



# USER MANUAL

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## LCSC-A

Intelligent Solar Charger+Built-in Timer



Please read the instructions carefully and thoroughly before using the product. It comes with a number of outstanding features, such as:

- ◆ Positive grounding;
- ◆ Automatic 12/24 V detection;
- ◆ Waterproof:IP68, in 1.5 m water depth 72 Hours;
- ◆ External temperature sensor for temperature compensation of charge voltages;
- ◆ Improved 4 stage charging (main, boost, equalization, float) for flooded battery, 3 stage charging (main, boost, float) for sealed battery;
- ◆ Multi optional output mode easily meeting different demands;
- ◆ With electricity protection data-saving function;
- ◆ Perfect protections on reverse polarity (battery or solar panel), over-charge, over-discharge, over load, short circuit, TVS lightening;
- ◆ Imported good-quality components contributing to high reliability;
- ◆ Widely programmable;

## Installation and connecting

### Notes

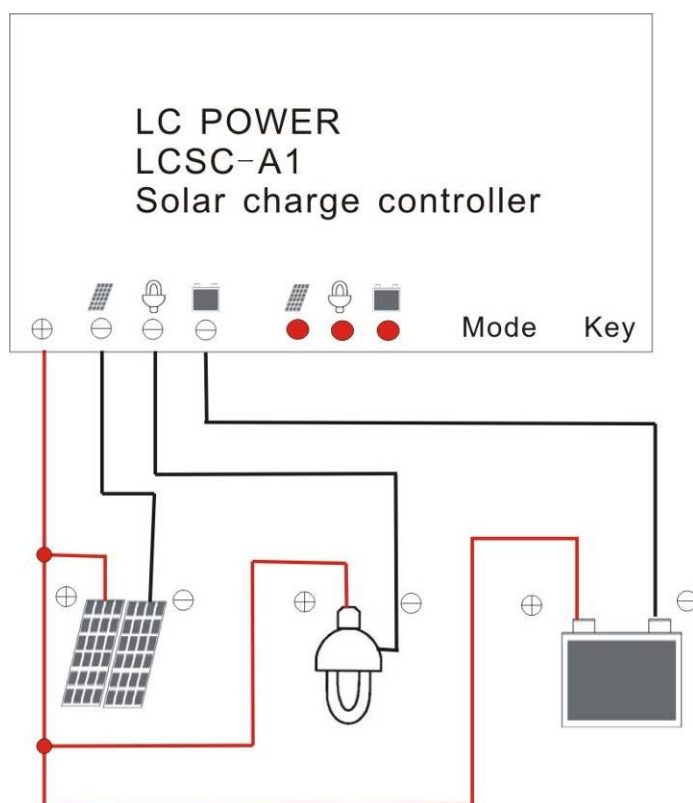
- ◆ The solar panel voltage may exceed human body safety voltage in 24V system. So it is better to cover the solar panel and use insulating tools;
- ◆ No damage to controller but to load if battery reverse polarity connecting;
- ◆ Short circuit may damage battery permanently, one fuse between battery and controller are recommended;
- ◆ Please install in ventilated environment and keep the heat dissipation good, because temperature will rise when it is running.;
- ◆ Make sure the distance between battery and controller is short as possible;
- ◆ Recommended minimum wire size: 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> ;

- ◆ Controller has Reverse Current Protection function relay on MOSFET which detects the current direction regularly;


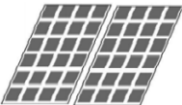
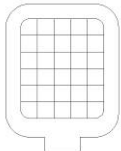
### Installation steps

1. Be aware that the positive terminals of LCSC are connected; the electrical potential is the same. There for, only the positive pole could grounded.
2. Please following the diagram below before wiring; at first, connect all the positive terminals of battery, solar panel, load and controller (red wire);
3. Controller starts to work after connecting the correspond negative terminals of controller and battery; System voltage will be detected and showed on the nixie tube, “1” (stand for 12V system) and “2” (stand for 24V system);
4. Connect the correspond negative terminals of solar panel and controller;
5. Connect the correspond negative terminals of controller and Load;

### WIRING DIAGRAM



## Display & Warning Functions

| Image   | Indication  | Status      | Description                 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
|  | Battery     | On          | Battery working normally    |
|   |             | Off         | No battery connected        |
|   |             | Slow flash  | Battery undervoltage        |
|   |             | Quick flash | Battery overvoltage         |
|  | Solar panel | On          | Daytime                     |
|   |             | Off         | Nighttime                   |
|   |             | Slow flash  | Charging                    |
|   |             | Quick flash | Controller over temperature |
|  | Load        | On          | Load on                     |
|   |             | Off         | Load off                    |
|   |             | Slow flash  | Over load protection        |
|   |             | Quick flash | Short circuit protection    |

## Output Mode

The controller can automatically detect day/night through testing the open circuit voltage of the solar panel, requires no user settings and adjustments during use in different area or season.

