

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

M68HC05J3EM/D

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**M68EM05J3
EMULATOR MODULE
USER'S MANUAL**

First Edition

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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

This user's manual explains connection, configuration, and operation information specific to the 68EM05J3 Emulator Module (J3EM). The J3EM makes possible emulation and debugging of target systems based on these microcontroller units (MCUs):

MC68HC05J3 MC68HC705J3

The J3EM can be part of two development systems. This chapter describes those systems and explains the layout of the J3EM.

1.1 DEVELOPMENT SYSTEMS

Your J3EM can be part of two Motorola development tools: the HC05 Motorola Modular Development System (MMDS05) or the M68HC05EVS Evaluation System (HC05EVS).

1.1.1 Motorola Modular Development System (MMDS05)

The MMDS05 is an emulator system that provides a bus state analyzer and real-time memory windows. The unit's integrated design environment includes an editor, an assembler, user interface, and source-level debug. A complete MMDS05 consists of:

- **a station module** — the metal MMDS05 enclosure, containing the control board and the internal power supply. Most system cables connect to the MMDS05 station module. (The cable to an optional target system, however, runs through an aperture in the station module enclosure to connect directly to the emulator module.)
- **an emulator module (EM)** — such as the J3EM: a printed circuit board that enables system functionality for a specific set of MCUs. The EM fits into the station module through a sliding panel in the enclosure top. The EM has a connector for the target cable.

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- **two logic clip cable assemblies** — twisted-pair cables that connect the station module to your target system, a test fixture, a clock, or any other circuitry useful for evaluation or analysis. One end of each cable assembly has a molded connector, which fits into station-module pod A or pod B. Leads at the other end of each cable terminate in female probe tips. Ball clips come with the cable assemblies.
- **a 9-lead RS-232 serial cable** — the cable that connects the station module to the host computer RS-232 port.
- **a 9- to 25-pin adapter** — a molded assembly that lets you connect the 9-lead cable to a 25-pin serial port.
- **system software** — software, on 3-1/2 inch diskettes.
- **MMDS05 documentation** — an MMDS05 operations manual (MMDS05OM/D) and the appropriate EM user's manual.

As mentioned, your J3EM gives the MMDS05 the ability to emulate the MC68HC(7)05J3 MCU(s). By substituting a different EM, you can enable your MMDS05 to emulate an MCU of a different series. (Your Motorola representative can explain all the EMs available.)

Chapter 2 explains how to configure and use your J3EM as part of an MMDS05 system. For information about MMDS05 software or the station module, see the MMDS05 operations manual. For layout and configuration information pertaining to a different EM, see the corresponding EM user's manual.

1.1.2 M68HC05EVS Evaluation System (HC05EVS)

An HC05EVS is an economical, two-board tool for designing, debugging, and evaluating target systems based on an MC68HC05 MCU. A complete HC05EVS consists of:

- **a platform board (PFB)** — the bottom board, which supports the emulator module. The platform board has connectors for power and for the terminal or host computer.
- **an emulator module (EM)** — such as the J3EM: a printed circuit board that enables system functionality for a specific set of MCUs. The EM fits onto the PFB. The EM has connectors for a target cable and for a cable to a logic analyzer.
- **an RS-232 serial cable** — the cable that connects the PFB to the host computer RS-232 port.
- **system software** — software, on 3-1/2 inch diskettes.
- **HC05EVS documentation** — an HC05EVS operations manual (HC05EVSOM/D) and the appropriate EM user's manual.

As mentioned, your HC05J3 EVS emulates the MC68HC(7)05J3 MCU(s). By substituting a different EM, you can enable your HC05EVS to emulate an MCU of a different series. (Your Motorola representative can explain all the EMs available.)

Chapter 3 explains how to configure and use your J3EM as part of an HC05EVS system. For information about HC05EVS software or the platform board, see the HC05EVS operations manual. For layout and configuration information pertaining to a different EM, see the corresponding EM user's manual.

