



Signamax™ Connectivity Systems

24-Port Gigabit Web Smart Switch With 4 Combo Slots

Model: 065-7942

User Manual

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FCC WARNING

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A device, pursuant to part 15 of FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a commercial installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communication. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case, the user will be required to correct the interference at the user's own expense.

**CE**

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.



Take special care to read and understand all the content in the warning boxes.

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Unpacking Information

Congratulations on purchasing this 24-port Gigabit Web Smart Switch with 4 Mini-GBIC Combo slots. Before you start, please verify that your package contains the following items:

1. One 24-port Gigabit Web Smart Switch with 4 SFP slots
2. One power cord
3. Rack-mounting brackets and screws (optional)
4. User Manual CD

Introduction

General Description

This Switch will instantly boost your networking throughput because it provides you with 24 Gigabit ports that enable true Gigabit connectivity. Users are now able to transfer large and bandwidth-hungry files faster and hence get a real efficiency improvement. This efficiency is further enhanced by the user-friendly Web-based management interface. In addition to the 24 copper ports, the Switch offers **4 fiber ports (slots) that can be used in the place of the last 4 copper ports (these are interchangeable or 'combo' ports)**. These mini-GBIC slots offer the option of a long-distance, fiber-based connection. Use of a mini-GBIC port automatically disables its corresponding copper port.

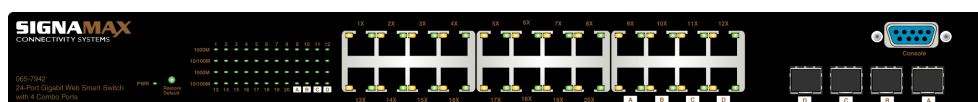
The management functions enable efficient network usage. VLAN reduces the collisions caused by broadcasting. Port Aggregation enlarges the bandwidth of the backbone connection. QoS secures the bandwidth for some bandwidth-hungry applications like VoIP and video conferencing. The Switch also supports 802.3x and backpressure flow control mechanisms to ensure the correctness of data transmission.

Key Features

- 24 (twenty-four) 10/100/1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- 4 (four) SFP slots for optional fiber connection.
- Supports auto-detection for mini-GBIC module insertion
- Auto-discovery function for easy Network management.
- 8K MAC address entries and 24 groups VLAN table
- Supports Port Mirroring.
- Supports up to 8 ports and 12 groups port aggregation.
- Supports QoS: port-based, tag-based, DSCP priority
- Supports full-duplex flow control and half-duplex backpressure
- Supports Rate Limit (ICMP Rate, Broadcast Rate, Multicast Rate, and Ingress/Egress Rate)
- Supports Jumbo frame 9K bytes
- Supports 500K bytes buffer Memory
- Supports Web-based management interface.
- Non-blocking wire-speed switching performance
- Supports firmware upgrade, SNMP
- FCC Class A, CE, VCCI. RoHS-compliant

The Front Panel

The front panel features all the LED indicators and ports:



Device LED:

LED	Status	Operation
Power (PWR)	Steady Green	The switch is powered on
	Off	The switch is powered off

Port LEDs:

LED	Status	Operation
1000M	Green	The port is connected at 1000 Mbps
	Blinking Green	A valid link is established, and there is data transmitting/receiving.
	Off	No valid link on this port or the Port is connected at 10/100 Mbps
10/100M	Steady Green	A valid link is established, and there is no data transmitting/receiving.
	Blinking Green	A valid link is established, and there is data transmitting/receiving.
	Off	No valid link on this port or the port is connected at 1000 Mbps

Attention : The mini-GBIC (SFP) slots share their LED indicators with their interchangeable Gigabit RJ-45 (copper) 'combo' ports (the last 4 copper ports). Use of a mini-GBIC slot automatically disables its corresponding copper port.

Port Operation

The auto-negotiation feature allows ports to run at one of the following operation modes:

Media	Speed	Duplex Mode
10/100/1000Mbps(copper)	10Mbps	Full Duplex
		Half Duplex
	100Mbps	Full Duplex
		Half Duplex
1000Mbps(Fiber) (mini GBIC required)	1000Mbps	Full Duplex

Note: For the interchangeable (combo) ports (the last 4 RJ-45 ports and the fiber slots), if both the fiber and copper interfaces of an interchangeable pair (combo) are connected (incorrect set-up), the system automatically accepts the fiber interface and disables the copper port.

Restore Default Button

You can use this button to reset the switch or restore it to its factory default settings.

To reset the switch, press the button once.

To restore factory default settings, press and hold the button for three seconds.

The Rear Panel

The rear panel:



Power Receptacle

To be compatible with electricity standards around the world, the Switch is designed to work with voltages between 100 and 240V AC and 50/60Hz. Please make sure that your region's electricity supply is within this range.

To power on the Switch, please plug the female end of the power cord firmly into the receptacle of the Switch and the other (male) end into an electricity outlet (usually a wall plug). After plugging in the power cord, check if the power LED is lit to indicate normal power status.

Installation

This Switch can be placed on your desktop or mounted in a rack. Installation is very easy. Users can use all the features of the Switch by simply attaching the cables and turning the power on.

Before installing the Switch, we strongly recommend that ...

