



# The 3CPM Company

## Electrogastrogram

*Broaden your scope of diagnoses  
in today's world of gastrointestinal disorders*

## Research & Waterload Version Electrogastrogram Suite

Version 2.08

## OPERATION MANUAL AND USER GUIDE



THE ELECTROGASTROGRAM  
RESEARCH VERSION

7402 York Road  
Suite 100  
Towson, Maryland 21204

Phone: 410-494-1846  
Fax: 410.494.1726  
Mark.Noar@3CPMCompany.com

*Broaden Your Scope of diagnoses  
in today's world of gastrointestinal  
disorders*

# 3CPM EGGSAS<sup>®</sup> Research - Waterload User Manual

1	Introduction and Overview .....	3
2	Equipment Setup .....	4
2.1	Human Interface Module .....	5
2.1.1	Human Interface Module Indicator Light .....	6
2.1.2	<i>When Indicator Light Is Flashing</i> .....	7
2.2	General .....	7
3	Preparation for Recording .....	7
3.1	Preparing the Patient .....	8
4	Program Operation .....	9
5	Choosing the Version During Startup .....	9
5.1	Starting the Program .....	9
5.2	Selecting a Patient to Choose Which Version .....	10
6	Selecting Which Version .....	10
7	<b>USING THE RESEARCH VERSION</b> .....	11
8	Recording a Study .....	11
8.1	Selecting a Patient .....	11
8.2	Resuming a Study .....	12
8.3	Entering Patient Demographics .....	13
8.4	Pre-study Information .....	14
8.5	Equipment Test .....	15
8.5.1	Equipment Test Failure/Error .....	16
8.6	Baseline Recording .....	16
8.7	Post Baseline Options .....	17
8.8	Post Stimulation Recording .....	19
8.9	Recording Events During Study .....	20
8.10	Study Completed .....	20
8.10.1	Analyzing Baseline Period .....	21
8.10.2	Analyzing Post stimulation Periods .....	22
8.10.3	Diagnosis .....	24
8.10.4	Recommendations .....	24
8.10.5	Respiration Rate .....	25
9	Opening a Prior Study .....	26
9.1	Re-analyzing the Study .....	28
9.1.1	Changing the Baseline .....	28
9.1.2	Change a Post Stimulation Period .....	29
9.1.3	Changing Events .....	30
9.1.4	Adding Events .....	30
9.2	Changing the Diagnosis .....	30
9.3	Changing the Recommendation .....	30
9.4	Changing the Pre-study Information .....	31
9.5	Stimulation medium .....	31
9.6	Change number of minutes per graph .....	31
10	What If Scenario Option .....	32

10.1	No Prior What If Scenarios.....	32
10.2	What If Scenarios.....	33
10.3	Saving What If Scenarios and Studies.....	33
11	RSA.....	34
12	Reports.....	34
12.1	Configuring.....	35
12.2	Facility Information.....	36
12.3	View/Printing.....	36
13	Patient Information.....	37
13.1	Demographics.....	37
13.2	Medications.....	38
13.3	Diagnostic History.....	39
14	Navigating the Baseline and Post Stimulation Periods.....	41
15	Backing Up and Restoring Data.....	42
15.1	Backup.....	42
15.2	Restore.....	43
16	Closing the Program.....	45
17	<b>USING THE WATERLOAD VERSION.....</b>	46
18	Recording a Study.....	46
18.1	Selecting a Patient.....	46
18.2	Entering Patient Demographics.....	47
18.3	Pre-study Information.....	48
18.4	Equipment Test.....	49
18.5	Baseline Recording.....	50
18.6	Water Load.....	50
18.7	Postwater Recording.....	51
18.8	Study Completed.....	52
18.8.1	Analyzing Baseline Period.....	53
18.8.2	Analyzing Post-water Periods.....	54
18.8.3	Diagnosis.....	54
18.8.4	Recommendations.....	55
18.8.5	Respiration Rate.....	55
19	Selecting an Existing Study.....	56
19.1	Re-analyzing the Study.....	57
19.2	Changing the Diagnosis.....	58
19.3	Changing the Recommendation.....	58
19.4	Changing the Pre-study Information.....	58
19.5	Amount of Water Ingested.....	58
20	RSA.....	58
21	Reports.....	58
21.1	Configuring.....	59
21.2	Facility Information.....	60
21.3	View/Printing.....	60
22	Patient Information.....	60
22.1	Demographics.....	61
22.2	Medications.....	62

22.3	Diagnostic History .....	63
23	Navigating the Baseline and Post-water Periods .....	64
24	Backing Up and Restoring Data .....	65
25	Closing the Program. ....	65

## 3CPM EGGSAS<sup>®</sup> Research - Waterload User Manual

### 1 Introduction and Overview

The 3CPM Company's Electrogastrogram (EGG) Machine is an EGG analysis system that records, stores, displays and prints the myoelectric signals from the stomach as an aid to diagnosis of various gastric motility disorders.

Optimum use of this device requires a basic familiarity with the published literature which describes typical EGG patterns commonly encountered in clinical practice with specific patient groups and related interpretative techniques. An appendix is provided at the end of this manual, however, which illustrates the data and printed displays produced by this device. The setting up of the equipment is described in the section on [equipment setup](#).

The filter characteristics of the amplifier allow those biological signals with approximate frequency ranges from 1 to 15 cycles per minute (cpm) to pass through for recording and digitization. Two channels of data are recorded during the session. One of these is the EGG signal itself; the other channel records respiratory rates. This respiratory recording channel is used to help identify artifact in the EGG signal caused by movement, deep breathing, etc.

The analog signals recorded from the EGG skin electrodes and the respiratory belt are amplified, filtered and fed into four cables. The cables are connected to a computer which has been equipped with an analog to digital (A/D) converter for digitization of the EGG signal.

The data file that is created during the A/D conversion of the EGG signal undergoes Fourier transform (FT), an analysis of the frequencies contained in the EGG signal and a running spectral analysis (RSA). A plot of the RSA and calculation of the percentage of power in selected frequency bands are reports produced by the EGG analysis system.

These EGG data are presented in four major frequency ranges:

- normal (2.5 to 3.75 cpm)
- bradygastria (1.0 - 2.5 cpm)
- tachygastria (3.75 - 10.0 cpm)
- duodenal-respiratory (10.0 - 15 cpm)

The data in these ranges are described in four ways:

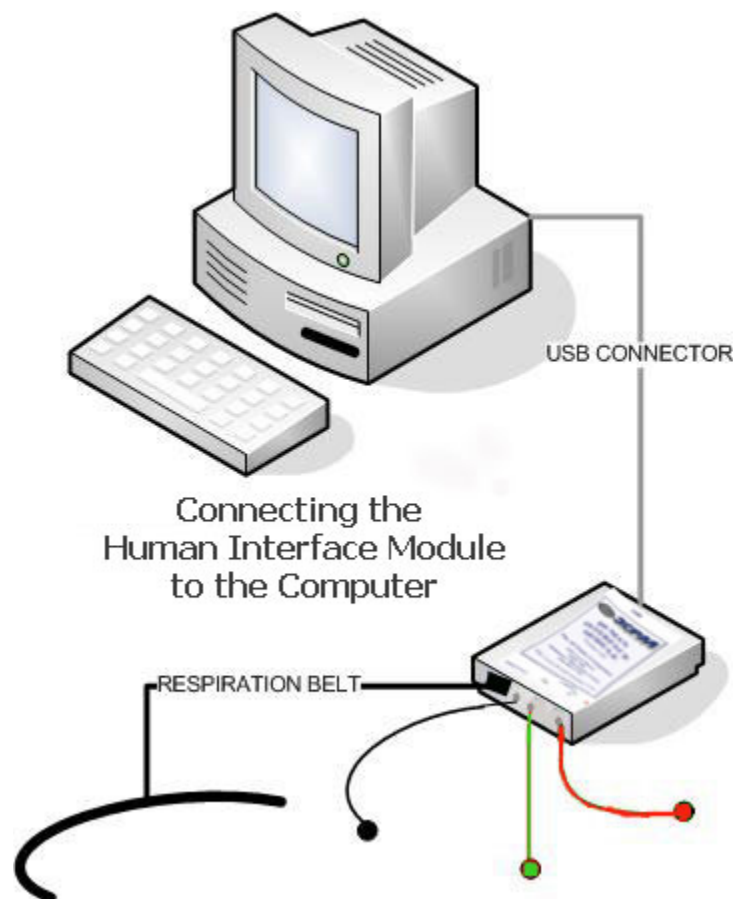
1. the raw power ( $\log \mu V^2$ )
2. the percentage distribution of the power in the specific ranges described above
3. the ratio of power based on postprandial to preprandial power
4. the RSA of the EGG recording presented in a pseudo-3-D format

As will be explained in more detail in the following sections, the basic technique for recording an electrogastrogram involves the following steps:

1. Proper placement of electrodes and adjustment of equipment.
2. Management of the patient, in a subdued environment, so as to minimize movement or other artifact causing events.
3. Recording of up to a one hour baseline (preprandial) period.
4. Administration of a stimulation medium test in which the patient drinks or ingests a stimulation medium as per individual protocol.
5. Completion of the session by recording up to an additional 3 hours of data following the ingestion of the stimulation medium (postprandial period)

## **2 Equipment Setup**

The Human Interface Device is powered by the USB connection to the computer. Refer to the diagram and follow the instructions below:



1. Connect the respiration belt to the Human Interface Module at the location marked, “Resp”
2. Connect each of the EGG lead wires to the Human Interface Module, according to the color of the lead wire and the port plug-in color designated on the label.
  - a. Red to red, green to green, and black to black
3. Connect the larger “U” shaped end of the USB Cable to the plug-in on the end of the Human Interface Module, marked “USB”.
4. Connect the other end of the USB Cable to the computer. USB 2.0 ports will read faster than the older ports. The system may give you this warning when you connect. It does not mean the module will not work. **NOTE: USB cable must be no longer than six feet in length.**

## 2.1 Human Interface Module

The Human Interface Module is the small device that interfaces the signals from the patient to the EGGSAS software.



**Human Interface Module**

This is an example of the Human Interface Device when properly connected.



**Connected Device**

### **2.1.1 Human Interface Module Indicator Light**

The module has an indicator light on the same side as the connections for the leads. This light displays that the device is being accessed by the program. Attaching the connectors to the patient and attaching the USB cable to the computer will not turn this light on. Starting a study does not immediately turn this light on. Only after you select the Begin Study button at the bottom of the [Pre Study Information](#) box does the indicator light appear.



**Indicator Light On – Begin Test**

### **2.1.2 When Indicator Light Is Flashing**

Once the recording of a study is ended and you have selected “Finish”, the light will begin to flash notifying you that it is no longer collecting data. It will remain flashing until disconnected. However, if you choose to move directly to a new study you can ignore the flashing light and it will turn to a solid light as soon as you select Begin Study on the [Pre Study Information](#) box. Also, because it is a USB device, it can be unplugged and plugged back in between studies with the program open.

## **2.2 General**

The subject should consume 4 ounces of apple juice and one piece of dry toast two hours prior to the start of the EGG recording session. The subject must then fast for the two hours immediately preceding the session.

If consistent with patient well being, drugs which produce myoelectrical or contractile activity (*e.g.*, narcotics, prokinetic agents) should be discontinued for 48 hours prior to the recording. The patient’s own physician must determine whether this interruption in drug therapy is appropriate.

The following practical points will help to ensure a quality EGG recording

1. Record the EGG in a quiet room with subdued light
2. Avoid all loud noises or distracting voices
3. Position the patient in a comfortable chair or recliner.
4. Instruct the subject to keep arms and legs still and to avoid, in particular, any quick body movements.
5. Talking should be avoided during the recording.

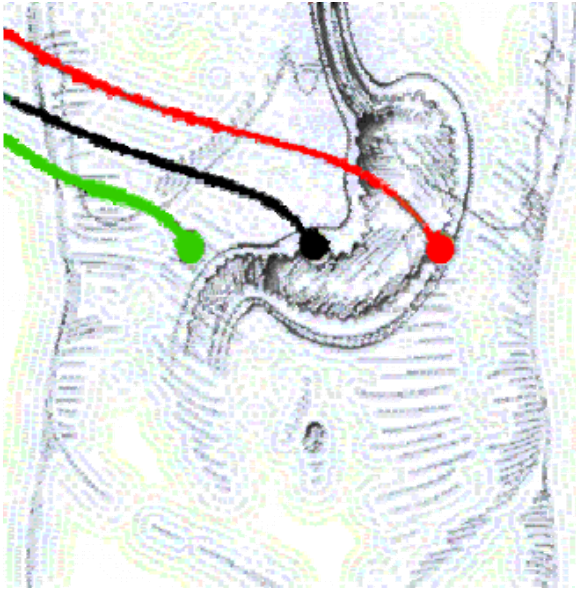
## **3 Preparation for Recording**

**NOTE: THE FOLLOWING SECTION APPLIES TO BOTH VERSIONS OF THE PROGRAM**



### 3.1 Preparing the Patient

1. Prepare to position the EGG electrodes as shown.



- a) The **RED EGG** lead wire and electrode is positioned in the mid-clavicular line (left side) approximately two inches below the left costochondral margin.
- b) The **BLACK EGG** lead wire and electrode is positioned at the midpoint between the xiphoid and umbilicus.
- c) The **GREEN EGG** lead wire and electrode is positioned in the mid-clavicular line on the right side, two inches below the right costochondral margin. The **GREEN EGG** lead is the reference or "ground" electrode.

2. Preparing the skin

- a) Shave off abdominal hair that is present in these locations for electrodes 1, 2, and 3.
- b) Gently abrade the skin in the areas of these electrode positions using a "Buff-Puff" or a coarse cloth.

3. Positioning the electrodes on the skin:

- a) Connect the color-coded EGG lead wires to the Human Interface Module, by matching the lead wire color to the corresponding color-coded plug-in as designated on the Module label.
- b) Attach the pre-jelled electrodes to the snap-on ends of the EGG lead wires.
- c) Remove the plastic covers from the adhesive side of the electrode, and place on the skin according to the instructions in #1 above.

4. Positioning and connecting the belt for recording respiration rate:

- With the subject in a sitting position, attach the belt across the upper chest with belt placed under the arm pits and the entire belt pulled snugly.

5. Recording of EGG and respiratory signals:

- Once the EGG and respiratory signals are stable, the baseline (pre-prandial) EGG recording period can begin.

## 4 Program Operation

The 3CPM EGG SAS<sup>®</sup> program allows you to perform the following operations:

- Record a new study for either a new patient or open a prior study.
- Analyze the study to arrive at a diagnosis.
- Create and print reports for a study.

## 5 Choosing the Version During Startup

You must start the program before selecting a version

### 5.1 Starting the Program

The program may be started in one of 2 ways:

- Double click on the desktop icon for the 3CPM EGG SAS<sup>®</sup> program, **EGG SAS**.
- Select the *Start* button, then *All Programs*, select *3CPM Company*, and then *3CPM EGG SAS*.

Once the program is started, the main screen is displayed:

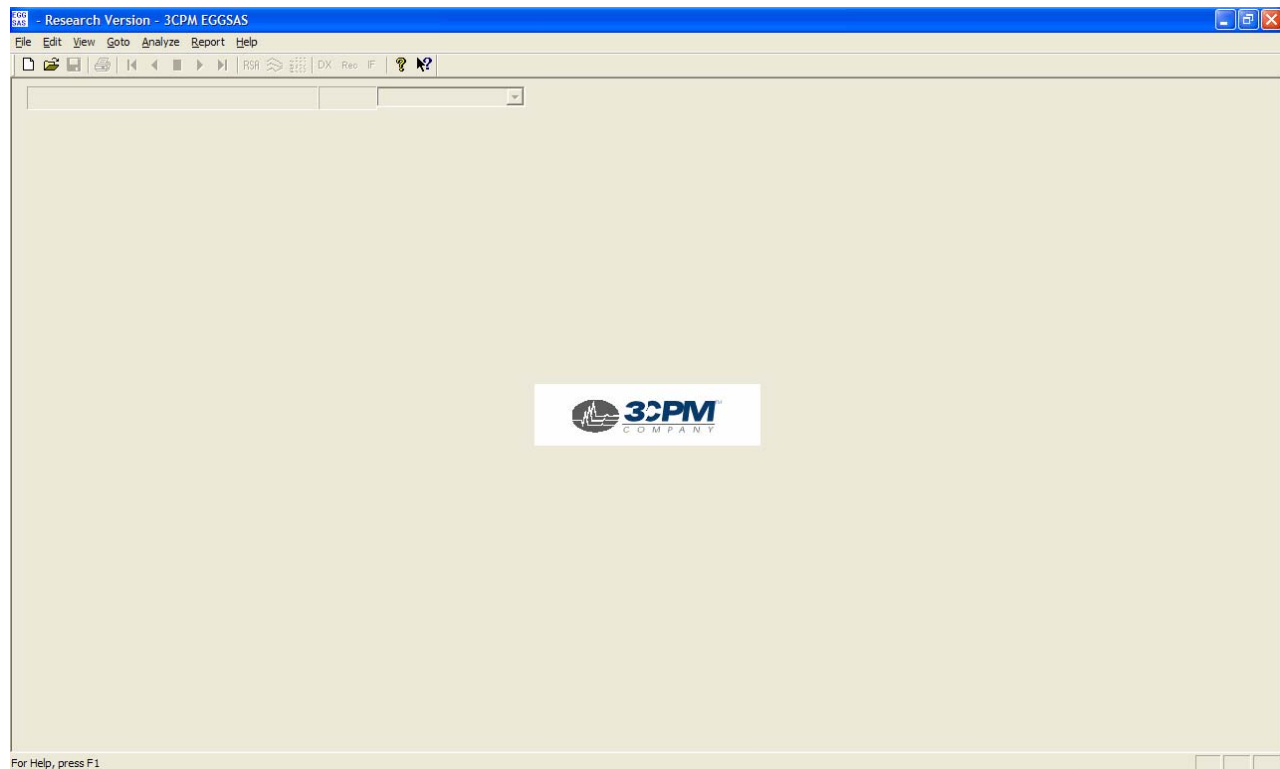



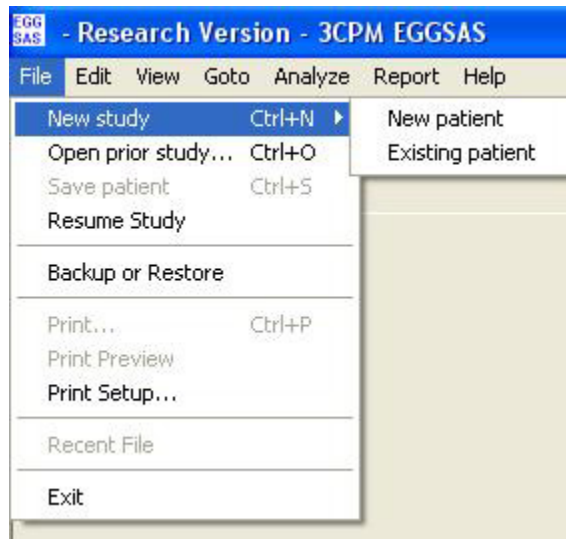
Figure: Opening Screen

## 5.2 Selecting a Patient to Choose Which Version

You may choose to record a study for a new patient or record another study for an existing patient.

