

MicroMux Audio Daughterboard

User's Manual

(201150-xxx)

And Troubleshooting Guide



February 23, 2009

Rev C.

Moog Components Group Springfield Operations 750 West Sproul Road Springfield, PA 19064 E-Mail: <u>mcg@moog.com</u> URL: <u>www.moog.com/components</u> Tel: 610-328-4000 Fax 610-605-6216 24/7 Technical Customer Support Hotline: 610-605-6101

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED. MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD P/N – 201150-XXX
1.1 MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD MANUAL REVISION HISTORY
1.2 MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD DASH (-) NUMBER DEFINITIONS
1.3 MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD OPERATION
1.4 MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD INDICATORS AND CONTROLS4
1.4.1 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Specifications
1.4.2 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Dimensions
1.4.3 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Power Requirements
1.5 MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD PTT SELECTIONS7
1.6 MICROMUX AUDIO INPUTS SELECTIONS9
1.7 MICROMUX AUDIO OUTPUT SELECTIONS10
1.8 MICROMUX AUDIO DAUGHTERBOARD ADJUSTMENT AND TROUBLESHOOTING11
1.8.1 Power Section Testing

1 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard P/N – 201150-xxx

The MicroMux Audio daughterboard must be used with a MicroMux motherboard. This daughterboard set provides a single bi-directional audio channel with a selectable 1Watt audio output power amp. The daughterboard also contains push-to-talk (PTT) microphone keying circuitry that can be selected to turn off the local speaker automatically when the microphone is keyed (enabled). This feature can be used to break the microphone

1.1 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Manual Revision History

The MicroMux Audio Daughterboard User's Manual and Troubleshooting Guide has gone through the following revisions:

Jan. 2004	Preliminary	
Jan. 2004	Rev A	
Sep. 2005	Rev B	
Feb.2009	Rev C	Updated contact information to reflect Moog Components Group.

1.2 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Dash (-) Number Definitions

The MicroMux Video Input and Output boards have a Dash Number appended to the part number. This Dash Number identifies the specific board configurations:

MicroMux Audio Daughterboard 201150-xxx

Dash Number	Board Rev.	Assy. Rev.	Specific Options
-001C	А	А	PTT Logic Enabled
-002C	А	А	No connectors
-002D	А	А	With connectors
-003B	А	А	Pressure Tolerant

1.3 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Operation

The MicroMux Audio daughterboard requires +5VDC power that is supplied by the motherboard via the daughterboard connector. The daughterboards also have an on-board +5VDC to +12VDC/-12VDC converter to provide power for the analog amplifiers.

1.4 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Indicators and Controls

LEDs: There are 9 surface mount (SMD) LED indicators on the MicroMux Audio daughterboard to indicate different statuses that are covered by function below.

NOTE: D8, D12 thru D14 are protection diodes not LEDs.

LED	Indication
D1 (Green)	labeled "5V": 'ON' if +5VDC is available to the board
D2 (Green)	labeled "AUD OUT": 'ON' if output signal level exceeds approximately 1.15V
D3 (Green)	labeled "+12V": 'ON' if +12VDC is available on the board
D4 (Green)	labeled "-12V": 'ON' if -12VDC is available on the board
D5 (Green)	labeled "AUD IN": 'ON' if input signal level exceeds approximately 1.15V
D6 (Green)	labeled "SPKR": 'ON" if speaker (or audio output) is enabled
D7 (Green)	labeled "MIC": 'ON' if PTT is pressed keying the microphone
D9 (Green)	labeled "TLK": 'ON' if the transmit link is synchronized on the daughterboard
D10 (Green)	labeled "RLK": 'ON' if the receive link is synchronized on the daughterboard

For normal operation the following LEDs MUST be lit solidly:

"+5V" LED "+12V" LED "-12V" LED "RLK" LED "TLK" LED NOTE: If the above LEDs are NOT lit, refer to the Troubleshooting Section

FUSE: There are no fuses on this board, only on the motherboard

SWITCHES: There are no switches on this board.

