

# **MSQ Plus Mass Detector**

### **Preinstallation Guide**

60111-97045 Revision A September 2013





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Release history: Revision A September 2013

Software version: (Thermo) MSQ Plus Mass Detector 2.0 or later; Xcalibur 2.2 SP1 or later; Foundation 2.0 SP1, 2.1, 3.0 or later

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



## MSQ Plus Mass Detector Installation Request Form

Dear User:

Read the MSQ Plus Mass Detector Preinstallation Requipolition following installation request form. After all items on the fax this form to your local Thermo Fisher Scientific sales local office are located on the following pages.	form are fulfilled, sign and date the form. Then, mail or
<ul> <li>1. All laboratory remodeling has been completed.</li> <li>2. Your MSQ Plus Mass Detector is on site.</li> </ul>	□ 14. Air conditioning is adequate for temperature, humidity, and particulate matter control. The

	2.	Your MSQ Plus Mass Detector is on site.		humidity, and particulate matter control. The
	3.	Principal operator will be available during the		laboratory can be maintained at a constant
	4	installation / certification period.		temperature, between 15 and 27 °C (59 and
ч	4.	Doorways, hallways, and so on are a minimum width of 94 cm (37 in.).	□ 15	81 °F). Relative humidity is between 40% and 80% with
	5.	Available floor area is sufficient and flooring will	<b>–</b> 10.	no condensation.
_	٠.	support the load.	<b>1</b> 6.	System work area is free from magnetic
	6.	Sufficient bench space is available for all of the		disruption and electrostatic discharge.
		equipment. List the following:	<b>1</b> 7.	All gases required (argon and nitrogen) are on
		Width:		site, gas lines are installed, and appropriate gas
		Depth:		regulators are available.
_	_	Height:	<b>-</b> 10	List gases and purity:
Ц	7.	Workbench can support the load of the system	<b>山</b> 18.	New or recently cleaned HPLC system is
	Ω	[215 kg (470 lbs)] and is free from vibration. Lighting is adequate.		available that produces pulse-free, continuous flow from 100 to 1000 $\mu$ L/min.
		Main power is installed and is in compliance with	□ 19	HPLC grade water, methanol, acetonitrile and
	٥.	local electrical codes.		isopropyl alcohol are available for testing the
	10.	Power for test and cleaning equipment is		performance of your instrument.
		installed.	<b>2</b> 0.	There is a suitable exhaust system present that
	11.	Power outlets are of the correct configuration.		is separate from solvent waste.
		Note NEMA type:	<b>□</b> 21.	Provision has been made for collecting solvent
	12.	Voltage of power outlet has been measured.		waste from API source.
	40	Note <i>measured</i> voltage:	<b>□</b> 22.	One voice telephone line is installed near the
ш	13.	Power is free from fluctuations due to slow		system.
		changes in the average voltage or changes due to surges, sags, or transients.	<b>L</b> 23.	All relevant safety regulations are complied with
		any special acceptance specifications been agreed	to in th	e contract? Yes □ No □
lt 1	ES	, attach full details of specifications.		
		e any additional equipment that needs to be interfa , attach full details of additional equipment.	iced to t	he system? Yes ☐ No ☐
		We reserve the right to invoice against the enginee f the installation.	r's time	if the installation requirements are not met on the
Pr	int	your name, company name, and compa	any ad	ldress clearly below:
Na	me			
Сс	mpa	any		Telephone
Ad	dres	SS		
Ad	dres	SS		
Cit	у _	S	tate	Country
o:,	not	LIFO		Doto

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#### EMC Directive 89/336/EEC as amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC

EMC compliance has been evaluated by UNDERWRITERS LABORATORY, INC (UL).

EN 55011	(1998)	EN 61000-4-3	(2002)
EN 61326-1	(1998)	EN 61000-4-4	(2001)
EN 61000-3-2	1995	EN 61000-4-5	(2001)
EN 61000-3-3	1995	EN 61000-4-6	(2001)
EN 61000-4-2	(2001)	EN 61000-4-11	(2001)

CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart B: 2004

Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B, Radio Frequency Devices Unintentional Radiators Class A

### Low-Voltage Safety Compliance

This device complies with the EU directive 73/23/EEC (equivalent to IEC 1010-1, 1990 plus Amendment 1, 1991 and Amendment 2, 1995) by meeting the following standard: EN 61010-1: 2001 with Corrigendum No. 1 and 2.

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**CAUTION** Read and understand the various precautionary notes, signs, and symbols contained inside this manual pertaining to the safe use and operation of this product before using the device.

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Your instrument is designed to work in a controlled electromagnetic environment. Do not use radio frequency transmitters, such as mobile phones, in close proximity to the instrument.

For manufacturing location, see the label on the instrument.



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### WEEE Konformität

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### **Conformité DEEE**

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### **Preface**

This guide describes how to plan for and prepare your laboratory site before delivery and installation of the Thermo Scientific™ MSQ Plus™ Mass Detector. Read each section carefully to ensure that your laboratory is ready for the installation of the system.

#### **Contents**

- Related Documentation
- Safety and Special Notices
- Safety Precautions
- Contacting Us

#### To suggest changes to documentation or to Help

Complete a brief survey about this document by clicking the button below. Thank you in advance for your help.



### **Related Documentation**

In addition to this guide, Thermo Fisher Scientific provides the following documents for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector:

- MSQ Plus Mass Detector Hardware Manual
- MSQ Plus Mass Detector Getting Started Guide
- MSQ Plus Mass Detector Getting Connected
- MSQ Plus Mass Detector Calmix Kit Preparation Guide
- Dionex AXP/AXP-MS Metering Pump Operator's Manual
- Dionex Chromelon/MSQ Plus Operator's Guide

- Dionex MSQ Plus Facilities Preinstallation Requirements Guide
- Dionex MSQ Hardware Manual
- Dionex Installation and Commissioning Guide
- Dionex MSQ Preventive Maintenance
- Dionex MSQ10LA Nitrogen Generator for Mass Spectrometers
- Dionex MSQ18LA Nitrogen Generator for Mass Spectrometers
- Dionex N118LOA/N418LA Unpacking & Installation
- Dionex N\*18KLA Nitrogen Generator User Manual
- Dionex MSQ Getting Started
- Safety and Regulatory Guide

You also receive a printed copy of the *Safety and Regulatory Guide* with your MSQ Plus Mass Detector. This guide contains important safety information about Thermo Scientific LC and MS systems. Make sure that all lab personnel have read and have access to this document.

The software also provides Help.

### **Safety and Special Notices**

Make sure you follow the precautionary statements presented in this guide. The safety and other special notices appear in boxes.

Safety and special notices include the following:



**CAUTION** Highlights hazards to humans, property, or the environment. Each CAUTION notice is accompanied by an appropriate CAUTION symbol.

**IMPORTANT** Highlights information necessary to prevent damage to software, loss of data, or invalid test results; or might contain information that is critical for optimal performance of the system.

**Note** Highlights information of general interest.

**Tip** Highlights helpful information that can make a task easier.

### **Safety Precautions**

Observe the following safety precautions when you operate or perform service on the MSQ Plus Mass Detector:



**CAUTION** Do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the MSQ Plus Mass Detector Hardware Manual. To avoid personal injury or damage to the instrument, do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the MSQ Plus Mass Detector Hardware Manual or related manuals unless you are qualified to do so.



**CAUTION** Shut down the mass detector and disconnect it from line power before you service it. High voltages capable of causing personal injury are used in the instrument. Some maintenance procedures require that the mass detector be shut down and disconnected from line power before service is performed. Do not operate the mass detector with the top or side covers off. Do not remove protective covers from PCBs.



