps:** Capture resolution is 2048x1536 and Maximum frame is 20.
    - \* **1920x1080 Max 30fps:** Capture resolution is 1920x1080 and Maximum frame is 30.

- **Stream1 Setting**

- **Codec:**

The codec settings are separated into MPEG4 and H.264.

H.264 is also known as MPEG-4 Part 10. This is the new generation compression standard for digital video. This function offers higher video resolution than Motion JPEG or MPEG-4 at the same bit rate and bandwidth, or the same quality video at a lower bit rate.

There are 4 pre-programmed stream profiles available for quick set-up. Choose the form of video encoding you wish to use from the drop-down list:

- \* **H.264 HP(High Profile):** The primary profile for broadcast and disc storage applications, particularly for high-definition television applications (for example, this is the profile adopted by the Blu-ray Disc storage format and the DVB HDTV broadcast service).
    - \* **H.264 MP(Main Profile):** Primarily for low-cost applications that requires additional error robustness, this profile is used rarely in videoconferencing and mobile applications, it does add additional error

resilience tools to the Constrained Baseline Profile. The importance of this profile is fading after the Constrained Baseline Profile has been defined.

- \* **H.264 BP(Baseline Profile):**

Originally intended as the mainstream consumer profile for broadcast and storage applications, the importance of this profile faded when the High profile was developed for those applications.

- \* **MPEG4 SP(Simple Profile):**

Mostly aimed for use in situations where low bit rate and low resolution are mandated by other conditions of the applications, like network bandwidth, device size etc.

- **Resolution:**

It enables users to determine a basic screen size when having an access through the Web Browser or PC program. The screen size control comes in seven modes like 2048x1536, 1920x1080, 1280x1024, 1280x720, 704x480(576), 640x480, 352x240(288), and 320x240. Users can reset the selected screen size anytime while monitoring the screen on a real-time basis.

- **Bitrate control:**

The bit rate can be set as Variable Bit Rate (VBR) or Constant Bit Rate (CBR). VBR adjusts the bit rate according to the image complexity, using up bandwidth for increased activity in the image, and less for lower activity in the monitored area.

CBR allows you to set a fixed target bitrate that consumes a predictable amount of bandwidth. As the bit rate would usually need to increase for increased image activity, but in this case cannot, the frame rate and image quality are affected negatively. To partly compensate for this, it is possible to prioritize either the frame rate or the image quality whenever the bit rate needs to be increased. Not setting a priority means the frame rate and image quality are equally affected.

- **Bitrate:**

When it is necessary to adjust a smooth transmission status according to network situations, users can increase the compressibility to carry out the network transmission stably. On the other hand, when it is necessary to maintain a detailed monitoring screen by enhancing the image quality, users can do so by decreasing the compressibility. In ease case, please adjust this function according to the network status and monitoring purposes. The default is 2000(Kbps).

- **Frame rate:**

Upon the real-time play, users should select a frame refresh rate per second. If the rate is high, the image will become smooth. On the other hand, if the rate is low, the image will not be natural but it can reduce a network load.

- **GOP size:**

Select the GOP(Group of Picture) size. If users want to have a high quality of fast image one by one, please decrease the value. For the purpose of general monitoring, please do not change a basic value. Such act may cause a problem to the system performance. For the details of GOP setting, please contact the service center.

- **Stream2 Setting**

Sometimes the image size is large due to low light or complex scenery. Adjusting the frame rate and quality helps to control the bandwidth and storage used by the Motion JPEG video stream in



these situations. Limiting the frame rate and quality optimizes bandwidth and storage usage, but may give poor image quality. To prevent increased bandwidth and storage usage, the Resolution, Frame rate, and Frame Quality should be set to an optimal value.

- **JPEG resolution:** Same as the Stream1 Setting.
- **JPEG frame rate:** Same as the Stream1 Setting.
- **JPEG quality:**  
Select the picture quality. If users want to have a high quality of fast image one by one, please decrease the value. For the purpose of general monitoring, please do not change a basic value. Such act may cause a problem to the system performance.
- **Stream3 Setting**  
Same as the Stream1 Setting. Click the checkbox to activate the 3<sup>rd</sup> stream.

When satisfied with the settings, click **Save**, or click **Reset** to revert to previously saved settings.

#### 4) Date & Time

The screenshot shows the 'Basic Configuration' window with the 'Date & Time' tab selected. The left sidebar contains a menu with 'Basic Configuration' (selected), 'Users', 'Network', 'Video & Image', 'Date & Time', 'Live View', 'Video & Image', 'Event', 'System', and 'About'. The main content area is titled 'Date & Time' and contains the following sections:

- Current Server Time:** Date: 2014-11-19, Time: 01:57:53
- New Server Time:**
  - Time zone: (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London (dropdown menu)
  - ☐ Automatically adjusts for daylight saving time changes
- Time mode:**
  - ☒ Synchronize with computer time
    - Date: 2014-11-19, Time: 12:19:24
  - ☐ Synchronize with NTP server
    - NTP server: time.nist.gov, NTP Interval: 12 [hour]
  - ☐ Set manually
    - Date: 2014-11-19, Time: 01:57:52
- Date & Time Format:**
  - Date Format: YYYY-MM-DD (dropdown menu)
  - Time Format: 24 Hour (dropdown menu)

At the bottom right, there are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons.

- **Current Server Time**  
It displays the current date and time (24h clock). The time can be displayed in 12h clock format in the overlay (see below).

- **New Server Time**

Select your time zone from the drop-down list. If you want the server clock to automatically adjust for daylight savings time, select the "Automatically adjustment for daylight saving time changes".

From the **Time Mode** section, select the preferred method to use for setting the time:

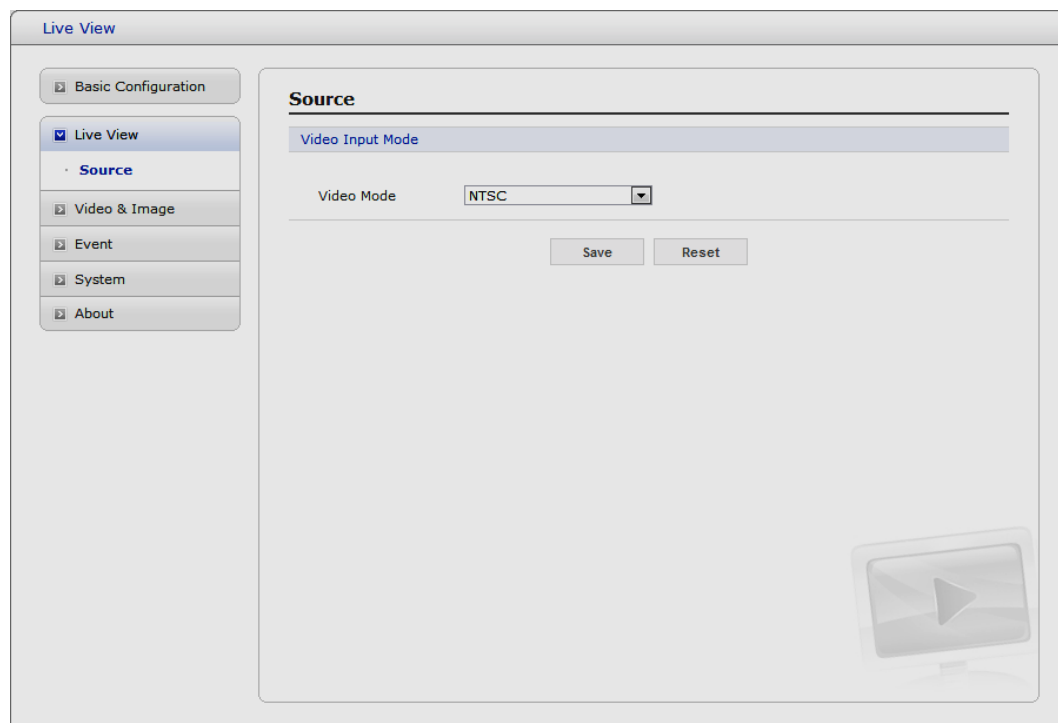
- **Synchronize with computer time:** sets the time from the clock on your computer.
- **Synchronize with NTP Server:** the network camera will obtain the time from an NTP server every 60 minutes.
- **Set manually:** this option allows you to manually set the time and date.

- **Date & Time Format**

Specify the formats for the date and time (12h or 24h) displayed in the video streams. Select Date & Time format from the drop-down list.

- **Date Format:** Specify the date format. YYYY: Year, MM: Month, DD: Day
- **Time Format:** Specify the date format. 24Hours or 12 Hours

## 3.5.2 Live View



- **Video Input Mode**

- **Video Mode:**  
Choose Video Mode you wish to use from the drop-down list: NTSC or PAL

## 3.5.3 Video & Image

### ▼ Basic

Video & Image

Basic Configuration

Live View

Video & Image

Basic

Privacy Masking

Webcasting

Camera Setup

Event

System

About

Video & Image - Basic

Sensor Setting

Capture mode2048x1536 Max. 20fps

Stream 1 Setting

CodecH.264 Baseline Profile

Resolution2048x1536

Bitrate controlCBR

Bitrate5000 [Kbps]

Framerate20

GOP size20 [1 ...40]

Stream 2 Setting

CodecMJPEG

Resolution640x480

Framerate20

Quality50 [1 ...100]

Stream 3 Setting

CodecH.264 Baseline Profile

ResolutionSame as Stream 2

Bitrate controlCBR

Bitrate1000 [Kbps]

Framerate5

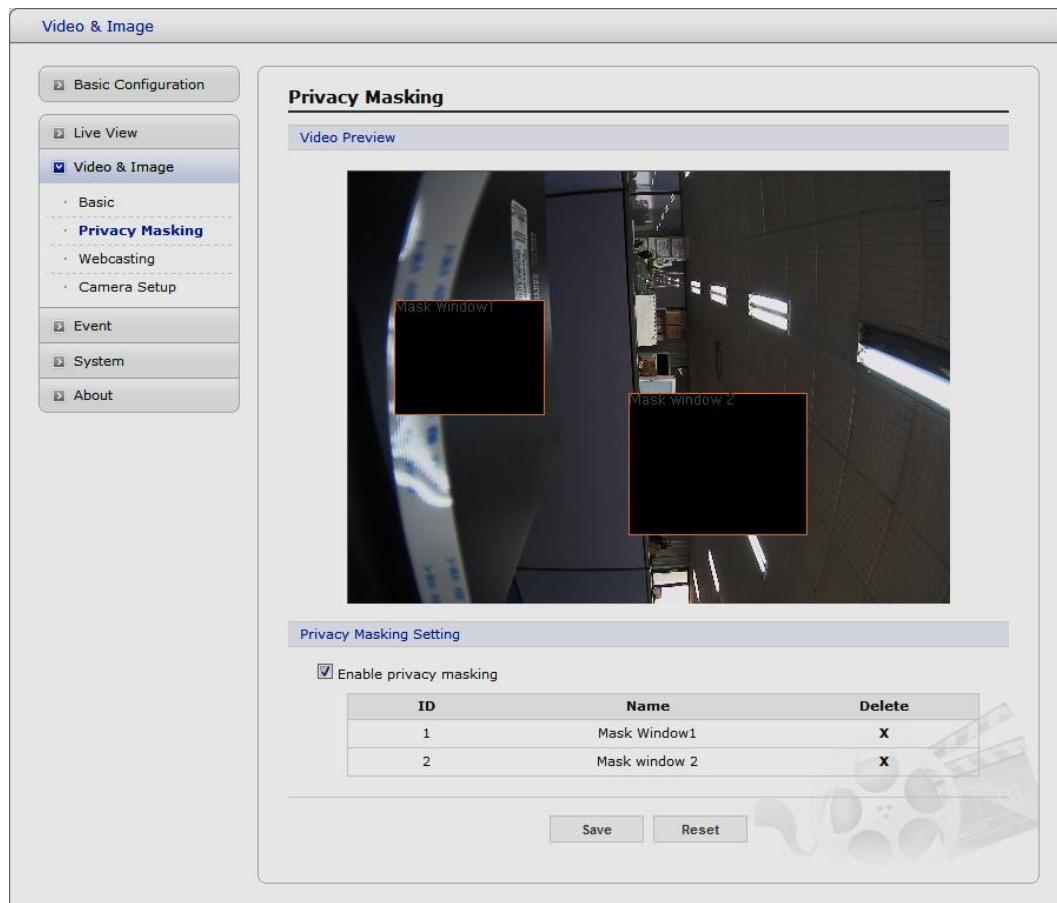
GOP size5 [1 ...10]

SaveReset

Refer to “3.5.1 Basic Configuration > Video & Image” for more details.

## ▼ Privacy Masking

The privacy masking function allows you to mask parts of the video image to be transmitted. You can set up to eight privacy masks and the color of privacy masks is black.



The privacy masks are configured by Mask windows. Each window can be selected by clicking with the mouse. It is also possible to **resize or delete, or move** the window, by selecting the appropriate window at the mouse menu on the video screen.



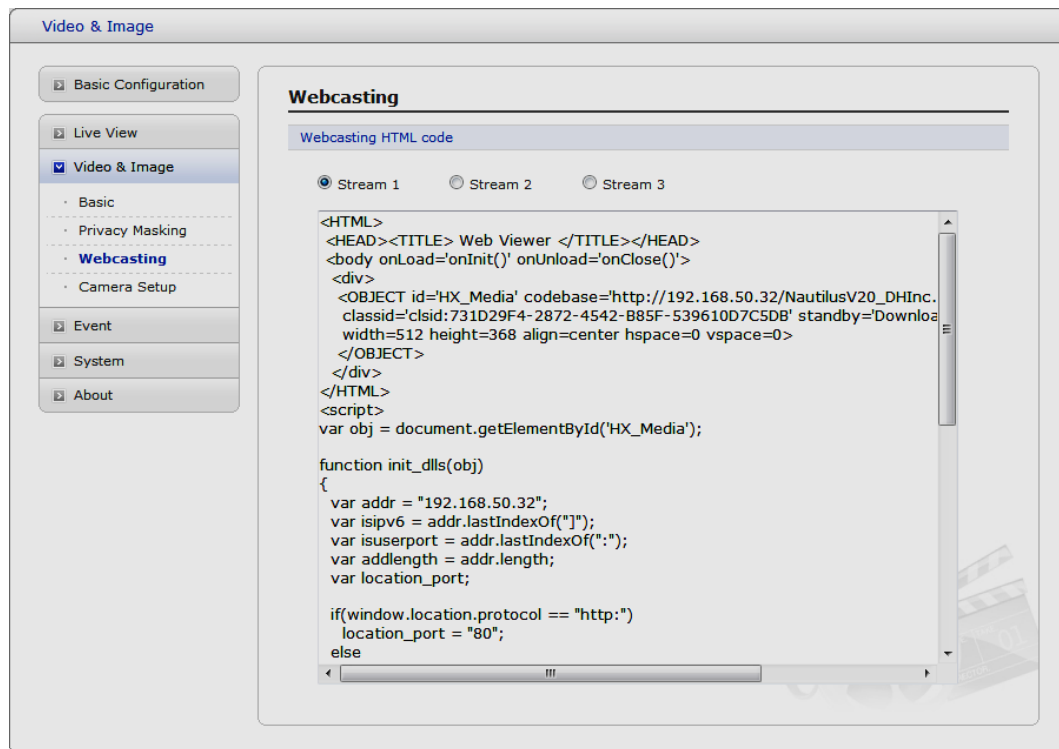
To create a mask window, follow steps:

1. Click the right button of mouse to see the mouse menu.
2. Select New Privacy Mask in the mouse menu.
3. Click and drag mouse to designate a mask window area.