1. ... the Switch must be placed in an environment that is well ventilated – a minimum space around the unit of 25mm is recommended.
2. ... the Switch and relevant components are far from sources of electrical noise, such as radios, transmitters and broadband amplifiers
3. ... the Switch's environment is protected from high levels of humidity.

Desktop Installation

1. Install the Switch on a level surface that can support the weight of the unit and the relevant components.
2. Plug the Switch's power cord into the power outlet.

Rack Installation

Rack mounting enables orderly installation in cases where many networking devices have to be installed in the same area. The Switch is supplied with brackets and screws for rack-mounting purposes.

1. Disconnect all cables from the Switch before mounting it.
2. Place the unit the right way up on a hard, flat surface with the front facing you.
3. Locate a mounting bracket over the mounting holes on one side of the unit.
4. Insert the screws and tighten them with a suitable screwdriver.
5. Repeat this for the other side of the unit.
6. Slide the unit into the rack and secure it with suitable screws.
7. Reconnect all the cables.

Installing Network Cables

1. **Crossover or straight-through cable:** All the ports on the Switch support Auto-MDI/MDI-X functionality. Both straight-through and crossover cables can be used to connect the Switch with PCs and other devices like switches, hubs or router.
2. **Category 3,4,5 or 5eUTP/STP cable:** To make a valid connection and obtain optimal performance, it is vital to use the appropriate cables that correspond to the different transmitting/receiving speeds.
3. To choose a suitable cable, please refer to the following table:

Media	Speed	Wiring
10/100/1000Mbps copper	10Mbps	Category 3,4,5 Utp/STP
	100Mbps	Category 5 UTP/STP
	1000Mbps	Category 5,5e UTP/STP
1000Mbps Fiber (Mini-GBIC required)	1000Mbps	The cable type differs according to the mini-GBIC you choose. Please refer to the instructions that came with your mini-GBIC

Description of Switch Functions

Jumbo Frame

The Switch supports Jumbo Frames, which means that it can transmit the same data in fewer frames. This helps to ensure fewer overheads, shorter processing time, and fewer interruptions.

NOTE: To enable Jumbo Frame, Flow Control should be enabled in advance.

Flow Control and Backpressure

Flow Control and Backpressure both help devices with different processing speeds to communicate with each other. This ensures the correctness of data transmissions. The 802.3x Flow Control and Backpressure mechanisms work respectively for full- and half-duplex modes. Flow Control can be enabled or disabled on a per-port basis.

Mirror

The Mirror function enables network administrators to monitor all traffic. By forwarding a copy of the packets that are transferred by the monitored port, the sniffer port receives all the packets and hence is able to monitor the traffic through the specified port.

VLAN

This Switch supports Virtual LAN, which means the network can be segmented into groups to reduce collisions caused by wide broadcasting. The Switch supports both port-based VLAN and 802.1q tag-based VLAN. Port-based VLAN directs incoming packets to VLANs according to their ingress ports. 802.1q-based VLAN adds a tag to the header of the packet to direct the packet to the right VLAN.

Trunk (Aggregation)

The Trunk function groups several ports into one combined transmission channel. This increases the bandwidth, which helps to boost backbone connectivity. The Switch allows a maximum of 4 groups and 8 members for each group.

Quality of Service (QoS)

QoS classifies packets into different precedence classes. The packets are transmitted and received according to their classified priorities. This mechanism helps high-bandwidth demanding applications such as VoIP to get an unobstructed connection.

SNMP

The Switch supports SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol). It allows the product to be monitored by an SNMP management station.

Management guide

Access the Switch

This section shows you how to access and use the Switch's advanced management capability, which can be accessed via console port or Internet Browser over the network (in-band).

Manage via Command Line Interface

To start the Command Line Interface, please connect a PC COM port to the RS-232 connector and activate a terminal emulation software (e.g. Windows' HyperTerminal)

The terminal emulation software should be started in the following configuration:

1. Data rate: 115200 baud
2. Data format: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity
3. Flow control: none.
4. Click the property icon, select settings, make sure that: The Function, arrow, and ctrl keys act as: Terminal keys, Emulation: VT100

Note: To manage via command line interface, please find the "Appendix" for more information

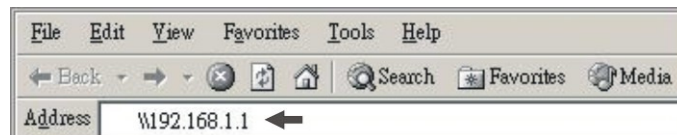
Manage via Web Browser

To access the Web-based management interface, you should configure the management station with an IP address and subnet mask that is compatible with your switch.

The factory defaults of the Switch:

IP :	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0

1. Run your Web Browser and enter the appropriate IP address in the Address field:



2. Key in the user name and password. The factory default value of User Name and Password is "**admin**".

24G+4 SFP Web Smart Switch

Configuration

- System
- Port
- VLAN
- Aggregation
- Quality of Service
- Mirror
- Rate Limit
- SNMP
- Discovery

Monitoring

- Statistics Overview
- Detailed Statistics

Maintenance

- Restart
- Factory Default
- Smart Boot
- Software Upload

Please enter password to login

Username:	admin
Password:	*****

Homepage

After successful log-in, the “**SYSTEM Configuration**” page appears (this is also the Homepage). You can click on the hyperlinks on the left side of each page to get access to each management function.

