



Programmer's Reference Manual

*LQ-1600K Emulation For
P8000 H-Series Line Matrix Printers*

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P8000 H-Series Line Matrix Printers

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1

Introduction

About this Manual

This manual is designed so you can quickly find the information you need to use the LQ-1600K emulation.

This book does not explain how to operate the printer. For printer operation, see the *User's Manual*.

Warnings and Special Information

Read and comply with all information highlighted under special headings:

WARNING **Conditions that could harm you.**

CAUTION **Conditions that could damage the printer or related equipment.**

IMPORTANT **Information vital to proper operation of the printer.**

NOTE: Information affecting printer operation.

Software Features

The LQ-1600K emulation software provides the following features:

- Graphics and print quality. You can enable graphics mode and specify a density mode (dots per inch) for either 8-pin/24-pin images.
- Print Attributes. Characters can be bold, italic, double high, double wide, etc.
- Page Formatting. Commands which allow you to set line spacing, page length, and vertical tabbing.
- Font Typefaces. Also referred to as print modes. There are six typefaces that can print both SBCS and DBCS characters: LQ, Near LQ, Normal, Hi-Speed, Super Hi-Speed, and Ultra Hi-Speed.

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LinePrinter Plus *LQ-1600K Emulation*

LQ-1600K Emulation

“Emulation” refers to the ability of a printer to execute the commands of other printer control languages. In LQ-1600K emulation mode, your printer prints files coded for Epson LQ series printers, particularly the LQ-1600K.

Exceptions and Differences

Because Of Mechanical Differences Between Your Printer (A Line Matrix Printer) And Moving Printhead Serial Matrix Printers, Some Features Are Approximated Or Not Supported.

Commands not supported by our printer:

1. Control paper loading/ejecting (ESC EM *n*)
2. Select user-defined set (ESC % *n*)
3. Define user-defined characters (ESC k NUL *n m*)
4. Copy ROM to RAM (ESC : NUL *n m*)
5. Select justification (ESC *a n*)
6. Set MSB to 1 (ESC >)
7. Set MSB to 0 (ESC =)
8. Cancel MSB Control (ESC #)
9. Reassign bit-image mode (ESC ?)

Default Values and States

Your printer stores a set of typical operating states and conditions in the flash memory. The first time you power up the printer, the factory settings in Table 1 are automatically invoked.

Table 1. Factory Settings for Hanzi GB

Characteristic	Default Setting
Select CPI	10.0
Select LPI	6.0
DBCS CPI	6.7
Host Command	Ignore Unidir.
Typeface	Near LQ
Styling Type	SONG
High Density	Disable
Proportional Spacing	Disable
Bold Print	Disable
Italic Print	Disable
Slashed Zero	Disable
Text Position	Bottom of Line
DBCS/ASCII Mode	DBCS Mode
DBCS ASCII Style	Normal
Compressed Mode	Disable
DBCS Compressed	Disable
Font Scale	Standard
Encoding	Address Table
Taller 15 CPI	Disable
Graphics Spd Up	Normal
Left Margin	0 columns
Right Margin	0 columns
Bottom Margin	0 lines
Perforation Skip	Disable
Form Length	11.0 inches 279.4 millimeters 66 lines
Form Width	13.6 inches 345.4 millimeters 136 characters
Reset Cmd CFG Ld	Disable
Illegal Code Pt.	Normal

Table 1. Factory Settings (continued) for Hanzi GB

Characteristic	Default Setting
Define CR Code	CR = CR
Auto LF	Enable
Define LF Code	LF = CR + LF
Printer Select	Disable
Character Set	Standard Sets (Epson Set; ASCII)
20 CPI Condensed	Enable
Alt Set 80-9F	Printable
Currency Sign	RMB Select
AR3240 Compat.	Disable

Table 2. Factory Settings for Kanji SJIS

Characteristic	Default Setting
Select CPI	15.0
Select LPI	8.0
DBCS CPI	7.5
Host Command	Ignore Unidir.
Typeface	Near LQ
Styling Type	Mincho
High Density	Disable
Proportional Spacing	Disable
Bold Print	Disable
Italic Print	Disable
Slashed Zero	Disable
Text Position	Bottom of Line
DBCS/ASCII Mode	DBCS Mode
DBCS ASCII Style	Normal
Compressed Mode	Disable
DBCS Compressed	Disable
Encoding	Address Table
Taller 15 CPI	Disable
Graphics Spd Up	Normal
Left Margin	0 columns
Right Margin	0 columns

Table 2. Factory Settings (continued) for Kanji SJIS

Characteristic	Default Setting
Bottom Margin	0 lines
Perforation Skip	Disable
Form Length	8.5 inches 215.9 millimeters 68 lines
Form Width	13.6 inches 345.4 millimeters 204 characters
Reset Cmd CFG Ld	Disable
Illegal Code Pt.	Normal
Define CR Code	CR = CR
Auto LF	Enable
Define LF Code	LF = CR + LF
Printer Select	Disable
Character Set	Standard Sets (Epson Set; ASCII)
20 CPI Condensed	Enable
Alt Set 80-9F	Printable
Currency Sign	\$ Select
AR3240 Compat.	Disable

Table 3. Factory Settings for Hanzi Big5

Characteristic	Default Setting
Select CPI	10.0
Select LPI	6.0
DBCS CPI	6.7
Host Command	Ignore Unidir.
Typeface	LQ
Styling Type	MING
High Density	Disable
Proportional Spacing	Disable
Bold Print	Disable
Italic Print	Disable
Slashed Zero	Disable
Text Position	Bottom of Line
DBCS/ASCII Mode	DBCS Mode

Table 3. Factory Settings (continued) for Hanzi Big5

Characteristic	Default Setting
DBCS ASCII Style	Normal
Compressed Mode	Disable
DBCS Compressed	Disable
Encoding	Address Table
Taller 15 CPI	Disable
Graphics Spd Up	Match Typeface
Left Margin	0 columns
Right Margin	0 columns
Bottom Margin	0 lines
Perforation Skip	Disable
Form Length	11.0 inches 279.4 millimeters 66 lines
Form Width	13.6 inches 345.4 millimeters 136 characters
Reset Cmd CFG Ld	Current Config
Illegal Code Pt.	As Space
Define CR Code	CR = CR
Auto LF	Enable
Define LF Code	LF = CR + LF
Printer Select	Disable
Character Set	Standard Sets (Epson Set; ASCII)
20 CPI Condensed	Enable
Alt Set 80-9F	Printable

Epson Character Sets

The LQ-1600K printer uses two character sets: the IBM PC set and the Epson set. The Epson set is the ASCII character set with the upper, non-ASCII set defined as italics and the usually unprintable codes designed as international characters. (See Table 4.)

Table 4. Epson Character Set

Hex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	à	§	SP	0	@	P	'	p	à	§	<i>SP</i>	0	@	<i>P</i>	'	<i>p</i>
1	è	ß	!	1	A	Q	a	q	è	ß	!	1	A	Q	a	q
2	ù	DC2	"	2	B	R	b	r	ù	Æ	"	2	B	R	b	r
3	ò	DC3	#	3	C	S	c	s	ò	æ	#	3	C	S	c	s
4	ì	DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t	ì	ø	\$	4	D	T	d	t
5	°	ø	%	5	E	U	e	u	°	ø	%	5	E	U	e	u
6	£	"	&	6	F	V	f	v	£	"	&	6	F	V	f	v
7	BEL	Ä	'	7	G	W	g	w	i	Ä	'	7	G	W	g	w
8	BS	CAN	(	8	H	X	h	x	¿	Ö	(	8	H	X	h	x
9	HT	Ü	)	9	I	Y	i	y	Ñ	Ü	)	9	I	Y	i	y
A	LF	ä	*	:	J	Z	j	z	ñ	ä	*	:	J	Z	j	z
B	VT	ESC	+	;	K	[	k	{	¤	ö	+	;	K	[	k	{
C	FF	ü	'	<	L	\	l	l	<i>Pt</i>	ü	,	<	L	\	l	|
D	CR	É	–	=	M	]	m	}	Å	É	–	=	M	]	m	}
E	SO	é	.	>	N	^	n	~	å	é	.	>	N	^	n	~
F	SI	¥	/	?	O	_	o	DEL	Ç	¥	/	?	O	_	o	ø

Escape Sequences

Some LQ-1600K control codes consisting of more than one character are called escape sequences because the first character in the sequence is the ASCII ESCape character. ESC alerts the printer that a special function command—not printable characters—follows.

The format for an escape sequence is:

ESC (parameter 1)(parameter 2)...(parameter *n*)

For example, to select emphasized (offset) print, send the ESC character immediately followed by the E character (do not add a space character):

ASCII: ESC E **Hex:** 1B 45**Dec:** 27 69

FS Sequences

Another type of control code which consists of more than one character is called an “FS sequence,” because the first character is the ASCII FS character. This control code is used when the printer is printing Double Byte Character Set (DBCS) characters. The FS alerts the printer that a special function command (not printable characters) follows. Most FS commands work only on DBCS characters.

The format for an FS sequence is:

FS (parameter 1)(parameter 2)...(parameter *n*)

For example, to rotate DBCS characters by 90° counter-clockwise, send an FS character immediately followed by the J character:

ASCII: FS J **Hex:** 1C 4A**Dec:** 28 74

Super-Set Commands

The unique control code sequence for both SSCC and ASSC commands are defined in the table below:

Control Code	ASCII Value	Hex Value	Dec Value
SSCC	ESC | } ;	1B 7C 7D 3B	27 124 125 59
ASSC	ESC | } ; q	1B 7C 7D 3B 71	27 124 125 59 113

Set And Reset Codes

Set and reset are other ways of saying turn on and “turn off; select and deselect; or enable” and disable.”

Some printer features are set and reset with an escape sequence and the numbers 1 or 0. In those cases you can represent 1 and 0 as hexadecimal codes 01 and 00 or as the ASCII codes for the numerals 1 and 0 (hexadecimal 31 and 30).

DBCS Mode

When the printer is in DBCS mode, it can print double byte characters—characters that require two bytes to define. It can also print a limited number of single byte ASCII characters. If a form hex 0x20 through hex 0x7F is sent to the printer, it will be printed as a standard ASCII character. If a character is larger than 0x7F, it will be combined with the next character to produce one DBCS character.

DBCS characters are only available in the LQ, Near LQ, Normal, Hi-Speed, Super Hi-Speed, and Ultra Hi-Speed typefaces. The command to select DBCS mode (FS &) switches the printer to one of these typefaces. Near LQ is the default typeface, but if another print quality has been selected previously through the FS x command, then that print quality is the DBCS typeface selected.

The character printed when the printer combines two characters into one double byte character depends on the character set of your particular printer.

Configuring the LQ-1600K Emulation with Control Codes

The remainder of this chapter describes the LQ-1600K printer control language codes that may be sent from a host computer attached to the printer in order to invoke and configure numerous LQ-1600K emulation functions.

Format for Control Code Descriptions

The following information is listed for each code (where applicable and possible) in this chapter:

ASCII Mnemonic. The ASCII name for the control code.

Hex Code. The hexadecimal equivalent of the code. (For octal equivalents, refer to Appendix A.)

Dec Code. The decimal equivalent of the code.

Purpose. The function(s) of the control code.

Expression. The control codes used in the BASIC programming language.

Comment. A description of exceptions or limitations to normal use.

Example. A sample expression written in the BASIC programming language is provided for some control codes to illustrate how the code is used.

Control Code Index

The following index lists the control codes by function, ASCII mnemonic, and page number. Some control code functions can also be selected at the control panel.

FUNCTION	ASCII CODE	PAGE
Vertical Motion and Print Execution		
Carriage Return	CR	32
Form Feed	FF	46
Line Feed	LF	56
Line Feed <i>n</i> /180 Inch	ESC J <i>n</i>	56
Line Spacing 1/6 Inch (6 lpi)	ESC 2	57
Line Spacing 1/8 Inch (8 lpi)	ESC 0	58
Line Spacing <i>n</i> /60 Inch	ESC A <i>n</i>	59
Line Spacing <i>n</i> /180 Inch	ESC 3 <i>n</i>	60
Line Spacing <i>n</i> /360 Inch	ESC + <i>n</i>	61
Select Vertical Tab Channel	ESC / <i>c</i>	76
Set Form Length by Lines	ESC C <i>n</i>	80
Set Form Length in Inches	ESC C NUL <i>n</i>	81
Set Vertical Tabs in Channels	ESC b <i>c n1 n2 n3...nk</i> NUL	88
Skip Over Perforation	ESC N <i>n</i>	89
Skip Over Perforation, Cancel	ESC O	89
Vertical Tab, Execute	VT	95
Vertical Tab Set/Clear	ESC B <i>n1 n2 n3...nk</i> NUL	95
Horizontal Motion		
Backspace	BS	27
Carriage Return	CR	32
Character Pitch 10 cpi	ESC P	33
Character Pitch 12 cpi	ESC M	33
Character Pitch 15 cpi	ESC g	33
Horizontal Tab Execute	HT	52
Horizontal Tab Set/Release	ESC D <i>n1...nk</i> NUL	53
Proportional Spacing, Select/Deselect	ESC p <i>n</i>	67
Set Absolute Horizontal Print Position in 1/60"	ESC \$ <i>n1 n2</i>	78
Set Intercharacter Spacing	ESC SP <i>n</i>	82
Set Relative Horizontal Print Position in 1/120"	ESC \ <i>n1 n2</i>	88
Set Margin (Left)	ESC l <i>n</i>	86
Set Margin (Right)	ESC Q <i>n</i>	87
Emphasis		
Condensed Print	SI (or ESC SI)	34
Condensed Print Reset	DC2	34
Define Pattern for Special Printing Effect	ESC (X <i>n1 n2 a1 a2 a3</i>	37
Double High Print, Set/Reset	ESC w <i>n</i>	39
Double Strike (Select)	ESC G	39
Double Strike (Cancel)	ESC H	40
Double Wide Print	ESC W <i>n</i>	40

FUNCTION	ASCII CODE	PAGE
Double Wide Print (1 line)	SO (or ESC SO)	41
Double Wide Print (1 line) Cancel	DC4	42
Emphasized Print (Select)	ESC E	44
Emphasized Print (Cancel)	ESC F	45
Italic Printing, Select	ESC 4	55
Italic Printing, Cancel	ESC 5	55
Select Italic Character Set	ESC t <i>n</i>	73
Select Special Printing Effect	ESC q <i>n</i>	74
Superscript and Subscript Printing	ESC S <i>n</i>	91
Superscript and Subscript Printing, Cancel	ESC T	92
Underline	ESC – <i>n</i>	93
Print Quality Control		
Master Print Select	ESC ! <i>n</i>	64
Select Print Quality	ESC x <i>n</i>	73
Select Typeface (TW printer only)	ESC k <i>n</i>	75
Character Set Manipulation		
Enable Printing of Control Codes	ESC I <i>n</i>	45
Make Hex 80-9F Printable	ESC 6	62
Make Hex 80-9F Control Codes	ESC 7	63
Set International Character Set	ESC R <i>n</i>	83
Data Manipulation		
Cancel Line	CAN	31
Delete Character	DEL	39
Graphics		
Graphics, Standard Density	ESC K <i>n1 n2</i>	51
Graphics, Double Density	ESC L <i>n1 n2</i>	48
Graphics, Double Density, Double Speed	ESC Y <i>n1 n2</i>	49
Graphics, Quadruple Density	ESC Z <i>n1 n2</i>	50
Select Graphics Mode	ESC * <i>m n1 n2</i>	72
Miscellaneous Printer Control		
Bell	BEL	31
Home Print Head	ESC <	52
Initialize Printer	ESC @	55
Printer Select	DC1	67
Printer Deselect	DC3	67
Unidirectional Printing for One Line	ESC <	94
Unidirectional Printing, Set/Reset	ESC U <i>n</i>	94
Superset Commands		
Graphic Printing (Bit Image)	SSCC *	70
Barcode Printing	SSCC c	28
Select Vertical Printing	SSCC + <i>n</i>	76
Select Superscript/Subscript	SSCC ~ <i>n</i>	75
Turn On/Off Compress Mode	ASSC 0 x <i>n</i>	92

FUNCTION	ASCII CODE	PAGE
Define User-Defined Character	ASSC 0 2 <i>n</i>	38
Master Select One-line Attribute	ASSC 0 ! <i>n</i>	66
Download Chinese Font	ASSC 0 T 2	43
Download Chinese Font: Unicode Position (For Hanzi Big5 Printers Only)	ASSC 0 T d <i>X₁X₂X₃X₄X₅ data</i>	43
Font Expansion	ASSC 0 e	46
Graphic Printing	ASSC 0 *	47
Orientation of Downloaded Character	ASSC 0 o <i>n</i>	66
Save Downloaded Character Into Flash	ASSC 0 w	68
Select Autowrap Mode	ASSC 0 T m	68
Select Underline Printing	ASSC 0 T -	75
Set Chinese Font Rotate	ASSC 0 T +	78
Set Chinese Inner Code	ASSC 0 T A	79
Set DBCS Compressed Mode	ASSC 0 c <i>n</i>	79
Set Font/Line Gap	ASSC 0 T G	79
Set Font Scale	ASSC 0 T W	80
Set Font Pitch	ASSC 0 T P	81
Set Left Margin	ASSC 0 T I	85
Set Logical Right Margin	ASSC 0 T y	85
Set Line Pitch	ASSC 0 T 3	85
Set Logical Left Margin	ASSC 0 T \$	86
Set n/120-inch Line Spacing	ASSC 0 J <i>n</i>	87
Set Paper Length	ASSC 0 T C	87
Static Barcode Function	ASSC 0 T c t[:d data d][:0 <i>n₁n₂n₃</i>][:# <i>p</i>]	69
Turn On/Off OCRB Printing	ASSC 0 z <i>n</i>	93
AR3240 Commands (for GB and Kanji printer only)		
Set 0-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters	SUB Q	76
Set 3-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters	SUB N	77
Set 6-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters	SUB E	77
Set 12-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters	SUB P	77
Select DBCS ASCII Character Type	FS k <i>n</i>	70
Select DBCS Character Font	ESC u <i>n</i>	71
Vertical and Horizontal Extension	ESC e <i>n1 n2</i>	94
Select DBCS Character Bitmap	FS e <i>n1 n2</i>	71

