

# Software Guide

## ICP DAS Modbus Server

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( version 1.0 )

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# Chapter 1 Introduction

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This manual is written for modbus users of *ICPDAS LinPAC and LinCon series*.

This document will guide you:

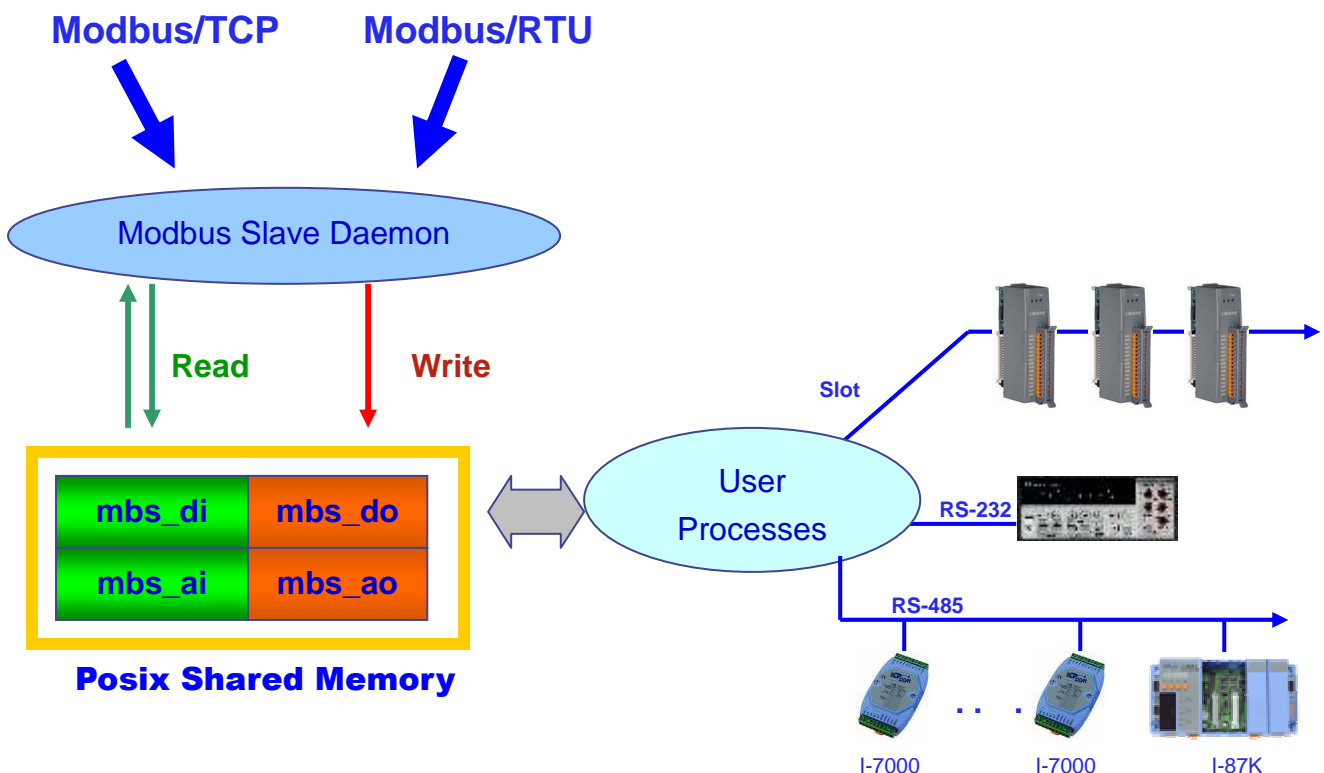
- How to setup Modbus Server on your devices.
- How to write program with shared memory

ICPDAS® Modbus Server is a modbus slave server that provides shared memory to share data with other process.

Shared Memory is an efficient means of passing data between programs. One program will create a memory portion which other processes (if permitted) can access. The use of shared memory in an application requires implementation of just a few interfaces bundled into the standard C language library.

ICPDAS® Modbus Server provides POSIX shared memory mechanism. POSIX shared memory is a variation of mapped memory.