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1.2 EM LAYOUT

Figure 1-1 shows the layout of the J3EM. Jumper headers J1 and J2 let the user select the clock source; on board oscillator, target oscillator or MMDS05 oscillator. Note that the target oscillator requires a single clock supply, it is not suitable to connect a crystal external to the EM board. Jumper J3 determines the logic direction of the RESET signal at the target connector. Connector P4 is the interface to a target system. This connector can either use a separately supplied target cable from Motorola or a user-supplied ribbon cable to DIP head. If you install the J3EM in the MMDS05 station module, the target cable passes through the slit in the station module enclosure. Connector P1 connects to a logic analyzer. (Connector P1 has more significance for an EVS system, as an MMDS05 system includes a bus analyzer.) Expansion header connectors P2 and P3 connect together the EM and the control board (for an MMDS05) or the EM and the platform board (for an EVS).

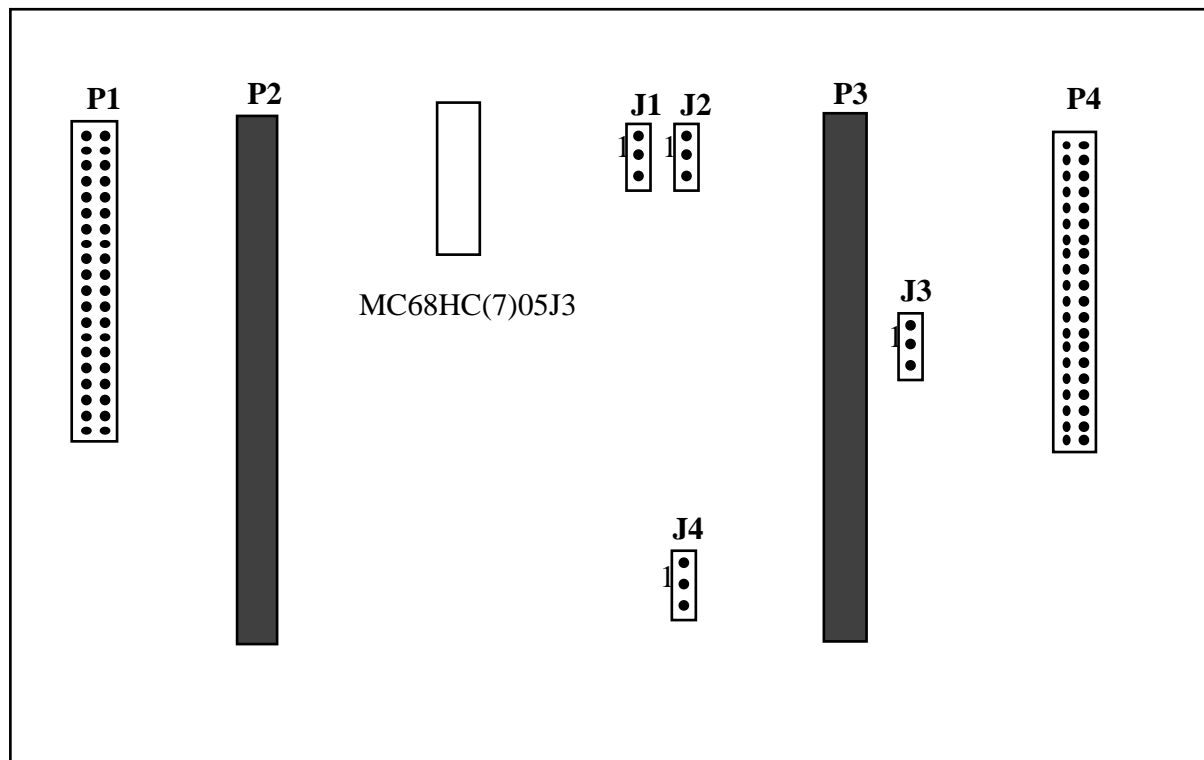


Figure 1-1. HC05J3 Emulator Module

1.3 CONNECTOR P4 PIN ASSIGNMENTS

Figure 1-2 shows the pin assignments for connector P4. For signal descriptions, consult the technical data book for the specific MCU.

