



WK12 – WK159 – WK15 KF30G – KF32G – KF36G – KF40G





Use and Maintenance manual





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1. INTRODUCTION

This manual describes the instructions for use and maintenance of KFG - WK pumps and should be carefully read and understood before using the pump.

Proper pump operation and duration depend on the correct use and maintenance.

Interpump Group disclaims any responsibility for damage caused by negligence or failure to observe with the standards described in this manual.

Upon receipt, verify that the pump is intact and complete.

Report any faults before installing and starting the pump.

2. DESCRIPTION OF SYMBOLS



Warning Sign



Read the contents of this manual carefully before each operation.



Danger sign Danger of electrocution.



Danger sign Wear a protective mask.



Danger sign Wear protective goggles.



Danger sign Put on protective gloves before each operation.



Danger sign Wear appropriate footwear





3. SAFETY

3.1 General safety warnings

Improper use of pumps and high pressure systems as well as non-compliance with installation and maintenance standards can cause serious damage to people and/or property. Anyone assembling or using high pressure systems must possess the necessary competence to do so, knowing the characteristics of the components that will assemble/use and take all precautions necessary to ensure maximum safety in all operating conditions. In the interest of safety, both for the Installer and the Operator, no reasonably applicable precaution should be omitted.

3.2 Essential safety in the high pressure system.

- 1. The pressure line must always be provided with a safety valve.
- 2. High pressure system components, particularly for systems that operate primarily outside, must be adequately protected from rain, frost and heat.
- 3. The electrical control system must be adequately protected against sprays of water and must meet specific regulations in force.
- 4. The high pressure pipes must be properly sized for maximum operating pressure of the system and always and only used within the operating pressure range specified by the Manufacturer of the pipe itself. The same rules should be observed for all other auxiliary systems affected by high pressure.
- 5. The ends of high pressure pipes must be sheathed and secured in a solid structure, to prevent dangerous whiplash in case of bursting or broken connections.
- 6. Appropriate protective casing must be provided in pump transmission systems (couplings, pulleys and belts, auxiliary power outlets).



3.3 Safety during work.

The room or area within which the high pressure system operates must be clearly marked and prohibited to unauthorised personnel and, wherever possible, restricted or fenced.

Personnel authorised to access this area should first be instructed how to operate within this area and informed of the risks arising from high pressure system defects or malfunctions.

Before starting the system, the Operator is required to verify that:

- 1. The high pressure system is properly powered, see chapter 9 section 9.5.
- 2. The pump suction filters are perfectly clean; it is appropriate to include a device indicating the clogging level on all devices.
- 3. Electrical parts are adequately protected and in perfect condition.
- 4. The high pressure pipes do not show signs of abrasion and the fittings are in perfect order

Any fault or reasonable doubt that may arise before or during operation should be promptly reported and verified by qualified personnel. In these cases, pressure should be immediately cleared and the high pressure system stopped.



3.4 Rules of conduct for the use of lances.

- 1. The Operator must always place his safety and security first, as well as that of others that may be directly affected by his/her actions, or any other assessments or interests. The Operator's work must be dictated by common sense and responsibility.
- 2. The Operator must always wear a helmet with a protective visor, waterproof gear and wear boots that are appropriate for use and can ensure a good grip on wet floors.

Note: appropriate clothing will protect against sprays of water but not from direct impact with jets of water or very close sprays. Additional protections may therefore be necessary in certain circumstances





- 3. It is generally best to organise personnel into teams of at least two people capable of giving mutual and immediate assistance in case of necessity and of taking turns during long and demanding operations.
- 4. The work area jet range must be absolutely prohibited to and free from objects that, inadvertently under a pressure jet, can be damaged and/or create dangerous situations.
- 5. The water jet must always and only be pointed in the direction of the work area, including during preliminary tests or checks.
- 6. The Operator must always pay attention to the trajectory of debris removed by the water jet.
- Where necessary, suitable guards must be provided by the Operator to protect anything that could become accidentally exposed.
- 7. The operator should not be distracted for any reason during work. Workers needing to access the operating area must wait for the Operator to stop work on his/her own initiative, after which they should immediately make their presence known.
- 8. It is important for safety that all team members are always fully aware of each other's intentions in order to avoid dangerous misunderstandings.
- 9. The high pressure system must not be started up and run under pressure without all team members in position and without the Operator having already directed his/her lance toward the work area.

3.5 Safety during system maintenance

- 1. High pressure system maintenance must be carried out in the time intervals set by the manufacturer who is responsible for the whole group according to law.
- 2. Maintenance should always be performed by trained and authorised personnel.
- 3. Assembly and disassembly of the pump and the various components must only be carried out authorised personnel, using appropriate equipment in order to prevent damage to components, in particular to connections.
- 4. Always only use original spare parts to ensure total reliability and safety.

4. PUMP IDENTIFICATION

Each pump has its own serial number XX.XXX.XXX, see point 0 and a specification label, see point 0 of fig. 1 which shows:

Pump model and version Max revs. Absorbed power Hp – kW . Flow rate l/min – Gpm . Pressure bar – P.S.I.