DBCS Command Set

Adjust Half-Width Characters to Fit into DBCS character spacing	FS U	25
Adjust Table Characters	FS v <i>n</i>	25
Align Two Half-Width Rotated Characters in DBCS Mode	FS D	26
Cancel Character Rotation	FS K	31
Cancel Spacing Adjustment	FS V	32
CC DOS Control Code	ESC I <i>n</i>	32
DBCS Mode (Select)	FS &	35
DBCS Mode (Cancel)	FS .	35
DBCS Mode Underline	FS – <i>n</i>	35
DBCS Superscript/Subscript Print (Set/Cancel)	FS r <i>n</i>	36
Define a Download Character (DBCS)	FS 2 <i>n1 n2 n3...n74</i>	36
Double Wide Print (1 line)	FS SO	42
Double Wide Print (1 line), Cancel	FS DC4	42

FUNCTION	ASCII CODE	PAGE
Double Wide, Double High (2x2) Print	FS W <i>n</i>	43
Half-Width Print	FS SI	52
Half-Width Print Cancel	FS DC2	52
Master Print Select in DBCS Mode	FS ! <i>n</i>	65
Rotate Character 90 degrees Counter-Clockwise	FS J	68
Select DBCS Print Quality	FS x <i>n</i>	71
Set Intercharacter Spacing (one-byte) in DBCS Mode	FS T <i>n1 n2</i>	82
Set Intercharacter Spacing (two-byte) in DBCS Mode	FS S <i>n1 n2</i>	83

Adjust Half-Width Characters to Fit into DBCS Character Spacing

ASCII Code	FS U
Hex Code	1C 55
Dec Code	28 85
Purpose	Aligns two half-width characters to fit the space normally occupied by a single full-width DBCS character.
Comment	This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Adjust Table Characters

ASCII Code	FS v <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1C 76 <i>n</i>
Dec Code	28 118 <i>n</i>
Purpose	Extends the table (line draw) characters in the following ranges: GB: A854~A870, A9A4~A9A7, A9B0~A9EF SJIS: 849F~84BE BIG5: BIG5 A271~A275, A277~A278, A27A~A27E, A2A1~A2A7, F9DD~F9FD CNS A3B3~A3B7, A3B9~A3BA, A3BC~A3C7 TCA 8249~824D, 824F~8250, 8252~825A, 8261~8263 ETEN 8249~824D, 824F~8250, 8252~825A, 8261~8263 IBM5550 8A6E~8A72, 8A74~8A75, 8A77~8A7E, 8A80~8A83 TELETEXT NIL WANG 8E58~8E5A, 8E61~8E62, 8E64~8E65, 8E67~8E72 BIG5+ A271~A275, A277~A278, A27A~A27E, A2A1~A2A7, F9DD~F9FD BIG5E A271~A275, A277~A278, A27A~A27E, A2A1~A2A7, F9DD~F9FD HKSCS-2001 A271~A275, A277~A278, A27A~A27E, A2A1~A2A7, F9DD~F9FD They are extended so they touch in both horizontal and vertical directions. Where: <i>n</i> = 0 to turn off this function <i>n</i> = 1 to turn on this function

Align Two Half-Width Rotated Characters in DBCS Mode

ASCII Code FS D

Hex Code 1C 44

Dec Code 28 68

Purpose Aligns two half-width rotated characters to fit the space occupied by a normal size rotated character.

Comment Right after the control code sequence, two characters are paired. The characters are not required to be half-width to be aligned, because the command automatically takes care of that. It is only necessary for the characters to be rotated in order for the command to take effect. Only two characters are combined at a time.

This command does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Example The following program demonstrates the function of the command.

```
10 LPRINT CHR$(28): "&";  
20 LPRINT CHR$(28): "J";  
30 LPRINT CHR$(28): "D"; "abcde"  
999 LPRINT CHR$(12);
```

ꠔ ꠕ ꠖ ꠗ

Backspace

ASCII Code BS

Hex Code 08

Dec Code 08

Purpose Moves the simulated print head to the left, one-byte space toward the first character column. In DBCS mode, the movement is two one-byte spaces.

Comment Moves the character position indicator one-byte space (two one-byte spaces in DBCS mode) to the left at the current character pitch setting. The code is ignored if the simulated print head is positioned at the first character column.

Example Print and send two backspaces in ASCII and DBCS mode.

```
10 LPRINT CHR$(28); "."; "Backspace in ASCII mode."
20 LPRINT "TTTTT";
30 LPRINT CHR$(8); CHR$(8);
40 LPRINT "=="
50 LPRINT CHR$(28); "&"; "Backspace in DBCS mode."
60 LPRINT "TTTTT";
70 LPRINT CHR$(8); CHR$(8);
80 LPRINT "=="
```

Backspace in ASCII mode.
TTTT##

Backspace in DBCS mode.
T##TT

Barcode Printing

ASCII Code SSCC *c t; d data d* [; N *n*; xxxx; yyyy] [; X *mmmm*] [; P *p*] [; C] [; H *hh*] [; D] [; F *q data q*]

Hex Code SSCC 63 *t; d data d* [; 4E *n*; xxxx; yyyy] [; 58 *mmmm*] [; 50 *p*] [; 43] [; 48 *hh*] [; 44] [; 46 *q data q*]

Dec Code SSCC 99 *t; d data d* [; 78 *n*; xxxx; yyyy] [; 88 *mmmm*] [; 80 *p*] [; 67] [; 72 *hh*] [; 68] [; 70 *q data q*]

Where:

t = type of Barcode

t (ASCII)	t (hex)	Selects Barcode
B	42	Codabar
C	43	Code 39
9	39	Code 93
D	44	Code 128
8	38	EAN-8
1	31	EAN-13
F	46	FIM
G	47	German I-2/5
I	49	Interleaved 2/5
M	4D	MSI
4	34	PDF 417
O	4F	PostBar
P	50	POSTNET
R	52	Royal Mail
T	54	Telepen
V	56	UCC/EAN-128
A	41	UPC-A
E	45	UPC-E
S	53	UPC Shipping
U	55	UPS 11

Where:

d = barcode delimiter, which can be any character not used in the barcode data field.

$data$ = variable length printable data field (PDF); character set is Alphanumeric

The following parameters are optional:

where:

N = activates the offset

n = the x and y coordinate unit system

n (ASCII)	Selects Value
0	Use current cpi and lpi values
1	Use 1/4 inch value
2	Use 1/2 centimeter value : $1/(2.54 \times 2)$
3	Use 1 mm value : $1/(25.4)$
4	Use target barcode dot (refer to table immediately below)

when:

$n = 4$

Front Panel Typeface	X Offset Unit (Inch)	Y Offset Unit (Inch)
LQ	1/180	1/180
Near LQ	1/120	1/120
Normal	1/180	1/144
Hi-Speed	1/180	1/120
Super Hi-Speed	1/180	1/90
Ultra Hi-Speed	1/180	1/90

Where:

$xxxx$ = 4-digit upper left corner x (horizontal axis)

$yyyy$ = 4-digit upper left corner y (vertical axis)

X = activates magnification

$mmmm$ = bar code magnification

The possible magnification is as follows:

Barcode Type	Magnification
Code 39	X4 X3 X2 X1 X1.5 X1A X1B *X1C *X1D *X1E X4 X3 X2 X2A X1 X1A X1B
Interleaved 2/5	X4 X3 X2 X2A X1 X1A X1B
German I-2/5	X4 X3 X2 X2A X1 X1A X1B
UPC Shipping	X4 X3 X2 X1 X1.5 X1A X1B *X1C *X1D *X1E
Telepen	X4 X3 X2 X1 X4 X3 X2 X1 X1.5
MSI	X4 X3 X2 X1 X1.5
Code 128	X4 X3 X2 X1 X1.5
UCC/EAN-128	X4 X3 X2 X1 X1.5
Code 93	X2 X1
UPS 11	X2 X1
UPC-A	X2 X1
UPC-E	X2 X1
EAN 8	X4 X3 X2 X1
EAN 13	X1
Codabar	X1 X1A
POSTNET	X1 X1A
Royal Mail	X1
Postbar	X3 X2 X1
FIM	
PDF 417	
* The X1C, X1D, and X1E values can only be printed for a 180 dpi horizontal barcode. If these values are sent for a 120 dpi horizontal barcode, it will print as value X1.	

Where:

P = activates printable data field variable

p = location of PDF ("A" {above}, "B" {below,default}, "N" {none})

NOTE: FIM, Postbar, and PDF417 do not support this parameter.

C = Calculate and plot check digit (if the check digit is optional)

H = activates the height variable
hh = 2-digit barcode height in 1/10"

D = Dark barcode

(Note: This parameter does not take effect under any DBCS typefaces.)

[;F *q data q*] = secondary data field (optional). The secondary data field is only used to specify the barcode data when the primary data field is empty (two delimiters without any data). When the primary data field is not empty, the secondary data field is ignored.

Bell

ASCII Code	BEL
Hex Code	07
Dec Code	07
Purpose	Sounds the printer's buzzer/beeper.
Comment	The BEL function will sound the buzzer/beeper for 0.2 seconds upon receipt of this command

Cancel Character Rotation

ASCII Code	FS K
Hex Code	1C 4B
Dec Code	28 75
Purpose	Cancels character rotation (horizontal printing mode).
Comment	This command cancels the effect of FS J. This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Cancel Line

ASCII Code	CAN
Hex Code	18
Dec Code	24
Purpose	Clears all data not yet printed from a line, but does not affect control codes.
Comment	You can use this control code to delete a line, but do so with caution to avoid possible misprinting. This control code cancels the double wide attribute set by SO. No other print attributes are affected. The simulated print head goes to the print position it had after the last CR or paper motion command.

Cancel Spacing Adjustment

ASCII Code	FS V
Hex Code	1C 56
Dec Code	28 86
Purpose	Cancels the spacing adjustment of half-width characters to fit into the full-width DBCS character space.
Comment	This command cancels the effect of FS U. This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Carriage Return

ASCII Code	CR
Hex Code	0D
Dec Code	13
Purpose	Returns the simulated print head to the left margin.
Comment	The CR code may or may not cause printing or paper motion, depending on the configuration as set from the control panel. If CR=CR is set, the characters following the CR are printed over the previous characters on the line. If CR=CR+LF is set, the paper is also moved one line at the current line spacing. This automatic LF will also cancel all single line print attributes.

CC DOS Control Code

ASCII Code	ESC I <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1B 49 <i>n</i>
Dec Code	27 73 <i>n</i>

Table 5. CC DOS Control Code Parameters

Value of <i>n</i>	Function
A	Characters print normal size.
B	Characters print double width, in both ASCII and Hanzi mode.
C	Characters print double height, only in Hanzi mode.
D	Characters print double width and double height, but double height only prints in Hanzi mode.

Character Pitch 10 CPI

ASCII Code ESC P

Hex Code 1B 50

Dec Code 27 80

Purpose Sets character pitch to 10 characters per inch (cpi).

Comment This command is available in all print modes except DBCS mode. This command is normally used to cancel 12 cpi. This command affects the front panel setting of cpi.

Character Pitch 12 CPI

ASCII Code ESC M

Hex Code 1B 4D

Dec Code 27 77

Purpose Sets character pitch to 12 characters per inch (cpi).

Comment This command is available in all print modes except DBCS mode. This command affects the front panel setting of cpi.

Character Pitch 15 CPI

ASCII Code ESC g

Hex Code 1B 67

Dec Code 27 103

Purpose Sets character pitch to 15 characters per inch (cpi).

Comment This command is available in all print modes except DBCS mode. This command affects the front panel setting of cpi.

Condensed Print (Set/Reset)

ASCII Code	SI	ESC SIDC2
Hex Code	0F	1B 0F18
Dec Code	15	27 1512
Purpose	Condenses print pitch as close as possible to 60 percent of the former character width.	
Comment	10 cpi condenses to 17.1 cpi 12 cpi or 13.3 cpi condenses to 20 cpi 15 cpi will not have condense print Control code SI affects all subsequent characters. After receiving code SI, all characters are printed condensed until the printer is reset by ESC M, ESC P, DC2, a printer reset, or a new print mode control code. SI code (hex 0F) is equivalent to the ESC SI code. If condensed print is not allowed in the current font, this code is ignored. Proportional spacing overrides condensed printing. This control code does not function while in DBCS mode. 12 cpi will condense to 20 cpi <i>only</i> if the menu option "20 CPI Condensed" is enabled.	
Example	The program below shows condensed character printing and reset.	

```
10 LPRINT "Control code"  
20 LPRINT "SI selects"  
30 LPRINT CHR$(15);  
40 LPRINT "condensed character printing."  
50 LPRINT "Control code DC2"  
60 LPRINT CHR$(18);  
70 LPRINT "resets condensed character printing."
```

```
Control code  
SI selects  
condensed character printing.  
Control code DC2  
resets condensed character printing.
```

DBCS Mode (Select)

ASCII Code	FS &
Hex Code	1C 26
Dec Code	28 38
Purpose	Places the printer in DBCS mode.
Comment	<p>All data received by the printer with the MSB set will be paired with the next character which may or may not be a DBCS character. If the pair constitutes a 2-byte code which falls within the defined DBCS character set range, a DBCS character will be printed. Otherwise, the characters will be treated individually and printed accordingly. Control codes which normally can be applied to a non-DBCS mode typeface will not have an effect.</p> <p>This command will set the DBCS/ASCII mode in the front panel to DBCS mode.</p>

DBCS Mode (Cancel)

ASCII Code	FS .
Hex Code	1C 2E
Dec Code	28 46
Purpose	Cancels the effect of the FS & command and places the printer in single-byte character mode (ASCII). The typeface will remain the same.
Comment	<p>Control codes which are not valid for DBCS mode but sent while in DBCS mode will take effect after the changeover.</p> <p>This command will set the DBCS/ASCII mode in the front panel to ASCII mode.</p>

DBCS Mode Underline

ASCII Code	FS – <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1C 2D <i>n</i>
Dec Code	28 45 <i>n</i>
Purpose	<p>Turns automatic underlining on and off.</p> <p>Where:</p> <p><i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) to turn off underlining</p> <p><i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) to turn on single underlining</p> <p><i>n</i> = STX (hex 02) or 2 (hex 32) to turn on double underlining (only in DBCS 24 and Draft 24 mode)</p>
Comment	This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

DBCS Superscript/Subscript Print (Set/Cancel)

ASCII Code	FS r <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1C 72 <i>n</i>
Dec Code	28 114 <i>n</i>
Purpose	Selects superscript/subscript printing in DBCS mode. Where: <i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) to enable superscript printing <i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) to enable subscript printing
Comment	This command is canceled by FS DC2. This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Define a Download Character (DBCS)

ASCII Code	FS 2 <i>a1 a2 n1...n72</i>
Hex Code	1C 32 <i>a1 a2 n1...n72</i>
Dec Code	28 50 <i>a1 a2 n1...n72</i>
Purpose	Defines a DBCS character for downloading. The control code should be followed by 72 bytes of data. <i>a1</i> and <i>a2</i> together define the code point of the download character where <i>a1</i> is the high byte and <i>a2</i> is the low byte.

The character can then be printed by sending *a1 a2* to the printer. The character can print in all the DBCS typefaces. It will be available until the printer power is recycled.

The download ranges are different for different types of printers:

GB: AAA1~AFFE, F8A1~FEFE, A140~A7A0, FF40~FF7E, FF80~FFFE

SJIS: High Byte F0~F9, Low Byte 40~FC

BIG5: BIG5 8140~A07E, 81A1~A0FE, C840~C87E, C8A1~C8FE, FA40~FE7E, FAA1~FEFE, 8100~FE3F, A180~FEAD

CNS AAA1~C1FE, C3A1~C3FE, F321~FE7E

TCA DF30~FC39, DF61~FC7A, DF80~FCFD, DF41~FC5A

ETEN 8D30~9039, 8D41~905A, 8D61~907A, 8D80~90FD

IMB5550
D240~E87E, D280~E8FC, F940~FB7E, F980~FBFC

TELETEXT
F7A1~FEFE

WANG DBA0~F4EE, F9A0~FBEE

BIG5+ NIL

BIG5E 8840~8D7E, 88A1~8DFE, FA40~FE7E,
 FAA1~FEFE

HKSCS-2001
 8140~877E, 81A1~87FE

UTF8 E000~F8FF

Multiple characters from these ranges can be defined as long as the printer does not run out of memory.

Define Pattern for Special Printing Effect

ASCII Code	ESC (X <i>n1 n2 a1 a2 a3</i>
Hex Code	1B 28 58 <i>n1 n2 a1 a2 a3</i>
Dec Code	27 40 88 <i>n1 n2 a1 a2 a3</i>
Purpose	Defines the pattern to be used in conjunction with outlined characters. Where: <i>n1</i> =3 (default), <i>n2</i> =0 (default) <i>a1</i> =0, 1 $0 \leq a2 \leq 4$ <i>a3</i> =0 (default) Where: <i>a1</i> =0 background <i>a1</i> =1 fill pattern <i>a2</i> =0 black on white, normal <i>a2</i> =1 white on black <i>a2</i> =2 dotted <i>a2</i> =3 slashed <i>a2</i> =4 meshed
Comment	This command will not take effect unless the characters printed are outlined, as set by the ESC q control code.

Example The following program demonstrates the function of the command.

```

100 LPRINT CHR$(27); "@"
110 LPRINT CHR$(28); "&";
120 LPRINT CHR$(27); "3"; CHR$(45);
130 LPRINT CHR$(28); "W"; CHR$(1);
140 LPRINT CHR$(27); "q"; CHR$(1);
150 GOSUB 210
160 LPRINT CHR$(27); "("; "X"; CHR$(3); CHR$(0); CHR$(0); CHR$(1); CHR$(0
170 GOSUB 210
180 LPRINT CHR$(27); "("; "X"; CHR$(3); CHR$(0); CHR$(0); CHR$(2); CHR$(0
190 GOSUB 210
200 END
210 '
220 LPRINT CHR$(&HD6); CHR$(&HD0);
230 LPRINT CHR$(&HD3); CHR$(&HA2);
240 LPRINT CHR$(&HCE); CHR$(&HC4);
250 LPRINT CHR$(&HB4); CHR$(&HF2);
260 LPRINT CHR$(&HD3); CHR$(&HA1);
270 LPRINT CHR$(&HBB); CHR$(&HFA)
280 RETURN

```

中英文打印机

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Define User-Defined Character

ASCII Code ASSC 0 2 a1 a2 d1...d144

Hex Code ASSC 30 32 a1 a2 d1...d144

Dec Code ASSC 48 50 a1 a2 d1...d144

Purpose Sets the ASCII format data for a user-defined character. The user-defined characters can be printed by sending a1 a2 to the printer.