You can also modify or delete a mask window index. Select an index and then, modify items or delete button. Select "Enable" to activate the privacy masking function.

## ▼ Webcasting

The network camera can stream live video to a website. Copy the HTML code generated on the screen and pastes it in page code of the website you want to display live video.



**Note:** To use webcasting service, the Enable Anonymous viewer login option must be checked. Refer to "3.5.1 Basic Configuration > Users" for more details.

## ▼ Camera Setup

In this page, user can setup Exposure Control, White Balance Control, Image Appearance, and Day & Night control.

The screenshot displays the 'Camera Setup' window within a 'Video & Image' application. On the left is a sidebar with a tree view containing 'Basic Configuration', 'Live View', 'Video & Image' (selected), 'Event', 'System', and 'About'. Under 'Video & Image', there are sub-items: 'Basic', 'Privacy Masking', 'Webcasting', and 'Camera Setup' (highlighted). The main area is titled 'Camera Setup' and contains several sections:

- Video Preview:** A button labeled 'Video Preview'.
- Exposure Control:**
  - Mode: ☒ Automatic, ☐ Flicker-free 50Hz, ☐ Flicker-free 60Hz
  - Value: A slider and a text box showing '5' with a range '[1 ... 10]' and '[default] : 5'.
  - Max. gain: ☒ Low, ☐ Middle, ☐ High
  - Shutter: ☐ Automatic, ☒ Fixed, with a dropdown showing '1/30' and '[s]'.
  - Checkboxes: ☒ Enable automatic IRIS adjustment, ☐ Enable backlight compensation, ☐ Enable wide dynamic range.
- White Balance Control:**
  - Mode: ☒ Automatic, ☐ Fixed incandescent, ☐ Fixed fluorescent, ☐ Fixed outdoor
- Image Appearance:**
  - Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, Hue, and Sharpness: Each has a slider and a text box showing its current value and range/default (e.g., Brightness: 1, [1 ... 10], [default] : 1).
  - Checkboxes: ☐ Enable flip horizontally, ☐ Enable mirror image, ☐ Enable noise reduction, ☐ Enable defog.
- Day & Night Control:**
  - Mode: ☒ Automatic, ☐ Day, ☐ Night
  - Threshold: ☐ Low, ☒ High
  - Checkbox: ☐ Smart Focus sync with Day & Night
- IR Control:**
  - Checkbox: ☒ Enable IR
  - Max. Strength: A slider and a text box showing '3' with a range '[1 ... 5]'.

- **Video Preview**

Click the Video Preview button to activate video preview pop-up window.

- **Exposure Control**

Configure the exposure settings to suit the image quality requirements in relation to lighting consideration.

- **Mode:** Supports exposure modes to control the amount of light detected by the camera sensor based on settings for light conditions. The default setting is Auto with DC-IRIS.
- \* **Automatic:** Automatically sets the amount of light detected by the DC-IRIS and AGC.
- \* **Flicker-free 50Hz:** Fixes the exposure at elect at 50 Hz environments.
- \* **Flicker-free 60Hz:** Fixes the exposure at elect at 60 Hz environments.
- **Value:** Set the value in the drop-down list to tune the exposure. The default setting is 5.
- **Max. Gain:** Select maximum gain.
- **Shutter:** Select a shutter speed value in the drop-down list. The default setting is 1/30.
- **Enable automatic IRIS adjustment:** This checkbox should always be set to be checked, except during focusing, or when using a fixed iris lens.
- **Enable Backlight Compensation:** Set this checkbox to activate the BLC operation.
- **Enable Wide Dynamic Range:** Check this box to activate the WDR.  
Enabling WDR (digital Wide Dynamic Range) balances the lighting in a scene, allowing the camera to display greater scene details, from shadows to highlights.

- **White Balance Control**

This adjusts the relative amount of red, green and blue primary colors in the image so that the neutral colors are reproduced correctly. The camera can be set to automatically adjust for the type of light and compensate for its color. Alternatively, the type of light source can be set manually.

From the drop-down list, select the white balance setting suitable for the lighting used for your camera. The available options are:

- **Automatic:** Automatic identification and compensation for the light source color. This can be used in most situations and is the recommended setting.
- **Fixed Incandescent:** Fixed color adjustment, ideal for a room with incandescent (a glow) lighting and good for a normal color temperature around 2600K.
- **Fixed Fluorescent:** Fixed color adjustment; good for fluorescent lighting with a color temperature around 4000K to 5000K.
- **Fixed Outdoor:** Fixed color adjustment for sunny, with a color temperature around 6500K to 7500K.

- **Image Appearance**

This provides access to the advanced image settings for the network camera.

- **Brightness:** The image brightness can be adjusted in the range 1-10, where a higher value produces a brighter image.
- **Contrast:** Adjust the image's contrast by raising or lowering the value in this field.
- **Saturation:** Set the appropriate level by entering a value in the range 1-10. Lower values mean less color saturation.
- **Hue:** Set the appropriate level in the range 1-10. The value distinguishes color, such as red, yellow, green, or violet.
- **Sharpness:** Set the amount of sharpening applied to the image. A sharper image might increase image noise especially in low light conditions. A lower setting reduces image noise, but the image would be less sharp.
- **Enable flip image:** Check this box to flip the image.

- **Enable mirror image:** Check this box to mirror the image.
- **Enable Noise Reduction:** Check this box to activate the noise reduction.
- **Enable Defog:** Check this box to activate the defog function.

- **Day & Night Control**

Select the day/night mode from among three modes.

- **Mode:** Normally works in day mode. It switches automatically to night mode in a dark place.
- \* **Automatic:** Normally works in day mode. It switches automatically to night mode in a dark place.
- \* **Day:** Always works in day mode.
- \* **Night:** Always works in night mode.
- **Smart Focus sync with Day & Night:** Automatically adjust Focus whenever the Day or Night transition.

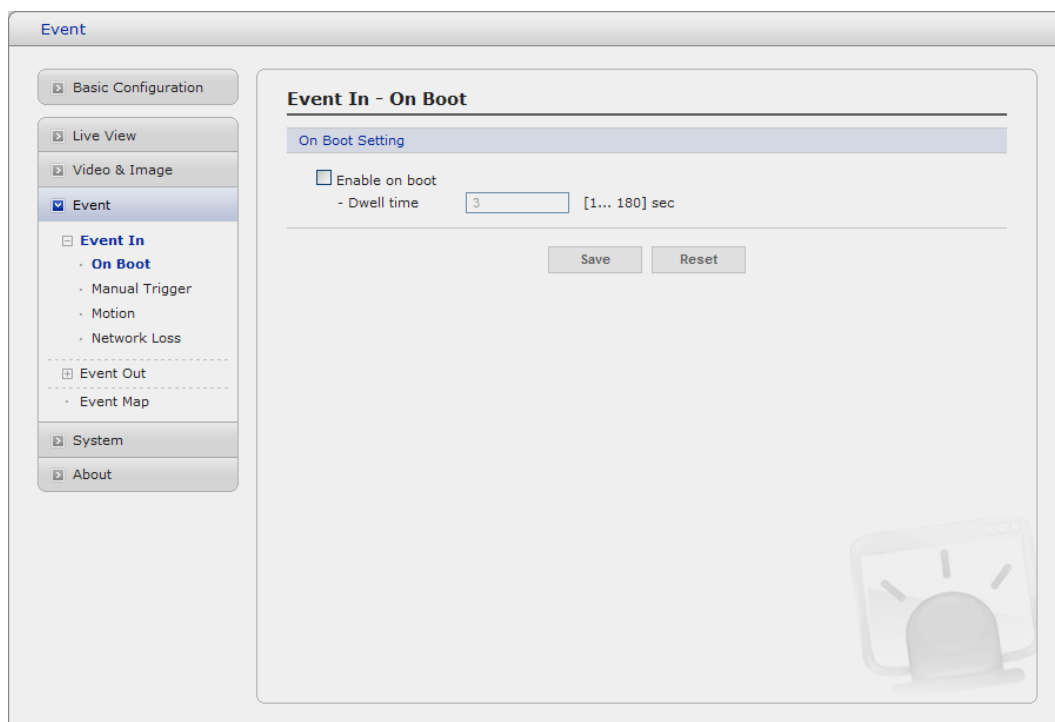
- **IR Control**

- **Enable IR:** Set this checkbox to activate IR operation.
- \* **Max Strength:** Select a value in the drop-down list to tune the strength. The default setting is 3.

## 3.5.4 Event

### 1) Event-In

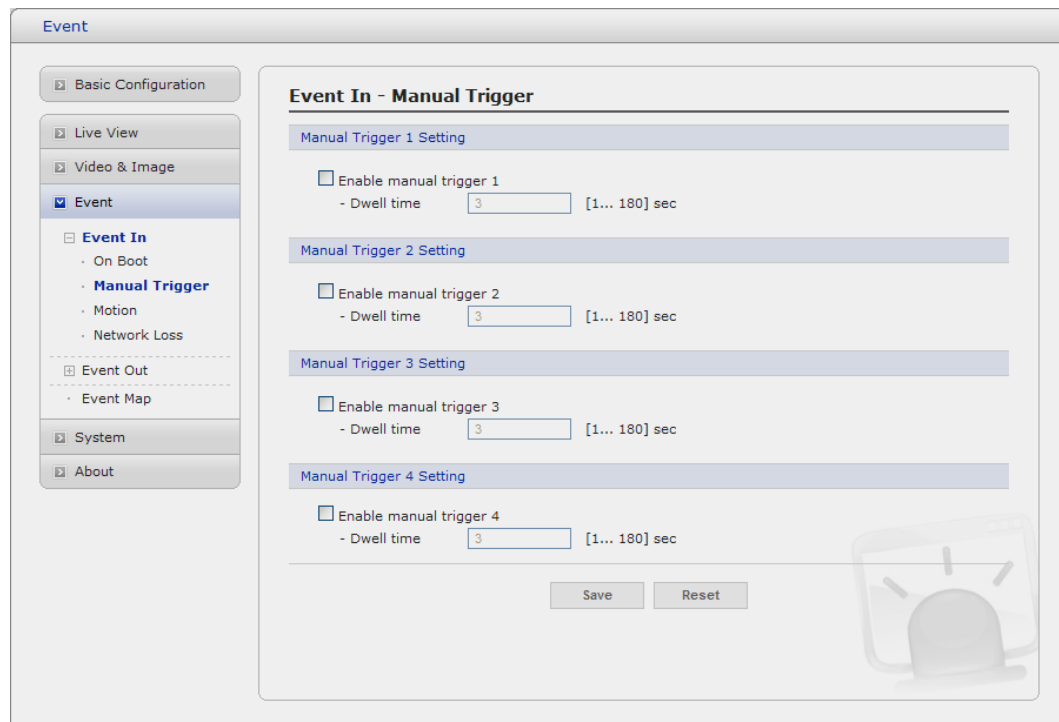
#### ▼ On Boot



This is used to trigger the event every time the Network Camera is started. Select "Enable" to activate the motion event.



## ▼ Manual Trigger



The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring manual triggers. On the left is a sidebar with a menu: 'Basic Configuration', 'Live View', 'Video & Image', 'Event' (selected), 'Event In' (expanded), 'Event Out', 'System', and 'About'. Under 'Event In', the options are 'On Boot', 'Manual Trigger' (highlighted), 'Motion', and 'Network Loss'. The main content area is titled 'Event In - Manual Trigger' and contains four sections: 'Manual Trigger 1 Setting', 'Manual Trigger 2 Setting', 'Manual Trigger 3 Setting', and 'Manual Trigger 4 Setting'. Each section has a checkbox to 'Enable manual trigger' and a 'Dwell time' input field set to '3' with a range of '[1... 180] sec'. At the bottom right, there are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons and a faint image of a device with a manual trigger button.

