

ROBO-8921VG2R

Single Host Board

User's Manual

Version 1.1

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Appendix A

Appendix B

How to Use This Manual

The manual describes how to configure your ROBO-8921VG2R system to meet various operating requirements. It is divided into five chapters, with each chapter addressing a basic concept and operation of Single Board Computer.

Chapter 1 : System Overview. Presents what you have in the box and give you an overview of the product specifications and basic system architecture for this series model of single board computer.

Chapter 2 : Hardware Configuration. Shows the definitions and locations of Jumpers and Connectors that you can easily configure your system.

Chapter 3 : System Installation. Describes how to properly mount the CPU, main memory and Compact Flash to get a safe installation and provides a programming guide of Watch Dog Timer function.

Chapter 4 : BIOS Setup Information. Specifies the meaning of each setup parameters, how to get advanced BIOS performance and update new BIOS. In addition, POST checkpoint list will give users some guidelines of trouble-shooting.

Chapter 5 : Troubleshooting. Provides various useful tips to quickly get ROBO-8921VG2R running with success. As basic hardware installation has been addressed in Chapter 3, this chapter will basically focus on system integration issues, in terms of backplane setup, BIOS setting, and OS diagnostics.

The content of this manual and EC declaration document is subject to change without prior notice. These changes will be incorporated in new editions of the document. **Portwell** may make supplement or change in the products described in this document at any time.

Updates to this manual, technical clarification, and answers to frequently asked questions will be shown on the following web site : <http://www.portwell.com.tw/>.

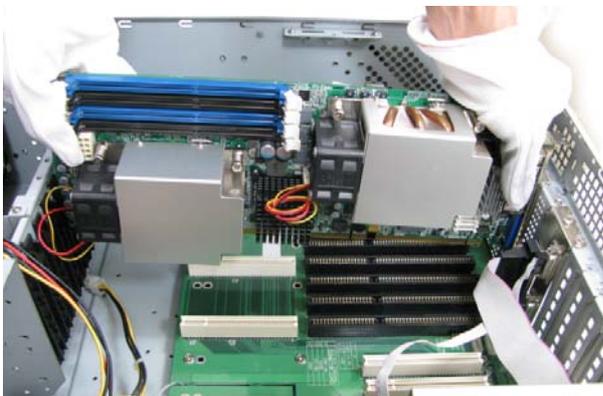
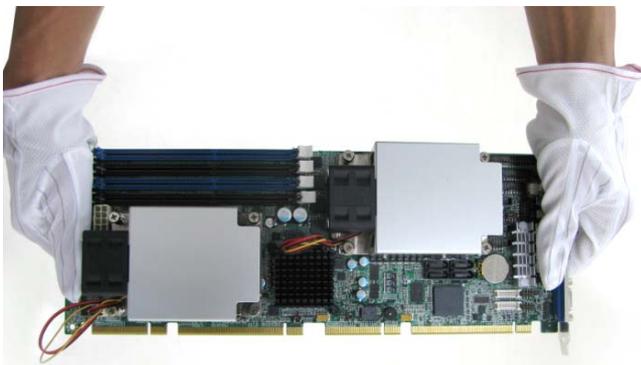
Notice

SBC Handling and Installation Notice

■ Handling and Installing SBC

Caution: Do not just hold any single side of the SBC; hold evenly on both sides!

- Heavy processor cooler may bend the SBC when SBC being held just on one side.
- The bending may cause soldering or components damaged.

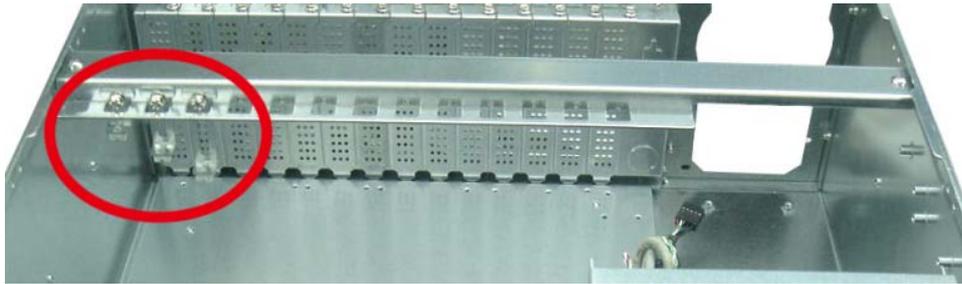


■ Fix your SBC in System

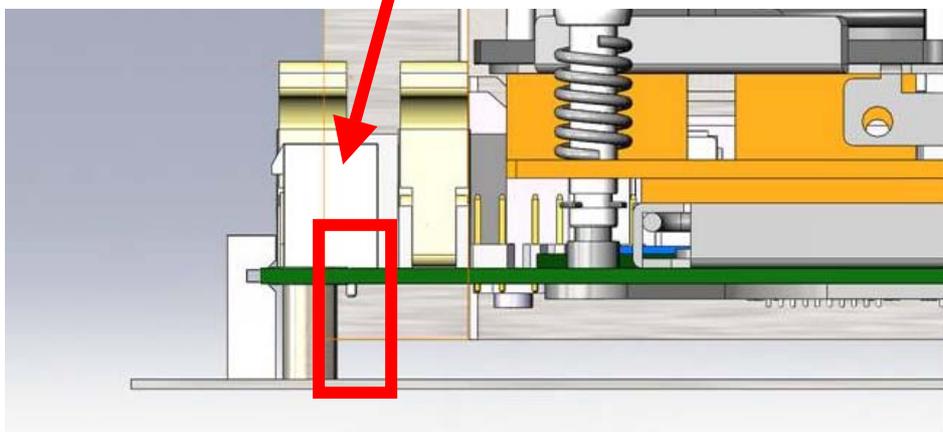
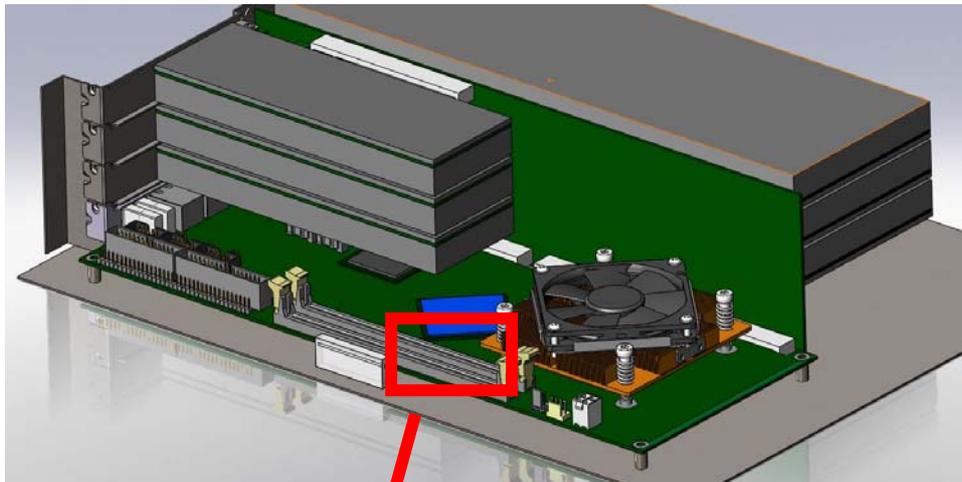
Caution: Suggest your S.I or vendor to use a metal bracket to hold/fix the desktop or server grade SBC to avoid the vibration damage during transportation. Heavy processor cooler may bend the SBC when systems are during transportation without any holder.

Example:

- 4U chassis :
→ Use L type metal or plastic or rubber bracket to hold SBC.



- 2U or 1U chassis: a metal bracket on the bottom of chassis to balance and support SBC from bending.



Chapter 1

System Overview

1.1 Introduction

ROBO-8921VG2R, the PICMG 1.3 Single Host Board supports Intel® high-performance single or dual Dual-Core™/Quad-Core™ Xeon® processors in LGA771 package which adopts Intel® 5100 and ICH9R chipset. Intel® 5100 MCH based can offer lower rated platform power than the last generation 5000P. The special design CPU cooler can support dual processors 160W max. TDP for high computing power and also provide smart fan function support. The board equipped four DDR2 DIMM sockets allows up to 32GB, ECC registered memory for those market segments that could benefit from it such as Medical, data storage, Security, wireless infrastructure and Converged Communications application. I/O interfaces are improved at the same time like PCI Express x4 based dual Gigabit Ethernet controller; one PCI Express x8 and three PCI Express x4 links.

The MCH 5100 features flexible design of dual PCI Express x8 that could be aggregated to one PCI Express x 16 for add-in Graphic cards. It means ROBO-8921VG2R can be suitable for all Portwell's PICMG 1.3 server and non-server grade backplanes for more expansions, and the backplanes support PCI-X slots via PCIe to PCI-X Bridge, Intel® PXH 6700, to improve the bandwidth. The other one PCI Express x4 Link is dedicated to Intel® 82575 Gigabit Ethernet controller with two ports which are designed for high performance and low memory latency.

Graphics display is another advantage of this superior SHB because many industries need more than a display of most servers because those applications are image related. ROBO-8921VG2R equipped XGI Z11 graphics processor with PCI Express x1 architecture. Default configuration with 32MB DDR2 video memory delivers solid 2D performance. Optional supports 2nd VGA or DVI (TMDS signal) output. ROBO-8921VG2R also provides six Serial ATA 300 ports which supports RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 functions.

ROBO-8921VG2R main features:

- Support Intel® Dual-Core™/Quad-Core™ Xeon® processors in an LGA771 socket with 1333/1066 MHz Front Side Bus
- Four 240-pin DDR2 SDRAM DIMM socket for two channel, and support for DDR2 533/667 DIMMs, up to 32GB system memory
- On-Board relative high performance graphic engine, XGI Z11 provides 2D Accelerator with 32MB DDR2 video memory
- Flexible design of dual PCI Express x8 can be aggregated as one PCI Express x16 for the most add-in graphic cards, one PCI Express x 4 link (can be configured as four PCI Express x 1 link), four PCI devices via backplane
- Equipped Intel® 82575 Gigabit Ethernet controller with dual RJ45 ports
- Rich and powerful I/O that supports six SATA 300 ports, ten USB 2.0 ports, two serial ports, one parallel port and one FDD channel

1.2 Check List

The ROBO-8921VG2R package should cover the following basic items:

- ✓ One ROBO-8921VG2R Single Host Board
- ✓ One high-efficiency processor coolers
- ✓ One Serial port & Printer port cable kit (2.0mm pitch)
- ✓ One FDD cable (2.0mm pitch)
- ✓ Two SATA signal cables
- ✓ One Installation Resources CD-Title

If any of these items is damaged or missing, please contact your vendor and keep all packing materials for future replacement and maintenance.

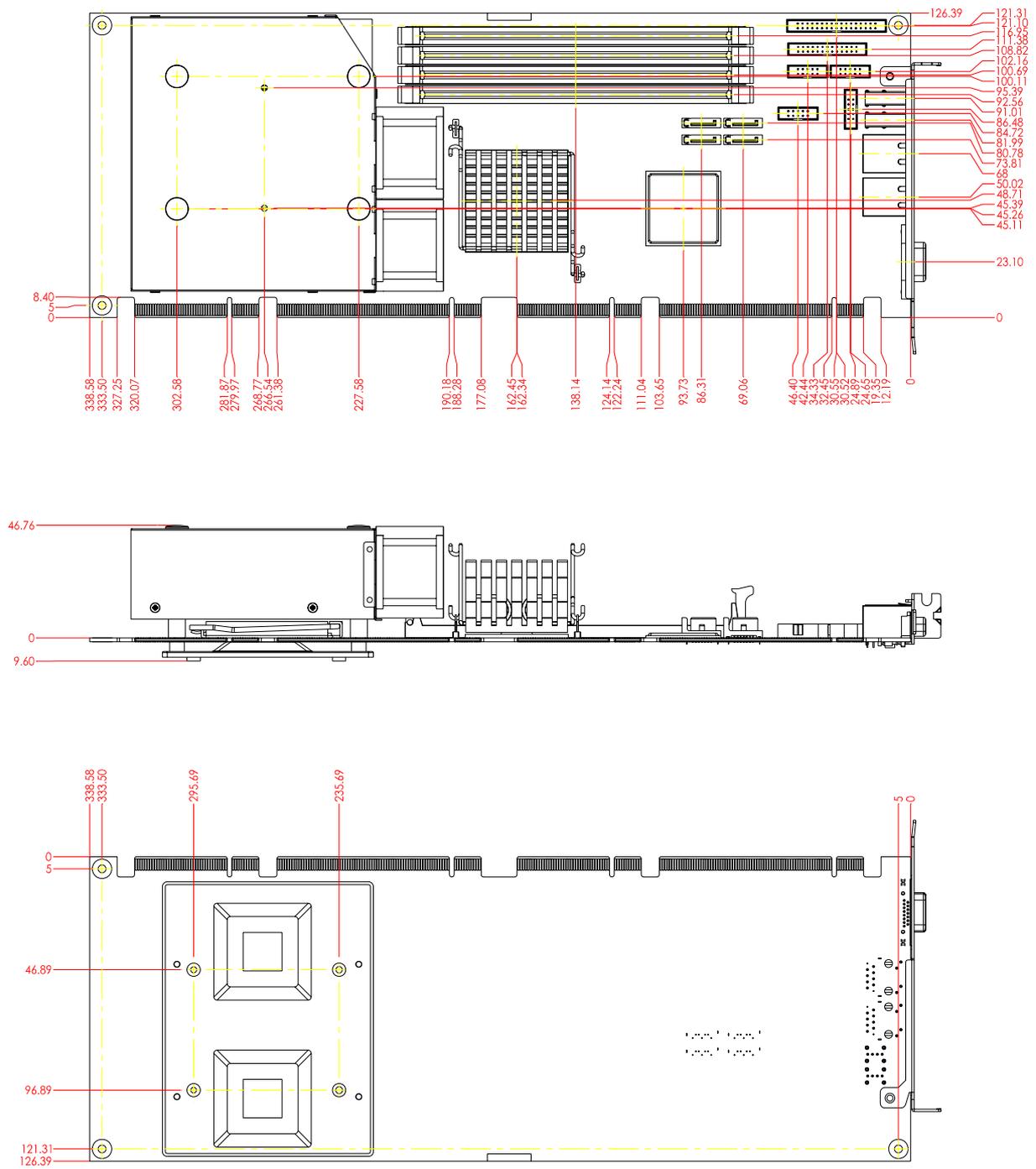
1.3 Product Specification

- **Main processor**
 - Single or Dual Intel® Dual Core™/Quad Core™ Xeon® processor in LGA771 package
 - FSB: 1333/1066MHz
- **BIOS**
 - AMI system BIOS with 16MB SPI Flash ROM
- **Main Memory**
 - Support dual-channel & signal channel DDR2 memory interface
 - ECC, registered only
 - Four DIMM sockets support DDR2 533/667 SDRAM up to 32GB System Memory

- **L2 Cache Memory**
Built-in Processor
- **Chipset**
Intel® 5100 MCH and ICH9R chipset
- **Bus Interface**
Follow PICMG 1.3 RC1.0 standard
- **Floppy Drive Interface**
Support one FDD port up to two floppy drives and 5-1/4" (360K, 1.2MB), 3-1/2" (720K, 1.2MB, 1.44MB, 2.88MB) diskette format and 3-mode FDD
- **Serial Ports**
Support two high-speed 16C550 compatible UARTs with 16-byte T/R FIFOs
- **Parallel Port**
Support one parallel port with SPP, EPP and ECP modes
- **USB Interface**
Support ten USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports for high-speed I/O peripheral devices (Dual USB ports on bracket dedicated to Keyboard and Mouse, Four USB ports route to backplane.)
- **PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Interface**
Support one 2x5-pin connector for PS/2 keyboard/mouse connection
- **Auxiliary I/O Interfaces**
Keyboard lock and HDD active LED
- **Real Time Clock/Calendar (RTC)**
Support Y2K Real Time Clock/Calendar with battery backup for 7-year data retention
- **On-board VGA**
 - Via PCI Express x1 bus interface, XGI Z11 graphics processor with 32MB DDR2 memory features high performance 2D Accelerator, high efficient BroadBahn Memory architecture, and high performance Flat Panel Display.
 - Optional support TMDS interface for DVI display or second VGA display
- **On-board Ethernet LAN**
PCI Express x4 interface based Intel® 82575 Ethernet controller to support dual Gigabit Ethernet MAC & PHY
- **Expansion Interface**
Support three PCI Express x4, one PCI Express x8 links and four PCI devices
- **Cooling Fans**
Support three 4-pin headers for CPU, and System fans
- **System Monitoring Feature**
Monitor CPU temperature, system temperature and major power sources, etc
- **Bracket**
Support dual Ethernet port with 2 indicators, dual USB ports, and one CRT port

- **Outline Dimension (L X W):**
338.58mm (13.33") X 126.39mm (4.98")
- **Power Requirements:**
 - +12V (CPU) @2.25A; +12V (System) @3.74A;- +5V @7.01A
 - Test configuration:
 - CPU: Dual Intel® CPU 2.33GHz FSB:1333MHz L2:6144K
 - Memory: Unigen DDR2 533 1GB *2 (ELPIDA E5108AG-5C-E)
 - Primary Master SATA HDD: LITE-ON LH-20A1S
 - OS: Microsoft Windows XP professional + SP2
 - Test Programs: BurnIn Test V5.3 for loading both CPU & VGA
 - Connected Fans: Only CPU fan connected
 - Run Time: 30 minutes
- **Operating Temperature:**
-5°C ~ 60°C (23°F ~ 140°F)
- **Storage Temperature:**
-20°C ~ 80°C
- **Relative Humidity:**
0% ~ 95%, non-condensing