24G+4 SFP Web Smart Switch

Configuration

- System
- Port
- VLAN
- Aggregation
- Quality of Service
- Mirror
- Rate Limit
- SNMP
- Discovery

Monitoring

- Statistics Overview
- Detailed Statistics

Maintenance

System Configuration

MAC Address	00-08-54-d6-2f-10
SAW Version	v1.0
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.254
Management VLAN	1
User name	admin
Password	*****
Systemname	24G_4SFP_Switch

System

The System window provides the Switch's system information and allows users to configure most of these properties (see table under screenshot for details).

System Configuration	
MAC Address	00-08-54-d6-2f-10
S/W Version	v1.0
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.254
Management VLAN	1
User name	admin
Password	*****
Systemname	24G_4SFP_Switch
Apply Refresh	

Items	Functions
MAC Address	The MAC address of this device..
S/W Version	The software version of this device.
IP Address	Set up the IP address of the switch
Subnet Mask	Set up the Subnet Mask of the switch
Gateway	Set up the Gateway of the switch
Management VLAN	The VLAN group that is allowed to access the WEB-based management interface.
User Name	The Log-in name. (Default: admin)
Password	The Log-in password. (Default: admin)
System Name	The name of the device.

To save the configuration of the system, click "**Apply**".

Note:

After applying a new IP address, a new log-in page will appear automatically. Please log in again to proceed to other configurations.

Port

This **Port Configuration** page shows the link status of each port and allows users to configure speed, flow control and maximum frame size for each port.

Port Configuration

Port	Link	Mode	Flow Control	MaxFrame
1	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
2	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
3	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
4	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
5	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
6	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
7	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
8	100FDX	Auto Speed	☐	1518
9	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
10	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
11	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
12	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
13	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
14	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
15	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518
16	Down	Auto Speed	☐	1518

Apply

Refresh

Items	Functions
Link	Shows the link status of each port. The column lights green and shows the link speed if there is valid connection on the port.
Mode	Select a speed for this port. “Auto Speed” enables auto-negotiation. “Disable” stops the port from functioning.
Flow Control	Mark the checkbox to enable the FDX Flow Control, or unmark to disable.
Max Frame length	Adjust the size of Jumbo Frames. The default is 1518 bytes. The Maximum value can be up to 9k bytes.

To save the configuration of the system, click “**Apply**”. You can also click the “**Refresh**” button to show the updated statuses of the ports.

VLAN

VLAN divides the network members into groups to reduce packet collisions and improve the network efficiency. The switch supports 802.1q tag-based VLAN. Please follow the instructions to configure.

- To add new VLAN groups,
 1. Fill in a VLAN ID, from 2 to 4094, in the “**VLAN\Port**” column.
 2. Select the ports for each VLAN group.
 3. Click the “**Apply**” button to execute.

- To delete a VLAN group
 1. Remove the members of the VLAN group by unmarking their marked checkboxes.
 2. Clear the VLAN ID of the VLAN you want to remove in the “**VLAN\Port**” column. (Don't type N/A. Just leave it blank)
 3. Click the “**Apply**” button to execute.

Port Segmentation (VLAN) Configuration

VLAN/Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☒
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
NA	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

PVID setting

Apply

Refresh

PVID

When the VLAN-enabled Switch receives a tagged packet, the packet will be sent to the port's default VLAN according to the PVID (port VLAN ID) of the receiving port.

Items	Functions																				
Port	Port Number 1~24																				
Egress	Select “tagged” in the drop menu to enable the PVID checking and tag inserting of one port, and select “untagged” to cancel. For example, if an Egress-tagged port receives an untagged frame, it will be transmitted as a PVID tagged frame. For the detail tagging status, please refer to the following table. <table><tr><th colspan="2">Untagged</th><th colspan="2">Tagged</th></tr><tr><th>Packet Frames In</th><th>Packet Frames Out</th><th>Packet Frames In</th><th>Packet Frames Out</th></tr><tr><td>Untagged</td><td>Untagged</td><td>Untagged</td><td>Tagged (PVID)</td></tr><tr><td>Tagged</td><td>Untagged</td><td>Tagged (VID)</td><td>Tagged (VID)</td></tr><tr><td>Pri-tagged</td><td>Untagged</td><td>Pri-tagged</td><td>Tagged (PVID)</td></tr></table>	Untagged		Tagged		Packet Frames In	Packet Frames Out	Packet Frames In	Packet Frames Out	Untagged	Untagged	Untagged	Tagged (PVID)	Tagged	Untagged	Tagged (VID)	Tagged (VID)	Pri-tagged	Untagged	Pri-tagged	Tagged (PVID)
Untagged		Tagged																			
Packet Frames In	Packet Frames Out	Packet Frames In	Packet Frames Out																		
Untagged	Untagged	Untagged	Tagged (PVID)																		
Tagged	Untagged	Tagged (VID)	Tagged (VID)																		
Pri-tagged	Untagged	Pri-tagged	Tagged (PVID)																		
PVID	Port VLAN ID(1~4094)																				
Only tagged	Enable: block all untagged packets from accessing this port. Disable: All packets are allowed to access this port.																				