Event

Basic Configuration

Live View

Video & Image

Event

Event In

- On Boot
- Manual Trigger**
- Motion
- Network Loss

Event Out

- Event Map

System

About

### Event In - Manual Trigger

#### Manual Trigger 1 Setting

☐ Enable manual trigger 1  
- Dwell time  [1... 180] sec

#### Manual Trigger 2 Setting

☐ Enable manual trigger 2  
- Dwell time  [1... 180] sec

#### Manual Trigger 3 Setting

☐ Enable manual trigger 3  
- Dwell time  [1... 180] sec

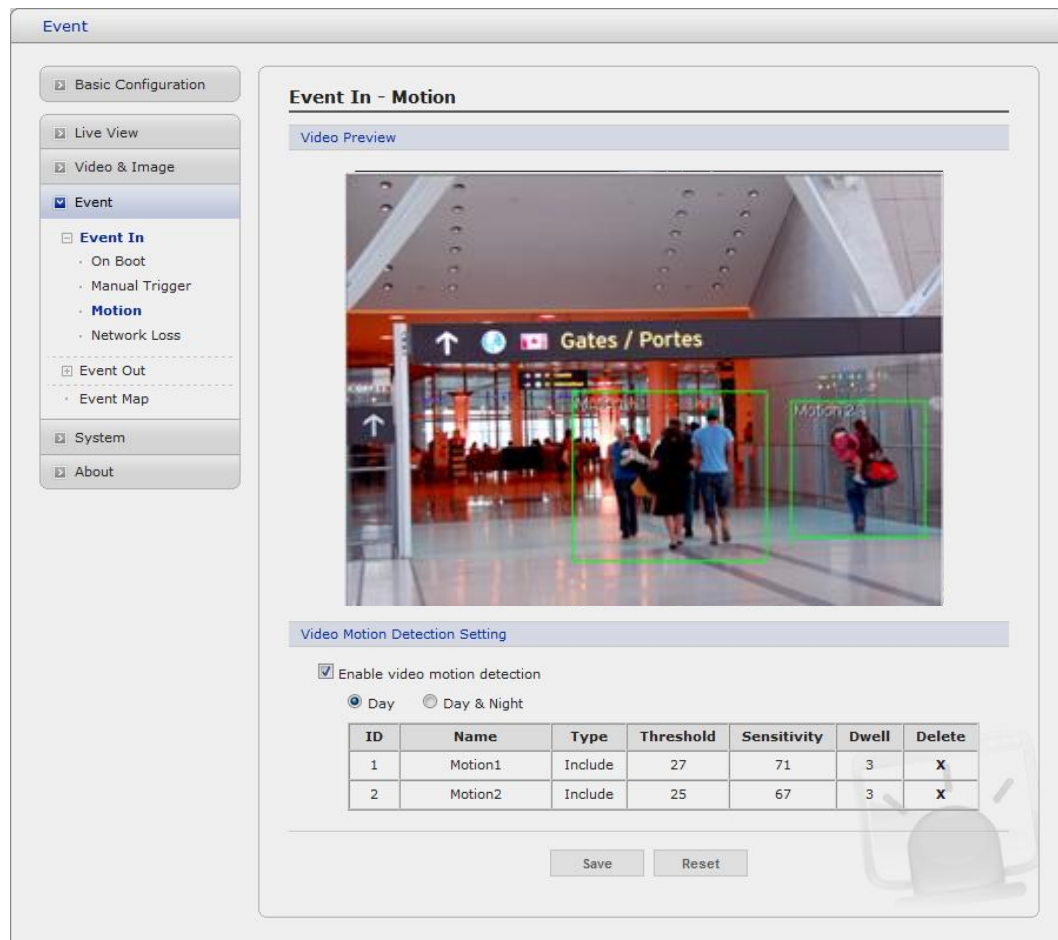
#### Manual Trigger 4 Setting

☐ Enable manual trigger 4  
- Dwell time  [1... 180] sec

Save Reset

This option makes use of the manual trigger button provided on the live view page, which are used to start or stop the event type manually. Alternatively the event can be triggered via the product's API (Application Programming Interface).

## ▼ Motion



Motion detection is used to generate an alarm whenever movement occurs (or stops) in the video image. A total of 8 Motion and/or Mask windows can be created and configured.

Motion is detected in defined **Motion** windows, which are placed in the video image to target specific areas. Movement in the areas outside the motion windows will be ignored. If part of a motion window needs to be masked, this can be configured in a **Mask** window.

- **Pre-Viewer**

Motion detection windows are configured by Motion or Mask windows. Each window can be selected by clicking with the mouse. It is also possible to **resize or delete, or move** the window, by selecting the appropriate window at the mouse menu on the video screen.



To create a motion or mask window, follow steps:

1. Click the right button of mouse to see the mouse menu.
2. Select New Motion (or Mask) Window in the mouse menu.
3. Click and drag mouse to designate a motion area.

Video Motion Detection Setting

☒ Enable video motion detection

☐ Day ☒ Day & Night

ID	Name	Type	Threshold	Sensitivity	Dwell	Delete
1	Motion1	Include	27	71	3	X
			7	40		
2	Motion2	Include	25	67	3	X
			7	40		

- ID: 1

- Name: Motion1

- Type: Include

- Threshold: 27 [1... 100]

- Sensitivity: 71 [1... 100]

- Dwell time: 3 [1... 180] sec

- Night threshold: 7 [1... 100]

- Night sensitivity: 40 [1... 100]

Show Histogram

Save Reset

- **Motion Detection Setting**

The behavior for each window is defined by adjusting the Threshold and Sensitivity, as described below.

Select "Enable" to activate the motion window.

A motion index is a set of parameters describing Window Name, Type, Threshold, Sensitivity, and Dwell Time. Window Types is one of Motion and Mask windows.

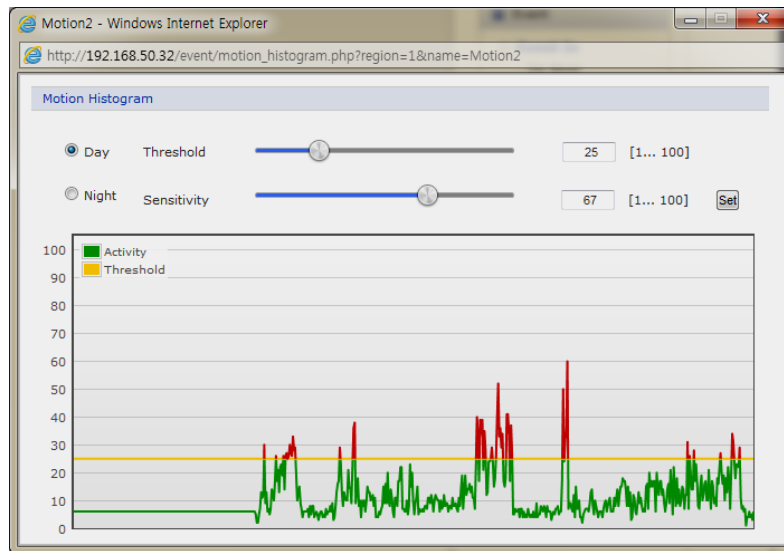
- **Threshold:** Sets up the threshold for the motion detection.
- **Sensitivity:** Sets up the sensitivity for the motion detection.
- **Dwell Time:** Set the hold time an event lasts for the specified hold time from the point of detection of a motion.

You can set the values for the day and night separately in the Day & Night window. If you want to apply same vales for day and night, select the Day window and then set the values

Press the Show Histogram button to see motion histogram for current window in the real time. When motions are detected and judged to exceed the defined threshold, the motion event is triggered

Note: "Enable" checkbox should be set to be checked to see the motion histogram.

## Motion Histogram window



You can also modify or delete a motion index. Select an index and then, click the Modify or Delete button.

When the settings are complete, click **Save**, or click **Reset** to revert to previously saved settings.

## ▼ Network Loss

The Event In - Network Loss configuration window shows a sidebar on the left with a tree view containing 'Basic Configuration', 'Live View', 'Video & Image', 'Event' (selected), 'Event In' (with sub-items 'On Boot', 'Manual Trigger', 'Motion', and 'Network Loss'), 'Event Out' (with sub-item 'Event Map'), 'System', and 'About'. The main area is titled 'Event In - Network Loss' and contains a 'Network Loss Setting' section. This section has a checkbox 'Enable network loss' which is currently unchecked. Below it is a 'Dwell time' field set to 3, with a range of [1... 180] sec. At the bottom of the main area are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons. A faint image of a camera is visible in the bottom right corner of the window.

This is used to trigger the event every time the network connection is failed. Select "Enable" to activate the Network Loss event.

## 2) Event-Out

### ▼ SMTP(E-Mail)

Event

Basic Configuration

Live View

Video & Image

Event

Event In

Event Out

SMTP(E-Mail)

FTP & JPEG

Record

XML Notification

Boost

Notification Server

Event Map

System

About

### Event Out - SMTP(E-Mail)

#### SMTP(E-Mail) Setting

☐ Enable SMTP

- Sender

- Interval  [1... 86400] sec

- Aggregate events  [1... 100]

☐ Use mail server

- Mail server

- Port

- Connections security

☐ Enable use(SMTP) authentication

- User name

- Password

- Login method

#### SMTP(E-Mail) Receiver

Receiver 1  Receiver 2

Receiver 3  Receiver 4

Receiver 5  Receiver 6

Receiver 7  Receiver 8

#### SMTP(E-Mail) Test

Receiver

The Network Camera can be configured to send event and error email messages via SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol).

#### • SMTP(E-Mail) Setting

Select "Enable" to activate the SMTP operation.

- **Mail Server / Port:** Enter the host names (or IP addresses) and port numbers for your mail server in the fields provided, to enable the sending of notifications and image email messages from the camera to predefined addresses via SMTP.
- **Sender:** Enter the email address to be used as the sender for all messages sent by the Network Camera.
- **Interval:** Represents the frequency of the email notification when an event occurs.
- **Aggregate events:** Shows the maximum number of emails sent within each interval.

If your mail server requires authentication, check the box for Use authentication to log in to this server and enter the necessary information.

- **User Name/Password:** Enter the User Name and Password as provided by your network administrator or ISP (Internet Service Provider).

To ensure that the login procedure is performed as securely as possible when using SMTP authentication, you must define the weakest authentication method allowed.

- **Login Method:** Set the Weakest method allowed to the highest/safest method supported by the mail server. The most secure method is listed in the drop-down list:  
Login / Plain
- **SMTP(E-Mail) Receiver**
  - **Receiver:** Enter an email address. You can also register the e-mail address of recipients up to 8.
- **SMTP(E-Mail) Test**
  - **Receiver:** Enter an email address and click the Test button to test that the mail servers are functioning and that the email address is valid.

## ▼ FTP & JPEG

When the network camera detects an event, it can record and save images to an FTP server. Images can be sent as e-mail attachments. Check the box to enable the service.

- **FTP Setting**
  - **Server:** Enter the server's IP address or host name. Note that a DNS server must be specified in the TCP/IP network settings if using a host name.
  - **Port:** Enter the port number used by the FTP server. The default is 21.
  - **Use passive mode:** Under normal circumstances the Network Camera simply requests the target FTP server to open the data connection. Checking this box issues a PASV command to the FTP server and establishes a passive FTP connection; whereby the Network Camera actively initiates both the FTP control and data connections to the target server. This is normally desirable if there is a firewall between the camera and the target FTP server.
  - **Remote directory:** Specify the path to the directory where the uploaded images will be stored. If this directory does not already exist on the FTP server, there will be an error message when uploading.
  - **User name/Password:** Provide your log-in information.

- **JPEG Setting**

- **Pre-event:** A pre-event buffer contains images from the time immediately preceding the event trigger. These are stored internally in the server. This buffer can be very useful when checking to see what happened to cause the event trigger.  
Check the box to enable the pre-trigger buffer, enter the desired total length in seconds, minutes or hours, and specify the required image frequency.
- **Post-event:** This function is the counterpart to the pre-trigger buffer described above and contains images from the time immediately after the trigger. Configure as for pre-event.
- **Prefix file name:** This name will be used for all the image files saved. If suffixes are also used, the file name will take the form <prefix>.<suffix>.<extension>
- **Additional suffix:** Add either a date/time suffix or, a sequence number - with or without a maximum value

▼ **Record**

Event

Basic Configuration

Live View

Video & Image

Event

- Event In
- Event Out
  - SMTP(E-Mail)
  - FTP & JPEG
  - HTTP Server
  - Record
  - Event Notification
  - Boost
- Event Map

System

About

Event Out - Record

Record Setting

☐ Enable Record

☒ Overwrite
☐ Continuous Record

\* Note : Using continuous recording may shorten life time of SD card.

Stream Type

Stream 1

Pre-event

0

[0... 10] sec

Post-event

0

[0... 60] sec

Record schedule

☐ No Recording
☒ Recording

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
SUN																								
MON																								
TUE																								
WED																								
THU																								
FRI																								
SAT																								

All Select

All Delete

Device Setting

Device Type

SD

Format

Device Status : No Storage

Format

Device Remove

Remove

Device Information

Total	Used	Available	Used Percent	Bad Sector
0.00MB	0.00MB	0.00MB	0.00%	0.00%

Save

Reset

When the network camera detects an event, it can record video stream in the Micro SD Memory (not supplied) or NAS (Network Attached Device) as a storage device. Check the box to enable the service.

- **Record Setting**

- **Overwrite:** Click checkbox to overwrite the storage device.
- **Stream Type:** You can select Stream1, Stream2, or Stream3.
  - \* **Stream1:** H.264 or MPEG-4 data
  - \* **Stream2:** MJPEG data
  - \* **Stream3:** You can select VIDEO or IMAGE.
- **Pre-event:** Enter pre-event time value for storage device pre-recording.
- **Post-event:** Enter post-event time value for storage device post-recording.

- **Record Schedule**

You can set the weekly recording schedule for each day. Drag or click area by a box unit at first. Clicking the block toggles the recording between on and off. Click the "All Select" button to set a schedule for the entire week or a whole day, respectively.

- **Device Setting**

Select Device Type to be recorded in the drop-down list.

- **SD:** built-in SD card
- **CIFS:** A file format for a NAS device.
- **NFS:** A file format for a NAS device.

Note1: Common Internet File System (CIFS) is a remote file access protocol that forms the basis for Windows file sharing, network printing, and various other network services. CIFS requires a large number of request/response transactions and its performance degrades significantly over high-latency WAN links such as the Internet.

Note2: Network File System (NFS) is a network file system protocol, allowing a user on a client computer to access files over a network in a manner similar to how local storage is accessed. NFS, like many other protocols, builds on the Open Network Computing Remote Procedure Call (ONC RPC) system.

The screenshot shows a 'Device Setting' window with the following fields and controls:

- Device Type:** A dropdown menu currently showing 'CIFS'.
- Address:** A text input field.
- Remote directory:** A text input field.
- Capacity:** A text input field containing '0', followed by 'GB'.
- ID:** A text input field.
- Password:** A text input field.
- Check:** A button located at the bottom right of the form.

- \* **Address:** Enter IP address for NAS device.
- \* **Remote Directory:** Enter directory or folder location to be recorded in the NAS device.
- \* **Capacity:** Enter the capacity of storage to be used. It must be less than the total storage capacity.
- \* **IP/Password:** Enter ID and Password. The network camera will ask them whenever you access NAS device.
- \* **Check:** Press the Check button to check the validity of Device Setting data.

- **Format**

Click the Format button to format SD card.



- **Device Information**

Show current SD card information.

## ▼ XML Notification

When the network camera detects an event, Notification Server is used to receive notification messages as a type of XML data format. Check the box to enable the service.

- **XML Notification Setting**

- **Notification Server URL:** The network address to the server and the script that will handle the request.
- **Notification Server port:** The port number of the notification server.