1.3.1 Mechanical Drawing

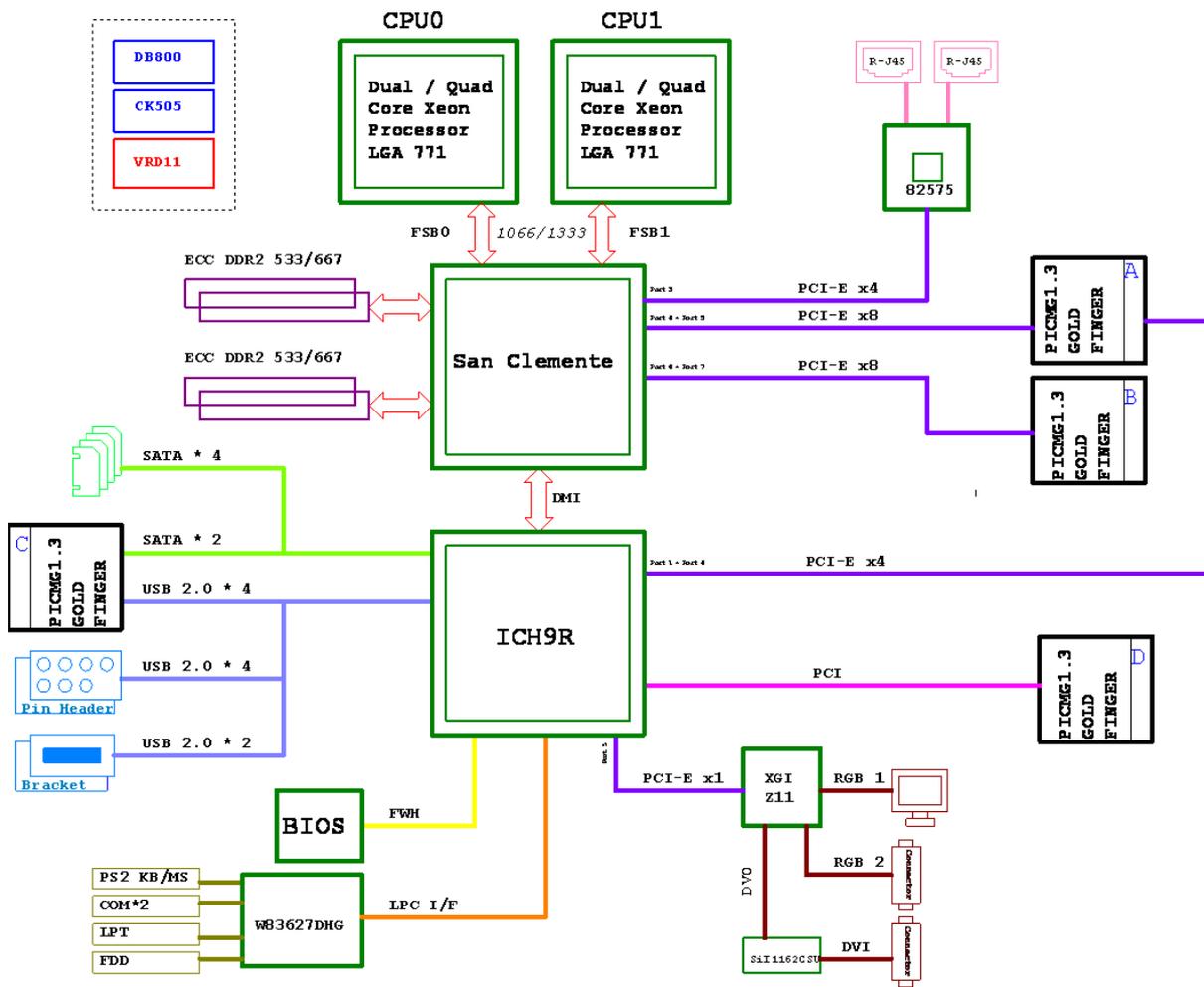


1.4 System Architecture

ROBO-8921VG2R adopts Intel® single/dual-processor server chipset, MCH (Memory Controller Hub) - 5100, and ICH (I/O Controller Hub) - ICH9R. 5100 supports Intel® Xeon® processors, ECC & registered DDR2 533/667 system memory up to 32GB on four DIMM sockets, and three configurable PCI Express x8 links. The PCI Express link was configured as four PCI Express x4 and one PCI Express x8 thru BIOS. One PCI Express x4 was used to equip Intel® 82575 Dual Gigabit Ethernet Controller which takes advantage of short route to processor and memory to increase its performance. The other three PCI Express x4 and PCI Express x8 links are routed to gold finger for external expansion.

ICH9R supports one PCI bus which was designed to support external PCI devices and PCI-E x1 bus was for on-board display controller - XGI Z11. XGI Z11 default equipped with 32MB DDR2 memory on-board and scalable to expand to 64MB for higher memory resolution and frequency support. Default configuration of display interface is one VGA connector on bracket, and it can be extended to have 2nd VGA or DVI-D extension. The ICH also features SATA, USB and LPC (Low Pin Count) interface for storage devices and Super I/O connections.

Super I/O - Winbond W83627DHG on LPC provides I/O interfaces such as PS/2 keyboard/mouse, dual serial ports, one parallel port, one FDD channel and functions like WatchDog timer and Hardware Monitoring.



ROBO-8921VG2R System Block Diagram

Chapter 2 Hardware Configuration

This chapter indicates jumpers', headers' and connectors' locations. Users may find useful information related to hardware settings in this chapter. The default settings are indicated with a star sign (★).

2.1 Jumper Setting

In order to customize ROBO-8921VG2R's features for users, in the following sections, **Short** means covering a jumper cap over jumper pins; **Open** or **N/C** (Not Connected) means removing a jumper cap from jumper pins. Users can refer to Figure 2-1 for the Jumper locations.

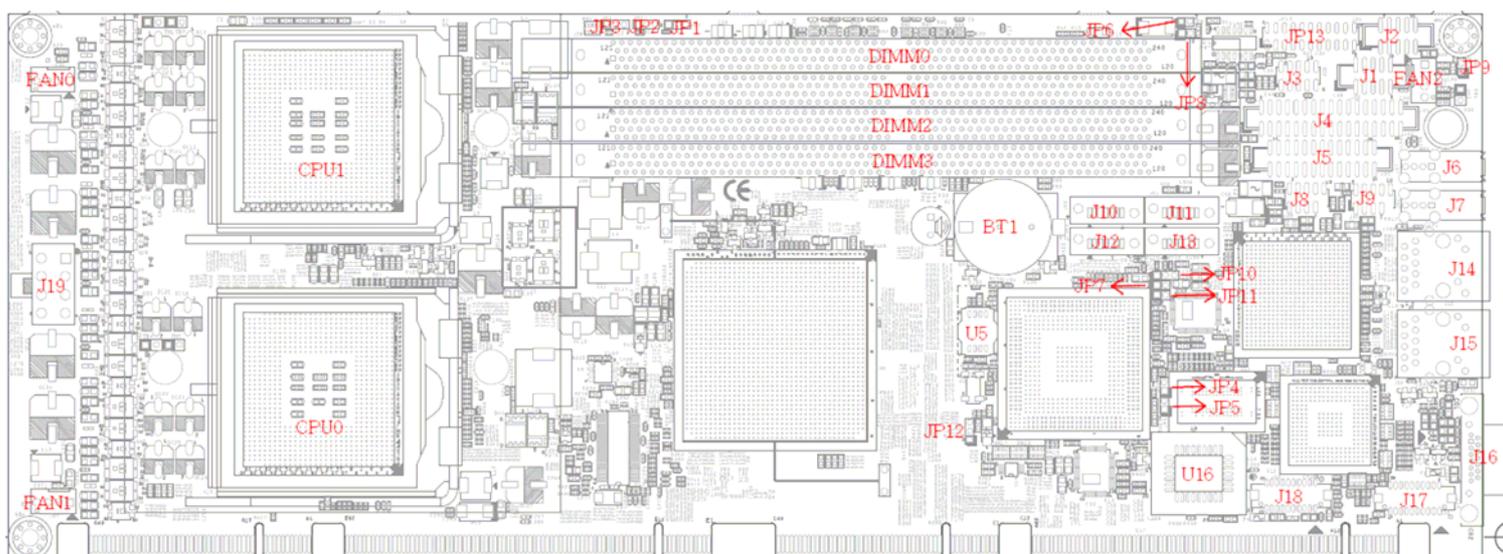


Figure 2-1 ROBO-8921 Jumper/Connector Location

JP1 / JP2 / JP3 : MCH PCIe configuration for PICMG 1.3 backplane

| | | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------|--|
| JP3  | JP2  | JP1  | x4 x4 x4 x4 | PBPE-06V464 PBPE-06P4 |
| JP3  | JP2  | JP1  | x4 x4 x8 | |
| JP3  | JP2  | JP1  | x8 x4 x4 ★ | PBPE-14AD64 PBPE-19AG64 |
| JP3  | JP2  | JP1  | x8 x8 | PBPE-06A364 PBPE-06P2 PBPE-08P41 |
| JP3  | JP2  | JP1  | x16 | PBPE-06V3 PBPE-07P4 PBPE-05A364 PBPE-12A9 PBPE-12AA64 PBPE-13A8 |

JP4 / JP5 : ICH9R PCIe configuration for PICMG 1.3 backplane

| | | | |
|---|---|-------------|---|
| JP4  NC | JP5  NC | x1 x1 x1 x1 | PBPE-13A8 |
| JP4  | JP5  | x4 ★ | PBPE-06V3 PBPE-07P4 PBPE-05A364 PBPE-06A364 PBPE-06P2 PBPE-06P4 PBPE-06V464 PBPE-08P41 PBPE-12A9 PBPE-12AA64 PBPE-14AD64 PBPE-19AG64 |

JP6 : Power LED (SUS LED)

| JP6 | Function |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| Pin 1 | Connect to cathode of LED light |
| Pin 2 | Connect to anode of LED light |

JP7 : HD LED (SATA LED)

| JP7 | Function |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| Pin 1 | Connect to cathode of LED light |
| Pin 2 | Connect to anode of LED light |

JP8 : Auto Power-ON jumper

| JP8 | Function |
|-----------|--|
| 1-2 Short | System boots up automatically with jumper populated after PSU powered. |
| 1-2 Open | System requires power button pushed to boot up without jumper populated. ★ |

JP9 : Keyboard lock

| JP9 | Function |
|-----------|--|
| 1-2 Short | System boots up automatically with jumper populated after PSU powered. |
| 1-2 Open | System requires power button pushed to boot up without jumper populated. ★ |

JP10 : CMOS Normal / Clear Jumper

Normal Clear

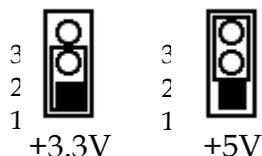
| JP10 | Function |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 1-2 Short | Clear CMOS Disable (Normal) ★ |
| 2-3 Short | Clear CMOS Enable (Clear) |

JP11 : Case open detection



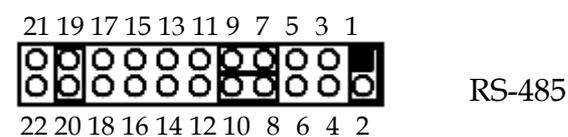
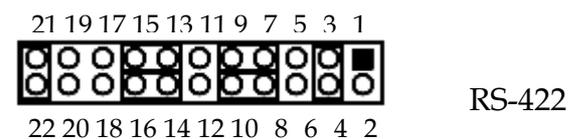
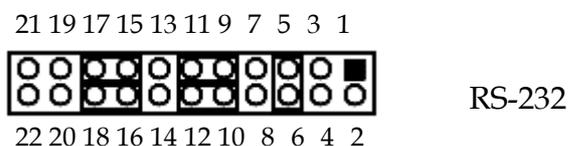
| JP11 | Function |
|-------|-----------|
| Pin 1 | Case open |
| Pin 2 | Ground |

JP12 : PCI VIO selection



| JP12 | Function |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1-2 Short | +3.3V PCI VIO |
| 2-3 Short | +5V PCI VIO ★ |

JP13 : COM2 Interface Selection



| JP13 | Function |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 5-6,9-11,10-12,15-17,16-18 Short | RS-232 ★ |
| 3-4,7-9,8-10,13-15,14-16,21-22 Short | RS-422 |
| 1-2,7-9,8-10,19-20 Short | RS-485 |

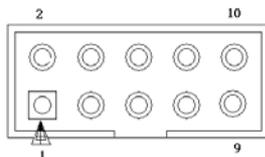
2.2 Connectors

I/O peripheral devices are connected to the interface connectors.

| Connector | Function | Remark |
|-----------|---|--------|
| J1 | COM port 1 | |
| J2 | COM port 2 | |
| J3 | PS2 KB/MS | |
| J4 | Floppy Disc Controller | |
| J5 | Printer Port Connector | |
| J6 | USB Connector (Bracket) | |
| J7 | USB Connector (Bracket) | |
| J8 | USB Pin Header (2.0mm Pitch) | |
| J9 | USB Pin Header (2.0mm Pitch) | |
| J10 | SATA port 1 | |
| J11 | SATA port 2 | |
| J12 | SATA port 3 | |
| J13 | SATA port 4 | |
| J14 | RJ-45 Connector for Ethernet Port 1 | |
| J15 | RJ-45 Connector for Ethernet Port 2 | |
| J16 | CRT1 Connector | |
| J17 | CRT2 Connector (Optional) | |
| J18 | DVI Connector (Optional) | |
| J19 | +12V Supplementary Connector for CPU (8 pin) | |
| FAN0 | CPU0 FAN(4 Pin) | |
| FAN1 | CPU1 FAN(4 Pin) | |
| FAN2 | System FAN (4 Pin) | |
| DIMM0 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel B - 0 slot | |
| DIMM1 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel A - 0 slot | |
| DIMM2 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel B - 1 slot | |
| DIMM3 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel A - 1 slot | |
| CPU0 | LGA 771 Socket for CPU0 | |
| CPU1 | LGA 771 Socket for CPU1 | |

Pin Assignments of Connectors

J1 / J2 : COM1/COM2 Serial Port Connector



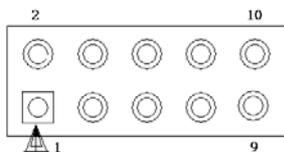
-COM1

| PIN No. | Signal Description | |
|---------|---------------------------|--|
| | RS-232 | |
| 1 | DCD (Data Carrier Detect) | |
| 2 | DSR (Data Set Ready) | |
| 3 | RXD (Receive Data) | |
| 4 | RTS (Request to Send) | |
| 5 | TXD (Transmit Data) | |
| 6 | CTS (Clear to Send) | |
| 7 | DTR (Data Terminal Ready) | |
| 8 | RI (Ring Indicator) | |
| 9 | GND (Ground) | |
| 10 | NC | |

-COM2

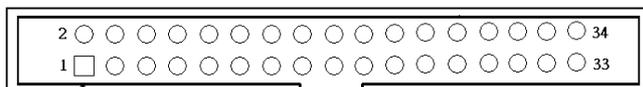
| PIN No. | Signal Description | | |
|---------|---------------------------|--------|--------|
| | RS-232 | RS-422 | RS-485 |
| 1 | DCD (Data Carrier Detect) | TX- | DATA- |
| 2 | DSR (Data Set Ready) | NC | NC |
| 3 | RXD (Receive Data) | TX+ | DATA+ |
| 4 | RTS (Request to Send) | NC | NC |
| 5 | TXD (Transmit Data) | RX+ | NC |
| 6 | CTS (Clear to Send) | NC | NC |
| 7 | DTR (Data Terminal Ready) | RX- | NC |
| 8 | RI (Ring Indicator) | NC | NC |
| 9 | GND (Ground) | GND | GND |
| 10 | NC | NC | NC |

J3 : PS2 KB/MS



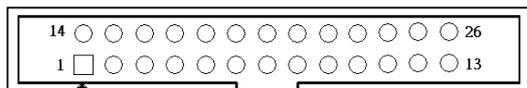
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | Mouse Data | 2 | Keyboard Clock |
| 3 | NC | 4 | PS2 POWER |
| 5 | GND (Ground) | 6 | GND (Ground) |
| 7 | PS2 POWER | 8 | NC |
| 9 | Mouse Clock | 10 | Keyboard Data |

J4 : Floppy Disc Controller



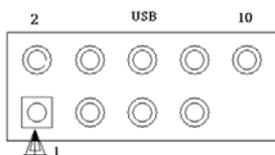
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | Ground | 2 | DRV DEN0 |
| 3 | Ground | 4 | NC |
| 5 | Ground | 6 | NC |
| 7 | Ground | 8 | INDEX# |
| 9 | Ground | 10 | MOA# |
| 11 | Ground | 12 | NC |
| 13 | Ground | 14 | DSA# |
| 15 | Ground | 16 | NC |
| 17 | Ground | 18 | DIR# |
| 19 | Ground | 20 | STEP# |
| 21 | Ground | 22 | WD# |
| 23 | Ground | 24 | WE# |
| 25 | Ground | 26 | TRAK0# |
| 27 | Ground | 28 | WP# |
| 29 | NC | 30 | RDATA# |
| 31 | Ground | 32 | HEAD# |
| 33 | NC | 34 | DSKCHG# |

J5 : Printer Port Connector



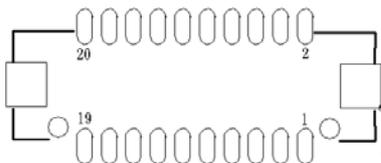
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | STB# | 2 | PD0 |
| 3 | PD1 | 4 | PD2 |
| 5 | PD3 | 6 | PD4 |
| 7 | PD5 | 8 | PD6 |
| 9 | PD7 | 10 | ACK# |
| 11 | BUSY | 12 | PE |
| 13 | SLCT | 14 | AFD# |
| 15 | ERR# | 16 | INIT# |
| 17 | SLIN# | 18 | Ground |
| 19 | Ground | 20 | Ground |
| 21 | Ground | 22 | Ground |
| 23 | Ground | 24 | Ground |
| 25 | Ground | 26 | NC |

J8 / J9 : USB Pin Header



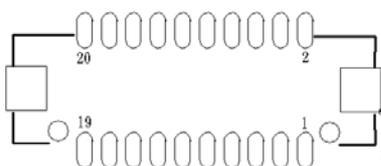
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | +5V | 2 | +5V |
| 3 | DATA- | 4 | DATA- |
| 5 | DATA+ | 6 | DATA+ |
| 7 | Ground | 8 | Ground |
| 9 | Key | 10 | NC |

J17 : CRT 2 connector



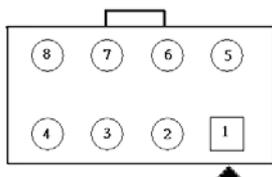
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|---------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | Ground | 2 | +5V Power |
| 3 | Red video signal output | 4 | +5V Power |
| 5 | Ground | 6 | NC |
| 7 | Green video signal output | 8 | Ground |
| 9 | Ground | 10 | DDC Data |
| 11 | Blue video signal output | 12 | DDC Clock |
| 13 | Ground | 14 | Ground |
| 15 | Horizontal sync. | 16 | NC |
| 17 | Ground | 18 | Ground |
| 19 | Vertical sync. | 20 | NC |

J18 : DVI Connector



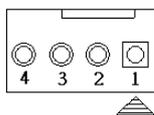
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | T.M.D.S. Data 0- | 2 | T.M.D.S. Data 0+ |
| 3 | Ground | 4 | Ground |
| 5 | T.M.D.S. Data 1- | 6 | T.M.D.S. Data 1+ |
| 7 | Ground | 8 | Ground |
| 9 | T.M.D.S. Data 2- | 10 | T.M.D.S. Data 2+- |
| 11 | Ground | 12 | Ground |
| 13 | T.M.D.S. Clock- | 14 | T.M.D.S. Clock+ |
| 15 | +5V Power | 16 | +5V Power |
| 17 | DDC Clock | 18 | DDC Data |
| 19 | Hot Plug Detect | 20 | NC |

J19 : +12V Supplementary Connector for CPU (8 pin)



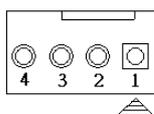
| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | Ground | 2 | Ground |
| 3 | Ground | 4 | Ground |
| 5 | +12V | 6 | +12V |
| 7 | +12V | 8 | +12V |

FAN0 / FAN1 : CPU Fan Connector



| PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Ground |
| 2 | +12V |
| 3 | Fan speed sense |
| 4 | FAN speed Control (PWM Mode) |

FAN2 : System Fan Connector



| PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Ground |
| 2 | +12V |
| 3 | Fan speed sense |
| 4 | FAN speed Control (PWM Mode) |

Chapter 3 System Installation

This chapter instructs you to set up system; the additional information is enclosed to help you set up onboard PCI device and handle WDT operation in software programming.