Model, version and serial number must always be indicated when ordering spare parts.





5. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Model	Rpm/1'	Flow rate		Pres	sure	Po	wer
		l/min	Gpm	bar	psi	kW	Нр
KF30G	1000	106	28	180	2610	36.5	49.6
KF32G	1000	120	31.7	180	2610	41.2	56
	800	122	32.2	160	2300	37	50
KF36G	900	137	36.2	140	2050	37	50
	1000	153	40	130	1900	38.2	52
KF40G	900	170	44.9	110	1595	36.8	50
WK12	1000	120	31.7	120	1740	27.6	37.6
WK159	1000	106	28	150	2715	30.3	41.2
WK15	1000	153	40	120	1740	35	47.6

6. DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

For Standard Version pump dimensions and weight, refer to fig. 2 For type "A" Flange Version pump dimensions and weight, refer to fig. 2/a.









7. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



Pumps KFG and WK were designed to operate in environments with atmospheres that are not potentially explosive, with filtered water (see point 9.7) and at a maximum temperature of 40°C. Other liquids can be used only upon formal approval by the Technical or Customer Service **Departments.**



7.1 Water temperature

The maximum permissible water temperature is 40°C. However, the pump can be used with water up to a temperature of 60 , but only for short periods. In this case, it is best to contact our **Technical or Customer Service Departments.**

7.2 Maximum pressure and flow rate

The rated specifications stated in our catalogue are the Max. that can be obtained the pump. **Independently** of the power used, the maximum pressure and rpm indicated in the specification label can never be exceeded unless upon prior formal authorisation by our **Technical or Customer Service Departments**.

7.3 Minimum rotating speed

Any rotating speed other than that indicated in the performance table (see chapter 5) must be expressly formally authorised by our *Technical or Customer Service Departments*.

7.4 Sound emission

The sound pressure detection test was performed according to Directive 2000/14 of the European Parliament and Council (Machinery Directive) and EN-ISO 3744-1995 with class instrumentation 1. A final detection of sound pressure must be performed on the machine/complete system.

Should the operator be located at a distance of less than 1 metre, he will have to use appropriate hearing protection according to current regulations.

7.5 Vibrations

The detection of this value shall be carried out only with the pump set up on the plant and at the performance declared by the customer.

Values must be in accordance with regulations.





7.6 Brands and types of oils recommended

The pump is supplied with oil suitable for room temperatures from 0°C to 30°C.

some types of recommended oil are indicated in the table below, these oils have additives to increase corrosion resistance and fatigue resistance (DIN 51517 part 2).

Alternatively you can also use Automotive Gear SAE 85W-90 oil for gearing lubrication.

Hersteller Manufacturer Producteur	Schmieröl Lubricant Lubrifiant	Hersteller Manufacturer Producteur	Schmieröl Lubricant Lubrifiant	Hersteller Manufacturer Producteur	Schmieröl Lubricant Lubrifiant
Magip	AGIP ACER 220	elf 🖗	ELF POLYTELIS 220, Reductelf SP 220	Shell	Shell Tellus Öl C 220
ARAL	Aral Degol BG 220	Esso	NUTO 220, TERESSO 220	5.25	Wintershall Ersolon 220, Wintershall Wiolan CN 220
BP	BP Energol HLP 220	FINA	FINA CIRKAN 220	TEXACO	RANDO HD 220
Castio	CASTROL Hyspin Vg 220, Castrol Magna 220	FUCHS	RENOLIN 212, RENOLIN DTA 220	TOTAL	TOTAL Cortis 220
DEA	Falcon CL 220	Mobil	Mobil DTE Oil BB		

Check the oil level, refill if necessary

From the oil dipstick pos. ①, fig .3.

The correct checking of the oil level is made with the pump not running, at room temperature. The oil change must be made with the pump at working temperature, removing the: oil dipstick pos. ①, and then the drain plug, pos. ②, fig. 3.

The oil check and change must be carried out as indicated in the table in chapter 11.

The quantity required is \sim 3.8 litres.









In any case the oil must be changed at least once a year, as it is degraded by oxidation.

For a room temperature other than between 0°C - 30°C, follow the instructions in the following diagram, considering that oil must have a minimum viscosity of 180 cSt.

Viscosity / Room temperature Diagram





The oil must be placed in a suitable container and disposed of in special centres. It absolutely should not be discarded into the environment.





8. PORTS AND CONNECTIONS

The KFG and WK series pumps (see figure 4) are equipped with:

① 2 "IN" inlet ports 1" 1/2 Gas.

Line connection to any of the two ports is indifferent for proper pump functioning. The unused ports must be hermetically closed.

- 2 "OUT" outlet ports 1" Gas .
- ③ 3 service ports 1/2" Gas usually used for the pressure gauge.







9. PUMP INSTALLATION

9.1 Installation

The pump must be fixed horizontally using the M 16x1.5 threaded support feet.

Tighten the screws with a torque of 210 Nm.

The base must be perfectly flat and rigid enough as not to allow bending or misalignment on the pump coupling axis/transmission due to torque transmitted during operation.

The unit cannot be fixed rigidly to the floor but must interposed with vibration dampers.