You may elect to start a study for a new patient in one of two ways:

- Select the icon for a new file,  from the toolbar just under the top menu.
- Select **File** from the top menu, then select **New Study**, and then select **New Patient**.

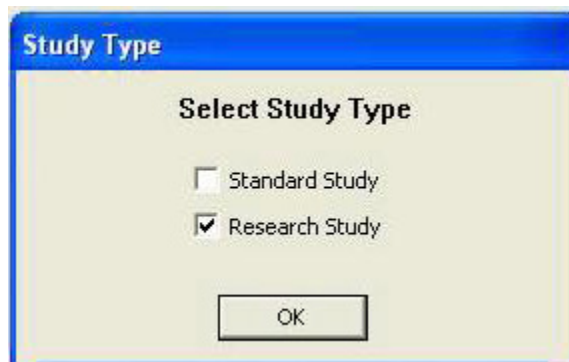


You may elect to start a new study for an existing patient as follows:

- Select **File** from the top menu, then select **New Study**, and then select **Existing Patient**.

## 6 Selecting Which Version

When you select “File” + “New Study”, and choose either option, the following selection box will appear:



This is when you select the type of study you wish to record.

## 7 USING THE RESEARCH VERSION


### 8 Recording a Study

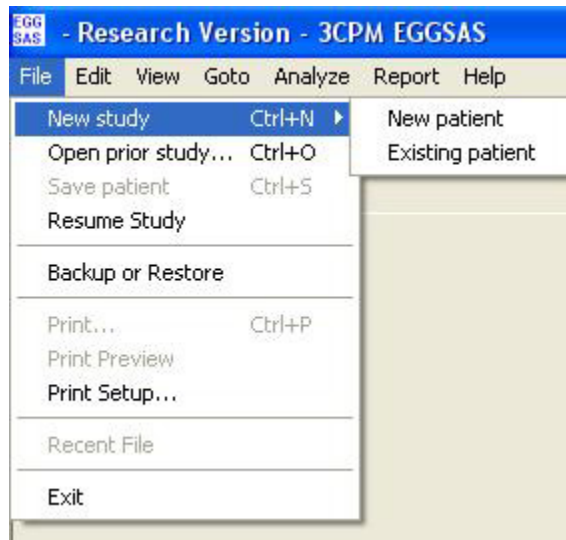
The program guides the user through the entire EGG recording process. The EGG recording process follows the steps listed below in the order listed.

#### 8.1 Selecting a Patient

You may choose to record a study for a new patient or record another study for an existing patient.

You may elect to start a study for a new patient in one of two ways:

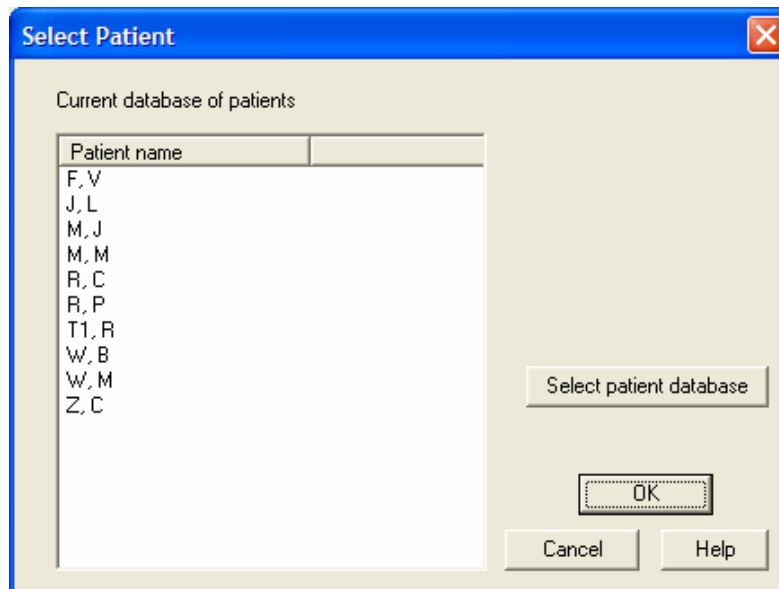
- Select the icon for a new file,  from the toolbar just under the top menu.
- Select **File** from the top menu, then select **New Study**, and then select **New Patient**.



You may elect to start a new study for an existing patient as follows:

- Select **File** from the top menu, then select **New Study**, and then select **Existing Patient**.

- Then a screen is displayed that allows you to select the patient for the study.



**Figure: Select Patient for Study**

You select the patient in one of two ways:

- Double click on the patient name.
- Single click on the patient name and then select **OK**.

*Cancel* stops the study.

Once you have started a study, the [demographics screen is displayed](#) allowing you to enter (or change) the patient demographics.

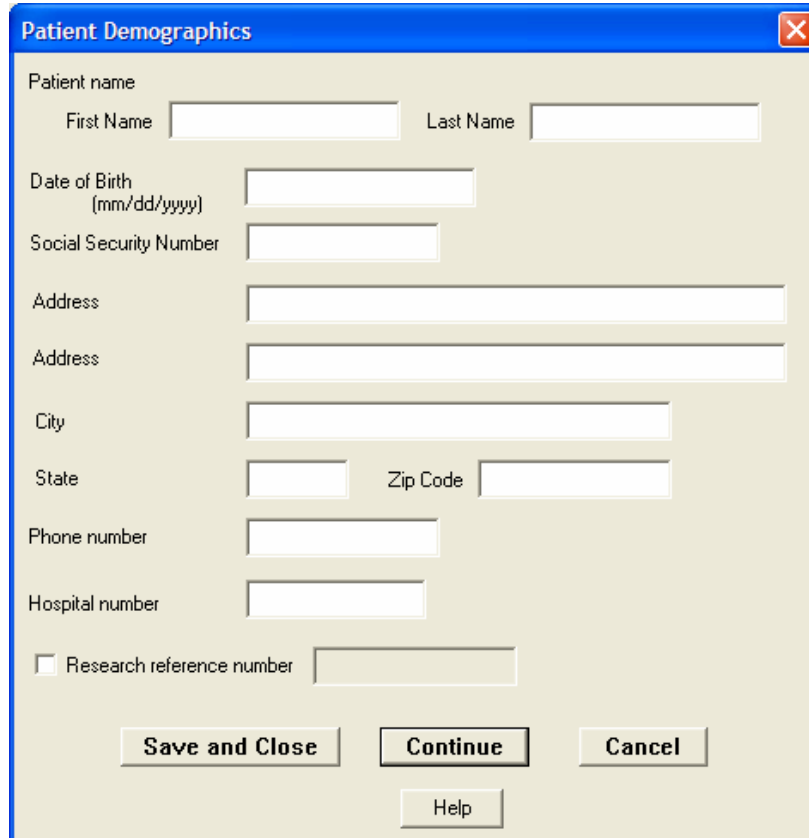
## **8.2 Resuming a Study**

You may resume a study that has been previously paused as follows:

- Select **File** from the top menu, then selecting **Resume Study**.
- Then the same screen used in [Selecting a Patient](#) for a study is displayed that allows you to select the patient whose study is to be resumed. This screen only shows those patients whose study has been paused (see [Baseline Recording](#)).
- Once you select a patient, you will automatically be positioned to start the study (see [Post Stimulation Recording](#))

### 8.3 Entering Patient Demographics

Patient demographics are entered through the following screen.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Patient Demographics" with a blue title bar and a close button (X) in the top right corner. The form is light beige and contains the following fields and controls:

- Patient name:** Two text boxes labeled "First Name" and "Last Name".
- Date of Birth:** A text box with the format "(mm/dd/yyyy)".
- Social Security Number:** A text box.
- Address:** Two stacked text boxes.
- City:** A text box.
- State:** A text box.
- Zip Code:** A text box.
- Phone number:** A text box.
- Hospital number:** A text box.
- Research reference number:** A checkbox labeled "Research reference number" followed by a text box.

At the bottom of the form are four buttons: "Save and Close", "Continue", "Cancel", and "Help".

**Figure: Patient Demographics**

In order to *Continue* the study, either a patient's first and last name or a research reference number is needed.

To enter a name, just type the first and last names in the appropriate field.

To enter a research reference number, click on box to the left of the ***Research reference number***. This enables the field to the right, and places the cursor in that field so that it is ready to accept keyboard input. Then type in the number. **NOTE** - If you use a reference number the program views it as a blind study and will blank out the patient's name. The name is still saved in the database, but will not be visible until the check box next to the ***Research reference number*** is unchecked again. Any time that the ***Research reference number*** box is checked, only the ***Research reference number*** will print on reports.

Once the demographics have been entered, click on *Continue* to continue with the study. If you don't want to enter all the demographics at this time, they may be entered later (see the section on [patient demographics](#)).

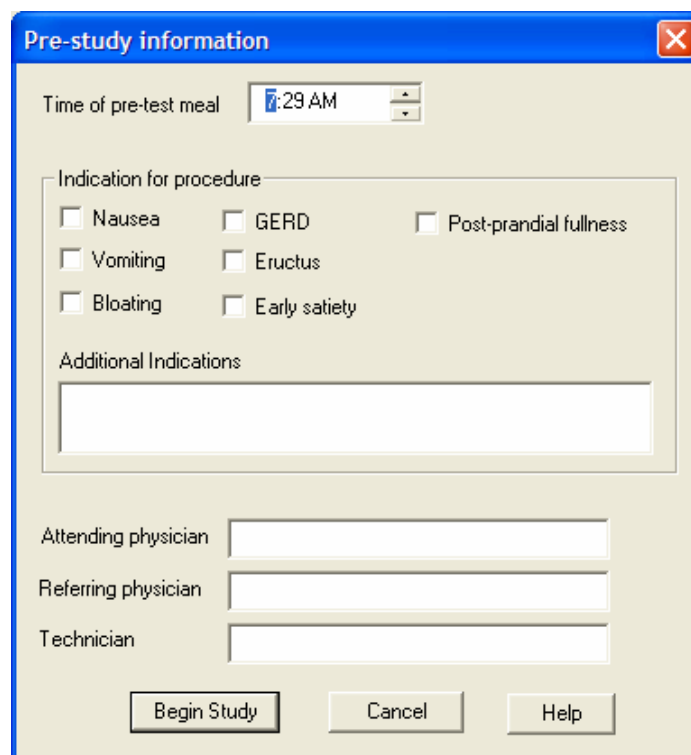
**Cancel** stops the study without saving any information.

**Save and Close** saves the patient demographics and ends the study. The patient won't be available if you try to select a patient study as there is no study yet. However, if at a later date, you start a study again with this patient, the program allows you to use the previously entered patient demographics.

When **Continue** is selected, you may then enter pre-study information.

## 8.4 Pre-study Information

Pre-study information is entered through the following screen.



**Figure: Pre-study Information**

The time of the pre-test meal is entered as follows:

- Highlight the hours and either click on the up and down arrows to change the hours or type in the hours. If you use the up and down arrows the AM/PM will automatically change when appropriate.
- Press the Right Arrow key to highlight the minutes and either click on the up and down arrows to change the minutes or type in the minutes.
- Press the Right Arrow key to highlight the AM/PM and either click on the up and down arrows to change the AM/PM or type in the AM/PM.

Select any of the *Indication for procedure* items that apply and/or enter any *Additional Indications*.

Enter the *Attending physician*, the *Referring physician*, and the *Technician* actually performing the study.

This screen does not have to be filled in now. It may be filled in later by selecting *Edit* from the top menu, then selecting *Pre-study Information*.

Select *Cancel* to stop the study.

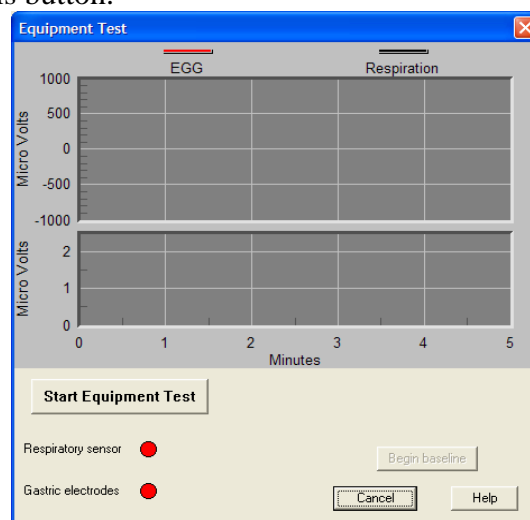
When you select *Begin Study*, the screen for running the equipment test is displayed.

## 8.5 Equipment Test

This section of the study makes sure that the signals (EGG and Respiration) are stable. Both signals must be stable for 2 minutes. The initial screen, shown below, shows the Respiratory sensor and Gastric electrodes in large red dots. When these turn green, the system is ready to start the baseline.

The EGG signal, shown in red is in the top graph. The Respiration signal, shown in black is in the bottom graph.

To start the equipment test, select the *Start Equipment Test* button. When both the Respiratory sensor and the Gastric electrodes turn green, the *Begin Baseline* button gets enabled. Then to start the Baseline, select this button.



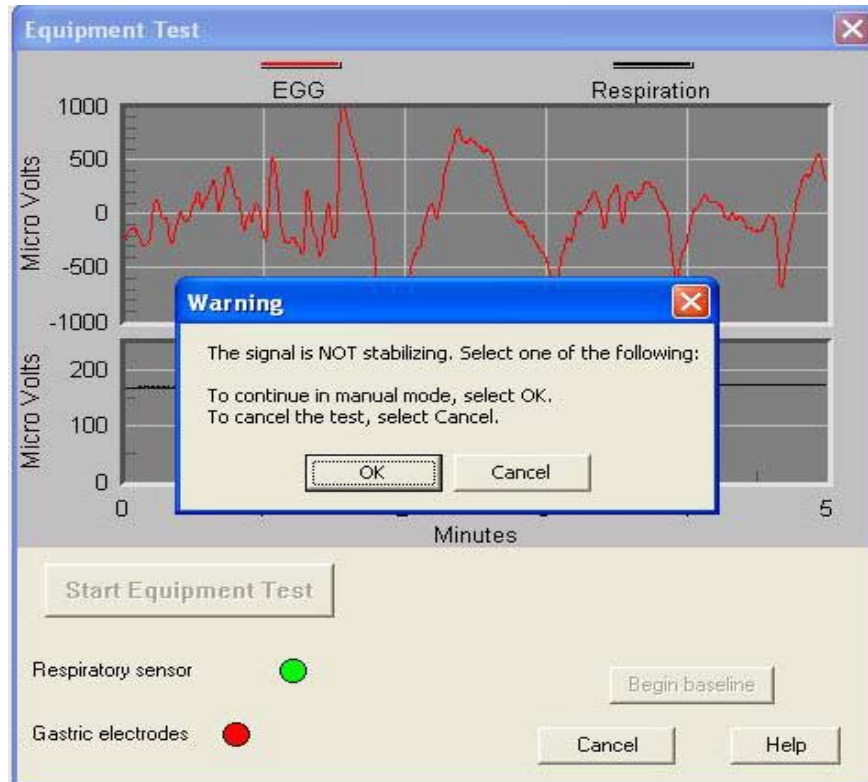
**Equipment Test**

Select *Cancel* to stop the study.



### 8.5.1 Equipment Test Failure/Error

After a given period of time, if the signals do not stabilize, you will see the following warning:

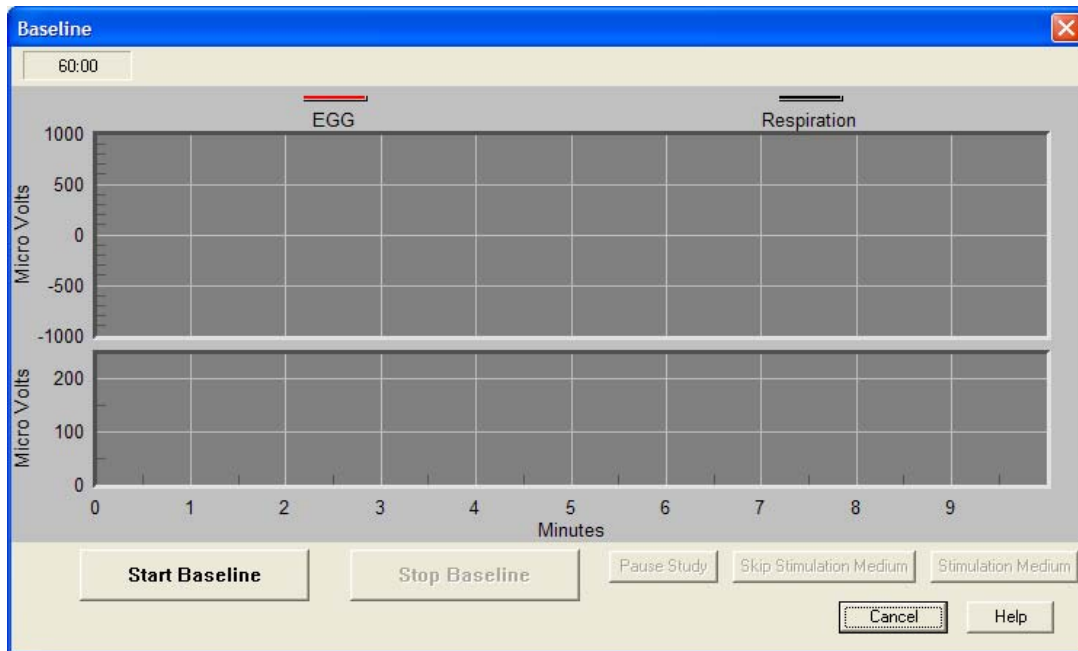


**Signal Not Stabilized**

If you select to continue in manual mode it is likely that you will not be able to analyze the data. It is recommended that you cancel the test, check the proper attachment of connections both to the device and the patient, then restart the test.

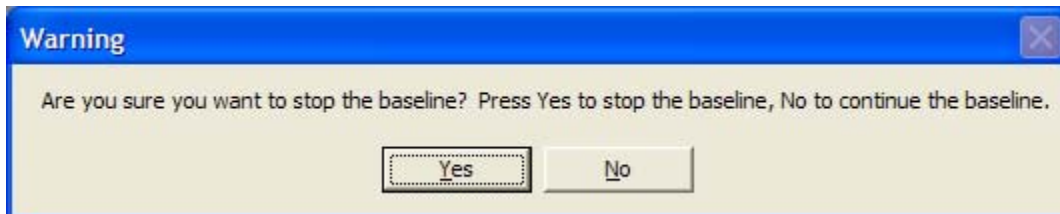
### 8.6 Baseline Recording

Select the *Start Baseline* button (see screen below) to start the baseline part of the study. The baseline may last for up to 1 hour. Once there are enough minutes to analyze (4 minutes) the baseline may be stopped. The count down clock in the upper left corner of the screen shows the time remaining in the baseline period.



