

# Models: CGP16RA and CGP26D

WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
  - Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket\* manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by state or local codes.

\*Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

Save this manual for future reference.

ONTENTS	SECTION	PAGE
_	Safety Information	2
	Product Identification	4
	Local Codes	4
	Unpacking	4
	Product Features	4
	Air For Combustion And Ventilation	5
	Installing To Wall	9
	Connecting To Gas Supply	14
	Checking Gas Connections	
	Operating Heater	
	Inspecting Burner	
	Cleaning And Maintenance	
	Troubleshooting	
	Technical Service	
	Specifications	
	Service Hints	
	Replacement Parts	
	Parts Centrals	
	Service Publications	
	Accessories	
	Illustrated Parts Breakdown and Parts List	
	Warranty Information	Back Co

# SAFETY INFORMATION

# WARNINGS

IMPORTANT: Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate, or service this heater. Improper use of this heater can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock, and carbon monoxide poisoning.

### DANGER

Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death!

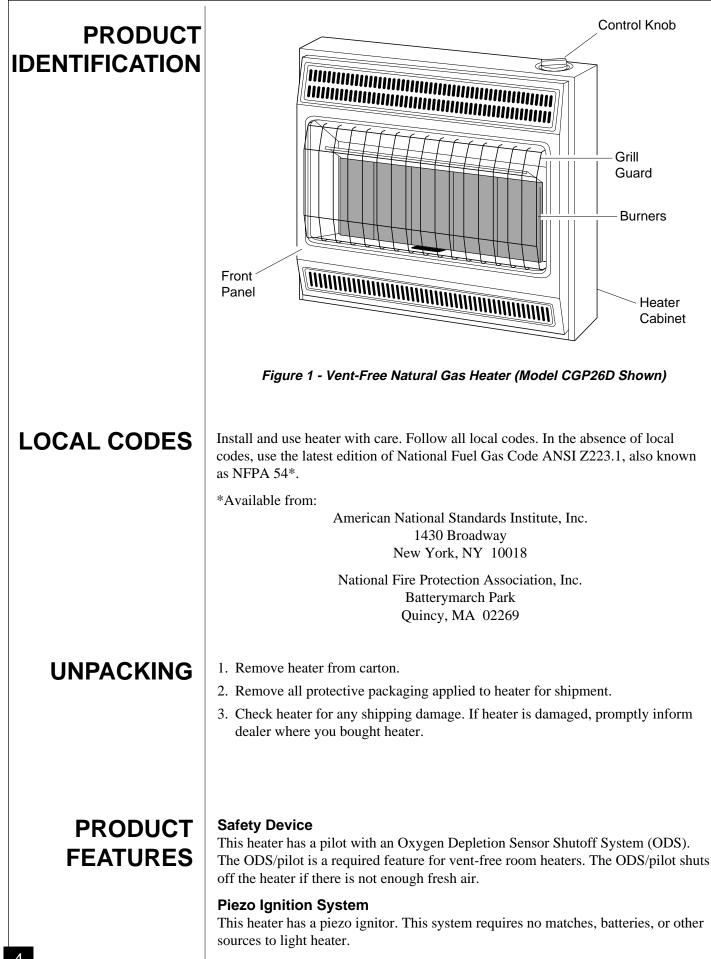
**Carbon Monoxide Poisoning:** Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness, or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. **Get fresh air at once!** Have heater serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, persons with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, and those at high altitudes.

**Propane/LP Gas**: Propane/LP gas is odorless. An odor-making agent is added to propane/LP gas. The odor helps you detect a propane/LP gas leak. However, the odor added to propane/LP gas can fade. Propane/LP gas may be present even though no odor exists.

Make certain you read and understand all Warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to safe and proper operation of this heater.

Safety Information continues on next page

### SAFETY WARNINGS Continued **INFORMATION WARNING:** Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous. Continued 1. Use only propane/LP gas. Do not convert heater to use different fuel type. 2. Do not place propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Locate propane/ LP supply tank(s) outdoors. 3. This heater shall not be installed in a bedroom or bathroom. 4. If you smell gas • shut off gas supply • do not try to light any appliance • do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building • immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions • if you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department 5. Never install the heater • in a recreational vehicle • where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 36 inches from the front, top, or sides of the heater • as a fireplace insert • in high traffic areas • in windy or drafty areas 6. Always run heater with control knob at LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH locked positions. Never set control knob between locked positions. Poor combustion may result. 7. This heater needs fresh, outside air ventilation to run properly. This heater has an oxygen depletion sensor (ODS) pilot light safety system. The ODS shuts down the heater if not enough fresh air is available. See Air for Combustion and Ventilation, pages 5 through 8. 8. If heater shuts off, do not relight until you provide fresh, outside air. If heater keeps shutting off, have it serviced. 9. Do not run heater • where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored • under dusty conditions 10. Never place any objects on the heater. 11. Surface of heater becomes very hot when running heater. Keep children and adults away from hot surface to avoid burns or clothing ignition. Heater will remain hot for a time after shutdown. Allow surface to cool before touching. 12. Carefully supervise young children when they are in same room with heater. 13. Make sure grill guard is in place before running heater. 14. Do not use heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water. 15. Turn off and unplug heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater. 16. Operating heater above elevations of 4,500 feet may cause pilot outage.



# AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

# 

This heater shall not be installed in a confined space unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air. Read the following instructions to insure proper fresh air for this and other fuel-burning appliances in your home.

Today's homes are built more energy efficient than ever. New materials, increased insulation, and new construction methods help reduce heat loss in homes. Home owners weather strip and caulk around windows and doors to keep the cold air out and the warm air in. During heating months, home owners want their homes as airtight as possible.

While it is good to make your home energy efficient, your home needs to breathe. Fresh air must enter your home. All fuel-burning appliances need fresh air for proper combustion and ventilation.

Exhaust fans, fireplaces, clothes dryers, and fuel burning appliances draw air from the house to operate. You must provide adequate fresh air for these appliances. This will insure proper venting of vented fuel-burning appliances.

### PROVIDING ADEQUATE VENTILATION

The following is excerpts from *National Fuel Gas Code*. *NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1*, *Section 5.3*, *Air for Combustion and Ventilation*.

All spaces in homes fall into one of the three following ventilation classifications: 1. Unusually Tight Construction; 2. Unconfined Space; 3. Confined Space. The information on pages 5 through 8 will help you classify your space and provide

The information on pages 5 through 8 will help you classify your space and provide adequate ventilation.

### **Unusually Tight Construction**

The air that leaks around doors and windows may provide enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, in buildings of unusually tight construction, you must provide additional fresh air.

Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:

- a. walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm or less with openings gasketed or sealed <u>and</u>
- b. weather stripping has been added on openable windows and doors and
- c. caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical, and gas lines, and at other openings.

If your home meets all of the three criteria above, you must provide additional fresh air. See *Ventilation Air From Outdoors*, page 8.

