

Adminstrator's Manual

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About this Manual

The **Pinnacle™ Administrator Manual** is a comprehensive guide to managing the Pinnacle Knowledge Management System. These instructions are intended for use by an experienced system administrator.

Please Note:

This document is a working draft that is continually being updated. We welcome your contributions to help us document Pinnacle. Please post your comments and suggestions by creating a 'Documentation' ticket for the Pinnacle project on <u>http://support.vircosoft.com.</u>

Getting Help

PinnacleTM **Commercial Editions** - **SMB**, and **Enterprise -** receive priority commercial support from Pinnacle support staff via your authorized dealer or at <u>http://support.vircosoft.com</u>

Welcome to Pinnacle

Pinnacle[™] is business knowledge management made simple - easily share, track, secure, and manage the documents and records your organization depends on.

By partnering with an active and innovative open source developer, Pinnacle provides an easy-to-use, production-ready, enterprise document management solution for use by corporations, government institutions, medium or small businesses, and many other organizations. Pinnacle's open source architecture allows organizations to easily customize and integrate the document management system with their existing infrastructure, providing a more flexible, cost-effective alternative to proprietary applications.

Pinnacle is available in two editions:

- Pinnacle SMB Edition (20 user annual license)
- Pinnacle Enterprise Edition (unlimited annual license)

Pinnacle **SMB** and **Enterprise Edition** are known collectively as **Pinnacle Commercial Editions**. Pinnacle Commercial Editions are the certified versions of KnowledgeTree Open Source Edition, and are sold with commercial support and extended functionality that provides access to the Pinnacle document repository from within Windows® Explorer and Microsoft® Office® applications.

To learn more about Pinnacle, call **+1 703-385-0101**, email info@vircosoft.com, or visit http:// www.vircosoft.com. For detailed information about installing and working with Pinnacle, please see the **Pinnacle User Manual**, and the **Pinnacle Installation Guide**.

Pinnacle Integtration Server (KTIS)

PinnacleTM **Integration Server (KTIS)** is a server-side component for the **Pinnacle Commercial Editions** that provides a standards-based WebDAV interface into the Pinnacle Document Management System.

Pinnacle Integration Server is complemented by Pinnacle Tools for Windows - a set of client-side tools for Windows - plus a number of plugin products that extend the utility of the server for specific tasks.

Pinnacle Commercial Editions subscribers are able to log in to the Web-based repository through Pinnacle Explorer - a component of the Pinnacle Tools for Windows toolset.

Note: Pinnacle Integration Server and **Pinnacle Tools for Windows** are provided with a **Pinnacle Commer**cial Editions subscription - SMB, or Enterprise.

Note: The Enterprise Edition subscription allows permissions-based access to the repository (via Pinnacle Explorer or via the Web Interface) to an unlimited number of users, including the default admin user, and, if configured in the system, to any anonymous user. The SMB Edition subscription allows permissions-based access to the repository (via Pinnacle Explorer or via the Web Interface) to a maximum of 20 named, active users, plus the default admin user, and, if configured in the system, to any anonymous user.

Note: The default admin user is created during the installation, but it should be reset immediately after the installation is complete. The admin user can configure the system to allow or disallow anonymous users, and defines permissions that protects content in the repository from unauthorized viewing.

PinnacleTM **Client Tools for Windows** is a set of client-side tools that leverage the functionality of the **Pinnacle Integration Server** to provide alternate methods of working with the Pinnacle server.

Note: Pinnacle Tools is only available with the **Pinnacle Commercial Editions - Pinnacle SMB Edition** and **Pinnacle Enterprise Edition**.

Pinnacle Tools comprises:

- Pinnacle Explorer for Windows an Explorer-type application that provides a file browser view of the document repository.
- Pinnacle Office Add-in for Microsoft Office a Microsoft Office add-in that adds a button to the toolbar in Microsoft Office, in order to provide access to Pinnacle functionality from within Microsoft Office applications.
- Pinnacle Desktop Imaging a tool that allows you to scan documents directly into the Pinnacle repository from within Pinnacle Explorer.
- **Pinnacle Outlook Integration** allows saving of incoming and outgoing emails and attachments directly to the Pinnacle repository; files are selected from within Microsoft Outlook to send as attachments with outgoing messages.

Note: Pinnacle Tools for Windows is installed on each client machine.

For more information about using Pinnacle Tools for Windows, see the **Pinnacle User Manual**, or find out more at the Pinnacle website.

Features

PinnacleTM Client Tools for Windows allows you to:

- open files within the Pinnacle file repository, using the Pinnacle Explorer and Windows Explorer, and still retain control of document versions and metadata.
- copy files or entire folder trees from or to the repository, using your operating system's 'drag and drop' functionality.
- control all aspects of a document, including workflow, directly from your desktop.
- browse, check out, or check in Pinnacle managed documents from within Microsoft Office XP/2003 applications, using an easy to use Office Toolbar plugin.

Pinnacle is administered in the **DMS Administration** section of Pinnacle's Web-interface.

Note: Pinnacle Tools for Windows is only available in **Pinnacle Commercial Editions - Pinnacle SMB Edition** and **Pinnacle Enterprise Edition**.

3rd Party WebDAV Clients

At the time of writing (November 2006), **<u>Pinnacle Explorer for Windows</u>** is the only *native* client for Pinnacle Integration Server.

Warning

Access is provided to the following **3rd Party WebDAV** clients; however, levels of performance and functionality are not verified. To protect your repository, we recommend a cautionary approach when using these clients with the Pinnacle Integration Server.

- Windows XP Explorer WebDAV
- KDE Konqueror
- Novel NetDrive
- cadaver

Important

3rd Party WebDAV clients are limited to read-only mode in the default installation. To enable write mode, edit the baobab.conf file in the Pinnacle var folder and turn off SafeMode. The file is created the first time Pinnacle Integration Server is used.

• Windows users - Web Folders Update

Windows users who want to use Windows Explorer WebDAV *must* install the Web folders update, available at http://support.microsoft.com/?kbid=892211.

Note: Authentication under Windows XP requires that you append the port to the hostname - e.g. <u>http://www.hostname.com:80/kt3/baobab/</u>

3rd Party Client Functionality

We are continually extending the functionality of 3rd Party Clients for Pinnacle Integration Server and Pinnacle Tools for Windows. For more information on the various WebDAV clients, go to: http://www.greenbytes.de/tech/webdav/webfolder-client-list.html

Introduction

Organizational Hierarchy

PinnacleTM is a goal and task-oriented environment. **Users** are organized into **Groups** and **Units**, with **Roles** as a key task-driver. Workflow tasks are typically assigned to specific **Roles** (e.g. Manager, Editor, etc).

- Group level a group contains one or more users
- **Unit level** Units are the top level folders that model your organization's business units, e.g. Quality Assurance, or Human Resources.

Groups and **Units** are most directly involved in knowledge processes. These groupings may exist in multiple combinations - for example, different Groups (e.g. Staff, Finance Staff, etc.) may have some **Users** in common, and one or more Groups may be contained in a single Unit.

Note: Only the system administrator is allowed to create, modify, or delete these groupings. The Unit Administrator has administrative privileges on the Unit/s where they have been assigned administrative privileges.

Note: Some default entries are created during installation; you may need to change these before you start using Pinnacle.

Permissions

The PinnacleTM repository is secured through the system's **Permissions** mechanism. Pinnacle provides a set of default permissions, and allows the configuration of additional customized permissions. Customized permissions are useful where an additional permissions set is required for plugin functionality.

A user will only be allowed to perform an action in the system where they have the appropriate permission on the document or folder. This includes the ability to 'view' the folder or document in the folder structure.

Permissions

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A user will only be allowed to perform an action in the system where they have the appropriate permission on the document or folder. This includes the ability to 'view' the folder or document in the folder structure.

Default Permissions

Pinnacle includes the following set of standard, core, permissions:

Permission	description
Read	Allows the user to view a document and its metadata. The Search and Browse functions do not list a document in search results, or in the folder view, to users who do not have the 'read' permission on the document.
Write	Allows the user to change the content of a document and its meta data, to perform the check out / check in action, and to create new documents in folders where they have the 'write' permission.
Add Folder	Allows the user to create and edit folders where they have this per mission on the parent folder.
Manage Security	Allows the user to configure and edit security options on the folder and on its' content, including edit permission and role allocations.
Delete	Allows the user to delete any file or folder where they have this per mission on the parent folder.
	Note: The Administrative user won't be able to delete immutable docu ments using the Delete button in Browse Documents , even when they're working in Administrator mode. Immutable documents can only be deleted when using the Delete action from the immutable document's Document Detail page. This ensures that immutable documents are only deleted one at a time, and avoids the mistaken deletion of an immutable document in a mass action delete.
Manage Workflow	Allows the user to change the workflow settings on a document (e.g. perform a transition).
View Folder Details	Allows the user to see the name of the folder, the transaction his tory, and other details linked to the folder name.

Viewing Permissions, or Adding New Permissions

The system administrator uses the **Security Management** link on the **Administration** menu in **DMS Administration** to create <u>new permissions</u>, or to delete permissions. Non-administrative users use the **Permissions** link on the **Folder Actions** menu in **Browse Documents** to view permissions set up for specific folders.

Note: Whereas document permissions are used in Pinnacle, file permissions are an operating system construct - file permissions control which files the operating system users can access on the file-system. File permissions do not map to document permissions within Pinnacle - there is no relation between these two concepts.

Assigning Permissions

Permissions are allocated by group, by role, and by folder.

Permission assigned on this level	Description
Folder Permissions	Assigned to the creator of a folder, and to the Pinna- cle administrator Permissions that have been granted to the parent folder are applied by default to the sub folders and documents in the parent folder. When a new folder is created, it will always default to the per- missions of its parent folder. Any changes to the per- missions of the parent folder are passed down to the sub folders.
	Users can override the parent permissions, but when changes are made to the permissions of the parent folder, those changes are no longer passed down to the sub folder. The parent permissions can also be re-applied at any time, and this will override the custom permissions that may exist for the sub folder.
Role Permissions	Permissions may be assigned to the Role - e.g. developer. Groups are then added to the Role to allocate permissions of the Role to one or more groups. Role permissions are useful for workflows, because workflows are typically created for the role, and not for the group.
Group Permissions	Folder permissions are granted by group.

Administrator Mode

Administrator mode allows Pinnacle system and unit administrators to view and manage all documents in the system, or, for Unit administrators, in their Unit, including those documents where they are normally denied access.

Administrators may be denied access to certain documents in the repository - for example, management level documents containing classified information. However, administrators must be granted a way of overriding the controls for secure documents in order to fix problems that may occur with these documents.

Note: An Administrative user will not be allowed to delete **immutable** documents using the **Delete** button in **Browse Documents**, even if they're working in Administrator mode. To delete an immutable document, you will need to use the **Delete** action from that immutable document's **Document Detail** page. This ensures that immutable documents are only deleted one at a time, and avoids the mistaken deletion of an immutable document in a mass action delete.



Figure: Enable or Disable Administrator mode via the menu in Browse Documents

Enabling/Disabling Administrator Mode

This procedure enables or disables Administrator mode.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrative credentials to log in to the system.

2. Click Browse Documents.

3. Click [•] to expand the **Administrator mode** menu.

4. Do you want to ...

- enable administrator mode? Click Enable Admin Mode.
- disable administrator mode? Click Disable Admin Mode.

Pinnacle Config.ini

The config.ini file (located in the Pinnacle folder) contains configuration information for all Pinnacle Document Management System installations (for Windows or Linux).

You can change the settings in config.ini in any text editor, such as Notepad. All values in the file are editable.

Note: We recommend that only authorized, experienced administrative users should attempt to change variables in config.ini. Incorrect configurations may introduce errors in your system.

Configuration Variables

[db]

You will need to change at least some of these settings (such as the default username and password that is created during installation).

• Database type

Note: At the time of writing (July 2006), mysql is the only supported database type.

dbType = mysql

• Database Login Details

Note: These are the MySQL database usernames and passwords. You may need this information when backing up your database or upgrading.

dbHost = localhost dbName = dms dbUser = dms dbPass = admin dbPort = default dbAdminUser = dmsadmin dbAdminPass = admin

[Pinnacle]

Pinnacle automatically detects the default settings for these variables.

• The path to the install location for Pinnacle on your system *Note:* Leave the default to have this automatically detected.

```
fileSystemRoot = default
```

• The Web server name (host name) Note: Leave the default to have this automatically detected.

```
serverName = default
```

• Defines whether or not SSL is enabled

Note: Leave the default to have this automatically detected.



• The path to the web application from the root of the web site -

i.e. if Pinnacle is at http://example.org/foo/, then rootUrl should be /foo **Note:** Leave the default to have this automatically detected.

```
rootUrl = default
```

• **Defines whether the platform supports PATH_INFO** The current default is true.

```
pathInfoSupport = default
```

• The location of binaries on your system

The default is to the path set for your Web server; this works for Unix-like systems, but may require configuration for Windows systems.

```
execSearchPath = default
```

• **Defines the level of logging to use - DEBUG, INFO, WARN, ERROR** The default is INFO.

```
logLevel = INFO
```

[storage]
Important: Do not change the default.

• The plugin that manages storage of documents on the file system The default is KTOnDiskHashedStorageManager

```
manager = KTOnDiskHashedStorageMan-
ager
manager = default
```

[ui]
These variables define the custom logo you add to the interface.

• Logo requirements

The Logo must be 50px tall, on a white background

```
companyLogo = ${rootUrl}/resources/
companylogo.png
```

• The width of the logo, in pixels

```
companyLogoWidth = 313px
```

• Alternative text for the logo, for accessibility purposes

```
companyLogoTitle = ACME Corpora-
tion
```

• IE-specific GIF theme overrides

You can use the additional IE-specific GIF theme overrides, but this may prevent arbitrary theme packs from working without having GIF versions available.

```
ieGIF = true
ieGIF = default
```

• Do not restrict to searches on users and groups pages

e.g. always show_all

```
alwaysShowAll = false
alwaysShowAll = default
```

• Automatically Refresh the Page

Set to true to automatically refresh the page after the session would have expired.

```
automaticRefresh = de-
fault
```

• Defines whether to use a condensed admin user interface

Note: The condensed administrative interface is a more compact version of the administrative interface.

```
condensedAdminUI = default
```

[i18n]

Internationalization

Defines the language for the interface. Default is English.

```
defaultLanguage = en
```

• Search Ideographic Language

If your language does not have distinguishable words (typically, there is no space character), you need to set useLike to true to enable the Search function capable of dealing with this issue - please note that this Search is effective, but slower.

useLike - default

[tweaks]

• Enabling PHP Error Logging

Change this variable to true to enable PHP error logging to the

```
log/php_error_log file.
```

```
phpErrorLogFile = false
```

• The default displays the root folder (first unit) as soon as the user clicks Browse Documents

- i.e. the user is taken directly to their unit folder

```
browseToUnitFolder = default
```

• Whether bulk operations should generate a transaction notice on each item, or only on the folder.

The default (false) indicates that only the folder transaction should occur.

```
noisyBulkOperations = false
```

[email] Defines email settings and enables the email feature for your installation of Pinnacle.

Your mail server address

The default is none.



• The mail port for your Server

The default is 25.

```
emailPort = default
```

emailFrom = kt@example.org emailFromName = Pinnacle Document Management System

• Whether authentication is required for connecting to SMPT

Note: Setting this variable to true forces the user to log in using a user name and password, and requires that you configure this setting.

```
emailAuthentication = false
```

• The user name and password required for authentication

(see emailAuthentication)

```
emailUsername = username
emailPassword = password
```

• Sending attachments from the DMS

Set this variable to true to allow users to send attachments from the document management system.

```
allowAttachment = default
```

Allow sending of emails to any email address

Set this variable to true to allow Pinnacle system users to send email to any email address - to other Pinnacle users and to external users.



Always send mail from ...

