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Application Note

Multimedia Processor for Mobile Applications

Camera Interface

EMMA Mobile1

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PREFACE

Purpose The purpose of this document is to specify the usage of EMMA Mobile1 Camera interface.

Organization This document includes the following:

- Introduction
- Usage of Camera Interface
- Example of Camera Interface Operation
- Camera Driver Function

Notation Here explains the meaning of following words in text:

Note Explanation of item indicated in the text

Caution Information to which user should afford special attention

Remark Supplementary information

Related document The following tables list related documents.

Reference Document

Document Name	Version/date	Description
S19265EJ1V0UM00_ASMUGIO.pdf	1st Edition	SMU&GPIO user's manual
S19268EJ1V0UM00_1chip.pdf	1st Edition	1 chip user's manual
S19285EJ1V0UM00_CAMERA.pdf	1st Edition	Camera Interface user's manual
S19907EJ1V0AN00_GD.pdf	1st Edition	GD Spec
S19905EJ1V0AN00_I2C.pdf	1st Edition	Application Note
S19899EJ1V0AN00_LCD.pdf	1st Edition	Application Note
S19906EJ1V0AN00_IMC.pdf	1st Edition	Application Note

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CONTENTS

Chapter 1 Introduction	8
1.1 Outline	8
1.2 Development Environment.....	8
Chapter 2 Usage of Camera Interface.....	9
2.1 Camera Interface Function.....	9
2.2 Operation Flow.....	11
2.3 Details	12
2.3.1 Camera Initialization	12
2.3.2 Set Camera Timing.....	14
2.3.3 Set Input/Output Size	16
2.3.4 Set Frame Address.....	17
2.3.5 Set Reduction	19
2.3.6 Set Transfer Processing	20
2.3.7 Set Level Adjustment.....	21
2.3.8 Open Camera Interrupt.....	21
2.3.9 Start DMA Transfer	21
2.3.10 IMC/LCD Setting for Display	22
2.3.11 Camera DMA Transfer	22
2.3.12 Stop DMA Transfer	22
2.3.13 Close Camera Interrupt	22
2.3.14 Stop LCD Display	22
Chapter 3 Example of Camera Interface Operation.....	23
3.1 Hardware Connection	23
3.2 Initialization.....	24
3.2.1 Operation Flow	24
3.2.2 Operation Detail.....	25
3.2.2.1 Config Camera Interface as Default	25
3.2.2.2 Init Camera Sensor Module.....	28
3.2.2.3 Init IMC/LCD for Display	28
3.3 Example of Preview Function.....	29
3.3.1 Operation Flow	29
3.3.2 Operation Detail.....	30
3.3.2.1 Preview Start	30
3.3.2.2 Preview Stop	30
3.4 Example of Mirror Function	31
3.4.1 Operation Flow	31
3.4.2 Operation Detail.....	31
3.5 Example of Level Adjustment Function.....	32
3.5.1 Operation Flow	32
3.5.2 Operation Detail.....	32

3.6 Example of Reduction Function	33
3.6.1 Operation Flow	33
3.6.2 Operation Detail.....	34
APPENDIX A Camera Driver Function	36
A.1 Function List.....	36
A.2 Global Variable Define	36
A.3 Structure Define	37
A.3.1 em1_cam_gain_t.....	37
A.3.2 em1_cam_size_t.....	37
A.3.3 em1_cam_frame_t.....	37
A.3.4 em1_cam_sensor_t.....	38
A.3.5 em1_cam_data_t	38
A.4 Function Details	39
A.4.1 Camera Initialization Function.....	39
A.4.2 Camera Gain/Offset Setting Function	40
A.4.3 Camera Gain/Offset Setting Function	41
A.4.4 Camera Frame Setting Function	42
A.4.5 Camera Timing Setting Function.....	43
A.4.6 Camera Mirror Setting Function.....	44
A.4.7 Enable/Disable Camera Interface Function	45
A.4.8 Camera DMA Start Function	46
A.4.9 Camera DMA Stop Function	47
A.4.10 Camera Interrupt Open Function	48
A.4.11 Camera Interrupt Close Function	49
A.4.12 Camera Interrupt Handler Function	50
ANNEX Modification History.....	51

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1-1 Hardware Environment	8
Table 1-2 Software Environment.....	8
Table 2-1 Basic Capture Function.....	9
Table 2-2 Reduction Function	9
Table 2-3 Flipping Function.....	9
Table 2-4 Level Adjustment Function.....	10
Table 2-5 Parameters of Camera Timing.....	14
Table 2-6 Discription of Input/Output Size	16
Table 2-7 Description of Frame Address	17
Table 2-8 Description of Transfer Processing.....	20
Table 3-1 Description of Camera Interface Initialization	25
Table 3-2 Description of Camera Timing Setting	26
Table 3-3 Description of Camera Input/Output Size Setting	26
Table 3-4 Description of Frame Address Setting	26
Table 3-5 Description of Transfer Processing Setting	27
Table 3-6 Description of Level Adjustment	27
Table A-1 LCD Driver Function List	36
Table A-2 Global Variable Define.....	36
Table A-3 Structure Define.....	37
Table A-4 Structure of em1_cam_gain_t	37
Table A-5 Structure of em1_cam_size_t.....	37
Table A-5 Structure of em1_cam_frame_t.....	37

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2-1 Display Progress When Use IMC	11
Figure 3-1 Connection between EMMA Mobile 1's Evaluation Board and Camera Board	23
Figure 3-2 Initialization before Test.....	24
Figure 3-3 Operation Flow of Preview Start Function	29
Figure 3-4 Operation Flow of Mirror Function	31
Figure 3-5 Operation Flow of Level Adjustment Function.....	32
Figure 3-6 Operation Flow of Scale Down Function	33
Figure A-1 Camera Controller Initialization	39
Figure A-2 Camera Gain/Offset Setting	40
Figure A-3 Camera Gain/Offset Setting	41
Figure A-4 Camera Frame Setting	42
Figure A-5 Camera Timing Setting.....	43
Figure A-6 Camera Mirror Setting	44

Figure A-7 Camera Interface Enable/Disable Setting.....	45
Figure A-8 Camera DMA Start.....	46
Figure A-9 Camera DMA Stop.....	47
Figure A-10 Open Camera Interrupt.....	48
Figure A-10 Open Camera Interrupt.....	49
Figure A-12 Camera Interrupt Handler.....	50

Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Outline

This document will show users how to operate Camera interface on EMMA Mobile1 evaluation board.

More details about Camera interface feature please refer to EMMA Mobile 1 Camera interface user's manual.

1.2 Development Environment

- Hardware environment of this project is listed as below.

Table 1-1 Hardware Environment

Name	Version	Maker
EMMA Mobile 1 evaluation board (PSKCH2Y-S-0016-01)	-	NEC Electronics
PARTNER-Jet ICE ARM	M20	Kyoto Microcomputer Co. Ltd

- Software used in this project is listed as below.

Table 1-2 Software Environment

Name	Version	Maker
GNUARM Toolchain	V4.3.2	GNU
WJETSET-ARM	V5.10a	Kyoto Microcomputer Co. Ltd

Chapter 2 Usage of Camera Interface

2.1 Camera Interface Function

EMMA Mobile 1 Camera interface supports following function.

- 1) Basic capture function

Table 2-1 Basic Capture Function

Item	Description
Image size	Max: 4088 pixels (horizontal) x 4092 pixels (vertical)
Input data format	YUV422 (Support two orders: U0Y0V0Y1 or Y0U0Y1V0)
Output data format	YUV 422 Interleave YUV 420/422 Semi-Planar YUV 420/422 Planar
Data sampling	Rising edge Falling edge Both edges
Sampling mode	Vertical/horizontal sync signal sampling Enable signal sampling ITU-R BT.656 encoding
Byte lane switch	Big/little endian or 32-bit units specification

- 2) Reduction

Table 2-2 Reduction Function

Item	Description
Sampling method	Nearest-neighbor sampling
Range	1 to 1/16 (can be set to any size)

- 3) Horizontal/vertical flip

Table 2-3 Flipping Function

Item	Description
Flipping mode	No flip Horizontal flip Vertical flip Horizontal and vertical flip (180° rotation)

4) Level adjustment

Table 2-4 Level Adjustment Function

Item	Description
Gain range	$Y_{\text{gain}} : 0 \text{ to } 255/128$ $U_{\text{gain}} : 0 \text{ to } 255/128$ $V_{\text{gain}} : 0 \text{ to } 255/128$
Offset range	$Y_{\text{offset}} : -128 \text{ to } 127$ $U_{\text{offset}} : -128 \text{ to } 127$ $V_{\text{offset}} : -128 \text{ to } 127$

Note:

Following formulary shows the relationship between input Y/U/V value and output Y/U/V value.

$$Y_{\text{out}} = Y_{\text{in}} * Y_{\text{gain}} + Y_{\text{offset}}$$

$$U_{\text{out}} = U_{\text{in}} * U_{\text{gain}} + U_{\text{offset}}$$

$$V_{\text{out}} = V_{\text{in}} * V_{\text{gain}} + V_{\text{offset}}$$

2.2 Operation Flow

Following figure shows the flow chart of camera.

