

User Manual

&

Spare parts catalogue for the TP 100 wood chipper in the Garden Series



1 Introduction

Congratulations on your new TP wood chipper.

Linddana produces TP wood chippers of the finest quality by using the most modern production technologies, i.a. laser cutting, CNC technology and robot technology in bright and open production facilities.

For safety reasons and in order to get maximum pleasure from the wood cutter, it is important to read these instructions before use.

The user manual explains about safety, use and maintenance so that the work with the wood chipper will be safe and profitable.

This manual has been translated from Danish.

Linddana A/S

Jørgen Due Jensen, Managing director

Your distributor is always available with spare parts, advice and guidance.

Distributor stamp

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2 EU declaration of conformity.

Manufacturer:

LINDDANA A/S, Ølholm Bygade 70, Ølholm, 7160 Tørring, Denmark hereby declares that

Wood chipper:

is in concordance with the provisions of the Machine Directive (Directive 98/37/EC) and with the national legislation which translates this directive;

is in concordance with the following other EC Directives: 2000/14/EC

Furthermore it is stated that EN 13525 (harmonised standard), has been used.

Title: Managing director Name: Jørgen Due Jensen

Ølholm, 14 March 2014

User instructions: TP 100 from 14.03.2014



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4 Use

The TP 100 wood chipper is designed for **stationary** wood chipping in the form of braches etc.

The machine must **not** be used for materials containing stone, metal or other foreign bodies. These foreign bodies can in the best case dull the knives and in the worst case break the machine. Knives and anvil can break when stone or metal comes in between them.

The machine must **not** be used for wood chipping of wood containing nails, screws, arming etc.

At feeding, the thickest end must be guided to the knives first after which the machine normally pulls the rest into the feeding hopper (see Figure 1).

With thicker branches, it might be necessary to "hold back" a bit in order to keep the rotor from loosing revolutions.



Figure 1 Feeding of branches

Remember to keep the **knives** and **anvil** sharp, it makes feeding easier and gives a better quality chips, and besides it lovers the use of fuel considerably.

The machine must be inspected daily, meaning the rotor housing must be opened and the rotor, knives, anvil etc. must be inspected. By doing this you prevent unexpected stops and prolong the life of the machine.

The tractor on which the wood chipper is mounted must always have the brakes applied during work.

The machine must **not:**

- Be used for other materials than wood
- Be used to push trees, stubs etc.

There must **not** be equipment like forest chains, axes, chain saws etc. in the feeding hopper.

5 Mounting instructions

5.1 Before use

The machine is equipped with a lifting point which is to be used when lifting the machine with a crane or any other hoisting device (ground assistance) (see Figure 2). The machine can also be lifted with a fork lift truck.

Upon delivery from Linddana A/S the PTO models are secured to a wooden pallet. (See Figure 3)

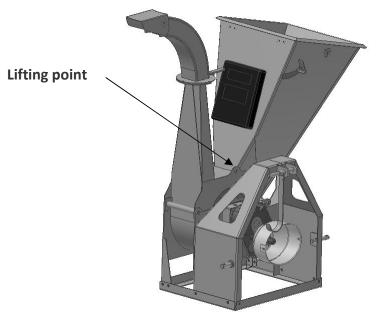


Figure 2 Lifting point on the machine



Figure 3 Lifting with fork lift truck, PTO

Store the manuals for the PTO member with this manual in the manual box on the machine.

Before operation you must check that the wood chipper cleared of foreign bodies. The machine **must** be disconnected from the tractor's PTO when the cover to the rotor is opened. Check that the rotor is at a complete standstill. Loosen the bolts that hold the top part and bottom rotor house together. Lift the top part of the rotor housing up until the top part stands on its own. Turn the rotor a few times by hand. Remove any foreign bodies.

Check that the gap between the knives and the anvil is correct = **0,5 mm**. Check that the knives are not rubbing on the anvils.

Lower the top part of the rotor house back into position and tighten the bolts. Check that all bolts, nuts and screws are tightened properly (see Figure 7). Remember to lubricate all the lubrication points (see maintenance schedule, page 13).

5.2 Mounting instruction

The machine is designed to be mounted on the tractor's three-point-suspension or trailer mounted with its own engine.