Set this variable to true to always send email from the **emailFrom** address listed above, even if the sending user is unidentifiable.

```
sendAsSystem = default
```

· Users sending email only in their group

Set to true to enable onlyOwnGroups.

```
onlyOwnGroups = default
```

[urls]

• The directory where Pinnacle stores information on your repository - i.e. logs *Important:* Do not change this variable unless you are an authorized and experienced administrative user, and you understand the implications of changing this information.

```
varDirectory = C:\ProgramFiles\ktdms/var
logDirectory = ${varDirectory}/log
documentRoot = C:\Program Files\ktdms/Documents
uiDirectory = ${fileSystemRoot}/presentation/
lookAndFeel/
Pinnacle
tmpDirectory = ${varDirectory}/tmp
```

• The location of all images used in Pinnacle

e.g. the question mark used for the Help page.

```
graphicsUrl = ${rootUrl}/graphics
uiUrl = ${rootUrl}/presentation/lookAndFeel/Pinnacle
```

[session]

• The period of time (in seconds) after which the system times out following a period of inactivity

sessionTimeout = 1200

Whether to automatically allow log in of users as Anonymous

The default is false.

Note: To protect your system, it is highly recommended that you do not change the default to true to allow anonymous login, even if you understand Pinnacle security, and you have sensibly applied the roles 'Everyone' and 'Authenticated ' Users.

allowAnonymousLogin = false

• IP address for sessions

Change this setting to ${\tt true}$ if you want to force sessions to come from the same $\,$ IP address.

ipTracking = false

[import]

• Location of the unzip binary

The unzip command uses **execSearchPath** to find the location of your unzip binary, if the path to the binary is not given.

```
unzip = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/unzip/
unzip.exe
```

[export]

• Location of the zip binary

The zip command uses **execSearchPath** to find the location of your zip binary, if the path to the binary is not given.

```
zip = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/zip/
zip.exe
```

[indexer]

Location of 3rd party indexer binaries

Indexer commands use **execSearchPath** to find the location of 3rd party indexer binaries, if the path to the binary is not given.

```
xls2csv = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/catdoc/xls2csv.exe
pdftotext = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/xpdf/
pdftotext.exe
catppt = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/catdoc/catppt.exe
pstotext = pstotext
catdoc = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/catdoc/catdoc.exe
antiword = C:/Program Files/ktdms/bin/antiword/
antiword.exe
```

[user_prefs]The minimum length on password-setting

passwordLength = 6

· Length of password for admin user

Defines whether to apply the minimum password length to administrative users who are creating / editing accounts. The default is false, which allows administrative users to create users with shorter passwords.

restrictAdminPasswords = default

• Whether to restrict users from accessing their Preferences menus

```
restrictPreferences = false
```

[builtinauth]

Configures the built-in authentication provider.

• The number of days after which users who use the built-in authentication provider are forced to change their password.

password_change_interval = 30

[cache]The location of the cache, and whether or not caching is enabled.

```
cacheDirectory = ${varDirectory}/
cache
cacheEnabled = true
```

[BaobabSettings] • The configuration options used by the Pinnacle Integration Server (KTIS).

Note: KTIS also includes built-in settings, which it uses if there are no settings provided in the config.ini file.

debug = off profile = off safemode = on rootfolder = Root Folder

Enabling Anonymous Login

Pinnacle may be configured to allow anonymous users to log in to the system. Anonymous login is enabled and disabled in the config.ini file. The default is set to disallow anonymous login; changing this setting is not recommended unless Pinnacle's security features are well understood, and the following roles are sensibly applied: 'Everyone' and 'Authenticated Users'.

Perform the following steps:

1. Open the config.ini file in the Pinnacle folder.

- 2.Locate the following settings: allowAnonymousLogin = false
- 3. Change this setting to **true**. allowAnonymousLogin = true

Disabling the Ajax Dashboard

Pinnacle's **Ajax Dashboard** may be disabled in the config.ini file, located in the Pinnacle folder. The default is true. Change this setting to false to disable the new-look Dashboard.

useNewDashboard = default
Note: The default is true.

<u>Login</u>

Login Restrictions

PinnacleTM can be set up to use the organization's central authentication infrastructure to control access to the repository, or it can use its own internal database to allow users to log in.

The authentication process checks and verifies a user's details in order to allow or disallow access to various parts of the DMS, and to enable or disable permissions-based functionality on content in the repository for the user.

Pinnacle allows the administrative user to set up the maximum concurrent login for a user by editing the user's details in the **Users and Groups** section of DMS Administration. This prevents a single account from being used to log into the system from different computers.

Note: By default, a user is logged out of the system after a period of inactivity. When the user logs in again, the system re-opens at the location where it logged the user out.

Logging in via the Web-Interface

This procedure logs in a user and opens the Dashboard of the Web-interface of the Pinnacle Document Management System.

Note: Only users who have been added to the system and enabled in the **Users and Groups** section of **DMS Administration** are able to login to the DMS. Users are enabled by default when they're added to the system. A Pinnacle SMB Edition subscription enables a maximum of 20 users at any one time. The administrator can enable and disable user profiles to allow access to different users. A Pinnacle Enterprise Edition subscription provides access to an unlimited number of enabled users.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your browser to navigate to the **Login** page for the Pinnacle Document Management System.

- Enter your administrative login details in the Username and Password fields.
 Note: Your username and your password are case-sensitive.
 Note: If you have forgotten your admin login credentials, see Manually Restoring the Default Admin Password.
- 4. Click **login** to open Pinnacle at the Dashboard.



Figure: Login Page

Managing Pinnacle through the Web-interface

Pinnacle is administered exclusively in the **DMS Administration** tab of the system's Web interface.

Important

- A **Pinnacle SMB Edition** subscription allows permissions-based access to the Pinnacle repository (via Pinnacle Explorer or via the Web Interface) to up to **20** named, active users, plus the default admin user, and, if configured in the system, also to anonymous users.
- A **Pinnacle Enterprise Edition** subscription allows permissions-based access to the repository (via Pinnacle Explorer or via the Web Interface) to an **unlimited** number of users, including the default admin user, and, if configured in the system, any anonymous user. See also the Pinnacle Editions Comparison Matrix.
- A default admin user is created during the installation, and should be reset immediately after the installation is complete. The administrator can configure the system to allow or disallow anonymous users, and defines permissions that protects content in the repository from unauthorized viewing.



Figure: System modules are accessible via toolbar tabs on the Web-interface toolbar

Dashboard

The welcome screen of the Pinnacle Knowledge Management System - provides configurable dashlets, including a search bar, an editable welcome screen, and quicklinks.

Browse Documents

Provides various levels of access (permissions-based) to the repository and the folder structure, including document and folder actions, a search bar, browse options, and subscription management. *Note:* For more information on this section, please see the **Pinnacle User Manual**.

DMS Administration

Pinnacle's administrative engine - DMS Administration is only visible and available to users who have logged in using an administrative username and password. Configure users and groups, security, document storage options, document metadata and workflows, onscreen help, saved searches; read and enable plugins, view system information, verify database consistency with the repository, manage views, edit disclaimer text. Additionally, Pinnacle Commercial includes license management functions and reporting.

Preferences

An editing screen to change your personal details, including your username and password, your email address, and to define whether or not you want to receive notifications via email. **Note:** For more information on this section, please see the **Pinnacle User Manual**.

Dashboard Browse Documents DMS Administration			Administrator · Preference
you are here: dashboard (home)			[
Recently Viewed Items	+ X	Search Dashlet	
Welcome to Pinnacle		٩	Sea
Pinnacle is a commercial open source, web-based Document Management Sy to move away from uncontrolled and unaudited shared network drives to an envi encourages knowledge sharing and meets regulatory requirements.	stem. Pinnacle allows you ironment which	Advanced Search	
Pinnacle provides: A central document repository with audited document content version co Powerful document metadata management and versioning Sophisticated document authoring management and workflow Full-text indexing technology allowing search within document contents Powerful security group and role-based security model and integration w	ontrol with Directory Servers.		
Edit this introduction.			

Dashboard Features

PinnacleTM uses the currently logged in user's login credentials to determine the items that display on the **Dashboard**, which may include:

- welcome message
- the user's currently checked out documents, with links to their repository location
- notifications (if applicable) these are alerts that inform a user when documents or folders have been added, checked in, deleted, and so on, on folders where they have notifications set up
- news
- top downloads
- quick access dialog go directly to a document by typing in the document id
- quicklinks to frequently used items (e.g. a telephone list, or some other frequently used documents)
- the search bar
- orphaned folders (if any) including a direct link to these items in the repository

Note: Orphaned folders are sub folders of parent folders for which the currently logged-in user does not have the appropriate view or other permissions. The user has permissions on the orphan folder, but not to the parent folder. The Dashboard provides a direct link to the orphaned folder, because this user will not be able to navigate to the folder through the folder structure.

Customizing the Dashboard

Customizing Dashboard Welcome Text

The following customization is available for the **Welcome** dashlet on the Dashboard:

- expand, minimize, or hide the dashlet click the minimize / maximize icons to display or hide text; click the close icon to temporarily remove the dashlet
- customize text click **Edit this introduction** to open the Help editing screen. Make the required changes; then, click **Update**.
- revert to the standard Welcome text click Use the standard introduction
- move the dashlet to another position on the **Dashboard** left click on the dashlet; then, hold the mouse button down while dragging the dashlet to the desired location on the page



Figure: Welcome dashlet displaying the standard introduction

Configuring Email Notification

The Pinnacle administrator enables email notification in the system by changing a setting in the config.ini file, which is located in the Pinnacle folder.

A system message on the **Dashboard** informs you when email notification is disabled.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator username and password to log in to the system.
- 2. Is there a system message on the Dashboard informing you that email notifications are turned off on the system?



• Yes. Open the config.ini file in the Pinnacle folder; locate the email settings in this document; then, change the setting to switch on email notifications in the system.



• No. Email notification is already configured on the system.

Configuring Dashlets

This procedure allows the custom configuration of dashlets on the Pinnacle Dashboard.

Perform the following steps:

1. Log in to open the Pinnacle Dashboard.

2. Do you want to ...

- move a dashlet to another location on the page? Left click anywhere on the dashlet; then, hold down the mouse button while dragging the dashlet. Release the mouse button when the dashlet is positioned as required.
- temporarily remove the dashlet from the dashboard? Click the Close icon 🕅 on the dashlet.
- display a hidden dashlet? Click Add Dashlet to display a list of hidden dashlets; then, click on an item in the list to display the required dashlet. Click close to close the Add Dashlet screen.
 Add Dashlet
- minimize the dashlet to hide the dashlet informational text? Click the dashlet's minimize icon.
- display hidden dashlet text? Click the dashlet's maximize button.

Managing Quicklinks

This procedure configures the quicklinks display on the Dashboard.

Perform the following steps:

1. Log in to Pinnacle to open the **Dashboard**.

- 2. Locate the **Quicklinks** dashlet; then, click **Manage Quicklinks** to open the Quicklinks configuration screen.
- 3. Do you want to ...
 - add new quicklinks? Click Create a new quicklink to open the New Quicklink page. Navigate the folder collection to find the target folder or document for this quicklink. When you're done, click Link. The quicklink displays on the Manage Quicklinks page, and on the Dashboard.
 - change the list order of existing quicklinks? Click Re-order quicklinks to open the Re-order Quicklinks page. View the current order of links; then, use the up and down arrows in the table to change the list order or links that are listed in the Item column. When you're done, click Re-order.

Browse Documents

Browse Documents contains the PinnacleTM content repository.

	t System					
Dashboard Browse Docu	ments	DMS Administration				Administrator · Preferences · Logout 🛛 😗
you are here: browse » folders						
About this folder		Title	Created	Modified	Creator	Workflow State
Display Details Folder transactions		Accounting Applications	-	-	-	
Actions on this folder		Job Documents		-	-	
Add Document Add a Folder Allocate Roles Bulk upload Import from Server Location Permissions Usage Information Addition Addition Addition	5 items, Delete	25 per page Move				25 v per page
 + Search + Browse by + Subscriptions 						

Figure: The Folder View in Browse Documents - also showing the Folder Actions menu

Note: A currently logged in user sees only the folders for which they have at least the 'read' permission.

Administrative users have access to the following functionality in Browse Documents: 24

- work with documents and folders
- define permissions
- enable/disable Administrator mode (in special circumstances, where you need free access to all functions and content in the DMS)
- search
- browse filtered content in the repository (by folder, by document type, or by lookup value)
- create and manage subscriptions

Note: For more information on Browse Documents, see the Pinnacle User Manual.

Editing Folder Permissions

By default, permissions that are granted on a parent folder are also granted on the child folders - the child folders are said to 'inherit permissions' from the parent.

The parent folder's permissions may be overridden, in order to define a custom permissions set for the child folder. In this case, when subsequent changes are made to permissions on the parent folder; such changes no longer pass to the child folder, unless you reinstate the **inherit permissions** feature.

Note: Typically, only the administrator is allowed to edit permissions on folders in Pinnacle, but users may also be granted permissions to do so.

Perform the following steps:

1. Login; then, click **Browse Documents** to enter the folder structure.

- 2. Search or navigate to the folder where you want to edit permissions.
- 3. Click **Permissions** in the **Actions on this folder** menu to open the **View Permissions for [folder name]** page.
- 4. Does this folder inherit permissions, and you want to override those permissions?
 - Yes. Click Override permissions to update permissions for this folder. Note: A system message in the grey bar above the table of permissions advises that this folder now defines its own permissions. To cancel this action, click Inherit permissions.
 - No. Go to step 5.

5. Does this folder define its own permissions and you want to...

- reinstate the parent permissions? Click Inherit permissions. Click OK.
- change the permissions currently displayed in the table? Click Edit permissions to open the permissions editing screen. Add or remove roles and/or groups from the Assigned Entities field to define the groups and roles for whom you are configuring permissions on this folder. Select or deselect check boxes in the table for each permission (relevant to the role or group) to define permissions on the folder. Click Update Permission Assignments.
- add or remove dynamic permissions on this folder? Select a group and condition in the Add a new dynamic permission section; then, select the relevant permissions check boxes; to remove a dynamic permission, click the delete icon in the Remove column for the relevant Group in the Dynamic permissions table.

Allocating / Editing Roles

This procedure allocates and edits roles.

PinnacleTM allows the administrative user to allocate permissions to a role, and then to allocate the role to one or more groups. The group is then granted the permissions of the role.

Although child folders typically inherit the role permissions of the parent folder, inherited role allocations can be overridden in order to define custom role allocations for a child folder. The role allocations of a parent folder may be reinstated at any time.

Prerequisite:

• Pre-defined roles should exist - see Adding New Roles.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login; then, click **Browse Documents** to enter the folder structure.
- 2. Locate the folder where you want to allocate roles; then, click **Allocate Roles** in the **Actions on this folder** menu to open the **Allocate Roles for [folder name]** page.

3. Do you want to...

- remove the parent allocation on a role? Click Override Parent Allocation for the relevant role. Note: This action creates a new, editable, role allocation - i.e. the Edit icon displays in the Edit Users column, and in the Edit Groups column.
- reinstate the parent allocation on a role? Click ¹²⁰ in the Use Parent column, for the relevant role. Click **OK** on the system verification message.
- add or remove users for this role? Click
 in the Edit Users column for the role to open the Allocate User to Role page; then, populate the Member users field with one or more users from the Available Users field; remove users from the role by moving their user name to the Available Users field. Click save changes when you're done.

Note: To find relevant users fast, enter criteria in the **Filter** fields (i.e. type a letter, or a word, or the first part of a word) to display names matching the criteria at the top of the display field.

Note: To select several names at once, hold down the keyboard **Ctrl** key while selecting names; then, to populate the other field, you can either double click on your selection or use the arrows to move the names.

• add or remove groups for this role? Click
in the Edit Groups column for the role to open the Allocate Groups to Role page; then, populate the Member groups field with one or more users from the Available Groups field; remove groups from the role by moving the group name to the Available Groups field from the Member groups field. Click save changes when you're done.

Note: To find relevant groups fast, enter criteria in the **Filter** fields (i.e. type a letter, or a word, or the first part of a word) to display the names matching the specified criteria at the top of the display field.

Note: To select several names at once, hold down the keyboard **Ctrl** key while selecting names; then, to populate the other field, you can either double click on your selection or use the arrows to move the names.

Import from Server Location

This procedure performs a bulk upload of all content at a specified server location.