**CAUTION** Do not interfere with the safety interlock. Interfering with the safety interlock will expose you to potentially lethal electrical hazards.



**CAUTION** Respect heated zones. Treat heated zones with respect. The ion transfer capillary and the APCI vaporizer might be very hot and might cause severe burns if touched. Allow heated components to cool before you service them.



**CAUTION** Place the mass detector in Standby (or Off) mode before you open the atmospheric pressure ionization (API) source. The presence of atmospheric oxygen in the API source when the mass detector is on could be unsafe. The mass detector automatically goes into standby mode when you open the API source; however, take this added precaution for safety reasons.



**CAUTION** Take care when handling the corona pin. The corona pin is sharp and can cause personal injury. Take care when removing or installing the corona pin.



**CAUTION** Make sure you have sufficient nitrogen for your API source. Before you begin normal operation each day, make sure that you have sufficient nitrogen for your API source. The presence of atmospheric oxygen in the API source when the mass detector is on could be unsafe.



**CAUTION** Contain waste streams. Because the API source can accommodate high solvent flow rates, you must make provisions to collect the waste solvent.



**CAUTION** Provide adequate fume exhaust systems for the API source solvent waste container and the forepump. Your laboratory must be equipped with at least two fume exhaust systems: one to vent the waste container connected to the exhaust port (API solvent drain) on the back of the mass detector and the other to vent the forepump exhaust. As described in the MSQ Plus Mass Detector Getting Connected Guide, route the (blue) forepump exhaust hose to a dedicated fume exhaust system. Because the exhaust hose acts as a trap for exhaust fumes that would otherwise recondense in the forepump oil, the hose should travel at floor level for a minimum of two meters (78.5 in.) before it reaches the external exhaust system. Route tubing from the waste container connected to the exhaust port on the back of the mass detector to a second dedicated fume exhaust system. Consult local regulations for the proper method of exhausting the fumes from your system.

Do **not** vent the PVC drain tube (or any vent tubing connected to the waste container) to the same fume exhaust system that is connected to the forepump. The forepump exhaust contains pump oil, which can seriously contaminate the analyzer optics of the mass spectrometer.

### **Contacting Us**

There are several ways to contact Thermo Fisher Scientific for the information you need.

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### Introduction

The MSQ Plus Mass Detector is designed to operate under carefully controlled environmental conditions.

You are responsible for providing a suitable location and operating environment, a source of power of acceptable quality, correct gas and solvent supplies, and proper waste and exhaust systems.



**CAUTION** Operating a system or maintaining it outside the power and operating environment specifications described in this guide might cause failures of many types. The repair of such failures is specifically excluded from the standard warranty and service contract coverage.

For additional information, request specific preinstallation support directly through your local Thermo Fisher Scientific office (see "Chromatography and Mass Spectrometry Offices" on page v).

# **Site Preparation**

This chapter describes the physical requirements that your site must meet to accommodate the MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

#### **Contents**

- Entrance
- Space and Load Requirements
- Telephone

Before a Thermo Fisher Scientific service engineer can install your instrument, you must prepare the site. Transportation of the equipment to the site requires wide entrances and hallways. Supporting the weight of the mass detector, computer, and liquid chromatography (LC) system requires large and strong workbenches. You must install a telephone within reach of the workbench. See Table 1 for a summary of site preparation requirements, and see the pages indicated in the table for details.

**Table 1.** Site preparation requirements

Requirement	Page
Entrance:	4
For the system to be delivered to the site, your entrances and hallways must be a minimum of 70 cm (28 in.) wide for passage of the instrument.	
Space and Load Requirements:	4
The total workbench surface must have minimum dimensions of $0.9 \times 2$ m (3 × 6 ft) to support the MSQ Plus Mass Detector, the Accela LC system, the optional cone wash pump, and the data system with user-supplied printer. The workbench surface must be capable of supporting the weight of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector [60 kg (132 lbs)] and the data system (with printer) [39 kg (86 lbs)] plus the weight of your liquid chromatograph and any options.	
Telephone:	7
A telephone line must be installed near the workbench.	

# **2 Site Preparation** Entrance

You are responsible for providing an acceptable installation site.

**IMPORTANT** The MSQ Plus Mass Detector must be located within 2.5 m of a connection to an external laboratory vent.

### **Entrance**

The entrance to your facility and the width of all hallways, elevators, and so on must be a minimum of 70 cm (28 in.). However, you must also allow additional room for maneuvering the system around corners, into elevators, or through doorways.

The MSQ Plus Mass Detector and accessories are shipped in a container with a length of 112 cm (44 in.), a width of 70 cm (28 in.), and a height of 78 cm (31 in.). The container and its contents weigh approximately 60 kg (132 lb). Other modules, such as the computer, forepump, monitor, and options, are shipped in their own containers. Their dimensions and weights are less than that of the container for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

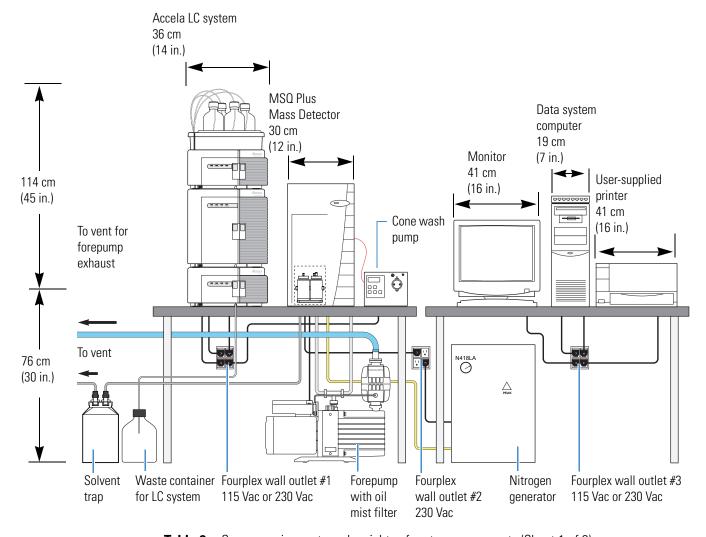
### **Space and Load Requirements**

See Figure 1 for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector system installation and space requirements. See Table 2 for the space requirements and weights of typical MSQ Plus Mass Detector LC/MS system components.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Your instrument is shipped in a shipping container with a smallest dimension of 70 cm (28 in.). If the entrance to your laboratory will not accommodate a 92 cm (36.22 in.) container, you can remove the individual modules from the container before moving them into the room. If you remove the instrument from its shipping container before it is delivered to the lab site, be sure that all the contents of the container remain with the instrument.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If the instrument shipping container, Shock Watch, or other indicators show any evidence of damage or mishandling during shipment, do NOT open the container. Call your Thermo Fisher Scientific representative for instructions on what to do. If there is no evidence of shipping damage or mishandling, then you can proceed with the instructions that follow.