**Figure: Baseline**

When you select **Stop Baseline** to stop the baseline, the following warning is displayed. Select **Yes** to stop the baseline and **No** to continue with the baseline. The baseline will continue to be recorded until either **Yes** or **No** is selected.



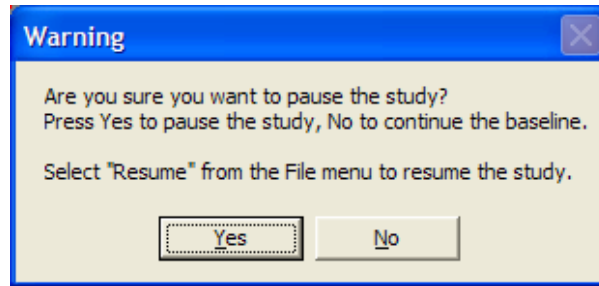
If you select **Cancel**, it will stop the study.

## **8.7 Post Baseline Options**

At the end of the baseline, there are 3 options:

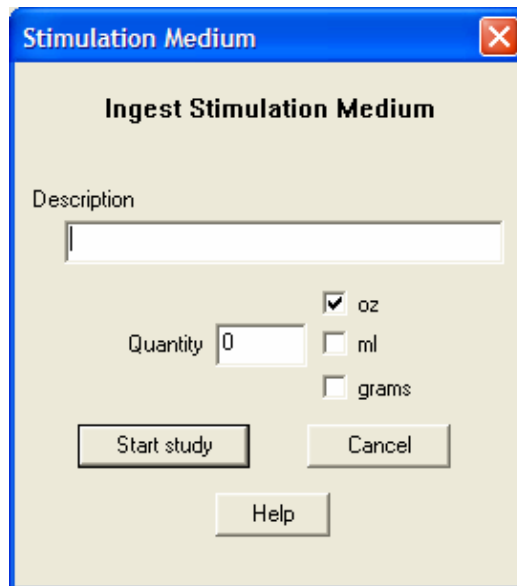
1. Select **Pause Study** to pause the study. The following warning screen is displayed. Select **Yes** to pause the study and **No** to continue with the study. It can then be resumed later ([Resuming a Study](#)).

- a. This feature is only used in the event that following the baseline recording, it is necessary to pause the study in order to allow for patient repositioning.



2. Select **Skip Stimulation Medium** if there will be no stimulation medium given to the patient prior to beginning the study. The program will take you immediately to [Post Stimulation Recording](#), where you may begin the study.
3. Select **Stimulation Medium** to give the patient some stimulation.

During this part of the study, the patient ingests some stimulation medium. When the patient is finished, enter the description of the stimulation medium, the quantity, and units in the screen shown below.

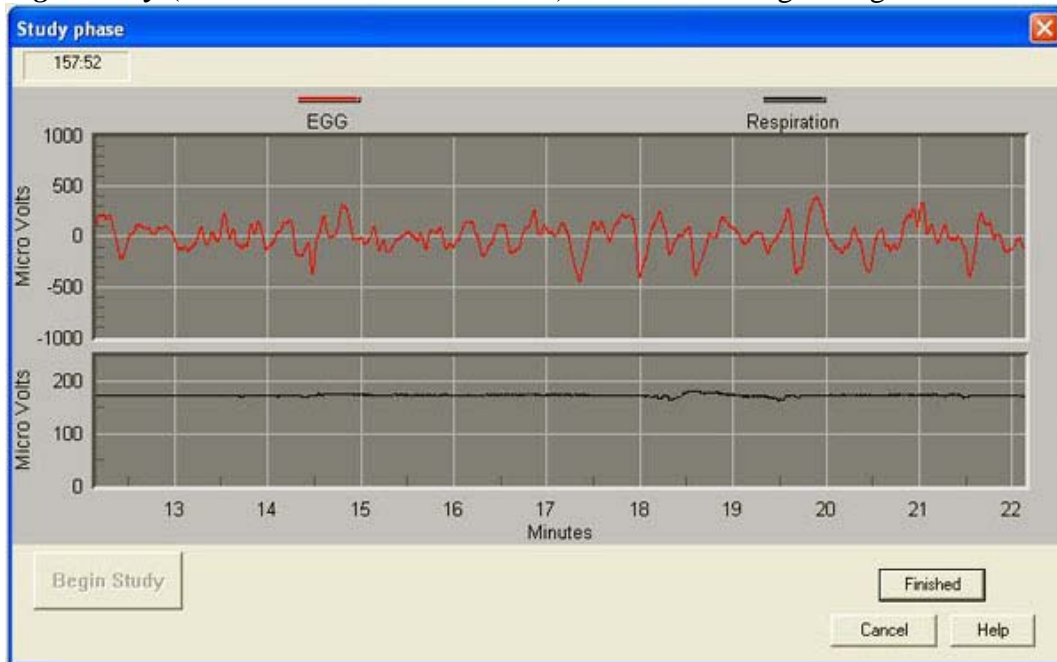


**Figure: Stimulation Medium**

Select **Start study** to begin recording the signals.  
Select **Cancel** to stop the study. You will be asked if you are sure you want to cancel the study.

## 8.8 Post Stimulation Recording

Select **Begin Study** (from the screen shown below) to start recording the signals.

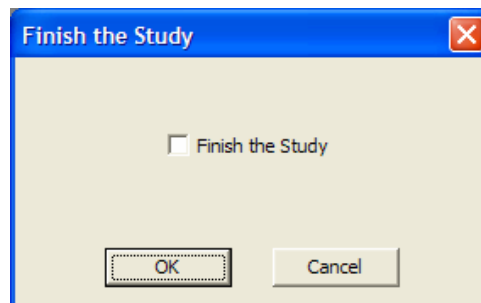


**Figure: Study Phase**

This lasts for up to 3 hours. The count down clock in the upper left corner of the screen shows the time remaining in the study period.

If you select **Cancel**, it will stop the study without saving the data and all information will be lost.

When you are finished with the study, select **Finished** to complete the study. The following screen is displayed. While this screen is displayed, the study will continue.



**Figure: Finish Study**

If you have checked **Finish the Study** and selected **OK** the study will stop.

If you have not checked **Finish the Study** or selected **Cancel**, the study will continue.

## 8.9 Recording Events During Study

Events are such things as coughing, movement, nausea, etc. Events can be marked during both the baseline and post-stimulation periods. To mark an event, move the mouse cursor over the desired place on the EGG trace (the cursor will change shape to a pointer finger) and click the left mouse button. The following screen is displayed.




Figure – Event Recorder

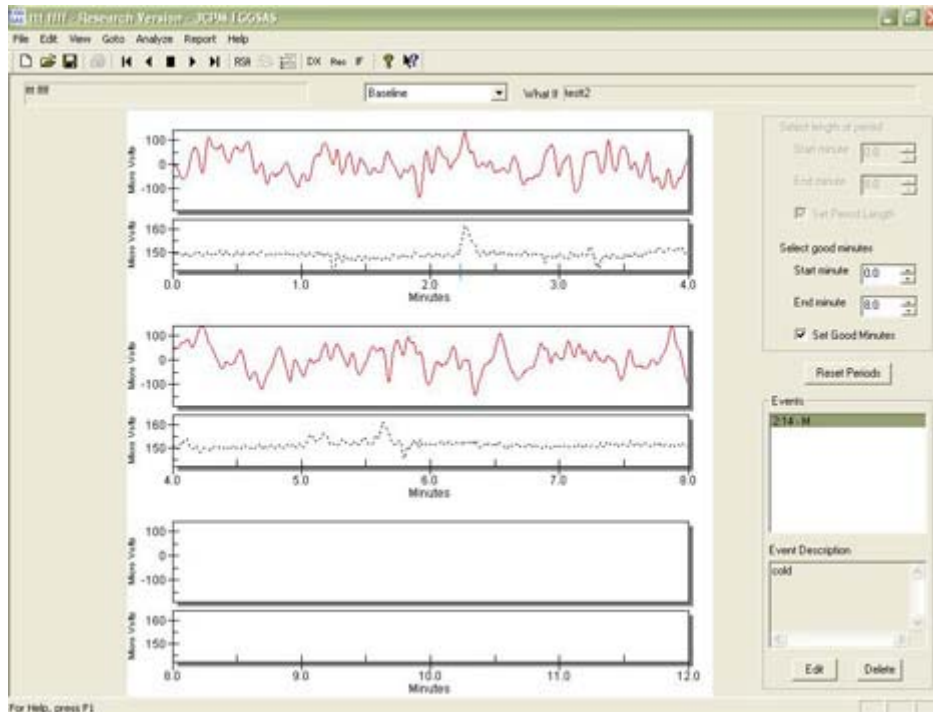
Check the event or events that occurred. You may also enter a description in the *Description* box. Select *OK* to record the event or *Cancel* to cancel the event. Events are displayed as a blue line along the axis of the graph of the data for the time period they are recorded in. Depending on the reason for the event, these markers can help with the selection of good minutes during analysis.

During the recording of an event, the system is still recording the signal.

## 8.10 Study Completed

Once the study is complete, it is generally a good idea to save it immediately. To save the study, click on the icon for saving a file, . You can also select *File* from the top menu and then select *Save Patient*.

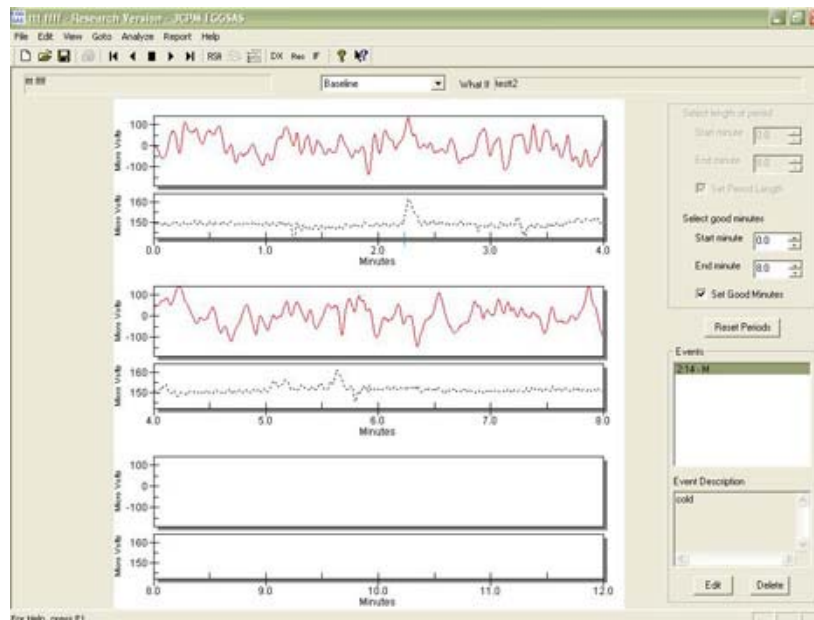
When the study is complete, the raw EGG and respiration signals are displayed for the baseline period. Any events that have been marked are also displayed.



**Figure: Main Screen – Data Signal**

Events may also be added at this time. Follow the same procedure as in recording events during the study, [Events](#).


### 8.10.1 Analyzing Baseline Period



**The length of the baseline period is fixed.**

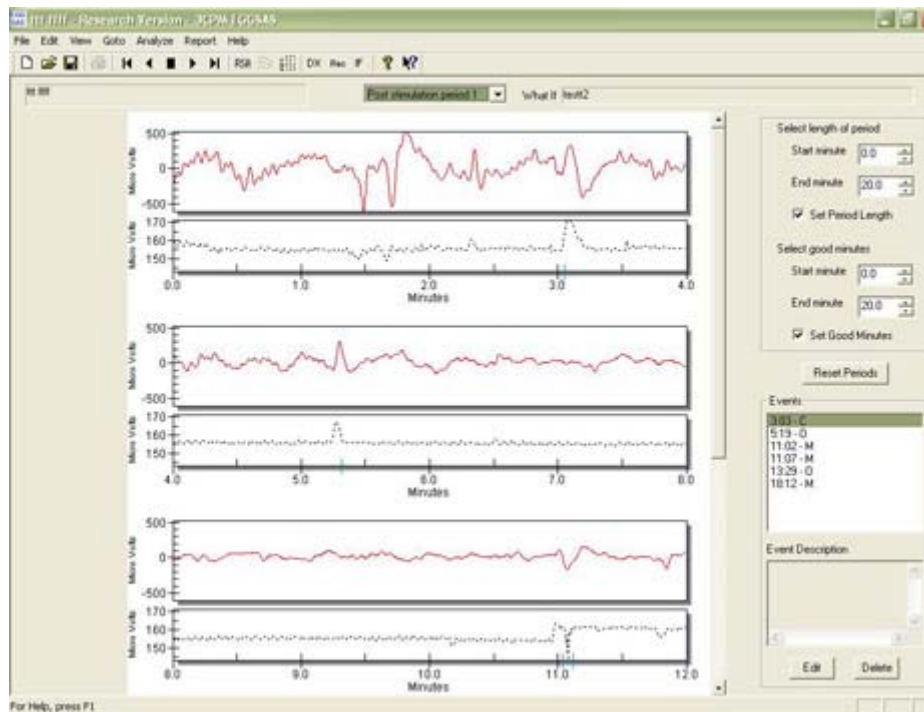
Select the start and end of the good minutes by setting the *Start minute* and *End minute* and then check *Set Good Minutes* check box.

Now you can go to the post baseline period, which is after the patient ingested the stimulation medium. You can do this by using one of the 4 following methods.

- Select the go to next period icon,  at the top of the screen.
- Select *Goto* from the top menu and then select *Next period*.
- Select the *Analyze* from the top menu and then select *Post stimulation period 1*. While in this menu item (if you have completed analyzing the baseline period), you will notice that there is a check mark next to the *Baseline period* menu item. This indicates that the baseline period has been analyzed.
- Open the pull-down list at the top of the screen and select *Post stimulation period 1*.

## 8.10.2 Analyzing Post stimulation Periods

The post stimulations periods are displayed as follows.



Select the length of the initial period for analysis, by setting the *Start minute* and *End minute*. Notice that, prior to selecting the initial period; the first post stimulation period includes all the minutes of the study. When you select the length of the period, the remaining minutes (after the last minute in the period) create the second post stimulation period. Check the *Set Period Length* check box to set the length of the period.

Select the good minutes within the period just created by setting the *Start minute* and *End minute* and then check *Set Good Minutes* check box.

This same procedure is used for selecting the period length and the good minutes to analyze for any more post stimulation periods you wish to add.

#### **8.10.2.1.1 Creating Periods**

The program automatically creates one period after the baseline. At this point the period “*Post Stimulation Period 1*” is not set as an actual period capable of analysis. It is simply the record of the entire post stimulation period.

The rules for creating each period are:

- The previous period must have been created by selecting the start and end minute for that period and from those minutes a start and end minute must be selected from the minutes in that specific period.
- There must be at least 4 minutes available for analysis between the current period and the previous period or baseline.
- The current period must be analyzed.
- There cannot be more than 46 periods (including the baseline).
- A period cannot be inserted before the baseline.

The act of creating a period by setting the length and good minutes creates the next period automatically. That next period will contain all the remaining minutes of the recording.

#### **8.10.2.1.2 Deleting a period**

The program measures reactions over linear time. Therefore you can not delete a period. You may reassign the minutes to create fewer periods where the minutes are distributed differently. The most effective way to accomplish this is to use the “Reset Periods” button, allowing you to start over. However, it is possible to reassign period and good minute lengths using the Set Minutes toolbox on the right. **\*\*NOTE:** If you had an initial reason to set periods and then discovered that a different set of periods may lead to a different conclusion, using the “[What If](#)” option is the recommended method.

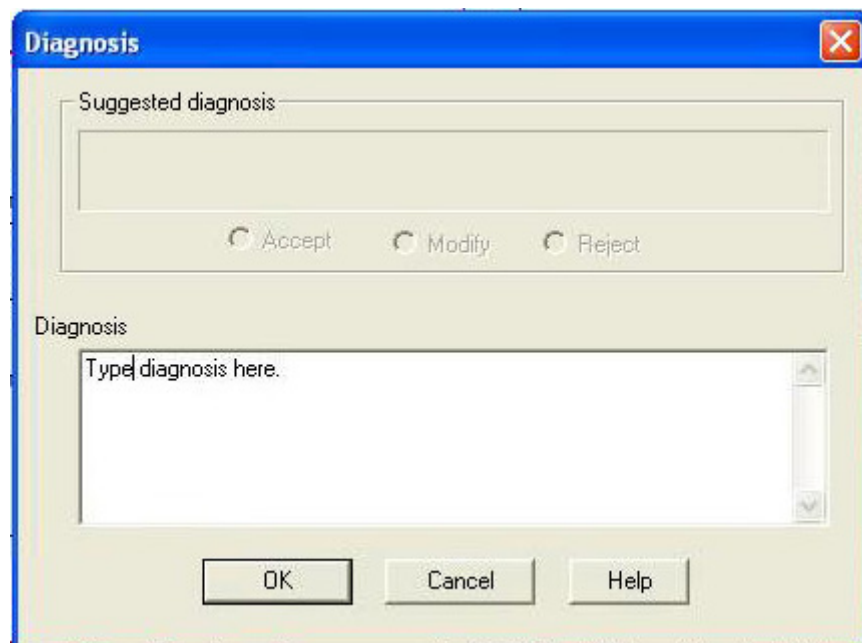


### 8.10.3 Diagnosis

Once all the periods (baseline and post stimulation periods) have been analyzed, you may enter your own diagnosis. In this Research Version, the program will only allow free text entry of a diagnosis. You can display the Diagnosis screen by using one of the following methods.

- Select the recommendation icon, **DX** from the top of the screen.
- Select **Edit** from the top menu and then select **Diagnosis**.

The following screen is displayed.



**Figure: Diagnosis**

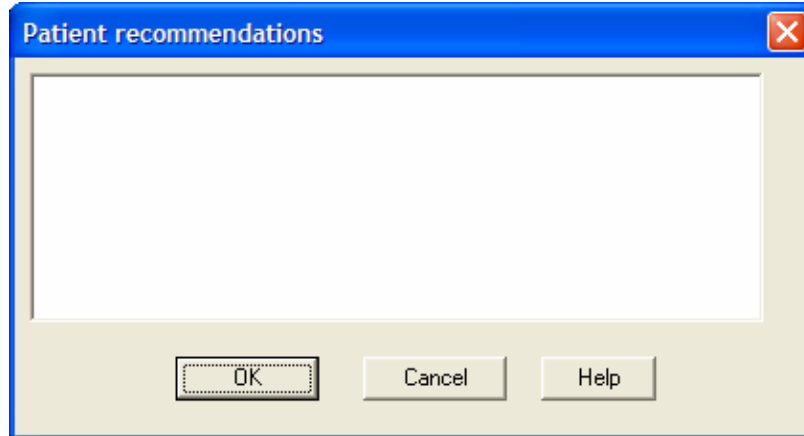
When you are finished writing a diagnosis, select **OK** to cause the program to accept the diagnosis.