3.1 Intel® Dual/ Quad Core™ Xeon® Processor

Installing LGA 771 CPU

- 1) Lift the handling lever of CPU socket outwards and upwards to the other end.



- 2) Align the processor pins with pinholes on the socket. Make sure that the notched corner or dot mark (pin 1) of the CPU corresponds to the socket's bevel end. Then press the CPU gently until it fits into place. If this operation is not easy or smooth, don't do it forcibly. You need to check and rebuild the CPU pin uniformly.

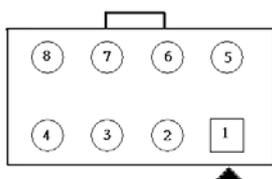
Triangle mark is meaning first pin position; kindly assemble and take aim at notch of top and bottom between CPU and socket.



Precaution! Don't touch directly by your hand or impacts internal align balls of CPU socket to avoid motherboard destruction, it is a precise actuator.

- 3) Push down the lever to lock processor chip into the socket once CPU fits.
- 4) Follow the installation guide of cooling fan or heat sink to mount it on CPU surface and lock it on the LGA 771 package.
- 5) You should know LGA 771 processor need extra 12V power source. Don't forget to connect 4pin (or 8 pin) 12V connector to J19!

J19 : +12V Supplementary Connector for CPU (8 pin)



| PIN No. | Signal Description | PIN No. | Signal Description |
|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | Ground | 2 | Ground |
| 3 | Ground | 4 | Ground |
| 5 | +12V | 6 | +12V |
| 7 | +12V | 8 | +12V |

Removing CPU

- 1) Unlock the cooling fan first.
- 2) Lift the lever of CPU socket outwards and upwards to the other end.
- 3) Carefully lifts up the existing CPU to remove it from the socket.
- 4) Follow the steps of installing a CPU to change to another one or place handling bar to close the opened socket.

CPU Application

Supports Intel® Dual/Quad Core™ Intel® Xeon® Processor in LGA-771 package.

3.2 Main Memory

ROBO-8921VG2R supports 4 x 240-pin DIMM sockets support 1.8V of dual-channel DDR2 533/667 with ECC & registered function, the maximum memory size can be up to 32GB. Auto detecting memory clock is according to BIOS CMOS settings.

For system compatibility and stability, don't use memory module without brand. You can also use single-sided or double-sided DIMM in both slots.

Precaution for the contact and lock integrity of memory module with socket, it will impact on the system reliability. Follow normal procedures to install your DRAM module into memory socket. Before locking, make sure that all modules have been fully inserted into the card slots.

Dual Channel DDR2 DIMMs

Dual Channel DDR2 memory technology doubles the bandwidth of memory bus. Adequate or higher bandwidth of memory than processor would increase system performance. To enable Dual Channel DDR2 memory technology, you have to install dual identical memory modules in both memory sockets. Following tables show bandwidth information of different processor and memory configurations.

| Memory Frequency | Dual Channel DDR2 Bandwidth | Single Channel DDR2 Bandwidth |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 533 MHz | 17.2 GB/s | 8.6 GB/s |
| 667 MHz | 21.2 GB/s | 10.6 GB/s |

Note:

To maintain system stability, don't change any of DRAM parameters in BIOS setup to upgrade your system performance without acquiring technical information.

CPU FSB / Memory Frequency synchronization

Support different memory frequencies depending on the CPU front side bus and the type of DDR2 DIMM. Watch Out, it's meaning that memory maximum frequency on configuration, which is synchronization and based on CPU FSB.

| CPU FSB | Memory Frequency |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1066MHz | 533/667 MHz |
| 1333MHz | 533/667 MHz |

3.3 Installing Single Board Computer

To fabricate ROBO-8921VG2R into standard chassis or proprietary environment, you need to perform the following:

Step 1: Check all jumpers setting on proper position.

Step 2: Install and configure CPU and memory module on right position.

Step 3: Place ROBO-8921VG2R into the dedicated position in your system.

Step 4: Attach cables to existing peripheral devices and secure it.

Please follow instruction 3.3.1~3.3.3 to install hardware drive before all kind of hardware, cable kits and power source already been ready.

3.3.1 Chipset Component Driver

ROBO-8921VG2R is based on Intel® Xeon® processor, Intel® 5100 and ICH9R chipsets. Some elderly operation systems might not be able to recognize. To overcome this compatibility issue, for Windows Operating Systems such as Windows 2000 /XP / Server 2003, please install its **INF** before any of other Drivers are installed. You can find very easily this chipset component driver in ROBO-8921VG2R CD-title.

3.3.2 XGI Z11 graphics processor

ROBO-8921VG2R equipped with XGI Z11 graphics processor. It integrates a PCI-Express x1 controller and a 64-bit 2D graphics engine with 32MB DDR2 video memory. It support CRT and optional second CRT or DVI display interfaces.

Drivers Support

Please find chipset driver from ROBO-8921VG2R CD-title. Drivers support Windows 2000 / XP System 32-bit & Windows XP System 64-bit.

3.3.3 On-board 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet Controller

One PCI Express x4 interface Intel® 82575EB Dual Port Gigabit Ethernet interfaces status. Please refer to the table below as a quick reference guide.

LED Indicator (for LAN status)

ROBO-8921VG2R provides two LED indicators to report Intel® 82575EB Gigabit Ethernet operation status. Please refer to the table below as a quick reference guide.

| 82575EB | Color | Name of LED | Operation of Ethernet Port | | |
|------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | | | Linked | Active | |
| Status LED | Yellow | LAN Linked & Active LED | On | | Twinkling |
| Speed LED | Orange | LAN speed LED | Giga Mbps | 100 Mbps | 10 Mbps |
| | Green | | Orange | Green | Off |

3.4 Clear CMOS Operation

The following table indicates how to enable/disable CMOS Clear Function hardware circuit by putting jumpers at proper position.



Normal



Clear

| JP10 | Function |
|-----------|---------------------|
| 1-2 Short | Normal Operation ★ |
| 2-3 Short | Clear CMOS contents |

3.5 WDT Function

The working algorithm of the WDT function can be simply described as a counting process. The Time-Out Interval can be set through software programming. The availability of the time-out interval settings by software or hardware varies from boards to boards.

ROBO-8921VG2R allows users control WDT through dynamic software programming. The WDT starts counting when it is activated. It sends out a signal to system reset, when time-out interval ends. To prevent the time-out interval from running out, a re-trigger signal will need to be sent before the counting reaches its end. This action will restart the counting process. A well-written WDT program should keep the counting process running under normal condition. WDT should never generate a system reset unless the system runs into troubles.

The related Control Registers of WDT are all included in the following sample program that is written in C language. User can fill a non-zero value into the Timeout Value Register to enable/refresh WDT. System will be reset after the Time-out Value to be counted down to zero. Or user can directly fill a zero value into Time-out Value Register to disable WDT immediately. To ensure a successful accessing to the content of desired Control Register, the sequence of following program codes should be step-by-step run again when each register is accessed.

Additionally, there are maximum 2 seconds of counting tolerance that should be considered into user' application program. For more information about WDT, please refer to Winbond W83627DHG data sheet.

There are two PNP I/O port addresses that can be used to configure WDT,
1) 0x2E:EFIR (Extended Function Index Register, for identifying CR index number)
2) 0x2F:EFDR (Extended Function Data Register, for accessing desired CR)

Below are some example codes, which demonstrate the use of WDT.

```
// Enter Extended Function Mode
outp(0x002E, 0x87);
outp(0x002E, 0x87);
// Assign Pin 89 to be a WDTO
outp(0x002E, 0x2D);
outp(0x002F, inp(0x002F) & 0xFE);
// Select Logic Device 8
outp(0x002E, 0x07);
outp(0x002F, 0x08);
// Active Logic Device 8
outp(0x002E, 0x30);
outp(0x002F, 0x01);
```

```
// Select Count Mode
outp(0x002E, 0xF5);
outp(0x002F, (inp(0x002F) & 0xF7) | ( Count-mode Register & 0x08));
// Specify Time-out Value
outp(0x002E, 0xF6);
outp(0x002F, Time-out Value Register);
// Disable WDT reset by keyboard/mouse interrupts
outp(0x002E, 0xF7);
outp(0x002F, 0x00);
// Exit Extended Function Mode
outp(0x002E, 0xAA);
```

Definitions of Variables:Value of **Count-mode Register** :

- 1) 0x00 -- Count down in seconds (Bit3=0)
- 2) 0x08 -- Count down in minutes (Bit3=1)

Value of **Time-out Value Register** :

- 1) 0x00 -- Time-out Disable
- 2) 0x01~0xFF -- Value for counting down

Chapter 4

BIOS Setup Information

ROBO-8921VG2R is equipped with the AMI BIOS stored in Flash ROM. These BIOS has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration easily. This type of information is stored in CMOS RAM so that it is retained during power-off periods. When system is turned on, ROBO-8921VG2R communicates with peripheral devices and checks its hardware resources against the configuration information stored in the CMOS memory. If any error is detected, or the CMOS parameters need to be initially defined, the diagnostic program will prompt the user to enter the SETUP program. Some errors are significant enough to abort the start up.

4.1 Entering Setup -- Launch System Setup

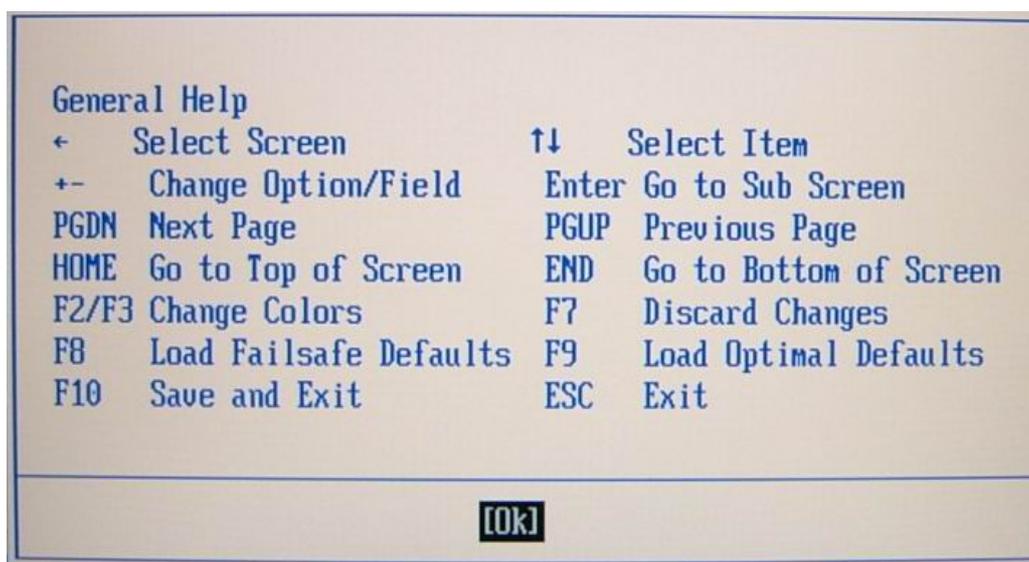
Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power on Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press DEL key to enter Setup.

Press to run SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.

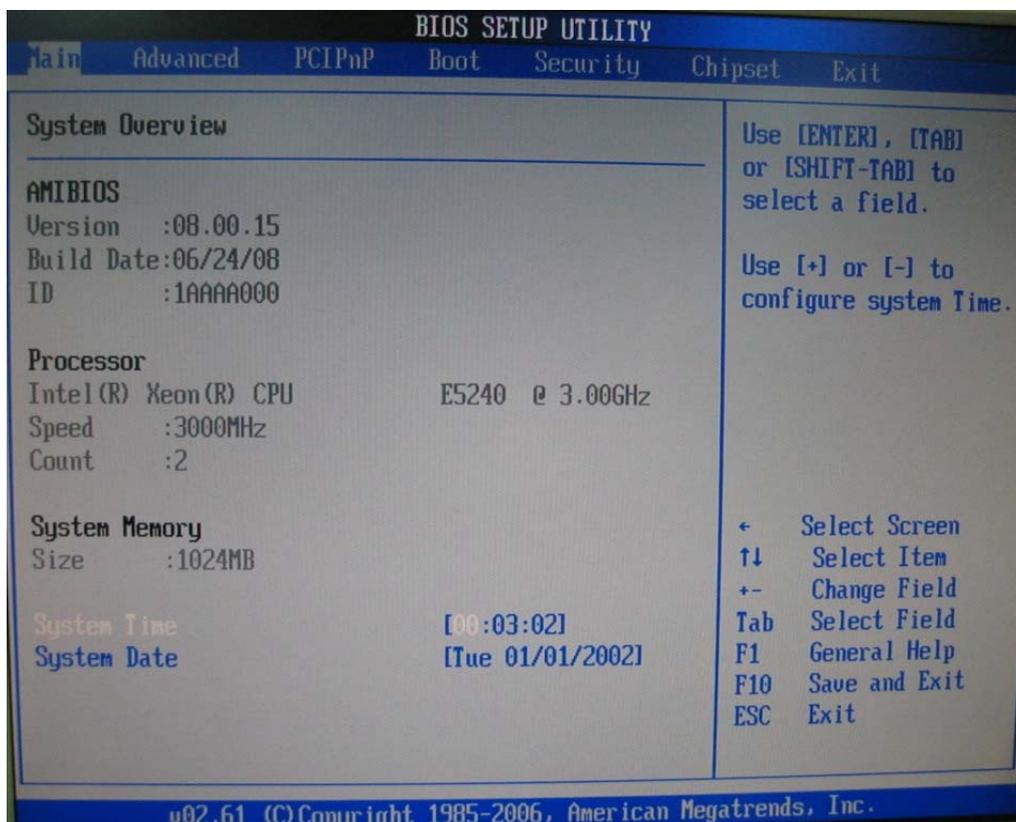
Press <F1> to Run SETUP or Resume

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.



4.2 Main

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date etc.



AMI BIOS, Processor, System Memory

These items show the firmware and hardware specifications of your system. Read only.

System Time

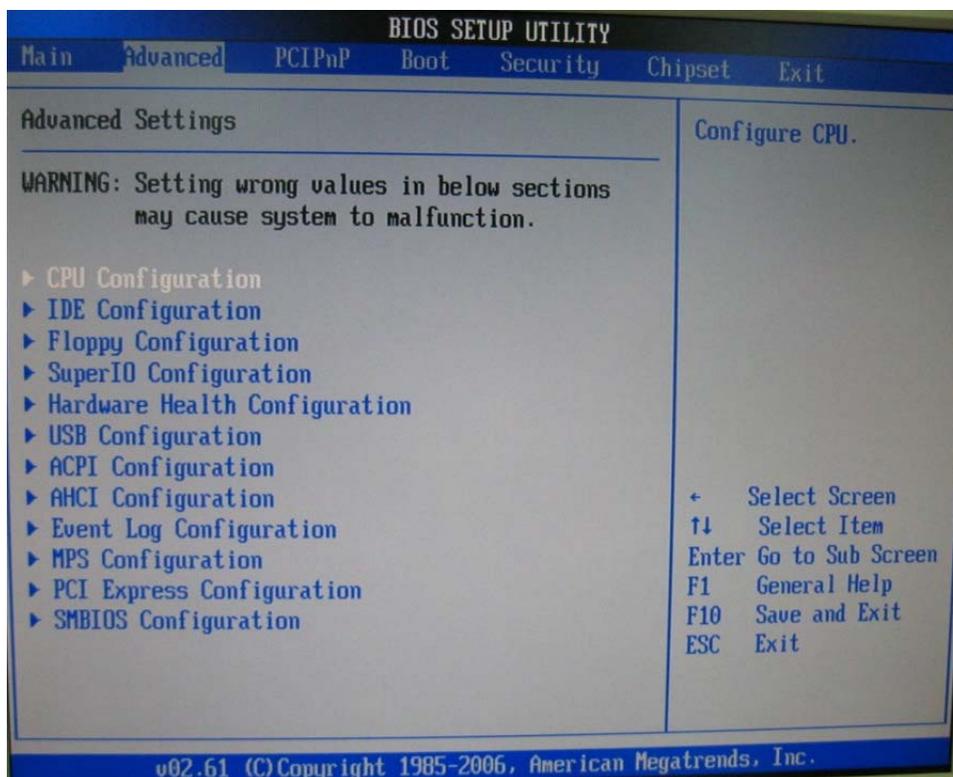
The time format is <Hour> <Minute> <Second>. Use [+] or [-] to configure system Time.

System Date

The date format is <Day>, <Month> <Date> <Year>. Use [+] or [-] to configure system Date.

