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Appendix A. Error Code

Appendix B. GLOSSARY

Appendix C. Structure of GMWIN Menu

Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1. Characteristics of GMWIN

GMWIN is a programming and debugging tool for the full range of GLOFA PLC. GMWIN software has the following features.

1) Comfortable Interface

It is possible to compile and debug several programs at the same time and maximizes user's other convenience.

2) Supporting Various Languages

It supports various languages like LD, SFC, IL. So you can select and use applicable language to a system.



3) Using Variables by Symbol

You can create a program using symbols for easy understanding and memory address is also assigned automatically. It supports various data types. So you can create high-leveled programs.

Variable Kind	WITCH4 VAR	OK Cancel Help
Data Type C Elementary : C FB Instance : C Array (0., Initial Value	BOOL BYTE WORD DWORD LWORD LWORD SINT INT DINT	Memory Allocation Auto Assign (AT) :
Comments	LINT USINT UINT	Init. Array

4) PLC System using Project Unit

It is very easy to create and test a program because you can include several programs in one PLC system.

🔁 c:\gmwin\source\enginelines.prj	_ 🗆 ×
🖻 PROJECT ==> PLC Type : GM1 Writer : Tom Smith	
CONFIGURATION(PLC) ==> Configuration Name : UNNAMED	
CONFIGURATION GLOBALS ==> 3 variables declared	
ACCESS VARIABLES ==> 2 variables declared	
RESOURCE(CPU) 0 ==> Name : RESO	
RESOURCE GLOBALS ==> 0 variables declared	
TASK DEFINITIONS ==> 3 tasks defined	
LD] PROGRAM ==> WELDING : c:\gnwin\source\robot.src	
[IL] PROGRAM ==> INST1 : c:\gmwin\source\robot2.src	
SFC] PROGRAM ==> INST2 : c:\gmwin\source\robot3.src	
LD] PROGRAM ==> INST3 with task _H_INIT : c:\gmwin\source\robot4.src	
COMMENTS for DIRECT VARIABLES ==> 6 variables declared	
PARAMETERS	
BASIC PARAMETERS	
I/O PARAMETERS	
E:\gmwin\lib\communi.lfb	
- ■ c:\gmwin\lib\remote3.lfb	
E c:\gmwin\lib\remote4.lfb	
└∎]c:\gmwin\lib\special.lfb	

Chapter 1. Introduction

5) Connecting GMWIN to PLC by Easy Network

You can download and monitor programs not only in directly connected PLC but also in a local PLC connected by network.

6) Various PLC Information

It is available to monitor various PLC states and to use this function in the program mode.

7) User-Defined Libraries

Besides standard functions and function blocks, you can define a frequently used program as one of functions or function blocks for your convenience.

1.2. How to Connect GMWIN to PLC

In connection GMWIN to PLC, you must previously define two options – "Method of Connection" and "Depth of Connection" in Connect Option.

There are four kinds of methods of connection, using RS-232C, MODEM, Communication module (GLOFA Fnet/Mnet for PC) and Network (Ethernet), and three kinds of depth of connections such as Local, Remote 1 and remote 2. When using Windows 3.x for operating system, the connections using Communication module and Network are not supported.

Select *Connect option* in *Project - Option* menu.

1.2.1. Method of Connection

1) Connection using RS-232C

To use RS-232C connection, connect the RS-232C cable with the serial port in PC and serial port in PLC

From the Project Menu, choose *Option*.

Option			?
Make Option Monitor/Debug C)ption Auto Save Direc	ctory Set Connect (Option
RS-232C Modem GLOFA Fnet for PC GLOFA Mnet for PC Ethernet	Communication Port	COM1	Y
Depth of Connection			
● Local			
C Remote 1			
C Remote 2			
	OK	Cancel	Help

Choose Connect Option tab in the Option dialog box.

- ◆ Select *RS-232C* in Method of Connection.
- Select Communication Port.
- Select *Depth of Connection* and click *OK* button.

Local Connection

- Select *Local* in Depth of Connection and click *OK* button.
- Choose Connect from the Online Menu

Remote Connection (See GLOFA Fnet/Mnet user's manual for more details),

- Open Network Type List and select a network type.
- ◆ Type a station number in Station No. Box.
- Select slot number.
- Click *OK* button.
- Choose *Connect* from the Online Menu.



2) Connection using Modem

The long distance connection using modem is only available by Remote Connection. To be connected with PLC, the computer link board($G \square L - CUEA$) must be mounted on the computer.

- ◆ From the Project Menu, choose *Option*.
- ◆ Select *Connect Option* in *Option*.

Option Make Option Monitor/Debug	Option Auto Save Dir	ectory Set Connect Option	? ×
Method of Connection			
C RS-232C	Dial-up Moden	n 🔿 Dedicate Modem	
Modem	Communication Port	COM2	
C GLOFA Fnet for PC	BPS	110 💌	
C GLOFA Mnet for PC	Phone No.	909-123-4567	
C Ethernet	r none ivo.	303-123-4301	
Networ	of Remote 1 k Type A Cnet		
	OK	Cancel Help	>

- Select *Modem* in Method of Connection.
- ◆ Select Dial-Up Modem or Dedicate Modem.
- ◆ Setup Communication Port(COM1 ~ COM4), BPS and Phone No.
- Click *OK* button.

3) Connection using Communication Module

To use Communication module connection (GLOFA Fnet for PC or GLOFA Mnet for PC), Fnet(Fieldbus) or Mnet(Mini-MAP) module for PLC and boards for PC.

After installing communication board for PC in PC, you must setup the address to be used by communication module for PC with changing config.sys file in Windows folder of PC (See GLOFA Fnet/Mnet user's manual for detail comment). Example) device = c:\windows\emm386.exe noems x=d000-d4000

- From the Project Menu, choose Option.
- ◆ Select *Connect Option* in *Option*.

otion Make Option Monitor/D	ebug Option Auto Save Dire	ectory Set Connect	? Option
Method of Connection			
C RS-232C C Modem C GLOFA Fnet for PC	Port Address Memory Address	0x200	•
C GLOFA Mnet for P	,	1	
C Ethernet			
	tting of Remote 1 twork Type Station No LOFA Fnet	. 0	
	0K	Cancel	Help

- Select GLOFA Fnet for PC or GLOFA Mnet for PC in Method of Connection.
- Setup Port Address and Memory Address.

Remote Connection (See GLOFA Fnet/Mnet user's manual for detail comment information)

- Select Station No.
- Select Online-Connection in menu and click OK button.
- Choose *Connect* from the Online Menu.

Port Address and Memory Address must be identified with the ones set in the communication board mounted on PC.

4) Connection using Network

Network connection is only available for Remote connection. To use this connection, Enet(Ethernet) module and the network system must be installed.

- From the Project Menu, choose *Option*.
- ◆ Select *Connect Option* in *Option*.

)ption				?>
Make Option Mon	iitor/Debug Option A	uto Save Directo	ry Set Connect C)ption
Method of Conne	ection			
C RS-232C				
O Modem				
O GLOFA Fnet	for PC			
C GLOFA Mnet	t for PC			
 Ethernet 				
Cepth of Connect Remote 1 Remote 2	Setting of Remote	IP address:		
		OK	Cancel	Help

Select *Ethernet* in Method of Connection.

Remote Connection (See GLOFA Fnet/Mnet user's manual for more detail information)

- Setup IP address.
- Click OK button.
- Choose *Connect* from the Online Menu.

1.2.2. Depth of Connection

1) Local Connection

- ◆ From the Project Menu, choose *Option*.
- Select *Connect Option* in *Option*.
- Select *Local* in Depth of Connection.

Option			? ×
Make Option Monitor/Debug	g Option Auto Save Di	rectory Set Connect	Option
© RS-232C © Modem	Communication Port	COM2	•
 GLOFA Fnet for PC GLOFA Mnet for PC 			
Depth of Connection			
© Local			
C Remote 1 C Remote 2			
	OK	Cancel	Help

- Click OK button.
- Choose *Connect* from the Online Menu.



- 2) Remote 1 Connection
- From the Project Menu, choose *Option*.
- Select *Connect Option* in *Option*.
- Select *Remote 1* in Depth of Connection.

Option ?	×
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Connect Option	
Method of Connection	
RS-232C Communication Port COM2	
O GLOFA Fnet for PC	
C GLOFA Mnet for PC	
C Ethernet	
Depth of Connection Setting of Remote 1 C Local Network Type Station No. 0	
© Remote 1 GLOFA Fnet Slot O	
C Remote 2 C 4 C 5 C 6 C 7	
OK Cancel Help	

- Select *Network Type* and *Slot* in Depth of Connection.
- Select Station No. (only available in GLOFA Fnet, Fdnet and Mnet) or IP address(GLOFA-Enet). decimal or hexadecimal numbers are all available for Station No.
- Click OK button.

3) Remote 2 Connection

- From the Project Menu, choose *Option*.
- Select *Connect Option* in *Option*.
- Select *Remote 2* in Depth of Connection.

Option				? ×
Make Option Monito	or/Debug Option A	uto Save Direct	ory Set Connect	Option
Method of Connect	ion ———			
• RS-232C		_		
C Modem	Commu	nication Port	COM2	<u> </u>
C GLOFA Fnet fo	rPC			
C GLOFA Mnet fo	or PC			
C Ethernet				
Depth of Connection	on Setting of Remote	1		
O Local	Network Type	Station No.	0	
C Remote 1	GLOFA Fnet	Slot 💿 i	01 0	2 0 3
Remote 2			4 0 5 0	
	Setting of Remote	2		
	Network Type	Station No.	0	
		OK	Cancel	Help

Setup Remote 1 Box

• Select *Network Type* in Depth of Connection.

♦ Select *Slot* and *Station No*.

Decimal and hexadecimal numbers are all available for the Station No.

Setup Remote 2 Box

- Select *Network Type* in Depth of Connection.
- ◆ Select *Slot* and *Station No*.

Decimal and hexadecimal numbers are all available for the Station No.

Click OK button.

GMWIN Manual



Chapter 2 Installation

2.1. System Requirements for GMWIN

Hardware and Software requirements for GMWIN are as below.

1) Personal computer and its memory capacity

- Personal computer (80386 / 80486 CPU or above)
- ♦ A minimum of 4 MB memory including extended memory.

2) Serial Port

♦ 1 or more serial port.

3) Hard disk

♦ 20 Mb Hard disk space

4) Resolution for Graphic Card

• Minimum 800 x 600 pixels or above

5) Floppy disk

• One floppy disk driver.

6) Mouse

- ♦ A windows 3.1/95 compatible mouse.
- 7) Printer
 - ◆ A windows 3.1/95 compatible printer.
- 8) Operating System
 - Windows 95 / 98

2.2. GMWIN Installation

Note

Installation program for GMWIN is compressed in floppy diskettes. So if you just copy all the programs in each floppy diskettes onto your hard disk, you cannot run GMWIN. To install GMWIN in your computer, Use installation program (SETUP.EXE) in "disk 1".

2.2.1. Installing Program

To install GMWIN for Windows, you must run an installation program(SETUP.EXE) in "disk 1" on Windows 95 / 98.

- Confirm that "disk 1" is inserted into your floppy disk driver.
- Click on the File menu in Program Manager.

Run	? ×
5	Type the name of a program, folder, or document, and Windows will open it for you.
<u>O</u> pen:	a:\setup.exe
	OK Cancel <u>B</u> rowse

- Select the Run command and run the setup.exe in disk 1.
- Click OK button. Then the setup wizard will guide you to install the program.





Click the Next button to continue the installation.

Choose Destination Loc	ation 🔀	
	Setup will install GMWIN in the following directory.	
	To install to this directory, click Next.	
	To install to a different directory, click Browse and select another directory.	
	You can choose not to install GMW/IN, by clicking Cancel to exit Setup.	
	Destination Directory	
	C:\GMWIN\ Browse	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	< <u>B</u> ack <u>Next></u> Cancel	

Select Destination Directory.

If you want to change the installing directory, click the Browse... button. You may cancel the installation by clicking the Cancel button in dialog box at anytime. • If you click the Browse... button in the dialog box, Choose Directory dialog box appears.



- Choose the destination path in the dialog box or enter the path name in the text box and click OK button.
- If the entered path name does not exist, the dialog box appears as below.

Setup	×
?	The directory:
~	'C:\GMWIN'
	does not exist. Do you want the directory to be created?
	Yes <u>N</u> o

If you would like to create the path, click Yes button.

- ◆ If you finish selecting installation path, click the Next button.
- Files in the floppy disk will be copied onto your hard disk.

Setup	
Copying program files gmwin.exe	
	<mark>51</mark> %
	Cancel

• When copy is completed, the setup wizard asks whether you read ReadMe.txt file or not.

Question	X
?	Do you want to read ReadMe.txt right now?
	Yes <u>N</u> o

• The icon for GMWIN will be registered at the Start-Up Program. Click OK button to finish the installation.

Informati	on 🛛 🕅
•	Setup Complete. The icon of program has been registred at StartUp-Program. You can run the application selecting the item.
	ОК

Chapter 3. Getting Started

GMWIN is a programming tool that compiles a program, makes an execution file, transfers a file to PLC, monitors and debugs PLC data. GMWIN uses the multiple document interface (MDI) method, so that it is possible to compile and debug several programs at the

3.1. Create a Program

same time.



Edit

Then the initial window is shown as below.

Step 1 : Create a Project

◆ Click *New Project* (icon or select the dialog box by clicking *Project* - *New....*

New Project	×
Project File Name : def0000.prj	OK
PLC Name : <not given=""></not>	Cancel
(Configuration Name)	
	Help
-Base Type	
CGM <u>R</u> CGM <u>1</u> CGM <u>2</u> €GM <u>3</u> CGM <u>4</u>	⊂ GM <u>5</u>
⊂ GM <u>6</u> ⊂ GM <u>7</u>	
Writer :	
⊂ Comments	

• Enter the information to the text boxes on *New Project* dialog box.

Project File Name	Engine Line
Base Type	GM3
Writer	LG Industrial Systems
Comments	Welding Process in engine line

New Project	×
Project File Name : Engine Line	ОК
PLC Name : <not given=""></not>	Cancel

• Click *OK* button.

Step 2 : Define a Program

Enter the information on the *Define Program* dialog box.

Define Program	X
Instance(Program) Name : WELDING	OK Cancel
	Help
Execution Control	
Single	
C Task	Browse
Program File Name	
c:\gmwin\sourcesrc	Browse

- Enter an instance(program) name in *Instance Name* text box.
- Enter 'robot.src' for Program File Name and click *OK* button.
- Open New Program dialog box.
- Select kind of language to use for the new program.
- Type Comments for the description of the program in *Comments* box.

Press Enter or OK button.

ogram File Name :robot.src	ок
_anguage	Cancel
SEFC OLD OLL OFBD OST	Help
Program Kind	
Program Block O Function Block	C Function
Function/Function Block Name :	
Return Data Type : BOOL	V
Comments	
Welding robot control	

- 1) Input a contact and output coil
 ◆ Click the left button of the mouse on the position of Row '0' and Column '1' in the LD window after selecting(1) icon in the toolbox.
- Click the mouse on the right side of contact of $\frac{1}{1}$ after selecting \bigcirc in the toolbox as below.

📳 c:\gmv	win\source\robot.src	_ 🗆 🗵	
Row O			
Row 1			
Row 2			
Row 3			
Row 4			
Row 5			1
			111

◆ Select ↓ F in the toolbox and click the left button on the location of Row '1' and Column '1'.

📳 c:\gmv	win\source\robot.src	_ [IX
Row O		<><	
Row 1			
Row 2			
Row 3			
Row 4			
Row 5			
			• //

- 2) Insert a Function
- Select [F] in the toolbox using a mouse.
 Click the left button of mouse on the position of Row '1' and Column '2'.

Function List	×
Fun Groups All Arithmetic Function Bit Function Comparision Functio String Function System Function Time/Date Function Type Function	ADD ADD ADD ADD_TIME AND ARY_MOVE BCD_TO_INT BCD_TO_INT
Fun Comment	
OK	Cancel Help

Select Arithmetic Function `ADD' in *Fun Select* box and click *OK* button.



- \blacklozenge Enter '2' for the number of inputs.
- Click OK button.

👔 c:\gm	win\source\robot.src	
Row 0		
Row 1		
Row 2	TUO LNI	-
Row 3	_ IN2	
Row 4		-
Row 5		
		▶ <i>I</i> .

3) Variable Input

Select in the toolbox and double-click the left button of mouse on the location in the toolbox and Column '1'.

٧a	ariables							X
1	Name :	Switch	11		Direct Va	riable <u>C</u> omment		ОК
Γ'	Variables List—							
	Name		Var. Kind	Allocation	Used	Data Type	I	<u>F</u> lag
								Cancel Help
	Description	<u>A</u> dd. has no		Delete		Edit		

- Enter 'SWITCH 1' in the *Name* edit control.
- Click *OK* button.

Add/Edit Variables Variable Name : SWITCH1	ок
Variable Kind Variable Kind Variable Kind	Cancel
Data Type	Help
Elementary : BOOL	Auto
C FB Instance : CTD C Array (0) OF BOO	C Assign (AT) :
_ Initial Value	
	Init. Array
Comments	

• Click OK button.

📳 c:\gmw	vin\source\robot.src	
Row 0	SWITCHI	
Row 1	ADD EN ENO	
Row 2	TTO LAI	
Row 3	IN2	
Row 4		
Row 5		. 🖃
•		Ŀ //

◆ How to assign a variable to output coil and the input contact for ADD Function are same as the above one.



- Double-click the left button of mouse on the left of 'IN1' position (row '2', column '1') in the function 'ADD'.
- ◆ Enter the variable name 'ABC' on the *Name* edit control in *Variables* dialog box.

Variables					×
Name : - Variables List—	ABC		Direct Va	riable <u>C</u> omment	ок
Name	Var. Kind	Allocation	Used	Data Type	<u>F</u> lag
LIMIT_SW1 MOTOR1 SWITCH1	VAR VAR VAR	<auto> <auto> <auto></auto></auto></auto>		BOOL BOOL BOOL	Cancel Help
Description — This variable I	<u>A</u> dd	<u>D</u> elete		<u>E</u> dit	

• Click OK button. Then Add/Edit Variables dialog box appears.

Add/Edit Variables	>
Variable Name : ABC Variable Kind Variable Kind : VAR	OK Cancel Help
Data Type Image: Elementary : Image: Elementary :	Memory Allocation
Comments	Init. Array

Click *OK* button. Then variable name 'ABC` is assigned as 'IN1' of the function 'ADD'.

😭 c:\gm	vin\source\robot.src	
Row 0	30ITCH1	MOTOR1
Row 1	LIMIT_SW1 ADD EN ENO	
Row 2	AEC INI OUT	
Row 3	. 182	
Row 4		
Row 5		1

- ◆ Double-click the left button of the mouse on 'IN2' position (Row '3', Column '1').
- ◆ Then *Variables* dialog box appears.
- Enter Constant '1' in the edit control of *Name*.

Variabl	es						×
Name _E Varial	e : 1 bles List			Direct Varia	able <u>C</u> omment		ОК
Nan	ne	Var. Kind	Allocation	Used	Data Type	1 [Elag
ABC LIMIT MOT SWIT	[_SW1 OR1	VAR VAR VAR VAR	<auto> <auto> <auto> <auto></auto></auto></auto></auto>		SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL		Cancel
							Help
	Add.		<u>D</u> elete		<u>E</u> dit	1	
Thi	is variable has no	t been defined.					

Click OK button. Then Constant '1' is assigned as 'IN2' of the function 'ADD'.

📳 c:\gm	win\source\robot.src	
Row O	SWITCH1	MOTOR1
Row 1	LIMIT_SUL ADD EN ENO	
Row 2	ABC INI OUT	
Row 3	1 _ IN2	
Row 4		•
Row 5		│ ▼ ▶

- Double-click the left button of the mouse on 'OUT' position (Row '2', Column '3') in the function 'ADD'.
- Enter the variable name 'ABC_ADD' in the edit control of *Name* in the Variables dialog box.

Variables					x
Name :	ABC_ADD		Direct Var	iable <u>C</u> omment	ОК
_ Variables List-					
Name	Var. Kind	Allocation	Used	Data Type	<u> </u>
ABC LIMIT_SW1 MOTOR1 SWITCH1	VAR VAR VAR VAR	<auto> <auto> <auto> <auto></auto></auto></auto></auto>		SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL	Cancel
	Add	Delete	1	<u>E</u> dit	Help
 _−Description		_	J _	_	
	has not been define	J.			

• Click OK button.

Add/Edit Variables	×
Variable Name : ABC_ADD Variable Kind Variable Kind : VAR	OK Cancel Help
Data Type Image: Elementary : Image: Elementary :	Memory Allocation Auto Assign (AT) :
Comments	Init. Array

Click *OK* button. Then the variable name 'ABC_ADD' is assigned as 'OUT' in the function 'ADD'.

😭 c:\gmv	win\source\robot.src	
Row 0	SUITCH1	MOTORI
Row 1	LIMIT_301 ADD	
Row 2	ABC INI OUT ABC_ADD	
Row 3	1 _ IN2	
Row 4		
Row 5		

Step 4 : Compile a Program

- Select *Compile Make* in the pull-down menu.
 Build the project file for the execution by running compiler.

Make All		×
Output File :	C:\GMWIN\Output\engine line.BN0	
Lines compi	led :	
P	ink success rogram : 288 bytes ata : 36 bytes	
	ОК	
Step 5 : Download a Program

- Be sure to connect the cable between PC and PLC before downloading the program.
- Select Online Connect + Write + Run + Monitor On.

Write to PLC Resou	rce0	×
Total Data Fra	mes 158	
Percentage of	Frames Sent (%)	:
	35%	
C	Cancel	

- Then the execution file is downloaded to PLC.
- After downloading the program, PLC must be 'Run' mode to enable monitoring.
- In order to turn 'SWITCH1' On forcibly, double-click the left button of the mouse on the position of the contact. Then Force Variable dialog box appears.

Force Variable	×
Variable Name	OK
SWITCH1	Cancel
Value	Help
Ŭ	

Enter the value of the contact as '1' in the edit control of *Value* and click *OK* button.

◆ To turn 'LIMIT_SW1' On forcibly, execute the same order as the above.

📳 c:\gmw	vin\source\robot.src <welding></welding>	
Row 0	SWITCH	MOTORI
Row 1	LIMIT_301 ADD EN ENO	
Row 2	ABC INI OUT ABC_ADD	
Row 3	1 _ IN2	
Row 4		
Row 5		
		Ĭ

The output coil 'MOTOR1' gets On/Off according to the condition of the input 'SWITCH1'.

Variable 'ABC_ADD' is increased by 1 according to the result of variable 'ABC'.

3.2. Configuration of Screen

GMWIN for Windows - engine line.prj	
<u>Project</u> P <u>r</u> ogram <u>E</u> dit <u>I</u> oolbox <u>C</u> ompile <u>O</u> nline <u>D</u> ebug <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u>	elp
	LIL X //
😰 c:\gmwin\source\noname01.src 📃 🛛 🗶 😭 c:\gmwin\so	urce\robot.src<\WEL 🔲 🗶 🎼 c:\gmwin\source\noname00.src 📃 💷 🗶
	TCH1 S1
Nu Instruction Input Varia	
0 NOP Row 1	I SWI ADD .
	0 1
Row 2 A	BC INI OUT ABC_ADD
Row 3	1 1972
Row 4	
Bow 5	
Kow 3	
Row 6	-
t c:\gmwin\source\engine line.prj	
	lustrial Systems 🔼
CONFIGURATION(PLC) ==> Configuration Name : 1	UNNAMED
ACCESS VARIABLES ==> 0 variables declared RESOURCE(CPU) 0 ==> Name : RESO	
RESOURCE (LOBALS ==> 0 variables declare	d L
TASK DEFINITIONS ==> 1 tasks defined	
	source\robot.src
COMMENTS for DIRECT VARIABLES ==> O variab	
	R1,C1

3.2.1. The Menu Bar

١.	. The we	nu bar		/	Hot-Ke	ys				
	<u>P</u> roject	P <u>r</u> ogram <u>E</u> dit	<u>T</u> oq lbox	Compile	<u>O</u> nline	<u>D</u> ebug	<u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp	-	Menu Bar
		<u>N</u> ew Open Save Save <u>A</u> s Sa <u>v</u> e All <u>C</u> lose	Ctrl+ Ctrl+ Ctrl+	• <u> </u>	6 h C			<u>1.</u>	~	Tool Bar
		<u>P</u> roperties								
		<u>L</u> ocal Variabl In/Out Variab								

To access the pull-down menus, click on a menu using a mouse or key. If menu item has the hot-key (Ctrl+X, Ctrl+C ...), you can select the menu directly by pressing hot-keys.

1) Project

Items		Description
New		Create a new project
Open		Open an existing project
Open From PLC		Up-load and open a project in PLC
Save		Save a project (Not program)
Save as		Save a program as another name
Close		Close a project
Add Project Item		Add new items (Program or Resource.: Resource can be added only in GM1.) to a project
Edit Project Item		Edit an item in a project
Delete Project Item		Delete items(Program, Resource) in a project
Up(Program)	Ctrl+U	Exchange a program order with the upper item in the project window
Down(Program)	Ctrl+W	Exchange a program order with the lower item in the project window
Edit M Region		Edit M area
Print		Print all or part of the contents in the active window
Printer Setup		Select the printer and Setup the options of the printer
Options		Setup options in GMWIN Connect Option, Monitor/Debug Option)
Library Manager		Create or edit library files
Insert Library		Insert a library file into the project
Start Simulation		Start or stop the simulation
Exit		Quit the application

2) Program

l l	tems	Description
New	Ctrl+N	Make a new program
Open	Ctrl+O	Open an existing program
Save	Ctrl+S	Save a program
Save as		Save a program as another name
Close		Close a program
Properties		Change program properties
Local Variables		Show and edit local variable
In/Out Variable:	S	Show and edit Input/Output variables for Function or Function block

In SFC Program Menu, more menus are added as below.

Items	Description
Action List	Show action lists
Transition List	Show transition lists

J) Luit

lt	ems	Description
Undo	Ctrl+Z	Undo the last action
Cut	Ctrl+X	Cut the selection and move it to Clipboard
Сору	Ctrl+C	Copy the selection to Clipboard
Paste	Ctrl+V	Copy the selection to edit window from Clipboard
Delete	Del	Delete the selection
Find	Ctrl+F	Search for letter
Replace	Ctrl+H	Search for letter and replace with another letter
Find Again Ctrl+	-F3	Run again 'Find' or 'Replace' command
Find-Move		Move a cursor to desired place

In SFC Program Menu, more menus are added as below.

Items	Description
Condense screen Ctrl_P	Determine the rate of the screen size
Comments	Show comments of action and transition
Arrange Number	Readjust step and transition numbers

In LD Program Menu, more menus are added as below.

Items		Description
Condense screen	Ctrl+E	Determine the rate of the screen size
Variable Comments	Ctrl+M	Show comments of variable in LD window
Delete Line	Ctrl+D	Delete a line
Delete Cell	Del	Delete a cell
Insert Line	Ctrl+L	Insert a line
Insert Cell	Ctrl+I	Insert a cell

4) Toolbox

In IL mode,

Item	Description	
Toolbox Type	Open/close a toolbox and adjust a position of toolbox	

In LD mode,

Items		Description	
Function	F2	Insert a function	
Function Block	F3	Insert a function block	
Label	F4	Insert a label	
Operator	F5	Insert an operator	
Delete	F6	Delete one line of program	
Variable Comment	F7	Show or hide comment column	
Insert/Overwrite	F8	Change a mode (Toggled)	

Insert contact, coil, function, function block, jump, return and etc.

In SFC mode,

Items	Description		
Step	F2	Insert a step or transition	
Branch	F3	Insert a selective or simultaneous branch	
Action/Transition	F4	Define a name of action or transition including Qualifier	
Label	F5	Insert a label	
Jump	F6	Insert a jump	
Zoom	F7	Open action or transition window	
Arrow Mode	Ctrl+A	Switch to Arrow mode	

In monitoring mode for LD and IL,

Item	Description
Select Array Subscript Specify array index for monitoring	

In Variable monitoring mode,

Items		Description	
Start/Stop	F2	Select start/stop mode for monitoring	
View	F3	Select an information of the variable to monitor	
Force F4 Enter the specified value for variable forcibly		Enter the specified value for variable forcibly	
Select F5 Select a variable to monitor		Select a variable to monitor	
Display Form F6		Show the variable to be monitored with hexadecimal or decimal format selectively	
Array Number select F7		Specify array range of variable for the type of Array	

In Time Chart monitoring mode,

Items		Description	
Start/Stop	F2	Select start/stop mode for monitoring	
View	F3	Select an information of the variable to monitor	
Force	F4	Enter the specified value for variable forcibly	
Select	F5	Select a variable to monitor	
Time	F6	Select the period to monitor	

In case of monitoring I/O

Items		Description	
Select Base F2 Select a base board to monitor		Select a base board to monitor	
Start/Stop	F3	Select start/stop mode for monitoring	

5) Compile

Items	Description		
Compile	Compile a program		
Make	Build a PLC execution file after compiling an active program in a project		
Build All	Make a PLC execution file after compiling all programs in a project		
Message	Show an error message after compiling		
Memory Reference	Show used global or direct variables		

6) Online

	Items	Description		
Connect+Write+Run+Monitor On Ctrl+R		Connect GMWIN to PLC, write a program created by user, change the operation mode and monitor it		
Connect		Connect GMWIN to PLC		
Disconne	ct	Disconnect GMWIN from PLC		
Read		Read PLC data		
Write		Write to PLC		
	Monitor On/Off	Start monitoring / Stop monitoring		
	Variable Monitor	Monitor variables		
Monitor	I/O Monitor	Monitor I/O's		
	Time Chart Monitor	Monitor Boolean variables in time chart format		
	Link Parameter Monitor	Monitor High speed link parameter		
Mode Cha	ange	Change PLC operation mode		
Data Clea	ır	Clear PLC data as '0'		
Reset		Reset CPU of PLC		
Flash Memory		Show the type of the flash memory in CPU Write data on a flash memory		
Link Enab	ble	Enable or disable the execution of the high speed link		
PLC Info		Show PLC information		
I/O Info		Show the information of PLC I/O's		
I/O Forcin	ig	Setup the forced I/O		
Link Info		Show the information of link module		
Comm Inf	0	Show the information of communication status		
Mnet Para	ameter	Show the information of Mnet parameter		
Mnet Info		Show Mnet information		
I/O Skip		Specify I/O to skip		
Fault Mask		Set Fault Mask		
Initialize Special Modules		Initialize Special Modules		
Start Online Edit		Select a target source		
Write for Online Edit		Compile and write for Online Edit		
Cancel Online Edit		Cancel current Online Edit		
Data Sha	re	Share the data for monitoring		

7) Debug

Items		Description	
Debug Start/Stop		Start/stop debugging (Toggled)	
Go	Ctrl+F9	Start or continue the program execution	
Step Over	Ctrl+F8	Step over the next statement	
Step Into		Step into the next statement	
Step Out		Step out of the current function or function block	
Pause		Pause the program execution	
Run to Cursor	Ctrl+F2	Run to cursor position	
Add/Remove Break	kpoint Ctrl+F5	Insert or remove a breakpoint	
Breakpoint List/Cor	ndition	Show breakpoints and break conditions	
Task Enable		Enable or disable the task execution	

8) Window

Items	Description	
Cascade	Arrange the windows as overlapping tiles	
Tile Horizontally	Arrange the windows as horizontal, non- overlapping tiles	
Tile Vertically	Arrange the windows as vertical, non-overlapping tiles	
Arrange Icons	Arrange icons	
Close All	Close all active windows	

3.2.2. The Tool Bar



Tool Bar buttons represent single action functions that you can perform by simply clicking on the appropriate button.

Tool	Comment	Tool	Comment
þ	New Project	¥	Connect + Write + Mode Change To Run + Start Monitor
0 <mark>7</mark>	Open Project	Ŋ	Connect
f	Save Project	IK	Disconnect
	New Program		Write
*	Open Program		Monitor Start/Stop
U,	Save Program	Ŵ	Run
	Local Variable	8	Stop
\bigcirc	Undo	Ş	Pause
ŝ	Cut	88	Debug Start
	Сору	,iiij	Debug Run
	Paste	₽	Step Over
	Delete	{ +}	Step Into
	Find	$\{ f \}_{i=1}^{k}$	Step Out
	Replace	•	Pause
1	Find Again	→{}	Run to Cursor
	Compile	[₿] -{}	Add/Remove Breakpoint
8	Make Execution File		

3.2.3. The Toolbox

IL	SFC	() () () ()
(*) C:	<u> </u>	(P) (N)
·단·단·		{F} {FB}
S Opr	Label Jump	<re></re>
Our	<u>\</u> q	<sc></sc>
SFC toolbox	IL toolbox	LD toolbox

You can create or edit a program using the toolboxes for each language. You can also execute the same function as the toolboxes by clicking *Toolbox* in the pull-down menu. You can change the position of the toolbox or the property by selecting *Toolbox - Toolbox Type* in the pulldown menu.

3.2.4. The Status Bar



1) Description Mode

Describes the function of the command or menu.

2) PLC Mode

Shows PLC type, PLC operating mode, Monitoring mode and more.

3) Cursor Position

Shows the location of the cursor in the screen as Row/Column.

4) Status of GMWIN

Shows the status of GMWIN(Edit mode, Monitor mode and Debug mode).

3.3. How to use a Dialog Box

Edit control, OK/Cancel/Help button, Option and List Box are in dialog box so you can define a required value or input.



: List is appeared by clicking a mouse of	n arrow in list hox and	you can select a list by clicking
. List is appeared by clicking a mouse of		you can sciect a list by clicking.