**Figure 1.** Space requirements for your MSQ Plus Mass Detector system



**Table 2.** Space requirements and weights of system components (Sheet 1 of 2)

	Height		Width		Depth		Weight	
Module	cm	in.	cm	in.	cm	in.	kg	lb
MSQ Plus Mass Detector	55	22	30	12	70	28	60	132
Accela LC system <sup>a</sup>	114	45	36	14.2	51	20	68	150
Cone wash pump	15.9	6.25	19.7	7.75	35.6	14	2.7	15
Mid-tower computer	48	19	18	7	43	17	23	50
Monitor	41	16	41	16	20	8	10	22
Keyboard	3	2	48	19	20	8	1	2

Table 2. Space requirements and weights of system components (Sheet 2 of 2)

	Height		Width		Depth		Weight	
Module	cm	in.	cm	in.	cm	in.	kg	lb
Forepump	30	12	60	24	29	11	34	75
Nitrogen generator (N418LA)	71	28	40	15.7	70	27.5	60	132

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> These dimensions are for an Accela<sup>™</sup> system with a pump, autosampler, PDA detector, and solvent platform with five 1-L solvent bottles filled with solvent.

Place the MSQ Plus Mass Detector and the data system components on two separate workbenches next to each other. One workbench holds the mass detector, the LC, and any other LC/MS options and must have minimum dimensions of  $1 \times 1.53$  m ( $3 \times 5$  ft). This workbench must also be capable of supporting the weight of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector [[60 kg (132 lbs)] plus the weight of the liquid chromatograph<sup>3</sup> and any options. Allow about 8 cm (3 in.) of clear space behind the system for proper air circulation and for clearance of the gas lines and electrical connections. In addition, allow at least 92 cm (36 in.) of vertical clearance between the top of the mass detector and any shelves above it.

The second workbench holds the data system computer, monitor, and printer, and must have minimum dimensions of  $1 \times 1.22$  m ( $3 \times 4$  ft). This second workbench must be capable of supporting the weight of the data system and printer [48 kg (105 lb)]. Because the total length of the vacuum hose connecting the mass detector to the forepump should not exceed 8 ft., install the forepump on the floor close to the mass detector.

Depending on available space, you have two options for the placement of the forepump and for connecting the vacuum hose from the MSQ Plus Mass Detector to the forepump.

- If the workbench has space beneath it, place the forepump on the floor under the workbench immediately behind the MSQ Plus Mass Detector, as shown in Figure 1 on page 5. Either run the vacuum hose behind the workbench, or make a 6.4 cm (2.5 in.) diameter hole through the bench for the vacuum hose. Allow for room to run the power cords from the forepump through the hole.
- If the workbench has no space under or at the end of it, place the forepump on the floor in front of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

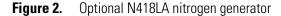


**CAUTION** Whenever possible, provide space under the workbench for the forepump. If placed in front of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector, the forepump can block access to drawers and cabinets and can represent a trip hazard.

**Note** To maintain forepump integrity, route the exhaust tubing from the exhaust port down to the floor, not from the forepump vertically toward the ceiling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>An Accela LC system containing a pump, an autosampler, and a PDA weighs approximately 65 kg (143 lbs). Add more weight for the solvent platform, which holds the solvent reservoir bottles filled with solvent.

If you are using the N418LA nitrogen generator, shown in Figure 2, install it on the floor close to the MSQ Plus Mass Detector. Because the gas pressure decreases as the length of the tubing increases, limit the 6 mm OD tubing that runs from the back of the nitrogen generator to the GAS In port on the back panel of the mass detector to no longer than 6 m (20 ft). Allow sufficient slack in the gas line so that you can pull the generator forward for maintenance.





### **Telephone**

Install a telephone in your laboratory near the instrument so that, if necessary, you can conveniently operate the system while you are working by telephone with Thermo Fisher Scientific Technical Support. Place the voice telephone outlet within 2 m (6 ft) of your system.

**IMPORTANT** Your instrument is designed to work in a controlled electromagnetic environment. Do not use radio frequency transmitters, such as mobile phones, in close proximity to the instrument.

# **Operating Environment**

This chapter describes the operating environment that the MSQ Plus Mass Detector requires to perform optimally.

#### **Contents**

- Temperature
- Humidity
- Vibration
- Lighting
- Particulate Matter
- Electrostatic Discharge

Attention to the operating environment ensures the continued high performance of your MSQ Plus Mass Detector LC/MS system. Any expenditures for air conditioning are more than offset by good sample throughput and reduced repair costs. See Table 3 for more information on operating environment requirements, and see the pages indicated in the table for more details.

**Table 3.** Operating environment preinstallation requirements (Sheet 1 of 2)

Requirement	Page
Temperature:	10
The laboratory room temperature must be maintained between 15 and 35 $^{\circ}$ C (59 and 95 $^{\circ}$ F). Also, ensure that the temperature does not fluctuate by more than $\pm 5$ $^{\circ}$ C to ensure good performance.	
Humidity:	11
The relative humidity of the operating environment must be between 40 and 80%, with no condensation.	
Vibration:	11
Workbench must be free from vibration.	

## **3 Operating Environment** Temperature

**Table 3.** Operating environment preinstallation requirements (Sheet 2 of 2)

Requirement	Page
Lighting:	11
Adequate lighting for instrument operation is required. a high-intensity lamp for instrument maintenance.	
Particulate Matter:	12
Air should contain fewer than 100000 particles per cubic foot (3500000 particles per cubic meter) in excess of 5 $\mu m$ .	
Electrostatic Discharge:	12
Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends precautions, especially when you are operating the system at the lower end of the relative humidity specification just	

You are responsible for providing the operating environment necessary for proper operation of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector LC/MS system.

### **Temperature**

For precision instrumentation, such as the MSQ Plus Mass Detector, the temperature stability of the environment in which the instrument is installed can affect performance.

The laboratory room temperature must be maintained between 15 and 35 °C (59 and 95 °F). Also, make sure that the temperature does not fluctuate by more than 10 °C (50 °F) to ensure good mass accuracy.

**Note** As the laboratory temperature increases, system reliability decreases. All electronic components generate heat while operating. This heat must be dissipated to the surrounding air for the components to continue to operate reliably.

There must be a good flow of room air around the system, and the air conditioning system must be capable of maintaining a constant temperature in the immediate vicinity of the system.

**Note** Do not place the MSQ Plus Mass Detector under an air duct, near windows, or near heating and cooling sources. Temperature fluctuations of 5 °C or more over a 5 minute period of time can affect performance.

The air conditioning load for an MSQ Plus Mass Detector with an Accela LC and a data system is approximately 5000 W (17000 Btu/h). Refer to your Accela LC manual for the heat output of your LC equipment.

Table 4 shows the approximate heat output of each module.

**Table 4.** Heat output for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector, an LC, and the data system (with printer)

Module	Heat output in watts	Heat output in Btu/h
MSQ Plus Mass Detector with forepump	3000	10200
Accela liquid chromatograph <sup>a</sup>	870	3000
Monitor	240	820
Computer	470	1600
Laser printer*	350	1200
Total	4930	16820

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Approximate. The actual values depend on your equipment.

### **Humidity**

The relative humidity of the operating environment must be between 40 and 80%, with no condensation. Relative humidity must not exceed 80% for temperatures up to 31 °C (87.8 °F), decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 35 °C (95 °F).

Operating a MSQ Plus Mass Detector in an environment with very low humidity can cause the accumulation and discharge of static electricity, which can shorten the life of the electronic components. Operating the system in an environment with high humidity can cause condensation, oxidation, and short circuits. It can also cause the accumulation of dust that can block filters on cooling fans.

To ensure that your laboratory is always within the required temperature and humidity specifications, equip your laboratory with a temperature and humidity monitor.

### **Vibration**

Floors must be free of vibration caused, for example, by equipment in adjoining locations.

Because of the natural vibration of the forepump during operation, install it on the floor beneath the MSQ Plus Mass Detector, not near the system on the workbench.