Note: Only administrative users have access to this functionality in the DMS.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login details to open **Browse Documents**.
- 2. Navigate to the destination folder for imported content; then, click **Import from Server Location** in the **Actions on this folder** menu to open the **Import files into [folder]** page.
- 3. Specify the path to the source server for the content you're importing.
- 4. Select a document type; then, click **Add**.
- 5. Complete the metadata fields that display for the selected document type e.g. author, category, keywords etc. **Note:** The administrator defines custom fieldsets and fields for document types.

6. Click **Import**. **Note:** Having uploaded the document, the system opens the new document's Document Detail page.

Bulk Export

Pinnacle's **Bulk Export** function is only available to an administrative user. This feature allows the administrator to download the entire contents of a folder in one zipped file. The zipped file is saved to the user's computer and may be opened locally for viewing.

Note: Activate Bulk Export by enabling the plugin in the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration**. See <u>Manage</u> <u>Plugins</u> for more information.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login; then, click **Browse Documents** to enter the folder structure.
- 2. Search or browse to locate the folder to export.
- 3. Click **Bulk Export** in the **Actions on this folder** menu. *Note:* This menu item does not display if you do not have permissions for this action on the folder.
- 4. A system dialog asks you to choose whether to open the zipped file, or save it to your local computer select either the **Open with** or **Save to Disk** radio button. Click **OK**.

Bulk Upload

Pinnacle's **Bulk Upload** function allows the upload of multiple documents in a zipped folder.

Note: Activate the Bulk Upload feature by enabling the plugin in the Miscellaneous section of DMS Administration. See <u>Manage Plugins</u> for more information.

You also need to have **UnZip** installed on the Pinnacle server in order to use Bulk Upload. *Note:*

Windows: <u>http://www.info-zip.org/</u> Unix / Linux: unzip

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login; then, click **Browse Documents** to enter the folder structure.
- 2. Search or browse to locate the destination folder in the repository.
- 3. Click **Bulk upload** in the **Actions on this folder** menu. *Note:* This menu item does not display if you do not have permissions for this action on the folder.
- 4. Specify the path to the file in the Archive file field; or, click Browse to navigate to the archive file.
- 5. Select a document type; then, click Add.
- 6. Metadata fields relevant to the document type display on the page; complete these fields; then, click **Up-load**.

Working with Documents

The **Document Actions** menu in **Browse Documents** provides document level functionality for working with content in the Pinnacle repository.

To ensure that all functionality is enabled, please read the plugins from the file system after upgrading or installing Pinnacle. See <u>Manage Plugins</u> for more information.

For more information on using the various Document Actions, please refer to the **Pinnacle User Manual**.

DMS Administration

The Pinnacle administrative user uses the functionality in the **DMS Administration** tab to manage Pinnacle.

The table summarizes the administrative tasks that are configurable in the various sections of

DMS Administration:

Users and Groups	Authentication	adding a new authentication source editing/deleting an existing authentication source
	Managing users	finding/viewing user details enabling/disabling users editing user details changing a user's group membership changing user's passwords adding users - manually, or importing from an external authentication source
	Managing groups	adding new groups finding/viewing groups editing/deleting groups adding/removing group members adding/deleting subgroups
- · · ·	Controlling Units	adding new Units viewing/editing/deleting Units opening the Unit at its folder location
Security Management	Permissions	adding new permissions
	Roles	viewing/editing/deleting Roles adding new Roles
	Dynamic Conditions	what are dynamic conditions? viewing/editing dynamic conditions adding dynamic conditions
	Roles	viewing/editing/deleting Roles adding new Roles
	Dynamic Conditions	what are dynamic conditions? viewing/editing dynamic conditions adding dynamic conditions assigning/unassigning dynamic conditions running dynamic conditions
Document Storage		forcing document check in restoring archived documents restoring/expunging deleted documents
Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration	Document Types	viewing/adding document types editing document types enabling/disabling document types associating/disassociating fieldsets and document types viewing/adding fieldsets

	29
Document Fieldsets	editing/deleting fieldsets viewing/adding fields (lookup and tree fields) editing/deleting fields
Email Document Types	what are email document types? configuring email document types
Workflows	viewing/adding workflows editing basic workflow details: name, start state, enable/disable configuring workflow process: connecting transitions and states adding states to workflows editing states configuring system security by workflow state configuring notifications for states adding new transitions to existing workflows editing transitions configuring transition requirements what are guard triggers? adding new transition restrictions viewing/editing/deleting transition restrictions configuring transition effects adding new transition actions
Link Type Management	adding document link types viewing/editing/deleting link types
Automatic Workflow Assignments	configuring workflow assignment
Workflow Allocation by Document Types	configuring workflow allocation by document types
Edit Help Files	customizing onscreen help viewing/editing/deleting/ onscreen help
Saved Searches	adding new saved searches viewing/editing/deleting/running saved searches
Manage Plugins	re-reading/enabling plugins
Support and System Information	viewing support and system information
Verify Document Storage	verifying database/repository consistency
Manage Views	view existing/adding new customized views
Edit Disclaimers	customizing disclaimer text
Extended Transaction Information	generating transaction reports
Edit Quicklinks	adding/editing/removing quicklinks
	view existing/adding new keys generating user activity reports

KTIS Administration Reporting

Users and Groups

The **Users and Groups** section of **DMS Administration** provides access to the following configuration tasks:

- Authentication
- Managing Users
- Managing Groups
- Controlling Units

Authentication

PinnacleTM provides an inbuilt authentication method - **Database Authentication**. The system uses this default authentication to control access to users and groups in its database.

Pinnacle provides the ability to add external authentication sources that allow the organization to maintain its own list of the users and groups requiring controlled access to the repository. External authentication sources and authentication provider information may be edited or deleted in the DMS Administration section of Pinnacle.

Note: The credentials of each user from the external authentication source is added to Pinnacle to allow the system to use their details to control access to the repository.

Cannot change the authentication method

There is currently no way to convert a user's predefined authentication source. After adding a user, and selecting a particular authentication source - e.g. LDAP - it is not possible to change the authentication source for this user. To allow this user to log in using an alternative authentication source, such as the normal database, the user will need to be added to the system a second time, under a new username, and with the preferred authentication source selected. This is because users cannot be deleted in Pinnacle; they can only be disabled.

See Also:

Managing Users Managing Groups

Adding New Authentication Sources

This procedure adds a new external authentication source.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then click **Users and Groups** in the **Administration** menu to open the **Users and Groups** page.
- 2. Click Authentication to open the Authentication Sources page.
- 3. Click Add a new authentication source to open the Add an authentication source page.
- 4. Type a name for the new authentication source in the **Name** field.
- 5. Select the type of authentication source from the **Authentication Provider** pick list. *Note: By default, this pick list contains the standard options LDAP Authentication, and Active Directory Authentication. You can add additional authentication sources to this list.*

- 6. Click Add a new source to open the configuration screen. Complete the fields on the page; when you're done, click Save.
 Note: See the onscreen description below each field for the type of information required in the field.
 - Server name
 - Server port
 - Use Transaction Layer Security?
 - Base DN
 - Search User
 - Search Password
 - Search Attributes
 - Object Classes

7. The system updates the configuration and provides a summary for review.

8.Do you want to change the ...

- standard configuration details? Click Edit standard configuration to open the Edit an authentication source page. Make the required changes; then, click Save.
- provider configuration details? Click Edit provider configuration. Make the required changes; then, click Save.

Editing / Deleting Existing Authentication Source

This procedure modifies or removes an existing authentication source.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Users and Groups** page in **DMS Administration**.

- 2. Click Authentication to open the Authentication Sources page.
- 3. Locate the authentication source you want to edit, in the table at the bottom of the page.

4. Do you want to...

- edit the authentication source? Click
 in the Edit column to open the Edit Authentication Source page, where you can change the short name and/or the authentication provider. When you're done, click Save.
- edit the provider details of the authentication source? Click
 In the Edit Provider Information column to open the editing page for the authentication provider, where you can reset any of the settings. When you're done, click Save.
- **delete the authentication source?** Click ⁽²⁾ in the **Delete** column. A system message asks you to confirm the deletion before removing the authentication source from the list.

Manage Users

The following tasks are performed in the **Manage Users** section of **Users and Groups** in DMS Administration.

- viewing user details
- enabling/disabling users
- <u>adding users</u>
- editing users
- changing a user's group membership
- <u>changing a user password</u>

Note: Users cannot be deleted in Pinnacle. Inactive users can only be disabled.

Finding/Viewing User Details

This procedure searches for specific users, and displays a list of all system users.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Users** to open the **User Management** page.
- 2. Do you want to...
 - **find a specific user?** Enter the username or part of the username in the **Username** field; then, click **Search for Users** to display the user matching the criteria you specified the system displays all users that match the criteria you specified.
 - No. Click view all users to display a list of all system users.

Enabling/Disabling Users

This procedure enables or disables users.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open Users and Groups in DMS Administration; then, click Manage Users to open the User Management page.
- 2. Search for a user, or display a list of all system users. For more information about this procedure, go to Finding/Viewing User Details

3. Do you want to...

- **disable a user?** Select the **Disable** check box for the relevant user; then, click **Apply Changes**. *Note:* New users are enabled by default. Users are disabled to prevent them from accessing the system.
- enable a user? Select the Enable check box for the relevant user; then, click Apply Changes. *Note:* New users are enabled by default. You will only need to enable a user that has been disabled.

Important information regarding Pinnacle Commercial Editions Subscription Management

Pinnacle only allows enabled users to access the DMS. Users are enabled by default when you first add them to the system.

Pinnacle SMB Edition license holders manage their user base (limited to 20 named, active users - i.e. 'enabled' users) by enabling and disabling users in **Users and Groups**. When disabling a user that no longer requires access to the system, you free up that user slot to allow access to another user - limited to the **20** user maximum for your Pinnacle SMB Edition subscription.

Pinnacle Enterprise Edition allow access to the DMS to an unlimited number of enabled users.

The number of user-slots available (maximum 20 for SMB subscription) is determined by the key with the soonest expiry date. For example, if you have one SMB subscription that is due to expire in 7 days, and you have another SMB subscription expiring in one year; you will only be allowed to allocate free slots (currently disabled user slots) based on the number of users enabled for the subscription expiring in 7 days.

A new subscription is only activated after the older subscription has expired. This allows you to add a new key on your system before the older key expires.

When a user who has not been enabled in the system logs in, a system message advises that their account has been disabled, and they will need to contact the system administrator to enable their user account before they will be allowed to access the repository.

Editing User Details

This procedure modifies the user profile.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open Users and Groups in DMS Administration; then, click Manage Users to open the User Management page.
- 2. Search for the user's details, or display a list of all system users. For more information about this procedure, go to <u>Finding/Viewing User Details</u>.
- 3. Click the **Edit** icon 4 for the relevant user to open the **Edit User Details** page.

4. Do you want to change:

- the user's details? Go to step 5.
- the user's password? Scroll down the page to the Authentication section; then, click Change [user name] password. Complete the required fields; then, click change password. Note: For more information about this procedure, go to Changing User Passwords.

5. Make the required changes on the page. The following information is editable:

- username
- name
- email address
- email notifications defines whether notifications are sent to the user by email, or displayed on the Dashboard
- mobile number
- maximum sessions

6. Click **save changes**.

Changing a User's Group Membership

This procedure modifies the user's current group membership profile.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open Users and Groups in DMS Administration; then, click Manage Users to open the User Management page.
- Search for the user's details, or display a list of all system users. For more information about this procedure, go to <u>Finding/Viewing User Details</u>.
- 3. Click the **Manage Groups** link for the relevant user to open the **Change [username] Groups** page.

4. Do you want to ...

- add the user to a group? Populate the Available Groups field filter or show all; then select groups for this user. Click the right-pointing arrow to populate the Assigned Groups field. Click save changes.
- remove this user from a group? Select the relevant group in the Assigned Groups field; then, click the left-pointing arrow to remove the group from the Assigned Groups field. Click save changes.

Changing User Passwords

This procedure changes a user's password.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Users** to open the **User Management** page.
- Search for the user's details, or display a list of all system users. For more information about this procedure, go to <u>Finding/Viewing User Details</u>.
- 3. Click the **Edit** icon \checkmark for the relevant user to open the **Edit User Details** page.
- 4. Locate the Authentication section; then, click Change [user name] password.

5. Do you want to ...

- force this user to change their password the next time they log in? Click change password.
- change the user's password? Define a new password in the Password field and repeat the password in the Confirm Password field. When you're done, click change password.

Adding Users

Users are created using Pinnacle's default authentication provider. When using an external authentication provider - such as LDAP - you need to ensure that the provider's plugin is registered and enabled. For more information, see <u>Adding a New Authentication Source</u>.

There are two ways to create new users:

- from an external authentication source
- manually within Pinnacle

Adding New Users Manually

This procedures adds new users manually to the Pinnacle Document Management System.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Users and Groups** page in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Users** to open the **User Management** page.
- 2. Click Add a new user to open the Add a user page.
- 3. Are you creating the new user...
 - from an external authentication source that has *already* been configured for Pinnacle? See <u>Adding a User From an External Authentication Source</u>.
 - from an external authentication source that has *not* yet been configured for Pinnacle? Perform the procedure for <u>adding a new authentication source</u> to enable the authentication provider's plugin; then, return to this procedure to add the user from the external authentication source.
 - manually, within Pinnacle? Go to step 4.

4. Type the user's login name in the **Username** field; then, type the user's full name in the **Name** field.

- 5. Type the user's email address in the **Email Address** field.
- 6.Do you want to enable notifications and alerts to be sent to the email address you specified in the *Email Address* field?
 - Yes. Select the Email Notifications check box.
 - No. Leave the Email Notifications check box de-selected.
- 7. Type the user's password in the **Password** field; then, re-enter the password in the **Confirm Password** field.
- 8. Type the user's mobile phone number in the **Mobile Number** field (if the system is configured to send notifications to cellphones).
- 9. In the **Maximum Sessions** field, define a maximum number of times you will allow this user to log in to the system without having used the **Logout** button to exit their working session. *Note:* By default, the system logs you out automatically after a period of inactivity.

When you login again, it re-opens the page where you ended your last working session. However, you will only be allowed to access the system without using the **Logout** button for the maximum number of times you set in this field. This is to prevent multiple users logging in on the same account.

10. Click **create user** to re-open the **User Management** page. **Note:** A system message confirms that the new user has been added to the system.

Adding One or More Users from an External Authentication Source

This procedure adds new users from an external authentication source.

Note: When using an external authentication provider - such as LDAP - you need to ensure that the provider's plugin is registered and enabled. For more information, see <u>Adding a New Authentication Source</u>, and <u>Manage Plugins</u>.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Users** to open the **User Management** page.
- 2. Click **Add a new user** to open the **Add a user** page.

3. Are you creating the new user...

- from an external authentication source that has *already* been configured for Pinnacle? Go to step 4.
- from an external authentication source that has not yet been configured for Pinnacle? Perform the procedure for adding a new authentication source to enable the authentication provider's plugin; then, return to this procedure to add the user from the external authentication source.
- manually, within Pinnacle? Go to Adding a User Manually.
- 4. Select the authentication source you want to use from the pick list in the Add a user from an authentication source section. Note: It is not possible to convert a user from one authentication source to another.
- 6. Click **Add from source** to open the **Search for user** page for the authentication source you selected.
- 7. Do one of the following:
 - Type part or all of the user's name in the **User's name** field; then, go to step 8.
 - Select the Mass import check box to add all users from the authentication source you specified; then, go to step 8.
 Note: The system does not allow you to verify the details of each individual user that is included in the mass import.

8. Click search for users.

Manage Groups

Only a User who has been assigned to a **Group** is allowed to access Pinnacle's document management system.

Note: Groups can be members of other groups, and can have other groups as members. These memberships pass the permissions set on to the parent group to user members of the member groups, possibly along a few chains.

Example:

Let's say you create a new **Group** called *Testers*. Having created the group, you must assign the group (*Testers*) Group to a **Unit**, and you name the Unit '*Quality Assurance*'. So, the group named *Testers* is part of the unit *Quality Assurance*.