Where:

a1 = high byte code point

a2 = low byte code point

d1...d144 = 144 bytes ASCII format data

Comment This command takes effect only in DBCS mode.

Delete Character

ASCII Code DEL

Hex Code 7F

Dec Code 127

Purpose Deletes the previous character on a line.

Comment This command is ignored if it occurs immediately after a CR or a paper motion command. Characters truncated due to line length restrictions are not affected by this code.

Double High Print, Set/Reset

ASCII Code ESC w *n*

Hex Code 1B 77 *n*

Dec Code 27 119 *n*

Purpose Turns double high character printing on and off. Double high characters are standard width but twice as high.

Where:

n = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) turns double high printing on

n = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) turns double high printing off

Comment This control code does not function while in DBCS mode.

Double Strike (Select)

ASCII Code ESC G

Hex Code 1B 47

Dec Code 27 71

Purpose Makes text bolder by printing each dot twice.

Comment This command makes text bolder by printing each dot twice, the second dot offset to the right of the first by a distance equal to 1/2 the width of a dot, the same as with ESC E.

Double Strike (Cancel)

ASCII Code	ESC H
Hex Code	1B 48
Dec Code	27 72
Purpose	Turns off the double strike printing set by ESC G or ESC !.
Comment	This control code resets only the double strike print attribute. Other print attributes, such as double wide printing, are not affected.
Example	The following program illustrates double strike character printing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC G"
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "G";
30 LPRINT "selects bold character printing,"
40 LPRINT "for example: AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNnOoPp. "
50 LPRINT "Control code ESC H"
60 LPRINT CHR$(27); "H";
70 LPRINT "cancels bold character printing."
```

```
Control code ESC G
selects bold character printing,
for example: AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNnOoPp.
Control code ESC H
cancels bold character printing.
```

Double Wide Print

ASCII Code	ESC W <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1B 57 <i>n</i>
Dec Code	27 87 <i>n</i>
Purpose	Turns double wide print on and off. Where: <i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) turns double wide print on <i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) turns double wide print off
Comment	When ESC W is received, all characters are printed twice as wide until reset. This command overrides SO, ESC SO, and DC4.

Example The following program illustrates double wide character printing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code"
20 LPRINT "ESC W 1 selects"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27); "W"; CHR$(1);
40 LPRINT "expanded character printing. "
50 LPRINT "Control code"
60 LPRINT "ESC W 0 resets"
70 LPRINT CHR$(27); "W"; CHR$(0);
80 LPRINT "expanded character printing. "
```

```
Control code
ESC W 1 selects
expanded character printing.
Control code
ESC W 0 resets
expanded character printing.
```

Double Wide Print (One Line)

ASCII Code	SO	ESC	SO
Hex Code	0E	1B	0E
Dec Code	14	27	14

Purpose Selects double wide print for one line only.

Comment This control code is a line-by-line print attribute. When SO or ESC SO is received, the characters on the current line print twice as wide and then reset automatically.

This control code is cancelled by the DC4 or FS DC4 codes, by a paper motion control code (LF, VT, etc.), or by CR.

Example The following program illustrates double wide print for one line only.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code"
20 LPRINT "SO selects"
30 LPRINT CHR$(14);
40 LPRINT "expanded character printing"
50 LPRINT "for one line only."
```

```
Control code
SO selects
expanded character printing
for one line only.
```

Double Wide Print (One Line), Cancel

ASCII Code	DC4
Hex Code	14
Dec Code	20
Purpose	Cancels the double wide print for one line only selected by SO, ESC SO, or FS SO.
Comment	This command cancels the double wide print selected by SO, ESC SO, or FS SO, but does not cancel double wide printing selected by ESC W or ESC !.

Double Wide Print (One Line)

ASCII Code	FS SO
Hex Code	1C 0E
Dec Code	28 14
Purpose	Selects double wide print for one line only.
Comment	<p>This control code is a line-by-line print attribute. When FS SO is received, the characters on the current line print twice as wide and then reset automatically.</p> <p>This control code is cancelled by the DC4 or FS DC4 codes, by a paper motion control code (LF, VT, etc.), or by CR.</p>

NOTE: This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Double Wide Print (One Line), Cancel

ASCII Code	FS DC4
Hex Code	1C 14
Dec Code	28 20
Purpose	Cancels the double wide print for one line only selected by FS SO.
Comment	This command cancels the double wide print selected by SO, ESC SO, or FS SO, but does not cancel double wide printing selected by ESC W or ESC !.

NOTE: This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Double Wide, Double High (2x2) Print

ASCII Code	FS W <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1C 57 <i>n</i>
Dec Code	28 87 <i>n</i>
Purpose	Turns on double wide, double high (2x2) printing in DBCS mode.
Comment	In a non-DBCS mode, this command will function like ESC W.

Download Chinese Font (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

ASCII Code	ASSC 0 T 2 [X] 0 [c1]c2c3 data
Hex Code	ASSC 30 54 32 [X] 30 [c1]c2c3 data
Dec Code	ASSC 48 84 50 [X] 48 [c1]c2c3 data
Purpose	To download the user defined characters with 24x24 cell size. Where <ul style="list-style-type: none">• [X] is an optional parameter: without X: the data is 72 byte binary data with X: the data is 144 byte ASCII data• [c1]c2c3 is code point: c2c3 is 2 byte code point in normal code page c1c2c3 is byte code point in UTF8 code page• data: download data in 72/144 byte which is arranged in horizontal sequence.
Comment	This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Download Chinese Font: Unicode Position (For Hanzi Big5 Printers Only)

ASCII Code	ASSC 0 T d $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5$ data
Hex Code	ASSC 30 54 64 $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5$ data
Dec Code	ASSC 48 84 100 $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5$ data
Purpose	To download the user defined characters with 24x24 cell size in unicode position. Where <ul style="list-style-type: none">• $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5$ is the unicode character position in ASCII value representation.• data: Download data in 144 bytes that are arranged in horizontal sequence.
Comment	This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode, and only takes effect when the printer is set to UTF-8 Encoding mode.

Emphasized Print (Select)

ASCII Code ESC E

Hex Code 1B 45

Dec Code 27 69

Purpose Selects emphasized character print format.

Comment Emphasized print makes text bolder by printing each dot twice, the second dot offset to the right of the first by a distance equal to 1/2 the width of a dot.

Example The following program illustrates emphasized character printing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code"
20 LPRINT "ESC E selects"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27); "E";
40 LPRINT "emphasized character printing."
42 LPRINT "Control code ESC F"
50 LPRINT CHR$(27); "F";
60 LPRINT "cancels emphasized character printing."
```

```
Control code
ESC E selects
emphasized character printing.
Control code ESC F
cancels emphasized character printing.
```

Emphasized Print (Cancel)

ASCII Code	ESC F
Hex Code	1B 46
Dec Code	27 70
Purpose	Cancels emphasized character printing selected by ESC E or ESC !.

Enable Printing of Control Codes

ASCII Code	ESC I <i>n</i>
Hex Code	1B 49 <i>n</i>
Dec Code	27 73 <i>n</i>
Purpose	<p>Tells the printer to treat codes 0x00 through 0x1F and 0x80 through 0x9F as either printable characters or control codes.</p> <p>Where:</p> <p><i>n</i> = 1, codes 0x00 through 0x1F and 0x80 through 0x9F are treated as printable characters</p> <p><i>n</i> = 0, codes 0x00 through 0x1F and 0x80 through 0x9F are treated as control codes</p>
Comment	This command has no effect when the italic character table is selected; no characters are defined for these codes in the italic character table.

Font Expansion

ASCII Code ASSC 0 e n1 n2

Hex Code ASSC 30 65 n1 n2

Dec Code ASSC 48 101 n1 n2

Purpose Expand the DBCS characters up to the size of 72.

For this command to work, n1 must be the same value as n2 (i.e. n1=n2). When n1 and n2 = 25 to 72, this set font expansion mode is ON. The value of n1 and n2 determines the bitmap size. For example, if the size of n1 is 50, then the size of the bitmap will be set to 50x50. For n1 and n2 = 24, the font expansion mode resets to OFF and the bitmap size reverts to the default, 24x24.

Inter-line spacing and inter-character spacing calculations are based on standard setting as if the bitmap is 24x24. This command only increases the size of the bitmap and does not affect the inter-character spacing or inter-line spacing. For example, if inter-line spacing is 6 dot rows, when the bitmap is expanded from 24x24 to 72x72, the inter-line spacing still remains as 6 dot rows. The same is true for inter-character spacing.

Other commands, such as double height, double width, 2x2 times, left/right margin etc., will not function when the font expansion mode is set on. For different typefaces, the characters will expand based on the appropriate typeface resolution. All commands affecting LPI and CPI still takes effect and is set as if the bitmap is 24x24 as mentioned above.

Where

n1 = 24 - 71

n2 = 24 - 72

Comment This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

Form Feed

ASCII Code FF

Hex Code 0C

Dec Code 12

Purpose Prints the data in the buffer, if any, then moves the paper to the top of the next form.

Comment The simulated print head moves to the left margin. This code cancels all single line print attributes.

Graphic Printing

ASCII Code ASSC 0 * m nL nH d1...dk

Hex Code ASSC 30 2A m nL nH d1...dk

Dec Code ASSC 48 42 m nN nH d1...dk

Purpose Prints dot-grphics in 16 or 24-dot columns, depending on the following parameters:

Where:

m specifies the dot density

nL, nH specifies the total number of columns or graphics data that follow (number of dot columns) = $((nH \times 256) + nL)$

d1...dk specifies bytes of graphics data; k is determined by multiplying the total number of columns times the number of bytes required for each column.

Parameter m is ASSC*	Horizontal Density (dpi)	Vertical Density (dpi)	Dots Per Column	Bytes Per Column
0	180	180	24	3
1	90	180	24	3
2	120	120	16	2
3	90	144	24	3
4	90	120	16	2
5	90	90	16	2

ASCII Code ESC L *n1 n2 d1 d2...dk*

Hex Code 1B 4C *n1 n2 d1 d2...dk*

Dec Code 27 76 n_1 n_2 d_1 $d_2 \dots d_k$

Purpose	Selects double density bit image graphics of 120 dpi horizontally and 72 dpi vertically.
----------------	--

Expression CHR\$(27);“L”;CHR\$(n1);CHR\$(n2);“DATA”

Where:

$n1 = 0$ through 255

$n2 = 0$ through 31

$n1 + (256 \times n2)$ defines the number of data bytes to follow.

$d_1 d_2 \dots d_k$ = ASCII characters for the dot pattern bytes.

NOTE: $d_1 d_2 \dots d_k$ (DATA) consists of 8-bit dot columns, with the MSB at the top and “1” bits producing dots. ($0 \leq d \leq 255$)

Comment Double density printing reduces print speed.

Example The following example produces double density bit-image graphics of the pattern used in the standard density bit-image mode example. The amount of data must be doubled for double density (the data is used 54 times rather than 27).

```

10 WIDTH "lpt1:",255
20 LPRINT "Double Density Bit Image Graphics"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27);"L";CHR$(231);CHR$(1);
40 FOR N=1 TO 54
50 RESTORE
60 FOR I=1 TO 9
70 READ R
80 LPRINT CHR$(R);
90 NEXT I
100 NEXT N
110 LPRINT CHR$(255)
120 DATA 255,128,64,32,16,8,4,2,1

```

Double Density Bit Image Graphics
 ~~~~~



## Graphics, Double Density, Double Speed

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC Y <i>n1 n2 d1 d2...dk</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 59 <i>n1 n2 d1 d2...dk</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 89 <i>n1 n2 d1 d2...dk</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Selects double density, double speed bit-image graphics of 120 dpi horizontally and 72 dpi vertically.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Expression</b> | CHR\$(27);"Y";CHR\$( <i>n1</i> );CHR\$( <i>n2</i> );"DATA"<br>Where:<br><i>n1</i> = 0 through 255<br><i>n2</i> = 0 through 31<br><i>n1</i> + (256 x <i>n2</i> ) defines the number of data bytes to follow.<br><i>d1 d2...dk</i> = ASCII characters for the dot pattern bytes.  |
| <b>NOTE:</b>      | <i>d1 d2...dk</i> (DATA) consists of 8-bit dot columns, with the MSB at the top and "1" bits producing dots. (0 <= <i>d</i> <= 255)                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This mode prints double density with no adjacent dots. It is similar to ESC L, except that if the graphics data contain horizontally adjacent dots, the data may print incorrectly. This feature is widely used to move the print head precisely by printing blank dot columns. |
| <b>Example</b>    | The following example produces a double density, double speed graphic image of the pattern used in the standard density example. The amount of data must be doubled for double density (the data is used 54 times rather than 27).                                              |

```
10 WIDTH "lpt1:",255
20 LPRINT "Double Density Double Speed Bit Image Graphics"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27);"Y";CHR$(231);CHR$(1);
40 FOR N=1 TO 54
50 RESTORE
60 FOR I=1 TO 9
70 READ R
80 LPRINT CHR$(R);
90 NEXT I
100 NEXT N
110 LPRINT CHR$(255)
120 DATA 255,128,64,32,16,8,4,2,1
```

```
Double Density Double Speed Bit Image Graphics
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
```

**ASCII Code** ESC Z *n1 n2 d1 d2...dk*

**Hex Code**     1B 5A *n1 n2 d1 d2...dk*

**Dec Code**     27 90  $n_1$   $n_2$   $d_1$   $d_2 \dots d_k$

**Expression** CHR\$(27);“Z”;CHR\$(n1);CHR\$(n2);“DATA”

$n1 = 0$  through 255

$n1 + (256 \times n2)$  defines the number of data bytes to follow.

$d1\ d2...dk$  = ASCII characters for the dot pattern bytes.

**Example** The following example produces quadruple density graphics of the pattern used in the standard density example. The amount of data must be quadrupled for quadruple density (the data is used 108 times rather than 27).

```

10 WIDTH "lpt1:",255
20 LPRINT "Quad Density Bit Image Graphics"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27); "Z"; CHR$(205); CHR$(3);
40 FOR N=1 TO 108
50 RESTORE
60 FOR I=1 TO 9
70 READ R
80 LPRINT CHR$(R);
90 NEXT I
100 NEXT N
110 LPRINT CHR$(255)
120 DATA 255,128,64,32,16,8,4,2,1

```

## Quad Density Bit Image Graphics

\_\_\_\_\_

## Graphics, Standard Density

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC K <i>n1 n2 d1 d2...dk</i>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 4B <i>n1 n2 d1 d2...dk</i>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 75 <i>n1 n2 d1 d2...dk</i>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Selects normal density bit image graphics of 60 dpi horizontally and 72 dpi vertically.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Expression</b> | CHR\$(27);"K";CHR\$( <i>n1</i> );CHR\$( <i>n2</i> );"DATA"                                                                                                                                                       |
|                   | Where:<br><i>n1</i> = 0 through 255<br><i>n2</i> = 0 through 31<br><i>n1</i> + (256 x <i>n2</i> ) defines the number of data bytes to follow.<br><i>d1 d2...dk</i> = ASCII characters for the dot pattern bytes. |
| <b>NOTE:</b>      | <i>d1 d2...dk</i> (DATA) consists of 8-bit dot columns, with the MSB at the top and "1" bits producing dots. ( $0 \leq d \leq 255$ )                                                                             |
| <b>Example</b>    | The following example produces a pattern of standard density bit image graphics. The 9 data-bit pattern is repeated 27 times. Compare this example to the double density and quadruple density examples.         |

```

10 WIDTH "lpt1:",255
20 LPRINT "Single Density Bit Image Graphics"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27); "K"; CHR$(244); CHR$(0);
40 FOR N=1 TO 27
50 RESTORE
60 FOR I=1 TO 9
70 READ R
80 LPRINT CHR$(R);
90 NEXT I
100 NEXT N
110 LPRINT CHR$(255)
120 DATA 255,128,64,32,16,8,4,2,1

```

```

Single Density Bit Image Graphics
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

```

## Half-Width Print

---

|                   |                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS SI                                                                                               |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C 0F                                                                                               |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28 15                                                                                               |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets the printing of DBCS characters as half-width. SBCS characters maintain at their normal width. |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command takes effect only for DBCS characters and is canceled by FS DC2.                       |

## Half-Width Print Cancel

---

|                   |                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS DC2                                                                              |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C 12                                                                               |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28 18                                                                               |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Resets half-width/superscript/subscript printing of DBCS characters to normal size. |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command cancels the effect of FS SI and FS r.                                  |

## Home Print Head

---

|                   |                                                                                          |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC <                                                                                    |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 3C                                                                                    |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 60                                                                                    |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Moves the print head to the extreme left position so the next line prints left to right. |

## Horizontal Tab Execute

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | HT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 09                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 09                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Moves the simulated print head to the next horizontal tab stop.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Comment</b>    | Power-on default horizontal tabs are set at every eighth character at the current character spacing. Tab positions are not affected by a change of font or character width. Underline will not be printed between the current print position and the next tab position. |

## Horizontal Tab Set/Release

---

**ASCII Code** ESC D  $n1...nk$  NUL

**Hex Code** 1B 44  $n1...nk$  00

**Dec Code** 27 68  $n1...nk$  0

**Purpose** Sets up to 32 horizontal tab positions.

**Expression** CHR\$(27);"D";CHR\$( $n1$ );...CHR\$( $n32$ );CHR\$(0);  
 $n = 1-255$ ;  $k = 1-32$

Where:

$n1$  through  $n32$  specify the character column of the tab positions. NUL is the sequence terminator. ESC D NUL clears all tabs.

**Comment** The values of  $n$  must be listed in ascending order or they are ignored. Tabs greater than 32 or those positioned beyond the right margin are ignored. The physical tab position is the product of  $n$  and the current cell width (1/pitch), excluding double wide.

After tabs are set, HT moves the simulated print head to the next tab stop. Sending ESC @ initializes the printer and resets the tabs to every eighth character column (which is the default).

In proportional mode, the size of 10 CPI characters determines tab positions.

**Example** The following example illustrates how to set horizontal tabs.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code"
20 LPRINT "ESC D CHR$(4);CHR$(10);CHR$(0)"
30 LPRINT "sets tab stops at columns 4 and 10. "
40 LPRINT "Control code HT"
50 LPRINT "accesses the tab stops as follows:"
60 LPRINT CHR$(27); "D"; CHR$(4); CHR$(10); CHR$(0);
70 LPRINT CHR$(9);
80 LPRINT "column 4"
90 LPRINT CHR$(9); CHR$(9);
100 LPRINT "column 10"
```

```
Control code
ESC D CHR$(4);CHR$(10);CHR$(0)
sets tab stops at columns 4 and 10.
Control code HT
accesses the tab stops as follows:
    column 4
        column 10
```

## Initialize Printer

---

**ASCII Code** ESC @

**Hex Code** 1B 40

**Dec Code** 27 64

**Purpose** Resets all print-related parameters to the power-up configuration values.

**Comment** Restores the power-up configuration. The print buffer is cleared of printable data on the line preceding the command. Current position is set as top-of-form.

