

# iSecurity FileScop Tools

An Assortment of Utility Programs designed for the iSeries Programmer using FileScopeTM or another file editor

## **User Manual**

Version 4

## **ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

### Who should use this guide

#### What you should know

Using FileScope Tools is very simple and requires no special technical background. You only need to know the basics of display station operation. Help is only a keystroke away.

#### How this guide is organized

This guide is divided into chapters, beginning with an introduction to FileScope Tool's capabilities and followed by detailed descriptions of the functions available in the product. Subsequent chapters cover .....

Appendices cover installation instructions and other technical aspects. Before using FileScope Tools, you may find it helpful to follow along with the examples that begin in Chapter 1.

# Contents

Contents	1
Welcome to FileScope Tools	3
What is FileScope Tools?	3
FileScope Tools Highlights	
How FileScope Tools Can Help You	
Getting Started	2
Installation	2
Entering the Product Authority Code	3
The Main Menu	4
Quick Start	
Displaying the FileScope Tools menu	
Chapter 1. File Information	5
1.1 Working with File Information Full Screen Display	
1.2 File Options	
1.3 Display File with editor of your choice	
1.4 Single Record Display	
1.5 Reorder Fields  1.6 Internal and Calculated Fields	
1.6 Service Screen	
1.7 Edit	
Chapter 2. Copy from PC Format	
Chapter 3. Deleted Records	19
3.1 Retrieve Records	19
Chapter 4. Journal Contents	21
Chapter 5. Data Area/User Space/and Data Queue	28
5.1 Edit Data Area	
5.2 Edit User Space	
5.3 Display User Space	
5.4 Display/Edit Data Queue	
Chapter 6. Previous Commands (RTV), Related Products, and Maintenance	34
	_
6.1 All Previous Commands	
6.2 FileScope – File Editor6.3 Maintenance	
Appendix A. Backup	
Product libraries	
Annendix R Performance Tins	38
ADDEDDIX R. PERTORMANCE LINS	<b>₹</b> ×

Appendix C. Technical Description	39
Appendix D. Product defaults	40

## **Welcome to FileScope Tools**

### What is FileScope Tools?

FileScope Tools is a set pf enhancement tools which:

- Provides ease of use in several aspects for programmers.
- Provides better support for partial and non-existing support in operating systems.

## FileScope Tools Highlights.

With FileScope Tools it is possible to:

- Work with Journal contents.
- Retrieve deleted records.
- Undelete Records.
- Edit data areas.
- Quick review of all previous commands.
- Work within File information display/edit file with any editor of your choice.

### How FileScope Tools Can Help You

- Extended Functionality
- Create analysis reports, sub-files, etc.
- Provide missing commands such as Edit Data Areas
- Enabling options that are not available from the operating system, for example: retrieve/undelete records when the journal has not been defined.
- Increase productivity, support, development and testing.

## **Getting Started**

#### Installation

Installation on an AS/400 computer from TAPE/CD

- Be sure that no one is working on the products you want to install (use the WRKOBJLCK command on library SMZ2 of the product - like WRKOBJLCK SMZ2 \*LIB).
- If you are upgrading from CISC to Power PC (RISC) processor, first save the product libraries SMZ2, SMZ2DTA, restore them on the RISC machine, and proceed with the rest of these instructions.
- Sign on as QSECOFR or a user with equal authority.
- Load the tape and enter the LODRUN TAPxx (where TAPxx is the tape drive name) or LODRUN OPTxx (where OPTxx is the Optical Drive name)
- After some minutes, an INSTALLATION MENU will be displayed.
- Choose the products you need to install by typing 1 under the OPT field.
- Key in the Authority Code(s) (if necessary) in the authority code column.

**Remark**: the Product Authority Code can also be keyed after the installation see Chapter "Entering the Product Authority Code").

- The products will be installed one after the other.
- At end, press F3 to exit.

#### **Entering the Product Authority Code**

The "Authorization Code" is a character string that releases FileScope Tools for operation on your AS/400. There are two types of authorization codes: a "demonstration" code for a predetermined evaluation period, or a "permanent" code for normal use. During the product evaluation period, FileScope Tools can be installed on multiple machines by using the "demonstration" code.

- From your AS/400, type the command STRFST to obtain the Product Menu
- Choose Option 81 (Configuration)
- Press F22, then enter the Authority Code
- Press F3 to exit to the product menu.

#### Obtaining the CPU Serial Number

To obtain a permanent Authorization Code, you must determine the computer serial and model number. To do this enter the following command:

**DSPSYSVAL** 

**QSRLNBR** 

The Machine type model. The System serial number and the product release is entered on the License Agreements when ordering your product.

#### The Main Menu

FileScope Tools is simple to use. If you have ever worked with a spread-sheet, and do not mind pressing the HELP key every once in a while then you can get started right away. However, you may want to read through this User Guide before actually working with FileScope Tools.

If you have not already done so, you must install your FileScope Tools CD or Tape and enter your authorization code.

#### **Quick Start**

This quick start section has been designed to help you to start using FileScope Tools as quickly and efficiently as possible.

You will see the product in action when using the sample file that is shipped together with the product. This process assumes that you have already installed FileScope Tools and keyed in a valid authorization code. If you have not yet installed the product, refer to the separate Installation chapter in this document.