Group: *Testers* Unit: *Quality Assurance*
Adding New Groups

This procedure creates a new group in Pinnacle.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login using your administrative credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Groups** to open **Group Administration**.
- 2. Click Add a new group to open the Add a new Group page.
- 3. Define a name for the group in the **Group Name** field.
- 4. Do you want to assign system administrative privileges to all members of this group?
 Yes. Select the System Administrators check box.
 - No. Leave the System Administrators check box unselected.

5. Click Create group.

Note: A system message informs you that the new group has been created.

Finding / Viewing Groups

This procedure locates a specified group, and displays a list of all groups in the system.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Groups** to open the **Group Administration** page.

2. Do you know the name of the group?

- Yes. Enter part or all of the group name in the **Group Name** field; then, click **search for groups** to display details for any group matching the criteria you specified.
- No. Click **view all groups** to display all a list of groups that exist in the system. The following information is provided for each group: group name, unit name (if the group belongs to a unit); sub groups (if any); plus, links to the following functionality - edit, manage users, manage sub-groups

Editing/Deleting Existing Groups

This procedure modifies and deletes a group.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Manage Groups** to open the **Group Administration** page.
- 2. Search for the group, or display a list of all groups in the system. For more information about this procedure, go to <u>Finding/Viewing Groups</u>.
- 3. Do you want to...
 - change the details for this group? click
 in the Edit column for the group to open the Edit Group Details page. Go to step 4.
 - **delete a group?** Click the **Delete** icon in the table for the relevant group. *Note:* A system message informs you that the group has been deleted.
- 4. The following details are editable on the **Edit Group Details** page: name of the group; whether or not all members of the group are assigned Unit administration privileges; whether or not all members of the group are assigned system administration privileges; the Unit to which this group belongs.
- 5. Make the required changes; then, click **save changes to group**.

Adding / Removing Group Members

This procedure manages the users in a group by adding one or more users, or by removing users.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open Users and Groups in DMS Administration; then, click Manage Groups to open the Group Administration page.
- Search for the group, or display a list of all groups in the system. For more information about this procedure, go to <u>Finding/Viewing Groups</u>.
- 3. Click the **Manage Users** link for the relevant group to open the **Manage Users in [group name]** page.

4. Do you want to ...

- assign users to the group? Go to step 5.
- remove users from the group? Select users one or more in the Assigned Users field; then, click the adjacent left-pointing arrow to move these users to the Available Users field. Go to step 7.
- 5. Populate the **Available Users** field, using any of the following methods:
 - Filter the available users by entering criteria in the **Filter** text field. The system returns results that match the specified criteria e.g inserting 'b' to only display usernames that start with 'b'.
 - Click **Show All** to display all available users.
- 6. Select users in **Available Users** one or more; then, click the adjacent right-pointing arrow to add these users to the **Assigned Users** field.
- 7. Click save changes.

Adding/Deleting Sub Groups

This procedure creates new sub-groups in a group, and removes sub-groups that were previously added to a group.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open Users and Groups in DMS Administration; then, click Manage Groups to open the Group Administration page.
- Search for the group, or display a list of all groups in the system. For more information about this procedure, go to <u>Finding/Viewing Groups</u>.
- 3. Click the **Manage sub-groups** link for the relevant group to open the **Manage Sub-Groups in** [group name] page.

4. Do you want to ...

- add new sub-groups to the group? Go to step 5.
- remove sub-groups from the group? Select groups one or more in the Assigned Groups field; then, click the adjacent left-pointing arrow to move these users to the Available Groups field. Go to step 7.
- 5. Populate the **Available Groups** field, using any of the following methods:
 - Filter the available users by entering criteria in the **Filter** text field. The system returns results that match the specified criteria e.g inserting 'b' to only display group names that start with 'b'.
 - Click **Show All** to display all available groups.

6. Select groups in **Available Users** - one or more; then, click the adjacent right-pointing arrow to add these users to the **Assigned Users** field.

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7. Click **save changes**.

Control Units

The **Unit** concept in PinnacleTM is a method of organizing the repository into two or more separate entities.

The Unit entities may model the organization's business divisions - e.g. different departments, or offices in different cities or countries. Each Unit is assigned its own administrative user - the Unit administrator. Each Unit administrator only has administrative privileges for their Unit. The system remains centrally administered by a Pinnacle system administrator.

Adding New Units

This procedure creates a new **Unit**.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login as the system administrator to **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Control Units** to open the **Unit Administration** page.
- 2. Click **Add a new unit** to open the **Add a new unit** page.
- 3. Type the name for the new unit in the **Unit Name** field; then, click **Next** to open the next page of the **Add a new unit** page, where you can choose a folder location.
- 4. Navigate the folder structure to select the folder location for the new unit; then, click **create unit**. *Note:* The system re-opens the **Unit Administration** page, where a system message informs you that the new unit has been created. The list of units at the bottom of this page now includes the new unit.

Viewing / Editing / Deleting Existing Units

This procedure displays Units that exist in the system, and modifies or deletes Units.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login as the system administrator to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Control Units** to open the **Unit Administration** page.
- 2. Do you want to...
- view all Units that currently exist in the system? Existing Units, including their folder locations, are displayed at the bottom of the page.
- edit a Unit? Click
 in the Edit column for the relevant Unit to open the Edit Unit Details page. Define a new short name for the unit in the Unit Name field; then, click save changes to unit.
- delete a unit from the system? Click ^{IN} in the Delete column for the relevant Unit to permanently remove this unit from the system.
- open the folder location where you saved this unit? Click the link in the Folder column for the unit to navigate to the folder location.

Opening a Unit at its Folder Location

This procedure opens the system at the Unit's folder location.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login as the system administrator to open **Users and Groups** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Control Units** to open the **Unit Administration** page.
- 2. View the list of Units at the bottom of the page.
- 3. Click the link in the **Folder** column for the relevant unit to navigate directly to its' folder location in the system.

Security Management

The Security Management section in Pinnacle's **DMS Administration** tab provides the following administrative functions:

- configuring permissions
- configuring roles
- configuring dynamic permissions these are criteria used to determine whether or not a user is allowed to perform certain actions in the system

Permissions

PinnacleTM provides several inbuilt<u>permissions</u> - **Read**, **Write**, **Add Folder**, **Manage Security**, **Delete**, **Manage workflow**, and **Folder Details**.

The system allows the creation of additional, customized permissions. This is useful where the organization needs to control access to plugins, or to allocate a Guard permission for workflow transitions.

What is a Guard Permission?

A Guard Permission, also known as a 'workflow trigger' is an optional permission assignment that may be assigned to a user who performs a transition in a workflow. Guard permissions are configured within the workflow configuration.

View Existing/Deleting Permissions

This procedure displays all permissions that exist in the system - inbuilt, and customized - and allows the removal of any customized permissions that are no longer required in the system.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Security Management to open the Security Management page.
- 2. Click **Permissions** to open the **Existing permissions** page.

3. Do you want to...

- view all the permissions that exist in the system? Scroll down to the bottom of the page to view
 a list of permissions configured for Pinnacle both inbuilt and customized. *Note:* Pinnacle's default permissions display at the top of this list, and cannot
 be deleted. They are recognizable by their system name, 'ktcore'.
- **delete a permission in the list?** Click ⁽²⁾ in the **Delete** column for the relevant permission. *Note:* Only custom permissions may be deleted.

Adding New Permissions

This procedure allows you to add customized permissions in Pinnacle. Custom permission can be assigned for accessing the organizations plugins.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**.

- 2. Click **Security Management** in the **Administration** menu to open the **Security Management** page.
- 3. Click **Permissions** to open the **Existing permissions** page.
- 4. Define a permanent name for the new permission type in the **System Name** field e.g 'ktcustom.permissions.download_plugin'.
- 5. Define a short name in the **Display Name** field e.g. 'Download Plugin'.
- 6. Click **Create**.

Note: A system message informs you that the new permission has been created. View the list of permission types at the bottom of this page to see the new permission added to the list.

<u>Roles</u>

Pinnacle **Roles** may include: document creator, reviewer, publisher, writer, editor, secretary, developer, manager, or secretary, and so on.

Workflow actions - e.g. *review*, or *publish* - are typically assigned to a specific role. Permissions are added to the role, and the user is assigned to the Role to perform the action required in the system.

View / Edit / Delete Existing Roles

This procedure modifies or removes existing Roles, and explains how to view a list of Roles that exist in the system.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Security Management** to open the **Security Management** page.

2. Click **Roles** to open the **Role Administration** page.

3. Do you want to...

- view Roles that have been configured for the repository? Scroll down to the bottom of the page to view a list of existing roles.
- edit i.e. change the name of an existing Role? Click
 in the Edit column for the relevant Role to open the editing page. Specify the new name for the Role in the Name field; then, click update role information.
- **delete an existing role?** Click ^{IM} in the **Delete** column for the relevant Role. *Note:* A system message confirms the removal of the Role.

Adding New Roles

This procedure creates a new Role.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Security Management to open the Security Management page.
- 2. Click **Roles** to open the **Role Administration** page.
- 3. Define a descriptive name for the role in the **Name** field e.g. Editor; then, click **create new role**. **Note:** A system message confirms the Role creation. View the list of roles at the bottom of this page to see the new role added to the list of existing roles.

Dynamic Conditions

What are Dynamic Conditions?

A **dynamic condition** may be defined as a system rule that is configured to allow or disallow a specific action on documents and folders in the repository that match a set of predefined criteria.

Dynamic Conditions and Saved Searches

A dynamic condition is similar to Pinnacle's **Saved Search** function - the system activity that occurs is essentially the same. In both cases - for dynamic conditions and saved searches – a set of criteria is defined, and the system performs a search for content matching this criteria.

Why is this condition referred to as 'dynamic'?

Dynamic conditions are based on editable criteria, and the content where the condition is applied (documents and folders) is not static. Pinnacle runs a dynamic condition on all content in the repository that currently matches the criteria of the condition. Results include recently added content, and exclude content that no longer exists, or that no longer matches the criteria.

Dynamic conditions are thus only implemented on a selection of documents in the repository, and these documents are mapped to the dynamic condition through the criteria currently configured for the condition.

Why use Dynamic Conditions?

A dynamic condition - for example, preventing certain documents from being moved or copied to other locations in the repository - either allows or disallows a specific action, on a range of documents, and also in a **Workflow**. Instead of allowing or disallowing an action – through a permission – to a specific user group, or on a specific folder – the ability to apply a condition more widely throughout the repository provides greater control and security in the system.

How are Dynamic Conditions Configured and Applied?

A dynamic condition is configured globally through Pinnacle's **DMS Administration** module - in the **Dynamic Conditions** page of the **Security Management** section. Dynamic conditions are assigned, and unassigned, on the **folder level**, when setting up permissions on the folder. Dynamic conditions are also assigned in the **Workflow** configuration task, where they are applied as a **Guard permission** - e.g. any user who wants to transition the workflow to a new state must be assigned a guard permission to do so. A dynamic condition is used to create a Guard permission for transitioning a Workflow to its next state.

At which level of repository content is a Dynamic Condition applied?

Dynamic condition criteria includes the following parameters:

- document metadata name, type, author, publish date, etc.
- the content within the document
- transactional information for a document check outs / check ins / moves / copy actions / etc

Tasks for configuring Dynamic Conditions

- Add New Dynamic Condition
- View/Edit Existing Dynamic Condition
- Running Dynamic Conditions
- Assigning/Unassigning Dynamic Conditions

See Also:

Configuring Workflows Editing Folder Permissions

Viewing/Editing Existing Dynamic Conditions

This procedure displays all existing dynamic conditions, and modifies or deletes an existing dynamic condition.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Security Management to open the Security Management page.
- 2. Click **Dynamic Conditions** to open the **Dynamic Conditions** page.
- 3. Do you want to...
 - **view existing dynamic conditions?** All dynamic conditions that have been configured in the system are displayed at the bottom of this page.
 - edit a dynamic condition? Click
 in the Edit column for the relevant condition to open the Edit an existing condition page. Make the required changes the following information is editable: name, edit/ add/remove criteria and criteria groups. When you're done, click Update Dynamic Condition.
 - **delete a dynamic condition?** Click ⁽²⁾ in the **Delete** column for the relevant condition. A system message requires confirmation of the deletion. Read the warning message, which explains that deleting a dynamic condition may change the permissions structure, causing the inappropriate removal of permissions in the system. Click **Cancel**, or **Delete**.

Adding Dynamic Conditions

This procedure creates a new dynamic condition.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Security Management in the Administration menu to open the Security Management page.
- 2. Click Dynamic Conditions to open the Dynamic Conditions page.
- 3. Click **New** to open the **Create a new condition** page.
- 4. Define a name for the new dynamic condition in the **Name of condition** field.
- 5. Select **any** or **all** from the **Return items which match [all/any] of the criteria groups specified** pick list to define how search results should match to criteria groups defined.
- 6.3. Complete the **Values** field/s for the selected query.

- 6. Define the first criteria group in the **Criteria Group** section:
- 6.1. Select **any** or **all** from the **Return items which match [all/any] of the criteria specified below** pick list to define how search results should match this criteria.
- 6.2. Select a query type from the **Criteria** pick list; then, click **Add** to display the **Values** field for the criteria type you selected.
- 6.3. Complete the **Values** field/s for the selected query.
- 7. Do you want to add another query type for this criteria group?
 - Yes. Go back to step 6.2.
 - No. Go to step 8.

8. Do you want to add another criteria group for this dynamic condition?

- Yes. Click Add another set of criteria; then, go back to step 6.1.
- No. Go to step 10.
- 9. Click Save.

Note: A system message confirms that the dynamic condition has been created. **Note:** Dynamic conditions are assigned to folders, and are unassigned when they're no longer required for the folder.

See Also:

Assigning / Unassigning Dynamic Conditions

Assigning / Unassigning Dynamic Conditions

This procedure associates a dynamic condition with permissions - one or more - and defines the group - one or more - where the dynamic condition applies, on a currently selected folder.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **Browse Collections**.
- 2. Navigate to the folder where you want to assign or unassign dynamic conditions.
- 3. Click **Permissions** in the **Actions on this folder** menu to open the **View permissions for [folder name]** page.
- 4. Click **Override permission** to open the **Folder permissions for [folder name]** page; then, scroll down to the **Dynamic permissions** section on this page.

5. Do you want to:

- assign a dynamic condition to this folder? Go to step 5.1.
- unassign a dynamic condition from this folder? Click ¹²⁰ in the **Remove** column for the relevant dynamic condition. Repeat this step for each dynamic condition you're removing; then, go to step 8 to exit this procedure.

Note: A system message asks you to confirm the removal of the condition.

- 5.1. click the **Group** pick list down-arrow; then, select a group for whom this dynamic condition applies.
- 5.2. select the **Condition** pick list down-arrow to select a dynamic condition for this group on the folder.
- 5.3. select the **Permissions** check boxes one or more that will be associated with this dynamic condition on the folder.

6. Click Add.

- 7. Do you want to assign another dynamic condition on this folder?
 - Yes. Go to step 6.1.
 - No. Go to step 9.
- 8. Click View permissions overview to return to the View permissions for [folder name] page.

Running Dynamic Conditions

This procedure runs the dynamic condition to find content that matches its criteria.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Security Management to open the Security Management page.
- 2. Click **Dynamic Conditions** to open the **Dynamic Conditions** page.
- 3. View the currently configured dynamic conditions in the **Existing Conditions** section on this page.
- 4. Click **Run Condition** in the **View Results** column for the relevant dynamic condition to open the **[dynamic condition name]** page.
- 5. Do you want to ...
 - view search criteria for this dynamic condition? Click ^{CD} to expand the Parameters section.
 - view documents and folders returned in this search? Search results are displayed beneath the Parameters section on the page.
 - modify the search criteria and rerun the search? Click Edit to open the Edit an existing condition page. Change the criteria, and/or add additional criteria; then, click Search. The revised results display on the Search Results page.
 - save this search? Define a name for the search; then, click Save.

Document Storage

The administrator uses the **Document Storage** section of DMS Administration to:

- force a document check in by overriding its current checked out status
- restore archived documents
- restore documents that were previously deleted, or to permanently expunge (remove) those documents from the repository

Forcing a Document Check In

This procedure overrides the currently checked out status of a document.

The Pinnacle administrator can force check in a document where a checked out document is urgently required back in the repository, but the user who checked the document out is not available to check the document in.