PVID Configuration

Port	Egress	PVID	Only tagged
1	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
2	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
3	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
4	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
5	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
6	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
7	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
8	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
9	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
10	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
11	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
12	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
13	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
14	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
15	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾
16	Untagged ▾	1	Disable ▾

Aggregation/ Trunk Configuration

To set up the port trunk groups, put the selected ports' numbers into the same Aggregation group. You can choose up to eight groups. Don't forget to click “Apply” to save the settings.

There are three aggregation modes for you to set up, SMAC, DMAC, and XOR. SMAC mode selects the path of packets according to Source MAC while DMAC mode selects path according to Destination MAC. XOR mode calculates the result of the DMAC and

SMAC modes to decide the path of the packets.

Aggregation/Trunking Configuration

Mode	xor ▾															
Group\Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Normal	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 1	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 2	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 3	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 4	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 5	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 6	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 7	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Group 8	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Apply

Refresh

Note:

1. Settings in VLAN, Port Aggregation, and Mirror are co-dependent. Please make sure that the settings won't influence one another.

Quality of Service

QoS enhances communication quality by giving precedence to certain classes of packets. This switch provides port-based, tag-based and DSCP QoS modes:

QoS Configuration

Port	Mode
1	Port ▼
2	Port ▼
3	Port ▼
4	Port ▼
5	Port ▼
6	Port ▼
7	Port ▼
8	Port ▼
9	Port ▼
10	Port ▼
11	Port ▼
12	Port ▼
13	Port ▼
14	Port ▼
15	Port ▼
16	Port ▼

Port priority Tag priority DSCP priority

Apply Refresh

Port-based mode QoS:

Port-based QoS allows users to configure each port as having a high or low priority. To assign a priority level to each port:

1. Select **"Port"** in the **"Mode"** column for those ports that are going to function as part of port-based QoS. Click the **"Apply"** button.
2. Click the **"Port priority"** button. The **"Port Priority Setting"** appears.
3. Click on the drop menu to specify priority levels.
4. Click **"Apply"** to execute.

Port priority setting

1	Low
2	Low
3	Low
4	Low
5	Low
6	Low
7	Low
8	Low
9	Low
10	Low
11	Low
12	Low
13	Low
14	Low
15	Low
16	Low

Tag-based QoS:

Tag-based QoS assigns packet priority according to the tags on the packets.

To configure Tag-based QoS:

1. Select **"Tagged"** in the **"Mode"** column for those ports that are going to perform tag-based QoS. Click the **"Apply"** button.
2. Click the **"Tag priority"** button. The **"Tag Priority Setting"** page shows up.
3. Select the port that you are going to configure from the drop menu.
4. Set the priorities as high or low for each Priority Tag type.
5. Click the **"Apply"** button again to execute your configuration.

Tag priority setting				
Port	Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Priority
Port1 ▾	0	0	0	Low ▾
	0	0	1	Low ▾
	0	1	0	Low ▾
	0	1	1	Low ▾
	1	0	0	Low ▾
	1	0	1	Low ▾
	1	1	0	Low ▾
	1	1	1	Low ▾

Apply Refresh

DSCP-mode QoS:

DSCP-mode QoS assigns packet priority according to the types of the incoming packets. It distinguishes packets according to the “Delay”, “Throughput” and “Reliability” information attached to the packet. The types are listed as the following:

Bit 0 (Delay)	Bit 1 (Throughput)	Bit 3 (Reliability)
0 (Normal)	0 (Normal)	0 (Normal)
1 (Low)	1 (High)	1 (High)

Note: The Switch distinguishes packets with DSCP precedence “000(routine)” only.

To configure DSCP-based QoS configuration:

1. Select “**DSCP**” in the “**Mode**” column for those ports that are going to perform DSCP-based QoS. Click the “**Apply**” button.
2. Click the “**DSCP priority**” button. The “**DSCP Priority Setting**” page shows up.
3. Set the priorities as high or low for each precedence type.
4. Click the “**Apply**” button again to execute your configuration.

DSCP priority setting

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Priority
0	0	0	Low
0	0	1	Low
0	1	0	Low
0	1	1	Low
1	0	0	Low
1	0	1	Low
1	1	0	Low
1	1	1	Low

Mirror

The **Mirror** function copies all the packets that are transmitted by the source port to the destination port. It allows administrators to analyze and monitor the traffic of the monitored ports.

Mirror Configuration:

1. Select those ports that are going to be monitored by marking the checkboxes in the “**Monitor Port**” column.
2. Click the drop menu in the “**Sniffer Port**” column. Select a port as the administration port for monitoring those source ports.
3. Click “**Apply**” to activate.

Mirror Configuration

Sniffer port							
port1 ▼							
Monitor port							
☐ port1	☐ port2	☐ port3	☐ port4	☐ port5	☐ port6	☐ port7	☐ port8
☐ port9	☐ port10	☐ port11	☐ port12	☐ port13	☐ port14	☐ port15	☐ port16
Apply Refresh							

Rate Limit

The “**Rate Limit**” page allows users to limit the bandwidth for each port and configure the rules for Storm Control, which limits the flow of broadcast and multicast

To perform storm control:

1. Click on each drop list to specify a speed for each frame type.
2. Click the “**Apply**” button to execute your configuration.