- : Click OK button to close a dialog box after entering a designated value.
- : Click Cancel button or double-click a mouse on adjustment menu box to cancel the setup and close the dialog box.

3.4. Files being created in GMWIN

OK button

Cancel button

If a user create a PLC execution file through building a project and editing a program, the following files are created.

<Program Name>.SRC: Program file created by user
<Program Name>.ASV: Program created by user is saved as this name periodically.
To create this file, you must setup the time value
by setting up the time cycle in *Option - Auto Save* in the pull-down menu. This file is
deleted automatically by closing a program window normally.
<Program Name>.OP?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Program Block)
<Program Name>.OB?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Function Block)
<Program Name>.OF?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Function Block)
<Program Name>.OF?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Function Block)
<Program Name>.OF?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Function Block)
<Program Name>.OF?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Function Block)
<Program Name>.OF?: It is created as object file when user compiles a program.
(in case of Function)
Example (OP3 : program block for GM3, OF4 : Function for GM4)

3.5. Open a File

To open a Project

Select Project - Open in the pull-down menu.

To open a Program

Select *Program - Open* in the pull-down menu.

Open				? ×
Look jn:	Carce	-	£	🔺 📰 🏢
la def0000.pi angine_lin				
See ongino_in				
I				
File <u>n</u> ame:	engine_line_of_car			<u>O</u> pen
Files of <u>type</u> :	Project Files (*.PRJ)		•	Cancel

- Look in the folder to open and select the file to open List box displays only files having an extension name selected in *Files of type* list box. (Project File : *.PRJ, Program File : *.SRC)
- Click *Open* button.

3.6. Save a File

3.6.1. Save a New File

Save a new file that is not ever saved.

To save a Project

• Select *Project - Save* in the pull-down menu.

To save a Program

- Select *Program Save* in the pull-down menu.
- Select a drive and folder to save the file.
- Enter a file name in the *File Name* text box. Input a *PRJ* extension for Project File and a *SRC* extension for Program File.
- Click Save button.

3.6.2. Save a File on Working

To save a project

- Select *Project Save* in the pull-down menu.
- To save a program
- Select *Program Save* in the pull-down menu.

3.6.3. Save as another name

You can save a project or program as another file name.

To save a Project

• Select *Project-Save as...* in the pull-down menu.

To save a Program

Select *Program - Save as...* in the pull-down menu.

Save As				? ×
Savejn: 🔁	Source	•	£	
🛋 def0000.prj				
engine_line_of_	car.prj			
🔳 test.prj				
🛋 test1.prj				
·				
File <u>n</u> ame: test	1			<u>S</u> ave
Save as type: Pro	ject Files (*.PRJ)		-	Cancel
5. 1				

- ◆ Select a drive and folder to save the file.
- Enter a file name in the *File Name* text box.
 - Input a *PRJ* extension for Project File and a *SRC* extension for Program File.
- Click Save button.

3.7. Close a File

<Method 1>

Click a mouse on the Adjustment Menu Box on the right-upper corner of the active window.

<Method 2>

To close a Project

Select *Project - Close* in the pull-down menu.

To close a Program

• Select *Program - Close* in the pull-down menu.

If the file was not saved, then following dialog box appears.

GMWIN (or Windows
?	This will end your GMWIN for windows session.
	Cancel
Close Pro	ogram 🔀
?	Program window 'c:\gmwin\source\robot.src' is about to be closed. Save file before closing?
	Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel

To save a file

Click Yes button.

Not to save a file

Click No button.

• Click *Cancel* button to cancel

Chapter4 Edit a Project

Project is a basic element of GLOFA PLC. Basically, one project can be created for each PLC system. Project consists of Configuration part, Parameter part and Included Library files. Configuration part is software part such as Global variables, Access variables, Resource contents and etc.. Parameter part is a hardware part such as basic parameters, I/O parameters, link parameters and etc. And Library files can be added or deleted in Included Library Files part.



Items Descriptions	
Project	Define all the PLC systems
Configuration	Set definition about PLC program
Configuration Global Variable	Variable which can be used in the configuration
Access Variable	Accessible variable list from other Configurations
Resource	CPU module
Resource Global Variable	Variable which can be used in all resources within a project
Task Definition	Definition of program executive conditions
Program Definition	Definition of each program and it's executive conditions
Direct Variable Comment	Comment list using in direct variable
Parameter	Defined content for the hardware in PLC system
Basic Parameter	Definition of basic hardware parameter
I/O Parameter	Described content on input/output module
High Speed Link Parameter	Described content on high speed link parameters
Redundancy Parameter Described content on input/output circuit and fault mask (fo	
Communication Parameter	Described content on communication (for GM7 only)
Included library files	File list for currently used libraries

GMWIN Manual

Reference: How to use folder

You can use the tree list to see briefly or detail tree list by clicking a mouse or pressing the right/left arrow key.

- Copened folder. If you click this folder, it changes into closed folder and lower branch is disappeared.
- Folder that can be opened. If you click this folder, it changes into opened folder and lower branch is appeared

).

- : Unable to open folder (it describes an item).
- : This folder means each item.

4.1. Create a Project

Select *Project - New Project* (

Project File Name : def0000.prj OK	1
	_
PLC Name : <not given=""> Cancel</not>	Т
(Configuration Name)	-
Help	
Base Type	
OGM <u>R</u> OGM <u>1</u> OGM <u>2</u> OGM <u>3</u> OGM <u>4</u> OGM <u>5</u>	
OGM <u>6</u> OGM <u>7</u>	
Writer :	
Comments	

- Enter the Project File Name.
- Select *Base Type* option radio button.
- Input the writer name in the *Writer* text box.
- Input the comment in the *Comments* text box.
- Click OK button. Then Define Program dialog box appears.
 (Refer to the section 5.1 for more information of Define Program dialog box)

4.2. Open a Project

◆ Select P	roject - Open ().		
Open				? ×
Look jn:	Cource	•) 💣	\$-8- 8-8-
a def0000.p				
File <u>n</u> ame:	engine_line_of_car			<u>O</u> pen
Files of <u>t</u> ype:	Project Files (*.PRJ)	-]	Cancel

쓴).

• Select a desired project and click *Open* button.

4.3. Save a Project

- <u>,</u>). If you save already existing project file, Select Project – Save(no message will be displayed.
- If you save a new file or save by selecting Project Save As..., a dialog box will be displayed as below.



Enter the file name that you want to save and click *Save* button.

4.4. Edit Configuration

To edit configuration, double-click on the each list of tree list or select Project - Edit Project Item.

4.4.1. Edit a Project

🖻 PROJECT ==> PLC Type : GM3

- Select Project in the lists of Project window(or double-click Project in the Project window)
- Select *Project Edit Project Item* in the pull-down menu.
- Edit the project with the same way used in section 4.1.
- Click OK button.

Ν	ote

If you change PLC type, you must reload library (besides standard library) selectively. (Refer to detail comment in "10.2 load Library ")

4.4.2. Edit Configuration Item

Þ	CONFIGURATION(PLC)	==>	Configuration	Name	:	UNNAMED
---	--------------------	-----	---------------	------	---	---------

The *Configuration Item* in Project window shows the name of configuration that you selected. Configuration name can be edited in *Basic Parameters* (refer to the section 4.5.1).

Configuration(PLC) Name	×
Configuration(PLC) Name	Close
UNNAMED	
You can edit configuration name in Basi dialog box.	c Parameter

4.4.3. Edit a Configuration Global Variable



Configuration Global Variable can be used commonly for all programs in several resources. So, it can be used only in GM1 that several resources can exist in.

- So, it can be used only in GMT that several resources can exist in Solast Configuration Clobals in the Droiset window list
- Select *Configuration Globals* in the Project window list.
- Select *Project Edit Project Item*(or double-click the Configuration Globals in the Project window).

bal Variables				
Name	Var. Kind	Allocation	Data Type	Close
SENSER1	VAR_GLOBAL	<auto></auto>	BOOL	
WITCH1	VAR_GLOBAL	%10.0.0	BOOL	
				<u>A</u> dd
				<u>D</u> elete
				<u>E</u> dit
				Help
Description —				
Name : SWI	ТСН1			
Data Type : I	BOOL I : VAR_GLOBAL			
Allocation : 9				
Initial Value :	≺Default>			
Comments :				

Description item in the above dialog box shows the content of the selected global variable in detail.

1) Add a Configuration Global variable

- Click the Add... button in the above dialog box.
- Enter the Variable name in the Add/Edit Global Variables text box.

Add/Edit Global Variables			×
Variable name :			ОК
Variable Kind :	VAR_GLOBAL	•	Cancel Help
Data Type : C Elementary : C FB Instance : C Array (0.,	BOOL CTD) OF BOOL	•	Memory Allocation Auto Assign (AT) :
Initial Value			Init. Array

- Select Variable type in the *Variable Kind* list box.
- Select Data Type for Variable at list box or option radio button.
- Select Memory Allocation for Variable by option radio button in *Memory Allocation.*
- If you want to set an initial value, type it in the *Initial Value* text box.
- Enter the comment in the Comments text box.
- Click OK button.

2) Delete Configuration of Global Variable

- Select item to delete in the *Global Variable List* box .
- Click *Delete* button.

3) Edit Configuration of Global Variable

- Select item to edit in the *Global Variable List* box.
- Click *Edit* button.
- Enter the data in the same way to insert.

4.4.4. Edit Access Variable

An access variable is used to protect the data besides declared as access variable,

when other PLC(i.e. other configuration) read or write to it's own PLC, it allows you to constrain read/write access authority.

- Select *Access Variable* at the list in Project window.
- Select menu Project Edit Project item(or double-click Access Variable in the Project window).

Access Variable	s		×
Name ACCESS1 ACCESS2	Access Path RES0.%M0 RES0.SENSER1	Direction READ_ONLY READ_ONLY	Close Add Delete Edit Help
Access Path	me : ACCESS2) : RES0.SENSER1 READ_ONLY		

- 1) Insert Access Variable
- Click the Add.... button.

Add/Edit Access Variable	95	×
Variable Name :		ОК
-Access Path		Cancel
	Browse	Help
Direction		
READ_ONLY	C READ_WRITE	

- Type the Variable Name in the Access Variable Name text box. The name is available only Capital Letter.
- Select or enter the Access Path in the *Access Path* text box.

For example,

In GM1

Available Input for Access path	Example
Configuration Global Variable	A, VALVE1
Resource Global Variable	Resource Name. Global Variable name> RES1.a
Direct Variable	Resource Name. Direct Variable> RES1. %10.0.0

 $ln GM2 \sim GM7$

Available Input for Access path	Example
Resource Global Variable	Use only Global variable name> A
Direct Variable(excluding GM1)	Use only Direct Variable> %10.0.0

• You can also select the *Access Path* by clicking *Browse* button.

Select Access Path			×
Global Variable RES0, SENSER1 RES0, SWITCH1	Position <resource global=""> <resource global=""></resource></resource>	Data Type BOOL BOOL	Cancel
1			

- Select the Access Authority option button. (Choose one of the Read or Read/Write)
- Click *OK* button.

2) Delete Access Variable

- Select an item to delete in *Access Variable List* box.
- Click *Delete* button.

3) Edit Access Variable

- Select an item to edit in *Access Variable List* box.
- Click *Edit* button.
- Enter in the same way to insert access variable, and click *OK* button.

4.4.5. Edit Resource

Resource is a CPU for PLC. So, you can use maximum 4 resources in GM1 when you configure a multi-CPU.(for others, only one resource is available.)

1) View Resource Name

You can see the Resource name defined by user at *Resource* item of the Project window. You can edit a resource name in the "*Edit Basic Parameter*".

Resource Name	×
Resource Name RES0	Close
You can edit resource name in Basic Pa box.	rameter dialog
) Add Resource (only available for GM	1)

- Select Configuration in Project window.
- Select Community and an interformer to ject window.
 Select Project Add Project Item Resource .
- Enter a resource name in the *Resource Name* text box .
- Click OK button
- Now, new resource is added to the Project Window and *Define Program* dialog box appears as like creating a new project.

3) Delete Resource (only available for GM1)

- Select Resource to delete.
- Select Project Delete Project Item.

4.4.6. Edit Resource Global Variable

Resource Global Variable can be used for the all programs in the resource. The process for editing is same as Global Variable.

4.4.7. Define Task

Task defines the executive condition of a program. Its types are single, Interval, interrupt and etc.

- Select *Define Task* in Project window.
- Select Project Edit Project Item.

Jame	Task No	Priority	Kind	Condition	Close
ERR_SYS		0	System Error		
H_INIT	100	0	Hot Restart		
INIT	100	0	Cold/Warm Restart		
					<u>A</u> dd
					<u>D</u> elete
					<u>E</u> dit
Description					Help
=== Task	Name : _ERR	_SYS ===			
	n Error Task >	task and priorit	uio 0		

1) Add Task

Click the Add.... button.

Define Task		×
Task Name :		ОК
Task Number :	0	Cancel
Condition		Help
Single :		Priority :
C Interval :		2 💌
C Interrupt :		

- Type the task name in the *Task Name* text box.
- Enter following number for the executive condition in the Task Number text box.

Executive Condition	Task Number
Interval	0 ~ 31
Interrupt	32 ~ 47 (GM4, 5 : 32 ~ 39)
Single	48 ~ 63

In case of interrupt, interrupt number and the designated task number is fixed automatically. The task number of GM6 and GM7 is setup automatically under the priority order. GM6 and GM7 can have 8 tasks including Interval, Interrupt and Single.

Variable name for single, duration time for interval and input position of interrupt card for interrupt are represented as a number.

a) In case of Single

	Boolean in the Resource Global Variable	A, VALVE1, etc.
	Boolean in the Direct Variable	%1X0.0.0, %QX0.1.1, %MX10, etc.
b) In c	ase of Interval	
	A constant for the duration time	T#10S, T#1H10M10S10MS, etc.

c) In case of Interrupt

Interrupt Number (GM1 ~ 3 : 0 ~ 15, GM4 ~ 7 : 0 ~ 7) 0, 1, 2 15

- Select priority in the *Priority* list box. You can select priority number from 0 to 7, and smaller number has higher priority.
- Click *OK* button.

2) Delete Task

- Select an item to delete in the *Define Task* list box.
- Click *Delete* button.

3) Edit Task

- Select an item to edit in the *Define Task* list box.
- Click *Edit* button.
- Enter in the same way to add a task, and click *OK* button.

4.4.8. Define a Program

The defined program in this process is the real program to be executed in PLC. There are 2 kinds of program, one is scan program and the other is task-defined program. When several scan programs exist, they execute the program in the defined order. And the program defined as task is executed according to the condition of the task.

1) Add a Program

- Select *Project Add Project Item Program* in the pull down menu.
- And the dialog box appears as below.

Define Program	×
Instance(Program) Name :	ОК
	Cancel
	Help
Execution Control	
C Task	Browse
Program File Name c:\gmwin20\source\noname02.<	Browse

- Enter the instance(Program) name in *Instance Name* text box.
- Choose one between scan program(*Single*) and define task program(*Task*) in the *Execution Condition* option.
- In case of task-defined program, you can enter the task name directly in the *Task* text box. In other way, you can select one of the tasks already defined in the *Task List* dialog box by clicking Browse button, and click *OK* button.
- ◆ Input the program name(~.SRC) in the *Program File name* text box. If there is a program already created, click *Browse* button and select file in the *Task List* dialog box.
- Click OK button.
- Then new program is added into the Project window.

2) Delete Program

- Select a program to delete.
- Select Project Delete Project Item.

3) Edit Program

- Select *Program* in Project window.
- Select Project Edit Project Item.
- Edit data in the same way to add a program, and click *OK* button.

4) Change Program Order

A program execution order is set as the order(from up to down) in the project tree list.

To change the order,

- Select a program item at the list in project window.
- ◆ Change order step by step using *Project UP(Program)* or *Project Down(Program)*.

4.4.9. Comment of Direct Variable

Comment of Direct Variable allows you to explain on Direct Variable, and it is exactly same as content in the program comments windows.

- Select *Comments for Direct Variables* at the list in Project window.
- Select *Project Edit Project item* in the pull-down menu.

С	omments for Di	rect Variables				×
	Direct Varia %10.1.0 %10.1.1	Comments SENSOR1 SENSOR2				
		Add	Edit	Delete	Close	Help

1) Add Direct Variable Comment

• Click the *Add....* button.

Edit Direct Variable Comme	ent		×
Direct Variable Name :	%Q0.3.0		ОК
Comments		×	Cancel Help

- Type the Direct Variable name in the Direct Variable name text box (%I0.3.0).
- Enter the comment in the *Comment* text box.(LAMP1).

• Click *OK* button.

С	omments for Di	rect Variables				×
	Direct Varia %10.1.0 %00.1.1 %00.3.0	Comments SENSOR1 SENSOR2 LAMP1				
		Add	Edit	Delete	Close	Help

2) Delete Comment for Direct Variables

- Select an item to delete in the *Comment for Direct Variables* list box.
- Click *Delete* button.

3) Edit the Comment for Direct Variable

- Select an item to edit in the *Comment of Direct Variable* list box.
- Click *Edit* button.
- Enter data in the same way to add a comment, and click *OK* button.

4.5. Edit a Parameter

Type of parameter : "Basic Parameter", "I/O Parameter" and "Link Parameter".

4.5.1. Edit Basic Parameter

To set Basic Parameter,

Double-click on the "Parameters - Basic Parameters" in Project window, or move a cursor to "Parameters - Basic Parameters" and Select "Project - Edit Project Item".

Basi	ic Parameter				X
С	onfiguration(PL0	C) Name:	UNNA	MED	
P	LC Ver.:	v1.6	🔽 Rem	ote Access Right	
	Hot Restart	min	sec	Restart Mode © Cold Restart © Warm Restart	
F	Resource(CPU) Resource 0	Property Name RES0	Scar	n W.D Timer	
		ОК		ancel Help	
		PLC typ	e (GM2	~ GM5)	

Basic Parameter 🛛 🗙
Configuration(PLC) Name: UNNAMED
PLC Version : v1.0 🔽 Remote Access Right
F Hot Restart
hr min sec
Restart Mode Multi CPU Running Mode C Cold Restart © Scan Synchronous
Warm Restart C Scan Asynchronous
Resource(CPU) Properties
Name WatchDog Timer Duration Resource 0 RES0 200 ms
Resource 0 RES0 200 ms Resource 1 RES1 200 ms
Resource 2 ms
Resource 3 ms
OK Cancel Help

PLC type (GM1)

Basic Parameter	×
	UNNAMED
PLC Ver.: v1.0 🔽	Remote Access Right
Can't pause by key	Communication Station Number : 0 Baud Rate : 19200
_ Restart Mode	C Master 💿 Slave
C Cold Restart	TimeOut : 50 *10m:
Warm Restart	Read Status of Slave PLC
Resource(CPU) Property Name Sc Resource RESO	an W.D Timer
0	DK Cancel Help

PLC type (GM6)

Basic Parameter	×
Configration(PLC) Name : PLC Ver.: v1.0	UNNAMED ✓ Remote Access Right
Can't pause by key	Input Property Software On/Off Delay Time:
C Cold Restart	Pulse Catch Input (%I0.0.x):
Resource(CPU) Property Name Resource RESO	Scan W.D Timer
Ok	Cancel Help

PLC type (GM7)

- Enter the PLC name in the "Configuration (PLC) Name" text box. You can form PLC name with maximum 8 characters of alphabets and numbers. And it becomes a configuration name.
- *Applied PLC Ver* shows you available PLC version in the GMWIN Version.
- Setup the permission of the remote access in "*Remote Access Right*" check box. (Default : permission)
- Set Hot Restart option. If the "*Hot Restart*" option is checked, hot restart will be operated. Then you must set the hot restart time, and you can set it from "1 second" to "23 hour 59 minute 59 second" with second scale.
- Set Cold Restart or Warm Restart by clicking option radio box in *Restart Mode*.
- Choose one mode of scan synchronization and scan synchronization in the GM1 Multi CPU system by clicking option radio button in the "*Multi- CPU Running Mode*". (available for only GM1)
- Type the resource name in the text box of " Set Resource(CPU) Properties". Resource name is formed with 8 characters of alphabet and digit.
- Set the watchdog time in the text box of "Watchdog Timer Duration". Maximum time is "65535 ms" with "1 ms" scale. (GM7 : Max. 5000ms)
- In GM7, you can set 'Software On/Off Delay Time' and 'Pulse Catch Input (%I0.0.x)' in Input property box. Please refer the GM7 user's manual for details.

Note

- 1. Refer to the PLC User Manual about Remote Access Authority, Restart and %M area.
- 2. In case of GM1, it is available for resource 0 $~\sim~$ 3.
- 3. In case of GM1, it has Multi-CPU Running setting mode.
- 4. In case of GM5, it has RS-422 speed setting mode.
- 5. In case of GM6, it has computer network setting mode.
- 6. In case of GM7, it has input property setting mode.
- 7. In case of GM6 and GM7, they do not support hot restart function.

4.5.2. Set I/O Parameter

To set the I/O Parameter,

Double-click on the "Parameters - I/O Parameters" in Project window, or move a cursor to "Parameters - I/O Parameters" and select "Project – Edit Project Item".

GMWIN Manual

Base select		All reset		Close Help
-I/O Configuration				
Slot 0	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 1	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 2	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 3	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 4	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 5	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 6	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 7	CPU 0		DEF_EMPTY	
				Reset

GM1

Base 0I/O Param Base Select 0 - 1/0 Configuration	All reset	Close Help
Slot 0	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 1	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 2	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 3	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 4	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 5	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 6	DEF_MODULE	
Slot 7	DEF_MODULE	
		Reset

 $\rm GM2~\sim~GM6$

Note

In case of GM1, CPU configuration item (see above figure) is added. (I/O type is set as DEF_EMPTY) In case of GM7, it has no I/O parameter setting.

- Select the base number to set in the "Base Select", and the setting content of base you choose is displayed in the "I/O configuration set".
- If you click "*All Reset*" in the "*Base Select*", then I/O parameters in all bases are changed into default value.
- If you click the "*Reset*' in the "*I/O configuration set*', then I/O parameter in the selected base slot is changed into default value.
- Base setting range with PLC type

PLC type	Range
GM1	Base 0 ~ 31
GM2	Base 0 \sim 7
GM3,4	Base 0 \sim 3
GM6	Base 0 ~ 1

If you want to set the I/O parameter of each slot, select the slot number in the "I/O configuration set" by clicking slot number button. Then "Base Slot I/O Parameter" dialog box is displayed as below.

GM1

Base OSlot	0/0 Parameter	×
CPU Select	• <u>CPU 1</u> • CPU 2 • C	:PU 3
Type Select	Po	oint
Relay Outpu	ıt 💌 🕻	32 💌
OK	Cancel	Help

Select an item at the "*Type Select*", and select the number of I/O in the "*Point*". Click OK button.

Base OSlot 0/O Parameter		×
Type Select Relay Output	Points 16 16 32 64	
OK Cancel	Help	

Note

In case of GM1, the option of CPU select and Redundancy are added.

Doforonco

Reference				
I/O type used as default value				
I/O type	Content			
DEF_I	When power is on, the input module in a selected slot is registered as default value at the I/O refresh table.			
DEF_O	When power is on, the output module in a selected slot is registered as default value at the I/O refresh table.			
DEF_IO	When power is on, the input/output module in a selected slot is registered as default value at the I/O refresh table.			
DEF_SP	When power is on, the special module in a selected slot is registered as default value at the I/O refresh table.			
DEF_MODULE	When power is on, the module in a selected slot is registered as default value at the I/O refresh table.			
DEF_EMPTY	When power is on, the selected slot is registered as empty slot at the I/O refresh table.			

1) Base Setup

Base select	All reset	Close Help
Base Selection	C Redundancy	Convert

In case of GMR, you have to set a Base in the Base select box.

Local A

Single input/output(I/O) can be installed only CPU A. And I/O module of digital content can be installed for Single I/O. Setting each base as 'Local A' in the Base Selection box makes Single I/O and this system can be used for the part no required backup to save the cost of redundancy.

Redundancy Input/Output

CPU-A and CPU-B are operated using the same program simultaneously. When the system needs the data synchronization during the operating, they synchronize data each other. If the operating is stop by disorder of master CPU, the stand-by CPU maintain it's operating continuously. At this time, the input/output connected to the master CPU in base set as redundancy input/output gets OFF.

In this system, both of the master CPU and stand-by CPU control the input/output modules. For input data, you can apply the data it had two or more same value in comparing the input values of Master, Stand-by and Transfer.

Setting up each base as '**Redundancy**' in the Base Selection box makes Redundancy input/output. You have to set both bases with the same number. And you set the transfer I/O location for the input comparison and the output feedback.

Transfer Input/ Output

CPU-A and CPU-B are operated using the same program simultaneously. When the system needs the data synchronization during the operating, they synchronize data each other. If the operating is stop by disorder of master CPU, the stand-by CPU maintain it's operating continuously. At this time, the input/output of each base set as transfer I/O are continuously executed without any change of this status.

This system can call as a redundancy CPU because Redundancy input/output is not setting. This system is set by setting up as '**Transfer I/O**' in the parameter setting part. The stand-by CPU reads the information in the input/output module periodically and check any fault of the connection.

4.5.3. Set the High Speed Link Parameter

To set the High Speed Link Parameter,

Double-click on the "Parameters - Link Parameters" in Project window, or move a cursor to "Parameters - Link Parameters" and select "Project - Edit Project Item".

High Speed Link Paramete	er 💌		
High Speed Link 1	High Speed Link Paramete	er 🗙	
	High Speed Link 1	High Speed Link Parameter	×
High Speed Link 2	High Speed Link 2	High Speed Link 1	Close
High Speed Link 3		High Speed Link 2	Help
High Speed Link 4	High Speed Link 3	High Speed Link 3	
	High Speed Link 4	High Speed Link S	
		High Speed Link 4	
GM1~ GM3	GM4, GM6		
		GM5	
Note			

The configuration for setting High Speed Link Parameter according to PLC type is like the above figure. GM1/2/3: High Speed Link 1 \sim 4, GM4/6: High Speed Link 1 \sim 2, GM5: High Speed Link 1

If you click the High Speed Link Number button in the *High Speed Link Parameter* dialog box, then "*High Speed Link*" dialog box will be displayed, which shows the list of registered item and setting information of selected link.

– Link Set Netwo Slot:	ork Type: O	GLOFA Fnet Self Station No	x 0		dit
- Entry Lis Num	t Type	Class	From Area	To Area	Size
1 Loca	al1.Send0 al0.Receive0 iote10.Receive2	C(100ms) C(100ms) 2 D(200ms)	%Q₩0.3.0 %I₩0.0.0	%MW0 %QW0.1.0	4 ▲ 2 ▼
		Delete	. Cop	y E	i dit
			(Close	Help

The "*High Speed Link*" dialog box allows you to setup the information of Link Setup and each registered List. You can use the "*Delete*", "*Edit*", "*Copy*" and etc. button, or "*Del*" key to delete an item and "*Ctrl-V/Ctrl-C*" key to "*Copy/Paste*".

Reference

Method of multi-selection has two ways, one is selection in order, the other is selection of scattered items in list.

1) How to select multi-items in order.



- Click the first registered item you wanted in the list.
- Drag a mouse to the final item in the desired list with pressing the left button of it.



- Move a cursor to registered list with "Tab" key, and move the cursor to the first registered item in the desired list with "Arrow" key.
- Move the cursor to the final item in the desired list with "Arrow" key by pressing "Shift" key.

2) How to make a multi-selection for scattered items.



By pressing "Ctrl" key, click mouse button on each registered item.



- Move a cursor to the registered list with "Tab" key, and move cursor to the first registered item in the desired list with "Arrow" key.
- Press the "Shift + F8" key, and cursor start to blink.
- Move cursor to the desired item with "Arrow" key.
- Select each registered item with "Space" key.
- If you finish the selection, Press "Shift + F8" key.

- 1) Set Link Information
 - Click "*Edit*" button at the "*Link Set*" area in the "*High Speed Link Set*" then
 "*High Speed1Link Set*" dialog box appears, which allows you to setup the information for the link setting.

High Speed1Link Set	×
Network Type	OK
C GLOFA Mnet	Cancel
C GLOFA Enet	Help
C GLOFA Fdnet Network	
C GLOFA Fdnet Cable	
C GLOFA Dnet	
Slot Num 0 💌 Self-stat Num 0	

- Select a network type in "Network Type" option radio button.
- Select the slot number of the link module in "*Slot Num*" List box.
- Select the self station number to save the High Link Parameter in the "Self-Stat Num" text box.

2) Set Entry List

Click "*Edit*" button at *Entry List* box after selecting registered list number, then
 "*High Speed Link Item Edit*" dialog box appears, which allow you to setup the information of the entry link list.

High	Speed1Link Otem	Edit	×
Station C Loca		Mode © Send © Receive	Block No
-Area		<u></u>	Send Period
From	0 %MW 0 %IW	O %QW	C(100ms) 💌
То	• %MW • %IW	0 %QW 0	Size
		OK Cancel	Help
- Select whether Station Type is local or remote in "*Station Type*" option radio button.
- Set the station number in the "Station No" text box.
- Select whether it is data to send or receive in "*Mode*" option radio button.
- Set the block number in the "*Block No*" text box.
- Select the send period in the "Send Period" list box.
 (A:20ms, B:50ms, C:100ms, D:200ms, E:500ms, F:1S, G:5S, H:10S)
- Set the send/receive area in the "*Area*" option radio box. Each area is selected by option button and address is fixed in each text box.
- Set the data size to communicate in the "*Size*" text box.(by word size)

3) Delete Entry List

Click "Delete" button or "Del" key, after selecting the entry list number to delete at entry list box in "High Speed Link" dialog box.

Delete			×
?	Are you s	sure ?	
	OK	Cancel	

◆ You can delete the selected item by clicking "OK" button, otherwise click "Cancel" button.

4) Copy Entry List

To copy the list within Entry List each other in "*High Speed Link*" dialog box,
 (1) Press "Ctrl - C" to copy, after selecting the item to copy using a cursor or mouse.

-Link Se Netw	t ork Type:	GLOFA Fnet		Ĩ	dit
Slot:	0	Self Station No	x: 0	<u> </u>	
- Entry Lis	.t				
Num	Туре	Class	From Area	To Area	Size
1 Loc	al1.Send0 al0.Receive0 note10.Receive2	C(100ms) C(100ms) D(200ms)	%Q₩0.3.0 %I₩0.0.0	%MW0 %QW0.1.0	4 4 2 -
		Delete	. Cop	у E	Edit
				Close	Help

(2) Press "Ctrl - V" to paste, after moving a cursor to the location you want.

Hig	jh Sj	peed	Link 1									×
	— Lin	k Set-										
	1	Netwo	rk Type:		GLOFA Fr	net				F	dit	
	9	Slot:	0	9	Self Station	No:	0		_	E	ait	
	Ent	ry List										
	Nur	n	Туре	Cla	ass		From /	Area	To Area	Э	Size	
	0		1.Send0 0.Receive(C(100ms) C(100ms)		ະດາມ	/0.3.0	%MW0	_	4	
	23		te10.Rece		D(200ms)		%QW %IW(%QW0.	1.0	2	
	4		1.Send0	-	C(100ms)		201	000	%MW0		4	
	5		0.Receivel te10.Rece		C(100ms) D(200ms)		%QW %IW(%QW0.	1.0	4 2	
	7											
	9 10											
	11 12											
	13											
	15											-
					Dele	te		Сору		E	dit	
								C	lose		Help	

 Click "*Copy*" button, after selecting the entry item number at the entry list box in the "High Speed Link" dialog box.

Link Parameter Copy		X
Destination	_ Target	
Between Links	⊙ <u>Link 1</u> O Link	2
	O Link 3 O Link	4
O Between Entries	No.	
ОК	Cancel Help	

- A) Copy Between Links
- Select "*Between Links* " option to copy a selected list to other link.
- Select the Link number to paste in "*Target*" option radio button.

Example) To copy the entry list 0.1.2.3 in High Speed Link 1 to 0.1.2.3 in High Speed Link 2,

(1) Select the entry list 0.1.2 in the "High Speed Link 1".

Hig	ih Speed	Link 1					×
	-Link Set Netwo	rk Type:	GLOFA Fnet				
	Slot:	0	Self Station No	c 0	<u> </u>	dit	
	- Entry List						
	Num	Туре	Class	From Area	To Area	Size	
	1 Loca	11.Send0 10.Receive0 ote10.Receive2	C(100ms) C(100ms) D(200ms)	%QW0.3.0 %IW0.0.0	%MW0 %QW0.1.0	4 A 2	
			Delete	Сор	y	dit	
				(Close	Help	

- (2) Click "Copy" button
- (3) Choose the "*Between Links* " in "*Link Parameter Copy*" dialog box
- (4) Select "*Link 2*' in "*Target*" box and click *OK* button.

Link Parameter Copy	×
Destination	Target
Between Links	O Link 1 O Link 2
	O Link 3 O Link 4
C Between Entries	No.
ОК	Cancel Help

Netw Slot:	ork Type: 0	GLOFA Fnet Self Station No			dit
Entry Lis Num	t Type	Class	From Area	To Area	Size
1 Loc	al1.Send0 al0.Receive0 note10.Receive2	C(100ms) C(100ms) D(200ms)	%Q₩0.3.0 %I₩0.0.0	%MW0 %QW0.1.0	4 <u>4</u> 2
		Delete	Cop	y E	Edit

B) Copy Between Entries

- Select the "*Between Entries*" option to copy selected entries to other link list in the same link.
- Enter the entry Item number to paste in "*Target*" option radio button. selected entry Items are copied from selected number.