Note: The document is checked back in to the repository without saving any changes that may have been made to it while it was checked out.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Document Storage** to open the **Document Storage** page.
- 2. Click Checked Out Document Control to open the Checked Out Documents page.
- 3. Click **force checkin** for the relevant document you want to check in, to open the **Confirm Forced Check-in** page.
- 4. Verify that you're forcing a check in on the correct document; then, click the **Force Check in** button **Note:** The system re-opens the **Checked Out Documents** page, where a system message confirms that the document has been checked in.

Restoring Archived Documents

This procedure restores a previously archived document.

Note: By default, documents are restored to the folder location where they were originally archived. If that folder no longer exists on the system, the document is restored to the root directory in the repository.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Document Stor**age to open the **Document Storage** page.
- 2. Click Archived Document Restoration to open the Archived Documents page.
- 3. Navigate through the folder structure to locate the folder containing the document/s requiring restoration; then, click on the folder to display its content.
- 4. Select the check box for the document you want to restore; then, click **Restore** to open the **Confirm De-archival** page.
- 5. Verify that you're restoring the correct document; then, click **Confirm De-archival**. *Note: The system re-opens the* **Archived Documents** *page and displays a message informing you that the document is active (restored).*

Restoring / Expunging Deleted Documents

This procedure permanently deletes documents, and restores previously deleted documents.

Note: Expunging saves disk space by permanently deleting documents that are no longer useful or required.

Note: By default, documents are restored to the folder location where they were originally deleted. If that folder no longer exists on the system, the document is restored to the root directory in the repository.

Perform the following steps:

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2. Click **Restore or Expunge Deleted Documents** to open the **Deleted Documents** page.

3. View the list of deleted documents.

4. Do you want to...

- restore any documents in the list? Select the check box adjacent to each document you want to restore; then, click Restore to open the Confirm Restore page. Verify that you're restoring the correct document/s; then, click Confirm Restore to re-open the Deleted Documents page. Note: A system message confirm the restoration of the document in the system.
- permanently remove any of the documents in the list? Select the check box adjacent to each document that must be permanently removed from the system; then, click Expunge to open the Confirm Expunge page. Verify that you're removing the correct document/s; then, click Confirm Expunge.

Note: A system message confirms the permanent deletion of the document from the system.

Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration

Metadata is an important component of the PinnacleTM Document Management System.

Adding relevant metadata to the system improves the efficiency of the **Search** function, which ensures that content is easily retrieved from the repository.

Metadata is added in the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administra-tion**.

The following configuration is available in this section:

- Document Types manage the classes of documents that can be added to Pinnacle
- Document Fieldsets manage the types of information that can be associated with classes of documents
- Email Document Types add email document types used to store emails from Microsoft Outlook with Pinnacle's Outlook Integration
- Workflows configure document workflows
- Link Type Management manage the different ways in which documents can be associated with one another
- Automatic Workflow Assignments configure the allocation of documents to workflows
- Workflow allocation by document type

Document Types

Documents in the PinnacleTM repository are grouped by '**type**'. Document Types may include: Invoice, Report, Quotation, Order, etc.

Each document type is associated with one or more customized **fieldsets**. Each fieldset represents a summary of related informational **fields**. For example, an *Invoice* document type may include a fieldset called 'Client Details'. The 'Client Details' fieldset may be comprised of the following fields: Name, Account Number, Address, Telephone Number, Email Address.

The fields, fieldsets, and document type are all part of metadata, because they are descriptive references for documents in the repository.

There are two ways to configure document types, and their associated fieldsets, in Pinnacle:

- first create the document type, then create custom fieldsets; or,
- first create custom fieldsets, then create document types.

Note: Document Types cannot be deleted; unused document types can only be disabled. This prevents the removal of required metadata.

Viewing/Adding Document Types

This procedure displays existing document types, and creates new document types.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration to open the Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration page.
- 2. Click **Document Types** to open the **Document Types** page.
- 3. Do you want to ...
 - view existing document types? Scroll down the page to the Existing document types section to view all the document types that are configured in the system, including the fieldsets that are currently associated with each document type.
 - add a new document type? Go to step 4.

4. Define a name for the document type in the **Name** field.

5. Click **Create** to open the **Document Type [document type name]** editing page.

6. Are the fieldsets for this document type already configured in the system?

- Yes. Select a fieldset one or more from the Available Fieldsets pick list; then, click Associate Fieldsets. **Note:** See also: Associating / Disassociating Fieldsets and Document Types.
- No. Add the appropriate fieldsets in the system for this document type. Go to Adding New Fieldsets to find out more about this task. When you're done, go to Associating / Disassociating Fieldsets and Document Types.

Note: Customized fieldsets are added to the Available Fieldsets pick list.

Editing Document Types

This procedure changes the detail of an existing document type.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration to open the Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration page.
- 2. Click **Document Types** to open the **Document Types** page; then, scroll down the page to view the list of existing document types in the **Existing document types** section.
- 3. Click \checkmark in the **Edit** column for the relevant document type, to open the **Document Type editing** page.

4.Do you want to...

- change the name of this document type? Define a new name for this document type in the field adjacent to the Change button; then, click Change to rename the document type.
- associate fieldsets with this document type? Select a fieldset one or more in the Available Fieldsets pick list; then, click Associate Fieldsets.
- disassociate currently linked fieldsets from this document type? In the Linked Fieldsets section
 on this page, select the check box adjacent to each fieldset that you want to disassociate from this document type; then, click Disassociate Fieldsets.

Enabling/Disabling Document Types

This procedure enables and disables **Document Types**.

Note: Pinnacle does not allow the deletion of document types, because this may result in the loss of required metadata in the system. Document types that are no longer required or used in the system must be disabled. Disabling a document type hides the document type as a selectable option when adding a new document to the repository.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration in the Administration menu to open the Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration section.
- 2. Click **Document Types** to open the **Document Types** page; then, scroll down the page to view a list of the document types that exist in the system.
- 3. Click the icon in the **Disable/Enable** column for the relevant document type. *Note:* When disabling a document, a system message asks you to confirm that you want to disable the document type. Disabling a document type hides the document type as a selectable option when adding a new document to the repository.

Associating / Disassociating Fieldsets and Document Types

This procedure associates or disassociates fieldsets with document types.

Note: Pre-defined custom fieldsets display on the Document Types editing page. Associating custom fieldsets with one or more document types on the Document Types editing page associates the metadata you added for the fieldset with the document type.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Document Types** to open the **Document Types** page.
- 2. Scroll down the page to the Existing document types section to view a tabled list of the document types that exist in the system.
- 3. Click the Edit link for the relevant document type (the document type where you want to associate or disassociate fieldsets) to open the Document Type: [document type name] editing page.

Note: The fieldsets currently associated with this document type are displayed in the **Linked Fieldsets** section on this page.

4. Do you want to...

disassociate one or more currently linked fieldsets with the document type? In the Linked Fieldsets section on this page, select the check box adjacent to each fieldset that you want to disassociate from this document type; then, click Disassociate Fieldsets.

Note: A system message verifies the disassociating of the selected fieldsets from this document type.

• associate fieldsets with this document type? Select fieldsets - one or more - in the Available Fieldsets pick list; then, click Associate Fieldsets.

Note: Hold down the keyboard **Ctrl** key while selecting menu options to multi-select from this menu. **Note:** A system message verifies the association of the fieldset/s with this document type.

Document Fieldsets

Fieldsets are a type of metadata that allow the association of custom metadata with documents in the repository. Fieldsets, which are comprised of one or more fields, are associated with document types.

There are two types of fieldsets:

- Normal these fieldsets are associated with one or more specific document types.
- Generic these fieldsets may be associated with any document type in the system.

Note: Pinnacle auto-generates an editable system name (namespace) for every fieldset. Plugins use this namespace to call the fieldset, and to control how the fieldset works. For more information on developing Plugins for Pinnacle, see the Pinnacle Wiki at http://support.Pinnacle.com/confluence/

Viewing/Adding Fieldsets

This procedure displays existing fieldsets, and creates new fieldsets in Pinnacle.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration to open the Metadata and Workflow Configuration page.
- 2. Click **Document Fieldsets** to open the **Document Fieldset** management page.

3. Do you want to ...

- view existing fieldsets in the system? Scroll down on this page to the Existing document fieldsets section to view a tabled list of the custom fieldsets that have been defined in Pinnacle. The table provides the following information about each fieldset: fieldset name; whether the fieldset is a generic or system fieldset; the fields that are defined for each fieldset; the document type/s with which the fieldset is currently associated.
- add a new fieldset? Go to step 4.

4. Click Create New Fieldset to open the Create New Fieldset page.

5. Define a name for the document fieldset in the **Fieldset Name** field; then, provide a brief description for the information that will be stored in this fieldset, in the **Description** field.

6. Is this a generic fieldset?

- Yes. Select the Generic check box.
- No. Go to step 7.

7. Click Create Fieldset to open the Edit Fieldset: [fieldset name] page.

8. Do you want to...

- change any of the fieldset details that were configured when adding the fieldset? Click Edit these details to open the Edit Fieldset page. Editable details include: fieldset name, description, and whether or not the fieldset is generic. Make the required changes; then, click Update Fieldset.
- add fields for this fieldset? Click Add New Field; then, go to Go to Adding New Fields for more information about this task.
- remove an existing document fieldset? Go to Editing/Deleting Existing Fieldsets.

Editing/Deleting Existing Fieldsets

This procedure modifies or deletes and existing custom fieldset.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration to open the Metadata and Workflow Configuration page.
- 2. Click **Document Fieldsets** to open the **Document Fieldset** management page.
- 3. View the list of document fieldsets that have been defined for your organization, in the **Existing document fieldsets** section on this page.

4. Do you want to...

- **remove a fieldset?** Click the icon in the **Delete** column for the relevant fieldset. Click **OK** on the system message that asks you to confirm the deletion.
- edit a fieldset? Click in the Edit column for the relevant document type, to open the Edit Fieldset set: [fieldset name] page. Click Edit these details to open the Edit Fieldset page. The following information is editable: fieldset name; description, and whether or not the fieldset is generic. When you're done, click Update Fieldset.
- add fields? Go to Adding New Fields.
- edit or delete fields in this fieldset? Go to Editing/Deleting Fields.

<u>Fields</u>

Fields are the smallest metadata collection point in PinnacleTM. Fields include the text fields, pick lists and menus that allow a user to provide information about the content that is uploaded to the repository.

Pinnacle uses fields to group sets of related information into one or more **fieldsets**. The fieldsets are associated with **document types** in the system. The collection of fields, fieldsets, and document types - plus the folder structure and, optionally, permissions - comprise the system's **metadata** structure.

Pinnacle's **Search** function operates on this metadata layer. metadata works on the search function. Search relies on the addition of appropriate metadata in the system to locate and retrieve content in the repository.

There are three classes of custom fields in Pinnacle:

- Normal stores text metadata, such as an invoice code
- Lookup allows the selection of appropriate information from a predefined set of options
- Tree allows the selection of a metadata value by browsing a tree structure

Viewing/Adding Fields

This procedure displays fields that currently exist in each fieldset in the system, and it adds new fields.

Note: Fields are configurable and editable only within the fieldset where they exist.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configura**tion page in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Document Fieldsets** to open the **Document Fieldsets** management page.

2. Do you want to ...

- view fields that are currently defined for each fieldset in the system? Scroll down this page to the tabled information in the Existing document fieldsets section. The system displays the following information for each fieldset: whether this is a generic or system fieldset; the fields that are members of the fieldset; the document type/s with which the fieldset is associated. The table also provides functionality that allows editing or deletion of the fieldset.
- add a new field for an existing fieldset? Locate the fieldset in the table in the Existing document

fieldsets section; then, click
in the Edit column for the relevant fieldset to open the Edit Fieldset:
[fieldset name] page. Go to step 3.

3. Click Add New Field to open the Add New Field page.

4. Define a name for the field in the **Field name** field; then, in the **Description** field, provide a short, paragraph that clearly explains the type of information required in the field.

5. Select the **Field Type** radio button. Is this a ...

- normal text input field? Select the Normal (String) radio button; then, go to step 9.
- lookup field? Select the Lookup radio button; then, go to
- Tree field?

6. Does this field represent information that must be provided?

- Yes. Select the Required check box.
- No. Leave the **Required** check box unselected.

7. Click **Add Field** to open the **Manage Field: [field name**] page, where you can change any of the detail you defined when creating the field. Click **Update Field** to save the changes.

8. Do you want to add another field for this fieldset?

- Yes. Click on the fieldset name in the bread-crumb navigation at the top of the page to re-open the Edit Fieldset: [fieldset name] page. Go to step 4.
- No. Exit this procedure.

Adding Lookup Fields

This procedure adds a **Lookup** field in a fieldset.

Note: Fields are configurable and editable only within the fieldset where they exist. Tree fields and Lookup fields require additional configuration steps to Normal (String) fields.

Perform the following steps:

- Use your administrator login credentials to open the Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration page in DMS Administration; then, click Document Fieldsets to open the Document Fieldsets management page.
- 2. Locate the fieldset in the table in the **Existing document fieldsets** section; then, click <a> in the **Edit** column for the relevant fieldset to open the **Edit Fieldset: [fieldset name]** page.
- 3. Click Add New Field to open the Add New Field page.
- 4. Define a name for the field in the **Field name** field; then, in the **Description** field, provide a short paragraph that clearly explains the type of information required in the field.
- 5. Select the **Lookup** radio button in the **Field Type** section.

6. Is this a required field?

- Yes. Select the Required check box.
- No. Leave the **Required** check box unselected.
- 7. Click Add Field to open the Manage Field: [field name] page; then, click Add Lookup Values in the Extra Options section to open the Add Lookup Values page.
- 8. In the **Lookup Values** field, define lookup values one or more; then, click **Add Lookups** to save this information and to re-open the **Manage Field: [field name]** page.
- 9. In the Extra Options section, click Manage Lookup Values to open the Manage Lookups for [lookup field name] page.
- 10. Select the check box adjacent to each lookup value you're managing. The following options are configurable:
 - click Toggle enabled state to enable or disable the lookup value as a selectable option when editing
 or adding documents to the repository
 - click **Toggle stickiness** to define the lookup value as 'sticky' or 'non-sticky'. *Note:* Any external plugin that controls the lookup set cannot remove a lookup value that has been configured on this page as 'sticky'.
 - click the **Delete** button to remove a selected lookup value

11. To exit this procedure, click the fieldset name in the bread-crumb navigation at the top of the page.

Adding Tree Fields

This procedure adds a **Tree** field in a fieldset.

Note: Fields are configurable and editable only within the fieldset where they exist. Tree fields and Lookup fields require additional configuration steps to Normal (String) fields.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configura**tion page in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Document Fieldsets** to open the **Document Fieldsets** management page.
- 2. Locate the fieldset in the table in the **Existing document fieldsets** section; then, click <a> in the **Edit** column for the relevant fieldset to open the **Edit Fieldset: [fieldset name]** page.
- 3. Click Add New Field to open the Add New Field page.
- 4. Define a name for the field in the **Field name** field; then, in the **Description** field, provide a short paragraph that clearly explains the type of information required in the field.
- 5. Select the **Tree** radio button in the **Field Type** section.

6. Is this a 'required' field?

- Yes. Select the Required check box.
- No. Leave the **Required** check box unselected.
- 7. Click Add Field to open the Manage Field: [field name] page.
- 8. Click Add Lookup Values to open the Add Lookup Values page. In the Lookup Values field, define lookup values one or more; then, click Add Lookups to save this information and to re-open the Manage Field: [field name] page.
- 9. Click **Manage Lookup Values** to open the **Manage Lookups for [lookup field name]** page; then, select the check box adjacent to each lookup value you're managing. The following options are configurable:
 - click Toggle enabled state to enable or disable the lookup value as a selectable option when editing or adding documents to the repository.
 - click **Toggle stickiness** to define the lookup value as 'sticky' or 'non-sticky'. *Note:* Any external plugin that controls the lookup set cannot remove a lookup value that has been configured on this page as 'sticky'.
 - click the **Delete** button to remove a selected lookup value
- 10. Click the fieldset name in the bread-crumb navigation at the top of the page to return to the **Manage Field:** [field name] page.
- 11. Click Manage Lookup Tree Structure to open the Edit Lookup Tree: [lookup tree field name] page.