If your home does not meet all of the three criteria above, continue reading.

### **Unconfined Space**

The *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSIZ223.1, 1992, Section 5.3* defines unconfined space as having a minimum air volume of 50 cubic feet (127 cubic cm) for each 1000 Btu/Hr input rating of all appliances in the space (cubic feet equals length x width x height of space). Include adjoining rooms only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

### **Confined Space**

The *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSIZ223.1, 1992, Section 5.3* defines confined space as having an air volume of less than 50 cubic feet (127 cubic cm) for each 1000 Btu/Hr input rating of all appliances in the space (cubic feet equals length x width x height of space). Include adjoining rooms only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

# AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

DETERMINING AIR FLOW FOR HEATER LOCATION

### Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space

Use this worksheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space.

**Space:** Includes the room in which you will install heater plus any adjoining rooms with doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

1. Determine the volume of the space (length x width x height).

Length x Width x Height = \_\_\_\_\_ cu. ft. (volume of space) *Example:* Space size 20 ft. (length) x 16 ft. (width) x 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space)

If additional ventilation to adjoining room is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of the space.

2. Divide the space volume by 50 cubic feet to determine the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support.

\_\_\_\_\_ (volume of space)  $\div$  50 cu. ft. = (Maximum BTU/Hr the space can support)

*Example:* 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = 51.2 or 51,200 (maximum BTU/Hr the space can support)

3. Add the BTU/Hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space.

	Vent-free heater			BTU/Hr
	Gas water heater*			BTU/Hr
	Gas furnace			BTU/Hr
	Vented gas heater			BTU/Hr
	Gas fireplace logs			BTU/Hr
	Other gas appliances*	+		BTU/Hr
	Total	=		BTU/Hr
Example:	Gas water heater		40,000	BTU/Hr
	Vent-free heater	+	16,000	BTU/Hr
	Total	=	56,000	BTU/Hr
* Do not in	aluda diract yant gas annl	iancas Di	root yout draws	combustion a

\* Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct-vent draws combustion air from the outdoors and vents to the outdoors.

4. Compare the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support with the actual amount of BTU/ Hr used.

		BTU/Hr (maximum the space can support) BTU/Hr (actual amount of BTU/Hr used)
Example:	51,200 58,000	BTU/Hr (maximum the space can support) BTU/Hr (actual amount of BTU/Hr used)

The space in the above example is a confined space because the actual BTU/Hr used is more than the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:

- A. Rework worksheet, adding the space of an adjoining room. If the extra space provides an unconfined space, remove door to adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See *Ventilation Air From Inside Building*, page 7.
- B. Vent room directly to the outdoors. See Ventilation Air From Outdoors, page 8.
- C. Install a lower BTU/Hr heater, if lower BTU/Hr size makes room unconfined.

If the actual BTU/Hr used is less than the maximum BTU/Hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. You will need no additional fresh air ventilation.

# AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION Continued

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If the area in which the heater may be operated is smaller than that defined as an unconfined space, provide adequate combustion and ventilation air by one of the methods described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1, 1992, Section 5.3.* 

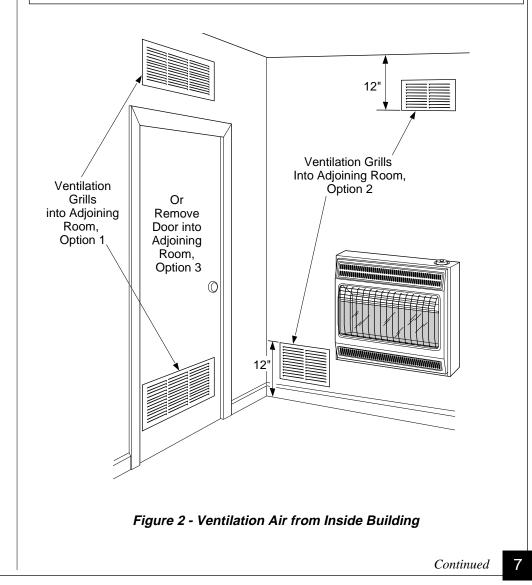
# VENTILATION AIR

### Ventilation Air From Inside Building

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Figure 2). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, Figure 2). Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1, Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

# 

Rework worksheet, adding the space of the adjoining unconfined space. The combined spaces must have enough fresh air to supply all appliances in both spaces.



# AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION Continued

### **VENTILATION AIR** (Continued)

### Ventilation Air From Outdoors

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1, Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

*IMPORTANT:* Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

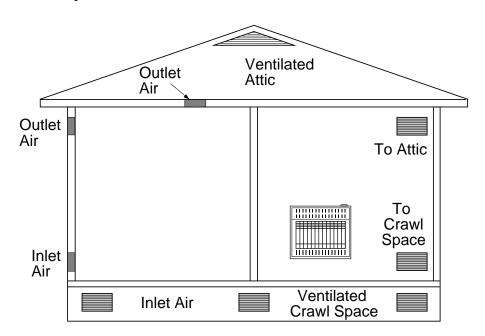


Figure 3 - Ventilation Air from Outdoors

# **INSTALLING TO WALL**

# NOTICE

A gualified service person must install heater. Follow all local codes.

### CHECK GAS TYPE

Use only propane/LP gas. If your gas supply is not propane/LP, do not install heater. Call dealer where you bought heater for proper type heater.

### INSTALLATION ITEMS

Before installing heater, make sure you have the items listed below.

- external regulator
- manual shutoff valve \*
  - ground joint union
- piping (check local codes) • sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas)
- test gauge connection \* (see Figure 13, page 15)
- tee joint

• sediment trap

- pipe wrench

\* An A.G.A. design-certified manual shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the optional A.G.A. design-certified manual shutoff valve from your dealer. See Accessories, page 27.

### LOCATING HEATER

This heater is designed to be mounted on a wall.

### WARNING

### Maintain the minimum clearances shown in Figure 4 (page 10). If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling, and joining wall.

You can locate heater on floor, away from a wall. An optional floor mounting stand is needed. Purchase the floor mounting stand from your dealer. See Accessories, page 27.

