

ASSESSMENT and QUALIFICATIONS ALLIANCE

# Mark scheme June 2002

# GCE

# Computing

## Unit CPT5

Copyright © 2002 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

The Assessment and Qualifications Alliance (AQA) is a company limited by guarantee registered in England and Wales 3644723 and a registered charity number 1073334 Registered address: Addleshaw Booth & Co., Sovereign House, PO Box 8, Sovereign Street, Leeds LS1 1HQ Kathleen Tattersall: *Director General* 

## **Advanced Systems Development**

The following notation is used in this mark scheme

- ; means a single mark;
- A means acceptable creditworthy answer;
- R means reject answer as not creditworthy.
- 1 Any one for one mark:

Top down (testing); Bottom up (testing); Black-box (testing); White-box (testing); Integration (testing); Interface/Stub (testing); Acceptance (testing); Alpha (testing); Beta (testing); Walkthrough/Dry Run/Tracing/Desk checking: Compatibility (testing): Performance (testing): System (testing);

2 Any two @ one each R. Specification manual

> Installation manual; User manual Or Instruction manual; Operations manual; Training manual; (Systems)Maintenance/Technical manual;

max 1

max 2

**3** NB process labels must begin with a verb, e.g. scan ... Dataflow labels must begin with a noun. Datastore label must begin with a noun.



d: Single /data signal sent at a time Or single
 message/packet/frame sent at a time Or uses single channel Or one transmission at a time
 A. Single stream of data;

over full bandwidth (of the cable) Or occupying full bandwidth (of the cable) Or signal uses all available frequencies;

(ignore any additional references which are bits, 0/1 in any part of the above)

**R**. Single bits sent at a time

**R**. Only works over short distances

### (ii) **Broadband:**

Several /data signals sent simultaneously Or several messages/packets/frames simultaneously Or more than one signal occupies bandwidth ;

Each at a different frequency Or in a different channel Or in a different time slot;

Or

Multiple channels used; Each at a different frequency Or in a different time slot;

Or signal(or equivalent) uses only one frequency Or signal(or equivalent) uses only part of bandwidth;;

- **R**. fast connection
- R. Video, sound and text .....
- **R**. ADSL, cable examples, etc

### (b)(i) **Two reasons:**

<ul> <li>Wide area networks expensive to install;</li> <li>Wide area networks expensive to maintain;</li> <li>Wide area networks involve long distances;</li> <li>Can allow multiple data streams to keep down costs</li> <li>Or can share transmission medium to keep costs down;</li> <li>Many channels needed to cope with high volume of traffic</li> <li>Or enables more users to use network without experiencing congestion;</li> <li>R. faster</li> <li>R. can work over longer distances</li> <li>R. More than one user will want to use it simultaneously</li> <li>R. Cheaper, more efficient</li> </ul>					
(ii) First mark:	(More packet) collisions take place;				
	Stations attempting to send at the same time;				
	Each station broadcasts to every other one;				
	Some stations may be attempting to broadcast at the same tim	e;			
Second mark:	Packets need to be sent again;	_			
	Station has to retransmit (after a random delay); max	: 2			
(iii) First mark:	Exclusive bus connection (made temporarily between sender and receiver)				
	Or data transfers take place in turns				
	Or switch connects just sender and receiver				
	Or collision domain limited to two stations				
	Or switch splits bus LAN into several smaller segments				
	Or switch allocates a time slot to each transmission	• 1 • 1 • 1			
	Or each host/computer/station/workstation/node has its own li	ink on which			
one pa	icket at most can travel	when a			
00 <b>mn</b> u	Or switch allows a dedicated connection/pathway to be set up ter wishes to send information to another	when a			
compu	Or switch separates work stations (in different segments) and o	only nasses			
nacket	s between segments when necessary	Jilly passes			
packet	Or switch (ports) act as bridges which segment network;				
Second mark:	therefore collisions cannot occur (between two stations)				
Second mark.	Or collisions reduced;	2			

(c) NB Deduct one mark if get units wrong 40 Mb/s;;
A. At least 40 Mb/s, >= 40 Mb/s
R. < 40 Mb/s, <= 40 Mb/s, anything which isn't 40</li>