#### Displaying the FileScope Tools menu

In order to start using FileScope Tools, issue the STRFST command. You will subsequently see the FileScope Tools main menu.

```
FSTMENU
                             FileScope/Tools Menu
                                                            System: S44K124
Select one of the following:
 File information
                                         Journal
     1. Work with file information
                                          51. Work with Journal Contents
  PC file format
  °11. Copy from PC format(CPYFSFRMPC) Programming
  Deleted records
                                           61. All previous commands (RTV)
   ' 21. Undelete records *WIZARD*
  *DTAQ
                                         Related products
  ° 31. Display Data Queue (DSPFSDTAQ)
                                           71. File editor
  ° 32. Edit Data Queue (EDTFSDTAQ)
  *DTAARA, *USRSPC
                                         Maintenance
    41. Edit Data Area (EDTFSDTAAR)
                                           81. System Configuration
    42. Display User Space (DSPFSUSSPC)
                                           82. Maintenance Menu
    43. Edit User Space (EDTFSUSSPC)
                                           °=with field level support
Selection or command
===>
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F9=Retrieve
                                    F12=Cancel
F13=Information Assistant F16=AS/400 main menu
```

## **Chapter 1. File Information**

#### 1.1 Working with File Information Full Screen Display

Selecting option 1 from the FileScope Tools main menu to bring up the multi-file screen.

```
FS/Tools
                              Work with File Information
                                                                                 S44K124
                       *ALL
                                      *ALL, Generic*, name
  Library . . . .
                         SMZ1
                                                 Position to
Type options, press Enter.
  1=Display
O=Formats
                2=Edit
                                J=Journal contents A=Attributes M=Members
                  PF Y Demo file
PF Y Demo file
PF FS-keu
                R=Relations S=Select/Omit K=Keys F=Fields
Opt File
     CHGDFNPF
     CHGJRNP
     CHGRESP
     DEMODATE
                              Demo file emphesize on date formats
     DEMOPF
     DEMOPFOLD
                   PF FS-key representation
PF FS-Outfile template
PF FS-Outfile template not add spec
PF Y FileScope parms
PF Y FS Pull Down logic physical file
     FSKEYP
     FSOUTF
     FSOUTS
                               FS-Outfile template not add specal
     FSPARM
     FSPDP
                                                                                  More.
F3=Exit
             F5=Refresh
                               F12=Cancel
                                                F17=Subset
                                                                  F18=Change Defaults
             F21=System command
                                                                  F23=More options
```

Select the file you wish to work with by entering the following information on the screen.

**File** – Enter the name of the file or to see all files type \*ALL or to see all files with a specific letter type Generic\*

**Library** – Enter the name of the library

**Position** – Enter the letter to start viewing files from in the library.

#### 1.2 File Options

**Display** – Display and records in either single or split mode.

**Edit** – Make changes to records in either single or split mode.

**Journal contents** – Display Journal Contents

**Attributes** – Display File attributes

**Members** – Display Member Information

Formats – Display File Formats

**Relations** – Display Database Relations

Select/Omit - Select or Omit fields

Keys - Display File Keys

Fields – Display Field List

#### 1.3 Display File with editor of your choice

Selecting option 1 to display the selected file or if you wish to change the file you may do so from the SHWFC (if using FileScope as your file editor) screen.

```
Show file contents (SHWFC)
Type choices, press Enter.
                                             Name, *PRV, *SELECT, *S
File Name
         . . . . . . . . . . . . <u>DEMOPF</u>
 Library
                                 SMZ1
                                            Name, *LIBL
                                             Name, *FIRST, *SELECT, *S
Member name
                               *FIRST
Show by Key Sequence . . . . .
                                <u>*YES</u>
                                            *YES, *NO
Name, *DFT, *NEW, *SELECT, *
                                *DFT
                               *YES
*YES
                                            *YES, *NO
                                             *YES, *NO
                                             *PRINT, *REPORT, *NO...
Auto run function in batch . . .
                               *NO
                                                                  Botto
        F4=Prompt
                    F5=Refresh
                               F10=Additional parameters
                                                         F12=Cancel
F3=Exit
F13=How to use this display
                                F24=More keys
```

To keep the default settings press the Enter Key, to change the information type your changes in the supplied fields.

File Name – Enter the name of the file you wish to use

\*PRV – Automatically will retrieve the previous file

\*Select – Display the file/member/viewpoint selection screen

\*S - Short cut for \*Select

**Library** – Enter the name of the Library where the file is stored \***LIBL** – Search the library list to locate the file

**Member name** – Enter the name of the file member

\*FIRST – Start with the first member in the file

\*SELECT – Display the file/member/viewpoint selection screen

\*S - Shortcut for \*SELECT

**Show by Key Sequence** – Define the sequence in which keyed fields will be displayed.

\*YES – Keyed files are accessed in their key sequence.

\*NO – File is accessed in its physical sequence.

**ViewPoint name** – Enter the name of the defined viewpoint

\***DFT** – If a viewpoint with an identical name to the current file name exists is used. Otherwise the DDS of the file is used.

\***NEW** – The DDS of the file is used.

\*SELECT – Display the file/member/viewpoint selection screen

\*S - Short cut for \*SELECT

**Run ViewPoint** – Runs the selected viewpoint

\*YES – If viewpoint has been selected, but it will run the Viewpoint

\*NO – A viewpoint has been selected, but it will not run.

**Allow new file/vpt selection** - Specifies whether the use may select a different file to use with the selected Viewpoint.

\*YES – The use may select a different file to use with the Viewpoint when exiting the product.

\*NO - The user many not select a different file when exiting the product.

**Auto run function in batch** – Specifies if and what functions have to be performed in a batch run.

\*NO – batch run is not required. SHWFC runs online.

\*PRINT – runs the "print multiple records".

\*REPORT – runs the report generator option.

\*PRNTONE – runs the "print single record" option.

Pressing F10 will bring up the following options

**Allow save of VPT** – Specifies whether Viewpoint modifications can be saved.

\*ALL – Enables update of all viewpoints (including "PERMANENT" Viewpoints)

\*YES - ViewPoint modifications can be saved

\*NO – ViewPoint modifications cannot be saved

**Save modified VPT as default** – Specifies whether modified Viewpoints should be saved by default.

\*YES – The modifications to the ViewPoint are saved by default when exiting the product.

\*NO – The modified ViewPoints are not saved when exiting the Product.

**System** - Specifies whether the file is on the local system or on the remote system

\*LCL – The file is on the local system

\*RMT – The file is on the remote system

\*ALL – The file is on both local and remote systems.