# WARNING

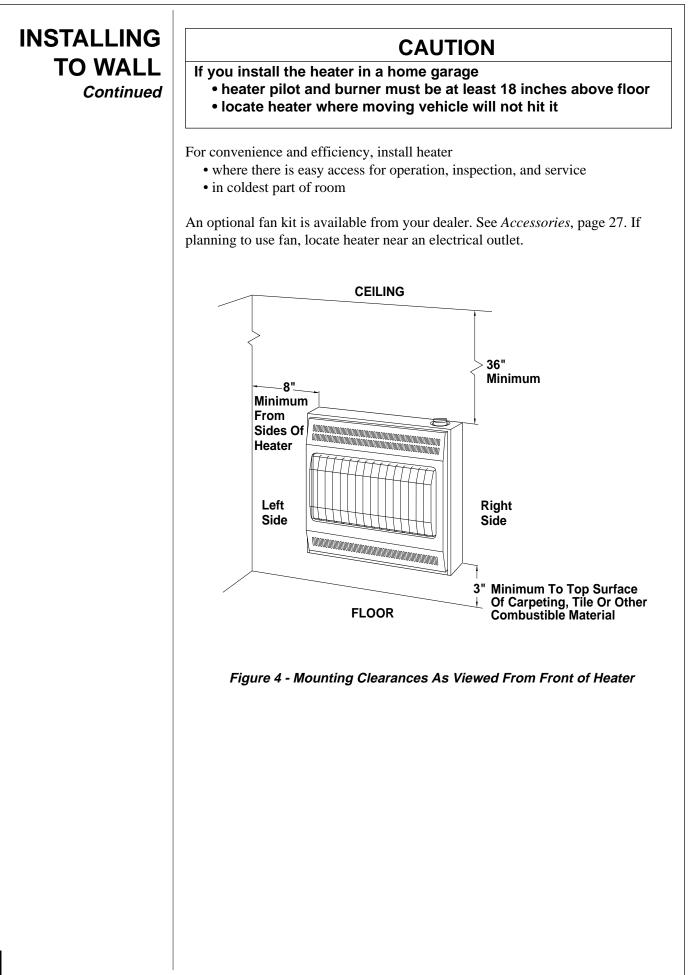
### Never install the heater

- in a bedroom or bathroom
- in a recreational vehicle
- where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 36 inches from the front, top, or sides of the heater
- as a fireplace insert
- in high traffic areas
- in windy or drafty areas

# CAUTION

This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to heater. Installing heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating heater where impurities in the air (such as tobacco smoke) exist, may discolor walls.

IMPORTANT: Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing heater in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form from too much moisture. See Air for Combustion and Ventilation, pages 5 through 8.

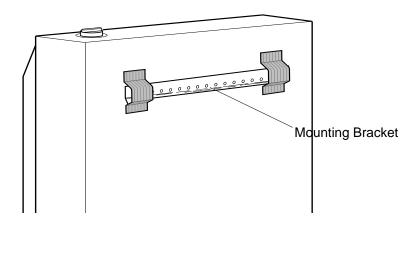


# INSTALLING TO WALL Continued

INSTALLING HEATER TO WALL

### Mounting Bracket

The mounting bracket is located on back panel of heater. It has been taped there for shipping. Remove mounting bracket from back panel.



### **Removing Front Panel Of Heater**

- 1. Remove two screws near bottom corners of front panel.
- 2. Lift straight up on grill guard until it stops. Grill guard will slide up about 1/4".
- 3. Pull bottom of front panel forward, then down.

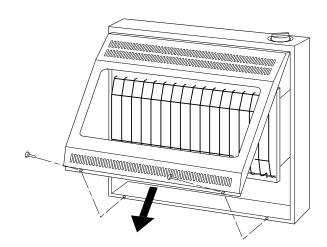


Figure 6 - Removing Front Panel Of Heater

### Methods For Attaching Mounting Bracket To Wall

Only use last hole on each end of mounting bracket to attach bracket to wall. These two holes are 16 inches apart from their centers. Attach mounting bracket to wall in one of two ways.

- 1. Attaching to wall stud
- 2. Attaching to wall anchor

**Attaching to wall stud** This method provides the strongest hold. Insert mounting screws through mounting bracket and into wall studs.

**Attaching to wall anchor** This method allows you to attach mounting bracket to hollow walls (wall areas between studs) or to solid walls (concrete or masonry).

Decide which method better suits your needs. Either method will provide a secure hold for the mounting bracket.

Continued 1

# INSTALLING TO WALL Continued

### Marking Screw Locations

1. Tape mounting bracket to wall where heater will be located. Make sure mounting bracket is level.

### WARNING

Maintain minimum clearances shown in Figure 7. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor and joining wall.

- 2. Mark screw locations on wall (see Figure 7). *Note:* Only mark last hole on each end of mounting bracket. Insert mounting screws through these holes only.
- 3. Remove tape and mounting bracket from wall.

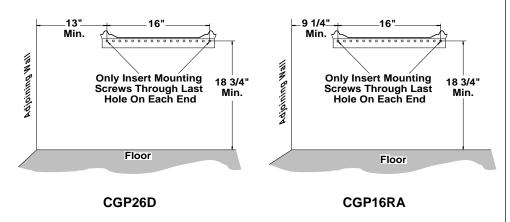


Figure 7 - Mounting Bracket Clearances

### **Attaching Mounting Bracket To Wall**

*Note:* Wall anchors, mounting screws, and spacers are in hardware package. The hardware package is provided with heater.

### Attaching to wall stud method

For attaching mounting bracket to wall studs

- 1. Drill holes at marked locations using 9/64" drill bit.
- 2. Place mounting bracket onto wall. Line up last hole on each end of bracket with holes drilled in wall.
- 3. Insert mounting screws through bracket and into wall studs.
- 4. Tighten screws until mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall studs.

### Attaching to wall anchor method

For attaching mounting bracket to hollow walls (wall areas between studs) or solid walls (concrete or masonry)

- 1. Drill holes at marked locations using 5/16" drill bit. For solid walls (concrete or masonry), drill at least 1" deep.
- 2. Fold wall anchor as shown in Figure 8.

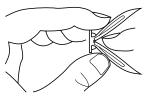
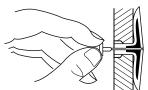


Figure 8 - Folding Anchor

3. Insert wall anchor (wings first) into hole. Tap anchor flush to wall.

# INSTALLING TO WALL Continued

4. For thin walls (1/2" or less), insert red key into wall anchor. Push red key to "pop" open anchor wings. *IMPORTANT:* Do not hammer key! For thick walls (over 1/2" thick) or solid walls, do not pop open wings.

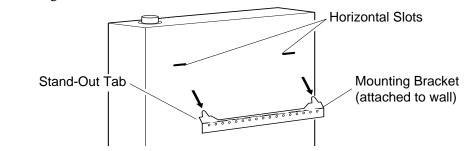


### Figure 9 - Popping Open Anchor Wings For Thin Walls

- 5. Place mounting bracket onto wall. Line up last hole on each end of bracket with wall anchors.
- 6. Insert mounting screws through bracket and into wall anchors.
- 7. Tighten screws until mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall.

### **Placing Heater On Mounting Bracket**

- 1. Locate two horizontal slots on back panel of heater.
- 2. Place heater onto mounting bracket. Slide horizontal slots onto stand-out tabs on mounting bracket.



#### Figure 10 - Mounting Heater Onto Mounting Bracket

#### **Installing Bottom Mounting Screws**

- 1. Locate two bottom mounting holes. These holes are near bottom on back panel of heater (see Figure 11).
- 2. Mark screw locations on wall.
- 3. Remove heater from mounting bracket.
- 4. If installing bottom mounting screws into hollow or solid wall, install wall anchors. Follow steps 1 through 4 under *Attaching To Wall Anchor Method*, page 12.