### Lighting

Good lighting makes any work area more enjoyable. Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends a small high-intensity lamp for cleaning the mass spectrometer components.

### **Particulate Matter**

The air in your laboratory must not have excessive dust, smoke, or other particulate matter. For reference, the air should contain fewer than  $100\,000$  particles per cubic foot  $(3\,500\,000$  particles per cubic meter) in excess of  $5\,\mu m$ .

Dust can clog the air filters, causing a reduction in air flow around electronic components. Dust can also form a layer on electronic components that acts as an insulating blanket and reduces the transfer of heat from the components to the surrounding air.

### **Electrostatic Discharge**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage the electronic components of your MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

The MSQ Plus Mass Detector can withstand electrostatic discharges (ESD) up to 8 kV (air discharge) and 4 kV (contact discharge) with all panels in place. However, if the panels are removed and the PCBs are handled without proper precautions, the electronic components might be damaged or fail prematurely.

Static electricity can develop in a variety of ways. A few examples of how electrostatic charge can develop are as follows:

- When walking across a carpet in a room that is at 20% relative humidity, as much as 35 000 V of electrostatic potential can be generated on the surface of your body. A similar trip in a room at 80% relative humidity generates about 1500 V of electrostatic potential.
- Sitting and working in a chair padded with polyurethane foam in a room at 20% relative humidity can cause as much as 18000 V of electrostatic potential to develop on your skin or 1500 V at 80% relative humidity.
- Working in laboratory coats and clothing made of synthetic fibers can cause the
  accumulation of static electricity on your skin.
- Styrofoam® cups and packing materials typically have a considerable electrostatic charge on them.

The discharge of static electricity is not perceptible to a human being until the potential is at least 4000 V. Many electronic components can be damaged by a discharge of electrostatic potential of as little as 50 V. ESD damage can be catastrophic, causing your system to cease functioning. More commonly, however, ESD damage might cause latent problems that are detrimental to sensitive electrical components, causing premature failures.

Therefore, the following precautions are recommended, especially when you are operating your system at the lower end of the relative humidity specification listed in section.

• Use a static-dissipating floor covering, such as tile or conductive linoleum, in the room that houses your instrument.

- Use laboratory chairs covered with natural fiber or other static-dissipating material.
- When you are operating the instrument, wear a laboratory coat and clothing made of natural fiber or other static-dissipating material.
- Do not place Styrofoam cups or packing materials on the instrument.

### **Line Power**

This chapter describes the line power requirements of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

#### **Contents**

- Quality of Power
- Power-Monitoring Devices
- Power-Conditioning Devices
- Available Outlets
- Connecting the MS, LC, and Other Modules to Wall Outlets
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- Technical Assistance

The performance and longevity of your system can be affected by the quality of line power delivered to the system. To ensure that your instrument performs optimally and is not damaged by line power fluctuations, verify that you comply with all power quality requirements. See Table 5 for a summary of line power requirements. More information on each of the requirements is available on the page indicated in the table.

**Table 5.** Summary of line power preinstallation requirements (Sheet 1 of 2)

Requirement	Page
Quality of Power:	18
Line power must be free from:	
• Long-term changes in average root mean square (RMS) voltage level, with durations greater than 2 s.	
<ul> <li>Sudden changes in average RMS voltage level, with durations between 50 ms and 2 s.</li> </ul>	
$\bullet$ Brief voltage excursions of up to several thousand volts with durations of up to 50 $\mu s.$	
Power-Monitoring Devices:	18
Thermo Fisher Scientific strongly recommends that you monitor the power line 24 hours a day for seven consecutive days before connecting your MSQ Plus Mass Detector to line power.	
Power-Conditioning Devices:	19
To free line power from voltage changes, sags, surges and transients, the following devices are available:	
Noise-suppression transformer	
Buck/boost transformer	

• Power conditioning

**Table 5.** Summary of line power preinstallation requirements (Sheet 2 of 2)

Requirement	Page
Available Outlets:	19

For systems installed where there is 110 and 230 V:

- Nominal voltage of 120 Vac, +6 to -10% and 230 Vac, ±10% and free from voltage variations above or below this operating range
- Frequency of 50/60 Hz
- Two fourplex outlets (eight single-phase power receptacles) with a minimum power rating of 20 A (120 Vac)
- One fourplex outlet (four single-phase power receptacles) with a minimum power rating of 16 A (230 Vac). Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends the NEMA 6-15P, shown in Figure 3.
- Earth ground hard-wired to the main panel

For systems with only 230 V line power:

• Nominal voltage of 230 Vac, ±10%

**Note** For systems installed in areas with 208 Vac nominal line power, you must use a buck/boost transformer to keep your line power within operating parameters.

- Frequency of 50/60 Hz
- Three fourplex outlets (twelve power receptacles), with a minimum power rating of 16 A at each fourplex outlet. (In the U.S., only the 15 and 20 A power rating options are available, so you *must* choose the 20 A option.)
- Earth ground hard-wired to the main panel

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Connecting the MS, LC, and Other Modules to Wall Outlets:	23
Balance the current load on the circuits to which your system is connected.	
Uninterruptible Power Supply:	24
Systems installed in areas with intermittent line power must have uninterruptible power supplies installed.	
Technical Assistance:	25
Contact your local office for Thermo Scientific products for additional assistance in monitoring line power or selecting a line conditioner.	

#### 4 Line Power Quality of Power

Figure 3. NEMA 6-15P socket



### **Quality of Power**

The quality of power supplied to your MSQ Plus Mass Detector is very important. The line voltage must be stable and within the specifications listed in this guide. The line voltage must be free of fluctuations due to slow changes in the average voltage, surges, sags, or transients.

Below are definitions for the most common voltage disturbances:

- Slow average is a gradual, long-term change in average root mean square (RMS) voltage level, with typical durations greater than 2 s.
- Sags and surges are sudden changes in average RMS voltage level, with typical durations between 50 ms and 2 s.
- Transients (or impulses) are brief voltage excursions of up to several thousand volts with durations of up to 50  $\mu$ s.

Constant high line voltage, impulses, or surges in voltage can cause overheating and component failures. Constant low line voltage or sags in voltage can cause the system to function erratically or not at all. Transients, even a few microseconds in duration, can cause electronic devices to fail catastrophically or to degrade and eventually shorten the lifetime of your system. Therefore, it is important to establish the quality of the line voltage in your laboratory before installing your MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

### **Power-Monitoring Devices**

A variety of devices are available to monitor the quality of your line power.

These devices provide a continuous record of line performance by analyzing and printing out information on three types of voltage disturbances:

- Slow average
- Sag and surge
- Transient

In the first two cases, the duration, as well as the amplitude of the disturbance, are indicated by time interval recording. The Dranetz<sup>™</sup> power line disturbance analyzer is a device capable of detecting and recording most types of line power problems. Line monitors can be rented from electrical equipment suppliers.

Monitor the power line 24 hours a day for seven consecutive days. If inspection of the printout indicates disturbances, terminate the test and take corrective action. Then monitor the power again as just described.

### **Power-Conditioning Devices**

Various line voltage conditioning devices are available that can correct your line voltage problem. If you have good regulation but the power line disturbance analyzer shows transient voltages, an isolation/noise-suppression transformer should be adequate to resolve the problem. If there are both transient and regulation problems, consider power conditioners, which can control both of these problems.



**CAUTION** Any conditioning devices installed with your system must be able to deal with the potentially high currents that are drawn during the initial startup of the system. For example, the forepump can draw as much as 30 A during startup. Contact your service engineer for more information.