### 8.10.4 Recommendations

Once a diagnosis has been entered, you will be able to enter recommendations. You can display the recommendation screen by using one of the following methods.

- Select the recommendation icon, **Rec** from the top of the screen.
- Select **Edit** from the top menu and then select **Recommendations**.

The following screen is displayed.

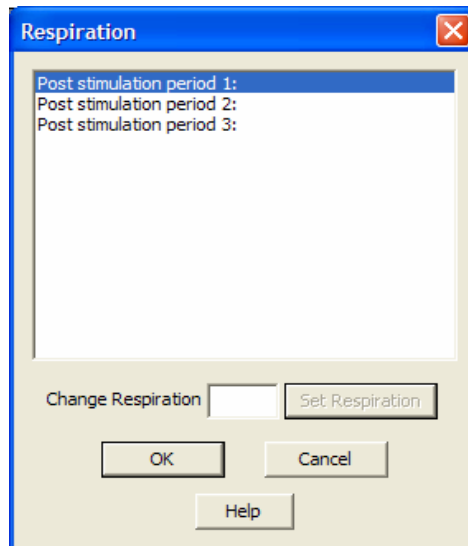


**Figure: Patient Recommendations**

Enter your recommendations and select **OK** to cause the program to accept the recommendations.

### 8.10.5 Respiration Rate

You can either enter the respiratory rates or modify them using this screen. You can display the screen using the following method



**Figure: Edit Respiration Rate**


- Select **Edit** from the top menu and then select **Respiration**.

Select the period in the list by clicking the left button of the mouse. Then enter the respiration rate in the **Change Respiration** field. Finally to record the respiration rate, select the **Set Respiration** button.

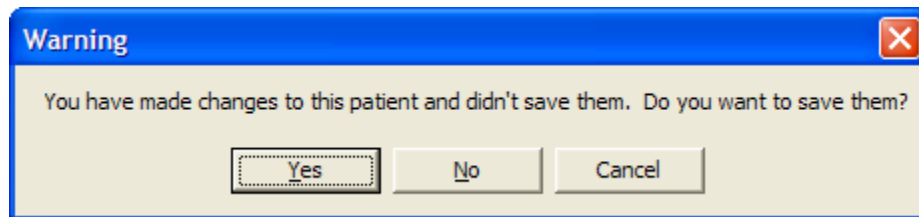
Select **OK** to cause the system to accept the rates.

## 9 Opening a Prior Study

To select a prior study, first display a list of patients and their studies by using one of the following 2 methods.

- Select the icon to open an existing file, .
- Select **File** from the top menu and then select **Open Prior Study**.

If there is currently a study open, and you attempt to open another existing study, and have made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the following warning screen is displayed.

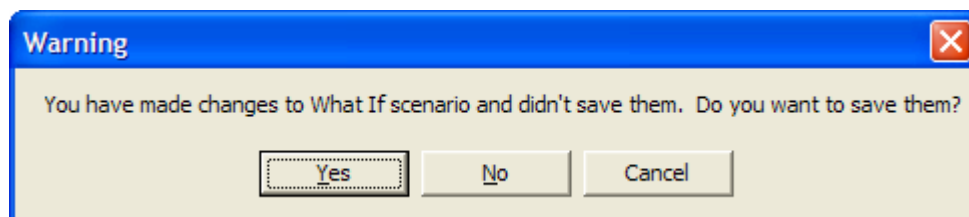


**Figure: Warning – Save Patient**

You have the following choices:

- **Yes**  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study and then display the list of patients and studies.
- **No**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are discarded and then the list of patients and studies are displayed.
- **Cancel**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are not saved and the list of patients and studies is not displayed. The program keeps the current patient and study.

If the current study which you are working on is a What If scenario, and you attempt to open another existing study, and have made changes to the current What If scenario (see [What If](#)) and have not saved them, the following warning screen is displayed.

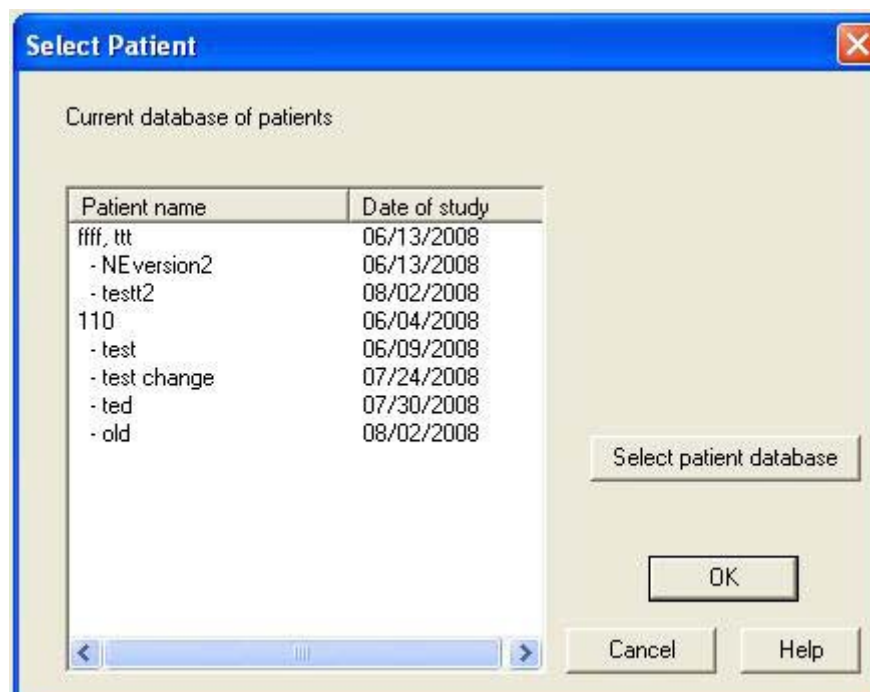


**Figure: Warning – Save What If**

You have the following choices:

- **Yes**  
Save the changes to the What If scenario and then display the list of patients and studies.
- **No**  
The changes to the What If scenario are discarded and then the list of patients and studies are displayed.
- **Cancel**  
The changes to the What If scenario are not saved and the list of patients and studies is not displayed. The program keeps the current patient and study.

The list of patients and the studies performed on them is displayed in the following screen.



**Figure: Select Patient – Open Prior Study**

You will notice that the Select Patient Screen now contains both the prior studies and any what if scenarios which are those studies under the main study that are indented and preceded by a dash (-).

If research reference numbers are being used, the reference number replaces the patient name.

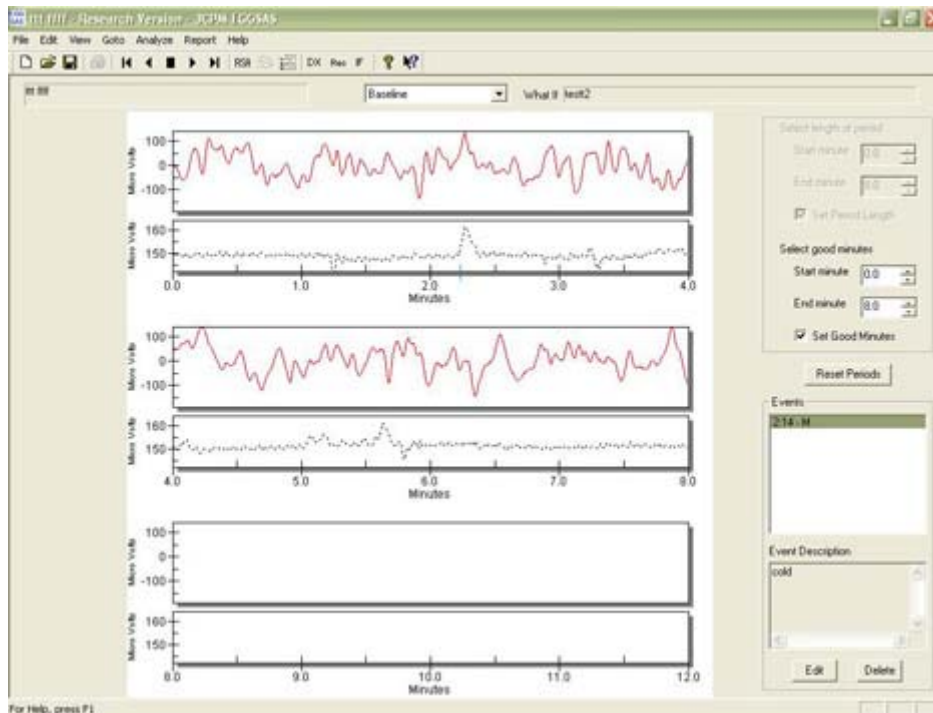
Select a patient and a study in one of the following 2 methods.

- Double click on the patient name (not the date of study).
- Single click on the patient name and then click **OK**.

## 9.1 Re-analyzing the Study

### 9.1.1 Changing the Baseline

The first screen displayed, after selecting a patient and study, is the raw signals in the baseline period.



**Figure: Main Screen – Re-Analyze Baseline**

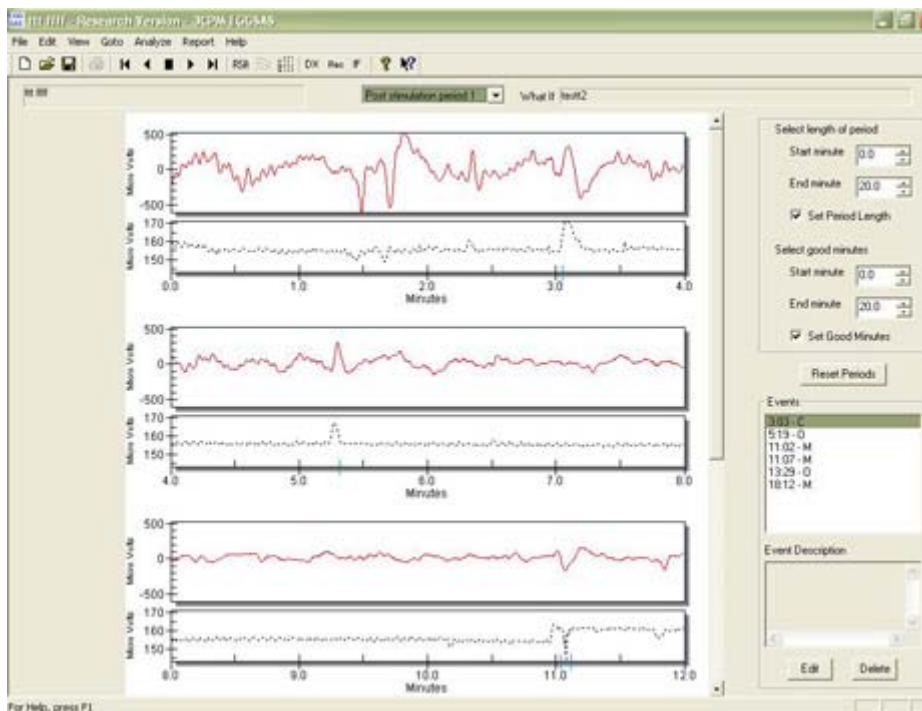
Notice that the good minutes are already selected. These are the minutes that were selected when the study was previously analyzed.

You may change the selected minutes by changing either the *Start minute* or *End minute*. Notice that the *Set Good Minutes* becomes unchecked. You must check it again to accept the new good minutes. (See [Analyzing Base Period](#)).

*WARNING – Changing the baseline minutes will erase all selected minutes or subsequent post stimulation periods. The What If scenario option should be used to perform reanalysis if you would like to preserve the original analysis.*

## 9.1.2 Change a Post Stimulation Period

A post stimulation period is displayed as shown in the following screen.



**Figure: Main Screen – Re-Analyze Post Stimulation Period**

Notice that the period length and good minutes are already selected. These are the period length and minutes that were selected when the study was previously analyzed.

You may change the period length by changing either the *Start minute* or *End minute*. Notice that the *Set Period Length* becomes unchecked. You must check it again to accept the new period length. Also notice that the *Set Good Minutes* has become unchecked. See [Analyzing Post stimulation Periods](#) for additional information.

You may change the selected minutes by changing either the *Start minute* or *End minute*. Notice that the *Set Good Minutes* becomes unchecked. You must check it again to accept the new good minutes. (See [Analyzing Base Period](#)).

*WARNING - Changing the post stimulation periods or minutes will erase all prior selected minutes or subsequent post stimulation periods, if the newly selected periods or minutes are saved. The What If scenario option should be used to perform reanalysis if you would like to preserve the original analysis information. Use the Reset Periods Button and then set the proper periods you wanted*

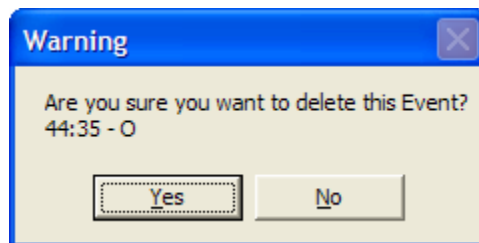
### 9.1.3 Changing Events

The events for the current period may be changed using the *Events* area in the lower right corner of the screen.

Select an event from the list. The description is displayed below it.

Select *Edit* to change the event. You may change the event in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Events](#). You cannot change the time of the event.

Select *Delete* to delete the event. The following warning is displayed.



Select *Yes* to delete the event and *No* to if you don't want to delete the event.

### 9.1.4 Adding Events

New event may be added in the same manner as described during recording a study (see [Events](#)).

## 9.2 Changing the Diagnosis

Select *Edit* from the top menu, and then select *Suggested diagnosis*. This displays a window that allows you to change the diagnosis in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Diagnosis](#)

If you have previously entered a diagnosis, you may also change it by selecting *Edit* from the top menu and then selecting *Suggested diagnosis*.

## 9.3 Changing the Recommendation

Select *Edit* from the top menu, and then select *Recommendations*. This displays a window that allows you to change the recommendations in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Recommendations](#).

## 9.4 Changing the Pre-study Information

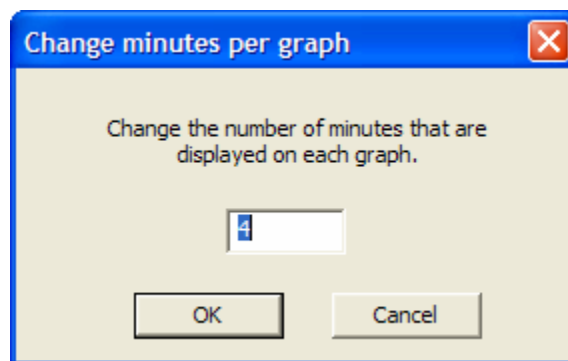
Select *Edit* from the top menu, and then select *Pre-Study Information*. This displays a window that allows you to change the pre-study information in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Pre-study Information](#).

## 9.5 Stimulation medium

Select *Edit* from the top menu, and then select *Stimulation medium and quantity*. This displays a window that allows you to change the stimulation medium in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Stimulation Medium](#).

## 9.6 Change number of minutes per graph

The number of minutes, *as they are viewed*, per graph is initially set to 4 minutes. This may be changed by selecting *View* from the top menu and then selecting *Change number of minutes per graph*. The following window is displayed.



**Figure: Change number of minutes per graph**

Enter the number of minutes you want to see displayed on each graph and then select *OK* to save the number of minutes per graph. The graphs will change according to the number of minute entered.



## 10 What If Scenario Option

This option allows the user to perform reanalysis of a prior analyzed study, while keeping the original study data analysis intact. There is no limit to the number of What If analyses that can be performed based on an original study. You can also use the **IF** symbol.

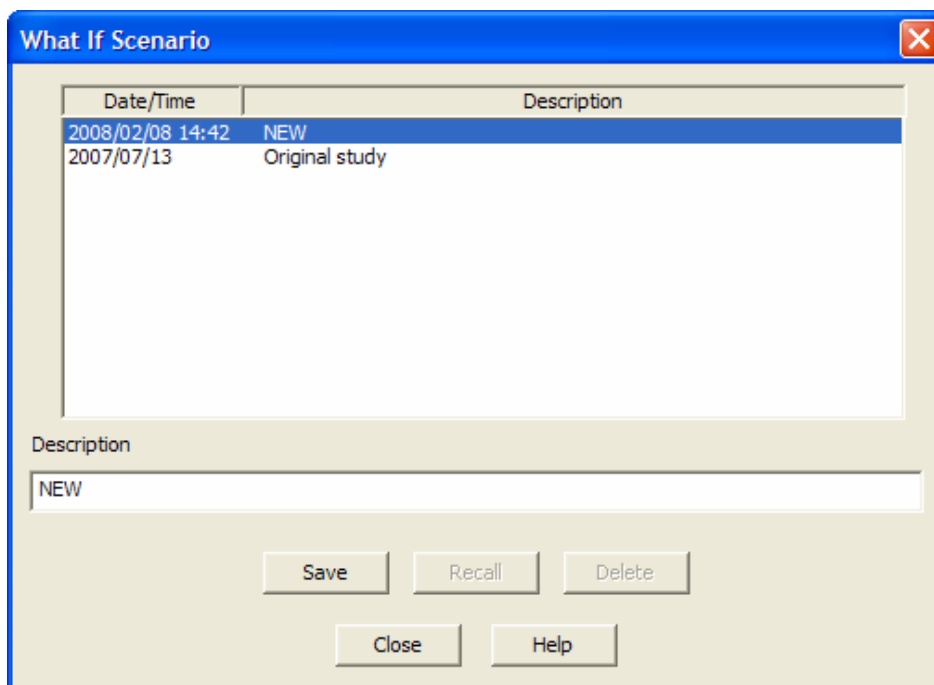
The original study must be analyzed and saved before the What If window is available.

The data in a What If scenario is as follows:

- Period start minutes
- Period lengths
- Selected good minutes
- Respiration rates

### 10.1 No Prior What If Scenarios

The What If window is displayed as follows if there are no prior What If scenarios.