If installing bottom mounting screw into wall stud, drill holes at marked locations using 9/64" drill bit.

- 5. Replace heater onto mounting bracket.
- 6. Place spacers between bottom mounting holes and wall anchor or drilled hole.
- 7. Hold spacer in place with one hand. With other hand, insert mounting screw through bottom mounting hole and spacer. Place tip of screw in opening of wall anchor or drilled hole.
- 8. Tighten both screws until heater is firmly secured to wall. Do not over tighten. *Note:* Do not replace front panel at this time. Replace front panel after making gas connections and checking for leaks (see pages 14-16).

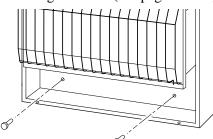


Figure 11 - Installing Bottom Mounting Screws

# CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY

# NOTICE

A qualified service person must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

# CAUTION

# Never connect heater directly to the propane/LP supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the heater and propane/LP supply.

The installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator will reduce incoming gas pressure. You must reduce incoming gas pressure to between 11 and 14 inches of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure, heater regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in Figure 12. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.

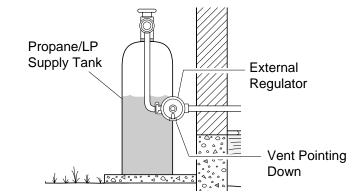


Figure 12 - External Regulator With Vent Pointing Down

# CAUTION

Use only new, black iron or steel pipe. Internally-tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use pipe of large enough diameter to allow proper gas volume to heater. If pipe is too small, undue loss of pressure will occur.

Typical	Pipe Diameter
CGP16RA	3/8" or greater
CGP26D	1/2" or greater

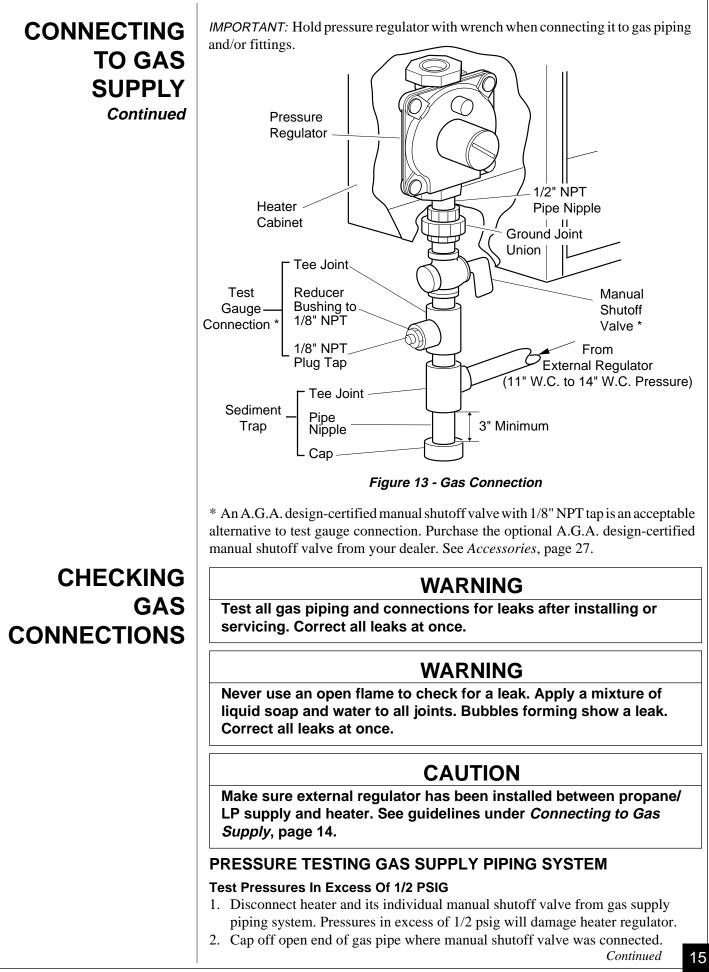
Installation must include a manual shutoff valve, union, and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach for test gauge hook up. NPT tap must be upstream from heater (see Figure 13, page 15).

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged heater valves.

# CAUTION

### Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to liquid petroleum (LP) gas.

Install sediment trap in supply line as shown in Figure 13, page 15. Locate sediment trap where it is within reach for cleaning. Locate sediment trap where trapped matter is not likely to freeze. A sediment trap traps moisture and contaminants. This keeps them from going into heater controls. If sediment trap is not installed or is installed wrong, heater may not run properly.



# CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS Continued

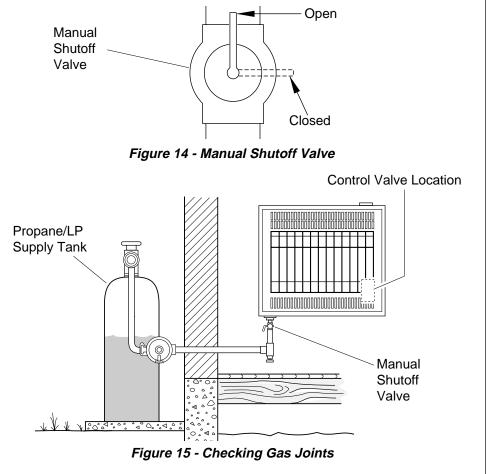
- 3. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening propane/LP supply tank valve.
- 4. Check all joints of gas supply piping system. Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 5. Correct all leaks at once.

### Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG

- 1. Close manual shutoff valve (see Figure 14).
- 2. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening propane/LP supply tank valve.
- 3. Check all joints from propane/LP supply tank to manual shutoff valve (see Figure 15). Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 4. Correct all leaks at once.

### PRESSURE TESTING HEATER GAS CONNECTIONS

- 1. Open manual shutoff valve (see Figure 14).
- 2. Open propane/LP supply tank valve.
- 3. Make sure control knob of heater is in the OFF position.
- 4. Check all joints from manual shutoff valve to control valve (see Figure 15). Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 5. Correct all leaks at once.
- 6. Light heater (see *Operating Heater*, pages 17 through 20). Check the rest of the internal joints for leaks.
- 7. Turn off heater (see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance, page 20).
- 8. Replace front panel.



# OPERATING HEATER

# FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

# WARNING

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- **B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.**

### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician or gas supplier. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- **D.** Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

### LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above.
- 2. Make sure manual shutoff valve is fully open.
- 3. Turn control knob clockwise to the OFF position.

rr position.