Example) To copy entry Items 0.1.2 in High Speed Link 1 to 10.11.12 in High Speed Link 1,

(1) Click "*Copy*" button, after selecting entry Items 0.1.2 in High Speed Link 1.

h Speed -Link Se Netw		GLOFA Fnet			
Slot:	0	Self Station N		E	dit
Entry Lis Num	t	Class	From Area	To Area	Size
1 Loc 2 Ren	al1.Send0 al0.Receive0 note10.Receive2	C(100ms) C(100ms) D(200ms)	%QW0.3.0 %IW0.0.0	%MW0 %QW0.1.0	4 4 2
5 Loc	al1.Send0 al0.Receive0 ote10.Receive2	C(100ms) C(100ms) D(200ms)	%Q₩0.3.0 %I₩0.0.0	%MW0 %QW0.1.0	4 4 2
		Delete.	Cop	y E	dit
			(Close	Help

- (2) Choose "Between Entries" at the "Link Parameter Copy"
- (3) Enter "10' in the "Link Parameter Copy" text box.
- (4) Click *OK* button.

Link Parameter Copy		×
Destination	- Target	
C Between Links	🖸 Link 1	O Link 2
	C Link 3	C Link 4
Between Entries	No.	10
ОК	Cancel	Help

4.5.4. Set Redundancy Parameter

This function is available only for *GM1RED* PLC.

Double-click on the Parameter - Redundancy Parameter in Project window or move a cursor on the Parameter - Redundancy Parameter and choose Project - Edit Project properties in pull-down menu.

Re	dundancy Parameter	×
	Base Set	Close
	Input Circuit Set	Help
	Output Circuit Set	
	Fault Mask	

1) Base Set

At Redundancy Parameter dialog box, click the Base Set ... button for setting base.

Ba	ase Set	×
[-Base Set-	
	Base	Redundancy
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6	▲ _ _
	Γ	Delete Copy Edit
		Close Help

Double-click on the item that you want to set or click *Edit* button to set the base.

- To delete entry items, select the items and click *Delete…* button.
 - To copy entry items, select the items and click *Copy* button.

You can copy by entering the position of the base and clicking OK button.

Copy Entry	×
Position	ОК
from 0 to	Cancel
	Help

To edit entry items, select the items and click *Edit* button. Then *Redundancy* dialog box appears. Select the item you want to edit and click *OK* button.

Redundancy	×
Redundancy Set C Local A C Local B Redundancy C Tranfer	OK Cancel Help

Single Input/Output(I/O)

Local A and Local B are operated by the same program simultaneously, and the data is synchronized by transferring inputted data from Local A to Local B. When system stops operating by Local A disorder, input/output of Local A stops operating and all connected outputs get OFF.

Single I/O can be installed only in Local A. And only I/O modules of digital contacts can be installed for Single I/O. Single I/O is made by setting each base as 'Single input/output' in the setting part.

And this system can be used for the part not to require backup to save cost for redundancy

Redundancy Input/Output

Local A and Local B are operated by the same program simultaneously. When the system needs the data synchronization during the operating, they synchronize data each other.

If a system stops operating by disorder of master CPU, the stand-by CPU starts operating immediately and continues its operating. At this time, the input/outputs connected to the master CPU in bases set as redundancy input/output get OFF. In this system, both of master CPU and stand-by CPU control the input/output modules.

For input data, the data can be adapted as the input data after comparing the data among Master, Stand-by and the transferred value.

Redundancy input/output is set by setting up each base as 'Redundancy input/output' in the setting part. And both bases of Local A and Local B must be set as the same number. And you set the transfer I/O location for the input comparison and the output feedback.

Transfer input/output

Local A and Local B are operated by the same program simultaneously. When the system needs the data synchronization during the operating, they synchronize data each other.

If the master CPU is out of order, the system stops and the stand-by CPU starts operating immediately and continues its operating. At this time, the input/outputs of each base set as transfer I/O are continuously executed without any change of the status.

This system can call as a redundancy CPU because an input/output is not for the redundant mechanism. This system is set by setting up as "Transfer I/O" in the parameter setting part.

The stand-by CPU reads the information in the input/output module periodically and checks any fault of the connection all the time.

2) Input Circuit Set

The below dialog box is for setting triple redundancy input. Click Circuit Set button in the *Redundancy Parameter* dialog box.

Input Circuit Set		<u>×</u>
- Input Circuit Set		
Redundancy	Tranfer	Time Monitor
3		
2 3 4 5 6 7		
<u>ار</u>		
	Delete	Copy Edit
		Close Help

If you double-click the item in the *Input Circuit Set* dialog box, or click *Edit* button, the *Input Circuit Set* dialog box appears. It allows you to set input circuit for the appropriate item.

Input Circuit Set	×
- Redundancy Base Input Pos	OK
%IW 🚺 🔽 🛛	Cancel
	Help
Tranfer Base Input Pos.	
%IW 0 0 0	Time Monitor Set
	200 Msec

Triple redundancy input

Triple redundancy input allows you to use that data as input value of the program after selecting identified 2 data of 3 data compared to the inputted data. So, you must have 2 input modules mounted on the same redundancy base slot and and 1 input module mounted on the transfer base.

To set the Input Circuit Item,

Position of Redundancy Base Input

Indicates the position and channel of input module mounted on a redundancy base for the triple redundancy input. There is only one item for fixing a position because input module of both Local A and B must be on the same base slot. And the designated base must the base set as *Redundancy I/O* in the *Base Set* dialog box.

- Position of Transfer Base Input Indicates the position and channel of input module mounted on a transfer base for the triple redundancy input. And the designated base must be set as *Transfer I/O* in the *Base Set* dialog box.
- Setting Time Observation It is time value for allowing temporary disagreement of input value by delay of the input module.
- To delete the entry item, select the item and click *Delete* button.
- To copy the entry item, select the item and click *Copy* button. Then *Copy Entry* dialog box appears. Enter the position to copy, and click *OK* button.

	<u>×</u>
Position	OK
from 0 to	Cancel
	Help

To edit the entry item, select the item and click *Edit* button. Then *Input Circuit Set* dialog box appears. Enter the data and click *OK* button.

Input Circuit Set	X
Redundancy Base Input Pos.	OK
%IW [] 0 0	Cancel
	Help
Tranfer Base Input Pos.	
%IV~ 0 0 0	Time Monitor Set
	200 Msec

3) Output Circuit Set

Click the output circuit setting button in *Redundancy Parameter* dialog box.

Ou	tput Circuit Set						×	<
	-Output Circuit Se							
	Output	Feedback	Feedback Time	Master Control		Master Contorl Mo	nitor	
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8							
					Delete	Сору	Edit	
						Close	Help	

Double-click on the item to set or click on *Edit* button in the *Output Circuit Set* dialog box. Then *Output Circuit Set* dialog box appears. It allows you to set the selected item.

Output Circuit Set	×
Output Word Pos. : %QW	
Feedback Input Word Pos. : %IV	
Feedback Time :	0 Msec
Master Control ✓ Master Control A : %QX 0 0 0 0 B : %QX 0 0 0	Master Control Monitor Master Control Monitor A : XIX 0 0 0 B : XIX 0 0
ОК	Cancel Help

- Position of Output Word Indicates the position and channel of redundancy output module. At this time the designated base must be the base set as *Redundancy I/O* in the *Base Setting* dialog box.
- Location of Feedback Input Word When setting redundancy output as O-F type, it indicates the position and channel of feedback input module. At this time, the designated base must be the base set as *Redundancy/Translate I/O* in the *Base Setting* dialog box.

Feedback Time

When setting redundancy output as O-F type, it indicates the time interval for admitting temporary disagreement of a output value and feedback input.

Master control

When setting redundancy output as O-F type, it indicates the position and the number of the output to cut off the power and contact number. And the designated base must be the base set as *Redundancy/Transfer I/O* in the *Base Setting* dialog box.

• Observation of Master control

When setting redundancy output as O-F type, it indicates the position of the input that observe output to cut off the power and contact number. And the designated base must be the base set as *Redundancy/Transfer I/O* in the *Base Setting* dialog box.

- To delete the entry item, select the item and click *Delete* button.
- To copy the entry item, select the item and click *Copy* button. Then *Copy Entry* dialog box appears. Enter the position to copy and click *OK* button.

×
OK
Cancel
Help

To edit the entry item, select the item and click *Edit* button. Then *Output Circuit Setting* dialog box appears. Enter the desired value, and click *OK* button.

Output Circuit Set	×
Output Word Pos. : %QW	
Feedback Input Word Pos. : %IV	
Feedback Time :	200 Msec
Master Control	Master Control Monitor
Master Control	Master Control Monitor
A:%QX 0 0 0	A: %X 0 0 0
B:%QX 0 0	B:%IX 0 0
OK	Cancel Help

4) Fault Mask Set

Click the Fault Mask set ... button in the Redundancy Parameter dialog box.

E	ault Mask ⊢Fault Ma			×
	Nurr 0 1 2 3 4 5 5	Error	Mask	*
		Delete	Copy	Edit Help

In *Fault Mask Set* dialog box, if you double-click on the item to set or click *Edit* button, *Fault Mask Set* dialog box appears, which helps to set the input circuit for the appropriate item.

Fault Mask Set		×
Error Mask	ОК	
%IQ 0	Cancel	

- The Position of module to be continued in case of disorder When a machine is out of order, you can select the position of module to be continued at any base setting status.
- To delete the entry items, select the item and click *Delete* button.
- To copy the entry items, select the item and click *Copy* button. Then *Copy Entry* dialog box appears. Enter the position to copy and click *OK* button.

Copy Entry	×
Position	OK
from 0 to	Cancel
	Help

To edit the entry items, select the item and click *Edit* button. Then *Fault Mask Set* dialog box appears. Enter the desired value and click *OK* button.

Fault Mask Set	×
Error Mask	ОК
%IQ 🚺 🛛	Cancel

4.5.5. Set Communication Parameter

In GM7, select Communication Method, Protocol and Transmission Mode.

Double-click on the Parameter-Redundancy Parameter in Project window or move a cursor to the Parameter-Redundancy Parameter and select Project-Edit Project Properties in Menu.

Communicaton Paramete	r			×
Communication Meth	od			
Station No. :	0			
Baud Rate :	19200 💌	Data Bit :	8	-
Parity Bit :	None 🔻	Stop Bit :	1	-
Communication Cl	nannel —			
RS232C Null M	10dem or RS422/485	5		
C RS232C Mode	m (Dedicated Line)	Init. Comma	nd :	
C RS232C Dial U	p Modem	ATZ		
Protocol and Mode —	Timeout in f	Master Mode :	500	ms
	·		J	
Dedicated C Master		d Status of Slave I	PLC	List
 Master Slave 				
Modbus				
C Master C Slave	Transm	nission Mode : 🛛	ASCII	7
User Defined				
O Master				List
O Slave				
0	k C	ancel	Help	

	ition Method as follows.
Item	Contents
Self Station No.	0-31 are selectable. (* Note 1)
Baud Rate	You can set 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 bps.
Data Bit	You can set 7 or 8 Bits. (*Note 2)
Parity Bit	You can set None, Even and Odd.
Stop Bit	You can set 1 or 2 Bit(s) (* Note 3)
Communication Channel	 RS232C Null Modem or RS422/485 : Select it to communicate with the internal function of GM7's basic unit or Cnet I/F module(G7L-CUEC). RS232C Dedicated Line : On communication with Cnet I/F module(G7L-CUEB), if you use a Dedicated Line, select this channel. RS232C Dial Up Modem : On communication with Cnet I/F module(G7L-CUEB), if you use the Dial Up Modem, select this channel. Note) A Communication of RS232C Dedicated Modem or RS232C Dial Up Modem is available at the Cnet I/F module(G7L-CUEB) supports RS232C only and no available at the Cnet I/F module (G7L-CUEC) supports RS422/485.
Timeout in Master Mode	 It is a waiting time of an answer frame after transmitting required frame in the GM7 is set as Master. Default value is 500ms. You have to set it under the consideration of the maximum period of Master PLC transmission and receiving(Tx/Rx). If you set the less value than the maximum period of Master PLC transmission and receiving.
Master	If you set the Master, it become the subject in the communication system and it allows
/ Slave	reading and writing the data in the selected device(PLC).
Read Status of Slave PLC	Set it to read the Status of GM 7 basic unit is designated as Slave. Do no select it except monitoring the status of slave. It can reduce communication speed. (You can set it in the dedicated protocol only)
Transmission Mode	ASC II or RTU Mode is selectable. (You can set it in the Modbus Protocol only)

◆ Set the Communication Method as follows

*Note 1) In Modbus, do not set the broadcast station number with '0'.

It is became one factor of a wrong operation.

In GM7, Broadcast is not supported.

*Note 2) In Modbus, set 7Bits in the ASC II box and set 8 Bits in the RTU mode.

*Note 3) In Modbus, please set the Stop Bit as '1' when you set the Parity Bit, and set

'2' if you not set the Parity Bit.

- 1) Private Communication
 - Set the Protocol as Dedicated Line, and select Master or Slave. If you selected Master, Entry List button appears.

- Protocol and Mode		
	Timeout in Master Mode : 50	0 ms
Dedicated		
Master	Read Status of Slave PLC	List
C Slave		

• Click the Entry List button, then Private 1 dialog box appears.

Entry List No. Type Read Area Store Area Size	
0	
1	e
4	
5	
5 6 7	
8 9	
10	
11 12	
13 14	
15	
16 17	
18 19	-
<u>113</u>	
Delete Copy Edit.	
Close H	lelp

- The above dialog box allows you to set the information of each registered List. You can use the **"Delete**', **'Edit**', **'Copy'** and etc. button, or **'Del'** key to delete the multi-selected items and **'Ctrl-V/Ctrl-C'** key to Copy and Edit. Click the desired number in the Entry List then the Entry List Set dialog box appears.

Private	1 Item () Edit		×
Station No.	:	0	Mode Send	
Size(Word)	:	1	O Receive	
Area				
From	⊙ %MVV	0 %IW 0	%QW 0	
То	O %M₩	0	%QVV	
0	K	Cancel	Help	

- Select the Send button in Mode when you want Data writing to the Slave station, and select the Receive button if you want Data reading from the Slave station.
- Set the Slave Number(Opposite station) in the Station No.box.
- Set the data size in the Size(Word) box in word. Max. 60 words are available.
- Set Tx/Rx area in the Area box. Select each area by option button, and designate the address in each input box.

Note

1.If you select %MW0 : Enter '0' in the input box after selecting '%MW'.

2.If you select %QW0.1.0 : Enter '0.1.0' in the input box after selecting '%QW'.

2) Modbus Communication

Modbus			
 Master Slave 	Transmission Mode :	ASCII	

Set the Protocol with Modbus, and select Master or Slave.

Select ASCII in the Transmission Mode box.

Note

1. Modbus communication use the function block(MOD0102,MOD0203,MOD0506,MOD1516). Refer to GM7 Manual '8.3 Modbus Protocol Communication' for more details.

3) User Defined Communication

◆ Set the Protocol as User Defined, and select Master or Slave.

User Defined		
C Master		List
O Slave	1	

 Click the desired number in the Frame List then the Frame Information Set dialog box appears.

User Defined	×
Frame List 0 Not defined 1 Not defined 2 Not defined 3 Not defined 4 Not defined 5 Not defined 6 Not defined 8 Not defined 9 Not defined 10 Not defined 11 Not defined 12 Not defined 13 Not defined 13 Not defined 14 Not defined 15 Not defined	Frame Information Tx/Rx: Header: SG1: SG2: SG3: SG4: SG5: SG5: SG6: SG6: SG7: SG8: Tailer: BCC:
	Ok Cancel

Frame O	×
Header : [ENQ]	Tx/Rx: Send
Segment 1	Segment 5
Type: CONST 💌 07wSS0106	Type: NONE
C Hex Input C ASCII Input Size: Byte	Hex Input C ASCII Input Size: Byte
Segment 2	Segment 6
Type: CONST 💌 %MW200	Type: NONE
C Hex Input C ASCII Input Size: Byte	Hex input C ASCII Input Size: Byte
Segment 3	Segment 7
Type: ARRAY 💌 %MB400	Type: NONE
Send by ASCII Converting Size: 2 Byte	Hex Input C ASCII Input Size: Byte
Segment 4	Segment 8
Type: NONE	Type: NONE
C Hex Input C ASCII Input Size: Byte	Hex Input C ASCII Input Size: Byte
Tailer: [EOT][BCC] BCC Setting	Ok Cancel

- Set Tx or Rx in the Tx/Rx box.
- Enter the Header, Segment and Tail in each box.

Frame O							×
Header:				Tx/Rx :	Not define	ed 🔽	
- Segment 1				Segment 5			
Type:	7			Type:	7		
C Hex Input	O ASCII Input	Size:	Byte	C Hexinput	O ASCII Input	Size:	Byte
Segment 2-				Segment 6			
Type:	7			Type:	7		
C Hex Input	C ASCII Input	Size:	Byte	C Hexinput	C ASCII Input	Size:	Byte
Segment 3				Segment 7			
Туре:	7			Туре:	7		
C Hex Input	C ASCII Input	Size:	Byte	C Hex Input	O ASCII Input	Size:	Byte
Segment 4				Segment 8			
Туре:	7			Туре:	7		
C Hex Input	C ASCII Input	Size:	Byte	C Hexinput	C ASCII Input	Size:	Byte
Tailer:	B	CC Setting			Ok	Cancel	

Note

Refer to the GM7 Manual "8.2 User Defined Protocol Communication for more details.

Chapter 5. Edit a Program

This program is a unit to create an order language for the PLC system is run. This chapter shows the methods; create a program and save it to file, edit each language, and etc.

5.1. Create a Program

To create a new program,

Select Program-New Program...

New Program	×
Program File Name : noname00.src	ОК
Language	Cancel
OSFCOLDOLLOFBDOBI	Help
Program Kind	
Program Block C Function Block C Fu	Inction
Function/Function Block Name :	
Return Data Type : BOOL	7
Comments	

- Enter Program File name.
- Select a language in Language option button.(GLOFA PLC supports SFC, LD, and IL. FBD and ST will be supported later.)
- Select a program in Program Kind option button. If you select Function/Function Block to create a user-defined function/function block, refer to the chapter 10 Library. Select Program Block option in this chapter.

Note

You can select a **Function** option button in only case of LD or IL language. You can not create a user-defined function by SFC.

Note

Function/Function Block name is only in active when **Function/Function Block** option button is selected and **Output Data Type** is in active only when **Function** option button is selected. (Refer to 10.3. Making a library file defined by user' for detail comment)

- Enter Comment in **Comment** box.
- Click OK button.
- If a new program is not existed in the project, the following dialog box appears.

Program	Program Insertion 🛛 🕅				
?	Do you want to add new program item in the project?				
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o				

- Click Yes button. Then the Define Program dialog box appears. (Refer to 4.4.8.)
- If you finished define a program, it is inserted in the project as an item..
 (In case of GM1 and there are more than two resources, you can select a resource it can introduce the definition of the program.)

5.2. Open a Program

You can open a saved program here. There are two ways to open an existing program. One is selecting in the menu and the other is opening the designated program in the project directly.

- 1) Open by selecting in the menu
 - Select Program-Open...

? ×
* 🔳
<u>O</u> pen
Cancel

- Click **OK** button after selecting the desired program file.
- A selected program is created on the window screen.
- 2) Opening a program file included in Project
 - If you want to open a program file included in Project, double-click a mouse on the appropriate program item in Project window list.
 - Then a selected program is created on the window screen.

Note

You can not open the same program more than two in Edit or Debug mode. In case of monitor mode, if you can not see a long program at the same time, please open the same program more than two and monitor a different part in each program.

5.3. Save a program

To save a program as file.

- in the menu. In case of save an existing file, there is no message for saving. Select Program-Save..
- If you save a new file or select Program-Save as... in the menu, the following dialog box appears.

Save As	5					?	×
Save jn: 🔁	Source	•	£	<u></u>	d *		
robot.src							
, File <u>n</u> ame:	robot1 .src			_		<u>S</u> ave	1
nio <u>H</u> amo.							
Save as <u>t</u> ype:	Program Files(*.SRC)			•		Cancel	

- Click OK button after entering the desired file name.
- If you want save all programs on the active window, select Save All in Menu.

5.4. Program Properties

You can change the kind or comments of program on editing.

Select Program-Properties... in Menu. Then the dialog box appears as similar as the case of creating a program. (But, you cannot change the already registered language.)

Program Properties		×			
Program Name :	robot.src	ОК			
Language :	LD	Cancel			
		Help			
Program Kind —					
Program Block	C Function Block	C Function			
Function/Function Block Name :					
Return Data Type : BOOL 🔽					
Comments					
The Control of We	lding Robots and Lines				

Click OK button after editing a desired item.

5.5. Edit a Variable

You can edit Local Variable it appropriates to the activate program window.

Select Program-Local Variables.... ٠ Local Variables х Name Var. Kind Allocation Used Data Type Close ABC VAR ≺Auto≻ * SINT * ABC_ADD VAR ≺Auto≻ SINT <u>A</u>dd... LIMIT_SWITCH1 VAR * BOOL ≺Auto≻ LIMIT_SWITCH3 VAR ≺Auto≻ BOOL Delete * MOTOR1 VAR ≺Auto≻ BOOL * SWITCH1 VAR <Auto> BOOL Edit... Help Browse Global Variables... Description Name : ABC Variable Kind : VAR Data Type : SINT Allocation : <Auto> Initial Value : <Default> Comments :

• Click Close button after adding, deleting and editing each variable.

Note

In the list box of Local Variables, you can see another variables besides local variables that user enter. In case of function/function block, you can see I/O variable and output variable name to return and in case of SFC, you can see a variable 'TRANS' it contained executive conditions. But it is impossible to edit and delete these variables. Examples of these variables are as below.

	RETVAL IN1 IN2 OUT1 TRANS	<return variable=""> VAR_INPUT VAR_INPUT VAR_OUTPUT <sfc transition=""></sfc></return>	int Bool Int Bool Bool	 output variable name to be returned in function input variable in function/function block input variable in function/function block output variable in function SFC execution condition variable 	
--	---------------------------------------	--	------------------------------------	--	--

- 1) Add a Variable
 - Open Add/Edit Variables dialog box by clicking Add... button.

Add/Edit Variables	×
Variable Name : LIMIT_SWITCH3 Variable Kind Variable Kind : VAR	OK Cancel Help
Data Type Elementary : BOOL FB Instance : CTD	Memory Allocation • Auto • Assign (AT) :
Array (0	
	Init. Array
Comments	

Enter the variable name in Variable Name box

Note

Maximum size for Variable name is 16 English characters.

However, in case of FB Instance type, the size limited to 8 English characters.

- Select Variable Kind in Variable Kind list box
- Select one type of Data Type option button (Elementary Data Type/Function Block Instance) and its type in that list box.
- Select one of Memory Allocation option button (Auto and Assign(AT)), and in case of selecting Assign enter the exact position in the text box.

Auto : When you compile a program, declared variable is automatically assigned to data area type

User Define : User assigns the declared variable to I,Q,M area.

In case of User Define, designation of I,Q,M area to input is as follows.

Prefix	Comments
I	Input
Q	Output
М	Internal Memory
X, none	1 bit
В	1 byte (8 bit)
W	1 word(16 bit)
D	2 word(32 bit)
L	4 word(64 bit)

Ex.) %QX3.1.4 or %Q3.1.4 %IW2.4.2

%MD48

%MW10.3

: 4th bit of slot 1 on base 3.

: 2nd word of slot 4 on base 2.

: 48th double words of internal memory (start from 0).

: 3rd bit of 10th word in the internal memory. (There is no general concept about base and slot in the internal memory)

- If there is an initial value, enter the value in the box of Initial Value.
- Enter the comment in **Comments** box.
- Click **OK** button.

2) Delete a Variable

- Select a variable to delete in the list box of Local Variables.
- Click Delete button

3) Edit a Variable

- Select a variable to edit in the list box of Local Variables.
- In the list box of ADD/Edit variable, edit a variable with the same way as inserting a variable and click OK button.

4) Browse Global Variable

- This function is used when you use a declared global variable in the program.
- Click Browse Global Variable button.

Select Global Variable X Global Variable Position Data Type ΟK ROBOT1_MIN10 ≺Config. Global≻ DINT ROBOT2_SW7 <Config. Global> BOOL Cancel SYSTEM_MAX10 <Config. Global> BYTE

- Select a global variable to use in the program and click **OK** button.
- A selected global will be declared as VAR_EXTERNAL automatically and be added in Local Variable List.

Note

When you declare a variable, if the program belongs to the project, the variable declared as VAR_EXTERNAL is registered to VAR_GLOBAL automatically.

- 5) Browse In/Out variables
 - This function is used when you want refer to the currently declared I/O variable without closing the Local Variable dialog box
 - Click Browse In/Out Variable button. Then Dialog box appears as same as when you select Program-I/O Variable in the menu. You can add, edit or delete the I/O variable in the same way.

Note

Refer to the section 10.3.2 "Create I/O Variable" for "Edit I/O variable".

5.6. Edit LD

LD program creates a PLC program with a graphic symbol like coil or connects, which is used in relay logic diagram. In the below picture, '**Rung Comment**' is the comment for the appropriate rung.

Rung is a unit of continuous line, which is connected vertically. I.e., in the below picture, a rung is from Row 1 to Row 4 and Row 5 is also a rung.



{ END } in Row 7 express the end of the main program. Error management, which is continued in the next column, is one type of sub-program and calls this subroutine in Row 1.

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It is shows Tools and those names in the Toolbox.



Symbol	Shortcut Key	Comments
4 F	F2	Normally open contact
-1/F	F3	Normally closed contact
-1PF	Shift-F1	Positive transition-sensing contact
	Shift-F2	Negative transition-sensing contact
{}	F6	Coil
$\langle \rangle$	F7	Reverse coil
(\$)	Shift-F3	Latched coil
(8)	Shift-F4	Unlatched coil
(P)	Shift-F5	Positive transition-sensing coil
\otimes	Shift-F6	Negative transition-sensing coil
	F4	Horizontal line
	F5	Vertical line
{F}	F8	Function
-{FB}-	F9	Function Block
(RET)	Shift-F7	End command of LD program and Subroutine
$\overline{\mathbb{N}}$	Shift-F8	Jump command for the branch of LD program(Label position)
<sc></sc>	Shift-F9	Call a subroutine

The shape and meaning of each element is as below.

If you select an arbitrary element in toolbox, the shape of the mouse is changed to that of the element.

5.6.1. Create a contact



 When you draw a continuous line as the above way, if there is another contact under the mouse position, that contact is conserved.



- Move the cursor to the position that you want to input a contact in...
- Select a desired contact and line (F2, F3, Shft-F1, Shft-F2, F4, F5) of commands in **Toolbox**.

In case of contact, you can insert it between column 1 of program and column 30. In case of vertical line, you can insert it between column 2 and column 29.

5.6.2. Create a Coil



Coil is inserted in the last (31st) column of LD program automatically.

5.6.3. Create a Function



- Select [F] in Toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the mouse to a desired position and click the left button.



- Move the cursor to the position that you want to a function in.
- Select a function (F8) of commands in Toolbox of the menu

Function List	Fun Select
All Arithmetic Function Bit Function Comparision Functio String Function System Function Time/Date Function Type Function	ADD ABS ACOS ADD ADD_TIME AND ARY_MOVE ARINI
Fun Comment Add value	
OK	Cancel Help

- Select a function group in **Function List** dialog box. Then only appropriate functions appear in the list.
- Select a desired function in Function List dialog box and click OK button.
- If the selected function is an Extensible Function, then the following dialog box appears automatically.

Number of Inputs		×
Maximum number of variable inputs is :	8	ОК
How many variable inputs do you		Cancel
want?	2	Help

Enter the desired input number
 You can enter a function between column 2 and column 30 in LD program.

5.6.4. Create a Function Block



 Move the cursor to the position that you want to insert a function in. Select a function block (F9) of commands in Toolbox.

FB Groups	FB Select
communi.1fb remote3.1fb remote4.1fb special.1fb Standard FB	CTD CTUD CTUD F_TRIG R_TRIG RS RTC_SET
FB Comment	
ОК	Cancel Help

- Select a function block group in Function Block List dialog box. Then only appropriate function blocks appear in the list.
- Select a desired function block in **Function Block List** dialog box and click **OK** button.
- Insert a desired instance name of function block in **Add Instance Name** dialog box.

You can insert a function block between column 2 and column 30 in LD program.

5.6.5. Return



- Select ker in Toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the mouse to a desired position and click the left button.



- Move the cursor to the position that you want to insert Reurn in..
- Select Return (Shft-F7) of commands in Toolbox.

Return is inserted in the last (31st) column of LD program.

5.6.6. Jump and Label

In LD program, Jump command allows you to go directly to the position that you want to branch out. Destination is expressed as a label. Position of label must be inserted on the column '0'. In LD program having subroutine, the label included in the main program must be inserted into jump on the main program and the jump in the subroutine area can branch out to the label in subroutine only. **1) Jump**

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- Select in Toolbox.
- In LD program window, click the left button after moving a mouse to the position that you want.



- In LD program window, move the cursor to the position that you want to insert a jump in.
- Select a jump (Shft-F8) of commands in Toolbox.

Jump is inserted in the last (31st) column of LD program.

2) Label



- Select in Toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the mouse to column '0' and double-click the left button.
- Select label in the Label/Rung Comment/The End of Program Body dialog box.
- Input a label name in Add Label dialog box. (Maximum 16 characters)



- In LD program window, move the cursor to column '0'.
- Press Enter key.
- Select Label in the Label/Rung Comment/The End of Program Body dialog box.
- Input a label name in Add Label dialog box.

When you designate a label in the jump command, input a label name on the position of jump command. Example)

	EMERGENCY	RUNNIG_ST
	_30	0P
Row 10		>>>
	STOP_BUTT	
RUNNING_3	ON	MOTOR1
TOP		

5.6.7. Rung Comment





لشسير	

- In LD program window, move the cursor to column '0' of the first line in desired rung. But, if you want to edit a created rung comment, move a cursor to that comment.
- Press Enter key.
- Select Rung Comment in Label/Rung Comment dialog box.
- Input a rung comment into the **Rung Comment** dialog box.

Rung Comment	×
The Control of Robot and Convey Line	
OK Cancel Help	

Rung comment is displayed in all through on line as below.

COMMENT	The Control of Robot and Convey Line	
Row 13		00T1

5.6.8. Subroutine Call





Insert a subroutine name on the Subroutine Call.

5.6.9. End of Main Program



- Select In Toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the cursor to column '0' of the row to designate as the end of main program.
- Select The end of Program Body in Label or Rung Comment dialog box.



- Move the cursor to column '0' of the row to designate as the end of main program.
- Press Enter key.
- Select The End of Program Body in Label or Rung Comment dialog box.

Label or Rung Comment	×
C Label	ОК
O Rung Comment	Cancel
The End of Program Body	Help

In the end of main program, like below picture, **{END}** is displayed in column '0' of the appropriate row and "This line is the end of main program" is displayed from column '1'.

Row 6	SENSOR_A	RUNN ING
(END)	This line is the end of program body.	ERROR LAM
DISORDER_ PROC	D ISORDER	P

Program logic under the end sign of the main program is regarded as subroutine area.

5.6.10. Variable Input



- You can add, delete or edit a variable in Variables dialogue box.
- In Variables dialogue box, enter the variable name to be used and click OK button. If you enter an already
 declared variable name, then variable input is over here.
- If you enter a new variable name, Add/Edit Variables dialogue box, which determines the variable properties, appears.

Variable Name : LIMIT_SWITCH3 Variable Kind Variable Kind : VAR	OK Cancel Help
-Data Type	Memory Allocation Auto Assign (AT) :
- Initial Value Comments	Init. Array

Refer to the '5.5 Edit a Variable' for detail information about Add/Edit Variables dialog box.
 Press OK button.

5.6.11. Edit a Block

Before editing a block, you must setup the range to be applied as a block. Namely, if you want to copy or delete a continuous program, you must designate a range desired s a block before selecting a block editing command.



Chapter 5. Edit a Program

1) Cut After selecting a block, Ж Select Edit-Copy(Ctrl+X, ٠ 2) Copy After selecting a block, Ľ) Select Edit-Copy(Ctrl+C, ٠ 3) Paste After copying or cutting a block, In LD program window, move the cursor to the position that you want to paste on. Select Edit-Paste(Ctrl+V, ٠ 4) Delete After selecting a block, Select Edit-delete(Delete,

5.6.12. Find

This command allows you to find a variable name, position of contact and etc, which are used in the program Call Find dialog box by selecting Edit-Find ().

Find	×
Text to find:	Contact/coil to find
JUMP_CONDITION	
Select Objects to Find	Origin
 Text only 	From cursor
Contact/coil only	C Entire scope
O Both Text and	
contact/coil	
Direction	Word
Forward	Match whole word
O Backward	O Match partial word
OK Canc	el Help

- In Text to find edit box of Find dialog box, enter the string that you want to find.
- Select the following options to find and click **OK** button.

(1) Contact/Coil to find

Select the contact or coil that you want to find.

(2) Select Objects to find

Text only : Find only the content o character.

Contact/Coil only : Find only LD program elements like contact, coil or etc.

Both text and contact/Coil : Find a content of character and LD program elements like contact, coil or etc. simultaneously.

(3) Origin

Select the range where find command is executed.

From cursor : Find from current cursor position.

Entire scope : Find through the whole program.

(4) Direction

Select the direction that find command is executed.

Down : Find command is executed downward.

Up : Find command is executed upward

(5) Sensitivity

Select an accordance degree in finding a content of character.