For special applications contact the Technical or Customer Service Departments.

A lifting bracket is mounted on the pump for easy installation, as per the figure below.



Should it be necessary to disassemble it, to avoid the entrance of dirt in the front part of the casing, close the threaded hole with the cap provided.





Replace the oil filling hole closing service plug (red) positioned on the rear casing cover. Check the correct quantity with the oil dipstick.

The oil dipstick must always be reachable, even when the unit is assembled.



The pump shaft (PTO) should not be rigidly connected to the propulsor unit The following types of transmission are recommended:

- Hydraulics by flange, for proper application consult with our *Technical* or Customer Service *Departments.*
- V-belt.
- Cardan-shaft (comply with manufacturer's Max. recommended working angles).
- Flexible joint .





9.2 Rotation direction

The rotation direction is indicated by an arrow located on the casing near the drive shaft. From a position facing the pump head, the rotation direction will be as in fig. 5



9.3 Version change

The pump version is defined as right when: Observing the pump facing the head side, the pump shaft must have a PTO shank on the right side.

The pump version is defined as left when: Observing the pump facing the head side, the pump shaft must have a PTO shank on the left side.

Note. The version shown in fig. 5 is right.



The version can only be modified by trained and authorised personnel and carefully following the instructions below:

1. Separate the hydraulic part from the mechanical part as indicated in chapter 2 section 2.2.1 of the repair manual.



- Turn the mechanical part 180° and reposition the rear casing cover in such a way that the oil dipstick is turned upward. Reposition the lifting bracket and relative hole closing plugs in the upper part of the casing. Finally, properly reposition the specification label in its housing on the casing.
 Make sure that the lower casing draining holes in correspondence with the pistons are open and not closed from the plastic plugs provided for the previous version.
- 3. Unite the hydraulic part to the mechanical part as indicated in chapter 2 section 2.2.5 of the repair manual.





9.4 Hydraulic connections

In order to isolate the system from vibrations produced by the pump, it is advisable to make the first section of the duct adjacent to the pump (both suction and outlet) with flexible piping. The consistency of the suction section must be such as to prevent deformations caused by vacuums produced by the pump.

9.5 Pump power supply

A positive head of at least 0.20 metres is required for the best volumetric efficiency.



For negative prevalence contact our Technical or Customer Service Departments .

9.6 Suction line

For a smooth operation of the pump, the suction line should have the following characteristics:

1. Minimum internal diameter as indicated in the graph at point 9.9 and equal to or exceeding that of the pump head.



Localised restrictions should be avoided along the run of the duct, as these can cause load losses resulting in cavitation. Avoid 90° elbow bends, with other piping, constrictions, counterslopes, inverted U-curves and T-connections.

- 2. With a layout that is set in such a way to prevent cavitation.
- 3. Completely airtight and constructed to ensure sealing over time.
- 4. Prevents that pump stopping causes emptying, even partial.
- 5. Do not use 3 or 4-way hydraulic fittings, adapters, swivel joints, etc. as they could jeopardise pump performance.
- 6. Do not install Venturi tubes or injectors for detergent suction.
- 7. Avoid use of base valves or other types of unidirectional valves.
- 8. Do not recirculate by-pass valve discharge directly into suction.
- 9. Provide for proper guards inside the tank to prevent that water flow the bypass and the tank supply line can create vortexes or turbulence near the pump supply pipe port.

10. Make sure the suction line is thoroughly clean inside before connecting it to the pump.





9.7 Filtration

1 filter must be installed on the pump suction line, positioned as indicated in fig. 6 and fig. 6/a.

With a manually activated control valve



With a pneumatically activated control valve



The filter must be installed as close as possible to the pump, it must be easily inspected and must have the following characteristics:

- 1. Minimum flow rate at least 3 times the nominal flow rate of the pump.
- 2. Inlet/outlet port diameters no smaller than the inlet port diameter of the pump.
- 3. Filtration grade between 200 and 360 μm .



For smooth pump operation, regular filter cleaning is necessary, planned according to the actual use of the pump in relation to the quality of water used and actual clogging conditions.





9.8 Outlet line

For the correct laying of the outlet line, the following installation rules must be followed:

- 1. The internal diameter of the pipe must be sufficient to ensure correct fluid velocity, see graph at point 9.9.
- 2. The first section of the line connected to the pump outlet must be a flexible hose, in order to isolate the vibrations produced by the pump of the rest of the system.
- 3. Use high pressure pipes and fittings to ensure high safety margins in all operating conditions.
- 4. The outlet line must always be provided with a Max. pressure valve.
- 5. Use pressure gauges suitable to withstand pulsating loads typical of the plunger pumps.
- 6. During the design stage, keep in mind the line load losses which result in a drop in pressure during use with respect to the pressure measured on the pump.
- 7. For those applications where pulses produced by the pump on the outlet line may prove harmful or unwanted, install a pulsation dampener of sufficient size.





9.9 Calculation of the internal diameter of the duct pipes.

To determine the internal diameter of the duct, refer to the following diagram:

Suction duct

With a flow rate of ~ 170 L/min and a water velocity of 0.5 m/sec. The graph line joining the two scales meets the central scale showing the diameters, corresponding to a value of ~ 80 mm.