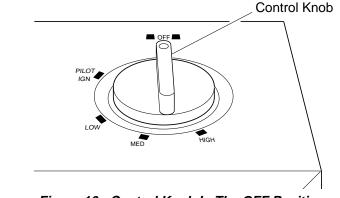
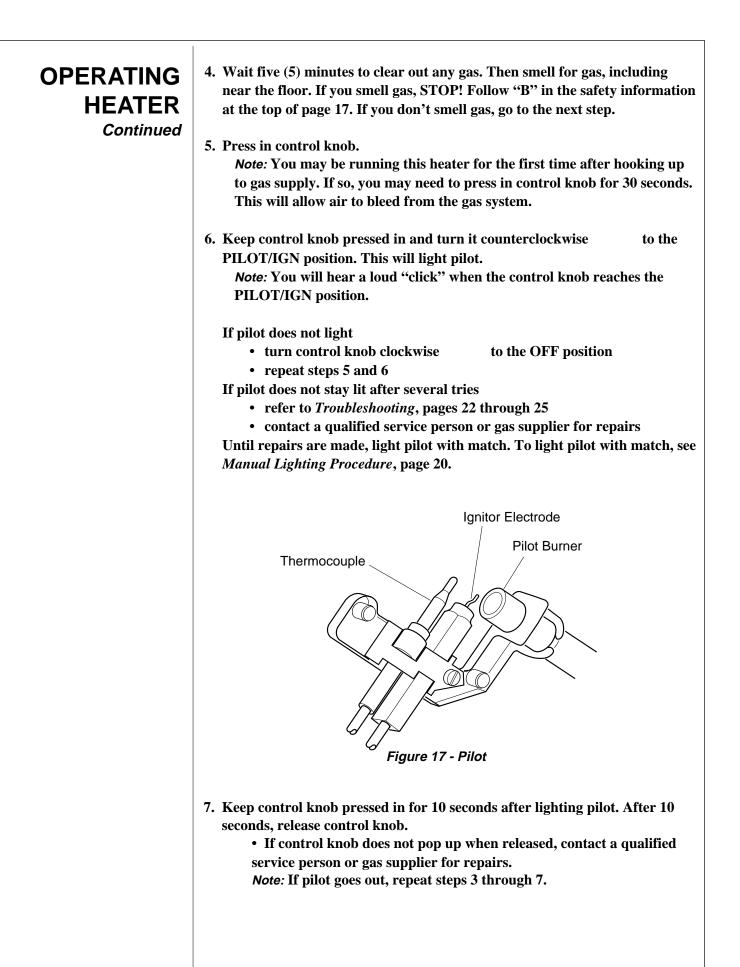
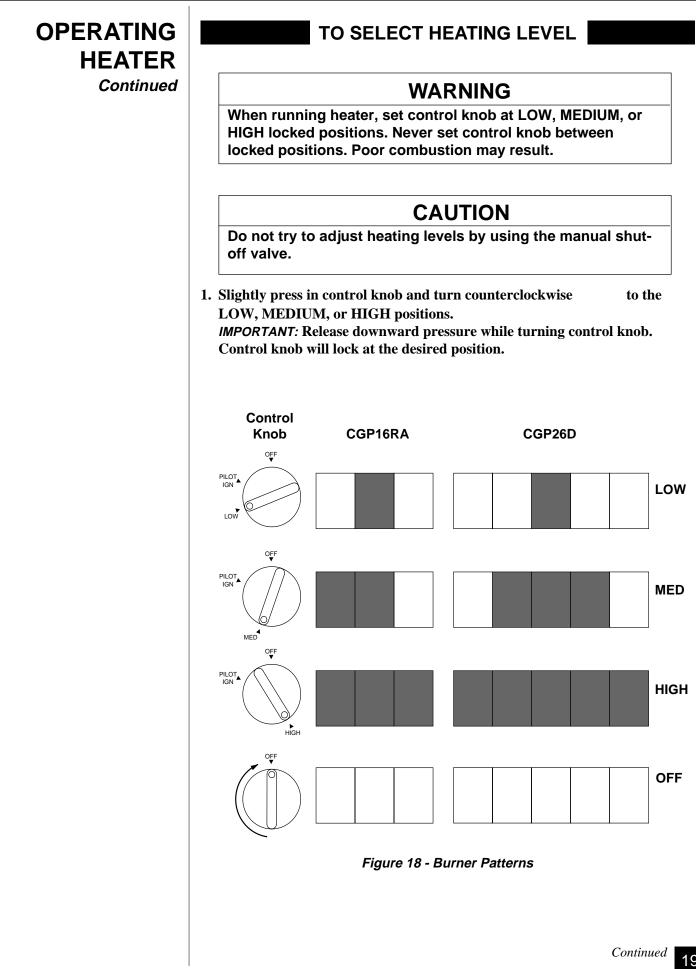


Figure 16 - Control Knob In The OFF Position

Continued 1





# OPERATING HEATER

# TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

### **Shutting Off Heater**

Continued

- 1. Turn control knob clockwise to the OFF position.
- 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.

Shutting Off Burner Only (pilot stays lit)

1. Turn control knob clockwise to the PILOT position.

### MANUAL LIGHTING PROCEDURE

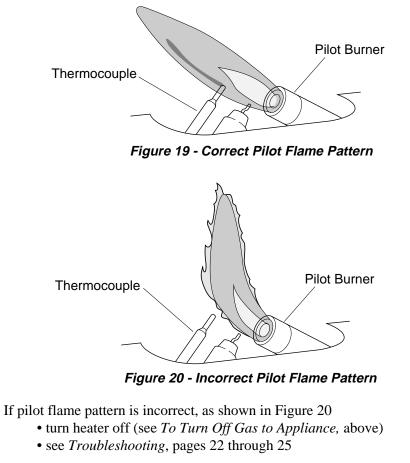
- 1. Follow steps 1 through 6 under *Lighting Instructions*, pages 17 and 18.
- 2. With control knob pressed in, strike match. Hold match to pilot until pilot lights.
- **3.** Keep control knob pressed in for 10 seconds after lighting pilot. After 10 seconds, release control knob.

# INSPECTING BURNER

Check pilot flame pattern and burner flame pattern often.

### PILOT FLAME PATTERN

Figure 19 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 20 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermocouple cools, the heater will shut down.



### **BURNER FLAME PATTERN**

**INSPECTING** 

**BURNER** 

Continued

Figure 21 shows a correct burner flame pattern. Figure 22 shows an incorrect burner flame pattern.

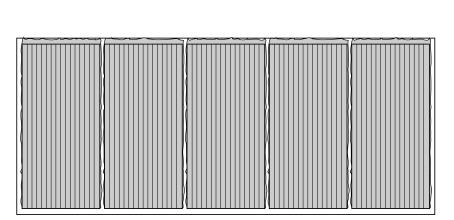


Figure 21 - Correct Burner Flame Pattern

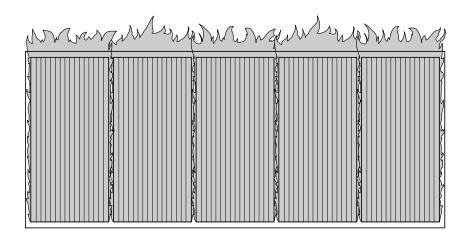


Figure 22 - Incorrect Burner Flame Pattern

If burner flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 22

- turn heater off (see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance, page 20)
- see *Troubleshooting*, pages 22 through 25

# CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

# WARNING

Turn off heater and let cool before cleaning.

