Fortify[™] DR

Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (ICD) MODELS CD2231-40 (DF-1, IS-1) and CD2231-40Q (SJ4)



SPECIFICATIONS

- The Unique 40 J Safety Shock option, delivered energy, provides a greater DFT safety margin and may minimize the need for multiple DFT tests at implant.
- The SJ4 connector is designed to simplify implants by streamlining defibrillation connections into a single terminal pin and reducing the number of set screws.
- QHR[®] chemistry battery provides greater capacity for enhanced longevity and charge times.
- The addition of antitachycardia pacing (ATP) while charging and prior to charging in the VF zone further extends the programming options for converting tachyarrhythmias before or during charge.
- The % V-Pacing alert notifies clinics when percent ventricular pacing is greater than the programmed threshold.
- The Low Frequency Attenuation filter is designed to enhance sensing performance and may reduce the possibility of oversensing T waves.
- DeFT Response® technology tools provide more clinically proven, noninvasive options for managing high DFTs.
 - Programmable pulse widths allow the user to tailor the shock to the individual patient, making shocks more efficacious.¹
 - SVC shocking electrode can be quickly and noninvasively activated or deactivated with the touch of a button.
 - -40 J delivered energy provides unsurpassed energy for defibrillation.
 - Four programmable tilt options are available to accommodate variances among patients. $^{\rm 2}$
- Unique SenseAbility[®] feature, with Decay Delay and Threshold Start, provides the flexibility to fine-tune sensing to individual patient needs.
- QuickOpt[®] timing cycle optimization provides quick and effective optimization for more patients at the touch of a button.³
- Unique Morphology Discrimination plus AV Rate Branch SVT discrimination feature helps reduce the risk of inappropriate ICD shocks and is intended to promote fast, accurate diagnosis and delivery of therapy. Clinical data states that this combination resulted in a sensitivity of 100% with a specificity of 85%.⁴
- Unique AF Suppression[™] algorithm is clinically proven to suppress episodes of paroxysmal and persistent AF.
 Studies show a 25% decrease in symptomatic AF burden.⁵
- AT/AF Alerts notify patients and their clinics when a programmed AT/AF threshold or continuous episode duration has been exceeded, or when a high ventricular rate accompanies the AT/AF episode.
- Up to 45 minutes of continuous, fully annotated stored electrograms, including up to 60 seconds of pre-trigger information per electrogram.
- Unique Vibratory Patient Notifier allows even patients with hearing problems to be alerted to a low battery, lead-related complications and more.
- Automatic Daily High-Voltage (HV) Lead Integrity Test is designed to automatically test the HV lead on a daily basis to ensure therapy delivery for optimal patient safety.
- Multiple hardware and software system safeguards are included for added security and patient comfort.
- Decreased device footprint and volume with the most narrow (40 mm) design available for greater patient comfort and range of motion during activity.

- AutoCapture™ Pacing System offers the maximum in threshold adaptability and patient safety with ventricular Beat-by-Beat™ capture confirmation. The AutoCapture Pacing System automatically delivers a 5.0 V backup safety pulse when noncapture is detected.
- ACap[®] Confirm Pacing System periodically completes a threshold search and automatically adjusts amplitude to address patients' changing atrial thresholds.
- Designed to reduce unnecessary right ventricular pacing, the Ventricular Intrinsic Preference (VIP®) algorithm allows intrinsic conduction when possible and provides optimized ventricular support when needed.

Indications and Usage:

The Fortify pulse generators are intended to provide ventricular antitachycardia pacing and ventricular defibrillation for automated treatment of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias. AF Suppression pacing is indicated for suppression of paroxysmal or persistent atrial fibrillation in patients with the above ICD indication and sinus node dysfunction.

Contraindications:

Contraindications for use of the pulse generator system include ventricular tachyarrhythmias resulting from transient or correctable factors such as drug toxicity, electrolyte imbalance, or acute myocardial infarction.

Warnings and Precautions:

Resuscitation Availability. Do not perform device testing unless an external defibrillator and medical personnel skilled in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) are readily available.

Lead System to not use another manufacturer's lead system without demonstrated compatibility as undersensing cardiac activity and failure to deliver necessary therapy may result.

Avoiding Shock During Handling. Disable tachyarrhythmia therapy (Enable/Disable Tachy Therapy) or program tachyarrhythmia therapies Off during surgical implant and explant or post-mortem procedures as well as when disconnecting leads as the device can deliver a serious shock if you touch the defibrillation terminals while the device is charged.

Additional Pacemaker Implanted. These devices provide bradycardia pacing. If another pacemaker is used, it should have a bipolar pacing reset mode and be programmed for bipolar pacing to minimize the possibility of the output pulses being detected by the device.

Modifying the Device. This device has been tested for compliance to FCC regulations. Changes or modifications of any kind not expressly approved by St. Jude Medical could wid the user's authority to operate this device. Suboptimal Radio Frequency (RF) Communication. The Merlin® Patient Care System (PCS) indicates the quality of the RF communication by the telemetry strength indicator LEDs on both the Merlin PCS and the Merlin Antenna. Please see the User's Manual for a list of potential causes to suboptimal radio communication.