The following figure shows that Modbus Server communicating to other process via POSIX shared memory.



## 1.1. Install Modbus server on your LinPAC / LinCon

### ► Software Installation

If your LinPAC / LinCon is former released, you have to install the Modbus Server by manual.

#### Step 1.

ICPDAS® Modbus Server supports LinPAC 8x8x and 8x4x , you can download from the following links.

- LinPAC 8x8x  
<ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/linpac/napdos/lp-8x8x/addons/modbus/server>
- LinPAC 8x4x  
<ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/linpac/napdos/lp-8x4x/addons/modbus/server>

#### Step 2.

Copy the “mbserver10” file to your LinPAC / LinCon, and change the file permission to “755” or above.

```
#chmod 755 ./mbserver10
```

#### Step 3.

Before executing LinPAC / LinCon Modbus Server, you have to check what's the index number of your TTY devices.

```
#dmesg | grep 'ttyS'
```

In general, LinCon support 2 serial ports,

ttyS0 : COM2 RS-232 (Recommend!)

ttyS1 : COM3 RS-485

and 3 serial ports are available on LinPAC.

ttyS0 : COM1, RS232 (Reserved for console terminal)

ttyS1 : COM3, RS232 / RS-485

ttyS34 : COM4, RS232 (Recommend!)

#### Step 4.

You can use following command to start Modbus Server.

```
# ./mbserver10
```

Modbus server provides the following arguments

-n	Set NetID , Default is 1
-p	Set Port Number for Modbus TCP,default is 502
-d	Enable Daemon mode, default is disable
-s	Set serial port device name for modubs rtu,default is /dev/ttyS34
-b	Set Baud rate ,default is 9600bps

-f	Set data format, default is 8N1
----	---------------------------------

Example:

```
# ./mbserver10 -n 1 -s /dev/ttyS34 -b 115200 -f 8N1
```

**Running automatically at boot time :**

**STEP 1 :** Copy “mbserver” file to /etc/init.d of your LinPAC / LinCon

**STEP 2 :** Edit “mbserver” script file, specify “mbserver10” directory and modify parameters to fit your system.

**STEP 3 :** Create a symbolic link in /etc/rc2.d directory

```
ln -s /etc/init.d/mbserver /etc/rc2.d/S99MBServer
```

**NOTE :**

*Modbus server must be executed after serial port initialization.*

**► Hardware Connection**

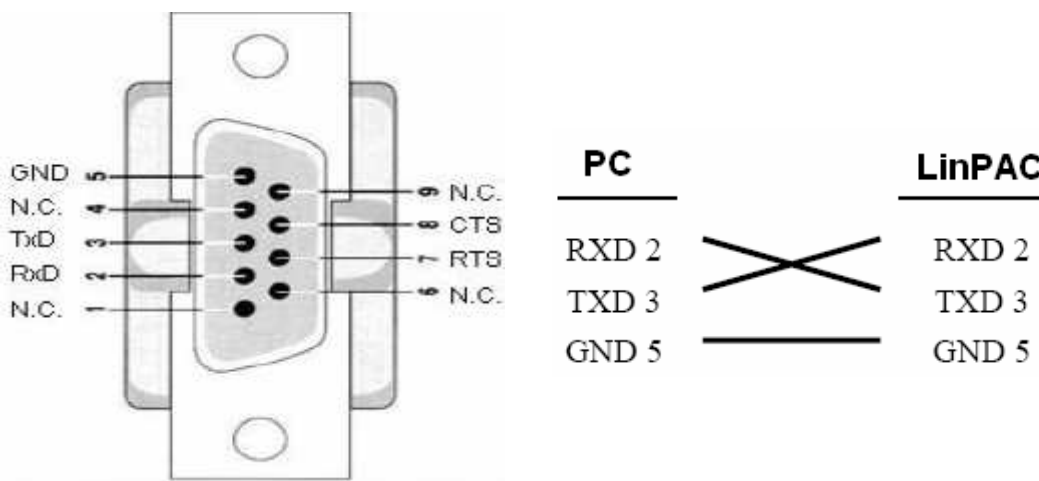
LinPAC / LinCon Modbus Server supports Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP protocol.