## ▼ Boost

Event

Basic Configuration

Live View

Video & Image

Event

Event In

Event Out

- SMTP(E-Mail)
- FTP & JPEG
- Record
- XML Notification
- Boost
- Notification Server

Event Map

System

About

### Event Out - Boost

#### Boost Setting

☐ Enable boost

- Boost Stream: Stream 1

	Normal Condition	Boost Condition
Framerate	20	20
Bitrate control	CBR	
Bitrate	5000 [Kbps]	5000 [Kbps]

Save Reset

The Boost feature is used in conjunction with event detection. When this feature is turned ON, the Framerate and Bitrate in the boost condition can be set to a different value than the ones in the normal condition field. When an event is detected, the camera will boost the Framerate and Bitrate from the normal condition to this boosted level for the duration of the event.

Check the box to enable the service.

- **Boost Setting**

You can set the condition in Normal and Boost mode.

- **Boost Stream:** Select a video stream for each condition in the drop-down list.
- **Framerate:** Select a frame refresh rate per second for each condition in the drop-down list.
- **Bitrate control:** Select VBR or CBR in the drop-down list in Normal Condition. You can't change it in Boost Condition.
- **Bitrate:** Select a value for each condition in the drop-down list.

## ▼ Notification Server

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring the 'Event Out - Notification Server'. On the left is a sidebar menu with options: Basic Configuration, Live View, Video & Image, Event (selected), Event In, Event Out (expanded), SMTP(E-Mail), FTP & JPEG, Record, XML Notification, Boost, Notification Server (highlighted), and Event Map. Below these are System and About buttons. The main content area is titled 'Event Out - Notification Server' and contains two sections. The 'Notification Server Setting' section has a checkbox for 'Enable Notification Server'. Below it are fields for 'Type' (a dropdown menu showing 'HTTP'), 'URL', 'Port' (with a default value of '80'), 'User name', and 'Password'. The 'Notification Server Test' section has a 'Send message' text input field and a 'Test' button. At the bottom of the main area are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons. A faint watermark of a camera icon is visible in the bottom right corner of the interface.

When the network camera detects an event, the Notification Server is used to receive uploaded image files and/or notification messages. Check the box to enable the service.

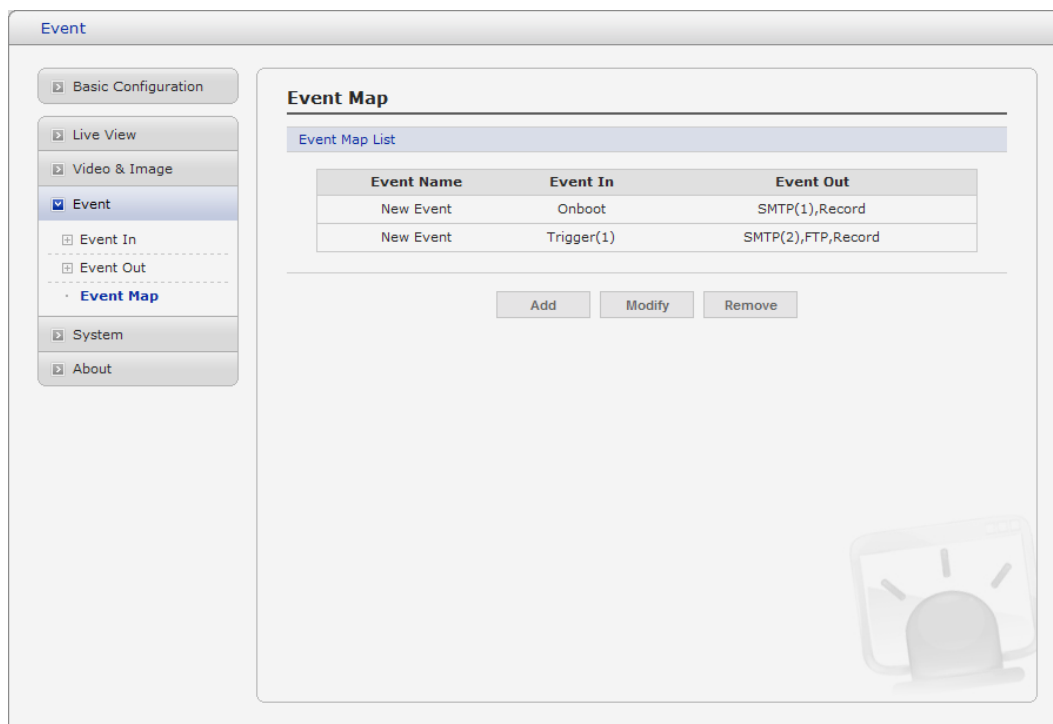
- **Notification Server Setting**

- **Type:** User can select message transmission type among HTTP, HTTPS, TCP, and UTP.
- **URL:** The network address to the server and the script that will handle the request.  
For example: <http://192.168.12.244/cgi-bin/upload.cgi>
- **Port:** Enter the port number used by the server. The default is 80.
- **User name/Password:** Provide your log-in information.

- **Notification Server Test**

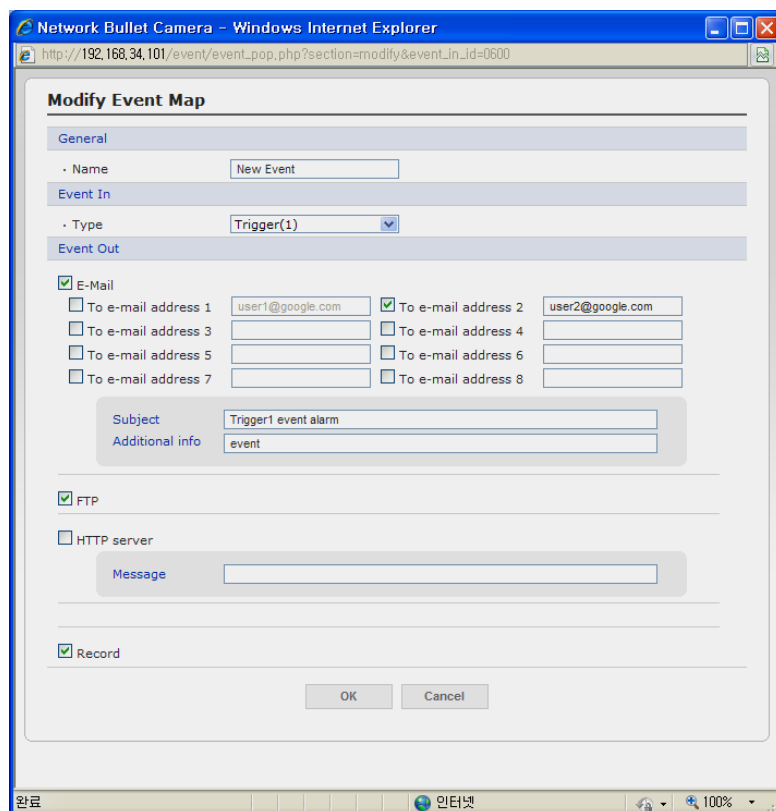
When the setup is complete, the connection can be tested by clicking the Test button using the contents in "Send message" box.

### 3) Event Map



The event map allows you to change the settings and establish a schedule for each event trigger from the Network Camera. You can register the event map up to max. 15.

Click Add button to make a new event map and you can see a popup window as below.



- **General**  
Enter the name for a new event map.
- **Event In**  
Select an event type in the drop down list.
- **Event Out**
  - **E-mail:** Select email addresses you want to send via email that an event has occurred.
  - **FTP:** Select checkbox beside FTP to record and saves images to an FTP server when an event has occurred.
  - **HTTP Server:** It sends notification messages to an HTTP server that listens for these. The destination server must first be configured on the Event In page. Enter a message you want to send.

## 3.5.5 System

### 1) Information

You can enter the system information. This page is very useful when you refer device information after installation.

- **Device Name Configuration**  
Enter the device name.
- **Location Configuration**  
Enter the location information. You can enter that by four.

## 2) Security

### ▼ Users

The screenshot shows the 'System' configuration window with the 'Security - Users' tab selected. The left sidebar contains a tree view with 'System' expanded, showing sub-items like 'Information', 'Security', 'Network', 'Language', 'Maintenance', 'Support', and 'About'. The 'Security' sub-item is further expanded to show 'Users', 'HTTPS', 'IP Filtering', and 'OpenVPN'. The main content area is titled 'Security - Users' and contains two sections: 'User Setting' and 'User List Setting'. The 'User Setting' section has a checkbox labeled 'Enable anonymous viewer login' which is checked. The 'User List Setting' section contains a table with three columns: 'User Name', 'User Group', and 'Authority'. The table has one row with the values 'admin', 'administrator', and 'live, setup, system, lens'. Below the table are buttons for 'Add', 'Modify', and 'Remove'. At the bottom of the main content area are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons. A faint watermark of a laptop and a wrench is visible in the bottom right corner of the window.

User Name	User Group	Authority
admin	administrator	live, setup, system, lens

User access control is enabled by default, when the administrator sets the root password on first access. New users are authorized with user names and passwords, or the administrator can choose to allow anonymous viewer login to the Live View page, as described below:

- **User Setting**

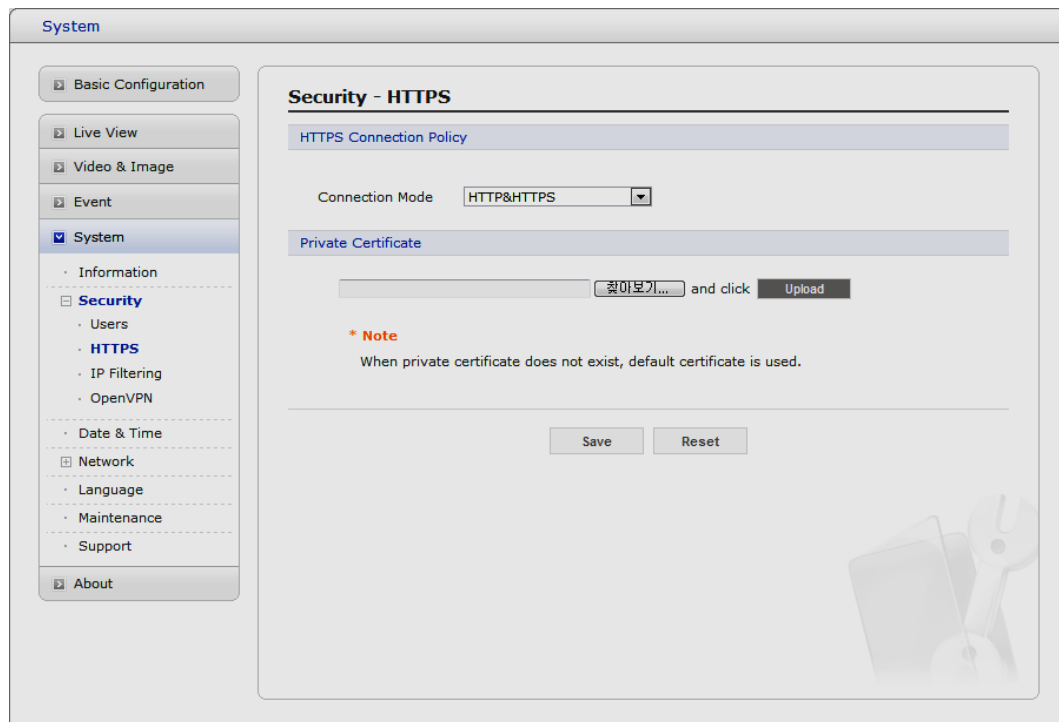
Check the box to enable anonymous viewer login to the Network Camera without the user account. When using the user account, users have to try log-in at every access.

- **User List Setting**

This section shows a registered user account. Enter a user name and password to be added, and register them by pressing the Add button. You can see the pop-up window as below.

The screenshot shows the 'Add User' pop-up window. It has a title bar 'Add User' and a tab 'User Setting'. The form contains four fields: 'User name' with the value 'user1', 'Password' with masked characters '\*\*\*\*', 'Confirm password' with masked characters '\*\*\*\*', and 'User group' with a dropdown menu showing 'guest' selected. Below the fields are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

## ▼ HTTPS



For greater security, the Network Camera can be configured to use HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL (Secure Socket Layer)). That is, all communication that would otherwise go via HTTP will instead go via an encrypted HTTPS connection.

- **HTTPS Connection Policy**

Choose the form of connection you wish to use from the drop-down list for the administrator, Operator and Viewer to enable HTTPS connection (set to HTTP by default).

- HTTP
- HTTPS
- HTTP & HTTPS

- **Upload Certificate**

To use HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, An official certificate issued by a CA (Certificate Authority) must be uploaded from your PC. Provide the path to the certificate directly, or use the **Browse** button to locate it. Then click the **Upload** button.

Please refer to the home page of your preferred CA for information on where to send the request. For more information, please see the online help.

## ▼ IP Filtering

The screenshot shows the 'System' configuration page with the 'Security - IP Filtering' section active. The 'IP Filtering Setting' section includes a checkbox for 'Enable IP filtering'. Below this is a table with five rows, each representing a filter rule. The columns are 'On/Off', 'Priority', 'Policy', 'Start IP', and 'End IP'. All 'On/Off' checkboxes are unchecked, and all 'Policy' dropdowns are set to 'ALLOW'. The 'Start IP' and 'End IP' fields are currently empty, showing '0 . 0 . 0 . 0'. At the bottom of the table are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons.

On/Off	Priority	Policy	Start IP	End IP
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	ALLOW	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	ALLOW	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	ALLOW	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	ALLOW	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	ALLOW	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Checking the **Enable IP address filtering** box enables the IP address filtering function. Up to 256 IP address entries may be specified (a single entry can contain multiple IP addresses). Click the **Add** button to add new filtered addresses.

When the IP address filter is enabled, addresses added to the list are set as allowed **or** denied addresses. All other IP addresses not in this list will then be allowed or denied access accordingly, that is, if the addresses in the list are allowed, then all others are denied access, and vice versa. See also the online help for more information.

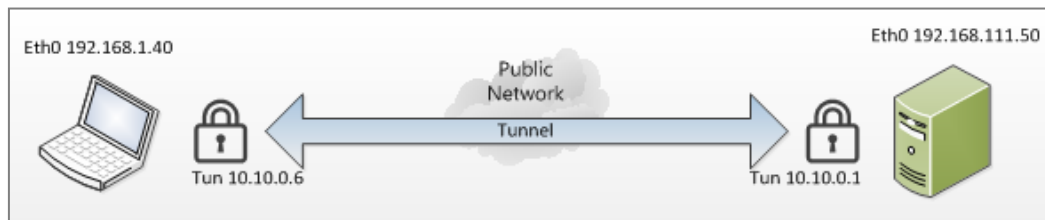
Note that users from IP addresses that will be allowed must also be registered with the appropriate access rights (Guest, Operator or Administrator). This is done from Setup> System>Security>Users.