All settings, such as font, international language selection, etc., are reset to the power-up default values. Character-by-character and line-by-line attributes are canceled. All channels of the vertical format unit are cleared. This command resets the horizontal tabs to every eighth character column. Interface parameters and printer protocol selection are *not* affected.

## Italic Printing (Select)

---

**ASCII Code** ESC 4

**Hex Code** 1B 34

**Dec Code** 27 52

**Purpose** Turns on italic character printing.

**Comment** Character graphics (IBM graphic set hex B0 through DF) cannot be italicized. Italic printing will reduce throughput.

## Italic Printing (Cancel)

---

**ASCII Code** ESC 5

**Hex Code** 1B 35

**Dec Code** 27 53

**Purpose** Turns off italic character printing.

## Line Feed

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | LF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 0A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Prints the data in the buffer (if any) and advances the vertical character position a distance of one line at the current line spacing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Comment</b>    | <p>If configured for LF equals newline (LF=CR+LF), the simulated print head is moved to the left margin, otherwise it is not moved from its current position. The current line is printed, and the simulated printhead moves down a distance equal to the current line spacing. If there are no dots, the paper is moved but no printing occurs. When possible, successive line feeds are accumulated and moved at once. The amount of paper advanced by the LF code can be set by any of the line spacing control codes: ESC 0, ESC 2, ESC 3, ESC A, or ESC +.</p> <p>This code cancels all single line print attributes such as double high and double wide characters.</p> |

## Line Feed *n*/180 Inch

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC J <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 4A <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 74 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Immediately advances the paper <i>n</i> /180 inch.<br><br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = 0 through 255                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Comment</b>    | <p><i>n</i> = 0 is ignored. This command produces an immediate line feed but does not affect line spacing or produce a carriage return. Any one-line-only print attributes in effect are canceled.</p> <p>Small values of <i>n</i> may result in overlapping lines. Overlapping lines may also occur if print attributes such as double high, superscript, or subscript characters are used on the same line.</p> |
| <b>Example</b>    | The following example illustrates <i>n</i> /180-inch line spacing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC J 132"  
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "J"; CHR$(132);  
30 LPRINT "performs a 132/180 inch"  
40 LPRINT "line feed function for one line only."
```

```
Control code ESC J 132
```

```
performs a 132/180 inch  
line feed function for one line only.
```



## Line Spacing 1/6 Inch (6 lpi)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets the line spacing to 1/6 inch (6 lpi) for subsequent line feeds.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Comment</b>    | <p>The 2 is ASCII character 2, not hex 2. When ESC 2 is received, all lines are printed at 6 lpi until a new line spacing is selected or the printer is reset.</p> <p>This control code overrides line spacing set at the control panel.</p> |
| <b>Example</b>    | The following example illustrates 1/6-inch line spacing.                                                                                                                                                                                     |

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC 2 sets"  
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "2";  
30 LPRINT "line spacing at"  
40 LPRINT "6 lpi for all subsequent lines"  
50 LPRINT "until reset or another spacing is selected. "
```

```
Control code ESC 2 sets  
line spacing at  
6 lpi for all subsequent lines  
until reset or another spacing is selected.
```

## Line Spacing 1/8 Inch (8 lpi)

---

**ASCII Code** ESC 0

**Hex Code** 1B 30

**Dec Code** 27 48

**Purpose** Sets the line spacing to 1/8 inch (8 lpi) for subsequent line feeds.

**Comment** The 0 is ASCII character 0, not hex 0. When ESC 0 is received, all lines are printed at 8 lpi until a new line spacing is selected or the printer is reset. This control code overrides line spacing set at the control panel.

**Example** The following example illustrates 1/8-inch line spacing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC 0 sets"  
20 LPRINT CHR$(27);"0";  
30 LPRINT "line spacing at"  
40 LPRINT "1/8 (8 lpi) inch for all subsequent lines"  
50 LPRINT "until reset or another spacing is selected."
```

```
Control code ESC 0 sets  
line spacing at  
1/8 (8 lpi) inch for all subsequent lines  
until reset or another spacing is selected.
```

## Line Spacing $n/60$ Inch

---

**ASCII Code** ESC A  $n$

**Hex Code** 1B 41  $n$

**Dec Code** 27 65  $n$

**Purpose** Sets a line spacing of  $n/60$  inch for subsequent line feeds.

Where:

$n = 0$  through 85 (all other values are ignored)

**Comment** When this control sequence is received, all subsequent line feeds are  $n/60$ -inch until a new line spacing is selected or the printer is reset. This setting overrides line spacing set at the control panel. When  $n = 0$ , the current line spacing is printed.

Small values of  $n$  may result in overlapping lines. Overlapping lines may also occur if print attributes such as Elongated (Double High), Superscript, or Subscript characters are used on the same line. If lines overlap, printing speed is reduced. Any values set by ESC 3 (line spacing  $n/180$  inch) are replaced.

**Example** The following example illustrates 20/60-inch line spacing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC A 20 sets"  
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "A"; CHR$(20);  
30 LPRINT "line spacing at 20/60 inch"  
40 LPRINT "increments for all subsequent lines"  
50 LPRINT "until reset or another spacing is selected."
```

```
Control code ESC A 20 sets  
line spacing at 20/60 inch
```

```
increments for all subsequent lines
```

```
until reset or another spacing is selected.
```

## Line Spacing $n/180$ Inch

---

**ASCII Code** ESC 3  $n$

**Hex Code** 1B 33  $n$

**Dec Code** 27 51  $n$

**Purpose** Specifies the line spacing at  $n/180$ -inch increments.

Where:

$n = 0$  through 255

**Comment** The 3 is an ASCII character 3, not hex 3. All line feeds following receipt of this code are at  $n/180$ -inch line spacing until a new line spacing is selected or the printer is reset. Line spacing set by this control code overrides the line spacing setting set at the control panel. When  $n = 0$ , the current line spacing is printed.

If the vertical distance to move is other than a multiple of the  $n/180$  inch, the remainder is added to the next paper motion command.

Use caution when combining this control code with other print attributes such as Elongated (Double High), Superscript, or Subscript, because overlapping lines may occur. Print speed is reduced if lines overlap.

**Example** The following example illustrates  $n/180$ -inch line spacing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC 3 50 sets"  
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "3"; CHR$(50);  
30 LPRINT "line spacing at 50/180 inch"  
40 LPRINT "increments for all subsequent lines"  
50 LPRINT "until reset or another spacing is selected."
```

```
Control code ESC 3 50 sets  
line spacing at 50/180 inch  
increments for all subsequent lines  
until reset or another spacing is selected.
```

## Line Spacing $n/360$ Inch

---

**ASCII Code** ESC +  $n$

**Hex Code** 1B 2B  $n$

**Dec Code** 27 43  $n$

**Purpose** Specifies the line spacing at  $n/360$ -inch increments.

Where:

$n = 0$  through 255

**Comment** All line feeds following receipt of this code are at  $n/360$ -inch line spacing until a new line spacing is selected or the printer is reset. Line spacing set by this control code overrides line spacing set at the control panel. When  $n = 0$ , the current line spacing is printed.

If the vertical distance to move is other than a multiple of  $n/360$  inch, the remainder is added to the next paper motion command.

Use caution when combining this control code with other print attributes such as Elongated (Double High), Superscript, or Subscript, because overlapping lines may occur. Print speed is reduced if lines overlap.

**Example** The following example illustrates  $n/360$ -inch line spacing.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC + 50 sets"  
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "+"; CHR$(50);  
30 LPRINT "line spacing at 50/360 inch"  
40 LPRINT "increments for all subsequent lines"  
50 LPRINT "until reset or another spacing is selected."
```

```
Control code ESC + 50 sets  
line spacing at 50/360 inch  
increments for all subsequent lines  
until reset or another spacing is selected.
```

## Make Hex 80-9F Control Codes

---

**ASCII Code** ESC 7

**Hex Code** 1B 37

**Dec Code** 27 55

**Purpose** Makes codes hex 80-9F control codes.

**Comment** This is the default when the Epson italic character set is selected as the default set at the control panel.

## Make Hex 80-9F Printable

---

**ASCII Code** ESC 6

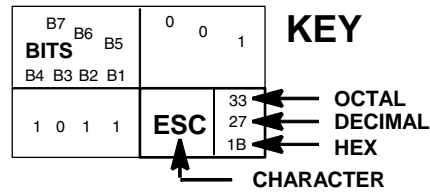
**Hex Code** 1B 36

**Dec Code** 27 54

**Purpose** Makes codes hex 80-9F printable characters.

**Comment** The 6 is an ASCII character 6, not hex 6. This is the default when the IBM PC graphics character set (Code Page 437) is selected as the default set at the control panel.

The characters printable in the Epson italic character set are shown in Figure 1.



| B8<br>B7<br>B6<br>B5<br><br>BITS<br>B4 B3 B2 B1 |    |    |                  |    | ROW              | 1<br>0<br>0<br>0 |  | 1<br>0<br>0<br>1 |  |
|-------------------------------------------------|----|----|------------------|----|------------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|
|                                                 |    |    |                  |    |                  | COLUMN<br>8      |  | 9                |  |
| 0 0 0 0                                         | 0  | à  | 200<br>128<br>80 | §  | 220<br>144<br>90 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 0 0 1                                         | 1  | è  | 201<br>129<br>81 | β  | 221<br>145<br>91 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 0 1 0                                         | 2  | ù  | 202<br>130<br>82 | Æ  | 222<br>146<br>92 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 0 1 1                                         | 3  | ò  | 203<br>131<br>83 | æ  | 223<br>147<br>93 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 1 0 0                                         | 4  | ì  | 204<br>132<br>84 | Ø  | 224<br>148<br>94 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 1 0 1                                         | 5  | ó  | 205<br>133<br>85 | ø  | 225<br>149<br>95 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 1 1 0                                         | 6  | £  | 206<br>134<br>86 | .. | 226<br>150<br>96 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 0 1 1 1                                         | 7  | ï  | 207<br>135<br>87 | Ä  | 227<br>151<br>97 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 0 0 0                                         | 8  | í  | 210<br>136<br>88 | Ö  | 230<br>152<br>98 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 0 0 1                                         | 9  | Ñ  | 211<br>137<br>89 | Û  | 231<br>153<br>99 |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 0 1 0                                         | 10 | ñ  | 212<br>138<br>8A | ä  | 232<br>154<br>9A |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 0 1 1                                         | 11 | ⱥ  | 213<br>139<br>8B | ö  | 233<br>155<br>9B |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 1 0 0                                         | 12 | Pt | 214<br>140<br>8C | ü  | 234<br>156<br>9C |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 1 0 1                                         | 13 | Å  | 215<br>141<br>8D | É  | 235<br>157<br>9D |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 1 1 0                                         | 14 | å  | 216<br>142<br>8E | é  | 236<br>158<br>9E |                  |  |                  |  |
| 1 1 1 1                                         | 15 | ç  | 217<br>143<br>8F | ¥  | 237<br>159<br>9F |                  |  |                  |  |

Figure 1. LQ-1600K Printable Codes (Hex 80-9F)

## Master Print Select

**ASCII Code** ESC ! *n*

**Hex Code** 1B 21 *n*

**Dec Code** 27 33 *n*

**Purpose** Selects or changes print attributes in a single command.

Where:

*n* = an 8-bit number with the bits set to specify print attributes, as shown in Table 6. ( $0 \leq n \leq 255$ )

**Table 6. Master Print Select Bit Values**

| Bit No. | Bit = 0    | Bit = 1        |
|---------|------------|----------------|
| 0       | 10 cpi     | 12 cpi         |
| 1       | Monospaced | Proportional   |
| 2       | Normal     | Condensed      |
| 3       | Normal     | Emphasized     |
| 4       | Normal     | *Double Strike |
| 5       | Normal     | Double Wide    |
| 6       | Normal     | Italic         |
| 7       | Normal     | Underlined     |

For example, to specify 10 cpi, proportional spacing, and italics,  
*n* = 0 1 0 0 0 1 0

Where:

bit 0 = 0 (10 cpi)

bit 1 = 1 (proportional)

bit 2, 3, 4, 5 = 0 (normal)

bit 6 = 1 (italic)

bit 7 = 0 (normal)

*n* = a binary number (0 1 0 0 0 1 0), which equals hex 42.

The hex command sequence is 1B 21 42.

**Comment** Emphasized is substituted for double strike.



## Master Print Select in DBCS Mode

---

**ASCII Code** FS ! *n*

**Hex Code** 1C 21 *n*

**Dec Code** 28 33 *n*

**Purpose** Selects or changes DBCS print attributes in a single command.

Where:

*n* = an 8-bit number with the bits set to specify print attributes, as shown below. ( $0 \leq n \leq 255$ )

**Table 7. Master Print Select Bit Values**

| Bit No. | Bit = 0     | Bit = 1                  |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 0       | Normal      | Vertical print (rotated) |
| 1       | Normal      | Half-width               |
| 2       | Normal      | Double width             |
| 3       | Normal      | Double height            |
| 4       | Normal      | 1/4 size                 |
| 5       | Superscript | Subscript                |
| 6       | -           | -                        |
| 7       | Normal      | Underlined               |

## Master Select One-Line Attribute in DBCS Mode

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 !  $n$

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 21  $n$

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 33  $n$

**Purpose** Where:  
 $0 \leq n \leq 255$

Select any combination of several one-line attributes by setting or clearing the appropriate bit in the  $n$  parameter, as shown in Table 8.

**Table 8**

| Bit | On/Off    | Hex      | Dec    | Function                                     |
|-----|-----------|----------|--------|----------------------------------------------|
| 2   | Off<br>On | 00<br>04 | 0<br>4 | Cancel double width<br>Select double width   |
| 3   | Off<br>On | 00<br>08 | 0<br>8 | Cancel double height<br>Select double height |

**Comment** These attributes are canceled when the printer receives the following commands: LF, FF, VT, and CR.

This command takes effect only in DBCS mode.

## Orientation of Downloaded Character

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 o  $n$

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 6F  $n$

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 111  $n$

**Purpose** Sets the orientation of downloaded characters.

Where:

0 = 0 or 48 vertical (same as LQ1600K FS2 format)

$n$  = 1 or 49 horizontal function

**Comment** Takes effect before FS 2 and ASC 0 2 commands.

## Printer Deselect

---

**ASCII Code** DC3

**Hex Code** 13

**Dec Code** 19

**Purpose** Places printer in the deselected state.

**Comment** The configuration parameter Printer Select must be set to Enable.

When the printer receives this command, it ignores data until a DC1 (Printer Select) command is received.

## Printer Select

---

**ASCII Code** DC1

**Hex Code** 11

**Dec Code** 17

**Purpose** Places printer in the selected state.

**Comment** The configuration parameter Printer Select must be set to Enable.

This control code allows the printer to receive and print data from the host if it was deselected by DC3. If the printer was not deselected by DC3, this code is ignored.

## Proportional Spacing, Select/Deselect

---

**ASCII Code** ESC p *n*

**Hex Code** 1B 70 *n*

**Dec Code** 27 112 *n*

Where:

*n* = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) turns proportional mode off

*n* = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) turns proportional mode on

**Purpose** Turns proportional mode on and off.

**Comment** This command only affects the character printing in ASCII mode. This command affects the "Prop. Spacing" setting in the front panel.

## Rotate Character 90 Degrees Counter-Clockwise

---

|                   |                                                                 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS J                                                            |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C 4A                                                           |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28 74                                                           |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Rotates characters while in DBCS mode (vertical printing mode). |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.     |

## Select Autowrap Mode (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                              |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T m n                                                                                 |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 6D n                                                                              |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 109 n                                                                             |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set Auto Line Feed<br>Where<br>n = 0x30: reset auto LF (default)<br>n = 0x31: set auto LF |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                  |

## Save Downloaded Character into Flash

---

|                   |                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 w                                                                              |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 77                                                                            |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 119                                                                           |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Saves the downloaded character into flash.                                            |
| <b>Comment</b>    | The same functionality with control panel selection "DBCS Download" -> Save to Flash. |

## Static Barcode Function

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 T c t [:d data d][:0 n<sub>1</sub>n<sub>2</sub>n<sub>3</sub>][:# p]

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 54 63 t [:d data d][:30 n<sub>1</sub>n<sub>2</sub>n<sub>3</sub>][:23 p]

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 84 99 t [:d data d][:48 n<sub>1</sub>n<sub>2</sub>n<sub>3</sub>][:35 p]

**Purpose** Sets the static barcode

Where

- t: barcode type
  - t = @: Interleaved 2/5
  - t = A: Code 39
  - t = B: Interleaved 2/5
  - t = C: Code 39
  - t = D: Interleaved 2/5
  - t = E: Codabar
  - t = F: EAN-13
  - t = G: EAN-8
  - t = H: Codabar
  - t = I: UPC\_A
- 0: barcode height
  - n<sub>1</sub>n<sub>2</sub>n<sub>3</sub> are in ASCII value; the height is dot by 300 dpi, and converted to dot by 180 dpi,
  - n<sub>1</sub>n<sub>2</sub>n<sub>3</sub> = 0x30 ~ 0x39
- #: PDF enable/disable
  - p = 0x30: disable
  - p = 0x31: enable

## Select Bit Image

**ASCII Code** SSCC \* *m nL nH d1...dk*

**Hex Code** SSCC 2A *m nL nH d1...dk*

**Dec Code** SSCC 42 *m nL nH d1...dk*

**Purpose** Prints dot graphics in 12- or 16-dot columns, depending on the following parameters:

Where:

$0 \leq nL \leq 255$

$0 \leq nH \leq 31$

$m = 30, 31, 32$

*m* specifies the dot density.