Outlet duct

With a flow rate of ~ 170 L/min and a water velocity of 5.5 m/sec. The graph line joining the two scales meets the central scale showing the diameters, corresponding to a value of ~ 30 mm.

Optimal speed:

- Suction: ≤ 0.5 m/sec.
- Outlet: ≤ 5.5 m/sec.



The graph does not take into account pipe resistance, valves, load loss produced by the length of the ducts, the viscosity of the liquid pumped or the temperature of the same.



If necessary, contact our *Technical or Customer Service Departments*.





9.10 V-belt transmission

The pump can be controlled by a v-belt system.

For this pump model, we recommend use of 4 XPB belts (16.5x13 serrated). Use an XPC profile only for long durations. Both the characteristics and transmissible power of each belt can be verified in the diagram in fig. 7, in relation to the number of rpm normally declared by the manufacturer.

Minimum duct pulley diameter (on pump shaft): $\geq 250 \text{ mm}$.

The radial load on the shaft must not exceed 7500 N (value necessary for Layout definition). The transmission is considered adequate if the load is applied to a maximum distance **a=40 mm** from the shaft shoulder (P.T.O) as shown in fig. 10.

For dimensions differing from those specified above, contact our *Technical or Customer Service Departments.*



9.11 Transmission definition

To prevent irregular radial loads on the shaft and the relative bearing, follow these directions:

a) Use pulleys with v-belts with the size of the groove required/recommended by the manufacturer of belt used. In the absence of directions, follow fig.8 and the table in fig.9.







Dimensions (in mm)

fig. 8

Belt section as per	DIN symbol		XPB/SPB	XPC/SPC
DIN 7753 part 1 and B.S. 3790	symbol B.S./ISO		SPB	SPC
Belt section as per	DIN symbol		17	22
DIN 2215 and B.S. 3790	symbol B.S./ISO		В	C
Pitch width		bw	14.0	19.0
Increased grooving width b₁ ≈	α = 34°		18.9	26.3
increased grooving width b ₁ ~	α = 38°		19.5	27.3
	(C	8.0	12.0
Distance between grooving		е	23 ± 0.4	31 ± 0.5
	1	F	14.5 ± 0.8	20.0 ± 1.0
Increased grooving depth		t _{min}	22.5	31.5
α <u>34°</u> by primitive diameter	C	dw.	from 140 to 190	from 224 to 315
38° narrow-section v-belts DIN 7753 part 1			> 190	> 315
α 34° by primitive diameter	C	d, w t	from 112 to 190	from 180 to 315
38° classic section v-belts DIN 2215			> 190	> 315
Tolerance for $\alpha = 34^{\circ}-38^{\circ}$			± 1°	± 30'
Pulleys for b2 by		1	29	40
grooving number z		2	52	71
b2 = (z-1) e + 2 f		3	75	102
		4	98	133
		5	121	164
		6	144	195
		7	167	226
		8	190	257
		9	213	288
		10	236	319
		11	259	350
Minimum pullou diameter must be respected.		12	282	381

Minimum pulley diameter must be respected. Do not use laminated v-belts.

fig. 9

b) Use high performance belts – for example XPB instead of SPB – as a lower quantity of belts for the same transmitted power may be necessary and a consequent shorter resulting distance compared to the shaft shoulder (P.T.O). "a" of fig. 10









- c) Pull the belts according to manufacturer instructions. Excessive pulling can cause reduced bearing life and wear out the pulley prematurely. Pulling depends on different variables as indicated in point 9.12.
- d) Belt length has a natural tolerance ≥ ± 0.75%. For this reason, the 4 belts must be purchased as a pair.
- e) Follow the direction of the belt pull as shown in fig. 9; for other needs, contact our **Technical or Customer Service Departments.**
- f) Take care of the alignment of the driving pulley and driven pulley grooves.

9.12 Definition of static pull to apply on belts

Static pull depends on:

- a) The wheelbase between the two pulleys (belt length).
- b) The load due to static pull of the belt.
- c) The number of belts.
- d) The winding angle of the smallest pulley.
- e) Average speed.
- f) Etc.

Values of the static pull to be applied can be obtained from the diagram in fig. 11 for belts with a XPB profile in relation to the wheelbase .







fig. 11

Conclusion: With a wheelbase of 600 mm and with a dynamometer, loading the belt branch with 75 N as indicated in fig 12, a "te" bend of approximately 10.8 mm is obtained.



Note₁. Unless otherwise stated by the supplier of the belts, control of proper pull and its relative re-tensioning should be performed after no less than 30 minutes of motion necessary for the normal adjustment of the belts. Best performance and durability will be achieved with proper tensioning.





Note₂. In case of necessity or for routine maintenance, never replace a single belt but the complete set.

9.13 Transmission of power from the second PTO

Upon request, the KFG and WK series pumps can be supplied with auxiliary PTO on the side opposite of the drive (Transmission of power from the second PTO).

Transmission can be carried out:

- By means of the V-belts.
 - By means of the joint.