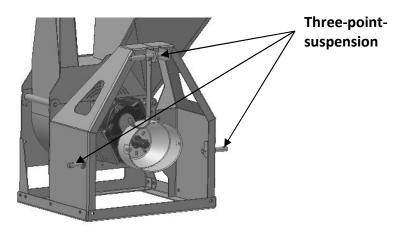
Machines for mounting on the tractor's three-point-suspension is delivered with a PTO axle with either 1 3/8" - 6 splines or 1 3/8" - 21 splines. At certain types of tractors a PTO axle with 1 3/8" - 21 splines is used.

The PTO axle **must** be mounted with free running on the machine side. Linddana uses Walterscheid 2200 with free running which comes with the machine.

The length of the PTO axle has to be adapted to the tractor following instructions from the supplier of the PTO axle. See the attached manual for the PTO axle.

The machine must stand on a plane, horizontal surface during use and the tractor mounted machines must be attached to the tractor's three-point-suspension (see Fiure 4). The tractor's brakes must be properly activated.

When starting the machine: attachment must be done with the motor running at idle speed or at as few revolutions as possible in order to avoid overloading of the PTO axle, gear box, tractor and wood chipper.



Fiure 4 Three-point-suspension

6 Safety instructions

6.1 Safety regulations

- Use hearing protectors, safety goggles or a similar eye protection, close fitting safety clothing and safety shoes.
- When working near roads it can be prudent to wear a west with reflects the light to be more visible to the other road-users. The displaying of signs must be in accordance with the Road Traffic Act.
- Minimum age for users of the machine is 18, for training and under surveillance from an adult the age is 16.
- During operation, all body parts must be kept away from the feeding hopper and any moveable parts of the machine.
- The machine **must** not be started without the ejector tube mounted to the machine.
- **Never** use the machine in closed or poorly ventilated spaces, because of the danger of carbon monoxide poisoning.
- The top part of the machine as well as all other shielding must **not** be opened/removed before the rotor disc is completely immovable (see Figure 5) and the tractor's motor is stopped.
- Always stop the machine and the tractor during inspections, service or repairs. The machine **must** always be uncoupled from the tractor's PTO.
- Tractor mounted machines have to be on the ground before service or repairs are done.
- Always remove the ignition key from the tractor when you leave the machine.
- After maintenance and repairs, the machine must not be started before all bolts are tightened and all safety devices are mounted.
- Three-point mounted machines **must** be coupled to the tractor's three-point- suspension before use.
- The maximum rpm for the machine (2000 rpm) must **not** be superseded.
- The transmission axle's tube shielding and covering must always be intact. Safety chains on the transmission axle have to be properly mounted.
- The length of the PTO axle has to be adapted to the tractor according to the recommendations from the supplier of the PTO axle.
- The ejector tube must **not** point towards people or areas where there are people. There is a safety distance of 20 m. in the direction where the chips are thrown.
- During transport or when the machine is dismantled, the PTO axle has to be placed in the machine's carrier bow.
- During transport the ejector tube has to be turned in the opposite direction of the traffic direction and properly secured.
- During transport on public roads, the provisions of the authorities must be respected.
- For cleaning a broom or similar **must** be used. Never touch the inside of the hopper when the machine is running.

Figure 5 Two coloured axle end

6.2 Pictograms used

		P.T.O.: 540 r.p.m.
Warning: Objects thrown! Safety distance 20m!	Warning: Rotating knives! Wait for rotor to stop!	P.T.O. max. revolution.
		S
Read the manual before use!	Hearing protector and eye protection prescribed!	Lifting point for crane!

6.3 Noise level

The sound effect level and the sound pressure level from the TP 100 PTO have been measured during use at 1800 rpm on the rotor disc, powered by a tractor.

The measurements have been conducted according to test provisions Directive 2000/14/EC, 3. July 2000 EN ISO 3744, 1995 ISO 11201, 1995 ISO 4871, 19. March 1997 EN 13525, 17. February 2005

The warrantyd sound effect level which will be given by the manufacturer according to directive 2000/14/EC are as follows:

TP 100 PTO: 128 dB (A) re.1pW.

The machine's sound pressure level at the operator's seat is measured according to ISO 11201 at:

TP 100 PTO: 120 dB (A)

The above mentioned values have the common uncertainty for the method of measuring and the estimated variation in a product line for the type of machine. Detailed information on the measurements and results as well as estimation of uncertainty are found in a thorough report which can be given out on demand.

The sound level is of such a character that hearing protectors are prescribed during use of the machine.

6.4 Environmental instructions

Oil spills must be avoided as much as possible. At oil spills, the spilled oil must be cleaned up and handed in at an approved receiving station.

Worn out parts must be disposed of for recycling.