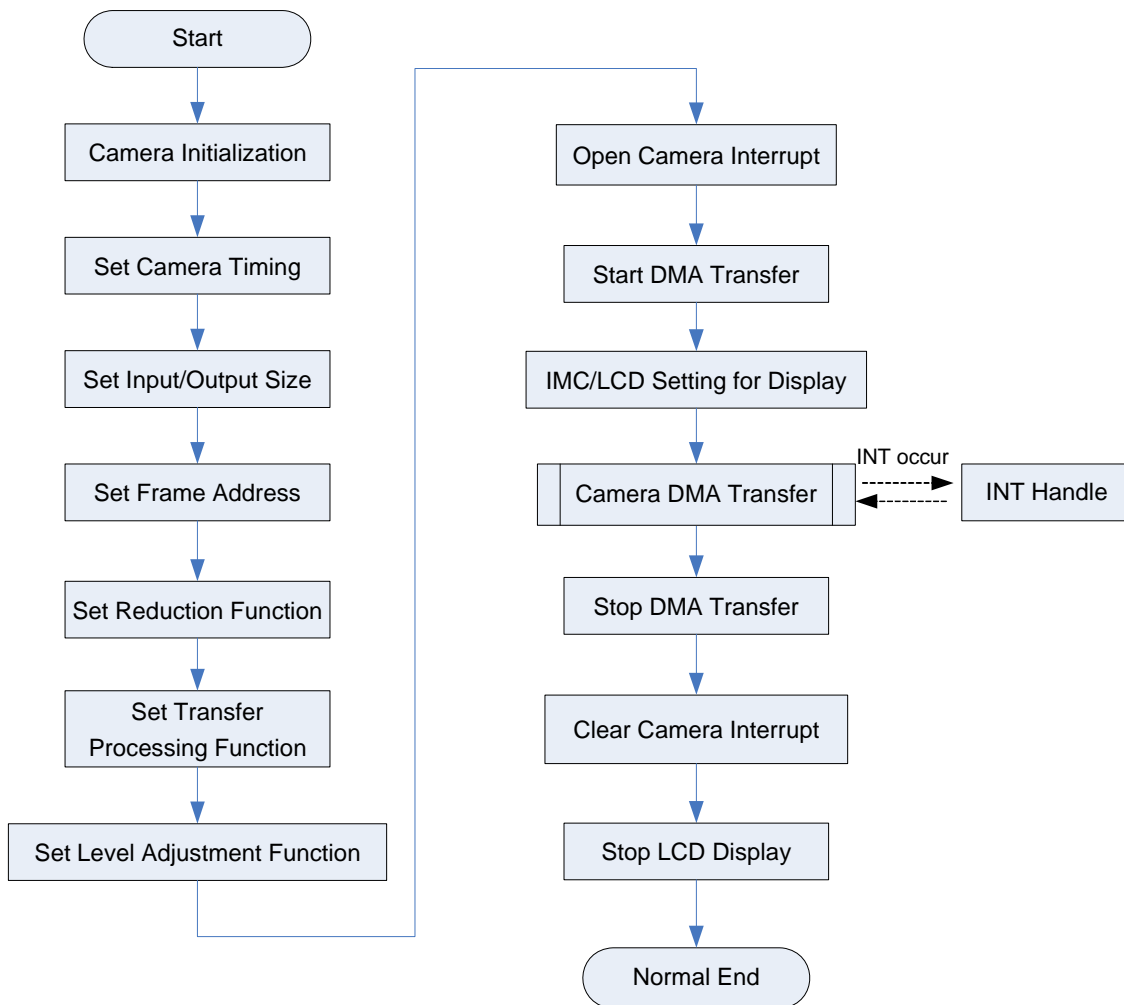


Figure 2-1 Flow Chart of Camera Operation

2.3 Details

2.3.1 Camera Initialization

Camera initialization progress includes two steps:

1) Camera module initialization

This step is different according to the type of camera module. For details, please refer the User's Manual of camera sensor module.

2) Camera interface initialization

EMMA Mobile 1 camera interface initialization including following sequences:

- Switch pins to camera function

Register list:

CHG_PINSEL_G00
CHG_PINSEL_G64
CHG_PINSEL_SD1
CHG_PINSEL_G80

- Enable input function and pull-down setting for camera pins

Register list:

CHG_PULL_G72
CHG_PULL2
CHG_PULL_G88

- Driver capability setting:

Register list:

CHG_DRIVE0
CHG_DRIVE1
CHG_DRIVE2

- Clock setting

Register list:

ASMU_GCLKCTRL0
ASMU_AHBCLKCTRL0
ASMU_APBCLKCTRL0
ASMU_DIVCAMCLK^{Note}

Note:

The source clock of CAM_SCLK can be selected as PLL2 (default value is 499.712MHz) or PLL3 (default value is 229.376MHz).

$$f_{\text{cam_sclk}} = f_{\text{source}} / \text{DIV}$$

The DIV range is from 1 to 32.

- Reset and cancel reset camera

Register list:

ASMU_RESETRREQ0ENA

ASMU_RESETRREQ0

2.3.2 Set Camera Timing

The camera timing of EMMA Mobile 1 should be setting according to connected sensor module's features.

About mainly parameters of camera timing, please refer Table 2-5.

Table 2-5 Parameters of Camera Timing

Item	Description	Related Register
Input data format ^{Note}	U0Y0V0Y1	DATA_ID = 0 (CA_CSR)
	Y0U0Y1V0	DATA_ID = 1 (CA_CSR)
Output data format ^{Note}	YUV 422 Interleave	PIXELMODE = 1 (CA_CSR) PIXEL_YUV = 0 (CA_CSR) MAIN_YUV = 0 (CA_DMACNT)
	YUV 422 Semi-Planar	PIXELMODE = 0 (CA_CSR) PIXEL_YUV = 0 (CA_CSR) MAIN_YUV = 0 (CA_DMACNT)
	YUV 422 Planar	PIXEL_YUV = 1 (CA_CSR) MAIN_YUV = 0 (CA_DMACNT)
	YUV 420 Semi-Planar	PIXELMODE = 0 (CA_CSR) PIXEL_YUV = 0 (CA_CSR) MAIN_YUV = 1 (CA_DMACNT)
	YUV 420 Planar	PIXEL_YUV = 1 (CA_CSR) MAIN_YUV = 1 (CA_DMACNT)
Data sampling	Rising edge	VS_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) HS_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) DATA_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) CLK_DEGE = 0 (CA_CSR)
	Falling edge	VS_DET = 1 (CA_CSR) HS_DET = 1 (CA_CSR) DATA_DET = 1 (CA_CSR) CLK_DEGE = 0 (CA_CSR)
	Both edges	VS_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) HS_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) CLK_DEGE = 1 (CA_CSR)
Sampling mode	VS/HS signal sampling	SYNCTYPE = 0 (CA_CSR) SYNCMODE = 0 (CA_CSR)
	Enable signal sampling	SYNCTYPE = 0 (CA_CSR) SYNCMODE = 1 (CA_CSR)
	ITU-R BT.656 encoding	SYNCTYPE = 1 (CA_CSR) SYNCMODE = 0 (CA_CSR)
Signal polarity	Positive logic	For VS: VS_POL = 0 (CA_CSR) For HS: HS_POL = 0 (CA_CSR)
	Negative logic	For VS: VS_POL = 1 (CA_CSR) For HS: HS_POL = 1 (CA_CSR)
Limit value of YUV output data	Conforms to ITU-R BT.656 (Y: 16 to 235, U and V: 16 to 240)	LIMITSEL = 0 (CA_CSR)

Item	Description	Related Register
	All 8 bits are valid (Y, U and V: 0 to 255)	LIMITSEL = 1 (CA_CSR)
Byte lane switch ^{Note}	For YUV 422 Interleave: Select the range of Y0, Y1, U0, V0.	YUV_OD_BYTELANE (CA_OD_BYTELANE2) Y_BYTELANE(CA_OD_BYTELANE2)
	For YUV 420/422 Semi-Planar: (1) Select the range of Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3 (2) Select the range of U0, V0, U1, V1	DATA_OD (CA_CSR) Y_BYTELANE and UV_BYTELANE (CA_OD_BYTELANE2)
	For YUV 420/422 Planar: (1) Select the range of Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3 (2) Select the range of U0/V0, U1/V1, U2/V2, U3/V3	Y_BYTELANE UV_BYTELANE (CA_OD_BYTELANE2)

Note:

More details about the data format and byte lane switch please refer to “**4.10 Data Format**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

Register list:

CA_CSR

CA_DMACNT

CA_OD_BYTELANE

CA_OD_BYTELANE2

2.3.3 Set Input/Output Size

Table 2-6 shows the description of input/output size.