By means of the V-Belt, withdrawable Max Torque is:

- 65 Nm which corresponds to:
 - 7 Cv to 750 rpm
 - 7.4 Cv to 800 rpm
 - 8.3 Cv to 900 rpm
 - 9.3 Cv to 1000 rpm
 - 11.1 Cv to 1200 rpm

By means of the joint, withdrawable Max Torque is: 130 Nm which corresponds to:

- 14 Cv to 750 rpm
- 14.8 Cv to 800 rpm
- 16.6 Cv to 900 rpm
- 18.6 Cv to 1000 rpm
- 22.2 Cv to 1200 rpm

By means of the V-belt, the transmission is considered suitable if: belt pull is applied at a max distance of 22 mm with from the bend shaft shoulder, fig. 13 min diameter of pulley to be used = Ø 100 mm

 \triangle

With transmission by means of the joint, pay particular attention to perfect alignment so that no transverse forces are generated on the pump shaft.





For applications differing from those specified above, contact our *Technical* or Customer Service *Departments.*





10. START-UP AND OPERATION

10.1 Preliminary checks

Before start-up, ensure that:

The suction line is connected and pressurised (see Point 9.4 – 9.5 – 9.6) the pump must never run dry.

- 1. The suction line ensures a hermetic seal over time.
- 2. Any shut-off valves between the supply source and the pump are fully open. The outlet line during is free discharge, to permit air present in the pump head to come out quickly and therefore favour fast priming.
- 3. All suction and outlet fittings and connections are properly tightened.
- 4. The coupling tolerances on the pump/transmission axis (half-joint misalignment, Cardan joint tilt, belt pulling, etc.) remain within limits required by the transmission manufacturer.
- 5. Oil in the pump casing is at level, verified with a dipstick (fig. 14, pos. 1). and exceptionally with a level indicator (fig. 14, pos. 2).



 \triangle

In case of prolonged storage or long-term inactivity, check proper functioning of the suction and outlet valves.

10.2 Start-up

- 1. At first start-up, verify that the rotation direction and the supply pressure are correct.
- 2. Start-up the pump without any load.
- 3. Check that the supply pressure is correct.
- 4. Check that the rotation rpm during operation does not exceed the nominal rpm of the pump.
- 5. Let the pump run for a period of no less than 3 minutes, before putting it under pressure.
- 6. Before each pump stop, reset pressure by means of the control valve or with any relieving devices and reduce to a minimum rpm.

(activation with combustion motors).





11. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

For pump reliability and efficiency, comply with maintenance intervals as shown in the table.

MANUTENZION	E PREVENTIVA
Ogni 500 ore	Ogni 1000 ore
Verifica livello olio	Cambio olio
	Verifica / Sostituzione : Valvole Sedi valvole Molle valvole Guide valvole
	Verifica / Sostituzione : Tenute di H.P. Tenute di L.P.





12. PUMP STORAGE

12.1 Long-term inactivity

If the pump is started for the first time after a long period from the date of shipment, before operation check the oil level, inspect the valves as specified in chapter 10, then follow described start-up procedures.

12.2 Method for filling pump with anti-corrosion emulsion or anti-freeze solution using an external diaphragm pump based on the layout shown in paragraph 9.7 in fig. 6 and fig. 6/a:

- In place of the service tank, use a suitable container containing the solution to be pumped.
- Close the filter drainage, if open.
- Make sure that the hoses to be used are clean inside and spread grease on their connections.
- Connect the high pressure exhaust pipe to the pump.
- Connect the suction pipe to the diaphragm pump.
- Connect the suction pipe between the pump head and the diaphragm pump.
- Fill the service container with solution/emulsion.
- Insert the free ends of the suction pipes and the high pressure exhaust pipe inside the container.
- Switch on the diaphragm pump.
- Pump the emulsion until it exits from the high pressure exhaust pipe.
- Continue pumping for at least another minute.
- Stop the pump and remove the previously connected pipes.
- Clean, grease and plug the connections on the pump head.

The characteristics of the emulsion can be strengthened if necessary by adding, for example, Shell Donax.

13. PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FROST



Follow the instructions in Chapter 12 in areas and times of the year at risk of frost (see point 12.2) .



In the presence of ice, do not run the pump for any reason until the circuit has not been fully defrosted, in order to avoid serious damage to the pump.

14. GUARANTEE CONDITIONS

The guarantee period and conditions are contained in the purchase agreement.

The guarantee will in any case be invalidated if:

- a) The pump is used for purposes other than for those agreed upon.
- b) The pump is fitted with an electric or combustion motor with performance exceeding those indicated in the table.
- c) Safety devices are decalibrated or disconnected.
- d) The pump is used with accessories or parts not supplied by Interpump Group.
- e) Damage has been caused by:
 - 1) improper use
 - 2) failure to follow maintenance instructions
 - 3) any use different from that described in the operating instructions
 - 4) lack of sufficient flow rate
 - 5) defective installation
 - 6) improper positioning or sizing of pipes
 - 7) unauthorised plan modifications
 - 8) cavitation





15. OPERATING FAULTS AND THEIR POSSIBLE CAUSES



The pump does not produce any noise upon start-up:

- The pump is not primed and is running dry.
- No suction water.
- Valves are blocked.
- The outlet line during is closed and does not allow air present in the pump head to come out.