12. **Do you want to ...**

 define a subcategory for the root? Click attach keywords adjacent to the Root in the Preview section. Define a subcategory for the root; then, click add new subcategory. Repeat this step for each additional subcategory you're adding to the Root. • **define a subcategory in a subcategory?** Click **attach keywords** adjacent to the relevant subcategory below the Root. Repeat this step for each additional subcategory you're adding in another subcategory. *Note: Expand the root or a subcategory to display the configured options.*

Editing/Deleting Fields

This procedure edits an existing field, or removes a field from a fieldset.

Perform the following steps:

- Use your administrator login credentials to open the Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration page in DMS Administration; then, click Document Fieldsets to open the Document Fieldsets management page.
- 2. In the **Existing document fieldsets** section on this page, locate the fieldset that contains the field/s you

want to edit or delete; then, click in the Edit column for the relevant fieldset to open the Edit Fieldset:[fieldset name] editing page.

3. Scroll down the page to the **Additional Information** section to view fields that exist for this fieldset. The table provides the following information about each field: field name; type of field (whether normal, lookup, or tree). This section also provides access to field management functionality - Edit, and Delete.

4. Do you want to ...

- change any information in the field? Click
 in the Edit column for the relevant field to open the Manage Field: [field name] page. Make the required changes; then, click Update Field.
 Note: For more information about the configuration options on the field editing pages, see <u>Adding Fields</u>.
- remove this field as a member of this fieldset? Click ⁽²⁾ in the **Delete** column for the relevant field. Click **OK** on the system message that asks you to confirm the field deletion.

Email Document Types

What are Email Document Types?

PinnacleTM Outlook Integration is a component in the **Pinnacle Client Tools for Windows** toolset, which is available in the **Pinnacle Commercial Editions - SMB and Enterprise**.

Pinnacle Outlook Integration allows Pinnacle Commercial users to save emails and attachments from Microsoft Outlook to the Pinnacle repository, and to attach files directly from the repository to outgoing email messages.

The Pinnacle system administrator configures email document types on the **Email Document Types** page in the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section of DMS Administration. When configuring email document types, all email document type names must end with the word 'email' - e.g. *Order Email*, or *Records Email*.

Default Fieldset for Email Document Types

When adding document types in the **Email Document Types** section, a default fieldset is added to the email document type. This **email fieldset** includes the following set of predefined metadata fields:

- Sender Email
- Sender Name
- Cc
- Send Date
- Subject
- Size

The system uses the email fieldset to gather standard, email-related metadata, which it saves to Pinnacle when storing the email.

Important

Although the metadata fields in the email fieldset are editable in DMS Administration, we strongly recommend that you do not change these settings, including field names. Changing the defaults will prevent the Pinnacle Outlook Integration tool from successfully gathering the metadata that is used for the efficient storage and retrieval of emails in the repository.

Configuring Email Document Types

This procedure displays existing email document types and adds a new email document type.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator credentials to log in to DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration.
- 2. Click **Email Document Types** to open the configuration screen.

3. Do you want to ...

- view existing email document types? Scroll down to the Existing document types section at the bottom of this page to view a list of the email document types that exist in the system.
- add a new email document type? Define a name for the new email document type in the **Name** field; then, click **Create**.

Workflows

A workflow may be defined as the set of tasks that must be performed on a document during its lifecycle - e.g. an invoice is created, distributed, then paid; a report may be created, reviewed, edited, and then published.

States and Transitions

Workflows consist of **states** and **transitions**. A state may be defined as a stage in a document's lifecycle, such as *billed* or *draft*. Each workflow has a **starting state**, which is the initial state for any document in a workflow.

Transitions define how documents move from state to state in the workflow. Each state can have one or more transitions, depending on the workflow topography.

Example

Each state is reached via a transition ...

- Starting state invoice created transition: send to client
- new State: Distributed
 transition: Await payment
- new State: Paid



Figure: A typical document workflow

Workflow Configuration

Pinnacle workflows are configurable to various levels of granularity - it is possible for the workflow to be in more than one state at any time. Also, it is not necessary to move the document in a linear, unbroken fashion, from one state to a logical subsequent state. The workflow configuration pages in DMS Administration allows the arrangement of states and transitions in any order.

Note: Some documents, such as tenders, may have complex workflows, requiring input from several people within and outside of your organization before the work is complete.

🕕 Initial data stored.

Step 2: Connect transitions to states

In order to move between states, the transitions you specified earlier must be configured to move from a set of states to a "destination" states. Use the table below to configure this behaviour.

Transition	Leads to state	Analysis	Draft	Customer Review	Rejected	Published
Analysis completed	Draft 💌					
Draft completed	Customer Review 💌	V	~			
Accepted	Published 💌		✓		~	
Create Workflow Cancel						

Figure: Step 2 in Workflow Configuration allows the arrangement of States and Transitions in any order

Viewing/Adding Workflows

This procedure displays existing workflows, and adds new workflows in Pinnacle.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then click **Workflows** to open the **Workflow Admin** page.

2. Do you want to:

- view existing workflows? Scroll down the page to the Existing workflows section. The following information is displayed for each workflow: workflow name, and workflow status (whether the workflow is enabled or disabled).
- add a workflow? Go to step 3.

3. Click Create New Workflow to open Step 1: Basic Workflow Details.

4. Complete step 1 of the workflow creation process: Define basic workflow details: 4.1. Define a name for this workflow in the **Name** field.

- 4.2. Define workflow states in the **States** field add unique state names, one per line. **Note:** A workflow State is a point in a document lifecyle when the previous task is complete, and the next task is ready to start - i.e. when a document review is complete, it may reach a State called 'Reviewed'; the next workflow task may be 'edit'; when this task is complete, the document reaches the 'Edited' state, and so on.
- 4.3. Define workflow transitions in the **Transitions** field add unique transition names, one per line; then, click **Next** to open **Step 2: Connect transitions to States Note:** A workflow transition refers to the action that moves a document in a workflow

from one state to the next state in a workflow.

5. Complete step 2 of the workflow creation process: Connect transitions to states:

- 5.1. for each transition listed in the table, perform the following tasks:
 - 5.1.1. Click the down arrow at the **Leads to state** pick list; then, select a starting state for the transition listed in the adjacent **Transition** column.
 - 5.1.2. Select source **State** check boxes one or more to define the state that precedes this transition. **Note:** Pinnacle allows a document in a workflow to move to the next state from one or more source states.

5.2. Click Create Workflow.

Note: The system opens the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page, where you can edit the basic details of the workflow, or access workflow management functions in the **Workflow Administration** menu.

Editing Basic Workflow Details: name, start state, enable/disable

This procedure modifies the name of the workflow, enables the selection of an initial starting state for the workflow, and enables or disables the workflow.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then click **Workflows** to open the **Workflow Admin** page.
- 2. Scroll down to the Existing workflows section to view the workflows that exist in the system; then, click the Edit icon for the workflow you're configuring, to open the Workflow: [workflow name] page. Note: This is also the Overview page for the Workflow Administration section.
- 3. Click Edit Workflow Details to open the Edit Workflow Details: [workflow name] page.

4. Do you want to:

- change the name of this workflow? Define a new name for the workflow in the Workflow Name field.
- choose a starting state for this workflow? Select one of the radio buttons in the Starting State section.
- enable or disable this workflow? Select the Enabled check box to enable the workflow; deselect this check box to disable the workflow.
- 5. Click **Update Workflow Details** to save your changes.

Configuring Workflow Process: connecting transitions and states

This procedure connects predefined transitions, from one or more source states, to a destination state.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. Click **Configure Workflow Process** to open the workflow configuration page.
- 5. Locate the transition you're configuring, in the **Transition** column in the table; then, click the down arrow at the adjacent **Leads to state** pick list to select a destination state for this transition.
- 6. Select source **State** check boxes one or more to define the state/s that precedes this transition. *Note: Pinnacle allows a document in a workflow to move to the next state from one or more source states.*
- 7. Click Update Process to re-open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page

Adding New States to Existing Workflows

This procedure adds new (additional) states to an existing, pre-configured workflow.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. Click Add New States to open the Add States to Workflow page.
- 5. Define new states for this workflow one per line in the text field. **Note:** Any new state that you add to this workflow must be given a unique name - the system does not accept state names that are already in use in the workflow.

6. Click Add States.

7. The system re-opens the **States and Transitions: [workflow name]** page, where you can view, edit, or delete existing states,

Editing States

This procedure edits a state within a currently selected workflow.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **States** section, locate the state you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this state to open the **Manage State** page.

5. Do you want to change the name of this State?

- Yes. Define a new name for the state in the State Name field; then, click Update State.
- No. Go to step 6

6. Do you want to configure ...

- **security settings for this state?** Go to Configuring System Security by Workflow State. *Note: Pinnacle's workflow tool allows the admin user to control permissions and block specified document actions through the Workflow State.*
- **notifications?** Go to Configuring Workflow State Notifications. *Note:* The administrative user configures the system to send notifications to specified users when a document reaches a certain state in the workflow.

Configuring System Security by Workflow State

This procedure displays the current configuration for state-controlled permissions. It also assigns or removes a State's control over permissions, and it assigns the document actions that are blocked when a document is in a specific state in the workflow.

This procedure provides instructions for the following tasks:

- view permissions currently controlled by a state in a workflow
- assign or remove a state's control of permissions
- allocate state-controlled permissions to groups and roles
- view blocked actions currently configured for a specific state in a workflow
- block or unblock document actions in a workflow state

Note: Permissions that are granted or denied through a Workflow State override permissions that are configured elsewhere in the system.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **States** section, locate the state you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this state to open the **Manage State** page.
- 5. Click **Security** in the **State Effects** section to open the **Security Overview: [workflow name]** page.

6. Do you want to ...

- view the permissions currently controlled by the states in this workflow? Click Document Permissions to open the Permissions Overview page. The table displays whether or not permissions are controlled by each state in the workflow (a tick in the Control column for each state confirms a state's control over permissions), and defines the permissions that the state controls (controlled permissions for the state are indicated by a tick in the column).
- assign or remove control of permissions for this state? Click Document Permissions to open the Permissions Overview page. Click on the name of the state in the State column in the table to open the Manage Permissions: [state name] page. Select a permissions check box - one or more - to define the permissions this state should control; then, click Set controlled permissions. Note: Having set controlled permissions for the state, you need to allocate these permissions to groups and roles.
- allocate state-controlled permissions to groups and roles? Click Document Permissions to open the Permissions Overview page. Click on the name of the state in the State column in the table to open the Manage Permissions: [state name] page. Click Allocate permissions. Populate the Assigned entities field by adding groups and roles from the Available Entities field. Remove permissions from groups and roles by moving these groups and roles from the Assigned Entities field to the Available Entities field. Roles and groups added to the Assigned Entities field are displayed in the table at the bottom of this page. For each role and group where state controlled permissions are allocated, select the check box one or more to define the permission allocated to the role or group. When you're done, click Update Workflow Permissions.

Note: To populate the **Available Entities** field, use the **Show All** button, or enter criteria to filter the data returned. To populate the **Assigned Entities** field, select groups and roles in **Available Entities**; then, click the right-pointing arrow to move these entities to the **Assigned Entities** field. To remove groups and roles from the **Assigned Entities** field to the **Available Entities** field, select groups and roles in **Available Entities** field. To remove groups and roles from the **Assigned Entities** field to the **Available Entities** field, select groups and roles in **Assigned Entities**; then, click the left-pointing arrow to move these entities to the **Available Entities** field.

• view blocked actions currently configured for each state in this workflow? Click Action Restrictions to open the Actions Overview page. A table on the page lists all the available document actions in Pinnacle, and it lists the states in this workflow; in each state row, any document action displaying this

icon 🤎 is blocked (unavailable) on a document that reaches this state in the workflow.

• block or unblock document actions in a workflow state? Click Action Restrictions to open the Actions Overview page. Click Edit Actions to open the Assign blocked actions page. For each state in the table, select the check box for each document action that you want to block (make unavailable) on a document that reaches this state in the workflow; then, deselect the check box for each document action that you want to unblock (make available) on a document that has reached this state in the workflow. When you're done, click Block actions.

Configuring Notifications for States

This procedures defines the recipients that are notified when a document reaches the currently selected state in the workflow, and it edits notifications that exist for this workflow state.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **States** section, locate the state you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this state to open the **Manage State** page.
- 5. Click **Notifications** to open the **Edit State Notifications** page.
- 6. Populate the **Assigned** field with the names of system users that are displayed in the **Available** field, and who require notification when a document in the workflow is in this state. Note: Populate the **Available** field by clicking **Show All** to display all users, or define filter criteria to sort users. Use the right-pointing and left-pointing arrows adjacent to this field to move user names from **Available** to **Assigned**, or from **Assigned** to **Available**.
- 7. When you're done, click **Update Notifications**. The system opens the **Workflow Notifications** page, where you can view a list of all states configured for this workflow, including the notifications that exist for each state.
- 8. Do you want to edit notifications on any state in the workflow?
 - Yes. Locate the state in the table; click the Edit icon to open the Edit State Notifications page. Go to step 6.
 - No. Exit this procedure.

Adding New Transitions to Existing Workflows

This procedure adds new (additional) transitions to an existing, pre-configured workflow.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. Click Add New Transitions to open the Add Transitions to Workflow page.
- 5. Define new transitions for this workflow one per line in the text field. **Note:** Any new transition that you add to this workflow must be given a unique name - the system does not accept names that are already in use in the workflow.
- 6. Click Add Transitions.
- 7. The system re-opens the **States and Transitions: [workflow name]** page, where you connect the transition to a destination state (the next state after this transition), and to one or more source states (the states that lead to this transition).

See also:

Configuring Workflow Process: connecting transitions and states

Editing Transitions

This procedure edits a transition within the currently selected workflow.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **Transitions** section, locate the transition you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this transition to open the **Manage Transition** page.

5. Do you want to change the name of this Transition?

- Yes. Define a new name for the transition in the Transition Name field; then, click Update Transition.
- No. Go to step 6

6. Do you want to configure ...

 restrictions (guards) on this transition? Click Transition Requirements to open the Transition Restrictions: [transition name] page. For more information on configuring guards, see the section on Transition Requirements.

Note: Transition restrictions are a restrictive setting that defines when the transition can be performed, and by whom.

• transition effects? Go to Configuring Transition Effects.

Editing Transitions

This procedure edits a transition within the currently selected workflow.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **Transitions** section, locate the transition you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this transition to open the **Manage Transition** page.
- 5. Do you want to change the name of this Transition?
 - Yes. Define a new name for the transition in the Transition Name field; then, click Update Transition.
 - No. Go to step 6

6. Do you want to configure ...

 restrictions (guards) on this transition? Click Transition Requirements to open the Transition Restrictions: [transition name] page. For more information on configuring guards, see the section on Transition Requirements.

Note: Transition restrictions are a restrictive setting that defines when the transition can be performed, and by whom.

• transition effects? Go to Configuring Transition Effects.

Adding New Transition Restrictions

This procedure adds a restriction to the currently selected transition.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **Transitions** section, locate the transition you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this transition to open the **Manage Transition** page.
- 5. Click Transition Requirements to open the Transition Restrictions: [transition name] page.
- 6. Click the down arrow at the **Restriction Type** drop down menu; then, select a restriction.

7. Click Add Restriction. The system opens the Guard Roles for Transition page.

8. Is this a ...

- **permission restriction?** Select permissions check boxes one or more. Only users who have *all* of these permissions will be allowed to perform the transition.
- **role restriction?** Click a **role** radio button. Only users who have this role will be allowed to perform this transition.

 group restriction? Click a group radio button. Only users belonging to this group will be allowed to perform this transition.

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- conditional restriction? Select a dynamic permission radio button. The transition is only available once this condition is met.
 Note: For more information about configuring dynamic conditions, go to What are Dynamic Conditions?
- **checkout guard?** This restriction does not require additional configuration. Exit this procedure.
- 9. Click **Save Trigger**. The system re-opens the **Transition Restrictions: [transition name]** page, where you can view the restriction and its configuration.