# CAUTION

You must keep control areas, burner, and circulating air passageways of heater clean. Inspect these areas of heater before each use. Have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person. Heater may need more frequent cleaning due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc.

### **ODS/PILOT AND BURNER ORIFICE**

• Use a vacuum cleaner, pressurized air, or small, soft bristled brush to clean.

### CABINET

### Air Passageways

• Use a vacuum cleaner or pressurized air to clean.

### Exterior

• Use a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap and water mixture. Wipe the cabinet to remove dust.

# WARNING

Turn off and unplug heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.

### CAUTION

Never use a wire, needle, or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
When control knob is pressed in and turned	1. Ignitor electrode not con- nected to ignitor cable	1. Reconnect ignitor cable
to the PILOT/IGN position, there is no spark at ODS/pilot	2. Piezo ignitor nut is loose	2. Tighten nut holding piezo ignitor to base panel of log set. Nut is located behind base panel.
	3. Ignitor cable pinched or wet	<ol> <li>Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry</li> </ol>
	4. Broken ignitor cable	4. Replace ignitor cable
	5. Bad piezo ignitor	5. Replace piezo ignitor
	6. Ignitor electrode broken	6. Replace ignitor
	<ol> <li>Ignitor electrode posi- tioned wrong</li> </ol>	7. Replace ignitor

TROUBLE-SHOOTING

*Note:* All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation.

	OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
SHOOTING Continued	When control knob is pressed in and turned to the PILOT/IGN position, there is spark at ODS/pilot but no ignition	<ol> <li>Gas supply turned off or manual shutoff valve closed</li> <li>Control knob not pressed in while being turned to PILOT/IGN position</li> <li>Air in gas lines when installed</li> <li>Depleted gas supply</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Turn on gas supply or open manual shutoff valve</li> <li>Press in control knob while turning to PILOT/IGN position</li> <li>Continue holding down control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed</li> <li>Contact local propane/</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>5. ODS/pilot is clogged</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>LP gas company.</li> <li>5. Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 22) or replace ODS/pilot</li> </ul>
		6. Gas regulator setting is not correct	assembly 6. Replace gas regulator
	ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released	<ol> <li>Control knob not fully pressed in</li> <li>Control knob not pressed in long enough</li> <li>Manual shutoff valve not fully open</li> <li>Thermocouple connec- tion loose at control valve</li> <li>Pilot flame not touch- ing thermocouple, which allows thermo- couple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following:         <ul> <li>Low gas pressure</li> <li>Dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot</li> <li>Thermocouple dam- aged</li> <li>Control valve damaged</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Press in control knob fully</li> <li>After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 10 seconds</li> <li>Fully open manual shut-off valve</li> <li>Hand tighten until snug, then tighten 1/4 turn more</li> <li>A) Contact local propane/LP gas company</li> <li>B) Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and</i> <i>Maintenance</i>, page 22) or replace ODS/pilot assembly</li> <li>Replace thermocouple</li> <li>Replace control valve</li> </ol>
			Continued 23

	OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
SHOOTING Continued	Burner(s) does not light after ODS/pilot is lit	1. Burner orifice(s) is clogged	1. Clean burner orifice(s) (see <i>Cleaning and</i> <i>Maintenance</i> , page 22) or replace burner orifice(s)
		2. Burner orifice(s) diameter is too small	2. Replace burner orifice(s)
		3. Inlet gas pressure is too low	3. Contact local propane/ LP gas company
	Delayed ignition of burner(s)	<ol> <li>Manifold pressure is too low</li> <li>Burner orifice(s) is clogged</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Contact local propane/ LP gas company</li> <li>Clean burner orifice(s) (see <i>Cleaning and</i> <i>Maintenance</i>, page 22) or replace burner orifice(s)</li> </ol>
	Burner backfiring during combustion	<ol> <li>Burner orifice(s) is clogged or damaged</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Clean burner orifice(s) (see <i>Cleaning and</i> <i>Maintenance</i>, page 22) or replace burner orifice(s)</li> </ol>
		2. Inlet gas pressure is too low	<ol> <li>Contact local propane/ LP gas company</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Burner damaged</li> <li>Gas regulator defective</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Replace burner</li> <li>Replace gas regulator</li> </ol>
	Burner plaque(s) does not glow	<ol> <li>Plaque damaged</li> <li>Inlet gas pressure is too low</li> <li>Control knob set between locked positions</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Replace burner</li> <li>Contact local propane/ LP gas company</li> <li>Turn control knob until it locks at desired setting</li> </ol>
	Slight smoke or odor during initial operation	1. Residues from manu- facturing processes	1. Problem will stop after a few hours of operation
	Heater produces a clicking/ticking noise just after burner is lit or shut off	1. Metal expanding while heating or contracting while cooling	1. This is common with most heaters. If noise is excessive, contact qualified service person

WARNING
If you smell gas
<ul> <li>Shut off gas supply.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Do not try to light any appliance.</li> </ul>
• Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
<ul> <li>Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.</li> </ul>

*IMPORTANT:* Operating heater where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Heater produces unwanted odors	<ol> <li>Heater burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, etc. See <i>IMPOR-</i> <i>TANT</i> statement above</li> <li>Low fuel supply</li> <li>Gas leak. See Warn- ing statement at top of page</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running</li> <li>Refill supply tank</li> <li>Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas</i> <i>Connections</i>, page 15)</li> </ol>
Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates)	<ol> <li>Not enough fresh air is available</li> <li>Low line pressure</li> <li>ODS/pilot is partially clogged</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Open window and/or door for ventilation</li> <li>Contact local propane/ LP gas company</li> <li>Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Mainte-</i> <i>nance</i>, page 22)</li> </ol>
Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position	<ol> <li>Gas leak. See Warn- ing statement at top of page</li> <li>Control valve defective</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas</i> <i>Connections</i>, page 15)</li> <li>Replace control valve</li> </ol>
Gas odor during combustion	<ol> <li>Foreign matter be- tween control valve and burner</li> <li>Gas leak. See Warn- ing statement at top of page</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter</li> <li>Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas</i> <i>Connections</i>, page 15)</li> </ol>
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows	1. Not enough combus- tion/ventilation air.	1. Refer to <i>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</i> requirements (page 5)