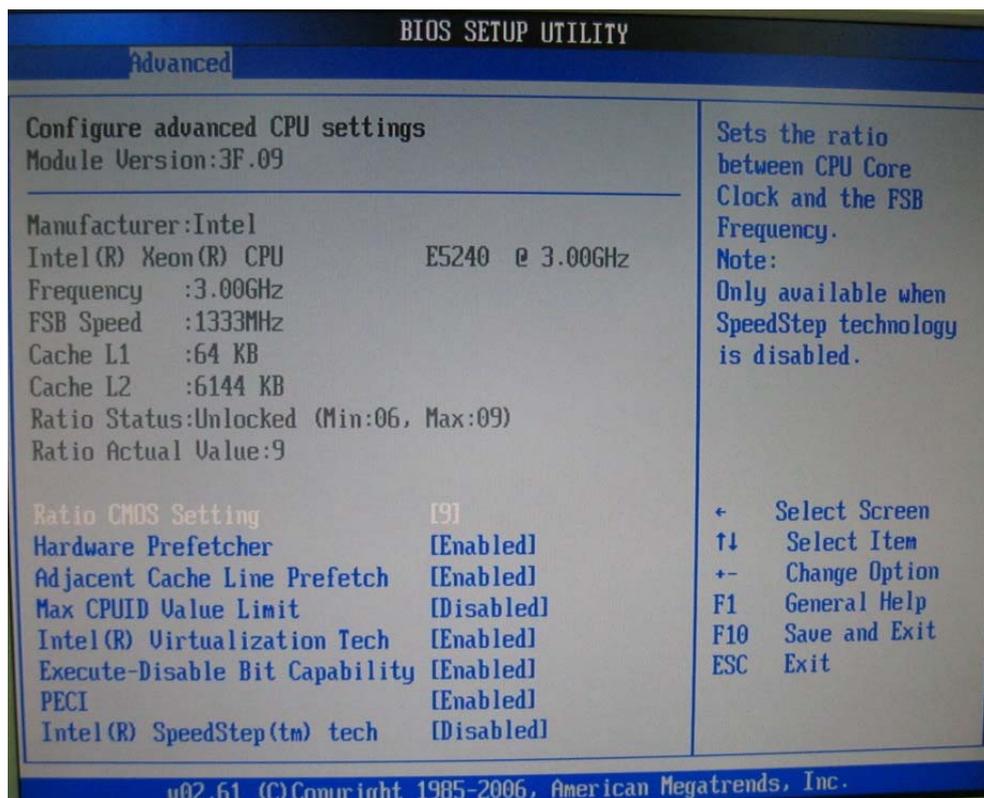
4.3 Advanced

Use this menu to set up the items of special enhanced features.



CPU Configuration

These items show the advanced specifications of your CPU. Read only.



Ratio CMOS Setting

Use [+] or [-] to configure Ratio CMOS Setting.

Hardware Prefetcher

The choice: Disable, Enable.

Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch

The choice: Disable, Enable.

Max CPUID Value Limit

The choice: Disable, Enable.

Intel® Virtualization Tech

The choice: Disable, Enable.

Execute-Disable Bit Capability

Disabled force the XD feature flag to always return 0.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

PECI

When enabled, enables PEFI interface.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

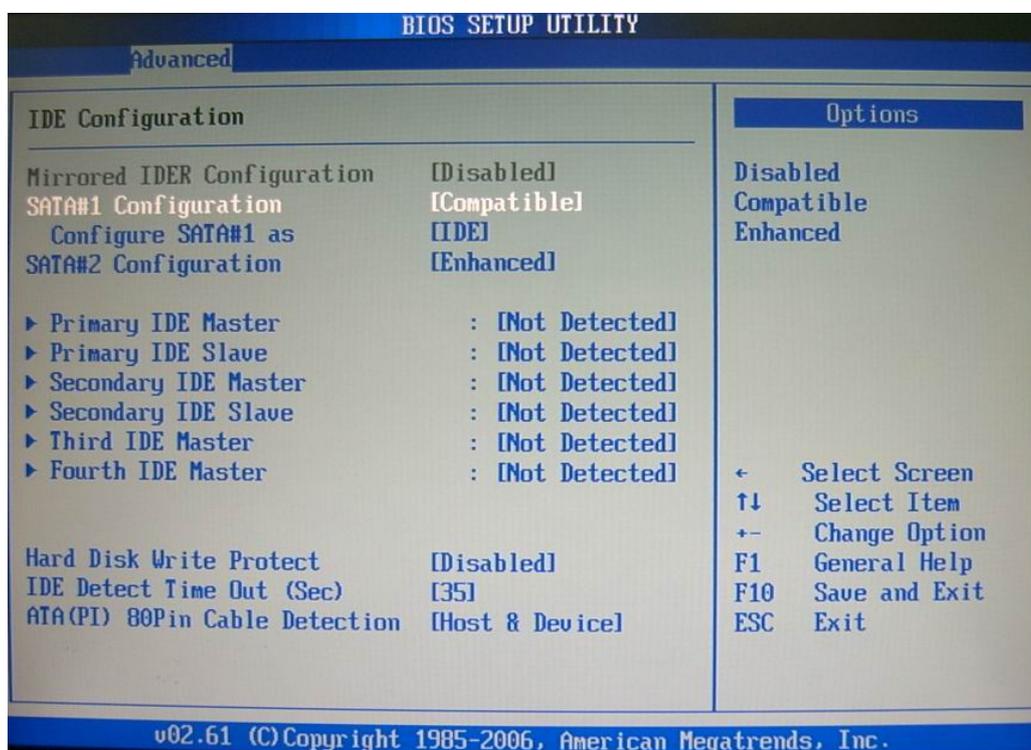
Intel® SpeedStep (tm) tech

Disabled / Enabled GV3 tech function.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

IDE Configuration

The IDE Configuration the IDE devices, such as hard disk drive or CD-ROM drive. It uses a separate sub menu to configure each hard disk drive (Master and Slave).



SATA#1 Configuration

The choice: Disabled, Compatible, Enabled.

Configure SATA#1 as

This setting specifies the function of the on-chip SATA#1 controller.

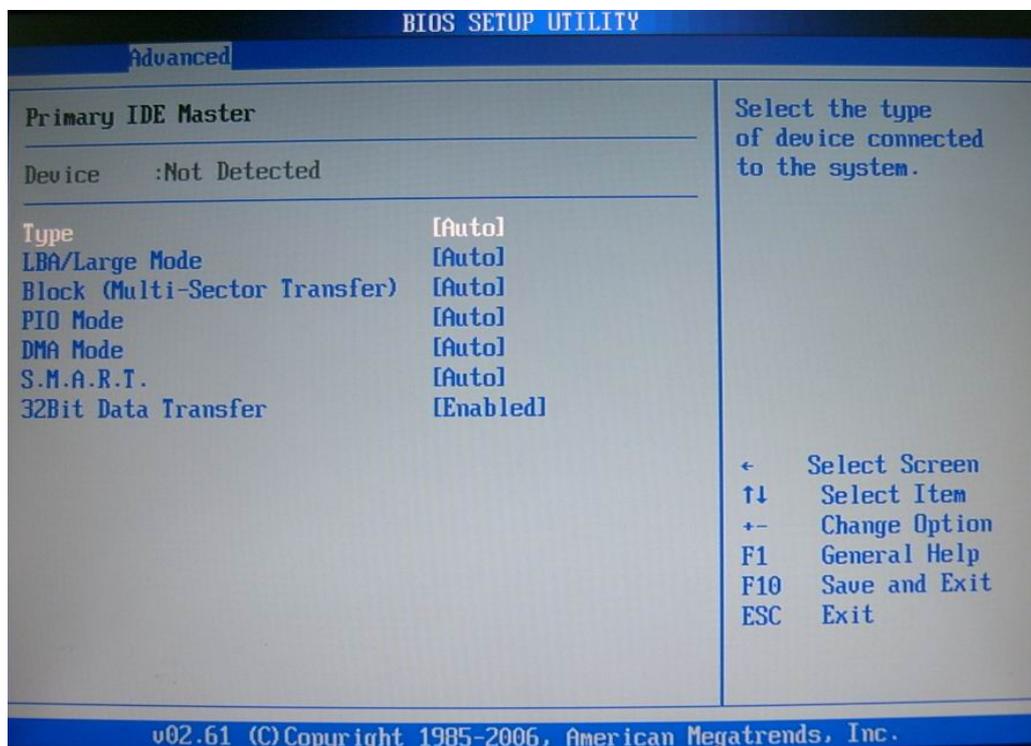
The choice: IDE, RAID, AHCI.

SATA#2 Configuration

The choice: Disabled, Enhanced.

Primary / Secondary / Third / Fourth IDE Master / Slave

While entering setup, BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE devices. This displays the status of auto detection of IDE devices.



[Type] Select the type of device connected to the system.

The choice: Not Installed, Auto, CD/DVD, ARMD.

[LBA/Large Mode] Enabling LBA causes Logical Block Addressing to be used in place of Cylinders, Heads and Sectors.

The choice: Disabled, Auto.

[Block (Multi-Sector Transfer)] Any selection except Disabled determines the number of sectors transferred per block.

The choice: Disabled, Auto.

[PIO Mode] Indicate the type of PIO (Programmed Input/Output).

The choice: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4.

[DMA Mode] Indicate the type of Ultra DMA.

[S.M.A.R.T.] This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for the hard disks. S.M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an opportunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline.

The choice: Auto, Disabled, Enabled.

[32 Bit Data Transfer] Enable/Disable 32-bit Data Transfer.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Hard Disk Write Protect

Disabled/Enabled device write protection, this will be effective only if device is accessed through BIOS.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

IDE Detect Time Out (Sec)

Select the time out value for detecting ATA/ ATAPI device (s).

The choice: 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35.

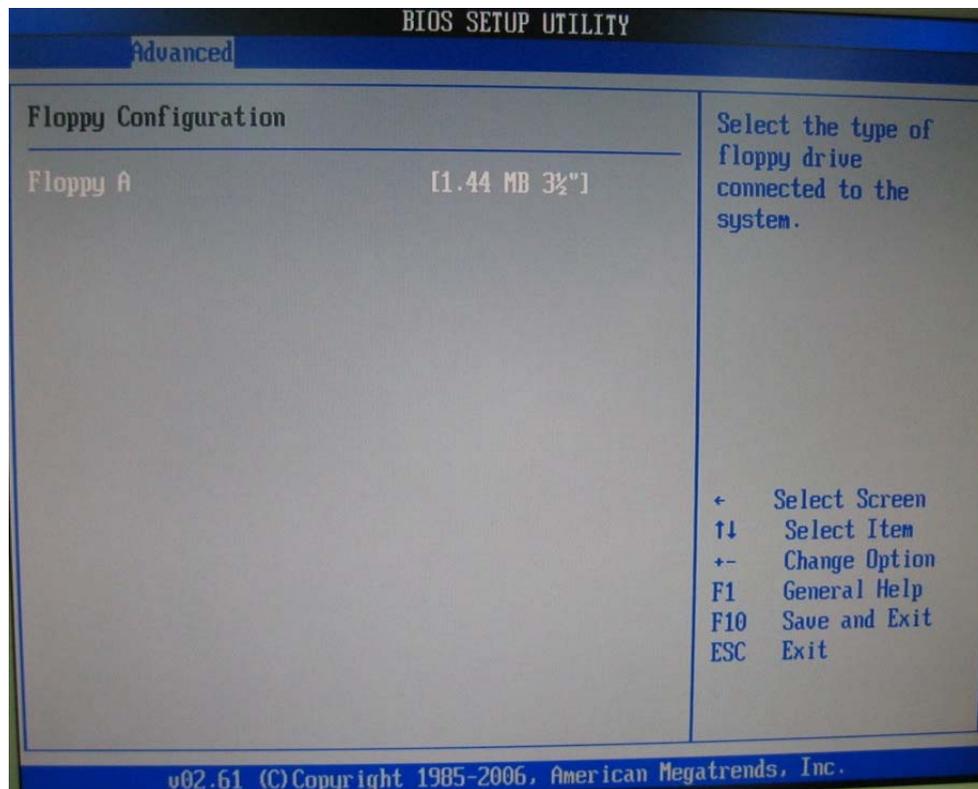
ATA (PI) 80Pin Cable Detection

Select the mechanism for detecting 80Pin ATA (PI) cable.

The choice: Host & Device, Host, Device.

Floppy Configuration

This Sub-Menu contains Setup Items which control configuration of the Internal Graphics Display Device.

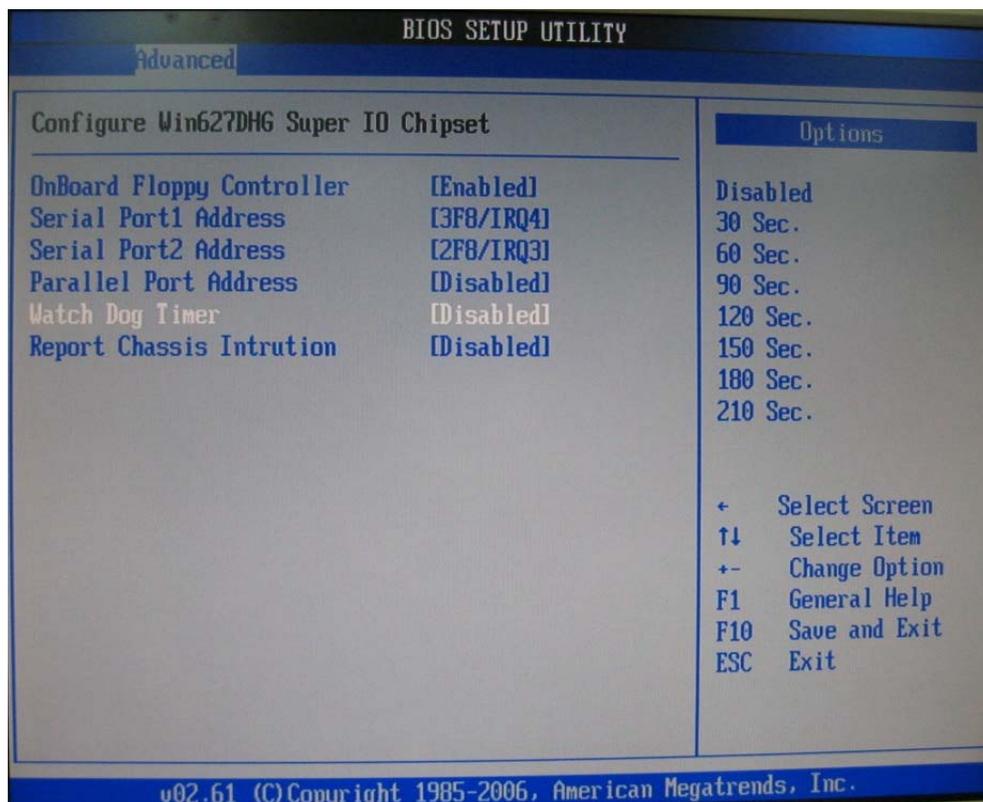


Floppy A

Select the type of floppy drive connected to the system.

The choice: Disabled, 360KB 5 1/4", 1.2MB 5 1/4", 720KB 3 1/2", 1.44MB 3 1/2", 2.88MB 3 1/2".

Super IO Configuration



OnBoard Floppy Controller

This item allows enable/disable onboard Floppy disk controller.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Serial Port 1/Port 2 Address

Allows BIOS Select Serial Port1 or Port2 Base Addresses.

The choice: Disabled, 3F8/IRQ4, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3.

Parallel Port Address

This item allows you to configuring I/O of the onboard parallel port.

The choice: Disabled, 378, 278, 3BC.

Parallel Port Mode

There are five different modes for the onboard parallel port:

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Normal | Switch to Normal mode |
| Bi-Directional | Switch to Bi-Directional mode |
| ECP | Switch to ECP mode |
| EPP | Switch to EPP mode |
| ECP & EPP | Switch to ECP & EPP mode |

Parallel Port IRQ

Allows BIOS Select Parallel Port IRQ.

The choice: IRQ5, IRQ7.

Watch Dog Timer

This BIOS testing option is able to reset the system according to the selected table.

The Choice: Disabled, 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180, 210 sec.

Report Chassis Intrusion

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Hardware Health Configuration

Configuration / monitor the Hardware Health.



CPU1/ CPU2 FAN Mode Setting

Fan configuration mode setting.

The choice: Manual Mode, Thermal Cruise Mode.

[Thermal Cruise Mode]

CPU FAN TargetTemp Value: 0~255

CPU FAN Tolerance Value: 0~15

CPU FAN StartUp Value: 0~255

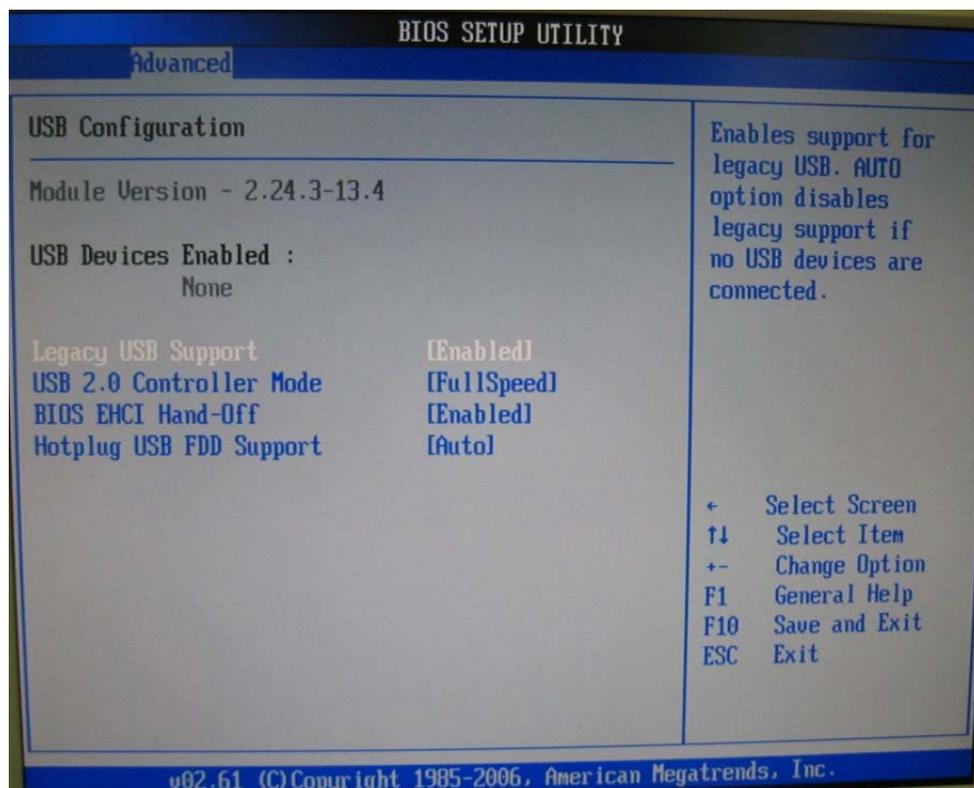
CPU FAN Stop Value: 0~255

CPU FAN StopTime Value: 0~255

[Manual Mode]

CPU FAN PWM Control: 0~255

USB Configuration



Legacy USB Support

Set to [Enabled] if you need to use any USB 1.1/2.0 device in the operating system that does not support or have any USB 1.1/2.0 driver installed, such as DOS and SCO Unix.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled, Auto.

USB 2.0 Controller Mode

This setting specifies the operation mode of the onboard USB 2.0 controller.

The choice: FullSpeed, HiSpeed.