When the line voltage is free from voltage sags, surges, and impulses but is more than 10% outside of the voltage specifications, you can lower the line voltage (bucked 10%) or raise it (boosted 10%) by using a buck/boost transformer.

You can order the buck/boost transformer kit (P/N OPTON-01460) from Thermo Fisher Scientific.

Each buck/boost transformer is encased in a metal housing approximately  $13 \times 13 \times 26$  cm  $(5 \times 5 \times 10 \text{ in.})$  and is equipped with a 2 m (6 ft) power cable. The installation instructions for the transformer are included. Only an electrician can install the transformer. Have the electrician install the buck/boost transformer before you start the installation of your system.



**CAUTION** To support compliance and safety requirements, ensure that your power conditioning devices are certified by recognized domestic and international organizations, such as UL, CSA, TÜV, and VDE.

### **Available Outlets**

The MSQ Plus Mass Detector operates at a nominal voltage of 230 Vac, 50/60 Hz. Line voltages can vary between a minimum of 207 Vac and a maximum of 253 Vac.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Thermo Fisher Scientific does not endorse any power monitoring company, nor does it endorse products other than its own. Companies and products listed in this guide are given as examples only.

#### 4 Line Power Available Outlets



**CAUTION** Systems installed in areas with 208 V power will experience voltage sags during high use periods that might place the line voltage below the operating parameters discussed in this section. In that case, you must protect your instrument by using a buck/boost transformer to ensure that power is within the specified parameters at all times.

The minimum and maximum voltage tolerances are in compliance with IEC 950, Amend 2, 1993, paragraph 1.6.5, as follows:

"Equipment intended to operate directly from the main supply shall be designed for a minimum supply tolerance of +6% and -10%. If the rated voltage is 230 Vac single phase or 400 Vac three phase, the equipment shall operate safely within a minimum supply tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$ ."

For systems installed in regions with both 120 Vac and 230 Vac service, the basic power requirements for a MSQ Plus Mass Detector consist of the following:

- Nominal voltage of 120 Vac, +6 to -10% and 230 Vac, ±10% and free from voltage variations above or below this operating range
- Frequency of 50/60 Hz
- Two fourplex outlets (single-phase power) with a minimum power rating of 20 A (120 Vac)
- One fourplex outlet (single-phase power) with a minimum power rating of 16 A
   (230 Vac). (In the U.S., only 15 and 20 A power rating options are available, therefore
   you must choose the 20 A option.)
- Earth ground hard-wired to the main panel

For systems installed in areas with 230 Vac only service, the basic power requirements for a MSQ Plus Mass Detector consist of the following:

- Nominal voltage of 230 Vac, ±10%
- Frequency of 50/60 Hz
- Three fourplex outlets, with a minimum power rating of 16 A at each fourplex outlet
- Earth ground hard-wired to the main panel



**CAUTION** The MSQ Plus Mass Detector must have an earth ground hard-wired to the main panel. The interconnected power outlets for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector must have a common point to one ground connector. If there are two such points, each of which is connected to separate external ground, they can cause noise current to flow through the ground system by way of the ground loop that is formed.

#### Note

- 1. Keep the power on. The MSQ Plus Mass Detector should remain on and pumping continuously for optimum performance.
- Additional power outlets might be required for test and cleaning equipment, such as
  an oscilloscope and ultrasonic bath. Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends that there
  be several additional power outlets close to the workbench space within your
  laboratory.

Figure 1 on page 5 shows the optimum location of the power outlets.

The power cable from the MSQ Plus Mass Detector and the cables from the personal computer, monitor, and printer are approximately 2 m (6 ft) long.

The MSQ Plus Mass Detector ships with a plug appropriate to its shipping destination. The data system ships with a NEMA 6-15P plug, which is rated at 15 A and 125 Vac. Local codes in your area might require that another type of plug and receptacle be installed. The Thermo Fisher Scientific field service engineer for your country will provide the appropriate power plugs.

#### **Note** Do not use the NEMA 5-15P plug.

The NEMA plugs and their corresponding outlets are shown in Figure 4.

**Figure 4.** NEMA 6-15P and NEMA 5-15P power plugs and their respective outlets

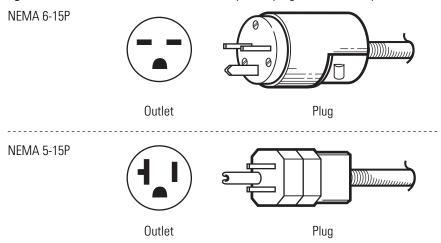


Table 6 shows the maximum current required by each component of a typical MSQ Plus Mass Detector. The MSQ Plus Mass Detector operates with 230 Vac only. The optional N418LA nitrogen generator also requires a 230 Vac power source. You can manually set other components to 120 Vac or 230 Vac, or you can order them as a 120 Vac or 230 Vac option.

# 4 Line Power Available Outlets



**CAUTION** The values listed in Table 6 are the average currents drawn by each of the listed components. Any conditioning devices installed with your system must also be able to deal with the potentially high currents drawn during the initial startup of the system. For example, the forepump can draw as much as 30 A during startup. For more details on the surge requirements for your system, consult the forepump manuals. Contact your service engineer for more information.

Installing a conditioning device incapable of handling the potentially high currents drawn during the initial startup of the system could lead to personal injury.

**Table 6.** Maximum current (single phase) for a MSQ Plus Mass Detector at 230 Vac, an LC at 120 or 230 Vac, and the data system (with printer) at 120 or 230 Vac

Module	Voltage 120 Vac current (in amperes)	Voltage 230 Vac current (in amperes)
MSQ Plus Mass Detector (230 V only)	NA	3
Forepump	NA	10
Nitrogen generator (N418LA)	NA	4
Liquid chromatograph <sup>a</sup>	10	5
Monitor	2	1
Computer	4	2
Laser printer <sup>a</sup>	3	2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Approximate. The actual value depends on your equipment.

**Note** Refer to your LC equipment manual for power requirements and specifications.

Installation of a complete LC/MS system can require extensive electrical resources. To plan your power system properly, see Table 7 for an example of the number of outlets that might be necessary in your laboratory.

**Table 7.** Required wall outlets for a sample laboratory setup<sup>a</sup> (Sheet 1 of 2)

Item	Outlets
HPLC system	
Autosampler	1
• Heater	1
• LC pump	1
PDA detector	1
External controller	1
MSQ Plus Mass Detector	1 (230 V)

**Table 7.** Required wall outlets for a sample laboratory setup<sup>a</sup> (Sheet 2 of 2)

Item	Outlets
Data system	
• CPU	1
• Monitor	1
• Printer	1
Nitrogen generator (optional MSQ10LA)	1 (230 V)
Cone wash pump (optional)	1 (115 V or 230 V)
High-intensity lamp (optional for help in instrument maintenance.)	1
Laboratory stereoscope for inspecting fused-silica parts (optional; useful when performing nanoflow or microfluidic experiments.)	1
Total outlets required for this configuration	
• 115 Vac Outlets	6 to 11
• 230 Vac Outlets	1 to 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Your setup might vary, depending on the line voltages and current supplied.

## Connecting the MS, LC, and Other Modules to Wall Outlets

Ensure that the wall outlet specifications are not exceeded. The maximum load for a 120 Vac fourplex outlet is typically 20 A, and the maximum load for a 230 Vac fourplex outlet is typically 16 A. See Table 6 on page 22 for the maximum current ratings for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector and the data system.