**For TCP protocol**

You can connect modbus client and server by using the ethernet cable with RJ-45 connector.

**For RTU protocol**

9 pins D-sub cable is necessary. The pin assignment is :



**Ordering Information :**

CA-0910F : 9-pin Female-Female D-sub cable, 1M Cable

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## Chapter 2 Using shared memory in your program

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### 2.1 Using Posix Shared memory

When you start the modbus server, it will allocate four shared memory on LinPAC / LinCon. Shared memory are located at `/dev/shm/mbs_ao`, `/dev/shm/mbs_ai`, `/dev/shm/mbs_do` and `/dev/shm/mbs_di`.

Shared memory	Size	Use
<code>/dev/shm/mbs_ao</code>	<code>2000 * sizeof(int)</code>	AO
<code>/dev/shm/mbs_ai</code>	<code>2000 * sizeof(int)</code>	AI
<code>/dev/shm/mbs_do</code>	<code>2000 * sizeof(int)</code>	DO
<code>/dev/shm/mbs_di</code>	<code>2000 * sizeof(int)</code>	DI

POSIX provides a standardized API for using shared memory. POSIX Shared Memory uses the function `shm_open` from `sys/mman.h`.

(<http://www.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/009695399/basedefs/sys/mman.h.html>)

If you never used POSIX shared memory, we also provide a simple MACRO `SHM_INIT` in `icpdas_mbs.h` to help you using shared memory.

Example :

```
SHM_INIT(AO, 2000);
```

It will open shared memory `/dev/shm/mbs_ao` and mapping it to `*iMemory_AO` by default. Then you can access shared memory via array (Array's range is from 0~1999).

<code>iMemory_AO</code>		<code>0x1234</code>		<code>0x5678</code>		
	<code>0</code>	<code>1</code>	<code>2</code>	<code>3</code>	<code>.....</code>	<code>1999</code>

Example:

```
iMemory_AO[1]=0x01234; //Set value 0x01234 to address 1 of iMemory_AO  
printf("%04x\n", iMemory_AO[3]); //GET value from address 3 of iMemory_AO
```

## 2.2 Analog I/O DEMO

### 2.2.1. Set AO ( I-8024W)

The following graph shows how to **SET AO** value between modbus server and **setao** program via shared memory .

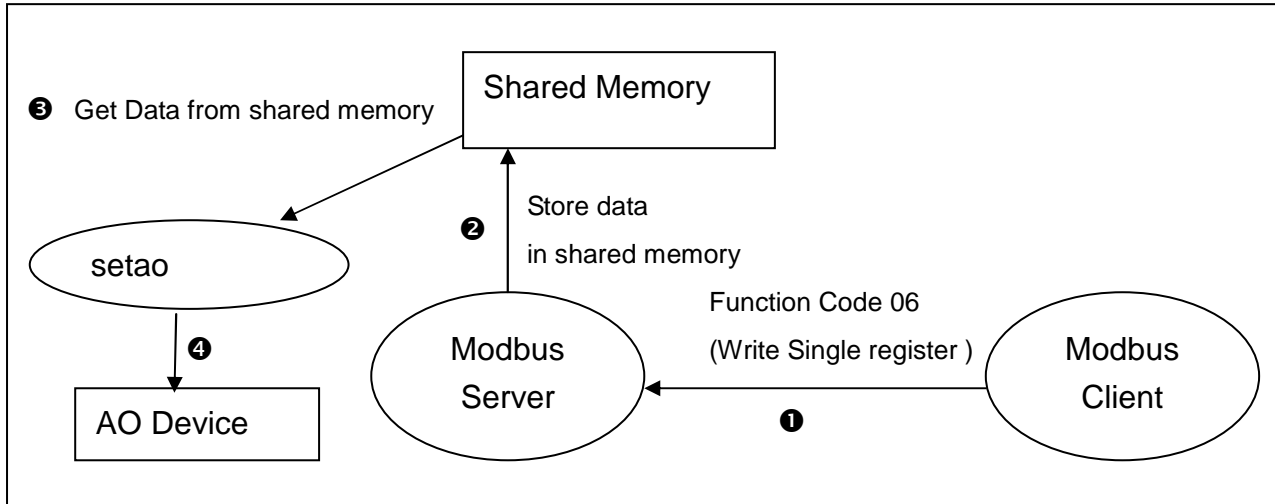


Figure 2.2.1

- ❶ modbus client send request to modbus server .
- ❷ modbus server put the AO value to shared memory.
- ❸ setao program fetch ao value from share memory
- ❹ setao program set ao value to AO device (I-8024W)