*nL nH* specifies the total number of columns of graphics data that follow (number of dot columns) =  $(nH \times 256 + nL)$

*d1...dk* bytes of graphics data; *k* is determined by multiplying the total number of columns times the number of bytes required for each column.

| Parameter<br><i>m</i> in ESC * | Horizontal<br>Density (dpi) | Vertical<br>Density (dpi) | Dots per<br>Column | Bytes per<br>Column |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 30                             | 90                          | 90                        | 12                 | 2                   |
| 31                             | 120                         | 120                       | 16                 | 2                   |
| 32                             | 90                          | 90                        | 16                 | 2                   |

## Select DBCS ASCII Character Type

**ASCII Code** FS *k n*

**Hex Code** 1C *6B n*

**Dec Code** 28 *107 n*

**Purpose** This selects a DBCS ASCII character:

$n = 0$  or  $40$  Selects normal DBCS ASCII characters

$n = 1$  or  $49$  Selects oversized DBCS ASCII characters.

Where

$n = 0, 1, 48, 49$

The default is  $n = 0$ , normal DBCS ASCII character.

**Comment** This command affects the front panel setting of "DBCS ASCII Style."

## Select DBCS Character Bitmap

---

|                   |                                                                                                   |     |           |           |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS                                                                                                | e   | <i>n1</i> | <i>n2</i> |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C                                                                                                | 65  | <i>n1</i> | <i>n2</i> |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28                                                                                                | 101 | <i>n1</i> | <i>n2</i> |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets the character bitmap to 24 x 24.<br>Where:<br><i>n1, n2</i> = 0 or 8 <= <i>n1, n2</i> <= 232 |     |           |           |
| <b>Comment</b>    | The vertical cell size is <i>n1</i> dots; the horizontal cell size is <i>n2</i> dots.             |     |           |           |

## Select DBCS Character Font

---

|                   |                                                                                                     |     |          |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC                                                                                                 | u   | <i>n</i> |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1A                                                                                                  | 75  | <i>n</i> |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27                                                                                                  | 117 | <i>n</i> |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | This selects a DBCS character font:<br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = 0 or 49 to select 24x24 DBCS character. |     |          |

## Select DBCS Print Quality

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS x <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C 78 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28 120 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Selects the typeface for printing in DBCS mode.<br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) selects LQ print quality<br><i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) selects Hi-Speed print quality<br><i>n</i> = STX (hex 02) or 2 (hex 32) selects Near LQ print quality<br><i>n</i> = ETX (hex 03) or 3 (hex 33) selects Super Hi-Speed print quality<br><i>n</i> = EOT (hex 04) or 4 (hex 34) selects Normal print quality<br><i>n</i> = ENQ (hex 05) or 5 (hex 35) selects Ultra Hi-Speed print quality |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command overrides control panel print quality selections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## Select Graphics Mode

**ASCII Code** ESC \* *m n1 n2*

**Hex Code** 1B 2A *m n1 n2*

**Dec Code** 27 42 *m n1 n2*

**Purpose** Turns on 8-pin/24-pin bit image graphics mode *m*. Table 9 shows the graphics modes available.

**Comment** *n1* = 0 through 255;  
*n2* = 0 through 31;  
*n* = *n1* + (*n2* x 256), the total number of columns or data bytes to follow.  
 For example, to specify 257 columns: 1 + (1 x 256) = 257.

Table 9. LQ-1600K Graphics Modes

| <i>m</i> | Mode                        | Density*<br>(dots per inch) | Pins used |
|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 0        | Single density              | 60                          | 8         |
| 1        | Double density              | 120                         | 8         |
| 2        | Double density double speed | 120                         | 8         |
| 3        | Quadruple density           | 240                         | 8         |
| 4        | Monitor graphics I          | 80                          | 8         |
| 6        | Monitor graphics II         | 90                          | 8         |
| 32       | Single density              | 60                          | 24        |
| 33       | Double density              | 120                         | 24        |
| 38       | Monitor graphics III        | 90                          | 24        |
| 39       | Triple density              | 180                         | 24        |
| 40       | Sextuple density            | 360                         | 24        |



## Select Italic Character Set

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC t <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 74 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 116 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Selects the italics character set from hex 80 through hex FF.<br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) selects the graphics character set<br><i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) selects the italics character set |
| <b>Comment</b>    | The graphics character set is assumed to be the IBM Graphics Code.                                                                                                                                                             |

## Select Print Quality

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC x <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 78 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 120 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Selects print quality.<br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) selects Hi-Speed<br><i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) selects LQ<br><i>n</i> = STX (hex 02) or 2 (hex 32) selects Near LQ<br><i>n</i> = ETX (hex 03) or 3 (hex 33) selects Super Hi-Speed<br><i>n</i> = EOT (hex 04) or 4 (hex 34) selects Normal<br><i>n</i> = ENQ (hex 05) or 5 (hex 35) selects Ultra Hi-Speed |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command overrides control panel print quality selections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## Select Special Printing Effect

**ASCII Code** ESC q *n*

**Hex Code** 1B 71 *n*

**Dec Code** 27 113 *n*

**Purpose** Select the desired effect for printing.

Where:

*n*=0 (normal)

*n*=1 (outline)

*n*=2 (shadow)

*n*=3 (outline and shadow)

**Comment** This command does not affect graphics characters.

**Example** The following program demonstrates the function of the command.

```

10 LPRINT CHR$(28): "&";
20 LPRINT CHR$(27): "q": CHR$(0);
30 GOSUB 200
40 LPRINT CHR$(27): "q": CHR$(1);
50 GOSUB 200
60 LPRINT CHR$(27): "q": CHR$(2);
70 GOSUB 200
80 LPRINT CHR$(27): "q": CHR$(3);
90 GOSUB 200
100 LPRINT CHR$(28): ". "
110 LPRINT CHR$(12);
120 END
200 '
210 LPRINT CHR$(&HD6): CHR$(&HD0);
220 LPRINT CHR$(&HD3): CHR$(&HA2);
230 LPRINT CHR$(&HCE): CHR$(&HC4);
240 LPRINT CHR$(&HB4): CHR$(&HF2);
250 LPRINT CHR$(&HD3): CHR$(&HA1);
260 LPRINT CHR$(&HBB): CHR$(&HFA);
270 RETURN

```

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## Select Super/Subscript Printing (For Hanzi BIG5 Printer only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | SSCC ~ $n$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | SSCC 7E $n$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | SSCC 126 $n$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Prints characters that follow at about 1/2 their normal width and 1/2 their normal height; the printing location depends on the value of $n$ as follows:<br><div style="margin-left: 40px;"> <math>n = 0</math> or 48      Upper part of the character space<br/> <math>n = 1</math> or 49      Lower part of the character space<br/> <math>n = 2</math> or 50      Normal character </div> |
|                   | Where:<br>$n = 0, 1, 2, 48, 49, 50$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Comment</b>    | Setting $n = 2$ returns the character back to its normal height.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Select Typeface (For Hanzi BIG5 Printer only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC k $n$                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 6B $n$                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 107 $n$                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | This is to select DBCS ASCII typeface:<br><div style="margin-left: 40px;"> <math>n = 0</math>    Normal<br/> <math>n = 5</math>    OCRB </div> |
|                   | Where:<br>$n = 0, 5$                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command only takes effect in DCBS mode.                                                                                                   |

## Select Underline Printing (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T - $n$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 2D $n$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 45 $n$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set underline printing.<br><div style="margin-left: 40px;"> Where:<br/> <math>n = 0x30</math>: reset (default)<br/> <math>n = 0x31</math>: underline for all characters<br/> <math>n = 0x32</math>: underline for all characters except space (0x20). </div> |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## Select Vertical Printing (for Hanzi BIG5 Printer only)

---

**ASCII Code** SSCC +  $n$

**Hex Code** SSCC 2B  $n$

**Dec Code** SSCC 43  $n$

**Purpose** The character is printed with different degrees of rotation in the counter-clockwise direction under DBCS mode.

$n = 0$  or 48 90 degrees rotation

$n = 1$  or 49 180 degree rotation

$n = 2$  or 50 270 degree rotation

$n = 3$  or 51 rotate DBCS full width character 90 degrees

$n = 4$  or 52 normal character

Where:

$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52$

**Comment** The default value is  $n = 4$ , normal character.

**NOTE:** This command is only supported in the Hanzi TW printer.

## Select Vertical Tab Channel

---

**ASCII Code** ESC /  $c$

**Hex Code** 1B 2F  $c$

**Dec Code** 27 47  $c$

**Purpose** Selects a vertical tab channel set by ESC b.

Where:

$c = 0$  through 7

**Comment** Subsequent VT (hex 0B) commands use tab table specified by  $c$ . If no tab table is selected, table 0 is used.

## Set 0-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters

---

**ASCII Code** SUB Q

**Hex Code** 1A 51

**Dec Code** 26 81

**Purpose** Sets 0-dot intercharacter spacing of DBCS characters.

**Comment** This command affects the front panel setting of "DBCS CPI."

## Set 3-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |    |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | SUB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | N  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 4E |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 26                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 78 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets 3-dot intercharacter spacing of DBCS characters. The left intercharacter space is 0 dots; the right intercharacter space is 3 dots. The dot size is 1/180 inch.                                                                                                                               |    |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command also affects an SBCS character if the character is aligned with a DBCS character by an FS U command. If an SBCS character is aligned with a DBCS character, the intercharacter space of an SBCS character is half.<br><br>This command affects the front panel setting of "DBCS CPI." |    |

## Set 6-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |    |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | SUB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | E  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 45 |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 26                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 69 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets 6-dot intercharacter spacing of DBCS characters. The left intercharacter space is 3 dots; the right intercharacter space is 3 dots. The dot size is 1/180 inch.                                                                                                                               |    |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command also affects an SBCS character if the character is aligned with a DBCS character by an FS U command. If an SBCS character is aligned with a DBCS character, the intercharacter space of an SBCS character is half.<br><br>This command affects the front panel setting of "DBCS CPI." |    |

## Set 12-dot Intercharacter Spacing of DBCS Characters

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |    |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | SUB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | P  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 50 |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 26                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 80 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets 12-dot intercharacter spacing of DBCS characters. The left intercharacter space is 6 dots; the right intercharacter space is 6 dots. The dot size is 1/180 inch.                                                                                                                              |    |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command also affects an SBCS character if the character is aligned with a DBCS character by an FS U command. If an SBCS character is aligned with a DBCS character, the intercharacter space of an SBCS character is half.<br><br>This command affects the front panel setting of "DBCS CPI." |    |

## Set Absolute Horizontal Print Position in 1/60 Inch

---

**ASCII Code** ESC \$ *n1 n2*

**Hex Code** 1B 24 *n1 n2*

**Dec Code** 27 36 *n1 n2*

**Purpose** Moves the simulated print head to an absolute horizontal print position using 1/60-inch increments.

Where:

*n1* = 0 through 127

*n2* = 0 through 255

$(n1 + (n2 \times 256)) / 60$  = the unsigned distance in inches from the left margin.

**Comment** If the distance goes beyond the right margin, the sequence is ignored.

## Set Chinese Font Rotate (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 T + n

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 54 2B n

**Decimal** ASSC 48 84 43 n

**Purpose** Set rotation as:

n = 0x31: DBCS character in normal (do not rotate, default).

n = 0x32: DBCS character rotate 90 degrees counterclockwise.

n = 0x33: DBCS character rotate 270 degrees counterclockwise.

n = 0x34: DBCS character rotate 180 degrees.

n = 0x35: ASCII character in normal (do not rotate).

n = 0x36: ASCII character rotate 90 degrees counterclockwise.

n = 0x37: ASCII character rotate 270 degrees counterclockwise.

n = 0x38: ASCII character rotate 180 degrees.

Where

n = 0x31 ~ 0x39

**Comment** This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

## Set Chinese Inner Code (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T A n                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 41 n                                                                                                          |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 65 n                                                                                                          |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Select code page as:<br>n = 0x30: Big5 (default)<br>n = 0x31: NS<br>n = 0x32: DCI<br>n = 0x36: IBM5550<br>n = 0x37: UTF8 |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                              |

## Set DBCS Compressed Mode

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 c n                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 63 n                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 99 n                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Turn on/off DBCS Compressed mode<br>Where<br>n = 0 or 48 Turns off DBCS Compressed mode.<br>n = 1 or 49 Turns on DBCS Compressed mode. |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This command only works in DBCS mode and have no effect in ASCII mode; this command affects the “DBCS Compressed” front panel setting. |

## Set Font/Line Gap (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T G m n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 47 m n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 71 m n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set inter-character and inter-line spacing in dot by 300 dpi, which will convert to dot by 180 dpi. The inter-char spacing is set according to DBCS ASCII character.<br>Where<br>m = 0x30: set inter-char spacing<br>m = 0x31: set inter-line spacing |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Set Font Scale (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T W n1 n2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 57 n1 n2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 87 n1 n2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | <p>Character expands as: n1-vertical expand, n2-horizontal expand</p> <p>n1, n2 = 0x30: reset<br/>n1, n2 = 0x31: normal (1x1)<br/>n1, n2 = 0x32: expand twice (double height, double width)<br/>When n1=0x32 (double height), the line spacing will double.</p> <p>Where<br/>n1, n2 = 0x30~0x32</p> |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## Set Form Length By Lines

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC C <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 43 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 67 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | <p>Sets the form length by lines.</p> <p>Where:<br/><i>n</i> = 1 through 127 to specify the number of lines per form at the current line spacing. <math>0 &lt; n \times (\text{current line spacing}) \leq 22</math> inches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Comment</b>    | <p>The current line becomes the first line of the form. The forms length units are always defined in inches; therefore, subsequent line spacing changes do not affect the result of this command. Changing lpi does not change the forms length.</p> <p>The forms length is set to the number of lines defined by the quotient of <i>n</i> and the current line spacing so that the units are in inches.</p> <p>If the calculated forms length in lines is not an exact multiple of the target machine dot size, the forms length value will be adjusted down to the next possible multiple.</p> <p>When forms length is set by an ESC C sequence, the skip-over perforation set by ESC N is cancelled.</p> <p>This command affects the front panel setting of "Funct. of Lines."</p> |



## Set Form Length in Inches

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC C NUL <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 43 00 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 67 0 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets form length to <i>n</i> inches.<br><br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = 1 through 22 to specify the number of inches on a form.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Comment</b>    | Upon receipt of this code, the current line becomes the first line of the form, and the form length set becomes the current forms length. Vertical tab positions set below the bottom of the form are ignored. Forms length is defined in inches; therefore, subsequent line spacing changes do not affect the result of this command.<br><br>Values of <i>n</i> greater than 22 are ignored.<br><br>When forms length is set by an ESC C sequence, the skip-over perforation set by ESC N is cancelled.<br><br>This control code overrides forms length set at the control panel. |

## Set Font Pitch (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T P <i>n1 n2 n3 n4</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 50 <i>n1 n2 n3 n4</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 80 <i>n1 n2 n3 n4</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set character spacing by dot in 300 dpi, which will convert to 180 dpi. The character spacing includes character width and inter-character spacing. The character width refers to DBCS single byte character width in normal mode.<br><br>Where<br><i>n1, n2, n3, n4</i> = 0x30 ~ 0x39 |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control codes does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Set Intercharacter Spacing

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC SP <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 20 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 32 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Defines <i>n</i> dots for intercharacter spacing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Comment</b>    | The valid values of <i>n</i> = 0 through 127. This control code defines the space to the right of the printed character in dot positions. Each time a character is printed, <i>n</i> number of dots are left blank preceding the next character. For different print modes, the dot resolution varies, e.g. DP=120 dpi, NLQ=180 dpi. If double wide printing is enabled, the dot size adjusts accordingly. This control code does not function while in DBCS mode. |
| <b>Example</b>    | The following program illustrates intercharacter space setting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC SP 0"
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); " "; CHR$(0);
30 LPRINT "selects 0 (standard) character spacing"
40 LPRINT "Control code ESC SP 6"
50 LPRINT CHR$(27); " "; CHR$(6);
60 LPRINT "selects 6 dot character spacing"
```

```
Control code ESC SP 0
selects 0 (standard) character spacing
Control code ESC SP 6
selects 6 dot character spacing
```

## Set Intercharacter (One-Byte) Spacing In DBCS Mode

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS T <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C 54 <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28 84 <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Defines preceding/succeeding dots for inter-character spacing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code defines the space to the left/right of the printed character in dot positions. The dot size for <i>n1</i> and <i>n2</i> is equal to 180 dpi. The default for <i>n1</i> =0 and <i>n2</i> =2. This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode and only for one-byte characters in DBCS mode. |

## Set Intercharacter (Two-Byte) Spacing in DBCS Mode

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | FS S <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1C 53 <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 28 83 <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Defines preceding/succeeding dots for intercharacter spacing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code defines the space to the left/right of the printed character in dot positions. The dot size for <i>n1 and n2</i> is equal to 180 dpi. The default for <i>n1=0</i> and <i>n2=3</i> . This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode and only for two-byte characters in DBCS mode. |

## Set International Character Set

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC R <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 52 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 82 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Specifies a language overlay that prints the characters shown in Table 10 when the specified code is invoked.<br><br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = hex 0 through E to determine the language overlay shown in Table 10.<br><br>The real Epson only defines character sets through hex C. |

Table 10. Epson International Character Sets

| (Hex)<br>If<br>n= | International<br>Character Set Is: | Hex Codes |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|                   |                                    | 23        | 24 | 40 | 5B | 5C | 5D | 5E | 60 | 7B | 7C | 7D | 7E |
| 0                 | USA                                | #         | \$ | @  | [  | \  | ]  | ^  | `  | {  |    | }  | ~  |
| 1                 | French                             | #         | \$ | à  | ó  | ç  | §  | ^  | `  | é  | ù  | è  | .. |
| 2                 | German                             | #         | \$ | §  | Ä  | Ö  | Ü  | ^  | `  | ä  | ö  | ü  | ß  |
| 3                 | English (UK)                       | £         | \$ | @  | [  | \  | ]  | ^  | `  | {  |    | }  | ~  |
| 4                 | Danish I                           | #         | \$ | @  | Æ  | Ø  | À  | ^  | `  | æ  | ø  | à  | ~  |
| 5                 | Swedish                            | #         | Å  | É  | Ä  | Ö  | À  | Ü  | é  | ä  | ö  | à  | Ü  |
| 6                 | Italian                            | #         | \$ | @  | ó  | \  | é  | ^  | ù  | à  | ò  | è  | ì  |
| 7                 | Spanish I                          | £         | \$ | @  | í  | ñ  | ¿  | ^  | `  | .. | ñ  | }  | ~  |
| 8                 | Japanese                           | #         | \$ | @  | [  | ¥  | ]  | ^  | `  | {  |    | }  | ~  |
| 9                 | Norwegian                          | #         | Å  | É  | Æ  | Ø  | À  | Ü  | é  | æ  | ø  | à  | Ü  |
| A                 | Danish II                          | #         | \$ | É  | Æ  | Ø  | À  | Ü  | é  | æ  | ø  | à  | Ü  |
| B                 | Spanish II                         | #         | \$ | à  | í  | ñ  | ¿  | é  | `  | í  | ñ  | ó  | ú  |
| C                 | Latin American I                   | #         | \$ | à  | í  | ñ  | ¿  | é  | ü  | í  | ñ  | ó  | ú  |
| D                 | French Canadian                    | #         | \$ | à  | ä  | ç  | ë  | î  | ô  | é  | ù  | è  | û  |
| E                 | Latin American II                  | #         | \$ | @  | [  | ñ  | ]  | ú  | í  | ó  | á  | é  | ü  |

**Comment** This control code setting overrides a character set selection made at the control panel. Values of *n* not in Table 10 are ignored. This control code does not function while in DBCS mode.

**Example** The following example compares the Swedish character set to the USA (ASCII) character set.