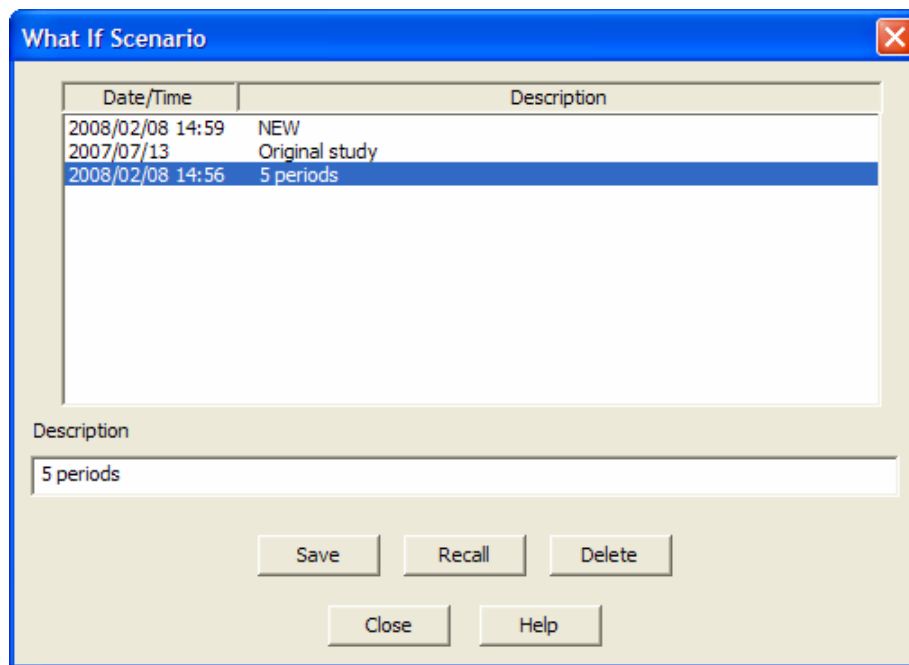
**Figure: What If Scenario – No What If scenarios**

The “NEW” item is automatically selected. Enter a description in the *Description* field. The choice: “NEW” or “Original study” is not allowed as What If descriptions.

After the description is entered, select the *Save* button to save it. After saving the What If scenario, the *Recall* button becomes enabled. Then select either *Close* or *Recall* button to go back to the main display. The description is displayed above the graphs and to the right of the period dropdown list.

## 10.2 What If Scenarios

The What If window is displayed as follows if there are What If scenarios for a study.



**Figure: What If Scenario with What If scenarios**

The list is ordered by descending date and time (i.e. the most recent date and time is at the top of the list). The “NEW” and “Original study” listings are always displayed first in the list.

The What If scenario that is currently being viewed on the main display is automatically selected.


Now the *Recall* and *Delete* buttons are enabled.

A What If scenario is loaded by either double clicking on the scenario in the list or selecting it and then selecting the *Recall* button.

A What If scenario is deleted by selecting the item in the list and then selecting the *Delete* button. If the currently viewed scenario is deleted and the user just selects the *Close* button to go back to the main display, the original study is displayed (the What If description is no longer displayed).

## 10.3 Saving What If Scenarios and Studies

The data for a What If scenario and the study data are treated differently when saved.

If a What If scenario is loaded, the *Save* toolbar button,  will save only the data items in the What If data (see the list above). Any other items that have been changed will not be saved at this time.

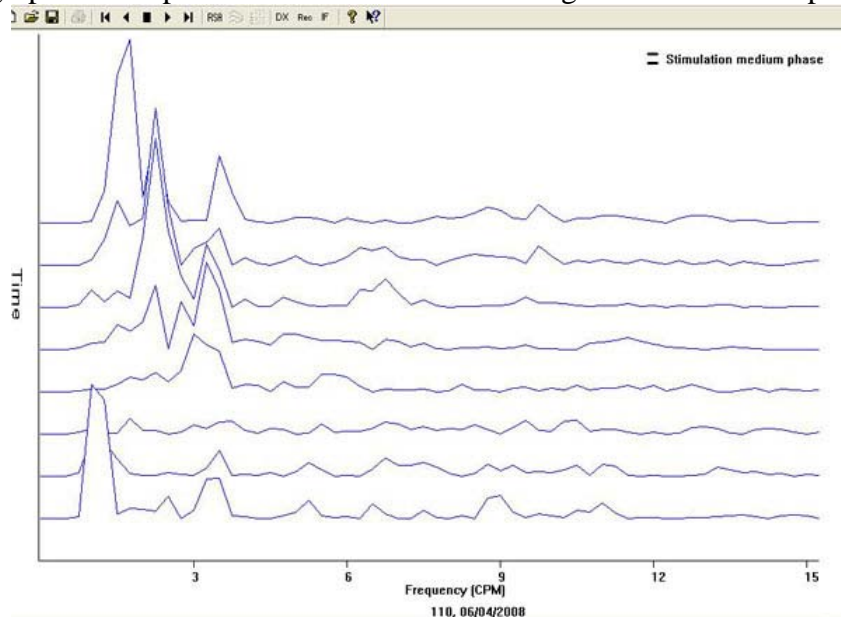
Example:

If a user changes the good minutes in a given period in the currently loaded What If scenario and also changes the diagnosis and selects the **Save** toolbar button, only the data for the What If scenario will be saved. The diagnosis will not be saved. Then the user opens the What If window and will be prompted to save the patient data (i.e. the diagnosis).

Each time the What If window is opened, the program checks for any unsaved data in both the What If scenario and the study. If either or both have unsaved data, the user will be prompted to save the data.

## 11 RSA

The RSA is a graph of the spectral estimates of the EGG signals in 4-minute epochs.



The full screen RSA graph can be viewed using one of the following methods:

- Select the RSA icon, **RSA** from the top of the screen.
- Selecting **Analyze** from the top menu and then select **RSA**.

The graph is also included in the second page of the report if included in the report (see [Configuring Reports](#)).

## 12 Reports

Reports are only available after the entire study has been analyzed.

The default or standard report consists of 2+ pages organized as follows:

- Page 1
  - Facility information at top of page

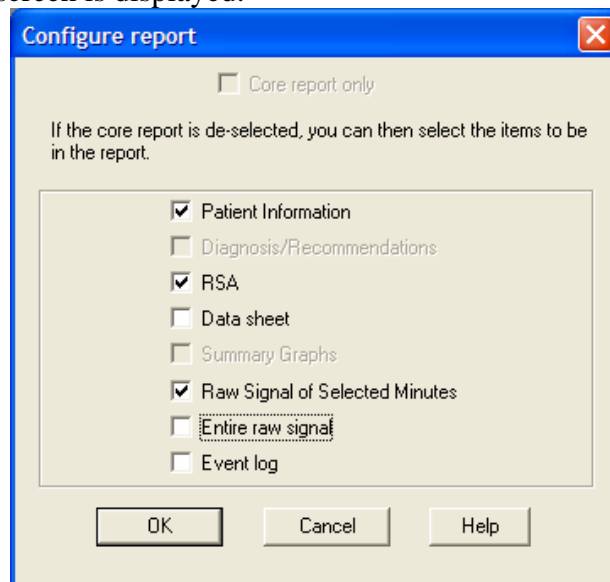
- Patient information
  - Patient name
  - Date of study
  - Attending physician
  - Referring physician
  - Technician
  - Indications
  - Stimulation medium
  - Diagnosis
  - Recommendations
  - Signature and date
- Page 2
  - RSA
- Page 3 plus required additional pages
  - Raw data graphs of the selected minutes. One graph per period.

## 12.1 Configuring

Reports can be configured to include/exclude the following items.

- Patient information
- RSA
- Data Sheet
- Raw data graphs of the selected minutes. One graph per period.
- Graphs of the entire raw signal starting on the next available page until all graphs are printed.
- Event log

Configure the graphs by selecting **Report** from the top menu and then selecting **Configure Report**. The following screen is displayed.



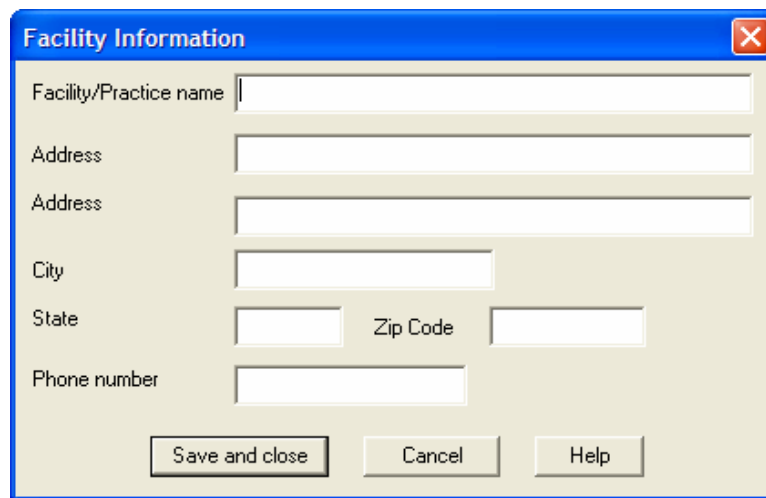
**Configure Report**

Select the items you want included in the report or de-select the items that you want removed from the report. Select **OK** to put the items in the report.

Select **Cancel** to leave the report unchanged.

## 12.2 Facility Information

Facility information can be entered at any time. Select **Report** from the top menu and then select **Facility/practice information**. The following screen is displayed.



**Figure: Facility Information**

Enter the information and select **Save and close** to save the information in the database.


**Cancel** discards any newly entered information and leaves the facility information unchanged in the database.

The information initially entered will appear at the top of all reports, unless edited.

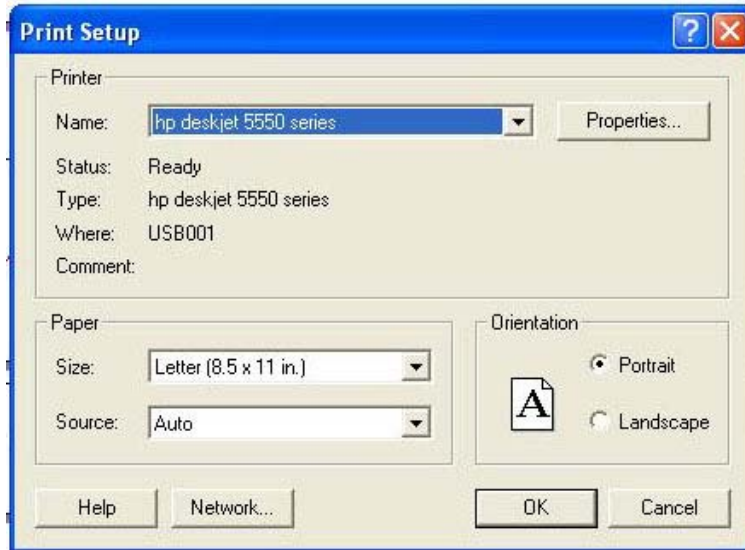
## 12.3 View/Printing

Once the study has been analyzed, the report can be viewed by selecting **Report** from the top menu and then selecting **View report**. While the report is being viewed, it can be printed.

Print the report using one of the two following methods.

- Select the print icon,  from the top menu.
- Select **Report** from the top menu and then select **Print report**.

Either of these methods displays a standard Windows Print screen.



**Select Printer**

## **13 Patient Information**

The following patient information items require that a patient study has been read into the program or that a new study has just been completed.

### **13.1 Demographics**

Patient demographics can be edited by selecting *Edit* from the top menu and then selecting *Patient demographics*. The patient demographics screen below is displayed.

**Figure: Edit Patient Demographics**

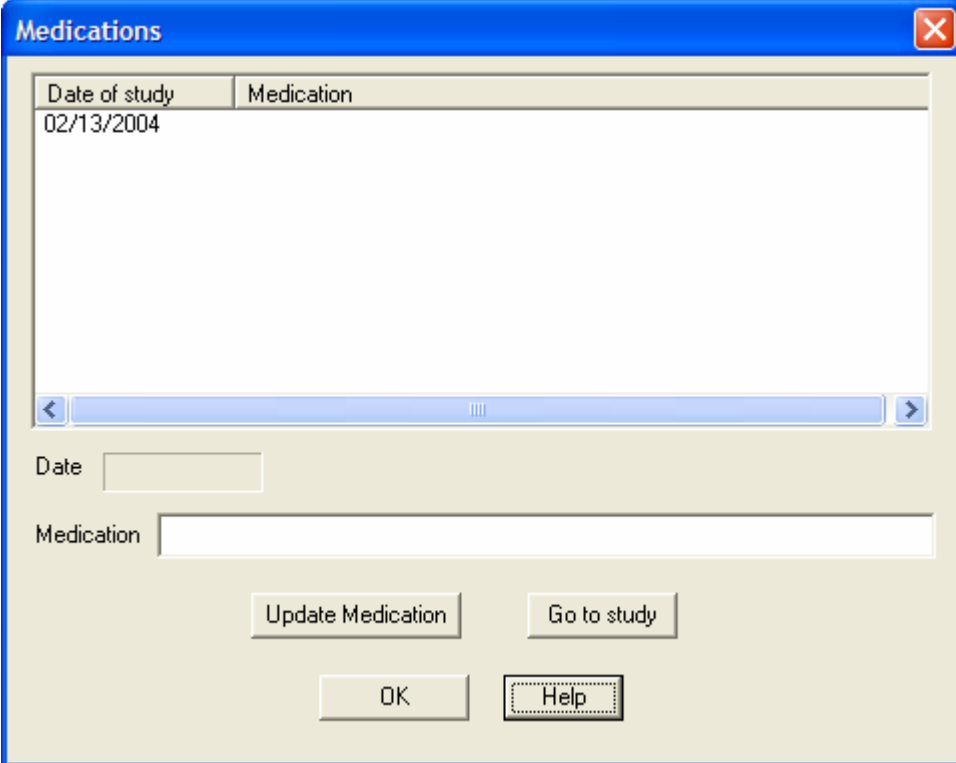
When you have entered and/or changed the desired items, click **OK** to have the system accept the changes and close the screen.

**Cancel** closes the screen and discards all changes.

You may also view the patient demographics by selecting **View** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient demographics**. The patient demographics screen above is displayed. You cannot change anything.

## 13.2 Medications

Patient medications can be edited by selecting **Edit** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient Medications**. The patient medications screen below is displayed.



Date of study	Medication
02/13/2004	

Date

Medication

Update Medication    Go to study

OK    Help

**Figure: Edit Medications**

You can select a medication by selecting the **Date of study** (i.e. clicking on the **Date of study**). Once you select a date of study, the selected date is displayed in the **Date** field and the medication is displayed in the **Medication** field. The medication can be changed by typing in any changes in the **Medication** field and then selecting **Update Medication**.

You can go to the selected study in one of two ways:

- Select the study from the list and then select **Go to Study**.
- Double click on the **Date of study** in the list.

If you have selected a different study than what is currently selected and made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [Warning – Save Patient](#) is displayed.

If you have selected a different study than what is currently selected and made changes to the current patient What If scenario and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [Warning – Save What If](#) is displayed.

You have the following choices:

- **Yes**  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study and then display the selected study.
- **No**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are discarded and then the selected study is displayed.
- **Cancel**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are not saved. The selected study is not displayed.

You may also view the patient medications by selecting **View** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient Medications**. The patient medications screen above is displayed except that you cannot select **Update Medication** and you will not be able to change a medication. From this screen you may only select a study and go to it. This is done in the same manner as described above.

### 13.3 Diagnostic History

Diagnostic history can be edited by selecting **Edit** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient diagnostic History**. The patient diagnostic history screen below is displayed.

Date of study	Diagnosis
02/13/2004	Post-prandial EGG is suggestive of Probable Tachygastria.

Date

Diagnosis

Go to study

OK Cancel Help

**Figure: Diagnostic History**



You select a diagnosis by selecting the ***Date of study*** (i.e. clicking on the ***Date of study***). Once you select a date of study, the selected date is displayed in the ***Date*** field and the diagnosis is displayed in the ***Diagnosis*** field and ***Go to study*** is enabled. The diagnosis cannot be changed here. You must go to the study to change the diagnosis.

You can go to the selected study in one of two ways:

- Select the study from the list and then select ***Go to study***.
- Double click on the ***Date of study*** in the list.

If you have selected a different study than what is currently selected and made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [\*\*Warning – Save Patient\*\*](#) is displayed.

If you have selected a different study than what is currently selected and made changes to the current patient What If scenario and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [\*\*Warning – Save What If\*\*](#) is displayed.

You have the following choices:

- ***Yes***  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study and then display the selected study.
- ***No***  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are discarded and then the selected study is displayed.
- ***Cancel***  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are not saved. The selected study is not displayed.

You may also view the diagnostic history by selecting ***View*** from the top menu and then selecting ***Patient diagnostic History***. The patient diagnostic history screen above is displayed. The same operations are available as described above.

## 14 Navigating the Baseline and Post Stimulation Periods

Navigating between the baseline period and the post stimulation periods can be accomplished in several ways:

- Use the **View** menu at the top of the screen.  
Select from the first section of menu items to go to the specified period.
- Use the **Goto** menu at the top of the screen.  
Select from the menu items to go to the start of the study (baseline), the previous period, the current period, the next period or the end of the study (last period).
- Use the **Analyze** menu at the top of the screen.  
Select from the first section of menu items to go to the specified period.

*Also note that if the period has been analyzed there is a check mark next to the menu item. This is an easy way of telling if a period has been analyzed.*

- Use the dropdown list next to the patient name and date of study.  
Select the dropdown list and then select the period to go to that period.
- Use the **Goto** icons at the top of the screen just below the menu items.  
Uses the icons as follows:



This displays the baseline period.



This displays the previous period. This has no effect if the baseline period is being displayed.



This displays the current period. This is useful if viewing the report or RSA and you wish to go back and look at the period you were previously viewing.



This displays the next period. This has no effect if the last post stimulation period is being displayed.



This displays the last post stimulation period.

## 15 Backing Up and Restoring Data

You can backup or restore your data by selecting *File* from the top menu and then selecting *Backup or Restore*. The following screen is displayed.

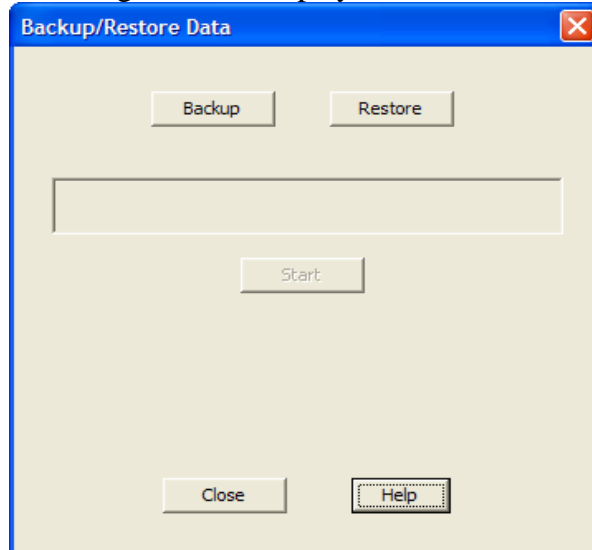


Figure: Backup/Restore Data

### 15.1 Backup

Select *Backup*. A standard Microsoft Windows "Save as" screen is displayed. The *File name* is "3CPM EGGASAS.MDB". The file name must not change. Navigate to the directory (including Network directories) or drive where you want to backup the data to and select *Save*.