#### Example (setao.c)

##### Source code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "icpdas_mbs.h"
#include "msw.h"
```

Include icpdas\_mbs.h

```
int main( void ) {
    /* OPEN AO,AI,DO,DI Share Memory */
    SHM_INIT(ao,2000);
    int RetValue,slot,channel;
    float tmp=0.0;
    float f=0.0;
    unsigned long l;
    slot=2;
```


Use SHM\_INIT Marco to open shared memory

```

channel=0;
tmp=0;

RetVal = Open_Slot(slot);
if (RetVal >0) {
    printf("open Slot %d failed!\n",slot);
    return -1;
}
I8024_Initial(slot);
while (1) {
    /* Float inverse (Big-Endian) , it depends on your SCADA */
    /*
        *((short *)&l+1)=iMemory_AI[0];
        *((short *)&l)=iMemory_AI[1];
    */
    /* Float (Little-Endian) */
    *((short *)&l)=iMemory_AO[0];
    *((short *)&l+1)=iMemory_AO[1];
    f = *((float *)&l);
    if (tmp!=f) {
        printf("set value %f\n",f);
        I8024_VoltageOut(slot,channel,f);
        tmp=f;
    }
    usleep(100);
}
Close_Slot(slot);
return 0;
}

```


 Analog value using floating point data type to represent. Floating point data size is 4 bytes. It uses two registers to store floating point data.



## 2.2.2. Get AI ( I-8017HW)

The following graph shows the how to **Get AI** value between modbus server and **getai** program via shared memory .

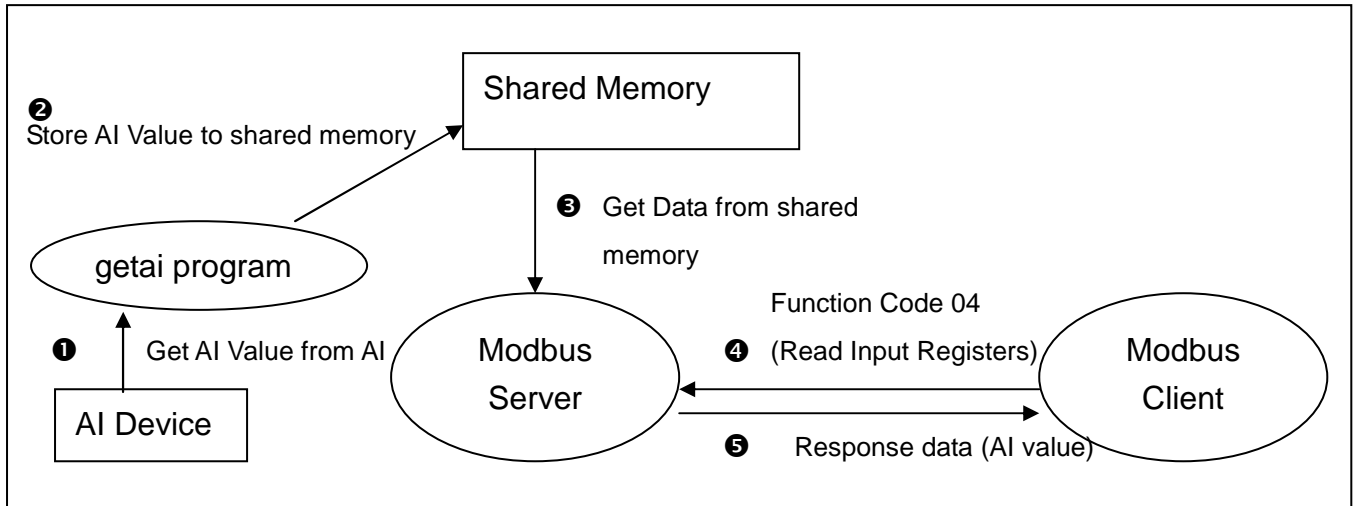


Figure 2.2.2

- ❶ getai program get ai value from AI Device (I-8017HW)
  - ❷ getai program put AI value to share memory
  - ❸ modbus server get AI value from shared memory
  - ❹ modbus client send request to modbus server
  - ❺ modbus server send response to modbus client
- ❶ to ❷ is Looping

### Example (setao.c)

#### Source code:

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include "icpdas_mbs.h"
#include "msw.h"

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int RetValue,slot,channel,gain,mode;
    float f ;
    unsigned long l;
    slot=3;
    channel=0;
    gain=0;
    mode=0;
    /* OPEN Share Memory */
    SHM_INIT(AI,2000);