Rate Limit Configuration

Storm Control		
Number of frames per second		
ICMP Rate	No Limit ▼	
Broadcast Rate	No Limit ▼	
Multicast Rate	No Limit ▼	

Port	Ingress	Egress
1	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
2	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
3	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
4	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
5	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
6	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
7	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
8	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
9	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
10	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
11	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
12	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
13	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
14	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
15	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼
16	No Limit ▼	No Limit ▼

Apply Refresh

SNMP

This device supports SNMP-management, which allows network administrators to monitor and configure this device with SNMP software. To allow this device to be managed via SNMP:

1. Select "enable" in the drop menu.
2. Specify a trap IP. A trap IP is the destination port for sending trap information, which is usually the IP address of network administrators.
3. Fill in a name in the "Community Get" column, which is the password for accessing MIB with read-only authority.
4. Fill in a name in the "Community Set" column, which is the password for accessing MIB with read-and-write authority.

SNMP Configuration	
Mode	Enable ▾
Trap IP	0.0.0.0
Community Get	public
Community Set	private
Apply Refresh	

Discovery

After installing a series of our switches, the discovery management tool helps users to search and get access to those switches within the LAN.

Note: The discovery tool lists a maximum of 16 devices respectively for auto and manual modes.

Auto Search

1. Click the "Apply" button to start.
2. The devices being found are listed below.
3. Click the IP address hyperlink to get access to the device.

Discovery

Auto Search

Manual Add

IP Address: Name:

Manual Add

Add

1. Enter the IP address & name in the text box
2. Click "**Add**" to add the new IP address on the table

Delete

1. Click the check box of the one you want to remove
2. Click "**Delete**" to remove.

Statistics Overview

The Statistics Overview is provided for users to see the general transmitting and receiving status of each port. You may click the **“Clear”** button to clean all statistics or click the **“Refresh”** button to renew the statistics.

Statistics Overview for all ports						
Clear Refresh						
Port	Tx Bytes	Tx Frames	Rx Bytes	Rx Frames	Tx Errors	Rx Errors
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	311209	1265	26734096	212962	0	19
9	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0

Detailed Statistics

The Detailed Statistics is provided for users to see the detailed transmitting and receiving status of each port. Please click the hyperlinks above to select a port. You may also click the **“Clear”** button to clean all statistics or click the **“Refresh”** button to renew the statistics.

Statistics for Port 1									
Clear Refresh									
		Port 1	Port 2	Port 3	Port 4	Port 5	Port 6	Port 7	Port 8
		Port 9	Port 10	Port 11	Port 12	Port 13	Port 14	Port 15	Port 16
Receive Total					Transmit Total				
Rx Packets		0			Tx Packets		0		
Rx Octets		0			Tx Octets		0		
Rx Broad- and Multicast		0			Tx Broad- and Multicast		0		
Rx Error Packets		0			Tx Error Packets		0		

Restart

Restart:

To restart the system, click the **“Yes”** button. The system restarts and shows the authentication window. Please fill in the username and password to continue.

A confirmation dialog box with a purple header bar containing the word "Restart". Below the header is a red rectangular area with the text "Are you sure you want to perform a Restart?" followed by two buttons: "Yes" and "No".

Restart	
Are you sure you want to perform a Restart? Yes No	

Factory Default

Restore Factory Default:

To restore the factory default settings, click the **Yes** button.

Note: The IP address of the device will also be reconfigured to the factory default setting, which is 192.168.0.254.

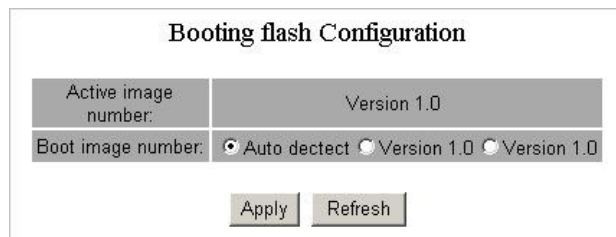
A confirmation dialog box with a purple header bar containing the words "Factory Default". Below the header is a red rectangular area with the text "Are you sure you want to perform a Factory Default?" followed by two buttons: "Yes" and "No".

Factory Default	
Are you sure you want to perform a Factory Default? Yes No	

Smart Boot

This Smart Boot page allows users to select the booting flash of the device.

“Active image number” shows the current flash for booting the device. To change the booting flash, click on the appropriate flash in the **“Boot image number”** column and click the **“Apply”** button to execute.

A form titled "Booting flash Configuration". It contains two rows of labels and values. The first row has "Active image number:" and "Version 1.0". The second row has "Boot image number:" and three radio buttons: "Auto detect" (selected), "Version 1.0", and "Version 1.0". At the bottom are two buttons: "Apply" and "Refresh".

Booting flash Configuration	
Active image number:	Version 1.0
Boot image number:	☒ Auto detect ☐ Version 1.0 ☐ Version 1.0
Apply Refresh	

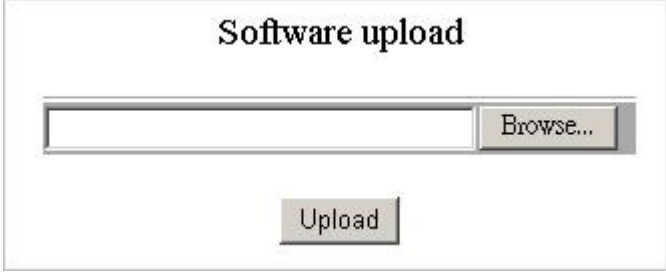
Software Upload

This “Software Upload” page allows users to upgrade firmware for this Switch.