**Initialization subset** – Define a subset for report generation

\*YES – You will be able to define the subset

\*NO – You will be able to define the subset.

**Note:** The example used shows results when using FileScope as your file editor. Using another editor will not bring up the SHWFC screen.

Your display screen will show you the first 12 records of your file as shown in the picture below.

		_ayout Mode						
14 records Show file SMZ1/DEMOPF contents mbr: DEMOPF								
	Control (T=Top B=Bottom N=Nxt P=Prv +/-nnn K=Key) Fmt: ITEMAS							
	1st.Fld. <u>1</u> (n Name 0 /n F4)							
Scan		Test:  DESCRIPTION	Value:					
Relative	ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	QTY	QTY	ITEM	PRICE	P
Record		(TRUNCATED)	VEND#	ON HAND	ON ORDER	PRICE	DATE	C
Number								I
*RRN	ITEMNO	SDESCR	VEND#	QTYOH	QTY00	PRICE	PRCDAT	Р
1								
73.	F2101	FILE FOLDER	5.	113.			931215.	
7.	HP0003	3 HOLE PUNCH	25.	717.	25.	97.00-	950119.	
12.	L0002B	LETTER OPEN.		107.	540.	25.97	881005.	1
2.	MP0001	MARK PEN, BLK		568.	29.	3.00	211231.	1
3.	MP0002	MARK PEN, RED	7.	104.	30.	103.00	941216.	2
1.	NP001F	NOTEPAD-A4,L	9.	54.	27.	101.00	991231.	1
13.	P0100X	PENCILS #2	25.	143.	238.	50.66	960106.	
14.	P01033	PENCILS #3	23.	118.	419.	30.44	941233.	
15.	Q93750	MICRO@-CASSE	23.	10	237.	86.93	950346.	1
16.	Q93751	MICRO@-CASSE	12.	55.	649.	86.93	920314.	1
4.	RB0001	3 RING BINDR	10.	780.	129.	306.00	0.	1
17.	S0200B	STAPLER, H@-D	40.	797.	340.	60.48	940319.	1
F3=Exit F		le-rod F13=9					4=More ke	aus
	_							-

The display screen has two parts. The top part shows a pull down menu, and the bottom is where you can enter your view information.

The actual file, member, number of records and ViewPoint name are displayed as well.

#### 1.4 Single Record Display

By press F11 you will be able to view an individual record. If you do not position the cursor on the record you wish to view the first record in the file will be viewed.

```
Control
                Layout
                          Mode
                                 Subset
                                          Print Window
                                                            Special
                         Show file SMZ1/DEMOPF contents
                                                               mbr: DEMOPF
       14 records
Control. N
                                                              Fmt: ITEMAS
Vpt: *NEW
                   (T=Top B=Bottom N=Nxt P=Prv +/-nnn K=Key)
1st.Fld. \overline{1}
                     (n=Name 0 /n F4)
                                                                  DISPLAY
Type choices, press Enter.
Field Key ....+....1....+....2....+....3.. TEXT
*RRN . . .
                                                 Relative record number
ITEMNO . . . 1 HP0004
                                                 ITEM #
SDESCR . . .
SDESCR . . HOLE PUNCH VEND# . . 2 24.
                                                 DESCRIPTION (TRUNCATED)
                                                ITEM VEND#
               107.
27.
6.17
                                                QTY ON HAND
QTY ON ORDER
QTYOH . . .
QTYOO
PRICE . . . PRCDAT . . . . PRCCHG . . . .
                                                ITEM PRICE
                950119.
                                                 PRICE DATE YY.MM
                                                PRICE CHANGE IN-%
SALES MAN
                44.
                HOLE PUNCHER - 3 HOLE
                                                 DESCRIPTION
               64.25
                                                 1ST QUARTER SALES
CSLS02 . . .
                                                 2ND QUARTER SALES
                                                 3RD QUARTER SALES
                                                 4TH QUARTER SALES
F3=Exit F8=Fld/Pos/Atr F12=Cancel F13=Service F14=Reorder F21=No/Hex F22=Cmd
F6=Mode
```

#### 1.5 Reorder Fields

The Reorder Fields option enables you to customize the screen display and report shape. This includes choosing which fields are displayed and the order in which they are displayed. This is accomplished through changing the number of spaces between fields, modifying titles, and column headings.

14 records	Show file SMZ1/DEMOPF	contents mbr: DEMOPF VPT: *NEW
Modify Order, Spac	es and Column heading to rear	range field layout.
Find (*CT)	Use Order > 900	) to ignore a field.
	DEMO ITEM MASTER FI	(LE
Key Order Field	Spaces Column heading	Attributes Fr-To Sour
1.00 *RRN	<u> 1 Relative</u>	_ S 9,0 AU
1 2.00 ITEMNO	1 ITEM #	A 6 1-6
3.00 SDESCR	<u>1</u> DESCRIPTION	_ A 12 7-18
2 <u>4.00</u> VEND#	<u>1</u> <u>ITEM</u>	S 4, 0 19-22
<u>5.00</u> QTYOH	<u>1</u> QTY	_ В 5,0 23-26
<u>6.00</u> QTY00	_2 QTY	_ В 3,0 27-28
<u>7.00</u> PRICE	<u>1</u>	_ P 5, 2 29-31
<u>8.00</u> PRCDAT	<u>1</u> PRICE	S 6, 0 32-37
9.00 PRCCHG	<u>1 PRICE</u>	_ P 5, 3 38-40
<u>10.00</u> SALES#	2 SALES	_ P 2, 0 41-42
<u>11.00</u> DESCR	<u>1</u> DESCRIPTION	_ A 30 43-72
<u>12.00</u> CSLS01	<u>1 1ST QTR.</u>	P 6, 2 73-76
<u>13.00</u> CSLS02	<u>1</u> 2ND QTR.	P 6, 2 77-80
<u>14.00</u> CSLS03	<u> 1</u> 3RD QTR.	_ P 6, 2 81-84
<u>15.00</u> CSLS04	<u> 1</u> <u>4TH QTR.</u>	_ P 6, 2 85-88
		More
F3=Exit F6=Un/F	old F9=Add-Fld F10=Chg-	-Fld F12=Cancel F16=Find
F17=Top F18=Bot	tom F20=Renum F22=KeySe	eq F23=Ignore

New fields can be added to the list without changing the file definition and all FileScope Tools displays will reflect the newly defined order.