## ▼ Open VPN

OpenVPN is an open source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities.

- OpenVPN can run over User Datagram Protocol (UDP) or Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) transports, multiplexing created SSL tunnels on a single TCP/UDP port.
- OpenVPN uses the OpenSSL library to provide encryption of both the data and control channels.
- OpenVPN offers two types of interfaces for networking via the Universal TUN/TAP driver. It can create either a layer-3 based IP tunnel (TUN), or a layer-2 based Ethernet TAP that can carry any type of Ethernet traffic.





**Note:** It has the ability to work through most proxy servers (including HTTP) and is good at working through Network address translation (NAT) and getting out through firewalls.

- **OpenVPN Configuration**

Check the box to enable OpenVPN and choose mode.

- **Server Mode:** Network Camera operates as an OpenVPN Server.
- **Client Mode:** Network Camera operates as an OpenVPN Client.

The screenshot shows the 'System' configuration page with a sidebar on the left containing options like Basic Configuration, Live View, Video & Image, Event, System, Information, Security, Users, HTTPS, IP Filtering, OpenVPN, Date & Time, Network, Language, Maintenance, Support, and About. The main content area is titled 'Security - OpenVPN' and contains two sections: 'OpenVPN Configuration' and 'Server Mode Configuration'. In the 'OpenVPN Configuration' section, 'Enable openVPN' is checked, 'Server mode' is selected, and 'OpenVPN IP Address' is set to '0.0.0.0'. The 'Server Mode Configuration' section includes fields for 'Protocol type' (set to UDP), 'OpenVPN Internal IP' (10.8.0.1), 'OpenVPN Subnet Mask' (255.255.255.0), 'Port' (1194), 'Renegotiation time' (3600), and a checked 'Use LZO compression' option. There is a 'Download' button for 'Export CA certificate' and 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons at the bottom.

- **Server Mode Configuration**

- **Protocol type:** Choose Protocol type between UDP and TCP, UDP is preferred.
- **Port:** Type in Port number you want to use, default is 1194.
- **Use LZO compression:** determines whether to use cypher compression in connection or not.
- **Export CA certificate:** Download the CA certificate issued by Server for Client setup.

After finishing setup, click Save button and then the camera operates as an OpenVPN Server.

**System**

- Basic Configuration
- Live View
- Video & Image
- Event
- System**
  - Information
  - Security**
    - Users
    - HTTPS
    - IP Filtering
    - OpenVPN**
  - Date & Time
  - Network
  - Language
  - Maintenance
  - Support
- About

### Security - OpenVPN

#### OpenVPN Configuration

☐ Enable openVPN  
☐ Server mode  
☒ Client mode  
 OpenVPN IP Address : 0.0.0.0

#### Client Mode Configuration

Server URL:   
 Protocol type:   
 Port:   
 Renegotiation time:  [sec], 0 = unlimited  
☒ Use LZO compression  
 Import CA certificate:   and click   
☒ User authentication  
 ID:   
 Password:   
☐ Machine authentication  
 Import client certificate:   and click   
 Import client key:   and click

- **Client Mode Configuration**

- **Server URL:** shows OpenVPN Server URL after the connection is established.
- **Protocol type:** Enter the same as Server setting.
- **Port:** Enter the same as Server setting.
- **Use LZO compression:** must be same as Server setting.
- **Import CA certificate:** Upload the CA certificate issued by Server for Client setup.

Select authentication method between User authentication and Machine authentication.

- **User authentication:** Enter registered ID and Password.
- **Machine authentication:** Upload client certificate and client key provided by Server.

After finishing setup, click Save button and then the camera operates as an OpenVPN Client.

### 3) Date & Time

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a system. On the left is a sidebar menu with categories: Basic Configuration, Video & Image, Event, System (selected), Information, Security, Date & Time (highlighted), Network, Language, Maintenance, Support, and About. The main content area is titled 'Date & Time' and contains three sections: 'Current Server Time' with date and time input fields; 'New Server Time' with a time zone dropdown, a checkbox for daylight saving time, and three time mode options (Synchronize with computer time, Synchronize with NTP server, and Set manually); and 'Date & Time Format' with dropdowns for date and time formats. At the bottom right of the main area is a faint watermark of a camera and tools. 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons are at the bottom center.

- **Current Server Time**

It displays the current date and time (24h clock). The time can be displayed in 12h clock format in the overlay (see below).

- **New Server Time**

Select your time zone from the drop-down list. If you want the server clock to automatically adjust for daylight savings time, select "Automatically adjustment for daylight saving time changes".

From the Time Mode section, select the preferred method to use for setting the time:

- **Synchronize with computer time:** sets the time from the clock on your computer.
- **Synchronize with NTP Server:** the network camera will obtain the time from an NTP server every 60 minutes.
- **Set manually:** this option allows you to manually set the time and date.

- **Date & Time Format**

Specify the formats for the date and time (12h or 24h) displayed in the video streams. Select Date & Time format from the drop-down list.

- **Date Format:** Specify the date format. YYYY: Year, MM: Month, DD: Day
- **Time Format:** Specify the date format. 24Hours or 12 Hours

**Note:** Note that if using a host name for the NTP server, a DNS server must be configured under TCP/IP settings.

## 4) Network

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a network device. On the left is a sidebar menu with categories: System, Live View, Video & Image, Event, and System (expanded). Under System, there are links for Information, Security, Date & Time, Network (expanded), Language, Maintenance, and Support. The Network section includes Basic, DDNS, RTP, UPnP, QoS, NAT, Zeroconf, Bonjour, and Live Push. The main content area is titled 'Network - Basic' and contains several configuration sections: IP Address Configuration, IPv6 Address Configuration, DNS Configuration, Host Name Configuration, Services, and ARP/Ping setting. The IP Address Configuration section has two radio buttons: 'Obtain IP address via DHCP' (unselected) and 'Use the following IP address:' (selected). Below this are three input fields: IP address (192 . 168 . 30 . 220), Subnet mask (255 . 255 . 255 . 0), and Default router (192 . 168 . 30 . 1). The IPv6 Address Configuration section has a checkbox 'Enable IPv6' (unchecked) and an IPv6 address field (fe80::207:d8ff:fe00:f1db/64). The DNS Configuration section has two radio buttons: 'Obtain DNS server via DHCP' (unselected) and 'Use the following DNS server address:' (selected). Below are three input fields: Domain name (empty), Primary DNS server (168 . 126 . 63 . 1), and Secondary DNS server (0 . 0 . 0 . 0). The Host Name Configuration section has a Host Name field (NVT-8224R0007D800F1DB). The Services section has three input fields: HTTP port (80), HTTPS port (443), and RTSP port (554). The ARP/Ping setting section has a checkbox 'Enable ARP/Ping setting' (checked). At the bottom right are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons.

**System**

- Basic Configuration
- Live View
- Video & Image
- Event
- System**
  - Information
  - Security
  - Date & Time
  - Network**
    - Basic**
    - DDNS
    - RTP
    - UPnP
    - QoS
    - NAT
    - Zeroconf
    - Bonjour
    - Live Push
  - Language
  - Maintenance
  - Support
- About

**Network - Basic**

**IP Address Configuration**

☐ Obtain IP address via DHCP  
☒ Use the following IP address :

- IP address: 192 . 168 . 30 . 220  
- Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0  
- Default router: 192 . 168 . 30 . 1

**IPv6 Address Configuration**

☐ Enable IPv6  
IPv6 address : fe80::207:d8ff:fe00:f1db/64

**DNS Configuration**

☐ Obtain DNS server via DHCP  
☒ Use the following DNS server address :

- Domain name:   
- Primary DNS server: 168 . 126 . 63 . 1  
- Secondary DNS server: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

**Host Name Configuration**

Host Name: NVT-8224R0007D800F1DB

**Services**

HTTP port: 80  
HTTPS port: 443  
RTSP port: 554

**ARP/Ping setting**

☒ Enable ARP/Ping setting

Save Reset

Setting in regard to network can be executed. Settings for IP, DNS, Host Name, Port, and ARP/Ping can be established, along with setting for DDNS, uPnP, QoS, Zeroconfig, and Bonjour.

## ▼ Basic

- **IP Address Configuration:**

- **Obtain IP address via DHCP:** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a protocol that lets network administrators centrally manage and automate the assignment of IP addresses on a network. DHCP is enabled by default. Although a DHCP server is mostly used to set an IP address dynamically, it is also possible to use it to set a static, known IP address for a particular MAC address.
- **Use the following IP address:** To use a static IP address for the Network Camera, check the radio button and then make the following settings:
  - \* **IP address:** Specify a unique IP address for your Network Camera.
  - \* **Subnet mask:** Specify the mask for the subnet the Network Camera is located on.
  - \* **Default router:** Specify the IP address of the default router (gateway) used for connecting devices attached to different networks and network segments.

- **IPv6 Address Configuration**

Check this box to enable IPv6. Other settings for IPv6 are configured in the network router.

- **DNS Configuration**

DNS (Domain Name Service) provides the translation of host names to IP addresses on your network.

- **Obtain DNS Server via DHCP:** Automatically use the DNS server settings provided by the DHCP server.
- **Use the following DNS server address:** enter the desired DNS server by specifying the following:
  - \* **Domain name:** enter the domain(s) to search for the host name used by the Network Camera. Multiple domains can be separated by semicolons (;). The host name is always the first part of a Fully Qualified Domain Name, for example, myserver is the host name in the Fully Qualified Domain Name myserver.mycompany.com where mycompany.com is the Domain name.
  - \* **DNS servers:** enter the IP addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers.

- **Host Name Configuration**

- **Host Name:** enter the host name to be used as device information in the client software or SmartManager.

- **Services**

- **HTTP port:** Enter a port to receive a service through the HTTP. Default Port Number is '80'.
- **HTTPS port:** Enter a port to receive a service through the HTTPS. Default Port Number is '443'.
- **RTSP port:** Enter a port to receive a service through the RTSP. Default Port Number is '554'.

- **ARP/Ping Setting**

- Enable ARP/Ping setting of IP address - The IP address can be set using the ARP/Ping method, which associates the unit's MAC address with an IP address. Check this box to enable the service.  
Leave disabled to prevent unintentional resetting of the IP address.

## ▼ DDNS

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring DDNS. On the left is a sidebar menu with categories: System (selected), Video & Image, Event, and About. Under 'System', there are sub-items: Information, Security, Date & Time, Network (selected), Basic, DDNS (highlighted), RTP, UPnP, QoS, NAT Traversal, Zeroconf, Bonjour, Language, Maintenance, and Support. The main content area is titled 'Network - DDNS' and contains a section for 'Internet DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Service)'. It includes a checkbox for 'Enable DDNS', a note about configuring a primary DNS server, and several input fields: 'DDNS Server' (a dropdown menu showing 'cctv-network.co.kr'), 'Registered host', 'User name', 'Password', 'Confirm password', and 'Maximum time interval' (a dropdown menu showing '1 hour'). There is also a checkbox for 'Register local network IP address' and a label 'Registered IP address :'. At the bottom right of the form are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons. A faint watermark of a camera and tools is visible in the background of the main content area.

- **Internet DDNS(Dynamic Domain Name Service)**

When using the high-speed Internet with the telephone or cable network, users can operate the Network Camera even on the floating IP environment in which IPs are changed at every access. Users should receive an account and password by visiting a DDNS service like <http://www.dyndns.com/>, or <http://www.cctv-network.co.kr/>.

- **Enable DDNS:** Check to get DDNS service to be available.
  - \* **DDNS Server:** Select the DDNS server.
  - \* **Registered host:** Enter an address of the DDNS server.
  - \* **Username:** Enter an ID to access to the DDNS server.
  - \* **Password:** Enter a password to be used for accessing the DDNS server.
  - \* **Confirm:** Enter a password again to confirm it.
  - \* **Maximum time interval:** Set a time interval to synchronize with the DDNS server. Select an item in the interval drop-down list.
  - \* **Register local network IP address:** Register a Network Video Server IP address to the DDNS server

## ▼ RTP

**System**

Basic Configuration

Live View

Video & Image

Event

**System**

- Information
- Security
- Date & Time
- Network**
  - Basic
  - DDNS
  - RTP**
  - UPnP
  - QoS
  - NAT
  - Zeroconf
  - Bonjour
- Language
- Maintenance
- Support

About

### Network - RTP

#### Port Range

Start port: 30000 [30000... 39920; only even values are available]

End port: 30199

#### Multicast (Stream 1)

- Multicast destination IP: 231 . 1 . 128 . 20 [224.0.0.0... 239.255.255.255]
- RTP port: 40000 [1024... 65530]
- RTP TTL: 1 [1... 255]
- ☐ Always enable multicast

#### Multicast (Stream 2)

- Multicast destination IP: 231 . 1 . 128 . 21 [224.0.0.0... 239.255.255.255]
- RTP port: 40000 [1024... 65530]
- RTP TTL: 1 [1... 255]
- ☐ Always enable multicast

#### Multicast (Stream 3)

- Multicast destination IP: 231 . 1 . 128 . 22 [224.0.0.0... 239.255.255.255]
- RTP port: 40000 [1024... 65530]
- RTP TTL: 1 [1... 255]
- ☐ Always enable multicast

#### Multicast (Meta)

- Multicast destination IP: 231 . 1 . 128 . 20 [224.0.0.0... 239.255.255.255]
- RTP port: 40004 [1024... 65530]
- RTP TTL: 1 [1... 255]
- ☐ Always enable multicast

Save Reset

Have a setting for sending and receiving a video on a real-time basis. These settings are the IP address, port number, and Time-To-Live value to use for the media stream(s) in multicast H.264 format. Only certain IP addresses and port numbers should be used for multicast streams. For more information, please see the online help.