Page 4 of 12

CONNECTORS: The connector on the MicroMux Audio daughterboard is as follows:

J1 Audio Connector					
	PTT (IN)	1	0 0	2	PTT_GND (IN)
	GROUND	3	0 0	4	GROUND
	OUT+(OUT)	5	0 0	6	OUT-(OUT)
	GROUND	7	0 0	8	GROUND
	IN+(IN)	9	0 0	10	IN- (IN) OR GND (SINGLE ENDED)
MIC	CPOWER (OUT)	11	0 0	12	GROUND

NOTE: Various jumper settings affect the signals on J1.

Jumper Summary:

There are 11 jumpers on the MicroMux Audio daughterboard:

Note: PIN 1 is denoted by a square pad on the printed circuit board.

Note: Placement of a jumper shunt is denoted below by a single vertical line.

JP1: ISP Programming Header (FACTORY USE ONLY)

1 o c 3 o c 5 o c 7 o c	 (NO SHUNTS ALLC 8 	OWE	D)
JP2 :	Audio Power Amp Input Ena	ble/D	isable (also set JP3 and JP4)
1 o		1 o	
	Disables Power Amp		
2 o		2 o	
			Enables Power Amp
3 0		3 o	
JP3:	OUT+ Source Selection (also	JP2	and JP4)
10		1 0	
	Selects Power Amp OUT+	_	
2 o		2 0	
2			Selects Voltage Output
30		30	
JP4:	OUT- Source Selection (set a	lso J	P2 and JP3)
1 o		1 o	
	Selects Power Amp OUT-		
2 o		2 o	
			Selects Voltage Output
			Page 5 of 12

Moog Components Group MICRO	MUX Audio Daughterboard (201150-xxx)	February 23, 2009
3 o	3 o (grounds pin)	
JP5: Electret Microphone Amplifi 1 o Disables Electret Amp	er Input Enable/Disable (set also JP7 1 o)
2 o	2 o Enables Electret Amp	
4 o	4 o	
JP6: Single-ended/Differential Ir 1 o Single-ended Selected 2 o	1 o Differential Selected 2 o	
 JP7: Electret Microphone Amplifi 1 o Enables Electret Output 2 o JP8: N.O. or N.C PTT Switch Select 1 o==o o 3 N.O. Switch 2 	er Output Enable/Disable 1 o Disables Electret Output 2 o etion 1 o o==o 3 N.C. Switch 2	
JP9: Power Amplifier Shutdown S 3 o==o o 1 LSI Control 2	election 3 o o==o 1 Local Control 2	
JP10 : Electret Power Supply Selec 3 o==0 o 1 3-Wire Configuration 2	tion 3 o o==o 1 2-Wire Configuration 2	
JP11 : Local/Remote Location Sele 1 o o 2 Local Location	ction 1 o==0 3 Remote Location	

1.4.1 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Specifications

Audio (basic specifications)					
Number of Channels:	1 bi-directional				
Analog Resolution:	10-bit				
Analog Sample Rate:	1.1 Megasamples per second (Msps), typically				
Analog Bandwidth:	20 – 20KHz audio bandwidth				
Audio Levels (In/Out):	1Vp-p, typically 0.1Vp-p to 10Vp-p range				
Analog Adjustment:	adjustable input and output audio via gain trimpots				
Analog Input:	selectable single-ended or differential (balanced)				
	Page 6 of 12				

Moog Components Group	MICROMUX Audio Daughterboard (201150-xxx)	February 23, 2009
Analog Output:	selectable single-ended or differential (balanced)	
Power Amplifier Selectable: Audio Power:	jumper selectable for amplifier or voltage output 1Watt into 8-ohm speaker	
Electret Microphone Selectable: Audio Input Level: Mic DC Power: Power Options:	jumper selectable Electret Mic amplifier 5milliVolts, typical 1.2Vdc power supply 2-wire or 3-wire configuration	
<u>Push-to-Talk</u> Selectable:	jumper selectable for Local or Remote Local for control console location Remote for robot location	

NOTE: optionally the PTT function can be disabled to provide full-time (un-switched) bi-directional audio.