Potential Adverse Events:

Possible adverse events (in alphabetical order) associated with the system, include, but are not limited to the following: acceleration of arrhythmias (caused by device), air embolism, allergic reaction, bleeding, cardiac tamponade, chronic nerve damage, death, erosion, exacerbation of heart failure, excessive fibrotic tissue growth, extracardiac stimulation (phrenic nerve, diaphragm, chest wall), extrusion, fluid accumulation, formation of hematomas or cysts, inappropriate shocks, infection, keloid formation, lead abrasion and discontinuity, lead migration/dislodgment, myocardial damage, peumothorax, shunting current or insulating myocardium during defibrillation with internal, or external paddles, potential mortality due to inability to defibrillate or pace, thromboemboli, venous occlusion, venous or cardiac perforation. Patients susceptible to frequent shock despite antiarrhythmic medical management, may develop psychological intolerance to an ICD or CRT-D system that may include the following: dependency, depression, lear of premature battery depletion, fear of shocking while conscious, fear of losing shock capability, imagined shocking (phantom shock).

Refer to the User's Manual for detailed indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions and potential adverse events.



PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS			Post-Therapy
Models	CD2231-40	CD2231-40Q	Post-Shock Pa
Telemetry	RF	RF	Post-Shock Ba
Volume (cc)	40/45	40/45 35	Post-Shock Pa
Weight (g)	76	75	Device Testin
Size (mm)	74 x 40 x 14	71 x 40 x 14	DC Fibber™ Pu
Defibrillation Lead Connections	DF-1	SJ4	Burst Fibber C
High-Voltage Can	IS-I Flectrically active titanium can	514, 15-1 Flectrically active titanium can	Stimulation (N
PARAMETERS	Sattings		Patient Notifi
	Jottings		
AF Management			Programmable
AF Suppression [™] Pacing	On; Off		
No. of Overdrive Pacing Cycles Maximum AF Suppression Rate	15-40 IN STEPS OF 5 80-150 nnm		
Sansing/Datastian	00 100 ppm		Device Parame
Sensing/Detection			Entry Into Bac
Sense <i>Ability®</i> Technology	Automatic Sensitivity Control adju	stment for atrial and ventricular events	Number of Vib
Threshold Start	(Post-Sensed: Atrial) 50: 62.5: 75:	: 100%:	Number of Not
	(Post-Paced; Atrial) 0.2-3.0 mV;	, ,	Time Between
	(Post-Sensed; Ventricular) 50; 62.	5;75;100%;	Electrograms
Decem Delen	(Post-Paced; Ventricular) Auto; 0.2	2-3.0 mV	Stored Electro
Vecay Delay Ventricular Sense Refractory (ms)	(Post-Sensed/Post-Paced; Atrial/) 125-157	ventricular) U-220	
Detection Zones	VT-1; VT-2; VF		
SVT Discriminators	AV Rate Branch; Sudden Onset; Int	erval Stability; Morphology	Therapy Summ
	Discrimination (MD) with Manual o	or Automatic Template Update	Episodes Sumi
Reconfirmation	Continuous sensing during chargin	Ig	
Antitachycardia Pacing Therapy			Lifetime Diagn
ATP Configurations	Ramp; Burst; Scan; 1 or 2 scheme:	s per VT zone	AT/AF Burden
ATP in VF Zone	ATP While Charging; ATP Prior to C	harging; Off	Histograms
ATP Upper Rate Cutott Burst Cycle Length	150-300 DPM Adaptive: Readaptive or Fixed		
Min. Burst Cycle Length (ms)	150-400 in increments of 5		
Number of Bursts	1-15		DMT Data
Number of Stimuli	2-20		Real-Time Mea
Add Stimuli per Burst ATP Pulse Amplitude (V)	Un; Uff 7.5 independently programmable f	rom Bradycardia and Post-Therapy Pac	inα
ATP Pulse Width (ms)	1.0 or 1.5 independently programm	able from Bradycardia	1 Marcala
	and Post-Therapy Pacing	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1. moucnawar multicenter
High-Voltage Therapy			2. Sweeney MO
High-Voltage Output Mode	Fixed Pulse Width; Fixed Tilt		tilt biphasic
Waveform	Biphasic; Monophasic		3. Baker JH, M
RV Polarity Electrode Configuration	Cathode (-); Anode (+) RV to Can, RV to SVC/Can		and dual-ch
	NV 10 0all, NV 10 3V0/0all		4. Sperzel J, M
Bradycardia Pacing			in an ICD. E
Permanent Modes	DDD(R); DDI(R); VVI(R); AAI(R); P	acer Off	5. Carlson MD
Temporary Modes Rate-Adantive Sensor	On: Off: Passive	VUU; AUU	Atrial Dyna
Programmable Rate and	Off; Base Rate (ppm); Rest Rate (p	opm); Maximum Tracking Rate (ppm);	QHR is a regis
Delay Parameters	Maximum Sensor Rate (ppm); Pace	ed AV Delay (ms); Sensed AV Delay (ms));
	Rate Responsive AV Delay; Hystere	sis Rate (ppm); Rate Hysteresis with S	earch
QuickOpt [®] Timing Cycle Optimization Auto Mode Switch (AMS)	Sensed/Paced AV delay		
Atrial Tachycardia Detection Rate	110-300		
AMS Base Rate	40; 45; 135		
Auto PMT Detection/Termination	Atrial Pace; Off; Passive		
Rate Responsive PVARP/VREF	Off; Low; Medium; High	- 6 0F 100 000 in in more to a 6 10)	
Ventricular intrinsic Preference (VIP Ventricular AutoCanture™	0n: Off	s of 20; 100-200 III Increments of 10)	
Pacing System	, •		
ACap® Confirm	On; Monitor; Off		
ATRIAL FIBRILLATION CA	RDIAC RHYTHM MANAGEM	ENT CARDIOVASCULAR	NEUROMODULATION
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CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW (USA) RESTRICTS THIS DEVICE TO SALE, DISTRIBUTION AND USE BY OR ON THE ORDER OF A PHYSICIAN.