For example, your data is on the C: drive and you select D: drive (the CD drive) to backup up your data to. Once you select *Save* from the standard Microsoft Windows "Save as" screen, the above screen is changed to:

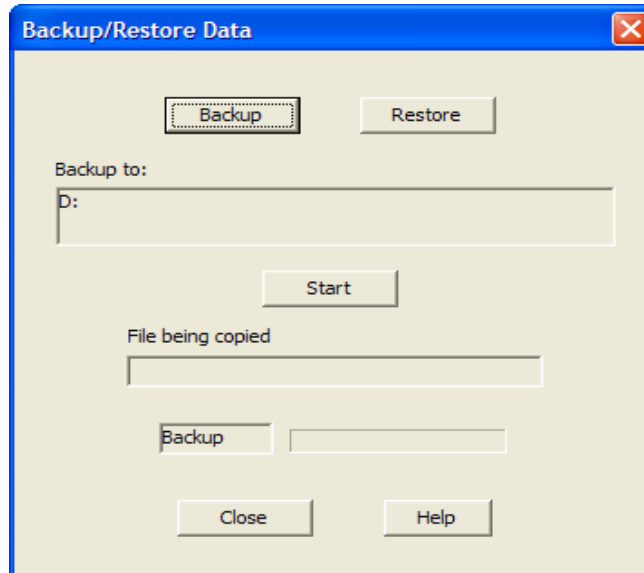
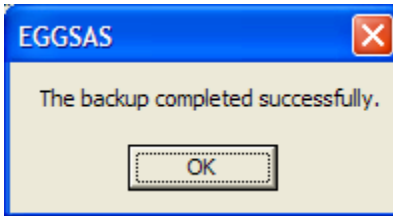


Figure: Backup Data

Select **Start** to start the backup. During the backup, the file being copied is displayed under **File being copied**. Also the field next to the text “Backup” displays the progress of the backup.

If the backup has completed successfully, the following screen is displayed.



**Figure: Backup Complete**

Select **OK**. Then select **Close** from the above screen.

If the backup fails, an appropriate error message is displayed indicating what may be wrong. The following is a list of possible errors.

- There is no destination disk in the selected drive.
- The destination disk is full.
- The file already exists. This message is only displayed once. If you elect to overwrite the first file, then all additional files are overwritten.
- There is an error writing to the directory/disk. This may occur for a number of reasons.
  - If you are writing to a CD, try another CD, the CD may be damaged.
  - If you are writing to a directory (either on the local PC or on the network) make sure you have permission to write.

## **15.2 Restore**

To restore data from a backup, exit the program, restart the program and select **File** from the top menu and then select **Backup or Restore**.

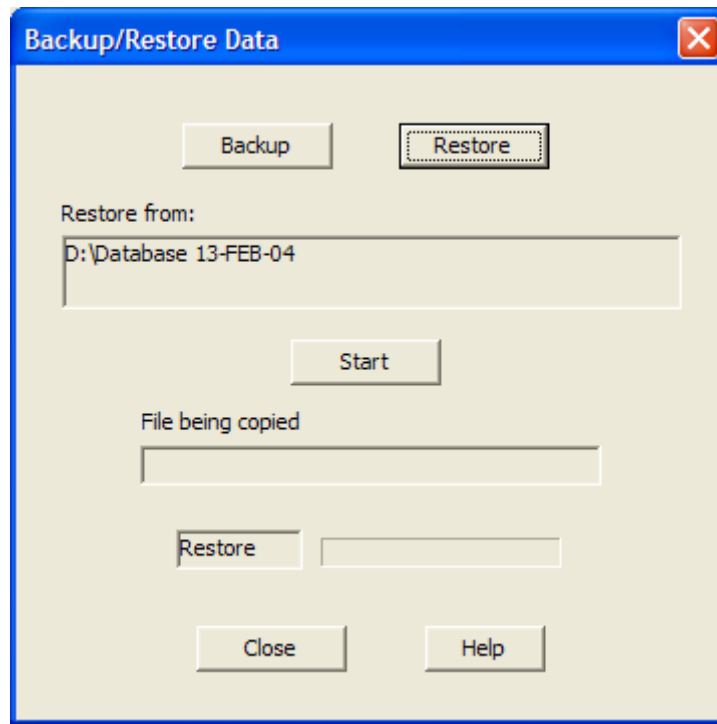
### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

**Restoring data will only work if it is the first action performed after starting the program.**

The initial Backup/Restore data screen is displayed (Figure: **Backup/Restore Data**).

Select **Restore**. A standard Microsoft Windows “Open” screen is displayed. The **File name** is “3CPM EGGSAS.MDB”. The file name must not change. Navigate to the directory (including Network directories) or drive where you have the backup data you want to restore and select **Open**.

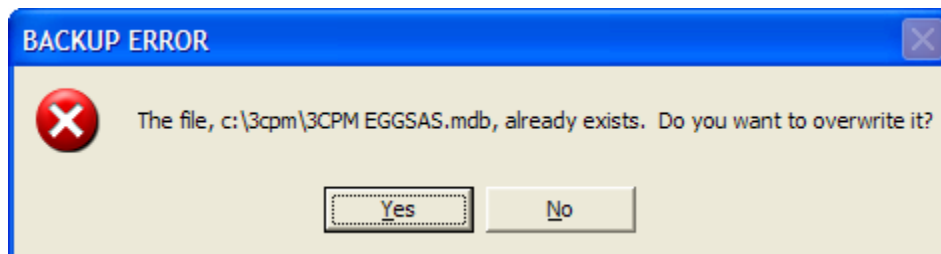
For example, your backup data is on the D: drive in the directory “EGGSAS data 13-14 Feb 04”. Once you select *Open* from the standard Microsoft Windows “Open” screen, the screen shown in Figure **Backup/Restore Data** is changed to:



**Figure: Restore Data**

Select *Start* to start the restore. During the restore, the file being copied is displayed under *File being copied*. Also the field next to the text “Restore” displays the progress of the restore.

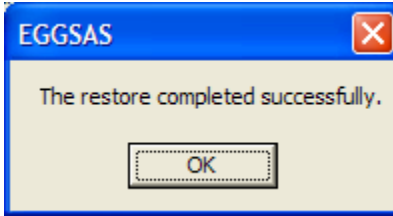
If you are restoring over an existing database, you will get the following message.



**Figure: Overwrite**

If you want to overwrite the existing database and data files, select *Yes* and the restore operation will continue. If you don't want to overwrite the existing database and data files, select *No* and the restore will stop.

If the restore completes successfully, the following screen is displayed.



**Figure: Restore Complete**

Select **OK**. Then select **Close** from the above screen (Figure: **Restore Data**).

If the restore fails, an appropriate error message is displayed indicating what may be wrong. The following is a list of possible errors.

- There is no source disk in the selected drive.
- The destination disk is full.
- The file already exists. This message is only displayed once. If you elect to overwrite the first file, then all additional files are overwritten.
- There is an error writing to the directory/disk. This may occur for a number of reasons.
  - If you are writing to a directory (either on the local PC or on the network) make sure you have permission to write.
  - If you have performed any other action with the program, close the program and restart it.

## **16 Closing the Program**

The program can be closed in the following ways:

- Click on the **X** in the upper right corner of the main program screen.
- Select **File** from the top menu and then select **Exit**.

If you made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [Warning – Save Patient](#) is displayed.

If you made changes to the current patient What If scenario and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [Warning – Save What If](#) is displayed.

You have the following choices:

- **Yes**  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study or the What If scenario and then close the program.
- **No**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study or the What If scenario are discarded and then the program is closed.
- **Cancel**  
The changes are not saved and the program is not closed.

## 17 USING THE WATERLOAD VERSION


### 18 Recording a Study

The program guides the user through the entire EGG recording process. The EGG recording process follows the steps listed below in the order listed.

#### 18.1 Selecting a Patient

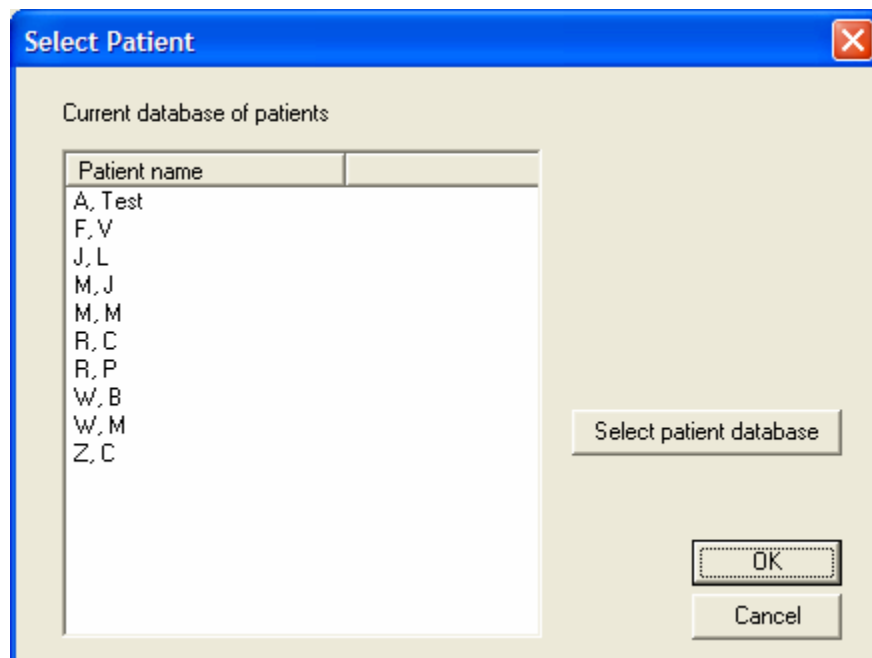
You may choose to record a study for a new patient or record another study for an existing patient.

You may elect to start a study for a new patient in one of two ways:

- Select the icon for a new file,  from the toolbar just under the top menu.
- Select **File** from the top menu, then select **New study**, then select **New patient**.

You may elect to start a new study for an existing patient as follows:

- Select **File** from the top menu, then select **New study**, then select **Existing patient**.
- Then a screen is displayed that allows you to select the patient for the study.



**Figure: Select Patient for Study**

You select the patient in one of two ways:

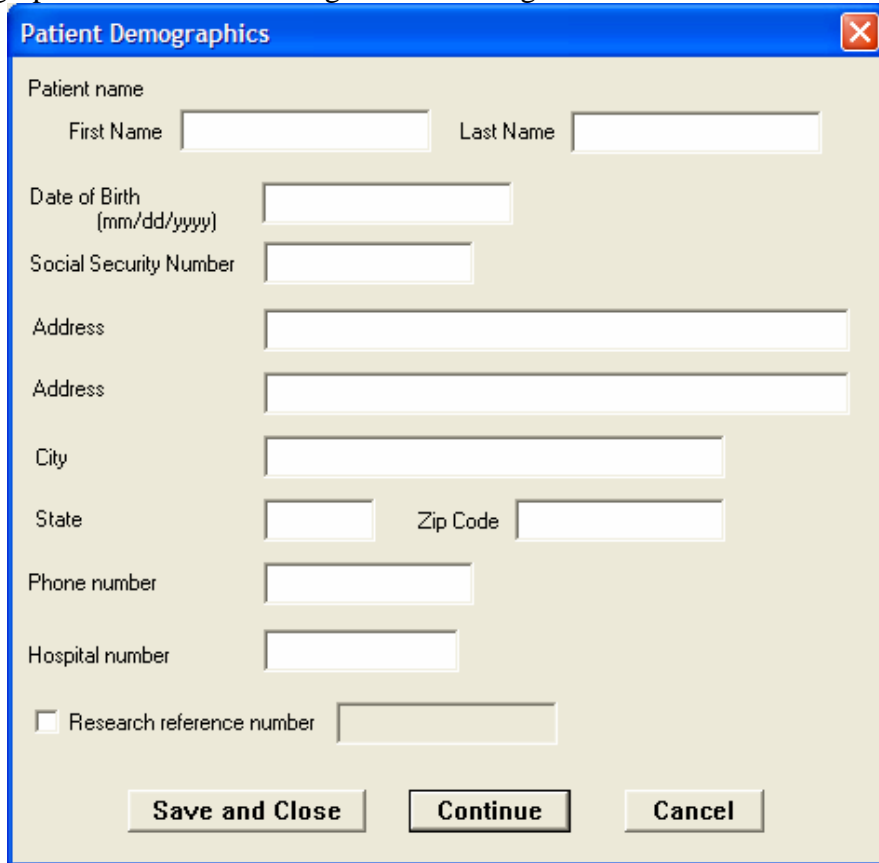
- Double click on the patient name.
- Single click on the patient name and then select **OK**.

**Cancel** stops the study.

Once you have started a study, the demographics screen is displayed allowing you to enter (or change) the patient demographics.

## 18.2 Entering Patient Demographics

Patient demographics are entered through the following screen.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Patient Demographics" with a close button in the top right corner. The form contains the following fields and controls:

- Patient name: First Name [text box] Last Name [text box]
- Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy) [text box]
- Social Security Number [text box]
- Address [text box]
- Address [text box]
- City [text box]
- State [text box] Zip Code [text box]
- Phone number [text box]
- Hospital number [text box]
- Research reference number [text box]

At the bottom of the form are three buttons: "Save and Close", "Continue", and "Cancel".

**Figure: Patient Demographics**

In order to *Continue* the study, either a patient first and last name is needed or a research reference number is needed.

To enter a name, just type the first and last names in the appropriate field.

To enter a research reference number, click on box to the left of the *Research reference number*. This enables the field to the right of it and places the cursor in that field so that it is ready to accept keyboard input. Then type in the number.

Once the demographics have been entered, click on *Continue* to continue with the study. If you don't want to enter all the demographics at this time, they may be entered later (see the section on [patient demographics](#)).

*Cancel* stops the study without saving any information.

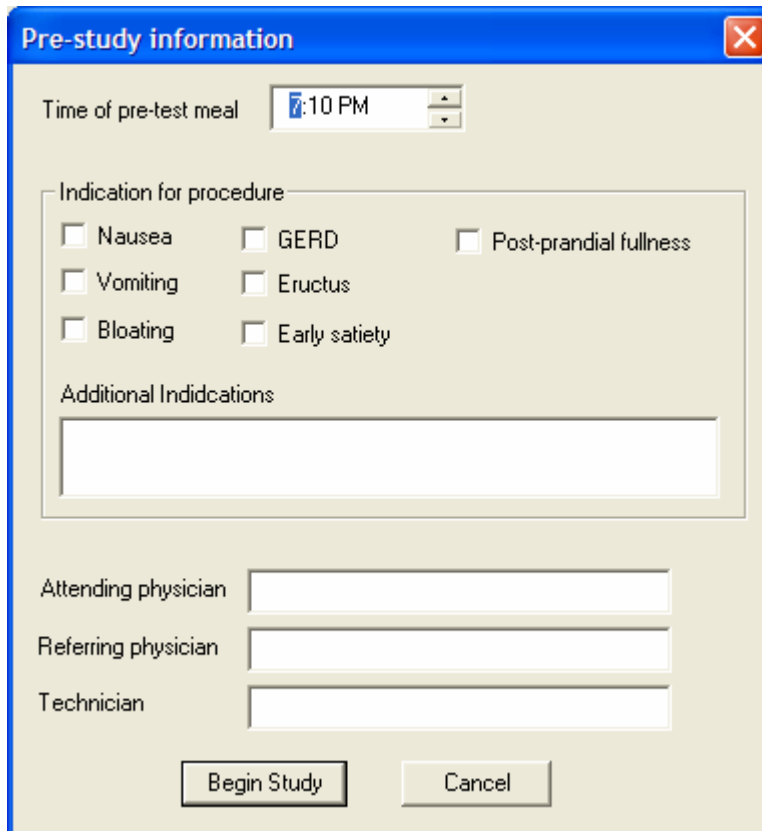


**Save and Close** saves the patient demographics and ends the study. The patient won't be available if you try to select a patient study as there is no study yet. However, if at a later date, you start a study again with this patient, the program allows you to use the previously entered patient demographics.

When **Continue** is selected, you may then enter pre-study information.

### 18.3 Pre-study Information

Pre-study information is entered through the following screen.



**Figure: Pre-study Information**

The time of the pre-test meal is entered as follows:

- Highlight the hours and either click on the up and down arrows to change the hours or just type in the hours. If you use the up and down arrows the AM/PM will automatically change when appropriate.
- Press the Right Arrow key to highlight the minutes and either click on the up and down arrows to change the minutes or just type in the minutes.
- Press the Right Arrow key to highlight the AM/PM and either click on the up and down arrows to change the AM/PM or just type in the AM/PM.

Select any of the **Indication for procedure** items that apply and/or enter any **Additional Indications**.

Enter the *Attending physician*, the *Referring physician*, and the *Technician* actually performing the study.

This screen does not have to be filled in now. It may be filled in later by selecting *Edit* from the top menu, then selecting *Pre-study Information*.

Select *Cancel* to stop the study.

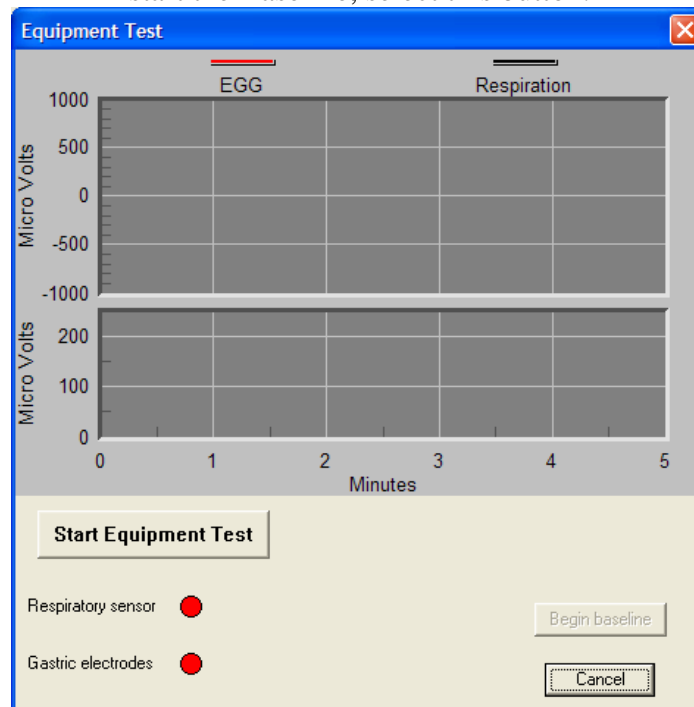
When you select *Begin Study*, the screen for running the equipment test is displayed.