All changes made via the Reorder Screen including the addition of internal fields can be saved as a ViewPoint.

#### 1.6 Internal and Calculated Fields

FileScope Tools combined with your existing file editor lets you define additional fields that can be used with the display, change and print functions of your editor. This can also help you query and maintain files that do not have external definitions. The fields can be defined for files that do not have external definitions (DDS), as well as for files with external definitions.

For files that contain large fields, you can break the fields into smaller ones enabling easier viewing and updating.

The modified layout can then be saved for future use when using your file editor.

Using the 'From Position' parameter you define the Internal Fields. By using this parameter you designate the starting position within the record.

Internal Fields, which do not cross field boundaries (i.e. Start and Finish within one external field) can be used in selection tests for a SUBSET.

Calculated Fields are defined using either formulas or functions.

Press F9 to define a new Internal or Calculated Field.

	·	h Decimals DDS name
Column headings		
Text		_
F3=Exit F4=Prompt(fie	elds) F7=Select function	F12=Cancel

Enter the name of the new field, type, starting position, length, decimal position formula and column headings or function and text

The ORDER number for each new field adds set at 1.00 and all other ORDER numbers are incremented accordingly.

The new field can be used with the CHGFC command to update a file. It can also be used like any other field for scanning.

Internal field definitions can be saved together with an associated ViewPoint. To remove an Internal field definition from a ViewPoint, change the ORDER number to a value greater than 900.00.

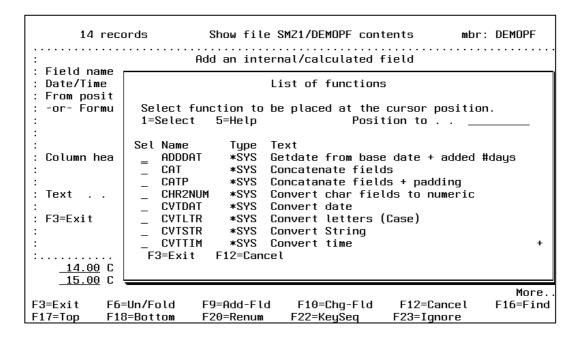
**Changing Field Definition** – To change the definition of a field, press F10 from the Reorder Screen. You are prompted for the name of the field to change. You will be shown a display of the current definition allowing you to make the changes.

**RGB Input Specification Fields** – Fields defined as RPG input specifications or as Data Structure can be imported automatically by using S/36 Files Support Option 31 on the service screen.

**Formulas and Functions** – Enter a formula or function in combination with fields. Constants can be used to define the calculated field. Fields in the record can be selected from a list using F4.

The functions supported by FileScope Tools are those that are supported by most file editors and include date/time conversion, field concatenation, character and string conversion and IF logic functions.

Pressing F7 will bring up the Function List window.



By putting a 5 next to a function on the List of Function will provide help on that function.

#### The available functions are:

ADDDAT Get Date from base + added #days

CAT Concatenate fields

CATP Concatenate fields + padding

CVTDAT Convert Date

CVTLTR Convert Letters (Case)

CVTSTR Convert String

CVTTIM Convert Time

DAYWEEK Find the weekday out of the date

FLIP Reverse field data

IF %IF-Function

IFAND %IFAND Function code

IFOR %IFOR Function code

MAP Copy and map to field to new attributes

RANDOM Fill file randomly

WEEK Get the week/year for a date

#### IF, IFAND and IFOR Functions

The IF, IFAND and IFOR functions can be use to return a value for a calculated field based on tests between one or two sets of values. The test operators(s) can be EQ, NE, GT, GE, LT or LE. If using File Scope as your file editor there is a full explanation of the usage of these functions in the manual. A brief description and example is provided below to demonstrate these functions.

The IF function allows a test to be made between two values, each value can be either a constant or a field. The result of the test (true or false) determines which of another two values (fields or constants) are returned by the calculation.

Format: %IF(&value1 &test &value2 &true &false)

Example: IF(&PRICE GE200 1 0)

The IFAND function returns a value based on the result of an AND relationship between two tests.

Format: %IFAND(&value1 &test1 &value2 &value3 &value3 &test2

&value4 &true &false)

Example: %IFAND(&PRICE GS200 &QTY LT 500 1 0)

The IFOR function returns a value bases on the result of an OR relationship between two tests.

Format: %IFOR(&value1 &test1 &value2 &value3 &test2 &value4

&true &false)

Example: %IFOR(&VEND EQ 50 &VENDCLASS EQ T 'YES' 'NO')

#### 1.6 Service Screen

By entering F13 from the data screen access is made to the service screen.

Show file SMZ1/DEMOPF contents 14 records Mbr: DEMOPF DEMO ITEM MASTER FILE Select one of the following: Fmt: ITEMAS Vpt: ∗NEW SUBSET Structured style
 SUBSET Advanced style 31. S/36 files support 3. SUBSET Free style 51. File information 4. SORT key 6. Deactivate SUBSET/SORT 61. Multi-session manager 7. Remove SUBSET/SORT 8. OPNQRYF Statistics 71. Multi-file manager (Join) 9. EXPORT (OPNQRYF statement) 81. Report Generator 91. File Conversion (+Y2K,+EURO) 21. Print multiple records 22. Print single record 25. Print Record Structure Selection \_\_ F3=Exit F12=Cancel F22=Command

The service screen offers access to services provided by the product including: Subset, Print, S/36 conversion, Report Generator, Join files etc.