```

10 LPRINT "Control code ESC R 5 selects"
20 LPRINT "the Swedish character set shown beneath"
30 LPRINT "the USA (ASCII) characters. "
40 LPRINT
50 LPRINT "A B C D [ \ ] ^ _ ` { | } ~"
60 LPRINT CHR$(27); "R"; CHR$(5);
70 LPRINT "A B C D [ \ ] ^ _ ` { | } ~"
80 LPRINT CHR$(27); "R"; CHR$(0);

```

```

Control code ESC R 5 selects
the Swedish character set shown beneath
the USA (ASCII) characters.

```

```

A B C D [ \ ] ^ _ ` { | } ~
A B C D Ä Ö Å Ü - é ä ö à ü

```

## Set Left Margin (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T l n1 n2 n3                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 6C n1 n2 n3                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 108 n1 n2 n3                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set the left margin in 1/10 inch (10 CPI equivalent) according to the number of half-width characters, that is in n1n2n3 from the left most position.<br><br>Where<br>n1, n2, n3 = 0x30 ~ 0x39 |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                                                                                                       |

## Set Line Pitch (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T 3 n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 30 n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 48 n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set the line spacing by dot in 300 dpi, which will convert to 180 dpi. n1n2n3 is in ASCII value.<br><br>Where:<br>n1, n2, n3, n4 = 0x30 ~ 0x39 |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.                                                                                       |

## Set Logical Right Margin (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T y n1n2n3n4                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 79 n1n2n3n4                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 121 n1n2n3n4                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set right margin by current right margin - n1n2n3n4. n1n2n3n4 is dot in 300 dpi, and will be converted to 180 dpi<br><br>Where:<br>n1, n2, n3, n4 = 0x30 ~ 0x39 |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode. This will affect the Set Right Margin front panel setting.                                             |

## Set Logical Left Margin (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ASSC 0 T \$ n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | ASSC 30 54 24 n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | ASSC 48 84 36 n1 n2 n3 n4                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | To set left margin by current left margin +n1n2n3n4. n1n2n3n4 is dot by 300 dpi, and will be converted in dot by 180 dpi.<br>Where:<br>n1, n2, n3, n4 = 0x30 ~ 0x39 |
| <b>Comment</b>    | This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.<br>This will affect the Left Margin front panel setting.                                                |

## Set Margin (Left)

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC I <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 6C <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 108 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                   | Where:<br><i>n</i> = 1 though 255; the number of columns from the left edge of the physical page to the beginning of the print line.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets the left margin to <i>n</i> columns in the current font.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Comment</b>    | Be sure to use the alphabetic lowercase “l” (as in “left”) rather than the capital letter “l” (as in “Island”) for this command. The number of inches of margin does not vary if the font, character width, or horizontal dot density changes. The smallest possible space between the left and right margins is the width of one double-wide, 10 cpi character. If a margin control code violates this minimum distance, it is ignored. Settings in proportional mode are treated as 10 CPI.<br><br>In DBCS mode, the right margin will be set according to the width of DBCS characters.<br><br>This command affects the front panel setting of “Left Margin.” |

## Set Margin (Right)

---

**ASCII Code** ESC Q *n*

**Hex Code** 1B 51 *n*

**Dec Code** 27 81 *n*

Where:

*n* = 1 through 255; number of columns from the left edge of the physical page to the end of the print line.

**Purpose** Sets the right margin to *n* columns at the current character width.

**Comment** The number of inches of margin does not vary if the font, character width, or horizontal dot density changes. This command automatically clears and resets horizontal tabs to every eight characters, then performs a CAN operation. The smallest possible space between the left and right margins is the width of one double-wide 10 cpi character. If a margin control code violates this minimum distance, it is ignored. Settings in proportional mode are treated as 10 CPI.

In DBCS mode, the right margin will be set according to the width of DBCS characters.

This command affects the “Right Margin” front panel setting.

## Set *n*/120-inch Line Spacing

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 J *n*

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 4A *n*

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 74 *n*

**Purpose** Sets the line spacing to *n*/120 inch

Where

0 < *n* ≤ 255

**Comment** This command affects the “Select LPI” front panel setting.

## Set Paper Length (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 T C *n*<sub>1</sub> *n*<sub>2</sub> *n*<sub>3</sub>

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 54 43 *n*<sub>1</sub> *n*<sub>2</sub> *n*<sub>3</sub>

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 84 67 *n*<sub>1</sub> *n*<sub>2</sub> *n*<sub>3</sub>

**Purpose** To set form length to 1/6 inches.

Where

*n*<sub>1</sub>, *n*<sub>2</sub>, *n*<sub>3</sub> = 0x30 ~ 0x39

**Comment** This control code does not function while in non DBCS mode.

## Set Relative Horizontal Print Position In 1/120 Inches

---

**ASCII Code** ESC \ *n1 n2*

**Hex Code** 1B 5C *n1 n2*

**Dec Code** 27 92 *n1 n2*

**Purpose** Moves the simulated print head to a relative horizontal print position (in dots), using 1/120 inch increments in Near LQ mode and 1/180 inch increments in all other modes.

Where:

*n1* = 0 through 127

*n2* = 0 through 255

**Comment** Adds (*n1* + (*n2* x 256)) dots to the horizontal position of the simulated print head. The number sent is two's complement, with negative numbers moving to the left. The command is ignored if it would move the simulated print head beyond the page margins.

## Set Right Margin (For Hanzi Big5 Printers Only)

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 T Q *n1 n2 n3*

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 54 51 *n1 n2 n3*

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 84 81 *n1 n2 n3*

**Purpose** To set margin in 1/10 inches (10 CPI equivalent) according to the number of half-width characters.

Where

*n1, n2, n3* = 0x30 ~ 0x39

**Comment** This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.

## Set Vertical Tabs in Channels

---

**ASCII Code** ESC b *c n1 n2 n3...n16* NUL

**Hex Code** 1B 62 *c n1 n2 n3...n16* 00

**Dec Code** 27 98 *c n1 n2 n3...n16* 0

**Purpose** Assigns vertical tabs to channels selected by ESC /.

Where:

*c* = 0 through 7

*n* = 1 through 255

*n1* through *n16* specify the line numbers for each of the vertical tab(s), up to a maximum of 16 tab positions in every channel, with a maximum of eight channels. NUL must end the sequence.

**Comment** Channels are selected by ESC /. The distance of each tab stop from TOF is the current line spacing times the number of lines given in *n*.



If paper movement is commanded to a value of  $n$  greater than the page length, the paper movement command is ignored. The values of  $n$  must be in ascending order. If they are not, the sequence up to and including the out of sequence number is ignored. The rest of the load is processed, and skip over perforation is ignored.

You can clear any channel by sending ESC b  $c$  NUL, where  $c$  is the channel number.

The values for  $n$  must be in ascending order; a value of  $n$  less than the previous  $n$  ends tab setting (just like the NUL code).

## Skip Over Perforation

---

**ASCII Code** ESC N  $n$

**Hex Code** 1B 4E  $n$

**Dec Code** 27 78  $n$

**Purpose** Selects the number of lines (at the current line spacing) for the paper to skip at the bottom of the perforation.

Where:

$n = 1$  through 127,  $n < n \times (\text{current line spacing}) < \text{page length}$ .

**Comment**  $n$  is the number of lines skipped between the last line printed on one page and the first line on the next page. The actual distance set is the product of  $n$  and the current line spacing. If the value of  $n$  exceeds the current form length, the skip is set to one line smaller than the form length or to 0, whichever is greater.

Skip over perforation set by this command overrides control panel settings. This feature is canceled by ESC O, ESC C, or ESC C NUL.

## Skip Over Perforation Cancel

---

**ASCII Code** ESC O

**Hex Code** 1B 4F

**Dec Code** 27 79

**Purpose** Cancels the skip over perforation set by ESC N and resets the bottom margin to zero.

**Comment** O is ASCII uppercase o, not zero (0).

## Static Barcode Function (For Hanzi Big5 Printer Only)

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 T c t [;d data d] [;0 n1n2n3] [;#p]

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 54 63 t [;d data d] [;30 n1n2n3] [;23 p]

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 84 99 t [;d data d] [;48 n1n2n3] [;35 p]

**Purpose** To set various barcode types:

t = @: Interleaved 2/5

t = A: Code 39

t = B: Interleaved 2/5

t = C: Code 39

t = D: Interleaved 2/5

t = E: Codabar

t = F: EAN-13

t = G: EAN-8

t = H: Codabar

t = I: UPC\_A

Where:

- 0: the height of the barcode  
n1n2n3 is in ASCII value, the height is 300 dpi, and is converted to dot by 180 dpi.
- #: PDF enable/disable  
p = 0x30: disable  
p = 0x31: enable
- t = barcode type
- n1, n2, n3 = 0x30 ~ 0x39

**Comment** This control code does not function while in non-DBCS mode.  
The default barcode height is 1/3 inch.

## Superscript and Subscript Printing

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC S <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 53 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 83 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Selects superscript or subscript printing.<br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) to enable superscript printing<br><i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) to enable subscript printing                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Comment</b>    | Superscript prints full-sized characters with a baseline higher than the normal characters. Subscript prints full-sized characters with a baseline lower than the normal characters. When the control code is received, all characters are superscript or subscript until reset by ESC T or printer reset.<br><br>You can print both superscript and subscript characters in the same character column by using the Backspace (BS) control code, but these characters will not print when double high printing is in effect. |
| <b>Example</b>    | The following program illustrates superscript and subscript printing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

```

10 LPRINT "CONTROL CODE ESC S 0 SELECTS";
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(0); "SUPERScript"; CHR$(27); "T"
30 LPRINT "A"; CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(0); "2"; CHR$(27); "T";
40 LPRINT "+B"; CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(0); "2"; CHR$(27); "T";
50 LPRINT "=C"; CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(0); "2";
60 LPRINT CHR$(27); "T"
70 LPRINT "CONTROL CODE ESC S 1 SELECTS";
80 LPRINT CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(1); "SUBSCRIPT"; CHR$(27); "T"
90 LPRINT "31"; CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(1); "HEX"; CHR$(27); "T";
100 LPRINT "=49"; CHR$(27); "S"; CHR$(1); "DEC"; CHR$(27); "T"
120 LPRINT "CONTROL CODE ESC T CANCELS"
130 LPRINT "SUPERScript/SUBSCRIPT PRINTING"

```

```

CONTROL CODE ESC S 0 SELECTSSUPERScript
A2+B2=C2
CONTROL CODE ESC S 1 SELECTSSUBSCRIPT
31HEX=49DEC
CONTROL CODE ESC T CANCELS
SUPERScript/SUBSCRIPT PRINTING

```

## Superscript and Subscript Printing (Cancel)

---

**ASCII Code** ESC T

**Hex Code** 1B 54

**Dec Code** 27 84

**Purpose** Cancels superscript and/or subscript printing as set by ESC S *n*.

## Turn On/Off Compress Mode

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 x *n*

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 78 *n*

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 120 *n*

Where:

*n* = 0, 1, 48, 49

The default is *n* = 0.

**Purpose** Turn on/off compress mode as follows:

*n* = 0 or 48 - turns off compress mode

*n* = 1 or 49 - turns on compress mode

**NOTE:** When compress mode is turned on, some features, such as double height, double width, two-by-two, etc., are ignored.

**Comment** This command affects the front panel setting of "Compressed Mode."

## Turn On/Off OCRB Printing

---

**ASCII Code** ASSC 0 z n

**Hex Code** ASSC 30 7A n

**Dec Code** ASSC 48 122 n

Where:

$n = 0, 1, 48, 49$

The default is  $n = 0$ .

**Purpose** Turn on/off OCRB mode as follows:

$n = 0$  or 48 - turns off OCRB mode

$n = 1$  or 49 - turns on OCRB mode

**NOTE:** When OCRB is turned on, the OCRB character can be printed out.

**Comment** This command affects the front panel setting of "OCBR Selection."

This command only works in DBCS mode.

## Underline

---

**ASCII Code** ESC - n

**Hex Code** 1B 2D n

**Dec Code** 27 45 n

**Purpose** Turns automatic underlining on and off.

Where:

$n = \text{NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30)}$  to turn off underlining

$n = \text{SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31)}$  to turn on underlining

**Comment** Spaces are underlined, but graphics and grey scale characters are not. This control code does not function while in DBCS mode.

**Example** The following program illustrates underlining.

```
10 LPRINT "Control code ESC -1"
20 LPRINT CHR$(27); "-"; CHR$(1);
30 LPRINT "enables automatic underlining."
40 LPRINT "Control code ESC -0"
50 LPRINT CHR$(27); "-"; CHR$(0);
60 LPRINT "disables automatic underlining."
```