Table 2-6 Discription of Input/Output Size

Item	Description
Input size ^{Note}	<p>For VS/HS sync signal sampling: When rising or falling edge: $CA_X1R = HS\ blank * 2$ $CA_X2R = CA_X1R + input\ width * 2$ $CA_Y1R = VS\ blank$ $CA_Y2R = CA_Y1R + input\ height$</p> <p>When both-edge: $CA_X1R = HS\ blank$ $CA_X2R = CA_X1R + input\ width$ $CA_Y1R = VS\ blank$ $CA_Y2R = CA_Y1R + input\ height$</p> <p>Note: The value set to CA_X3R is ignored. More details, please refer to “4.9.1 Vertical/horizontal synchronization signal sampling” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.</p>
	<p>For enable signal sampling: (Normal) When rising or falling edge: $CA_X1R = 0$ $CA_X2R = input\ width * 2$ $CA_X3R = input\ width * 2$ $CA_Y1R = 0$ $CA_Y2R = input\ height$</p> <p>When both-edge: $CA_X1R = 0$ $CA_X2R = input\ width$ $CA_X3R = input\ width$ $CA_Y1R = 0$ $CA_Y2R = input\ height$</p> <p>For enable signal sampling: (Cropping) When rising or falling edge: $CA_X1R = Cropping\ starting\ pixel * 2$ $CA_X2R = Cropped\ image\ X\ size * 2$ $CA_X3R = Effective\ image\ X\ size * 2$ $CA_Y1R = Cropping\ starting\ line$ $CA_Y2R = Cropped\ image\ Y\ size + CA_Y1R$</p> <p>When both-edge: $CA_X1R = Cropping\ starting\ pixel$ $CA_X2R = Cropped\ image\ X\ size$ $CA_X3R = Effective\ image\ X\ size$ $CA_Y1R = Cropping\ starting\ line$ $CA_Y2R = Cropped\ image\ Y\ size + CA_Y1R$</p> <p>Note: Be sure to set CA_X3R. More details, please refer to “4.9.2 Enable signal sampling” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.</p>
	<p>For ITU-R BT.656 signal sampling: When NTSC: $CA_X1R = 272$ $CA_X2R = 1712$ $CA_Y1R = 0$ $CA_Y2R = 243$</p> <p>When PAL: $CA_X1R = 284$ $CA_X2R = 1724$ $CA_Y1R = 0$ $CA_Y2R = 288$</p> <p>Note: The value set to CA_X3R is ignored. More details, please refer to “4.9.3 ITU-R BT.656 signal sampling” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.</p>

Item	Description
Output size ^{Note}	CA_DMAX_MAIN = output width CA_DMAY_MAIN = output height For YUV 422 Interleave mode: CA_LINESIZE_MAIN = output width * 2 For YUV Semi-Planar and YUV Planar mode: CA_LINESIZE_MAIN = output width

Note:

More details about input size setting, please refer to “**4.9 Restrictions on Data Transfer Range Values**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

More details about output size setting, please refer to “**4.8 Data Transfer Range Specification**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

Register list:

CA_X1R
 CA_X2R
 CA_X3R
 CA_Y1R
 CA_Y2R
 CA_DMAX_MAIN
 CA_DMAY_MAIN
 CA_LINESIZE_MAIN

2.3.4 Set Frame Address

Camera Interface of EMMA Mobile 1 supports two frames: A/B frame. The parameters of frame address include YPLANE_A/B (the transfer destination address of Y plane data), UVPLANE_A/B (the transfer destination address of UV plane data) and VPLANE_A/B (the transfer destination address of V plane data).

Table 2 -7 shows the description of frame address setting according to data format type.

Table 2-7 Description of Frame Address

Data Format	Frame Address
YUV422 interleave	Only set YPLANE_A/B
YUV 420/422 Semi-Planar	Need set YPLANE_A/B and UVPLANE_A/B
YUV 420/422 Planar	Need set YPLANE_A/B, UVPLANE_A/B and VPLANE_A/B

Register list:

CA_YPLANE_A
 CA_YPLANE_B
 CA_UVPLANE_A
 CA_UVPLANE_B

CA_VPLANE_A

CA_VPLANE_B

CA_MAINFRM

Remark:

More details about frame address setting, please refer to “**4.10.2 Memory mapping**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

2.3.5 Set Reduction

The reduction method of EMMA Mobile 1 is nearest-neighbor sampling, which copies the nearest neighbor pixels of an original image to the pixel positions of a reduced image.

Following show the reduction formulary.

$$\text{Output size} = \text{Input size} * 64 / (64 + \text{RATIO})$$

The range of RATIO is 0 to 959, so the reduction ratio is 1 to 1/16.

Register list:

CA_XRATIO_MAIN

CA_YRATIO_MAIN

CA_DMACNT

Remark:

More details about reduction setting please refer to “**4.7 Reduction Method**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

2.3.6 Set Transfer Processing

The transfer processing of EMMA Mobile 1 includes 3 functions: frame skipping, transfer mode and horizontal/vertical flip control.

Table 2-8 shows the description of transfer processing setting.

Table 2-8 Description of Transfer Processing

Function	Description
Frame skipping	Including 4 types: (1) No skipping (2) 1/2 skipping (3) 1/3 skipping (4) 1/4 skipping
Transfer mode	Including 3 types: (1) Single transfer (2) Repeat transfer (frame fixed) (3) Repeat transfer (double)
Horizontal/vertical flip control	Including 4 types: (1) No flip (2) Horizontal flip (3) Vertical flip (4) Horizontal and vertical flip (180° rotation)

Register list:

CA_DMACNT
CA_MIRROR

Remark:

More details about transfer processing setting, please refer to “**4.11 Transfer Processing**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

2.3.7 Set Level Adjustment

Level adjustment function is used to adjust gain and offset for the input data level.

More details about lever adjustment, please refer to “**4.6 Level Adjustment**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

Register list:

- CA_BNZR
- CA_BNGR
- CA_CBZR
- CA_CBGR
- CA_CRZR
- CA_CRGR

2.3.8 Open Camera Interrupt

Camera interrupt of EMMA Mobile 1 has 4 types:

- 1) main frame overrun
- 2) main frame transfer completion
- 3) transfer error
- 4) vertical synchronization

More details about camera interrupt, please refer to “**3.2.1 Interrupt registers**” of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface User’s Manual.

Register list:

- CA_ENSET
- CA_ENCLR
- CA_FFCLR
- INTC_IT0_IEN0
- SEC_IT0_IENS0

Remark:

More details about INTC_IT0_IEN0 and SEC_IT0_IENS0 register, please refer to EMMA Mobile 1 One Chip User’s Manual.

2.3.9 Start DMA Transfer

Issue camera DMA request to start DMA transfer

Register list:

- CA_DMAREQ

2.3.10 IMC/LCD Setting for Display

Through IMC/LCD setting, camera image data will be displayed on LCD panel.

Remark:

More detail about IMC and LCD setting, please refer to EMMA Mobile 1 IMC User's Manual and EMMA Mobile 1 LCDC User's Manual.

2.3.11 Camera DMA Transfer

After issue camera DMA request, camera interface will start to capture image data from external camera sensor module and save data in specified frame address. In this step, some interrupts should be issued and registered interrupt handler function will be called to handle issued interrupt.

Register list:

CA_STATUS
CA_FFCLR

2.3.12 Stop DMA Transfer

Cancel camera DMA request to stop DMA transfer

Register list:

CA_DMASTOP

2.3.13 Close Camera Interrupt

This step will clear all camera interrupts.

Register list:

CA_ENSET
CA_ENCLR
CA_FFCLR
INTC_IT0_IEN0
SEC_IT0_IENS0

2.3.14 Stop LCD Display

This step will stop LCD display.

Remark:

More detail about LCD setting, please refer to EMMA Mobile 1 LCDC User's Manual.