The pump pulsates irregularly:

- Air suction.
- Insufficient supply.
- Bends, elbow bends, fittings along the suction line are choking the passage of liquid.
- The suction filter is dirty or too small.
- The booster pump, where installed, is supplying insufficient pressure or flow rate.
- The pump is not primed for insufficient head or the outlet is closed during priming.
- The pump is not primed for the fixing of some valves.
- Worn valves.
- Worn pressure seals.
- Imperfect functioning of the pressure control valve.
- Problems on the transmission



The pump does not supply the nominal flow rate/excessive noise:

- Insufficient supply (see various causes as above).
- The number of rpms is less than the nominal rate.
- Excessive leakage of the pressure control valve.
- Worn valves.
- Excessive leakage of the pressure seals.
- Cavitation due to:
- 1) Improper sizing of suction ducts/undersized diameters.
 - 2) Insufficient flow rate.
 - 3 Elevated water temperature.



The pressure supplied by the pump is insufficient:

- Use (nozzle) is or has become higher than the capacity of the pump.
- The number of rpms is insufficient.
- Excessive leakage of the pressure seals.
- Imperfect functioning of the pressure control valve.
- Worn valves.

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The pump is overheated:

- The pump is working in pressure excess or the number of rpms is higher than the nominal rate.
- Oil in the pump casing is not at level or not the recommended type as detailed in chapter 7 (see point 7.4).
- Excess belt tension or joint or pulley alignment is incorrect.
- Excessive pump tilt during operation.



Vibrations and shock to pipes: - Air suction.

- Imperfect functioning of the pressure control valve.
- Valve malfunction.
 - Non-uniformity in the transmission motion.