NB

**5**(a)(i) One technique @ 2 marks

- **R**. Barcode because not enough info can be encoded
  - R. Scan picture
  - **R**. OMR

 ${\bf R}.$  Picture of person on passport scanned and compared to actual person Use OCR/MICR;

Passport printed with information in machine-readable characters(form) Or (*something on*) passport scanned to extract information;

Use smart card/Microchip//Chip on card; **R**. Chip on its own

Smart card/microchip holds passport holder's information Or passport holder's details extracted from smart card/microchip;

Use Magnetic Stripe (reader);

Passport holder's information encoded magnetically in stripe attached to passport Or information extracted from magnetic stripe Or stripe swiped to extract information;

#### max 2

(ii) One technique @ 2 marks **R**. embedded microchip **R**. DNA, Ear-print, Speech recognition

First mark: Iris scan/recognition//(Video) camera captures image of eye;

Second mark: Iris pattern uniquely identifies a person; Measurement of iris produces a unique code; Matched with a database record of person (if it exists);

First mark: Face scan(recognition)//(Video) camera captures image of face;

Second mark: Image compared with database of images; Person identified by a match;

First mark: Retina scan/recognition//(Video) camera captures image of eye;

Second mark: Retina pattern uniquely identifies a person; Measurement of retina produces a unique code; Matched with database record of person (if it exists);

First mark: Fingerprint scan(recognition)

Second mark: Fingerprint uniquely identifies a person; Measurement of fingerprint produces a unique code; Matched with database record of person (if it exists);

First mark: Palm print scan/recognition;

Second mark: Palm print uniquely identifies a person; Measurement of palm print produces a unique code; Matched with database record of person (if it exists);

First mark: Hand print scan/recognition;		
Second mark: Hand print uniquely identifies a person; Measurement of hand print produces a unique code; Matched with database record of person (if it exists);		
First mark: Veins pattern/print scan/recognition;		
Second mark: Veins pattern uniquely identifies a person; Measurement of veins pattern produces a unique code; Matched with database record of person (if it exists); max 2		
(b) Two advantages		
Much more difficult to forge an identity Or more secure (A. Less chance of fraud); Don't have to remember to carry passport; Getting a replacement passport//renewing passport no longer a problem//no passport to lose//no passport to have stolen//eliminates illegal passport trade; Reduces delay at passport control//Identifying a person is quicker;		
R. Reduces manpower max 2		
*		

Danger that monitoring of citizen's movements could become a matter of routine thus infringing privacy Or invasion of privacy Or Big Brother effect"; Corrupt authorities (could misuse biometric data)//Citizen may not trust authorities//Data may be misused/changed; Could be used to track movements for no good reason; **R**. May be illegally accessed **R**. Hacking on its own

max 1

6	(a)	Mail merge;		
		R. Letter wizard		1
	(b)	Three formatting features @ one each		
		<b>R</b> . editing features such as cut/copy/paste		
		<b>R</b> . printing, saving, loading, inserting		
		Use templates//style sheets		
		(Setting) font (type); R. Setting size of text		
		(Setting) font size;		
		(Use of) underline/embolden/italicise/colour//font style		
		(Setting) indents/indentation/alignment;		
		(Setting) margins/page size;		
		(Setting) paragraph style Or examples such as centring text//justification	1;	
		Page numbering;	,	
		Header/footer;		
		Footnote;		
		Bullets;		
		(Setting) Borders;		
		(Setting) background/watermark;		
		<b>R</b> . Columns, Tables	max 3	
	(c)	One feature @ one mark		
		Label feature (A. Label wizard);		
		Ability to position correctly on the page		
		(so that window envelopes can be used);		
		Setting page size (to size of envelope) (if not given in (b);		
		Envelope template Or templates;		
		A. Page layout, Envelope size, Set paper size, Envelope wizard		
		<b>R</b> . Print process, frames, tray selection, print envelope function		
			max 1	