Match whole word only : Find only an exactly corresponding word. Regular expression : Find also a partially corresponding word.
5.6.13. Replace

Call replace dialog box by selecting Edit-Re	place
Replace	×
Text to find:	New Text:
JUMP_CONDITION	STOP
Contact/Coil to find	New Contact/Coil
Objects to Find/Replace	Origin
 Text Only 	From cursor
C Contact/coil only	C Entire scope
 Both text and 	
contact/coil	
Direction	
 Forward 	 Match whole word
C Backward	O Match partial word
OK Cancel	Replace All Help

Enter the character that you want to change in Text to find edit box. Select the element of LD program to change in Contact/coil list box.

LD Program		— P —		$-\langle \rangle$	(S)	(N
Elements	-//-	— N —		$-\langle \rangle$	(R)	(P)
\rightarrow	-≪RETURN >	≪sca∟ >	LABEL	FUN	FB	FUN/FB-10

- Enter the character that you want to replace in **New text** edit box. Select the element of LD program to replace in **New Contact/Coil** list box. Select the options in the same way of find command and click **OK** button.

Replace it?		×
Would you like to	replace it?	
ОК	Cancel	Help

Click OK button.



5.6.14. Find/ Replace Again

If you executed Find/Replace command before, execute that command again with the condition that designated before.

Select Edit-Again(Ctrl+F3).

5.6.15. Go to

Select Edit-Go to.

Go to Line			X
The las line number is: 39 Select the line number to go to (0 based) : 4		OK Cancel	
		Help	
In Go to line dialog box, enter t	he row number that you	u want to find.	

Click **OK** button.

5.6.16. zoom In/ Out

This command allows you to adjust the size of LD Program element.

- HI Call a dialog box by selecting Edit-Condense.
- Select a desired screen size in Condense Level dialog box. (100%, 80%, 70%, 50%, 25%, 12%).

Example) In case that compression rate is 100%



In case that compression rate is 100%

🔛 c:	\gn	nwin\source\robot.src	
		LINII_SWI ICH3 MOIORI	
Row	0	LIMII_SWI ICHI ADD	
Row	1	ЕМ ЕМО .	
Row	2	ABC INI OUA SAC_ADD	
Row	3	1 , 1И2	
Row	4		
Row	5		
Row	6		
Row	7		
Row	8		_
•			

Note

In case that compression rate is 25%, 12%, LD program is not displayed as 3D type.

5.6.17. Variable Comment

LD program supports the function that indicates the comment of each variable.

- Select Edit-Variable comment (Ctrl+M) in the pull-down menu.
- If there is a check mark at the left side of Edit-Variable comment (Ctrl+M), a current window is in the state that shows a variable comment and if there is not, the window is in the state that does not show the comment.

Example) In case that express a variable comment



5.6.18. Delete Row

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- ◆ Select (K) in toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the mouse to the row that you want to delete and move the cursor with clicking a left button.
- Select Edit-Delete Line.



- In LD program window, move the cursor to the row that you wish to delete.
- Select Edit-Delete Line (Ctrl+D).

5.6.19. Delete Cell

Delete the cell that cursor is on.

If the current position of the cursor is empty space, this function deletes the empty cell by one column.



- Select (
- In LD program window, move the mouse to the cell you want to delete and move the cursor with clicking a left button.
- Select Edit-Delete Cell.



In LD program window, move a cursor to the cell to be deleted.

Select Edit-Delete Cell (Delete).

5.6.20. Insert Line



- Select (
- In LD program window, move the mouse to the position that you want to insert the row and move the dursor with clicking a left button.
- Select Edit-Insert Line(Ctrl+N).



- In LD program window, move the mouse to the position that you want to enter the row.
- Select Edit-Insert Line(Ctrl+N).

5.6.21. Insert Cell

Insert an empty cell in the position where a cursor is on.



- ♦ Select () in toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the mouse to the position where you want to insert a cell and clicking a left button.
- Select Edit-Insert Cell(Ctrl+I).



- In LD program window, move the cursor to the position where you want to insert the cell.
- Select Edit-Insert Cell(Ctrl+I).

5.6.22. Move/Copy Cell



(for copy, mouse and keyboard are used simultaneously)

- ♦ Select () in toolbox.
- In LD program window, move the mouse to the cell to move/copy.
- Drag to a desired position with clicking a left button of mouse.
- In case of moving, release the ldft button of the mouse.
 In case of copy, release a left button of mouse with pressing CTRL key.

5.6.23. Pop-Up Menu



• Click a right button of the mouse on an arbitrary position or desired position.

Select a desired command in menu that is appeared in right side.
 Pop-Up Menu are various according to the position of the mouse. You can select frequently used functions in Pop-

Up Menu.

To Arrow mode	Ctrl+A
<u>U</u> ndo (Variable Edit)	Ctrl+Z
Cu <u>t</u>	Ctrl+X
Copy	Ctrl+C
Paste	Ctrl+V
Delete	Del
<u>F</u> ind <u>R</u> eplace <u>Ag</u> ain <u>G</u> oto	Ctrl+F Ctrl+H Ctrl+F3
<u>C</u> ondense	Ctrl+E
<u>V</u> ariable comment	Ctrl+M
D <u>e</u> lete line	Ctrl+D
Delete cell(<u>H)</u>	Del
Insert <u>L</u> ine	Ctrl+L
<u>I</u> nsert cell	Ctrl+I

If you use a Pop-up menu, then you don't need to use each command through the pull-down menu. In the upper menu, To Arrow Mode is the command that changes the input state of a current mouse into arrow mode to select or enter the data or elements of the program.

5.6.24. Undo

This command allows you to cancel previously edited action.



♦ Select Undo(Ctrl+Z ;).



Select Undo(Ctrl+Z).

5.6.25. Print and Preview

Print

• Call a LD Print Option dialog box by selecting Project-Print.

LD Print Option		×
Select Range for Printing	Condense Label	ок
Print the whole file	(100-400 %) 100 %	
		Cancel
O Print from cursor to end	- Excepted pages	Preview
C Print selected lines	for whole file 1 x 1	Fleview
0 From:	- given range	Printer Setup
0 To:	1 x 1	
		Help
	Left margin 0	
🗖 Include variables	(Maximum 30 mm)	
	·	

- In Select Range for Printing group box of LD Print Option dialog box, select the range of LD program to print.
- In Left Margin group box, enter the blank in mm. (Maximum size is 30mm).
- In Condense Label group box, enter the compression rate of content to print within the range that is from 100% to 400%. Indicates the required page number of printing the whole file and the required page number of printing the given range that user designate in Select Range for Printing.

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Preview button of LD Print Option dialog box is used when you want to see the outline of contents to print before printing actually on paper.
 In Preview dialog box, you can determine either showing several pages simultaneously in a screen or by one page.



5.7. Edit SFC

SFC supports the method that divides a PLC language (IL,LD) into step and transition according to the execution order. SFC consists of the following elements.



In case of executing the automatic control of a machine with PLC, SFC (Sequential

Function Chart) is the most optimal structural programming method.

SFC Toolbox.



	Step	Indicates the unit of a sequence control with connecting to action
<u> </u>	Transition	Indicates the condition for executing from an active step to next step
	Selective Branch	The executing flow is determined by executive condition
	Parallel Branch	Used to control several sequences simultaneously
Label	Label	The position where an executive flow start by jump
Jump	Jump	Used to change an executive flow
Ð:	Action	Indicates an executing content in the specified step

Select the element to insert and click the left button of the mouse on a desired position.

5.7.1. Create a Step/Transition

Step/Transition or Transition/Step is created in pairs by current position.

Initial screen of SFC program is as below.

C:\gmwin\source\robot3.src	SFC SFC Label Jump
◆ Select (□) in toolbox.	
• Move the muse to the position marked $+$, then ($+$) symbols	ool appears in the screen

• Click the left button of mouse on the position marked +.

🐍 c:\gmwin\source\robot3.src	
51	SFC
<u>—</u> т1	
1	
	Label Jump
	<u>\</u>

 \square New Step/Transition is created on the position marked

🕵 c:\gmwin\source\robot3.src	
51	SFC
T1	
S2	E E
T2	Label Jump
I	<u>\</u> q

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- Move the cursor with key to the position that you want to creates step/transition.
- Select Toolbox-Step(F2).

5.7.2. Create a Parallel Branch

- 1) To create a parallel branch for the first time

Select () in toolbox and move the mouse to the transition(T1) where branch starts and click a left button (You can see a mark).

🚴 c:\gmwin\source\robot3.src	_ 🗆 🗵
SI	SFC
	_ ₽
S2	
T2	Label Jump
S3	
— тз	
54	
T4	

- Transition (T2,T3,T4) are active in red.
- Move the mouse to the transition (T3) where branch ends and click a left button.



• Parallel branch and new step (S5) are created.



- Move the cursor to the transition where branch starts with key.
- Select Toolbox-Branch(F3).
- Move the cursor to the transition where branch ends with key.
- Select Toolbox-Branch(F3).
- 2) To expand a parallel branch



- Select () in toolbox .
- Move the mouse to the start position of the parallel branch and click a left button.



• Parallel branch and new step (S6) are created.



- Move the cursor to the start position of a parallel branch where you want to insert a branch with key.
- Select Toolbox-Branch(F3).

5.7.3. Create a Selective Branch

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- 1) To create a selective branch initially.
 - Select () in toolbox and move the mouse to the step(S2) where branch starts and click a left button (You can see a mark).



- Steps(S3,S4) are active in red.
- Move the mouse to the step(S4) where branch ends and click a left button.

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- Selective branch and new transition (T5) are created.

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- Move the cursor to the step where branch starts with key.
- Select Toolbox-Branch(F3).
- Move the cursor to the step where branch ends with key.
- Select Toolbox-Branch(F3).
- 2) To expand a selective branch
 - Select (🛄) in toolbox.
 - Move the mouse to the start position of a selective branch and click a left button.





- *****
- Move the cursor to the start position of a selective branch where you want to insert a branch with key. Select **Toolbox-Branch(F3)**.
- ٠

5.7.4. Create a Label





- Input a label name in Lable dialog box and click OK button. Maximum size of a label name is 10 characters.

Label	×
Label Name	OK
LABEL	Cancel
	Help

Create a label







- Move a cursor to the step with key. Select **Toolbox-Label(F5)**.
- ۵
- Input a label name in Label dialog box and click OK button. ٠

5.7.5. Create a Jump





• Enter the jump name in Jump dialog box and click OK button.



Maximum size of the jump name is 10 characters.

Note

Available position for Jump

- Transition at the end of the selective branch
- Transition at the last end of SFC program



- Move a cursor to a desired position (is marked with ABC:) for jump with key.
- Select Toolbox-Jump(F6).
- Enter the jump name in Jump dialog box and click OK button.

5.7.6. Create an Action

To connect an action to a step.



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- Select () in toolbox.
- Move the mouse to a step and click a left button.



Move the cursor to the step with key.

Action		×
Kind	Name	
Program	Comment	
O Variable		
List	· · · · ·	
Name	Kind	Flag
4		
Qualifier	Time	
N(Non-stored)	•	
ОК	Cancel	Help

Select Toolbox-Action/Transition(F4).

Select whether you setup an action as a program or as a Boolean variable output in Kind radio button of Action dialog box.

If you setup an action as a variable output, the designated variable is outputted as '1' when the action is in active.

- 1) In case of setting up an action as a program
 - Enter the variable name in the Name edit box (maximum size is 16 characters). When you want to connect an already used action, select the action in list box.
 - Enter the comment for the action in the Comment edit box (maximum size is 40 characters).

2) In case of setting up an action as a variable

Enter the variable name in the Name edit box (maximum size is 16 characters).
 When you want to connect an already declared variable, select the variable in list box. Select a desired qualifier in Qualifier list box.

• If the selected qualifier has a time value (D,L,SD,SL,DS), enter the time value in the **Time**edit box. Example)T#10s.

click OK button.



3) Kind and Function of Qualifier

Step: Active Condition

Symbol	Function	Passive Condition
Symbol	T unction	
N(Non-stored)	Action is executed while Step is in active.	
R(overriding Reset)	R(overriding Reset) makes stopping the execution of action executed by qualifier(S,SD,DS,SL) before.	
S(Set)	After Step is in active, an action is executed until R qualifier acts.	R
L(time Limited)	After Step is in active, an action is executed as long as setting time.	Setting Time
		Setting Time
D(time Delayed)	After Step is in active, the execution of action is delayed as long as setting time.	Setting Time
P(Pulse)	Action is executed at the only moment when Step is in active.	11 Scan
SD(stored & time Delay)	After Step is in active, an action is executed after the lapse of setting time until R qualifier acts. If the R qualifier, However, acts before the	
DS(Delayed & stored)	lapse of setting time, the action is not executed.After Step is in active, an action is executed after the lapse of setting time until R qualifier acts.But, if the step is in passive or the R qualifier acts before the lapse of setting time, the action is not executed.	
SL(stored & time Limited)	After Step is in active, an action is executed as long as setting time, and when the setting time elapses or R qualifier acts, the action is stopped.	

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5.7.7. Create a Transition

To connect Name to Transition.

◆ Select (🛄) in toolbox.

Move the mouse to a	transition and call a transition dialog box by clicking a left buttor
Select Toolbox-Action	a transition with key . tion/Transition(F4).
Transition	×
Kind —	Name
Program	Comment
O Variable	
List	
Name	Kind System Flag
T	<u> </u>
ОК	Cancel Help

 Select whether you setup an executive condition as a program or as a Boolean variable in kind button of Transition dialog box.

1) In case of setting up Transition as a program,

- Enter he transition name in the **Name** edit box(maximum size is 16 characters).
- When you want to connect the already declared transition, select the transition in list box.
- Enter the comment for the transition in the Comment edit box(maximum size is 40 characters).

2) In case of setting up Transition as a variable,

- Enter he transition name in the Name edit box(maximum size is 16 characters). When you want to connect the already declared variable, select the variable in list box.
- Enter the comment for the transition in the Comment edit box(maximum size is 40 characters).
- Click OK button



5.7.8. Delete

- 1) Delete a Step/ Transition
 - ф

 -) in toolbox. Select (
 - Move the mouse to the step or transition that you want to delete.



Click the left button of the mouse.



- Move the cursor to a step or transition that you want to delete with key.
- Select Edit-Delete.

Note

Although you delete a transition in SFC program, a transition program is not deleted. If you want to delete the program, you must delete it in transition list. (select **Program-Transition List**)

2) Delete a Branch

To delete the branch, All elements must be deleted before deleting a branch. Namely, there must be only Step(in case of parallel branch) or Transition (in case of selective branch) in branch





Move the mouse to Step(in case of parallel branch, is marked with with branch) or transition (in case of selective branch) in branch and click a left button.

- Move the cursor to a step (or transition) in the branch that you want to delete.
- Select Edit-Delete.



3) Delete a Label

- Select (S) in toolbox.
- Move the mouse to the label that you want to delete and click a left button.

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- Move the cursor to the label that you want to delete.
- Select Edit-Delete.

4) Delete a Jump

- Select (Select) in toolbox.
- Move the mouse to the Jump that you want to delete and click a left button.

- Move the cursor to the Jump that you want to delete with key.
- Select Edit-Delete.

5) Delete a Action



• Move the mouse to the Action that you want to delete and click a left button.

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- Move the cursor to the Action that you want to delete with key.
- Select Edit-Delete.

Note

Although you delete an action in SFC program, an adtion program is not deleted. If you want to delete the program, you must delete it in action list (select **Program-Action List**)

5.7.9. Zoom In Action/Transition

This Function is used for editing an action or transition program.

Note
A variable used in action or transition is commonly shared in other actions or transitions.
Select () in toolbox.
Move the mouse to an action or transition and call a Select language dialog box by clicking a left button. At this time, if it is declared as a variable, you cannot zoom in.
Selecting a language type is omitted for the action or transition that selected a program type before.

- Select Language OK
- Select a desired language type in Language option button of Select Language dialog box.
- Call the screen of making a program by clicking **OK** button, and create a program.
- When you edit a transition, the execution condition must be outputted as TRANS variable.

[c:\gmw	in\source\	.robot3.src[Action:A	.C0001]			_ 🗆 ×	
Row O	зыітсні	SWITCH2			MOTORI	_	
Row 1	😫 c:\gm	win\source\robot3.	src[Transitio	n:TN0001]			_ 🗆 🗵
	Comman	d LD %IX0.0.0			•	Comment	t 🗌
Row 2	Nu	Instruction	Input	Variable		Comment	Value
Row 3	0 I	LD		%IX0.0.0		(* *)	
	1 A	AND		%IX0.0.1		(* *)	
	2 0	ORN		%M101		(* *)	
Row 4	3 8	δT		MOTOR1		(* *)	
	4 I	LD		%M100		(* *)	
	5 8	δT		MOTOR2		(* *)	
	6 I	LD		SWITCH1		(* *)	
	7 8	5T		LAMP1		(* *)	
	8 N	IOP				(* *)	
							•

Note

Action and transition programs are not saved by individually. They are also saved when SFC Program as saved. So if you saved SFC program in window, then action and transition are also saved

5.7.10. Arrange Number

This is function for putting the number added to Step and Transition in order. Step or Transition number is added in inserted order, and they have no other meaning. It is arranged automatically when you compile or save the program.

Select Edit-Arrange Number.

Edit	×
⚠	Do you want to arrange step and transion numbers?
	OK Cancel

• Click **OK** button and the numbers are given in order.



Before arrangement

After arrangement

5.7.11. Action/ Transition List

Select Program-Action List(or Transition List).

tion List				
<u>L</u> ist				Close
AC0001 AC0002				<u>A</u> dd
AC0003				<u>D</u> elete
				<u>R</u> eplace
				<u>E</u> dit
				Help
Attribute				
Language :	Used:	1	Size :	0 bytes
Comment:				

• Action list and the attribute of the selected action appears in Action List dialog box.

Language	: Language type of the action
Used	: The number of being used in SFC program
Size	: Program size of the action (byte)
Comment	: Comment for the action

1) Add the action

• Click Add button in Action List dialog box.

- Enter the action name and comment, and click **OK** button.
- 2) Replace the action name
 - Click **Replace** button in **Action List** dialog box.
 - Enter the action anme and comment that you want to replace and click, Ok button. At this time, the action on using in SFC program is also replaced in SFC program.
- 3) Delete the action
 - Click Delete button in Action List dialog box.
 At this time, you cannot delete the action on using in SFC program.
- 4) Edit the action

To edit an action program.

Click Edit button in Action List dialog box.

5.7.12. Edit a Block

Before editing a block, you must setupthe range to be applied as a block.

Namely, if you want to copy or delete a continuous program, you must designate the desired content as a block before selecting edit a block function.

When you fix a block in SFC, a correct program is only available.

For example, you must setup the block, which starts from a step, as a transition for the end of the program.

To setup a block,

ŕФ

```
Select (
```

 In SFC program window, move the mouse to the start point of the block and drag it to the last row of the range to select with clicking the left button.



- In SFC program window, move the cursor to the start point of the block.
- With pressing Shift key, move the cursor with arrow key to the last row of the range to select.

1) Cut

After selecting a block

Select Edit-Cut(Ctrl+X,

2) Copy





43) Paste

After copying or cutting,

- In SFC program window, move the cursor to the position that you want to paste.
- Select Edit-Paste(Ctrl+V,
- 4) Delete

After selecting a block

- ◆ Select Edit-Delete(Delete, └──)
- 5.7.13. Find
 - Select Edit-Find (

- In Name edit box of Find dialog box, enter the string that you want to find.
- Select the following option and click **OK** button.
- 1) Kind

Select the type of string that you want to find.

2) Origin

Select the range where Find function is executed. From cursor : Find from current cursor position. Entire scope : Find through the whole range.

3) Direction

Select the direction that Find function is executed. Forward : Find function is executed forward. Backward : Find function is executed backward.

5.7.14. Replace

- Select Edit-Replace(
- In Name edit box of Replace dialog box, enter the character that you want to find.
- Enter the new character in New Name edit box of Replace dialog box,
- Select options in the same way as Find function and click **OK** button.

5.7.15. Again

If you executed Find.Replace function before, executes the function again with the condition that designated before..

◆ Select Edit-Again(Ctrl+F3, 🍱)

5.7.16. Goto

- Select Edit-Goto.
- In Go to Position dialog box, enter the Y(vertical), X(horizontal) coordinates that you want to go.

5.7.17. Condense Screen

To adjust the screen size,

- Select Edit-Condense screen.
- Select a desired screen size in Condense screen dialog box and click Ok button.

5.7.18. Print

If you click **View Comment** button to see the comments that you edited in the program. Select **Project-Print** in the pull-down menu.

SFC Print		×			
Item	Condense	ОК			
☐ <u>8</u> FC	C 100%	Cancel			
☐ <u>A</u> ction	⊙ 80%	Preview			
Transition	C 50%	Setup			
🗖 <u>V</u> ariable	O 25%	Help			
Left margine 0 mm Max. 30mm Option Print Action, Transition Continuously					

- Setup the conditions to print in SFC program.
- To preview the program, select Preview button.
- Close Preview screen and click OK button to print.

5.8. Edit IL

IL is a language that consists of instructions, whose elements are operators, functions, function block and label.

The input of an instruction and a variable is accomplished in edit control box for command and the input of a comment is accomplished in a comment input box.

A blank separates instruction from variable and in case of several variables, they are separated by ','.

Example) ADD A,B,2

<mark>陰</mark> c:\gr	nwin\source\robot2	.src				- 🗆 ×
Comman	nd			•	Comment	t 📃
Nu	Instruction	Input	Variable		Comment	Value
0	LD		%IX0.0.0		(* *)	
1	AND		%IX0.0.1		(* *)	
2	ORN		%M101		(* *)	
3	ST		MOTOR1		(* *)	
4	LD		M100		(* *)	
5	ST		MOTOR2		(* *)	
6	LD		SWITCH1		(* *)	
7	ST		LAMP1		(* *)	-
•						

Toolbox for IL



Ð	Function Input	Select a function to input	
	Function Block Input	Select a function block to input	
Ľ.	Label Input	Input a label	
Opr	Operator Input	Select an operator to input	
\$	Delete a Row	Delete a present row	
-(*) -(*)	Row Comment Input	Input a row comment	
VAR (*)	Variable Comment Input	Input a variable comment	
Ins	Insert Mode	Change into insert mode	
Our	Overwrite Mode	Change into overwrite mode	

The below picture is the menu that is displayed with clicking the right button of the mouse in IL. You can execute each command simply using this menu.

Undo(U)	
Cut(<u>[]</u>)	Ctrl+X
Copy(<u>C</u>)	Ctrl+C
Paste(<u>P)</u>	Ctrl+V
Delete(<u>D)</u>	Del
Find(<u>F)</u> Replace(<u>R)</u>	
Search Again(<u>6</u>) Go To(<u>G</u>)	Ctrl+F3
Show/Hide Comment(<u>M)</u> Select Array Index([) Watch Current Result(<u>N</u>)	

5.8.1. Operator Input

END indicates the end of the main program and the program after END is a subroutine program.

If there is not END, the whole program is the main program.

You can use SCAL, SCALC, SCALN for calling a subroutine and RET, RETC, RETN for return from a subroutine. The name created in SCAL(C,N) must not be in front of END.

If JMP(C,N) is in front/rear of END, the appropriate label is in front/rear of END. Although RET(C,N) is not in the rear of END, the last is regarded as the return from a subroutine..

•	To insert the operator.

Click (Opr) in toolbox.

Operator List		×
Operator	ADD ADD(AND AND(ANDN ANDN(
ОК	Cancel Help	

Select the operator in Operator List dialog box.

.ocal Variables					×
Name LAMP1 M100 MOTOR1 MOTOR2 SWITCH1	Var. Kind VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR	Allocation <auto> <auto> <auto> <auto> <auto></auto></auto></auto></auto></auto>	Used	Data Type BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL	Close Add Delete Edit Help
Browse Glo Description Name : LAM Variable Kind Data Type : I Allocation : Initial Value : Comments :	I : VAR BOOL <auto> : <default></default></auto>	[Browse I	n/Out Variables	

- Enter the variable name in Name edit box of Variables dialog box.
- Click OK button.

Note

If you want to enter the already declared variable, select the variable in list box of **Variable** dialog box..

ىشىسىر

method 1

- Move the cursor in program region to the position in where you want to insert an operator.
- Input an operator and object in **Command** edit box.



• Press Enter key.

method 2

- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert an operator.
- Select Toolbox-Operator.
- Select an operator in **Operator List** dialog box.
- Enter the variable name in Name edit box of ariables dialog box.
- Press Enter key.

5.8.2. Function Input



• To insert the Function in IL.

Click () in toolbox.

Function List	×
Fun Groups All Arithmetic Function Bit Function Comparision Functio String Function System Function Time/Date Function Type Function	Fun Select
Fun Comment	
<no></no>	
ОК	Cancel Help

- Select the function in **Function List** dialog box.
- Enter the variable as many as you want in edit box of Function List dialog box.
- Click OK button.

Note

If you want to use the already declared variables as the variable, click Variable list button of **Function** dialog box and select the variable in the list box of **Variables** dialog box.

Function		×
	Name	ADD
		Input the variable as you need.
IN1:=	CURRENT RESULT	IN2:=
IN3:=		IN4:=
IN5:=		IN6:=
IN7:=		IN8:=
OK	Flag Variable	e List Cancel Help

method 1

• Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a function.

• Enter the function and variable in **Command** edit box.

	Command	ADD E,F,G	•
--	---------	-----------	---

Press an Enter key.

method 2

- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a function.
- Select Toolbox-Function.
- Select the function that you want to insert in **Fnction List** dialog box. Enter the variables for the function in **Function** dialog box. ٠
- ٠
- Press **OK** button. ٠

Note

I case of extensible function (refer to GMWIN commands for the detail information), the number of input for the variable is not designated.

Function Block Input 5.8.3.

(
• To insert the Function	Block,		
◆ Click(¹) in tool	JOX.		
Function Block List			×
FB Groups		FB Select	
All communi.1fb remote3.1fb remote4.1fb special.1fb Standard FB		AD3ARD AD3INI AD3RD AD4ARD AD4BARD AD4BINI AD4BRD	
FB Comment			
<no></no>			
[ОК	Cancel	Help

After selecting a function block to use in Function Block List dialog box, click OK button.
Chapter 5. Edit a Program

	Name	СТИВ			
	CAL	CAL	-		
	Instance Name	<u>، </u>			
Inpu	л			Output	
CU:=	CD:=	QU:=BOOL		QD:=BOOL	
R:=	LD:=	CV:=INT			
PV:=					
ок	Flag	variable List	Cancel	Help	l
ОК	Flag	variable List	Cancel	Help	
			Cancel	Help	
ок Input an instance name Click Ok button.			Cancel	Help	
Input an instance name			Cancel	Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button.			Cancel	Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button. ote	in Instance Name e	edit box.		Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button. ote	in Instance Name e	edit box.	f	Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button. ote	in Instance Name e	edit box.	f	Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button. ote	in Instance Name e	edit box.	f	Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button. ote	in Instance Name e	edit box.	f	Help	
Input an instance name Click Ok button. ote ou want to insert the already on nction Block dialog box and s	in Instance Name e	edit box.	f	Help	
Input an instance name	in Instance Name e	edit box.	f ialog box.		

- CAL
- Select the function block in Function Block List dialog box. Enter the instance name and variables in Function Block dialog box. Press Enter key.

Command

•

method 2

- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a function block.
- Select Toolbox-Function Block.
- Select the function block in Function Block List dialog box.
- Enter the instance name and variables in Function Block dialog box.
- Press Enter key

5.8.4. Label Input

5		
To input the label.		
Click () in toolbox.		
Label	×	
Label Name :	ОК	
	Cancel	
	Help	
Enter the label name (maxim	ium size is 8 characters) in Label dialog box

Click **OK** button.



method 1

- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a label.
- Enter the label name and ':' in **Command** edit box.

Command	START:	•

• Press Enter key.

method 2

- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a label.
- Select Toolbox-Label.
- Enter the label name in Label dialog box.
- Click OK button.

5.8.5. Comment Input

Comment is created in **Comment** edit box in IL program screen. You can insert a line comment and variable comment separately by the comment display of toolbox. You can edit directly the comment in **Comment** edit box.

- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a comment.
- Make a comment (maximum size 24 characters) in **Comment** edit box.



- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to insert a comment.
- Select Toolbox-Variable Comment (Line Comment).
- Enter the comment in **Comment** edit box.

5.8.6. Change an Inseet/ Overwrite Mode of Program



5.8.7. Delete a Program



- Move the cursor in the display region which you want to delete.
- Select Toolbox-Delete.

5.8.8. Edit a Block

Before editing a block, you must setup the range to be applied as a block.

Namely, if you want to copy or delete a continuous program, you must designate a desired range as a block before selecting Edit Block Function.



- Move the mouse to the row of the display range to select.
- Drag the mouse to the last row of the range to select with clicking the left button.



Move the cursor to the row of the display range to select.

With pressing Shift key, move he cursor with arrow key to the last row of the range to select

1) Cut

After selecting a block,

Select Edit-Cut(Ctrl+X,



In Text to Find edit box of Find dialog box, enter the string that you want to find.
 Select the following option and click OK button

1) Kind

• Select the string type to find.

2) Origin

- Select the range where Find functions executed.
- (1) From cursor : Find from the current cursor position
- (2) Entire scope : Find through the whole program

3) Direction

Select the direction that Find function is executed.
 (1) Forward : Find function is executed forward

(2) Backward : Find function os executed backward

4) Word

Select an accordance degree in finding a word.
 (1) Match Whole Word : Find only an exact same word
 (2) Match Partial Word : Find also a partial same word

5.8.10. Replace

To replace a variable with a desired variable in the program on editing,

•	Select Edit-Replace
---	---------------------

Replace	×
Text to Find	New Text
	V
Kind	Origin
C Instruction	From Cursor
Operand	C Entire Scope
Direction	Word
Forward	Match Whole Word
O Backward	Match Partial Word
OK Cancel	Replace All Help

- In **Text to find** edit box of **Replace** dialog box, enter the string that you want to find.
- In New Text edit box, enter the new string.
- Select options in the same way as Find function and click **OK** button.
- Click **Replace All** button to replace all string at once.

Note

You can replace the string only for a variable.

5.8.11. Again

If you executed Find/ Replace command before, executed the command again with condition that designated before.

Select Edit-Again(Ctrl+F3,

5.8.12. Go to

This function allows you to find the desired line in the program.

- Select Edit-Goto.
- In Goto dialog box, enter the line number that you want to find.
- Click OK button.

Go To	×
Input the Line Number to go to (0 based)
The Last Line No. : 13	
Go to the Line :	
OK Cancel Hel	p

5.8.13. Print

If you click a **Preview** button before printing a program, the outline of content is printed on the screen.

Select **Project-Print**.

IL Print Option	×
 Select the Range for printing — Print the Whole file 	🗖 Include Variables
 Print from Cursor to End Print Selected Lines 	Margin
Start Line : 0 End Line : 0	Left Margin 0 Maximum(30mm)
OK Cancel	Preview Printer Setup

- Select the Range for printing in IL Print Option dialog box.
 Print Whole file : Print the whole program
 Print from Cursor to End : Print from a cursor to the end
 Print selected lines : Print from start line to end line
- To print variables, select **Include Variables** check box.
- Setup the margin to print in Margin edit box.

Chapter 6. Program Compile

To create an execution file.

1) Compile the Program that belongs to a project

Compile the program that defines as a program instance in a project. At this time, the compiler verifies the erroe in a program and if error does not exist, it creates an object an object file. Object file name : Program file name. **OP3** (for GM3)

2) Create an execution file

It links object files each other which are created by compiler. At this time, a linker verifies the error on Global Variable, Function, Function block, and creates one execution file.

Execution file name : Project file name. **BNO** Note: In case of GM1, it is created as many as resource number.

(Project file name.BN1, Project file name.BN2, ...)

6.1. Make

It creates an execution file after compiling the only program, which needs compiling, in the project.

- Select Compile-Make () in the pull-down menu.
 If an error occurs, the error message is displayed in Make dialog box and execution file is not created.
- Click **OK** button in **Make** dialog box.

6.2. Compile

It compiles only the currently active program, and creates an object file.

- Select Compile Compile () in the pull-down menu.
 If an error occurs, the error message is displayed in Compile dialog box and object file is not created.
- Click **OK** button in **Compile** dialog box.

Note Only compiling a program cannot make an execution file.

6.3. Build All

It creates PLC execution file after compiling all programs in the project.

- Select Compile Build All in the pull-down menu. If an error occurs, the error message is displayed in Build All dialog box and execution file is not created.
- Click OK button in Build All dialog box.



6.4. Message

It shows an error or warning message in the process of Compiling, Make and Build All.

- If you double-click the message, it helps you to move directly to the occurred place of error/warning
- When an error or warning occurs in the process of Compile, Make and Build All, message window appears automatically and it shows the type and occurred place of error/ warning by list



- If you double-click the each list item, the cursor moves to the occurred place of error/warning.
- If you select Compile-Message... in menu, you can repeatedly see the previous message after closing the message window.

6.5. Memory Reference

It allows you to see the global variable and direct variable at the program in project.

Select Compile-Memory Reference in the pull-down menu.

	×
Output Position	
	-
Create List	

- When you open the existed list, select **Open List**. When you create a new list, select **Create List** after selecting **Select Area** and **Output Position**.

\delta Cross Refe			
%QW0.0.0 %QW0.3.0	(0,2)	robot1.src robot1.src	
	(0,2)	100011.010	

Chapter 7. Online

To connect GMWIN to PLC, you must setup a connection option.

(Refer to 'Chapter1.1.2 How to Connect GMWIN to PLC' for detail description).

After setting the option for connection, you must set a PLC key on REM(Remote Stop) mode to connect with GMWIN.