To perform firmware upgrade:

1. Click the “**Browse**” button
2. Locate the firmware file
3. Click the “**Upload**” button to execute.

Note: This new firmware is going to be applied on the remaining flash that you have NOT selected in “**Smart Boot**”, that is, the new firmware is going to be applied on the flash that is **NOT** chosen as the booting flash. Please ensure that you boot this device with the correct flash before performing a firmware upgrade.



The image shows a web interface titled "Software upload". It contains a text input field for a file path, followed by a "Browse..." button. Below these elements is an "Upload" button.

Product Specifications

Standards	IEEE802.3 10BASE-T IEEE802.3u 100BASE-TX IEEE802.3x full-duplex operation and flow control IEEE802.3ab/z 1000BASE-T IEEE802.1Q VLAN interoperability IEEE802.1p Priority Operation
Interface	24 * 10/100/1000Mbps auto MDI/MDI-X RJ-45 switching ports 4 * SFP(mini-GBIC) ports 1 * Restore Default Button
Cable Connections	RJ-45 (10BASE-T): Category 3,4,5 UTP/STP RJ-45 (100BASE-TX): Category 5 UTP/STP RJ-45 (1000BASE-T): Category 5,5e or enhanced UTP/STP Fiber: depends on Mini-GBIC types
Network Data Rate	10/100/1000Mbps Auto-negotiation
Transmission Mode	10/100Mbps Full-duplex, Half-duplex 1000Mbps Full-duplex
LED indicators	System: Power RJ-45 Ports 1000M, 10/100M
Memory	8K MAC entries 500K Buffer Memory 9K Byte Jumbo Frame
Emission	FCC Class A, CE, VCCI, RoHS
Operating Temperature	0° ~ 40°C (32° ~ 104°F)
Operating Humidity	10% - 90% (non-condensing)
Power Supply	Internal power supply 100-240V / 50-60Hz universal input

Appendix- Command Line Interface

Start-up and Terminal configuration

To start the Command Line Interface, please connect a PC COM port to the RS-232 connector and activate a terminal emulation software (e.g. Windows' HyperTerminal)

The terminal emulation software should be started in the following configuration:

1. Data rate: 115200 baud
2. Data format: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity
3. Flow control: none.
4. Click the property icon, select settings, make sure that: The Function, arrow, and ctrl keys act as: Terminal keys, Emulation: VT100

Login/Logout Procedures

To get access to the CLI, you will have to get the username and password for login.

The default username and password are "admin" and "admin".

Note: We recommend that you configure a new username and password to prevent unauthorized users from accessing the device.

```
Username: admin
```

```
Password: *****
```

Command Hierarchy

After logging in, press ? + <enter> to show the 9 command groups.

System	- System commands
Console	- Console commands
Port	- Port commands
VLAN	- VLAN commands
Aggr	- Aggregation commands
QoS	- QoS commands
Mirror	- Mirror commands
IP	- IP commands
SNMP	- SNMP commands
Ratelimit	- Rate setup commands
Exit	- Logout commands

Press ? or help to get help. The help depends on the context (where you are in the program):

- At top level, a list of command groups will be shown.
- At group level, a list of the command syntaxes will be shown.
- If given after a command, the syntax and a description of the command will be shown.

Entering Commands

To give any command, please key in your command and press enter.

Example:

1. Type "system" and press <enter> to get access to the system command group.
2. Type "Configuration" and press <enter> to perform "configuration"

```
System Configuration:
Systemname: 16G_4SFP_Switch
Username: admin
Password: admin
S/W Version: v1.0
MAC address: 00-08-54-d6-2f-10
```

You can type "up" and press <enter> to go back to the upper level.

Command Description

These are the group commands of the command line interface:

Command groups:

System	- System commands
Console	- Console commands
Port	- Port commands
VLAN	- VLAN commands
Aggr	- Aggregation commands
QoS	- QoS commands
Mirror	- Mirror commands
IP	- IP commands
SNMP	- SNMP commands
Ratelimit	- Rate setup commands
Exit	- Logout commands

System Commands

Commands at System level:

System Configuration [all]
System Restore Default [keepIP]
System UserName [<name>]
System Password [<password>]
System Systemname [<name>]
System Reboot

System Configuration [all]

Syntax:

System Configuration [all]

Description:

Show system name, username, password, software version and management MAC address. Optionally show the full configuration

[all]: Show the total switch configuration (default: System configuration only)

System Restore Default [keepIP]

Description:

Restore factory default configuration.

[keepIP]: Preserve IP configuration (default: Not preserved).

UserName [<name>]

Description:

Set or show the user name.

[<name>]: String of up to 16 characters (default: Show user name).

System Password [<password>]

Description:

Set or show the console password. The empty string ("") disables the password check.

[<password>]: Password string of up to 16 characters.

System Systemname [<name>]

Description:

Set or show the system name.

[<name>]: String of up to 16 characters (default: Show system name).

System Reboot

Description:

Reboot the switch.