7 (a) World-wide collection of (LANs)networks/computers/servers/gateways/routers; using a common/single protocol //using TCP/IP; NB Must convey idea of world-wide, e.g. global. **R**. ISP something **R**. WAN, network of networks, over continents 2 (b)



Underline indicates a hyperlink

Correct title bar – ECS Ltd (Ignore case, but must be in a bar at top of page);

Correct Heading – HTML Courses (Ignore case but must be followed by blank line and must be larger letter case than rest of text);

Correct layout for text - 3 spaced paragraphs vertically aligned with each other (ignore alignment with heading, ignore letter case). MUST BE A BLANK LINE between bullets 1 and 2 and bullets 2 and 3; Correctly positioned and labelled hypertext link – more info; Indication that it is a hypertext link;

R. http://www.ecs.co.uk/main/page.html\_unless in correct position (where more info should be) and the underline is labelled *link* then award one mark for the underline in the correct position on page underneath http://www.ecs.co.uk/main/page.html. 5 marks

(c)	<b>R</b> . ecs – explanation, co – explanation, $uk$ – explanation. http – protocol;	
Don't give world wide server	www.ecs.co.uk / ecs.co.uk – fully qualified domain name web server/site; A. Domain, User friendly form of IP addr Wide Web address	ess, <b>R. web site address, World</b>
mark twice	www – world wide web server/computer/site Or (alias for) wide web on its own main – directory off the root at the web site Or sub-folder	
	web site) Or directory (of web site) Or folder to look in Or page.html – file(page) containing html Or actual/web page loaded/viewed;	r location of target file;
	/main/page.html – <u>path</u> (on server) to web page;	4 marks

**8** (a)



- (b) NB Order of attributes is immaterial
- (i) 1 mark for primary key 1 mark for other attributes unless additional attributes

A. Quantity, StockLevel, Stock, AmountInStock, Amount, NumberInStock, Qty\_Stock, Qty A. Description

Product (ProductId, ProductDescription, QuantityInStock)

(ii) 1 mark for primary key 1 mark for other attributes (unless extra other attributes)

A. Name, Address, (Customer)TelephoneNo, (Customer)TelephoneNumber, TelNo, (Customer)TelNumber, **R**. Phone, Telephone, **A**. multiple lines for address including postcode, etc, **A**. breakdown of name into forename, surname.

Customer (CustomerId, CustomerName, CustomerAddress, CustomerTelNo);

(iii) 1 mark for primary key 1 mark for foreign key CustomerId 1 mark for other attributes unless extra other attributes

Order (<u>ABCOrderNo</u>, CustomerId, CustomerOrderNo, OrderHasBeenDespatched) **3** A. Despatched, OrderDespatched, OrderStatus

(iv) 1 mark for primary key 1 mark for ABCOrderNo, LineNo, 1 mark for foreign key ProductId, 1 mark for QuantityOrdered, unless additional attributes

> A. OrderLineNo, OrderLineNumber, LineNumber, Line

A. Quantity, Amount, Qty, Number

OrderLine (<u>ABCOrderNo,LineNo</u>, ProductId, QuantityOrdered)

2

2

Attributes must correspond with table (c) attributes given in part (b)	A. Yes, 'Yes', "Yes", Y, 'Y', "Y", Despatched, 'Despatched, "Despatched"	
Select CustomerName (Score zero for extra attributes)	in place of True	1
From Order, Customer (Each extra table cancels of	ne of these marks)	1 + 1
	nerId = Order.CustomerId derHasBeenDespatched = T	

Mark first Select statement, but give credit for Order By ABCOrderNo. Associate And with one of the conditions.

OK for parts of statement to be on same line, e.g. Select CustomerName From Order, Customer

- A. Customer.CustomerName
- A. Order By ABCOrderNo ASC
- A. Order By Order.ABCOrderNo
- **A**. OrderBy for Order By
- A. the use of aliases, e.g. Select D1.CustomerName

From Customer D1, Order D2

Etc.

- A. "Customer.Db" Or Customer.Db, "Order.Db" Or Order.Db
- **A**. OrderHasBeenDespatched = True
- A. Order By ABCOrderNo Ascending
- A. From tbl Customer, tbl Order

6