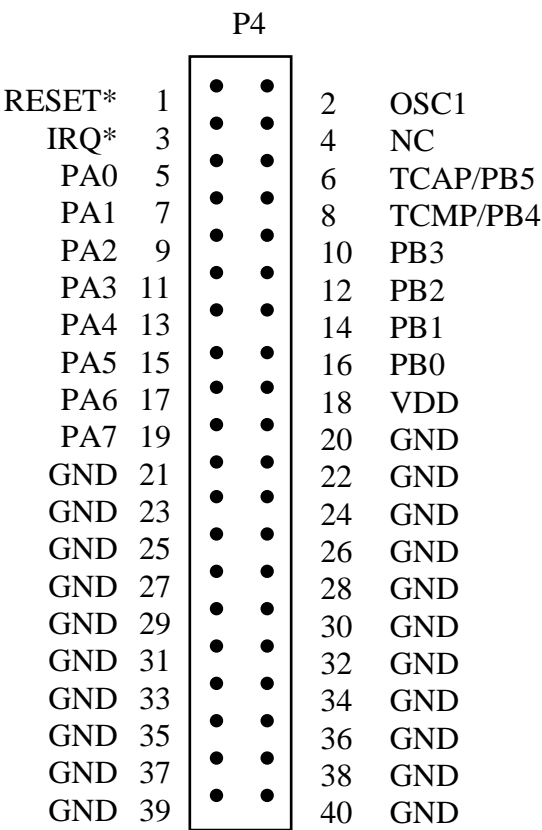


Figure 1-2. Connector P4 Pin Assignments

As connector P1 has more importance to an HC05EVS than to an MMDS05, pin assignments for connector P1 are in Chapter 3.

To configure your J3EM for use as part of an MMDS05, follow the instructions of Chapter 2. To configure your J3EM for use as part of an HC05EVS, follow the instructions of Chapter 3.

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CHAPTER 2

MMDS05 CONFIGURATION AND OPERATION

This chapter explains how to configure and use your J3EM as part of an MMDS05. For other parts of system installation or configuration, see the MMDS05 operations manual (MMDS05OM/D). (If you will use your J3EM as part of an HC05EVS system, go to Chapter 3 for corresponding information.)

Paragraph 2.1 explains how to set J3EM jumper headers. Paragraph 2.2 explains considerations pertaining to the MCU you emulate. Paragraph 2.3 explains remaining system installation.

Note that you can configure a J3EM already installed in the MMDS05 station module enclosure. To do so, switch off station-module power, remove the panel, then follow the guidance of this chapter.

CAUTION

Be sure to switch off power if you reconfigure an installed EM. Reconfiguring EM jumper headers with power left on can damage MMDS05 circuits.

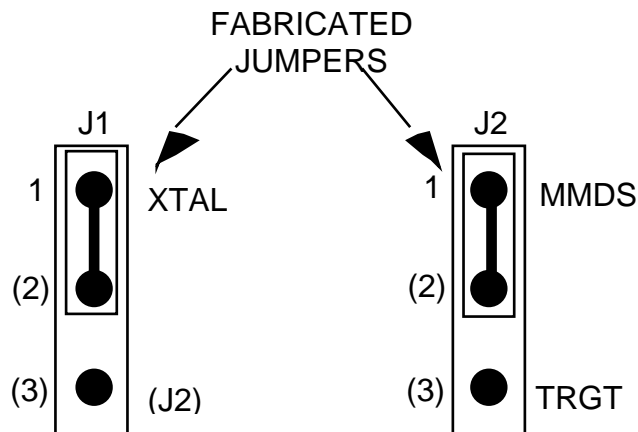
2.1 SETTING J3EM JUMPER HEADERS

Your J3EM has three jumper headers, J1 through J3. Paragraphs 2.1.1. and 2.1.2 explain how to configure these headers.

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2.1.1 Clock Source Select Headers (J1 and J2)

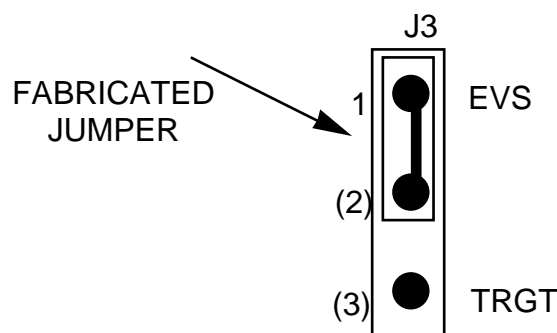
Jumper headers J1 and J2 determine the source of the clock signal. The diagram below shows the factory configuration: the fabricated jumpers select the J3EM canned oscillator clock source.



Alternatively, you may use a clock source originating from the control board. To do so, reposition the J1 jumper between pins 2 and 3, then use the MMDS05 OSC command to select a frequency. To use a clock source originating from the target system reposition the J2 jumper between pins 2 and 3 with the J1 jumper between 2 and 3.