Chapter 3 Example of Camera Interface Operation

This chapter will show users how to realize following functions.

- Preview function
- Mirror function
- Level adjustment function
- Reduction function

3.1 Hardware Connection

On EMMA Mobile 1 evaluation board (PSKCH2Y-S-0016-01), there is a JP11 connection which includes all pins of camera interface. For camera evaluation, EMMA Mobile 1 camera board is designed. This board includes:

- 1) an external camera sensor module
- 2) power supply circuit for sensor module
- 3) a connection which is suitable for JP11

Figure 3-1 shows the connection of EMMA Mobile 1 evaluation board and EMMA Mobile camera board.

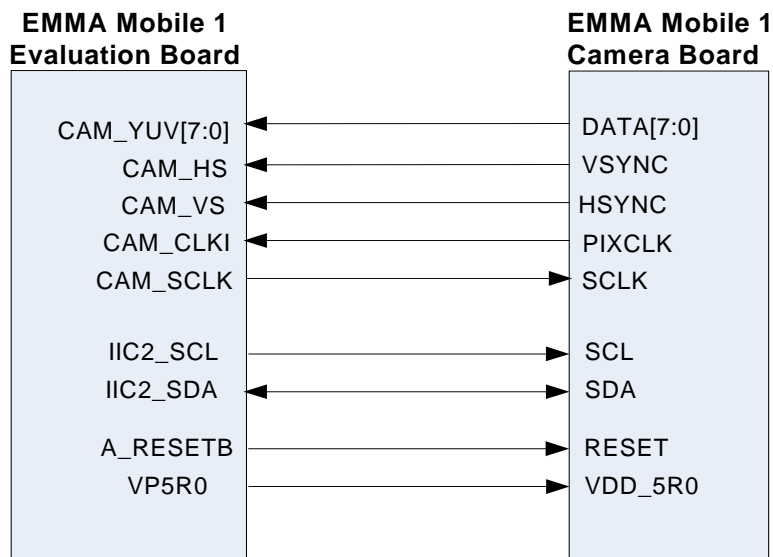


Figure 3-1 Connection between EMMA Mobile 1's Evaluation Board and Camera Board

Note:

For evaluation of EMMA Mobile 1 camera interface, the original EMMA Mobile 1 evaluation board has been modified. Please confirm the number of evaluation board is bigger than 50th.

3.2 Initialization

3.2.1 Operation Flow

Figure 3-2 shows the operation flow of initialization before test.

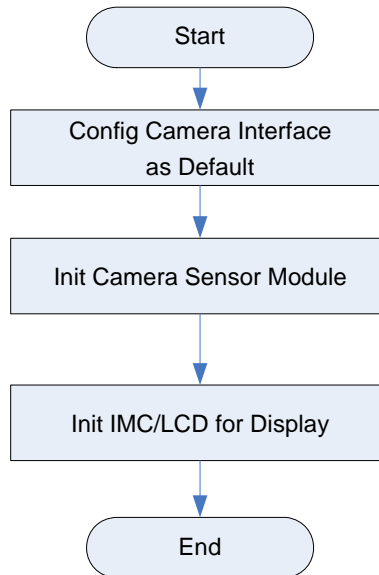


Figure 3-2 Initialization before Test

3.2.2 Operation Detail

3.2.2.1 Config Camera Interface as Default

This step will init camera interface, set camera timing, set input/output size, set reduction, set frame address, set transfer processing, set level adjustment and open camera interrupt.

1) Init Camera Interface

Table 3-1 shows the description of camera interface initialization.

Table 3-1 Description of Camera Interface Initialization

Sequence	Registers Description
(1) Switch pins to camera function	CHG_PINSEL_G00[9:8] = 11b (CAM_SCLK) CHG_PINSEL_G64[31:22] = 1111_1111_11b (CAM_YUV[4:0]) CHG_PINSEL_SD1[1:0] = 10b (CAM_YUV[7:5], CAM_VS, CAM_HS) CHG_PINSEL_G80[25:24] = 10b (CAM_CLKI)
(2) Enable pins input function	CHG_PULL_G72[31:12] = 0100_0100_0100_0100_0100b (CAM_YUV[4:0]) CHG_PULL2 [23:12] = 0100_0100_0100b (CAM_YUV[7:5], CAM_VS, CAM_HS) CHG_PULL_G88 [19:16] = 0100b (CAM_CLKI)
(3) Driver capability setting	Set driver capability to max value CHG_DRIVE0[29:28] = 11b CHG_DRIVE1[21:20] = 11b CHG_DRIVE1[13:12] = 11b CHG_DRIVE2[1:0] = 11b
(4) Clock setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Set division of CAM_SCLK ASMU_DIVCAMSCLK = 0x113 bit[9:8] = 01b - Set PLL3 (229.376MHz) as source clock bit[4:0] = 0x13 - Division ratio is 20. $f_{cam_sclk} = 229.376MHz/20 = 11.468MHz$ ● close camera clock ASMU_AHBCLKCTRL0[12] = 0b (disable automatic control of CAMLP) ASMU_APBCLKCTRL0[3] = 0b (disable automatic control of CAMPCLKLP) ASMU_GCLKCTRL0[22:20] = 000b (stop clock supply for camera interface) ● open camera clock ASMU_GCLKCTRL0[22:20] = 111b (supply clock for camera interface) ASMU_AHBCLKCTRL0[12] = 1b (enable automatic control of CAMLP) ASMU_APBCLKCTRL0[3] = 1b (enable automatic control of CAMPCLKLP)
(5) reset camera	ASMU_RESETREQ0ENA[12] = 1b (enable camera reset) ASMU_RESETREQ0[12] = 0b (reset camera) ASMU_RESETREQ0[12] = 1b (cancel reset of camera) ASMU_RESETREQ0ENA[12] = 0b (disable camera reset)

2) Set Camera Timing

Table 3-2 shows the description of camera timing setting.

Table 3-2 Description of Camera Timing Setting

Item	Description	Related Register
Input data format	U0Y0V0Y1	DATA_ID = 0 (CA_CSR)
Output data format	YUV 420 Planar	PIXEL_YUV = 1 (CA_CSR) MAIN_YUV = 1 (CA_DMACNT)
Data sampling	Rising edge	VS_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) HS_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) DATA_DET = 0 (CA_CSR) CLK_DEGE = 0 (CA_CSR)
Sampling mode	Enable signal sampling	SYNCTYPE = 0 (CA_CSR) SYNCMODE = 1 (CA_CSR)
Signal polarity	Positive logic	For VS: VS_POL = 0 (CA_CSR) For HS: HS_POL = 0 (CA_CSR)
Limit value of YUV output data	Conforms to ITU-R BT.656 (Y: 16 to 235, U and V: 16 to 240)	LIMITSEL = 0 (CA_CSR)
Byte lane switch	No use	No setting

3) Set Input/Output Size

Table 3-3 shows the description of input/output size setting.

Table 3-3 Description of Camera Input/Output Size Setting

Item	Description	Related Register
Input size	Input width = 640 Input height = 480	CA_X1R = 0 CA_X2R = 1280 CA_X3R = 1280 CA_Y1R = 0 CA_Y2R = 640
Output size	Output width = 640 Output height = 480	CA_DMAX_MAIN = 640 CA_DMAY_MAIN = 480 CA_LINESIZE_MAIN = 640

4) Set Frame Address

Table 3-4 shows the description of frame address setting.

Table 3-4 Description of Frame Address Setting

Data Format	Frame Address
YUV 420 Planar	YPLANE_A = 0x32000000 YPLANE_B = 0x32100000 UVPLANE_A = 0x3204B000 UVPLANE_B = 0x3214B000 VPLANE_A = 0x3205DC00 VPLANE_B = 0x3215DC00

5) Set Reduction

Because the input size is same with output size, reduction function is not used as default.

The related register setting is as following.

CA_DMACNT[3] = 0b – does not resize main frames

6) Set Transfer Processing

Table 3-5 shows the description of transfer processing setting.

Table 3-5 Description of Transfer Processing Setting

Item	Description	Related Register
Frame skipping	No skipping	PCULLR = 00b (CA_DMACNT)
Transfer mode	Repeat transfer (double)	MAINMODE = 11b (CA_DMACNT)
Flip control	No flip	MAIN_MIRROR = 00b (CA_MIRROR)

7) Set Level Adjustment

Table 3-6 shows the description of level adjustment setting.