BIOS EHCI Hand-Off

This is a workaround for OSes without EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should claim by EHCI driver.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

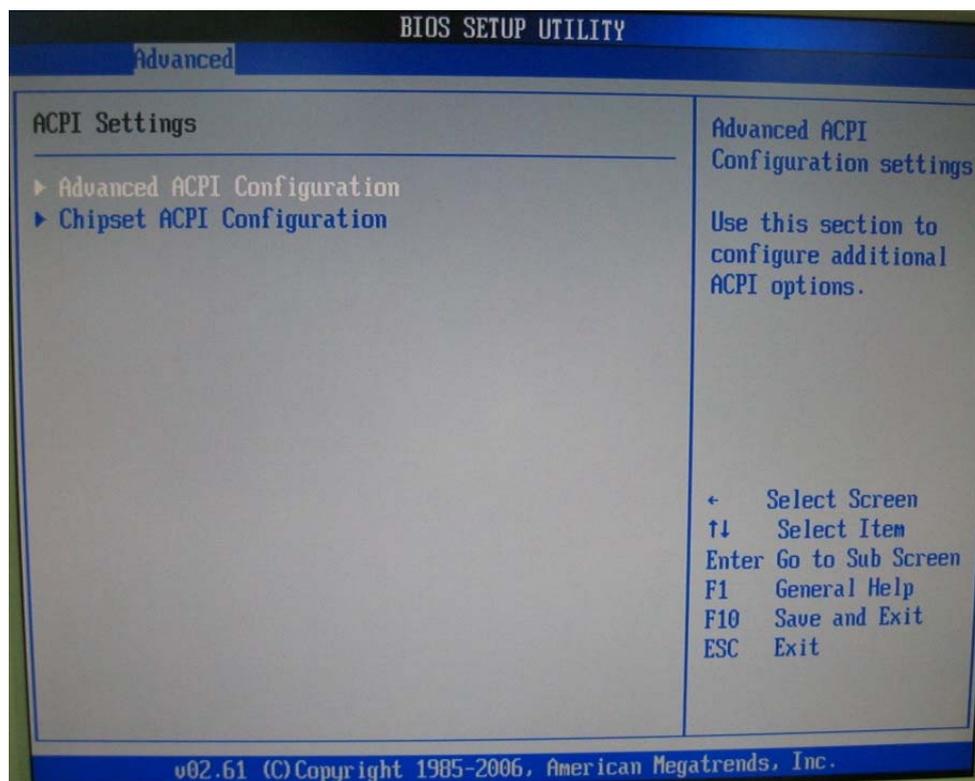
Hotplug USB FDD Support

A dummy FDD device is created that will be associated with the hot plugged FDD later. Auto option creates this dummy device only if there is no USB FDD present.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled, Auto.

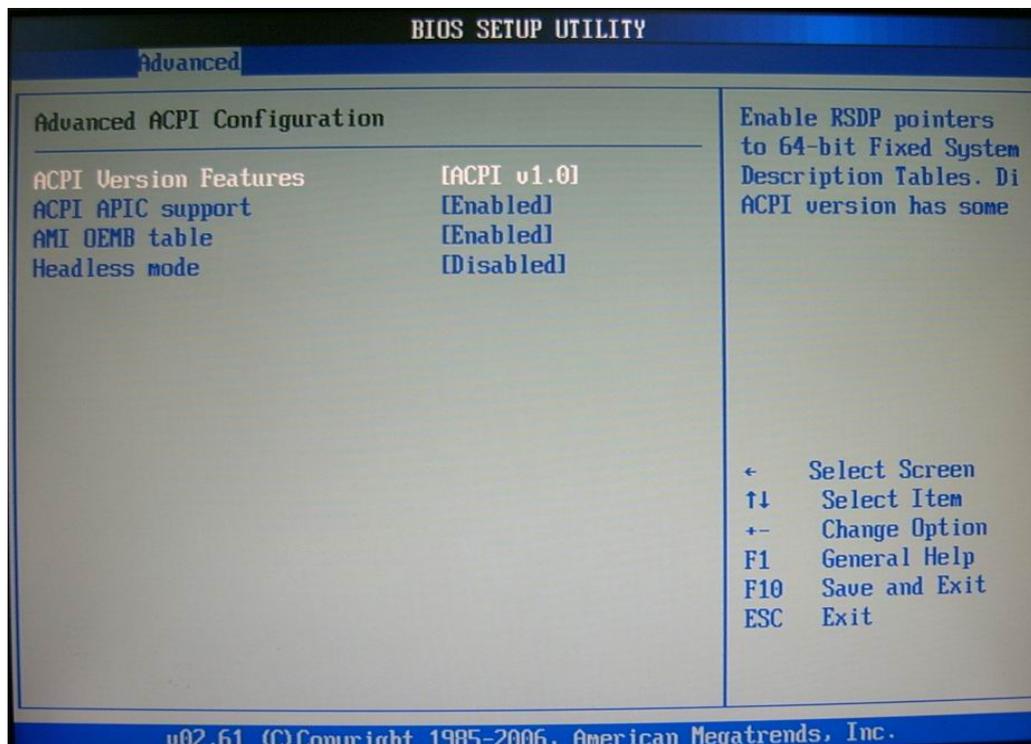
ACPI Configuration

Select for Advanced ACPI Configuration.



Advanced ACPI Configuration

Advanced ACPI Configuration settings, Use this section to configure additional ACPI options.



ACPI Version Features

Enable RSDP pointers to 64-bit Fixed System Description Tables.

The choice: ACPI v1.0 / ACPI v2.0 / ACPI v3.0.

ACPI APIC support

Include ACPI APIC table pointer to RSDT pointer list.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

AMI OEMB table

Include OEMB table pointer to R(X) SDT pointer list.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

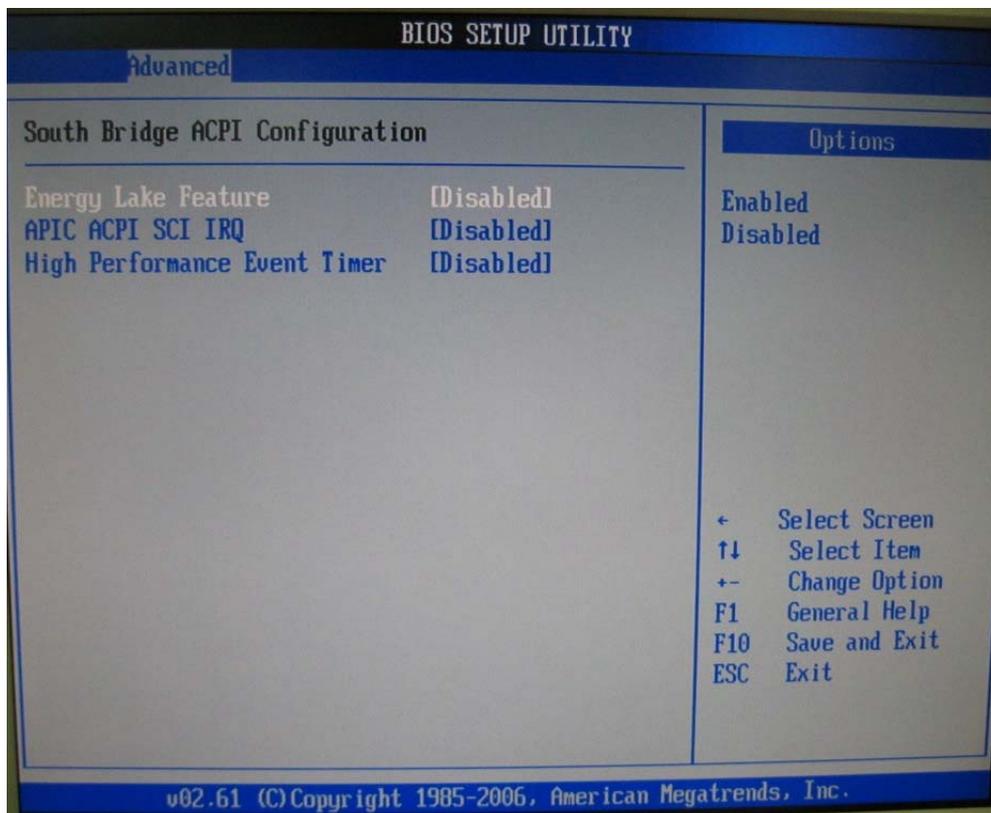
Headless mode

Enable / Disable Headless operation mode through ACPI.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Chipset ACPI Configuration

Chipset ACPI related Configuration settings, Use this section to configure additional ACPI options.



Energy Lake Feature

Select the ACPI state used for System Suspend.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

APIC ACPI SCI IRQ

Enable / Disable APIC ACPI SCI IRQ.

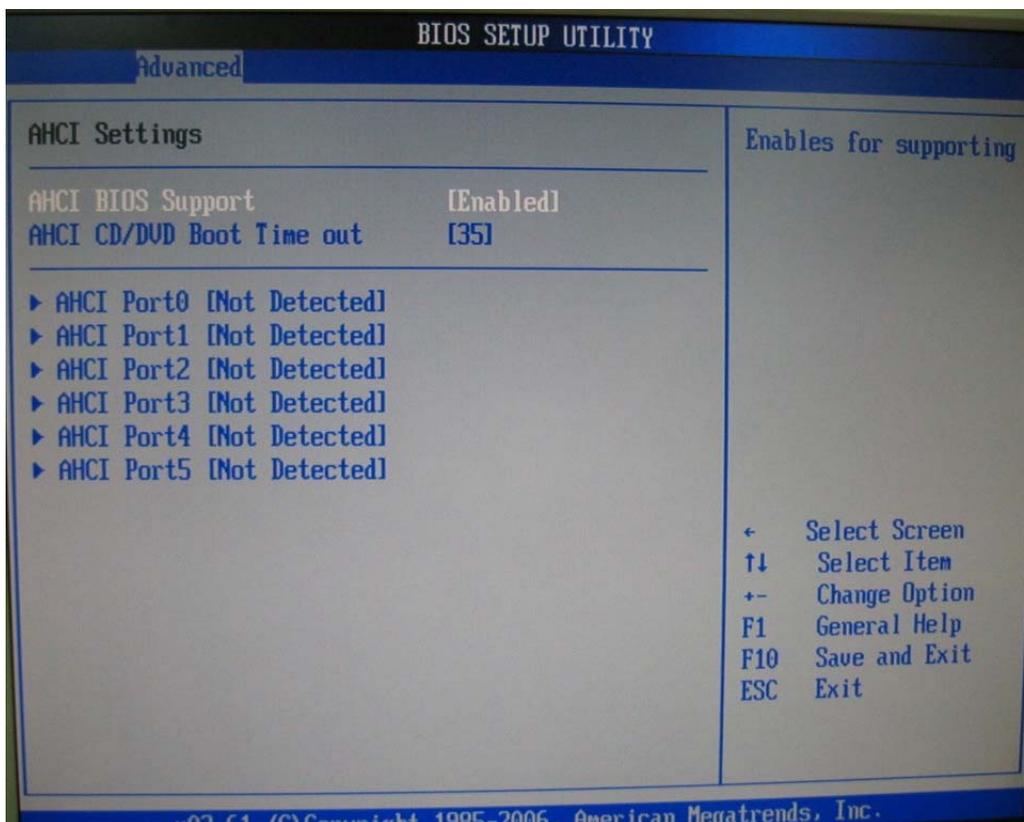
The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

High Performance Event Time

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

AHCI Configuration

Select for AHCI Configuration.



AHCI BIOS Support

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

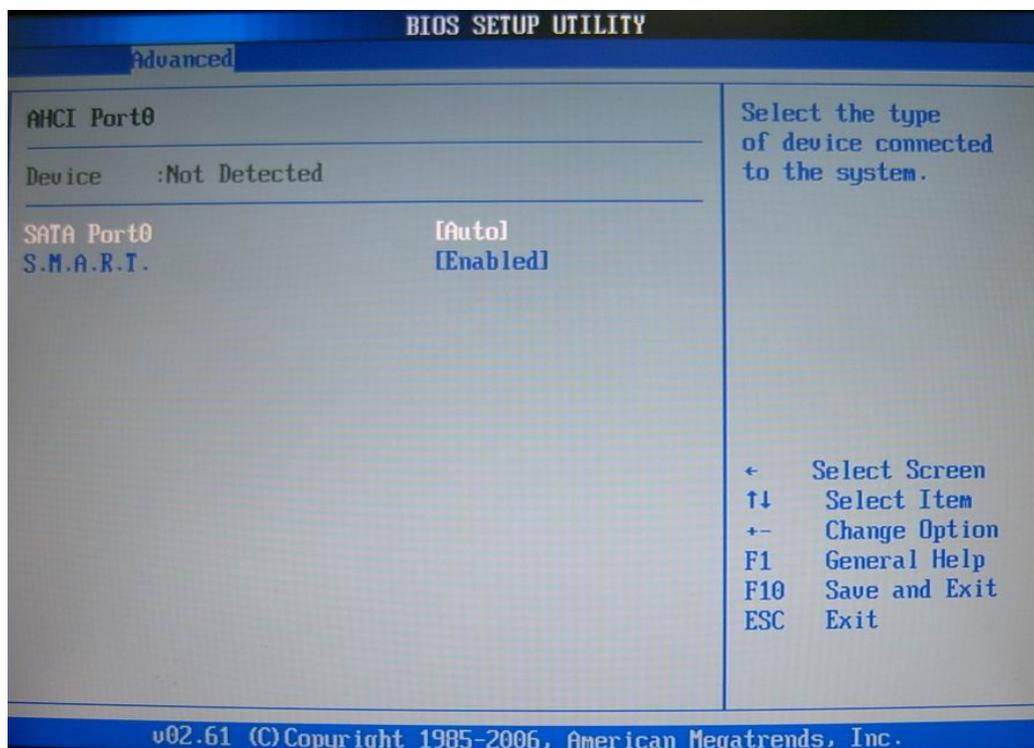
AHCI CD/DVD Boot Time out

Some SATA CD/DVD in AHCI mode need to wait ready longer.

The choice: 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35.

AHCI Port0 ~ Port5

While entering setup, BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE devices. This displays the status of auto detection of IDE devices.



SATA Port0 ~ Port5

Select the type of device connected to the system.

The choice: Auto, Not Installed.

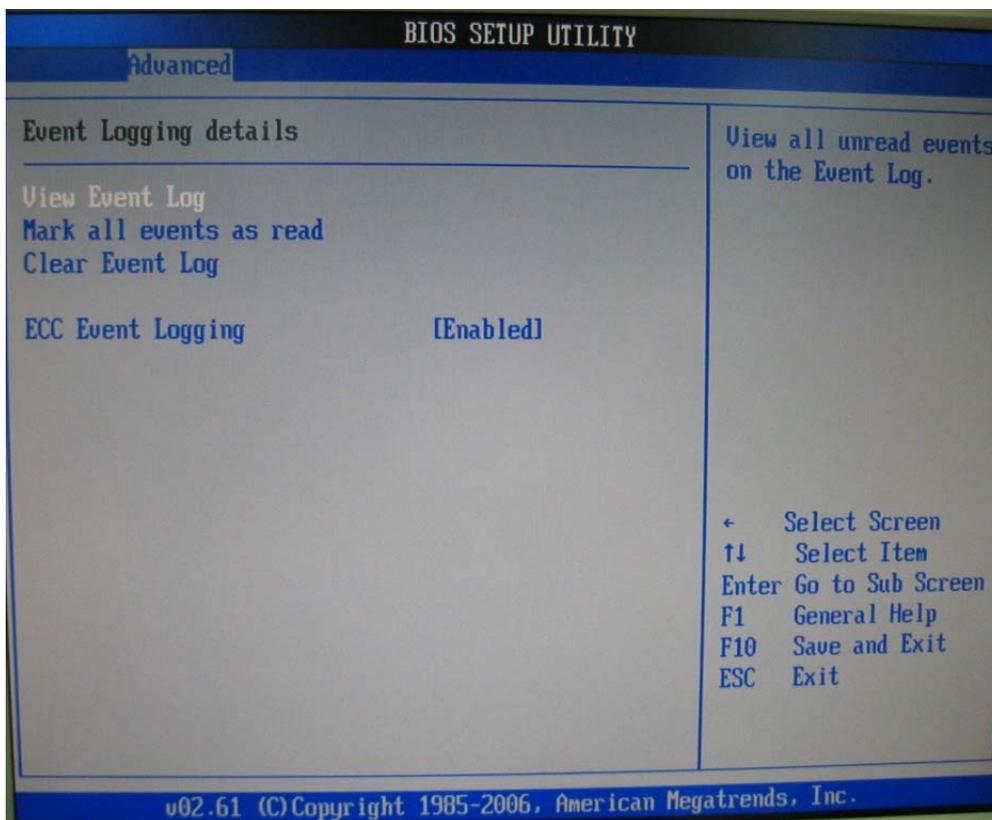
S.M.A.R.T

This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for the hard disks. S. M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an opportunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Event Log Configuration

Mark as read, Clear or View Event Log statistics.



View Event Log

View all unread events on the event log.

Make all events as read

Make all unread events as read.

Clear Event Log

Discard all events in the Event Log.

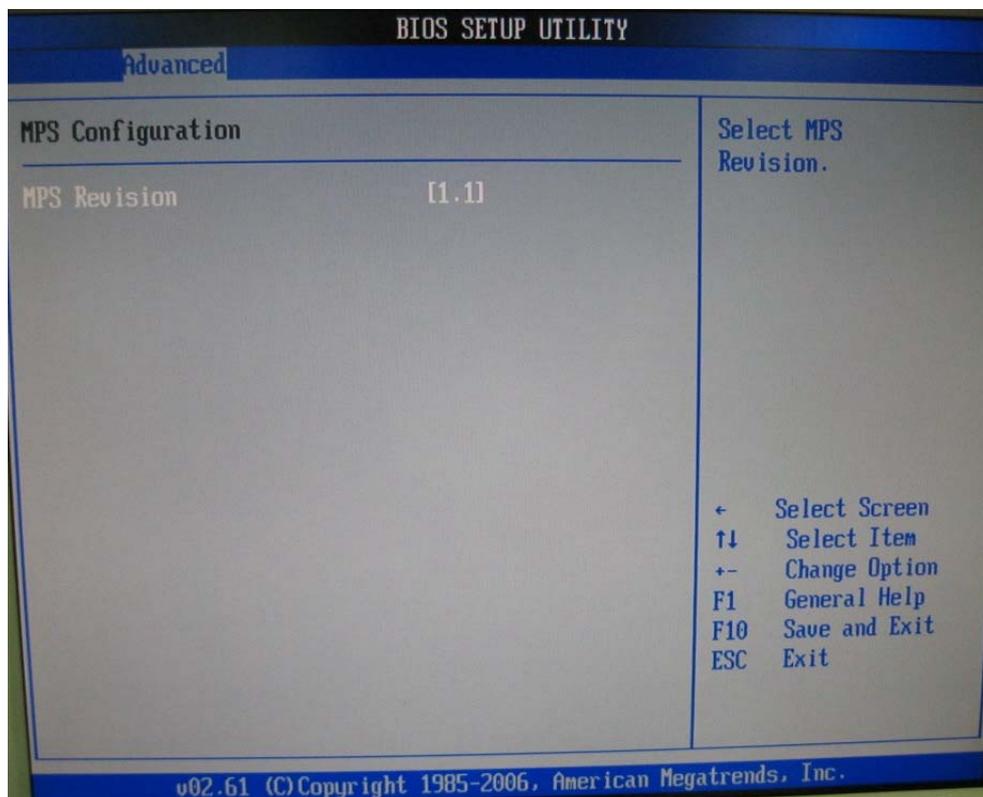
ECC Event logging

Enable or Disable ECC Event Logging

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

MPS Configuration

Configure the Multi-Processor Table.