```
Control code ESC -1
enables automatic underlining.
Control code ESC -0
disables automatic underlining.
```

## Unidirectional Printing For One Line

---

|                   |                                                                |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC <                                                          |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 3C                                                          |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 60                                                          |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Causes printing to occur from left to right for one line only. |

## Unidirectional Printing, Set/Reset

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC U <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 55 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 85 <i>n</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Causes printing to occur in only one direction of shuttle movement (left to right).<br><br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = NUL (hex 00) or 0 (hex 30) turns unidirectional mode off<br><i>n</i> = SOH (hex 01) or 1 (hex 31) turns unidirectional mode on |
| <b>Comment</b>    | Printing normally occurs in both directions of shuttle movement. Unidirectional printing slows the printer down approximately 50%, but it is sometimes used when very accurate dot placement is desired in graphics.                           |

## Vertical and Horizontal Extension

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC e <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1A 65 <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 101 <i>n1 n2</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Enables the extension of the character bitmap so that they touch in both horizontal and vertical directions as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>n1</i> = 1 or 49, <i>n2</i> = 1 or 49 Normal character</li><li>• <math>2 \leq n1 \leq 4</math> or <math>50 \leq n1 \leq 52</math>, <i>n2</i> = 1 or 49 Double height character (same with FS ! 8)</li><li>• <i>n1</i> = 1 or 49, <math>2 \leq n2 \leq 4</math> or <math>50 \leq n2 \leq 52</math> Double width character (same with FS ! 4)</li><li>• <math>2 \leq n1 \leq 4</math> or <math>50 \leq n1 \leq 52</math>, <math>2 \leq n2 \leq 4</math> or <math>50 \leq n2 \leq 52</math> Double width and double height character (same with FS ! 12)</li></ul> Where:<br>$1 \leq n1 \leq 4$ or $49 \leq n1 \leq 52$<br>$1 \leq n2 \leq 4$ or $49 \leq n2 \leq 52$ |
| <b>Comment</b>    | The default is normal character.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## Vertical Tab, Execute

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | VT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 0B                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 11                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Advances the simulated print head to the next vertical tab position selected by ESC /.<br>The simulated print head moves to the left margin. If a tab position is on the current line, the paper is moved to the next tab position. If there are no tab positions between the current line and the end of the form, the paper is moved to the top of the next form. If the printing crosses the page boundary, the VT command causes the paper to move to the top of the next form. |
| <b>Comment</b>    | If no vertical channel was selected, channel 0 is used. If no vertical tabs were set, the paper advances one line.<br>This code cancels all single line print attributes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Vertical Tab, Set/Clear

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASCII Code</b> | ESC B <i>n1 n2 n3...nk</i> NUL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hex Code</b>   | 1B 42 <i>n1 n2 n3...nk</i> 00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Dec Code</b>   | 27 66 <i>n1 n2 n3...nk</i> 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Purpose</b>    | Sets up to 16 vertical tab positions.<br>Where:<br><i>n</i> = 1 through 255<br><i>k</i> = 1 through 16<br><i>n1</i> through <i>nk</i> specify the line number for the vertical tab(s), up to a maximum of 16 tab positions. NUL must end the sequence.<br>To clear the tab settings, send ESC B NUL (1B 42 00).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Expression</b> | CHR\$(27);"B";CHR\$( <i>n1</i> );...CHR\$( <i>nk</i> );CHR\$(0);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Comment</b>    | The values of <i>n</i> range from 1 through 255 and must be in ascending order. The distance of each tab stop from TOF is the current line spacing times the number of lines given in <i>n</i> . If the value of <i>n</i> exceeds the form length, commands to move to that tab position are ignored.<br>If values of <i>n</i> are not in ascending order, the sequence up to and including the out-of-sequence number is ignored, and the rest of the load is processed. Skip over perforation is ignored.<br>This command always sets channel 0. You can clear channel 0 by sending ESC B NUL. (See also the channel selection command, ESC /, and the channel loading command, ESC b.) |

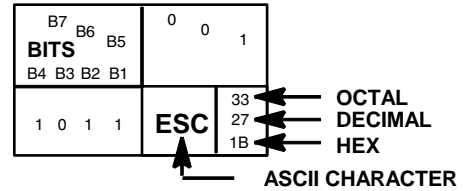




# A

## Standard ASCII Character Set

KEY



| BITS<br>B7 B6 B5<br>B4 B3 B2 B1 | ROW | COLUMN |    | 0          |    | 1  |    | 2 |    | 3 |     | 4 |     | 5 |     | 6   |     | 7 |   |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------|----|------------|----|----|----|---|----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|---|---|
|                                 |     | 0      | 1  | 0          | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0 | 1  | 0 | 1   | 0 | 1   | 0 | 1   | 0   | 1   | 0 | 1 |
| 0 0 0 0                         | 0   | NUL    | 0  | DLE        | 20 | SP | 40 | 0 | 60 | @ | 100 | P | 120 | ` | 140 | p   | 160 |   |   |
| 0 0 0 1                         | 1   | SOH    | 1  | DC1 (XON)  | 21 | !  | 41 | 1 | 61 | A | 101 | Q | 121 | a | 141 | q   | 161 |   |   |
| 0 0 1 0                         | 2   | STX    | 2  | DC2        | 22 | "  | 42 | 2 | 62 | B | 102 | R | 122 | b | 142 | r   | 162 |   |   |
| 0 0 1 1                         | 3   | ETX    | 3  | DC3 (XOFF) | 23 | #  | 43 | 3 | 63 | C | 103 | S | 123 | c | 143 | s   | 163 |   |   |
| 0 1 0 0                         | 4   | EOT    | 4  | DC4        | 24 | \$ | 44 | 4 | 64 | D | 104 | T | 124 | d | 144 | t   | 164 |   |   |
| 0 1 0 1                         | 5   | ENQ    | 5  | NAK        | 25 | %  | 45 | 5 | 65 | E | 105 | U | 125 | e | 145 | u   | 165 |   |   |
| 0 1 1 0                         | 6   | ACK    | 6  | SYN        | 26 | &  | 46 | 6 | 66 | F | 106 | V | 126 | f | 146 | v   | 166 |   |   |
| 0 1 1 1                         | 7   | BEL    | 7  | ETB        | 27 | '  | 47 | 7 | 67 | G | 107 | W | 127 | g | 147 | w   | 167 |   |   |
| 1 0 0 0                         | 8   | BS     | 8  | CAN        | 30 | (  | 50 | 8 | 70 | H | 110 | X | 130 | h | 150 | x   | 170 |   |   |
| 1 0 0 1                         | 9   | HT     | 9  | EM         | 31 | )  | 51 | 9 | 71 | I | 111 | Y | 131 | i | 151 | y   | 171 |   |   |
| 1 0 1 0                         | 10  | LF     | 10 | SUB        | 32 | *  | 52 | : | 72 | J | 112 | Z | 132 | j | 152 | z   | 172 |   |   |
| 1 0 1 1                         | 11  | VT     | 11 | ESC        | 33 | +  | 53 | ; | 73 | K | 113 | [ | 133 | k | 153 | {   | 173 |   |   |
| 1 1 0 0                         | 12  | FF     | 12 | FS         | 34 | ,  | 54 | < | 74 | L | 114 | \ | 134 | l | 154 | \| | 174 |   |   |
| 1 1 0 1                         | 13  | CR     | 13 | GS         | 35 | -  | 55 | = | 75 | M | 115 | ] | 135 | m | 155 | }   | 175 |   |   |
| 1 1 1 0                         | 14  | SO     | 14 | RS         | 36 | .  | 56 | > | 76 | N | 116 | ^ | 136 | n | 156 | ~   | 176 |   |   |
| 1 1 1 1                         | 15  | SI     | 15 | US         | 37 | /  | 57 | ? | 77 | O | 117 | _ | 137 | o | 157 | DEL | 177 |   |   |



---

# B

# *Vertical Page Formatting*

---

## Overview

Rapid vertical paper movement is called “slewing.” You can enable the printer to slew paper to preset locations on a page by loading the vertical tab table.

The vertical tab table is a set of programmed vertical tabs. Various lines of the form are assigned vertical tabs, which are then accessed by control codes for rapid paper advancement to the tab position.

Two control codes are used for vertical tabbing: ESC B sets single channel vertical tabs, and VT executes a vertical tab. These codes are described in Chapter 3. The Epson emulation also has ESC / to select one of eight tab channels and ESC b to set the tabs in a particular channel.

---

## Executing Vertical Tabs

The vertical tab execute code is VT (hex 0B). It prints the contents of the print buffer (if data is in the buffer) and causes paper movement to the next predefined vertical tab position. If a tab position is not defined, the paper is moved to the next line at the current line spacing. If a tab position is at the current line, the paper is moved to the next tab position. If no tab positions are defined between the current line and the end of the form, the paper moves to the next TOF.

## Vertical Tab Positions

Vertical tab positions are set by line number. A maximum of 16 vertical tab positions can be set on the form. A sample format is shown in Figure 2.

The first vertical tab is set at line 6 for part number data, a second tab is set at line 8 for part name data, and a third tab is set at line 14 for quantity data. The ESC B code assigns the vertical tabs to the lines of the form. Once the tab positions are set, sending the vertical tab execute code (VT) causes the paper (currently at the top-of-form position) to advance to the first tab position for PART NUMBER data. Sending another VT moves the paper to the second tab position for PART NAME, followed by a third VT to access the third tab position for QUANTITY data.

| Form Data   | Form Line Number | Vertical Tabs |
|-------------|------------------|---------------|
|             | 1                | Top of Form   |
|             | 2                |               |
|             | 3                |               |
|             | 4                |               |
| PART NUMBER | 5                | Tab 1         |
|             | 6                |               |
| PART NAME   | 7                | Tab 2         |
|             | 8                |               |
|             | 9                |               |
|             | 10               |               |
|             | 11               | Tab 3         |
|             | 12               |               |
| QUANTITY    | 13               |               |
|             | 14               |               |
|             | 15               |               |
|             | ↓                |               |
|             | 20               |               |

Figure 2. Example of Vertical Tab Positions

# C

## Graphics

### Bit Image Graphics

Bit image graphics are created by vertically printing the bit pattern of a series of data bytes. For example, the bit pattern of the ASCII character A (hex 41, decimal 65) is shown in Figure 3. If this data byte is rotated 90 degrees clockwise, the result is a vertical data byte with the most significant bit (MSB) at the top. If each 1 (true) bit is then printed as a dot, the result is a “bit image” plot of the ASCII character A.

ASCII character A = Hex 41 = Binary 01000001

MSB : Most Significant Bit

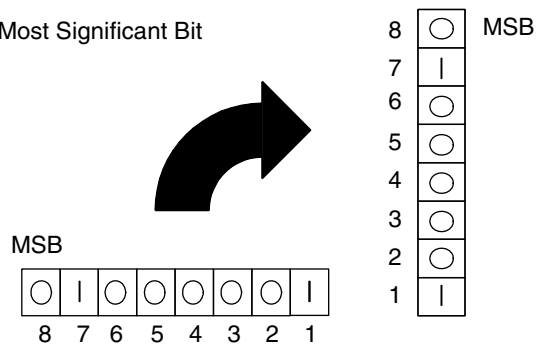


Figure 3. Vertical Data Byte Pattern

The relationship between the ASCII character, its decimal value and its bit image plot is shown in Figure 4. All 8 bits of the data byte are used in all fonts, but some fonts have taller and shorter characters. (You may have to adjust the line spacing in order to print without horizontal gaps.) Data bytes are identified by their binary, octal, hexadecimal, or decimal equivalents. These numeric equivalents are combined in data streams to form graphic patterns such as the one illustrated in Figure 5.

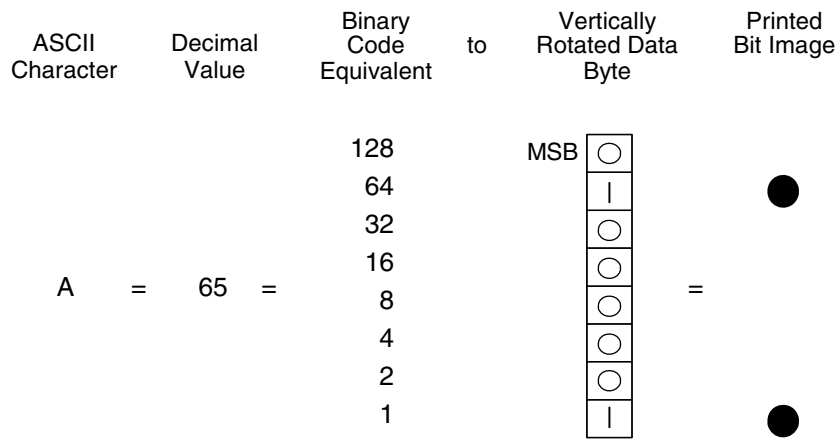


Figure 4. Bit Image Pattern from an ASCII Character

Bit image plotting is not limited to printable ASCII characters. You can print bit image patterns for any 8-bit data byte with decimal values ranging from 0 through 255 (hex 00 through hex FF). (The ASCII character set is charted in Appendix A.)

## Designing a Bit Image Pattern

A bit image pattern is produced in four steps:

1. On a quadrille pad or graph paper, lay out the graphic pattern you want to print. (See Figure 5.)
2. Determine the decimal equivalent of each vertical data byte in your pattern. (The sum of the decimal equivalent of each true bit in the vertical data byte is the decimal equivalent of the data byte.)
3. Write a program to generate the pattern.
4. Enter and run the program on the host computer.

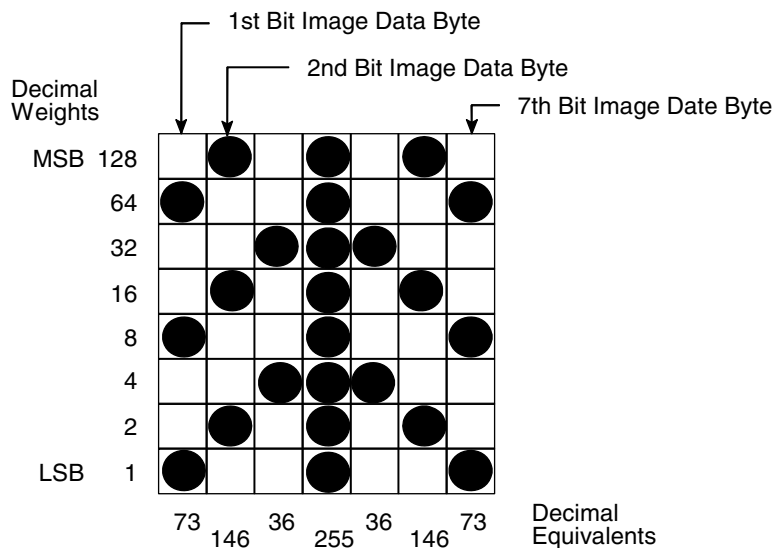


Figure 5. Bit Image Pattern Plan

## Bit Image Density

You can print bit image graphics in different dot densities. Select dot densities by sending a control code in the data stream.

**NOTE:** Every line of graphics data must include the necessary bit image command so the printer can perform the chosen graphics functions.

### Single Density Mode: ESC K

Single density bit image graphics in a Data Processing (DP) print quality are printed at 60 dots per inch (dpi) horizontally and 72 dpi vertically. For NLQ print quality, the horizontal dot density is 90 dpi and vertical dot density is 96 dpi. For High Speed (HS) draft print quality, horizontal dot density is 60 dpi and vertical dot density is 48 dpi.

### Double Density Mode: ESC L

Double density mode prints up to twice the number of dots per inch horizontally in the same space used for single density. The vertical dot density remains the same as in single density mode. Double horizontal density requires twice the number of input data bytes to print the same length line as single density. Printing double density reduces the printing speed by half.

### Double Speed-Double Density Mode: ESC Y

When the double density-double speed control code is received, data bytes print at double the current horizontal dot density, but adjacent dots are not printed. Since double density graphics are printed at half speed, double speed-double density graphics are printed at the same speed as single density graphics. This mode is often used to position a simulated print head precisely by sending blank dot columns.

### Quadruple Density Mode: ESC Z

When printing quadruple density graphics, the printer combines adjacent quadruple density bit image bytes. The compounded data is then printed in double density mode.

## Bit Image Programming Format

---

The bit image command format is:

**ESC CC (n1) (n2) DATA**

Where:

**ESC** = the serial matrix escape sequence

**CC** = K, L, Y or Z to select dot density

(K = single, L=double, Y=double density, double speed,  
Z=quadruple density)

**n1** = (Number of DATA bytes) - 256(n2)  
(remainder of division of number of DATA bytes by 256,  
sometimes referred to as MOD 256)

**n2** = (Number of DATA bytes) / 256 (quotient of division)

**DATA** = the dot pattern bytes

The syntax of the bit image expression must be correct.

The number of data bytes and the *n1*, *n2* definition must be equal.

Any characters following *n1* and *n2* are interpreted and plotted as data until the *n1*, *n2* definition is satisfied.

If *n1* = *n2* = 0, then control codes K, L, Y, or Z are ignored.

The maximum number of data bytes that can be included in the DATA portion of the program statement (when using 132 column paper) varies according to the dot density:

At 60 dpi, single density = 792 bytes

double density = 1584 bytes

quadruple density = 3168 bytes



Data that goes past the right margin is discarded if automatic line feed is disabled. If automatic line feed is enabled, data that goes past the right margin triggers an automatic line feed (LF) and is printed on the next line.

## Bit Image Sample Program

---

The program below, written in BASIC, produces the single density bit image pattern shown in Figure 6. The 7-byte pattern is repeated 40 times.