### 18.4 Equipment Test

This section of the study makes sure that the signals (EGG and Respiration) are stable. Both signals must be stable for 2 minutes. The initial screen, shown below, shows the Respiratory sensor and Gastric electrodes in large red dots. When these turn green, the system is ready to start the baseline.

The EGG signal, shown in red is in the top graph. The Respiration signal, shown in black is in the bottom graph.

To start the equipment test, select the *Start Equipment Test* button. When both the Respiratory sensor and the Gastric electrodes turn green, the *Begin Baseline* button gets enabled. Then to start the Baseline, select this button.



**Figure: Equipment Test**

Select *Cancel* to stop the study.

## 18.5 Baseline Recording

Select the **Start Baseline** button (see screen below) to start the baseline part of the study. This lasts for 10 minutes. The count down clock in the upper left corner of the screen shows the time remaining in the baseline period.

At the end of the ten minutes, there are 2 options:

- Select **Extend baseline for 10 minutes**. This continues the baseline for another 10 minutes. At the end of this extra 10 minutes, you select **Water Load**.
- Select **Water Load** and allow the patient to drink water.

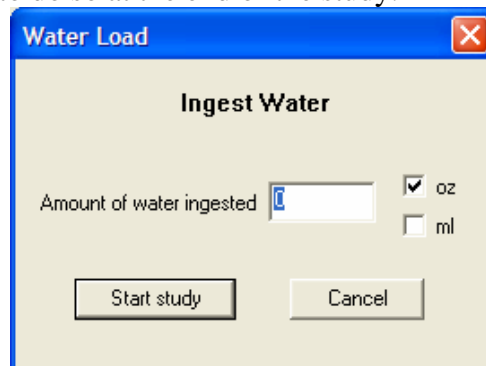


**Figure: Baseline**

Select **Cancel** to stop the study.

## 18.6 Water Load

During this part of the study, the patient drinks water. When the patient is finished drinking water, enter the amount in the screen shown below. If you don't enter the amount of water ingested here, you will have to do so at the end of the study.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Water Load" with a blue title bar and a close button. The main text is "Ingest Water". Below this, there is a label "Amount of water ingested" followed by a text input field. To the right of the input field are two radio buttons: "oz" (which is checked) and "ml". At the bottom of the dialog box, there are two buttons: "Start study" and "Cancel".

**Figure: Water Load**

Select **Start study** to begin recording the signals for the 30 minute post-water period. Select **Cancel** to stop the study.

## 18.7 Postwater Recording

Select *Begin Study* (from the screen shown below) to start recording the signals.



**Figure: Study Phase**

This lasts for 30 minutes. The count down clock in the upper left corner of the screen shows the time remaining in the baseline period.

During the study, you are asked to enter the respiratory rate for each of the 3 ten minute periods with the following screen.

**Figure: Respiration Rate**

The respiration rates may be used to suggest a diagnosis. If you do not enter them during this part of the study, you may enter them later (see the section on [Respiration Rate](#)). If you do not enter the respiration rate, you may leave the screen displayed during the study and select **OK** at the end of the study.


At the end of the 30 minutes, there are 2 options:

- Select **Extend test for 10 minutes**. This continues the study for another 10 minutes. At the end of this extra 10 minutes, you select **Finished** to complete the study. Under this option, the system will not attempt to select minutes and make a suggested diagnosis.
- Select **Finished** to complete the study.

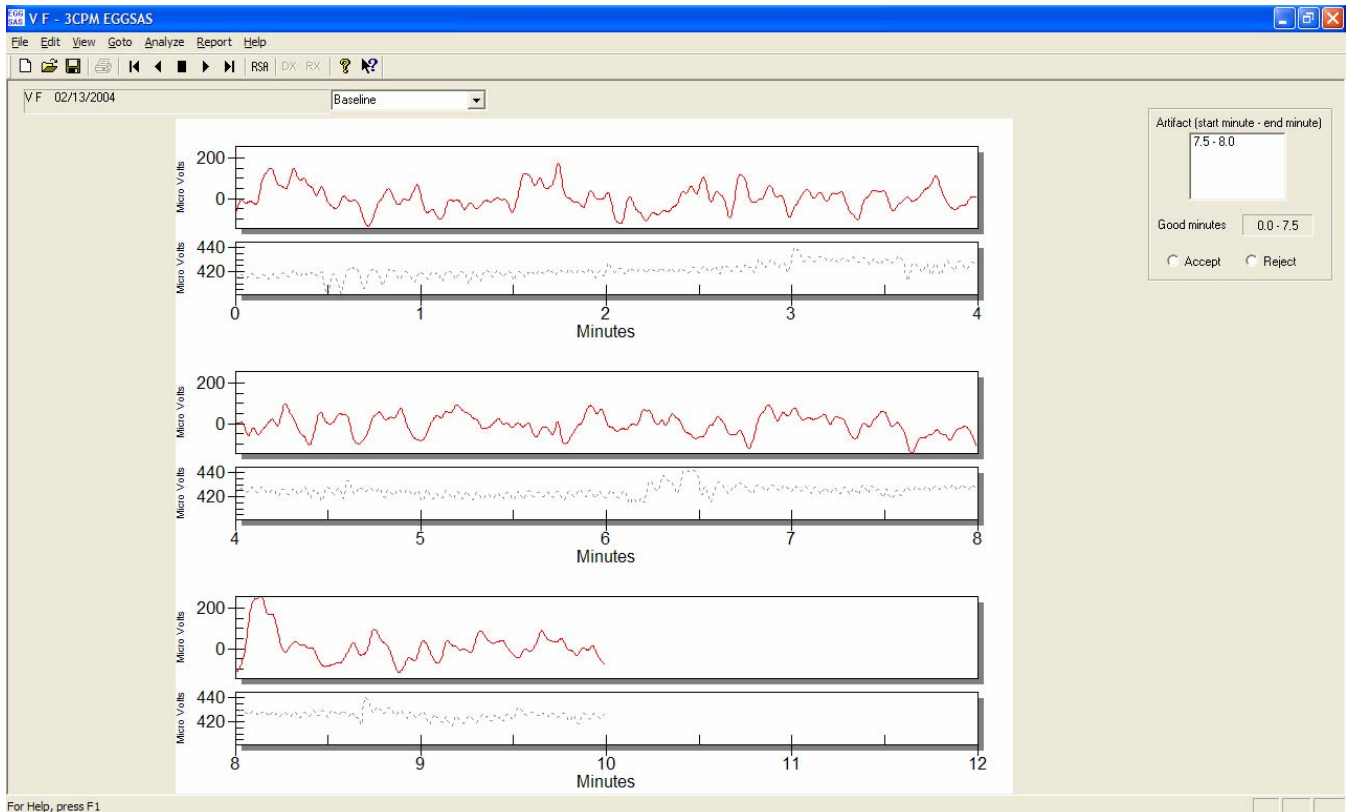
If the amount of water ingested has not been entered, you will be asked to enter it before the study can complete.

Select **Cancel** to stop the study.

## 18.8 Study Completed

Once the study is complete, it is generally a good idea to save it immediately. To save the study, click on the icon for saving a file, . You can also select **File** from the top menu and then select **Save patient**.

When the study is complete, the raw EGG and respiration signals are displayed for the baseline period. Artifact has been selected and the longest period of minutes in the baseline without artifact is displayed for you to accept or reject.




**Figure: Main Screen – Data Signal**

## 18.8.1 Analyzing Baseline Period

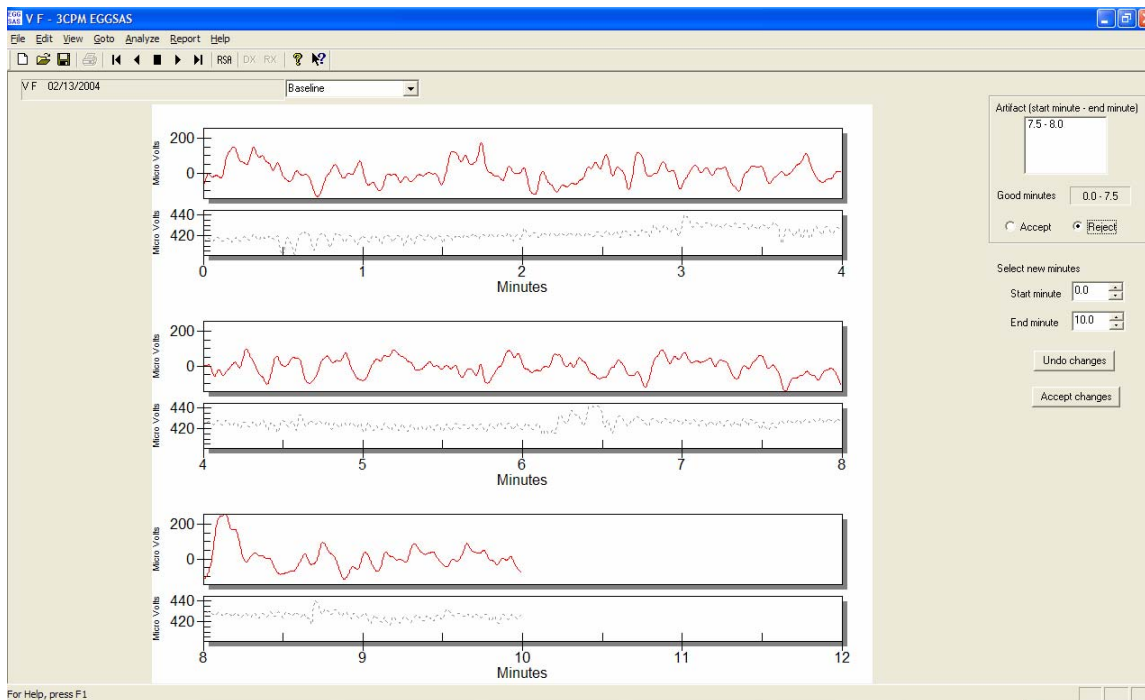
To accept the program selected good minutes, click on *Accept*. This completes the analysis for the baseline period.

Now you can go to the next 10 minute period which is the first 10 minutes after the patient ingested water. You can do this by using one of the 4 following methods.

- Select the go to next period icon, , at the top of the screen.
- Select *Goto* from the top menu and then select *Next 10 minute period*.
- Select the *Analyze* from the top menu and then select *First post-water 10 minute period*. While in this menu item (if you have completed analyzing the baseline period), you will notice that there is a check mark next to the *Baseline period* menu item. This indicates that the baseline period has been analyzed.
- Open the pull-down list at the top of the screen and select *First 10 minute period*.

### 18.8.1.1 Manually selecting minutes to analyze

You may manually select minutes to analyze (good minutes) by rejecting the program selected good minutes. Click on *Reject* to reject the program selected minutes. The above screen is changed to the following screen.



**Figure: Main Screen - Analyze**

You may now select your own good minutes by changing the start and end minutes using one of the two following methods.

- Place the cursor in the appropriate field (*Start minute* or *End minute*) and type the minutes. The minutes must be either whole minutes or half minutes.
- Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll the minutes by half minute increments.

The selected minutes must be at least 4 minutes apart and must be within the 0 to 10 minute range.

When you are satisfied with the minutes you selected, click on *Accept changes*.

If you want to go back to the original selected minutes, click on *Undo changes*.

### 18.8.2 Analyzing Post-water Periods


Post-water periods are analyzed in 10 minute periods. For each 10 minute period, the raw EGG and respiration signals are displayed for the selected period.

The same procedure is used for selecting the good minutes to analyze as in the baseline period (see above).

### 18.8.3 Diagnosis

Once all the periods (baseline and 3 post-water periods) have been analyzed, you may have the program suggest a diagnosis and then you may accept it or enter your own diagnosis.

You may have the program suggest a diagnosis by following one of the 2 methods below.

- Select the suggested diagnosis icon, , from the top of the screen.
- Select *Analyze* from the top menu and then select *Diagnosis*.

The following screen is displayed.

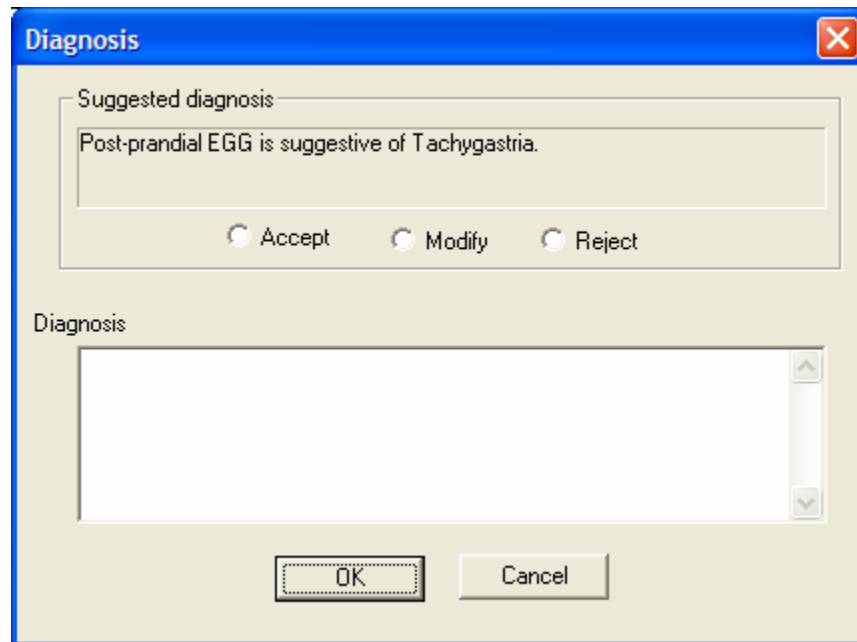


Figure: Diagnosis

If you select *Accept*, you accept the program's suggested diagnosis.


If you select *Modify*, the suggested diagnosis is copied to the *Diagnosis* area for you to modify.

If you select *Reject*, the *Diagnosis* area is left blank for you to enter your diagnosis.

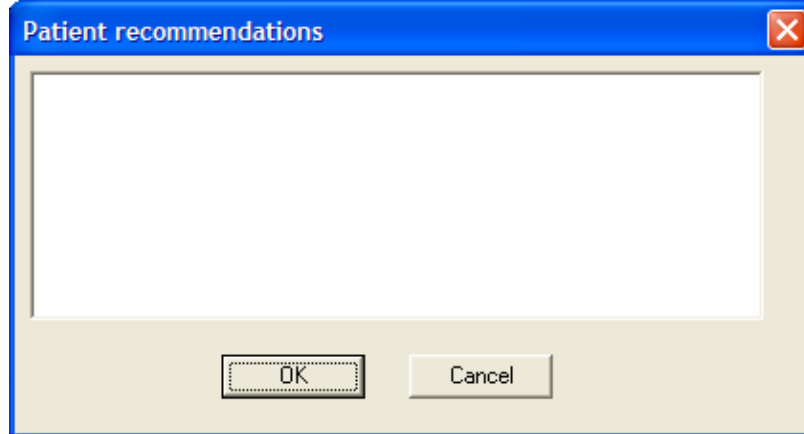
When you are finished one of the above actions, select *OK* to cause the program to accept the diagnosis.

#### 18.8.4 Recommendations

Once a diagnosis has been accepted (using the above procedure), you will be able to enter recommendations. You can display the recommendation screen by using one of the following methods.

- Select the recommendation icon,  , from the top of the screen.
- Select *Edit* from the top menu and then select *Recommendations*.

The following screen is displayed.



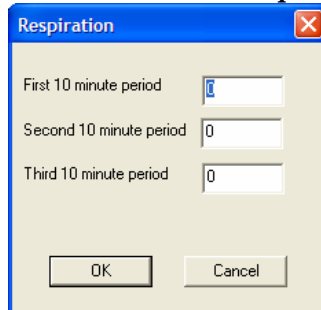
**Figure: Patient Recommendations**

Enter your recommendations and select *OK* to cause the program to accept the recommendations.

#### 18.8.5 Respiration Rate

You can either enter the respiratory rates (if you didn't enter them during the study) or modify them using this screen. You can display the screen using the following method.

- Select *Edit* from the top menu and then select *Respiration*.




**Figure: Edit Respiration Rate**

Enter the respiration rates for each 10 minute post-water period. Then select *OK* to cause the system to accept the rates.

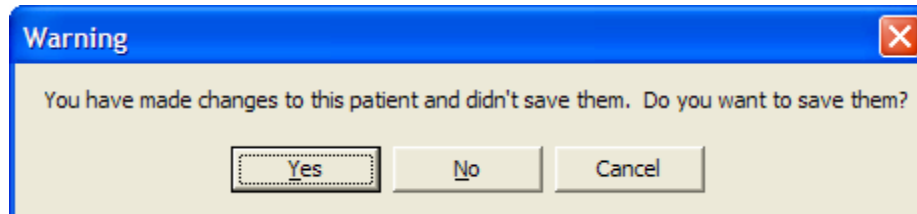


## 19 Selecting an Existing Study

To select an existing study, first display a list of patients and their studies by using one of the following 2 methods.

- Select the icon to open an existing file, .
- Select **File** from the top menu and then select **Select Patient....**

If you have made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the following warning screen is displayed.

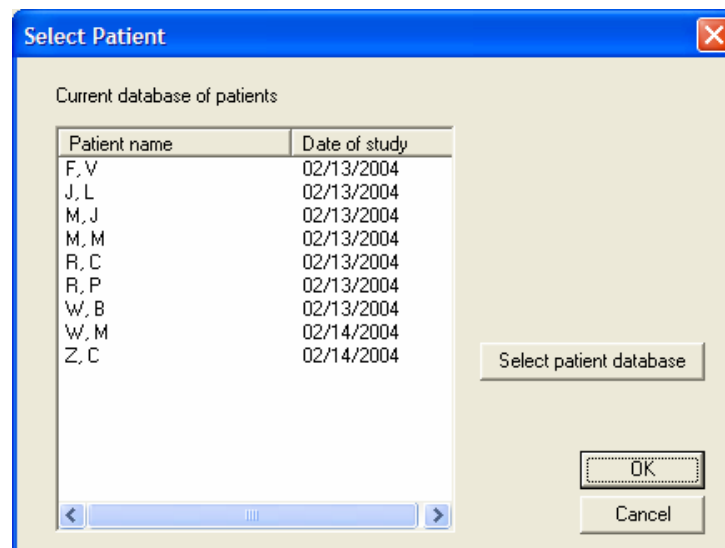


**Figure: Warning – Save Patient**

You have the following choices:

- **Yes**  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study and then display the list of patients and studies.
- **No**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are discarded and then the list of patients and studies are displayed.
- **Cancel**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are not saved and the list of patients and studies is not displayed. The program keeps the current patient and study.

The list of patients and the studies performed on them is displayed in the following screen.