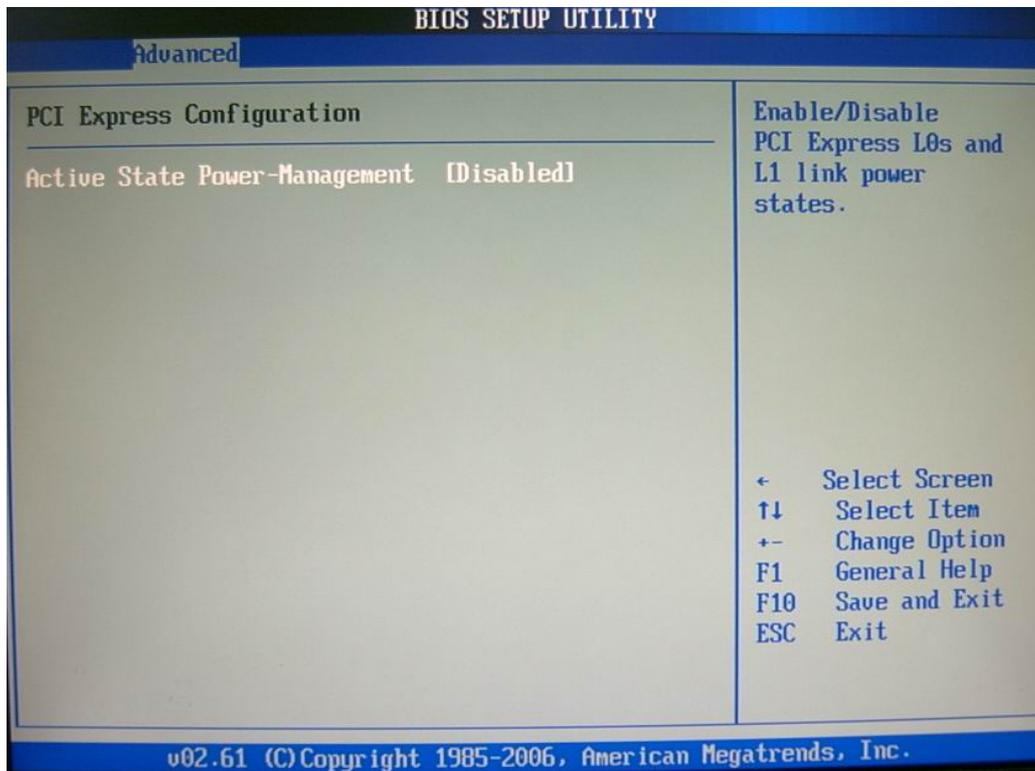
MPS Revision

This field allows you to select which MPS (Multi-Processor Specification) version to be used for the operating system. You need to select the MPS version supported by your operating system. To find out which version to use, consult the vendor of your operating system.

The choice: 1.1, 1.4.

PCI Express Configuration

Configure PCI Express Support.



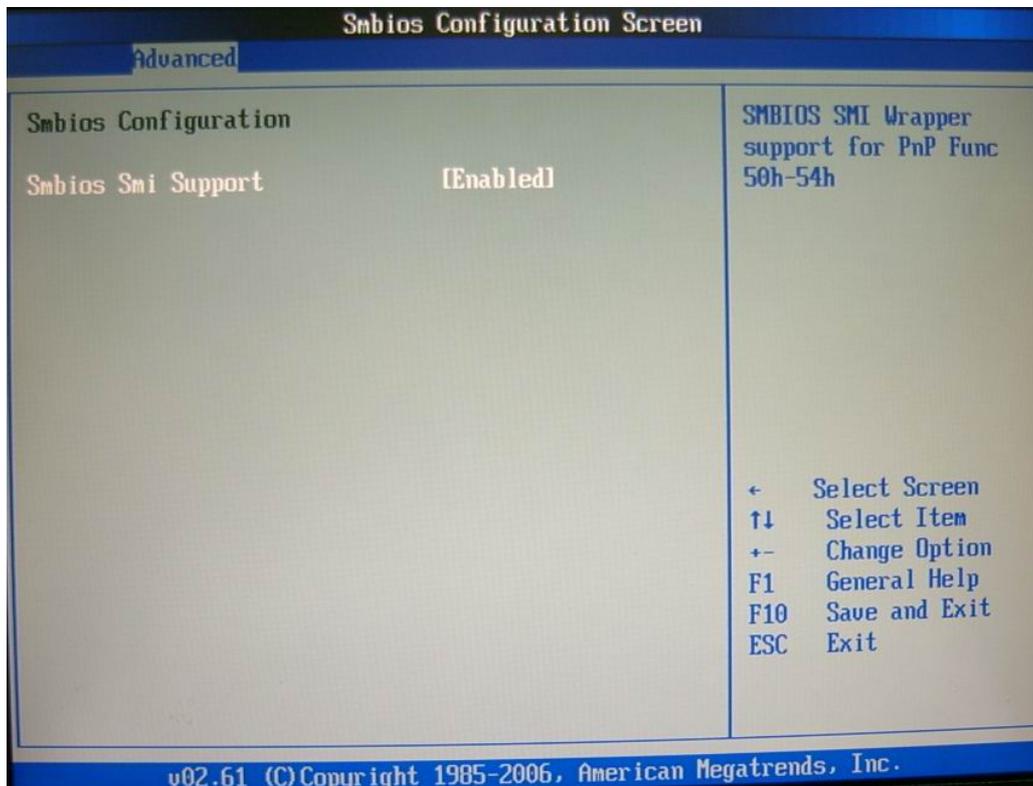
Active State Power-Management

PCI Express L0s and L1 link power states.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Smbios Configuration

SM BIOS Configuration Menu.



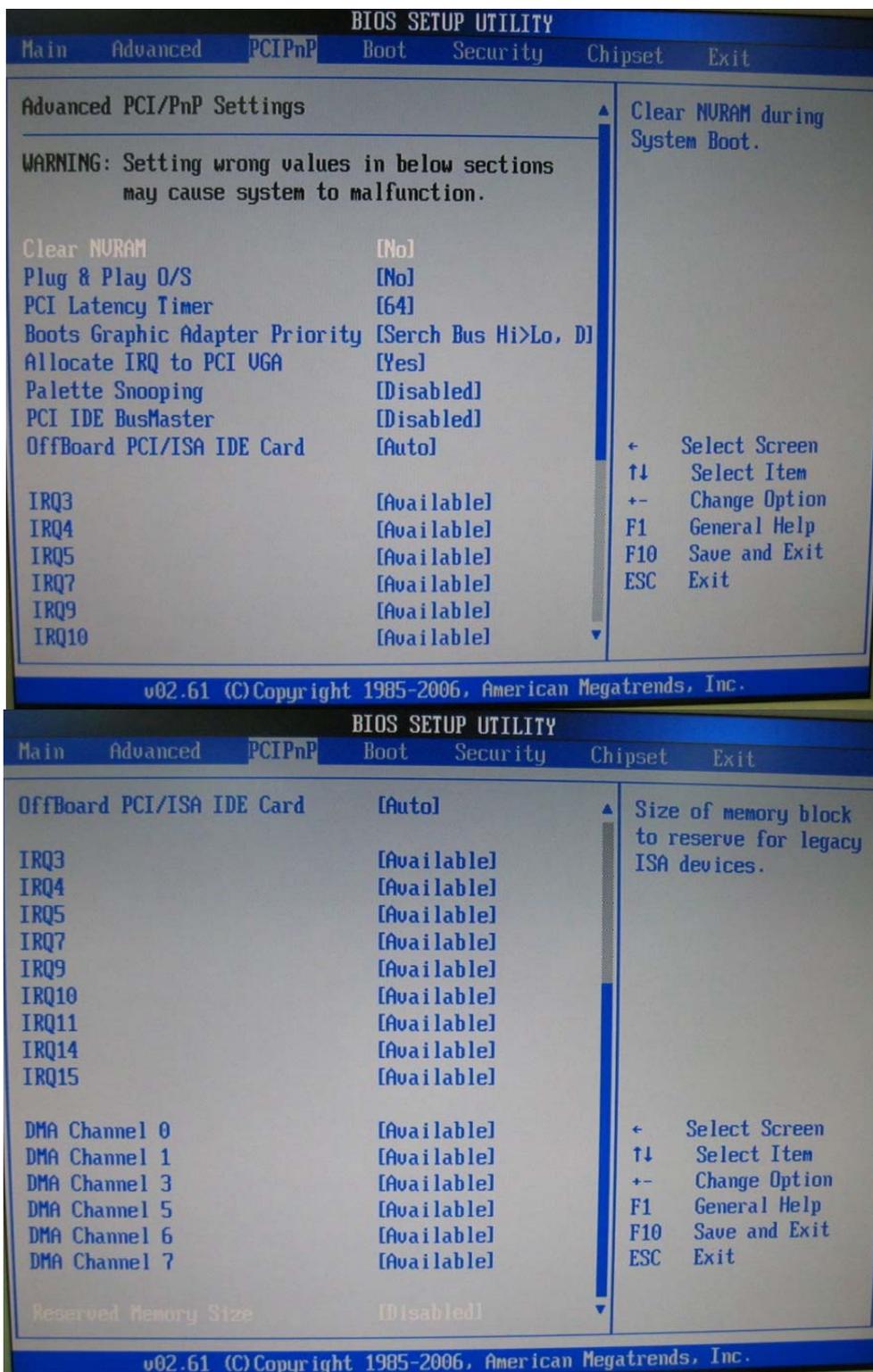
Smbios Smi Support

SM BIOS SMI Wrapper support for PnP Func 50h-54h.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

4.4 PCIPnP

Advanced PCI/PnP setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction.



Clear NVRAM

Clear NVRAM during System Boot.

The choice: No, Yes.

Plug & Play O/S

No: lets the BIOS configure all the devices in the system.

Yes: lets the operating system configure Plug and Play (PnP) devices not required for boot if your system has a Plug and Play operating system.

The choice: No, Yes.

PCI Latency Timer

Select value in units of PCI clocks for PCI device latency timer register.

The choice: 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, 248.

Boot Graphic Adapter Priority

Select which graphics controller to use as the primary boot device

The choice:

1. Search Bus Hi>Lo, Device Hi>Lo
2. Search Bus Hi>Lo, Device Lo>Hi
3. Search Bus Lo>Hi, Device Hi>Lo
4. Search Bus Lo>Hi, Device Lo>Hi

Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA

Yes: Assigns IRQ to PCI VGA card if card requests an IRQ.

No: Does not assign IRQ to PCI VGA card even if card requests an IRQ.

The choice: Yes, No.

Palette Snooping

Enabled: informs the PCI devices that an ISA graphics device is installed in the system so the card will function correctly.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

PCI IDE BusMaster

Enabled: Uses PCI bus mastering for reading / writing to IDE drives.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

OffBoard PCI/ISA IDE Card

Some PCI IDE cards may require this to be set to the PCI slot number that is holding the card. AUTO: Works for most PCI IDE cards

The choice: Auto, PCI Slot1, PCI Slot2, PCI Slot3, PCI Slot4, PCI Slot5, PCI Slot6.

IRQ 3 / IRQ 4 / IRQ5 / IRQ7 / IRQ 9 / IRQ 10 / IRQ 11 / IRQ 14 / IRQ 15

Available: Specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices.

Reserved: Specified IRQ is reserved for used by Legacy ISA devices.

The choice: Available, Reserved.

DMA Channel 0 / DMA Channel 1 / DMA Channel 3 / DMA Channel 5 / DMA Channel 6 / DMA Channel 7

Available: Specified DMA is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices.

Reserved: Specified DMA is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices.

The choice: Available, Reserved.

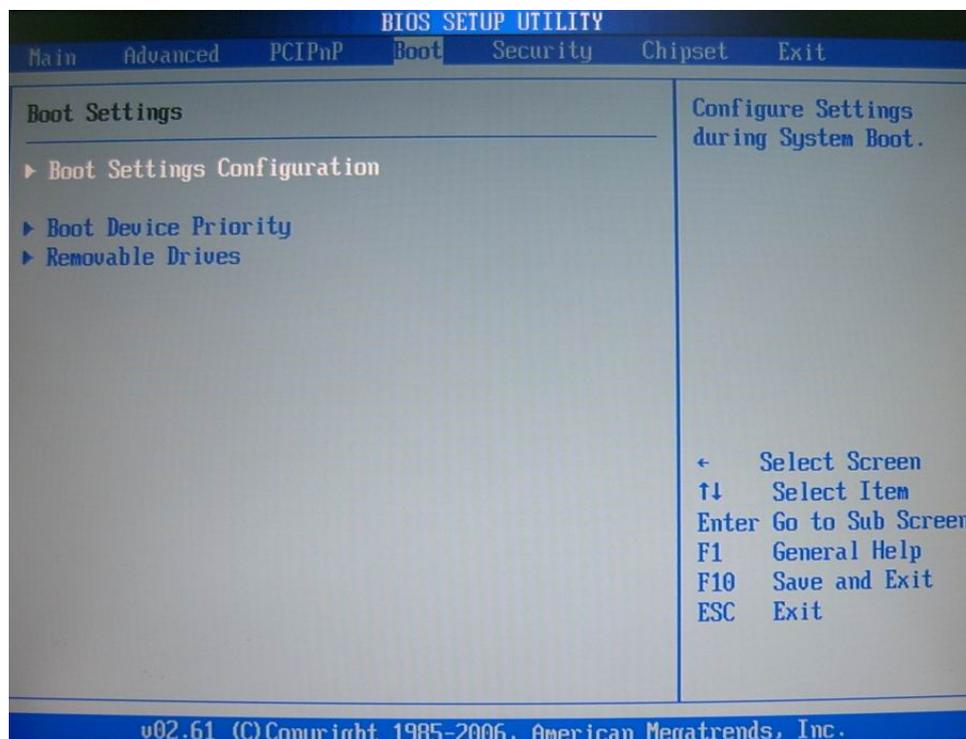
Reserved Memory Size

Select Size of memory block to reserve for legacy ISA devices.

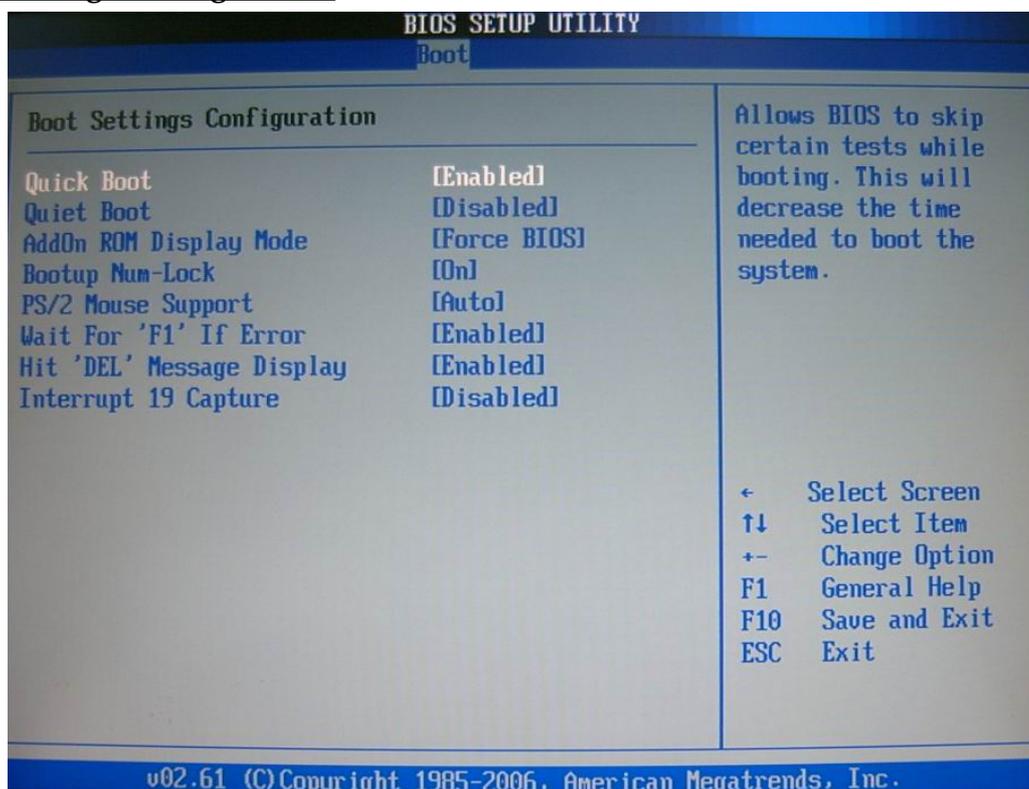
The choice: Disabled, 16K, 32K, 64K.

4.5 Boot

Use this menu to specify the priority of boot devices.



Boot Settings Configuration



Quick Boot

Enabling this setting will cause the BIOS power-on self test routine to skip some of its tests during boot up for faster system boot.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Quiet Boot

This BIOS feature determines if the BIOS should hide the normal POST messages with the motherboard or system manufacturer's full-screen logo. When it is enabled, the BIOS will display the full-screen logo during the boot-up sequence, hiding normal POST messages.

When it is disabled, the BIOS will display the normal POST messages, instead of the full-screen logo.

Please note that enabling this BIOS feature often adds 2-3 seconds of delay to the booting sequence. This delay ensures that the logo is displayed for a sufficient amount of time. Therefore, it is recommended that you disable this BIOS feature for a faster boot-up time.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

AddOn ROM Display Mode

This item is used to determine the display mode when an optional ROM is initialized during POST. When set to [Force BIOS], the display mode used by AMI BIOS is used. Select [Keep Current] if you want to use the display mode of optional ROM.

The choice: Force BIOS, Keep Current.

Bootup Num-Lock

This setting is to set the Num Lock status when the system is powered on. Setting to [On] will turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. Setting to [Off] will allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad.

The choice: Off, On.

PS/2 Mouse support

Select [Enabled] if you need to use a PS/2-interfaced mouse in the operating system.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled, Auto.