Through this screen, it is possible to display more infor4mation about the file through the operating system commands.

The contents of this screen vary according to the command used. SHWC or CHGFC, the parameter setting of the command and the relevant FileScope (File Editor) you are working on. Refer to your specific file editor manual for the proper settings.

#### **1.7 Edit**

Pressing (2) from the main display file information menu brings you to the edit screen.

		<u>ayout Mode</u> Change				•		_
Control		(T=Top B=Bo	ottom N	=Nxt P=Prv +	/-nnn K=Ke	ey) Fmt:	ITEMAS	
1st.Fld. 1 (n Name 0 /n F4) Vpt: *NEW								
Scan		Test:						
Relative	ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	QTY	QTY	ITEM	PRICE	Р
Record		(TRUNCATED)	VEND#	ON HAND	ON ORDER	PRICE	DATE	C
Number								I
*RRN	ITEMNO	SDESCR	VEND#	QTYOH	QTY00	PRICE	PRCDAT	P
5.	CDR010	CD-RECORDABL	26.	721.	16.	102.00	930418.	1
6.	CI999X	COPIR-INK	778.	719.	207.	432.58	950412.	1
8.	C93757	CASSETTES	43.	1001.	718.	39.96	950515.	1
9.	D001	DISK 8" D2	15.	101.	886.	45.25	950305.	1
10.	E3100	ELC.SHARPEN.	13	138.	518.	44.55	941247.	
11.	F2100	FILE FOLDER	0.	110.	417.	57.64	931215.	
73.	F2101	FILE FOLDER	5.	110.	417.	57.64	931215.	
7.	HP0003	3 HOLE PUNCH	30.	719.	21.	98.00-	950119.	
12.	L0002B	LETTER OPEN.	15.	107.	539.	24.97	881005.	1
2.	MP0001	MARK PEN, BLK	5.	568.	28.	2.00	211231.	1
3.	MP0002	MARK PEN, RED	7.	104.	29.	102.00	941216.	2
1.	NP001F	NOTEPAD-A4,L	9.	54.	26.	100.00	991231.	1
F3=Exit F5=	Refresh	F6=Mode F10=	-Update	F11=Single	F13=Serv	vice F2	4=More ke	eys.

To update data on the Multi record screen, press F10. The first record or the record where the cursor is located will appear. The Tab Key will move the cursor from field to field within the window. Change an input field or fields by typing over the displayed data. Press Enter to open a window on the next row. The cursor can also be moved up or down. This is in order that the user can be free to choose the next record on the screen to be changed. Enter will open the window on the chosen record

If the journaling system is active you should enter text describing the planned group of updates so that you are more easily able to identify other changes in case they need to be revoked. If the journaling system is not active a warning message will be displayed. Pressing enter will complete the update of the records and leave the update mode. After modifying the last displayed record, the process will be completed exactly like the F10 key.

Pressing F12 leaves the update mode without updating the records. A warning will appear. Press F12 again to exit without updating. To return to the update mode press Enter.

## **Chapter 2. Copy from PC Format**

FileScope Tools is now capable of copying a stream file from the PC to the AS/400. The stream file needs to be either a Comma Separated File (.CSV) or a TAB created file.

You must have Client Access installed on your PC to view the file from a PC or another computer, the regular procedure is: Select, Network Neighbourhood, Select the AS/400, Select the \TMP directory to see the file. Clicking over the file usually turns on the MS-Excel, which works directly on the file.

To perform this operation press option 11 from the FileScope Tools main menu.

## **Chapter 3. Deleted Records**

There are two options to work with when you have records that are marked for deletion. The first option allows you to retrieve records and store them in a separate file. The second option allows you to retrieve and restore them back into their original file.

#### 3.1 Retrieve Records

Selecting option 21 – Undelete Records Wizard



There are five steps involved in the Un-Delete process. You will need to follow all of the steps in order for the un-delete process to work.

**Select File:** Enter the name of the File, Library and Member. These are required fields.

**Backup:** After entering the file information you will need to specify your back up information

**Retrieve to outfield:** Enter the name of the file or one will be automatically created and assigned. To override a file that was already created before, press F4 and select from you list. Enter the name of the LIBRARY that you want the file to be set to.

**Omit un-needed records:** This screen requests that you delete the records that you don't want to be restored. This is done by your file editor.

**Restore Records**: This will restore all remaining records to the original file and put them back into their original place

After completing the required information and pressing enter you will see a **WARNING!** screen. If you press NO then the records will not be updated back to the RRN. Pressing 'Y' will reposition the records back in the RRN.

## **Chapter 4. Journal Contents**

This command allows you to work with converted journal entries (contained in one or more receivers) into a form suitable for external representation. If the database file exits, records may either be replaced or added to the current data in the indicated file member. The system creates the specified database file member if they do not exist. Database files created by the system have a standard format. A WARNING message is sent and the records are truncated if any of the entries are longer than the specified maximum record length of the output files.

The contents of selected entries in the journal receivers may be converted for output. It is also possible to selectively limit the entries that are displayed. If no journal entries satisfy the selection or limitation criteria, an escape message is sent indicating that fact.

Gaps may exist in the sequence numbers of the converted entries. These occur because some of the journal entries represent internal system information. These entries will not be converted.

**Restrictions** – The file specified for the database output file must not be journeyed to the same journal.

**Note:** Do not precede an entry with an asterisk unless the entry is a 'special value' that is shown (on the display or in the help information) with an asterisk.

Work with Jou	urnal Contents	(WRKJRNC)
Type choices, press Enter.		
File Name	*LIBL *FIRST *FLD *CURRENT	Name Name, *LIBL Name, *FIRST *FLD, *RCD Name, *CURRENT
Library	*CURRENT	Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB  Name, *CURRENT, *CURCHAIN  Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB  Name, *CURRENT  Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB
Starting date		Date Time
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F13=How to use this display	F10=Additiona F24=More keys	More al parameters F12=Cancel s

<u>File Name:</u> Specify the name of the library of the physical database file whose journal entries are being converted.