- **Port Range**

- **Start port:** Enter a value between 30000 and 39920
- **End port:** Enter a value between 30000 and 39920

- **Multicast(Stream1/Stream2/Stream3/Meta)**

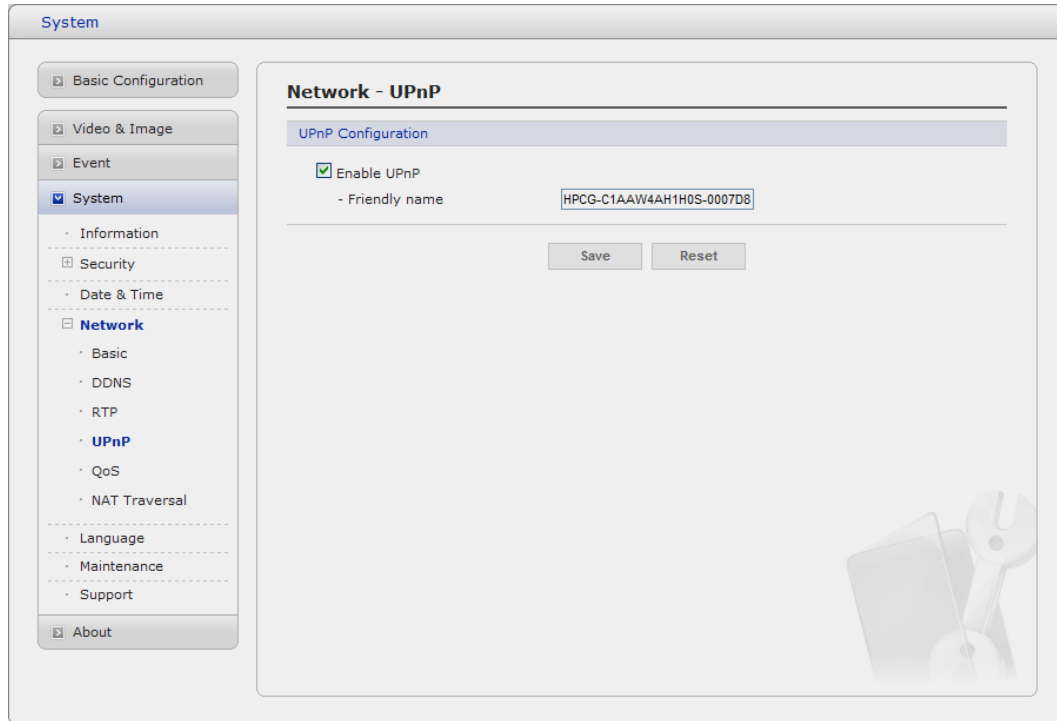
This function is for sending Video to Multicast group.

- **Enable Multicast:** Check the checkbox to enable multicast operation.
- **Multicast destination IP:** Enter an IP between 224.0.0.0 and 239.255.255.255.
- **RTP port:** Enter a value between 1024 and 65532.
- **RTP TTL:** Enter a value between 1 and 255. If a network status is smooth, enter a lower value. On the other hand, if a network status is poor, enter a higher value. When there are

many Network Cameras or users, a higher value may cause a heavy load to the network. For a detailed setting, please consult with a network manager.

- **Always enable multicast:** Check the box to start multicast streaming without opening an RTSP session.

## ▼ UPnP



The Network Camera includes support for UPnP™. UPnP™ is enabled by default, and the Network Camera then is automatically detected by operating systems and clients that support this protocol.

**Note:** UPnP™ must be installed on your workstation if running Windows XP. To do this, open the Control Panel from the Start Menu and select Add/Remove Programs. Select Add/Remove Windows Components and open the Networking Services section. Click Details and then select UPnP™ as the service to add.



## ▼ QoS

Quality of Service (QoS) provides the means to guarantee a certain level of a specified resource to selected traffic on a network. Quality can be defined as a maintained level of bandwidth, low latency, and no packet losses.

The main benefits of a QoS-aware network are:

- The ability to prioritize traffic and thus allow critical flows to be served before flows with lesser priority.
- Greater reliability in the network, thanks to the control of the amount of bandwidth an application may use, and thus control over bandwidth races between applications.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring QoS settings. On the left is a sidebar menu with categories: System, Video & Image, Event, and System (selected). Under System, there are sub-items: Information, Security, Date & Time, Network (selected), Basic, DDNS, RTP, UPnP, QoS, NAT Traversal, Zeroconf, Bonjour, Language, Maintenance, and Support. At the bottom of the sidebar is an 'About' button. The main content area is titled 'Network - QoS' and contains two sections: 'DSCP Setting' and 'Automatic Traffic Control'. The 'DSCP Setting' section has three rows: 'Live stream DSCP' with a value of 0 and a range of [0... 63], 'Event/Alarm DSCP' with a value of 0 and a range of [0... 63], and 'Management DSCP' with a value of 0 and a range of [0... 63]. The 'Automatic Traffic Control' section has a checkbox 'Enable automatic traffic control' which is unchecked. Below it, there are two radio buttons: 'Maximum bandwidth' (selected) and 'Automatic framerate control'. The 'Maximum bandwidth' section has a text input field with the value '1', a unit dropdown menu set to 'Mbit/s', and a 'Priority' dropdown menu set to 'Framerate'. At the bottom right of the main content area, there are 'Save' and 'Reset' buttons. A faint watermark of a laptop and a wrench is visible in the bottom right corner of the main content area.

### • DSCP Settings

For each type of network traffic supported by your network video product, enter a DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) value. This value is used to mark the traffic's IP header. When the marked traffic reaches a network router or switch, the DSCP value in the IP header tell the router or switch which type of treatment to apply to this type of traffic, for example, how much bandwidth to reserve for it. Note that DSCP values can be entered in decimal or hex form, but saved values are always shown in decimal.

The following types of traffic are marked:

- **Live Stream DSCP:**
- **Event/Alarm DSCP:**
- **Management DSCP:**

- **Auto Traffic Control**

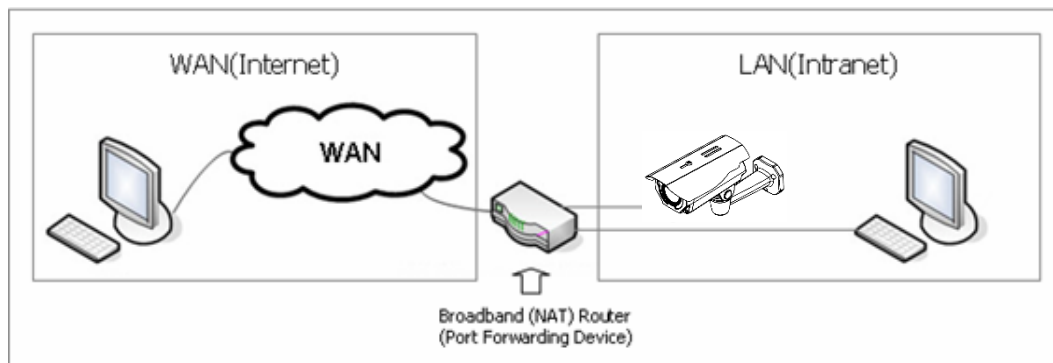
Set a limitation on user network resources by designating the maximum bandwidth.

- **Maximum bandwidth:** In case of sharing other network programs or equipment, it is possible to set a limitation on the maximum bandwidth in the unit of Mbit/s or kbit/s.
- **Auto frame rate:** Selected if not influenced by a network-related program or equipment without a limitation on the network bandwidth.

### ▼ NAT Traversal

A broadband router allows devices on a private network (LAN) to share a single connection to the Internet. This is done by forwarding network traffic from the private network to the “outside”, that is, the Internet. Security on the private network (LAN) is increased since most broadband routers are pre-configured to stop attempts to access the private network (LAN) from the public network/Internet.

Use **NAT traversal** when your network cameras are located on an intranet (LAN) and you wish to make it available from the other (WAN) side of a NAT router. With NAT traversal properly configured, all HTTP traffic to an external HTTP port in the NAT router is forwarded to the network camera.



### Notes:

- For NAT traversal to work, this must be supported by the broadband router.
- The broadband router has many different names: "NAT router", "Network router", "Internet Gateway", "Broadband sharing device" or "Home firewall" but the essential purpose of the device is the same.

- **NAT traversal Settings**

- **Enable:** Click this button to enable NAT traversal. When enabled, the network camera attempts to configure port mapping in a NAT router on your network, using UPnP. Note that UPnP must be enabled in the network camera (see System>Network>UPnP).

Enter a NAT router and enter the external port number for the router in the field provided. If you enter 0 in those fields, the network camera automatically searches for NAT routers on your network.

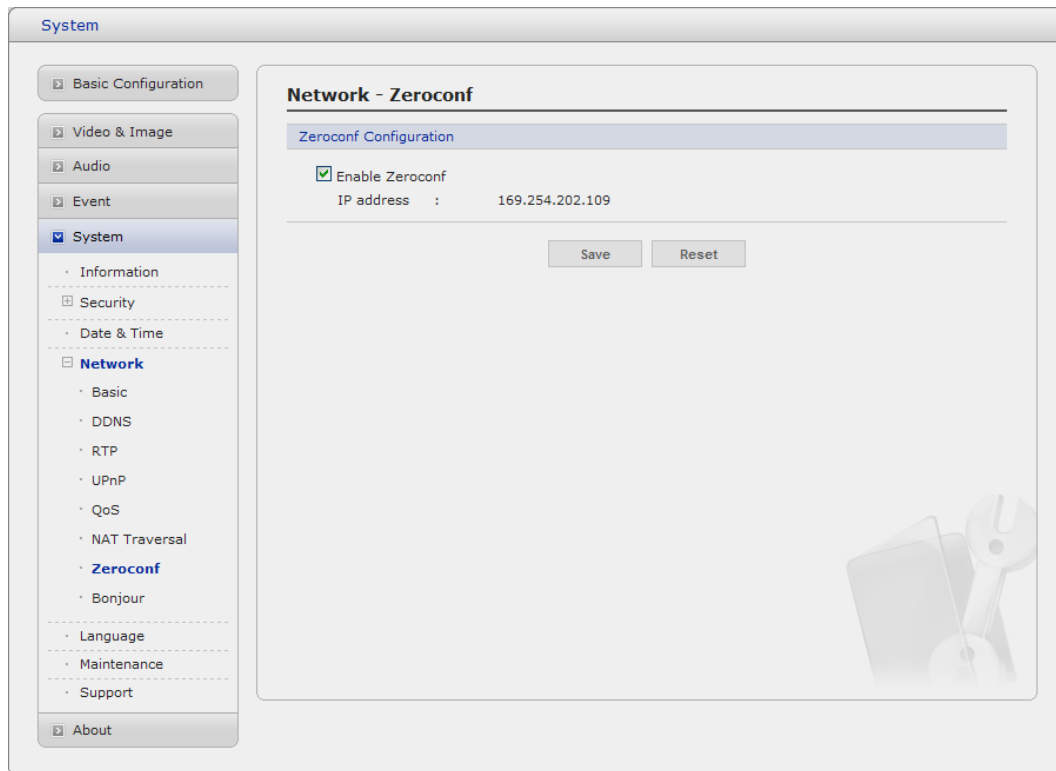
**Notes:**

- If you attempt to manually enter a port that is already in use, an alert message will be displayed.
- When the port is selected automatically it is displayed in this field. To change this enter a new port number and click Save.

When the settings are complete, click **Save**, or click **Reset** to revert to previously saved settings.

## ▼ Zeroconfig

Zeroconfig allows the network camera to create and assign IP address for network cameras and connect to a network automatically.



Zero configuration networking (zeroconf), is a set of techniques that automatically creates a usable Internet Protocol (IP) network without manual operator intervention or special configuration servers.

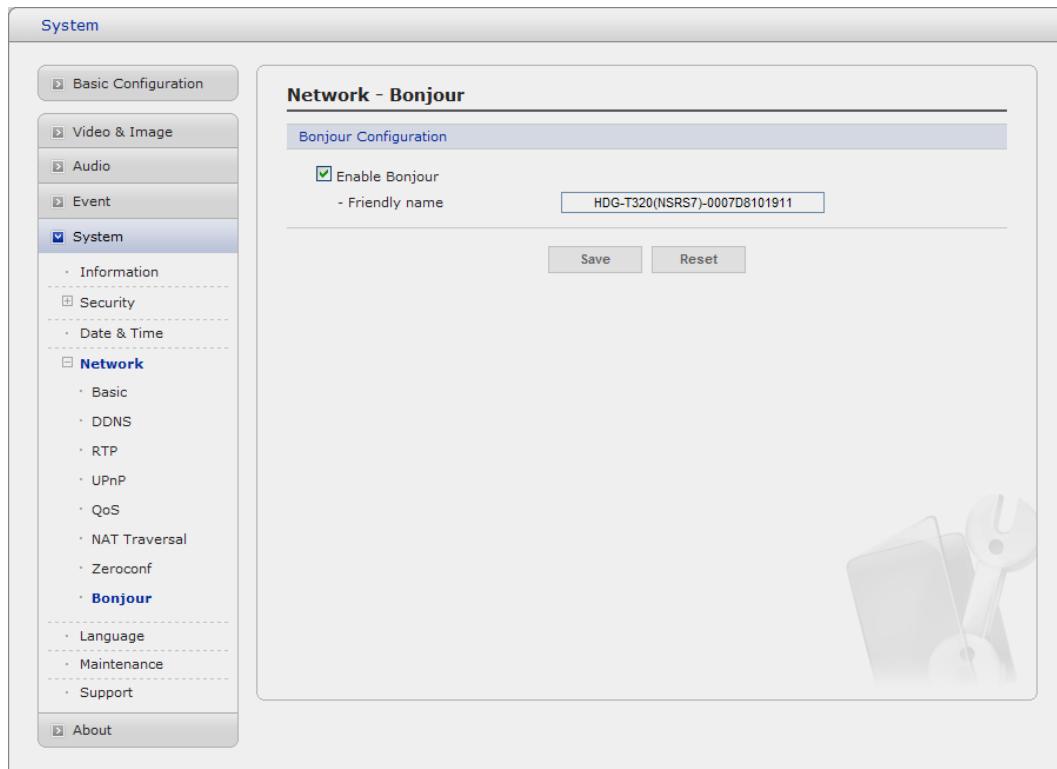
Zero configuration networking allows devices such as computers and printers to connect to a network automatically. Without zeroconf, a network administrator must set up services, such as Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) and Domain Name System (DNS), or configure each computer's network settings manually, which may be difficult and time-consuming.

Zeroconf is built on three core technologies:

- Assignment of numeric network addresses for networked devices (link-local address auto configuration)
- Automatic resolution and distribution of computer hostnames (multicast DNS)
- Automatic location of network services, such as printing devices through DNS service discovery.

## ▼ Bonjour

The network camera includes support for Bonjour. When enabled, the network camera is automatically detected by operating systems and clients that support this protocol.