Daughterboard DC Ope	rating Power
Voltage:	+5VDC supplied via daughterboard connector from motherboard
Current Required:	750milliAmps, typically
Misc.	
Operating Temperature:	0 degree C to 65 degree C
	(except high temp version which is -20 deg C to 70 deg C)

1.4.2 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Dimensions

Printed circuit board (PCB): 4.01 in x 1.9 in x 0.60 in board-to-board (101.854 mm x 49.26 mm x 15.24 mm)

1.4.3 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Power Requirements

+5 Volts at 1.0 Amps (5.0 Watts), maximum

1.5 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard PTT Selections

The PTT function assumes that the audio daughterboard is used to operate a robot from a control console. The control console (LOCAL location) is assumed to have a microphone controlled by a PTT switch and a speaker output – with or without an external audio power amp. The robot (REMOTE location) is assumed to have a microphone and a speaker output – with or without an external audio power amp – but there is no PTT function at this un-manned location.

Page 7 of 12

NOTE: Because the functioning of the PTT logic is different between the Local and the Remote location a jumper shunt must be placed or removed to identify the daughterboard's physical location.

"LOCAL"/"REMOTE" selection (JP11)

The location of the daughterboard can be selected by setting a jumper shunt on J11. JP11 1 o o 2 No shunt placed – "LOCAL" location selected

JP11 1 o==o 2 Shunt placed – "REMOTE" location selected

PTT switch selection (JP8)

1. If the JP8 shunt is place towards the left then a normally-opened (N.O.) switch is selected – the switch will be electrically open until pressed then it is closed.

2. If the JP8 shunt is placed to the right then a normally-closed (N.C.) switch is selected – the switch will be electrically closed until pressed then it is open.

J10	1 o==0	o 3	Shunt placed 1-2 – N.O. switch selected
	2		

J10 1 o o== o 3 Shunt placed 2-3 – N.C. switch selected 2

In either case the "MIC" LED should only light when the PTT switch is closed. If the LED does not change state appropriately, swap the shunt location. If it still does not light check the PTT switch connections.

NOTE: For correct operation of the PTT logic within the audio daughterboard, the boards must be configured for either the "LOCAL" or "REMOTE" position. Incorrect placement of the shunt will cause the PTT function to operate incorrectly.

At the "LOCAL" location - when the PTT switch is pressed, the "MIC" LED should light and the "SPKR" LED should turn off. At the "REMOTE" location- the "MIC" LED will remain off (as no switch is connected) while the "SPKR" LED will light when the "LOCAL" PTT switch is pressed.

"LOCAL" Loc	ation	"REMOTE" Location					
PTT Switch	"MIC" LED	"MIC" LED	"SPKR" LED				
Open/not	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF			
pressed							
Closed/pressed	ON	OFF	OFF	ON			

LED Statuses

Audio Functions

"LOCAL" Location	"REMOTE" Location
------------------	-------------------

Page 8 of 12

PTT Switch	Microphone	Speaker	Microphone	Speaker
Open/not	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled
pressed				
Closed/pressed	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled

1.6 MicroMux Audio Inputs Selections

The audio input stage has several selectable options:

- 1. Either unity-gain or high-gain Electret amplifier
- 2. Either single-ended (un-balanced) or differential (balanced) amplifier input
- 3. Either 1.2VDC or 5VDC microphone power

1. If the audio input is a high-level output device (anywhere between approximately 0.1Vp-p to 10Vp-p) then the unity-gain input is appropriate. If the input is an Electret microphone then the high-gain selection is appropriate. This is selected by setting both JP5 and JP7.