Name: Specify the name of the physical journeyed filed

<u>Library:</u> Specify the library name where the file is located \*LIBL – All libraries in the job's library list are searched until the first match is found.

<u>Member Name:</u> Specify the name of the file member whose entry is being converted for output.

\*FIRST – Journal entries in the first member in the file are converted for output.

**Data Layout:** The way data is displayed

\*FLD – Display the information in the field

\*RCS – Display the information in record format

<u>Journal:</u> Specifies the journal from which the journal entries are retrieved for conversion and output. *This is a required parameter*.

\*CURRENT – Use current journal log

Library: Enter the library where the journal is located

\*LIBL – All libraries in the job list are searched until the first match is found \*CURLIB – The current library for the job is used to locate the journal. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

<u>Range of Journal Receivers:</u> Specify a range of journals to start and end the output.

Starting Journal Receiver - Specify the name of the starting journal \*CURRENT – The current receiver that is currently attached when starting to convert journal entries is used.

\*CURCHAIN - The journal receiver chain that includes the journal receiver that is currently attached when starting to convert journal entries is used. This receiver chain does not cross a break in the chain. If there is a break in the chain the receiver range is from the most recent break in the chain through the receiver that is attached when starting to convert the journal entries.

**<u>Library:</u>** The name where the journal receiver is located

\*LIBL – All libraries in the job's library list are searched until the first match is found.

\*CURLIB – The current library for the job is used to locate the journal receiver. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

**Ending Journal Receiver:** Specify the name of the last journal receiver whose entries are to be converted for output.

\*CURRENT – The journal receiver that is currently attached when starting to convert journal entries is used.

<u>Library: Library:</u> The name where the journal receiver is located \*LIBL – All libraries in the job's library list are searched until the first match is found.

\*CURLIB – The current library for the job is used to locate the journal receiver. If no library is specified as the current library for the job, QGPL is used.

<u>Starting Date and Time:</u> Specifies the date and time of the first journal entry being converted for external representation.

Starting Date (MM/DD/YYYY) – Specify the starting date of the first journal entry occurring at or after the specified starting date. This becomes the starting point for the range of entries to be converted for external representation.

Starting Time – Specify the starting time of the first journal entry occurring at or after the specified time of the first journal entry on or at that time. This becomes the starting point for the range of entries to be converted for external representation.

The time can be specified with or without a time separator.

Without a time separator, specify a string of 4 or 6 digits (hhmm or hhmmss) where hh=hours mm=minutes and ss =seconds

With a time separator specify a string of f or 8 digits where the time separator specified for your job is used to separate the hours, minutes and seconds. If you enter this command from the command line, the string must be enclosed in apostrophes. If time separator other than the separator specified for your job is used, this command will fail.

Work with Journal	Contents (WRKJRNC)
Type choices, press Enter.	
Ending date and time:  Ending date	TT *EDIT, *DSP
Prompt File Editor command *NC Journal codes:	*YES, *NO
Journal code value *AL Journal code selection + for more values	L *ALL, A, C, F, J, L, M, O *ALLSLT
Job name	L Name, *ALL Name 000000-99999
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F12 F24=More keys	More =Cancel F13=How to use this display

**Ending Date and Time:** Specifies the creation date and time of the last journal entry being converted for external representation.

Ending-date (MM/DD/YYYY) – The ending date of the first journal entry occurring at or before the specified ending on the ending date. This becomes the ending point for the range of entries to be converted for external representation.

Ending Time – The ending time of the first journal entry. This time becomes the ending point for the range of entries to be converted for external representation.

The time can be specified with or without a time separator.

Without a time separator, specify a string of 4 or 6 digits (hum or hhmmss) where hh=hours mm=minutes and ss =seconds

With a time separator specify a string of f or 8 digits where the time separator specified for your job is used to separate the hours, minutes and seconds. If you enter this command from the command line, the string must be enclosed in apostrophes. If time separator other than the separator specified for your job is used, this command will fail.

**Number of Journal Entries:** Enter the total number of journal entries that are being converted for output.

\*ALL – All journal entries that meet the selection criteria values and that are in the specified journal receiver range are converted.

Number – Enter the maximum number of journal entries to be converted.

<u>Command to use</u>: You may edit or simply display the journal contents using the default file editor, as defined in the global parameters.

\*EDIT – Edit journal \*DSP – Display journal

<u>Additional params for command</u>: Type any additional command parameters as required by your file editor.

**Prompt File Editor**: Option to use prompt file editor.

Yes/No

<u>Journal Code Value:</u> Specifies the journal codes for which journal entries are converted for output.

\*ALL – The conversion of journal entries is not limited to entries with a particular journal code.

A – System Accounting Entry

C – Commitment Control Operation

F – Database File Member Operation

J – Journal or Receiver Operation

L – License Management

M – TCP/IP and Network Management Data

O – Object Oriented Entry

<u>Journal Code Selection:</u> Specify which journal code you wish to have converted for output.

\*ALLSLT – The journal with the specified journal codes are converted for output only if all other selection parameters are satisfied.

<u>Job Name</u>: Specifies that the journal entries being converted for external representation are limited to the journal entries for a specified job. Only journal entries for the specified job are converted for external representation.

Name – Specify the name of the job

\*ALL – The conversion of journal entries for external representation is not limited to entries for a specified job.

**User:** Specifies the user of the job

Name -

Number – Specify the system assigned job number

**<u>Program:</u>** Specifies that the journal entries being converted for external representation are limited to the journal entries created by a specified program.

\*ALL – The conversion of journal entries is not limited to entries created by a particular program

Name – Specify the name of the program whose journal entries are being converted for external representation.

<u>User Profile:</u> Specifies that the journal entries being considered for conversion for external representation are limited to the journal entries created for the specified user profile name. The user name identifies the user profile under which the job was run that deposited the journal entries.