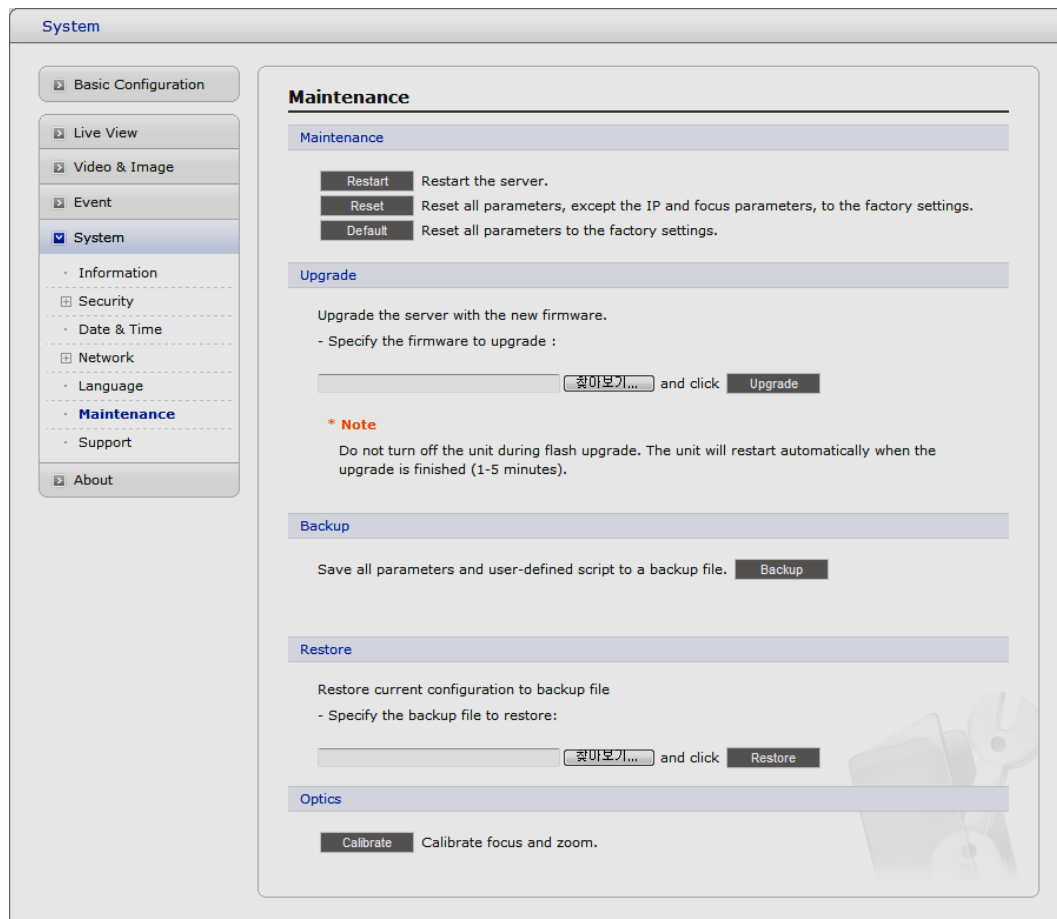


**Note:** Bonjour - Also known as zero-configuration networking, Bonjour enables devices to automatically discover each other on a network, without having to enter IP addresses or configure DNS servers. Bonjour is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.

## 5) Language

It will be able to select a user language. The type of language it will be able to select is the English, Chinese, Korean, Russian and the French.

## 6) Maintenance



- **Maintenance**
  - **Restart:** The unit is restarted without changing any of the settings. Use this method if the unit is not behaving as expected.
  - **Restore:** The unit is restarted and most current settings are reset to factory default values. The settings that are not affected are:
    - \* the boot protocol (DHCP or static)
    - \* the static IP address
    - \* the default router
    - \* the subnet mask
    - \* the system time
  - **Default:** The default button should be used with caution. Pressing this will return all of the Network Camera's settings to the factory default values (including the IP address).
- **Upgrade**

Carry out the upgrade by importing an upgrade file and pressing the Upgrade button. During the upgrade, do not turn off the power of the Network Camera. And try an access again after waiting five minutes or longer.
- **Backup**

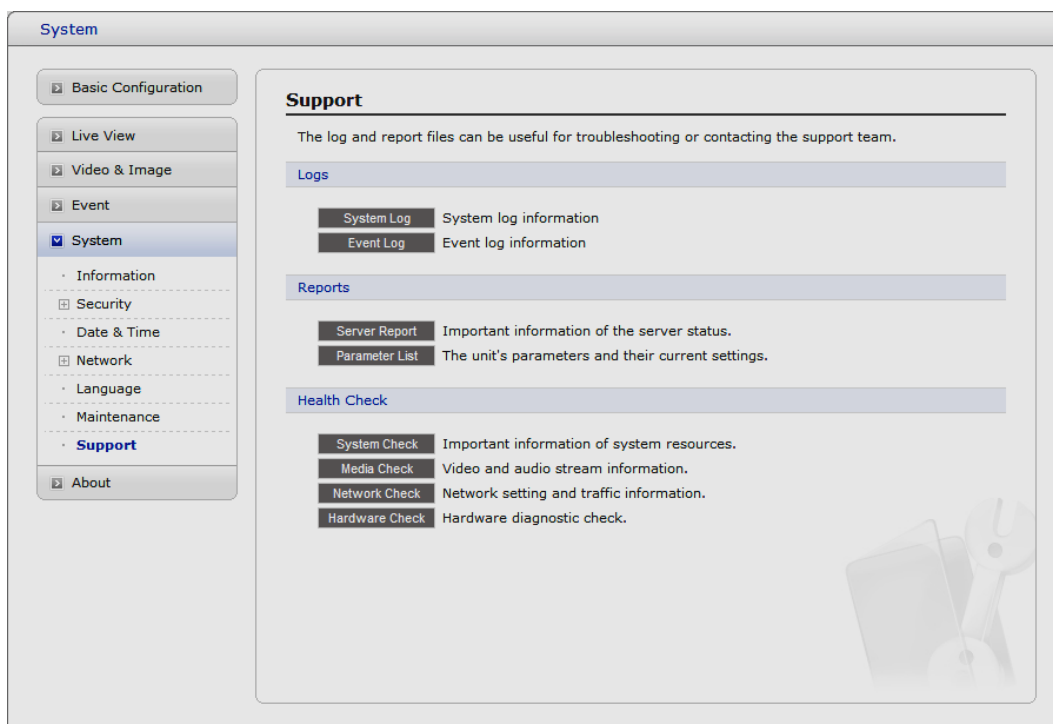
Save a setting value that users enter to the Network Camera, to a user PC.

- **Restore**  
Import and apply a setting value saved to a user PC.
- **Optics**  
Click the **Calibrate** button when the Fine Focus function can't adjust the focus.

**Note:** Backup and Restore can only be used on the same unit running the same firmware. This feature is not intended for multi-configurations or for firmware upgrades.

## 7) Support

The support page provides valuable information on troubleshooting and contact information, should you require technical assistance.



- **Logs**  
The network Camera support system log information. Click the System Log button to get the log data.
- **Reports**
  - **Server Report:** Click the Server Report button to get the important information about the server's status; this should always be included when requesting support.
  - **Parameter List:** Click the Parameter List button to see the unit's parameters and their current settings.

- **Health Check**

- **System Check:** Click the System Check button to get the important information about the camera's system resources. You can see the pop-up window below.

**System Check**

Model: NUT-6311D  
Firmware: 1.8.9-T6\_release

**Date & Time**

. Date : 2014-11-19  
. Time : 01:13:23  
. Running time : 20 hour 19 min

**CPU**

. Usage : 35 %

OK

- **Media Check:** Click the Media Check button to get the information about the camera's video and audio stream. You can see the pop-up window below.

**Video stream**

Stream	On/Off	Codec	Size	FPS	Bitrate
Stream1	On	H.264 Baseline Profile	2048x1536	17	4357 Kbps
Stream2	On	MJPEG	640x480	18	2552 Kbps
Stream3	On	H.264 Baseline Profile	640x480	5	939 Kbps

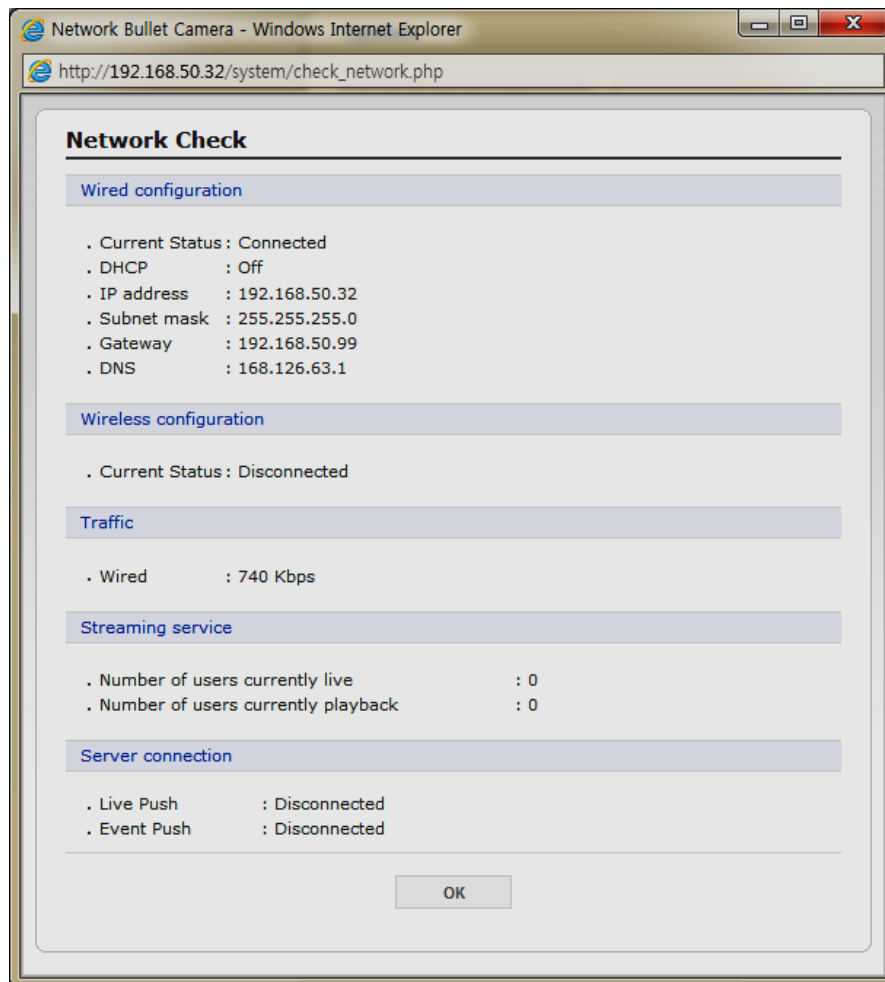
**Audio stream**

Type	On/Off	Codec	Sample	Volume	Bitrate
Input	Off	-	-	-	-

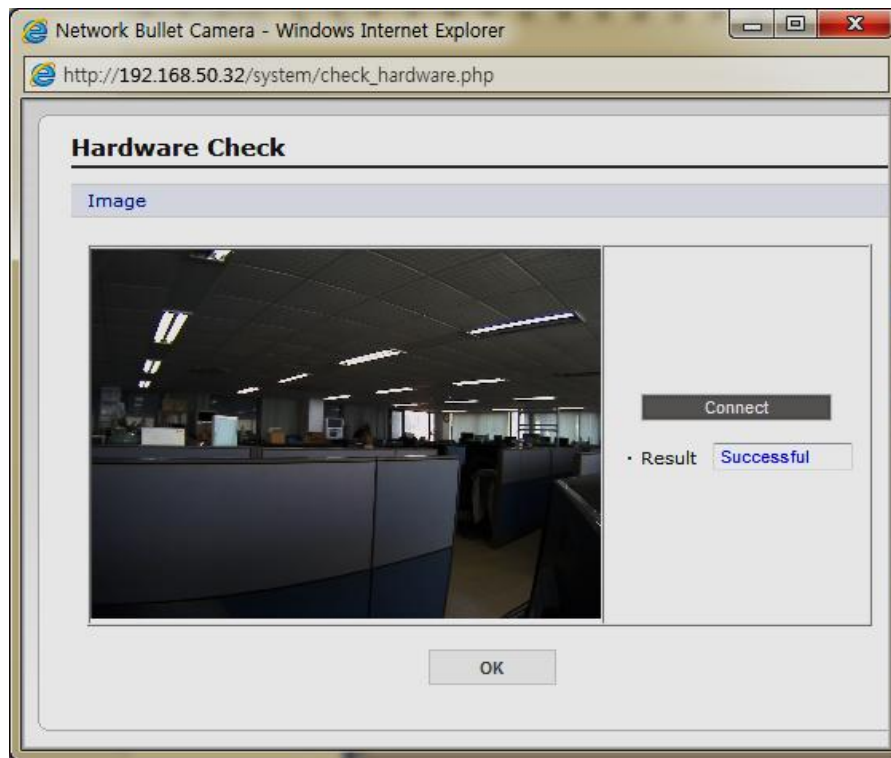
OK



- **Networks Check:** Click the Network Check button to get the information about the camera's network setting and traffic. You can see the pop-up window below.



- **Hardware Check:** Click the Hardware Check button to diagnose the camera's hardware like video. You can see the pop-up window below.