When the machine is worn out it must be disposed of properly.

The rest of the machine must be disposed of for recycling.

7 Maintenance

During all maintenance and repairs the machine and the drive must be shut off. Tractor mounted machines have to be placed on an even surface and be uncoupled from the tractor's PTO.

7.1 Maintenance schedule

Interval=> hours	82	50	100	200	500	1000	1.000m ³	1.000m3
Lubrication of the PTO axle ¹	Х							
Check of knives and anvil	Х							
Tightening of all nuts and bolts ²	(X)	Х						
Lubrication of drum's main bearings ³			Х					
Tube connection for PTO axle				Х				
cleaning/lubrication ⁴								
Anvil turn/change⁵						Х		
Oil change reversing gear ⁶		(X)			Х			

¹ The PTO axle is dismantled and 4 lubrication nipples are lubricated with Uniway Ep2 or something of similar quality.

Top up with W80/90 until it can be seen in gauge glass, 2 l.

² Bolts and nuts are tightened, the first time after 8 hours and then with an interval of 50 hours.

³ Two lubrication nipples are lubricated with Uniway Ep2 or something of similar quality.

⁴ The PTO axle is dismantled and the tube connection is pulled apart, cleaned and lubricated.

⁵ The anvil is turned/changed depending on need.

⁶ The oil is changed for the first time after 50 hours, then for every 500 hours.

7.2 Changing of worn parts

7.2.1 Anvil

The anvil in the machine is used as wearing bar for the knife in order to cut the wood. The anvil must be sharp-edged otherwise the wood will bend down and the cut will become frayed.

This is how it is done:

Stop the machine and the drive. Uncouple the tractor's PTO. Check that the rotor is at a **complete** standstill. Remove the bolts which hold the two parts of the rotor housing together and open the rotor housing. Then the rotor is secured with the locking pawl (see Figure 8).

Dismantle the two bolts which hold the anvil in place. The anvil is removed and turned/replaced. Before the anvil is put back, the anvil and the bearing surface must be cleaned carefully. The distance between the knife's edge and the anvil must be **0,5 mm**. (see Figure 6). The tightening factor for the bolts for the anvil is **200 Nm / 20 KPm**. (Additional equipment: torque wrench).

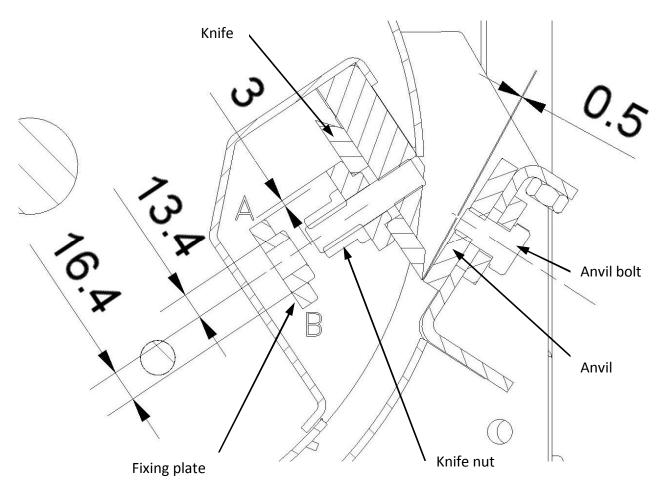


Figure 6 Distance between anvil and knife

When the anvils have been turned or replaced and all the bolts are tightened, the rotor is turned a few times to make sure that there are not any objects in the rotor housing. Close the rotor housing and fit the bolts (see Figure 7).

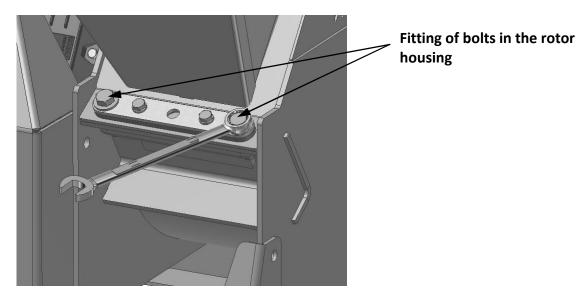


Figure 7 Fitting of bolts in the rotor housing

7.2.2 Knives

The machine is equipped with two knives.

The knives must always be changed in sets. The knives belong together in sets, also when they are ground so that they are always of equal width. If the knives are not of equal with the rotor will be out of balance which will lead to unnecessary strain on the bearings and vibrations in the whole machine.