\*ALL – Specify the name of the program whose journal entries are being converted for external representation.

Name – Specify the name of the user profile whose journal entries are being converted for external representation.

<u>Dependent Entries:</u> Specify whether the journal entries to be converted for output include the journal entries recording actions that occur as a result of a trigger program and actions on records that are part of a referential constraint.

- \*ALL The journal entries relating to activate programs and referential constraints are converted.
- \*NONE The journal entries relating to the activate programs and referential constraints are not converted.

Outfield format – Specifies the format of the journal entries written to the output file.

\*TYPE3 – Converted journal entries are formatted to include the minimum information that can be specified.

#### Field Data Format: Specify the format of the output file

Number – Numeric length of the field

- \*OUTFILFMT The field length of the entry specific data field in the output file is determined by the value specified on the out file format prompt.
- \*CALC The system calculates the maximum length of the entry specific data field to accommodate the longest entry specific data of all journal entries in the specified receiver range.

#### **Allocated Length:** Specify the length of the field.

Number – Specify a character number between the ranges 1 to 8000. \*FLDLEN – The allocated length is the same as the maximum length of the field. if \*CALC is specified for the maximum field length and the maximum length calculated by the system is smaller than the allocated length you specify, the allocated length is set to the maximum field length.

# Chapter 5. Data Area/User Space/and Data Queue

#### 5.1 Edit Data Area

To enter the Edit Data Area Screen - press 41 from the FS/Tools main menu screen

**<u>Data Area:</u>** Specify the name and library of the data area whose value you wish to edit.

\*ALL – Edit the entire data area

generic – Data that starts with the first letter specified.

\*LDA – Local Data Area that is associated with your job can be edited. The length of this data area is 1024 bytes.

\*GDA – Group data area associated with your job can be edited. The length of this data area is 412 bytes.

<u>Library:</u> The library where the data area you wish to work with is located.

\*LIBL – All libraries in the job's library list are searched until the first match is found.

\*CURLIB – The current library for the job is used to locate the data area.

Name – Specify the name of the library where the data area is located.

ata area Libra	a <u>*ALL</u> Name, generic*, *LDA, *GDA.
LIDIG	Data areas in DEMOTMP/*ALL
	Type option, press Enter. 1=Select
	Opt Name Text = DEMODTAARA DEMO DATA AREA _ DEMOLGLARA DEMO LOGICAL DATA AREA
	Bottom

If you have chosen \*ALL in your search criteria you are presented with all the data areas in the named directory. Make your selection by pressing 1 next to the data area you wish to work with. You are only able to work with one data area at a time.

```
Edit Data Area
                                             System
                                                     44K1246
Data Area . . . . . : DEMODTAARA
                     DEMOTMP
 Library . . . . . . :
Type . . . . . . . . : *CHAR
Length . . . . . . . : 2000
Text . . . . . . . : DEMO DATA AREA
Offset
        *...+....1....+....2....+....3....+....4....+....5
  0
         <u>0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMN</u>
        OPRSTUVWXYZ----+++++++
  50
         100
 150
        200
         <u>%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%</u>
 250
         ! \; ! \; ! \; ! \; 
 300
         350
 400
                                                     More..
Press Enter to continue.
F3=Exit F12=Cancel
```

As you can see from the above screen you have full command of the editing procedure. You can enter text in both upper and lower case. To save the new information press Enter. Pressing F3 of F12 will exit the screen and return you to the FS/Tools Main Menu.

#### 5.2 Edit User Space

To edit the User Space - select option 42 from the main menu

Edit Use	r Space (EDTUS	SRSPC)
Type choices, press Enter.		
User space	*ALL *LIBL *CHAR	Name, generic*, *ALL Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB *CHAR
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F24=More keys	F12=Cancel	Botto F13=How to use this display

**User Space:** Select the user space to edit

\*ALL – All user spaces will be edited Name – Enter the name of the user space to edit generic\* - Select from a list, by assigning the first letter of the user space name.

**<u>Library:</u>** Select the location of the user list that you wish to edit.

LIBL – All libraries in the job's library are searched until the first match is found.

\*CURLIB – The current library for the job is used to locate the user space

Name – Enter the name of the library where the user space is located

**Format:** Specify the format of the space to edit

\*CHAR – Character

#### 5.3 Display User Space

To display a user space – select option 43 from the main menu

**User Space:** Select the user space to display

\*ALL – All user spaces will be displayed Name – Enter the name of the user space to display generic\* - Select from a list, by assigning the first letter of the user space name.

**<u>Library:</u>** Select the location of the user list that you wish to display.

LIBL – All libraries in the job's library are searched until the first match is found.

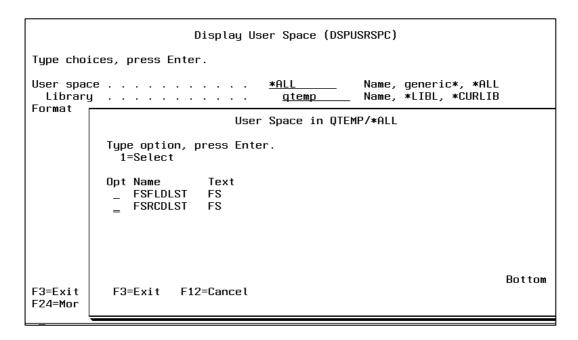
\*CURLIB – The current library for the job is used to locate the user space

Name – Enter the name of the library where the user space is located

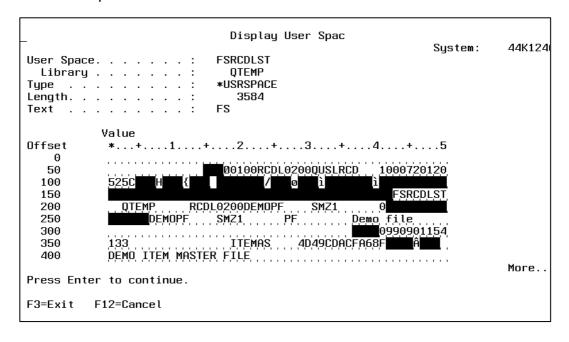
**Format:** Specify the format of the space to display.