If you connect GMWIN to PLC in proper order, you can do the following functions.

(reading from PLC, writing to PLC, monitoring, debugging, change a PLC mode, erase PLC data area, set the use of link parameter, PLC information, I/O information, Forced I/O setup, Enable Forced I/O, Set a PLC password, etc.)

7.1. Connect

7.1.1. Connect + Write + Run + Monitor On

It is a macro command that executes a program at one time. To execute the communication with PLC automatically, select this menu. This function can download the project created in GMWIN to PLC, make PLC Run and monitor the project at one time. Prior to perform this menu, confirm the switch in CPU module of the PLC is at REM (Remote Stop) mode.

7.1.2. Connect

Selection of Redundant CP	×
Redundant CPU —	N
C CPU-B	43
ОК	Cancel

7.2. Disconnect

You can disconnect GMWIN with PLC.

Select Online-Disconnect in the pull-down menu.

7.3. Read from PLC

You can read PLC parameters in GMWIN after connecting with PLC.

Select Online- Read in menu.

Select Online-Connection the pull-down menu. In case of redundancy, select the CPU to connect.

Read
Range
Basic Parameter
C I/O Parameter
C HS Link Parameter
C Redundancy parameter
Communication Parameter
OK Cancel Help
 Basic Parameter : Read only a basic parameter from PLC. I/O Parameter : Read only I/O parameter from PLC. HS Link Parameter : Read only an express link parameter from PLC. Redundancy Parameter : Read only a Redundancy Parameter. (In only case of redundancy, it is activated) Communication Parameter : Read only a Communication Parameter. (In only case of Communication, it is activated)
In Read dialog box, select the memory area of parameter to read and click OK button.
GMWIN
Parameter reading Completion
OK

7.4. Write to PLC

This function is used for writing a parameter and program of GMWIN to PLC after the connection with PLC. In GM1 and Resource is more than two, when you write parameter and program to PLC, select the appropriate resource.

- Select **Online-Write** in the pull-down menu.
- If the state of PLC is **Run**, then following dialog box will appear.



Click YES button.

Write	×
Range	
Basic Parameter O I/O Parameter	
HS Link Parameter Redundancy Parameter	
C Communication Parameter	
C Parameter and Program	
Upload Program	
OK Cancel Help	

Select the memory area to write to PLC and click **OK** button.

- Basic Parameter : Write only a basic parameter from PLC.
- I/O Parameter : Write only I/O parameter from PLC.
- HS Link Parameter : Write only an express link parameter from PLC.
- Communication Parameter : Write only a Communication Parameter. (In only case of Communication, it is activated)
- Redundancy Parameter : Write only a redundancy parameter from PLC.
- Program : Write only a program from PLC.
- Parameter and Program : Write a parameter and program from PLC.
- Upload Program : Write a program from PLC.
- When you use a GM1 Multi CPU, select a resource in Selection of Resource dialog box and click OK button.

Selection of Resource	×
Selection of All Resource	
User Select	
Resource 0 Resource1	
🗖 Resource 2 🗖 Resource 3	
OK Cancel Help	

7.5. Change PLC Mode

To change PLC mode.

Run Mode

Select Online-Mode Change-Run in menu.

Stop Mode

Select Online-Mode Change-Stop in menu.

Pause Mode

Select Online-Mode Change - Pause in menu.

Debug Mode

Select Online-Mode Change - Debug in menu.

Master Change

Select Online-Mode Change - Master Change in menu.
 (When you use GM1 Redundancy PLC, this function changes a master CPU)

7.6. Clean PLC Data

Select Online-Data Clear in menu.



Click Yes button.

7.7. PLC Reset

7.7.1. Reset

Select Online - Reset in menu.

Rese<u>t</u>... Over<u>a</u>ll Reset...

Select Reset in menu.



Click Yes button.

7.7.2. Over All Reset

Select Online - Reset in menu
 Select Overall Reset in menu.

Select Overall Reset in menu.					
	Rese <u>t</u> …				
	Over <u>a</u> ll Reset,				
	GMWIN	Х			
	Reset PLC, Continue anyway?				
	OK 🚶 Cancel				
	Click Yes button.				

7.8. Flash Memory

4

This function is used for confirming a flash memory type mounted on CPU module or transferring a program in data RAM of PLC to flash memory.

Select Online-Flash Memory-Flash Memory Type in menu.

Flash Memory	×
Type of Flash memory	
There is no flash memory.	
- GM7 External Flash memory	
ОК	

Select Online-Flash Memory - Flash Memory Write in menu

/rite to the Flash Memory	×
Program	
O Upload Program	
O Program and Upload Program	
O Write to external Flash Memory (GM7)	
OK Cancel	

Select item(s) to be written into the flash memory, and press 'OK' button.

The GM7	o CPU series has built-in flash memory. ' series has built-in flash memory, also an external memory module is avaiable. ite into the external memory module, select 'Write to external Flash memory (GM7)'.
♦ Cli	ck Yes button.
	ate that flash memory is mounted on CPU module, if you execute Online-Write menu, wing dialog box appears when GMWIN finishes writing a program.
GMWIN	×
?	There is a flash memory in PLC,If you switch to run mode,execution program in PLC is changed to a program in flash memory, Write execution program to flash memory?
	OK Cancel

Click Yes button and you can write the current program to memory module directly.

7.9. Setup Link Enable

This allows you to designate the block for the link parameter use.

Select Online-Setup Link Enable in menu.				
Se	t Link Enable		×	
	r			
	🗖 H-S Link 1	F H-S Link 2		
	🗖 H-S Link 3	🦵 H-S Link 4		
	Ok	Cancel Help]	

Click OK button after selecting the HS Link

7.10. PLC Information

It is the function that indicates various information for PLC system such as 'System info', 'Error/Warning info', 'AC Fail history', 'Error history', 'Mode change history', 'I/O module fault info', and 'Base unit info'.

7.10.1. System Information

It is the function that indicates the constructive state of PLC system. You can see system information, scan time, current time and error status. You can also setup current time.

Chapter 7. Online

• Select Online-PLC Information-System Info.. in the pull-down menu.

PLC	C Information					×
5	System					
	PLC Type :	GM6B		PLC Ver. :	v1.3	
	PLC Mode :	Run		Restart Type :	WARM	
	Key Pos. :	Pause/Remote		PLC State : N	ormal	
	Mem Pack :	Туре2		GMWIN Connec	tion : Local	
	Mode Transfer	Src Mode ch	anged b	y GMWIN		
	Remote Acces	s Right : N	res			
	Force I/O :	Off		Run by Rom :	Per	missic
	Scan Time					
	Max: 3 ms	Min :	0 ms	Cur	: 1 ms	
	Current Time					
	SUN 1999.12	2.12 20:49:55				let
					odate	Help

If you want to setup or edit current time,

Select Set... button of current time in PLC Information dialog box.

Date/Time Set	×
Date 1999 . 12 . 12	Time 20 : 49 : 55
ОК	Cancel Help

• Setup Date and Time in Date-Time Set dialog box.

7.10.2. Error/Warning Information

When the following error occurs, you can confirm the detail information about an error.

- ① In case that I/O parameters are different from practically mounted modules.
- ② In case that module configurations are changed in Run mode.
- ③ In case that the fuse of module is blown.
- ④ In case that GMWIN cannot normally read or write program or parameter in I/O module.
- (5) In case that normal interface is impossible in special or communication module.
- (6) In case that the position of error is incorrect or there is a trouble in peripheral device.
- ⑦ In case that there is a collision between tasks.

Select Online-PLC Information-Error/warning Information.

Error/Warning Information	×
Module Change Error	Close
	More
	Help
1	

Click More button.

More Information	×
Module Change Error	
Base 0,Slot 2	
Close	Help

7.10.3. AC Fail History

AC Fail History shows the history of AC Fail that has occurred in PLC.
 Select Online-PLC Information-AC History in the pull down menu.

AC Fail History	×
	Close
AC Fail Count : 2	Update
1 DT#1999-12-12-21:36:3.000	Reset
2 DT#1999-12-12-21:36:1.000	Help
3	
4	
5	
7	
8	
o 9	
9 10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	

7.10.4. Error History

Error history shows the history of errors that has occurred in PLC.
 Select Online-PLC Information-Error History in the pull-down menu.

If you want to see detail information about the history of occurred error, select the item to see the detail information in list box and click **Detail** button.

7.10.5. Mode Change History

This shows the history that has changed PLC mode. Select Online-PLC Information-Mode Change History in the pull-down menu.

Mode Ch	ange History	×
1	DT#1999-12-12-21:39:20.000 Stop	Close Update Reset
2	DT#1999-12-12-21:39:19.000 Pause WARM	Help
3	DT#1999-12-12-21:39:17.000 Run WARM	
4	DT#1999-12-12-21:39:16.000 Stop	
5	DT#1999-12-12-21:39:15.000 Run WARM	
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		

7.10.6. I/O Module Fault Information

This shows information about the fault of input/output contacts in redundant system. Select Online-PLC Information-I/O Module Fault Info in the pull-down menu.



If you want to erase the detail information about error, click Erase... button. When PLC is connected as a master, you can erase a redundancy error and C side error And when PLC is connected to each CPU, you can erase A side terror and B side error.

7.11. I/O Information

- This shows the configuration of I/O modules in PLC system. Select Online-I/O information in the pull-down menu.

-Base Select		Close
O		Help
-I/O Configuration	set	
Slot 0	DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 1	TR Output 16point	
Slot 2	AC 110V Input 8point	
Slot 3	TR Output 16point	
Slot 4	DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 5	DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 6	DEF_EMPTY	
Slot 7	DEF_EMPTY	
	Write at I/O Parameter	

- Select the base number in **Base Select** list box.
- If you select the slot number in $\ensuremath{\text{I/O}}$ Configuration dialog box, you can read the information of special module.

Base	0Slot	2pecial Module Info	×
_ Spe	ecial/Lir	k Module Additional Info-	
	DAI-4CI	H V1.0	
			OK

7.12. Forced I/O Setup

This is a function that sets up forced input/output of refresh area in PLC. It is different from Forced writing of variable in program. In the following PLC system, how to setup Forced Input of the part marked with () is as below.



Select Online-I/O Forcing-Input in the pull-down menu.

I/O Forcing Set (Input			×
Base Select		- Slot Select	Close
1	View	2	Ciose
			Cancel
I/O Forceing Set			All Reset
Flag Data Flag	Data Flag Data	Flag Data	
0 🔽 🔽 0 16 🗖	🗖 16 32 🗖 🗖 32	48 🗖 🗖 48 🛛 Set	Help
	🗖 17 33 🗖 🗖 33	49 🗖 🗖 49 Reset	
2 🔽 🔽 2 18 🗖	☐ 18 34 ☐ ☐ 34	50 🗖 🗖 50 🔤 🔤 🔤	
3 🗖 🗖 3 19 🗖		51 🔽 🗖 51	
		52 🗖 🗖 52	
		53 🗖 🗖 53	
		54 🗖 🗖 54	
		55 🗂 🗂 55 56 🗂 🗂 56	
9 5 5 9 25 5		57 🗖 🗖 57	
		58 F F 58	
		59 🗖 🗖 59	
12 🗖 🗖 12 28 🗖	□ 28 44 □ □ 44	60 🗖 🗖 60	
13 🗖 🗖 13 29 🗖	□ 29 45 □ □ 45	61 🗖 🗖 61	
14 🗖 🗖 14 30 🗖	□ 30 46 □ □ 46	62 🗖 🗖 62	
15 🗖 🗖 15 31 🗖	□ 31 47 □ □ 47	63 🗖 🗖 63	

• Input Base Select:1, Slot Select:2 in dialog box.

- Setup the forced data and flag $(0 \sim 2)$ in I/O forcing set of dialog box.
- Click Close button.

• If you click View button in dialog box, you can see the content of forced I/O setup.

point nun	n	0456 0123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123	Close
Slot 0	Flag Data	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Reset
Slot 1	Flag Data	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	<u>≺</u> < Back
Slot 2	Flag Data	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	<u>N</u> ext >>
Slot 3	Flag Data	1110000000000000000000000000000000000	Help
Slot 4	Flag Data	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Slot 5	Flag Data	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Slot 6	Flag Data	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Slot 7	Flag Data	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
point nun	ń	06 01234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123	

Forced Output setup is same as the Forced input setup.

- Select Online-I/O Forcing-Output in the pull-down menu.
- Select a base and slot in dialog box.
- Setup the forced data and flag in I/O Forcing set of dialog box.
- Click Close button.

Note	
To input/ o	output the data that you setup, you should setup Enable I/O Forcing in section 7.13

7.13. Enable I/O Forcing

It allows you to enable the execution of Forced input/output.

Select Online-I/O Forcing-Output in the pull-down menu.

Force I/O Enable		×
🔽 In	put	
0 प	utput	
ОК	Cancel	Help

Select the area for Forced I/O in Enable I/O Forcing dialog box and click OK button.

PLC.

7.14. Link Information

This function shows the station number, type, PLC mode, error, and slot number of communication module mounted on

	001001			down mond.
Co	mmuni	cation Module		×
	Slot	Link Type	Station No.	
	3 5		6#00e091000009	Close
	5	ETHERNET 0.	.0.0.0	I
				More
				Help
	-			

• Select Online-Link Information in the pull-down menu.

Click More... button for the detail information in Communication Module dialog box.

Netw	ork Status List						×
	Station No.	Туре	Mode	Error	Connect	Slot	
	0.0.0.0	0GM1	OStop	No	,	5	
		Close	More		Help]	

7.15. Tx/Rx Information

In GM7, you can monitor a receiving data with the selecting of Tx/Rx information through the C-net or C-net interface unit. (In GM1-6, you can monitor through the frame editor for C-net)

Commu	nication I	nformation				×
	_5	10	15	_20	ß	
						Previous
						Start
						Stop
						Cancel
						Next
Monito	or Mode — nitor C	Display	- Display Oj C Hex	otion	Current Page : 1	
				,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Buffer Usage(%) : 0	

7.16. Mnet Parameter

It allows you to setup the parameter of Mnet (Mini-MAP) communication module in PLC.

Select Online-Mnet Parameter in the pull-down menu.

GLOFA	Mnet				X
– Slot	No				
8	Select a SI	ot Number.			
0	0	C 1	C 2	• 3	
0	1	C 5	C 6	C 7	
	4			<u> </u>	
Stati	on No. —				
1	nput the S	tation Number			
ſ				-	
	OK	С	ancel	Help	

• Setup Slot No. and Station No. in GLOFA Mnet dialog box.

7.17. Mnet Information

This function indicates modern's status of Mnet(Mini-MAP) communication module in PLC.

Select Online- Mnet Information in the pull-down menu.

Gl	_OFA Mnet				X
	– Slot No. –				
	Select	a Slot Number.			
	00	O 1	O 2	• 3	
	O 4	C 5	C 6	O 7	
	– Station No				_
	Input th	ne Station Num	ber.		
		DK	Cancel	Help	

• Setup Slot No. and Station No. in GLOFA Mnet dialog box.

7.18. I/O Skip

- To setup the I/O Skip,
 - Select Online-I/O Skip in the pull-down menu.

Base 1 kip Set			×
Base Select-			ОК
1	•		Cancel
			Help
Base Skip	Γ	Set	
Slot 0	N		
Slot 1	V		
Slot 2	Г		
Slot 3	V		
Slot 4	Г		
Slot 5	Г		
Slot 6	Г		
Slot 7	Г		

- Setup a base number to skip the I/O in **Base Skip Set** dialog box.
- Setup a slot number in **Base Skip Set** dialog box and click **OK** button.

7.19. Fault Mask

To setup Fault Mask,

Select Online-Fault Mask in the pull-down.

Bas	se – 1 ault Mask S	et					×
[Base Select					OK	
	1 💌					Cancel	
[1	Help	
	Base Mask		S	Set			
	Slot 0	◄					
	Slot 1	◄					
	Slot 2	◄					
	Slot 3						
	Slot 4						
	Slot 5						
	Slot 6						
	Slot 7	Γ					

- Setup the base number to mask in **Base Fault Mask** dialog box in menu
- Setup a slot number in Base Fault Mask dialog box and click OK button.

7.20. Initializes Special Modules

It allows you to initialize a special module in PLC.

- To initialize a special module,
- Select Online-Initializes Special Modules in the pull-down.

Special Module	×
Base Select	ОК
	Cancel
Slot Select	Help

- In Special Module dialog box, select the slot number and base which has a special module to initialize.
- Click OK button.
- If you setup the wrong number, the error message box appears on the screen as below.

GMWIN	×
8	Remote Connection Error - There is no link card or Can't serve remote connection.
	ок

- After selecting the number correctly, click **OK** button. Select the parameter to initialize in **Initial Values Set** dialog box.

AD Initial Value Set			×
┌ Initial Data Set			
BASE : 0			ОК
SLOT : 6			Cancel
		Initial	Help
CH : Array	0-15		
DATA TYPE : Array	0-15	Initial	
FILN_EN : Array	0-3	Initial	
FILN_VAL : Array	0-3	Initial	
AVG_EN : Array	0-3	Initial	
AVG_SEL : Array	0-3	Initial	
NUM/TIME : Array	0-3	Initial	
FILN_VAL : Array AVG_EN : Array AVG_SEL : Array	0-3 0-3 0-3	Initial	

- Then Array Initialization dialog box appears and the designated value is outputted to the selected parameter.
- In Array Initialization dialog box, after selecting the item that you want to change, double-click the item or click

Array Name :	CH : ARRAY [015] OF BOOL	Close
C <u>N</u> o Init	Initialize	Help
[0] 1	<u> </u>	<u>E</u> dit
[1] 1 [2] 0		
[3] 0		
[4] 0		
[5] 0		
[6] 0		
[7] 0		
[8] O [9] O		
[10] 0		
[11] 0		
[12] 0		
ાં ાં	<u> </u>	

Edit button.

Change the Value to initialize in Array Initialization dialog box and click OK button.

Note

Refer to section ' Chapter 13 Online Edit ' for details.

Chapter 8. Monitoring

- 1) Program Monitoring
- 2) I/O Monitoring
- 3) Variable Monitoring
- 4) Variable Monitoring
- 5) Link Parameter Monitoring

8.1. Monitor a Program

To monitor the operation of PLC in Run mode,

- Select Online-Connect in the pull-down menu.
- Select Monitor-Monitor On in menu.
 If there is more than 2 defined instances in a program, Select Instant dialog box appears.

Select Instance		×
Resource	Instance	ОК
RES0	INSTO	
RES0	INST1	Help
r Program File: c:\gmwin\sourc	e\robot1.src	

Select an instance in the list box of Select Instance dialog box, and click OK button.

Note

To monitor in GMWIN, the program in the current window must be exactly same with a transferred program in PLC. If you monitor the program edited after downloading to PLC, monitored data of the program may be operated differently with the real one in the window. So, if you edit the program after downloading to PLC, you must execute monitoring after creating an execution file again **Compile-Make** menu.

You can not edit the program in the project while execute monitoring. But you can edit the program not contain the project.

8.1.1. Monitor LD

LD Monitoring basically has two functions. One is that showing the variable status, and the other is that setting or getting ON/OFF the variable value by force.

1) Monitor a Variable

(1) Monitor a Contact or Coil variable

You can see the ON/OFF status of variable by the change of color(ON : Red, OFF : Black)of the appropriate variable name, because the variable of contact or coil is **BOOL** type in Ladder Diagram. If the color of the variable name turns to be red, the variable means **On** status, and **Off** status for black one.

(2) Monitor I/O Variable for the Function or Function Block

I/O variable for the Function or Function Block is displayed as a number or string on the line of the variable name.

🤮 c:₩gm	win₩source₩robot1,src <inst0></inst0>		×
Row O	SWITCH1	MOTOR1	
Row 1			
Row 2	ABC - IN1 OUT - ABC_ADD		
Row 3	1 - IN2		
Row 4			Ţ
•			

2) Forced Variable

This function allows you to turn the variable of contact or coil ON/OFF and set the variable for the function or function block as a desired value forcibly



In LD Program, move the mouse to the variable that you want to set and double-click the left button of the mouse. Then Force Variable dialog box appears.

c	-	-	-	<u> </u>
	11	11	11	E.
	п	п	п	п
д			ų	-
_		_	_	_

In LD Program, move the cursor to the variable that you want to set.

Press Enter.

Force Variable	×
Variable Name	OK
LIMIT_SW	Cancel
Value 0	Help

• Input '0'(Off) in the Value box of Force Variable dialog box and click OK button.

(🎥 c∶₩gm	win₩source₩robot1,src <inst0></inst0>		<u> </u>
Row O	SWITCHI	MOTOR1	
Row 1	LIMIT_SW ADD		
Row 2	ABC IN1 OUT ABC_ADD	 	
Row 3	1 - IN2	 	
Row 4			-

3) Forced Output I/O Variables

If Variable is I/O variable, the following dialog box appears.

Force Variable	×
Variable %Q0.3.0	ок
Kind	Cancel
© Force I/O 🔽 Data 🔽 Flag	Help
C Force Internal Memory	

- If you want change the I/O value, select Force I/O and to set up '1', select Data and Flag. In this case, Forced I/O is available under the setting of forced I/O enable. (Refer to 7.12 'Forced I/O Setup and 7.13 'Enable I/O Forcing)
- If you want change the internal value, select Force Internal Memory and to set up '1', select Data.

4) Monitor Array Variable

When a program monitoring starts, array variable basically monitors the first elements of array.

If array variable name is ARR, this variable displayed as ARR(0) and monitors the first element of array.

- Move the cursor on the array variable that you want to monitor.
- Select the Toolbox-Select Array Subscript.

Monitoring Ar	ray Variables		×
Name :	DATA2	ОК]
Index :	3	Cancel	
		Help	

In Monitoring Array Variables dialog box, enter the index of element that you want to monitor. Click OK button. You can also monitor an array variable with hot key without using Monitoring Array Variables dialog box.

- Move the cursor to the array variable.
- Increase the element index with pressing Ctrl- \uparrow or decrease with pressing Ctrl- \downarrow

8.1.2. Monitor SFC

It allows you to know about the flow of SFC program with display of an active step and action.

If you select the SFC Auto Scroll in Option menu, SFC window automatically scrolls along the active step.



To monitor an action and transition program,



Move the mouse on the action or transition, and double-click the left button of the mouse.



Move the cursor on the action or transition, and select the Toolbox-Zoom in menu.

8.1.3. Monitor IL

It monitors only the program in a project. It is impossible to edit the program during monitoring.

Monitoring data is shown at the position of program value.

You can see the monitoring data in a desired place by adjusting the column of display region.

During the monitoring, you can see hide the comment by clicking Toolbox-Comment Show/Hide menu.

1) Monitor a Variable

The variable declared as an array is monitored with assigned as initial index '0'

- If you want to change the index, move the cursor in a desired line.
- Select Toolbox-Select Array Index(I) in the pull-down menu.
- Assign the index of array element.
- Click **OK** button, or hit the Ctrl+ \uparrow ,Ctrl+ \downarrow .

🧌 c:₩gr	nwin₩source₩bo>	king, src < RES0)-INST3>		
Nu	Instruction	Input	Variable	Value	
Ø	LD		×I0.0.0	0	
11	ST		MOTOR3	0	
2	LD		DATA1	346	
3	ADD		DATA2	32	
4	ST		DATA3	378	
5	LD		SWITCH3	1	
6	ST		LAMP3	1	
7	NOP				
•					<u> </u>

2) Forced Variable

• Double-click the line of variable that you want to write.

Force Variable	×
Variable Name	ОК
DATA2	Cancel
Value 32	Help

- Enter the value of variable in the Force Variable dialog box.
- Click OK button.

8.2. Monitor a Variable

You can monitor a variable declared in a program, global variable, I, Q, M area, system flag and etc.



To monitor the program the program initially,

- To call the Select Variable dialog box, select Online-Monitor-Monitor On in menu.
- Select Online-Monitor- Variable Monitor in menu.

To monitor the program,

To call the Select Variable dialog box, select Online-Monitor- Variable Monitor in menu.

Note

If GMWIN is not connected to PLC, select Connect in menu before selecting the above menu.

 In the Register Variable dialog box, select the variable that you want to monitor. Refer to the following section for selecting variable.

8.2.1. Register Variable

To select the variable declared in program, global variable, I,Q,M area, system flag and etc. at the same time.

) in toolbox. able to monitor ir	n accordance wi	th the Regist e	e r Variabl e dia	log box.
 Select a varia 	polbox-Select (Final dependence) able to monitor in		h the Registe	r Variabl e dial	og box.
Register Variable					>
-Kind	on Global Variable				Close
<u>o s</u> onngorau		• O <u>K</u> e	source Globa	i variable	Register
Instance Value	ariable	С <u>Б</u> у	stem Flag		
			-		<u>S</u> elect
O Direct Varia	ible				Help
	Ex) %IX0.0	1.0 or %QX0.1.0-	%QX0.1.8		
Resource R	esource0 💌		Instance	INST0	
⊻ariables,Syste	m Flags		Registered-	⁄ariables	
ABC	VAR				
ABC_ADD DATA1	VAR VAR	INT AR			
DATA2	VAR	AR			
F1 LIMIT_SVV	VAR VAR				
MOTOR1	VAR	во			
01	VAR	BO	I		
1.1					

1) Register Configuration Global Variable (only available in GM1)

To register configuration global variable,

- Select the Configuration Global Variable in option button.
- Select the variables to monitor in the Variables, System Flags list box.
- Click Register button.

2) Register Resource Global Variable

To register resource variable,

- Select the Resource Global Variable in option button.
- Select the variables to monitor in the Variables, System Flags list box.
- Click **Register** button.

3) Register Instance Variable

To register the variable declared in the designated program,

- Select the Instance Variable in option button.
- Select the instance in the **Instance** list.
- Select the variables to monitor in the Variables, System Flags list box.
- Click **Register** button.

4) Register Direct Variable

- Select the **Direct Variable** in option button.
- Enter the address of direct variable in the input text box.
- Click Register button.

5) Register System Flag

- Select the **System Flag** in option button.
- Select the flag to monitor in the Variables, System Flags list box.
- Click Register button.

Registered Variable will be displayed in Registered Variable list box.

6) All Select

- It allows you to monitor one program or the entire global variable.
- Click Select Button, and Select Variable dialog box appears.

Kind ———					Close
C <u>C</u> onfigurati	on Global Variable	C <u>R</u> eso	urce Global	Variable	
					Re <u>q</u> ister
Instance Value	ariable	C <u>S</u> yste	m Flag		Colort
					<u>S</u> elect
O Direct Varia	able				Help
	Ex) %IX0.0	0 or %QX0.1.0-%G	X018		
	esource0 🔻			INSTO	
Resource R	esource0 🔽	I	nstance	INST0	
			nstance	,	
⊻ariables,Syste	em Flags			,	
, ⊻ariables,Syste ABC	em Flags VAR		nstance	,	
variables,Syste ABC ABC_ADD	em Flags VAR VAR		nstance	,	
Variables,Syste ABC ABC_ADD DATA1	em Flags VAR VAR VAR VAR	INT INT AR	nstance	,	
Variables,Syste ABC ABC_ADD DATA1 DATA2	em Flags VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR	INT INT AR AR	nstance	,	
⊻ariables,Syste ABC ABC_ADD DATA1 DATA2	em Flags VAR VAR VAR VAR	INT INT AR	nstance	,	
⊻ariables,Syste ABC ABC_ADD DATA1 DATA2 F1	em Flags VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR VAR	INT INT AR AR INT	nstance	,	

(1) Select Configuration Global Variable

- To monitor only configuration global variable,
- Select the Configuration Global Variable in option menu, and click OK button.
- (2) Select Resource Global Variable

To monitor only resource global variable,

- Select the Resource Global Variable in option menu, and click OK button.
- (3) Select Instance Variable

To monitor only program instant variable,

Select the **Instance Variable** in option menu, and click **OK** button.

8.2.2. Start Monitoring



Select Toolbox-Start (F2) in menu.

INST 0	ABC	44
(NST 0	ABC_ADD	45
(NST 0	F1	0
(NST 0	LIMIT_SW	1
(NST 0	MOTOR ¹	0
(NST 0	01	1
(NST 0	SWITCH1	1

8.2.3. Set the View Type of Monitoring

It allows you to monitor the detail information of variable selectively.

€ ◆	Click (View) in toolbox.	
Vi	ew	
	🔽 Variable <u>K</u> ind	OK
		Cancel
	🔽 Variable <u>T</u> ype	
		Help

In the View dialog box, select the information that you want to displayed and click OK button.

х

- Select Toolbox-View(F3) in pull-down menu.
- In the View dialog box, select the information that you want to displayed and click OK button.

8.2.4. Data Display Form

To display type of variable's value as decimal, hexadecimal or by the variable type,


Select Toolbox-Hex (F6) in menu.	
Data Display Form	Þ
Kind of Form C Dependent Type C Hex C Dec	OK Cancel Help

- Select display type with Kind of Form option radio box.
- Click OK button.

8.2.5. Forced Variable Output

To output the desired variable's value forcibly.



- Click (Force) in toolbox. Or Move the mouse on the variable to change a value, and double-click the left button of the mouse, which calls the Force Variable dialog box.

Force Variable	×
Variable Name	ок
LIMIT_SVV	Cancel
Value 0	Help
,	

- Enter the variable's value in the Value input text box.
- Click OK button.

- Call the Force Variable dialog box.
- Enter the variable's value in the Value input text box.
- Click OK button.

If the type of a variable is a direct variable and Boolean type, forced I/O setting is available and you can prevent the value from being changed by program.

Note

Although you output a variable's value forcibly, it can be changed by program.

8.2.6. Monitor Array Variable

Select array range to monitor the variable of array type.

- (Use Select menu in monitoring of variable selected by User)
- To call the Select Array Number dialog box, move the cursor to Array Type Variable and select Toolbox-Array Number Select(F7)in menu.

Select Array Number	×
Name DATA1	
Array Num 0 - 7	
OK Cancel Help	

Select the array range in the Select Array Number dialog box.

8.3. I/O Monitoring

It monitors I/O modules mounted on the PLC system. First assign the base to monitor, and the I/O cards mounted on the base are displayed.

And click (31) button in toolbox, then the PLC system starts monitoring.

Start/Stop Monitoring button in toolbox is toggled each other.

Selected base number is displayed at the left upper corner, and at the bottom of each slot the value of monitoring data is displayed as decimal scale or hexadecimal by the display type to monitor.

If you click the each contact in the I/O module with mouse, each contact are toggled into On or Off.

Toolbox for I/O Monitoring (This toolbox appears after selecting I/O monitor in Online-Monitor menu).

Select Base	<mark>− 10</mark> Sel Start Sta	ırt

To monitor the program initially,

Select the Online-Monitor-Monitor on in menu, Online-Monitor-I/O Monitor in menu.

To monitor the program in monitoring mode,

Select Online-Monitor-I/O Monitor in menu.

To start I/O Monitoring in monitoring mode.



Selection of Base	×
Select a Base Number. (0 1)	
l	
OK Cancel Help	

- Enter the base number to monitor in the Select Base dialog box and click OK button.
- Click (Start) in toolbox.

- Call the Select Base dialog box by selecting Toolbox-Select Base(F2) in menu.
- Enter the base number to monitor in the Select Base dialog box and click OK button.
- Select Toolbox-Start/Stop(F3) in menu.

🔡 I/O Configura	ation Monitor						_ 🗆 🗡
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0							
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		•••••	•••••••••				
104		0	1052				

To stop the I/O monitoring,



8.4. Monitor a Time Chart

It allows you to monitor ON/OFF status by time chart for anything that declared as Boolean type

out of declared variables in the program, global variables,I,Q,M area and system flag.

If a variable to monitor is not Boolean type, you can monitor the variable in Variable Monitor menu.

Toolbox for Time Chart Monitoring.



To monitor the program by time chart initially,

Select Online-monitor-Monitor on in menu, Online-Start monitor-Time Chart Monitor.

To monitor the program by time chart in monitoring mode,

Select Online-Start monitor-Time Chart Monitor in menu.

Note

If GMWIN is not connected to PLC, setup the **connect option** in project menu and select connect in online menu before selecting the above menu.

Select a variable in the Select Variable dialog box.

8.4.1. Select a Variable

It is selected when you monitor the variable declared in a program, global variable,I,Q,M area,system flag and etc. at the same time.

To monitor a variable time chart,



Click () in toolbox.

Select variables to monitor in the Register Variable dialog box.



- Select Toolbox-Select(F5) in menu.
- Select variables to monitor in the Register Variable dialog box.

Register Variable					X
Kind C <u>C</u> onfiguratio Instance Var C <u>D</u> irect Varial	ole		esource Globa stem Flag 	l Variable	Close Register <u>S</u> elect Help
Resource RE			Instance Registered- ¹	INST0 Variables	
LIMIT_SW MOTOR1 01 SWITCH1	VAR VAR VAR VAR	BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL			
•)			

1) Configuration for the Global Variable Register (only GM1)

To register the global variable register,

- Select the **Configuration** option.
- Select variables to monitoring in the Variable/Flag list box.
- Click Register.
- 2) Select the Global Variable Resource
 - Registering the global variable resource.
 - Select the **Resource** option.
 - Select Variables to monitoring in the Variable/Flag list box.
 - Click Register.

3) Select the Program Instance Variable

- Register a stated variable in the designated program.
- Select the **Instance** option.
- Select Instance in the Instance list.
- Select Variables to monitoring in the Variable/Flag list box.
- Click Register.

4) Register the Direct Variable

- Select the Direct Variable option.
- Input the direct variable address.
 Example) %QW0.0.1
- Click Register.

5) Registering the System Flag

- Select the **Flag** option.
- Input the system flag name.
- Select Flags to monitoring in the Variable/Flag list box.
- Click Register.