Console Commands

Commands at Console level:

Console Configuration

Console Timeout [<timeout>]

Console Prompt [<prompt string>]

Console Configuration

Description:

Show configured console prompt and timeout

Console Timeout [<timeout>]

Description:

Set or show the console inactivity timeout in seconds. The value zero disables timeout.

[<timeout>]: Timeout value in seconds, 0,60-10000.

Console Prompt [<prompt_string>]

Description:

Set or show the console prompt string.

[<prompt_string>]: Command prompt string of up to 10 characters.

Port Commands

Commands at Port level:

Port Configuration [<portlist>]
Port Mode [<portlist>] [<mode>]
Port Flow Control [<portlist>] [enable|disable]
Port Admin [<portlist>] [enable|disable]
Port MaxFrame [<portlist>] [<framesize>|reset]
Port Statistics [<portlist>] [clear]

#Note: If you want to make maxframe bigger than 1518, the [Flow Control] should be enabled!

Port Configuration [<portlist>]

Description:

Show the configured and current speed, duplex mode, flow control mode and admin state for the port.

[<portlist>]: Port list (Default: All ports).

Port Mode [<portlist>] [<mode>]

Description:

Set or show the speed and duplex mode for the port.

[<portlist>]: Port list (Default: All ports).

[<mode>] : Port speed and duplex mode (Default: Show configured and current mode).

10hdx : 10 Mbit/s, half duplex.

10fdx : 10 Mbit/s, full duplex.

100hdx : 100 Mbit/s, half duplex.

100fdx : 100 Mbit/s, full duplex.

1000fdx: 1 Gbit/s, full duplex.

auto : Auto negotiation of speed and duplex.

Port Flow Control [<portlist>] [enable|disable]

Description:

Set or show flow control mode for the port.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).

[enable|disable]: Enable/disable flow control (default: Show flow control mode).

Port Admin [<portlist>] [enable|disable]

Description:

Set or show the admin state for the port.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).

[enable|disable]: Enable or disable admin state (default: Show admin state).

Port MaxFrame [<portlist>] [<framesize>|reset]

Description:

Set or show the maximum frame size in bytes (including FCS) for frames received on the port. Tagged frames are allowed to be 4 bytes longer than the maximum frame size. Use the reset option to return to default setting.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).

[<framesize>|reset]: Maximum frame size [1518-9216] or reset to 1518 bytes (default: Show maximum frame size)

Port Statistics [<portlist>] [clear]

Description:

Show or clear statistics for the port.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

[clear] : Clear port statistics (default: Show statistics).

VLAN Commands

Commands at VLAN level:

VLAN Configuration [<portlist>]

VLAN Add <vidlist> [<portlist>]

VLAN Delete <vidlist>

VLAN Lookup <vidlist>

VLAN Egress [<portlist>] [untagged|tagged]

VLAN PVID [<portlist>] [<vid>|none]

VLAN OnlyTag [<portlist>] [enable|disable]

VLAN Configuration [<portlist>]

Description:

Show the VLAN egress mode, port VLAN ID and accepted frame type for the port and the permanently stored VLAN table.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

VLAN Add <vidlist> [<portlist>]

Description:

Add VLAN entry and include ports in member set.

<vidlist> : VLAN ID list.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

VLAN Delete <vidlist>

Description:

Delete VLAN entry (all ports excluded from member set).

<vidlist> : VLAN ID list.

VLAN Lookup <vidlist>

Description:

Lookup VLAN entry and show port list.

<vidlist> : VLAN ID list.

VLAN Egress [<portlist>] [untagged|tagged]

Description:

Set or show the VLAN egress mode setting for the port. Egress untagged ports will strip the VLAN tag from received frames.

Egress tagged ports will not strip the tag from received frames

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

[tagged|untagged]: (default: Show egress tag setting).

VLAN PVID [<portlist>] [<vid>|none]

Description:

Set or show the port VLAN ID. Untagged frames received on the port will be classified to this VLAN ID. Frames classified to this VLAN ID will be sent untagged on the port.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

[<vid>|none]: Port VLAN ID, 1-4094 (default: Show PVID).

The 'none' option can be used for trunk links.

VLAN OnlyTag [<portlist>] [enable|disable]

Description:

Set or show the onlytag setting of this port.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

[enable|disable]: Only accept tagged frame or not (default: Show disable).

Aggregation Commands

Commands at Aggr level:
Aggr Configuration
Aggr Add <portlist>
Aggr Delete <portlist>
Aggr Lookup <portlist>
Aggr Mode [smac|dmac|xor]

Aggr Configuration

Description:
Shows the aggregation groups and the aggregation mode.

Aggr Delete <portlist>

Description:
Delete link aggregation group.
<portlist>: Port list. Aggregations including any of the ports will be deleted.

Aggr Lookup <portlist>

Description:
Look up and display link aggregation group.
<portlist>: Port list. Aggregations including any of the ports will be shown.

Aggr Mode [smac|dmac|xor]

Description:
Set or show link aggregation traffic distribution mode.
[smac|dmac|xor]: Aggregation mode, SMAC, DMAC or XOR (default: Show mode).