Table 3-6 Description of Level Adjustment

Item	Description	Related Register
Gain value	$Y_{\text{gain}} = U_{\text{gain}} = V_{\text{gain}} = 128$	CA_BNGR = 0x80 CA_CBGR = 0x80 CA_CRGR = 0x80
Offset value	$Y_{\text{offset}} = U_{\text{offset}} = V_{\text{offset}} = 0$	CA_BNZR = 0 CA_CBZR = 0 CA_CRZR = 0

8) Open camera Interrupt

This step will cancel camera interrupt masking, clear camera interrupt and enable camera interrupt.

The setting of related registers is as following.

CA_ENSET = 0x0E – cancel overrun/transfer completion/transfer error interrupt masking

CA_FFCLR = 0x0F – clear all interrupt

INTC_IT0_IEN0[21] = 0b & SEC_IT0_IENS0[21] = 0b – enable camera interrupt

3.2.2.2 Init Camera Sensor Module

For initialization of camera sensor module, IIC2 interface of EMMA Mobile 1 is used to write/read registers of camera sensor module. About the usage of IIC2 interface of EMMA Mobile 1, please refer to “**EMMA Mobile 1 IIC Application Note**”.

More details about registers of camera sensor module please refer to the User’s Manual of camera sensor module.

3.2.2.3 Init IMC/LCD for Display

In this sample, LCD and IMC module will be called to display the rotated image. So need to initialize LCD and IMC module.

More detail about these two modules, please refer to “EMMA Mobile 1 IMC Application Note” and “EMMA Mobile 1 LCDC Application Note”.

3.3 Example of Preview Function

3.3.1 Operation Flow

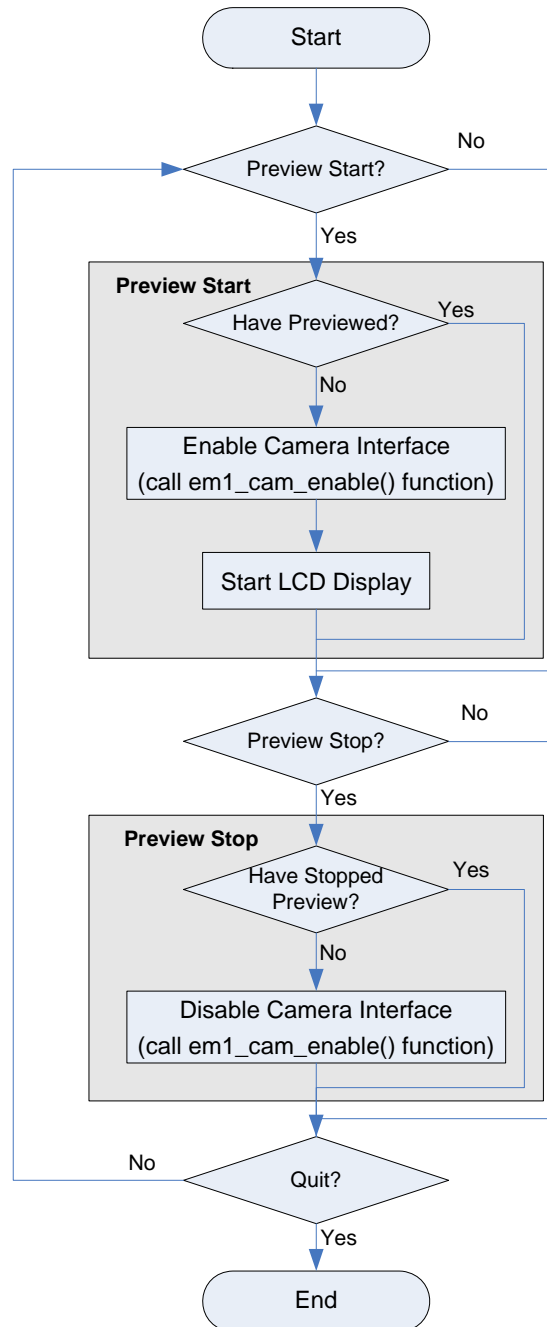


Figure 3-3 Operation Flow of Preview Start Function

More details about the functions used in this example please refer to “**APPENDIX A Camera Driver Function**”

3.3.2 Operation Detail

3.3.2.1 Preview Start

1) Enable Camera Interface

It will call “em1_cam_enable()” function. In this function, following operations are executed.

Step 1: cancel camera hardware reset

CA_MODULECONT = 0x01

Step 2: Start camera DMA transfer

CA_DMAREQ = 0x01

2) Start LCD Display

This step will call “em1_lcd_start()” function. More detail about this function, please refer to “EMMA Mobile 1 LCDC Application Note”.

3.3.2.2 Preview Stop

In this step, will call “em1_cam_disable()” function. In this function, following operations are executed.

Step 1: wait until DMA transfer stop.

Read the CA_DMAREQ register. If register bit0 is 0, it means that DMA transfer has been stopped.

Step 2: camera hardware reset

CA_MODULECONT = 0x0

3.4 Example of Mirror Function

3.4.1 Operation Flow

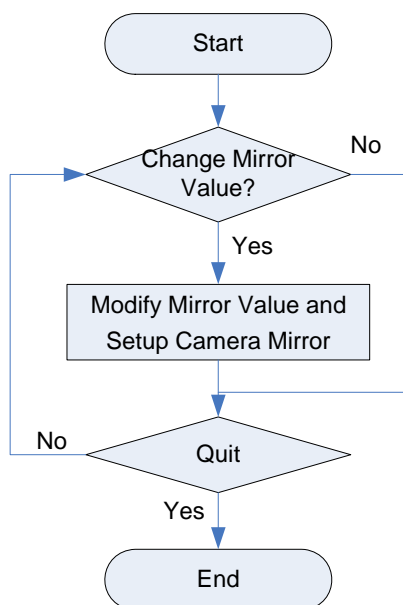


Figure 3-4 Operation Flow of Mirror Function

Note:

Please confirm that preview has been started before mirror function test.

3.4.2 Operation Detail

Mirror function of EMMA Mobile 1 Camera Interface has 4 types:

- 1) No flip
- 2) Horizontal flip
- 3) Vertical flip
- 4) Horizontal and vertical flip (180° rotation)

In this example, users will choose the mirror type and then call “em1_cam_set_mirror()” function to setup camera mirror. In this function, will set following registers.

CA_MIRROR[3:2] (set flip mode)

00b – No flip

01b – Horizontal flip

10b – Vertical flip

11b – Horizontal and vertical flip (180° rotation)

CA_UPDATE = 0x01 (update flip mode setting)

3.5 Example of Level Adjustment Function

3.5.1 Operation Flow

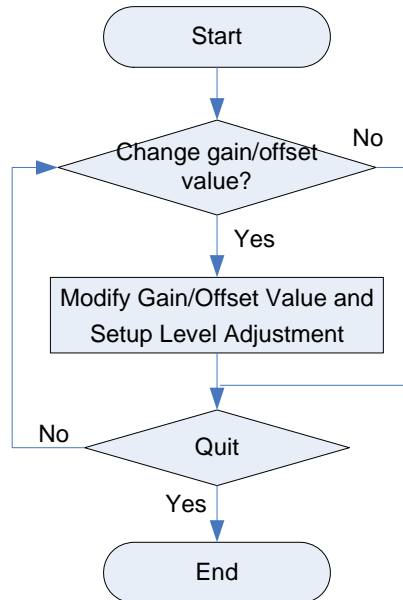


Figure 3-5 Operation Flow of Level Adjustment Function

Note:

Please confirm that preview has been started before level adjustment function test.

3.5.2 Operation Detail

About the range value of gain/offset, please refer to “Table 2-4 Level Adjustment Function”.

In this example, users will change the gain/offset value and then call “em1_cam_set_gain()” function to setup level adjustment. In this function, will set following registers.

CA_BNZR
CA_BNGR
CA_CBZR
CA_CBGR
CA_CRZR
CA_CRGR
CA_UPDATE = 0x01 (update gain/offset setting)

3.6 Example of Reduction Function

3.6.1 Operation Flow

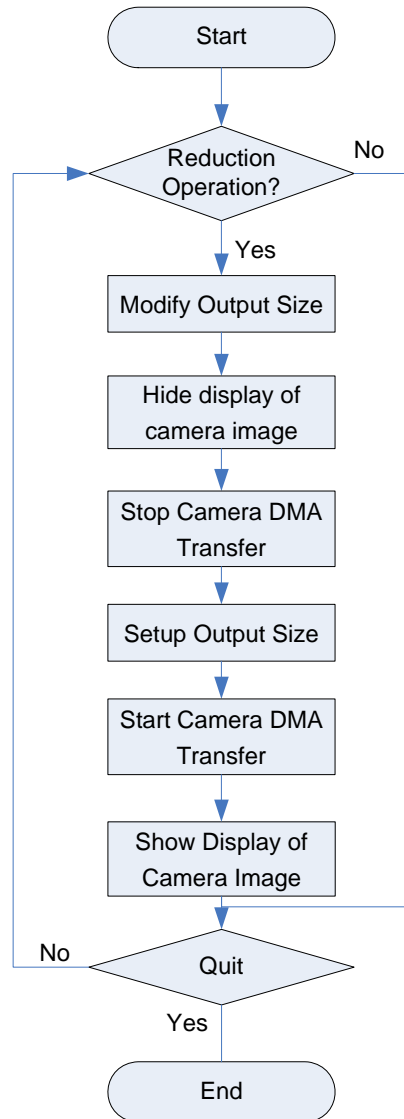


Figure 3-6 Operation Flow of Scale Down Function

Note:

Please confirm that preview has been started before scale down function test.