TECHNICAL SERVICE

**TROUBLE-**

SHOOTING

Continued

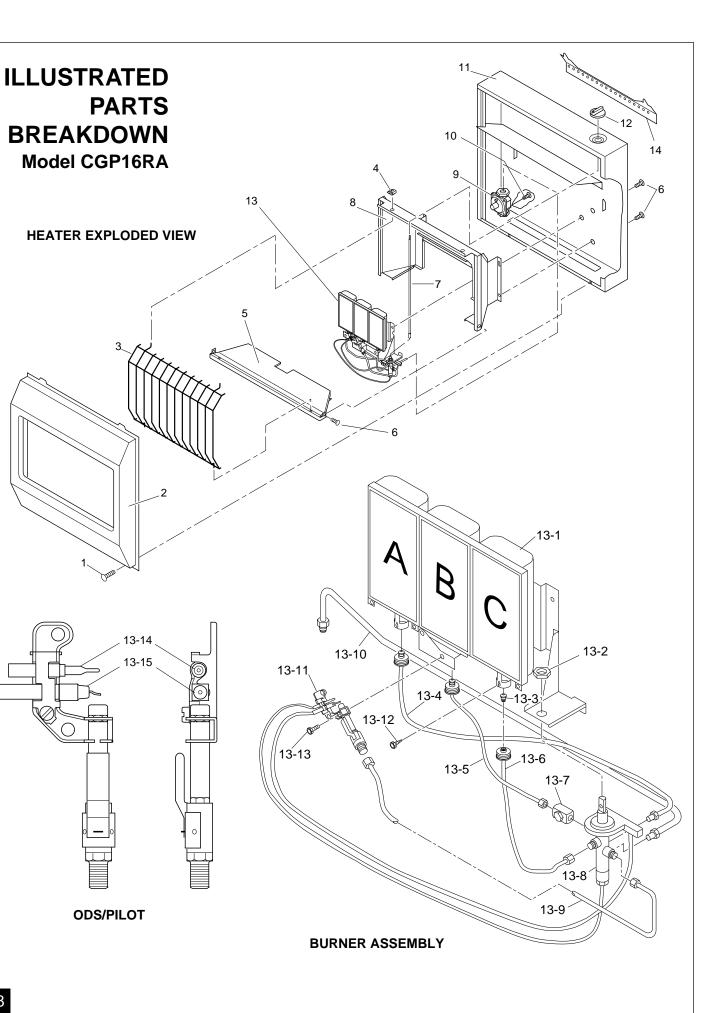
You may have further questions about installation, operation, or troubleshooting. If so, contact DESA International's Technical Service Department at 1-800-323-5190.

SPECIFICATIONS		CGP16RA	CGP26D
SPECIFICATIONS	BTU (Variable)	6,000/11,000/16,000	6,000/16,000/26,000
	Type Gas	Propane/LP Only	Propane/LP Only
	Ignition	Piezo	Piezo
	Pressure Regulator Setting	8" W.C.	8" W.C.
	Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water)		
	Maximum	14"	14"
	Minimum	11"	11"
	Dimensions, Inches (H x W x D)		
	Heater	23.5 x 18.5 x 8	23.5 x 25.9 x 8
		26 x 20.5 x 9.625	26 x 27.75 x 9.625
		22	20
	Simpping	27	50
SERVICE HINTS	for parts replaced under warranty.		
	Contact authorized dealers of this product. If they can't supply original replacemen part(s), either contact your nearest Parts Central (see page 23) or call DESA International's Parts Department at 1-800-972-7879 for referral information. When calling DESA International, have ready		
26	<ul><li>model number of your heater</li><li>the replacement part number</li></ul>	÷	

#### These Parts Centrals are privately-owned businesses. They have agreed to support PARTS our customer's needs by providing original replacement parts and accessories. CENTRALS **Baltimore Electric** Washer Equipment Co. **Davton Hardware** 1348 Dixwell Avenue 1715 Main Street P.O. Box 275 North Dayton Station Dayton, OH 45404 Hamden, CT 06514 Kansas City, MO 64108 1-800-397-7553 KS, MO, AŘ 203-248-7553 816-842-3911 All States 513-258-3721 Parts Department Parts Department OH 1-800-762-3426 East Coast Energy Products Parts Department **Portable Heater Parts** 707 Broadway W. Long Branch, NJ 07764 342 N. County Rd. 400 E. Valparaiso, IN 46383 **Halco Enterprises** 908-870-8809 208 Carter Drive, Unit 21 All States 219-462-7441 1-800-755-8809 West Chester, PA 19382 1-800-362-6951 Parts Department 610-430-7717 1-800-368-0803 Parts Department Parts Department Tarantin Tank Co. P.O. Box 6129 FBD Freehold, NJ 07728 LaPorte's Parts and Service P.O. Box 1096 1720 Kummer Road 908-780-9340 2444 North 5th Street Franklin, KY 42134 1-800-922-0724 Hartsville, SC 29550 502-586-1922 Parts Department 803-332-0191 1-800-654-8534 Parts Department Albany Ladder Four Flags Power Products 1586-90 Central Avenue Cans Unlimited, Inc. Albany, NY 07728 NY, MA, VT P.O. Box 645 1115 Stateline Road Taylor, SC 29687 Niles, MI 49120 518-869-5335 616-684-2697 All States 1-800-354-7368 803-879-3009 Parts Only (NY, MA, VT) 1-800-845-5301 **Master Parts Distributor** Parts Department Parts Department 1184 Wilson Ave. NW Grand Rapids , MI 49504 616-791-0505 1-800-446-1446 Fax: 1-616-791-8270 Parts Department You can purchase a service manual from the address listed on the back page of this SERVICE manual. Send a check for \$5.00 payable to DESA International. PUBLICATIONS ACCESSORIES Purchase these heater accessories from your local dealer. If they can not supply these accessories, either contact your nearest Parts Central (see above) or call DESA International's Parts Department at 1-800-972-7879 for referral information. You can also write to the address listed on the back page of this manual. FAN KITS - GA3100, GA3100A, and GA3200TA For all models. Provides better heat distribution. Makes heater more efficient. Complete installation and operating instructions included. Manually controlled - GA3100, and GA3100A. Includes ON/OFF switch. Thermostatically controlled - GA3200TA. Includes three settings: ON/OFF/AUTO. FLOOR MOUNTING STAND Model CGP16RA - GA4000B and GA4500 Model CGP26D - GA4010B and GA4510 For locating heater on the floor, away from a wall. Complete installation instructions included.