QoS Commands

Commands at QoS level:

QoS Configuration [<portlist>]
 QoS Mode [<portlist>] [tag|port|diffserv]
 QoS Port [<portlist>] [<class>]
 QoS Tagprio [<portlist>] [<tagpriolist>] [<class>]
 QoS DiffServ [<dscpno>] [<class>]

<class> range: low|normal|medium|high

QoS Configuration [<portlist>]

Description:

Show the configured QoS mode and the priority setting of all ports.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

QoS Mode [<portlist>] [tag|port|diffserv]

Description:

Set or show the QoS mode for the port.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).
 [tag|port|diffserv] : Enable tag, port or IP differentiated services
 class of service for the port (default: Show mode).

QoS Port [<portlist>] [<class>]

Description:

Set or show the port class. In tag mode, the default class is used for untagged frames. In port mode, the default class is used as the port priority. In diffserv mode, the default class is used for non-IP frames.

[<portlist>]: Port list (default: All ports).

[<class>] : Internal class of service (default: Show default class).

QoS Tagprio [<portlist>] [<tagpriolist>] [<class>]

Description:

Set or show the VLAN user priority mapping.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).
 [<tagpriolist>]: VLAN user priority list, 0-7 (default: All user priorities).
 [<class>] : Internal class of service (default: Show class).

QoS DiffServ [<dscpno>] [<class>]

Description:

Set or show the IP Differentiated Services mapping.

[<dscpno>]: IP DSCP number, 0-7.

[<class>] : range: low|normal|medium|high

Mirror Commands

Commands at Mirror level:

Mirror Configuration

Mirror Port [<port>]

Mirror Source [<portlist>] [enable|disable]

Mirror Configuration

Description:

Show the mirror destination port and mirror mode for source ports.

Mirror Port [<port>]

Description:

Set or show the mirror destination port.

[<port>]: Mirror destination port (default: Show mirror port).

Mirror Source [<portlist>] [enable|disable]

Description:

Set or show the source port mirror mode.

[<portlist>] : Source port list (default: All ports).

[enable|disable]: Enable/disable mirroring of frames received on port (default: Show mirror mode).

IP Commands

Commands at IP level:

IP Configuration

IP Setup [<ipaddress> [<ipmask> [<ipgateway>]]] [<vid>]

IP Web management [enable|disable]

IP Configuration

Description:

Show IP configured IP address, mask, gateway, VLAN ID and mode.

IP Setup`

Description:

Setup or show IP configuration.

[<ipaddress>]: IP address. (default: Show IP configuration)

[<ipmask>] : IP subnet mask (default: Subnet mask for address class).

[<ipgateway>]: Default IP gateway, (default: 0.0.0.0).

[<vid>] : VLAN ID, 1-4094 (default: 1).

IP Web management

Description:

Activate or deactivate the Web management.

[enable|disable]: Enable/disable Web management. (default: Show Web management).

SNMP Commands

Commands at SNMP level:

SNMP Configuration

SNMP Community [<get>|<set>] [<community>]

SNMP Setup [enable|disable]

SNMP Trap [<IP Address>]

SNMP Configuration

Description:

Show the SNMP configuration.

SNMP Community [<get>|<set>] [<community>]

Description:

Set or show community setting for SNMP

[<get>|<set>]: Community for get or set

[community]: community string

SNMP Setup [enable|disable]

Description:

Activate or deactivate the SNMP.

[enable|disable]: Enable/disable SNMP (default: Show SNMP mode).

SNMP Trap [<IP Address>]

Description:

Set or show SNMP traps destination.

<IP Address>: IP address to send traps to. (default: Show trap configuration)

Ratelimit Commands

Commands at Ratelimit level:

Ratelimit Configuration

Ratelimit Setup <traffic type> <option>

Ratelimit Egress [<portlist>] [enable|disable] [<rate>]

Ratelimit Ingress [<portlist>] [enable|disable] [<rate>]

[<portlist>] :Port list (default: All ports).

[enable|disable] :Enable or disable.

[<rate>] :Set leaky bucket rate in Kbit/s[128/256/512/1024/2048/3072K]
(default: Show rate).

Ratelimit Configuration

Description:

Show the Ratelimit setting.

Ratelimit Setup <traffic type> <option>

Description:

Set or show the ratelimit configuration. The allowed frame rates for ICMP frames, learn frames, multicasts, broadcasts and flooded unicasts are controlled using a central ratelimit.

[<traffic type>] : Ratelimit to set. Can be one of:

[ICMP|Broadcast|Multicast]

(default: Show all).

[enable|disable] : Enable or disable specified ratelimit.

[<rate>] : Frame rate in kiloframes

Allowed values are 1k, 2k, 4k, 8k, 16k, 32k, 64k,

Ratelimit Egress [<portlist>] [enable|disable] [<rate>]

Description:

Set or show the egress configuration.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).
[enable|disable] : Enable or disable egress.
[<rate>] : Disable or set leaky bucket rate in Kbit/s
[128/256/512/1024/2048/3072k]
(default: Show egress rate).

Ratelimit Ingress[<portlist>] [enable|disable] [<rate>]

Description:

Set or show the ingress configuration.

[<portlist>] : Port list (default: All ports).
[enable|disable] : Enable or disable ingress.
[<rate>] : Disable or set leaky bucket rate in Kbit/s
[128/256/512/1024/2048/3072k]
(default: Show ingress rate).