Brief Summary: Prior to using these devices please review the User's Manual for a complete listing of indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, potential adverse events and directions for use. Unless otherwise noted, [®] or TM indicates a registered or unregistered trademark or service mark owned by, or licensed to, St. Jude Medical, Inc. or one of its subsidiaries. ST. JUDE MEDICAL, the nine-squares symbol and MORE CONTROL. LESS RISK. are registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks of St. Jude Medical, Inc. and its related companies. ©2010 St. Jude Medical, Inc. All rights reserved. Item No.G0317

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Post-Therapy Pacing (independently programmable from Bradycardia and ATP)

Post-Shock Pacing Mode Off; AAI; VVI; DDI; DDD Post-Shock Base Rate (ppm) 30-100 in increments of 5 Post-Shock Pacing Duration (min) Off; 0.5; 1; 2.5; 5; 7.5; or 10

Device Testing/Induction Methods

DC Fibber[™] Pulse Duration (sec) 0.5-5.0 Burst Fibber Cycle Length (ms) 20-100 Noninvasive Programmed 2-25 stimuli with up to 3 extrastimuli Stimulation (NIPS)

Patient Notifiers

Programmable Notifiers (On; Off)	Device at ERI; Charge Time Limit Reached; Possible HV Circuit Damage; Atrial Lead Impedance Out of Range; Ventricular Lead Impedance Out of Range; High-Voltage Lead Impedance Out of Range; AT/AF Burden; V Rate During AT/AF; Long AT/AF Episode
Device Parameter Reset	On
Entry into Backup VVI Mode	On
Vibration Duration (sec)	2; 4; 6; 8; 10; 12; 14; 16
Number of Vibrations per Notification	2
Number of Notifications	1-16
Time Between Notifications (hours)	10; 22
Electrograms and Diagnostic	
Stored Electrograms	Up to 45 minutes including up to 1 minute programmable pre-trigger data per VT/VF diagnosis/detection electrograms; triggers include

Stored Electrograms	Up to 45 minutes including up to 1 minute programmable pre-trigger
	data per VT/VF diagnosis/detection electrograms; triggers include
	diagnosis; therapy; atrial episode; PMT termination; PC shock delivery;
	noise reversion; magnet reversion; and morphology template verification
Therapy Summary	Diagram of therapies delivered
Episodes Summary	Directory listing of up to 60 episodes with access to more details including
	stored electrograms
ifetime Diagnostics	History of bradycardia events and device-initiated charging
AT/AF Burden Trend	Trend data and counts
/entricular HV Lead Impedance Trend	Multi-Vector Trend Data
listograms	Event Histogram; AV Interval Histogram; Mode Switch Duration Histogram;
	Peak Filtered Rate Histogram; Atrial Heart Rate Histogram; Ventricular
	Heart Rate Histogram; AT/AF Burden; Exercise and Activity Trending;
	V Rates during AMS
PMT Data	Information regarding PMT detections
Real-Time Measurements (RTM)	Pacing lead impedances; high-voltage lead impedances;
	and signal amplitudes

1. Mouchawar G, Kroll M, Val-Mejias JE et al. ICD waveform optimization: a randomized prospective, pair-sampled multicenter study. PACE 2000;23(Part II):1992-1995.

Sweeney MO, Natale A, Volosin KJ et al. Prospective randomized comparison of 50%/50% versus 65%/65% till biphasic waveform on defibrillation in humans. PACE 2001;24:60-65.

3. Baker JH, Mckenzie J, Beau S et al. Acute evaluation of programmer-guided AV/PV and VV delay optimization comparing an IEGM method and echocardiogram for cardiac resynchronization therapy in heart failure patients and dual-chamber ICD implants. *Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology* 2007;18:185-191.

Sperzel J, Meine M et al. A new automatic update function of the morphology template used for SVT/VT discrimination in an ICD. Europace Supplements 2002;3:A131, #1515.

Carlson MD et al. A new pacemaker algorithm for the treatment of atrial fibrillation: results of the Atrial Dynamic Overdrive Pacing Trial (ADOPT). JACC 2003;42:627-633.

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