See Also:

What are Guard Triggers? Viewing/Editing/Deleting Existing Transition Restrictions

Viewing/Editing/Deleting Existing Transition Restrictions

This procedure displays restrictions that are currently configured for a transition, and it edits or deletes existing restrictions for the currently selected transition.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **Transitions** section, locate the transition you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this transition to open the **Manage Transition** page.
- 5. Click Transition Requirements to open the Transition Restrictions: [transition name] page.

6. Do you want to ...

- view all the restrictions (guards) that are currently configured for this transition? A table on this
 page provides a list of restrictions that are set up for this transition, including the configuration for each
 restriction.
- modify an editable restriction? Click
 for the relevant restriction to open the editing screen for the restriction. Make the required changes; then, click Save Trigger.

Note: Only transition restrictions that display this icon *are editable.*

- delete a transition restriction? Click \bowtie in the **Delete** column for the relevant restriction.
- add a new restriction? Go to Adding New Transition Restrictions.

Adding New Transition Actions

This procedure adds a new transition action for the currently selected transition.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **Transitions** section, locate the transition you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this transition to open the **Manage Transition** page.
- 5. Click **Transition Effects** to open the **Transition Effects** page.
- 6. Click the down arrow at the **Action/Effects Type** drop down menu; then, select an action/effect.
- 7. Click Add Action to open the [action/effect name] for Transition page.
- 8. Select configuration options for the action/effect; then, click **Save Trigger** to re-open the **Transition Effects** page, where you can view the transition action/effect you added, and its configuration.

Viewing/Editing/Deleting Transition Actions

This procedure displays the actions/effects that are currently set up on this transition. It also allows you to edit or delete existing actions/effects.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** section in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflows** to open the **Workflows** main page.
- 2. In the **Existing workflows** section, locate the workflow you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this workflow to open the **Workflow: [workflow name]** page.
- 3. Click States and Transitions in the Workflow Administration menu to open the States and Transitions: [workflow name] page.
- 4. In the **Transitions** section, locate the transition you're configuring; then, click the **Edit** icon for this transition to open the **Manage Transition** page.
- 5. Click **Transition Effects** to open the **Transition Effects** page.

6. Do you want to ...

- view the actions/effects that exist for this transition? A table on this page lists actions/effects that are currently set up on this transition, including configuration information for each action/effect.
- modify an action/effect? View existing actions/effects in the table; then, select the Edit icon for the relevant action/effect to open the [action/effect name] for Transition page; change the configuration options on the page as required; then, select Save Trigger.
- remove an action/effect? Click the Delete icon for the relevant action/effect.

Link Type Management

Document links allow users to establish associations between documents in the repository.

When creating a document link, it is necessary to specify the type of relationship that the link implies between the linked documents – i.e. 'associated with', or 'duplicated by'.

Adding New Document Link Types

This procedure adds new document link types.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration.
- 2. Click Link Type Management to open the Document Link Type Management page.
- **3.**Define a name for the link type in the **Name** field; then, provide a brief description of the link in the **De**-scription field.
- 4. Click Add Link Type.

Viewing/Editing/Deleting Existing Link Types

This procedure adds new document link types.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration.

2. Click Link Type Management to open the Document Link Type Management page.

3.Do you want to ...

- view existing link types? The Manage Existing Link Types section at the bottom of this page displays a list of existing link types.
- edit an existing link type? View the list of existing link types; then, click the Edit icon for the relevant link type to open the link type editing screen. Make the required changes (change the name or description); then, click Change Link Type.
- **delete an existing link type?** Locate the link type in the **Manage Existing Link Types** section at the bottom of the page; then, click the **Delete** icon for the relevant link.

Automatic Workflow Assignments

Pinnacle allows new or modified documents to be automatically associated with a predefined workflow.

Documents are associated with a workflow based on either their document type, or on their folder - one or the other are selected as the default workflow assignment mechanism in the system.

To set up automatic workflow assignment, the administrative user selects the appropriate plugin to define whether workflow assignment is based on the folder or on the document type.

Configuring Workflow Assignment

This procedure enable the automatic association of a workflow with new or modified documents - either by document type, or by folder.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** page in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Automatic Workflow Assignments** to open the **Automatic Workflow Selection** page.
- 2. Click the down-arrow at the **Workflow Plugins** drop down menu; then, select one of the following options:
- DocumentTypeWorkflowAssociator (assigns workflows by document type)
- FolderWorkflowAssociator (assigns workflows by folder)
- No automatic assignment (disables automatic workflow assignment)
- 3. Click Update.

Workflow Allocation by Document Types

When configuring automatic workflow assignment by document type, the system provides an additional configuration section in the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** page in **DMS Administration**.

The administrative user configures automatic workflow assignment, by each available document type, in the **Workflow Allocation by Document Types** section in **DMS Administration**. This section is only available when workflow allocation by document type is selected.

Configuring Workflow Allocation by Document Types

This procedure assigns a default workflow for each document type in the system.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration** page in **DMS Administration**; then, click **Workflow Allocation by Document Types** to open the **Workflow Allocation by Document Type** page.
- 2. In the **Workflow Allocations** section on this page, locate the document type where you want to configure automatic workflow allocation.
- 3. Having located the relevant document type, click the down arrow at the adjacent **Workflow** drop down menu; then, select a workflow to assign by default to documents of this type.
- 4. Do you want to assign automatic workflow allocation to another document type in the system?
 - Yes. Go to step 2.
 - No. Go to step 5.
- 5. Click Apply.

Miscellaneous

Use the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration** to perform the following administrative functions:

- edit Pinnacle's onscreen help
- manage saved searches
- manage plugins
- view support and system information
- compare the database with the content in the repository
- add or remove columns to <u>configure views</u>
- customize disclaimer information that displays on the interface
- generate transaction reports of activity in the DMS
- Define and arrange your system's Dashboard quicklinks

```
you are here: administration > miscellaneous
```

Administration	Miscellaneous			
+Users and Groups	Edit Help files			
▶Security Management	Change the help files that are displayed to users.			
 Document Storage 	Saved searches			
Document Metadata and Workflow Configuration	Manage saved searches - searches available by default to all users.			
 Miscellaneous 	Manage plugins			
 KTIS Administration 	Register new plugins, disable plugins, and so forth			
*Reporting	Support and System information			
	Information about this system and how to get support.			
	Verify document storage			
	Performs a check to see if the documents in your repositories all are stored on the back-end storage (usually on disk).			
	Manage views			
	Allows you to specify the columns that are to be used by a particular view (e.g. Browse documents, Search)			
	Edit Disclaimers			
	Change disclaimers displayed on login and at the bottom of each page.			
	Extended Transaction Information			
	View detailed information about user activity.			
	Edit Quicklinks			
	Change the quicklinks that are displayed on user's dashboards.			

Figure: Miscellaneous Section of DMS Administration

Edit Help Files

PinnacleTM contains several built-in system help files. Click this icon ^(I) to open the onscreen help file relevant to your current location in the system.

The administrative user is allowed to customize the default help files. Customizing a help file overwrites the default system help file. Deleting the customized file reinstates the system help.

Note: Non-administrative Pinnacle users have view-only access to onscreen help files. Only a Pinnacle system administrator is able to create new customized help files.

Customizing Onscreen Help Files

This procedure creates a new customized help file.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrative login credentials to open any page in the system where you want to customize a

help file; then, click ¹⁰⁰ to open the file.

- 2. Click *C* Edit this help page to open the help file editing page.
- 3. Make the changes to the system help page to customize the file; then, click **Update**.

Viewing/Editing/Deleting Help Files

This procedure displays the collection of customized help files in the system, and allows the administrative user to edit or delete the customized files.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Miscellaneous**.
- 2. Click Edit Help Files to open the Current help assignments page.

3. Do you want to ...

- view all customized help files? View the list of files in the Existing customized help pages section on this page.
- edit a help file? Click on the help file name in the Name column in the table. Make the required changes; then, click Update.
- **delete a help file?** Click **Delete** in the Action column for the relevant help file. **Note:** When deleting a customized help file, Pinnacle reinstates the default help information that existed on the system before you edited the file, and the file is removed from the list in **Existing customized help pages**.

Saved Searches

Adding New Saved Searches

This procedure creates a new saved search.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Miscellaneous** in the **Administration** menu to open the **Miscellaneous** section.
- 2. Click **Saved Searches** to open the **Saved searches** page.
- 3. Click **New** to open the **Create a new condition** page.
- 4. Define a name for the saved search in the **New Saved Search** field; then, select **any** or **all** from the **Return items which match _ of the criteria groups specified** pick list.

- 5. Define the first set of criteria in the **Criteria Group** section. To do this ...
- 5.1. Select any or all from the Return items which match _ of the criteria specified below pick list.
- 5.2. Select a query type from the **Criteria** pick list; then, click the adjacent **Add** button to display the **Values** field for this query type.
- 5.3. Do you want to select another query type in this criteria group?
 - Yes. Go to step 5.2.
 - **No.** Go to step 6.

6.Do you want to create another criteria group for this saved search?

- Yes. Click Add another set of criteria; then, go back to step 5.
- No. Click Save to create the saved search.

Viewing/Editing/Deleting/Running Saved Searches

This procedure displays existing saved searches, and it edits or deletes saved searches.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration**; then, click **Saved Searches**.

2. Do you want to...

- view existing saved searches? View the list of existing searches in the Existing Searches section on this page.
- edit a saved search? Click
 in the Edit column for the relevant search, to open the Edit an existing condition page. Make the required changes; then, click Update Saved Search.
- **delete a saved search?** Click ¹²⁰ in the **Delete** column for the search.
- **run a saved search?** Click the **Run Search** link in the **View Results** column for the relevant saved search. The system runs the search and returns a list of files and folders. Search results include the following information: Document or folder title; create date; last modified date; name of file or folder creator; workflow state.
- create a new saved search? Go to Creating New Saved Searches.

Manage Plug-ins

Plugins are third party programs that interact with Pinnacle to provide extended functionality to the document management system.

Note: Click <u>here</u> to view a list of the plugins that have been developed by the Pinnacle community.

The plugins list must be read from the file system whenever Pinnacle is installed or upgraded. This ensures that the latest functionality is available to system users.

Plugins are read and enabled on the **Plugins** page in the **Manage Plugins** section of **DMS Administration**.

Re-reading Plugins from the File System

This procedure re-reads plugins from the file system in order to locate any new plugins that have been copied to the Pinnacle plugin directory since the last install or upgrade of the system.

Note: Having copied a new plugin to the plugin directory, the system needs to re-read the plugin list in the directory to add the plugin to the list on the **Plugins** page in the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration**.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator credentials to open DMS Administration; then, click Miscellaneous in the Administration menu to open the Miscellaneous page.
- 2. Click Manage plugins to open the Plugins page.
- 3. Click **Reread plugins** to add any new plugins to the list.
- 4. Select the relevant check box for each plugin that you want to enable in the system.
- 5. Deselect the relevant check box for each plugin that must be disabled if any. **Note:** Disabled plugins remain on the list and may be enabled at any time, provided the plugin file is not removed from the plugin directory. If the plugin file is removed from the directory, the plugin will be removed from the list the next time plugins are read in the directory.
- 6. Click Update.

Support and System Information

The **Support and System Information** page in the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration** provides information that allows the Pinnacle administrator and developers to troubleshoot problems in the system.

The output of a php_info command is displayed in a scrollable window on the page - this information may be sent to Pinnacle support staff for further assistance with an issue.

Clicking the **Download PHP Information** link on this page automatically runs php_info and prints the results to Pinnacle's document management system.

Note: If you are concerned that distributing this information represents a security risk for your organization, we recommend that you sanitize the output before copying and sending it. Alternatively, please enquire about sending the information directly to the developer dealing with your issue.

This page also provides a link to the **Pinnacle Issue Tracker**, where you can:

- report bugs
- view known issues
- find out whether fixes have already been applied for your problem in a new version of Pinnacle

Viewing Support and System Information

This procedure provides access to system and support information.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Miscellaneous**.
2. Click Support and System information.

- 3. Here you can ...
 - follow the link to the Pinnacle Issue Tracker
 - download php information

Verify Document Storage

This document storage verification feature allows you to check that the content of the repository is consistent with content in the database.

It is essential that this task is always performed after upgrading Pinnacle.

Verifying Database / Repository Consistency

This procedure verifies the consistency between data in the database and in the repository.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator credentials to log in to Pinnacle's Web interface; then, open the **Miscellaneous** page in **DMS Administration**.
- 2. Click **Verify Document Storage** to launch the verification process.
- 3. View the results of the verification on the **Document Storage Verification** page.

Manage Views

View Existing/ Adding New Customized Views

This procedure displays existing customized views of the repository, and it allows you to edit customized views, or create new views.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator details to login to the **Miscellaneous section** of **DMS Administration**.
- 2. Click Manage Views to open the Select View page.
- 3. Do you want to view ...
 - existing views? The views that are configured in the system are listed on this page.
 - edit an existing view? Click on the view to open the Edit View page. Go to step 4.

4. Do you want to ...

- add a column to the currently configured view? Click the down arrow at the Columns drop down menu; then, select a column. Click Add Column to View.
- remove a column from the currently configured view? Click the Delete icon - adjacent to the column you want to remove.

Edit Disclaimers

Customizing Disclaimer Text

This procedure modifies the disclaimer notice that displays on the **login** page and in **footer text** in the system.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login to open the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration**; then, click **Edit Disclaimers** to open the **Disclaimers** page.
- 2. Do you want to ...
 - change the current disclaimer text? Click Edit in the Actions column for the disclaimer you're editing to open the Disclaimer editing screen. Make the required changes; then, click **Update**.
 - **remove current disclaimer text?** Click **Clear** in the **Actions** column for the relevant disclaimer. The text is immediately removed.

Extended Transaction Information

Generating Transaction Reports

This procedure generates reports on activity in the DMS - by user, or by date and type of transaction.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative credentials to log in to the Web interface of the DMS; then, click pen the **Miscella**neous page in **DMS Administration**.
- 2. Click **Extended Transaction Reporting** to open the **Extended Transaction Reporting** page.



The DMS tracks a large amount of activity by users. Use these reports to get better information on who's doing what on the system. Note that transactions are only shown for documents you are allowed to view.

- User Activity Information
- Global Activity Information

3. Do you want to generate a transaction report ...

- by user? Click User Activity Information to open the Select User page. Type the user's name or part of the name in the Username field; then, click search for users to display search results. Click the View Transactions link for the relevant user to further define the following criteria for this user on the User Information page: Date Range, Transaction Type, Show Items (maximum number of items to display). When you're done, click show transactions.
- by date and transaction type? Click Global Activity Information to open the Global Activity page. Define the following criteria on this page: Date Range, Transaction Type; Show Items (maximum number of transactions). When you're done, click show transactions.

Global Activity
Specify Search Details
In order to refine the kind of information shown to you, please provide further information below.
Date Range ■ Either select a range in which to view the actions, or specify the number of days into the past to view.
after: — select and/or before: — select
Transaction Type • Select what kind of report you'd like to view.
All Actions
Show Items Specify the maximum items to show, or leave it at zero or blank to show all transactions matching your report Itransactions.
show transactions
Show 3 of 3 transactions.

User	Document	Action	Date	Content version	Comment
Administrator	Strategy	Create	2006-09-21 12:11:14	0.1	Document created
Administrator	Cost Analysis	Create	2006-09-21 12:10:30	0.1	Document created
Administrator	Budget 2007	Create	2006-09-21 12:09:54	0.1	Document created

Figure: Global Activity Report

Edit Quicklinks

Dashboard **Quicklinks** provide direct access to any document in the repository - this is useful if the document is frequently viewed (a telephone list, for example), or if you want to draw attention to a specific document, such as important procedures and policies. The user clicks a link on the Dashboard to go directly to the location of the document in the repository.

The administrative user adds and edits Quicklinks in the **Miscellaneous** section of **DMS Administration**.

Adding/Editing/Removing Quicklinks

This procedure adds, edits, or deletes quicklinks.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrative credentials to log in to Pinnacle's Web interface; then, open the **Miscellaneous** section in **DMS Administration**.
- 2. Click Edit Quicklinks to open the Manage Quicklinks page.