The fixing plates can be turned in order to get maximum exploitation of the knives.

The fixing plate has two possible positions: A and B.

- A The fixing plate's A side faces the anvil.
 Used with new knives and knives which have been ground 2-3 times.
 See Figure 6.
- B The fixing plate is turned 180 degrees. The B side faces the anvil. The knife is increased with the eccentric in the fixing plate with 3 mm. The B position must not be used with new knives. The B position must not be used until the small distance of 0,5 mm between knives and anvil can no longer be achieved with the fixing plate in position A. See Figure 6.

This is how it is done:

Stop the machine and the drive. Uncouple the tractor's PTO. Check that the rotor is at a **complete** standstill. Remove the bolts which hold the two parts of the rotor housing together and open the rotor housing.

The rotor is turned until the rotor lock can go into one of the holes on the rotor. Now the rotor is locked (see Figure 8). Be careful that your fingers are not near the knives when the rotor is turned.

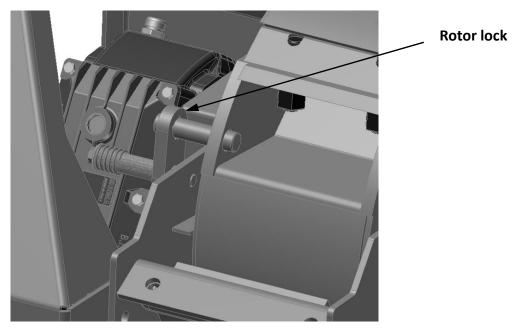


Figure 8 Locking of the rotor with the rotor lock

Remove the two nuts which hold the knife and the bearing surface to the rotor. Take out the knife. The bearing surfaces on the rotor and the knife must be cleaned properly before fitting the knives. On fitting the nuts **must** be slightly greased (μ =0,125) meaning thin oil, WD 40 or something similar. Copper grease, MoS₂ or similar low friction grease must **not** be used.

Check that the distance between the knife's edge and the anvil is set correctly at **0,5 mm**.

The nuts must be tightened with **200 Nm / 20 KPm**.

(Use a torque wrench for this. It can be bought as additional equipment).

When the knives are changed, the rotor is turned a few times to make sure that there are not any objects in the rotor housing. Close the rotor housing and fit the bolts (see Figure 7).

8 Grinding of knives

It is very important for the quality of chips that the knives are sharp. They have to be checked at least once a day. The grinding interval of the knives can be prolonged by grinding them with a carborundum stone regularly.

The grinding can be done as wet grinding with a bond stone (see Figure 10). **Never** use an angle grinder or a similar tool for grinding the knives.

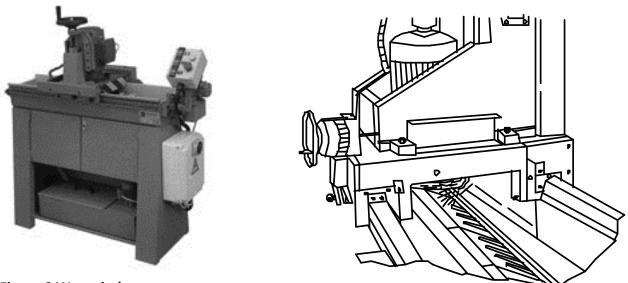


Figure 9 Wet grinder

When grinding knives you have to pay attention to the width of the knife set. The width has to be the same because of the balancing of the rotor. Therefore, the knives always have to be ground in sets. The knives must have a measurement of min. 28 mm (See Figure 10). After that they must be thrown away.

The edge of the knives must be ground at an angle of 40°. (See Figure 10)

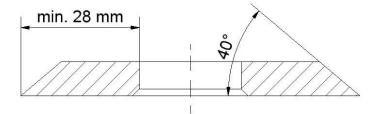


Figure 10 Grinding angle and minimum knife width for chipping knives

9 Troubleshooting for wood chipper TP 100

Check possible causes before contacting the distributor.

Problem / Possible cause	Solution				
The chip quality is not satisfactory:					
The knives are dull	Grind the knives				
The anvil is worn	Turn/replace the anvil				
The knife has been worn too far	Change the knives				
The distance between the knife and anvil is too	Adjust the distance between the knives and the				
large	anvil				
Poor throw of the chips:					
Too little drive Not enough revolutions on the machine	Not enough effect on the PTO axle or engine Increase speed to maximum revolutions				
Not enough revolutions on the machine	increase speed to maximum revolutions				

10 Warranty obligation for wood chipper

The warranty is valid 12 months from date of purchase to rectify defects that irrevocably are due to defects in materials or workmanship. The warranty covers faulty components which are repaired or replaced.