16. EXPLODED DRAWING AND PARTS LIST









KIT 2066 KIT 2018

KIT 2012 KIT 2013

KF36G WK15

KF32G WK12

KF30G WK159 KIT 2016

,		NIL VAIVUE ULI ILIAI IUALA - UULEL VA					CTAZ IN		CTVM	2			
۵		Kit tenute complete – Complete seals kit	ete sea	ls kit			KIT 2017 KIT 2222 KIT 2019 KIT 2021	21	WK12	12		KF36G KF40G	()
-		Kit bronzine bielle – Conrod bush	bushin	ing kit			KIT 2135 (STD) - 2154 (+0,25) - 2155 (+0,50)	6	WK15	15			
POS	CODICE	DESCRIPTION DESCRIZIONE	KIT '	NR. PCS. P	POS C	CODICE	DESCRIPTION DESCRIZIONE	KIT	NR. PCS.	POS	CODICE	DESCRIPTION	KIT NR. PCS.
-	71.0100.22	71.0100.22 CARTER POMPA		1	8		ANELLO RESTOP Ø 30x45x8/4,5	A-D		0	ON FLANG	CON FLANGIA "A" - WITH DIRECT DRIVE FLANGE	
7	91.8590.00	91.8590.00 CUSCINETTO RULLI CON. 33210		5	35 90		ANELLO RESTOP Ø 32x44x5,5/3	A-D	~		00.8005.96	99.3098.00 VITE M08X35 5931 12.9 G321	9
m	90.3918.00		٥	~		_	ANELLO RESTOP Ø 36x45x6/3	A-D		64	0.0677.20	10.0677.20 FLANGIA MOTORE IDRAULICO	1
4	71.2200.81	SPESSORE DI RASAMENTO 0.1 MM	1	1	6	90.2838.00 AI	ANELLO RESTOP Ø 40×55×8/4,5	A-D		£	OTORE ID	MOTORE IDR. SAE-C – SAE-C HYDR. MOTOR DRIVE	IVE
	71.2203.81	SPESSORE DI RASAMENTO 0.25 MM		_	6		ANELLO TEN. ALT. Ø 30x45x7,5/4,5 HP	A-D			98.2060.00	98.2060.00 TAPPO PER FORO Ø 15 - TTN18	2
'n	90.0756.00	_	٥	-	36 90	_	ANELLO TEN. ALT. Ø 32x44x6/3,5	A-D	~	65	10.0745.70	10.0745.70 DISTANZIALE Ø 31.75 H.10.5	-
ø	70.2118.01	I SPIA LIVELLO OLIO		-			ANELLO TEN. ALT. Ø 36x48x6/3,5 HP	A-D	8		10.0747.47	ELEMENTO ELASTICO	1
-	90.3877.00	90.3877.00 OR Ø 39.34x2.62 NBR 70SH 3156	٥	-	6		ANELLO TEN. ALT. Ø 40x55x7,5/4,5 HP	A-D		67	10.7428.01	10.7428.01 GIUNTO ELASTICO Ø 40x31.75	1
80	71.1501.22			1	70		ANELLO DI TESTA Ø 30	٥			10.0746.70	10.0746.70 DISTANZIALE Ø 40 H.10	1
5	99.1867.00	VITE M06X18 5931 8.8 ZINC		" 20	37 72		ANELLO DI TESTA Ø 32	0			10.0750.20	FLANGIA MOT. IDR. SAE-C	1
10	90.3841.00	90.3841.00 OR Ø 17.13x2.62 NBR 70SH 3068	٥	4		71.1002.51 AP	ANELLO DI TESTA Ø 36	٥	,	70	99.3146.00	99.3146.00 VITE M08X50 5931 12.9 G321	9
Ħ	98.2183.00	98.2183.00 TAPPO G1/2x13 NICKEL		1	71	71.1003.51 AP	ANELLO DI TESTA Ø 40	۵			PDF	PDF AUSILIARIA – AUXILIARY PTO	
12	98.2120.00	TAPPO CON ASTA Ø 21.5×91		1	71	71.1290.15 TE	TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 30			6	99.1867.00	99.1867.00 VITE M06X18 5931 8.8 ZINC	9
13	71.1600.22	71.1600.22 COPERCHIO POSTERIORE CARTER		1	71	71.1291.15 TE	TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 30 - NPT			18	91.5000.00	91.5000.00 LINGUETTA 12h9x8x70 UNI 6604/A	1
14	90.4000.00	90.4000.00 OR Ø 215.00x3.00 NBR 70SH	٥	1	71	71.1292.15 TE	TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 32			19	71.1500.22	71.1500.22 COPERCHIO LATERALE LATO PTO	1
15	98.2060.00	98.2060.00 TAPPO PER FORO Ø 15 - TTN18	1	4	38 71	_	TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 32 - NPT		1	50	90.1700.00	ANELLO RAD. Ø 50x65x8 VITON	1
16	99.3138.00	99.3138.00 VITE SERRAGGIO BIELLA M8x1x48	1	, 9			TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 36		1	11	71.0207.35	71.0207.35 ALBERO A GOMITI C.50 D.PTO	1
17	71.0200.35	71.0200.35 ALBERO A GOMITI C.50		1	17		TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 36 - NPT			72	97.6152.00	97.6152.00 SPINA Ø 5x10	1
18	91.5000.00	91.5000.00 LINGUETTA 12h9x8x70 UNI 6604/A		7	71		TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 40			73	71.2265.54	DISPOSITIVO DOPPIA PTO S.71	1
19	71.1500.22	71.1500.22 COPERCHIO LATERALE LATO PTO		-		71.1297.15 TE	TESTATA PER PISTONE Ø 40 - NPT				96.7378.00	96.7378.00 ROSETTA Ø 17X24X1 DIN988	1
20	90.1700.00	90.1700.00 ANELLO RAD. Ø 50x65x8 VITON	٥	۳ ۳		4480.00 VI	99.4480.00 VITE M12X150 5931 12.9 G321A+M		80	75	99.5142.00	99.5142.00 VITE M16X45 5931 12.9 G321	1
2	90.0606.00	90.0606.00 ANELLO SEEGER Ø 20 UNI 7437		9	40 99.	99.4295.00 VI	VITE M12X35 5931 12.9 G321A+M		14			RIDUTTORE – GEARBOX	
ន	71.0500.15	71.0500.15 GUIDA PISTONE	1	۳ ص		2274.15 C	71.2274.15 COPERCHIO VALVOLE		2	6	99.1867.00	99.1867.00 VITE M06X18 5931 8.8 ZINC	9
24	97.7430.00	97.7430.00 SPINOTTO Ø 20x38	1	e m		2111.70 T/	71.2111.70 TAPPO VALVOLE ASPIRAZ./MANDATA		9	18	1.5000.00	91.5000.00 LINGUETTA 12h9x8x70 UNI 6604/A	1
25	90.1678.00	90.1678.00 ANELLO RAD. Ø 38×52×7/8.5	٥	۳ ۳		_	ANELLO ANTIEST. Ø 50.9×55×1.5	٥	9	19	71.1500.22	COPERCHIO LATERALE LATO PTO	-
26	96.7140.00	96.7140.00 ROSETTA Ø 10x50x1		۳ ۳	44 90.	_	OR Ø 48.89x2.62 NBR 70SH 3193	٥	12	20	90.1700.00	ANELLO RAD. Ø 50x65x8 VITON	1
	71.0403.09	PISTONE Ø 30x95		4	45 36.	36.2045.51 G	GUIDA VALVOLA ASPIRAZ./MANDATA		9	72	97.6152.00	97.6152.00 SPINA Ø 5×10	1
27	71.0404.09			4			MOLLA Ø 25.2x26		e	76	7.5940.00	97.5940.00 SPIA LIVELLO OLIO G1/2"	1
ĩ	72.0400.09	PIATONE Ø 32x95		,	47 36.		GUIDA VALVOLA INTERNA		9		99.3146.00	VITE M08X50 5931 12.9 G321A+M	16
	71.0405.09	71.0405.09 PISTONE Ø 40x95	l			_	VALVOLA SFERICA COMPLETA		9		72.2109.20	72.2109.20 COPERCHIO SCATOLA RIDUTTORE	1
28	90.3671.00	90.3671.00 OR D. 11.00x2.00 NBR 90SH	٥				SEDE VALVOLA ASP.MANDATA		9	79	01.8593.00	91.8593.00 CUSCINETTO SFERE 6310	1
29	71.2195.66	71.2195.66 VITE FISSAGGIO PISTONE	1				ANELLO ANTIEST. Ø 49.5x54x1.5	•	9			PIGNONE Z27 R1,250 ELICOIDALE	
90	90.0797.00	90.0797.00 ANELLO DI FERMO Ø 52 INOX	1	۳ ۳		-	GRUPPO VALVOLA MANDATA	U	m	80	_	PIGNONE Z25 R1,500 ELICOIDALE	1
				5		-	GRUPPO VALVOLA ASPIRAZIONE	•	m		10.0710.35	PIGNONE Z22 R1,830 ELICOIDALE	
31	72.2105.70		I			_	MOLLA Dm. 24.7x27		m	81	01.8577.00	91.8577.00 CUSCINETTO SFERE 6309	-
	71.2180.70		I				BIELLA COMPLETA		m	82	99.4307.00	VITE M12X40 5739 8.8 ZINC	1
	71.2182.70		4			_	VITE M12X25 5739 8.8 ZINC			83	72.2110.55	72.2110.55 RONDELLA FISSAGGIO CORONA	1
	90.2760.00	_	A-U				SIAFFA UL SULLEVAMENIO		-			CORONA 234 RI,250 ELICOIDALE	1
32	90.2780.00		A-D			_	TAPPO CARTER			5	_	CORONA 237 R1,500 ELICOIDALE	1
	90.2800.00		A-D	<u></u>		_	CAPPUCCIO TAPPO CARTER		m		10.0713.35	CORONA Z40 R1,830 ELICOIDALE	
	90.2830.00		A-D	5	59 71.	_	TAPPO CARTER			85	00.3948.00	90.3948.00 OR Ø 209.22x2.62 NBR 70SH 2-172	1
	71.2153.70		1				SEMIBOCCOLA TESTA BIELLA - INF.	w			72.2108.20	SCATOLA RIDUTTORE	1
33	72.2104.70			۳ س	60 90	_	SEMIBOCCOLA TESTA BIELLA +0,25 - INF.	ш	ñ		90.3585.00	OR Ø 10.82x1.78 NBR 70SH 2043	2
					6	_	SEMIBOCCOLA TESTA BIELLA +0,50 - INF.	ш			98.2047.00	TAPPO G1/4"x13 NICKEL	2
	71.2155.70			Т		_	SEMIBOCCOLA TESTA BIELLA - SUP.	ш I			97.6185.00	97.6185.00 SPINA Ø 8x18 ZB-G2 h5	1
34	90.3891.00	90.3891.00 OR Ø 52.07x2.62 NBR 70SH 3206	A-D	۳ ۳	61 90		SEMIBOCCOLA TESTA BIELLA +0,25 - SUP.	ω 1	~	90	72.2107.84	72.2107.84 GUARNIZIONE SCATOLA RIDUTTORE	1
					t,	90.9242.00 St	SEMIBOCCOLA TESTA BIELLA +0,50 - SUP.	ω					
				<u> </u>	62 90.	9110.00	90.9110.00 BOCCOLA PIEDE BIELLA		1				