3. Do you want to ...

- add a new quicklink? Click Create a new quicklink to open the New Quicklink page. Browse the folder structure to the target document; then, select the radio button adjacent to the document. Click Link to create the link to this document. The system re-opens Manage Quicklinks, where you can view the link you added.
- remove an existing quicklink? View the list of existing quicklinks at the bottom of this page; then, click

¹ for the link you want to remove.

• change the way existing links are currently arranged on the Dashboard? Click Re-order quicklinks to open the Re-order Quicklinks page. View the displayed list of existing links; then, use the Up and Down arrow keys to change the order of links. Click Re- order to save your changes.

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KTIS Administration

KTIS Administration is used to install and manage the license keys for **Pinnacle Commercial Editions -** 20 active users for **Pinnacle SMB**, or unlimited users for **Pinnacle Enterprise**.

Note: This section is only visible to users of Pinnacle Commercial Editions.

Managing keys involves:

- adding / uploading new keys
- viewing key expiry information
- enabling / disabling users (for the Pinnacle SMB subscription) in Users and Groups

View Existing/Adding New Keys

This procedure displays information for existing keys, and adds new keys.

Managing keys involves:

- adding / uploading new keys
- viewing key expiry information
- enabling / disabling users (for the Pinnacle SMB subscription) in Users and Groups

Pinnacle SMB Edition and **Pinnacle Enterprise Edition** are licensing options for **Pinnacle Commercial Editions** - the certified version of **KnowledgeTree Open Source Edition**.

Note: To find out more about the Pinnacle Editions, see the product comparison matrix.

Perform the following steps:

1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**.

- 2. Click **KTIS Administration** in the Administration menu to open **KTIS Administration**.
- 3. Click Manage Keys to open the Manage Keys page.
- 4. Do you want to ...
 - view currently active keys including expiry dates? View licensing information in the table at the bottom of this page. Details include: number of licenses, expiry date, number of days to expiry, name of the organization owning this license. A **Delete** link allows you to remove the license key.
 - add new keys for your organization from your local computer, or from the Pinnacle website? Click Browse in the Add new key section to locate and upload the license key from your local server; then, click Add License. The new key is added to the table of existing keys.
 - enable or disable users to manage user numbers for a Pinnacle Commercial SMB subscription? Go to Enabling/Disabling Users.

Reporting

The **Reporting** section of **DMS Administration** allows you to create user activity reports.

Note: Reporting is only available with the Pinnacle Commercial Editions - SMB and Enterprise.

User Reports

Pinnacle's User Reports allow the administrative user to track user activity in the Document Management System. Reports can be filtered to list only those users who have logged in to the system over a predefined period, and from a specified start date - i.e. over a number of weeks, months, or years back, to the current date.

The Reporting function also provides a view of the full login history of any specific user, or of all system users.

Generating User Activity Reports

This procedure generates user reports.

Note: Reporting is only available with the Pinnacle Commercial Editions - SMB and Enterprise.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Use your administrator login credentials to open **DMS Administration**; then, click **Reporting** in the **Administration** menu to open **Reporting**.
- 2. Click **User reports** to open the **User Reporting** page.
- 3. Do you want to generate ...
 - login reports that includes all system users over a specific time period? Go to step 4.
 - a full login history for a specific user? Go to step 5.
- 4. Do you want to view a report on ...
 - the last login performed by all system users? Click the Show all users radio button in the Last login information section; then, click Show to generate the report.
 - the last login performed by users within a specified past number of days, weeks, months, or years? Click the Show users that radio button in the Last login information section; then, select have from the adjacent pick list. Specify a numeric quantity of the period in the adjacent number field; then, select a time frame - either day(s), week(s), month(s), or year(s). Click Show to generate the report.
 - users who have not logged in to the system within a specified past number of days, weeks, months, or years? Click the Show users that radio button in the Last login information section; then, select have not from the adjacent pick list. Specify the numeric quantity of this period in the adjacent number field; then, select a time frame - either day(s), week(s), month(s), or year(s). Click Show to generate the report.
 - all login activity over a specified past number of days, weeks, months, or years? Click the Show login activity over the last _ radio button; then, specify the quantity of the period in the adjacent number field. Select a time frame in the adjacent pick list either day(s), week(s), month(s), or year(s). Click Show to generate the report.
 - all login activity between a specific start and end date? Click the Show login activity between [start date and time] radio button; then, click on the start period select button to display the pop up calendar. Select a start date on the calendar. Click the end period select button to display the pop up calendar. Select an end date on the calendar. Click Show to generate the report.

User Reporting

Last login information	
Want to know when last users r of users that have or have not lo	of your system logged in? You can get an overview of the last login times of all users, or ogged in recently.
Show all users	
Show users that have	✓ logged into the system in the last 1 week(s) ✓
Login activity	
 Show login activity for the la Show login activity between Show 	st 1 week(s) v 2007/03/01 12:52 select and 2007/03/08 12:52 select
 Full login history for users 	
Since there may be many users person's username to begin. All	s in the system, please select a user from the list below, or type a few letters from the ternatively, <u>view all users</u> (note that this may be very slow if you have many users).
Username •	
Enter part of the person's usern	ame. e.g. ra will match brad.

Figure: User Reporting Configuration Screen

5. Do you know the users full name or part of the name?

- Yes. Specify the username, or part of the name in the Username field; then, click search for users. All users matching the Username information you specified are listed in a table at the bottom of the page. Locate the user for whom you wish to generate a report; then, click View in the Login history column for the relevant user to generate the report. The report opens on the Login history for [username] page. The following information is included: date and time of system activity; action, comments (e.g. server address where user logged in; or, if the session timed out etc).
- No. Click view all users to display a list of all system users. Locate the user for whom you require a report; then, click View in the Login history column to generate the report. The user activity report opens on the Login history for [username] page.

Glossary

Α

ADF - short for Automatic Document Feeder. A component on the scanner hardware that feeds paper for the digital imaging process.

AD Server - short for Active Directory Server; Pinnacle provides the ability to import and authenticate users from Active Directory.

Advanced Search - A search for documents in the Pinnacle DMS, by generic metadata, and by type-specific metadata. See also Boolean Search.

Anonymous - A default user login for Pinnacle Document Management System. This user is granted limited access to the repository; 'anonymous' is allowed to browse the directory structure, and to view public folders. The anonymous user can be also be given other permissions like write and delete - this can be dangerous.

API - short for Application Programmer Interface.

Archiving - The process of storing inactive documents in the Pinnacle repository. Documents can be archived automatically, or manually.

Automatic Document Feeder - See ADF. Top

В

Boolean Search - An advanced, optimized search of content in the repository that allows the inclusion of the terms 'and', 'or', and 'not', when specifying search parameters. See also **Advanced Search**.

Browse Path - Also known as a *breadcrumb path*; the active path to a document or a folder that displays as a series of links above the main pane. Clicking on a section of the link - on a document or folder name, for example - allows you to navigate through the path.

Bulk Import - A Pinnacle feature that allows you to import documents and folders from a zip archive. Top

С

Client server architecture - An application software architecture that allows CPU intensive processes, such as search and indexing, to occur on the server, whereas processes such as image viewing and OCR occur on the client.

COM - short for Component Object Model. Top

D

Dashboard - The name of the Pinnacle Document Management System home page. This page displays: organization-wide content, such as a search bar, Recently Added/Changed Documents, Top Downloads, and administrator-defined **Quicklinks**; collaborative content, such as **Items that require your attention**; and content that is specific to the currently logged in, authorized DMS user -

such as, Your Checked-out Documents, Orphaned Folders, Recently Viewed Items, and personalized Quicklinks.

Dashboard Quicklinks - The name for a set of links that display on the Dashboard, and which can be clicked to directly open the folder location or the document location in the repository to which they refer. This feature is a useful mechanism for quickly navigating to frequently used content.

Default Email Address - The outgoing email address used by Pinnacle Document Management System to send email notifications to system users who have subscribed to this DMS service.

Default Email Name - The name used to identify the source of emails sent from the Pinnacle DMS notifications system.

Default Language - The language used for the Pinnacle document management system GUI (graphical user interface), if no alternative is specified. (Other options, if available, display in the **Language** pick list on the Pinnacle Login page.) The current default, English (United States), is the only supported language. Language packs for other languages are available for download from KTForge. See also: Forge.

Deleted Documents - Documents that have been removed from the user-accessible section of the Pinnacle repository. Documents that are deleted are moved to an administrative location in the repository, from where they can be restored, or expunged (permanently removed from the repository).

Desktop Imaging - Pinnacle Desktop Imaging; a component of the Pinnacle Tools for Windows toolset that allows you to scan documents directly into the Pinnacle Document Management System repository.

DMS - Document management system; a computer system used to track and store electronic documents and/ or images of paper documents, providing storage, versioning, metadata, auditing tools, security, indexing, retrieval capabilities, and collaboration tools. Pinnacle is a Web-based document management system.

Document Type - Also known as Document Type Metadata; A group of metadata fieldsets used to organize documents across organizational structures. Examples of Document Types used in Pinnacle may include: case studies, contracts, best practice templates, publications, marketing material.

Document Type Metadata - A type of metadata that applies to all document types. See also: Document Type, Metadata, and Generic Metadata.

Document Root - The directory in which the document tree resides.

Е

Email Server - The SMTP server used for all outgoing emails.

Enterprise - License type for the Pinnacle Commercial edition of Pinnacle Document Management System.

Explorer - The main window in Microsoft Outlook.

Expunge - An administrative function that completely removes a document that has been Deleted from the Pinnacle repository. A document that has been expunged cannot be recovered.

F

File System Root - The directory in which the document management system is installed.

G

Generic Metadata - A type of metadata; searchable metadata fields, which are assigned to all documents and document types in the repository.

GIF - short for Graphics Interchange Format. A file format for storing images.

Graphics URL - The Web address for the location of the graphics files used by Pinnacle Document Management System.

Group - The name for one or more Pinnacle users who share the same system permissions for accessing and/ or modifying particular Units and Folders. In Pinnacle, permissions are assigned for a Unit or a Folder to specific Groups, and not to individual users.

н

Ι

Inspector Window - The name of the window that opens when you open an item in Outlook.

Integration Server - A server component for the Pinnacle Document Management System that provides a WebDAV interface to the documents in the repository, allowing applications to interact easily with the organization's assets. The Integration Server requires a Web server, the PHP programming environment, and a database. The Integration server uses the same configuration details you use for Pinnacle. Pinnacle Tools for Windows uses the Integration server to access documents.

J

JPEG - short for Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG or JPG). An image compression format used for storing color photographs and images.

Κ

Pinnacle Client Tools for Windows - Also known as Pinnacle Tools, a set of client-side tools that allow access to the repository via the Pinnacle Integration Server. The toolset includes Pinnacle Outlook Integration, Pinnacle Desktop Imaging, and Pinnacle Office Add-in.

Pinnacle Commercial - The licensed version of KnowledgeTree Open Source

Pinnacle Integration Server (KTIS) - A server component for the Pinnacle Document Management System that enables Desktop Integration with the Web-based Pinnacle Document Management System.

LAMP - short for Linux, Apache, MySQL, PHP.

LDAP - short for Lightweight Directory Access Protocol; an open set of protocols for accessing information directories.

LDAP Root DN - The 'distinguished name' (DN) of the root where Pinnacle users are found on the LDAP Server.

LDAP Server - The LDAP server used to authenticate Pinnacle users.

Language Directory - The directory, in Pinnacle, that contains all the system's language resource templates.

Left Menu Bar - The menu bar that displays on the left of the browser page in Pinnacle. This menu displays context-sensitive links to Pinnacle functionality.

Linked Document - The name for a document in the repository that is linked to another document in the repository, specifically because the content of the linked document is relevant to the content of the document to which it is linked. For example, a general human resources policy document may be linked to a document detailing specific annual leave procedures, and to a document that details the organization's employee benefits scheme.

Lookup - A list of available options for a field.

Μ

Manual Install - Installation of the open source edition of Pinnacle Document Management System, using the Source Only package. The alternative to the manual installation is the Stack Install. Pinnacle provides a stack installer for its open source edition, and for its commercial edition.

Metadata - A structured set of information (data) about information (data), which provides a context for the unit of information requiring classification; typically used to facilitate the optimal management, especially storage and retrieval, of the information that is described by the metadata - i.e. the repository's *Search* function works on the metadata level. See also: Generic Metadata, and Document Type Metadata.

Migrating - The process of moving Pinnacle from a Windows platform to Linux platform and vice versa; or, for moving Pinnacle from Windows to Windows, or from Linux to Linux in different locations.

MySQL - The database component of the Pinnacle Document Management System LAMP stack.

0

OCR - short for Optical Character Recognition. A software process that recognizes printed text as alphanumeric characters.

Office Add-in - A component of the Pinnacle Tools for Windows toolset that allows you to work with content in the repository from within Office applications.

Organization - Also known as Organizational Unit; the organization, which is the largest Unit used in Pinnacle, houses all document structures in the DMS. Currently, the Open Source version of Pinnacle supports only one organization.

Organizational Unit - The name of the largest Unit in Pinnacle, which houses all document structures in the DMS.

Outlook Integration - A component of the Pinnacle Tools for Windows toolset that provides integration between Microsoft Outlook and the Pinnacle Document Management System repository. This feature allows you to save emails and attachments to the repository, and to attach documents that are located in the repository, to outgoing emails.

Ρ

Permissions - The set of rules that define the level of security applied to a document or folder in the repository. Pinnacle includes a set of default permissions - read, write, etc. The Pinnacle administrator is also allowed to define additional permissions. Permissions are assigned to a user at folder level, on a per group basis.

Q

R

Root URL - The Web address for an organization's installation of Pinnacle Document Management System.

S

SMB - License type for the Pinnacle Commercial edition of Pinnacle Document Management System, targeted at small to medium size businesses.

Search - A feature that allows you to find content in the repository. Pinnacle offers three search options: simple search; advanced search, saved searches.

Search Bar - The name of the text field that displays above the main page in the **Browse Collections** tab of the Web-interface of Pinnacle Document Management System; used to perform Simple Searches - i.e. to search for text within documents, and within the document title.

Session Timeout - A feature that automatically logs out a Pinnacle user after an administrator-defined period of inactivity in the DMS. The user will need to login again in order to resume their work session. The system reopens at the page where the session timeout occurred.

Simple Search - A high level method of retrieving content in the DMS. Simple search does not use metadata to search within documents.

Т

TIFF - short for Tagged Image File Format. A non-proprietary image format that allows several types of compression. TIFFs may be either single or multi-page files. A single-page TIFF is a single image of one page of a document; a multi-page TIFF is a large, single file comprising multiple document pages.

Taxonomy - A division of entities into ordered groups and categories. Describes the particular structure employed to classify content, by type, in a way that assists navigation and flexible information retrieval in a system. A taxonomy is created by defining methods of classification (metadata) - either hierarchical categorization, or through association between terms.

Type Specific Metadata - Also known as Document Type Metadata, a form of metadata (search parameter) that is specific to some document types. See also: Metadata, and Document Type Metadata.

U

Unit - The name assigned to organizational structures, one or more (typically just one), that form the highlevel folders in the document taxonomy (folder structure). User Groups may be assigned access rights to access or modify documents for particular Units. Units are specifically employed to give administrative rights to Unit administrators.

Unit Admin - An administrative login role that is predefined as an intermediary administrator group to specific Units in Pinnacle. The administrator for a particular Unit (the Unit Admin) has administrative access and authority only for a particular Unit, and not for the entire document management system.

User Account - A profile created by the Pinnacle administrator to provide a specific Pinnacle user with access to the repository.

User Interface Directory - The location of the presentation and business logic files.

User Interface URL - The location of the presentation and business logic pages accessible via the Web server.

Users - A person who has been granted authority to access the Pinnacle Document Management System.

V

W

WebDAV - short for Web-based Distributed Authoring and Versioning; WebDAV, an extension of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP), is an Internet standard that is supported by major operating systems for file management over the base web standards. WebDAV provides a standard, browsing interface on Linux, MacOS X, and Windows XP and over. WebDAV allows you to use third-party clients **Workflow -** a pre-configured series of steps that route documents to various users.

- Χ
- Y
- Ζ