```

```

/* open device file */
RetVal = Open_Slot(slot);
if (RetVal >0) {
    printf("open Slot %d failed!\n",slot);
    return FAILURE;
}

RetVal=I8017_Init(slot);
I8017_SetChannelGainMode(slot,channel,gain,mode);
while (1) {
    /* Get AI Value */
    f=I8017_GetCurAdChannel_Float_Cal(slot);

    l = *((unsigned long *)&f);
    /* Float inverse (Big-Endian) , depends on your SCADA */
    /* iMemory_AI[0]=*((short *)&l+1);
    iMemory_AI[1]=*((short *)&l); */

    /* Float (Little-Endian) */
    iMemory_AI[0]=*((short *)&l);
    iMemory_AI[1]=*((short *)&l+1);
    printf("%f\n",f);
    usleep(1);
}

Close_Slot(slot);
return 0;
}

```

Analog value using floating point data type to represent. Floating point data size is 4 bytes. It use two register to store floating point data.

## 2.3 Digital I/O Demo

### 2.3.1 Set DO and Read DI (i-87054W)

The following graph shows the how to **Get AI** and **Set AO** value between modbus server and **get\_di\_set\_do** program via shared memory .

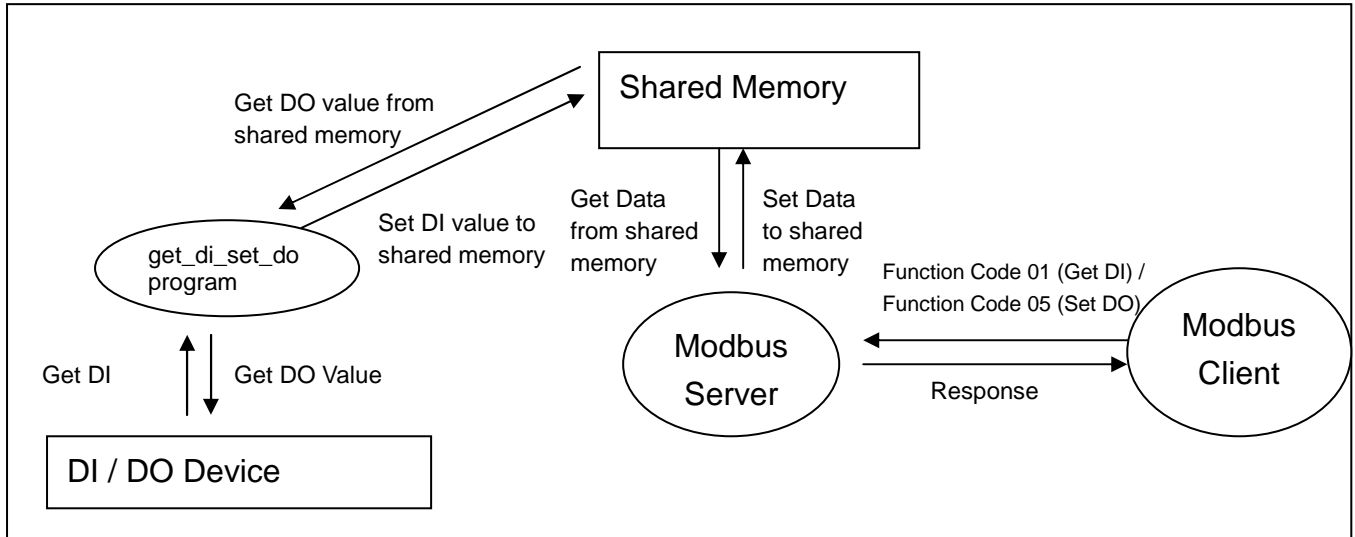


Figure 2.3.1

i-87054w provides both DO and DI function

#### Example (get\_di\_set\_do.c)

Source code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include "icpdas_mbs.h"
#include "msw.h"

char szSend[80], szReceive[80];
DWORD dwBuf[12];
float fBuf[12];

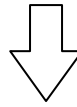
void change_bit(int *val, int num, char bitval) {
    *val=((*val & ~(1<<num)) | (bitval << num));
}
```

```

void set_di(char b) {
    unsigned char mask = 0x01;
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<8; ++i) {
        if ((b & mask) != 0) {
            iMemory_DI[i]=1;
        } else {
            iMemory_DI[i]=0;
        }
        mask <<= 1;
    }
}

```

EX:  
DI value is **21(10101000)**



1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

iMemory\_DI

```

int main() {
    int i, wRetVal;
    int tval=0;
    int tval2=0;

    SHM_INIT(DO,2000);
    SHM_INIT(DI,2000);
    //Check Open_Slot
    wRetVal = Open_Slot(0);
    if (wRetVal > 0) {
        printf("open Slot failed!\n");