All registered variables appear in the Registered Variable list box.

6) Select

You can monitor one program, or all global variables.

• Click Select. Then the Select Variable dialog box appears.

Select Variable	×
_ Kind	
C Configuration Globa	al Variable
C <u>R</u> esource Global Va	ariable
 Instance Variable 	
Resource	Instance Select
RES0 💌	INST0
	INSTO INST1 INST2 INST3
ОК	Cancel Help

- (1) Registering the Configuration Global Variable
 - Select only when monitoring the configuration global variable.
 - Select the **Configuration** option and click **OK** button.
- (2) Select the Resource Global Variable

Select only when monitoring the resource global variable.

- Select **Resource** and click **OK** button.
- (3) Select the Program Instance Variable
 - Select only when monitoring a stated variable in the designated program.
 - Select Instance and click OK button.

8.4.2. Start Monitoring



- Select Toolbox-Start (F2) in menu.

🖄 Program <res0,inst0< th=""><th>D> variables time chart</th><th></th></res0,inst0<>	D> variables time chart	
Monitor Start Ti	ime 00:00:00	Р
LIMIT_SW Motor1 01 Switch1		

8.4.3. Set the View Type of Monitoring

It allows you to monitor the detail information of variable selectively.





- Select Toolbox-View(F3)in menu.
- Select information to display in the check box.

8.4.4. Set Time Interval

It sets the time interval of monitoring the status of a variable's value. It determines the time interval of collecting the PLC variable's value. If you set the 5-second, you cannot monitor the variable's value that changes within the 5-second.



Click (Time) in toolbox.

Enter the time interval to monitor in the Time Chart Period dialog box.

- Select Toolbox-Time(F6) in menu.
- Input the time interval to monitor in the Time Chart Period dialog box.

8.4.5. Forced Variable Output

To output the desired variable's value forcibly,



Force Variable	×
Variable Name	ОК
01	Cancel
Value 1	Help

Click (Force) in toolbox. Or move the mouse on the variable to change a value, and double-click the left button of the mouse.

- Enter the variable's value in the Value input text box.
- Click OK button.

- Call the Force Variable dialog box.
- Enter the variable's value in the Value input text box.

• Press Enter key.

Note

A value is changeable by program under the forced variable output.

8.5. Monitor a Link Parameter

It allows you to monitor the status of link parameters, which is set by the parameter items in Project window.

To monitor the link parameter initially,

Select the Online-Monitor-Monitor on in menu, Online-Monitor-Link Parameter Monitor in menu.

To monitor the link parameter in monitoring mode,

Call the Select Link Parameter dialog box by selecting Online-Monitor-Link Parameter Monitor in menu.

Select Link Parameter	×
Select	ок
• HS Link1	
O HS Link2	Cancel
C HS Link3	
O HS Link4	

Select HS Link Parameter to monitor in the Select Link Parameter dialog box, and click OK button.

Run_	Link:0	Link_Trouble:0			
No	Туре	Class	From Are	a To Area	Size Mode 🔺
8	LØ.X SC				0
1 2	RO.S PL	5	%MW0	1	0
Ĺ					• •

Chapter 9.Debugging

The Debugging detects an error and removes it, so that the PLC program created by user may be operated normally, the ways finding a program error are following as.

1) Step Run

Detecting an error with running the program step by step.

2) Break Run

Detecting an error after stopping the program on a specified step with break.

3) Data Break Run

Detecting an error with break on the access conditions of the specified scan account.

4) Bread Run with Specifying Scan Account

Detecting an error after making the program in execution as much as specified scan account.

In Step Run mode, it is impossible to access the program with task, but in Break Run mode, you can access the task program. Maximum number of break point is 32 points for **Program Break** and only 1 point for **Data Break**. If the program for debugging is opened, Step Run starts from the first line of its program. If not, it starts from the first line of the first scan program assigned in project. Step run ends at the last line of the program. Break point is displayed in red color in each program, and in blue for the execution of break to the point.

If you change to debugging mode, program monitoring starts automatically.

Note

Change to debugging mode is available only in Stop mode.

In case of disconnected with PLC

- Select Online-Connect in menu.
- Select Debug-Debug Start in menu.
- Or select Online-Mode Change-Debug in menu.

In case of connected with PLC

- Select **Debug-Debug Start** in menu.
- or select Online-Mode Change-Debug in menu.

9.1. LD Debugging

9.1.1. Break Run

- 1) Select Break Run
 - Move the cursor to the position that you want to assign as break point.
 - Select the **Debug-Add/Remove Break Point**(Ctrl+F5) in the pull-down menu.



- Select the Debug-Go(Ctrl+F9) in menu. As the above figure, a red square is displayed on the lower end of the left side of the position of assigned a break point and a blue square is displayed on the upper part of the left side of the position of break is on. Then PLC program stops at the line set as break point.(row 5 in above figure)
- 2) Run to cursor position
 - Move the cursor to the position that you want to assign as break point.
 - Select the **Debug-Go to Cursor(Ctrl+F2)** in menu.

9.1.2. Step Run

You can use two types of **Step over** in LD debugging. One is step over by Point unit, the other one is step over by Line unit. It can be chosen at the **Monitor/Debug Option** folder in Option dialog box of **Project** menu..

Option	?	х
Make Option	Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Password	
-1	Monitor Option Monitor Display Type © Default © Decimal © Binary SFC Monitor ■ SFC Auto Scroll	
	Debug Option LD Debug Unit Select © Point © Line	

Select the Debug- Step Over(Ctrl+F8) in menu.



When you run Step Over by **Point unit** for the program in **9.1.1 Break Run**, the result is as below.

When you run Step Over by Line unit for the program in 9.1.1 Break Run, the result is as below .



9.1.3. Step Into

In case of Break is executed on the User Define Function/Function Block, you can debug a User Define Function/Function Block using Step Into function.

Add the Break point for debugging on the User Defined Function/Function Block.



HIDDEN 1 is User Define Function on the above figure.

Select the **Debug-Step Into(Ctrl+F7)** in menu.

📳 c 🕷 gm v	vin₩source₩hide1,src[F	Function (HIDE1) 📃 🗖 🗙
Row 1	EN ENO	
Row 2	INPUTI INI OUT H	8875 IIDE1
Row 3	INPUT2 - IN2	i i i
Row 4		
		▶ /ii

If the source program of User Defined Function/Function Block exists, you can monitor/debug it by Step into function.

9.1.4. Step Out

To return to the program block from the User defined Function/Function Block after debugging.

Select Debug-Step Out in menu.

9.2. SFC Debugging

9.2.1. Break Run

In SFC, you can execute a Break Run function for only Step.

- 1) Set a Break Point
 - Move the cursor to the Step that you want to assign as Break Point.
 - Select the Debug-Add/Remove break Point(Ctrl+F5) in menu.

🥵 c:₩gmwin₩source₩robot3,src <inst2></inst2>	_ 🗆 🗵
S1 N ACT_ATART	-
+ T1 +A1	
S2 N ACT_A1	
- T2 +A2	
S3 N ACTO S5 N ACT1	
	-

Select the Debug-Go(Ctrl+F9) in menu.
 Then ACTION1 is executed, after Trans1 condition is satisfied, at the moment Step2 set as Break Point is in active.

2) Run to cursor position

- Move the cursor to the step that you want to set as Break Point
- Select the Debug-Go to Cursor(Ctrl+F2) in menu.
 At the moment Step that cursor is placed on is in active, PLC is stopped immediately.

9.2.2. Step Run

It executes a program by one step(S1, S2, S3).

• Select the Debug-Step Over(Ctrl+F8) in menu.

🧏 c∶₩gmwin₩source₩robot3,src <inst2></inst2>	_ 🗆 🗵
S1 N ACT_ATART	-
- T1 *A1	
S2 N ACT_A1	
- T2 *A2	
S3 N ACTO S5 N ACT1	
RA .	•

Step S3 connected with Step S2 on break is executed when SEL1 transition condition is satisfied. At the moment Step

S3 is activated, PLC is stopped immediately. If you execute Step Run here, ACTION3 connected with Step S3 is executed when TRANS3 condition is satisfied. Stop it with the next connected step is activated.

When you select Step Run, if the next step es a parallel branch, then you should select the branch to execute Step Run.

Select Branch	×
Branch Number	ОК
Branch 0 🔽	Cancel
	Help

Select a branch number(select among the 1,2 and 3 in the above figure) in the Branch Select dialog box, and Click OK button.

9.2.3. Step Into

When Step is under break condition, if you select Step Into, a break occurs at the first line of connected action.

9.2.4. Action Debugging

It allows you to debug the program by **Zoom** function for the action program. It is the same as IL, LD debugging.

9.3. IL Debugging

Nu	Instruction	Input	Variable	Value
	LD		×I0.0.0	Ø
	ST		MOTOR3	Ø
	LD		DATA1	44
	ADD		DATA2	0
	ST		DATA3	44
	LD		SWITCH3	Ø
	ST		LAMP3	0
	NOP			

9.3.1. Break Run

To execute a program break, you can use 2 ways as below.

- 1) Set a Break Point
 - Move the cursor to the line that you want to set as a break.
 - Select the Debug-Add/Remove Break POint(Ctrl+F5) in menu.
 - Select the **Debug-Go(Ctrl+F9)** in menu.

2) Run to Cursor Position

- Move the cursor to the line that you want to set as a break.
- Select the Debug-Run to Cursor(Ctrl+F2) in menu.

9.3.2. Step Run

It runs a program by one step.

Select the Debug-Step Over(Ctrl+F8) in menu.

9.3.3. Step Into

- It debugs a program in the Function or Function Block.
- Select the Debug-Step Into(Ctrl+F7) in menu.

9.3.4. Step Out

It returns from Function or Function Block to original program.

• Select the **Debug-Step Out** in menu.

9.3.5. Watch Current Result

It allows you to view the current result in the program that is under break.

Select the Toolbox-Watch Current Result in menu..

Watch Current Result	×
BIT :	16#01
BYTE :	16#2c
WORD :	16#002c
DWORD	16#e050002c
LWORD :	
OK	Help

9.4. View Break Point

You can view and delete the break points in the Break Point List/Condition dialog box. GMWIN saves the break point by Project unit. That is, when you reload a project, the break points of the project are same as you set previously. If you delete a break point in the Break Point List/Condition dialog box, the break point set in the program is deleted.

- Select the Debug-Break Point List/Condition in menu.
- Select the Break Points Tab.

Brea	akpoint List/Cor	nditions				? ×
В	reakpoints Bre	ak Condition				1
	Res No	Filename	Instance Name	Line Number	No of times	
	1	robot3.src	INST2	1	1	
	1	boxing.src	INST3	2	1	
			Ec	lit D	elete	Delete <u>A</u> ll

You can view and delete the entire break points. Moreover you can set the number of break count.
 Click OK button.

- 1) Delete a Break Point
 - Select the break point to delete in dialog box.
 - Click **Delete** button.
- 2) Delete the entire Break Point
 - Click Delete All button.
- 3) Edit the number of Break
 - After executing the breaks as many as you set the number of break count, the PLC is stopped.
 - Select the break point to edit the number of break count in dialog box.
 - Click Edit... button.

Edit Break Count	×
Source Name : robot3.src	OK Cancel
Number of times to stop :	1

Enter the number of Break count that want to break, and click **OK** button.

9.5. Set a Break Condition

In **Break Condition** dialog box, you can set the break condition, which is the condition to break by the state of assigned variable or number of the scan times.

- Select the Debug-Break Point List/Condition... in menu.
- Select the **Break Condition** Tab.

eakpoints Break Condition		
Scan Break	Numb	er of Scans to Break : 5
Variable Break		
🔽 Enable Variable Break		_ When
Variable Name :	Browse	C <u>R</u> ead ⊙ <u>W</u> rite
RESO.INSTO.DATA_OUT : I	NT	C Read <u>o</u> r Write
Value Break		
Value to Break :	100	

9.5.1. Break Scan

It stops the program after PLC runs as many as assigned number of scan times.

- Select the Enable Scan Break option check box.
- Enter the number at **Number of Scan to Break** input box.

9.5.2. Break Variable

If you read a variable or write an arbitrary value to assigned variable, PLC is stopped.

- Select the Enable Variable Break option check box.
- Select Browse button.
- Select a variable in **Register Variable** dialog box, click **OK** button.

Register Variable			×
Kind			ок
C Configuration Global Va	riable		
C <u>R</u> esource Global Variab	le		Cancel Help
Instance Variable			
C Direct Variable		Ex) %IX0.0.0	
Resource	<u>V</u> ariable List		
Resource0 💌	ABC ABC_ADD	VAR VAR	
Instance	DATA_OUT DATA_S1	VAR VAR	
INSTO -	DATA_S2 DATA1 DATA2	VAR VAR VAR	INT ARRAY ARRAY
,	F1	VAR	INT 🗾

Choose one option in Variable... option radio box.
 Read : stops, when it reads the variable.
 Write : stops, when it writes an arbitrary value to variable.
 Read/Write : stops, when it reads a variable or writes an arbitrary value to variable.

If you want to stop when reached to a specific value, select the Enable Variable Break option check box, and enter the value in the input text box.

9.6. Enable Task Turnover

In a program instance with a task, if you run the program after debugging by one step, the Task Enable... allows you to choose either Enable or Disable of the task tumover.

Select the **Debug-Task Enable**...in the pull-down menu.

Enable Task			×
Enable/Disable	Task List		
Disable	T1S ((INTERVAL := T#1S, PRIORITY	
		Ena	ble
		Disa	able
		Enab	le All
		Disat	ile All
		OK Cancel	Help

- Select a task to Enable/Disable in the Enable Task box.
- Click Enable/Disable button.
- When you want to set the entire lists as a enable/disable, click the Enable/Disable All button.
- Click OK button.

Chapte10. Library

By saving Function or Function Blocks as the files that can be used in a program, you can use them for your convenience. Sometimes you can create a new library file(defined by user).

10.1. Type of Library File

Library File consists of Function or Function Block.

Library File	Extension	Example
Function Library	. * FU	stdlib.3fu:standard function library for GM3
Function Block Library	. * FB	special.3fb:standard function block library for GM3

Note

In .*FU or .*FB indicates the type of appropriate PLC in (In case of GM3, the type is.3FU)

Library is divided according to a use of file as below.

Library Type	Comment	Example
Standard Library	It is the files that collect basic functions/function blocks.	stdlib.*fu,
	(You can call it on the active program)	stdlib.*fb
Exclusive Library	It is the files that collect the function blocks used in	special.*fb,
	special/communication module(for A/D, D/A, Link),etc.(To	communi.*fb
	add this libraries, select 'Project-Insert Library' menu)	
MK Standard Library	It is the files that supplied by manufacturer for the user	mkstdlib.*fu
	using other LGPLC.(To add this libraries, select 'Project-	(for MASTER-K)
	Insert Library' menu)	
User defined Library	It is a library that user make personally.(It is added by	(User defined name)
	'Project-Insert Library' menu)	
Extensible Library	It is the files that supplied by manufacturer for the user	APP. *fb
	using other LGPLC	APP. *fu

10.2. Load a Library

1) Load of Standard Library

On the dialog box is appeared when you select **Project-Option Directory** in the menu, if you execute GMWIN program in the designated directory, standard library is loaded automatically.

• Select option item in Project menu.

<u>N</u> ew Open Open <u>F</u> rom PLC Save Save <u>A</u> s <u>C</u> lose	
Add Projec <u>t</u> Item <u>E</u> dit Project Item <u>D</u> elete project Item <u>U</u> p(Program) Do <u>w</u> n(Program)	► Ctrl+U Ctrl+W
Edit M Region(<u>B</u>)	
<u>P</u> rint Printe <u>r</u> Setup	Ctrl+P
Option	
<u>L</u> ibrary Manager <u>I</u> nsert Library	
Start Si <u>m</u> ulation	
1 c:₩gmwin₩source₩def0000,prj	
E <u>x</u> it	

• Select folders in **Option** dialog box.

Option		? ×
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory	Set Connect Option	
Standart Library ctgmwintlib	Search	
Source File	search	
c:\gmwin\source	Search	
C Output File		1
c:\gmwin\output	Search	
Temp File]
c:\gmwin\temp	Search	
·		
	OK Cancel	Help

Enter the path of horary in Standard Library input text box of Directory Set thend. If you can't remember the path, select Search button where the library is in.

Browse for Folder	? ×
Directory Select	
⊡- <mark>⊘</mark> Desktop	
📄 🛄 My Computer	
🕕 🚽 3½ Floppy (A:)	
🔁 🖃 (C:)	
🚊 💼 GMWIN	
Output	
Source	
Temp	
Gmwin_disk	
🖃 🕀 💼 Isb	
🕀 💼 💼 Microsoft Office 2000	
📄 👘 🙈 Mu Documents	_
OK Ca	incel

◆ In case that the library is not in the selected director, the error message appear as below

Library F	ile Load 🛛 🕅
8	Standart library is not exist at selected directory.
	<u> </u>

Note

If there are no "stdlib.*fu" and "stdlib.*fb" (*is the type of PLC. The type is stdlib.1fu for GM1) in the selected folder, an error message that cannot open appears when open a project. In this case, enter the folder correctly in **Project-Option-Directory Set** menu. Or copy the standard library to the selected folder.

2) Load a Exclusive, Extensible Library and the User defined Library

You can load selectively exclusive, extensible library and user defined library. In the state that project file is opened, call Include Library dialog box by selecting **Project-insert Library**.

Note

You can also call **Include Library** dialog box by double clicking after moving the mouse to a appropriate library item in library file list.

Add a desired library in Include Library dialog box, and click OK button.

Incl	lude Library	х
[- Current Included Libraries	
	c:\gmwin\lib\communi.4fb c:\gmwin\lib\mkstdlib.4fu c:\gmwin\lib\special.4fb	
	<u>A</u> dd <u>D</u> elete	
	OK Cancel Help	
	OK Cancel Help	

Libraries supplied by manufacturer and User define libraries are appeared in the library list as the above dialog box. If you select a desired library and click **Add** button, then added libraries appear Current Included Libraries.

- (1) communi.3fb : Function blocks for the communication in GM3 (Cnet, Fnet, Mnet)
- (2) mkstdlib.3fu : functions for MASTER-K series
- (3) remote 3.3 fb: Function blocks for special modules in GM3 (for REMOTE communication)

• If you finish to add the libraries, added libraries appear on Project window.

te c:₩gmwin₩source₩engine_line,prj	- 🗆 🗡
PARAMETERS	
-BASIC PARAMETERS	
⊢ È I∕O PARAMETERS	
LINK PARAMETERS	
— <mark>≣</mark> c:₩gmwin₩lib₩communi.4fb	
-∎c:₩gmwin₩lib₩mkstdlib.4fu	
└ ⊇ c:₩gmwin₩lib₩special.4fb	
•	<u> </u>

When you add a library, If the item that selected in Library List is a standard library, the following error message appears.

Select L	ibrary 🗵
8	Standard libraries are already loaded.
	ОК

To delete the inserted library,

• In Current Included Libraries list box, select a desired library and click Delete button.

Include Library	x
Current Included Libraries	
adaman in Milaka a na mana ini 14a	
c:\gmwin\lib\communi.4fb c:\gmwin\lib\mkstdlib.4fu	
c:\gmwin\lib\special.4fb	
<u>A</u> dd <u>D</u> elete	
OK Cancel Help	1

- Click OK button.
- You can confirm whether the library is deleted on project screen or not.



10.3. Create User Defined Library File

Besides standard library or extensible library, you can create and use a program, which is for you convenience, like as Function/Function block.

menu.

10.3.1. Create User Defined Function

- 1) Create a new Function Program
 - Select Program –New program in the pull-down

New Program	×
Program File Name : HIDE1	ОК
Language	Cancel
© <u>s</u> fc ⊙ Ld O IL O Fa <u>d</u> O a <u>t</u>	Help
Program Kind	
C Program Block C Function Block 💽 Fu	nction
Function/Function Block Name : HIDE1	_
Return Data Type : INT	•
Comments	

- Enter the name of function program to create with "*.src" in Program File name box.
- In Language option radio button, select language type to use in editing the function.
- Select Function in Program kind option button.
- In Function/Function Block Name input text box, enter the function name to use in another program
- In Return Data Type list box, select the type of variable.
- If there is an additional comment for the function, enter the comments in Comments window.
- Click OK button and the following message appear

• If you click Yes button, In/Out Variables List dialog box appears.

Editing F	unction/Function Block	<
?	You'd better adding input/output variables before editing a F/FB program. Do you want to add now?	
	Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel	

• If you click **No** button **In/Out Variables** window for the selected language appears.

In/Out Variables		×
VAR_IN/VAR_IN_OUT:		VAR_OUT:
	<== Add VAR_INPUT	
	<== Add <u>V</u> AR_IN_OUT	
	Add VAR_OUTPUT ==>	
	Edit	
	Delete	
	Up	
	Down	
(*: denotes VAR_IN_OUT)		
	Close Help	

2) Create Input Variable

• Differently from editing a Program Block, select Program-In/Out Variables to create variables.

<u>N</u> ew Open Save Save <u>A</u> s Sa <u>v</u> e All <u>C</u> lose	Ctrl+N Ctrl+O Ctrl+S
<u>P</u> roperties	
<u>L</u> ocal Variables	3
<u>I</u> n/Out Variable	s

Add a variable in I/O variable input text box of In/Out Variables dialog box.

In/Out Variables		×
VAR_IN/VAR_IN_OUT:		VAR_OUT:
	<== Add VAR_INPUT	
	<== Add <u>V</u> AR_IN_OUT	
	Add VAR_OUTPUT==>	
	<u>E</u> dit	
	Delete	
	Up	
	Down	
(*:denotes VAR_IN_OUT)		
	Close Help	

Note

VAR_IN_OUT is distinguished from VAR_IN by * mark. Differently from VAR_IN, VAR _ IN_OUT means that you can change the value of parameter taken from the side that call function / function block in that function / function block.

- (1) Add an Input / Output Variable
 - Click Add VAR_INPUT, Add VAR_OUTPUT, or Add VAR_IN_OUT button.

Add/Edit In/Out Variable	95	×
Variable Name :	INPUT1	ОК
Variable Kind :	VAR_INPUT	Cancel
Data Type		Help
Elementary :	INT	
C Array [0 [JOF BOOL 🔽	
(-1 denotes an array determined.)	whose number of element is not	
Initial Value :		
Comments :		

- Add a desired input/output variable name in Variable Name input text box. (Maximum size of name is 8 characters)
- Select a variable type in **Data Type** list box.
- If you need a comment about input/output variable, enter the comment in **Comment** window and click **OK** button.

Note

If you fix an array number as-1, it means that the array number of input variable is fixed when call the function/function block.

(2) Edit an Input/Output Variable

- Select the item that you want to edit in In/Out Variables list.
- Click Edit button.
- Edit the content that you want to correct in dialog box and click OK button.

(3) Delete an Input/Output variable

- Select the item that you want to delete in In/out Variables list.
- Click Delete button.

(4) Change the order of Input/Output variable

- Select the item that you want to change the order in In/Out variables list.
- Move the position of list by clicking Upward or Downward button as many as you want to move.

3) Create a Function Program

- You can create a program with the same way of other program.
- But, to return the result of function's calculation, an appropriate command to a name of function that was designated when created program is existed in Program.

i.e., If a name of function is ADD_MUL in the outputted dialog box when select Program-Program Properties in the menu, the following command must be in the function program is creating.



4) Compile a Function Program

If you finish creating a program, make an execution file by selecting Compile-Compile in menu.

Note

The object file is created after compiling a program. It has the extension of OF?. The execution code is changed according to a compiling on the project screen of PLC. (If you create an object file on GM1, it is applicable to GM1 only)

- 5) Function Wizard
 - If a compiling is finished without an error and warning, Wizard dialog box appears automatically to insert the compiled function into the library.

Fun/FB Wizard dialog box shows the various information for function/function block.

Fun/FB Wizard	×
Start Wizard of Fun/F	Έθ.
F/FB Name :	HIDE1
Type :	Function
Language :	LD
Src File Name :	c:\gmwin\source\hide1.src
Comment :	ASSEMBLY LINE FUNTION
< <u>B</u> ac	Cancel Help

- If you select Cancel button, it stops inserting the compiled function into the library and project. If necessary, you can create a User Defined Library for the compiled function by selecting Project Library Manager. Similarly, you can also insert the compiled function into a project by selecting Project-Insert Library in menu
- ◆ If a compiling is finished with Warning messages, then the following message appears.

Function	/Function Block Compile 🛛 🕅
?	Warning messages are found during F/FB compiling. Do you want to ignore and continue?

Click the Next button in Fun/FB Wizard dialog box.

Fun/FB Wizard				×
Select Fun/FB for	r addressing to) library.		
– Library File Sel	ect			
O In Project				ิล 🗌
New	J	ASSE	MBLY .3fu	-
C Maked				
		.3fu	Search	
- Content of Sele	ected Library –			
	< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel	Help

- ◆ In Library File Select, enter a new created library name in New input text box.
- If you want to insert a new created library form the user defined library that exists already in the project, click In Project button and select a desired library file.
- If you want to insert the library from the user defined library that does not exist in the project, select a desired user define library file after clicking Marked and Search.
- To call the 3rd dialog box, click the **Next** button.

Fun/FB Wiza	rd			×
,	Address library to (project.		
	Selection • Yes • No			
L				
	< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel	Help

- In this Fun/FB Wizard dialog box, it determines whether you insert the library into a current project. If the library selected in the previous dialog box exists in the project, the project updates the file automatically.
 Click OK button and Next button. Then the following dialog box appears.

Are you sure ?	
F/FB Name : H	IDE1
Type : Fu	unction
Library Name : c)	gmwin\lib\ASSEMBLY.3fu
0.5	
Src File Name : c)	Igmwin\source\hide1.src
Project Name : c:	Igmwin\source\def0000.prj
< <u>B</u> ack	Finish Cancel Help

Click Finish button, then the new library is added on the project window.



Note

If you click the **Cancel** button on each step of Library Wizard, cancelled all the processing at this time. To add a selected content on the project, please click **OK** button in the 4th dialog box.

10.3.2. Create a User Defined Function Block

1) Create a Function Block Program

Select Program-New Program in menu. Then a new dialog box appears

Program Properties		×		
Program Name :	assembly_fb.src	ОК		
Language :	LD	Cancel		
		Help		
Program Kind				
C Program Block © Function Block C Function				
Function/Function Block Name : ASSEMBLY_FB				
Return Data Type : INT				
Comments				
FB FOR ASSEMBL	Y LINE			

- Enter the Name of Function Block Program with *.src to create in the column of Program Name.
- When you create Function Block, select the type of language to use in Language option button... ٠
- ٠
- Select Function Block in Program Kind option button. In Function/Function Block Name input text box, enter the function block name to be used in another program. ٠
- Do not designate the type of variable to be reurn. ٠
- ٠ Click OK button and the following message appears.

Editing F	unction/Function Block
?	You'd better adding input/output variables before editing a F/FB program. Do you want to add now?
	Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel

In/Out Variables		×
VAR_IN/VAR_IN_OUT:		VAR_OUT:
	<== Add VAR_INPUT	
	<== Add <u>V</u> AR_IN_OUT	
	Add VAR <u>O</u> UTPUT=>	
	<u>E</u> dit	
	<u>D</u> elete	
	Up	
	Down	
(*:denotes VAR_IN_OUT)		-1
	Close Help	

• If you click Yes button, In/Out Variables dialog box appears.

- If you click **No** button, edit dialog box for the selected language appears.
- 2) Create Input /Output Variable
 - Creating method is same as the creating of function. However, in function block there must be more than one inputoutput variable instead of variable to return.

In/Out Variables		×			
VAR_IN/VAR_IN_OUT:	VAR_OUT :	VAR_OUT:			
SWITCH1 BOOL SWITCH2 BOOL	<== Add VAR_INPUT MOTOR1 BOOL MOTOR2 BOOL				
	<== Add <u>V</u> AR_IN_OUT				
	Add VAR_OUTPUT ==>				
	<u>E</u> dit				
	Delete				
	Up				
	Down				
(*:denotes VAR_IN_OUT)				
	Close Help				

- ◆ To insert input/output variable, use Add VAR_IN or _OUT... button.
- When you insert input/output variable, the first input/output variable must be Boolean type. If it is not a Booean type, an error message appears.



- 3) Create a Function Block Program
 - You can create a program with the same way of other program.

🚼 c:\gmw	in\source\	assembly_	fb.src[Func	tion Block	C: ASSEME	BLY_F	B]	l l	. 🗆 🗡
Row 0	SWITCH1				ADD EN ENO	_			
Row 1	SWITCH2	ADD EN ENO	-	A	INI OUT		4		
Row 2	A1 .	INI OUT	Al	ı	IN2				
Row 3	. ı .	IN2							
Row 4	[
Row 5		GT EN ENO				GI EN	ENO		
Row 6	Α.	INI OUT	MOTORL		Al	INL	our	MOTOR2	
Row 7	LIMIT .	IN2			LIMITI	IN2			
Row 8									-
•									
- 4) Compile a Function Block Program
 - If you finish creating a program, make an execution file by selecting **Compile- Compile(**) in menu.



Note

The object file is created after compiling a program. It has the extension of ".*OB". The execution code is changed according to a compiling on the project screen of PLC. (If you create an object file on GM1, it is applicable to GM1 only)

- 5) Function Block Program Wizard
 - If the compiling is finished without an error and warning, Fun/FB Wizard dialog box appears automatically to insert the compiled function block into the library.

Fun/FB Wizard	×
Start Wizard of Fun/F	Э.
F/FB Name :	ASSEMBLY_FB
Type :	Function Block
Language :	LD
Src File Name :	c:\gmwin\source\assembly_fb.src
Comment :	FB FOR ASSEMBLY LINE
< <u>B</u> ack	Cancel Help

- If you select Cancel button in the above box, it stops inserting the compiled function block into a library and project. If necessary, you can make a User Defined Library for the compiled function block by selecting Project-Library Manage.
- If the compiling is finished with warning, the following message appears. This message asks whether you continue the function program wizard after correcting the warning.
- ◆ The first dialog box of function program wizard shows various information.

Select Fun/FB for addressing to library.
In Project ASSEMBLY1 .3fb Maked
In Project ASSEMBLY1 .3fb Maked
© New ASSEMBLY1 .3fb
C Maked
Search
Search
.310
Content of Selected Library
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel Help

• Click Next button in the first dialog box of the function program wizard.

- In Library File Select of Fun/FB Wizard dialog box(the second dialog box), enter new created library name in New input text box.(GM3_FB1)
- If you want to insert new created library into user defined library that exists already in project, click In Project button and select a desired library file.
- If you want to insert the library into user defined library that does not exist in the project, select a desired library file by clicking Made button.
- If you finish selecting a file, click **Next** button.

Fun/FB Wizard			×
Address library to) project.		
- Selection			
• Yes			
O No			
< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel	Help

- In this Fun/FB Wizard dialog box, it is determined whether you insert the library, which has function block, into the current project. If the library selected in the previous dialog box exists in project is update automatically. In case of insert the function block into a new library file, it is optional to insert in project.
- Select Yes button and press Next button. Then the Fun/FB Wizard dialog box appears.

Fun/FB Wizard	×
Are you sure ?	
F/FB Name :	ASSEMBLY_FB
Type :	Function Block
Library Name :	c:\gmwin\lib\ASSEMBLY1.3fb
Src File Name :	c:\gmwin\source\assembly_fb.src
Project Name :	c:\gmwin\source\engine_line.prj
<	Back Finish Cancel Help

• Click Finish button, then a new User FB library appears on the project screen.



10.3.3. Library Manager

In Library Manager, you can create and edit library file that is not concerned with project.

<u>N</u> ew	
<u>O</u> pen	
Open <u>F</u> rom PLC	
<u>S</u> ave	
Save <u>A</u> s	
<u>C</u> lose	
Add Projec <u>t</u> Item	•
Edit Project Item	
Delete project Item	
Up(Program)	Ctrl+U
Do <u>w</u> n(Program)	Ctrl+W
Edit M Region(<u>B)</u>	
<u>P</u> rint	Ctrl+P
– Printe <u>r</u> Setup	
Option	
Library Manager	
Insert Library	
Start Simulation	
<u>1</u> c:\gmwin\source\engine_line	e.prj
E <u>x</u> it	

- 1) Create a Library File
 - To call the Library Manager dialog box, select Project-Library Manager in menu.

Library Manager	×
Library File Select	Close
File Name : <not selected=""></not>	
<u>Select</u> <u>N</u> ew	Print
Fun/FB List()) :	Help
Add Delete Update	
Fun/FB Contents	
Comments : <no></no>	

• To call the Make New Library File dialog box, click New in the Library Manager dialog box.

łake New Library File		×
Enter name of new library file : (except extension) ASSEMBLY .3FB Target PLC C GMR C GM <u>1</u> , 2 G	C Fun C FB C FB C FB	OK Cancel Help GM <u>5</u> C GM6
Directory of library file Library Directory : c:\gmwin\lib	[] [-a-] [-c-] [-d-]	

- Enter a library file name.(less than 8 characters) With library type option button, you can select the type of library to create newly. With objective PLC option button, select a PLC to which the library is applied. Select a directory in where the library file will be. At this time, it is important to input the same directory that fixed in **Directory of Library file** of option.
- Click **OK** button and library manager dialog box appears.

Library Manager	×
Library File Select File Name : C:\GMWIN\LIB\ASSEMBLY.3FB	Close
Select	Print
Fun/FB List(0) :	Help
Add Delete Update	
Comments : <no></no>	

- 2) Select a Library File
 - Click Select button in Library Manager dialog box.