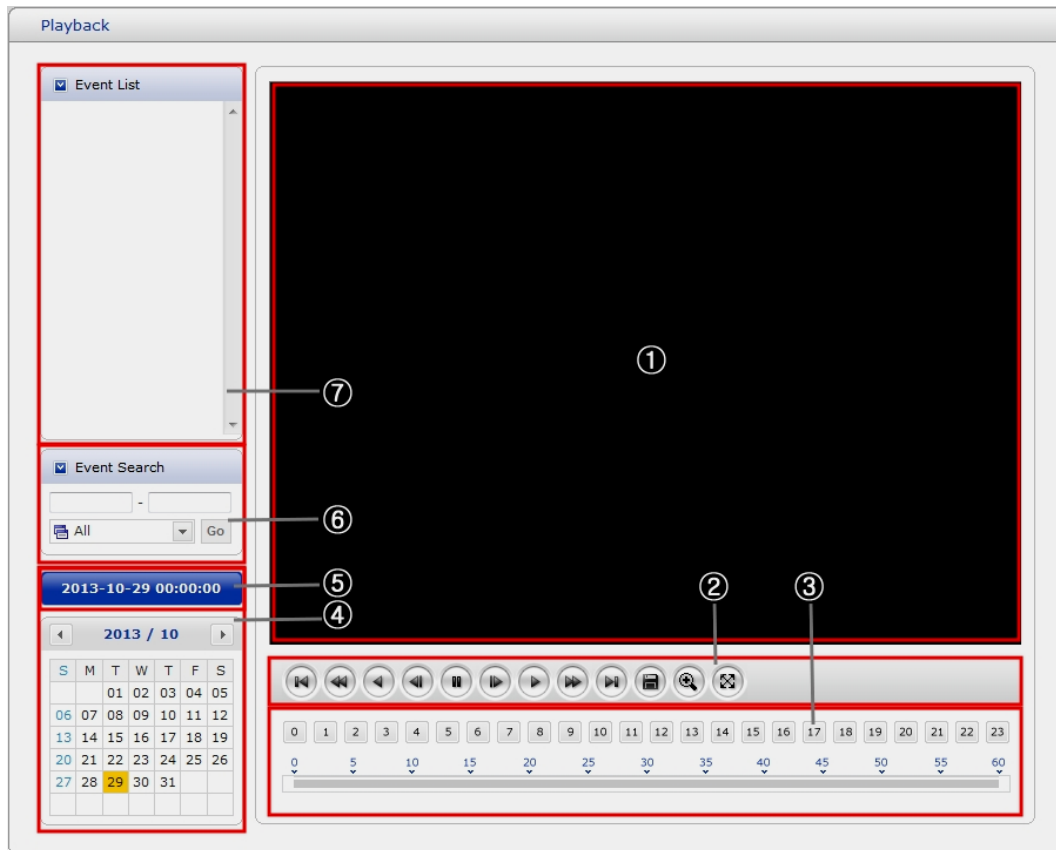


### 3.5.6 About

The following website will provide the support information for the Network Camera information and operation.

## 3.6 Playback

The Playback window contains a list of recordings made to the memory card. It shows each recording's start time, length, the event type used to start the recording, calendar and time slice bar indicates if the recording is existed or not.













The description of playback window follows.



### (1) Video Screen

You can see the video screen when playing the video clip in the Micro SD memory

### (2) Playback Buttons

To view a recording data in the SD local storage, select it from the list and click the Playback buttons.

-  Go to the first: go to the beginning of the video clip.
-  Fast backward play:
-  Backward play: play backward of the video clip.
-  Step backward play: go back one frame of the video clip.
-  Pause: pause playback of the video clip.
-  Step forward play: go forward one frame of the video clip.
-  Forward Play: play forward the video clip.
-  Fast forward play: play fast forward of the video clip.
-  Go to the last: go to the last of the video clip.
-  Clip copy: copy the video clip.

-  Zoom In: zoom in the video clip
-  Full Screen: display full screen of the video.

### **(3) Time Chart**

Display an hour-based search screen for the chosen date. If there is recording data, a blue section will be displayed on a 24-hour basis.

### **(4) Search Calendar**

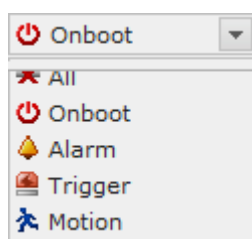
Search results from the SD local storage in the network camera connected are displayed monthly. If there is a recorded data for a particular date, a blue square on the date will be displayed.

### **(5) Play Time**

Displays time of the video playing.

### **(6) Event Search Window**

Select a search option in the drop-down list and click GO button. You can also enter the time period for searching. If you click Start Date or End Date zone, displays Search Calendar.

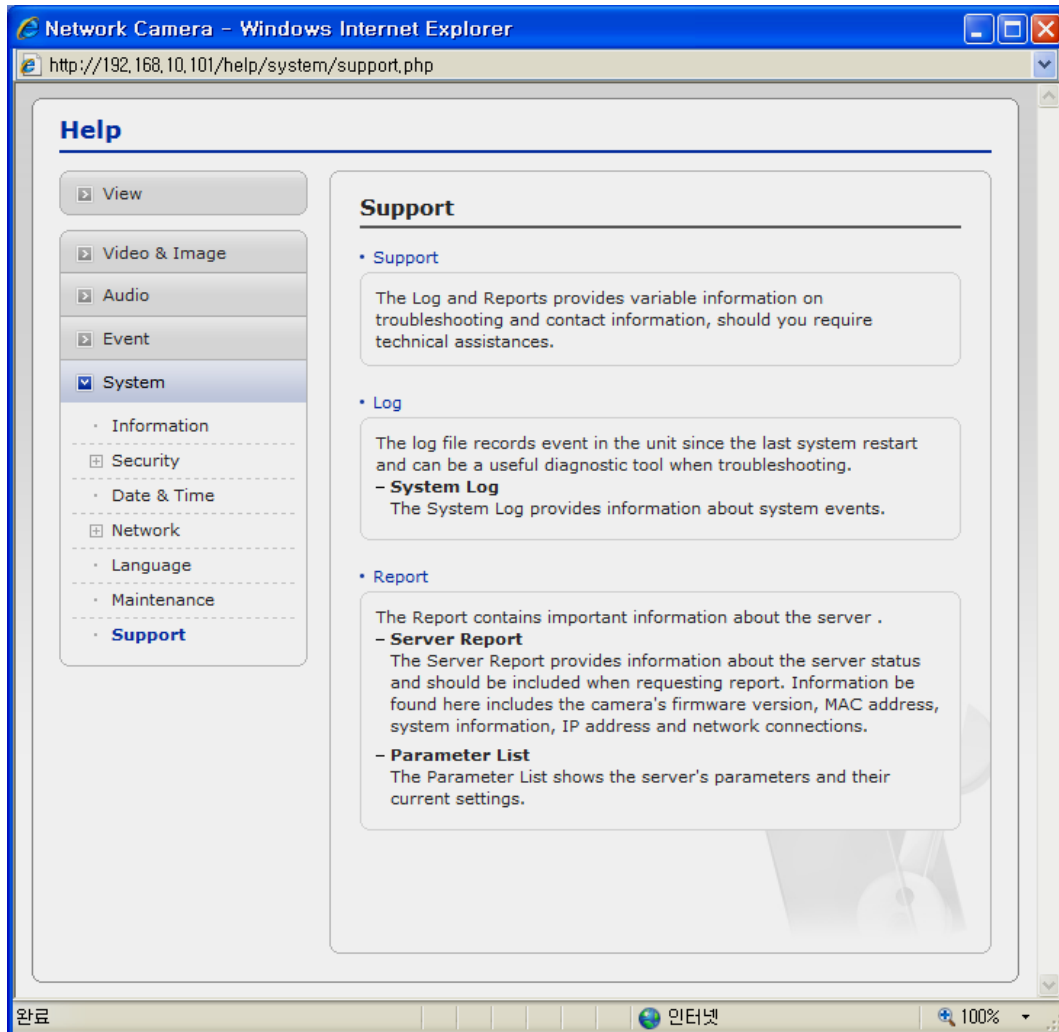


### **(7) Event List Window**

Event List displays the event(s) that were recorded in the SD local storage. Select a list and click the play button. The video clip will be played.

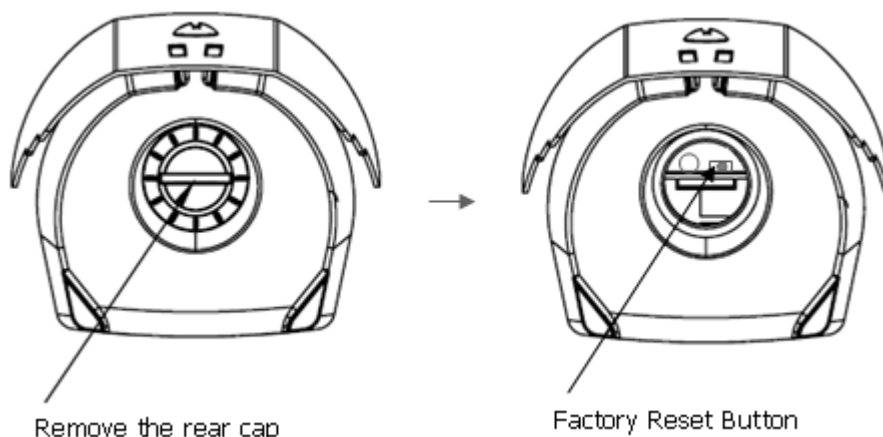
## 3.7 Help

The Help information window will be provided as a popup window so that users can open and read it without a need for log-in. It will offer a description on setting and Help page by which users can manipulate the Network Camera without a reference to the manual.



### 3.8 Resetting to the factory default settings

To reset the Network Camera to the original factory settings, go to the Setup>System> Maintenance web page (described in "3.5.6 System > Maintenance") or use the Reset button on the network camera, as described below:



- **Using the Reset Button**

Follow the instructions below to reset the Network Camera to the factory default settings using the Reset button.

1. Switch off the Network Camera by disconnecting the power adapter.
2. Remove the rear cap of the camera.
3. Press and hold the Reset button with a straightened paperclip while reconnecting the power.
3. Keep the Reset button pressed during about 2 seconds.
4. Release the Reset button.
5. The network camera resets to factory defaults and restarts after completing the factory reset.  
The unit now has the default IP address 192.168.30.220.
6. Close the rear cap of the camera.

**Caution:** When performing a Factory Reset, you will lose any settings you have saved.

## 4. Appendix

### 4.1 Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting if problems occur, verify the installation of the Network Camera with the instructions in this manual and with other operating equipment. Isolate the problem to the specific piece of equipment in the system and refer to the equipment manual for further information.

Problems/Symptoms	Possible Causes or Corrective Actions
The camera cannot be accessed by some clients.	If using a proxy server, try disabling the proxy setting in your browser. Check all cabling and connectors.
The camera works locally, but not externally.	Check if there are firewall settings that need to be adjusted. Check if there are router settings that need to be configured.
Poor or intermittent network connection.	If using a network switch, check that the port on that device uses the same setting for the network connection type (speed/duplex).
The camera cannot be accessed via a host name.	Check that the host name and DNS server settings are correct.
Not possible to log in.	When HTTPS is enabled, ensure that the correct protocol (HTTP or HTTPS) is used. When attempting to log in, you may need to manually type in http or https in the browser's address bar.
No image using Refresh and/or slow updating of images.	If images are very complex, try limiting the number of clients accessing the camera.
Images only shown in black & white.	Check the Video & Image setting.
Blurred images.	Refocus the camera.
Poor image quality.	Increased lighting can often improve image quality. Check that there is sufficient lighting at the monitored location. Check all image and lighting settings.
Rolling dark bands or flickering in image.	Try adjusting the Exposure Control setting under AE and AWB part.
H.264 not displayed in the client.	Check that the correct network interface is selected in the Video & Image/Stream.
Multicast H.264 not displayed in the client.	Check with your network administrator that the multicast addresses used by the camera are valid for your network. Check that the Enable multicast checkbox are enabled in the System/Network/RTP tab. Checks with your network administrator to see if there is a firewall preventing viewing.
Multicast H.264 only accessible by local clients.	Check if your router supports multicasting, or if the router settings between the client and the server need to be configured. The TTL value may need to be increased.
Color saturation is different in H.264 and Motion JPEG.	Modify the settings for your graphics adapter. Please see the adapter's documentation for more information.
Video cannot be recorded.	Check that the SD Card is inserted properly. Check that the SD Card is formatted properly.

## **4.2 Preventive Maintenance**

Preventive maintenance allows detection and correction of minor that faults before they become serious and cause equipment failure.

Every three-month, perform the following maintenance.

1. Inspect all connection cables for deterioration or other damage.
2. Clean components with a clean damp cloth.
3. Verify that all the mounting hardware is secure.



## 4.3 Product Specification

Main Item		Specification
C A M E R A	Image sensor	1/2.8" Progressive scan RGB CMOS
	Active Array	2048(H) x 1536(V)
	Lens	Motorized Varifocal 3.0mm ~ 9.0mm, F1.2, DC IRIS
	Angle of View	3.0mm – 99°(H) / 9.0mm – 33.5°(H)
	IR Distance	25m (with built-in 32 IR LEDs)
	Min. illumination	Colour: 0.2Lux, B/W: 0.0Lux (F1.2, 50IRE with IR On)
	Shutter Speed	1/20,000 ~ 1/4
N E T W O R K	Video Compression	Motion JPEG MPEG-4 Part2 H.264 (MPEG-4 Part 10) Profiles: H.264 HP, MP, and BP, MPEG-4 SP
	Video Resolutions	320x240 ~ 2048x1536
	Frame Rate	Max. 20fps@2048x1536, 30fps@ all resolutions
	Video Streaming	Simultaneously H.264(or MPEG-4) and MJPEG Controllable Frame Rate and Bandwidth VBR/CBR H.264 and MPEG-4
	Protocol	TCP/IP, UDP, IPv4/v6, HTTP, HTTPS, QoS, FTP, UPnP, RTP, RTSP, RTCP, DHCP, ARP, Zeroconf, Bonjour
	Security	Multi-user authority, HTTPS, IP Filtering, Privacy Zone
	Max. Connection	10
	API Programming Interface	API Supported, ONVIF(Open Network Video Interface Forum) Compliant
	Alarm Triggers	Motion Detection, Manual Trigger
	Alarm Events	File upload via FTP and HTTP Notification via E-mail, HTTP and TCP
	Video Buffering	Pre and Post Alarm
	Motion Detection	Yes, max. 8 programmable zone
	Network Time Synchronization	Yes
	SD Recording	Yes, Event
	Software Reset	Yes
	Factory Reset	Yes, Button/Web browser
	Auto Recovery	Yes
	Installation Tool	SmartManager, VK2-Client
	Upgrade	Web browser, SmartManager, VK2-Client
	Ethernet	RJ-45 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX
	Starting Temperature	-20°C ~ 50°C
	Operating Temperature	-30°C ~ 50°C
	Operation Humidity	0~90% (non-condensing)
	Housing	Weather-proof IP67-rated housing
	Power Consumption	DC12V 2.5A(25W, Heater On)/0.55A(6.5W, Heater Off), PoE 160mA(7.4W), Power over Ethernet IEEE 802.3af Class0
	Dimensions (W x H x D)	98.4mm x 177.5mm x 290.4mm, Including Sunshield and Stand
	Unit Weight	1,100g (Including Sunshield and Stand)

## **System Requirement for Web Browser**

Operating System: Microsoft Windows 98, Microsoft Windows ME, Microsoft Windows 2000, Microsoft Windows XP, or Microsoft Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8

CPU: Intel Core 2 Duo 2Ghz or higher, 1GB RAM or more, 10GB free disk or higher

VGA: AGP, Video RAM 32MB or higher (1024x768, 24bpp or higher)





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Wokingham  
England  
RG41 5TP  
01189 125 000