3.6.2 Operation Detail

1) Modify Output Size

About the reduction range, please refer to “Table 2-2 Reduction Function”.

In this example, the limit value of output size is as following.

Max width: 640	max height: 480
Min width: 128	min height: 96
Width step: 32	height step: 24

2) Hide Display of Camera Image

This step will call “em1_imc_hide()” function and “em1_imc_refresh()” function. More detail about this function, please refer to “EMMA Mobile 1 IMC Application Note”.

3) Stop Camera DMA Transfer

This step will call “em1_cam_dma_stop()” function. In this function, will set following registers.

- CA_DMASTOP = 0x01 (stop DMA transfer)
- Read the CA_DMAREQ register until DMA transfer has been stopped. If register bit0 is 0, it means DMA transfer have been stopped.
- CA_FFCLR = 0x0F (clear all interrupt)

4) Setup Output Size

This step will set reduction function and following registers are used.

- CA_DMAX_MAIN (set the number of horizontal pixels to be transferred)
CA_DMAX_MAIN = output width
- CA_DMAY_MAIN (set the number of lines to be transferred vertically)
CA_DMAY_MAIN = output height
- CA_XRATIO_MAIN (set the reduction ratio in the horizontal direction)
XRATIO = $64 * \text{input width} / \text{output size} - 64$
- CA_YRATIO_MAIN (set the reduction ratio in the vertical direction)
YRATIO = $64 * \text{input height} / \text{output height} - 64$
- CA_LINESIZE_MAIN (set the number of horizontal pixels to be transferred)
Because the data format of camera sensor module is YUV 420 Planar mode, set the value of output width to CA_LINESIZE_MAIN
- CA_DMACNT[3] (set resize or doesn't resize)
It the output size is same with input size, set CA_DMACNT[3] to 0b.
It the output size is smaller than input size, set CA_DMACNT[3] to 1b.

5) Start Camera DMA Transfer

This step will call “em1_cam_dma_start()” function. In this function, will set following register.

- CA_DMAREQ = 0x01 (start DMA transfer)

6) Show Display of Camera Image

This step will call “em1_imc_l2x_config” function, “em1_imc_show()” function and “em1_imc_refresh()” function. More detail about this function, please refer to “**EMMA Mobile 1 IMC Application Note**”.

APPENDIX A Camera Driver Function

A.1 Function List

The following table shows the camera driver interface functions:

Table A-1 LCD Driver Function List

Class	Function Name	Function Detail
External function	em1_cam_init	Camera interface initialization
	em1_cam_set_gain	Gain/offset parameters setting
	em1_cam_set_size	Input/output size parameters setting
	em1_cam_set_frame	Frame parameters setting
	em1_cam_set_timing	Timing parameters setting
	em1_cam_set_mirror	Mirror parameters setting
	em1_cam_enable	Enable/disable camera interface
	em1_cam_dma_start	Start camera DMA transfer
	em1_cam_dma_stop	Stop camera DMA transfer
	em1_cam_set_INT_on	Open camera interrupt
	em1_cam_set_INT_off	Close camera interrupt
	INT_cam_irq	Camera interrupt handler

A.2 Global Variable Define

Table A-2 Global Variable Define

Variable Name	Detail
g_frame_count	Count the frame number of camera DMA transfer

A.3 Structure Define

Table A-3 Structure Define

Structure Name	Detail
em1_cam_gain_t	Gain/offset parameters setting structure
em1_cam_size_t	Input/output size parameters setting structure
em1_cam_frame_t	Frame parameters setting structure
em1_cam_sensor_t	Sensor parameters setting structure
em1_cam_data_t	Camera parameters setting structure

A.3.1 em1_cam_gain_t

Table A-4 Structure of em1_cam_gain_t

Member	Detail
uchar y_gain	Y gain value
uchar u_gain	U gain value
uchar v_gain	V gain value
char y_offset	Y offset value
char u_offset	U offset value
char v_offset	V offset value

A.3.2 em1_cam_size_t

Table A-5 Structure of em1_cam_size_t

Member	Detail
int width	Width size
int height	Height size

A.3.3 em1_cam_frame_t

Table A-5 Structure of em1_cam_frame_t

Member	Detail
uchar framenum	The number of total frame
uint A_y_addr	Y data address of A frame
uint A_uv_addr	UV data address of A frame
int A_v_addr	V data address of A frame
uint B_y_addr	Y data address of B frame
uint B_uv_addr	UV data address of B frame
uint B_v_addr	V data address of B frame

A.3.4 em1_cam_sensor_t

Member	Detail
uint hblank	The blank value of CAM_HS signal
uint vblank	The blank value of CAM_VS signal
uchar sample_mode	The sampling mode
uchar yuv_format	YUV data format
BOOL data_id	Input data format
BOOL data_od	Output data format
BOOL limit_set	Data limit setting
BOOL vs_det	CAM_VS detect timing
BOOL hs_det	CAM_HS detect timing
BOOL clk_edge	CAM_CLKI detect timing
BOOL data_det	Detect timing of data sampling
BOOL vs_pol	Polarity of CAM_VS
BOOL hs_pol	Polarity of CAM_HS

A.3.5 em1_cam_data_t

Member	Detail
em1_cam_sensor_t sensor	Sensor parameters setting structure
em1_cam_size_t in_size	Input size parameters setting structure
em1_cam_size_t out_size	Output size parameters setting structure
em1_cam_gain_t gain	Gain/offset parameters setting structure
em1_cam_frame_t frame	Frame parameters setting structure
uchar transfer_mode	Camera transfer mode
uchar mirror_mode	Camera mirror mode
uchar skip_mode	Camera skip mode

A.4 Function Details

A.4.1 Camera Initialization Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_init

[Format]

void em1_cam_init (void);

[Argument]

None

[Function Return]

None

[Flow Chart]

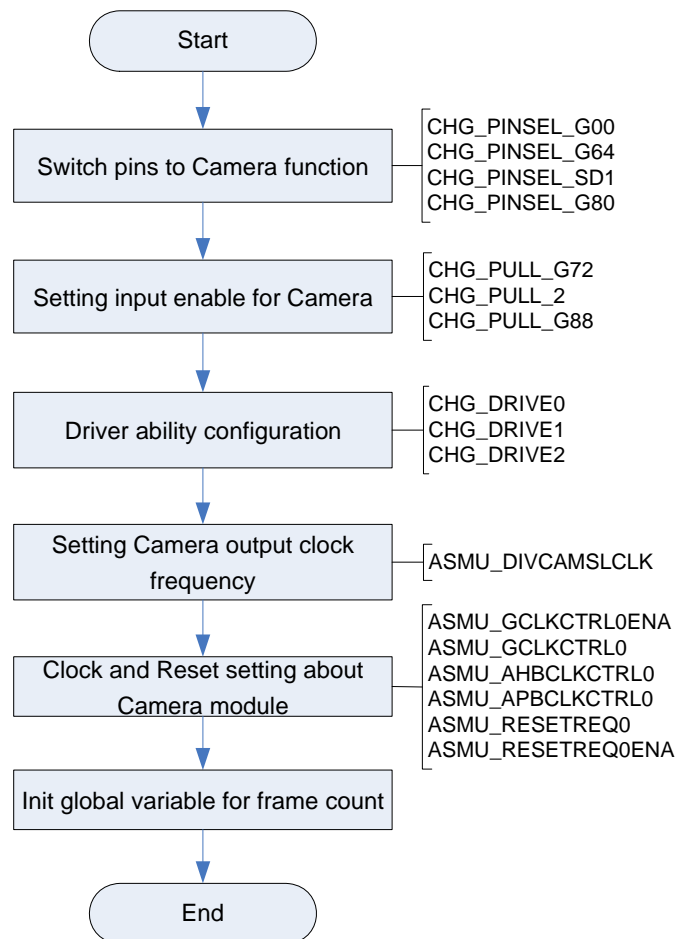


Figure A-1 Camera Controller Initialization

[Note]