Transportation costs and wages for changes are the responsibility of the customer.

Upon any claims, the changed parts must be sent to Linddana for investigation.

Linddana alone decides whether the claim can be approved.

The following is an excerpt from Linddana's Terms of Sales and Delivery (item 4 and 5).

Claims

Any and all risk concerning the goods is passed to the buyer at the time of delivery of the goods. A claim concerning the goods has to be done in writing to Linddana as quickly as possible, and no later than 8 days after delivery. If Linddana has not received the claim before the deadline stated, the objections to quantity and quality that the buyer might have will lapse.

Linddana is entitled and obligated to correct any and all faults which are caused by the construction, material or manufacture. Linddana alone determines whether the remedy is to be done with repairs or changes of the defective parts. In case of repairs, the buyer is obligated to deliver and collect the goods sold in the workshop determined by Linddana at no expense to Linddana. In case of changing the defective parts, the buyer is obligated to send in the defective parts to Linddana at no expense to Linddana. Linddana is entitled to changing the defective goods. Linddana's responsibility only covers faults which occur within a year of the goods sold being delivered.

Linddana has no liability besides those stated in the present item. This includes any loss the fault might cause including loss of work, loss of earnings and other economical implication losses.

Warranty conditions

If Linddana has decided to grant a warranty, then this has faults in the construction, material or manufacture. A warranty granted by Linddana does not cover faults which occur as a result of imperfect maintenance, incorrect mounting, changes made by the buyer or wrong use of the good. The warranty furthermore does not cover normal wear and tear or deterioration. Linddana's warranty obligation presupposes that the buyer documents that a stated fault is not due to the conditions which are exempt from the warranty cf. afore-mentioned.

The buyer must let Linddana know in writing about any faults to the goods sold no later than 8 days after the fault should have been realized by the buyer. If the buyer does not let Linddana know before the expiration of this deadline and before the warranty period runs out, the buyer looses the right to make any claims concerning the fault.

Linddana is entitled and obligated to remedy any faults which are covered by a warranty granted by Linddana. Linddana alone decides if the remedy is to be done as repairs or changes of the defective parts, everything under the terms stipulated in item 4.

Linddana has no other liability for those faults. This includes any loss the fault might cause including loss of work, loss of earnings and other economical implication losses.

The warranty does not cover:

- If a defect with just cause can be attributed to inappropriate use.
- Use of unoriginal spare parts, including worn parts.
- Wrong adjustment or use of the machine.
- Use of wrong lubricant.
- Wear on cross at PTO axle.
- V-belts.
- Knives and anvil which break because of foreign bodies in the machine.

11 Technical data for wood chipper

Туре	TP 100 PTO
Chipping principle	Drum chipper
Rotor disc diameter, mm	400
Revolution PTO rpm*	540
Knives, pieces	2
Effect need min/max kW/(hp)	11-29/(15-40)
Engine effect kW/(hp)	-
Max. wood diameter, mm	100
Chip length, mm	5-20
Weight, kg	195
Height, mm	1581
Width, mm	1521
Length, mm	788

* PTO transmission axle: Walterscheid type 2200 with free running.

Rights to changes in the construction and specifications without previous notice reserved.

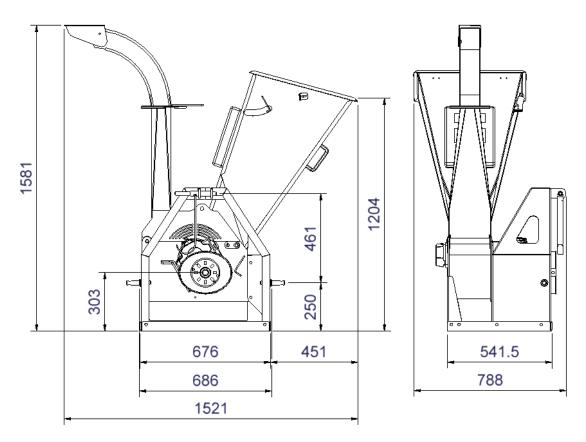


Figure 11 Dimensioned sketch TP 100 PTO

12 Accessories

- Torque wrench
- Extension for the ejection tube vertical
- Tool set
- Bushing set cat.0
- Lift arm extension set

13 Spare parts catalogue