#### MANUAL SHUTOFF VALVE - GA5010 Manual shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap.

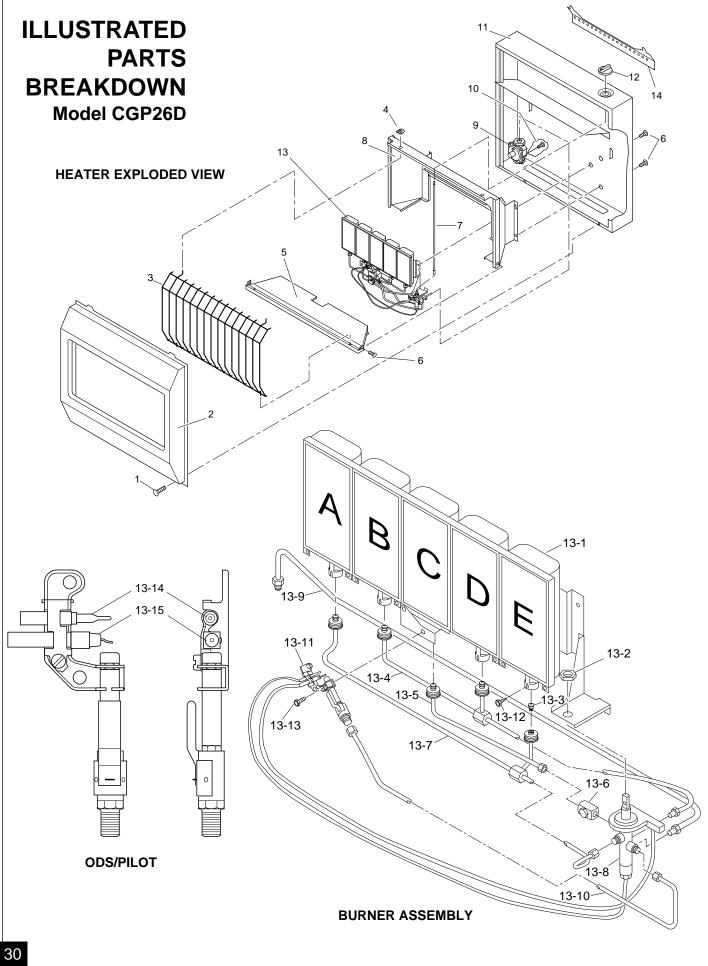




# PARTS LIST Model CGP16RA

This list contains replaceable parts used in your heater. When ordering parts, follow the instructions listed under *Replacement Parts* on page 26 of this manual.

KEY	PART		
NO.	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	098304-01	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	2
2	098742-03	Front Panel	1
3	098238-06	Grill Guard	1
4	098342-01	Clip-Grill Guard	2
5	098198-03	Apron	1
6	M11084-26	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	9
7	098462-01	Control Rod Assembly	1
8	098457-01	Reflector Assembly	1
9	098867-06	Regulator	1
10	M11084-38	Screw, #8 x 3/8"	2
11	098455-01	Cabinet Assembly	1
12	098324-01	Control Knob	1
13	See Detail	Burner Assembly	1
13-1	099218-01	Burner	1
13-2	098508-01	Valve Retainer Nut	1
13-3	099056-01	Injector	3
13-4	099048-01	Tubing-Valve to plaque A	1
13-5	099049-01	Tubing-Valve to plaque B	1
13-6	099050-01	Tubing-Valve to plaque C	1
13-7	099057-01	Pressure Tap Fitting	1
13-8	098932-06	Control Valve	1
13-9	099043-01	Pilot Tubing-Valve to pilot	1
13-10	099051-01	Inlet Tubing	1
13-11	099059-02	ODS/Pilot	1
13-12	M11084-37	Screw, #8 x 1/4"	3
13-13	M11084-26	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	2
13-14	098593-01	Thermocouple	1
13-15	098594-01	Ignitor Electrode	1
14	099066-01	Mounting Bracket	1
	PARTS A	AILABLE - NOT SHOWN	
	098465-01	Control Position Label	1
	100642-01	Assembly, Hardware	1



# PARTS LIST Model CGP26D

This list contains replaceable parts used in your heater. When ordering parts, follow the instructions listed under *Replacement Parts* on page 26 of this manual.

KEY	PART		
NO.	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	098304-01	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	2
2	098742-04	Front Panel	1
3	098238-07	Grill Guard	1
4	098342-01	Clip-Grill Guard	2
5	098198-04	Apron	1
6	M11084-26	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	9
7	098462-01	Control Rod Assembly	1
8	098457-02	Reflector Assembly	1
9	098867-06	Regulator	1
10	M11084-38	Screw, #8 x 3/8"	2
11	098456-01	Cabinet Assembly	1
12	098324-01	Control Knob	1
13	See Detail	Burner Assembly	1
13-1	099218-02	Burner	1
13-2	098508-01	Valve Retainer Nut	1
13-3	099056-01	Injector	5
13-4	099052-01	Tubing-Valve to plaque B & D	1
13-5	099053-01	Tubing-Valve to plaque C	1
13-6	099057-01	Pressure Tap Fitting	1
13-7	099054-01	Tubing-Valve to plaque A & E	1
13-8	098932-06	Control Valve	1
13-9	099051-02	Inlet Tubing	1
13-10	099044-01	Pilot Tubing-Valve to pilot	1
13-11	099059-02	ODS/Pilot	1
13-12	M11084-37	Screw, #8 x 1/4"	5
13-13	M11084-26	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	2
13-14	098593-01	Thermocouple	1
13-15	098594-01	Ignitor Electrode	1
14	099066-01	Mounting Bracket	1
	PARTS AV	AILABLE - NOT SHOWN	
	098465-01	Control Position Label	1
	100642-01	Assembly, Hardware	1

# WARRANTY INFORMATION

**KEEP THIS WARRANTY** 

Model	
Serial No	
Date Purchased	

Always specify model and serial numbers when communicating with the factory.

We reserve the right to amend these specifications at any time without notice. The only warranty applicable is our standard written warranty. We make no other warranty, expressed or implied.

### LIMITED WARRANTY COMFORT GLOW VENT-FREE NATURAL GAS HEATERS

DESA International warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and components for one year from the date of first purchase, provided that the product has been properly installed, operated and maintained in accordance with all applicable instructions. To make a claim under this warranty the Bill of Sale or cancelled check must be presented.

This warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser. This warranty covers only the cost of part(s) required to restore this heater to proper operating condition. Warranty part(s) MUST be obtained through authorized dealers of this product and/or DESA International who will provide original factory replacement parts. Failure to use original factory replacement parts voids this warranty. The heater MUST be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with all local codes and instructions furnished with the unit.

This warranty does not apply to parts that are not in original condition because of normal wear and tear, or parts that fail or become damaged as a result of misuse, accidents, lack of proper maintenance or defects caused by improper installation. Travel, diagnostic cost, labor, transportation and any and all such other costs related to repairing a defective heater will be the responsibility of the owner.

TO THE FULL EXTENT ALLOWED BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION THAT GOVERNS THE SALE OF THE PRODUCT; THIS EXPRESS WARRANTY EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL OTHER EXPRESSED WARRANTIES AND LIMITS THE DURATION OF ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MER-CHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE TO ONE (1) YEAR FROM THE DATE OF FIRST PURCHASE; AND DESA INTERNATIONAL'S LIABILITY IS HEREBY LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT AND DESA INTERNATIONAL SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY OTHER DAMAGES WHATSOEVER INCLUDING INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow a limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts or an exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation on implied warranties, or exclusion or limitation on damages may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state.

For information about this warranty write:



101827-01 REV. C 05/96