Library File Selection	n		? ×
Look jn: 🔂 Lib		🔹 🗈 💆 🖸	* 🔳
ASSEMBLY.3FB	🖻 COMMUNI.4fb	폐 mkstdlib.4fu	REMOTE:
ASSEMBLY.3fu	🖻 COMMUNI.5fb	🔊 mkstdlib.5fu	🔊 REMOTES
ASSEMBLY1.3fb	🖻 COMMUNI.6fb	폐 mkstdlib.6fu	🔊 REMOTES
🔄 🖻 Comm. 7fb	🖻 COMMUNI.Rfb	폐 mkstdlib. 7fu	🔊 REMOTE4
COMMUNI.1fb	폐 MKSTDLIB.1fu	폐 MKSTDLIB.Rfu	🔊 REMOTE4
COMMUNI.3fb	폐 mkstdlib.3fu	🖻 REMOTE3.1fb	🔊 REMOTE4
•			Þ
File <u>n</u> ame: ASSE	MBLY.3FB		<u>O</u> pen
Files of type: Library	y File(*.*f*)	•	Cancel

- After selecting the library file that you want to edit, click **Open** button
- Then the entire function/function block in selected library file appears automatically in Fun/FB List.
- If you select a desired Fun/FB in the Fun/FB list, the content of selected Fun/FB is appeared on the Fun/FB
 Library Manager

Library Manager	×
Library File Select	
File Name : C:\GMWIN\Lib\ASSEMBLY1.3fb	Close
	Print
<u>S</u> elect <u>N</u> ew	
Fun/FB List(0):	Help
ASSEMBLY_FB assembly_fb.src 1999.12.16 14:20:10	
<u>A</u> dd <u>D</u> elete <u>U</u> pdate	
Fun/FB Contents	
Comments : FB FOR ASSEMBLY LINE	
ASSEMBLY_FB BOOL • SWITCH1 MOTOR1 • BOOL	
BOOL • SWITCH2 MOTOR2 • BOOL	
Contents.	

3) Add a Function/Function Block Object File

Enter Function/Function Block File to add in Add Function/Function Block dialog box and click OK button.

- 4) Delete a Function/Function Block Object File
 - In Fun/FB List in Library of Library Manager dialog box, select function/function block that you want to delete and click Delete button.
- 5) Update a Function/Function Block Object File
 - In Fun/FB List in Library of Library Manager dialog box, select function/ function block that you want to update and click Update button.

Chapter 11. Option

11.1. Connect Option

You should set the communication port(COM1~4) to communicate with PLC.

- Select the **Project-Option-Connect Option** in menu. Default Connection is RS-232C interface.

Option				? ×
Make Option Monitor/Debug Method of Connection © RS-232C	Option Auto Save Dir	rectory Set	Connect Option	
C Modem	Communication Port	COM1		
C GLOFA Mnet for PC				
C Ethernet				
Cocal				
C Remote 1				
C Remote 2				
	01	<	Cancel	Help

11.1.1. Connection with a Series Communication

- Click RS232-C button in the Method of Connection list box.
- Click **OK** button after selecting the appropriate communication port.

11.1.2. Connection with Phone

٠ Select Modem button in the Method of Connection list box.

Option		?	×
Make Option Monitor/Debug	Option Auto Save Dire	ctory Set Connect Option	1
C RS-232C	💿 Dial-up Modem	🔿 Dedicate Modem	
Modem	Communication Port	COM1	
C GLOFA Fnet for PC	BPS	38.4k	
C GLOFA Mnet for PC	Phone No.	0417-550-8377	
C Ethernet		J	
Depth of Connection	Setting of	Remote 1	
Remote 1	:Type		
C Remote 2			
	OK	Cancel Help	

- Select Communication Port it has a modem in Communication Port list box.
- Select **BPS** which is supported by User's modem in **BPS** list box Enter the phone number of opposite station in Phone No. box and click **OK** button.

11.1.3. Connection with GLOFA Fnet for PC

• Select GLOFA Fnet for PC .

Option
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Connect Option
C Modem Port Address 0x200 Image: GLOFA Fnet for PC Memory Address 0xC000 Image: GLOFA Mnet for PC Memory Address 0xC000
C Ethernet
Connection Setting of Remote 1 Setting of Remote 1 GLOFA Fnet Station No.
C Remote 2
OK Cancel Help

- Select an appropriate port address in **Port Address** list box.
- Select an appropriate memory address in Memory Address list box and click OK button.

11.1.4. Connection with GLOFA Mnet for PC

- Select GLOFA Mnet for PC.
- Select an appropriate port address in **Port Address** list box.
- Select an appropriate memory address in **Memory Address** list box and click OK button.

11.1.5. Connection with Ethernet

• Select Ethernet.

11.1.6. Computer Link Information

Item	Standard	
Serial Communication	RS-232C 1 Channel	Standard RS-232C specification
	RS-422/485 1 Channel	StandardRS-422/485 specification
User Defined Protocol		with Frame Editor and downloads to a link
		nunication protocol by F/B of user program.
PLC Interface	Queue Access type by 32K universal	
	Exclusive Protocol	It supports the multi drop 1 on 1 type with Exclusive Protocol of LGIS
Communication Protocol	GMWIN Protocol	It supports Remote PLC control with GMWIN Uses by GMWIN Protocol of GLOFA PLC.
	User Defined Protocol	Download with Frame Editor. (Set the RS232 and RS422 independently)
	7 or 8	
Data Type	1 or 2	Download after setting in the
	1	Editor(Set the RS232C and RS422
	Even/Odd	Independently)
Channel Selection	Select Independent Channel/Dependent Channel in Editor	
Synchronization Type	Supplement Synchronization Type	
Transmission	You can select among the	
Speed(BPS)	300/600/1200/2400/4800/9600/19200/38400	
Modem Communication	RS-232C Channel connection available	
System Configuration	1:1, 1:N, N:M configuration available (N + M \leq 32)	
Transmission Range	RS-232C : Maximum 15M (Extension by Modem is available)	
	RS-422 : Maximum 500M	
Diagnosis	Loop-Back Test Mode	Test1/Test2 Mode
Operating status is displayed by 16 LED Display in the Run		Display in the Run

11.2. Set the directory of GMWIN

You can set 4 kinds default directories and use it in GMWIN .

- (1) Standard Library Directory: Libraries for GMWIN are located in this directory, and User Defined Libraries also do.
- (2) Source File Directory: In Source File Directory, GMWIN saves source program files of program, function, function block and etc.
- (3) Output File Directory: Object files are saved in this directory, which are created when source file is compiled.
- (4) Temporary File Directory: GMWIN saves temporary file in this directory during the execution.
- Select the **Project-Option-Directory Set** in menu.

Option	? ×
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save	Directory Set Connect Option
Standart Library	
c:\gmwin\lib	Search
Source File	
c:\gmwin\source	Search
Output File	
c:\gmwin\output	Search
Temp File	
c:\gmwin\temp	Search
	OK Cancel Help

Input a directory it contains Standard Library (STDLIB.?FU, STDLIB.?FB) in Standard Library box or input a searched directory it contains Standard Library after searching with click Search... button.

Browse for Folder	? ×
Directory Select	
Desktop My Computer Solution Constant (1:) Government (1:) Gove	
OK Ca	incel

- If you finish the setup of the directory, click **OK** button.
- If the directory that you select for the standard library does not exist, the following error message box appears.

Directory	Error	×
c:\Directory is not exist Do you create directory ?		
	ок .	Cancel

- Enter the directory to save source file in the Source File input text box, and click OK button.
- If the entered directory does not exist, the following error massage box is displayed. If you want to create the entered directory, click OK button. Otherwise click Cancel button.

Directory	Error	×	
8	c:₩gmwin₩source₩user1Directory is not exist Do you create directory ?		
	ОК	Cancel	

The input method of **Output** file/**Temporary** file is the same as input method of source file.

11.3. Auto Save

This function is to set the time interval for Auto saving.

Automatically saved file is saved with ".ASV" file in the current directory. The file is automatically deleted when the program window is closed. Therefore if a program cannot be saved by "Program Error" before program is not saved, you can recover some program by loading auto saved file.



- Select the Project-Option-Auto Save in menu.
- Enter the time interval for auto saving.(1 to 60 minutes is available, and if you enter '0', auto save function is disabled.)
- Click OK button.

11.4. Set a Password

This function is to set a password in PLC.

• Select the Project-Option-Password in menu.(It is available only in Online mode)

Option ?	x
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Password	
Set up a Password.	
Old Password	
New Password	
Confirm	
OK Cancel Help	

- Select the **Password** Tab, and enter the old password, new password and confirm the password.
- Click OK button.

To cancel the password setting.

• Click Delete button .

11.5. Monitor/Debug Option

To set the whole options for monitoring.

Select the Project-Option-Monitor/Debug Option in menu.

Option ? >
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Password
Monitor Option Monitor Display Type © Default © Decimal © Binary SFC Monitor □ SFC Auto Scroll
Debug Option LD Debug Unit Select Point C Line
OK Cancel Help

Select the Project-Option-Monitor/Debug Option in menu.
 Select the desired display type in the Monitor Display Type, click OK buton
 Example) If you select the Default in Monitor Display Type, The value of variable monitoring is displayed as hexa type like "16#*".

(🎇 c∶₩gm	win₩source₩robot1,src <inst0> _□X</inst0>
Row O	×10.1.0
Row 1	LIMIT_SW EN ENO ENO ENO
Row 2	16#004d ABC - IN1 OUT ABC_ADD DATA1(0) - IN1 OUT DATA2(
Row 3	1 - IN2
Row 4	
Row 5	

(1) SFC Auto Scroll Option

• If you check the SFC Auto Scroll, it scrolls automatically with monitoring position.

- (2) Debug Option
 - When you debug LD, you can select the **Point** or **Line** in **Debug Option** menu.

11.6. Make Option

It allows you to select **compile type**, to select **output file** and to set **the size of %M** area in Make option. Select the **Project-Option-Make Option** in menu.

Option ? ×		
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Password Compile Type Select		
Output File Select %M Area Size Set ✓ Up-load Program %M Area Size Content 2 ✓ Include Comme ✓ KByte ✓ Except Commer ✓ Setting retain of M Area		
M Area clearing set at Stop M Area clearing set at Stop %MVV 0 rom %MVV 0 to		
OK Cancel Help		

Compile Type Select Option

- Compile Type Select allows you to set the method of compile for the source program.
- If you select the **Compile All** in the **Compile Type Select**, GMWIN compiles again from the first line regardless editing a source program.
- If you select the Part Compile in the Compile Type Select, GMWIN compiles the updated part.
- You can select making upload program for the output file in Output File Select.
- You can select the size and retain of %M in the %M Area Size Set.
- You can select %M area to be cleared at the turning point of STOP Mode in the M Area clearing cet at Stop.

Chapter 12. Upload

It saves a compressed project file and source file to RAM(program area) or flash memory of PLC, and uploads a program from PLC.

12.1. Make Upload File

You can make an upload file by selecting Make Option menu. An upload file includes project, program, function lock and user define function used in program.

- Select the **Project-Option** in menu. Then **Option** dialog box appears.
- Check the Up-load Program in Make Option dialog box, and click OK button.

Option	? ×
Make Option Monitor/Debug Option Auto Save Directory Set Connect Option Compile Type Select	1
Output File Select %M Area Size Set Up-load Program %M Area Size Content 2 Include Comme 2 Except Commer Setting retain of M Area M Area clearing set at Stop M Area clearing set at Stop M Area clearing set at Stop M Area clearing set at Stop %MVV from %MVV	
OK Cancel Help	

• It creates the execution file for program and Upload file with selecting Compile-Make in menu

Make All	×
Output File : c:\gmwin\output\engine_line.BN0	
Lines compiled :	
Status : Link success Program : 1400 bytes Data : 292 bytes Upload file : 7404 bytes	
OK	

12.2. Write to PLC(Download)

Select the Upload program when writing a program to PLC.

- Select the **Online-Write** in menu.
- Select the Parameter and Program, Upload Program in the Write dialog box.

Write	×
Range	
C Basic Parameter	
🔿 I/O Parameter	
🔿 HS Link Parameter	
O Redundancy Parameter	
🔿 Program	
 Parameter and Program Upload Program 	
OK Cancel Help	

According to the program size, it runs as below.

Program Size The place to save upload program

Size of(Execution Program + Upload Program) < Size of Program RAM	It writes to RAM in CPU
Size of Program RAM < Size of (Execution Program +	If device has flash memory, it writes to flash memory after query to
Upload Program)	user

12.3. Read from PLC(Upload)

Select the Project-Open From PLC in menu

Read	ling	×
	Total Data Frames 67	
	Percentage of Frames Sent (%) :	
	34%	
	Cancel	

• If a file had the same name in Source directory, the following dialog box appears.

Upload Program			×
File engine_line.prj alre Do you want to upload t			
Yes	<u>A</u> ll	<u>N</u> o	<u>C</u> ancel

- Click "All" button to monitor and online-edit.
- Uploaded Project window create, then the following dialog box appears.

Edit	×
?	You can monitor and online-edit after making project, Make project?
	OK Cancel

Click "Yes" button to monitor and online-edit.

Make All	×
Output File	: c:\gmwin\output\engine_line.BN0
Lines com	piled :
	Link success Program : 1400 bytes Data : 424 bytes Upload file : 7540 bytes
	OK

• You can monitor and online-edit after making project.

Chapter 13. Online Edit

In Run Mode, You can edit a program without changing the PLC Mode to Stop Mode.

13.1. Start Online Edit

. To edit a program in Run mode, the program to edit must be identified with the program in the PLC.



Select Online-Start Online Edit in menu. At this moment, If PLC Mode is Monitoring Mode, only the program for online editing is changed to Edit Mode.

If there is the Upload program in PLC, the following message appears. If you click Yes button, the Upload program is downloaded to PLC after the online editing. But, the PLC must have an enough memory space.

Select a	window for online editing 🛛 🛛 🔀
?	There exists an upload program in the PLC memory. Upload program might be erased if you execute online editing, Do you want to continue?
	OK Cancel

Edit the program.



13.2. Write for Online Edit

To write the edited program to PLC,

Select Online-Write for Online Edit in the pull-down menu.

😭 c:\#gm	win₩source₩robot1,src <inst0></inst0>	_ 🗆 ×
Row O	SWITCH1	MOTOR2
Row 1	LIMIT_SW ADD MOVE EN ENO	
Row 2	ABC - IN1 OUT ABC_ADD DATA1(0) - IN1 OUT DATA2(0)	
Row 3	1 - IN2	
Row 4		
Row 5	SW2 SW4	LAMP7
Row 6	SW3 HIDE1 EN ENO	L I
▲		▶ <i>l</i> i.

If an error is occurred in this step, the program can't be downloaded to PLC. So, edit the program again after selecting Online-Write for Online Edit in the pull-down menu.

13.3. Cancel Online Edit

To cancel the online editing and return to the previous program,

Select Online-Cancel Online Edit in the pull-down menu.

13.4. Available Items for Online Edit

You can edit the following items.

- Edit, Add or Delete for Contacts and Variables
- Edit for the directly used data in Program
- Add initial Variable, Retain Variable
- Initial Value and Retain Variable are applicable in Mode change(from Stop to Run mode).
- ♦ Add or Delete Rung
- Edit Parameter

Only Basic Parameter and High Speed Link Parameter(including Link Enable). Not available for I/O Parameter

- Add Jump or Label
- Delete Variable in Variable List
- Change Memory Allocation for Variable Example) AT %I0.2.0 ==> %I0.2.1

13.5. Non-available Items for Online Edit

You cannot edit the following items.

- Change of Variable Property
- Example) Standard Variable ==> Variable with Initial Value, Local Variable (VAR) ==> Global Variable (VAR_EXTERNAL) BYTE ==> WORD
 - Initial Value declared as Initial Value can be changed.
- Edit, Add or Delete Global Variable
- Add or Delete Program Block
- Add or Edit User Defined Function/Function Block (Available for Function or Function Block for already used in the Project)
- Edit many rungs at the same time
 <No. of edited Rung + No. of Label included in edited Rung> must be within 256 numbers

Note

1. When complete the online-edit, to close a program, you must execute a disconnection. If you execute a disconnection, Upload program is transmitted to PLC as below.

Write to PLC Resource0 Upload program 🛛 🗙	
Total Data Frames 67	
Percentage of Frames Sent (%) :	
38%	
Cancel	
2. To online-edit an uploaded program, you must complete N (Refer to the section '12.3.Read from PLC (Upload).)	lake

Chapter 14. Simulator Function

GMWIN allows you to simulate the program logically you've created without PLC or I/O system.

14.1. Applied PLC and Specification for PC

14.1.1. Applied PLC

GLOFA GM1, GM2, GM3, GM4, GM5

14.1.2. Specification for PC

- O/S : Window 95
- Memory : 16M bytes or more
- HDD : 30M bytes or more

14.2. Create a Program

Creating a Program is same as the program in GMWIN.

According to the type of program, the number of program is limited as below.

- Scan Program: Max. 256 Programs
- Task Program: Single : Max. 32 Programs Interval : Max. 16 Programs Interrupt : Max. 16 Programs

14.3. Available Program for Simulation

- Program : All programs defined in a Project of GMWIN
- Standard Function/Function Block
 (Only Function/Function Block of A/D and D/A modules are available for simulation)
- User Defined Function/Function Block
 (Not available for Function/Function Block having special functions)
- ◆ If the compiled code for Simulator does not exist, You must compile the program again.

14.4. Start Simulation

To start Simulation,

- Select Project- Start Simulation in the pull-down menu.
- When you select *Start Simulation*, GMWIN executes Compile+Link+Connect+ Download+ Stop+Monitor Start Functions simultaneously.
- Run Mode in Simulation : Impossible to edit Monitor Mode
- Debug Mode : Keeps the current data of the previous mode
- ◆ Timer : Run Mode :: PC Clock base
- Debug :: Accumulated as much as the running time.

14.5. Build an I/O module

If I/O variables or Direct variables are used in editing a Program, they are displayed in the appropriate base and slot when starting Simulation.

Data Type	16Points	32Points	64Points
Х	0 ~ 15	16 ~ 31	32 ~ 63
В	0 ~ 1	2 ~ 3	4 ~ 7
W	0	1	2 ~ 3
D	Х	0	1
L	Х	Х	0

I/O Modules are set as 16 points as default.
 If input and output contacts are used together, draw a output module.
 16/32/64 I/O modules are all applicable for Input or Output module.
 A/D module : Square (ON:GREEN / OFF : BLACK)
 D/A module : Circle (ON:RED / OFF : BLACK)
 Base : Supported as type of combination box



14.6. Add/Remove Module

To add or remove a module, the PLC mode must be Stop mode,

- Add : Drag and drop the icon which you want to add on the appropriate slot
- Remove : Drag the appropriate slot and throw it to the trash can(.

14.7. Simulation of I/O Module

To turn the Input/output contacts ON/OFF,

• Click the appropriate contact on the I/O module directly.

14.8. Power Simulation

This function is only available in Run mode.

- ♦ When Simulator begins to start, the power gets On.
- If you click the red lamp on the power module, the power gets Off and gets On in a few moment. This function is almost same as the power turns to be Off in a second. If there is a program defined as Hot Restart, the program is executed.

Ш)

14.9. A/D, D/A Simulation

14.9.1. Shape



- Analog Type : Kind of A/D Input range, D/A Output range
- Data Input : Input box for Analog data of A/D or digital data of D/A
- Execution button: Converted to the inputted data
- Data Output : Display the converted data
- Channel : Currently selected channel .

14.9.2. Simulation

- A/D, D/A Simulation retains the data such as base, slot, channel and data type among the data set in the initial function block (AD?INI / DA?INI) for A/D, D/A module. Others are ignored.
- If you mount the A/D or D/A module on the slot, which is not used in the program, the base and slot are effective. But, the data type is all '0' i.e., DT=0 (0~16,000) and all channels are supposed to be used
- ♦ After entering the data in data input position, click execution button.

14.9.3. Analog type of A/D, D/A module

- ◆ A/D Input : +- 5V, +-10V, +-20mA, 4 ~ 20mA
- ◆ D/A Output : +- 5V, +-10V, 4 ~ 20mA

14.9.4. Change of Analog type and Display of converted data by channel

- Change of analog type is only available in Stop mode
- The selected channel is changed into the property of changed channel.
- Change of channel is available in all modes and the converted data of the changed channel is displayed.
- According to each channel of A/D module, the kind of analog can be set. If a channel is changed, the property of the channel is also changed.
- In case of D/A module, Only one type of analog for all channels is available. (You can't setup the type of analog by channel.)

14.9.5. Analog Input of A/D module and Display of converted data

- Input Unit Voltage: mV, Current : uA
 Input volue for the input data window in A/D model
 - Input value for the input data window in A/D module is analog data. The value can't exceed the range of the current analog type. If the value exceeds the maximum upper limit, the data will be the maximum upper limit. Example) Let's say Analog type is +-5V(DT=0). If inputted analog value is -6,000, the data is

Example) Let's say Analog type is +5V(D1=0). If inputted analog value is -6,000, the data is regarded as -5,000. The converted digital data is displayed as '0'.

14.9.6. Digital Input of D/A module and Display of converted data

- ◆ Input Range : It is up to Data type (DT) of D/A module.
- DT = 0 : 0 ~ 16000, DT = 1 : -8000 ~ 8000
- Input value for the input data window in D/A module is digital data.

The value can't exceed the range of the current digital type. If the value exceeds the maximum upper limit, the data will be the maximum upper limit.

Example) Let's say Analog type is +-5V(DT=0). If inputted digital value is 17,000, the data is regarded as 16,000 and the converted analog data is displayed as 5,000.

A/D Simulation Step

- 1. Add A/D module : Stop Mode 2. Change of Analog type
- : Stop Mode. Executes whenever it is necessary. : Executes whenever it is necessary.
- 3. Run
- 4. Select Channel : Display analog type and converted data
- 5. Enter the analog value : consider the input range
- 6. Click execution button : Execute the conversion!
- 7. Display the converted data : Display the digital data according to DT

1 ~ 6 Step	: Executed by user
7Step	: Executed in the Simula

: Executed in the Simulator

14.10. Function by Online menu

Refer to Chapter 7. Online for the detail information.

14.10.1. Monitor

- . Program Monitor
- . Variable Monitor
- . Time Chart Monitor
- . I/O Monitor

14.10.2. Forced I/O Setup

- . I/O Flag, Data Setup
- . Forced I/O Enable

14.10.3. Data Clear

. Only available in Stop mode.

. Clear the current data into zero.

14.10.4. Reset

. Reset/Overall Reset

14.10.5. Mode Change

- GMWIN : Online Mode Change
- Simulator : Click each mode in CPU module.
- ◆ Stop → Pause mode is not available. .



14.11. Debugging

Refer to Chapter 9 Debugging for the detail information.

- GMWIN : Debugging
 - Simulator : Click Debug (D) Mode in CPU Module
- Debug function in Simulator is same as GMWIN excluding Variable Break.
- ◆. When each mode is changed to Debug mode, the current value is retained.
 - . Debug Start/Stop
 - . Debug Run/Pause
 - . Step Over/Step In/Step Out
 - . Run to Cursor
 - . Add/Remove Break Point
 - . Break Point List/Condition
 - . Task Enable

14.12. Stop Simulation

GMWIN : Project – Stop Simulation
 Simulator : Click (X) to close the simulator window.

A. GMWIN Error Code Warning! Cannot find library flies. You should reassign library directory or copy library files in that directory! It is the case that this library file is not in this directory when you open project-file. HS Link Parameter Set Error Download after making express link parameter again. Abnormal HS Link parameter It is the Cases that download fails because error causes while you download the program, so you should download again. Abnormal Common RAM Reboot the PLC. Current variable type should be same as one before left parenthesis. Data type of current Result in IL has to continue before beginning bracket and after ending bracket. This Operator cannot be placed in parenthesis. LD. LDN, JMP(C,N), CAL(C,N) and etc. cannot exist inside the bracket in IL, so delete it. Cannot define any more global variable. 300 units of global variable is available. Abnormal Basis parameter. In Case of download failure during program download, do download again. Cannot declare local variables over 32kBytes. Delete redundant variables. PLC cannot use internal memory over 32k, so Delete the variable that in not used among the declared variable or reduce the number of variable. Wrong Single variable name is given. It is the case that wrong single variable name is given if you select Single task. (See also 4.4.7 task definition in GMWIN user guide) Single variable task number over Maximum number : N Reduce the number with deleting internal contact task in the task definition of the project window. Task number for Single task in between 48 to 63. (See also 4.4.7 task definition in GMWIN user guide) Too many input or output parameters declared. The maximum size of input/output parameter in 32 The given FB instance name refers to a different FB. It causes when instance name of the function block has been used with another instance name of the function block. You should give different names to each function block. Cannot add resources any more. The maximum number of resource is 4 case of GM1. Cannot add any break point. If you want to add a break point, delete another one. The maximum number of break point is 32.

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No more In/Out variable can be added. The maximum number of input/output variable is 32 each. No more programs can be added. The maximum number of the program item is 180 in case of GM1-4, 90 in case of GM5. Data size over error...All: byte, using: N byte. It is the case that the memory size(N byte) which is used in the project exceeds(M byte) which is permitted in PLC. You should change your PLC version to the upper PLC version or reduce the declared variable in 32 each. Data type and Direct variable type are mismatched. It is the case that X, B, W, D, L which indicate the memory size do not match Data type, if you select user define of memory allocation. Data type of current result is not determined yet. Use "LD" command. It is the case that you make program, which has the integer or the direct variable, as the object without using LD command after CAL command in IL. USE LD command because you cannot know the data type of the object after CAL command. Cannot progress compiling because data type is not determined. Use the variable that has the data type or start the program from LD. Wrong data type is assigned. It is the case that the data type of the object and operator do not match when the object is given as variable. Abnormal Data RAM. Reboot the PLC. Library file<library file name> not found. It is the case that the library file cannot be found. Confirm Can not open<file name> of the library file. Confirm the existence of the selected library-file on the option in the declared directory. Can not open <file name> of the library file. Confirm the existence of the selected library-file on the option in the declared directory. Library-file error Library-file is damaged. Copy backup-library-file to library-directory again. Can't find object in that library file. Confirm the existence of the object-file that is included in library on setting directory. Cannot open library file(S). Confirm the existence of the selected library-file on the option in the declared directory. This function/function block is not in the library. It is the case that the used function/function block is not in the library, which is inserted in the present project. Insert a related library file and compile/make again. F/FB is not registered in library The function or the function block that is using now is not the basic library or the function/function block which is inserted in the project. It happen when the inserted library is deleted on the project after editing LD. Insert the function which is using now or the library which has function block.

•	Cannot find function block ' <function block="" files.<br="" from="" library="" name?'="">It is not inserted that the library-file that has function-block that is assigned in library insert list In certain case, some CPU has not this function block, so please attend using function block.</function>
•	This is Rung comment area It causes when insert the command to the area of rung comment, Command cannot be inserted in the rung comment area.
•	This is Rung Comment area. Only line insertion is allowed here. It causes when insert the command in rung comment area. It is impossible to insert and delete cells, possible to insert and delete row. If you want to delete the rung comment row, delete comment row.
•	Rung comment cannot be longer than 170characters. The maximum size of the rung comment is 170 characters.
•	This is Rung Comment area. To delete a rung comment by menu you must delete the whole line. You have to delete all of row to delete the rung comment.
•	The rung is too long! The size of one rung is over 40 rows. You should make one rung under 40 rows.
•	Label <label name=""> position error. The label should be in front of the step.</label>
	NEXT: S2 N SELECT
•	Too many characters in label. The maximum size of label is 16 characters.
•	Same label name is used more than twice. The same label name is used more than twice. It is wrong that same label name exist.
•	Label given cannot be longer than 16 characters. It is the case that the label name is too long.
•	The label name specified can't be allowed. It causes when input label name is wrong, you use a special character that is not permitted, and name exceeds maximum size.
•	Invalid label name. If you input string that cannot be used, confirm it is the string that is declared as variable or the reserved character, and input again.
•	In case of jumping to the label, it is impossible to jump between the main program and subroutine program with a reference of END.
•	Label cannot be in the parenthesis. The label cannot be in the parenthesis.
•	Label must be placed at start line of rung! The label is in the rung.







It is the case that the using label is not selected in JMP(C,N), SCAL(C,N) command.

- Label name has been defined in duplicate.
 Label name cannot be declared twice in the program.
- Label is not assigned!

There is no the label name in the jump and subroutine call command.



You should label the label name to the jump or the subroutine call command.



Invalid resource name

You should input correct resource name for the identifier. (See also 3.1.1. Identifier command manual)


 Module type Inconsistent Error It is the case that a declared module in modification of module in wrong slot, restance 	the parameter and an installed module of PLC do not match. Download again after art, and parameter.
 Array number over You should input numbers in the range of 	declared array.
 Invalid array range You should input numbers in the range in 	the range of declared array.
 Invalid array index It is the case that there is no a selected and 	rray element. Confirm the size of array and input again.
• Array name cannot exceed 8 chara	cters.
You should declare array name within 8 c	haracters.
 Invalid array size. The array size can be designated from 1 	to 2048.
The specified value is over the perr It is the case that INDEXES that is inputte You should designate it below the maximum	d in monitor dialog box of array variable exceed the rage(0-2047).
 Data type of array element is mism LD, ST command is effective for only Arra 	
 Array index is out of range. It is the case that array number is bigger to 	han element number of declared arry.
 Variable used as an array index she Variable that indicates array element must 	51
Battery Error Change the better.	
Integer is not within the permitted rank to the inputted integer is out of rank input the correct integer again.	5
 Select a base number. It is the case that base number to monitor You should input the base number. 	is not inputted.
 Invalid base number 	
It is the case that there is no base numbe	r to select. Confirm the base number and input again.
 Variable<variable name=""> not found It is the case that you cannot monitor by select ONLINE-CONNECT+WRITE+RUN</variable> 	program to be changed Select COMFILE-MAKE in menu to make executive file, and
 Variable <variable name=""> "type is r If you declare action or transition as varia</variable> 	

•	Variable <variable name=""> already exists. It is the case that there is same variable name that was declared before.</variable>
♦	Invalid value. You should input value of proper variable type. See also data type.
♦	Select a variable which is the object of break. It is the case that variable to execute variable break is not declared in variable break dialog box.
♦	Variable name is too long. It is the case that variable name is too long. The maximum size of general variable is 18 characters except special variable.
•	This variable name exists already in a different attribute. It causes when variable name in block is already used in window that you want to add during block paste. You should change variable name of variable in block.
♦	The variable name can't be allowed. The case inputted variable name is not correct. It is the case that you use special character(@,\$,etc) that cannot be used. Or insert blank in string. Also it causes length of string is over 18 characters.
♦	Wrong name is given. It is the case that you input the incorrect variable name. You should input a proper identifier(See also 3.1.1. Identifier command manual)
•	Variable name is incorrect. It is the case that you input the incorrect variable name. You should input a proper identifier(See also 3.1.1. Identifier command manual).
♦	The variable type is not ARRAY It causes when variable of different type is inputted to window in which array variable type is inputted.
•	Not defined as a BOOL variable It causes when you insert variable of different type at the position in which only BOOL variable can be inputted
♦	Variable type is not BOOL The time chart can monitor only variable of BOOL type
♦	Cannot jump to label <label name=""> across simultaneous branch (See also SFC jump of command manual)</label>
•	Branch number over8
	<u>S2</u> <u>S10</u> <u>S15</u> <u>S16</u>
	Delete the branch.
٠	Branch end point cannot be located at block end

It can be at the end of block that only step, transition, label, and jumping.

- Branch start point cannot be located at block start.
 It can be at the beginning of block that only step, transition, labeled.
- Step must be exist between branches

As you can see, it is the case that there is only transition between branch. You should insert step between branch.

• Cannot appoint the breakpoint

The label or comment row cannot designate breakpoint.



Wrong number of scan break is defined. It is the case that you input not integer but string in breaks frequency. Input integer value.

• Can't find the breaded source file.

It causes when there is no the source file in case of executing step over in the state of beginning of debugging.

• If the start of block is step or label, the end should be transition.

S5	N	SFC_END
+	r5	RESTART

• If the start of block is transition or jump, the end should be step.



Abnormal Shutdown Error

On executing the program, it indicates there is an error of calculating of reserved data area in case of executing warm start by starting to calculate program from the beginning when you reboot the PLC after program is paused by unusual shut down of power.

- Input variable, which is not used, is found.
 It is the case that you declared input variable but you did not use it.
- Local variable, which is not used, is found.
 It is the case that you declared local variable, but you did not use it.

 Output variable, which is not used, is found. It is the case that you declared output variable but you did not use it. There is no label to delete. It is the case that you try to delete cell in first column that is being empty. Can't find Function Block in the included libraries. It is the case that you do not insert library file which function block is included to project, though, you declared instance of function block. Insert library file. Constant range over detected. You should give constant value that is proper to range of data type of Current result when you want to give constant, which is integer, real number as the object. Cannot create a new program file<program filename> It is the case that there is program file, sheikh has already existed, or insufficient disk area, or other application is using it. You can call subroutine Label, which is after the END operator. You should call the only label that locates after END when you use subroutine cal command END operator is needed when using subroutine call. If you want to use a call subroutine command(ex. SCAL, etc) then you should distinguish main program and subroutine by using END. This variable is not defined. It is the case that used the object is not declared as variable. Declare variable in variable declaration dialog box. Variables selected are too many to monitor Delete selected variable by using delete key There is nothing to move in the selected cell. It causes when it is empty that the cell which you try to move. Selected library file is not a<GM*> Library.(*is PLC type) The version of selected library file does not match with GMWIN. Selected library file is not a LGIS GMWIN library file. The version of selected library file does not match. Confirm library-modified date. Cannot open selected library file. Confirm there is selected library file in the library directory that is selected in option. This object file is not a LGIS GMWIN object file. The version of selected object file does not match with GMWIN. Compile source file to GMWIN again. Label can't be placed on a rung comment area. You cannot designate label in comment. Variable break may not be performed because the program instance which contains that variable is disabled by Task Enabling It is the case that program instance to which declared variable belongs is prohibited by task executive condition when you declare variable break.