Table 8 and Table 9 show examples of how to balance the power load among three wall outlets without exceeding their specifications. (See Figure 1 on page 5 for a typical installation.)

The specifications for the modules in your system might vary from those in this guide. The power specifications on the module always supersede those in the guide.

**Table 8.** Suggested power connections for an MSQ Plus Mass Detector at 230 Vac, an LC at 120 Vac, and the data system (with printer) at 120 Vac (Sheet 1 of 2)

Module	Fourplex outlet #1 120 Vac	Fourplex outlet #2 230 Vac	Fourplex outlet #3 120 Vac
MSQ Plus Mass Detector		3 A	
Liquid chromatograph <sup>a</sup>	10 A		
Cone wash pump (optional)			
Nitrogen generator (optional)		4 A	
Monitor			2 A
Computer			4 A

**Table 8.** Suggested power connections for an MSQ Plus Mass Detector at 230 Vac, an LC at 120 Vac, and the data system (with printer) at 120 Vac (Sheet 2 of 2)

Module	Fourplex outlet #1 120 Vac	Fourplex outlet #2 230 Vac	Fourplex outlet #3 120 Vac
Laser printer <sup>a</sup>			3 A
Total	10 A	7 A	9 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Approximate. The actual value depends on your equipment.

**Table 9.** Suggested power connections for an MSQ Plus Mass Detector, an LC, and the data system at 230 Vac

Module	Fourplex outlet #1 230 Vac	Fourplex outlet #2 230 Vac	Fourplex outlet #3 230 Vac
MSQ Plus Mass Detector		3 A	
Liquid chromatograph <sup>a</sup>	5 A		
Cone wash pump (optional)			
Nitrogen generator (optional)		4 A	
Monitor			1 A
Computer			2 A
Laser printer <sup>a</sup>			2 A
Total	5 A	7 A	5 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Approximate. The actual value depends on your equipment.



**CAUTION** Make sure that the MSQ Plus Mass Detector and your LC are not connected to the same electrical wall outlet circuit.

## **Uninterruptible Power Supply**

If your local area is susceptible to corrupted power or power disruptions, install an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) in your laboratory.



**CAUTION** The UPS must be listed or recognized by an NTRL in the USA or by a European Recognized Agency.

### **Technical Assistance**

You might occasionally encounter line power sources of unacceptable quality that adversely affect the operation of an MSQ Plus Mass Detector. Correcting line power problems is your responsibility. Contact your local office for Thermo Scientific products for assistance in monitoring the line voltage in your laboratory and in selecting a line conditioner.

Specifying power conditioning equipment is a complex task that is best handled by a company or consultant specializing in that field. Contact your local Thermo Fisher Scientific office for assistance in locating a power consultant in your area.

# **Gases and Solvents**

This chapter describes the requirements for delivering gas and solvents to the MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

#### **Contents**

- Fittings and Parts
- Gases
- Solvent Recommendations

Your instrument requires high-purity nitrogen gas and HPLC solvents. The service engineer might also require certain solvents for the installation verification of your system. Table 10 summarizes the gas and solvent requirements. More information on each of the requirements is available on the page indicated in the table.

**Table 10.** Summary of solvent and gas preinstallation requirements

Requirement	Page
Fittings and Parts:	28
It is your responsibility to supply all fittings and parts necessary for connecting gases during the installation of your system. The tubing for the nitrogen supply to the MSQ Plus Mass Detector is 6 mm OD PTFE. The installation kit for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector includes a 6 mm $\times$ 1/4 in. BSP half-union fitting, which allows connection to 1/4 in. swaged connections in typical (U.S.) laboratories.	
Gases:	28
High purity (99%). The required gas pressure is 520 kPa (75 psi).	
Solvent Recommendations:	29
Some solvents modifiers might be necessary for the installation of your system.	

## **Fittings and Parts**

Table 11 lists the minimum parts that are required to connect your MSQ Plus Mass Detector to your gas delivery system. Your connections and gas delivery system might vary, and you are responsible for supplying any fittings or connections necessary during installation.

**Table 11.** Gas connection hardware required

Description	Quantity
6 mm OD x 1/4 NPT, PTFE nitrogen supply tubing shown in Figure 5. The Swagelok™ connector for the 1/4 NPT fitting shown in Figure 6 is also included.	2 m (6 ft) provided. You might require additional length.
Nitrogen regulator adapter, half-union 6 mm - 1/4 BSP <sup>a</sup>	1
Connection for the opposite end of the Teflon™ hose to the nitrogen gas source	Not provided in kit. You supply this part.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>British Standard Pipe

**Figure 5.** NPT, PTFE nitrogen supply tubing (part number 00103-02-00001)



**Figure 6.** Swagelok tube fitting (part number 00101-02-00006)



### Gases

Your system can use large amounts of nitrogen gas during daily operations. It is essential that the nitrogen gas be delivered with the necessary pressure and purity.



**CAUTION** Contaminants introduced during the installation of house lines used for gas delivery can cause damage to the system. Ensure that all gas lines used with your system have been cleaned of all particulates and oils. You are responsible for any damage to the instrument caused by contaminates introduced from your gas delivery system.

The nitrogen for the API sheath gas and auxiliary gas must be of high purity (99%). The required gas pressure is  $520 \pm 140$  kPa (75 psi).

**Note** To calibrate the MSQ Plus Mass Detector nitrogen gas proportioning valves, a nitrogen gas regulator must be available that can be adjusted from 0 to 690 kPa (0 to 100 psi).

Run the nitrogen gas line to the back of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector. Terminate the nitrogen gas supply line with the half-union 6 mm - 1/4 BSP. If you are connecting to the N418LA nitrogen generator, limit the nitrogen gas supply line to 6 m (20 ft). Particulate filters can be a source of contamination; Thermo Fisher Scientific does not recommend them.

Typical nitrogen gas consumption is approximately 12 L per minute in ESI mode and 8 L per minute in APCI mode. On the basis of a 24-hour day, maximum usage can be up to 15800 L (560 ft<sup>3</sup>) per day, so Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends that nitrogen be supplied from one of the following sources:

A large sealed thermally insulated cylinder containing liquid nitrogen from which the
nitrogen gas is boiled off. Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends the 230 psi model. The
35 and 80 psi models do not provide sufficient gas pressure. A typical cylinder of size 240
L yields 143850 L (5080 ft³) of gas.

**Note** Liquid nitrogen conversion factors:

- 1.0 lb of liquid nitrogen = 0.5612 L
- 1.0 kg of liquid nitrogen = 1.237 L
- A nitrogen generator with a minimum capacity of 12 L per min at 99% purity with 75 to 80 psi at the side panel. Nitrogen generators require an air compressor. Some air compressor models are quite noisy, so be careful to select a quiet compressor. The generator provides a continuous source of nitrogen; it needs no replacement but requires annual maintenance of the generator. Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends using Peak Scientific™ field service for annual maintenance.

### **Solvent Recommendations**

The solvents listed in Table 12 are useful in operating and maintaining the MSQ Plus Mass Detector. Installation of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector requires HPLC grade methanol and water. Solvent modifiers might also be required during the installation of some systems.

# **5 Gases and Solvents**Solvent Recommendations

**Note** Some solvent impurities are transparent to UV/Vis detectors. Therefore, some HPLC-grade solvents might contain contaminants that interfere with the performance of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector. For operation of your MSQ Plus Mass Detector, choose high-purity solvents with minimum contamination.