2.1.2 Reset Select Header (J3)

Jumper header J3 controls the path of a target reset. The diagram below shows the factory configuration: the fabricated jumper between pins 1 and 2 enables your software to control resets. This is the only correct J3 configuration for a J3EM that is part of an MMDS05.



NOTE

The J3 pins 2-and-3 configuration is not correct for a J3EM that is part of an MMDS05 system. Such a configuration would interfere with correct operation of the RESETIN and RESETOUT commands.

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2.2 THE EMULATED MCU

Your MMDS05 system uses a specific personality file for the MCU type being emulated. For example, to emulate an MC68HC05J3 or MC68HC705J3 MCU, the system uses personality file 00207Vxx.MEM. Table 2-1 lists the personality files that pertain to the J3EM. Note that personality file names follow the pattern **00ZZZVxx.MEM**, where **ZZZ** is the EM identifier or MCU name, and **xx** is the version of the file.

Table 2-1. MCUs and Personality Files

EMULATED MCU	PERSONALITY FILE	COMMENTS
M68HC05J3	00206V01.MEM	See paragraph 2.2.1
M68HC705J3	00206V01.MEM	See paragraph 2.2.2.

MMDS05 software loads the personality file upon powerup. To replace the default personality file with a different one, use the LOADMEM command. (For more information about the LOADMEM command, see the explanation in the MMDS05 operations manual.)

Alternatively, you can insert the line LOADMEM 00ZZZVxx.MEM in the STARTUP.05 script file. This way, the system automatically loads the specified personality file as part of system startup. (For more information about the STARTUP.05 script file, see the SCRIPT command explanation in the MMDS05 operations manual.)

2.2.1 J3 Emulation

To emulate an MC68HC05J3 use the MC68HC705J3 for the resident MCU. The installed 705J3 allows the user to select COP and IRQ mask options under software control. These selections are mask programmable in the MC68HC05J3. See the online CHIPINFO (MMDS05 only), or the appropriate data book for further information.

To replace the supplied MC68HC705J3 device with an MC68HC05J3 device a Motorola supplied adaptor is required.

2.2.2 705J3 Emulation

The MC68HC705J3 MCU contains additional registers to allow programming of the internal EPROM and selection of mask options. An M68HC05J3 device does not support these features.

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2.3 REMAINING SYSTEM INSTALLATION

When you have configured headers J1 through J3, you are through with J3EM configuration:

- To install the J3EM in an MMDS05 station module, remove the panel from the station-module top. Fit together EM connectors P2 and P3 (on the bottom of the board) and control-board connectors P11 and P12. Snap the corners of the EM onto the plastic standoffs. Connect the target cable, if appropriate. Replace the panel.
- If your J3EM already is installed in the station module, reconnect the target cable (if necessary). Replace the panel.

At this point, you are ready to make remaining cable connections, as necessary, and restore power. For instructions, consult the MMDS05 operations manual (MMDS05OM/D).

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CHAPTER 3

HC05EVS CONFIGURATION AND OPERATION

This chapter explains how to configure your J3EM for use as part of an HC05EVS. For other parts of system installation or configuration, see the HC05EVS operations manual (HC05EVSOM/D). (If you will use your J3EM as part of an MMDS05 system, go to Chapter 2 for configuration information.)

Paragraph 3.1 explains how to set J3EM jumper headers. Paragraph 3.2 explains considerations pertaining to the MCU you emulate. Paragraph 3.3 lists limitations on using the J3EM in an HC05EVS. Paragraph 3.4 explains pin assignments and signal descriptions for the logic analyzer connector (P1). Paragraph 3.5 explains remaining system configuration.

Note that you can configure a J3EM already installed on the HC05EVS platform board. To do so, disconnect platform-board power, then follow the guidance of this chapter.

CAUTION

Be sure to disconnect power if you reconfigure an installed EM. Reconfiguring EM jumper headers with power left on can damage HC05EVS circuits.