There are 4 modes available:

- Light control “on” and light control “off” (10);  
Light control “on” and time control “off” (1n): Load starts working when controller detects dark and stop working as set time (the load stops working if controller detects “dawn” no matter the set ting time is achieved or not); <n stands for working time>;  
Load always “on” (15.);
- Dawn light Mode (2): The load would be turned on automatically as requested (several hours before dawn) working time before the morning.
- Manual mode (3): can switch output on or off manually no matter daytime or night; (30) load “off” , (31) load “on” .
- Debug mode (  $\text{E}$  ): used for debugging and installation;

**Remark:** No matter which mode, the controller turns off the output if the battery is over voltage or over-discharge.

| Image on tens digits | Description         | Image on unit digits | Description               |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1                    | Load on after dark  | 0                    | Load off before dawn      |
|                      |                     | 1~4.                 | Load off after 1-14 hours |
|                      | Load                | 5.                   | Always on                 |
| 2                    | Load on before dawn | 0 ~ 4.               | working time (0-14h)      |
| 3                    | Manual mode         | 0 ~ 1                | 0 load off<br>1 load on   |
| ⌂                    | Debug mode          |                      |                           |

**Remark:** the dot behind units digit on nixie tube stands for plus 10; eg. 3 stand for 3, 3. Stands for 13

## Keys and setting

Short Pressing: press key within 2 seconds

2 sec. pressing: press key within 2 to 4 seconds

4 sec. pressing: press key over 4 seconds

**Brows mode:** ( nixie tube turns off or on (except ⌂ pattern) ), 2 sec. pressing and enter setting mode (nixie tube flash).

Short pressing once, number on nixie tube change one time. User press 2 to 4 seconds or wait for 5 seconds when expect figure appeared and then nixie tube stop flashing, enter brows mode. Setting is done.

**Brows mode:** ( nixie tube turns off or on (except ⌂ pattern) ), 4 sec. pressing and enter debug mode (nixie tube displays ⌂ ). After 4 sec. pressing or wait for 3 minutes, automatically exits debug mode and recover to brows mode.

## SPECIFICATIONS

| Model  | LCSC-A1   | LCSC-A2   |
|--|---|-----------|
| System voltage                               | 12/24V auto recognition   |           |
| Max. charge/load current                     | 10A   | 20A       |
| Float Charge                                 | 13.8V/27.6V (25°C)  |           |
| Main Charge                                  | 14.4/28.8V (25°C)   |           |
| Boost charge                                 | 14.4/28.8V (25°C),<br>Activation: battery voltage < 12V/24V   |           |
| Deep discharge protection: Cut-off voltage   | 11V/22V   |           |
| Deep discharge protection: Reconnect voltage | 12V/24V   |           |
| Overvoltage protection                       | 16V/32V   |           |
| Max. panel voltage                           | 55V   |           |
| Temperature compensation                     | (-4mA/°C.2V)  |           |
| Max. own consumption                         | 5 ~ 10mA  |           |
| Night/day detection delay time               | 3 Min.  |           |
| Overload and short-circuit protection        | Overload: $\geq 1.2$ times rated current and last 20 seconds: $\geq 1.5$ times rated current and last 3 seconds;<br>Short-circuit: $\geq 2.5$ times rated current |           |
| Grounding                                    | Positive grounding possible   |           |
| Ambient temperature                          | (-40 ~ +55°C)   |           |
| Max. altitude                                | 4,000m above sea level  |           |
| Dimensions (LXWXH)                           | 82X59X20  | 82x100x20 |
| Weight                                       | 140g  | 300g      |
| Wire cross section                           | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup>  |           |
| Protection level                             | IP67 (1.5m, 72h)  |           |

1.2 times of rated current at least 20 seconds, grounding: positive grounding

**Remark: 1.** The parameters before or after the slash are correspond 12V or 24V systems respectively.

2. only solar panel or load can full load running if environment temperature is over 55 °C.

## Common Problems & Solutions

| Phenomenon   | Problem                                 | Solution  |
|--|---|---|
| Battery indicator off                                  | Battery working problem                 | Make sure the wiring between controller and battery is correct.   |
| Battery indicator slowly flash, without output         | Battery under over discharge protection | Charge to recover voltage   |
| Battery indicator quickly flash, without output        | Battery under over voltage protection   | Cut off output for protecting load, auto working after recovering voltage   |
| Solar indicator "off" in daytime                       | Solar panel wiring problem              | Make sure the wiring between controller and solar panel is correct.   |
| Solar indicator "on" in nighttime, without load output | System cannot detect night              | System detects "night" when solar voltage drops Less than 7V; Solar indicator be "off" and with load output; make sure solar panel not shone by light if no output 3 min. later |
| Solar indicator quick flash                            | No charging                             | Over temperature, solar charging "off"; System auto recovered when temperature return to normality.   |
| Load indicator slow flash, no output                   | Under over load protection              | Make sure the load power less than rated power of controller, press the button once to recover.   |
| Load indicator quick flash, no output                  | Under short circuit protection          | Remove the short circuit load, press the button once or wait to the next day (auto recover).  |
| others   | -                                       | Check the wiring  |

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

VERSION 20130301

MADE IN CHINA

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