Wait For 'F1' If Error

When this setting is set to [Enabled] and the boot sequence encounters an error, it asks you to press F1. If disabled, the system continues to boot without waiting for you to press any keys.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Hit 'DEL' Message Display

Set this option to [Disabled] to prevent the message as follows:

Hit Del if you want to run setup

It will prevent the message from appearing on the first BIOS screen when the computer boots. Set it to [Enabled] when you want to run the BIOS Setup Utility.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

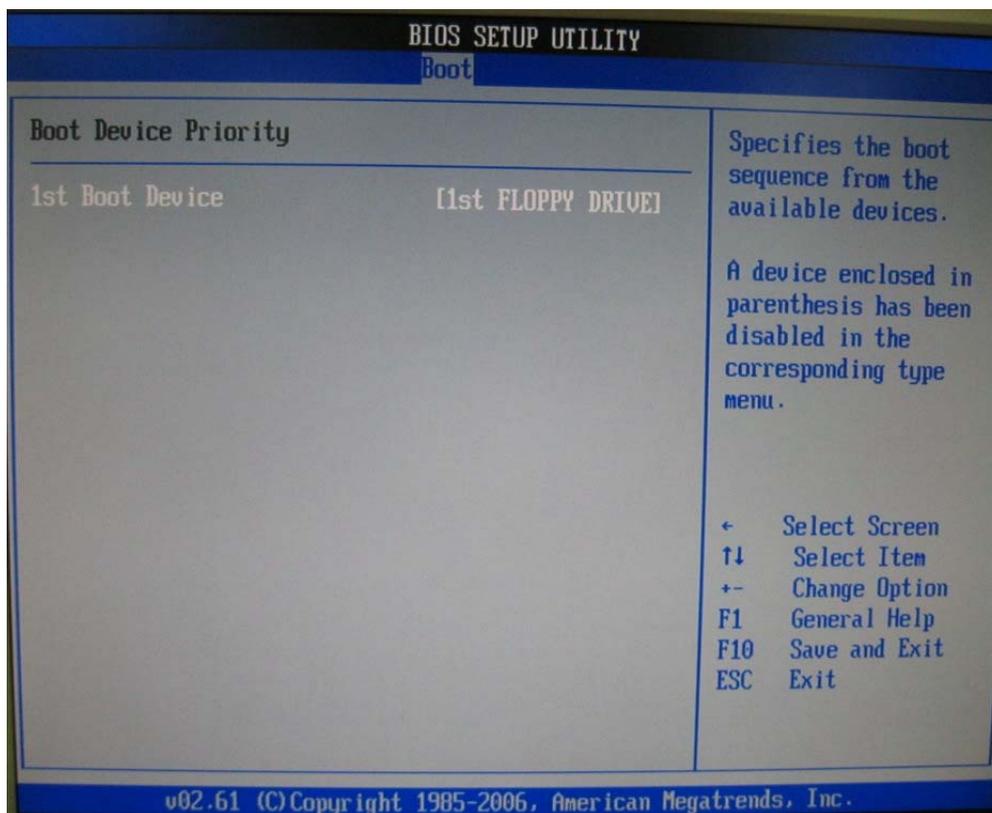
Interrupt 19 Capture

Interrupt 19 is the software interrupt that handles the boot disk function. When enabled, this BIOS feature allows the ROM BIOS of these host adaptors to "capture" Interrupt 19 during the boot process so that drives attached to these adaptors can function as bootable disks. In addition, it allows you to gain access to the host adaptor's ROM setup utility, if one is available.

When this is disabled, the ROM BIOS of these host adaptors will not be able to "capture" Interrupt 19. Therefore, you will not be able to boot operating systems from any bootable disks attached to these host adaptors. Nor will you be able to gain access to their ROM setup utilities.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Boot Device Priority

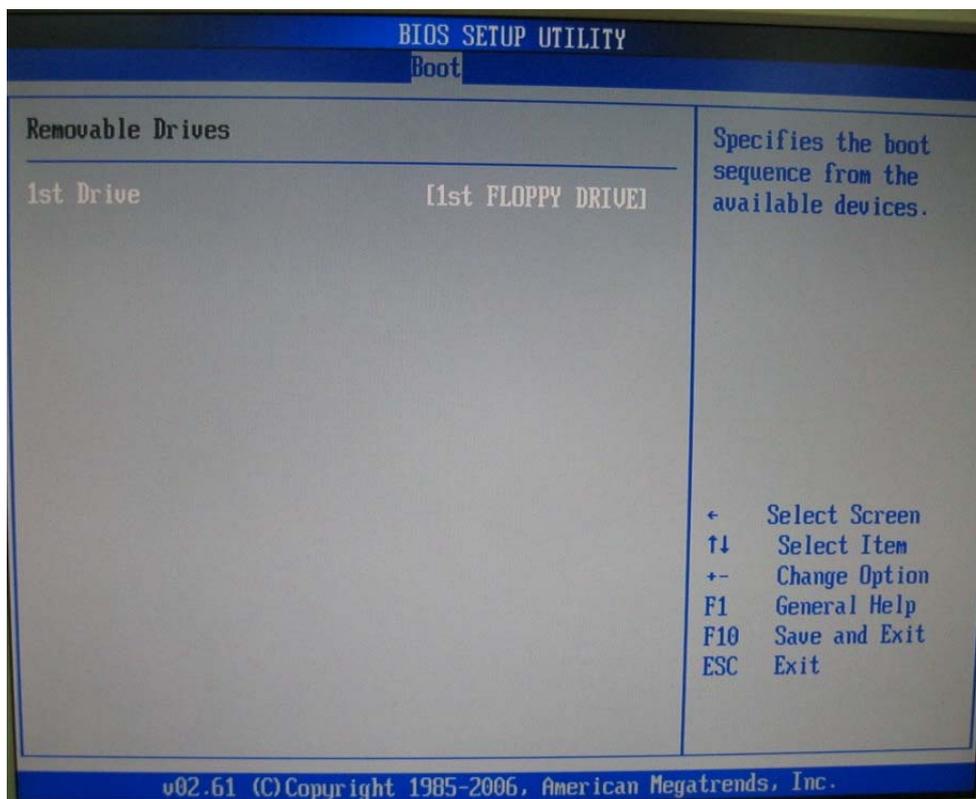


1st Boot Device

The items allow you to set the sequence of boot devices where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system. First press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu. Then you may use the arrow keys (↑↓) to select the desired device, then press <+>, <-> or <PageUp>, <PageDown> key to move it up/down in the priority list.

The choice: 1st FLOPPY DRICE, Disabled.

Removable Drives



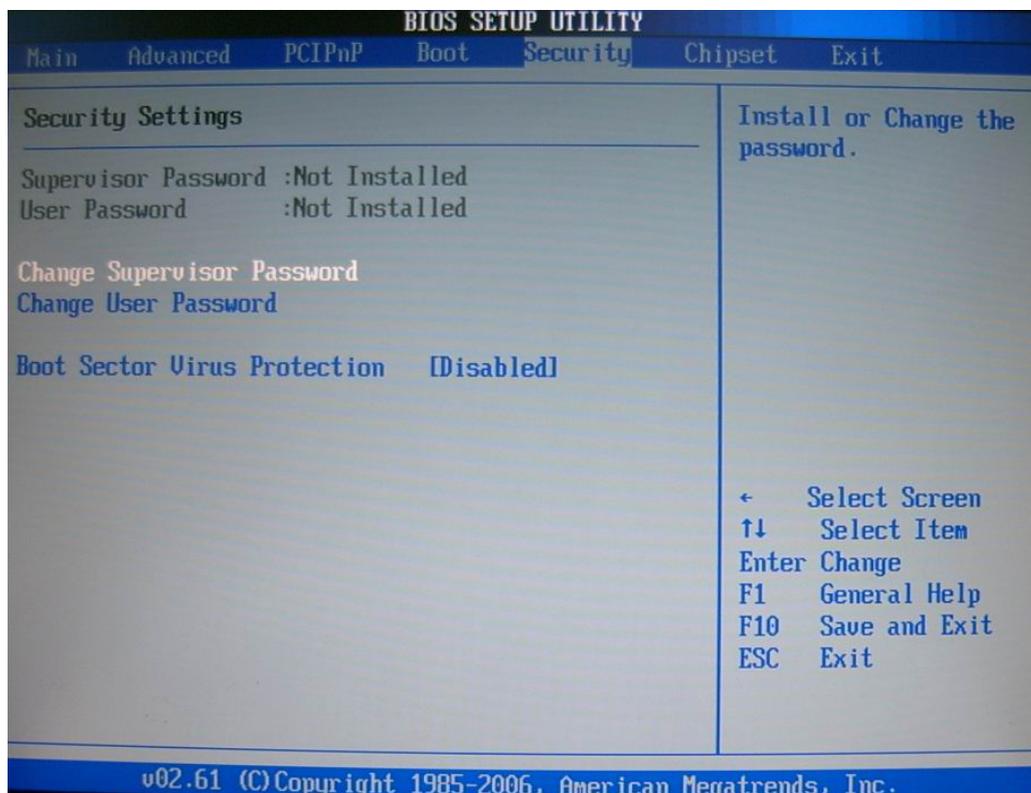
1st Drive

This setting allows users to set the priority of the removable devices. First press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu. Then you may use the arrow keys (↑↓) to select the desired device, then press <+>, <-> or <PageUp>, <PageDown> key to move it up/down in the priority list.

The choice: 1st FLOPPY DRICE, Disabled.

4.6 Security

Use this menu to set supervisor and user passwords.



Supervisor Password / Change Supervisor Password

Supervisor Password controls access to the BIOS Setup utility. These settings allow you to set or change the supervisor password.

User Password / Change User Password

User Password controls access to the system at boot. These settings allow you to set or change the user password.

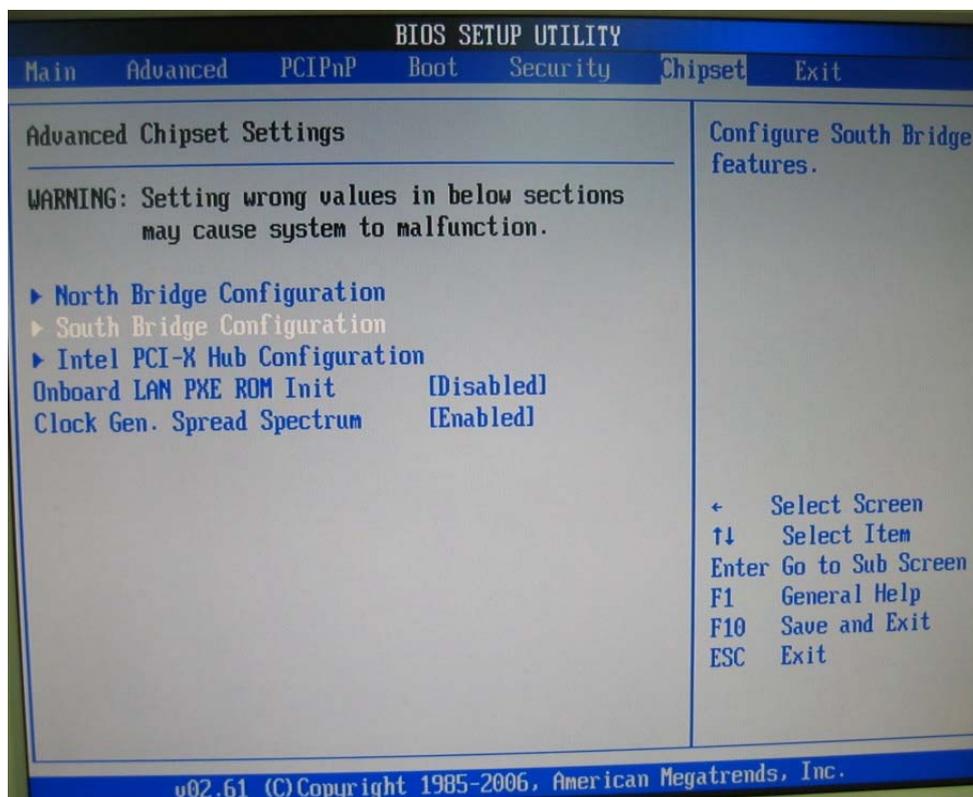
Boot Sector Virus Protection

Boot Sector Virus Protection.

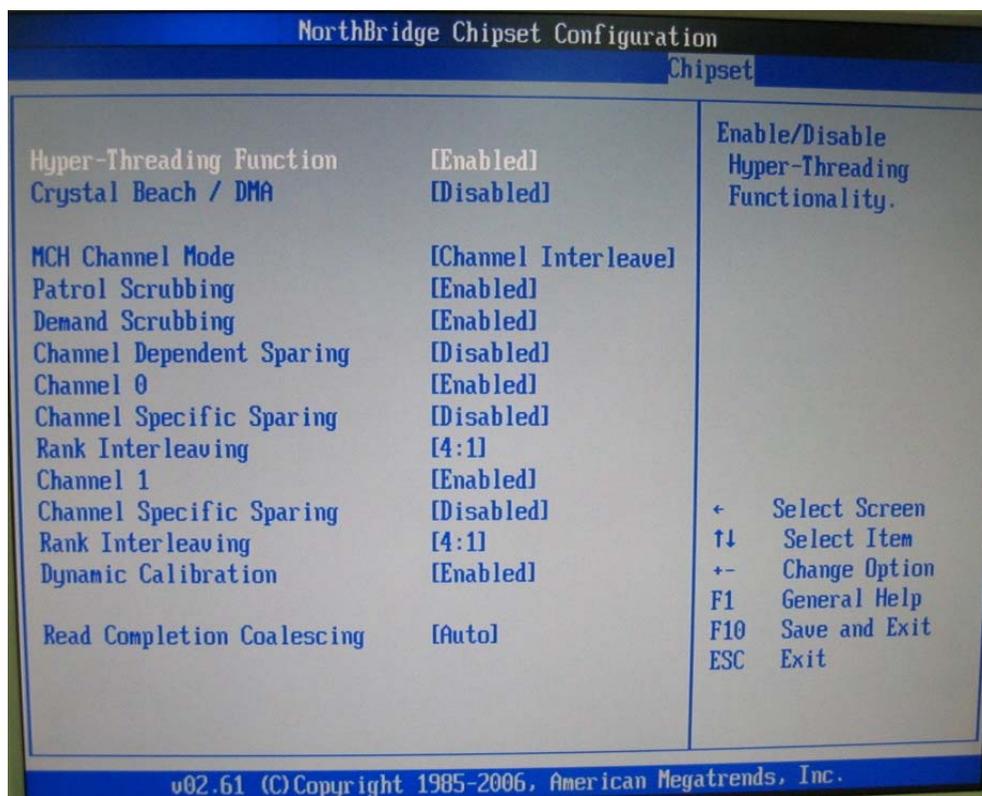
The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

4.7 Chipset

This menu controls the advanced features of the onboard Northbridge and Southbridge.



North Bridge Configuration



Hyper-Threading Function

Enabled/Disable Hyper-Threading Functionality

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Crystal Beach / DMA

Crystal Beach / DMA configuration

The choice: Disables, Enabled.

MCH Channel Mode

Sequencing: allocates address channel 0 then 1.

Interleaving: interleaves channel across channels.

Single Channel: force single ch-0

The choice: Channel Sequencing, Channel Interleave, Single Channel 0.

Patrol Scrubbing

ECC patrol scrub enable/disable.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Demand Scrubbing

ECC demand scrub enable/disable.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Channel Dependent Sparing

Channel-dependent rank/DIMM sparing enable/disable.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Channel 0

Channel 0 enable/disable.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Channel Specific Sparing

Enables/ Disables rank/DIMM sparing feature.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Rank Interleaving

Rank interleaving setting.

The choice: 1:1, 2:1, 4:1.

Channel 1

Channel 1 enable/disable.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Channel Specific Sparing

Enables/ Disables rank/DIMM sparing feature.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Rank Interleaving

Rank interleaving setting.

The choice: 1:1, 2:1, 4:1.

Dynamic Calibration

This feature allows for the memory interface to calibrate quickly by using the stores calibration data from a previous power on. If enable, CMOS must be cleared if memory configuration changes.

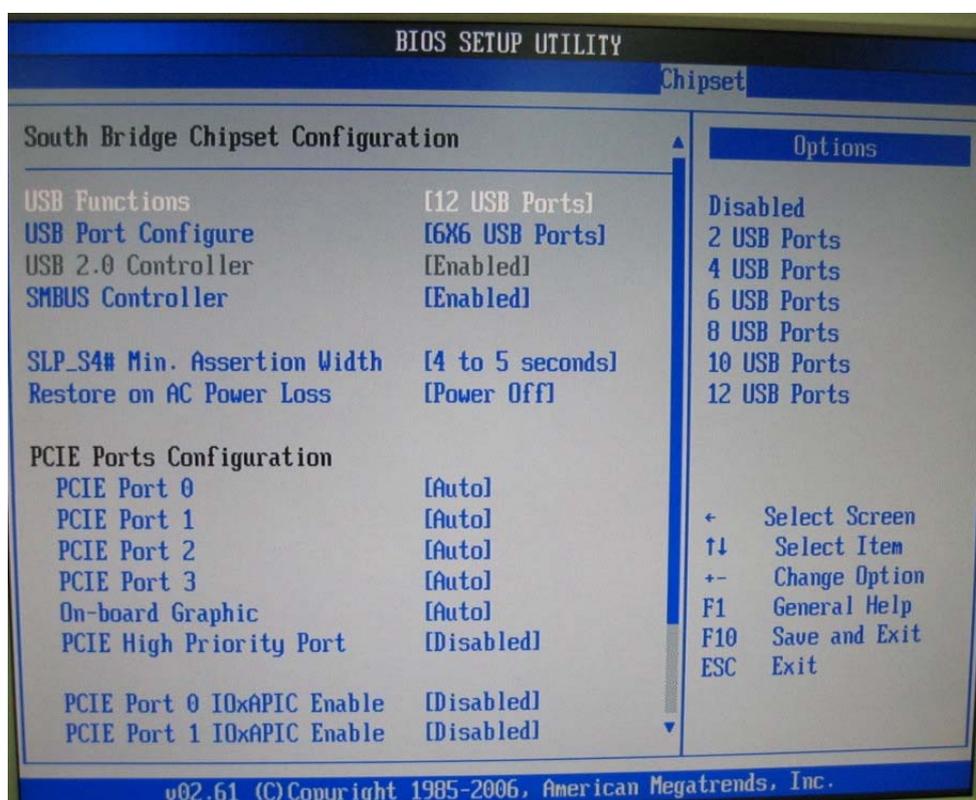
The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Read Completion Coalescing

Read returns of > 64B

The choice: Disabled, Enable, Auto.

South Bridge Configuration



USB Functions

This setting specifies the function of the onboard USB controller.

The choice: Disabled, 2 USB Ports, 4 USB Ports, 6 USB Ports, 8 USB Ports, 10 USB Ports, 12 USB Ports.

USB Port Configure

The choice: 6x6 USB Ports, 8x4 USB Ports.

USB 2.0 Controller

Set to [Enabled] if you need to use any USB 2.0 device in the operating system that does not support or have any USB 2.0 driver installed, such as DOS and SCO Unix.