None

A.4.2 Camera Gain/Offset Setting Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_gain

[Format]

```
void em1_cam_set_gain(em1_cam_gain_t *gain);
```

[Argument]

em1_cam_gain_t *gain – the structure pointer for gain/offset parameters

[Function Return]

None

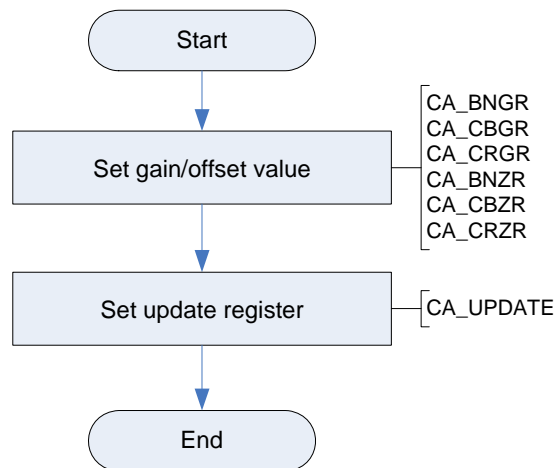
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-2 Camera Gain/Offset Setting

[Note]

None

A.4.3 Camera Input/Output Size Setting Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_size

[Format]

uchar em1_cam_set_size(em1_cam_data_t *cam);

[Argument]

em1_cam_data_t *cam – the structure pointer for camera parameters

[Function Return]

DRV_OK

DRV_ERR_PARAM

[Flow Chart]

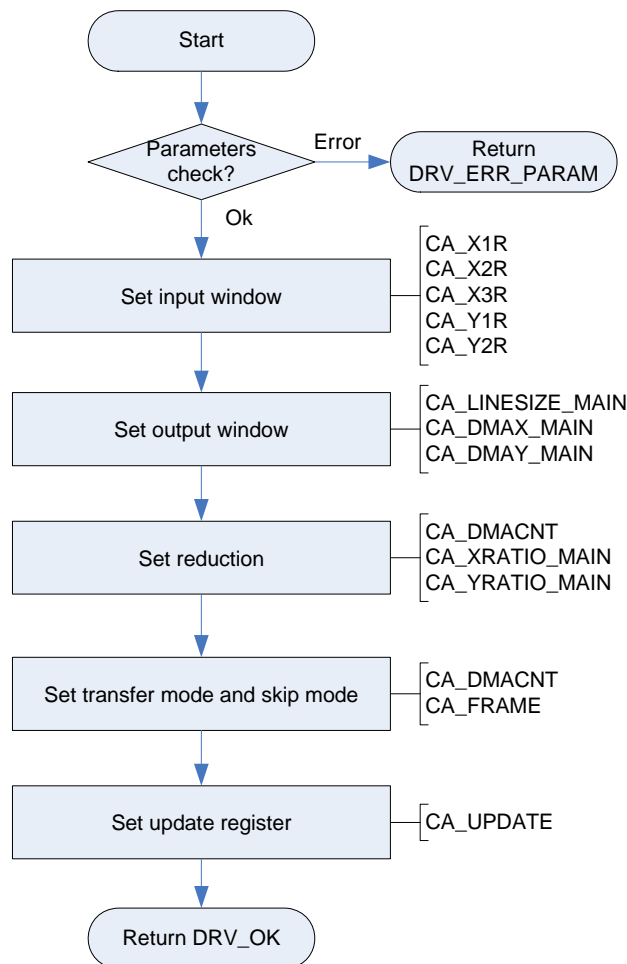


Figure A-3 Camera Gain/Offset Setting

[Note]

None

A.4.4 Camera Frame Setting Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_frame

[Format]

```
void em1_cam_set_frame(em1_cam_frame_t *frame);
```

[Argument]

em1_cam_frame_t *frame – the structure pointer for frame parameters

[Function Return]

None

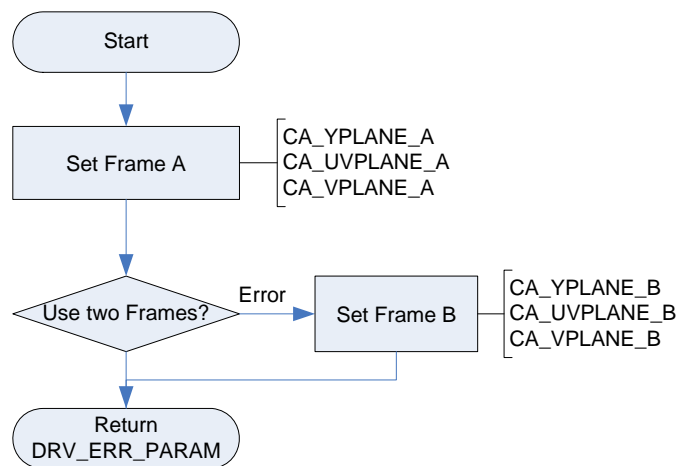
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-4 Camera Frame Setting

[Note]

None

A.4.5 Camera Timing Setting Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_timing

[Format]

```
uchar em1_cam_set_timing(em1_cam_sensor_t *sensor);
```

[Argument]

em1_cam_sensor_t *sensor – the structure pointer for sensor parameters

[Function Return]

None

[Flow Chart]

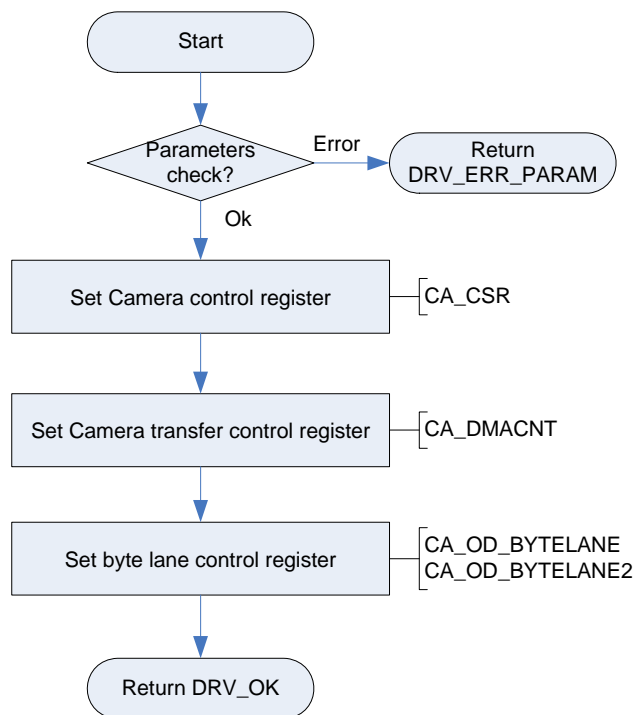


Figure A-5 Camera Timing Setting

[Note]

None

A.4.6 Camera Mirror Setting Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_mirror

[Format]

```
void em1_cam_set_mirror(uchar mirror);
```

[Argument]

uchar mirror – mirror mode

[Function Return]

None

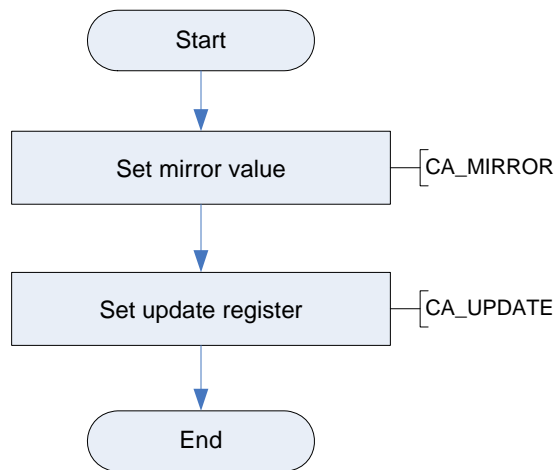
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-6 Camera Mirror Setting

[Note]

None

A.4.7 Enable/Disable Camera Interface Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_enable

[Format]

void em1_cam_enable(BOOL flag);

[Argument]

BOOL flag – enable/disable flag

[Function Return]

None

[Flow Chart]