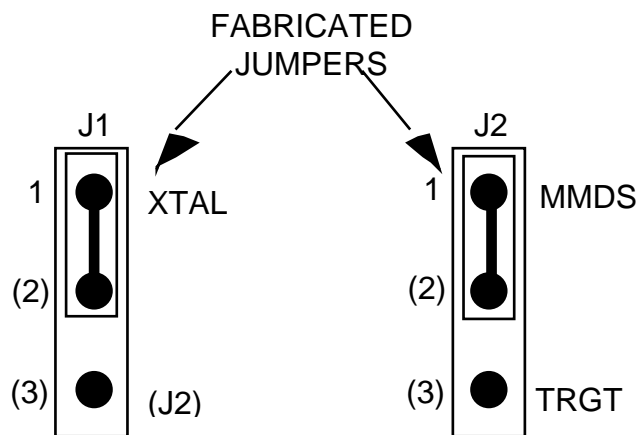
3.1 SETTING J3EM JUMPER HEADERS

Your J3EM has three jumper headers, J1 through J3. Paragraphs 3.1.1. through 3.1.2 explain how to configure these headers.

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3.1.1 Clock Source Select Headers (J1 and J2)

Jumper headers J1 and J2 determines the source of the clock signal. The diagram below shows the factory configuration: the fabricated jumpers select the J3EM canned oscillator clock source. To use a clock source originating from the target system reposition the J1 jumper between pins 2 and 3 and the J2 jumper between pins 2 and 3.

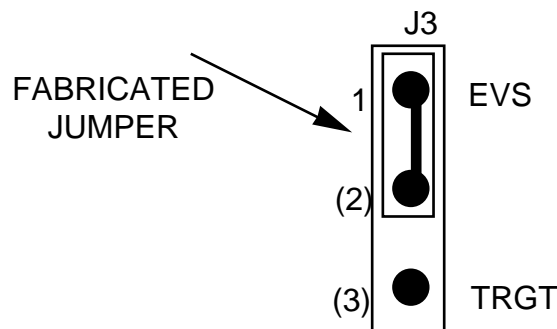


NOTE

The J2 pins 1-and-2 configuration is not correct for a J3EM that is part of an HC05EVS system.

3.1.2 Reset Select Header (J3)

Jumper header J3 controls the path of a target reset. The diagram below shows the factory configuration: the fabricated jumper between pins 1 and 2 enables your J3EVS to reset the target when you press the user or master reset switch.



Alternatively, you may enable the target system to reset the J3EVS. To do so:

- Reposition the J3EM J3 jumper between pins 2 and 3, and
- Insert a fabricated jumper into platform-board header J3.

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3.2 THE EMULATED MCU

The MCU device at J3EM location U2 contains the resident MCU. The factory ships the J3EM with an MC68HC705J3 resident MCU, which is appropriate for emulating a number of MCUs with some qualifications as described in the following paragraphs 3.

Table 3-1. Resident MCUs

EMULATED MCU	RESIDENT MCU	COMMENTS
M68HC05J3	M68HC05J3	See paragraph 3.2.1
M68HC705J3	M68HC05J3	See paragraph 3.2.2.

Table 3-1 shows the resident MCU appropriate for your emulation with additional information in the reference paragraphs. Also note paragraph 3.2.2 below, for the information specific to the MCU you emulate.

3.2.1 J3 Emulation

To emulate an MC68HC05J3 use the MC68HC705J3 for the resident MCU. The installed 705J3 allows the user to select COP and IRQ mask options under software control. These selections are mask programmable in the MC68HC05J3. See the appropriate data book for further information.

To replace the supplied MC68HC705J3 device with an MC68HC05J3 device a Motorola supplied adaptor is required.

3.2.2 705J3 Emulation

The MC68HC705J3 MCU contains additional registers to allow programming of the internal EPROM and selection of mask options. An M68HC05J3 device does not support these features.

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3.3 EVS LIMITATIONS

This paragraph explains the limitations that apply to using your J3EM in an HC05EVS. (These limitations, except 5, apply regardless of the resident MCU.)

Limitation 1. CLI/RTI. You may not trace a clear interrupt mask (CLI) or return from interrupt (RTI) instruction with an interrupt enabled and pending, due to MCU interrupt handling. Attempting such a trace causes an interrupt in the monitor map; this forces a software reset of the HC05EVS. User breakpoints remain in the user map as SWI instructions; you must remove such SWI instructions.

Limitation 2. Branch. Do not trace a conditional branch instruction (such as BRCLR) that branches to itself. As the monitor places an SWI instruction on the object of the branch, the system never would execute the instruction. However, it would appear to you that the instruction had executed. You may enter a G command while the PC points to this type of instruction as long as the instruction is not a breakpoint address.