**Table 12.** Solvents and reagents and modifiers

Solvents / Reagent	Specifications
Methanol	HPLC grade
Acetonitrile	HPLC grade
Water	HPLC grade
Isopropyl alcohol	HPLC grade
Ammonium acetate	A.C.S. reagent
Acetic acid (modifier)	A.C.S. reagent

#### Note

- 1. Do not filter solvents. Filtering solvents can introduce contamination.
- 2. Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends Fisher Chemical Optima™ LC/MS-grade solvents and additives.

Store and handle all chemicals in accordance with standard safety procedures.

# **Waste and Exhaust**

The proper performance of your system can be affected by the waste and exhaust arrangements for the instrument. This chapter describes these exhaust and waste system requirements.

#### **Contents**

- Exhaust System
- Solvent Waste

You must vent vacuum and solvent wastes separately, and collect and dispose of wastes properly. Table 13 summarizes the exhaust and waste system requirements. More information on each of the requirements is available on the page indicated in the table.

**Table 13.** Summary of waste and exhaust preinstallation requirements

Requirement	Page
Exhaust System:	32
Vent both vacuum pumps and solvent wastes to fume exhausts. Connect the pumps to a fume exhaust system that is separate from that to which solvents are vented.	
Solvent Waste:	35

### **Exhaust System**

**IMPORTANT** You are responsible for providing an adequate exhaust system.

Much of what is introduced into the MSQ Plus Mass Detector is eventually exhausted from the forepump, along with the small amount of oil vapor that these pumps characteristically emit. Therefore, connect the forepump to a fume exhaust system.

**Note** An efficient fume exhaust system is required for the proper operation of the forepump. Most API applications contribute to the accumulation of solvents in the forepump. These solvents must be purged from the mechanical pump oil periodically by opening the ballast valve located on the top of the pump. When the ballast valve is opened, a large volume of volatile solvent waste might enter the fume exhaust system. Therefore, your fume exhaust system must be able to accommodate the periodic purging of the solvents. The frequency of the purging depends on the throughput of your system.

The forepump has two functions:

- Providing a vacuum for the capillary skimmer of the API source.
- Providing backing pressure for the turbomolecular pump.

Consult local regulations for the proper method of exhausting the fumes from your system. There are two exhaust lines to consider:

- Forepump Exhaust
- Electrospray/APCI Exhaust

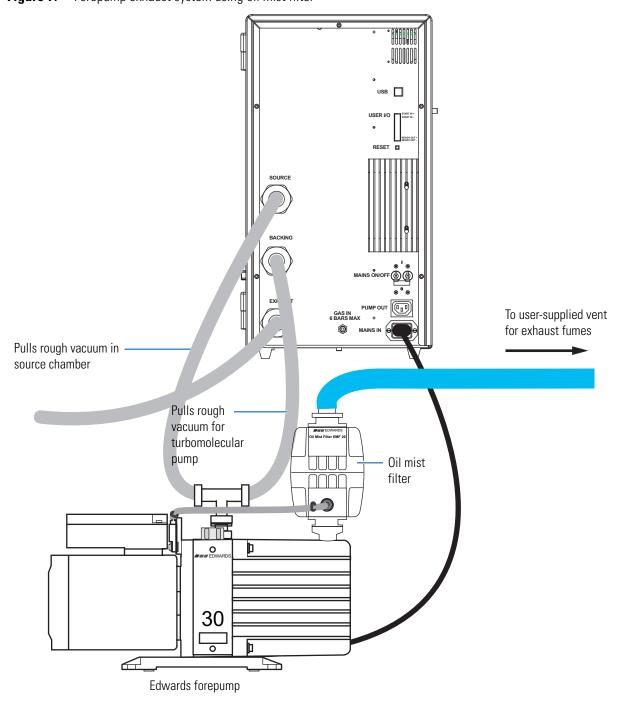


**CAUTION** You laboratory must contain an appropriate exhaust system. The lack of an appropriate exhaust system can lead to personal injury.

### **Forepump Exhaust**

Vent the exhaust line from the forepump to the atmosphere, external to the laboratory, through a user-supplied fume hood or industrial vent exclusive to the forepump, as shown in Figure 7.

**Figure 7.** Forepump exhaust system using oil mist filter



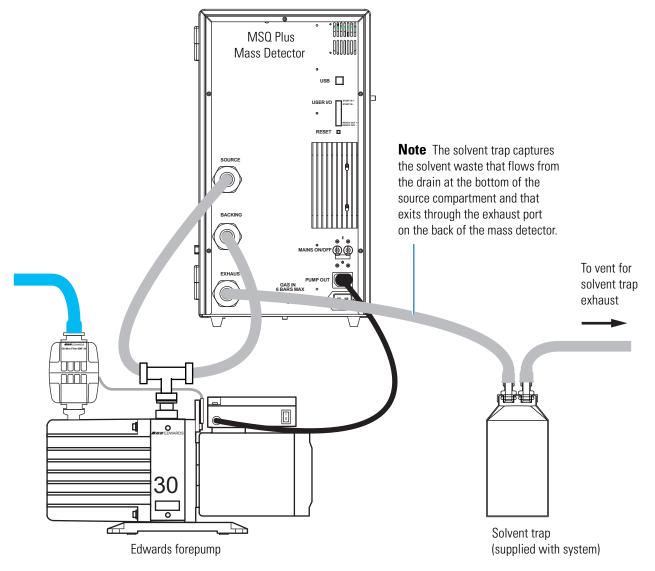
### **Electrospray/APCI Exhaust**

Connect the exhaust line that connects the drain at the bottom of the source compartment to the exhaust port on the back panel of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector to a solvent trap. Vent the solvent trap to the atmosphere, external to the laboratory. During installation, a Thermo Fisher Scientific field service engineer will connect the solvent trap to a user-supplied fume hood or industrial vent by using the  $2.5~\text{m}\times19~\text{mm}$  ID tubing supplied with the system, as shown in Figure 8.



**CAUTION** Serious damage to the instrument, as well as personal injury, might occur if the ESI/APCI exhaust line is connected to the forepump exhaust line.

**Figure 8.** Source compartment exhaust system for the MSQ Plus Mass Detector



### **Solvent Waste**

The API source can accommodate high solvent flow rates and is fitted with a drainage port in its bottom. Collect the waste solvent that exits the exhaust manifold on the back panel of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector. Connect the 19 mm (0.75 in.) ID drain tube that exits the exhaust manifold to the solvent trap that is supplied with the system. The solvent trap is a 4-L wide-mouth square bottle with two brass fittings on the top. The drainage tubing that extends from the exhaust manifold is connected to one fitting. Additional tubing long enough to reach a user-supplied fume hood or industrial vent is connected to the other fitting (see Figure 8).



**CAUTION** Do *not* vent the drain tubing (or any vent tubing connected to the waste container) to the same fume exhaust system to which you have connected the forepump.

## **Instrument Arrival**

The MSQ Plus Mass Detector is shipped by electronic equipment carriers that specialize in the handling of delicate machinery. Occasionally, however, equipment inadvertently does get damaged in transit.

#### **Contents**

- Receiving Material
- Domestic Shipments
- International Shipments

## **Receiving Material**

Please take the following precautions when receiving material:

- Check carefully for obvious damage or evidence of rough handling.
- If external damage is apparent, note this fact on all copies of the receiving documents and briefly describe the extent of the damage. The driver should sign (or initial) next to your comments to signify agreement with your observations.
- Contact the Traffic Department, telephone [1] (408) 965-6000, at the Thermo Fisher Scientific office in San Jose, California, U.S. to report the damage.