        return (-1);
    }

    //Check Open_Com1
    wRetVal = Open_Com(COM1, 115200, Data8Bit, NonParity, OneStopBit);
    if (wRetVal > 0) {
        printf("open port failed!\n");
        return (-1);
    }
}

```

```
//Choose Slot3
ChangeToSlot(4);
while (1) {
```

```
    for (i=0;i<8;i++) {
        if (iMemory_DO[i]) {
            change_bit(&tval,i,1);
        } else {
            change_bit(&tval,i,0);
        }
    }
}
```

Get DO value from shared memory(iMemory\_DO[0]~iMemory[7] ) and save to variable tval

```
    if (tval != tval2 ) {
        //--- digital output ----  **(DigitalOut_87K())**
        dwBuf[0] = 1;                // COM Port
        dwBuf[1] = 00;              // Address
        dwBuf[2] = 0x87054;        // ID
        dwBuf[3] = 0;              // CheckSum disable
        dwBuf[4] = 100;           // TimeOut , 100 msecond
        dwBuf[5] = tval;            // digital output
        dwBuf[6] = 0;              // string debug
        wRetVal = DigitalOut_87K(dwBuf, fBuf, szSend, szReceive);
    }
```

```
// DO Output
```

```
    // printf("DO Value= %u\n", dwBuf[5]);
    tval2=tval;
```

```
    }
    usleep(100);
    //--- digital Input ----  **(DigitalIn_87K())**
    dwBuf[0] = 1;                // COM Port
    dwBuf[1] = 00;              // Address
    dwBuf[2] = 0x87054;        // ID
    dwBuf[3] = 0;              // CheckSum disable
    dwBuf[4] = 100;           // TimeOut , 100 msecond
    dwBuf[6] = 0;              // string debug
    DigitalIn_87K(dwBuf, fBuf, szSend, szReceive); // DI Input
    //get di value and put value to share memory
    set_di(dwBuf[5]);
    // printf("DI Value= %d\n",dwBuf[5]);
    usleep(100);
}
```

Get DI value and Set its value to Shared Memory

```
Close_Com(COM1);
```

```
Close_SlotAll();  
  
return 0;  
}
```

## 2.4 Download Demo Files

You can download example file from

- <ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/linpac/napdos/lp-8x8x/addons/modbus/demo>
- <ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/linpac/napdos/lp-8x4x/addons/modbus/demo>