Limitation 3. IRQ/SWI. Whenever possible, avoid mixing interrupt requests (IRQs) and user software interrupts (SWIs). This prevents a possible IRQ-SWI timing problem: a concurrent hardware interrupt and SWI could cause an HC05EVS failure that could stop program execution. To recover from such a failure (which occurs very infrequently, statistically), press the master reset switch (SW3).

Limitation 4. Memory Map. You must be aware of the memory map of the MCU being simulated; be sure to use only valid ROM locations. The HC05EVS does not provide protection to limit user programs to the exact amount of MCU ROM available. (For information about memory maps, consult the technical data book for the MCU.)

3.4 LOGIC ANALYZER CONNECTOR P1

Figure 3-1 shows the pin assignments for logic analyzer connector P1. Table 3-2 lists signal descriptions for this connector.

		P1			
NC	1	•	•	2	GND
NC	3	•	•	4	NC
LA11	5	•	•	6	GND
LA10	7	•	•	8	NC
LA9	9	•	•	10	NC
LA8	11	•	•	12	NC
LA7	13	•	•	14	NC
LA6	15	•	•	16	AD7
LA5	17	•	•	18	AD6
LA4	19	•	•	20	AD5
LA3	21	•	•	22	AD4
LA2	23	•	•	24	AD3
LA1	25	•	•	26	AD2
LA0	27	•	•	28	AD1
LR/W	29	•	•	30	AD0
NC	31	•	•	32	LIR
NC	33	•	•	34	NC
NC	35	•	•	36	NC
VCC	37	•	•	38	E
RESET	39	•	•	40	NC

Figure 3-1. Connector P1 Pin Assignments

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Table 3-2. Logic Analyzer Connector P1 Signal Descriptions

PIN	MNEMONIC	SIGNAL
1, 3, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 31, 33 — 36, 40	-----	No connection
2, 6	GND	GROUND
5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27	LA11 — LA0	LATCHED ADDRESSES (bits 11—0) - MCU latched output address bus.
16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30	AD7 — AD0	DATA BUS (bits 7—0) - MCU multiplexed I/O data bus.
29	LR/W	LATCHED READ/WRITE - Active-high output signal that indicates the direction of data transferred on the bus.
32	LIR	LOAD INSTRUCTION REGISTER - Open-drain, active-low output signal that indicates an instruction is starting.
37	VCC	+5 VDC POWER - Input voltage (+5 Vdc @ 1.0 A) used by EVS logic circuits.
38	E	EXTERNAL CLOCK - Internally generated output clock signal used as a timing reference. The frequency of E clock is 1/2 the input frequency of the signal on the OSC2 pin.
39	RESET	RESET - Active-low bidirectional signal for starting an EVS reset.

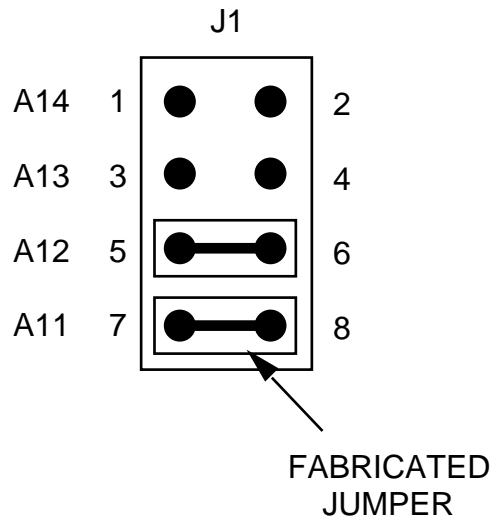
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3.5 REMAINING SYSTEM INSTALLATION

When you have configured headers J1 through J3, you are through with J3EM configuration.

The Platform Board (PFB) requires a special monitor to use the J3EM. The PFB will not operate with the standard monitor. Contact Motorola to receive the J3EM monitor.

Find jumper header J1 of the HC05EVS platform board. Make sure that two fabricated jumpers are installed, per the diagram below.



To install the J3EM on an HC05EVS platform board, fit together EM connectors P2 and P3 (on the bottom of the board) and platform-board connectors P3 and P4. Snap the corners of the EM onto the plastic standoffs.

At this point, you are ready to make remaining cable connections, as necessary, and restore power. For instructions, consult the HC05EVS operations manual (HC05EVSOM/D).

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