**Note** Freight insurance requires that obvious damage be noted on the receiving documents.

## **Domestic Shipments**

Instruments are shipped domestically using one of the following methods:

- FOB (free on board) San Jose, California, U.S.
- FOB destination

# 7 Instrument Arrival International Shipments

The method of shipment determines who has responsibility for filing a claim against the carrier if the system is damaged in transit.

Most systems are shipped FOB San Jose, and in this instance any damage incurred in shipment is the responsibility of the purchaser and the carrier. However, Thermo Fisher Scientific San Jose assists with claims filing and (billable) repairs, if necessary.

If the system is shipped FOB destination, Thermo Fisher Scientific San Jose will file a claim against the carrier.

**Note** Thermo Fisher Scientific San Jose does not accept liability for damage if materials are received with obvious damage, and the damage is not recorded on the receiving documents.

When your system arrives, move it to a protected location indoors. If you have questions about moving your system, contact your local office for Thermo Scientific products. Telephone and fax numbers for the offices are listed in the "Preface" on page xiii of this guide.

## **International Shipments**

Instruments shipped outside of the United States are shipped CIP (carriage and insurance paid to) destination unless specified differently. If the system is shipped CIP destination and if any damages are incurred in shipment, Thermo Fisher Scientific San Jose will file a claim against the carrier.

**Note** Thermo Fisher Scientific San Jose does not accept liability for damage if materials are received with obvious damage, and the damage is not recorded on the receiving documents.

## Installation

This chapter describes the requirements that must be completed in order to install your MSQ Plus Mass Detector.

#### **Contents**

- Preinstallation Survey
- Installation Kits and Components
- Installation
- Preventive Maintenance

Before installation, make sure that all preparations described in the previous chapters are complete.

When you have completed your laboratory site preparation, the MSQ Plus Mass Detector Installation Request Form has been mailed or faxed to your local office for Thermo Scientific products, and the system has been delivered, call your Thermo Fisher Scientific office to arrange for an installation date. See the Installation Request Form at the front of this guide. Telephone and fax numbers for Thermo Fisher Scientific San Jose offices are listed in the Preface of this guide and immediately following the Installation Request Form. Table 14 summarizes information about installing your system. More information on each of the items is available on the page indicated in the table.

**Table 14.** More information on the installation of your system (Sheet 1 of 2)

Requirement	Page
Preinstallation Survey:	40
You must complete and fax or mail the Installation Request Form at the front of this guide to your local service representative before the service engineer arrives to install your system.	
Installation Kits and Components:	41
Some kits are supplied to help you complete the installation of your system. You might require additional parts or chemicals to complete the installation of your system.	

**Table 14.** More information on the installation of your system (Sheet 2 of 2)

Requirement	Page		
Installation:	42		
The service engineer completes the installation of the system and demonstrates that your system meets specifications. Do not plan to use the system before the engineer has demonstrated that your system operates within specifications.			
Preventive Maintenance:	42		
You are responsible for the proper maintenance of your system.			

### **Preinstallation Survey**

Verify that your laboratory meets the following list of preinstallation requirements before your instrument is installed. Use the MSQ Plus Mass Detector **Installation Request Form** at the front of this guide to check off each item as it is completed or verified.

**Note** Your instrument is shipped in a shipping container, the smallest dimension of which is 70 cm (28 in.). If the entrance to your laboratory will not accommodate a 70 cm container, you can remove the individual modules from the container before moving them into the room. If you remove the instrument from its shipping container before it is delivered to the lab site, be sure that all the contents of the container remain with the instrument.

- 1. All laboratory remodeling has been completed.
- 2. Doorways, hallways, and so forth are a minimum width of 70 cm (28 in.).
- 3. Available floor area is sufficient, and the flooring will support the load.
- 4. Sufficient bench space is available for all of the equipment. List the following:

Width:

Depth:

Height:

- 5. The workbench can support the load of the mass spectrometer, LC system, and data system [170 kg (370 lbs)] and is free from vibration.
- 6. One voice telephone line is installed near the system.
- 7. Air conditioning is adequate for temperature, humidity, and particulate matter control. The laboratory can be maintained at a constant temperature, between 15 and 35 °C (59 and 95 °F).
- 8. Relative humidity is between 40 and 80%, with no condensation.

- 9. Lighting is adequate.
- 10. System work area is free from magnetic disruption and electrostatic discharge.
- 11. Main power is installed and complies with local electrical codes.
- 12. Power for test and cleaning equipment is installed.
- 13. Power outlets are of the NEMA 6-15P configuration. Note NEMA type:
- 14. Voltage of power outlet has been measured. Note the *measured* voltage:
- 15. Power is free from fluctuations due to slow changes in the average voltage or changes due to surges, sags, or transients.
- 16. The required nitrogen gas is on site, gas lines are installed, and appropriate gas regulators are available. In addition, an adapter for connecting to 6 mm OD PTFE tubing is installed on the nitrogen supply line. These adapters are included in the installation kit. List the purity of the nitrogen gas supply:
- 17. New or recently cleaned HPLC system is available that produces pulse-free, continuous flow from 50 to 2000  $\mu$ L/min.
- 18. HPLC grade water, methanol, acetonitrile, ammonium hydroxide, and isopropyl alcohol are available for testing your instrument.
- 19. There is a suitable exhaust system present that is separate from solvent waste.
- 20. Provision has been made for collecting solvent waste from API source.
- 21. All relevant safety regulations are complied with.
- 22. Your MSQ Plus Mass Detector is on site.
- 23. The principal operator will be available during the installation or certification period.

### **Installation Kits and Components**

The following kits are shipped with the MSQ Plus Mass Detector:

- Installation kit, which contains the cables, connectors, and adapters required to install the MSQ Plus Mass Detector
- Media kit, which contains software and MSQ instrument driver CDs
- MSQ Tool kit, which contains the tools required to install and maintain the mass detector system
- Chemical kit, which contains the necessary chemicals for demonstrating system performance specifications and for performing instrument tune and mass calibration

# 8 Installation Installation

 Mechanical pump kit, which contains the oil mist filter kit, the drain oil return kit, and the pump connection fittings

In addition to these kits, these components are shipped with the mass detector:

- USB cable (part number 00302-99-00008)
- Solvent trap assembly (part number FM103894)
- Edwards rotary pump oil (part number 00301-15102)
- ESI probe (part number FM102595). This probe comes installed.
- APCI probe (part number FM102587). This probe ships in a separate box.

To inject calibrant, you must connect an LC pump to your MSQ Plus Mass Detector. To inject samples, you must connect an LC pump and injection device.

**Note** You are responsible for replacing any consumables used during the installation.

#### Installation

When your new MSQ Plus Mass Detector is on site and ready for installation, a Thermo Fisher Scientific field service engineer will install it.

During the installation, the field service engineer demonstrates the following:

- The basics of equipment operation and routine maintenance.
- The marketing specifications that are in force at the time of the purchase of the system.

**Note** To receive maximum benefit from this on-site training opportunity, the instrument's operators must be available during the entire installation.

Do not plan to use your new system for sample analysis until the installation is complete and you have signed the acceptance form.

### **Preventive Maintenance**

Routine and preventive maintenance of the MSQ Plus Mass Detector and data system is your responsibility.

Regular preventive maintenance is essential. It increases the life of the system, maximizes the uptime of your system, and provides you with optimum system performance. For maintenance procedures, consult the following manuals:

- MSQ Plus Mass Detector Hardware Manual
- Manuals that come with your data system computer and other modules of your system

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