The selected block is too large

Deletion of block is possible only.

It causes that selected block is too large to copy. Though you cannot copy it, you can delete selected block.

Short circuit error



Scan Watchdog Error

On execution, it is the cases that scan time of program exceeds the scan delay watch time that is designated by parameter, Modify parameter or program by confirming scan delay watch time that is designated by parameter, then re-download and execute it again.

Wrong number of scan is given.

It is the case that frequency of scan is designated incorrectly when you designate scan break. You should designate frequency of scan between 1 to 65535.

• Stack area short

It is a case of the function holds an internal variable too much. Limit is 256 bytes.

Stack overflow error

It causes when stack of the program is out of range while program is executing. Modify the program, re-download then execute it again.

STRING variables should be allocated at the address of multiple of 4.
 If you assign user define memory with the declaration of string variable, you should assign it to address of 4'multiple.

Invalid string size.

The maximum size of string variable is 30 characters.

Invalid string size.

The maximum size of string variable is 30 characters.

String constant cannot exceed 16 letters.

The maximum size of string variable is 30 characters but when you use integer on program, you can use integer below 16 characters.

String size overflow.

The string is fixed at maximum 30 characters, maximum 32 byte on memory.

STRING variables should be addressed at multiple of 4 when directly assigned.
 You should give a direct address to address of 4'multiple because each string needs 32 byte memory.

- STRING initial value should start and end with apostrophe(") The string integer should begin/end with quotation mark(") Slot-ID Error Reboot the PLC. Wrong exponent expression. It the case that incorrect expression of exponential function is found in real number expression. Wrong time literal expression. It is the case that expression of time /date which begins with D#, T#, DT# is wrong. Can't open the serial port. Confirm there is other program which is using serial port or not, and if there is no then restart GMWIN. Abnormal Serial I/O chip Reboot the PLC Cannot open programs because of lack of system resource. Close rarely used windows and try to open again. It is the case that it cannot open program file due to lacking of resource. Close other application or close program window that is not necessary in GMWIN, and execute again. System Self-diagnose is Information/Abnormal CPU Reboot the PLC Down-load file is not same as one of PLC. \nWrite it to PLC! Select COMFILE-MAKE in menu to make executive file and Select ONLINE-CONNECT+WRITE+RUN+MONITOR START in menu. Cannot expand source file. It is the case that program source file is damaged.
- Abnormal Access path
 It is the cases that download are failed because error happens on program download. You should download again.
- Access path name error in a access variable <Access variable name>
 It the case that it cannot be found that global variable or direct variable in access path that is declared as <access variable name>
 (See also access variable editing)
- Access variable memory error
 It is the case that memory is insufficient. Save all files, which is working, execute again after closing other application.
- Wrong access variable name is given.
 It is the case that you input wrong access variable name. You should input a proper identifier (See also 3.1.1. Identifier command manual)
- Cannot define access variables any more.
 The maximum size of access variable which can be declared is 128 in case of GM1~3, 64 in case of GM4~5.

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Logic error!

You make circuit that is not good for logic.



Use circuit that is good for logic.

Logic branch is to deep!

The operating branch exceeds 16 levels in the operation that uses the contact.



You must modify the operating branch not to exceed 16 levels in the operation that uses the contact.

- Right bracket(')')is expected.
 It is the case that number of left bracket is too many
- There exist contacts on the right.

It causes when there is other command at up or right of position when you insert coil/ The coil can be inserted when it is empty that the right area of the position where you want to inset the coil.

Object file open error

Confirm object file in declared directory on option.

• Cannot write to object file.

It is the case that there is no the file in the path, when you make new object file, other program is using it, and the disk capacity is insufficient.

• There needs no operand.

It is the case that you input operand to command that does not need operand. You should delete the operand.

• Operand Syntax Error

It is reserved word that is used in GMWIN or not a grammatical word.



This is Rung Comment area It causes when you insert the command to the area of rung comment. Command cannot be inserted in the rung comment area. Cannot select this variable type. The data break for this variable type cannot by declared in present PLC model. This string is a keyword. It is the case that inputted string is been using for reserved character. Cannot add this action name because it has been used already. You should add it as different name because it has bee used already. This object file is not compiled for PLC. Load source file and compile again. This object file is compiled as a Program Block. The selected file is program block. Select function/function block source program again. This element can't be deleted. You cannot SFC element that is incorrect for SFC composition. This element can't be inserted at this position. It causes when you insert SFC element in position that is incorrect for SFC composition. Break points cannot be set here. You cannot declare break point at the position. Cannot declare break point on contacts, coils, and first column of function/function block and END. Input contacts cannot be placed here. It causes when you cannot insert input in selected position. Insertion of empty cell is not possible at this location. It causes when row that you try to insert cell is full. It is the case that you cannot insert cell any more. This transition name already exists. You should add it as another name because it has been used already. This file is not a GMWIN source file. It is the case that selected file is not GMWIN source file or damaged source file. This project was not made an execution file. Make project and write it to PLC! Select COMFILE-MAKE in menu to make executive file, and select ONLINE-CONNECT+WRITE+RUN+MONITOR START in menu. This Flag/Keyword is READ_ONLY.(Cannot Store) It is the case that you use command like ST, S, and R in read only flag/keyword or output of function/function block. Cannot write value to this flag. You cannot change the value because this flag is read only. This flag is not used with given PLC type. Confirm it can be used or not, because available flag is different in PLC CPU mode or GM1~5.

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- END can't be placed in this line.
 It causes when you input END again in line that you already inputted it.
 You can input end in empty line.
- Cannot assign break point at this element. In SFC, You can declare break point only in step.
- Library file already exists.
 The additional library file has already existed in library.
- F/FB name you want to insert is already exists is the library. The additional library file has already existed in library.
- This interrupt input number is already used in another task. It is the case that external contact input number is duplicated.
- This task number is already used.
 It is the case that there is same variable name that was declared before.
- Variable already exists.
 It the case that there is same accesses variable name which was declared before.
- Access variable <access variable name> already exists.
 It is the case that there is same accesses variable name which was declared before.
- Instance name is already defined.
 It is case that there is same task name that was declared before.
- This Task name is already defined.
 It is the case that there is same task name that was defined before.
- Same data type as previous result expected.
 You should use same data type object that is same to current result that is previous operating result according to operator model in IL.
- I/O contact Error

It is the case that one of module that is composes of duality is error, replace module of wrong slot, and executes again.

•	FB instance string cannot exceed 8 characters. The instance name cannot exceed eight characters. Because general variable that includes instance name and input/output variable name is used in program.
•	Wrong instance name is given. It is the case that you input wrong instance name. You should input correct instance name for the identifier. (See also3.1.1. Identifier command manual)
•	Wrong instance name is given. You should input correct instance name for the identifier. (See also3.1.1. Identifier command manual)
•	Multiple use for interrupt number N. Confirm tasks, which are declared as number N, are over two. Do not duplicate it.
•	Abnormal Interrupt Controller Connect power again.
•	This keyword is READ_ONLY. It is the case that you cannot use read-only flag as object of ST command.
•	Temporary variables can't be made! It failed to create temporary variable on LD compile. Temporary variable is created in TEMP directory. So it causes when capacity of TEMP directory is insufficient or disk has an error. If capacity is not enough then you should delete unnecessary file and if disk has an error then replace the disk.
•	Temporary file read/seek error! It is failed to create/read temporary variable on LD compile. Temporary variable is created in TEMP directory. So it causes when capacity of TEMP directory is insufficient or disk has an error. If capacity is mot enough then you should delete unnecessary file and if disk has an error then replace the disk.
•	Cannot Edit/Delete In/Out variables here. It is possible input/output variable to be modified/deleted in input/output variable dialog box.
•	Invalid line number. You should input the input value, which is proper to range.
•	You must not exceed the maximum input number. It causes when you define number of input variable more than maximum number when you insert the function that is varied to number of input variable
•	Cannot Store(or STN, S, R) to variables defined as VAR_INPUT. You cannot use command (ex: ST,S, R,etc) that input the value in input variable.
•	Inputted value is not number. The inputted number is not number.
•	There must be at least two input variables. You should define over two numbers of input variable at least when you insert the function that is varied to number of input variable, Because of the first variable in function should be EN.
•	The specified variable type is not allowed for this Fun/FB. It causes when inputted variable type is differ from input/output variable type of function/function block.

- The type of inputted variable is not matched with F/FB.
 It is the case that the type of inputted variable is not matched with the I/O variable of F/FB.
- Cannot find such variable type.
 It is the case that date type of the object does not match operator when you give an object as variable.
- Power flow must be only one!

There are several power lines in one rung.



You should one power line in one rung and input the other variable directly.



• Jump %s position error.

The jump should be next to the transition where is at end of the selected branch of SFC program.



 \blacklozenge

Label %s not found.

There is no label name<label name>, which is same to jump name. Confirm that there is label name, which is same to jump name.

• Contact can't placed in this area!

The contact should be where variable or integer must be.



Attach the variable or integer.



- You must enter an integer
 It causes when you input real number value(ex:9.43)in input window to input integer.
- Interval task number over. Maximum number : N.
 You should reduce number by deleting interval task in task definition of project window.
- Task number for interval task in between 0 to 31. (See also 4.4.7 task definition in GMWIN user guide)
- Wrong interval value is given.

It is the case that you give wrong interval time in case of selection the interval task. (See also 4.4.7 task definition in GMWIN user guide).

- Given value string is wrong or over-ranged.
 It is the cases that string of given variable value are wrong of out of range on selecting variable value break.
- A variable of same name as given function name is already defined.
 It is the case that there is same variable name among the variables, which is declared already when you try to modify function name to another in program property dialog box.
- Warning : time constant unit under 10 ms will be ignored.
 On definition of interval task, time value of below 10ms unit is negligible.
- Warning : Included library file library filename's not for GM? So that F/FBs in that library will not be shown and used.

It is the case that you change PLC type for project or insert library that is not matched in proper type.

- Warning : Included library file library filename's not for PLC so that F/FBs in that library will not be shown and used. It is the case that the object file's version to be insert is not matched to library. Duplicated label. Found. You cannot declare label repeatedly. Abnormal Extended Power It causes when PLC operation is abnormal because power module of the increasing base has an error. You cannot delete this item. You cannot delete the item besides program and resource(over two) in project item. There is no selected string. You should input the name in name text box. The margin given is too large. It causes when blank is too large in printer setup. Decrease blank and input again. Too large margin You should input the number that is below 30 in left blank. Invalid direct address. You should modify direct variable name. (See. Also 3.3.1 variable expression in command manual) Wrong directly represented variable expression found. It is the case that it is wrong that direct variable expression starting with %I, %Q, %M. Wrong directly assigned memory allocation is found. It is the cases that direct variable allocation in case that you select user definition of memory allocation. (See also 3.3.1 variable expression in command manual) Invalid direct variable range. Two variable must be same area(same base, same slot), same type. Wrong example Correct example Note %10.1.0-%10.2.10 %10.1.0-%10.1.10 Different slot number %MW10-%MB12 %MW10-%MB12 Different type Not found. It causes when there is no anymore object(string or command) to be found.
- Contacts cannot be placed in the first column.
 It causes when you insert the cell at the first column. You cannot in sert cell at the first column.
- Wrong initial value is assigned.
 It is case that the initial value designation is wrong.
- Initial value is not correctly given.
 It is the case that initial value is wrong.
 (See also 3.1.1. Identifier command manual)



It is the case that initial value is out of range which data type allow when you declare initial value.

• You must not exceed the maximum line number.

It is the case that you input number which is bigger than maximum in find dialog box. You should value that is below the number which is bigger than maximum number that exists in file.

Enter or select on e object file to add.
 Confirm that object fill is in the directory on option.

Output branch is too deep!

It is over 16 levels that branch that uses the output good command(coil, function, function block, jump, return, subroutine call)



You should make the branch that uses the output good command not to be over 16 level.

- Configuration global variable are declared too many.Maximum 4K Byte. You should delete unnecessary configuration global variable.
- Size of configuration global variables cannot exceed 4K byte.
 Total size of the configuration global variable cannot exceed 4K Byte You should delete unnecessary configuration global variable.

File related error happened while compiling.

It is case that you have difficulty to deal with file because there is no tile that in used temporarily and is used in open/close object file or disk capacity is insufficient on compiling.

Maybe there'll be some errors in compiling.

It is the case that you cancel without declaring same name for duplicated variable on attach operating. Error can be caused on compiling because over two types for same variable name are needed.

There is nothing to compile.

It is the case that there is no content to compile because of nothing in program content.

• Coil cant be placed in this area.

The coil is in the position, which the variable or the integer or the integer connects to.



Cannot Store from/to different size of array.
 LD, ST command is effective for only Arrays having the same element number.

- Maybe out of memory(from clipboard routines)
 It causes when memory cannot be taken because memory is not enough in the system on dealing with clipboard
 - Keyword cannot be used as an identifier.
 The reserved word(variable name etc) cannot use as identifier.
 (See. Also 3.3.3. reserved variable and 3.4 reserved word in command manual)

Invalid time value.

You should designate time value if you select the action qualifier among D, L, SD, SL, and DS, confirm that time value is

	imputed correctly or not. (See also 3.1.2.3.1 proceeding time in command manual)
•	Task <task name=""> not bound. It is the case that used task name is not defined in program definition Confirm task name of task and program definition in project.</task>
•	Bool type variable of task ,task name. Not found. It is the case that the used variable is not declared as the global variable in case that you select the single task executive condition. Confirm ruse variable name and global variable name in task definition.
•	Task memory error. It is the case that memory is not enough. Shut down other application after saving all files that is executing, and restart.
•	Wrong task number is given. You should give proper task number according to kind of task. (See also 4.4.7 task definition in GMWIN user guide)
•	Wrong task name is given. It is case that you input wrong task name. You should input correct task name for the identifier. (See also 3.1.1. Identifier command manual)
•	Task Conflict Error It causes when same task is demanded to execute repeatedly on use program operation.
* *	Communication Internal Error Disconnect the connection of PLC and GMWIN and connect again. Composition of Communication Module Error It is occurred when installed Communication Module more than 4 units or 8 units included Computer Communication Module. Communication Error Communication error is occurred for bring a data from PLC
•	Transition <transition name=""> is used. You can't delete this transition. If you want to delete this transition you should not use it in SFC program.</transition>
•	Transition <transition name=""> has no program. You should make executive condition program in transition.</transition>
•	Invalid transition name It is the case that you input wrong transition name. You should input correct transition name for the identifier. (See also 3.1.1 Identifier command manual)
•	S/C Module Interface Error It is the case that data of special/communication module do not access normally on operating, so replace module of wrong slot and execute again.
•	Cannot save file <file name="">to the disk. It is the case that other program is using on saving project file or there is insufficient capacity to save shut down other program or englarge save capacity of disk.</file>
•	Can't print %s. It is the case that there is no printer or file to print does not exists.



- Cannot assign a value to an output variable of function block.
 You should give variable that will take the operating result to the output of function block.
- The appropriate F/FB library does not exist. Base type may not match the FB library.
 It is the case that wrong function name is given in program property dialog box or in case of making new program.
- Wrong function name is given.
 It is the case that wrong function name is given in program property dialog box or in case of making new program.
- There is no function/function block library.
 It causes when it is not inserted in project that library that includes using function/function block.
- Contacts cannot be placed in Fun/FB area.
 It causes when you try to insert contact in function/function block area.
- Adjacent line in Fun/FB area.
 Other command cannot be inserted in function/function block.
- You should use operand that is proper to data type of function/function block input parameter.
 You should input object of proper data type to the input parameter on inputting function/function block input parameter.
 - Input of F/FB is not assigned! You do not declare input value(Variable, integer) to input of the function/function block.



You should connet power line, integer, variable, etc to input of the function/function block





(N is PLC type. For example, if library file name is USER and PLC is GM\$ then USER.4FU).

Return value of function is indeterminate.

It is the case that the function does not work, because you do not insert the output value. If you input the value to the output value in case of the function, the function works.

Output of function is not assigned!



Declare variable to function output or connect to power line(case of BOOL output).



You cannot edit standard library files. Select again.
 The general library cannot be used by modifying it with user's will. You can select only user definition library to executing modification, deletion.

Standard libraries are already loaded.
 The general library was already loaded in memory.

Fuse Cutoff Error

It causes the case that FUSE break of FUSE attach module on operating. Replace the fuse of wrong slot and execute again.

Program<program name> is not defined in project, Make project and write it to plc.
 Select COMFILE-MAKE in menu to make executive file, and
 Select ONLINE-CONNECT+WRITE+RUN+MONITOR START in menu.

Program <program name> not found.
 It causes when there is no program file that is relevant to used program name in program definition. Confirm that there is program name. SRC in relevant directory.

•	Program Error It is the case that program to operate is abnormal. Download again.
•	Program Abnormal It is the case of an abnormal is occurred in download a program. Download again.
٠	Program define number over.
	Delete program definition. You declare too many program definition of project. You should reduce program definition by Selecting the project-project item delete in menu.
•	Program Code Error It is the case that command that cannot be decoded is met on user program operating. Download program again and execute again.
•	Program size over error. Total: M bytes, Used N bytes It is the case that program size (N bytes) is used in project exceeds capable program size(M bytes) is used in project exceeds capable program size (M bytes) in present PLC. Change PLC model to upper model or reduce program size.
•	Program file; <program file="" name="">' has already opened. It is the case that you declare filename which has already opened when you make new project or program.</program>
•	Program file' <program file="" name="">' has already existed. It is the case that you declare file name which has already existed when you make new project or program.</program>
•	Program file name does not defined. It is the case that you are not surd that you open which item because program file name of this item does not defined when you open the window by double click the program item in project. Give program file name.
•	Abnormal Program RAM Reboot the PLC.
•	FB <fb name=""> not found in a library! IT is the case that function block which is used in program is not in library file. Resister relevant function block to library file and insert this library to project.</fb>
•	Condense rate for printing is out of range. Check condense range. It causes when compression proportion is out of range.
•	Flay array index is out of range. You have not to use it over defined array number in case of using flag element that is defined as array.
•	There needs no operand. It is the case that function (for example ABS) that does not need object in IL. You should delete the object.
•	Operand is not assigned! Variable or integer is not at contact or coil.



It is the case that you input wrong line number in FIND. You should input it within last line number.





Only power line can be connected at the ENO output of the function. Connect it at power line or nothing.

- Not defined as a FB instance.
 It is the case that the inputted sting as the instance name is not the string that is declared as FB instance.
- This FB output variable type isn't an array.
 The type of the FB output variable must be array. Confirm output variable type of FB and input again.
- A kind of FB is not matched.
 The inputted instance name is the string that is declared as different kind of FB instance.
- This variable is not a FB output.
 It must be output variable of FB. Confirm FB and input again.
- Abnormal Gate Array. Reboot the PLC.
- Can't use a GLOFA F net or GLOFAM net. After confirming the communication module for PC is fitted in PC, if it is, then you should confirm that the declaration of port and base address is correct of not, and connect again.
- This data type is not supported for GM3-GM5
 Data type (for example:REAL, LREAL, LINT) applies only for GM1-2, therefore GM3-5 are not used.
- There is no I/O cared in that base. Select a base number again.
 You cannot monitor because I/O module is not in selected base.
- I/O Module Read/Write Error
 On operating, it is the case that the data of I/O module is not accepted.

On operating, it is the case that the data of I/O module is not accessed normally. Therefore, replace the module of wrong slot and execute again.

- Abnormal I/O parameter
 - It is the case that the download does not success because of error on downloading the program. Download again.
- Can't Monitors according to the order of I/O parameter.

Can't monitors because of the present I/O is not matched with I/O parameter in project window.

It is not an IL operator.

It is not IL operator that is used in GMWIN.

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 Number of lines exceeds IL capacity. IL cannot edit over 32000 lines. Can't load LD cursors. M area can be monitored at only RES area. Declare direct variable area with resource. Abnormal O/S Watchdog It is the case that the watchdog error is caused by Os program. Abnormal O/s RAM Reboot the PLC. Abnormal O/S ROM Reboot the PLC. Q area cannot be monitored at Configuration area. The direct variable area cannot be designated as configuration Cannot define RETAIN or CONSTANT the variable located at %I or %Q area. You cannot declare RETAIN, CONSTANT besides variable that is allocated in automatic variable or %M area. Cannot assign initial value to the variable located at %I or %Q area. You cannot give initial value besides variable that is allocated in automatic variable or %M rear. Cannot assign direct address to this array variable which is out of I/Q address range. In care that array is the variable which is allocated in I, Q area by user definition, if total size exceeds maximum of the I,Q area from the beginning then error can be caused by memory overlap. Therefore, make array size small. RTC Data Error Confirm that there is an error of battery or not, if it is not then set the time in GMWIN. Abnormal RTC Set the time again. You cannot insert SFC element any more. You cannot insert new element any more because it exceeds the size of SFC program. Impossible to delete SFC transition variable. User cannot delete/modify SFC transition variable because it is inserted in GMWIN automatically. Impossible to modify SFC transition variable. User cannot delete/modify SFC transition variable because it tis inserted in GMWIN automatically.

Tn has no name



 You should input the transition name and make operating condition program. Or Designate BOOL type variable in the transition Input it by selecting toolbox-zoom in menu or double-clink at the position of transition.



- VAR_IN_OUT variables cannot be placed the first item of INPUT/INOUT variable list.
 VAR_IN_OUT variable cannot be at the beginning of the input/output variable of function block, because of the power line on LD.
- A constant cannot be given to VAR_IN_OUT parameter.

VAR_IN_OUT variable cannot have integer value because its address is transferred to parameter. (Special characters)

- BOOL type operator is needed before 'C' or 'N' specifier. The object of the BOOL data type must be used in the variable that has suffix of 'C', 'N'(ex. CALC, CALN, JMPC, JMPN).
- Cannot Store to directly represented or assigned input variables(%I).
 You cannot use command that substitute the value in the input direct variable area.
- Transition name : Output transition condition to variable TRANS.
 You have to output the condition to TRANS variable in transition program.
 Ex) LD %10.0.0
 - ST TRANS
- Cannot print %s!

It is the case that you cannot print selected file. It causes when printer has a problem.

- <Program name> : <direct variable name> is not in M area. Set M area of basic parameters to large size Because selected variable as <direct variable name> exceeds declared M area, You should declare the variable again(ex: %MW20000%MW20), make it large with selecting the project-option in menu(ex: 4K Byte 8K Byte).
- Program <program name> : Variable <variable name> is not declared or type mismatched in Global Variables.

Declare the variable <variable name>, which is declared by VAR_EXTERN in <program name>, or if it is declared already, then confirm that the type is same.

(See also configuration global variable edit(in case of GM! And multi resource) or resource global variable edit).

• Cannot give duration of task which is under 10 ms.

If you give the task operating interval that is smaller than 10ms on the definition of interval task, then it is negligible. Therefore, you should give time interval, which is over 10ms.

Appendix B. GMWIN Glossary

Access Variable	A variable name to be used in a local station during the communication between PLC's Function Block.
Action	A block having a program to performed actually in SFC language.
Allocation	If a user declares only the variable name and type in the declaration of the symbolic variable, the memory area is allocated automatically by GMWIN ($\leftarrow \rightarrow$ User defined memory allocation).
Array	An aggregate that consists of data objects, with identical attributes.
Automatic memory allocation	Refer to User defined memory allocation.
Automatic Variable	A variable to be allocated as the automatic memory.(\longleftrightarrow >User defined variable, Direct variable)
(B) Branch	To divide control flow in SFC language. There are parallel branch and selective branch.
Break point	The position at Which a user wants to stop when debugging a program element.
(C) Cell	A unit of LD component element such as contact, coil, function, and function block in LD language.
Cold Restart	One of restart modes. Erase all data to 0 except the variable that is declared for the initial value.
Communication Port	Serial port in PC to connect GMWIN and GLOFA-GM.
Compile	To translate PLC program, which user creates, into the machine language equivalent or an intermediate form, which a user can execute in PLC.
Configuration	An language element corresponding to one PLC system as software model in GMWIN.
Configuration Global Variable	A variable that can be used in common between resources (between CPUs in the multi CPU system). It includes the symbolic variable that is declared as the configuration global. It has one memory area on the coordinator module. It is used after declaring symbolic variable with a same name for 'VAR_EXTERNAL' when a user creates each program block.
(D)	
Data type	Features if data that represents the declared variable SINT, INT, DINT, USINT, UNET, ULINT, REAL, LREAL, TIME, DATE, TIME_OF_DAY, STRING, BOOL, BYTE, WORD, DWORD, LWORD, DATE_AND_TIME.
Direct Variable	A variable to use without the declaration of the name/dato type. I,Q, and M area. (%1*0.02, %MD1234, etc)
(E)	
Ethernet	A network technology is applied the upper network for observation and control of system. And to send/receive data using TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) as the upper protocol and selecting CSMA/CD (Carrier sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection) as the media access formula.
(F)	

Forced I/O setup	A method to have a constant value without a card of the execution of program by taking the special value in I/O forcibly.
Function	Program organization unit to output operating results for the input without storing the results into the internal area. (Arithmetic operation, Comparison, etc)
Function Block	Program organization unit to store the operating results into the internal area. (Timer, Counter, etc)
(G) Global variable	A variable shich can be used in all resources within a project or all programs within a resource($\leftarrow \rightarrow$ local variable).
GLOFA Fnet	It is the lowest network which connects a control device or instrumentation device, and the standard which adapted three layers among seven layers of OSI. Three layers consist of Physical layer, which consists of H2 (1Mbps electric), H1 (31.23Kbps electric), Optical, Wireless, etc, Data link layer, which adapted Scheduled and Circulated token bus, and Application layer, which take the responsibility of the application role, This standard, additionally, adapted User's layer.
GLOFA Mnet	It is a comparable concept with the Full Map, which contained the entire concept and function of seven layers of OSI. GLOFA Mnet consists of the lower two layers (Physical layer, Data Link layer), one layer of application and user's layer for user and interface to meet the needs of the factory automatization including confidence, quick response and real time control.
(H) High Speed link	A communication method to send/receive the data through GLOFA Mnet, Fnet modules
Hot Restart	One of the restart modes. It reconstructs all data and performed elements to the previous status and performs them.
(I) Input/Output Variable	A variable to define input/output of the function/function block.
Instance	Assembled data to use in the program blocks or the function blocks.
Interrupt	During the normal execution of the program, If a user want to execute any program firstly after stopping the normal program, a user can define the program as Interrupt execution.
(L) Library	Files to assemble several functions or function blocks as an executive code form.
Library Manager	A manager to execute the function of addition/deletion of a function or a function blocks in the Library.
Local Connect	A method to connect to RS-232C port in CPU module when a user tries to download, monitor or debug a program. ($\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Remote connect)
Local Variable	A variable to be effective only in one program element. It is declared in each program element and used in the program of the declared program element. It is impossible to read/write in the other program element.($\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Global variable)
(M)	
Make	A work to compile program blocks in a project and to make One executive file, which PLC can execute, by linking each object files.
Mnet	Refer to the GLOFA Mnet.

Appendix B. GMWIN Glossary

Modem	A device that you can send/receive a data at a long distance between PC installed GMWIN and GLOFA-PLC mounted computer link module by using a PSTN. In addition, this device alter a digital signal $\leftarrow \rightarrow a$ analog signal to a smoothly communication between long distance computers.	
Module	A component having an independent function. Adding it up onto baseboard uses it. (CPU module, power module, input/output module, special function module, communication module, etc).	
(O) Operator	A symbol that represents the action to be performed in an operation. LD, ST, AND, OR, CAL, JUMP, EQ, etc.	
(P)		
Partial compile	To compile a modified part only when you modify a part of one program element which finished compiling before. You can reduce a compile time.($\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Total compile)	
PLC System	The system that has the complete configuration element for the PLC operating and can control the target system by the user program.	
Power Flow	Suppose that the power is supplied on the left power line and this power is transferred to the right by the logic in LD language.	
Priority	A number to designate which task is executed firstly when several tasks to execute wait. '0' is a highest priority.	
Program	A code to execute PLC, which is reserved in the program area of the PLC. (Program block, Function and Function block) On the other hand, it is called program organization unit.	
Program organization unit	Function and Function block or Program block	
Project	It is the executive element of GMWIN that includes a program that is needed in PLC that composes one PLC system, a system configuration, parameter and communication.	
(Q) Qualifier	The executive condition of the action in SFC language.	
(R)		
Remote connect	A method to connect to CPU module that user tries to download, monitor or debug a program through GLOFA Fnet, Mnet with connecting GMWIN to RS-232c port of other CPU module.	
Resource	Original meaning is resources, but indicate one CPU module in GLOFA PLC. It has the saving area of a program and data.	
Resource Global variable	A common variable among several programs in Resource. It includes the symbolic variable that is declared as a direct variable and resource global. It has one memory area physically. A direct variable can be used in each program and you can use a symbolic variable after you declare variable kinds of symbolic variable having s same name as 'VAREXTERNAL' when making each program block.	
Restart Mode	An operating start mode for the user's program at the restart of PLC system. There are three restart modes, which are cold, warm and hot.	

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Rung	Program element that does not have a line to connect to up/down in LD language.
(S) Scan	Total time to execute input refresh, user program execution, and output refresh in Run mode.
Scan Break	The debug method to stop PLC after the designated scan amount is execute.
Scan Watchdog Time	The longest scan time to be permitted by PLC. If scan time is longer than designate one, scan watchdog error is occurred and PLC stops the execution.
Step	The control element of the procedure in SFC language.
Step In	Step In is execute in where you want to call for debugging the function/function block or action/transition.
Step Out	To return to the calling program element from function/function block or action/transition when the function/function block or action/transition is debugged.
Step Over	To execute debugging for the program element as a minimum unit of the language.
(T) Task	An execution control element for starting condition of the program. (Interval task, Single task, Interrupt task and Scan task)
Task Program	Program containing the execution control element as Task.
Total compile	To compile one program element from beginning to end. $(\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Partial compile)
Transition	The condition to perform the next step in SFC language.
(U) Upload Program	A program that is compressed to store the program, which a user created, in PLC. You can call the upload program in PLC by using 'Open From PLC' function in Project menu of GMWIN.
User defined memory allocation vari	A method to designate memory area to be matched as the direct able form when a user declares a variable on the declaration of a symbolic variable.
(V) Variable Break	A debugging method to stop the execution when the value of specified variable meets the designated value of function to read/write the variable is executed.
(W) Warm Restart	One of the restart mode. It erases all data to 0. except variable that is declared for retention of the pervious value and the initial value.

Appendix C. Structure of GMWIN Menu

A Structure of GMWIN Menu is as follows.

	Program	Edit(E)	Toolbox(<u>T</u>)	
	New	Undo	Toolbox Type	
	Open	Cut	- -	F2
	Save	Сору	-1/1-	F3
	Save As	Paste		F4
	Save All	Delete		F5 F6
	Close	Find		F0 F7
		Replace		F8
Resource	Properties	Again	-[FB]-	F9
Program	Local Variables	Goto	-191-	Shft+F1
	In/Out Variables	Condense		Shft+F2
				Shft+F3 Shft+F4
				Shft+F5
			-(N)-	Shft+F6
			<ret></ret>	Shft+F7
			>>	Shft+F8
		Insert cell		Shft+F9
				Ctrl+A
			Select Array Subscr	ipt
		New Open Save Save As Save As Save All Close Resource Properties	NewUndoOpenCutSaveCopySave AsPasteSave AllDeleteCloseFindPropertiesReplaceProgramLocal VariablesIn/Out VariablesCondenseVariable commentVariable comment	NewUndoToolbox TypeOpenCut-1SaveCopy-1/1-Save AsPasteSave AllDelete1CloseFind(`)-PropertiesProperties(FB)-Local VariablesGoto-1P1-In/Out VariablesCondense(R)-Action ListDelete line-(R)-Delete cell-(R)(N)-Save Comparison-(R)-Condense(R)-Save Comparison-(R)-Save AllSave AllCondense(R)-Save AllSave AllSave AllSave AllCondense(R)-Save AllSave AllSave AllSave AllSave AllSave AllClose-(R)-Save All-(R)-Save All-(R)- <td< td=""></td<>

Complie(C)

Complie

Mke

Build All

Messages...

Memory Reference

Online(<u>O</u>)

Connect+Write+Run+Monitor On		Debu
Connect		Debug
Disconnect		Go
Read		Step Ov
Write		Step Int
Monitor	Monitor Off	Step Ou
Mode Change	Variable Monitor Run	Pause
Data Clear	I/O Monitor Stop	Run to C
Reset	Time Chart Monitor Pause	Add/Rer
Flash Memory		Memory Type Breakpo
Link Enable		Memory Write Task En
PLC Info	System Info	
I/O info	Error/Warning Info	
I/O Forcing	AC Fail History Input	
Link Info	Error History Output	
Comm info	Mode Change History Enable I/O Forcing	
Mnet Parameter	I/O Module Fault info	
Mnet info		
I/O Skip		
Fault Mask		
Initialize Special Modules		
Start Online Edit		
Write for Online Edit		
Cencel Online Edit		

Window(<u>W</u>)	Window(<u>H</u>)
Cascade	Contents
Tile Horizontally	How to Use Help
Tile Vertically	About GMWIN
Arrange Icons	
Close All	

g(<u>D</u>)

Cursor move BreakPoint

bint List/Condition...

abel...