```
10 WIDTH "LPT1:", 255
20 LPRINT "Single Density Bit Image Graphics"
30 LPRINT CHR$(27);"K";CHR$(24);CHR$(1);
40 FOR N=1 TO 40
50 RESTORE
60 FOR I=1 TO 7
70 READ R
80 LPRINT CHR$(R);
90 NEXT I
100 NEXT N
110 DATA 73, 146, 36, 255, 36, 146, 73
120 LPRINT
```

**Single Density Bit Image Graphics**



**Figure 6. Sample Single-Density Bit Image Graphics**



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# D

## *Contact Information*

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### **Printronix Customer Support Center**

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#### **IMPORTANT**

**Please have the following information available prior to calling the Printronix Customer Support Center:**

- Model number
- Serial number (located on the back of the printer)
- Installed options (i.e., interface and host type if applicable to the problem)
- Configuration printout:

Line Matrix Printer

Press PRT CONFIG on the control panel, then press Enter.

- Is the problem with a new install or an existing printer?
- Description of the problem (be specific)
- Good and bad samples that clearly show the problem (faxing or emailing of these samples may be required)

Americas (714) 368-2686

Europe, Middle East, and Africa (31) 24 6489 410

Asia Pacific (65) 6548 4114

China (86) 800-999-6836

<http://www.printronix.com/support.aspx>

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### **Printronix Supplies Department**

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Contact the Printronix Supplies Department for genuine Printronix supplies.

Americas (800) 733-1900

Europe, Middle East, and Africa 33 (0) 1 46 25 19 07

Asia Pacific (65) 6548 4116  
or (65) 6548 4182

China (86) 400-886-5598

India (800) 102-7869

<http://www.printronix.com/supplies-parts.aspx>

## Corporate Offices

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c/o Printronic Nederland BV  
Bijsterhuizen 11-38  
6546 AS Nijmegen  
The Netherlands  
Phone: (31) 24 6489489  
Fax: (31) 24 6489499

Printronic Schweiz GmbH  
42 Changi South Street 1  
Changi South Industrial Estate  
Singapore 486763  
Phone: (65) 6542 0110  
Fax: (65) 6546 1588

Printronic Commercial (Shanghai) Co. Ltd  
22F, Eton Building East  
No.555, Pudong Av.  
Shanghai City, 200120, P R China  
Phone: (86) 400 886 5598  
Fax: (86-21) 5138 0564

Visit the Printronix web site at [www.primtronix.com](http://www.primtronix.com)

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# E

## Glossary

### A

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A to D            | Analog to Digital.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ACK               | Acknowledge character. A transmission control character transmitted by the printer as an affirmative response to an inquiry from the host.                                                                                                                            |
| active column     | The horizontal location on the paper where the next character will print.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| active line       | The vertical location on the paper where the next character will print.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| active position   | The position on the paper where the next character will print. The intersection of the active column and the active line.                                                                                                                                             |
| ASCII             | <i>Abbrev. for</i> American Standard Code for Information Interchange. A standard character encoding scheme introduced in 1963 and used widely on many computers and printers. It is a 7-bit code with 128 different bit patterns. There is no parity recommendation. |
| attributes, print | Operations performed on text that alter its appearance but do not change the font. Examples: underlining, superscripting, bold, etc.                                                                                                                                  |

### B

|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| bar code | A printed code consisting of parallel bars of varied width and spacing and designed to be read by a one-dimensional scanning device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| baud     | A unit of speed that measures the rate at which information is transferred. Baud rate is the reciprocal of the length in seconds of the shortest pulse used to carry data. For example, a system in which the shortest pulse is 1/1200 second operates at 1200 baud. On RS-232 serial lines, the baud rate equals the data flow rate in bits per second (bps). To communicate properly, a printer must be configured |

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | to operate at the same baud rate as its host computer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| bit     | <i>Contraction of binary digit.</i> A digit in the binary number system, represented by a 0 or a 1. A bit is the smallest unit of storage in a digital computer, where 0 and 1 are represented by different voltages. Groups of bits form other units of storage called nibbles, bytes, and words. |
| bold    | A print attribute specifying text of a heavy line thickness.<br><i>See also</i> character weight.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Boot-up | The start-up procedure which causes a computer operating system to be loaded into main memory.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| buffer  | A reserved area in memory where data is written to and read from during data transfers.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| bus     | A circuit for the transfer of data or electrical signals between two devices.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| byte    | A group of consecutive bits forming a unit of storage in a digital computer and used to represent one alphanumeric character. A byte usually consists of 8 bits but may contain more or fewer bits depending on the computer or protocol.                                                          |

## C

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| character cell       | The invisible rectangular space occupied by a character, including the white space around the character. The height of a cell remains constant even with changes to the current line spacing, and the width is equal to the current character spacing. Used as a unit of spacing. |
| character proportion | The ratio of character height to character width. <i>See also</i> compressed and expanded.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| character set        | A set of codes, each of which represents a control or printable character, including symbols, punctuation, numbers, diacritical markings, and alphabet characters. Each character is assigned a unique address in memory.                                                         |
| character weight     | The degree of lightness and thickness of printed text. For example, “ <b>Bold</b> ” refers to a heavy or thick character weight. “Medium,” “normal,” or “book weight” refer to the character weight used in this sentence.                                                        |
| checksum             | A value used to verify microcode correctness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

---

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| command           | An operating instruction (e.g., form feed or FF) sent from a computer to the printer. Also called a control code or non-printable character. Commands are opposed to data, which is printed.                                                                                                                        |
| command delimiter | An ASCII character used to begin a command string. Commonly used command delimiters are ESC (hex 1B) and SOH (hex 01).                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| command sequence  | Two or more bytes that instruct the printer to perform a special function. The first character in the sequence is a special function control character. This character alerts the printer that the string which follows is a command sequence, not a character or graphic code.<br><i>See also</i> escape sequence. |
| compatibility     | The ability of one printer to accept and properly process commands meant for a different printer.<br><i>See also</i> emulation and protocol.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| compressed        | Refers to a typeface with a font width approximately 60% smaller than normal. Character height is not changed.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| configuration     | Refers to the operating properties that define how the printer responds to signals and commands received from the host computer at the printer interface. These properties are called configuration parameters and are set to match the operating characteristics of the host computer system.                      |
| controller        | An independent logic unit in a data processing system that controls data paths between one or more units of peripheral equipment.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| cpi               | <i>Abbrev. for</i> characters per inch. A measurement of monospaced fonts indicating the horizontal character density. For example, 10 cpi means 10 characters can be printed in one horizontal inch.<br><i>See also</i> pitch.                                                                                     |
| cps               | <i>Abbrev. for</i> characters per second. A measurement of the print speed of a serial (character) printer.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| CPU               | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Central Processing Unit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| CR                | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Carriage Return.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## D

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data bits | Binary information sent to the printer. A character set grouping which contains letters, digits, and punctuation marks to be printed; or which contains control codes to move paper, format text and graphics, and position the text and graphics on the page. |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DCD        | <i>Abbrev. for Data Carrier Detect.</i> Status signal to the printer. The ON condition is required for the printer to receive data.                                                          |
| decipoint  | One tenth of a point. A unit of length equal to 1/720 inch.<br><i>See also</i> point.                                                                                                        |
| default    | A value, parameter, attribute, or option assigned by a program or system if another is not specified by the user.                                                                            |
| descender  | The portion of a printed, lowercase character that appears below the base line. For example, “g,” “j,” “p,” “q,” and “y” all are characters with lowercase descenders.                       |
| diagnostic | Pertains to the detection and isolation of printer malfunctions or mistakes.                                                                                                                 |
| DIP        | <i>Acronym for Dual In-line Package.</i> A method of packaging semiconductor components in rectangular cases with parallel rows of electrical contacts.                                      |
| DIP switch | A DIP equipped with switches. A typical DIP switch has from four to ten individual switches mounted in its package. The individual switches are typically toggle, rocker, or slide switches. |
| disable    | To deactivate or set to OFF.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| diskette   | A thin, flexible magnetic disk containing software such as test and diagnostic programs, initialization files, and all font specifications for the printer.                                  |
| DP         | <i>Abbrev. for Data Processing.</i> <i>See also</i> HS for Draft Print.                                                                                                                      |
| draft      | A limited dot font used for rough copy. Low print quality but fast printing speed.                                                                                                           |
| DRAM       | <i>Acronym for Dynamic Random-Access Memory.</i>                                                                                                                                             |
| DSR        | <i>Abbrev. for Data Set Ready.</i> Status signal to the printer indicating the host is in a ready condition.                                                                                 |
| DTR        | <i>Abbrev. for Data Terminal Ready.</i> Control signal from the printer indicating it is in a ready condition.                                                                               |

## E

|         |                                                                                               |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ECMA    | <i>Abbrev. for European Computer Manufacturers Association.</i>                               |
| EIA/TIA | <i>Abbrev. for Electronic Industries Association/Telecommunications Industry Association.</i> |
| Elite   | A name indicating a monospaced font with a pitch of 12 cpi (and usually 10 points in height). |



---

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| em              | A unit of measure in typesetting. The width of a piece of type about as wide as it is tall. (Derived from uppercase M, usually the widest character in a set.)                                                                 |
| emulation       | Refers to the ability of a printer to execute the commands of another printer protocol. When used as a proper noun (e.g., Epson LQ-1600K Emulation), it means printer protocol.<br><i>See also</i> compatibility and protocol. |
| en              | A unit of measure in typesetting equal to half the width of an em.                                                                                                                                                             |
| enable          | To activate, make true (1), or set to on.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| escape sequence | A command sequence in which the first byte is always the ASCII ESC character. Same as “escape code.”<br><i>See also</i> command sequence.                                                                                      |
| ETX             | <i>Abbrev. for</i> End of TeXt. A transmission control character sent from the host to the printer, indicating the end of transmission of a block of data.                                                                     |
| EVFU            | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Electronic Vertical Format Unit. Relates to the ability to slew (skip quickly a specified number of lines).                                                                                                 |
| expanded        | A font enhancement referring to larger-than-normal character width with no change in character height.                                                                                                                         |

## F

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| false             | Off or zero. <i>Compare</i> true.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| family (or type)  | A set of all variations and sizes of a type style                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| FF                | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Form Feed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| FIFO              | <i>Abbrev. for</i> First In, First Out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| fixed-pitch fonts | <i>See</i> font, monospaced.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| font              | The complete set of a given size of type, including characters, symbols, figures, punctuation marks, ligatures, signs, and accents. To fully describe a font, you must specify seven characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) typeface</li> <li>2) spacing (proportional or monospaced)</li> <li>3) type size (12 point, 14 point, etc.)</li> <li>4) scale factor (character height/width ratio)</li> <li>5) type style</li> <li>6) character weight</li> <li>7) character proportion (normal, condensed, expanded)</li> </ul> |
| font, landscape   | A font printed parallel to the long edge of a page.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| font, monospaced   | Also called fixed-pitch fonts. Every character, regardless of horizontal size, occupies the same amount of font pattern space. All monospaced fonts use specific pitch size settings. Monospaced fonts are sometimes used when strict character alignment is desired (tables, charts, spreadsheets, etc.). |
| font name          | See typeface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| font pattern       | The matrix of pixels which represents a character, symbol, or image.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| font, portrait     | A font printed parallel to the short edge of a page.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| font, proportional | A font in which the width of a character cell varies with the width of the character. For example, [i] takes less space to print than [m]. Using proportional fonts generally increases the readability of printed documents, giving text a typeset appearance.                                            |
| font weight        | The thickness of the lines that make up a character. For example, "bold" and "light" are different font weights.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| font width         | The measurement of the width of a character cell in dots.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## H

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| hammer        | The hammer spring with a hammer tip mounted onto it.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| hammer spring | The flat piece of metal, made of spring steel, which supports and pushes the hammer tip.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| hammer tip    | The small, round point located near the end of the hammer spring which strikes the ribbon and leaves a dot on the paper.                                                                                                                                  |
| hex codes     | Based on a numeral system with a radix of 16.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| hex dump      | A hex dump is a translation of all host interface data to its hexadecimal equivalent. A hex dump is a printer self-test typically used to troubleshoot printer data reception problems.                                                                   |
| host computer | The computer that stores, processes, and sends data to be printed, and which communicates directly with the printer. The term "host" indicates the controlling computer, since modern printers are themselves microprocessor-controlled computer systems. |
| HS            | <i>Abbrev. for</i> High Speed or Draft Print characters.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| HT            | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Horizontal Tab.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Hz            | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Hertz. Cycles per second. Frequency.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

---

## I

|                |                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IEEE           | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, Inc.                                                                            |
| initialization | A series of processes and self-tests that set power-up default conditions and parameters.                                                            |
| interface      | The hardware components used to link two devices by common physical interconnection, signal, and functional characteristics.                         |
| invoke         | To put into effect or operation.                                                                                                                     |
| ipm            | <i>Abbrev. for</i> inches per minute. A measurement of the speed of a printer printing in graphics print mode (plotting speed). <i>See also</i> lpm. |
| italic         | A slanted type style. <i>This is an italic type style.</i>                                                                                           |

## L

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LF           | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Line Feed.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| landscape    | Printed perpendicular to the paper motion.                                                                                                                                                    |
| LCD          | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Liquid-Crystal Display. The LCD is located on the operator panel. Its purpose is to communicate information to the operator concerning the operating state of the printer. |
| LED          | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Light Emitting Diode.                                                                                                                                                      |
| logical link | The parameters that specify data transfer, control, or communication operations.                                                                                                              |
| lpi          | <i>Abbrev. for</i> lines per inch. A measurement indicating the vertical spacing between successive lines of text. For example, 8 lpi means 8 lines of text for every vertical inch.          |
| lpm          | <i>Abbrev. for</i> lines per minute. A speed measurement indicating the number of lines printed every minute. (lpm usually defines the speed at which text prints.) <i>See also</i> ipm.      |

## M

|            |                              |
|------------|------------------------------|
| monospaced | <i>See</i> font, monospaced. |
| MM         | Millimeter.                  |

## N

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| N/A    | Not available or not applicable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| NACK   | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Negative-Acknowledge reply. A reply from the printer to the host indicating that an exception has occurred. Contrast with acknowledge character.                                                                                                                                                |
| NAK    | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Negative-Acknowledge character. A transmission control character transmitted by the printer as a negative response to an enquiry from the host.                                                                                                                                                 |
| nibble | A unit of storage containing half of a byte, usually four bits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| NLQ    | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Near Letter Quality.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| nS     | Nanosecond (one billionth of a second).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| NVRAM  | <i>Abbrev. for</i> NonVolatile Random-Access Memory. A type of RAM in which stored data is not lost when the power is interrupted or turned off. A battery supplies power to NVRAM when the system does not. Unlike ROM (another type of nonvolatile memory), NVRAM is accessible and its contents can be altered. |

## O

|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OCR      | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Optical Character Recognition. A process by which a machine can “read” characters printed in a special standardized font. Data is read by a photoelectric optical scanner and recorded on magnetic tape or disk. OCR-A and OCR-B are two widely used OCR fonts. |
| off-line | An operational state in which the printer cannot accept commands or data from the host computer, but can perform self-tests, form settings, and record configuration changes.                                                                                                      |
| Ohm      | A unit of measurement for electrical resistance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| on-line  | An operational state in which the printer is under direct control of the host computer. In this state, the printer accepts commands and data sent from the host computer and acts on them immediately.                                                                             |

## P

|                |                                                                                                          |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| parity (check) | Parity checking is the addition of non-data bits to data, resulting in the number of 1 bits being either |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                       | always even or always odd. Parity is used to detect transmission errors. Parity represents the value in the check digit of the received or transmitted data.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| parsing               | The process of separating a programming statement into basic units that can be translated into machine instructions. A printer can recover from an erroneous code sequence by performing as much of the function as possible or parsing the valid parameter from the invalid.                                                                    |
| PC                    | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Personal Computer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| PCB                   | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Printed Circuit Board. A PCB is an insulating board on which circuit paths have been printed or etched.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| PCBA                  | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Printed Circuit Board Assembly. A PCBA is a PCB that has all of the electrical and mechanical components (resistors, capacitors, ICs, sockets, etc.) mounted on it.                                                                                                                                                           |
| PI                    | <i>Abbrev. for</i> Paper Instruction. A signal from the host with the same timing and polarity as the data lines.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| pica                  | A name indicating a monospaced font with a pitch of 10 cpi and usually a 12 point height. Pica is used in typography as a unit of measurement equal to 1/6 inch.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| pin configuration     | Establishes the physical attachment and protocol conversion connections for the host interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| pitch                 | The number of text characters printed per horizontal inch. Specified in characters per inch (cpi).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| pixel                 | <i>Derived from</i> picture (PIX) Element. The smallest displayable picture element on a video monitor or printable unit. In printing, a pixel is a dot.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| point                 | A unit of length in printing and typography, used to specify type sizes, heights of font characters, etc. There are 72 points in a vertical inch; thus, one point equals 1/72 inch, or approximately 0.0138 inch. Some examples of point sizes are: This is 8 point type. This manual is printed in 10 point type. <b>This is 14 point type.</b> |
| port                  | A channel used for receiving data from or transmitting data to one or more external devices.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| portrait              | Printed parallel to the short edge of a page.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Postnet               | A bar code standard defined by the U.S. Postal Service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| print mode            | Synonymous with print attributes. Includes character attributes such as italic, underlining, super/subscript, as well as Draft, NLQ, and DP.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| proportion, character | See character proportion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| proportional | See font, proportional.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| protocol     | In general, a set of rules governing the exchange of information between computer systems. For printers, a protocol is the coding system used to convey and print characters and graphics. A printer protocol includes character codes, printer function codes, and machine-to-machine communication codes. In this manual, protocol and emulation mean the same thing.<br>See <i>also</i> compatibility and emulation. |

## R

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RAM        | <i>Acronym for Random-Access Memory.</i> Also called “main memory” or “working memory,” this is the active memory of a printer into which programs are loaded. This memory can be read from or written to at any time, hence the term “random-access.” RAM is also termed “volatile” because whatever is in RAM is lost when power is turned off or interrupted.<br>See <i>also</i> ROM. |
| read       | To retrieve data from memory (RAM, NVRAM) or mass storage (hard disk, floppy diskette, etc.).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| reset      | To turn off, deactivate, disable, or return to a previously determined state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| resolution | A measure expressing the number of units in a given range used to create an image. In printing, this is expressed as the number of dots per inch (dpi) horizontally and vertically.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ROM        | <i>Acronym for Read-Only Memory.</i> Programs, instructions, and routines permanently stored in the printer. ROM is not lost when power is turned off and cannot be written to, hence the term “read-only.” ROM-resident fonts are fonts which are permanently stored in a printer and available at any time.<br>See <i>also</i> RAM.                                                    |
| roman      | A type style in which the characters are upright. This sentence is printed in a roman type style.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| RTS        | <i>Abbrev. for Request To Send.</i> Control signal from the printer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## S

|            |                                                                                         |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| sans serif | A typeface or font in which the characters do not have serifs. This font is sans serif. |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

serial communications

The sequential transmission of data, in which each element is transferred in succession.

serial matrix

A type of printing technology used in some impact printers. Data is sent to the printer through either a serial or a parallel interface, but the print head must receive the data serially in order to form each character. The moving print head uses pins to form whole characters one at a time and one after the other. The pins print dots according to programmed matrix patterns. A line matrix printer also forms characters with dots in matrix patterns, but it feeds print data in parallel to many hammers mounted on a rapidly oscillating shuttle. The hammers fire simultaneously to print entire dot rows (hence lines) at a time.

serif

A short line stemming from and at an angle to the upper or lower end of the stroke of a letter or number character.



set

To turn on, activate, invoke, or enable.

shadow printing

A typeface with a heavy line thickness produced by doublestriking. The printer forms a character then prints it again, but the second position is fractionally offset from the first position.  
*See also* bold, character weight.

shuttle

The subassembly in a line matrix printer that includes the hammer bank assembly, plus some or all of the drive mechanism.

size, type

*See* point.

slewing

Rapid vertical paper movement.

soft reset

*See* warm start.

SOH

*Abbrev. for* Start Of Header.

spacing

*See* font, proportional and font, monospaced.

start bit

The signal that indicates the start of a character or element in a serial data stream.

stop bit

The signal that indicates the end of a character or element in a serial data stream.

string

Two or more bytes of data or code treated as a unit.

style, type

*See* type style.

symbol set

*See* character set.

## T

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TOF              | <i>Abbrev. for Top Of Form.</i> Also written “top-of-form.”                                                                                                                  |
| true             | On or 1. “High true” refers to a positive relative voltage representing the ON state; “low true” refers to a zero or negative relative voltage representing the ON state.    |
| twinax           | Twinaxial cable. An electrical signal conductor consisting of two wires surrounded by insulation and a braided shield. Used to connect computers to input or output devices. |
| type family      | See typeface.                                                                                                                                                                |
| type size        | See point.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| type style       | Refers to either the upright or italic character style in a specific font family. Roman is upright; <i>italic is slanted.</i>                                                |
| typeface         | A descriptive name or brand name that identifies a particular design of type. Also called type family.                                                                       |
| typographic font | See font, proportional.                                                                                                                                                      |

## U

|     |                                            |
|-----|--------------------------------------------|
| UPC | <i>Abbrev. for Universal Product Code.</i> |
|-----|--------------------------------------------|

## V

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VFU | <i>Abbrev. for Vertical Format Unit.</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| VGL | <i>Abbrev. for Code V Graphics Language.</i> An emulation of the QMS Code V Magnum firmware. The software version of the old hardware based IGP that is used in the Printronix PSA line of printers. It provides the same forms and barcode generation capabilities as the IGP. |
| VT  | <i>Abbrev. for Vertical Tab.</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## W

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| warm start | A reboot or soft reset, in which the following occurs: 1) data is cleared from all buffers (I/O and internal print buffers); 2) all internal system variables are set to default values, which is transparent to the user; and 3) the power-up configuration values, except the |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



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|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        | host I/O selection, are loaded. If the user has not defined power-up configuration values, the printer resets to the factory default configuration values.                                                                                                                          |
| weight | See character weight.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| word   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A storage unit consisting of the number of bits that comprise one storage location in main memory.</li> <li>2. The name used for a variable or constant in a program.</li> <li>3. The data value occupying a storage location.</li> </ol> |
| write  | To place data in memory (RAM, NVRAM) or in mass storage (hard disk, floppy diskette, etc.).                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## X

|       |                                                                                                              |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X-OFF | A character transmitted by the printer announcing that the printer is off-line or the buffer is almost full. |
| X-ON  | A character transmitted by the printer announcing that the printer is on-line or the buffer is almost empty. |



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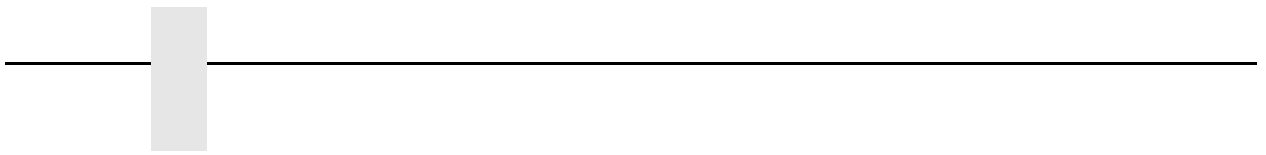
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