SMBUS Controller

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

SLP_S4# Min. Assertion Width

The choice: 4 to 5 seconds, 3to 4 seconds, 2 to 3 seconds, 1 to 2 seconds.

Restore on AC Power Loss

This item allows user to configure the power status of using ATX power supply after a serious power loss occurs.

The choice: Power Off, Power On.

PCIE Port 0 / PCIE Port 1 / PCIE Port 2 / PCIE Port 3 / PCIE Port 4

The choice: Auto, Disabled, Enabled.

On-board Graphic

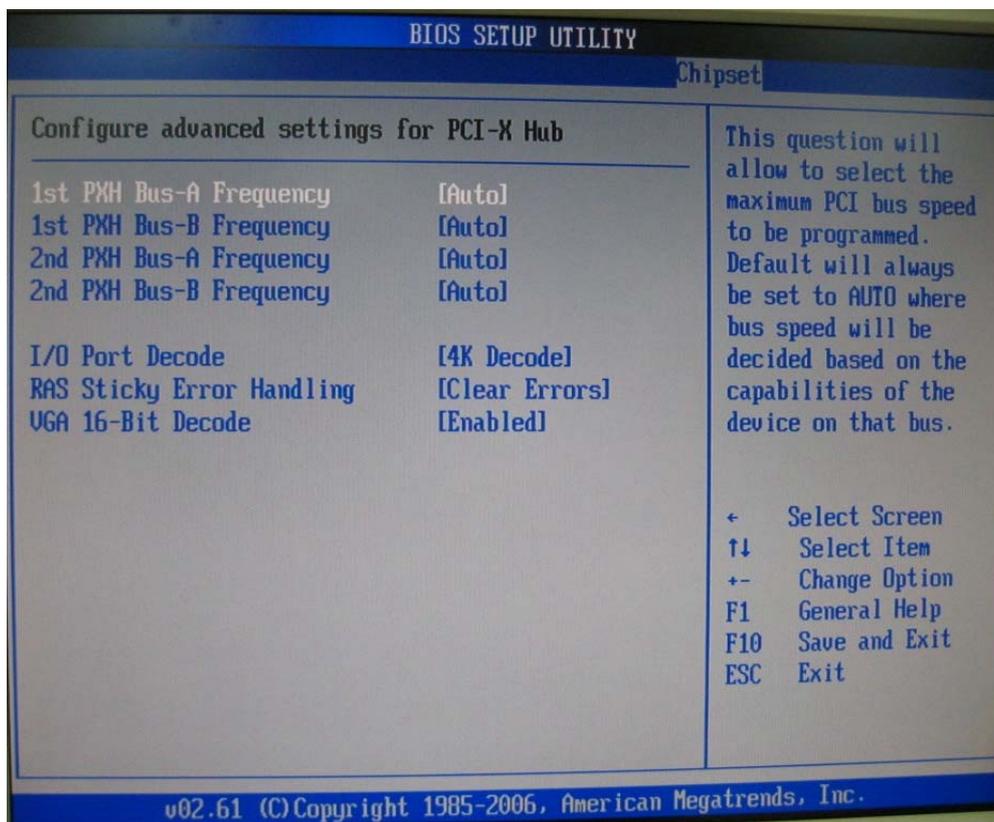
The choice: Auto, Enabled, Disabled.

PCIE High Priority Port

The choice: Disabled, Port 0, Port 1, Port 2, Port 3, Port 4, Port 5.

PCIE Port 0 / PCIE Port 1 / PCIE Port 2 / PCIE Port 3 / PCIE Port 4 / PCIE Port 5 IOxAPIC Enabled

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Intel® PCI-X Hub Configuration**1st / 2nd PXH Bus-A / B Frequency**

This will allow selecting the maximum PCI bus speed to be programmed. Default will always be set to AUTO where bus speed will be decided based on the capabilities of the device on that bus.

The choice: Auto, 33 MHz PCI, 66 MHz PCI, 66 MHz PCI-X M1, 100 MHz PCI-X M1, 133 MHz PCI-X M1,

I/O Port Decode

Select the decode range for IO.

The choice: 4K Decode, 1K Decode.

RAS Sticky Error Handling

The choice: Clear Errors, Leave Errors.

VGA 16-Bit Decode

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Onboard LAN PXE ROM Init

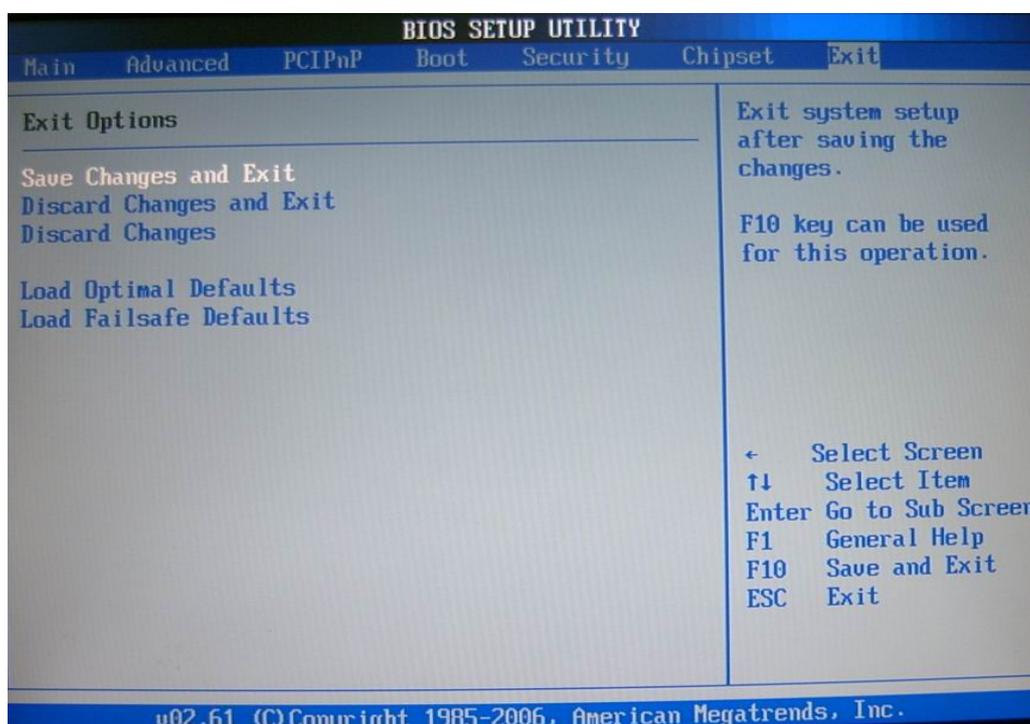
The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Clock Gen. Spread Spectrum

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

4.8 Exit

This menu allows you to load the BIOS default values or factory default settings into the BIOS and exit the BIOS setup utility with or without changes.



Save Changes and Exit

Exit System Setup and save your changes to CMOS. Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation: Save changes to CMOS and exit the Setup Utility.

Discard Changes and Exit

Abandon all changes and exit the Setup Utility.

Discard Changes

Abandon all changes and continue with the Setup Utility.

Load Optimal Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the SBC manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the SBC.

Load Failsafe Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

Chapter 5

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides a few useful tips to quickly get ROBO-8921VG2R running with success. As basic hardware installation has been addressed in Chapter 2, this chapter will primarily focus on system integration issues, in terms of BIOS setting, and OS diagnostics.

5.1 Hardware Quick Installation

Backplane

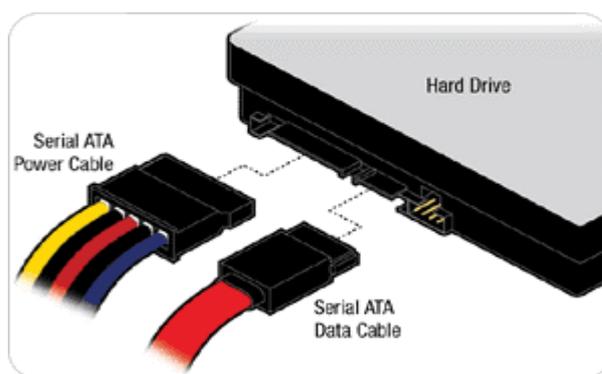
ROBO-8921VG2R is a full-sized Signal Board Computer, and therefore is only able to run on PICMG 1.3 backplane. To know whether your backplane is PICMG 1.3 backplane, please contact with vendor or manufacturer.

CPU power source connector

The CPU supplementary Power Connector (J19) has to be connected to a system all the time no matter using ATX mode. Otherwise, the system won't boot up properly.

Serial ATA Hard Disk employment

Each Serial ATA channel can only connect to one SATA hard disk at a time; there are total four connectors, J10/J11/J12/J13. The installation of Serial ATA is simpler and easier than IDE, because SATA hard disk doesn't require setting up Master and Slave, which can reduce mistake of hardware installation. All you need to do is to plug in two cables and enable SATA in System BIOS.



5.2 BIOS Setting

It is assumed that users have correctly adopted modules and connected all the devices cables required before turning on ATX power. CPU, CPU Fan, 240-pin DDR2 SDRAM, keyboard, mouse, floppy drive, IDE hard disk, printer, VGA connector, device cables, ATX accessories or 12V 4 or 8-pin power cable are good examples that deserve attention. With no assurance of properly and correctly accommodating these modules and devices, it is very possible to encounter system failures that result in malfunction of any device.

To make sure that you have a successful start with ROBO-8921VG2R, it is recommended, when going with the boot-up sequence, to hit "DEL" key and enter the BIOS setup menu to tune up a stable BIOS configuration so that you can wake up your system far well.

Loading the default optimal setting

When prompted with the main setup menu, please scroll down to "**Load Optimal Defaults**", press "Enter" and "Y" to load in default optimal BIOS setup. This will force your BIOS setting back to the initial factory configuration. It is recommended to do this so you can be sure the system is running with the BIOS setting that Portwell has highly endorsed. As a matter of fact, users can load the default BIOS setting any time when system appears to be unstable in boot up sequence.

Improper disable operation

There are too many occasions where users disable a certain device/feature in one application through BIOS setting. These variables may not be set back to the original values when needed. These devices/features will certainly fail to be detected.

When the above conditions happen, it is strongly recommended to check the BIOS settings. Make sure certain items are set as they should be. These include the floppy drive, COM1/COM2 ports, Parallel port, USB ports, external cache, on-board VGA and Ethernet.

It is also very common that users would like to disable a certain device/port to release IRQ resource. A few good examples are

- Disable COM1 serial port to release IRQ #4
- Disable COM2 serial port to release IRQ #3
- Disable Parallel port to release IRQ #7
- Disable PS/2 mouse to release IRQ #12,
- Etc...

A quick review of the basic IRQ mapping is given below for your reference.

| IRQ# | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| IRQ #0 | System Timer |
| IRQ #1 | Keyboard Event |
| IRQ #2 | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ #3 | COM2 |
| IRQ #4 | COM1 |
| IRQ #5 | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ #6 | Diskette Event |
| IRQ #7 | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ #8 | Real-Time Clock |
| IRQ #9 | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ #10 | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ #11 | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ #12 | IBM Mouse Event |
| IRQ #13 | Coprocessor Error |
| IRQ #14 | Hard Disk Event |
| IRQ #15 | Usable IRQ |

It is then very easy to find out which IRQ resource is ready for additional peripherals. If IRQ resource is not enough, please disable some devices listed above to release further IRQ numbers.

5.3 Frequency Asking Questions (FAQ)

Q: I have one IDE hard disk and one SATA hard disk. How can I assign SATA Hard disk as First boot device?

A: User just only adjusts the jump of IDE HDD to set at master device. SATA HDD will be automatically detected. Eventually, please refer 4.5 “BIOS Features”, and then enter “Boot Device Priority” to set HDD device boot priority.

Q: Since ROBO-8921VG2R has two Gigabit Ethernet onboard, could ROBO - 8921VG2R support Intel® fault tolerance function, or what people called teaming function?

A: Yes, ROBO-8921VG2R fully supports teaming function without any required change. What has to be done is to install Intel® PRO drivers we provided in Portwell Driver CD, and then go to device manager to enable teaming function. However, for further information, please feel free to contact tsd@portwell.com.tw

Q: When I use the 3rd party external PCIE or PCI card at the backplane, the system didn't detect it.

A: Please make sure the jumper setting, JP1~JP5 for PICMG1.3 backplane are correct. If you are not clear the jumper setting, please contact the backplane vendor for further information.

Q: If I have only one Intel® Xeon® CPU using for ROBO-8921 VG2R, which CPU socket should I use?

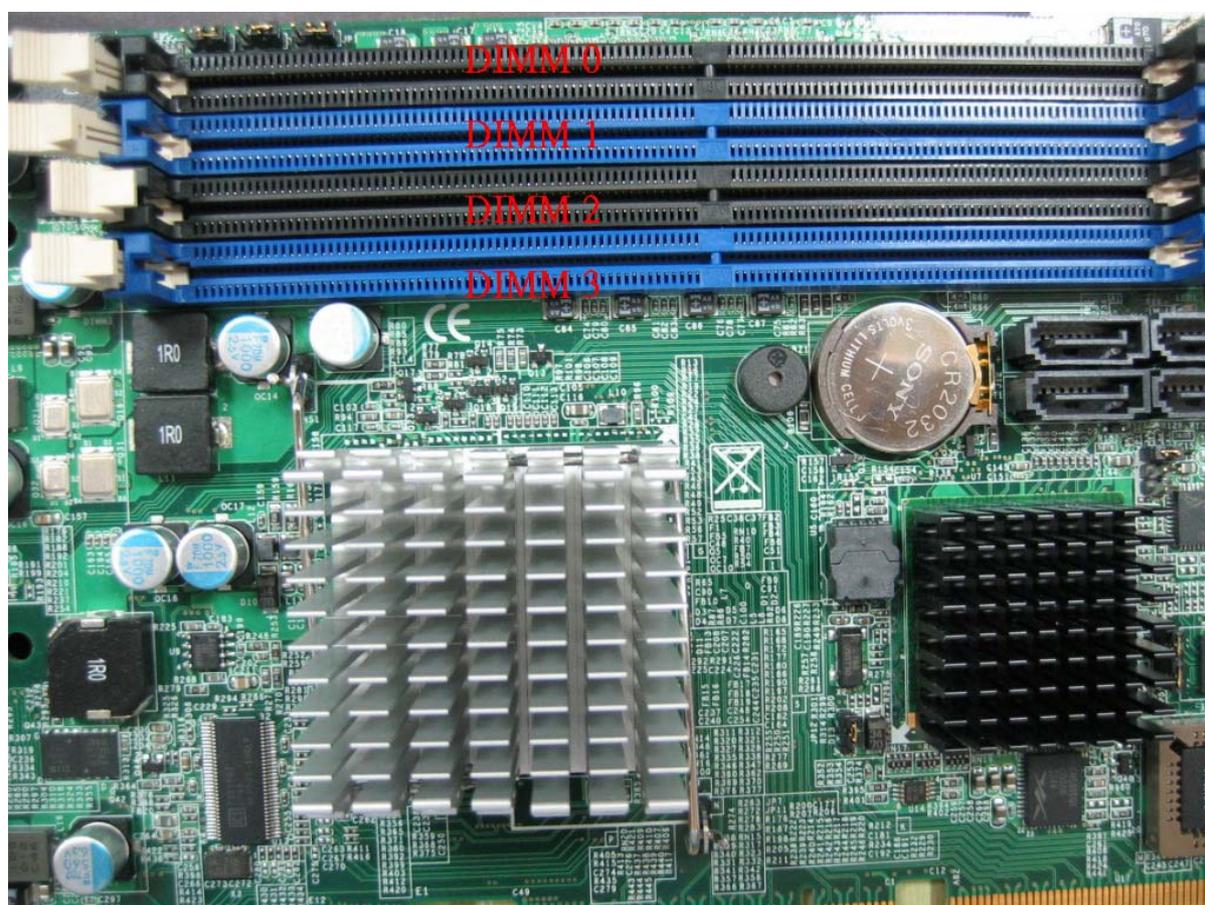
A: We suggest you to use the CPU socket 0 when you only use single Intel® Xeon® CPU.



Q: When I use a single memory and insert it at DIMM2 or DIMM3, why the system can't boot?

A: We suggest you to insert the memory from DIMM0 to DIMM3 sequentially when you have more memory for using. If you want to use the channel A- slot 1, you must use channel A- slot 0 first. Otherwise, the system can't boot. The Channel B has the same rule.

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------------|
| DIMM0 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel B - slot 0 |
| DIMM1 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel A - slot 0 |
| DIMM2 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel B - slot 1 |
| DIMM3 | DDR2 ECC RDIMM channel A - slot 1 |



System Memory Address Map

Each On-board device in the system is assigned a set of memory addresses, which also can be identical of the device. The following table lists the system memory address used.

| Memory Area | Size | Device Description |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| 0000-003F | 1K | Interrupt Area |
| 0040-004F | 0.3K | BIOS Data Area |
| 0050-006F | 0.5K | System Data |
| 0700-09BD | 37K | DOS |
| 09BE-0A79 | 2.9K | Program Area |
| 0A7A-9FFE | 598K | [Available] |
| 9FFF-9FFF | 0.1K | Unused |
| = Conventional memory ends at 640K = | | |
| A000-AFFF | 64K | VGA Graphics |
| B000-B7FF | 32K | Unused |
| B800-BFFF | 32K | VGA Text |
| C000-C7FF | 32K | Video ROM |
| C800-C949 | 5.2K | Unused |
| C94A-DFFE | 90K | High RAM |
| DFFF-E800 | 32K | Unused |
| E801-EBFF | 15K | High RAM |
| EC00-EFFF | 16K | Unused |
| F000-FFFF | 64K | System ROM |
| HMA | 64K | First 64K Extended |

Interrupt Request Lines (IRQ)

Peripheral devices can use interrupt request lines to notify CPU for the service required. The following table shows the IRQ used by the devices on board.

| IRQ# | Current Use | Default Use |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| IRQ 0 | System ROM | System Timer |
| IRQ 1 | System ROM | Keyboard Event |
| IRQ 2 | [Unassigned] | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ 3 | System ROM | COM 2 |
| IRQ 4 | System ROM | COM 1 |
| IRQ 5 | [Unassigned] | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ 6 | System ROM | Diskette Event |
| IRQ 7 | Unused | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ 8 | System ROM | Real-Time Clock |
| IRQ 9 | [Unassigned] | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ 10 | [Unassigned] | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ 11 | [Unassigned] | Usable IRQ |
| IRQ 12 | System ROM | IBM Mouse Event |
| IRQ 13 | System ROM | Coprocessor Error |
| IRQ 14 | System ROM | Hard Disk Event |
| IRQ 15 | [Unassigned] | Usable IRQ |