KIT RICAMBIO – SPARE KIT

Kit valvole aspirazione – Suction valves kit Kit tenute pompanti – Plunger packing kit

Kit valvole di mandata – Outlet valves kit

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17. DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION

DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION

(In accordance with Annex II of European Directive 2006/42/CE)

The manufacturer INTERPUMP GROUP S.p.A. – Via E. Fermi, 25 – 42049 S. ILARIO D'ENZA (RE) – Italy

DECLARES that the product identified and described as follows:

Name: Pump

Туре:	Reciprocating plunger pump for high pressure water
Trademark:	INTERPUMP GROUP
Model:	71 KE series

Is found to comply with the requirements of the directives listed below and subsequent updates:

Machinery Directive 2006/42/CE

• Directive on the restriction of certain hazardous substances 2002/95/CE

• Directive on manufacturer responsibility 85/374/CE

UNI EN ISO 12100.1:2005 - UNI EN ISO 12100.2:2005 - UNI EN 809:2000

The pump identified above meets all the essential safety and health protection requirements as listed in section 1 of Annex I of the Machinery Directive and the relevant technical documentation has been compiled in accordance with Annex VII B.

In addition, the manufacturer undertakes to make available, following a reasoned request, a copy of the relevant technical pump documentation in the manner and terms to be defined.

The pump should not be put into service until the plant to which the pump is to be incorporated has been declared in accordance with the provisions of the relevant directives and/or standards.

Person authorised to compile the technical file

Name: Maurizio Novelli

Address: INTERPUMP GROUP S.p.A. – Via E. Fermi, 25 – 42049 S. ILARIO D'ENZA (RE) – Italy

Person authorized to draw up the declaration:

CEO Mr. Paolo Manninsek Signature

Reggio Emilia January/2010





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Violators will be prosecuted according to law with appropriate legal action.

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