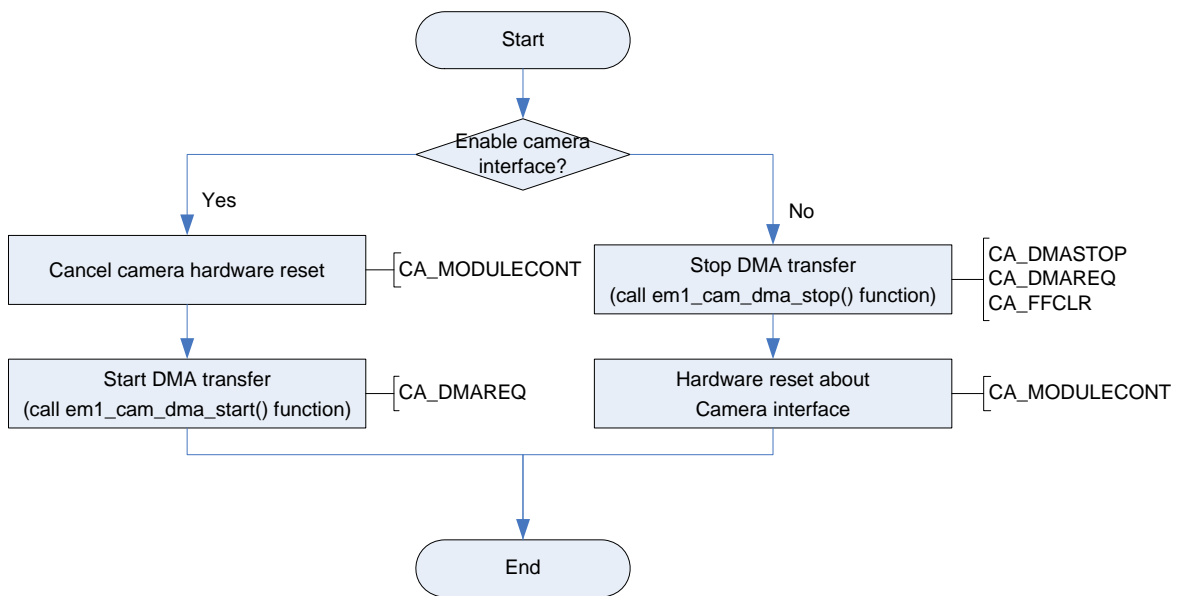


Figure A-7 Camera Interface Enable/Disable Setting

[Note]

About “em1_cam_dma_start()” function and “em1_cam_dma_stop()” function, please refer “A.4.8 Camera DMA Start Function” and “A.4.9 Camera DMA Stop Function”.

A.4.8 Camera DMA Start Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_dma_start

[Format]

```
void em1_cam_dma_start( void );
```

[Argument]

None

[Function Return]

None

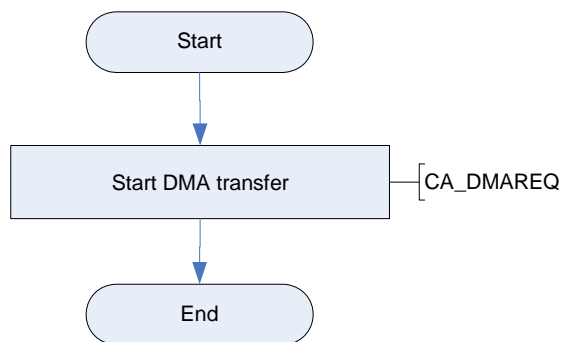
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-8 Camera DMA Start

[Note]

None

A.4.9 Camera DMA Stop Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_dma_stop

[Format]

void em1_cam_dma_stop(void);

[Argument]

None

[Function Return]

None

[Flow Chart]

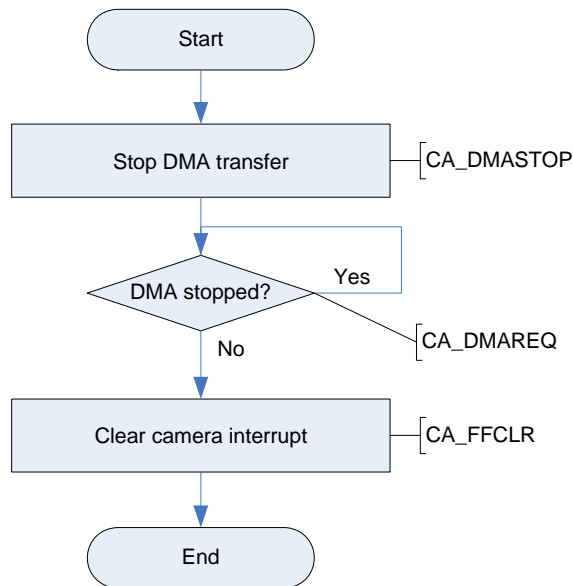


Figure A-9 Camera DMA Stop

[Note]

None

A.4.10 Camera Interrupt Open Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_INT_on

[Format]

```
void em1_cam_set_INT_on( void );
```

[Argument]

None

[Function Return]

None

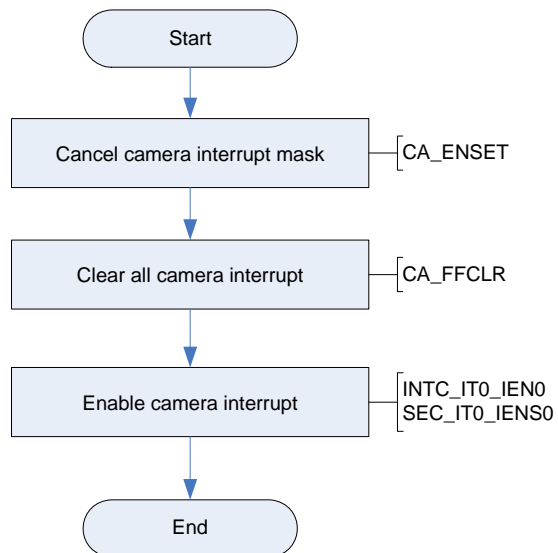
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-10 Open Camera Interrupt

[Note]

None

A.4.11 Camera Interrupt Close Function

[Function Name]

em1_cam_set_INT_off

[Format]

```
void em1_cam_set_INT_off( void );
```

[Argument]

None

[Function Return]

None

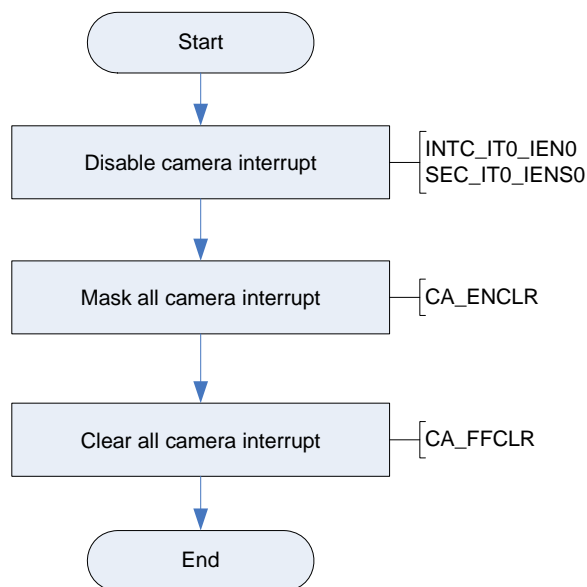
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-10 Open Camera Interrupt

[Note]

None

A.4.12 Camera Interrupt Handler Function

[Function Name]

INT_cam_irq

[Format]

void INT_cam_irq(void);

[Argument]

None

[Function Return]

None

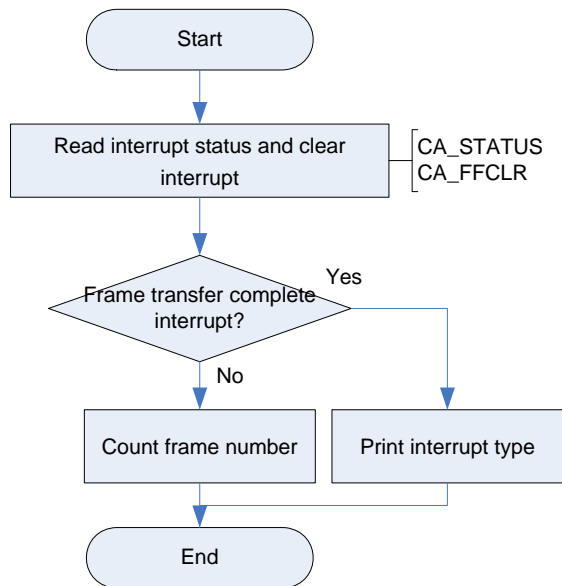
[Flow Chart]

Figure A-12 Camera Interrupt Handler

[Note]

None

ANNEX Modification History

Number	Modification Contents	Author	Date
Ver 1.00	New version		Aug,4,2009