Electret Microphone Amplifier Input E	nable/Disable (set also JP7)
1 o	
Disables Electret Amp	
2 o	
Ena	bles Electret Amp
3 o	
4 o	
Electret Microphone Amplifier Output	Enable/Disable
1 o	
Enables Electret Output D	isables Electret Output
2 o	
	Electret Microphone Amplifier Input E 1 o Disables Electret Amp 2 o Ena 3 o 4 o Electret Microphone Amplifier Output 1 o Enables Electret Output 2 o 2 o 4 o

2. If the input source is single-ended (i.e. signal referenced to ground or un-balanced) or if the input is differential (i.e. a positive and a negative version of the signal or balanced) this can be selected by moving the shunt on JP6

JP6 :	Single-ended/Differentia	l Input Se	lection
1 o		1 o	
	Single-ended Selected		Differential (balanced) Selected
2 o		2 o	

NOTE: If Single-ended selected then attach input signal to *IN*+ and its return to *IN*- (grounded by the *jumper*).

If Differential input is selected then attach positive input signal to IN+ and the negative input signal to IN-. Shield (if used) can be attached to any Ground pin.

Page 9 of 12

3. If the input is an Electret microphone then a DC power supply MAY be required. If so, then JP6 will select the voltage connection type - either a 3-Wire or a 2-Wire cofiguration.

```
JP10: Electret Power Supply Selection
```

3 o==o o 1 3-Wire Configuration 3 o o==o 1 2-Wire Configuration 2 2

1.7 MicroMux Audio Output Selections

The audio output stage has several selectable options:

1. Single-ended voltage (un-balanced) output

2. 1-Watt audio power amplifier (balanced) output

1. If the audio output is an un-balanced voltage output (anywhere between approximately 0.1Vp-p to 10Vp-p) then this is appropriate. This is selected by setting JP2, JP3 and JP4.

JP2: Audio Power Amp Input Enable/Disable (also set JP3 and JP4) 1 0 **Disables** Power Amp 2 o 3 o OUT+ Source Selection (also JP2 and JP4) **JP3**: 1 0 2 o Selects Voltage Output 3 o **JP4**: OUT- Source Selection (set also JP2 and JP3) 1 0 2 0 Selects Voltage Output 3 o

2. If the audio output is a direct connection to a speaker with the 1-Watt audio power amplifier then this is appropriate. This is selected by setting JP2, JP3 and JP4.

JP2: Audio Power Amp Input Enable/Disable (also set JP3 and JP4)

1 o

Page 10 of 12

2 o 3 o	Enables Power Amp
JP3: 1 o 2 o	OUT+ Source Selection (also JP2 and JP4) Selects Power Amp Output
3 o	
JP4: 1 o 2 o	OUT- Source Selection (set also JP2 and JP3) Selects Power Amp Output
3 o	

1.8 MicroMux Audio Daughterboard Adjustment and Troubleshooting

For normal operation the following LEDs MUST be lit solidly:

"+5V" LED "+12V" LED "-12V" LED "RLK" LED "TLK" LED

1.8.1 Power Section Testing

If the "+5V", "+12" and "-12" Power LEDs are out:

- Check for continuity of fuse F1 on the MicroMux motherboard with an ohmmeter.
- Replace fuse if blown.

If only the "+5V" Power LED is out:

- Verify +5V DC is present at the source
- If +5V is not available replace the board with a spare.
- If +5V is available check the display LED (D1).

If only the "+12" Power LED is out:

- Verify +12V DC is present at the source U4 DC-DC converter at pin 5
- If +12V is not available replace the board with a spare.
- If +12V is available check the display LED (D3).

If only the "-12" Power LED is out:

Page 11 of 12

Moog Components Group

- Verify -12V DC is present at the source
- If -12V is not available replace the board with a spare.
- If -12V is available check the display LED (D4).