**Figure: Select Patient**

If research reference numbers are being used, the reference number replaces the patient name.

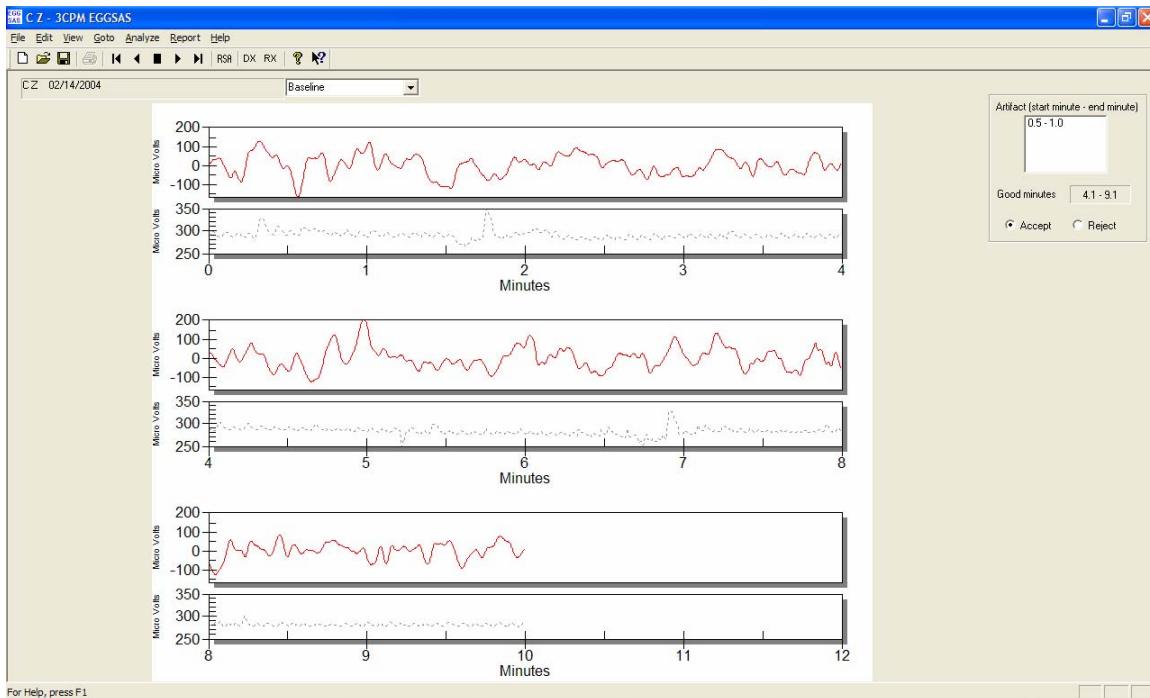
If the user has set up alternate databases of patients, use *Select patient database* to select an alternate database and list the patients and studies in that database.

Select a patient and a study in one of the following 2 methods.

- Double click on the patient name (not the date of study).
- Single click on the patient name and then click *OK*.

## 19.1 Re-analyzing the Study

The first screen displayed, after selecting a patient and study, is the raw signals in the baseline period.



**Figure: Main Screen – Re-Analyze**

Notice that the good minutes are already selected and *Accept* is already selected. These are the minutes that were selected when the study was previously analyzed.

You may change the selected minutes by selecting *Reject* and changing the minutes in the same manner as previously described (see [Analyzing Base Period](#)).

### IMPORTANT NOTE:

If you change the selected minutes in the baseline period, you must re-analyze all the remaining periods.

## **19.2 Changing the Diagnosis**

You may change the diagnosis in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Diagnosis](#)

If you have previously entered a diagnosis, you may also change it by selecting **Edit** from the top menu and then selecting **Suggested diagnosis**.

## **19.3 Changing the Recommendation**

You may change the recommendations in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Recommendations](#).

## **19.4 Changing the Pre-study Information**

You may change the pre-study information in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Pre-study Information](#).

## **19.5 Amount of Water Ingested**

You may change the amount of water ingested in the same manner as mentioned in the section on [Water Load](#).

## **20 RSA**

The RSA is a graph of the spectral estimates of the EGG signals in 4-minute epochs.

The full screen RSA graph can be viewed using one of the following methods:

- Select the RSA icon, **RSA**, from the top of the screen.
- Selecting **Analyze** from the top menu and then select **RSA**.

The graph (on a much smaller scale) is also included in the first page of the report.

## **21 Reports**

Reports are only available after the entire study has been analyzed.

The standard report consists of 2 pages organized as follows:

- Page 1
  - Facility information at top of page
  - Left side
    - Patient name
    - Date of study
    - Attending physician
    - Referring physician
    - Technician

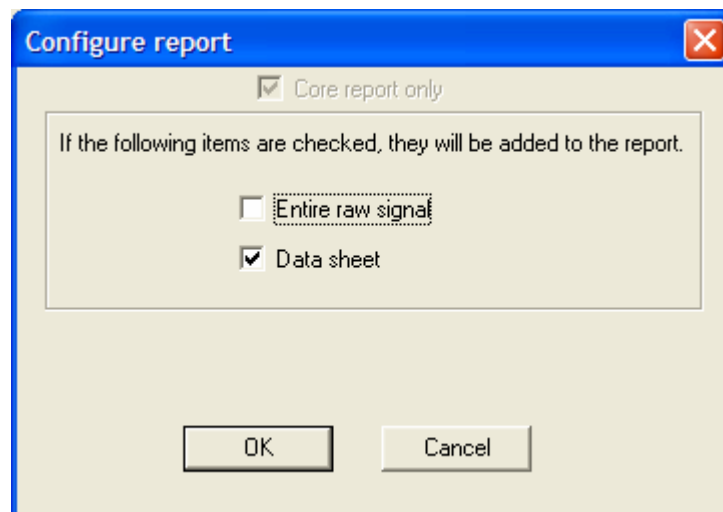
- Indications
- Diagnosis
- Recommendations
- Signature and date
- Right side
  - Summary graphs
  - RSA
- Page 2
  - Raw data graphs of the selected minutes. One graph per period.

## 21.1 Configuring

Reports can be configured to include two additional items.

- Data Sheet as page 3
- Graphs of the entire raw signal starting on the next available page until all graphs are printed.

Configure the graphs by selecting **Report** from the top menu and then selecting **Configure Report**. The following screen is displayed.



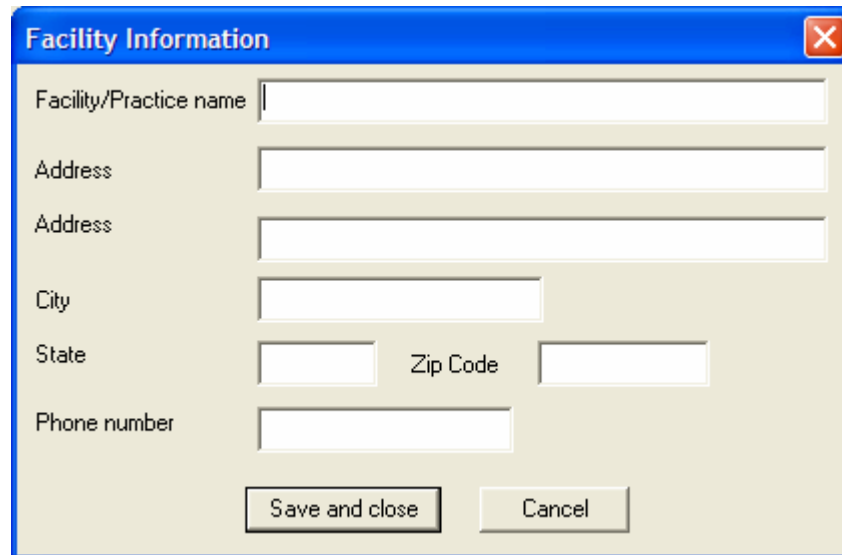
**Figure: Configure Report**

Select the items you want included in the report or de-select the items that you want removed from the report. Select **OK** to put the items in the report.

Select **Cancel** to leave the report unchanged.

## 21.2 Facility Information

Facility information can be entered at any time. Select **Report** from the top menu and then select **Facility/practice information**. The following screen is displayed.



**Figure: Facility Information**

Enter the information and select **Save and close** to save the information in the database.


**Cancel** discards any newly entered information and leaves the facility information unchanged in the database.

This information appears at the top of all reports.

## 21.3 View/Printing

Once the study has been analyzed, the report can be viewed by selecting **Report** from the top menu and then selecting **View report**. While the report is being viewed, it can be printed.

Print the report using one of the two following methods.

- Select the print icon, , from the top menu.
- Select **Report** from the top menu and then select **Print report**.

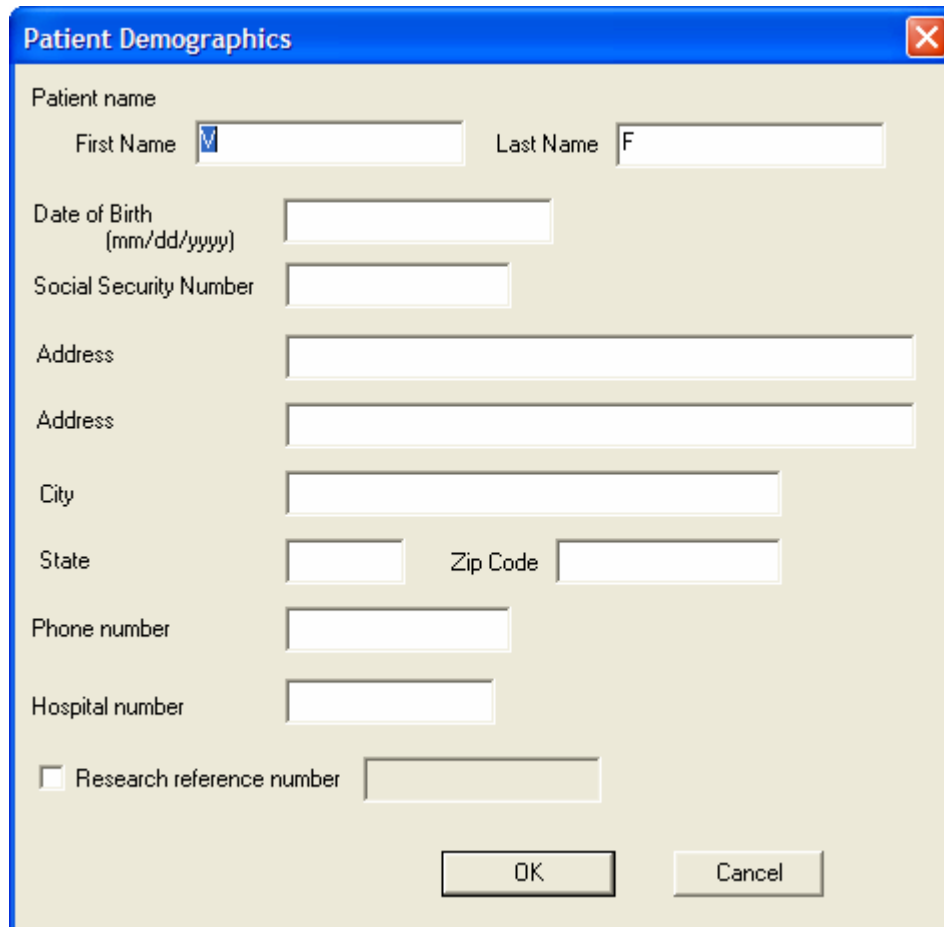
Either of these methods displays a standard Windows Print screen.

## 22 Patient Information

The following patient information items require that a patient study has been read into the program or that a new study has just been completed.

## 22.1 Demographics

Patient demographics can be edited by selecting **Edit** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient demographics**. The patient demographics screen below is displayed.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Patient Demographics" with a blue header and a close button (X) in the top right. The form contains the following fields:

- Patient name: First Name (M), Last Name (F)
- Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)
- Social Security Number
- Address (two lines)
- City
- State and Zip Code
- Phone number
- Hospital number
- Research reference number

Buttons for "OK" and "Cancel" are located at the bottom right of the dialog.

**Figure: Edit Patient Demographics**

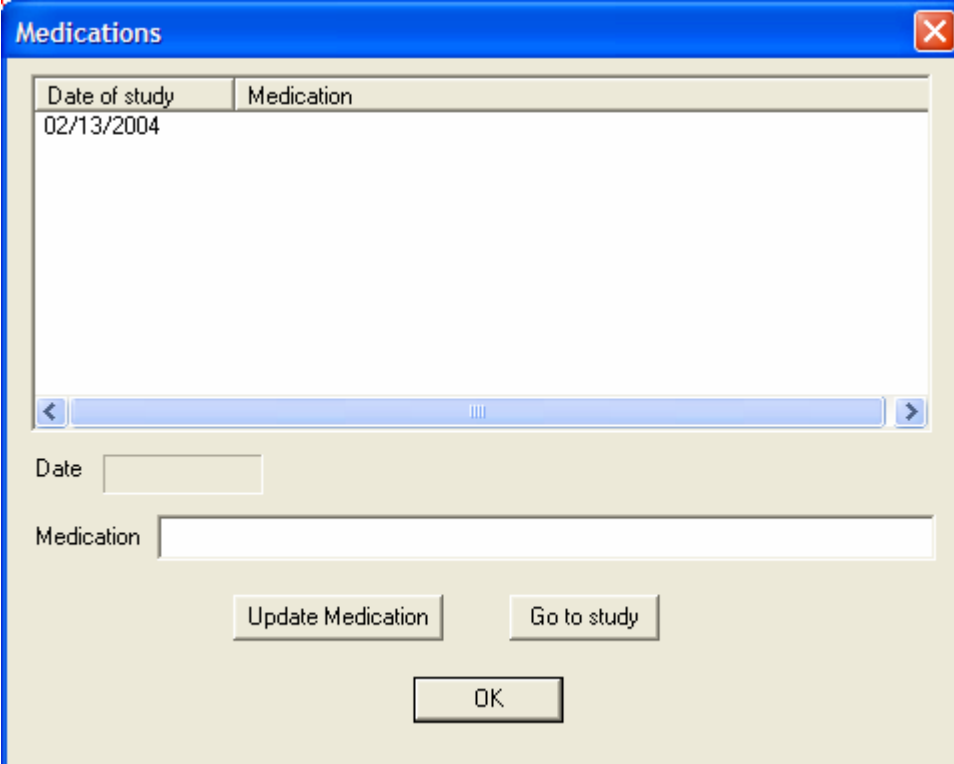
When you have entered and/or changed the desired items, click **OK** to have the system accept the changes and close the screen.

**Cancel** closes the screen and discards all changes.

You may also view the patient demographics by selecting **View** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient demographics**. The patient demographics screen above is displayed. You cannot change anything.

## 22.2 Medications

Patient medications can be edited by selecting *Edit* from the top menu and then selecting *Patient Medications*. The patient medications screen below is displayed.



Date of study	Medication
02/13/2004	

Date

Medication

**Figure: Edit Medications**

You select a medication by selecting the *Date of study* (i.e. clicking on the *Date of study*). Once you select a date of study, the selected date is displayed in the *Date* field and the medication is displayed in the *Medication* field. The medication can be changed by typing in any changes in the *Medication* field and then selecting *Update Medication*.

You can go to the selected study in one of two ways:

- Select the study from the list and the select *Go to study*.
- Double click on the *Date of study* in the list.

If you have selected a different study than what is currently selected and made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [Warning – Save Patient](#) is displayed.

You have the following choices:

- *Yes*  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study and then display the selected study.
- *No*  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are discarded and then the selected study is displayed.

- **Cancel**  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are not saved. The selected study is not displayed.

You may also view the patient medications by selecting **View** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient Medications**. The patient medications screen above is displayed except that you cannot select **Update Medication** and you will not be able to change a medication. From this screen you may only select a study and go to it. This is done in the same manner as described above.

## 22.3 Diagnostic History

Diagnostic history can be edited by selecting **Edit** from the top menu and then selecting **Patient diagnostic History**. The patient diagnostic history screen below is displayed.

Date of study	Diagnosis
02/13/2004	Post-prandial EGG is suggestive of Probable Tachygastria.

Date

Diagnosis

Go to study

OK Cancel

**Figure: Diagnostic History**

You select a diagnosis by selecting the **Date of study** (i.e. clicking on the **Date of study**). Once you select a date of study, the selected date is displayed in the **Date** field and the diagnosis is displayed in the **Diagnosis** field and **Go to study** is enabled. The diagnosis cannot be changed here. You must go to the study to change the diagnosis.



You can go to the selected study in one of two ways:

- Select the study from the list and the select ***Go to study***.
- Double click on the ***Date of study*** in the list.

If you have selected a different study than what is currently selected and made changes to the current patient information or study and have not saved them, the warning screen shown in figure [Warning – Save Patient](#) is displayed.

You have the following choices:

- ***Yes***  
Save the changes to the patient and/or the study and then display the selected study.
- ***No***  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are discarded and then the selected study is displayed.
- ***Cancel***  
The changes to the patient and/or the study are not saved. The selected study is not displayed.






You may also view the diagnostic history by selecting ***View*** from the top menu and then selecting ***Patient diagnostic History***. The patient diagnostic history screen above is displayed. The same operations are available as described above.

## ***23 Navigating the Baseline and Post-water Periods***

Navigating between the baseline period and the post-water periods can be accomplished in several ways:

- Use the ***View*** menu at the top of the screen.  
Select from the first section of menu items to go to the specified period. If the study as an extra 10 minute post-water period, there will be an additional menu item for the fourth 10 minute post-water period.
- Use the ***Goto*** menu at the top of the screen.  
Select from the menu items to go to the specified period.
- Use the ***Analyze*** menu at the top of the screen.  
Select from the first section of menu items to go to the specified period. If the study as an extra 10 minute post-water period, there will be an additional menu item for the fourth 10 minute post-water period.

- Also note that if the period has been analyzed there is a check mark next to the menu item. This is an easy way of telling if a period has been analyzed.
- Use the dropdown list next to the patient name and date of study.  
Select the dropdown list and then select the period to go to that period. If the study as an extra 10 minute post-water period, there will be an item in the list for the fourth 10 minute post-water period.

- Use the *Goto* icons at the top of the screen just below the menu items.  
Uses the icons as follows:
  -  This displays the baseline period.
  -  This displays the previous period. This has no effect if the baseline period is being displayed.
  -  This displays the current period. This is useful if viewing the report or RSA and you wish to go back and look at the period you were previously viewing.
  -  This displays the next post-water period. This has no effect if the last post-water period is being displayed.
  -  This displays the last post-water period.

## ***24 Backing Up and Restoring Data***

**REFER TO SAME THE SECTION IN THE ABOVE [RESEARCH VERSION MANUAL](#)**

## ***25 Closing the Program.***

**REFER TO SAME THE SECTION IN THE ABOVE [RESEARCH VERSION MANUAL](#)**

### ***NOTES***