\*CHAR - Character

After selecting your criteria press Enter. If you did not enter a name you will be given a list of user spaces to choose from.



To choose the user space place a 1 next to the item you wish to view, and press Enter.



Pressing F12 will return you to the main menu.

#### 5.4 Display/Edit Data Queue

Options 31/32 allow for the displaying and editing Data Queues in either standard data queue format or where data is divided into fields based on a template file. It allows the user to use their current file editor to display or edit the data in the data queues. The screens below reflect the criteria input screens for displaying and editing the data queues.

```
Display Data Queue (DSPDTAQ)
Type choices, press Enter.
                                   • ALL
                                                 Name, generic*, *ALL
Data queue . .
                                     *LIBL
                                                 Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB
 Libraru
                                                Name, *DTAQ, *NONE
                                   *DTAQ
Format file
 Libraru
                                    *DTAQ
                                                 Name, *DTAQ
                                   *FMTFILE
                                                 Number, *FMTFILE
Maximum data length . . . . .
                                                                        Bottom
F3=Exit F4=Prompt
                     F5=Refresh
                                  F12=Cancel
                                               F13=How to use this display
F24=More keys
```

```
Edit Data Queue (EDTDTAQ)
Type choices, press Enter.
                                   □ALL
Data queue . . . . . . . .
                                                 Name, generic*, *ALL
                                                 Name, *LIBL, *CURLIB
Name, *DTAQ, *NONE
 Library . . . . . . . . . . .
                                     *LIBL
                                   *DTAQ
Format file . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                 Name, *DTAQ
*YES, *NO
 Library . . . . . . . . . . .
                                     <u>*DTAQ</u>
*YES
                                                 Number, *FMTFILE
                                   *FMTFILE
                                                                        Bottom
                                   F12=Cancel F13=How to use this display
F3=Exit
          F4=Prompt F5=Refresh
F24=More keys
```

# **Chapter 6. Previous Commands (RTV), Related Products, and Maintenance**

#### **6.1 All Previous Commands**

To work, view, and run previous commands without pressing the F9 key until you get to the command that you are looking for, pressing 61 will display all previous commands that have been entered.

```
Work with Previous Commands

Type options, press Enter.

1=Run 2=Change
Opt Message

= CHGFC FILE(*LIBL/DEMOPF)

- chgfc demopf

- dsplib qtemp

- strfst

- strgsnet

Botton

F3=Exit F6=New F12=Cancel
```

This screen will show the last ten AS/400 commands that were processed. This allows you to easily work through the menu and recall commands most commonly used. By pressing the PgDn key you will see the next ten commands that were run.

Pressing F6 will allow you to enter a new command and add it to the top of your page. When you enter the command it will be run automatically. Pressing F12 will return back to the 'All Commands Screen'.

Pressing F3 will return you back to the FS/Tools Main Menu.

To run a command, place a '1' next to the command that you wish to

To change a command, place a '2' next to the command you wish to edit the command.

#### 6.2 FileScope – File Editor

Pressing '71' from the FS/Tools Main Menu switches you between FileScope or your current file editor and FileScope Tools. This allows for easy access between the two programs without the need to close either the program or re-type commands. If you are using a different file editor than FileScope then you will need to configure FileScope Tools for that editor. This can be done in the Maintenance are of FileScope Tools.

#### **6.3 Maintenance**

The maintenance area of FileScope Tools allows you to fine tune the way FileScope Tools will work for you.

Define FS/To	ols global defaults 20/07/00 13:26:37
General Enable accented letters	N Y=Yes, N=No Y Y=Yes, N=No Substitution: &L=lib &F=file FileScope *NONE *NONE STRFS SHWFC &L/&F CHGFC &L/&F
Release ID	

**General:** Set the general defaults of how FS/Tools works with operating environment.

Enable accented letters – Allow for European characters (à é ì ó ü). Select 'Y' to accept these characters.

Right to left system – Allow for Hebrew (שלום). Select 'Y' for Right to Left support.

DBCS System – Supports Double Byte Character Set, found in Japanese and Chinese programming code.

Exit lists on ENTER – Type 'Y' to specify that the user can exit lists panels with the ENTER key. 'N' to Specify that the user cannot exit lists panels with the ENTER key.

#### File Editor: Select the File Editor you wish to use

File Editor Name & libraries – Enter the name of the file editor

Libraries to add – Enter the libraries to add to your library lists. \*NONE means that no libraries are added.

Main Menu – Enter the command used to call the File Editor Program.

Display Command – Enter the command used display your files.

Edit Command – Enter the command used to edit your files.

Work with Views command – Enter the command used for Working with Viewpoints.

Release ID – The current version of the product.

Authority Code – Press F22 to enter your authority code.

## Appendix A. Backup

The product libraries should be regularly backed up.

#### **Product libraries**

As soon as the permanent Authorization Code has been entered, and at regular intervals, it is highly recommended that you make a fresh backup of the FileScope Tools library: SMZ2

For example, to backup the FileScope Tools libraries to diskette:

- Insert a backup diskette in the diskette drive.
- Enter: SAVLIB (SMZ2) VOL(\*MOUNTED)DEV(DKT01)

# **Appendix B. Performance Tips**

The resources used by FileScope Tools are similar to those of PDM (Programming Development Manager) by IBM $^\circ$ 

# **Appendix C. Technical Description**

Libraries: SMZ2, SMZXDTA.

Objects in QGPL: All commands are copied from the product

library to QGPL:

Library list: not changed during or after execution and

should include QGPL.

# **Appendix D. Product defaults**

System wide defaults can be customized. To modify them, select option 81 from the main menu (accessed by STRFST).